

## USER MANUAL – ONE PASS READER

The following details explain how to use the One Pass Reader.

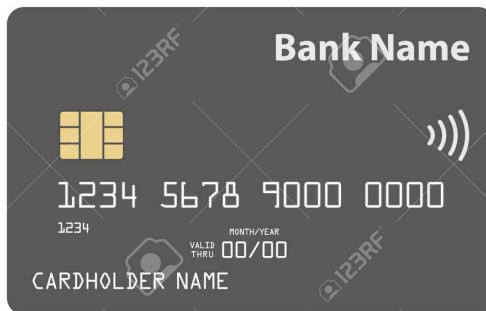
- The One Pass Reader works on USB Protocol, which enables the device to communicate over the NFC protocol to any ISO14443-4 type of card.
- The One Pass Reader will be in a box which will have the provision of connecting to a laptop running Windows 7 or higher over a regular USB A type cable with the other end being a micro USB cable.

### One Pass Reader Communication:

- Once connected to a PC and powered ON there will be 3 LEDs that will light up and will show indications as suggested below.
- The One Pass Reader has an array of LEDs on it to showcase the following states:
  - Waiting for a card to be placed: When the One Pass Reader is waiting for a card to be placed on the designated area it will keep toggling the LEDs indicating the same.
  - Accepted the card: When a card is placed on the One Pass Reader and the card is able to communicate with the One Pass reader the array of LEDs will become solid indicating the same.

Please note: For testing purposes even a regular bank credit / debit card with a contactless symbol as shown below will work.





#### Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

Warning: Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications.

However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help

- The device must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.