



TEST REPORT

Report Reference No.....	TRE15110161	R/C.....	61015
FCC ID.....	2AGRP-G716		
Applicant's name.....	Distribuidora Bridge Comm, C.A.		
Address.....	4ta transversal de Boleita Sur, Galpon 14-34. Municipio Sucre. Caracas. Venezuela		
Manufacturer.....	SINTAVE TECHNOLOGY (GROUP) CO.,LTD		
Address.....	Sang Tai Technology Park,Liuxiandong,Xili,NanShan District, ShenZhen City, Guangdong Province,China		
Test item description	3G Mobile Phone		
Trade Mark	Digitel		
Model/Type reference.....	G716		
Listed Model(s)	-		
Standard	FCC 47 CFR Part2.1093 ANSI/IEEE C95.1: 1999 IEEE 1528: 2013		
Date of receipt of test sample.....	Nov 26, 2015		
Date of testing.....	Dec 01, 2015 ~ Dec 04, 2015		
Date of issue.....	Dec 08, 2015		
Result.....	PASS		
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1 . Test Standards and Test Description

1.1. Test Standards

The tests were performed according to following standards:

[FCC 47 Part 2.1093](#) Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation:Portable Devices

[IEEE Std C95.1, 1999](#): IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 KHz to 300 GHz.

[IEEE Std 1528™-2013](#): IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques.

[KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04](#): SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

[KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02](#): RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations

[KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06](#): Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies

[KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02](#): SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters

[KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03](#): SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets

[KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01](#): SAR Measurement Procedures for 3G Devices

[KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01](#): SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities

1.2. Test Description

The EUT battery must be fully charged and checked periodically during the test to ascertain uniform power

2. Summary

2.1. Client Information

Applicant:	Distribuidora Bridge Comm, C.A.
Address:	4ta transversal de Boleita Sur, Galpon 14-34. Municipio Sucre Caracas. Venezuela
Manufacturer:	SINTAVE TECHNOLOGY (GROUP) CO.,LTD
Address:	Sang Tai Technology Park,Liuxiandong,Xili,NanShan District, ShenZhen City, Guangdong Province,China

2.2. Product Description

Name of EUT	3G Mobile Phone
Trade Mark:	Digitel
Model No.:	G716
Listed Model(s):	-
Device Category:	Portable
RF Exposure Environment:	General Population / Uncontrolled
Power supply:	DC 3.7V From internal battery
Adapter information:	Model:G716 Input:AC 100-240V 50/60Hz 1.0A Output:5Vd.c., 500mA
Hardware version:	TS351_MB_V10
Software version:	G716__B18_user_4+2_20151022

Maximum SAR Value

Separation Distance:	Head: 0mm Body: 5mm
Max Report SAR Value (1g):	Head: 0.687 W/Kg Body: 1.192 W/Kg

2G

Support Network:	GSM, GPRS
Support Band:	GSM850, DCS1900
Modulation:	GSM/GPRS: GMSK
Transmit Frequency:	GSM850: 824.20MHz-848.80MHz PCS1900: 1850.20MHz-1909.80MHz
Receive Frequency:	GSM850: 869.20MHz-893.80MHz PCS1900: 1930.20MHz-1989.80MHz
GPRS Class:	12
Antenna type:	Intergal Antenna

WIFI	
Supported type:	802.11b/802.11g/802.11n(H20)/802.11n(H40)
Modulation:	802.11b: DSSS 802.11g/802.11n(H20)/ 802.11n(H40):OFDM
Operation frequency:	802.11b/g/n(H20): 2412MHz~2462MHz 802.11n(H40): 2422MHz~2452MHz
Channel number:	802.11b/g/n(H20): 11 802.11n(H40): 7
Channel separation:	5MHz
Antenna type:	Internal Antenna
Bluetooth	
Version:	Supported BT2.1+EDR
Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ DQPSK, 8DPSK
Operation frequency:	2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel number:	79
Channel separation:	1MHz
Antenna type:	Integral Antenna
Remark	
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. The dual SIM card mobile has 2 SIM slots and support dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). 2. After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose dual SIM1 card to perform all tests. 	

3. Test Environment

3.1. Address of the test laboratory

Laboratory: Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd.

Address: 1/F, Bldg 3, Hongfa Hi-tech Industrial Park, Genyu Road, Tianliao, Gongming, Shenzhen, China

Phone: 86-755-26748019 Fax: 86-755-26748089

3.2. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

CNAS-Lab Code: L1225

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for Testing and Calibration Laboratories (identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005 General Requirements) for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories, Date of Registration: February 28, 2015. Valid time is until February 27, 2018.

A2LA-Lab Cert. No. 3902.01

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing. Valid time is until December 31, 2016.

FCC-Registration No.: 317478

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission). The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 317478, Renewal date Jul. 18, 2014, valid time is until Jul. 18, 2017.

IC-Registration No.: 5377A&5377B

The 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377A on Dec. 31, 2013, valid time is until Dec. 31, 2016.

Two 3m Alternate Test Site of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of radiated measurements with Registration No. 5377B on Dec.03, 2014, valid time is until Dec.03, 2017.

ACA

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. EMC Laboratory can also perform testing for the Australian C-Tick mark as a result of our A2LA accreditation.

VCCI

The 3m Semi-

anechoic chamber (12.2m×7.95m×6.7m) of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: R-2484. Date of Registration: Dec. 20, 2012. Valid time is until Dec. 29, 2015.

Radiated disturbance above 1GHz measurement of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-292. Date of Registration: Dec. 24, 2013. Valid time is until Dec. 23, 2016.

Main Ports Conducted Interference Measurement of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: C-2726. Date of Registration: Dec. 20, 2012. Valid time is until Dec. 19, 2015.

Telecommunication Ports Conducted Interference Measurement of Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: T-1837. Date of Registration: May 07, 2013. Valid time is until May 06, 2016.

DNV

Shenzhen Huatongwei International Inspection Co., Ltd. has been found to comply with the requirements of DNV towards subcontractor of EMC and safety testing services in conjunction with the EMC and Low voltage Directives and in the voluntary field. The acceptance is based on a formal quality Audit and follow-ups according to relevant parts of ISO/IEC Guide 17025 (2005), in accordance with the requirements of the DNV Laboratory Quality Manual towards subcontractors. Valid time is until Aug. 24, 2016.

3.3. Environmental conditions

During the measurement the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature:	18-25 ° C
Humidity:	40-65 %
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar

4. Equipments Used during the Test

Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Calibration	Calibration Interval
Data Acquisition Electronics DAEx	SPEAG	DAE4	1315	2015/07/22	1
E-field Probe	SPEAG	ES3DV3	3292	2015/08/15	1
System Validation Dipole 835V2	SPEAG	D835V2	4d134	2014/12/13	1
System Validation Dipole D1900V2	SPEAG	D1900V2	5d150	2014/12/12	1
System Validation Dipole 2450V2	SPEAG	D2450V2	884	2015/09/01	1
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020288	/	/
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41292254	2015/10/26	1
Power sensor	Agilent	8481H	MY41095360	2015/10/26	1
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441621	2015/10/26	1
Network analyzer	Agilent	8753E	US37390562	2015/10/25	1
Universal Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMU200	112012	2015/10/23	1

Note:

The Probe, Dipole and DAE calibration reference to the Appendix A.

5. Measurement Uncertainty

No.	Error Description	Type	Uncertainty Value	Probably Distribution	Div.	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Std. Unc. (1g)	Std. Unc. (10g)	Degree of freedom
Measurement System										
1	Probe calibration	B	5.50%	N	1	1	1	5.50%	5.50%	∞
2	Axial isotropy	B	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	1.90%	1.90%	∞
3	Hemispherical isotropy	B	9.60%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	3.90%	3.90%	∞
4	Boundary Effects	B	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
5	Probe Linearity	B	4.70%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.70%	2.70%	∞
6	Detection limit	B	1.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.60%	0.60%	∞
7	RF ambient conditions-noise	B	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞
8	RF ambient conditions-reflection	B	0.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	∞
9	Response time	B	0.80%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.50%	0.50%	∞
10	Integration time	B	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞
11	RF ambient	B	3.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
12	Probe positioned mech. restrictions	B	0.40%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.20%	0.20%	∞
13	Probe positioning with respect to phantom shell	B	2.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
14	Max.SAR evalution	B	3.90%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
Test Sample Related										
15	Test sample positioning	A	1.86%	N	1	1	1	1.86%	1.86%	∞
16	Device holder uncertainty	A	1.70%	N	1	1	1	1.70%	1.70%	∞
17	Drift of output power	B	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.90%	2.90%	∞
Phantom and Set-up										
18	Phantom uncertainty	B	4.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.30%	2.30%	∞
19	Liquid conductivity (target)	B	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	∞
20	Liquid conductivity (meas.)	A	0.50%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.32%	0.26%	∞
21	Liquid permittivity (target)	B	5.00%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.80%	1.20%	∞
22	Liquid cpermittivity (meas.)	A	0.16%	N	1	0.64	0.43	0.10%	0.07%	∞
Combined standard uncertainty		$u_c = \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{22} c_i^2 u_i^2}$		/	/	/	/	10.20%	10.00%	∞
Expanded uncertainty (confidence interval of 95 %)		$u_e = 2u_c$		R	K=2	/	/	20.40%	20.00%	∞

6. SAR Measurements System Configuration

6.1. SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stäubli RX family) with controller and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e. an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronic (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

A unit to operate the optical surface detector which is connected to the EOC.

The Electro-Optical Coupler (EOC) performs the conversion from the optical into a digital electric signal of the DAE. The EOC is connected to the DASY5 measurement server.

The DASY5 measurement server, which performs all real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operation. A computer operating Windows 2003.

DASY5 software and SEMCAD data evaluation software.

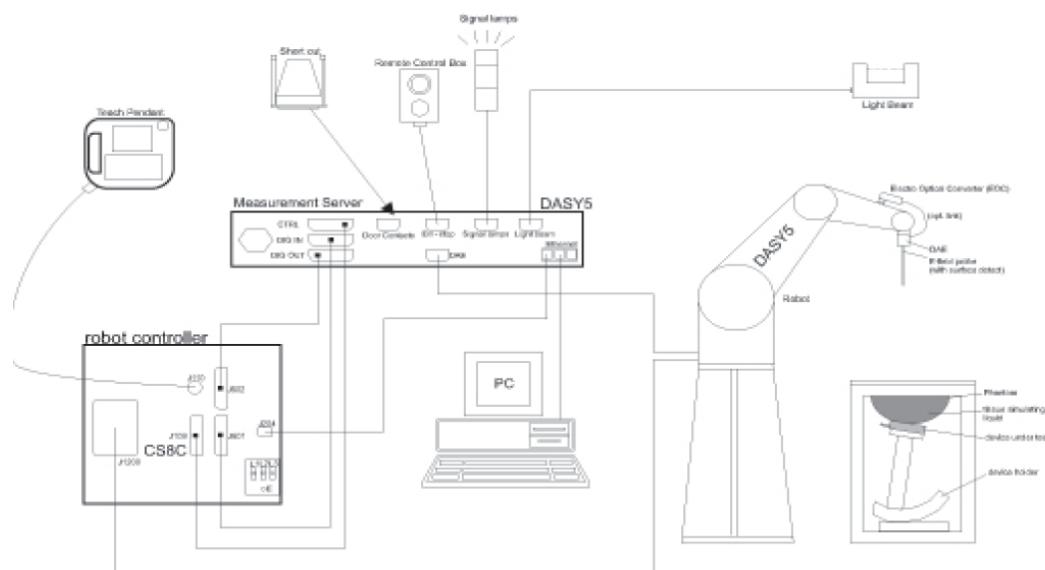
Remote control with teach panel and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.

The generic twin phantom enabling the testing of left-hand and right-hand usage.

The device holder for handheld Mobile Phones.

Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.

System validation dipoles allowing to validate the proper functioning of the system.



6.2. DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe ES3DV3 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

● Probe Specification

Construction Symmetrical design with triangular core
 Interleaved sensors
 Built-in shielding against static charges
 PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)

Calibration ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.

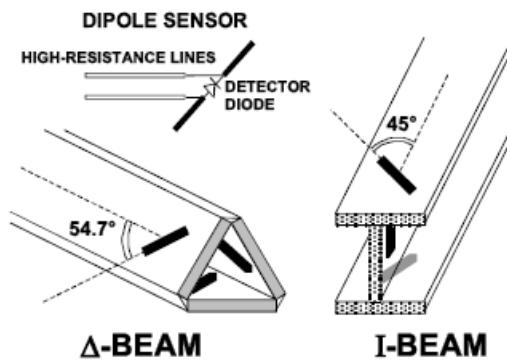
Frequency	10 MHz to 4 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 4 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.2 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.3 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	5 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 3.9 mm (Body: 12 mm) Distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 2.0 mm
Application	General dosimetry up to 4 GHz Dosimetry in strong gradient fields Compliance tests of Mobile Phones
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



● Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



6.3. Phantoms

The phantom used for all tests i.e. for both system checks and device testing, was the twin-headed "SAM Phantom", manufactured by SPEAG. The SAM twin phantom is a fiberglass shell phantom with 2mm shell thickness (except the ear region, where shell thickness increases to 6mm). System checking was performed using the flat section, whilst Head SAR tests used the left and right head profile sections. Body SAR testing also used the flat section between the head profiles.



SAM Twin Phantom

6.4. Device Holder

The device was placed in the device holder (illustrated below) that is supplied by SPEAG as an integral part of the DASY system.

The DASY device holder is designed to cope with the different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centers for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.



Device holder supplied by SPEAG

7. SAR Test Procedure

7.1. Scanning Procedure

The DASY5 installation includes predefined files with recommended procedures for measurements and validation. They are read-only document files and destined as fully defined but unmeasured masks. All test positions (head or body-worn) are tested with the same configuration of test steps differing only in the grid definition for the different test positions.

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. $\pm 5\%$.

The "surface check" measurement tests the optical surface detection system of the DASY5 system by repeatedly detecting the surface with the optical and mechanical surface detector and comparing the results. The output gives the detecting heights of both systems, the difference between the two systems and the standard deviation of the detection repeatability. Air bubbles or refraction in the liquid due to separation of the sugar-water mixture gives poor repeatability (above $\pm 0.1\text{mm}$). To prevent wrong results tests are only executed when the liquid is free of air bubbles. The difference between the optical surface detection and the actual surface depends on the probe and is specified with each probe (It does not depend on the surface reflectivity or the probe angle to the surface within $\pm 30^\circ$.)

Area Scan

The Area Scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values before running a detailed measurement around the hot spot. Before starting the area scan a grid spacing of 15 mm x 15 mm is set. During the scan the distance of the probe to the phantom remains unchanged. After finishing area scan, the field maxima within a range of 2 dB will be ascertained.

Zoom Scan

Zoom Scans are used to estimate the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 g and 10 g of simulated tissue. The default Zoom Scan is done by 7x7x5 points within a cube whose base is centered around the maxima found in the preceding area scan.

Spatial Peak Detection

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented and can determine values of masses of 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY5 system allows evaluations that combine measured data and robot positions, such as: • maximum search • extrapolation • boundary correction • peak search for averaged SAR. During a maximum search, global and local maxima searches are automatically performed in 2-D after each Area Scan measurement with at least 6 measurement points. It is based on the evaluation of the local SAR gradient calculated by the Quadratic Shepard's method. The algorithm will find the global maximum and all local maxima within -2 dB of the global maxima for all SAR distributions.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. Several measurements at different distances are necessary for the extrapolation. Extrapolation routines require at least 10 measurement points in 3-D space. They are used in the Zoom Scan to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The routine uses the modified Quadratic Shepard's method for extrapolation. For a grid using 7x7x5 measurement points with 5mm resolution amounting to 343 measurement points, the uncertainty of the extrapolation routines is less than 1% for 1g and 10g cubes.

A Z-axis scan measures the total SAR value at the x-and y-position of the maximum SAR value found during the cube 7x7x5 scan. The probe is moved away in z-direction from the bottom of the SAM phantom in 5mm steps.

7.2. Data Storage and Evaluation

Data Storage

The DASY5 software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DA4". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

Data Evaluation

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	Sensitivity:	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
	Conversion factor:	ConvFi
	Diode compression point:	Dcp <i>i</i>
Device parameters:	Frequency:	f
	Crest factor:	cf
Media parameters:	Conductivity:	σ
	Density:	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY5 components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Ui: input signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

cf: crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp*i*: diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$E - \text{fieldprobes} : E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{Norm_i \cdot ConvF}}$$

$$H - \text{fieldprobes} : H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

Vi: compensated signal of channel (i = x, y, z)

Norm*i*: sensor sensitivity of channel (i = x, y, z), [mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

ConvF: sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij: sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f: carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei: electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi: magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = E_{tot}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1'000}$$

SAR: local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot: total field strength in V/m

σ : conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ρ : equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid.

8. Position of the wireless device in relation to the phantom

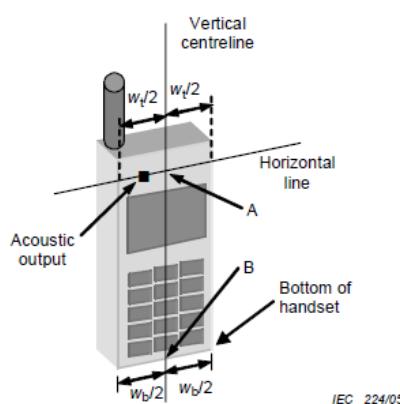
8.1. Head Position

The wireless device define two imaginary lines on the handset, the vertical centreline and the horizontal line, for the handset in vertical orientation as shown in Figures 5a and 5b.

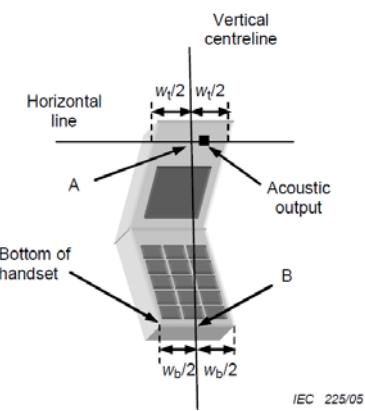
The **vertical centreline** passes through two points on the front side of the handset: the midpoint of the width W_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figures 5a and 5b), and the midpoint of the width W_b of the bottom of the handset (point B).

The **horizontal line** is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes through the centre of the acoustic output (see Figures 5a and 5b). The two lines intersect at point A.

Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the centre of the acoustic output. However, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 5b), especially for clam-shell handsets, handsets with flip cover pieces, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



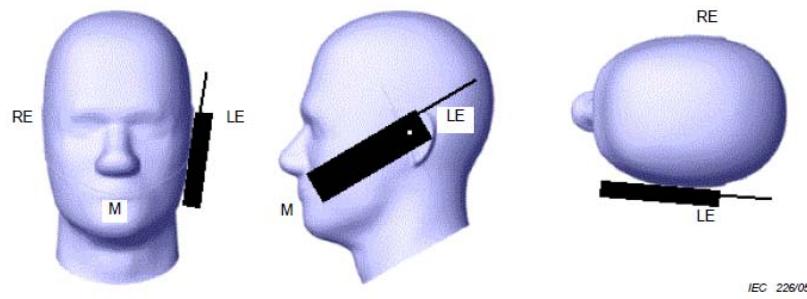
Figures 5a



Figures 5b

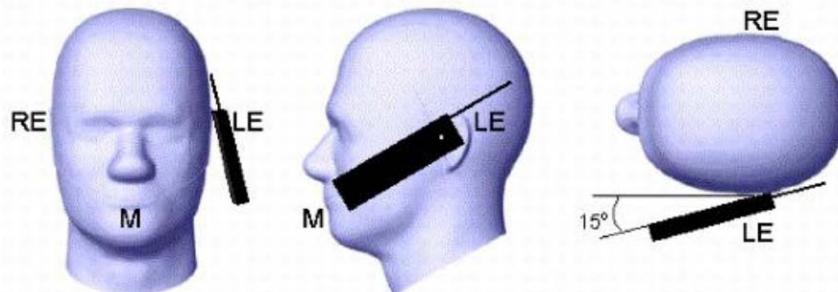
W_t Width of the handset at the level of the acoustic output
 W_b Width of the bottom of the handset
 A Midpoint of the width W_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output
 B Midpoint of the width W_b of the bottom of the handset

Cheek position



Picture 2 Cheek position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

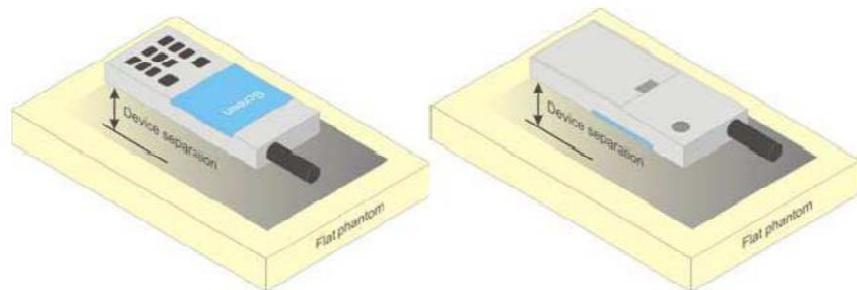
Tilt position



Picture 3 Tilt position of the wireless device on the left side of SAM

8.2. Body Position

A typical example of a body-worn device is a mobile phone, wireless enabled PDA or other battery operated wireless device with the ability to transmit while mounted on a person's body using a carry accessory approved by the wireless device manufacturer.



Picture 4 Test positions for body-worn devices

9. System Check

9.1. Tissue Dielectric Parameters

The liquid is consisted of water,salt,Glycol,Sugar,Preventol and Cellulose.The liquid has previously been proven to be suited for worst-case.The table 3 and table 4 show the detail solition.It's satisfying the latest tissue dielectric parameters requirements proposed by the KDB865664.

Tissue dielectric parameters for head and body phantoms				
Target Frequency (MHz)	Head		Body	
	ϵ_r	σ (s/m)	ϵ_r	σ (s/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

Check Result:

Dielectric performance of Head tissue simulating liquid				
Frequency (MHz)	Description	DielectricParameters		Temp °C
		εr	σ(s/m)	
835	Recommended result ±5% window	41.50 39.43 to 43.58	0.90 0.86 to 0.95	/
	Measurement value 2015-12-01	41.48	0.91	21
1900	Recommended result ±5% window	40.0 38.00 to 42.00	1.40 1.33 to 1.47	/
	Measurement value 2015-12-02	40.01	1.41	21
2450	Recommended result ±5% window	39.2 37.24 to 41.16	1.80 1.71 to 1.89	/
	Measurement value 2015-12-04	39.00	1.78	21

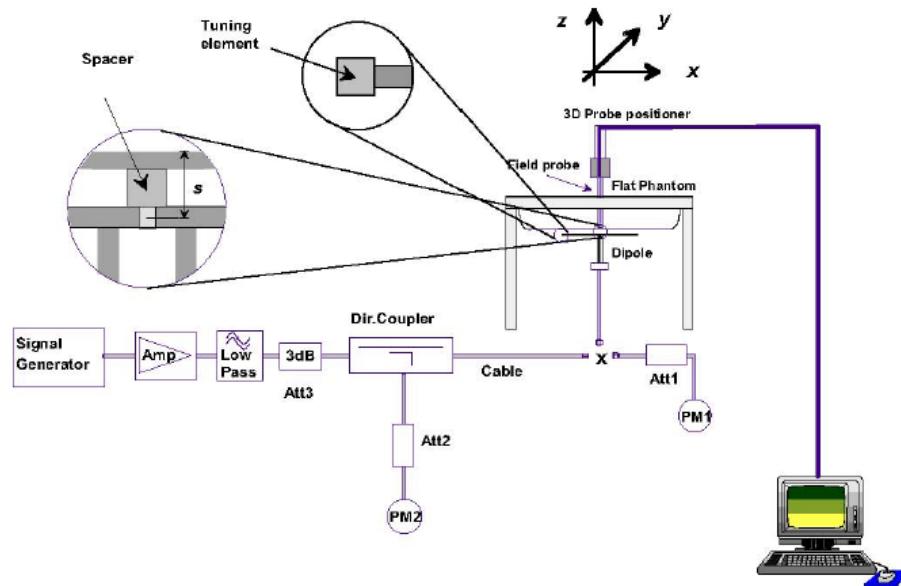
Dielectric performance of Body tissue simulating liquid				
Frequency (MHz)	Description	DielectricParameters		Temp °C
		εr	σ(s/m)	
835	Recommended result ±5% window	55.2 52.44 to 57.96	0.97 0.92 to 1.02	/
	Measurement value 2015-12-01	55.10	0.97	21
1900	Recommended result ±5% window	53.3 50.64 to 55.97	1.52 1.44 to 1.60	/
	Measurement value 2015-12-03	53.21	1.51	21
2450	Recommended result ±5% window	52.7 50.07 to 55.34	1.95 1.85 to 2.05	/
	Measurement value 2015-12-04	52.65	1.93	21

9.2. SAR System Check

The purpose of the system check is to verify that the system operates within its specifications at the device test frequency. The system check is simple check of repeatability to make sure that the system works correctly at the time of the compliance test;

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration with the relevant liquids and test system ($\pm 10\%$).

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY5 system.



The output power on dipole port must be calibrated to 24 dBm (250mW) before dipole is connected.

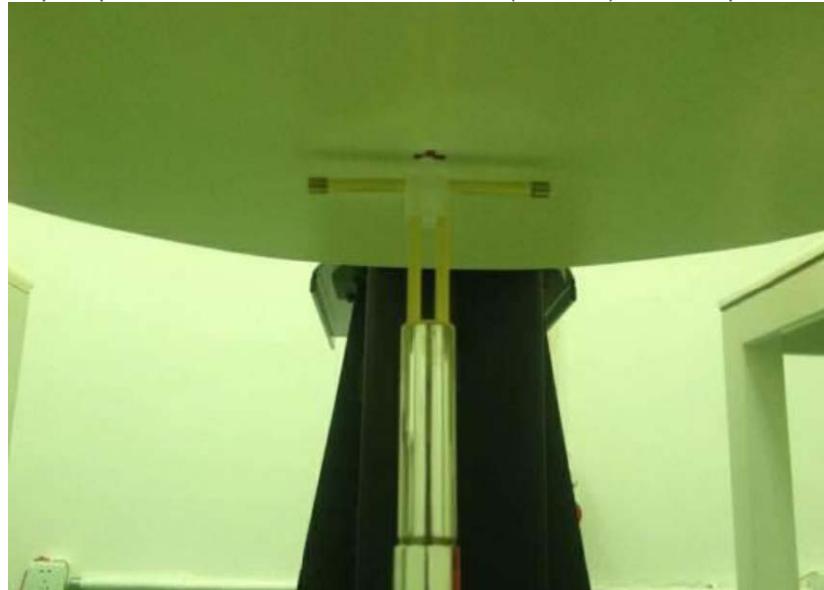


Photo of Dipole Setup

Check Result:

Head				
Frequency (MHz)	Description	SAR(W/kg)		Temp °C
		1g	10g	
835	Recommended result ±5% window	2.41 2.29 - 2.53	1.57 1.49 - 1.65	/
	Measurement value 2015-12-01	2.37	1.56	21
1900	Recommended result ±5% window	9.71 9.22 - 10.20	5.08 4.83 - 5.33	/
	Measurement value 2015-12-02	9.66	4.98	21
2450	Recommended result ±5% window	13.1 11.79 - 14.41	6.17 5.56 - 6.78	/
	Measurement value 2015-12-04	12.76	5.93	21

Body				
Frequency (MHz)	Description	SAR(W/kg)		Temp °C
		1g	10g	
835	Recommended result ±5% window	2.47 2.35 - 2.59	1.64 1.55 - 1.71	/
	Measurement value 2015-12-01	2.45	1.63	21
1900	Recommended result ±5% window	9.98 9.48 – 10.48	5.26 5.00 – 5.52	/
	Measurement value 2015-12-03	9.91	5.23	21
2450	Recommended result ±5% window	13.1 11.79 -14.41	6.11 5.50 -6.72	/
	Measurement value 2015-12-04	12.53	6.09	21

Note:

1. the graph results see follow.
2. Recommended Values used derive from the calibration certificate and 250 mW is used as feeding power to the calibrated dipole.

System Performance Check at 835 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.91$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.48$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: $dx = 15.00$ mm, $dy = 15.00$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 mW/g

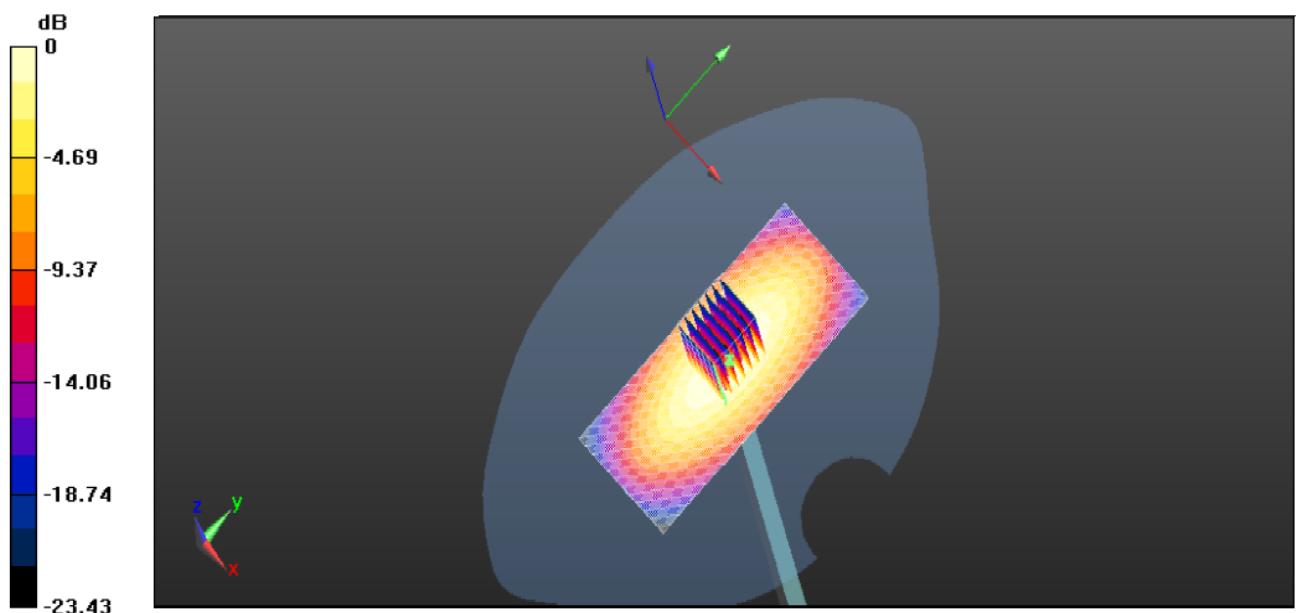
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx = 5$ mm, $dy = 5$ mm, $dz = 5$ mm

Reference Value = 52.994 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.542 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.37 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.56 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.59 mW/g



System Performance Check at 835 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: 4d134

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 835$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.97$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.11, 6.11, 6.11); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.45 mW/g

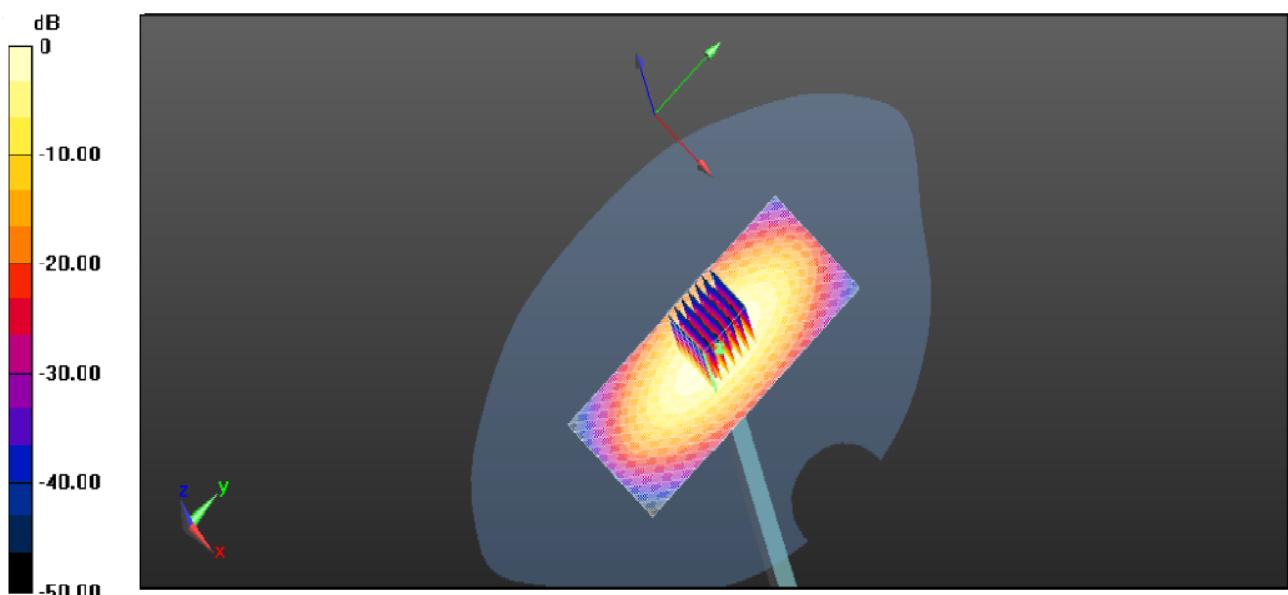
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 46.528 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.562 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.45 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 1.63 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.46 mW/g



System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.01$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.03,5.03,5.03); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 10.65 W/kg

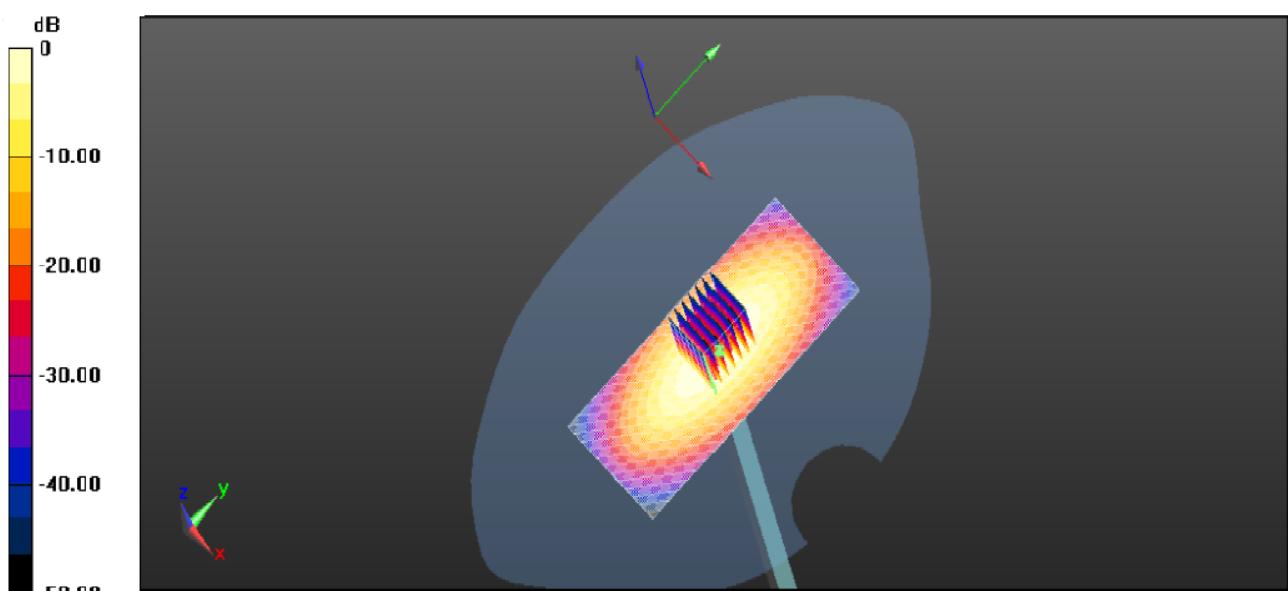
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 94.818 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 12.352 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.66 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.98 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 12.43 W/kg



System Performance Check at 1900 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d150

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 53.21$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=15.00 mm, dy=15.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 11.46 mW/g

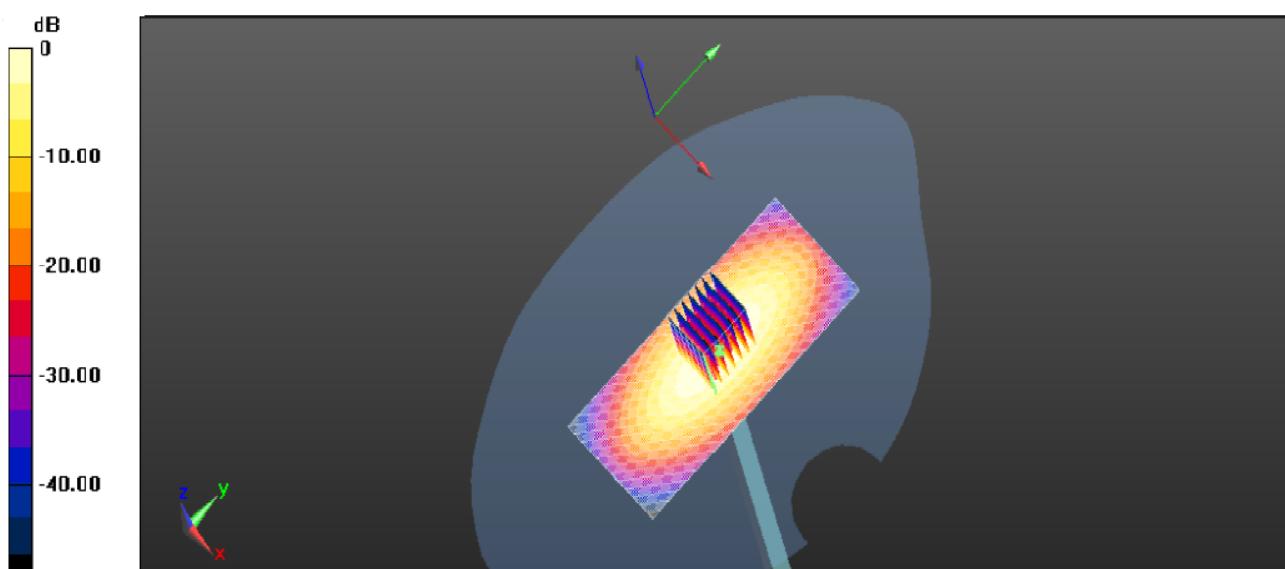
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.816 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.826 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.91 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.23 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.34 mW/g



System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Head

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.78$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.00$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10.00 mm, dy=10.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.9 mW/g

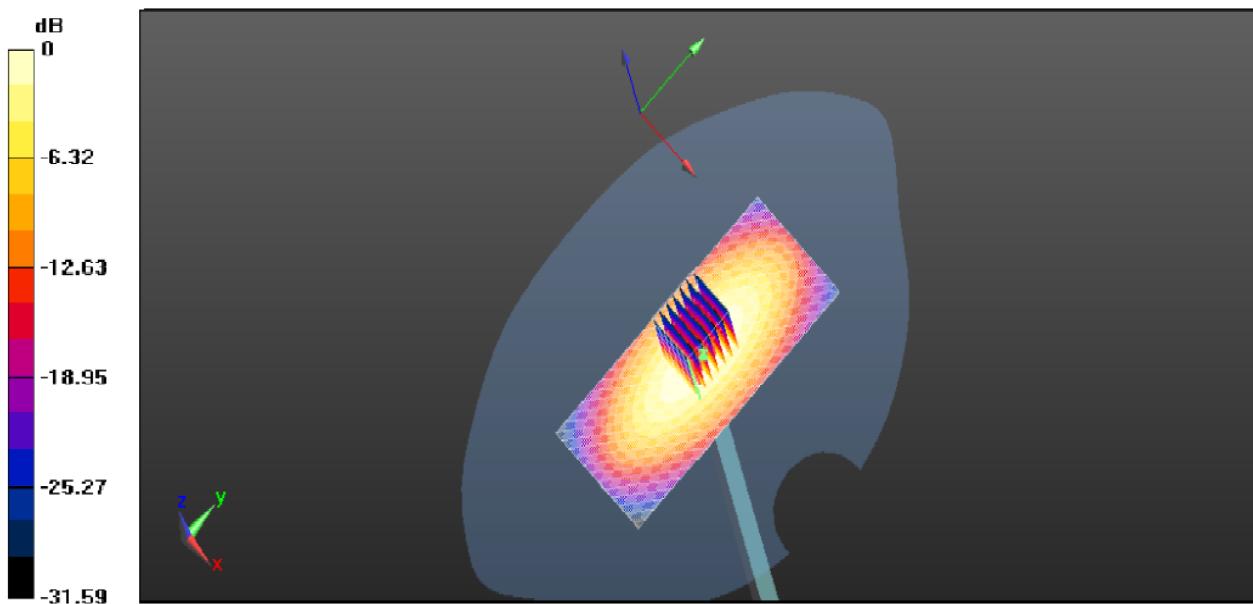
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.714 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.08 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.76 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 5.93 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.8 mW/g



System Performance Check 2450MHz Head250mW

System Performance Check at 2450 MHz Body

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 884

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.65$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015

Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (1); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.5 (6469)

Area Scan (61x91x1): Measurement grid: dx=10.00 mm, dy=10.00 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.15 mW/g

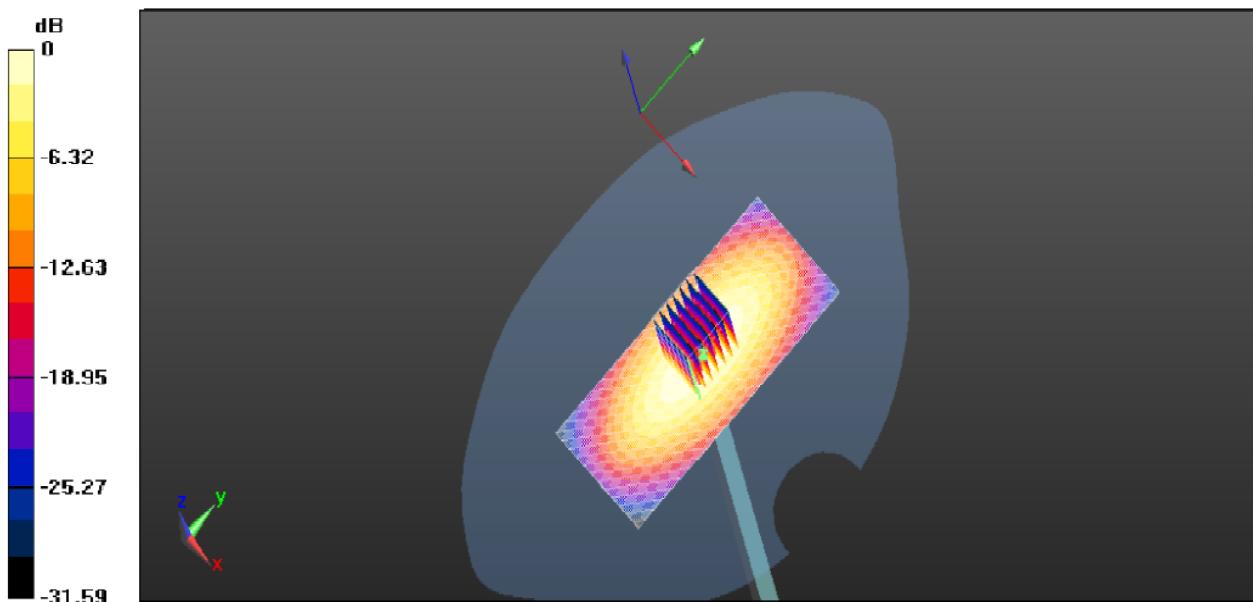
Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.986 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.08 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 12.53 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.09 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.18 mW/g



System Performance Check 2450MHz Body250mW

10. SAR Exposure Limits

SAR assessments have been made in line with the requirements of ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

Type Exposure	Limit (W/kg)	
	General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment	Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment
Spatial Average SAR (whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak SAR (1g cube tissue for head and trunk)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak SAR (10g for limb)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments: are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments: are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

11. Conducted Power Measurement Results

GSM Conducted Power

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and further SAR test reduction
2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, considering the possibility of e.g. 3rd party VoIP operation for Head and Body-worn SAR test reduction for GSM and GPRS modes is determined by the source-base time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for PCS1900.
3. Per KDB941225 D01v03r01, for hotspot SAR test reduction for GPRS modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance, For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the EUT was set in GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM850 and GPRS (4Tx slots) for PCS1900.

Mode: GSM850		Burst-Averaged Power (dBm)			Division Factors	Frame-Averaged Power (dBm)		
		CH128	CH190	CH251		CH128	CH190	CH251
		824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz		824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz
GSM		32.93	32.95	32.84	-9.03	23.90	23.92	23.81
GPRS (GMSK)	1TXslot	32.90	32.92	32.82	-9.03	23.87	23.89	23.79
	2TXslots	30.33	30.42	30.32	-6.02	24.31	24.40	24.30
	3TXslots	28.61	28.66	28.54	-4.26	24.35	24.40	24.28
	4TXslots	27.37	27.39	27.28	-3.01	24.36	24.38	24.27
Mode: PCS1900		Burst-Averaged Power (dBm)			Division Factors	Frame-Averaged Power (dBm)		
		CH512	CH661	CH810		CH512	CH661	CH810
		1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz		1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz
GSM		29.65	29.70	29.68	-9.03	20.62	20.67	20.65
GPRS (GMSK)	1TXslot	29.62	29.67	29.67	-9.03	20.59	20.64	20.64
	2TXslots	27.31	27.42	27.40	-6.02	21.29	21.40	21.38
	3TXslots	25.76	25.83	25.79	-4.26	21.50	21.57	21.53
	4TXslots	24.64	24.69	24.66	-3.01	21.63	21.68	21.65

Note:

1) Division Factors

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

1TX-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

2TX-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

3TX-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB

4TX-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB

WLAN Conducted Power

For 2.4GHz WLAN SAR testing, highest average RF output power channel for the lowest data rate for 802.11b were for SAR evaluation. 802.11g/n were not investigated since the average output powers over all channels and data rates were not more than 0.25dB higher than the tested channel in the lowest data rate of 802.11b mode.

WIFI					
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Power (dBm)	Conducted Average Power (dBm)	Data rate
802.11b	01	2412	16.74	14.28	1 Mbps
	06	2437	16.79	14.33	1 Mbps
	11	2462	16.66	14.20	1 Mbps
802.11g	01	2412	15.44	12.10	6 Mbps
	06	2437	15.50	12.11	6 Mbps
	11	2462	15.45	12.09	6 Mbps
802.11n(H20)	01	2412	14.88	11.35	6.5 Mbps
	06	2437	14.90	11.34	6.5 Mbps
	11	2462	14.85	11.30	6.5 Mbps
802.11n(H40)	03	2422	13.42	9.96	13.5 Mbps
	06	2437	13.47	9.98	13.5 Mbps
	09	2452	13.39	9.92	13.5 Mbps

Note: The output power was test all data rate and recorded worst case at recorded data rate.

Bluetooth Conducted Power

General note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100MHz to 6GHz at test separation distances $\leq 50\text{mm}$ are determined by:

$[(\text{max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] * [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0 \text{ for 1-g SAR and } \leq 7.5 \text{ for 10-g extremity SAR}$

Bluetooth			
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted power (dBm)
GFSK	00	2402	5.68
	39	2441	5.53
	78	2480	5.56
$\pi/4\text{QPSK}$	00	2402	5.44
	39	2441	5.58
	78	2480	5.86
8DPSK	00	2402	5.41
	39	2441	5.57
	78	2480	5.88

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, when the minimum test separation distance is $< 5\text{mm}$, a distance of 5mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.6 which is ≤ 3 , SAR testing is not required.

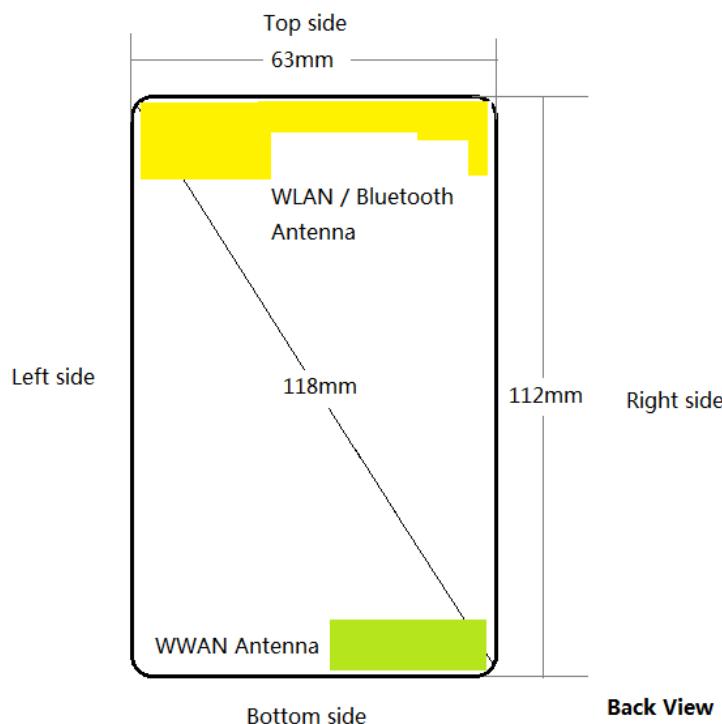
12. Maximum Tune-up Limit

Mode	Burst Average Power (dBm)	
	GSM850	PCS1900
GSM (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	33.00	30.00
GPRS (GMSK, 1Tx Slot)	33.00	30.00
GPRS (GMSK, 2Tx Slot)	31.00	28.00
GPRS (GMSK, 3Tx Slot)	29.00	26.00
GPRS (GMSK, 4Tx Slot)	28.00	25.00

WLAN	
Mode	Average conducted Power (dBm)
802.11b	15.00
802.11g	13.00
802.11n(HT20)	12.00
802.11n(HT40)	10.50

Mode	Conducted Power (dBm)
Bluetooth V2.1+EDR	6.00

13. Antenna Location



Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antenna	Back	Front	Top side	Bottom side	Right side	Left side
WWAN	≤25mm	≤25mm	100mm	≤25mm	≤25mm	30mm
WIFI / BT	≤25mm	≤25mm	≤25mm	95mm	≤25mm	≤25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antenna	Back	Front	Top side	Bottom side	Right side	Left side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
WIFI / BT	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

General note:

Referring to KDB941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are >9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

14. SAR Measurement Results

Head SAR

GSM850									
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)
		CH	MHz						
GSM	Left-Cheek	128	824.20	32.93	33.00	1.02	-	-	-
		190	836.60	32.95	33.00	1.01	-0.07	0.341	0.345
		251	848.80	32.84	33.00	1.04	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	128	824.20	32.93	33.00	1.02	-	-	-
		190	836.60	32.95	33.00	1.01	0.08	0.256	0.259
		251	848.80	32.84	33.00	1.04	-	-	-
	Right-Cheek	128	824.20	32.93	33.00	1.02	-	-	-
		190	836.60	32.95	33.00	1.01	0.03	0.316	0.320
		251	848.80	32.84	33.00	1.04	-	-	-
	Right-Tilt	128	824.20	32.93	33.00	1.02	-	-	-
		190	836.60	32.95	33.00	1.01	-0.04	0.252	0.255
		251	848.80	32.84	33.00	1.04	-	-	-

PCS1900									
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)
		CH	MHz						
GSM	Left-Cheek	512	1850.20	29.65	30.00	1.08	-	-	-
		661	1880.00	29.70	30.00	1.07	0.11	0.405	0.434
		810	1909.80	29.68	30.00	1.08	-	-	-
	Left-Tilt	512	1850.20	29.65	30.00	1.08	-	-	-
		661	1880.00	29.70	30.00	1.07	0.08	0.302	0.323
		810	1909.80	29.68	30.00	1.08	-	-	-
	Right-Cheek	512	1850.20	29.65	30.00	1.08	-	-	-
		661	1880.00	29.70	30.00	1.07	-0.06	0.370	0.396
		810	1909.80	29.68	30.00	1.08	-	-	-
	Right-Tilt	512	1850.20	29.65	30.00	1.08	-	-	-
		661	1880.00	29.70	30.00	1.07	-0.08	0.284	0.304
		810	1909.80	29.68	30.00	1.08	-	-	-

WLAN								
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)
		CH	MHz					
802.11b 1Mbps	Left-Cheek	1	2412	14.28	15.00	1.18	-	-
		6	2437	14.33	15.00	1.17	-0.05	0.217
		11	2462	14.20	15.00	1.20	-	-
	Left-Tilt	1	2412	14.28	15.00	1.18	-	-
		6	2437	14.33	15.00	1.17	0.08	0.190
		11	2462	14.20	15.00	1.20	-	-
	Right-Cheek	1	2412	14.28	15.00	1.18	-	-
		6	2437	14.33	15.00	1.17	0.07	0.196
		11	2462	14.20	15.00	1.20	-	-
	Right-Tilt	1	2412	14.28	15.00	1.18	-	-
		6	2437	14.33	15.00	1.17	-0.03	0.176
		11	2462	14.20	15.00	1.20	-	-

Note:

Per KDB865664 D01v01r04, Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg

Hotspot SAR

Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge						
Antenna	Back	Front	Top side	Bottom side	Right side	Left side
WWAN	≤25mm	≤25mm	100mm	≤25mm	≤25mm	30mm
WIFI / BT	≤25mm	≤25mm	≤25mm	95mm	≤25mm	≤25mm

Positions for SAR tests; Hotspot mode						
Antenna	Back	Front	Top side	Bottom side	Right side	Left side
WWAN	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
WIFI / BT	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes

General note:

Referring to KDB941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are >9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

GSM850									
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)
		CH	MHz						
GPRS 4Tx slot	Front	128	824.20	27.37	28.00	1.16	-	-	-
		190	836.60	27.39	28.00	1.15	0.04	0.337	0.388
		251	848.80	27.28	28.00	1.18	-	-	-
	Back	128	824.20	27.37	28.00	1.16	-	-	-
		190	836.60	27.39	28.00	1.15	-0.08	0.511	0.588
		251	848.80	27.28	28.00	1.18	-	-	-
	Left	190	836.60	27.39	28.00	1.15	0.05	0.123	0.141
	Right	190	836.60	27.39	28.00	1.15	0.02	0.300	0.346
	Top	190	836.60	27.39	28.00	1.15	-	-	-
	Bottom	190	836.60	27.39	28.00	1.15	-0.13	0.291	0.335

PCS1900									
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)
		CH	MHz						
GPRS 4Tx slot	Front	512	1850.20	24.64	25.00	1.09	-	-	-
		661	1880.00	24.69	25.00	1.07	-0.06	0.312	0.335
		810	1909.80	24.66	25.00	1.08	-	-	-
	Back	512	1850.20	24.64	25.00	1.09	-	-	-
		661	1880.00	24.69	25.00	1.07	0.12	0.473	0.508
		810	1909.80	24.66	25.00	1.08	-	-	-
	Left	661	1880.00	24.69	25.00	1.07	-0.07	0.163	0.175
	Right	661	1880.00	24.69	25.00	1.07	-0.02	0.259	0.278
	Top	661	1880.00	24.69	25.00	1.07	-	-	-
	Bottom	661	1880.00	24.69	25.00	1.07	0.20	0.311	0.334

WLAN								
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)
		CH	MHz					
802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1	2412	14.28	15.00	1.18	-	-
		6	2437	14.33	15.00	1.17	-0.12	0.171
		11	2462	14.20	15.00	1.20	-	-
	Back	1	2412	14.28	15.00	1.18	-	-
		6	2437	14.33	15.00	1.17	-0.08	0.278
		11	2462	14.20	15.00	1.20	-	-
	Left	6	2437	14.33	15.00	1.17	-0.03	0.182
	Right	6	2437	14.33	15.00	1.17	0.08	0.120
	Top	6	2437	14.33	15.00	1.17	-0.09	0.144
	Bottom	6	2437	14.33	15.00	1.17	-	-

Body SAR

GSM850									
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)
		CH	MHz						
GPRS 4Tx slot	Front	128	824.20	27.37	28.00	1.16	-	-	-
		190	836.60	27.39	28.00	1.15	-0.03	0.426	0.490
		251	848.80	27.28	28.00	1.18	-	-	-
	Back	128	824.20	27.37	28.00	1.16	-	-	-
		190	836.60	27.39	28.00	1.15	0.05	0.673	0.774
		251	848.80	27.28	28.00	1.18	-	-	-
	Back with headset	128	824.20	27.39	28.00	1.15	-	-	-
		190	836.60	27.39	28.00	1.15	0.06	0.621	0.714
		251	848.80	27.39	28.00	1.15	-	-	-

PCS1900									
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)
		CH	MHz						
GPRS 4Tx slot	Front	512	1850.20	24.64	25.00	1.09	-	-	-
		661	1880.00	24.69	25.00	1.07	-0.03	0.361	0.388
		810	1909.80	24.66	25.00	1.08	-	-	-
	Back	512	1850.20	24.64	25.00	1.09	-	-	-
		661	1880.00	24.69	25.00	1.07	-0.05	0.589	0.633
		810	1909.80	24.66	25.00	1.08	-	-	-

WLAN									
Mode	Test Position	Frequency		Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune up limit (dBm)	Tune up scaling factor	Power Drift(dB)	Measured SAR(1g) (W/kg)	Report SAR(1g) (W/kg)
		CH	MHz						
802.11b 1Mbps	Front	1	2412	14.28	15.00	1.18	-	-	-
		6	2437	14.33	15.00	1.17	0.07	0.220	0.257
		11	2462	14.20	15.00	1.20	-	-	-
	Back	1	2412	14.28	15.00	1.18	-	-	-
		6	2437	14.33	15.00	1.17	0.09	0.358	0.418
		11	2462	14.20	15.00	1.20	-	-	-

SAR Test Data Plots

Left Head Cheek (GSM850 Middle Channel)

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f=836.6$ MHz; $\sigma=0.91$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=41.48$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Head Section:

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.23, 6.23, 6.23); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.345 W/kg

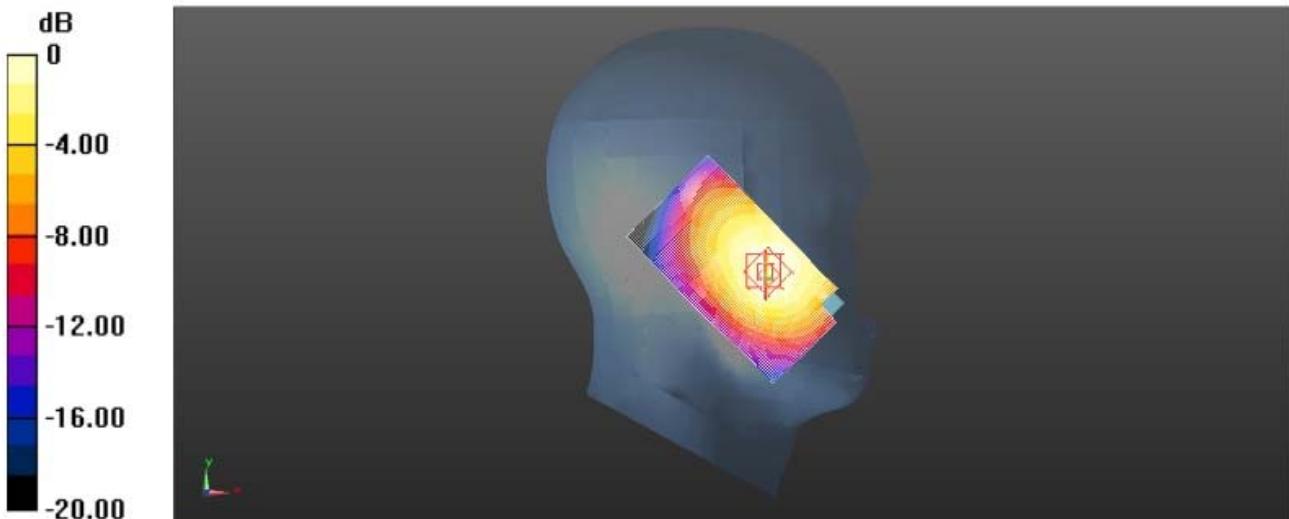
Zoom Scan (5x5x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7$ mm, $dy=7$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 13.548 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.489 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.341 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.185 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.342 W/kg



Left Head Cheek (GSM850 Middle Channel)

Left Head Tilt (PCS1900 Middle Channel)

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880.0$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.41$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 40.01$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Head Section

DASY5 Configuration:

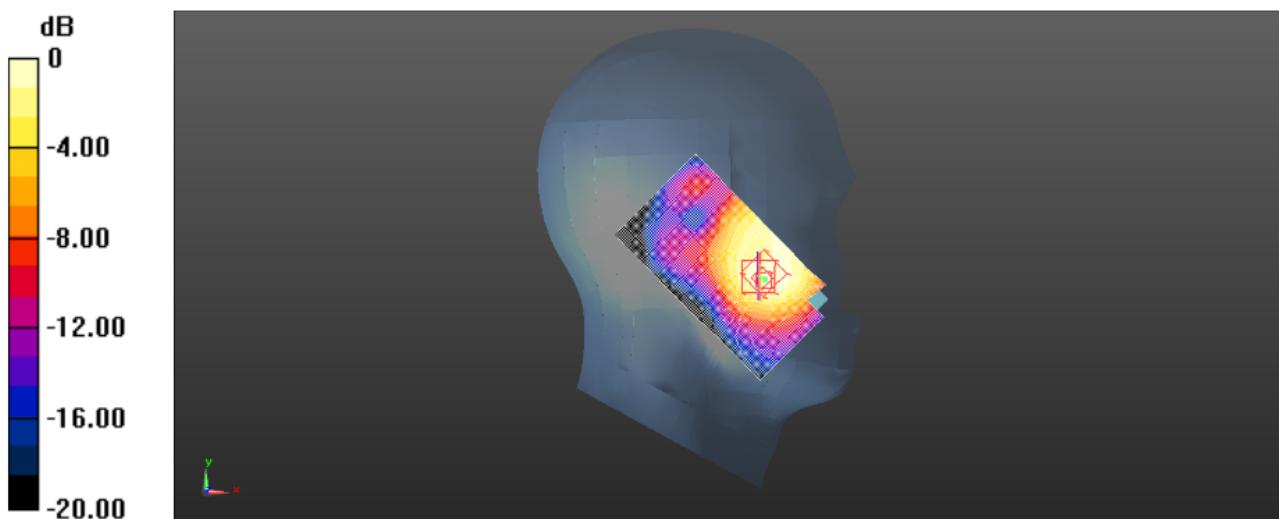
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(5.03, 5.03, 5.03); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.408 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7mm, dy=7mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 15.121 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.571 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.405 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.226 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.407 W/kg



Left Head Cheek (WLAN 802.11b Middle Channel)

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f=2437.0$ MHz; $\sigma=1.78$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=39.00$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Left Head Section:

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.43, 4.43, 4.43); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.220 W/kg

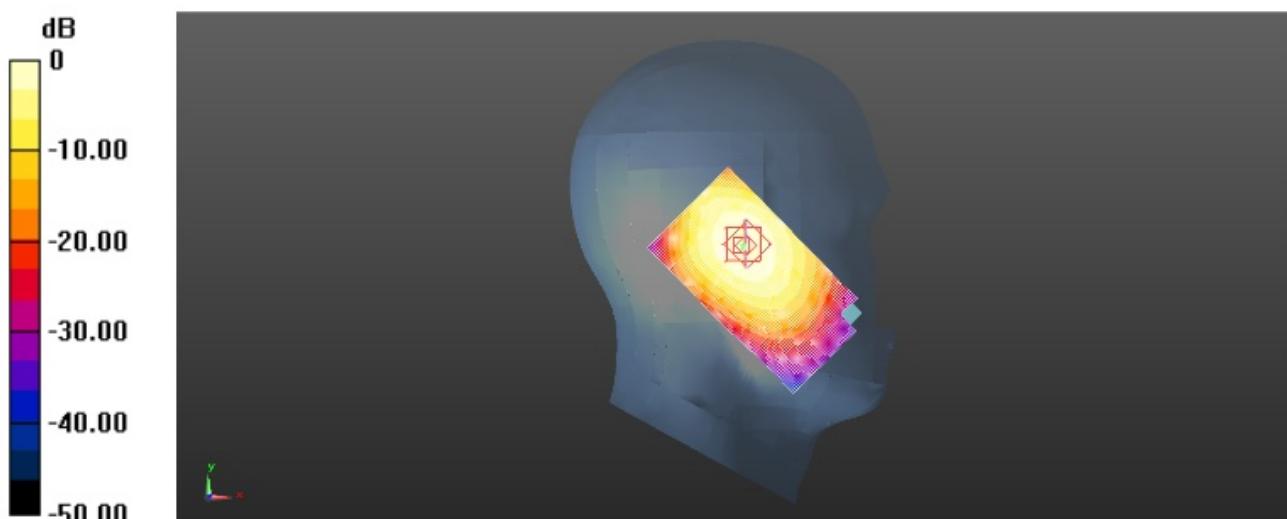
Zoom Scan (5x5x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7$ mm, $dy=7$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 13.219 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.321 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.217 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.218 W/kg



Body- worn Rear Side (GSM850 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency:836.6 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:2
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f=836.6$ MHz; $\sigma=0.97$ S/m; $\epsilon_r=55.10$; $\rho=1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section:

DASY 5 Configuration:

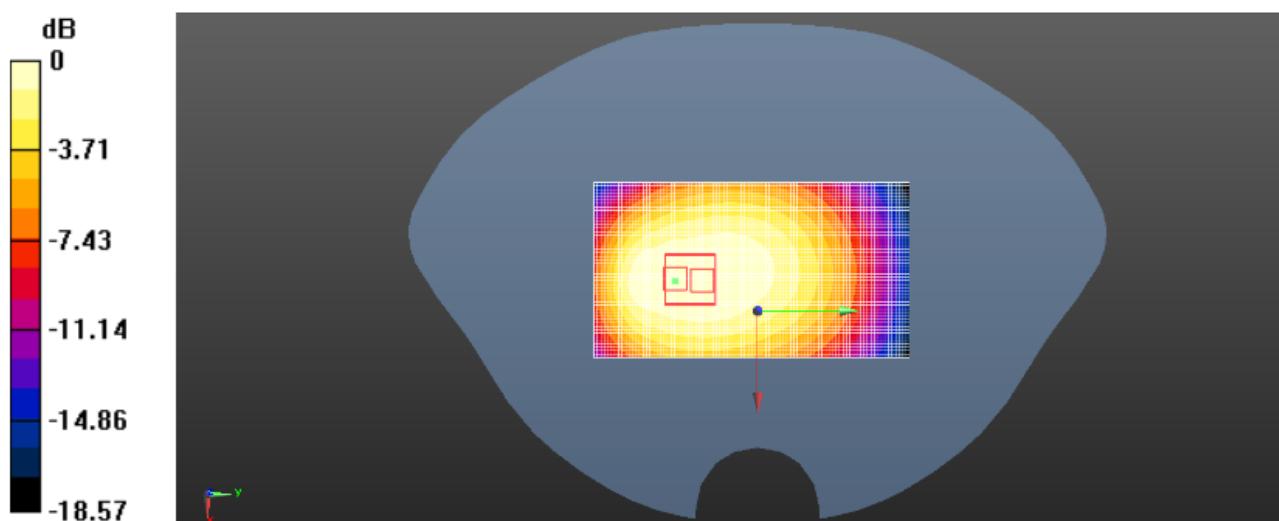
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(6.11, 6.11, 6.11); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.674 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=7$ mm, $dy=7$ mm, $dz=5$ mm
Reference Value = 22.475 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.974 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.673 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.418 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.673 W/kg



Body- worn Rear Side (GSM850 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)

Body- worn Rear Side (DCS1900 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 1880.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2
Medium parameters used: $f = 1880.0$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.51$ mho/m; $\epsilon = 53.21$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

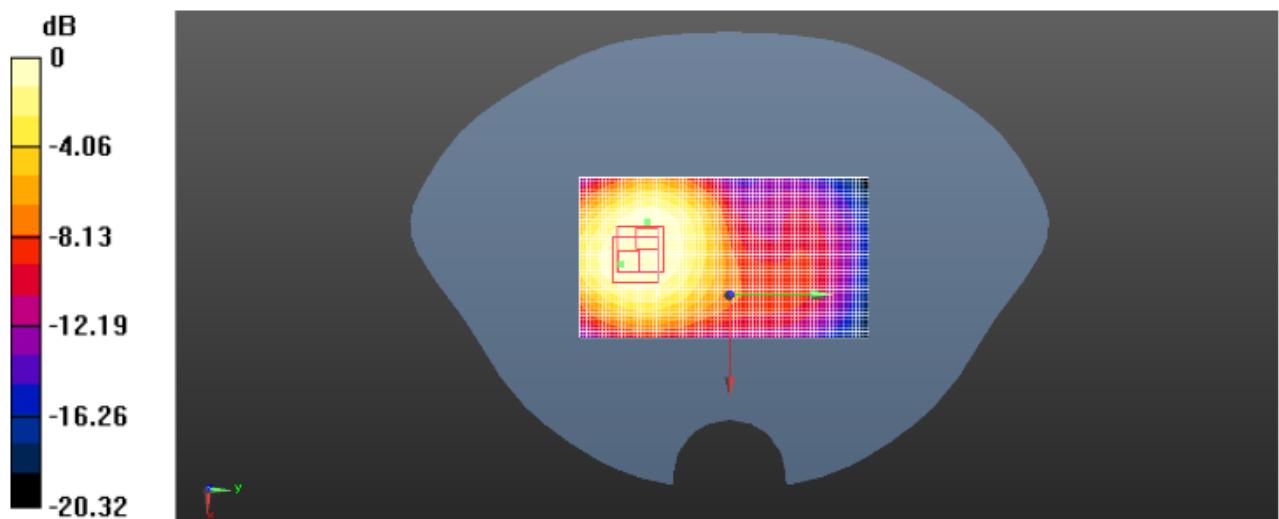
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.66, 4.66, 4.66); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.590 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7mm, dy=7mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 23.085 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.947 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.589 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.381 mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.590 W/kg



Body- worn Rear Side (PCS1900 GPRS 4TS Middle Channel)

Body- worn Rear side (WLAN 802.11b Middle Channel)

Communication System: Customer System; Frequency: 2437.0 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2437.0$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.93$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.65$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section : Body- worn

DASY5 Configuration:

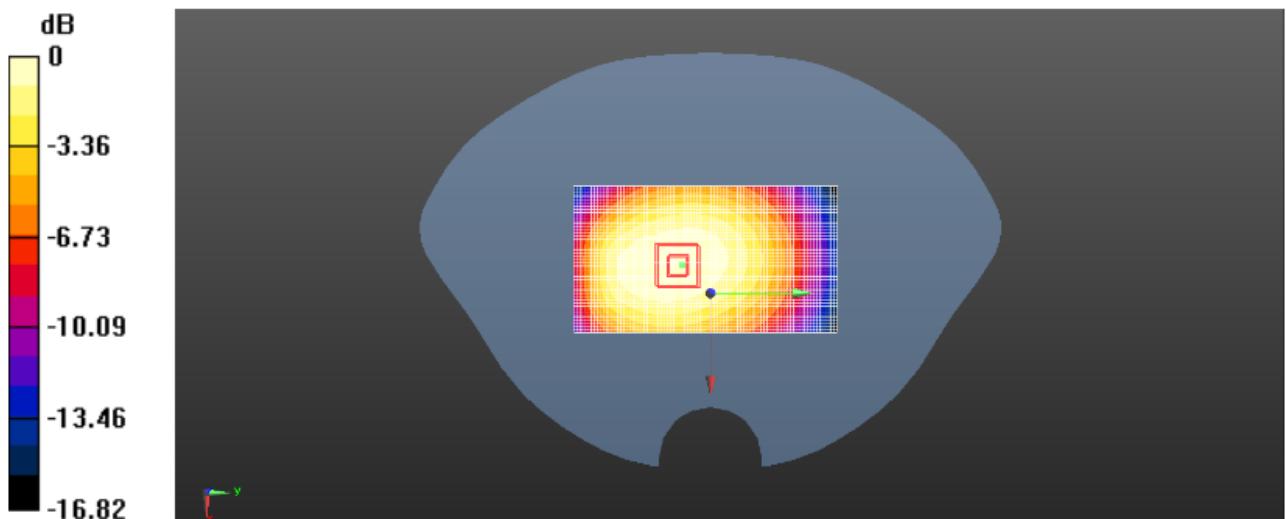
- Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3292; ConvF(4.23, 4.23, 4.23); Calibrated: 15/08/2015;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1315; Calibrated: 22/07/2015
- Phantom: SAM 1; Type: SAM;
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.6 (6824)

Area Scan (51x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.358 W/kg

Zoom Scan (5x5x6)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=7mm, dy=7mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 18.142 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.502 mW/g

SAR(1 g) = 0.358 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 0.227mW/g

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.359 W/kg



15. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1	GSM(voice) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes		
2	GSM(voice) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes		
3	GPRS (data) + Bluetooth (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	
4	GPRS (data) + WIFI (data)	Yes	Yes	Yes	

General note:

1. This device support VoIP in GPRS
2. WLAN and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
3. EUT will choose either GSM according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
4. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position
5. For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below
 - a) $[(\text{max. Power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] * [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})/x}] \text{W/kg}$ for test separation distances $\leq 50\text{mm}$; when $x=7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x=18.75$ for 10-g SAR.
 - b) When the minimum separation distance is $< 5\text{mm}$, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion
 - c) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is $> 50\text{mm}$.

Bluetooth Max power	Exposure position	Head	Hotspot	Body worn
	Test separation	0mm	10mm	5mm
6.00dBm	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.166W/kg	0.083W/kg	0.166W/kg

Head Exposure condition

WWAN PCE +WIFI DTS					
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAR (W/kg)		Summed SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN PCS	WIFI DTS	
GSM	GSM850	Left Cheek	0.345	0.253	0.598
		Left Tilted	0.259	0.222	0.480
		Right Cheek	0.320	0.229	0.549
		Right Tilted	0.255	0.205	0.460
	PCS1900	Left Cheek	0.434	0.253	0.687
		Left Tilted	0.323	0.222	0.545
		Right Cheek	0.396	0.229	0.625
		Right Tilted	0.304	0.205	0.509

WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS					
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAR (W/kg)		Summed SAR (W/kg)
			WWAN PCS	Bluetooth DSS	
GSM	GSM850	Left Cheek	0.345	0.166	0.511
		Left Tilted	0.259	0.166	0.425
		Right Cheek	0.320	0.166	0.486
		Right Tilted	0.255	0.166	0.421
	PCS1900	Left Cheek	0.434	0.166	0.600
		Left Tilted	0.323	0.166	0.489
		Right Cheek	0.396	0.166	0.562
		Right Tilted	0.304	0.166	0.470

Hotspot Exposure condition

WWAN PCE + WIFI DTS					
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAR (W/kg)		
			WWAN PCS	WIFI DTS	
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.388	0.200	0.587
		Back	0.588	0.325	0.912
		Left side	0.141	0.212	0.353
		Right side	0.346	0.140	0.486
		Top side	0.000	0.168	0.168
		Bottom side	0.335	0.000	0.335
	PCS1900	Front	0.335	0.200	0.535
		Back	0.508	0.325	0.833
		Left side	0.175	0.212	0.387
		Right side	0.278	0.140	0.419
		Top side	0.000	0.168	0.168
		Bottom side	0.334	0.000	0.334

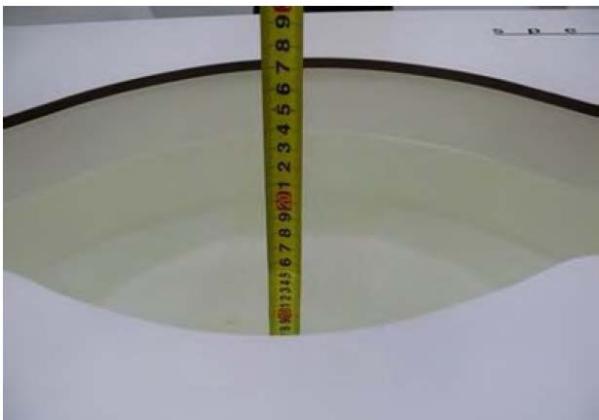
WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS					
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAR (W/kg)		
			WWAN PCS	Bluetooth DSS	
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.388	0.083	0.471
		Back	0.588	0.083	0.671
		Left side	0.141	0.083	0.224
		Right side	0.346	0.083	0.429
		Top side	0.000	0.083	0.083
		Bottom side	0.335	0.083	0.418
	PCS1900	Front	0.335	0.083	0.418
		Back	0.508	0.083	0.591
		Left side	0.175	0.083	0.258
		Right side	0.278	0.083	0.361
		Top side	0.000	0.083	0.083
		Bottom side	0.334	0.083	0.417

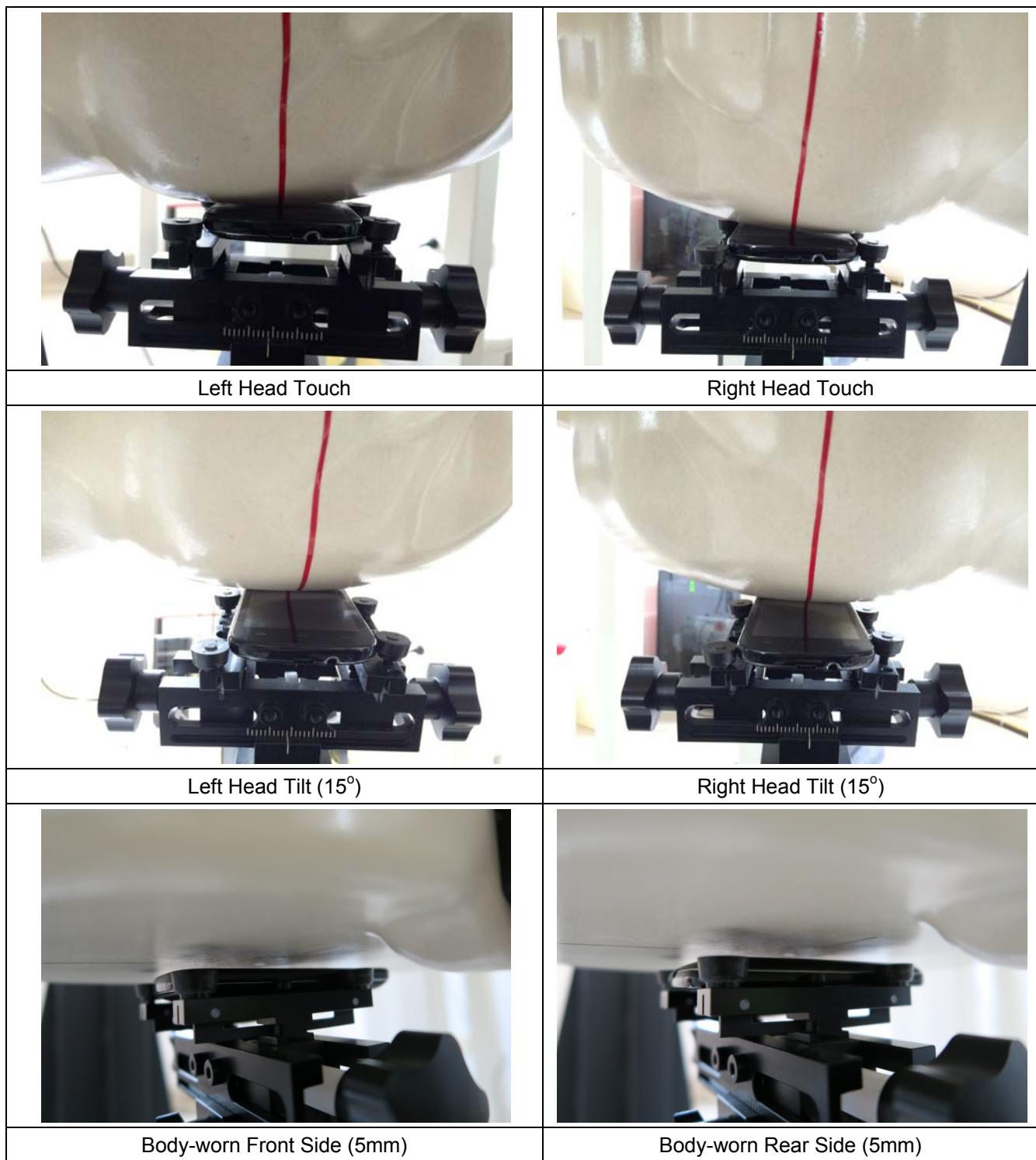
Body-Worn Accessory Exposure condition

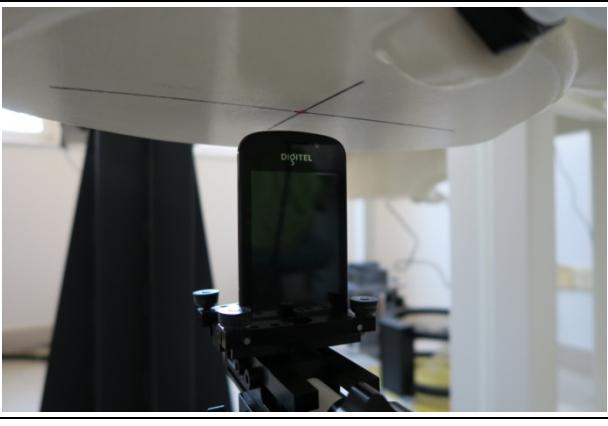
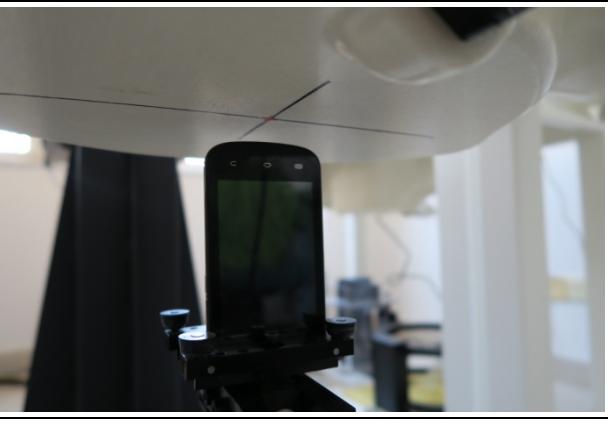
WWAN PCE + WIFI DTS					
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAR (W/kg)		
			WWAN PCS	WIFI DTS	
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.490	0.257	0.747
		Back	0.774	0.418	1.192
		Back with headset	0.714	0.418	1.132
	PCS1900	Front	0.388	0.257	0.645
		Back	0.633	0.418	1.051

WWAN PCE + Bluetooth DSS					
WWAN Band		Exposure Position	Max SAR (W/kg)		
			WWAN PCS	Bluetooth DTS	
GSM	GSM850	Front	0.490	0.166	0.656
		Back	0.774	0.166	0.940
		Back with headset	0.714	0.166	0.880
	PCS1900	Front	0.388	0.166	0.554
		Back	0.633	0.166	0.799

16. TestSetup Photos

	
Liquid depth in the head phantom (835MHz)	Liquid depth in the body phantom (835MHz)
	
Liquid depth in the head phantom (1900MHz)	Liquid depth in the body phantom (1900MHz)
	
Liquid depth in the head phantom (2450MHz)	Liquid depth in the body phantom (2450MHz)



	
Hotspot mode - Front Side (10mm)	Hotspot mode - Rear Side (10mm)
	
Hotspot mode - Left Side (10mm)	Hotspot mode - Right Side (10mm)
	
Hotspot mode - Top Side (10mm)	Hotspot mode - Bottom Side (10mm)

17. External and Internal Photos of the EUT

Please reference to the report No.: TRE1511016201

-----End of Report-----