



RF TEST REPORT

Applicant	Kizy Tracking SA
FCC ID	2AGPEWT2
Product	Tracker
Model	K-2
Report No.	RXA1712-0426RF02R2
Issue Date	January 18, 2018

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **FCC CFR47 Part 2 (2017)/ FCC CFR 47 Part 24E (2017)**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Performed by: Jiangpeng Lan

Approved by: Kai Xu

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Summary of measurement results

No.	Test Case	Clause in FCC rules	Verdict
1	RF power output	2.1046	PASS
2	Effective Isotropic Radiated power	24.232(c)	PASS
3	Occupied Bandwidth	2.1049	PASS
4	Band Edge Compliance	2.1051 /24.238(a)	PASS
5	Peak-to-Average Power Ratio	24.232/KDB 971168 D01(5.7)	PASS
6	Frequency Stability	2.1055 / 24.235	PASS
7	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	2.1051 / 24.238(a)	PASS
8	Radiates Spurious Emission	2.1053 / 24.238(a)	PASS
Date of Testing: December 13, 2017~ December 15, 2017			
Note: PASS: The EUT complies with the essential requirements in the standard. FAIL: The EUT does not comply with the essential requirements in the standard.			

1. Test Laboratory

1.1. Notes of the test report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

1.2. Test facility

CNAS (accreditation number: L2264)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has obtained the accreditation of China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS).

FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

IC (recognition number is 8510A)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

VCCI (recognition number is C-4595, T-2154, R-4113, G-10766)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by industry Japan to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.



1.3. Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.
Address: No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong
City: Shanghai
Post code: 201201
Country: P. R. China
Contact: Xu Kai
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Website: <http://www.ta-shanghai.com>
E-mail: xukai@ta-shanghai.com

2. General Description of Equipment under Test

Client Information

Applicant	Kizy Tracking SA
Applicant address	Maladiere 71c Neuchatel Switzerland 2002
Manufacturer	Xavi (Suzhou) Technologies CO., LTD.
Manufacturer address	No. 108# Huahong Rd., Wujiang , Suzhou , JiangSu Province, China

General information

EUT Description			
Model	K-2		
IMEI	352803060008050		
Hardware Version	WT2-N V0.2B		
Software Version	WT2_linux_350		
Power Supply	External Power Supply		
Antenna Type	Internal Antenna		
Test Mode(s)	GSM1900; WCDMA Band II;		
Test Modulation	(GSM)GMSK,8PSK; (WCDMA)QPSK;		
Maximum E.I.R.P	GSM 1900:	15.52 dBm	
	WCDMA Band II:	11.35 dBm	
Rated Power Supply Voltage	3.7V		
Extreme Voltage	Minimum: 3.6V Maximum: 4.2V		
Extreme Temperature	Lowest: 0°C Highest: +55°C		
Operating Frequency Range(s)	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	GSM1900	1850 ~ 1910	1930 ~ 1990
	WCDMA Band II	1850 ~ 1910	1930 ~ 1990
EUT Accessory			
USB Cable	32.5cm, shielded		
Battery	Manufacturer: Guangdong Power-Tech New Power Co.,Ltd.		
	Model: PT503450		
	Power Rating: DC 3.7V, 900mAh, 3.33Wh		
Note: The information of the EUT is declared by the manufacturer.			



3. Applied Standards

According to the specifications of the manufacturer, it must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC CFR47 Part 2 (2017)

FCC CFR 47 Part 24E (2017)

ANSI/TIA-603-D (2010)

KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03

4. Test Configuration

Radiated measurements are performed by rotating the EUT in three different orthogonal test planes. EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). Receiver antenna polarization (horizontal and vertical), the worst emission was found in position (X axis, horizontal polarization) and the worst case was recorded.

All mode and data rates and positions and RB size and modulations were investigated.

Subsequently, only the worst case emissions are reported.

The following testing in GSM/WCDMA is set based on the maximum RF Output Power.

Test modes are chosen to be reported as the worst case configuration below:

	Test items	Modes/Modulation	
		GSM 1900	WCDMA Band II
Conducted Test cases	RF power output	GSM	RMC
	Occupied Bandwidth	GSM	RMC
	Band Edge Compliance	GSM	RMC
	Peak-to-Average Power Ratio	GSM	RMC
	Frequency Stability	GSM	RMC
	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	GSM	RMC
Radiated Test cases	Effective Isotropic Radiated power	GSM	RMC
	Radiates Spurious Emission	GSM	RMC

5. Test Case Results

5.1.RF Power Output

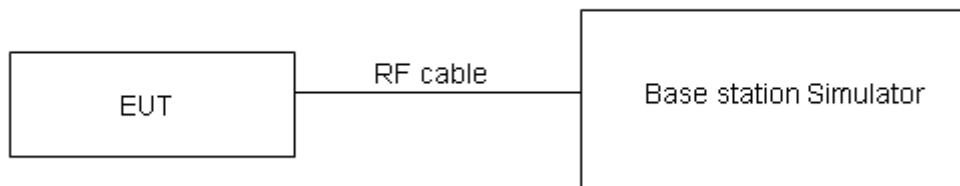
Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Methods of Measurement

During the process of the testing, The EUT is controlled by the Base Station Simulator to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation.

Test Setup



The loss between RF output port of the EUT and the input port of the tester has been taken into consideration.

Limits

No specific RF power output requirements in part 2.1046.

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 0.4$ dB.

**Test Results**

GSM 1900		Conducted Power(dBm)		
		Channel 512	Channel 661	Channel 810
		1850.2(MHz)	1880(MHz)	1909.8(MHz)
GSM	Results	26.55	26.68	26.83

WCDMA Band II		Conducted Power(dBm)		
		Channel 9262	Channel 9400	Channel 9538
		1852.4(MHz)	1880(MHz)	1907.6(MHz)
RMC	12.2k	20.91	19.34	19.35

5.2. Effective Isotropic Radiated Power

Ambient condition

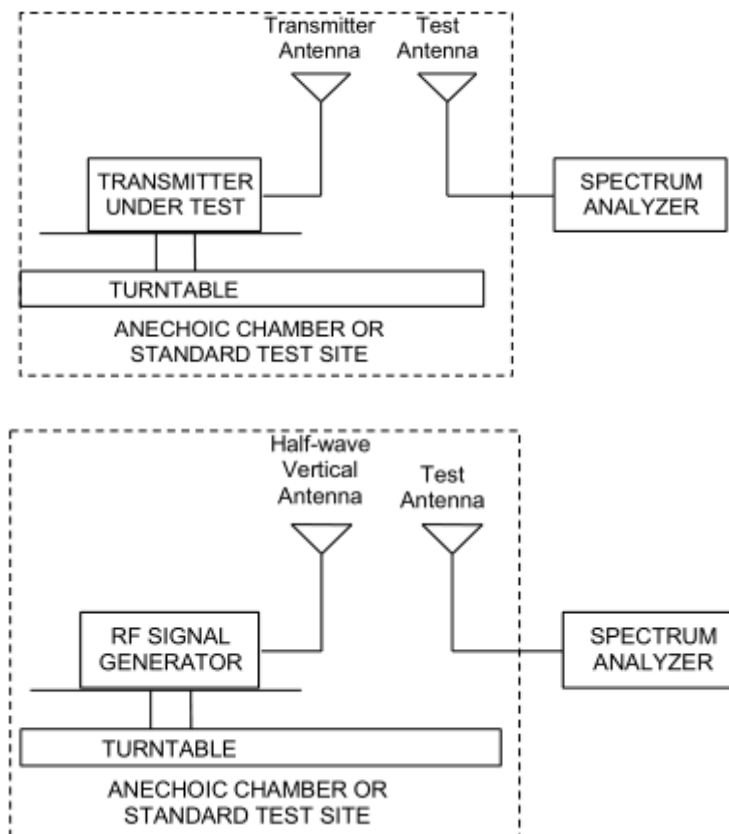
Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Methods of Measurement

The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03 Section 5.8 and ANSI/TIA-603-D-2010.

- Connect the equipment as illustrated. Mount the equipment with the manufacturer specified antenna in a vertical orientation on a manufacturer specified mounting surface located on a non-conducting rotating platform of a RF anechoic chamber (preferred) or a standard radiation site.
- Key the transmitter, then rotate the EUT 360° azimuthally and record spectrum analyzer power level (LVL) measurements at angular increments that are sufficiently small to permit resolution of all peaks. If a standard radiation test site is used, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading at each angular increment. (Note: several batteries may be needed to offset the effect of battery voltage droop, which should not exceed 5% of the manufactured specified battery voltage during transmission).
- Replace the transmitter under test with a vertically polarized half-wave dipole (or an antenna whose gain is known relative to an ideal half-wave dipole). The center of the antenna should be at the same location as the center of the antenna under test.
- Connect the antenna to a signal generator with a known output power and record the path loss (in dB) as LOSS. If a standard radiation test site is used, raise and lower the test antenna to obtain a maximum reading. $LOSS = \text{Generator Output Power (dBm)} - \text{Analyzer reading (dBm)}$
- Determine the effective radiated output power at each angular position from the readings in steps b) and d) using the following equation: $ERP \text{ (dBm)} = LVL \text{ (dBm)} + LOSS \text{ (dB)}$
- The maximum ERP is the maximum value determined in the preceding step.
- When calculating ERP, in addition to knowing the antenna radiation and matching characteristics, it is necessary to know the loss values of all elements (e.g. transmission line attenuation, mismatches, filters, combiners) interposed between the point where transmitter output power is measured, and the point where power is applied to the antenna. ERP can then be calculated as follows:
 $ERP \text{ (dBm)} = \text{Output Power (dBm)} - \text{Losses (dB)} + \text{Antenna Gain (dBd)}$
 where: dBd refers to gain relative to an ideal dipole.
 $EIRP \text{ (dBm)} = ERP \text{ (dBm)} + 2.15 \text{ (dB.)}$

Test setup



Limits

Rule Part 24.232(c) Mobile and portable stations are limited to 2 watts EIRP.

Rule Part 24.232(e) Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage.

Limit (EIRP)	$\leq 2 \text{ W}$ (33 dBm)
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Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 1.19 \text{ dB}$

Test Results:

The measurement is performed for both of horizontal and vertical antenna Polarization, and only the data of worst mode is recorded in this report.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization	Output Power (dBm)	Losses (dB)	Antenna Gain (dBd)	EIRP (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Conclusion
GSM 1900	Low	1850.2	Horizontal	-39.61	-53.21	1.92	15.52	33	Pass
	Mid	1880	Horizontal	-40.04	-53.42	1.94	15.32	33	Pass
	High	1909.8	Horizontal	-40.43	-53.67	1.90	15.13	33	Pass
WCDMA Band II	Low	1852.4	Horizontal	-44.27	-53.19	1.92	10.84	33	Pass
	Mid	1880	Horizontal	-44.01	-53.42	1.94	11.35	33	Pass
	High	1907.6	Horizontal	-45.42	-53.66	1.92	10.16	33	Pass

5.3.Occupied Bandwidth

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

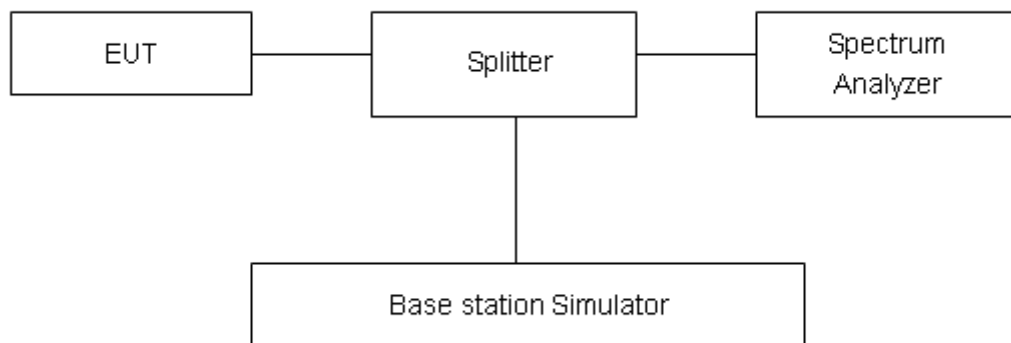
The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The occupied bandwidth is measured using spectrum analyzer.

RBW is set to 3kHz, VBW is set to 10kHz for GSM 1900,

RBW is set to 51kHz, VBW is set to 160kHz for WCDMA Band II,

99% power and -26dBc occupied bandwidths are recorded. Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Test Setup



Limits

No specific occupied bandwidth requirements in part 2.1049.

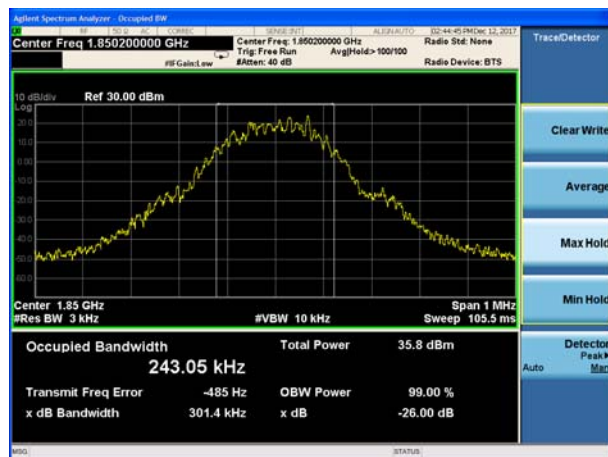
Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 624\text{Hz}$.

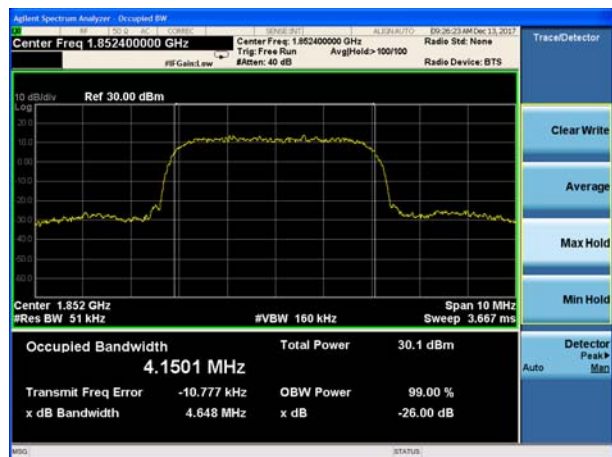
Test Result

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% Power Bandwidth (MHz)	-26dBc Bandwidth(MHz)
GSM 1900 (GSM)	512	1850.2	0.24305	0.3014
	661	1880.0	0.24554	0.2979
	810	1909.8	0.24604	0.3002
WCDMA Band II (RMC)	9262	1852.4	4.1501	4.648
	9400	1880	4.1446	4.650
	9538	1907.6	4.1477	4.660

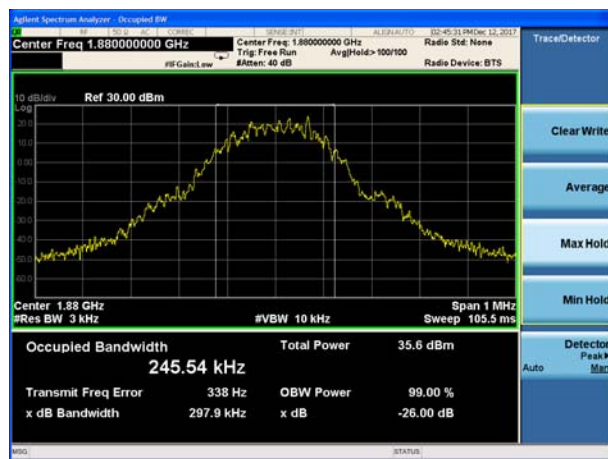
GSM1900 GSM CH-Low



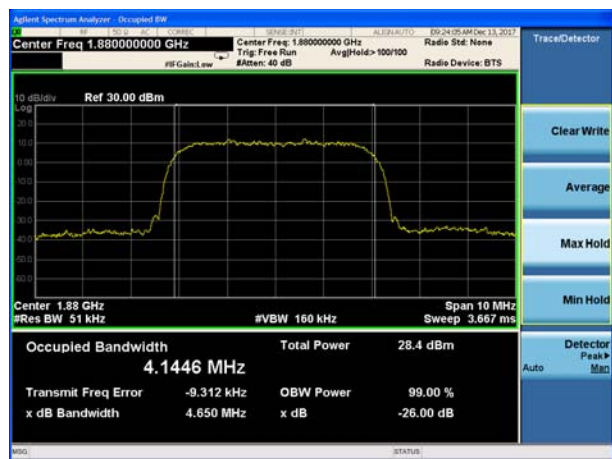
WCDMA Band II RMC CH-LOW



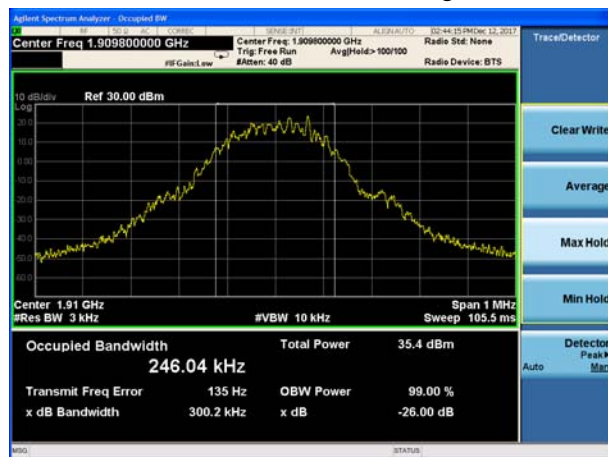
GSM 1900 GSM CH-Middle



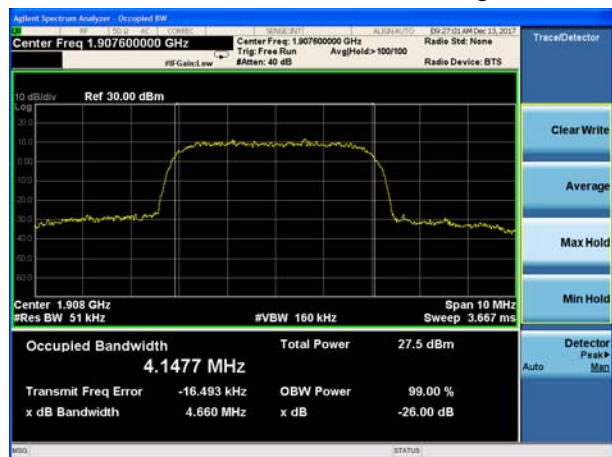
WCDMA Band II RMC CH-Middle



GSM 1900 GSM CH-High



WCDMA Band II RMC CH-High



5.4. Band Edge Compliance

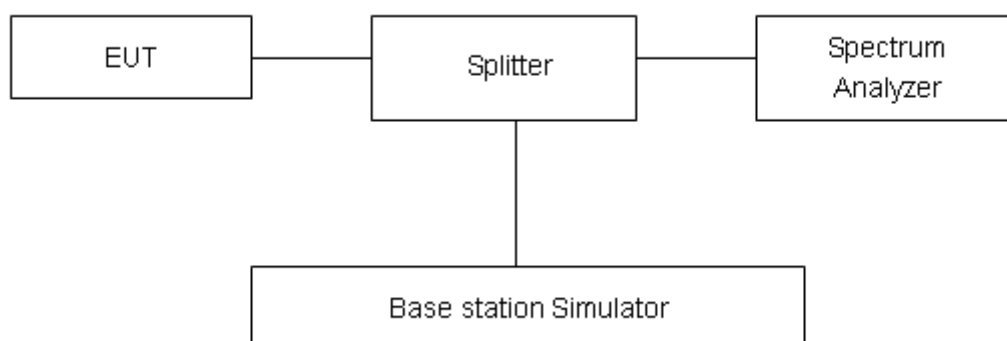
Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The band edge of the lowest and highest channels were measured. The Average detector is used and RBW is set to 3kHz, VBW is set to 10kHz for GSM 1900, RBW is set to 51kHz, VBW is set to 160kHz for WCDMA Band II, Spectrum analyzer plots are included on the following pages.

Test Setup



Limits

Rule Part 24.238(a) specifies that “on any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB.”

Limit	-13 dBm
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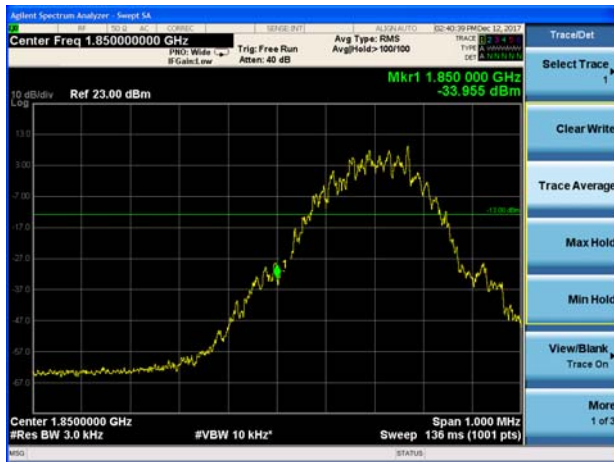
Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$, $U=0.684$ dB.

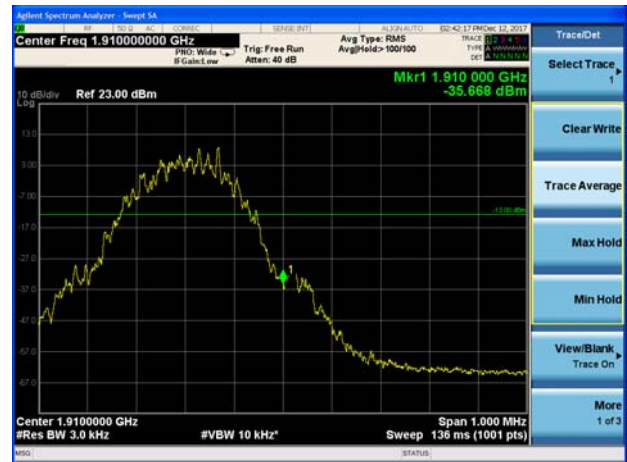


Test Result:

GSM1900 GSM CH-Low



GSM 1900 GSM CH-High



WCDMA Band II RMC CH-Low



WCDMA Band II RMC CH-High



5.5. Peak-to-Average Power Ratio (PAPR)

Ambient condition

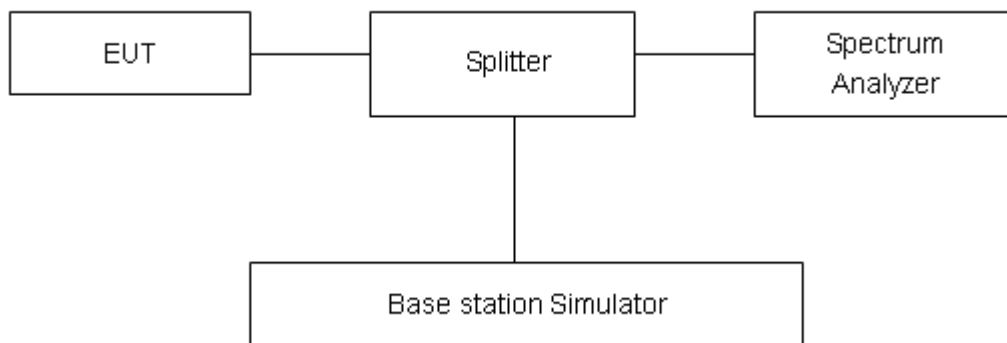
Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Methods of Measurement

Measure the total peak power and record as PPK. And measure the total average power and record as PAvg. Both the peak and average power levels must be expressed in the same logarithmic units (e.g., dBm). Determine the PAPR from:

$$\text{PAPR (dB)} = \text{PPk (dBm)} - \text{PAvg (dBm)}.$$

Test Setup



Limits

In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB in 24.232(d).

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 2$, $U = 0.4$ dB.

**Test Results**

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak(dBm)	Avg(dBm)	PAPR(dB)	Limit(dB)	Conclusion
GSM 1900 (GSM)	512	1850.2	27.76	26.55	1.21	≤13	PASS
	661	1880	27.87	26.68	1.19	≤13	PASS
	810	1909.8	27.99	26.83	1.16	≤13	PASS
WCDMA Band II (RMC)	9262	1852.4	24.05	20.91	3.14	≤13	PASS
	9400	1880	22.34	19.34	3.00	≤13	PASS
	9538	1907.6	22.07	19.35	2.72	≤13	PASS

5.6.Frequency Stability

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

1. Frequency Stability (Temperature Variation)

The temperature inside the climate chamber is varied from -30°C to +55°C in 10°C step size,

(1) With all power removed, the temperature was decreased to 0°C and permitted to stabilize for three hours.

(2) Measure the carrier frequency with the test equipment in a “call mode”. These measurements should be made within 1 minute of powering up the mobile station, to prevent significant self warming.

(3) Repeat the above measurements at 10°C increments from -30°C to +55°C. Allow at least 1.5 hours at each temperature, un-powered, before making measurements.

2. Frequency Stability (Voltage Variation)

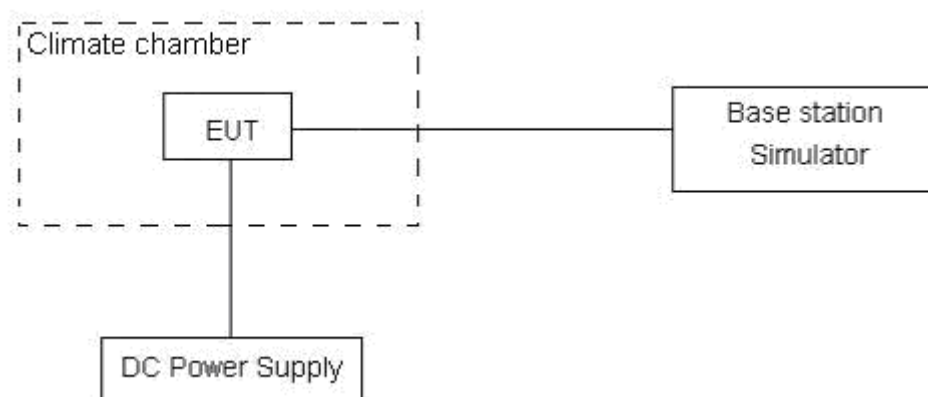
The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:

(1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

(2) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery-operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 3.6 V and 4.2 V, with a nominal voltage of 3.7V.

Test setup



Limits

No specific frequency stability requirements in part 24.235

Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 99.75% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 3$, $U = 0.01\text{ppm}$.

Test Result

Mode	Test status	Test Results (ppm)
		GSM(GMSK)
GSM 1900 Middle Channel	-30°C/Normal Voltage	-0.0069
	-20°C/Normal Voltage	-0.0086
	-10°C/Normal Voltage	-0.0117
	0°C/Normal Voltage	-0.0075
	10°C/Normal Voltage	0.0064
	20°C/Normal Voltage	-0.0123
	30°C/Normal Voltage	-0.0113
	40°C/Normal Voltage	-0.0059
	50°C/Normal Voltage	0.0101
	55°C/Normal Voltage	-0.0059
	20°C/Min Voltage	0.0142
	20°C/Max Voltage	0.0168
/	/	RMC
WCDMA Band II Middle Channel	-30°C/Normal Voltage	-0.00514
	-20°C/Normal Voltage	-0.00257
	-10°C/Normal Voltage	-0.00452
	0°C/Normal Voltage	-0.00269
	10°C/Normal Voltage	-0.00196
	20°C/Normal Voltage	-0.00263
	30°C/Normal Voltage	-0.00217
	40°C/Normal Voltage	-0.00374
	50°C/Normal Voltage	-0.00210
	55°C/Normal Voltage	0.00091
	20°C/Min Voltage	0.00159
	20°C/Max Voltage	-0.00177

5.7.Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

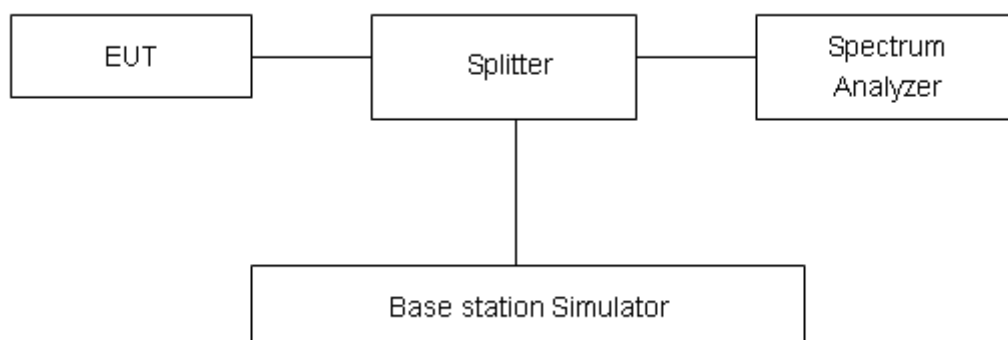
Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station Simulator via power Splitter. The measurement is carried out using a spectrum analyzer. The spectrum analyzer scans from 9kHz to the 10th harmonic of the carrier. The peak detector is used.set RBW 1MHz and VBW is 3MHz, Sweep is set to ATUO.

Test setup



Limits

Rule Part 24.238(a) specifies that “on any frequency outside a licensee’s frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB.”

Limit	-13 dBm
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Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 99.75% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$.

Frequency	Uncertainty
100kHz-2GHz	0.684 dB
2GHz-18GHz	1.407 dB

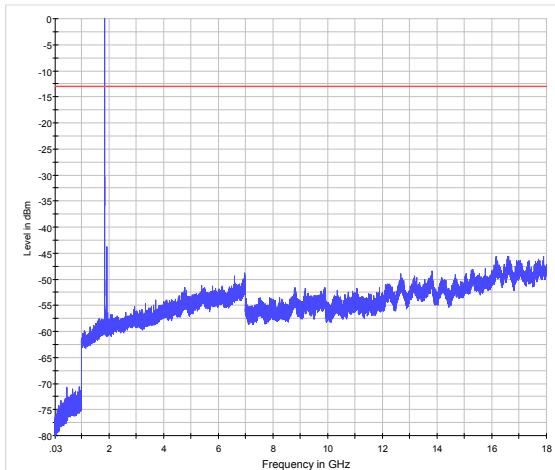
Test Result

Sweep from 9 kHz to 30MHz, and the emissions more than 20 dB below the permissible value are not reported.

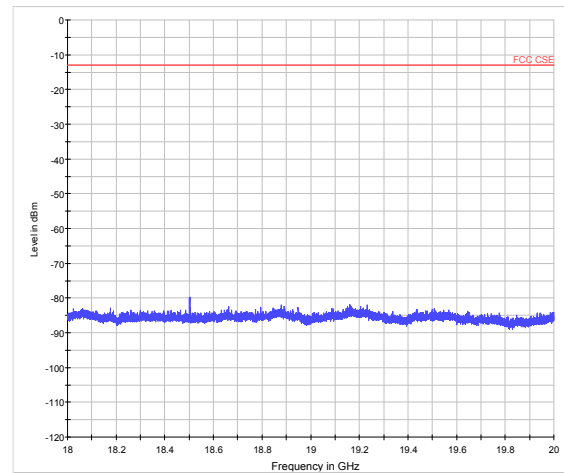
If disturbances were found more than 20dB below limit line, the mark is not required for the EUT.

The signal beyond the limit is carrier.

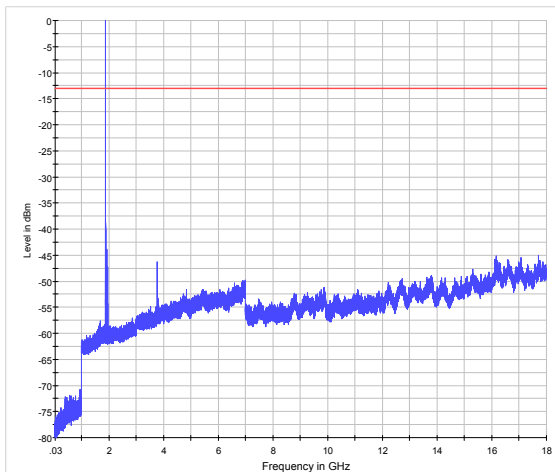
GSM 1900 CH-Low 30MHz~18GHz



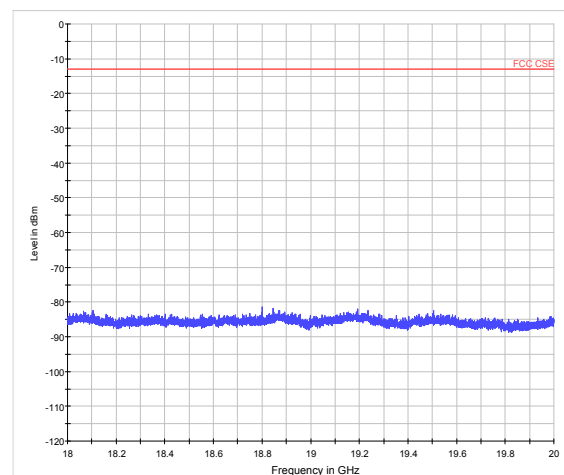
GSM 1900 CH-Low 18GHz~20GHz



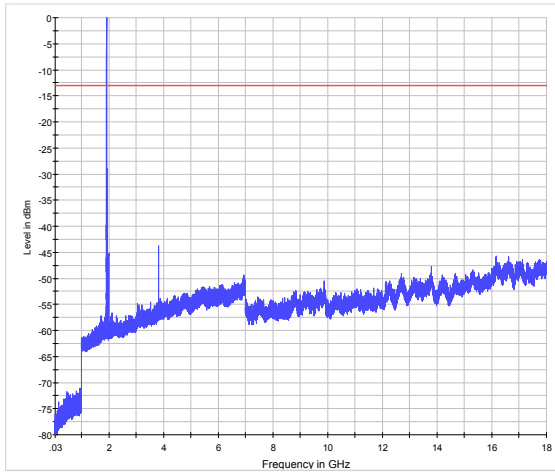
GSM 1900 CH-Middle 30MHz~18GHz



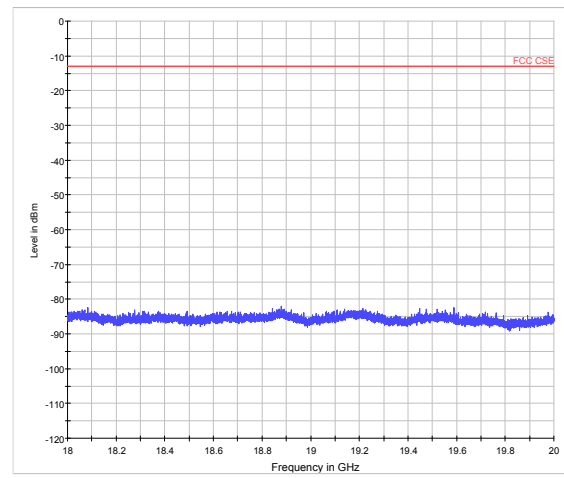
GSM 1900 CH-Middle 18GHz~20GHz



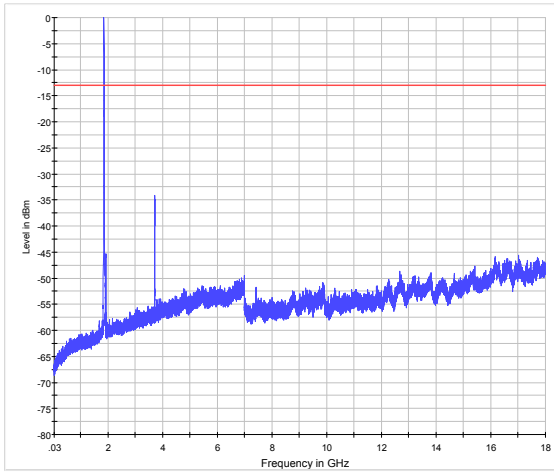
GSM 1900 CH-High 30MHz~18GHz



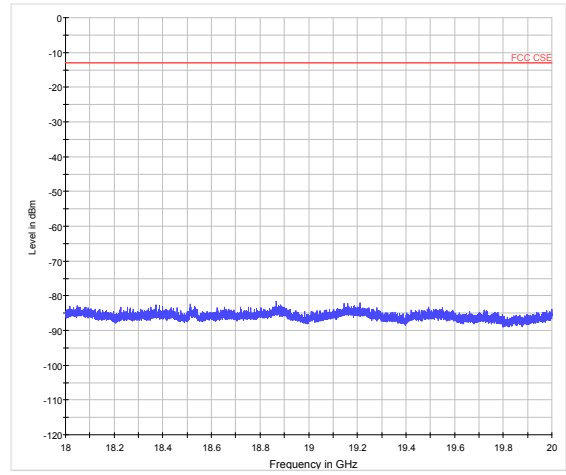
GSM 1900 CH-High 18GHz~20GHz



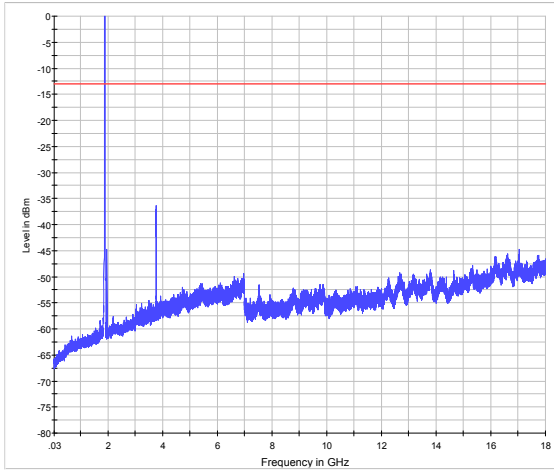
WCDMA Band II CH-Low 30MHz~18GHz



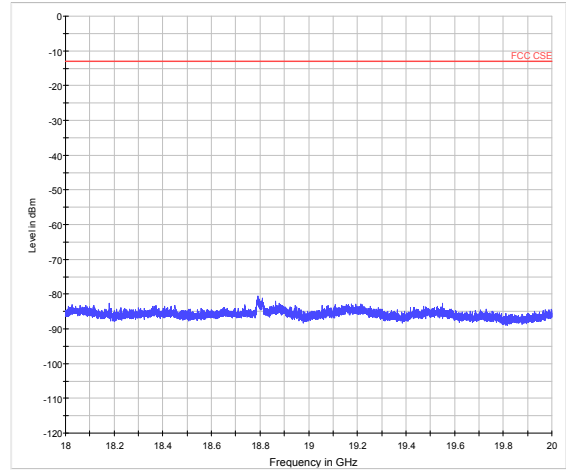
WCDMA Band II CH-Low 18GHz~20GHz



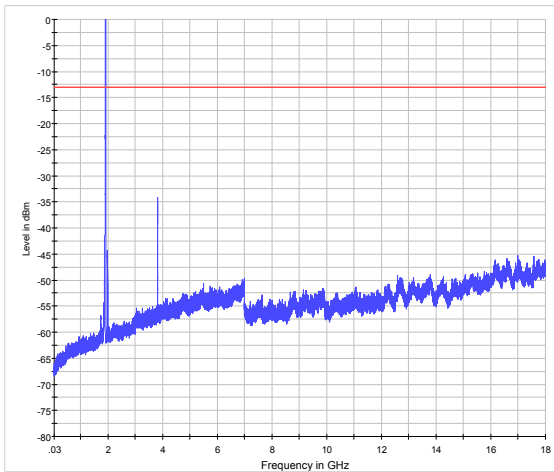
WCDMA Band II CH-Middle 30MHz~18GHz



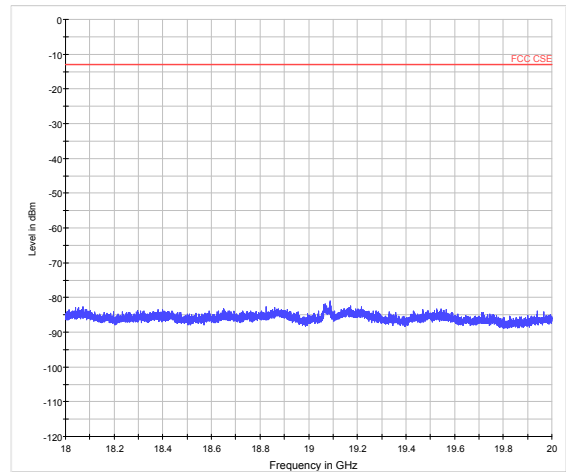
WCDMA Band II CH-Middle 18GHz~20GHz



WCDMA Band II CH-High 30MHz~18GHz



WCDMA Band II CH-High 18GHz~20GHz



5.8.Radiates Spurious Emission

Ambient condition

Temperature	Relative humidity	Pressure
23°C ~25°C	45%~50%	101.5kPa

Method of Measurement

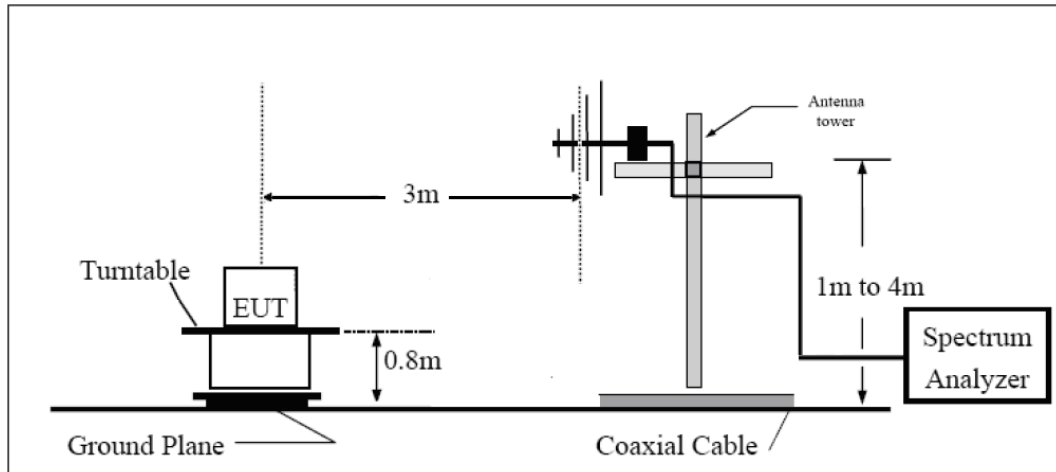
1. The testing follows FCC KDB 971168 v03 Section 5.8 and ANSI/TIA-603-D-2010.
2. The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).
3. A log-periodic antenna or double-ridged waveguide horn antenna shall be substituted in place of the EUT. The log-periodic antenna will be driven by a signal generator and the level will be adjusted till the same power value on the spectrum analyzer or receiver. The level of the spurious emissions can be calculated through the level of the signal generator, cable loss, the gain of the substitution antenna and the reading of the spectrum analyzer or receiver.
4. The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level during the test. Set Test Receiver or Spectrum RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, And the maximum value of the receiver should be recorded as (Pr).
5. The EUT shall be replaced by a substitution antenna. In the chamber, an substitution antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference point of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the substitution antenna with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A power (PMea) is applied to the input of the substitution antenna, and adjust the level of the signal generator output until the value of the receiver reach the previously recorded (Pr). The power of signal source (PMea) is recorded. The test should be performed by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization.
6. A amplifier should be connected to the Signal Source output port. And the cable should be connect between the Amplifier and the Substitution Antenna. The cable loss (Pcl) ,the Substitution Antenna Gain (Ga) and the Amplifier Gain (PAg) should be recorded after test.
7. The measurement results are obtained as described below:

$$\text{Power(EIRP)} = \text{PMea} - \text{PAg} - \text{Pcl} + \text{Ga}$$
The measurement results are amend as described below:

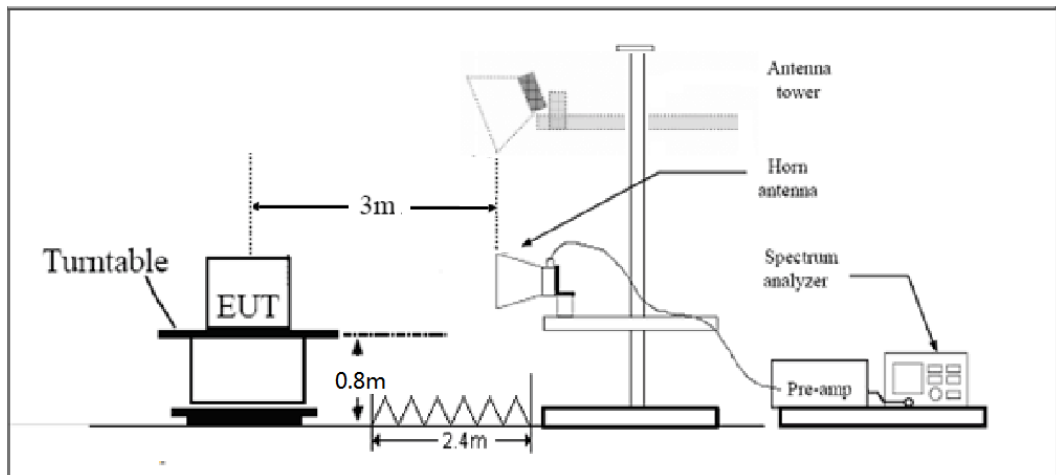
$$\text{Power(EIRP)} = \text{PMea} - \text{Pcl} + \text{Ga}$$
8. This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using an antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power. ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, $\text{ERP} = \text{EIRP} - 2.15\text{dBi}$.

Test setup

30MHz~~~ 1GHz



Above 1GHz



Note: Area side: 2.4mX3.6m

The radiated emission was measured in the following position: EUT stand-up position (Z axis), lie-down position (X, Y axis). The worst emission was found in stand-up position (Z axis) and the worst case was recorded.

Limits

Rule Part 24.238(a) specifies that “on any frequency outside a licensee's frequency block, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least $43 + 10 \log_{10} (P)$ dB.”

Limit	-13 dBm
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Measurement Uncertainty

The assessed measurement uncertainty to ensure 95% confidence level for the normal distribution is with the coverage factor $k = 1.96$, $U = 3.55$ dB.

**Test Result**

GSM 1900 CH-Low

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	EIRP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	3700.0	-38.05	5.1	11.05	Horizontal	-32.1	-13.0	19.1	135
3	5550.6	-53.83	5.42	12.65	Horizontal	-46.6	-13.0	33.6	45
4	7400.8	-50.25	6.7	13.85	Horizontal	-43.1	-13.0	30.1	180
5	9251.0	-47.84	7.01	14.75	Horizontal	-40.1	-13.0	27.1	270
6	11101.2	-46.67	7.48	15.95	Horizontal	-38.2	-13.0	25.2	135
7	12951.4	-48.04	7.51	16.55	Horizontal	-39.0	-13.0	26.0	45
8	14801.6	-43.21	8.24	15.35	Horizontal	-36.1	-13.0	23.1	270
9	16651.8	-43.84	8.41	14.95	Horizontal	-37.3	-13.0	24.3	180
10	18502.0	-41.61	8.54	15.45	Horizontal	-34.7	-13.0	21.7	270
Note: 1.The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor. 2.The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.									

GSM 1900 CH-Middle

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	EIRP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	3760.1	-40.15	5.1	11.05	Horizontal	-34.2	-13.0	21.2	135
3	5640.0	-49.93	5.42	12.65	Horizontal	-42.7	-13.0	29.7	45
4	7520.0	-50.05	6.7	13.85	Horizontal	-42.9	-13.0	29.9	180
5	9400.0	-47.14	7.01	14.75	Horizontal	-39.4	-13.0	26.4	270
6	11280.0	-46.17	7.48	15.95	Horizontal	-37.7	-13.0	24.7	135
7	13160.0	-48.04	7.51	16.55	Horizontal	-39.0	-13.0	26.0	45
8	15040.0	-45.71	8.24	15.35	Horizontal	-38.6	-13.0	25.6	270
9	16920.0	-42.74	8.41	14.95	Horizontal	-36.2	-13.0	23.2	180
10	18800.0	-42.51	8.54	15.45	Horizontal	-35.6	-13.0	22.6	270
Note: 1.The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor. 2. The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.									

GSM 1900 CH-High

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	EIRP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	3819.9	-42.95	5.1	11.05	Horizontal	-37.0	-13.0	24.0	135
3	5729.4	-53.33	5.42	12.65	Horizontal	-46.1	-13.0	33.1	45
4	7639.2	-49.75	6.7	13.85	Horizontal	-42.6	-13.0	29.6	180
5	9549.0	-50.14	7.01	14.75	Horizontal	-42.4	-13.0	29.4	270
6	11458.8	-46.07	7.48	15.95	Horizontal	-37.6	-13.0	24.6	135
7	13368.6	-45.14	7.51	16.55	Horizontal	-36.1	-13.0	23.1	45
8	15278.4	-44.71	8.24	15.35	Horizontal	-37.6	-13.0	24.6	180
9	17188.2	-44.04	8.41	14.95	Horizontal	-37.5	-13.0	24.5	225
10	19098.0	-42.11	8.54	15.45	Horizontal	-35.2	-13.0	22.2	135

Note: 1. The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor.

2. The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.

WCDMA Band II CH-Low

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	EIRP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	3702.8	-45.45	5.1	11.05	Horizontal	-39.5	-13.0	26.5	180
3	5553.8	-37.53	5.42	12.65	Horizontal	-30.3	-13.0	17.3	270
4	7409.6	-46.85	6.7	13.85	Horizontal	-39.7	-13.0	26.7	135
5	9262.0	-46.94	7.01	14.75	Horizontal	-39.2	-13.0	26.2	45
6	11114.4	-45.67	7.48	15.95	Horizontal	-37.2	-13.0	24.2	270
7	12966.8	-46.14	7.51	16.55	Horizontal	-37.1	-13.0	24.1	180
8	14819.2	-40.61	8.24	15.35	Horizontal	-33.5	-13.0	20.5	270
9	16671.6	-42.54	8.41	14.95	Horizontal	-36.0	-13.0	23.0	135
10	18524.0	-42.11	8.54	15.45	Horizontal	-35.2	-13.0	22.2	180

Note: 1. The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor.

2. The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.



WCDMA Band II CH-Middle

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	EIRP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	3757.1	-42.65	5.1	11.05	Horizontal	-36.7	-13.0	23.7	270
3	5643.4	-40.63	5.42	12.65	Horizontal	-33.4	-13.0	20.4	135
4	7520.0	-49.55	6.7	13.85	Horizontal	-42.4	-13.0	29.4	45
5	9400.0	-46.54	7.01	14.75	Horizontal	-38.8	-13.0	25.8	270
6	11280.0	-45.77	7.48	15.95	Horizontal	-37.3	-13.0	24.3	180
7	13160.0	-47.14	7.51	16.55	Horizontal	-38.1	-13.0	25.1	270
8	15040.0	-44.91	8.24	15.35	Horizontal	-37.8	-13.0	24.8	135
9	16920.0	-42.44	8.41	14.95	Horizontal	-35.9	-13.0	22.9	180
10	18800.0	-41.91	8.54	15.45	Horizontal	-35.0	-13.0	22.0	270

Note: 1. The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor.

2. The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.

WCDMA Band II CH-High

Harmonic	Frequency (MHz)	SG (dBm)	Cable Loss (dB)	Gain (dBi)	Antenna Polarization	EIRP Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Margin (dB)	Azimuth (deg)
2	3812.6	-42.75	5.1	11.05	Horizontal	-36.8	-13.0	23.8	135
3	5726.6	-40.03	5.42	12.65	Horizontal	-32.8	-13.0	19.8	45
4	7630.4	-48.85	6.7	13.85	Horizontal	-41.7	-13.0	28.7	270
5	9538.0	-48.64	7.01	14.75	Horizontal	-40.9	-13.0	27.9	180
6	11445.6	-45.57	7.48	15.95	Horizontal	-37.1	-13.0	24.1	270
7	13353.2	-45.24	7.51	16.55	Horizontal	-36.2	-13.0	23.2	135
8	15260.8	-44.21	8.24	15.35	Horizontal	-37.1	-13.0	24.1	225
9	17168.4	-42.24	8.41	14.95	Horizontal	-35.7	-13.0	22.7	90
10	19076.0	-41.21	8.54	15.45	Horizontal	-34.3	-13.0	21.3	315

Note: 1. The other Spurious RF Radiated emissions level is no more than noise floor.

2. The worst emission was found in the antenna is Horizontal position.

6. Main Test Instruments

Name	Manufacturer	Type	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Expiration Date
Base Station Simulator	R&S	CMU200	118133	2017-05-14	2018-05-13
Power Splitter	Hua Xiang	SHX-GF2-2-13	10120101	2017-05-14	2018-05-13
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY47191109	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Universal Radio Communication Tester	Agilent	E5515C	MY48367192	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Signal Analyzer	R&S	FSV30	100815	2017-12-17	2018-12-16
EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100948	2017-05-20	2018-05-19
Signal generator	R&S	SMB 100A	102594	2017-05-14	2018-05-13
Signal generator	R&S	SMR27	100365	2017-05-14	2018-05-13
Trilog Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VUBL 9163	9163-201	2017-11-18	2020-11-17
Horn Antenna	R&S	HF907	100126	2014-12-06	2019-12-05
Climatic Chamber	Re Ce	PT-30B	20101891	2015-07-18	2018-07-17
Horn Antenna	ETS-Lindgren	3160-09	00102644	2015-01-30	2018-01-29
RF Cable	Agilent	SMA 15cm	0001	2017-08-04	2018-02-03
Preamplifier	R&S	SCU18	102327	2017-06-18	2018-06-17
Software	R&S	EMC32	V 8.52.0	NA	NA

*****END OF REPORT *****

ANNEX A: EUT Appearance and Test Setup

A.1 EUT Appearance



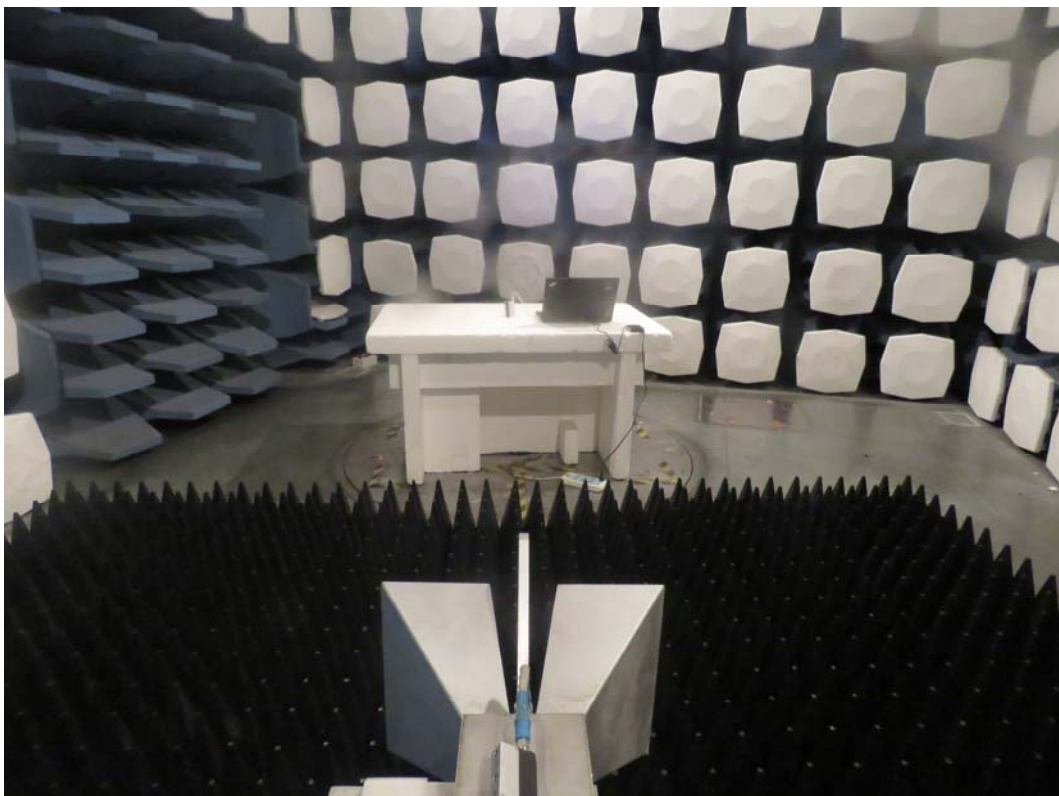
a: EUT



b:USB Cable

Picture 1 EUT and Accessory

A.2 Test Setup



Picture 2: Radiated Spurious Emissions Test setup