FCC SAR Test Report

Equipment	:	**Notebook**
Brand Name	:	**EVGA**
Model No.	:	**EVGA SC17 GAMING**
FCC ID	:	**2AG9J8260NG**
Standard	:	**FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093) ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 IEEE 1528-2013**
Applicant	:	**EVGA CORPORATION 18F., No. 176, Jian 1st Rd., Zhonghe Dist., New Taipei City 235, Taiwan (R.O.C)**
Manufacturer	:	**MAINTEK COMPUTER (SUZHOU) CO.,LTD NO.233,Jinfeng RD., Suzhou Jiangsu, PRC China**

The product sample received on Mar. 23, 2016 and completely tested on May 12, 2016. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and shown the compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Reviewed by:

Kevin Liang / Assistant Manager

Testing Laboratory 1190

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Revision History

Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
FA5D3039	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	**May 12, 2016**
FA5D3039	Rev. 02	Revised EUT Model No. and FCC ID	**May 25, 2016**

1 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing as follows.

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class
Body	WLAN5.2GHz Band	0.77	NII
	WLAN5.3GHz Band	0.45	
	WLAN5.6GHz Band	0.50	
	WLAN5.8GHz Band	0.48	
	WLAN2.4GHz Band	1.11	DTS

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.

1.1 Guidance Standard

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 For IEEE802.11(Wi-Fi)Transmitters v02r02

1.2 Testing Location Information

Testing Location		
HWA YA	ADD	: No. 52, Hwa Ya 1st Rd., Hwa Ya Technology Park, Kwei-Shan District, Tao Yuan City, Taiwan, R.O.C.
	TEL	: 886-3-327-3456 FAX : 886-3-327-0973

1.3 Device Category and SAR Limits

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

1.3.1 Test Conditions

Ambient Temperature	20 to 24 ℃
Humidity	< 60%

1.3.2 Test Configuration

During WLAN SAR testing EUT is configured with the WLAN continuous TX tool, and the transmission duty factor was monitored on the spectrum analyzer with zero-span setting Duty factor observed as below:

- 802.11b, 1Mbps : 100%
- 802.11g, 6Mbps : 100%
- 802.11n, MCS0 : 100%
- 802.11a, 6Mbps : 100%
- 802.11an, MCS0 : 100%
- 802.11ac, MCS0-NSS1:100%

For WLAN SAR testing, WLAN engineering testing software installed on the Support Notebook can provide continuous transmitting RF signal.

2 Equipment Under Test (EUT)

2.1 General Information

Product Feature & Specification				
Equipment Name	Notebook			
Brand Name	EVGA			
Model No.	EVGA SC17 GAMING			
Antenna Type	PIFA			
Peak Gain(dBi)	Main Antenna :	2.4G : -0.24 , 5G : -3.63	Aux Antenna :	2.4G : -1.8 , 5G : -3.77
FCC ID	2AG9J8260NG			
Frequency Range	WLAN 2.4GHz Band : 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz WLAN 5.2GHz Band : 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz WLAN 5.3GHz Band : 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.6GHz Band : 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz WLAN 5.8GHz Band : 5725 MHz ~ 5850 MHz			
EUT Stage	Production Unit			

Accessories or 2nd Source or Key Part	Specification of Accessory				
	AC Adapter	Brand Name	EVGA	Model Name	E008-00-000069
		Power Rating	I/P: 100 - 240 Vac, 3.5mA,O/P: 19 Vdc, 12.6mA		

3 RF Exposure Limits

3.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

3.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.4	8.0	20.0

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

4 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

4.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

4.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dW}{dm}\right) = \frac{d}{dt}\left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv}\right)$$

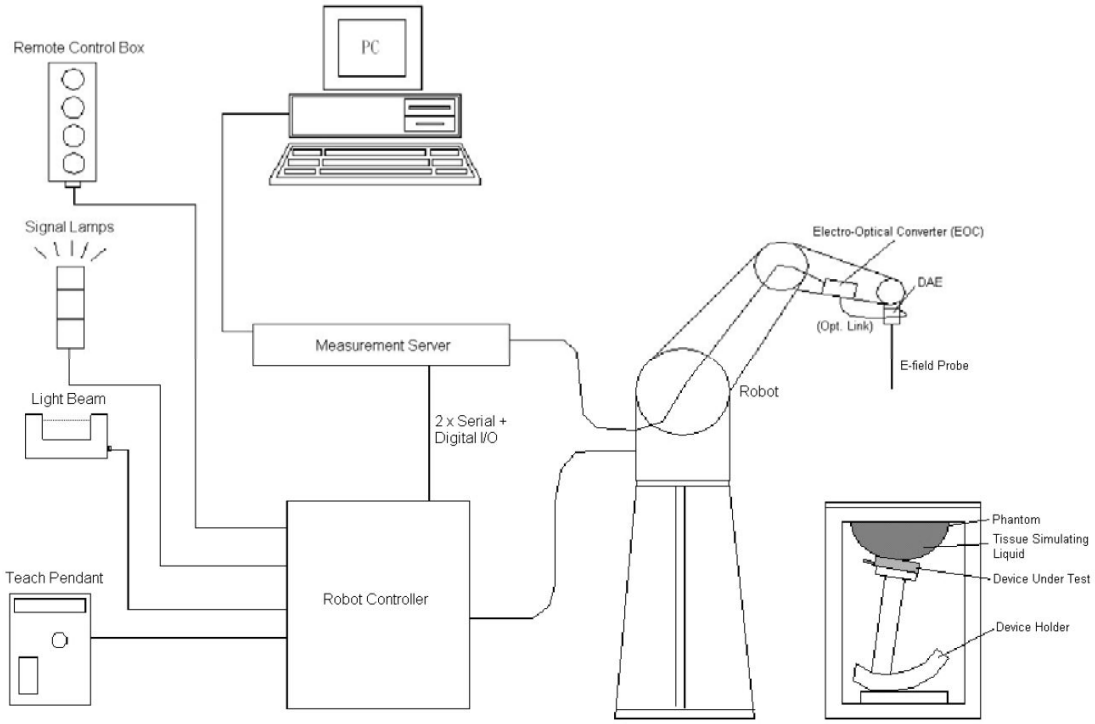
SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

5 System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

5.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG).The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

5.2 E-Field Probe Specification

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 µW/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 µW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
	

5.3 E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than ± 10%. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, and NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix C of this report.

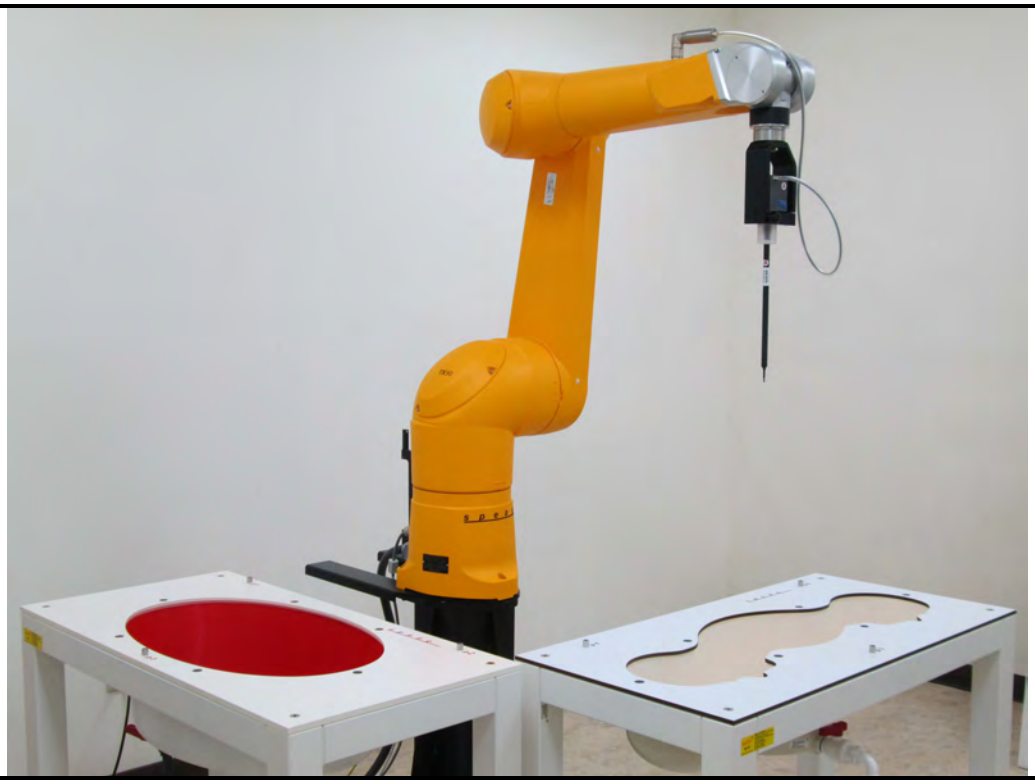
5.4 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.

5.5 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY4: RX90BL; DASY5: TX90XL) type from Stäubli SA (France). The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)



5.6 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY5: 400 MHz, Intel Celeron), chipdisk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board. The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.

5.7 Phantom

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 1000 mm Minor axis: 500 mm

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts of locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference makers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm

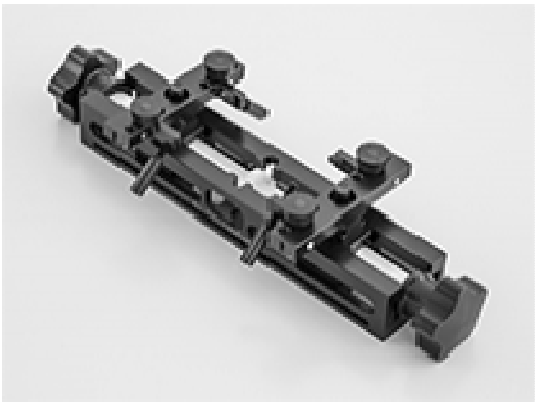
The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

5.8 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.

Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter



Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptop and Body-Worn Transmitter>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the Mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI Phantoms.

6 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
(b) Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
(c) For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
(d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

(a) Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
(b) Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
(c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
(d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
(e) Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band
(f) Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

(a) Area scan
(b) Power reference measurement
(c) Zoom scan
(d) Power drift measurement

6.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

(a) Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
(g) Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters)
(b) Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume
(c) Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
(d) Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
(e) Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

6.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

6.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area}, Δy_{Area}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

6.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom}, Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	≤ 1.5·$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

* When zoom scan is required and the *reported* SAR from the *area scan based 1-g SAR estimation* procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

6.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

6.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

7 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calibration	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1424	2016/2/16	2017/2/15
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3976	2016/2/22	2017/2/21
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	929	2016/2/9	2017/2/8
SPEAG	5000MHz System Validation Kit	D5GHzV2	1171	2016/2/17	2017/2/16
SPEAG	Device Holder	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZHL-42W+	15542	NCR	NCR
Mini-Circuits	Power Amplifier	ZVE-8G+	605601404	NCR	NCR
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46419201	2016/1/21	2017/1/20
Agilent	EXA Signal Analyzer	N9010A	MY54200432	2015/8/12	2016/8/11
R&S	Signal Generator	SMB100A	175727	2015/10/5	2016/10/4
SPEAG	Dielectric Probe Kit	SM DAK 040CA	1146	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1241002	2015/9/21	2016/9/20
Anritsu	Power sensor	MA2411B	1207366	2015/9/21	2016/9/20
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	0949003	2016/2/4	2017/2/3
Anritsu	Power sensor	MA2411B	0917017	2016/2/4	2017/2/3
SPEAG	Flat Phantom ELI5.0	QD OVA 002 AA	1238	NCR	NCR
Wisewind	Themometer	HTC1	HTC1	2015/12/24	2016/12/23
Wisewind	Themometer	YF-160A	130504609	2015/12/24	2016/12/23

General Note:

1. The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
2. The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
3. In system check we need to monitor the level on the power meter, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1W input power according to the ratio of 1W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the power meter is critical and we do have calibration for it
4. Attenuator 1 insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.
5. NCR: No calibration request.

8 System Verification

8.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm and 10 cm, which is shown in Fig. 8.1. & 8.2.

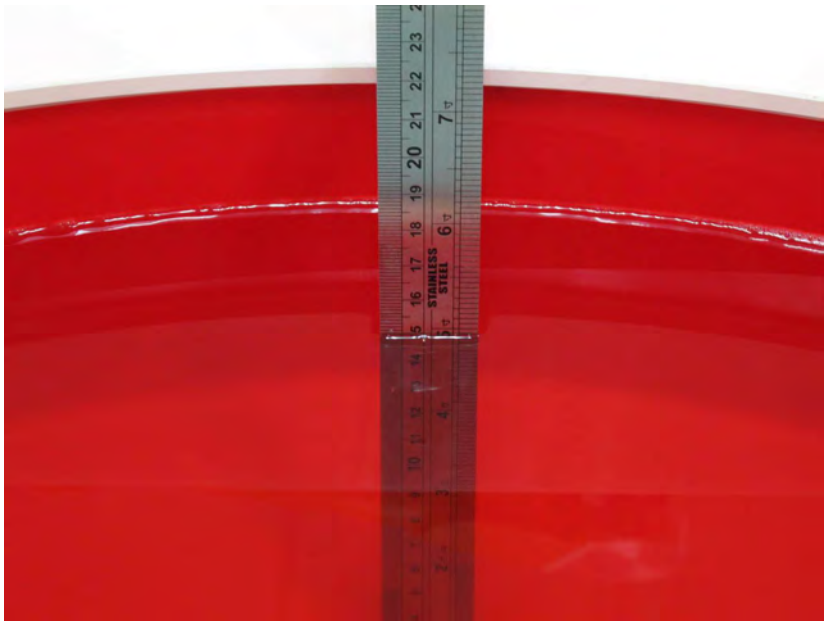


Fig 8.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Body Frequency 2450MHz

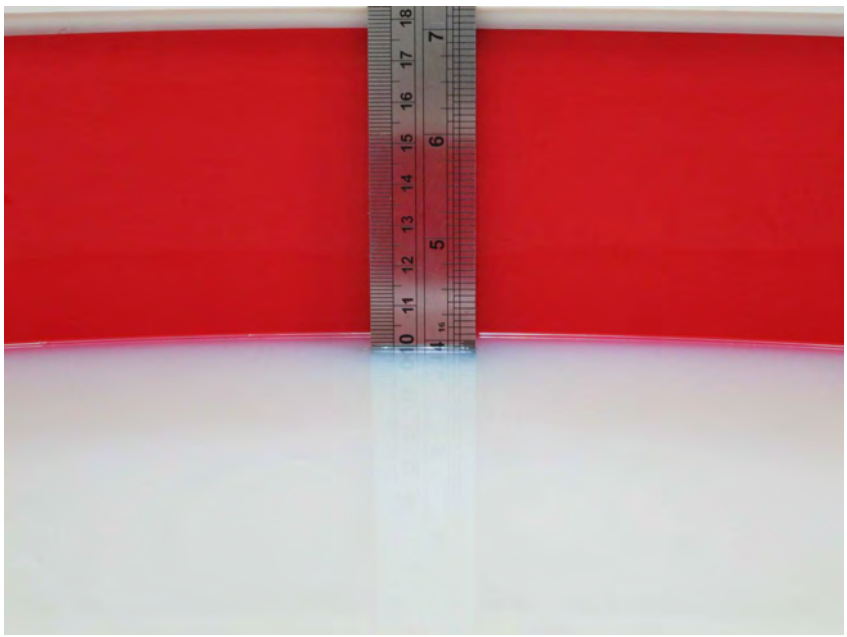


Fig 8.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body Frequency 5GHz

8.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Sugar (%)	Cellulose (%)	Salt (%)	Preventol (%)	DGBE (%)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)
For Body								
2450	68.6	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	1.95	52.7

Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, Manufactured by SPEAG

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	64~78%
Mineral oil	11~18%
Emulsifiers	9~15%
Additives and Salt	2~3%

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

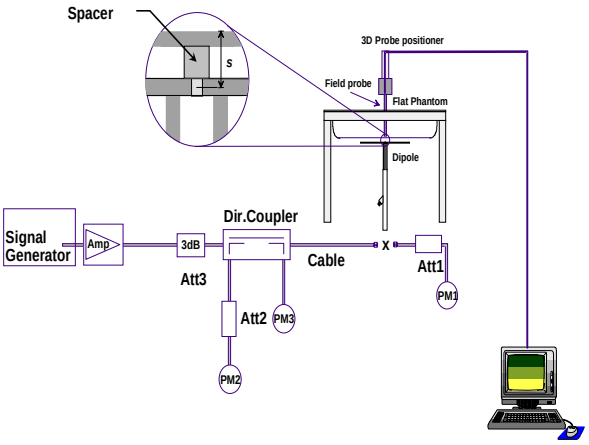
Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (℃)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (εr)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (εr)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (εr) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
2450	21.2	1.941	52.669	1.95	52.7	-0.46	-0.06	±5	2016/3/23
2450	21.4	1.882	54.504	1.95	52.7	-3.49	3.42	±5	2016/3/29
5200	21	5.347	48.561	5.3	49	0.89	-0.90	±5	2016/3/24
5300	20.3	5.502	49.675	5.42	48.9	1.51	1.58	±5	2016/3/25
5600	21.1	5.927	48.119	5.77	48.5	2.72	-0.79	±5	2016/3/28
5800	21.3	6.157	48.092	6	48.2	2.62	-0.22	±5	2016/3/29

1. The dielctric properties of the tissue is within ±5% of the target values.
2. Liquid temperature during dielectric property measurement by more than ±2 °C
3. The dielectric properties of the tissue-equivalent liquids shall be measured within 24 h before the SAR measurements.

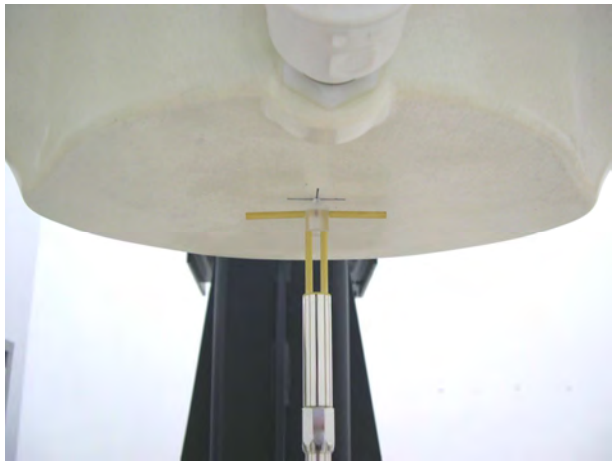
8.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured SAR (W/kg)	Targeted SAR (W/kg)	Normalized SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2016/3/23	2450	250mW	929	3976	1424	13.1	49.8	52.40	5.221
2016/3/29	2450	250mW	929	3976	1424	12.7	49.8	50.80	2.008
2016/3/24	5200	100mW	1171	3976	1424	7.31	73.6	73.10	-0.679
2016/3/25	5300	100mW	1171	3976	1424	7.36	76.3	73.60	-3.539
2016/3/28	5600	100mW	1171	3976	1424	7.85	79.8	78.50	-1.629
2016/3/29	5800	100mW	1171	3976	1424	7.43	75.6	74.30	-1.720



System Performance Check Setup



Setup Photo

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9 <WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

1. Per KDB 242287 D01 SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures (see 5.3.2) are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.
2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the *reported* SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
3. For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.

10 Maximum Tune-up Limit & Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<Bluetooth>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
BT	v2.1 with BR	CH 0	2402	1Mbps	3.93	5.00
		CH 39	2441		4.48	
		CH 78	2480		4.49	
	v2.1 with EDR	CH 0	2402	3Mbps	4.02	5.00
		CH 39	2441		4.54	
		CH 78	2480		4.59	
	v4.0 with LE	CH 0	2402	1Mbps	4.72	5.00
		CH 19	2440		4.71	
		CH 39	2480		4.99	

Note:

For V2.1 With BR 2.4GHz Bluetooth SAR testing selected 1Mbps, due to its highest average power.

<2.4G>

Antenna A=Main

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant A Average Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
2.4GHz	802.11b	CH 1	2412	1Mbps	14.80	15.00
		CH 6	2437		14.83	
		CH 11	2462		14.84	
	802.11g	CH 1	2412	6Mbps	14.92	15.00
		CH 6	2437		14.86	
		CH 11	2462		14.84	
	802.11n_HT20	CH 1	2412	MCS0	14.84	15.00
		CH 6	2437		14.90	
		CH 11	2462		14.87	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 3	2422	MCS0	14.83	15.00
		CH 6	2437		14.87	
		CH 9	2452		14.94	

<5G>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant A Average Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
5.2GHz	802.11a	CH 36	5180	6Mbps	13.43	13.50
		CH 40	5200		13.41	
		CH 44	5220		13.45	
		CH 48	5240		13.49	
	802.11n_HT20	CH 36	5180	MCS0	13.44	13.50
		CH 40	5200		13.45	
		CH 44	5220		13.36	
		CH 48	5240		13.46	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 38	5190	MCS0	13.47	13.50
		CH 46	5230		13.40	
	802.11ac_VHT20	CH 36	5180	MCS0-NSS1	13.38	13.50
		CH 40	5200		13.37	
		CH 44	5220		13.40	
		CH 48	5240		13.48	
	802.11ac_VHT40	CH 38	5190	MCS0-NSS1	13.47	13.50
		CH 46	5230		13.39	
	802.11ac_VHT80	CH 42	5210	MCS0-NSS1	13.43	13.50

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant A Average Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
5.3GHz	802.11a	CH 52	5260	6Mbps	13.42	13.50
		CH 56	5280		13.44	
		CH 60	5300		13.48	
		CH 64	5320		13.40	
	802.11n_HT20	CH 52	5260	MCS0	13.42	13.50
		CH 56	5280		13.48	
		CH 60	5300		13.39	
		CH 64	5320		13.38	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 54	5270	MCS0	13.46	13.50
		CH 62	5310		13.39	
	802.11ac_VHT20	CH 52	5260	MCS0-NSS1	13.42	13.50
		CH 56	5280		13.49	
		CH 60	5300		13.35	
		CH 64	5320		13.39	
	802.11ac_VHT40	CH 54	5270	MCS0-NSS1	13.43	13.50
		CH 62	5310		13.32	
	802.11ac_VHT80	CH 58	5290	MCS0-NSS1	13.42	13.50

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant A Average Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
5.6GHz	802.11a	CH 100	5500	6Mbps	13.49	13.50
		CH 104	5520		13.46	
		CH 108	5540		13.45	
		CH 112	5560		13.48	
		CH 116	5580		13.38	
		CH 132	5660		13.42	
		CH 136	5680		13.40	
		CH 140	5700		13.43	
	802.11a	CH 100	5500	MCS0	13.41	13.50
		CH 104	5520		13.44	
		CH 108	5540		13.47	
		CH 112	5560		13.45	
		CH 116	5580		13.40	
		CH 132	5660		13.42	
		CH 136	5680		13.42	
		CH 140	5700		13.42	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 102	5510	MCS0	13.40	13.50
		CH 110	5550		13.41	
		CH 134	5670		13.49	
	802.11ac_VHT20	CH 100	5500	MCS0-NSS1	13.50	13.50
		CH 104	5520		13.44	
		CH 108	5540		13.43	
		CH 112	5560		13.46	
		CH 116	5580		13.39	
		CH 132	5660		13.41	
		CH 136	5680		13.42	
		CH 140	5700		13.41	
	802.11ac_VHT40	CH 102	5510	MCS0-NSS1	13.41	13.50
		CH 110	5550		13.38	
		CH 134	5670		13.47	
	802.11ac_VHT80	CH 106	5530	MCS0-NSS1	13.44	13.50
		CH 138	5690		13.46	

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant A Average Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
5.8GHz	802.11a	CH 149	5745	6Mbps	13.46	13.50
		CH 153	5765		13.43	
		CH 157	5785		13.41	
		CH 161	5805		13.42	
		CH 165	5825		13.45	
	802.11n_HT20	CH 149	5745	MCS0	13.49	13.50
		CH 153	5765		13.46	
		CH 157	5785		13.47	
		CH 161	5805		13.41	
		CH 165	5825		13.45	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 151	5755	MCS0	13.38	13.50
		CH 159	5795		13.41	
	802.11ac_VHT20	CH 149	5745	MCS0-NSS1	13.46	13.50
		CH 153	5765		13.45	
		CH 157	5785		13.44	
		CH 161	5805		13.39	
		CH 165	5825		13.46	
	802.11ac_VHT40	CH 151	5755	MCS0-NSS1	13.34	13.50
		CH 159	5795		13.37	
	802.11ac_VHT80	CH 155	5775	MCS0-NSS1	13.44	13.50

<2.4G>

Antenna B=Aux

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant B Average Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
2.4GHz	802.11b	CH 1	2412	1Mbps	14.88	15.00
		CH 6	2437		14.83	
		CH 11	2462		14.86	
	802.11g	CH 1	2412	6Mbps	14.86	15.00
		CH 6	2437		14.85	
		CH 11	2462		14.92	
	802.11n_HT20	CH 1	2412	MCS0	14.88	15.00
		CH 6	2437		14.86	
		CH 11	2462		14.83	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 3	2422	MCS0	14.90	15.00
		CH 6	2437		14.84	
		CH 9	2452		14.89	

<5G>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant B Average Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
5.2GHz	802.11a	CH 36	5180	6Mbps	13.43	13.50
		CH 40	5200		13.49	
		CH 44	5220		13.46	
		CH 48	5240		13.47	
	802.11n_HT20	CH 36	5180	MCS0	13.43	13.50
		CH 40	5200		13.47	
		CH 44	5220		13.43	
		CH 48	5240		13.48	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 38	5190	MCS0	13.40	13.50
		CH 46	5230		13.39	
	802.11ac_VHT20	CH 36	5180	MCS0-NSS1	13.42	13.50
		CH 40	5200		13.42	
		CH 44	5220		13.47	
		CH 48	5240		13.38	
	802.11ac_VHT40	CH 38	5190	MCS0-NSS1	13.46	13.50
		CH 46	5230		13.47	
	802.11ac_VHT80	CH 42	5210	MCS0-NSS1	13.45	13.50

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant B Average Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
5.3GHz	802.11a	CH 52	5260	6Mbps	13.49	13.50
		CH 56	5280		13.48	
		CH 60	5300		13.41	
		CH 64	5320		13.38	
	802.11n_HT20	CH 52	5260	MCS0	13.37	13.50
		CH 56	5280		13.45	
		CH 60	5300		13.40	
		CH 64	5320		13.37	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 54	5270	MCS0	13.39	13.50
		CH 62	5310		13.39	
	802.11ac_VHT20	CH 52	5260	MCS0-NSS1	13.39	13.50
		CH 56	5280		13.47	
		CH 60	5300		13.40	
		CH 64	5320		13.37	
	802.11ac_VHT40	CH 54	5270	MCS0-NSS1	13.40	13.50
		CH 62	5310		13.41	
	802.11ac_VHT80	CH 58	5290	MCS0-NSS1	13.45	13.50

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant B Average Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
5.6GHz	802.11a	CH 100	5500	6Mbps	13.38	13.50
		CH 104	5520		13.47	
		CH 108	5540		13.44	
		CH 112	5560		13.44	
		CH 116	5580		13.45	
		CH 132	5660		13.48	
		CH 136	5680		13.42	
		CH 140	5700		13.40	
	802.11a	CH 100	5500	MCS0	13.39	13.50
		CH 104	5520		13.41	
		CH 108	5540		13.42	
		CH 112	5560		13.45	
		CH 116	5580		13.47	
		CH 132	5660		13.41	
		CH 136	5680		13.41	
		CH 140	5700		13.39	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 102	5510	MCS0	13.39	13.50
		CH 110	5550		13.45	
		CH 134	5670		13.44	
	802.11ac_VHT20	CH 100	5500	MCS0-NSS1	13.48	13.50
		CH 104	5520		13.47	
		CH 108	5540		13.41	
		CH 112	5560		13.42	
		CH 116	5580		13.45	
		CH 132	5660		13.46	
		CH 136	5680		13.38	
		CH 140	5700		13.49	
	802.11ac_VHT40	CH 102	5510	MCS0-NSS1	13.38	13.50
		CH 110	5550		13.39	
		CH 134	5670		13.40	
	802.11ac_VHT80	CH 106	5530	MCS0-NSS1	13.45	13.50
		CH 138	5690		13.42	

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant B Average Power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
5.8GHz	802.11a	CH 149	5745	6Mbps	13.48	13.50
		CH 153	5765		13.42	
		CH 157	5785		13.46	
		CH 161	5805		13.43	
		CH 165	5825		13.40	
	802.11n_HT20	CH 149	5745	MCS0	13.46	13.50
		CH 153	5765		13.41	
		CH 157	5785		13.49	
		CH 161	5805		13.43	
		CH 165	5825		13.41	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 151	5755	MCS0	13.48	13.50
		CH 159	5795		13.48	
	802.11ac_VHT20	CH 149	5745	MCS0-NSS1	13.44	13.50
		CH 153	5765		13.43	
		CH 157	5785		13.45	
		CH 161	5805		13.43	
		CH 165	5825		13.40	
	802.11ac_VHT40	CH 151	5755	MCS0-NSS1	13.36	13.50
		CH 159	5795		13.48	
	802.11ac_VHT80	CH 155	5775	MCS0-NSS1	13.47	13.50

<2.4G>

Antenna A+B=Main+Aux

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant A Average Power (dBm)	Ant B Average Power (dBm)	Average Total power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
2.4GHz	802.11b	CH 1	2412	1Mbps	11.94	11.92	14.94	15.00
		CH 6	2437		11.94	11.75	14.86	
		CH 11	2462		11.94	11.72	14.84	
	802.11g	CH 1	2412	6Mbps	11.90	11.90	14.91	15.00
		CH 6	2437		11.99	11.78	14.90	
		CH 11	2462		12.02	11.88	14.96	
	802.11n_HT20	CH 1	2412	MCS0	11.88	11.87	14.89	15.00
		CH 6	2437		11.97	11.71	14.85	
		CH 11	2462		12.00	11.85	14.94	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 3	2422	MCS0	11.93	11.90	14.93	15.00
		CH 6	2437		11.86	11.85	14.87	
		CH 9	2452		11.93	11.94	14.95	

<5G>

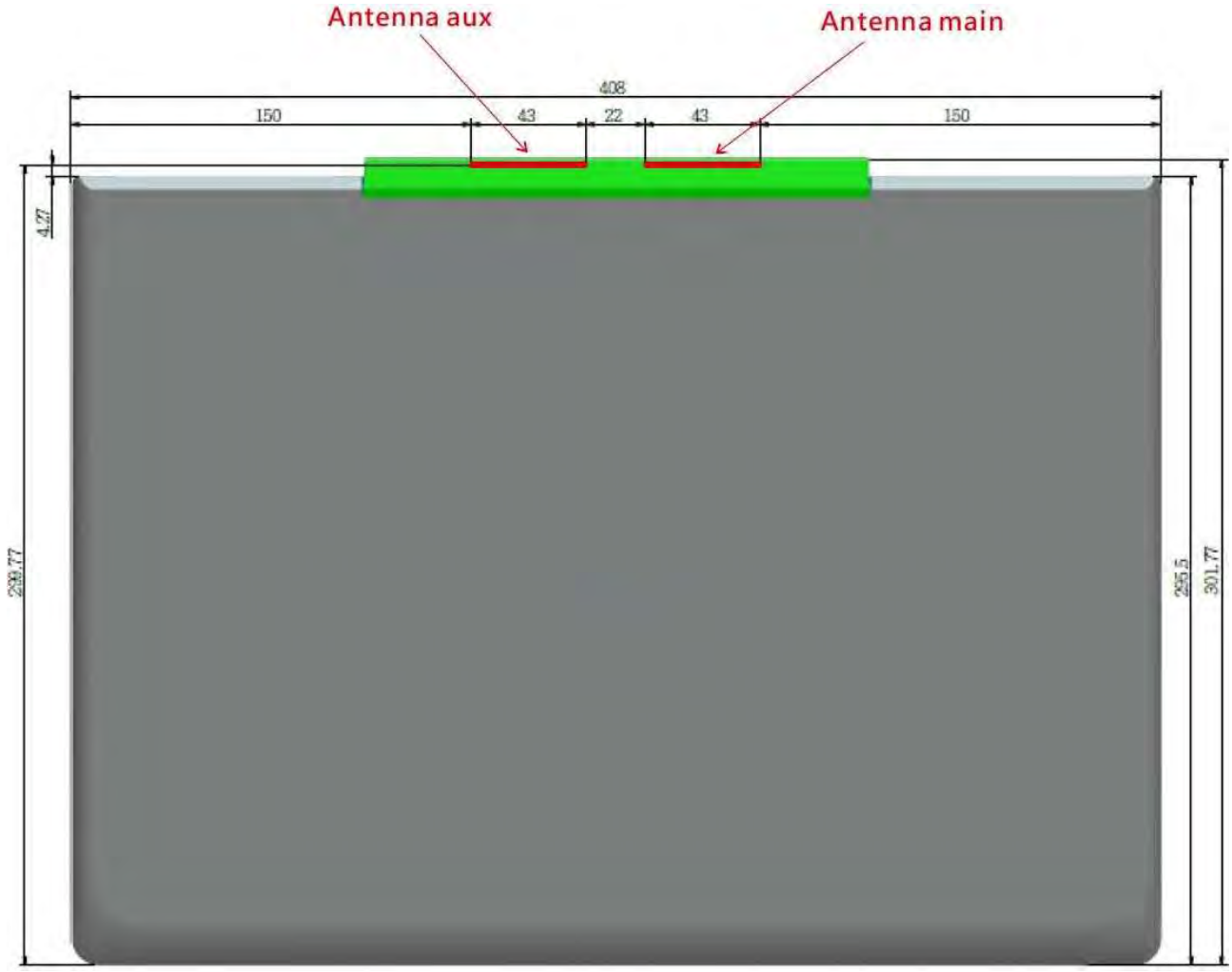
	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant A Average Power (dBm)	Ant B Average Power (dBm)	Average Total power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
5.2GHz	802.11a	CH 36	5180	6Mbps	10.56	10.32	13.45	13.50
		CH 40	5200		10.48	10.47	13.49	
		CH 44	5220		10.14	10.69	13.43	
		CH 48	5240		10.06	10.85	13.48	
	802.11n_HT20	CH 36	5180	MCS0	10.48	10.42	13.46	13.50
		CH 40	5200		10.40	10.55	13.49	
		CH 44	5220		10.15	10.66	13.42	
		CH 48	5240		10.00	10.85	13.46	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 38	5190	MCS0	10.46	10.49	13.49	13.50
		CH 46	5230		10.11	10.80	13.48	
	802.11ac_VHT20	CH 36	5180	MCS0-NSS1	10.40	10.42	13.42	13.50
		CH 40	5200		10.40	10.44	13.43	
		CH 44	5220		10.22	10.63	13.44	
		CH 48	5240		10.09	10.76	13.45	
	802.11ac_VHT40	CH 38	5190	MCS0-NSS1	10.46	10.36	13.42	13.50
		CH 46	5230		10.17	10.71	13.46	
	802.11ac_VHT80	CH 42	5210	MCS0-NSS1	10.46	10.34	13.41	13.50

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant A Average Power (dBm)	Ant B Average Power (dBm)	Average Total power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
5.3GHz	802.11a	CH 52	5260	6Mbps	10.09	10.69	13.41	13.50
		CH 56	5280		10.10	10.65	13.39	
		CH 60	5300		10.23	10.57	13.41	
		CH 64	5320		10.22	10.62	13.43	
	802.11n_HT20	CH 52	5260	MCS0	10.23	10.58	13.42	13.50
		CH 56	5280		10.05	10.70	13.40	
		CH 60	5300		10.33	10.59	13.47	
		CH 64	5320		10.24	10.52	13.39	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 54	5270	MCS0	10.04	10.82	13.46	13.50
		CH 62	5310		10.28	10.59	13.45	
	802.11ac_VHT20	CH 52	5260	MCS0-NSS1	9.95	10.86	13.44	13.50
		CH 56	5280		10.21	10.72	13.48	
		CH 60	5300		10.31	10.60	13.47	
		CH 64	5320		10.24	10.56	13.41	
	802.11ac_VHT40	CH 54	5270	MCS0-NSS1	9.99	10.79	13.42	13.50
		CH 62	5310		10.24	10.56	13.41	
	802.11ac_VHT80	CH 58	5290	MCS0-NSS1	10.36	10.48	13.43	13.50

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant A Average Power (dBm)	Ant B Average Power (dBm)	Average Total power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
5.6GHz	802.11a	CH 100	5500	6Mbps	10.14	10.79	13.49	13.50
		CH 104	5520		10.22	10.58	13.41	
		CH 108	5540		10.16	10.75	13.48	
		CH 112	5560		10.42	10.49	13.47	
		CH 116	5580		10.41	10.52	13.48	
		CH 132	5660		10.05	10.66	13.38	
		CH 136	5680		10.05	10.86	13.48	
		CH 140	5700		10.28	10.66	13.48	
	802.11n_HT20	CH 100	5500	MCS0	10.04	10.63	13.36	13.50
		CH 104	5520		10.11	10.79	13.47	
		CH 108	5540		10.36	10.51	13.45	
		CH 112	5560		10.29	10.43	13.37	
		CH 116	5580		10.62	10.24	13.44	
		CH 136	5680		10.34	10.59	13.48	
		CH 140	5700		10.24	10.69	13.48	
		CH 100	5500		10.04	10.63	13.36	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 102	5510	MCS0	10.00	10.84	13.45	13.50
		CH 110	5550		10.25	10.66	13.47	
		CH 134	5670		10.10	10.80	13.47	
	802.11ac_VHT20	CH 100	5500	MCS0-NSS1	10.13	10.67	13.42	13.50
		CH 104	5520		10.20	10.59	13.41	
		CH 108	5540		10.03	10.87	13.48	
		CH 112	5560		10.36	10.41	13.40	
		CH 116	5580		10.31	10.47	13.40	
		CH 132	5660		10.05	10.63	13.36	
		CH 136	5680		10.22	10.60	13.42	
		CH 140	5700		10.36	10.58	13.48	
	802.11ac_VHT40	CH 102	5510	MCS0-NSS1	10.26	10.59	13.44	13.50
		CH 110	5550		10.28	10.60	13.45	
		CH 134	5670		10.26	10.56	13.42	
	802.11ac_VHT80	CH 106	5530	MCS0-NSS1	10.06	10.73	13.42	13.50
		CH 138	5690		10.40	10.43	13.43	

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Data Rate	Ant A Average Power (dBm)	Ant B Average Power (dBm)	Average Total power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)
5.8GHz	802.11a	CH 149	5745	6Mbps	10.17	10.55	13.37	13.50
		CH 153	5765		10.25	10.52	13.40	
		CH 157	5785		10.04	10.75	13.42	
		CH 161	5805		10.07	10.74	13.43	
		CH 165	5825		10.17	9.79	12.99	
	802.11n_HT20	CH 149	5745	MCS0	10.40	10.41	13.42	13.50
		CH 153	5765		10.42	10.38	13.41	
		CH 157	5785		10.62	10.35	13.50	
		CH 161	5805		10.61	10.26	13.45	
		CH 165	5825		10.18	9.91	13.06	
	802.11n_HT40	CH 151	5755	MCS0	10.43	10.37	13.41	13.50
		CH 159	5795		10.70	10.22	13.48	
	802.11ac_VHT20	CH 149	5745	MCS0-NSS1	10.42	10.43	13.44	13.50
		CH 153	5765		10.44	10.39	13.43	
		CH 157	5785		10.65	10.28	13.48	
		CH 161	5805		10.72	10.21	13.48	
		CH 165	5825		9.20	8.80	12.01	
	802.11ac_VHT40	CH 151	5755	MCS0-NSS1	10.44	10.37	13.42	13.50
		CH 159	5795		10.60	10.35	13.49	
	802.11ac_VHT80	CH 155	5775	MCS0-NSS1	10.39	10.30	13.36	13.50

11 Antenna Location



<EUT Front View>

12 SAR Test Results

General Note:

4. Per KDB 447498, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
   a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.
   b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
   c. Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor

5. Per KDB 447498 for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
   - ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
   - ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
   - ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz

6. Per KDB 616217, the additional separation introduced by the contour against a flat phantom is < 5 mm and reported SAR is < 1.2 W/kg, a curved or contoured back surface or edge SAR is not required, more detail information please refer to the setup photo.

7. Per KDB 248227D01 v02, the Wi-Fi transmission modes include all channel bandwidth, modulation and data rate combinations for the 802.11a/g/n/ac OFDM configurations in a standalone or aggregated frequency band. For 2.4 GHz, 802.11b DSSS and 802.11g/n OFDM configurations are considered separately.

8. Per KDB 248227D01 v02 5.1.1 Initial Test Position SAR Test Reduction Procedure.

9. When the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

12.1 Body SAR

<WLAN2.4G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Antenna	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)	Note
1	802.11b	-	Bottom	0	11	2462	A	1M	14.84	15	1.04	-0.03	0.853	0.89	
2	802.11b	-	Bottom	0	1	2412	B	1M	14.88	15	1.03	-0.02	0.993	1.02	
3	802.11b	-	Bottom	0	6	2437	A	1M	14.83	15	1.04	-0.05	1.07	1.11	
4	802.11b	-	Bottom	0	11	2462	B	1M	14.86	15	1.03	0	0.99	1.02	
5	802.11b	-	Bottom	0	1	2412	A+B	1M	14.94	15	1.01	-0.04	0.561	0.57	
23	802.11b	-	Bottom	0	6	2437	A	1M	14.83	15	1.04	-0.08	0.952	0.99	Repeated

Note:

1. According to KDB248227 D01 V02r02, 5.2.1, 802.11b DSSS SAR Test Requirements.
2. According to KDB248227 D01 V02r02, 5.2.2, 2.4 GHz 802.11g/n OFDM SAR Test Exclusion Requirements.

<WLAN5G SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (cm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Antenna	Data Rate	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
6	802.11a	-	Bottom	0	48	5240	A	6M	13.49	13.5	1.00	-0.05	0.689	0.69
7	802.11a	-	Bottom	0	40	5200	B	6M	13.49	13.5	1.00	-0.1	0.553	0.55
8	802.11ac	VHT80	Bottom	0	42	5210	A	MCS0-NSS1	13.43	13.5	1.02	-0.08	0.761	0.77
9	802.11ac	VHT80	Bottom	0	42	5210	B	MCS0-NSS1	13.45	13.5	1.01	-0.01	0.424	0.43
10	802.11ac	VHT20	Bottom	0	56	5280	A	MCS0-NSS1	13.49	13.5	1.00	0.03	0.45	0.45
11	802.11ac	VHT20	Bottom	0	56	5280	B	MCS0-NSS1	13.47	13.5	1.00	-0.05	0.326	0.33
12	802.11ac	VHT80	Bottom	0	58	5290	A	MCS0-NSS1	13.42	13.5	1.02	-0.07	0.437	0.45
13	802.11ac	VHT80	Bottom	0	58	5290	B	MCS0-NSS1	13.45	13.5	1.01	-0.12	0.379	0.38
14	802.11a	VHT20	Bottom	0	100	5500	A	MCS0-NSS1	13.50	13.5	1.00	-0.02	0.468	0.47
15	802.11a	VHT20	Bottom	0	140	5700	B	MCS0-NSS1	13.49	13.5	1.01	0.01	0.413	0.41
16	802.11a	VHT80	Bottom	0	138	5690	A	MCS0-NSS1	13.46	13.5	1.02	-0.06	0.499	0.50
17	802.11a	VHT80	Bottom	0	106	5530	B	MCS0-NSS1	13.45	13.5	1.01	0.01	0.286	0.29
18	802.11n	HT20	Bottom	0	149	5745	A	MCS0	13.49	13.5	1.00	-0.1	0.435	0.44
19	802.11n	HT20	Bottom	0	157	5785	B	MCS0	13.46	13.5	1.01	0.01	0.44	0.44
20	802.11a	VHT80	Bottom	0	155	5775	A	MCS0-NSS1	13.44	13.5	1.01	-0.04	0.47	0.48
21	802.11a	VHT80	Bottom	0	155	5775	B	MCS0-NSS1	13.47	13.5	1.01	0.03	0.414	0.42

13 Simultaneous Evaluation MIMO

MEASUREMEMENT RESULTS									
Frequency		Modulation	Frequency		Modulation	Antenna A Report SAR	Antenna B Report SAR	SAR Total	Evaluation
MHz	Ch.		MHz	Ch.					
6	2437	DSSS	1	2412	DSSS	1.11	1.02	2.13	0.06
42	5210	OFDM	40	5200	OFDM	0.77	0.55	1.32	0.03
56	5280	OFDM	58	5290	OFDM	0.45	0.38	0.83	0.02
100	5500	OFDM	140	5700	OFDM	0.5	0.41	0.91	0.02
155	5775	OFDM	157	5785	OFDM	0.48	0.44	0.92	0.02

Result:

For 2.4 GHz WLAN band calculate > 0.04, Therefore Simultaneous MIMO SAR are required. the result is plot no.5 .

Note:

To calculate the separation ratio following formula is used:

$(SAR_1+SAR_2)^{1.5}/R_i$ Where R_i is in mm must be≤ 0.04

For each of the pairs, the following calculations show the separation ratio at the 50mm Separation stated in the installation guide.

14 Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in Table 14.1

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor[(a)]	1/k[(b)]	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

(a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity

(b) κ is the coverage factor

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (±%) (1g)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1.0	1.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	3.9
Boundary effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.6
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1.0	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.6
Modulation Response	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.4
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1.0	1.0	0.3
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.5
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.2
Dipole Related					
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1.0	1.0	2.9
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1.0	1.0	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.0
Phantom and Tissue parameters					
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	Rectangular	√3	1.0	3.5
SAR correction	1.9	Normal	1.0	1.0	1.9
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	2.0	Normal	1.0	0.8	1.6
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	2.1	Normal	1.0	0.3	0.5
Temp. unc. - Conduct	3.4	Rectangular	√3	0.8	1.5
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.4	Rectangular	√3	0.2	0.1
Combined Standard Uncertainty					11.2
Coverage Factor for 95 %					Kp=2
Expanded Uncertainty					22.4

Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 30 MHz to 3 GHz

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (±%) (1g)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	6.6	Normal	1.0	1.0	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	3.9
Boundary effects	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.2
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1.0	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.6
Modulation Response	2.4	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.4
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1.0	1.0	0.3
Response Time	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.5
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.8	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.5
Probe Positioning	6.7	Rectangular	√3	1.0	3.9
Max. SAR Eval.	4.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	2.3
Dipole Related					
Device Positioning	2.9	Normal	1.0	1.0	2.9
Device Holder	3.6	Normal	1.0	1.0	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.0
Phantom and Tissue parameters					
Phantom Uncertainty	6.6	Rectangular	√3	1.0	3.8
SAR corrction	1.9	Normal	1.0	1.0	1.9
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	2.0	Normal	1.0	0.8	1.6
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	2.1	Normal	1.0	0.3	0.5
Temp. unc. - Conduct	3.4	Rectangular	√3	0.8	1.5
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.4	Rectangular	√3	0.2	0.1
Combined Standard Uncertainty					12.3
Coverage Factor for 95 %					Kp=2
Expanded Uncertainty					24.7

Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 3 GHz to 6 GHz

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (1g)	Standard Uncertainty (±%) (1g)
Measurement System					
Probe Calibration	6.0	Normal	1.0	1.0	6.6
Axial Isotropy	4.7	Rectangular	√3	0.7	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	Rectangular	√3	0.7	3.9
Boundary effects	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.6
Linearity	4.7	Rectangular	√3	1.0	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.6
Modulation Response	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.0
Readout Electronics	0.3	Normal	1.0	1.0	0.3
Response Time	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1.0	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.2
Dipole Related					
Device Of experimental dipole	5.5	Normal	1.0	1.0	5.5
Dipole Axis to Liquid Distance	2.0	Rectangular	√3	1.0	1.2
Input Power & SAR Drift	3.4	Rectangular	√3	1.0	2.0
Phantom and Tissue parameters					
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	Rectangular	√3	1.0	3.5
SAR correction	1.9	Normal	√3	1.0	1.1
Liquid Conductivity (measurement)	2.0	Normal	1.0	0.8	1.6
Liquid Permittivity (measurement)	2.1	Normal	1.0	0.2	0.5
Temp. unc. - Conduct	3.4	Rectangular	√3	0.8	1.5
Temp. unc. - Permittivity	0.4	Rectangular	√3	0.2	0.1
Combined Standard Uncertainty					9.2
Coverage Factor for 95 %					Kp=2
Expanded Uncertainty					18.4

Uncertainty Budget for System Validation for the 0.3-6 GHz range

15 References

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Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

System Check_B2450_160323

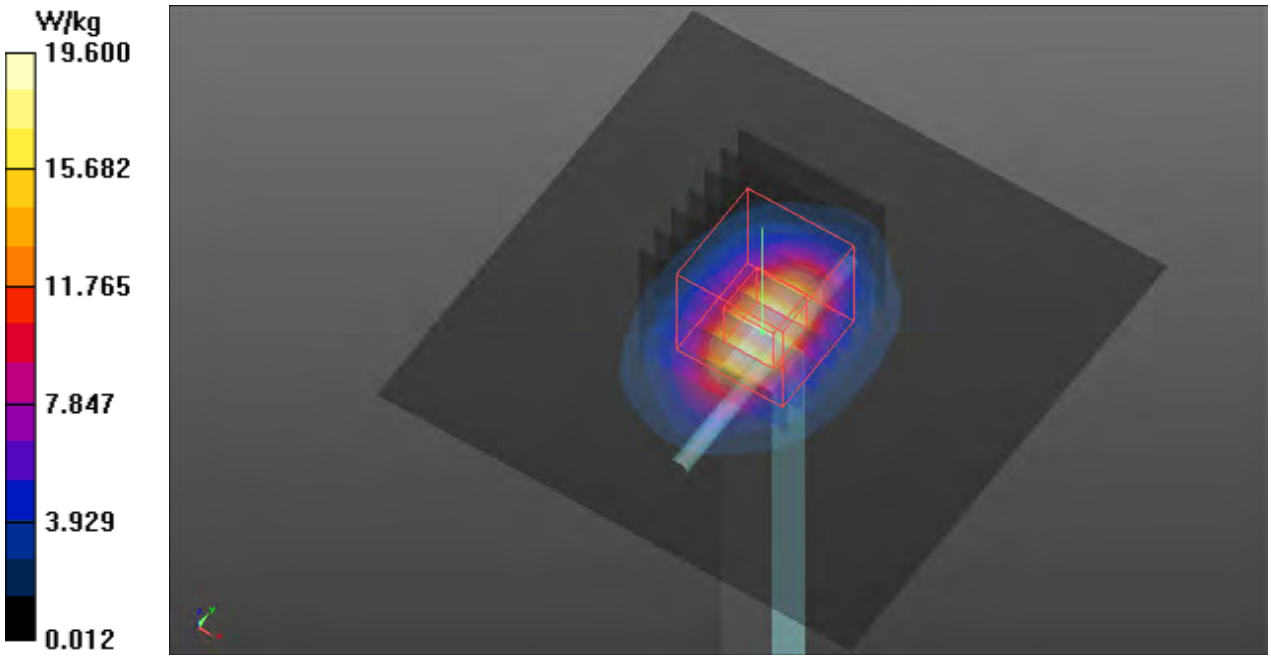
DUT: Dipole 2450MHz D2450V2_ SN: 929

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B2450_160323 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.941 S/m; ε_r = 52.669; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.4 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.6 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 98.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.2 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 13.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.98 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg



System Check_B2450_160329

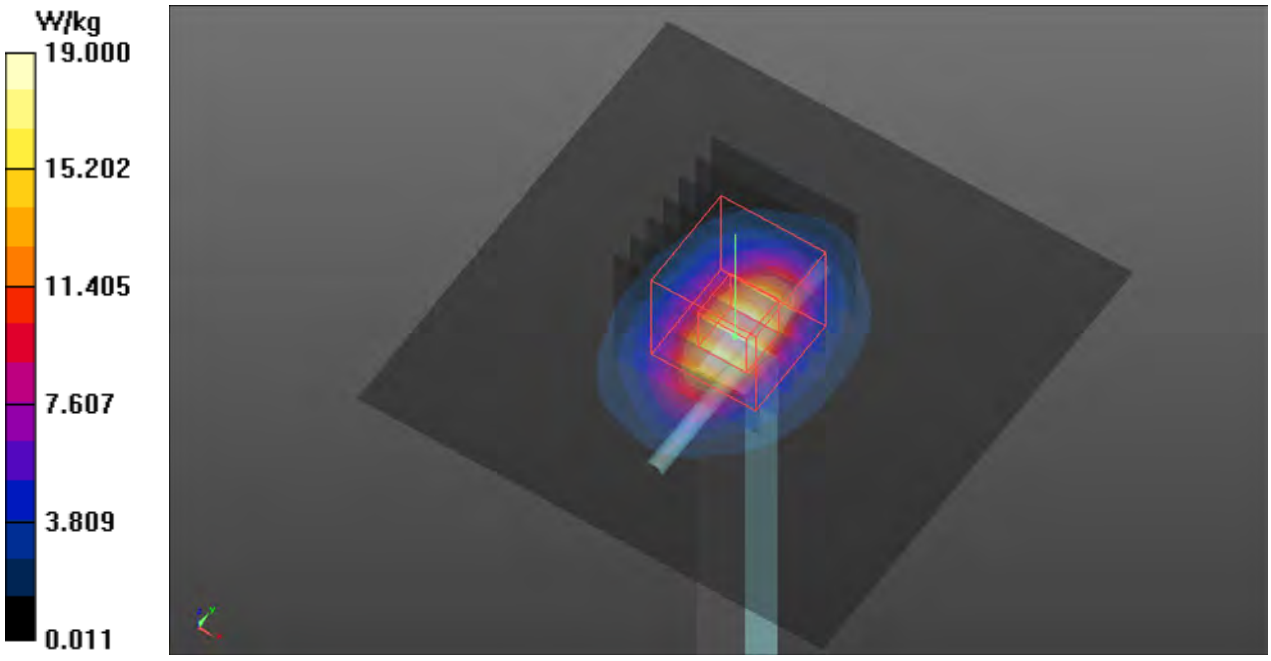
DUT: Dipole 2450MHz D2450V2_ SN: 929

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B2450_160329 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.882 S/m; ε_r = 54.504; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.6 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 19.0 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 98.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.36 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.3 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.8 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg



Test Laboratory: Sporton International Inc. SAR Testing Lab Date: 2016/3/24

System Check_B5200_160324

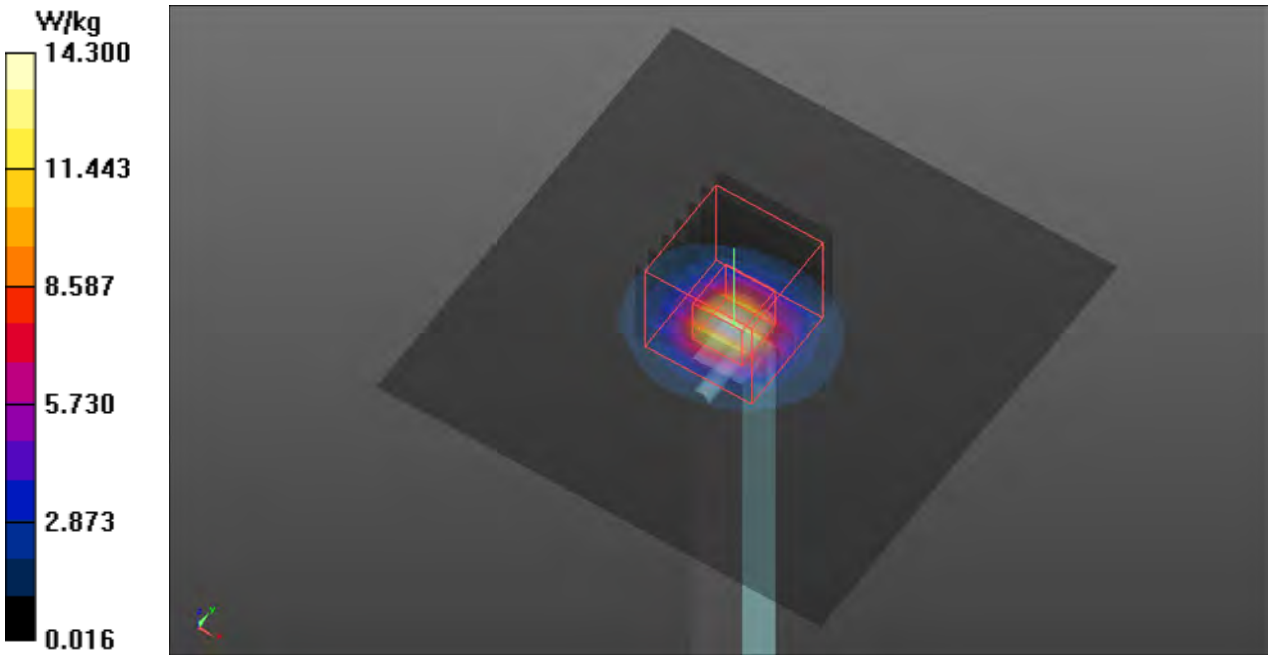
DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2_ SN: 1171

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5200 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160324 Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.347 S/m; ε_r = 48.561; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.2 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.3 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 56.63 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.08 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.3 W/kg



System Check_B5300_160325

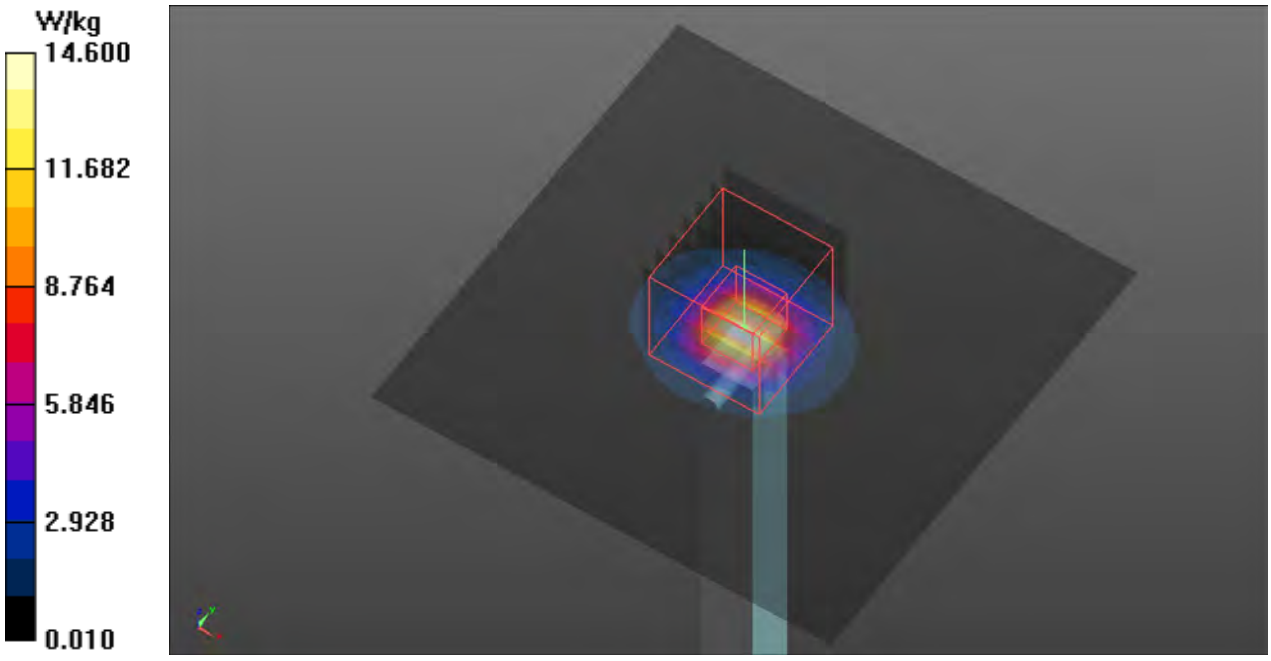
DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2_ SN: 1171

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5300 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160325 Medium parameters used: f = 5300 MHz; σ = 5.502 S/m; ε_r = 49.675; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.2 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：20.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.6 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 57.18 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 29.7 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.4 W/kg



System Check_B5600_160328

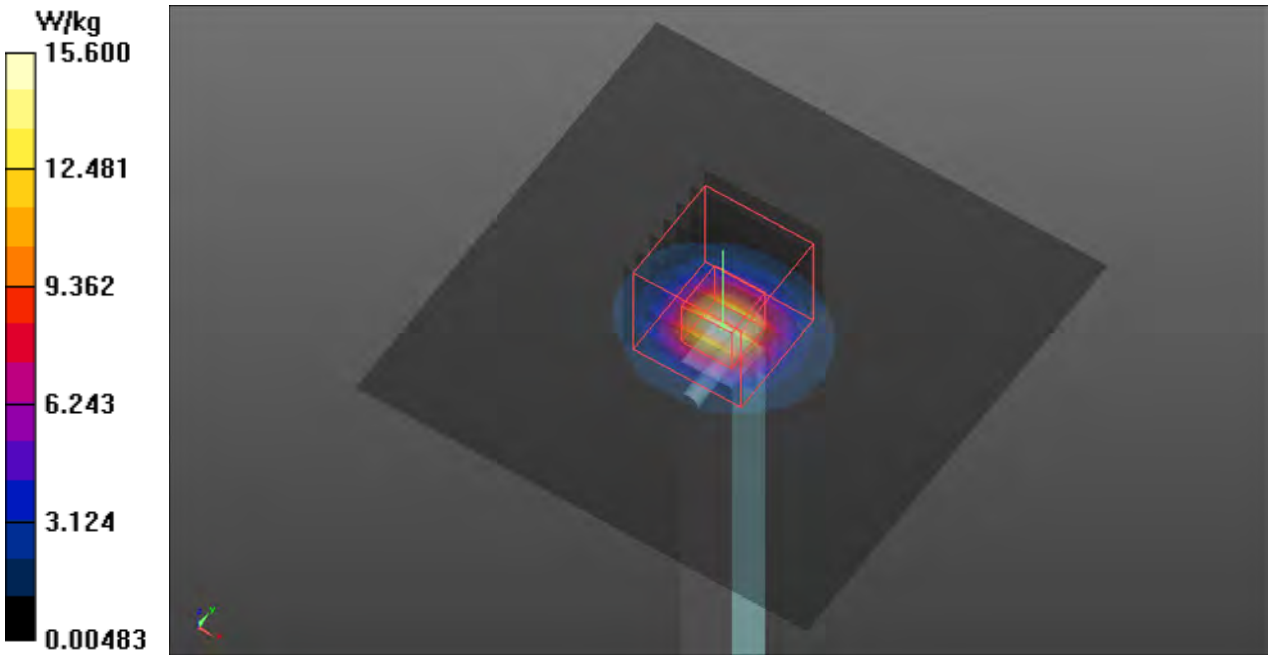
DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2_ SN: 1171

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5600 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160328 Medium parameters used: f = 5600 MHz; σ = 5.927 S/m; ε_r = 48.119; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.5 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.1 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(3.78, 3.78, 3.78); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 15.6 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 58.59 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 32.8 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.85 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.6 W/kg



System Check_B5800_160329

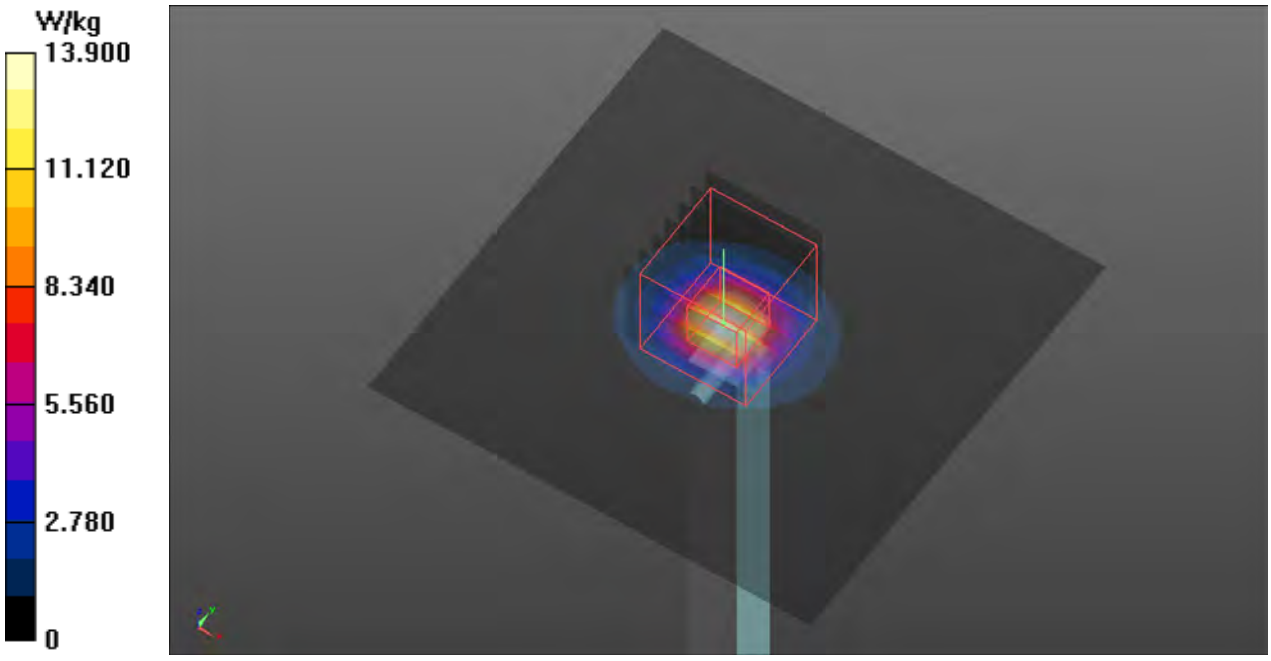
DUT: Dipole D5GHzV2_ SN: 1171

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5800 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160329 Medium parameters used: f = 5800 MHz; σ = 6.157 S/m; ε_r = 48.092; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.6 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Pin=100mW/Area Scan (91x91x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.9 W/kg

Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 53.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.4 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.43 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.09 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.9 W/kg



Appendix B. Plots of SAR Measurement

P01 802.11b_Bottom_0cm_Ch11_Ant A

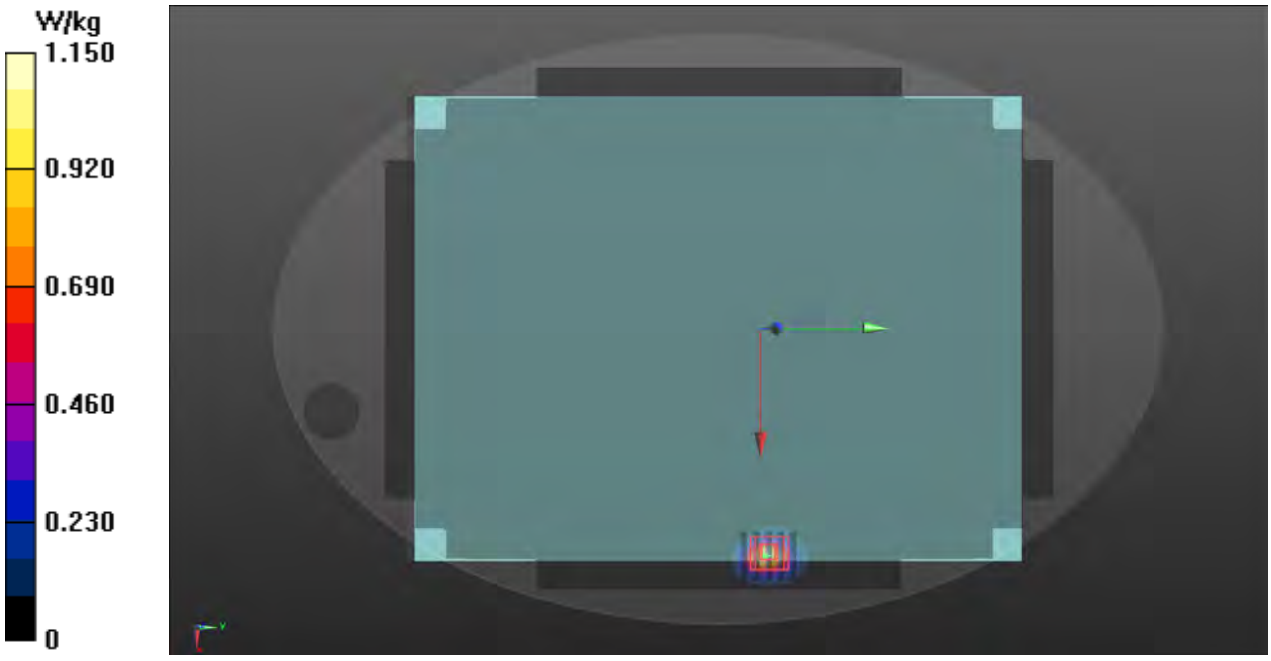
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B2450_160323 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.955 S/m; ε_r = 52.632; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.4 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch11/Area Scan (281x371x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.15 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 20.89 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.75 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.853 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.377 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.21 W/kg



P02 802.11b_Bottom_0cm_Ch1_Ant B

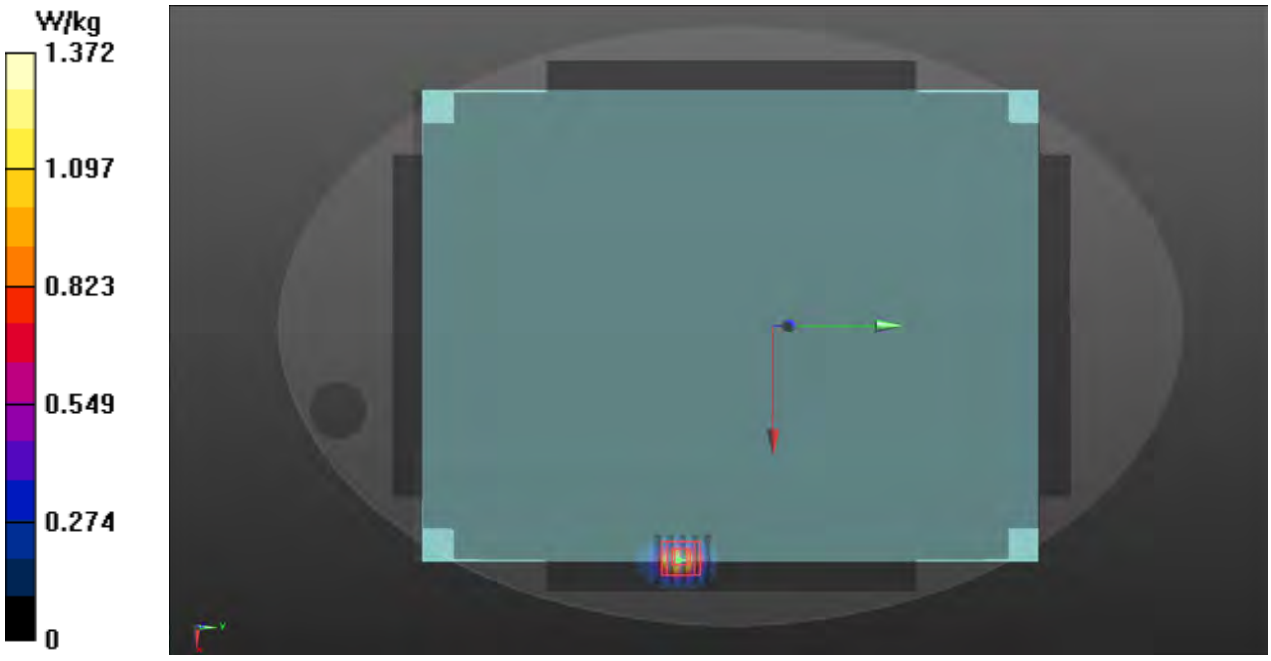
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B2450_160323 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.901 S/m; ε_r = 52.822; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.4 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1/Area Scan (281x371x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.37 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 25.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.99 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.993 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.444 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.40 W/kg



P03 802.11b_Bottom_0cm_Ch6_Ant A

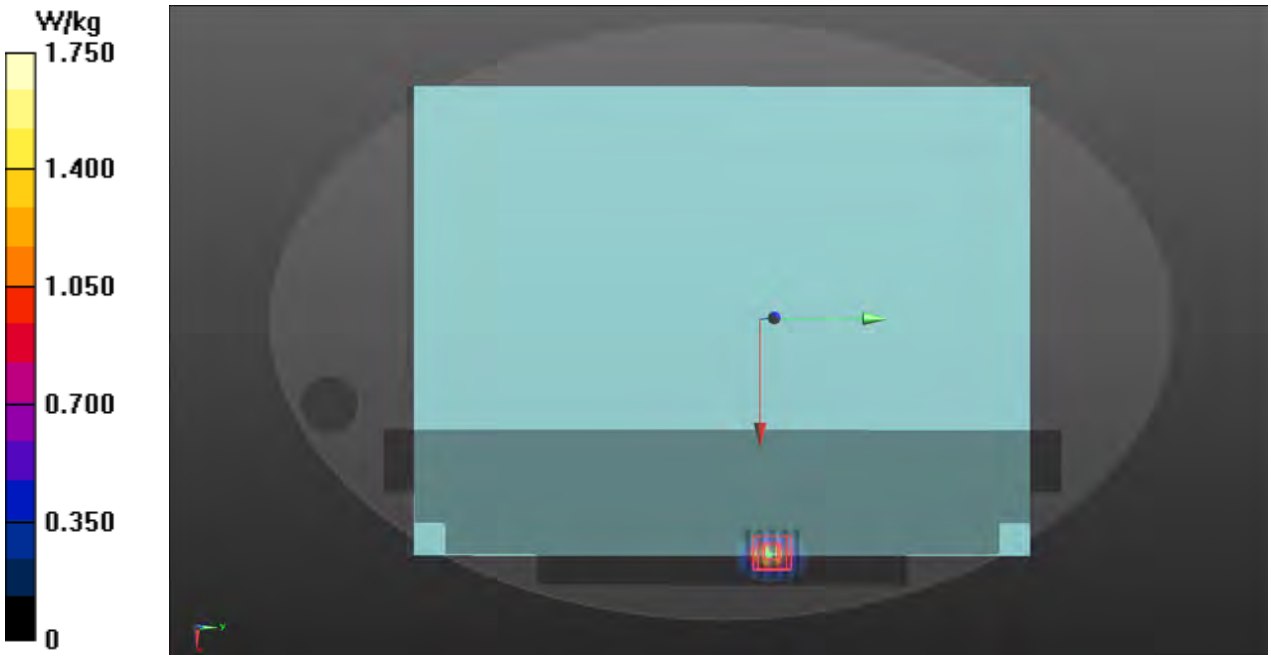
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B2450_160323 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.926 S/m; ε_r = 52.715; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.4 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x371x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.75 W/kg

Ch6/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 24.96 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.16 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.07 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.478 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.56 W/kg



P04 802.11b_Bottom_0cm_Ch11_Ant B

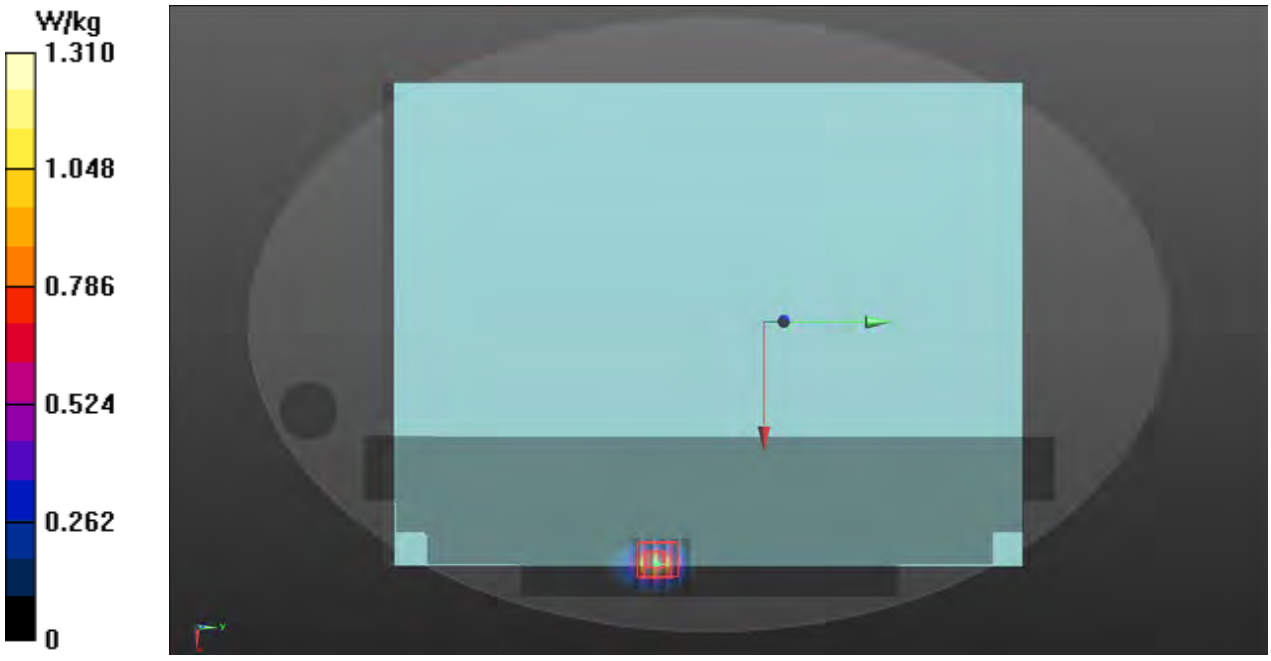
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2462 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B2450_160323 Medium parameters used: f = 2462 MHz; σ = 1.955 S/m; ε_r = 52.632; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.4 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch11/Area Scan (81x371x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.31 W/kg

Ch11/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.07 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.990 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.425 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 W/kg



P05 802.11b_Bottom_0cm_Ch1_Ant A+B

DUT: 5D3039

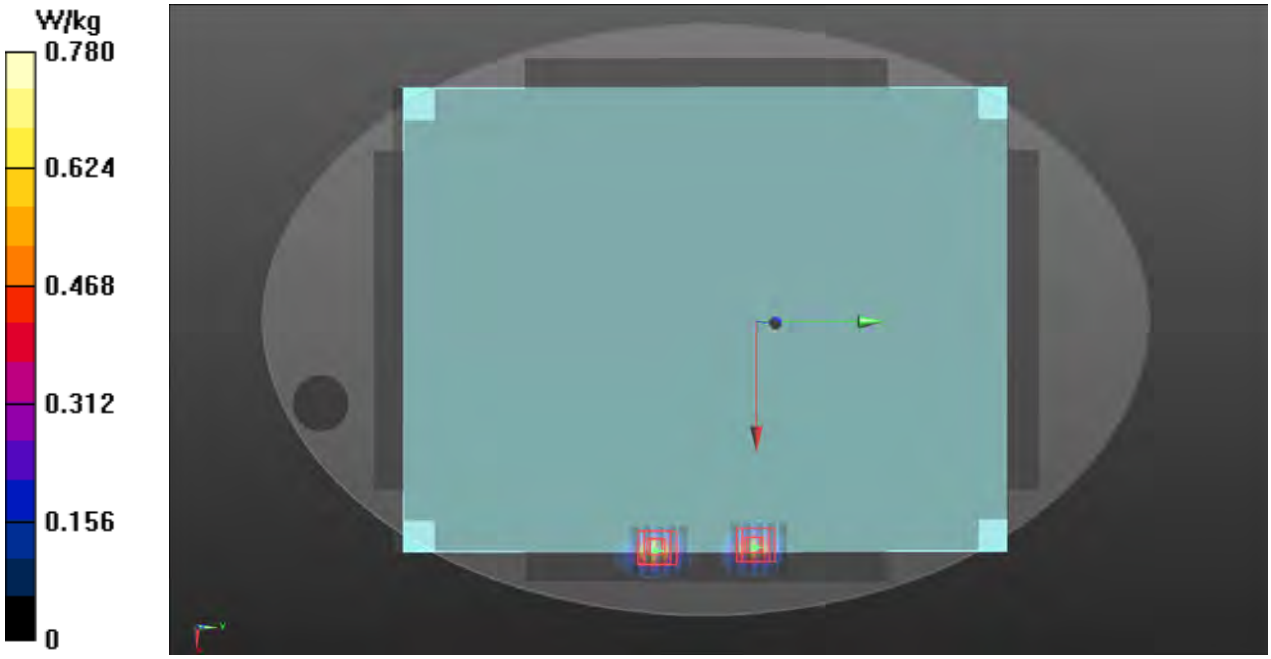
Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B2450_160323 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; σ = 1.901 S/m; ε_r = 52.822; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.4 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.2 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch1/Area Scan (281x371x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.780 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 19.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.561 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.773 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 1: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 19.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.00 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.494 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.219 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.702 W/kg



P23 802.11b_Bottom_0cm_Ch6_Ant A_Repeated

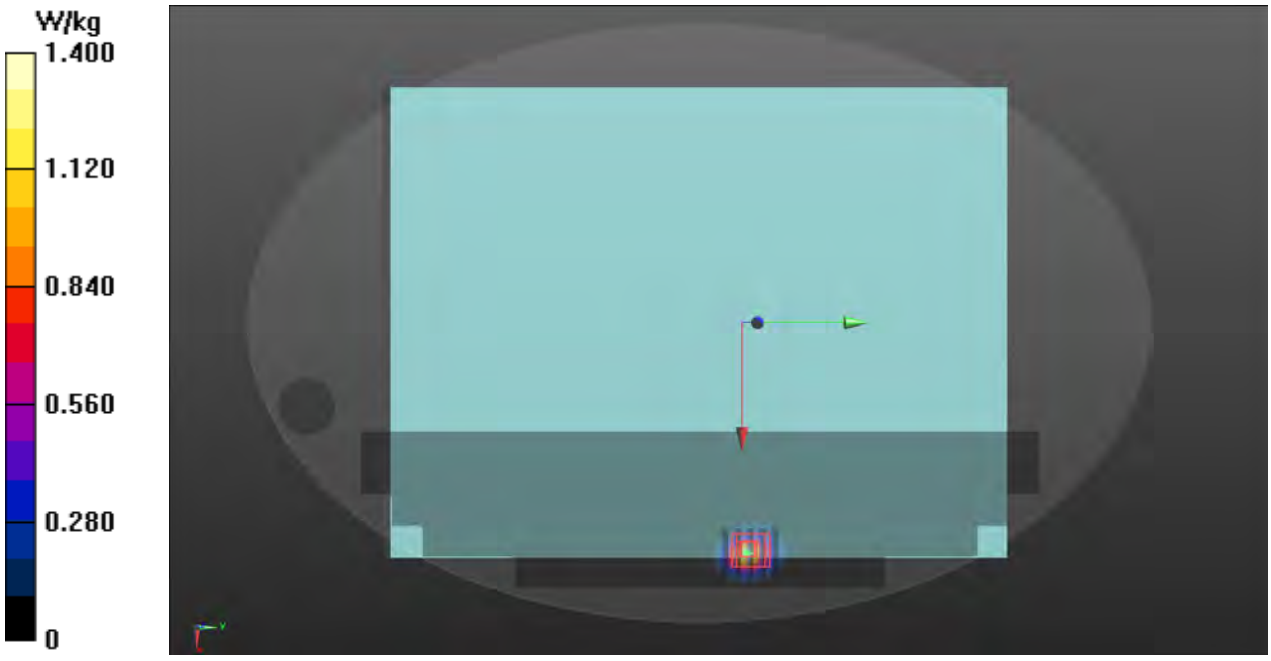
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_2.4G; Frequency: 2437 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B2540_160329 Medium parameters used: f = 2437 MHz; σ = 1.869 S/m; ε_r = 54.544; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.6 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.4 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(7.45, 7.45, 7.45); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch6/Area Scan (81x371x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.40 W/kg

Ch6/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 21.97 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.95 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.952 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.421 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 W/kg



P06 802.11a_Bottom_0cm_Ch48_Ant A

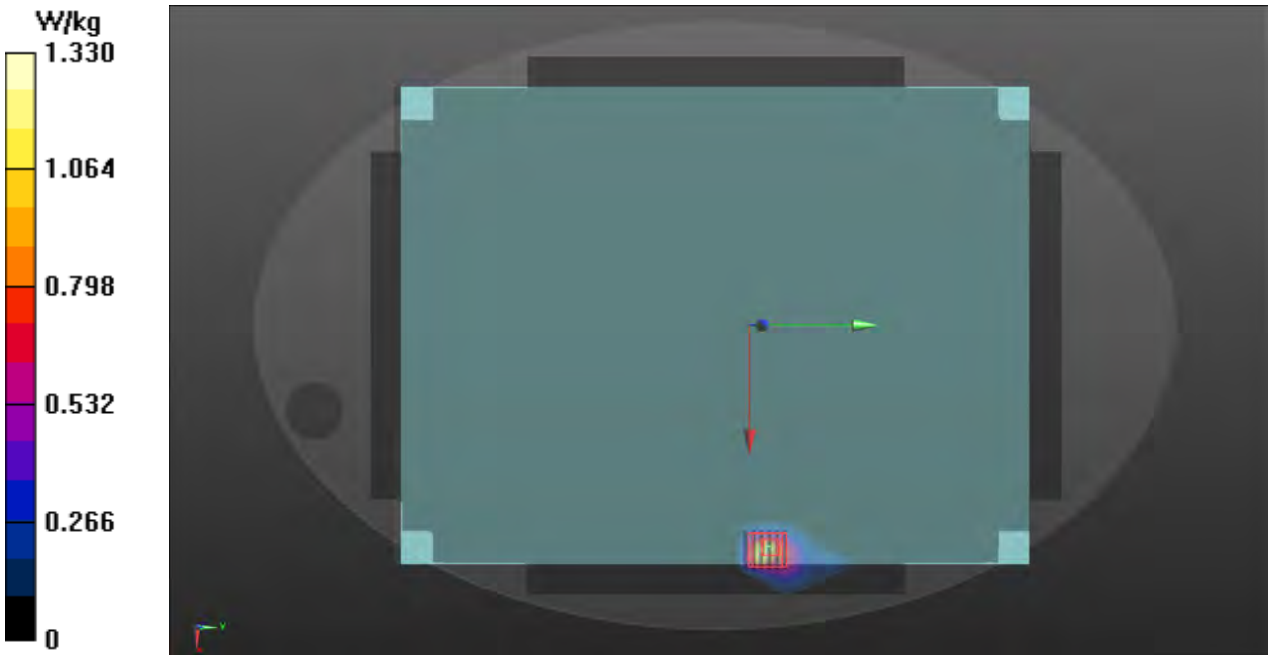
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5240 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160324 Medium parameters used: f = 5240 MHz; σ = 5.42 S/m; ε_r = 48.475; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.2 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch48/Area Scan (341x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.33 W/kg

Ch48/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 12.19 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.54 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.689 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.242 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.28 W/kg



P07 802.11a_Bottom_0cm_Ch40_Ant B

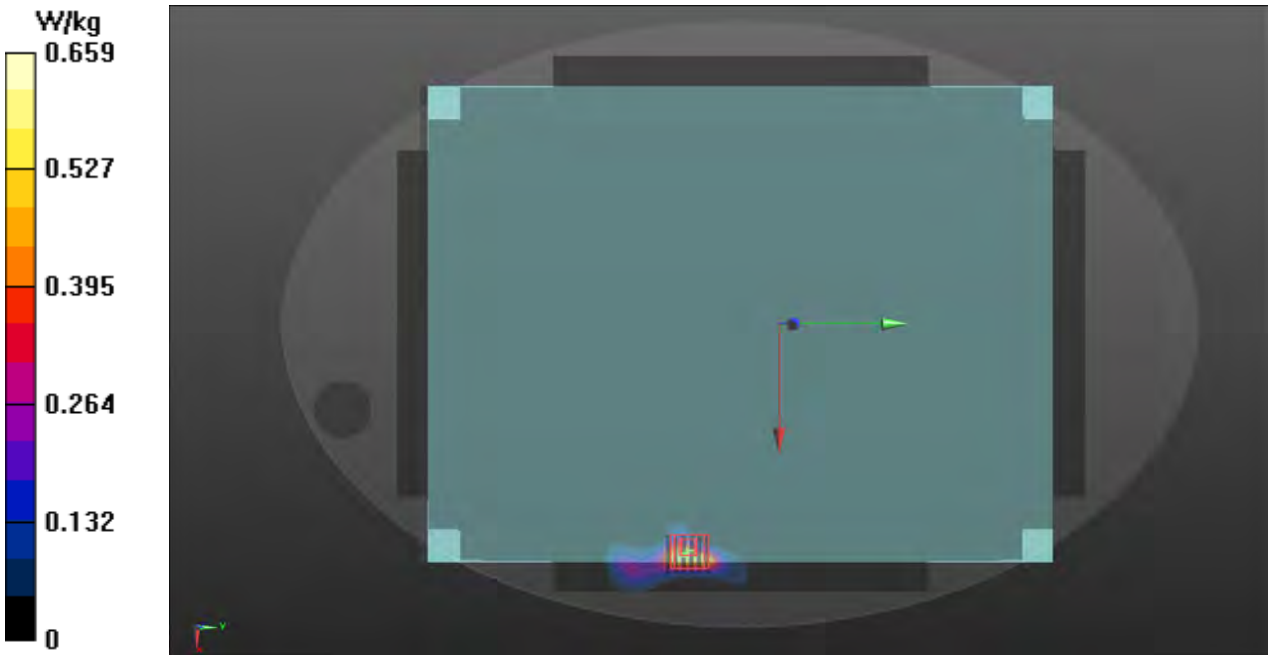
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5200 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160324 Medium parameters used: f = 5200 MHz; σ = 5.347 S/m; ε_r = 48.561; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.2 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch40/Area Scan (341x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.659 W/kg

Ch40/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 11.17 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.03 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.553 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.195 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.987 W/kg



P08 802.11ac_VHT80_Bottom_0cm_Ch42_Ant A

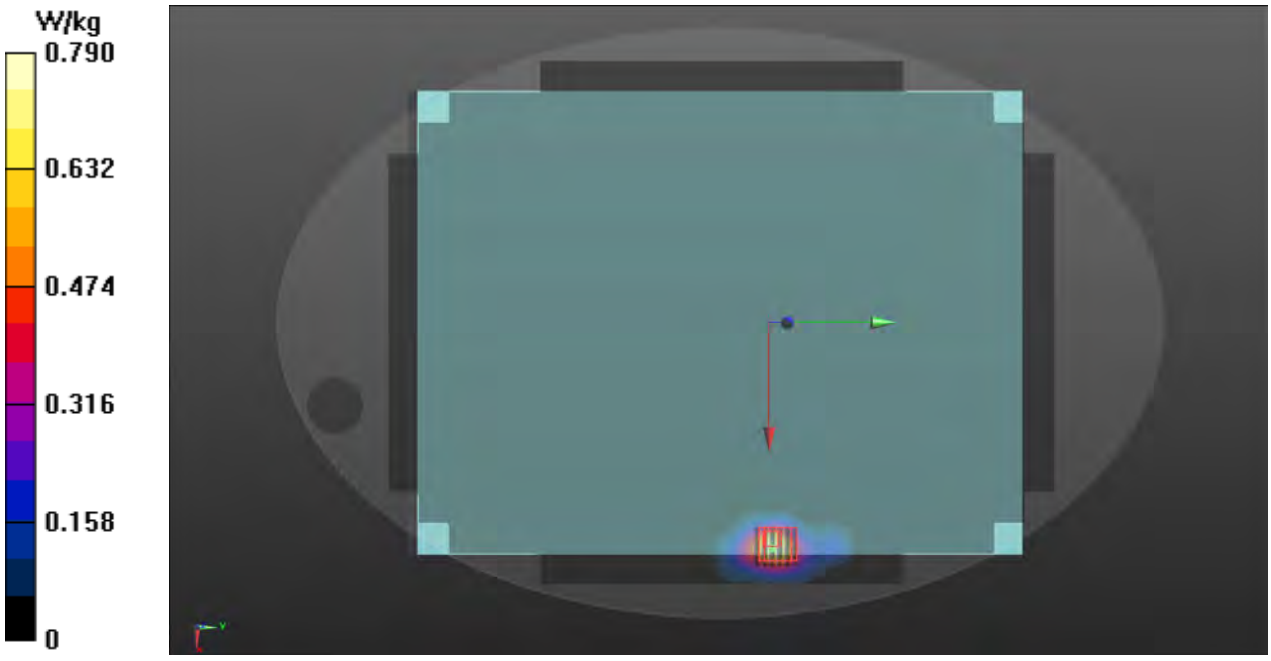
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5210 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160324 Medium parameters used: f = 5210 MHz; σ = 5.363 S/m; ε_r = 48.531; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.2 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch42/Area Scan (341x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.790 W/kg

Ch42/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 12.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.66 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.761 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.251 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.35 W/kg



P09 802.11ac_VHT80_Bottom_0cm_Ch42_Ant B

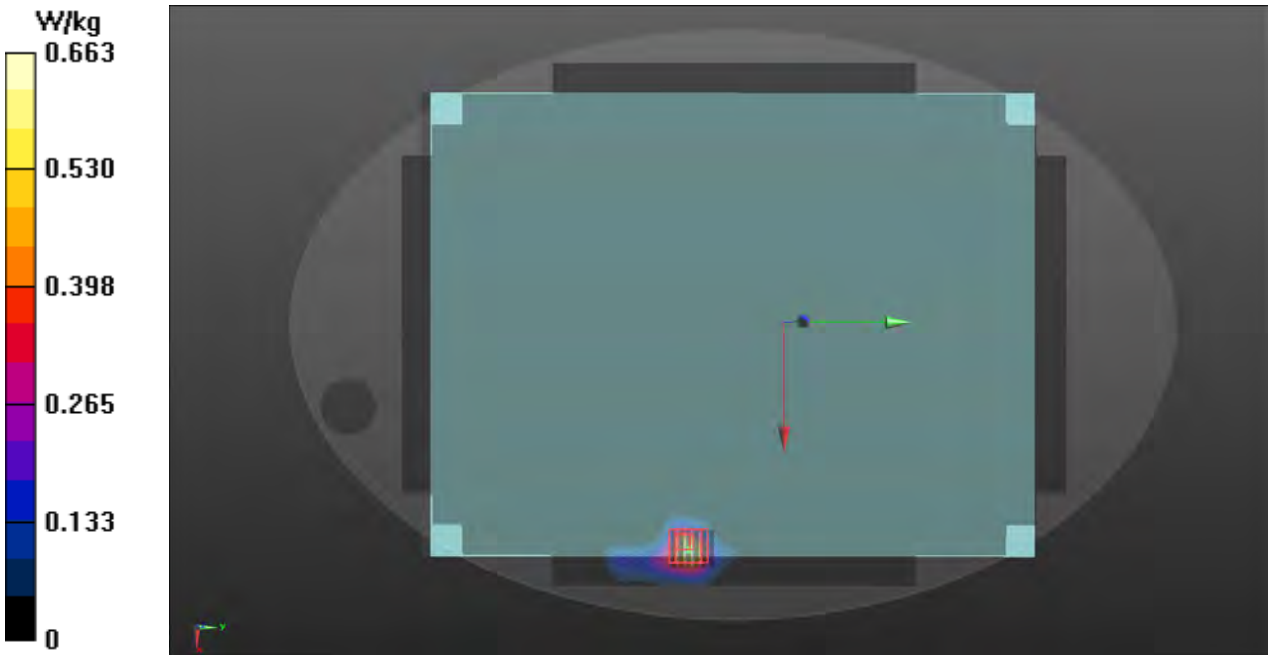
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5210 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160324 Medium parameters used: f = 5210 MHz; σ = 5.363 S/m; ε_r = 48.531; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.2 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch42/Area Scan (341x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.663 W/kg

Ch42/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 9.368 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.53 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.424 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.149 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.773 W/kg



P10 802.11ac_VHT20_Bottom_0cm_Ch56_Ant A

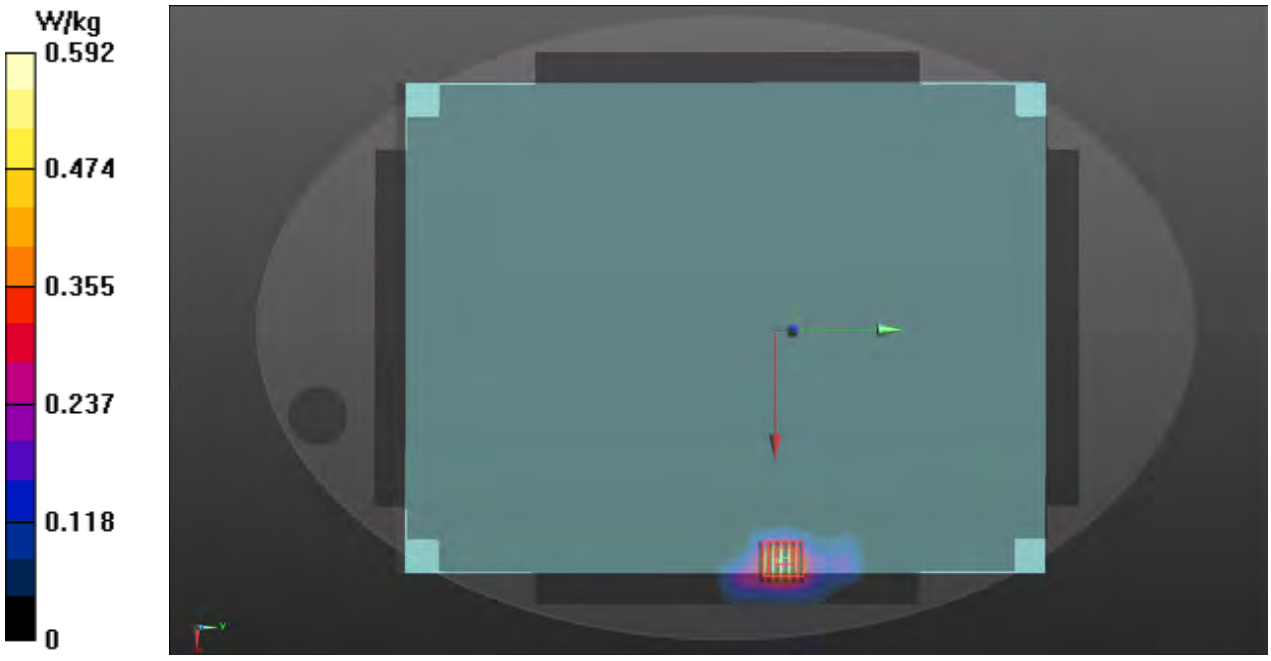
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5280 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160325 Medium parameters used: f = 5280 MHz; σ = 5.491 S/m; ε_r = 49.735; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.2 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：20.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch56/Area Scan (341x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.592 W/kg

Ch56/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 10.28 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.63 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.450 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.163 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.820 W/kg



P11 802.11ac_VHT20_Bottom_0cm_Ch56_Ant B

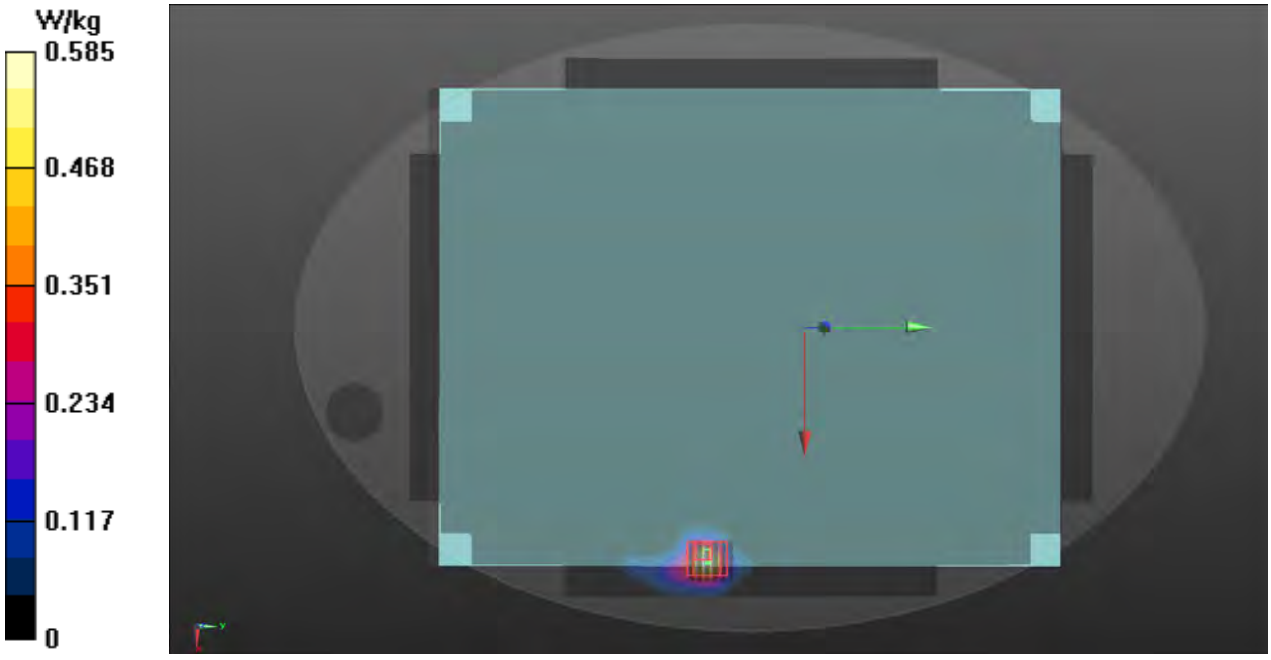
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5280 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160325 Medium parameters used: f = 5280 MHz; σ = 5.491 S/m; ε_r = 49.735; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.2 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：20.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch56/Area Scan (341x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.585 W/kg

Ch56/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 9.044 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.326 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.118 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.613 W/kg



P12 802.11ac_VHT80_Bottom_0cm_Ch58_Ant A

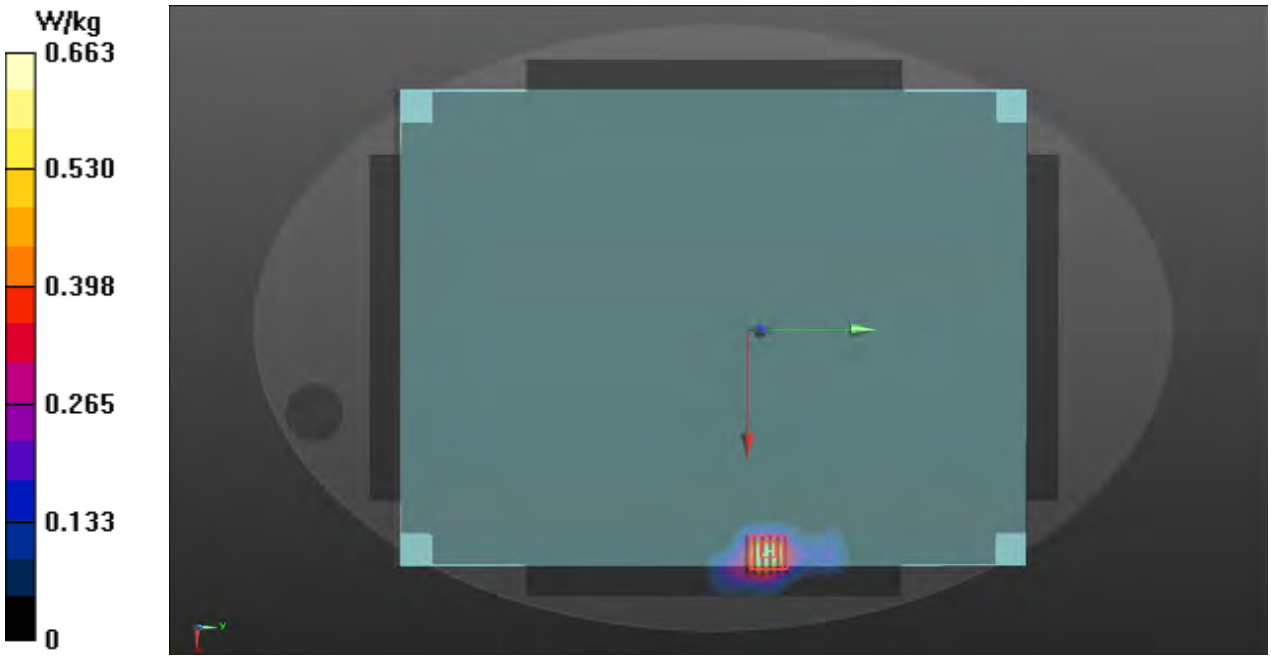
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5290 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160325 Medium parameters used: f = 5290 MHz; σ = 5.496 S/m; ε_r = 49.711; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.2 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：20.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch58/Area Scan (341x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.663 W/kg

Ch58/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 9.964 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.66 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.437 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.157 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.805 W/kg



P13 802.11ac_VHT80_Bottom_0cm_Ch58_Ant B

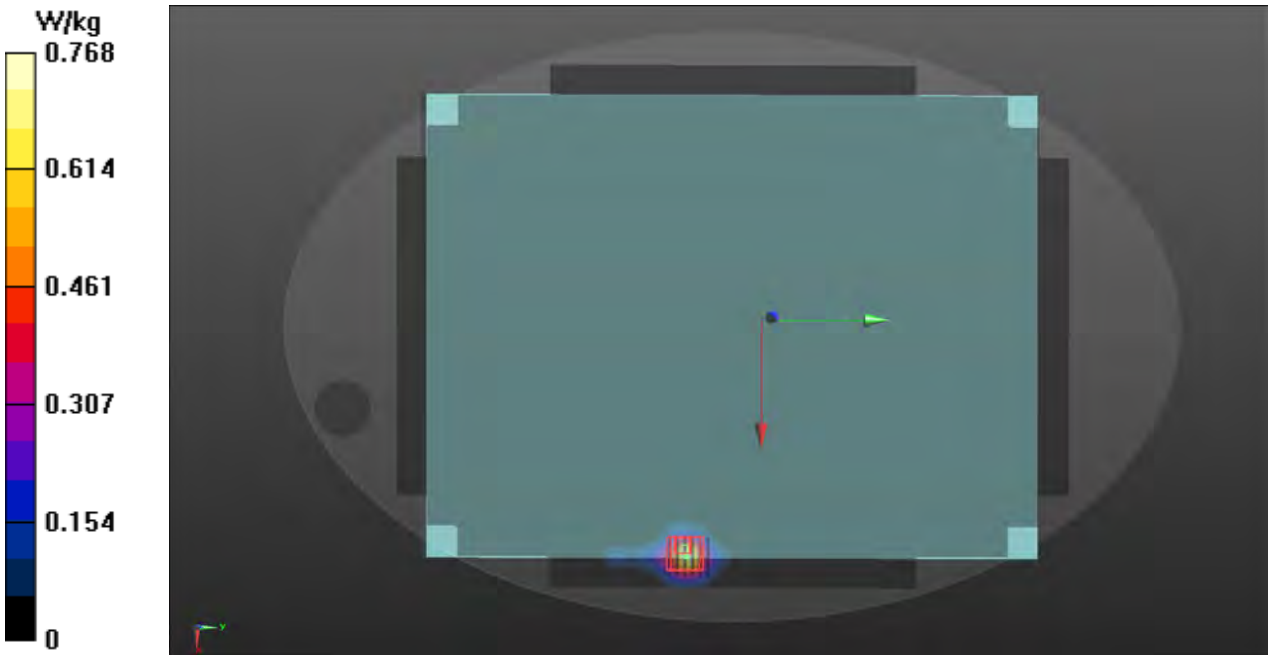
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5290 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160325 Medium parameters used: f = 5290 MHz; σ = 5.496 S/m; ε_r = 49.711; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：21.2 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：20.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(4.4, 4.4, 4.4); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch58/Area Scan (341x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.768 W/kg

Ch58/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 9.975 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.40 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.379 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.130 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.720 W/kg



P14 802.11ac_VHT20_Bottom_0cm_Ch100_Ant A

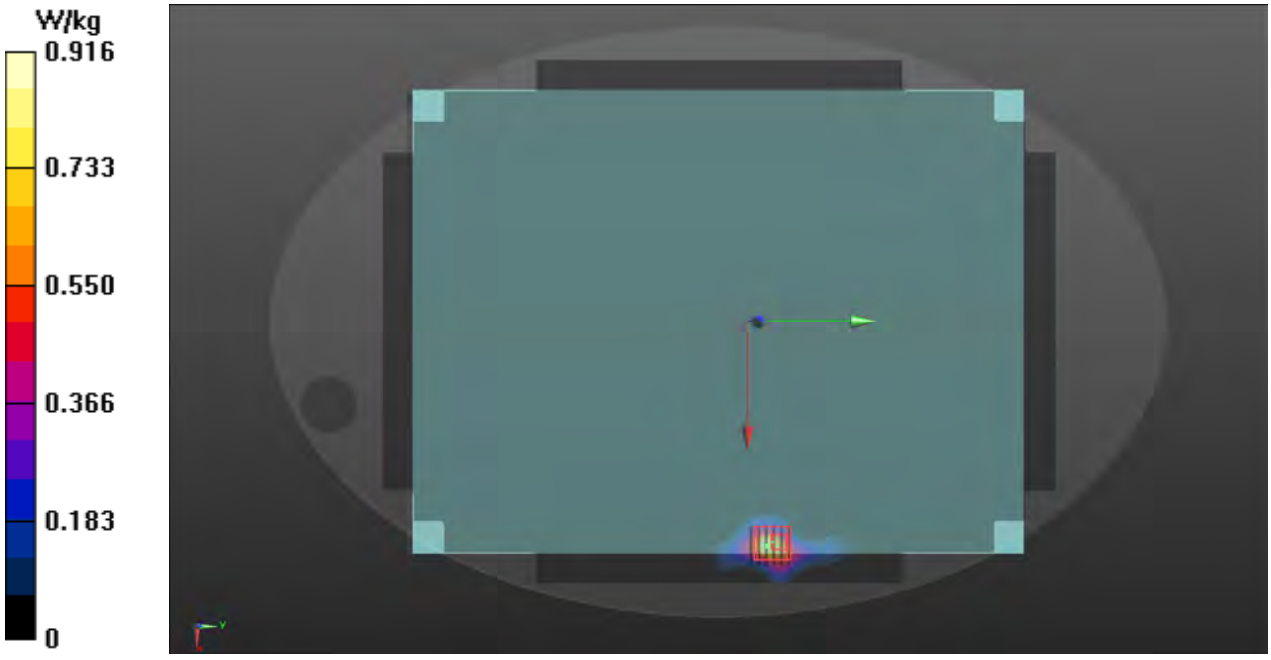
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5500 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160328 Medium parameters used: f = 5500 MHz; σ = 5.784 S/m; ε_r = 48.394; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.5 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.1 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(3.78, 3.78, 3.78); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch100/Area Scan (341x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.916 W/kg

Ch100/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 11.73 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.73 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.468 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.168 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.891 W/kg



P15 802.11ac_VHT20_Bottom_0cm_Ch140_Ant B

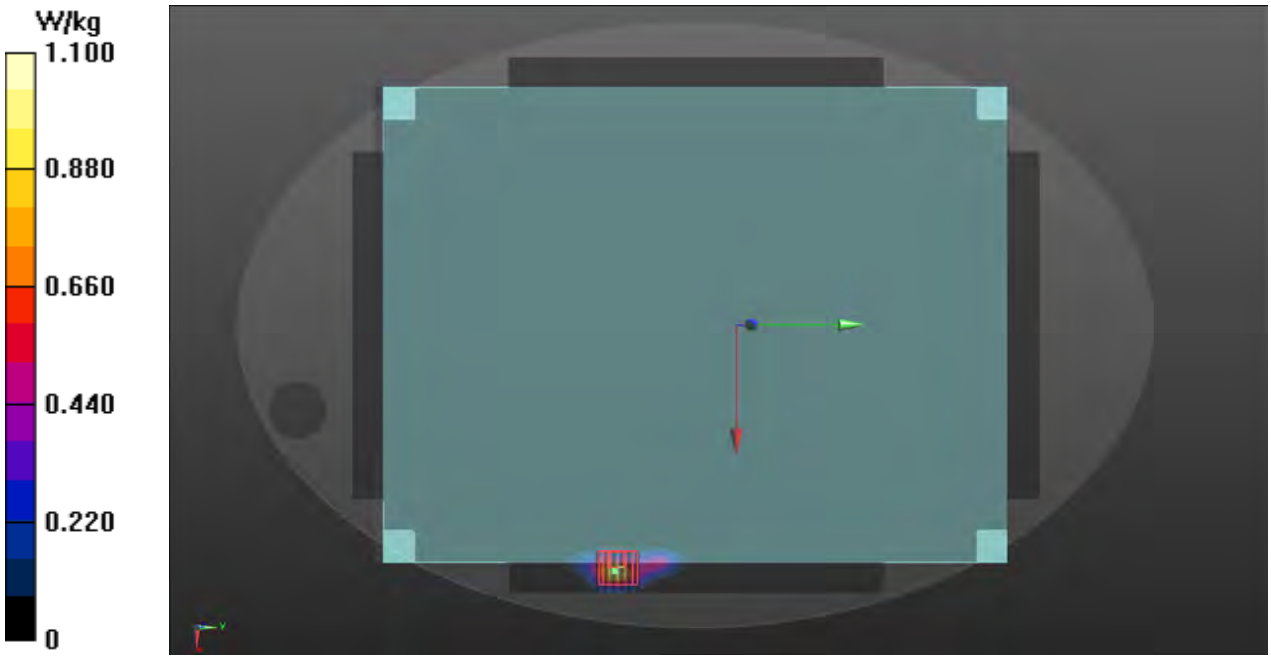
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5700 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160328 Medium parameters used: f = 5700 MHz; σ = 6.04 S/m; ε_r = 47.898; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.5 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.1 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(3.78, 3.78, 3.78); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch140/Area Scan (341x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.10 W/kg

Ch140/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 10.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.413 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.124 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.795 W/kg



P16 802.11ac_VHT80_Bottom_0cm_Ch138_Ant A

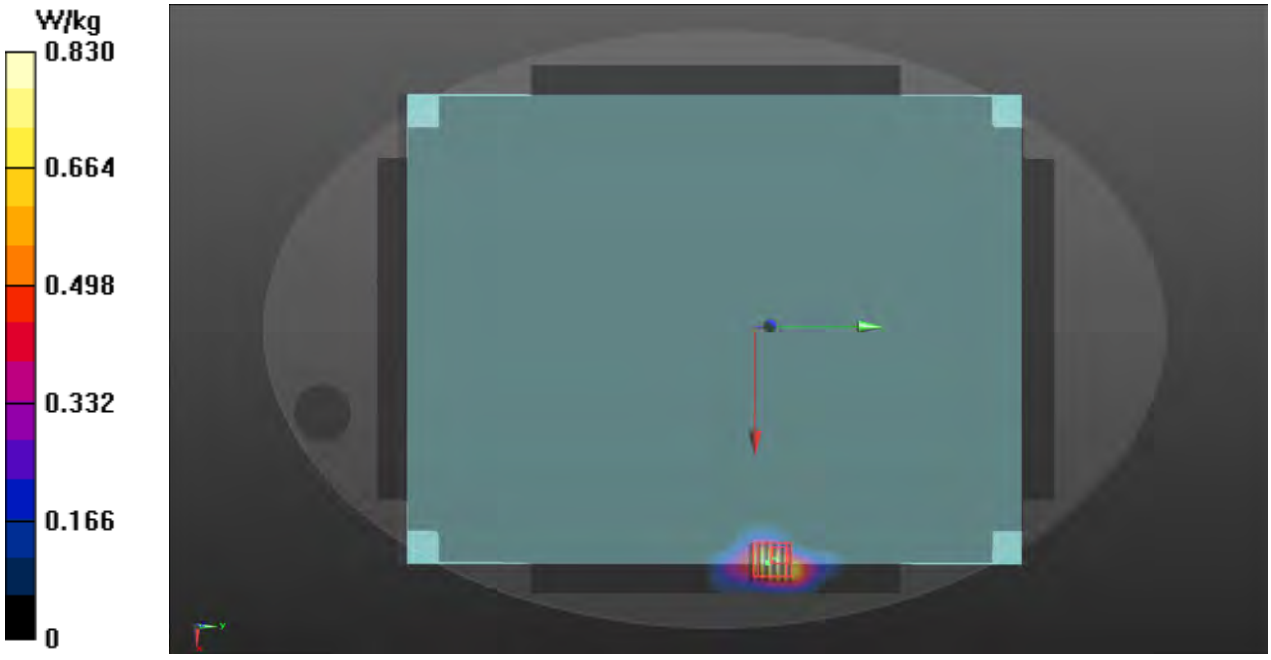
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5690 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160328 Medium parameters used: f = 5690 MHz; σ = 6.01 S/m; ε_r = 47.921; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.5 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.1 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(3.78, 3.78, 3.78); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch138/Area Scan (241x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.830 W/kg

Ch138/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 12.61 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.02 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.499 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.159 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



P17 802.11ac_VHT80_Bottom_0cm_Ch106_Ant B

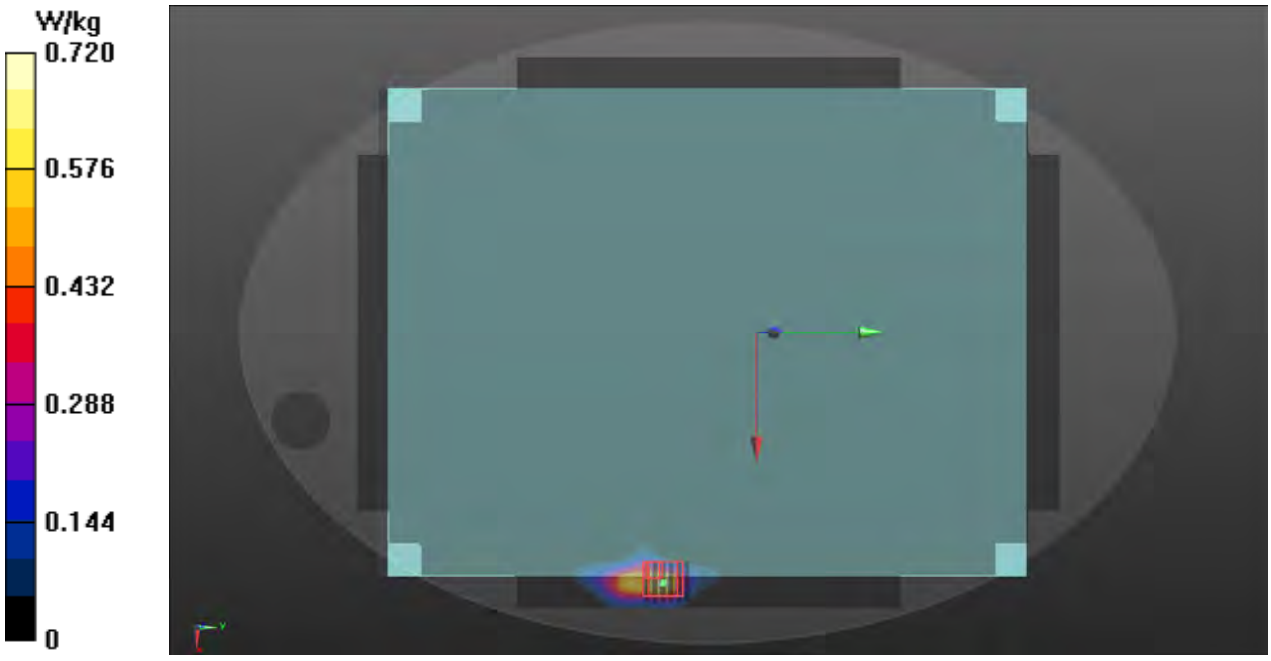
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5530 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160328 Medium parameters used: f = 5530 MHz; σ = 5.79 S/m; ε_r = 48.351; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.5 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.1 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(3.78, 3.78, 3.78); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch106/Area Scan (341x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.720 W/kg

Ch106/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 10.20 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.286 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.631 W/kg



P18 802.11ac_HT20_Bottom_0cm_Ch149_Ant A

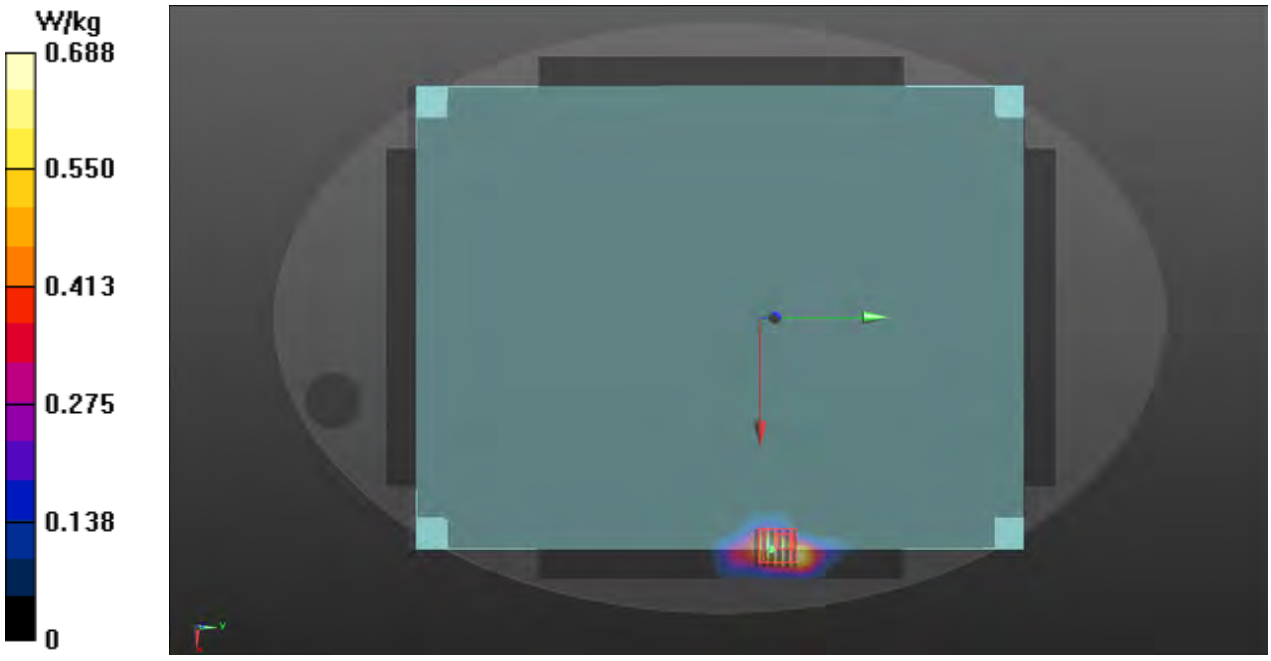
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5745 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160329 Medium parameters used: f = 5745 MHz; σ = 6.117 S/m; ε_r = 48.332; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.6 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch149/Area Scan (341x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.688 W/kg

Ch149/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 11.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.83 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.435 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.135 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.945 W/kg



P19 802.11ac_HT20_Bottom_0cm_Ch157_Ant B

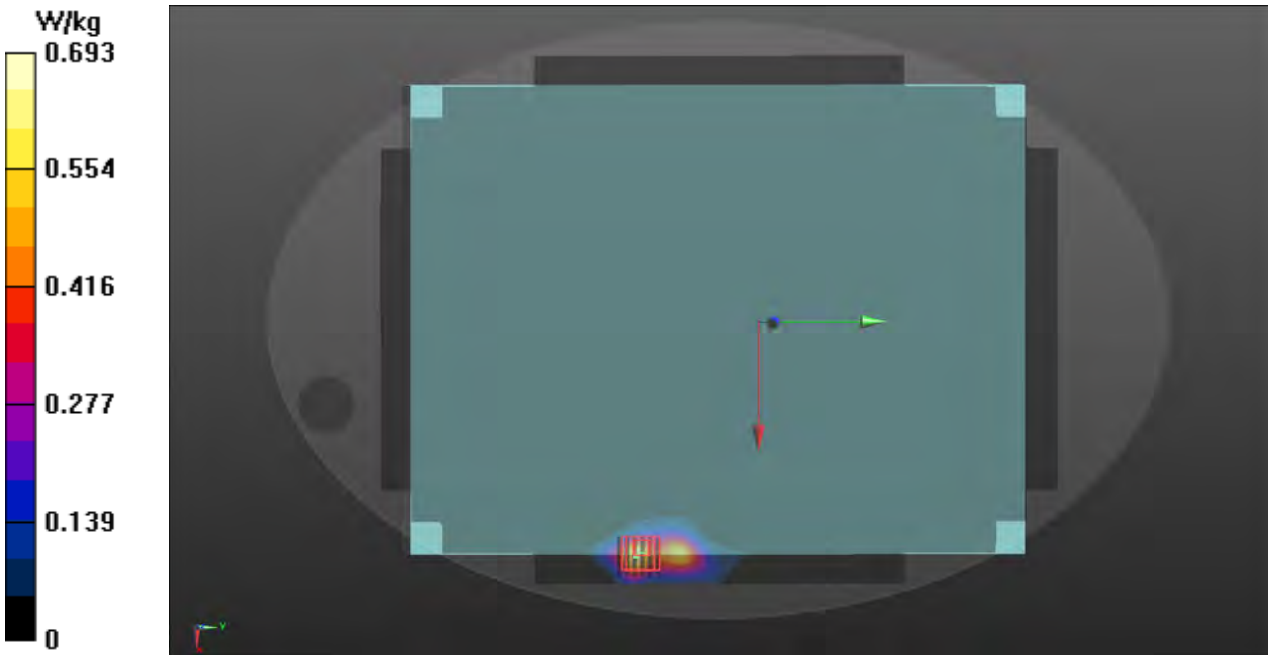
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5785 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160329 Medium parameters used: f = 5785 MHz; σ = 6.126 S/m; ε_r = 48.187; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.6 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch157/Area Scan (341x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.693 W/kg

Ch157/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 10.23 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.61 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.440 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.148 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.818 W/kg



P20 802.11ac_VHT80_Bottom_0cm_Ch155_Ant A

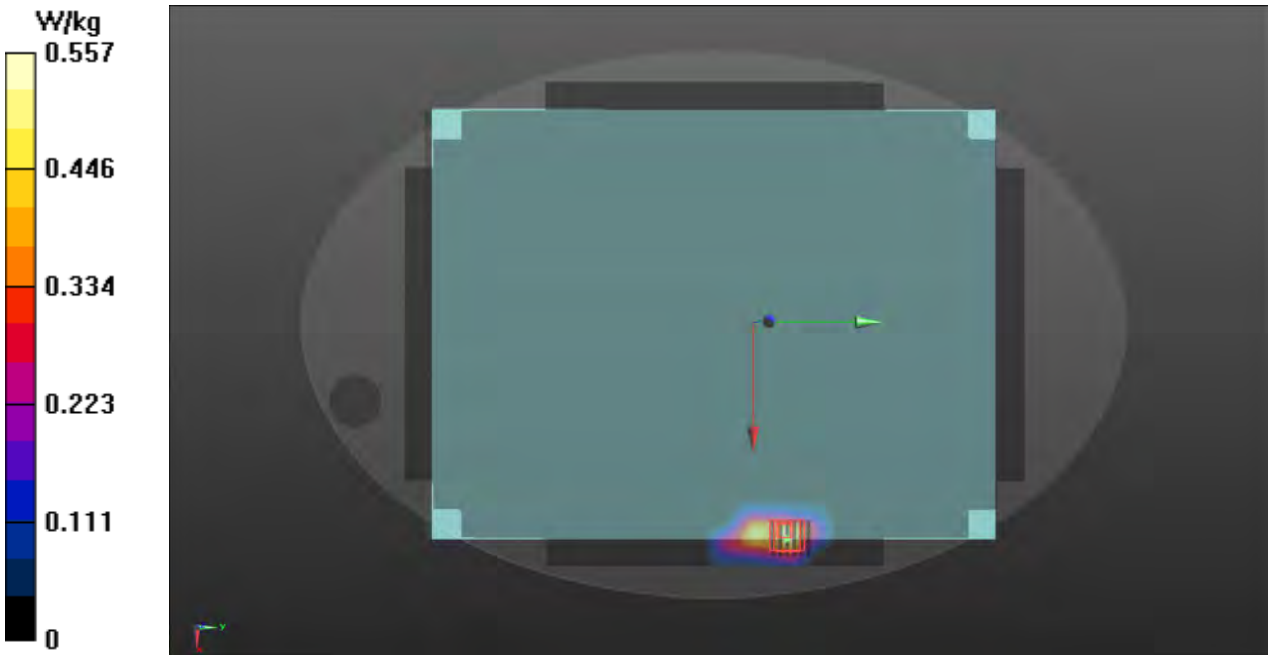
DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160329 Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz; σ = 6.118 S/m; ε_r = 48.25; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.6 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch155/Area Scan (371x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.557 W/kg

Ch155/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 9.555 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.71 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.470 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.160 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.884 W/kg



P21 802.11ac_VHT80_Bottom_0cm_Ch155_Ant B

DUT: 5D3039

Communication System: WLAN_5G; Frequency: 5775 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium: B5G_160329 Medium parameters used: f = 5775 MHz; σ = 6.118 S/m; ε_r = 48.25; ρ = 1000 kg/m^3
Ambient Temperature：22.6 ℃; **Liquid Temperature**：21.3 ℃

DASY5 Configuration:
- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3976; ConvF(3.96, 3.96, 3.96); Calibrated: 2016/2/22;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1424; Calibrated: 2016/2/16
- Phantom: ELI v5.0; Type: QDOVA002AA; Serial: TP:1238
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

Ch155/Area Scan (341x441x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.000 mm, dy=1.000 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.651 W/kg

Ch155/Zoom Scan (6x6x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=2mm
Reference Value = 9.775 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.50 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.414 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.140 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.767 W/kg