FCC SAR Test Report

APPLICANT : Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.

EQUIPMENT : Mobile Phone

BRAND NAME : MI

FCC ID : 2AFZZ-RMSG6

STANDARD : FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)

ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2013

We, Sporton International (KunShan) INC., would like to declare that the tested sample has been evaluated in accordance with the procedures and had been in compliance with the applicable technical standards.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of Sporton International (KunShan) INC., the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

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Testing Laboratory 2627

Report No. : FA762302

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Revision History

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REPORT NO.	VERSION	DESCRIPTION	ISSUED DATE
FA762302	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report.	Jul. 12, 2017

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1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd., Mobile Phone are as follows.

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				Highest SAR Summary					
Equipment Class	· ·		Head (Separation 0mm)	Hotspot (Separation 10mm)	Body-worn (Separation 10mm)	Highest Simultaneous Transmission 1g SAR (W/kg)			
				1g SAR (W/kg)		Ty SAR (W/kg)			
	GSM	GSM850	0.34	0.39	0.39				
	GOW	GSM1900	<0.10	0.40	0.26				
	WCDMA	Band V	0.32	0.35	0.35				
Licensed		Band II	0.13	0.82	0.68	1.35			
Licerisea		Band 5	0.34	0.48	0.48	1.33			
	LTE	Band 4	0.11	1.04	0.88				
	LIE	Band 7	0.28	0.64	0.64				
		Band 38	0.19	0.49	0.49				
DTS	WLAN	2.4GHz WLAN	1.01	0.22	0.22	1.35			
Date of Testing:				2017/6/30	~ 2017/7/7				

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and FCC KDB publications.

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2. Administration Data

Testing Laboratory						
Test Site Sporton International (KunShan) INC.						
Test Site Location	No.3-2, Pingxiang Road, Kunshan Development Zone, Jiangsu, China TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958					

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Applicant						
Company Name Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.						
Address	The Rainbow City of China Resources, NO.68, Qinghe Middle Street, Haidian District, Beijing, China					

Manufacturer					
Company Name	Xiaomi Communications Co., Ltd.				
Address	The Rainbow City of China Resources, NO.68, Qinghe Middle Street, Haidian District, Beijing, China				

3. Guidance Applied

The Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) testing specification, method, and procedure for this device is in accordance with the following standards:

- FCC 47 CFR Part 2 (2.1093)
- ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992
- IEEE 1528-2013
- FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
- FCC KDB 865664 D02 SAR Reporting v01r02
- FCC KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06
- FCC KDB 648474 D04 SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets v01r03
- FCC KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02
- FCC KDB 941225 D01 3G SAR Procedures v03r01
- FCC KDB 941225 D05 SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- FCC KDB 941225 D06 Hotspot Mode SAR v02r01

4. Equipment Under Test (EUT) Information

4.1 General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Equipment Name	Mobile Phone
Brand Name	MI
FCC ID	2AFZZ-RMSG6
IMEI Code	SIM1: 865395030021628 SIM2: 865395030021636
Wireless Technology and Frequency Range	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz LTE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz LTE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz LTE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz LTE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Mode	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps HSDPA HSUPA DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (16QAM uplink is not supported) LTE 802.11b/g/n HT20/HT40 Bluetooth v3.0+EDR, Bluetooth v4.0 LE, Bluetooth v4.2 LE
HW Version	A
SW Version	MIUI 8
GSM / (E)GPRS Transfer mode	Class B – EUT cannot support Packet Switched and Circuit Switched Network simultaneously but can automatically switch between Packet and Circuit Switched Network.
EUT Stage	Identical Prototype
Remark:	**

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- 1. This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE
- This device vyLAN 2.4GHz supports hotspot of the support DTM operation.
 This device supports GPPS/FGPS 2. This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- This device supports GRPS/EGRPS mode up to multi-slot class 12.
- 5. The dual SIM card mobile has 2 SIM slots and supports dual SIM dual standby. The WWAN radio transmission will be enabled by either one SIM at a time (single active). After pre-scan two SIM cards power, we found test result of the SIM1 was the worse, so we chose dual SIM1 card to perform all tests.

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4.2 General LTE SAR Test and Reporting Considerations

Summarized necessary items addressed in KDB 941225 D05 v02r05										
FCC ID	2AI	AFZZ-RMSG6								
Equipment Name	Мо	Mobile Phone								
Operating Frequency Range of each LTE transmission band	LTE LTE	TE Band 4: 1710.7 MHz ~ 1754.3 MHz TE Band 5: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.3 MHz TE Band 7: 2502.5 MHz ~ 2567.5 MHz TE Band 38: 2572.5 MHz ~ 2617.5 MHz								
Channel Bandwidth	LTE Lte	LTE Band 4:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 5:1.4MHz, 3MHz, 5MHz, 10MHz LTE Band 7: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz LTE Band 38: 5MHz, 10MHz, 15MHz, 20MHz								
uplink modulations used	QΡ	QPSK, and 16QAM								
LTE Voice / Data requirements	Voi	ce and Data								
LTE Release Version	R1	1, Cat 4								
CA Support	No	t Supported								
		Table (estimocim, nel alla			-1.5000000000000000000000000000000000000	PR) for Pov		3 MPR (dB)	
LTE MPR permanently built-in by design			1.4 MHz	3.0 MHz	5 MHz	10 MHz	15 MHz	20 MHz		
		QPSK	>5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤1	
		16 QAM	≤ 5	≤ 4	≤ 8	≤ 12	≤ 16	≤ 18	≤ 1	
		16 QAM	> 5	>4	>8	> 12	> 16	> 18	≤ 2	
LTE A-MPR	In the base station simulator configuration, Network Setting value is set to NS_01 to disable A-MPR during SAR testing and the LTE SAR tests was transmitting on all TTI frames (Maximum TTI)									
Spectrum plots for RB configuration	me	A properly configured base station simulator was used for the SAR and power measurement; therefore, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration are not included in the SAR report.								

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	Transmission (H, M, L) channel numbers and frequencies in each LTE band																
	LTE Band 4																
	Bandwidt	th 1.4 N	ЛHz	Bandwidt	th 3 MHz	Bar	ndwid	th 5 MHz	Bandwidth 10 MHz Bandwidth			h 15 MHz	Ban	dwidt	h 20 MHz		
	Ch. #	Frec (MHz		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch	. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch. #	Fre (MI		Ch. #	Freq. (MHz)	Ch	ı. #	Freq. (MHz)	
L	19957	1710	.7	19965	1711.5	199	975	1712.5	20000	17	15	20025	1717.5	200)50	1720	
М	20175	1732	.5	20175	1732.5	201	175	1732.5	20175	173	2.5	20175	1732.5	201	175	1732.5	
Н	20393	1754	.3	20385	1753.5	203	375	1752.5	20350	17	50	20325	1747.5	203	300	1745	
								LTE Ba	and 5								
	Bar	ndwidth	1.4 N	ЛHz	Bar	ndwid	th 3 N	1Hz	Bar	ndwid	th 5 M	lHz	Ban	dwidtl	h 10 N	ИHz	
	Ch. #	#	Freq	. (MHz)	Ch. #		Fre	q. (MHz)	Ch. #		Freq. (MHz)		Ch. #	:	Fre	q. (MHz)	
L	2040	7	82	24.7	20415	5		825.5	20425	5		826.5	20450	829		829	
М	2052	5	83	36.5	20525	,		836.5	20525			836.5	20525		836.5		
Н	2064	3	84	48.3	20635	,		847.5	20625	,	846.5		20600		844		
								LTE Ba	and 7								
	Ва	ındwidtl	h 5 MI	Hz	Ban	dwidt	h 10 N	ИHz	Bandwidth 15 MHz			ЛHz	Ban	dwidtl	h 20 N	ИHz	
	Ch. #	#	Freq	. (MHz)	Ch. #		Fre	q. (MHz)	Ch. #	Ch. # Freq. (MHz) Ch. :		Ch. #	:	Fre	q. (MHz)		
L	2077	5	25	502.5	20800)		2505	20825	;	2507.5		20850)		2510	
М	2110	0	2	2535	21100	2535		21100 2535		2535	21100		2535				
Н	2142	5	25	67.5	21400	21400		2565		21375	21375 2562.5		2562.5	21350		2560	
								LTE Bai	nd 38								
	Bandwidth 5 MHz Bandwidth 10 MHz				ИНz	Ban	dwidt	h 15 N	ЛНz	Ban	dwidtl	h 20 N	ИНz				
	Ch. #	#	Freq	. (MHz)	Ch. #		Fre	q. (MHz)	Ch. #		Fre	q. (MHz)	Ch. #		Fre	q. (MHz)	
L	3777	5	25	572.5	37800)		2575	37825	,	2	2577.5	37850)		2580	
М	3800	0	2	2595	38000)		2595	38000)		2595	38000)		2595	
Н	3822	5	26	617.5	38200)		2615	38175	,	2	2612.5	38150)		2610	

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5. RF Exposure Limits

5.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

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5.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. The exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles				
0.4	8.0	20.0				

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure (W/kg)

Whole-Body	Partial-Body	Hands, Wrists, Feet and Ankles
0.08	1.6	4.0

Whole-Body SAR is averaged over the entire body, partial-body SAR is averaged over any 1 gram of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube. SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles is averaged over any 10 grams of tissue defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube.

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6. Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

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6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma |E|^2}{\rho}$$

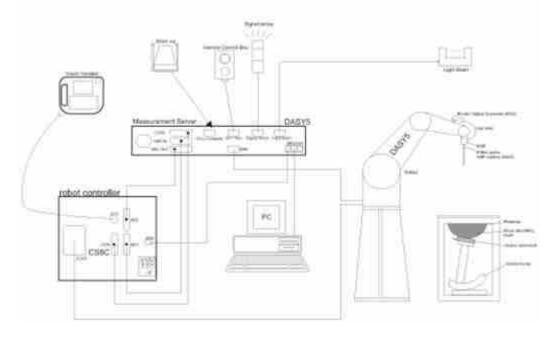
Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

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7. System Description and Setup

The DASY system used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



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- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY5 software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

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7.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

<EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetric design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency	10 MHz – >6 GHz Linearity: ±0.2 dB (30 MHz – 6 GHz)
Directivity	±0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ±0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g - >100 mW/g Linearity: ±0.2 dB (noise: typically <1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm



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7.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock.

The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig 5.1 Photo of DAE

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7.3 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

107 1111 1 111111111		
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm	
	·	
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters	
Dimensions	Length: 1000 mm; Width: 500 mm; Height: adjustable feet	7 5
Measurement Areas	Left Hand, Right Hand, Flat Phantom	

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The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (sagging: <1%)	
Filling Volume	Approx. 30 liters	
Dimensions	Major ellipse axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	

The ELI phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with standard and all known tissue simulating liquids.

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7.4 Device Holder

<Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitter>

In combination with the Twin SAM V5.0/V5.0c or ELI phantoms, the Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters enables rotation of the mounted transmitter device to specified spherical coordinates. At the heads, the rotation axis is at the ear opening. Transmitter devices can be easily and accurately positioned according to IEC 62209-1, IEEE 1528, FCC, or other specifications. The device holder can be locked for positioning at different phantom sections (left head, right head, flat). And upgrade kit to Mounting Device to enable easy mounting of wider devices like big smart-phones, e-books, small tablets, etc. It holds devices with width up to 140 mm.





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Mounting Device for Hand-Held Transmitters

Mounting Device Adaptor for Wide-Phones

<Mounting Device for Laptops and other Body-Worn Transmitters>

The extension is lightweight and made of POM, acrylic glass and foam. It fits easily on the upper part of the mounting device in place of the phone positioned. The extension is fully compatible with the SAM Twin and ELI phantoms.



Mounting Device for Laptops

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8. Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as follows:

<Conducted power measurement>

(a) For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.

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- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band
- (d) Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power

<SAR measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power
- Place the EUT in the positions as Appendix D demonstrates.
- (c) Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- (d) Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band (e)
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the reported SAR of highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement (a)
- (b) Area scan
- (c) Zoom scan
- (d) Power drift measurement

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8.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a "cube" measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for the 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and (b) measurement parameters)
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume (c)
- Interpolation of all measured values form the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid (d)
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface (e)
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g

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8.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

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8.3 Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB0 is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°
	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 12 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz:} \le 12 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz:} \le 10 \text{ mm}$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}},\Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution of x or y dimension of the test of measurement point on the test	on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding levice with at least one

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8.4 Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube shoes base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

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Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01v01r04 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum zoom scan s	spatial reso	lution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}	\leq 2 GHz: \leq 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: \leq 5 mm [*]	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 5 \text{ mm}^*$ $4 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 4 \text{ mm}^*$	
	uniform	grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz: } \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz: } \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz: } \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
surface	grid	Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

8.5 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

8.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

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When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}, \leq 8 \text{ mm}, \leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.

9. Test Equipment List

Manufacture	Name of Emiliary	Tour of Maryland	Carial Name	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d091	2016/11/22	2017/11/21
SPEAG	1750MHz System Validation Kit	D1750V2	1069	2016/11/23	2017/11/22
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d118	2016/11/24	2017/11/23
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	840	2016/11/25	2017/11/24
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1061	2016/11/24	2017/11/23
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1210	2017/5/25	2018/5/24
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1279	2017/5/2	2018/5/1
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3857	2017/5/26	2018/5/25
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3954	2016/11/28	2017/11/27
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1477	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1479	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	SAM Twin Phantom	QD 000 P40 CB	TP-1842	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
Anritsu	Radio communication analyzer	MT8820C	6201107506	2017/4/20	2018/4/29
Agilent	Wireless Communication Test Set	E5515C	MY48367160	2017/1/19	2018/1/18
Agilent	ENA Series Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46111157	2017/4/18	2018/4/17
SPEAG	DAK Kit	DAK3.5	1144	2016/11/23	2017/11/22
R&S	Signal Generator	SMR40	100455	2017/1/19	2018/1/18
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	1644003	2016/12/23	2017/12/22
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1531197	2016/12/23	2017/12/22
Anritsu	Power Senor	MA2411B	1644004	2016/12/23	2017/12/22
Anritsu	Power Meter	ML2495A	1531198	2016/12/23	2017/12/22
R&S	CBT BLUETOOTH TESTER	CBT	101137	2016/8/9	2017/8/8
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSV7	101631	2016/8/8	2017/8/7
WISEWIND	Hygrometer	WISEWIND 0905	905	2017/4/20	2018/4/19
JM	DIGITAC THERMOMETER	JM222	AA1207166	2017/4/19	2018/4/18
ARRA	Power Divider	A3200-2	N/A	No	ote
Agilent	Dual Directional Coupler	778D	50422	No	ote
PASTERNACK	Dual Directional Coupler	PE2214-10	N/A	No	ote
MCL	Attenuation1	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	ote
MCL	Attenuation2	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	ote
MCL	Attenuation3	BW-S10W5+	N/A	No	ote
AR	Amplifier	5S1G4	333096	No	ote
mini-circuits	Amplifier	ZVE-3W-83+	162601250	No	ote

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Note:

Prior to system verification and validation, the path loss from the signal generator to the system check source and the power meter, which includes the amplifier, cable, attenuator and directional coupler, was measured by the network analyzer. The reading of the power meter was offset by the path loss difference between the path to the power meter and the path to the system check source to monitor the actual power level fed to the system check.

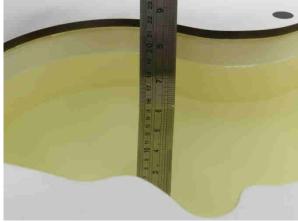
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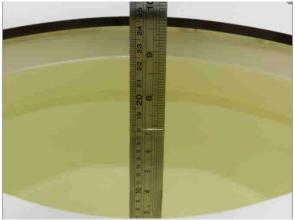
10. System Verification

10.1 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.1. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 10.2.







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Fig 10.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR

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10.2 Tissue Verification

The following tissue formulations are provided for reference only as some of the parameters have not been thoroughly verified. The composition of ingredients may be modified accordingly to achieve the desired target

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tissue parameters required for routine SAR evaluation.

meetic parameters											
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity			
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(σ)	(er)			
For Head											
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5			
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.40	40.0			
2450	55.0	0	0	0	0	45.0	1.80	39.2			
2600	54.8	0	0	0.1	0	45.1	1.96	39.0			
				For Body							
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2			
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3			
2450	68.6	0	0	0	0	31.4	1.95	52.7			
2600	68.1	0	0	0.1	0	31.8	2.16	52.5			

<Tissue Dielectric Parameter Check Results>

Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ε _r)	Conductivity Target (σ)	Permittivity Target (ε _r)	Delta (σ) (%)	Delta (ε _r) (%)	Limit (%)	Date
835	Head	22.9	0.926	42.447	0.90	41.50	2.89	2.28	±5	2017/6/30
1750	Head	22.5	1.406	40.842	1.37	40.10	2.63	1.85	±5	2017/7/4
1900	Head	22.5	1.411	40.482	1.40	40.00	0.79	1.21	±5	2017/7/4
2450	Head	22.7	1.856	38.126	1.80	39.20	3.11	-2.74	±5	2017/7/7
2600	Head	22.7	2.028	37.658	1.96	39.00	3.47	-3.44	±5	2017/6/30
835	Body	22.9	0.984	55.861	0.97	55.2	1.44	1.20	±5	2017/7/3
1750	Body	22.6	1.502	54.025	1.49	53.4	0.81	1.17	±5	2017/7/5
1900	Body	22.5	1.542	52.414	1.52	53.3	1.45	-1.66	±5	2017/7/5
2450	Body	22.9	1.986	52.338	1.95	52.7	1.85	-0.69	±5	2017/7/7
2600	Body	22.9	2.199	52.299	2.16	52.5	1.81	-0.38	±5	2017/7/2

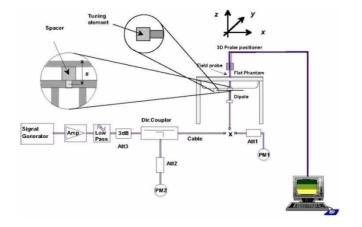
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10.3 System Performance Check Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10 %. Below table shows the target SAR and measured SAR after normalized to 1W input power. The table below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix A of this report.

Date	Frequency (MHz)	Tissue Type	Input Power (mW)	Dipole S/N	Probe S/N	DAE S/N	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Targeted 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
2017/6/30	835	Head	250	4d091	3954	1279	2.35	9.31	9.40	0.97
2017/7/4	1750	Head	250	1069	3857	1210	9.52	37.50	38.08	1.55
2017/7/4	1900	Head	250	5d118	3857	1210	10.00	40.40	40.00	-0.99
2017/7/7	2450	Head	250	840	3954	1279	13.60	54.00	54.40	0.74
2017/6/30	2600	Head	250	1061	3857	1210	13.70	56.00	54.80	-2.14
2017/7/3	835	Body	250	4d091	3954	1279	2.22	9.68	8.88	-8.26
2017/7/5	1750	Body	250	1069	3857	1210	9.59	37.7	38.36	1.75
2017/7/5	1900	Body	250	5d118	3857	1210	9.98	40.8	39.92	-2.16
2017/7/7	2450	Body	250	840	3954	1279	12.4	50.9	49.6	-2.55
2017/7/2	2600	Body	250	1061	3954	1279	14.4	55.4	57.6	3.97







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Fig 8.3.2 Setup Photo

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11. RF Exposure Positions

11.1 Ear and handset reference point

Figure 9.1.1 shows the front, back, and side views of the SAM phantom. The center-of-mouth reference point is labeled "M," the left ear reference point (ERP) is marked "LE," and the right ERP is marked "RE." Each ERP is 15 mm along the B-M (back-mouth) line behind the entrance-to-ear-canal (EEC) point, as shown in Figure 9.1.2 The Reference Plane is defined as passing through the two ear reference points and point M. The line N-F (neck-front), also called the reference pivoting line, is normal to the Reference Plane and perpendicular to both a line passing through RE and LE and the B-M line (see Figure 9.1.3). Both N-F and B-M lines should be marked on the exterior of the phantom shell to facilitate handset positioning. Posterior to the N-F line the ear shape is a flat surface with 6 mm thickness at each ERP, and forward of the N-F line the ear is truncated, as illustrated in Figure 9.1.2. The ear truncation is introduced to preclude the ear lobe from interfering with handset tilt, which could lead to unstable positioning at the cheek.

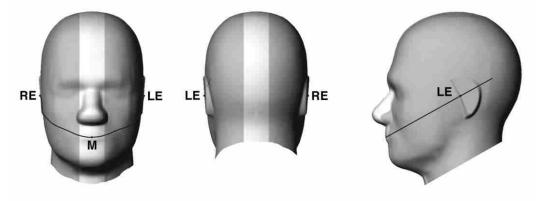


Fig 9.1.1 Front, back, and side views of SAM twin phantom

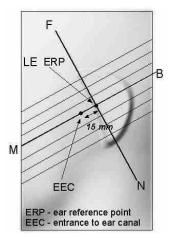
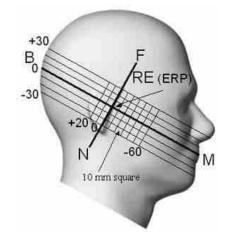


Fig 9.1.2 Close-up side view of phantom showing the ear region.



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Fig 9.1.3 Side view of the phantom showing relevant markings and seven cross-sectional plane locations

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11.2 Definition of the cheek position

- Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.
- Define two imaginary lines on the handset—the vertical centerline and the horizontal line. The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset—the midpoint of the width wt of the handset at the level of the acoustic output (point A in Figure 9.2.1 and Figure 9.2.2), and the midpoint of the width wb of the bottom of the handset (point B). The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output (see Figure 9.2.1). The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset (see Figure 9.2.2), especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly-shaped handsets.
- Position the handset close to the surface of the phantom such that point A is on the (virtual) extension of the line passing through points RE and LE on the phantom (see Figure 9.2.3), such that the plane defined by the vertical centerline and the horizontal line of the handset is approximately parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom.
- Translate the handset towards the phantom along the line passing through RE and LE until handset point A touches the pinna at the ERP.
- 5. While maintaining the handset in this plane, rotate it around the LE-RE line until the vertical centerline is in the plane normal to the plane containing B-M and N-F lines, i.e., the Reference Plane.
- Rotate the handset around the vertical centerline until the handset (horizontal line) is parallel to the N-F line. 6.
- While maintaining the vertical centerline in the Reference Plane, keeping point A on the line passing through RE and LE, and maintaining the handset contact with the pinna, rotate the handset about the N-F line until any point on the handset is in contact with a phantom point below the pinna on the cheek. See Figure 9.2.3. The actual rotation angles should be documented in the test report.

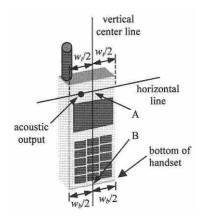
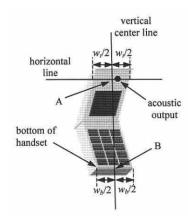
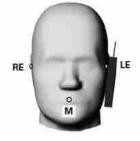


Fig 9.2.1 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines—"fixed case



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Fig 9.2.2 Handset vertical and horizontal reference lines-"clam-shell case"





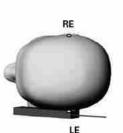


Fig 9.2.3 cheek or touch position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which establish the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

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11.3 Definition of the tilt position

Ready the handset for talk operation, if necessary. For example, for handsets with a cover piece (flip cover), open the cover. If the handset can transmit with the cover closed, both configurations must be tested.

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- While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset away from the pinna along the line passing through RE and LE far enough to allow a rotation of the handset away from the cheek by 15°.
- Rotate the handset around the horizontal line by 15°.
- 4. While maintaining the orientation of the handset, move the handset towards the phantom on the line passing through RE and LE until any part of the handset touches the ear. The tilt position is obtained when the contact point is on the pinna. See Figure 9.3.1. If contact occurs at any location other than the pinna, e.g., the antenna at the back of the phantom head, the angle of the handset should be reduced. In this case, the tilt position is obtained if any point on the handset is in contact with the pinna and a second point



Fig 9.3.1 Tilt position. The reference points for the right ear (RE), left ear (LE), and mouth (M), which define the Reference Plane for handset positioning, are indicated.

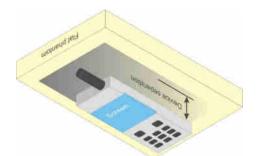
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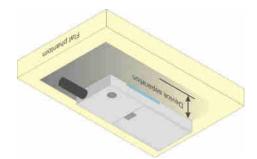
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11.4 Body Worn Accessory

Body-worn operating configurations are tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in a normal use configuration (see Figure 9.4). Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 should be used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode, when applicable. When the reported SAR for body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a handset attached to the handset.

Accessories for body-worn operation configurations are divided into two categories: those that do not contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components and those that do contain metallic components. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device is tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. Then multiple accessories that contain metallic components are test with the device with each accessory. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (i.e. the same metallic belt-chip used with different holsters with no other metallic components) only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body is tested.





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Fig 9.4 Body Worn Position

11.5 Wireless Router

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive user through simultaneous transmission of WIFI simultaneously with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in FCC KDB Publication 941225 D06 v02r01 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10mm from the front, back and edges of the device containing transmitting antennas within 2.5cm of their edges, determined form general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions due to the limitations of the SAR assessment probes. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and spatially summed with the WIFI transmitter according to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated during SAR assessments, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal at a time.

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12. Conducted RF Output Power (Unit: dBm)

<GSM Conducted Power>

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850 and the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction
 procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a
 secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary
 mode.

GSM850	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-A	verage Pow	ver (dBm)	Tune-up
Tx Channel	128	189	251	Limit	128	189	251	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)	824.2	836.4	848.8	(dBm)
GSM 1 Tx slot	32.49	32.77	32.92	33.00	23.49	23.77	23.92	24.00
GPRS 1 Tx slot	32.47	32.75	32.91	33.00	23.47	23.75	23.91	24.00
GPRS 2 Tx slots	30.22	30.40	30.85	31.00	24.22	24.40	<mark>24.85</mark>	25.00
GPRS 3 Tx slots	28.07	28.40	28.70	29.00	23.81	24.14	24.44	24.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	26.40	26.67	27.08	27.50	23.40	23.67	24.08	24.50
EDGE 1 Tx slot	26.84	26.81	27.06	28.00	17.84	17.81	18.06	19.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots	26.14	26.03	26.28	27.00	20.14	20.03	20.28	21.00
EDGE 3 Tx slots	24.83	24.82	24.96	26.00	20.57	20.56	20.70	21.74
EDGE 4 Tx slots	23.59	23.47	23.78	25.00	20.59	20.47	20.78	22.00
GSM1900	Burst Av	erage Pow	er (dBm)	Tune-up	Frame-A	verage Pow	ver (dBm)	Tune-up
Tx Channel	512	661	810	Limit	512	661	810	Limit
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)	1850.2	1880	1909.8	(dBm)
GSM 1 Tx slot	29.91	<mark>29.94</mark>	29.86	30.00	20.91	20.94	20.86	21.00
GPRS 1 Tx slot	29.88	29.92	29.85	30.00	20.88	20.92	20.85	21.00
GPRS 2 Tx slots	28.31	28.49	28.43	28.50	22.31	22.49	22.43	22.50
GPRS 3 Tx slots	26.67	26.78	26.85	27.00	22.41	22.52	22.59	22.74
GPRS 4 Tx slots	25.36	25.70	25.61	26.00	22.36	22.70	22.61	23.00
EDGE 1 Tx slot	25.46	25.41	25.22	26.00	16.46	16.41	16.22	17.00
EDGE 2 Tx slots	24.71	24.54	24.41	25.50	18.71	18.54	18.41	19.50
EDGE 3 Tx slots	23.46	23.83	23.66	25.00	19.20	19.57	19.40	20.74
EDGE 4 Tx slots	23.13	23.10	22.94	24.50	20.13	20.10	19.94	21.50

Remark: The frame-averaged power is linearly scaled the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots.

The calculated method are shown as below:

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Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB
Frame-averaged power = Maximum burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB

<WCDMA Conducted Power>

- 1. The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification.
- 2. The procedures in KDB 941225 D01v03r01 are applied for 3GPP Rel. 6 HSPA to configure the device in the required sub-test mode(s) to determine SAR test exclusion.

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3. For DC-HSDPA, the device was configured according to the H-Set 12, Fixed Reference Channel (FRC) configuration in Table C.8.1.12 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1, with the primary and the secondary serving HS-DSCH Cell enabled during the power measurement.

A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm iv.
 - Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK) V.
 - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters vi.
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms ix.
 - Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2 X.
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.10.1.4: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH

Sub-test	βε	βd	β _d (SF)	Ве/Ва	βнs (Note1, Note 2)	CM (dB) (Note 3)	MPR (dB) (Note 3)
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0	0.0
2	12/15 (Note 4)	15/15 (Note 4)	64	12/15 (Note 4)	24/15	1.0	0.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5	0.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5	0.5

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 30/15$ with $\beta_{loc} = 30/15 * \beta_{c}$.

For the HS-DPCCH power mask requirement test in clause 5.2C, 5.7A, and the Error Vector Note 2: Magnitude (EVM) with HS-DPCCH test in clause 5.13.1A, and HSDPA EVM with phase discontinuity in clause 5.13.1AA, Δ_{ACK} and Δ_{NACK} = 30/15 with β_{hs} = 30/15 * β_c , and Δ_{CQI} = 24/15 with $\beta_{b_0} = 24/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 3 CM = 1 for β_0/β_d =12/15, β_{hs}/β_c =24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH and HS-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference. This is applicable for only UEs that support HSDPA in release 6 and later releases.

For subtest 2 the β_d/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is Note 4: achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and β_d = 15/15

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HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting *:
 - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
- iv. Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
- Set UE Target Power ٧.
- vi. Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
- vii. Set and observe the E-TFCI
- viii. Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table C.11.1.3: β values for transmitter characteristics tests with HS-DPCCH and E-DCH

Sub- test	βε	₿d	β _d (SF)	β⊲/βа	β _{HS} (Note1)	Вос	Red (Note 4) (Note 5)	β _{ed} (SF)	β _{od} (Codes)	CM (dB) (Note 2)	MPR (dB) (Note 2) (Note 6)	AG Index (Note 5)	E- TFCI
11	11/15 (Note 3)	15/15 (Note 3)	64	11/15 (Note 3)	22/15	209/2 25	1309/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	βed1: 47/15 βed2: 47/15	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15	0		i •/	5/15	5/15	47/15	4	- 1	1.0	0.0	12	67

- Note 1: For sub-test 1 to 4, ΔαCK, ΔΝΑCK and ΔCOI = 30/15 with β_{hi} = 30/15 * β_{c} . For sub-test 5, ΔαCK, ΔΝΑCK and ΔCOI = 5/15 with $\beta_{br} = 5/15 \cdot \beta_c$.
- CM = 1 for β_e/β_e =12/15, β_{bs}/β_e=24/15. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS- DPCCH, E-DPDCH Note 2: and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.
- Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_d/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signalled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to Bc = 10/15 and Bd = 15/15.
- In case of testing by UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1, Sub-test 3 is omitted according to Note 4: TS25.306 Table 5.1g.
- Bed can not be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value. Note 5:
- For subtests 2, 3 and 4, UE may perform E-DPDCH power scaling at max power which could results in slightly Note 6: smaller MPR values.

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DC-HSDPA 3GPP release 8 Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Agilent E5515C referred to the Setup Configuration below
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - Set RMC 12.2Kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - ii.
 - Set Cell Power = -25 dBm
 Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 12, QPSK) iii.
 - Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121

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- a). Subtest 1: $\beta_c/\beta_d=2/15$
- b). Subtest 2: $\beta_c/\beta_d=12/15$ c). Subtest 3: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/8$

- d). Subtest 4: $\beta_c/\beta_d=15/4$ Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
- Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3 vii.
- Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms viii.
- ix. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
- Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

C.8.1.12 Fixed Reference Channel Definition H-Set 12

Table C.8.1.12: Fixed Reference Channel H-Set 12

	Parameter	Unit	Value					
Nominal	Avg. Inf. Bit Rate	kbps	60					
Inter-TTI	Distance	TTI's	1					
Number	of HARQ Processes	Proces	6					
		ses	0					
Informati	on Bit Payload (N_{INF})	Bits	120					
Number	Code Blocks	Blocks	1					
Binary C	hannel Bits Per TTI	Bits	960					
Total Ava	ailable SML's in UE	SML's	19200					
Number	of SML's per HARQ Proc.	SML's	3200					
Coding F	Rate		0.15					
Number	of Physical Channel Codes	Codes	1					
Modulati			QPSK					
Note 1:	The RMC is intended to be used for	or DC-HSD	PA					
	mode and both cells shall transmit	with ident	ical					
	parameters as listed in the table.							
Note 2: Maximum number of transmission is limited to 1, i.e.,								
	retransmission is not allowed. The redundancy and							
	constellation version 0 shall be us	ed.						

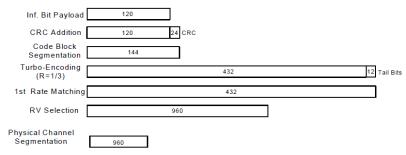


Figure C.8.19: Coding rate for Fixed reference Channel H-Set 12 (QPSK)

Setup Configuration

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General Note:

Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all 1.

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Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA is ≤ 1/4 dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSUPA, HSDPA, DC-HSDPA) are less than 1/4 dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA / DC-HSDPA.

	Band		CDMA Ban	ıd II		WCDMA Band V				
	Tx Channel	9262	9400	9538	Tune-up	4132	4182	4233	Tune-up Limit	
Rx Channel		9662	9800	9938	Limit (dBm)	4357	4407	4458	(dBm)	
Frequency (MHz)		1852.4	1880	1907.6		826.4	836.4	846.6		
3GPP Rel 99	AMR 12.2Kbps	23.78	23.58	23.58	24.00	23.55	23.58	23.72	24.00	
3GPP Rel 99	RMC 12.2Kbps	23.80	23.60	23.61	24.00	23.57	23.60	23.74	24.00	
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-1	22.30	22.41	22.39	23.00	22.23	22.41	22.56	23.00	
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-2	22.39	22.42	22.36	23.00	22.30	22.47	22.70	23.00	
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-3	21.93	21.95	21.99	22.50	21.80	22.03	22.22	22.50	
3GPP Rel 6	HSDPA Subtest-4	21.92	21.96	21.99	22.50	21.78	21.99	22.23	22.50	
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-1	22.33	22.33	22.45	23.00	22.16	22.28	22.47	23.00	
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-2	22.28	22.43	22.40	23.00	22.25	22.25	22.47	23.00	
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-3	21.81	21.85	21.94	22.50	21.69	21.77	22.08	22.50	
3GPP Rel 8	DC-HSDPA Subtest-4	21.81	21.90	21.91	22.50	21.70	21.81	21.94	22.50	
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-1	21.69	21.90	22.13	23.00	21.79	22.73	21.95	23.00	
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-2	20.76	20.67	20.87	21.00	21.36	21.26	21.62	22.00	
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-3	20.26	20.17	20.21	21.00	21.14	21.29	21.64	22.00	
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-4	21.39	21.41	21.43	22.00	21.32	21.37	21.60	22.00	
3GPP Rel 6	HSUPA Subtest-5	22.20	22.20	22.30	23.00	22.40	22.40	22.60	23.00	

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<LTE Conducted Power>

General Note:

 Anritsu MT8820C base station simulator was used to setup the connection with EUT; the frequency band, channel bandwidth, RB allocation configuration, modulation type are set in the base station simulator to configure EUT transmitting at maximum power and at different configurations which are requested to be reported to FCC, for conducted power measurement and SAR testing.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a properly configured base station simulator is used for the SAR and power measurements, spectrum plots for each RB allocation and offset configuration is not required.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 6. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 7. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, Smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 8. For LTE B4 / B5 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.



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<LTE Band 4>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		20050	20175	20300	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1720	1732.5	1745		
20	QPSK	1	0	19.12	19.06	19.25		
20	QPSK	1	49	19.41	19.37	19.27	20	0
20	QPSK	1	99	19.28	18.71	18.87		
20	QPSK	50	0	19.35	19.23	19.26		
20	QPSK	50	24	19.23	19.16	19.08	20	0
20	QPSK	50	50	19.26	19	19.19	20	U
20	QPSK	100	0	19.29	19.17	19.23		
20	16QAM	1	0	18.82	18.7	18.52		
20	16QAM	1	49	19.25	19.19	18.28	20	0
20	16QAM	1	99	19.23	18.32	18.18		
20	16QAM	50	0	19.36	19.23	19.33	20	
20	16QAM	50	24	19.16	19.08	19.23		0
20	16QAM	50	50	19.27	18.98	19.27		U
20	16QAM	100	0	19.26	19.15	19.3		
	Cha	nnel		20025	20175	20325	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		1717.5	1732.5	1747.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	19.45	18.85	18.87		
15	QPSK	1	37	19.16	19.09	19.38	20	0
15	QPSK	1	74	19.24	18.67	19.04		
15	QPSK	36	0	19.32	19.23	19.15		
15	QPSK	36	20	19.18	19.18	19.02	20	0
15	QPSK	36	39	19.19	18.96	19.13	20	0
15	QPSK	75	0	19.3	19.15	19.19		
15	16QAM	1	0	18.86	18.91	19.15		
15	16QAM	1	37	18.73	19.27	19.39	20	0
15	16QAM	1	74	18.51	18.09	19.27		
15	16QAM	36	0	19.31	19.11	19.09		
15	16QAM	36	20	19.17	19.13	19.09	20	0
15	16QAM	36	39	19.3	18.89	19.1	20	0
15	16QAM	75	0	19.31	19.1	19.1		

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	T			00000				
MPR	Tune-up limit	20350	20175	20000			Cha	
(dB)	(dBm)	1750	1732.5	1715		cy (MHz)	Frequenc	
		18.83	18.83	19.1	0	1	QPSK	10
0	20	19.1	19.44	19.22	25	1	QPSK	10
		19.04	18.7	18.87	49	1	QPSK	10
		19.18	19.13	19.35	0	25	QPSK	10
0	20	19.21	19.07	19.29	12	25	QPSK	10
U	20	19.19	18.95	19.21	25	25	QPSK	10
		19.2	19.06	19.26	0	50	QPSK	10
		18.55	18.69	18.82	0	1	16QAM	10
0	20	19.18	18.99	19.11	25	1	16QAM	10
		18.86	18.38	18.57	49	1	16QAM	10
		19.05	19.21	19.28	0	25	16QAM	10
0	20	19.18	19.08	19.3	12	25	16QAM	10
U	20	19.14	18.95	19.13	25	25	16QAM	10
		19.17	19.03	19.14	0	50	16QAM	10
MPR	Tune-up	20375	20175	19975		Channel		
(dB)	limit (dBm)	1752.5	1732.5	1712.5		cy (MHz)	Frequenc	
		18.92	18.91	19.14	0	1	QPSK	5
0	20	18.84	18.94	19.15	12	1	QPSK	5
		19.06	18.73	18.98	24	1	QPSK	5
		19.08	18.96	19.23	0	12	QPSK	5
•	00	19.12	19.04	19.27	7	12	QPSK	5
0	20	19.23	19.06	19.28	13	12	QPSK	5
		19.15	19.01	19.26	0	25	QPSK	5
		19.4	19.5	19.51	0	1	16QAM	5
0	20	19.53	19.02	19.52	12	1	16QAM	5
		18.82	18.66	18.52	24	1	16QAM	5
		18.87	18.95	19.14	0	12	16QAM	5
0	20	19.21	19.02	19.35	7	12	16QAM	5
0	20	19.31	18.96	19.36	13	12	16QAM	5
		19.3	19.02	19.29	0	25	16QAM	5

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TON LAB.	CC SAR T	•	,, ,	1		1	Report No. :	1 A7 02302
	Chai	nnel		19965	20175	20385	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		1711.5	1732.5	1753.5	(dBm)	(dB)
3	QPSK	1	0	18.43	18.51	18.32		
3	QPSK	1	8	18.77	18.67	18.37	20	0
3	QPSK	1	14	18.27	18.41	18.43		
3	QPSK	8	0	18.6	18.59	18.59		
3	QPSK	8	4	18.68	18.58	18.64	20	0
3	QPSK	8	7	18.68	18.6	18.54	20	U
3	QPSK	15	0	18.69	18.53	18.5		
3	16QAM	1	0	18.08	18.65	18.52		
3	16QAM	1	8	18.16	18.84	18.79	20	0
3	16QAM	1	14	18.22	18.58	18.73		
3	16QAM	8	0	18.77	18.41	18.59		
3	16QAM	8	4	18.66	18.49	18.56	20	0
3	16QAM	8	7	18.78	18.42	18.64		0
3	16QAM	15	0	18.67	18.51	18.38		
	Chai	nnel		19957	20175	20393	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		1710.7	1732.5	1754.3	limit (dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	18.53	18.6	18.59		
1.4	QPSK	1	3	18.5	18.64	18.61		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	18.47	18.63	18.6	20	0
1.4	QPSK	3	0	18.7	18.59	18.7	20	0
1.4	QPSK	3	1	18.71	18.63	18.81		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	18.69	18.62	18.79		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	18.74	18.57	18.73	20	0
1.4	16QAM	1	0	18.91	18.1	18.85		
1.4	16QAM	1	3	18.93	18.2	18.86		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	18.94	18.11	18.81	20	0
1.4	16QAM	3	0	18.75	18.41	18.61	20	0
1.4	16QAM	3	1	18.77	18.44	18.63		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	18.84	18.42	18.6		

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<LTE Band 5>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up	MPR
	Cha	nnel		20450	20525	20600	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		829	836.5	844		
10	QPSK	1	0	23.17	23.03	23.33		
10	QPSK	1	25	23.52	23.36	23.77	24	0
10	QPSK	1	49	23.17	23.18	23.26		
10	QPSK	25	0	22.5	22.42	22.52		
10	QPSK	25	12	22.36	22.39	22.47	00	4
10	QPSK	25	25	22.46	22.29	22.4	- 23 -	1
10	QPSK	50	0	22.37	22.39	22.43		
10	16QAM	1	0	21.78	22.02	21.88		
10	16QAM	1	25	21.9	22.48	21.91	23	1
10	16QAM	1	49	21.78	21.71	21.9		
10	16QAM	25	0	21.19	21.37	21.35		
10	16QAM	25	12	21.34	21.43	21.5	22	0
10	16QAM	25	25	21.32	21.27	21.38		2
10	16QAM	50	0	21.34	21.31	21.26		
	Cha	nnel		20425	20525	20625	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		826.5	836.5	846.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	23.13	23.04	23.4		
5	QPSK	1	12	23.33	23.36	23.73	24	0
5	QPSK	1	24	23.09	23.06	23.53		
5	QPSK	12	0	22.2	22.36	22.59		
5	QPSK	12	7	22.24	22.34	22.61	00	4
5	QPSK	12	13	22.2	22.33	22.53	23	1
5	QPSK	25	0	22.24	22.29	22.56		
5	16QAM	1	0	22.56	21.54	22.46		
5	16QAM	1	12	21.96	21.92	22.47	23	1
5	16QAM	1	24	21.74	22.24	21.83		
5	16QAM	12	0	20.92	21.35	21.43		
5	16QAM	12	7	21.09	21.43	21.57	20	0
5	16QAM	12	13	21.03	21.26	21.59	22	2
5	16QAM	25	0	20.98	21.23	21.43		

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	Cha	nnel		20415	20525	20635	Tune-up	MDD
	Frequen			825.5	836.5	847.5	limit (dBm)	MPR (dB)
3	QPSK	1	0	23.22	23.1	23.51	(ubiii)	
3	QPSK	1	8	23	23.2	23.68	24	0
3	QPSK	1	14	22.9	23.1	23.37		O
3	QPSK	8	0	22.38	22.32	22.46		
3	QPSK	8	4	22.15	22.34	22.62		
3	QPSK	8	7	22.14	22.36	22.5	23	1
3	QPSK	15	0	22.11	22.29	22.49		
3	16QAM	1	0	22.4	21.83	21.87		
3	16QAM	1	8	22.17	21.91	22.05	23	1
3	16QAM	1	14	21.9	21.57	21.87		
3	16QAM	8	0	21.25	21.3	21.46		
3	16QAM	8	4	21.11	21.21	21.53	1	_
3	16QAM	8	7	20.92	21.23	21.52	22	2
3	16QAM	15	0	21.15	21.34	21.45	_	
	Cha	nnel		20407	20525	20643	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		824.7	836.5	848.3	limit (dBm)	(dB)
1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.25	23.23	23.33		
1.4	QPSK	1	3	23.29	23.27	23.42		
1.4	QPSK	1	5	23.11	23.14	23.39	1	
1.4	QPSK	3	0	23.22	23.27	23.57	24	0
1.4	QPSK	3	1	23.17	23.46	23.56		
1.4	QPSK	3	3	23.38	23.39	23.55		
1.4	QPSK	6	0	22.22	22.34	22.48	23	1
1.4	16QAM	1	0	21.9	22.51	22.7		
1.4	16QAM	1	3	21.64	22.55	22.63		
1.4	16QAM	1	5	21.51	22.42	22.59	22	4
1.4	16QAM	3	0	22.2	22.23	22.58	23	1
1.4	16QAM	3	1	22.28	22.32	22.49		
1.4	16QAM	3	3	22.25	22.36	22.47		
1.4	16QAM	6	0	21.01	21.14	21.08	22	2

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<LTE Band 7>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		20850	21100	21350	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		2510	2535	2560		
20	QPSK	1	0	18.31	18.3	18.21		
20	QPSK	1	49	18.41	18.35	18.38	19	0
20	QPSK	1	99	18.14	17.85	18.04		
20	QPSK	50	0	18.61	18.35	18.57		
20	QPSK	50	24	18.55	18.28	18.5	40	0
20	QPSK	50	50	18.57	18.2	18.52	19	0
20	QPSK	100	0	18.58	18.31	18.56		
20	16QAM	1	0	18.04	18.14	18.01		
20	16QAM	1	49	18.65	17.63	18.62	19	0
20	16QAM	1	99	18.09	17.54	18.2		
20	16QAM	50	0	18.52	18.41	18.57		
20	16QAM	50	24	18.58	18.41	18.55	19	0
20	16QAM	50	50	18.57	18.5	18.6		0
20	16QAM	100	0	18.54	18.35	18.57		
	Cha	nnel		20825	21100	21375	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		2507.5	2535	2562.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	18.5	18.25	18.12		
15	QPSK	1	37	18.54	18.44	18.54	19	0
15	QPSK	1	74	18.52	18.24	18.29		
15	QPSK	36	0	18.55	18.38	18.56		
15	QPSK	36	20	18.54	18.28	18.61	10	0
15	QPSK	36	39	18.58	18.26	18.46	19	0
15	QPSK	75	0	18.62	18.38	18.51		
15	16QAM	1	0	17.99	18.19	18.01		
15	16QAM	1	37	18.32	18.35	18.51	19	0
15	16QAM	1	74	17.74	17.57	18.15		
15	16QAM	36	0	18.6	18.23	18.36		
15	16QAM	36	20	18.58	18.38	18.54	10	_
15	16QAM	36	39	18.66	18.31	18.39	19	0
15	16QAM	75	0	18.63	18.29	18.39		

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	Char	nnel		20800	21100	21400	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		2505	2535	2565	limit (dBm)	(dB)
10	QPSK	1	0	18.34	18.22	18.43		
10	QPSK	1	25	18.69	18.54	18.67	19	0
10	QPSK	1	49	18.34	18.16	18.41		
10	QPSK	25	0	18.59	18.38	18.63		
10	QPSK	25	12	18.56	18.36	18.57	19	0
10	QPSK	25	25	18.51	18.28	18.53	19	U
10	QPSK	50	0	18.61	18.37	18.65		
10	16QAM	1	0	18.45	17.58	17.9		0
10	16QAM	1	25	18.2	17.51	17.77	19	
10	16QAM	1	49	18.15	17.81	18.04		
10	16QAM	25	0	18.62	18.39	18.73		
10	16QAM	25	12	18.66	18.39	18.66	10	0
10	16QAM	25	25	18.55	18.37	18.71	19	0
10	16QAM	50	0	18.55	18.42	18.57		
	Char	nnel		20775	21100	21425	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequenc	cy (MHz)		2502.5	2535	2567.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
5	QPSK	1	0	18.36	18.04	18.12		
5	QPSK	1	12	18.4	18.35	18.47	19	0
5	QPSK	1	24	18.29	18.09	18.17		
5	QPSK	12	0	18.62	18.24	18.4		
5	QPSK	12	7	18.61	18.31	18.42	10	0
5	QPSK	12	13	18.53	18.27	18.4	19	0
5	QPSK	25	0	18.54	18.24	18.45		
5	16QAM	1	0	17.62	17.75	17.68		
5	16QAM	1	12	18.07	17.9	18.65	19	0
5	16QAM	1	24	17.81	17.45	17.8		
5	16QAM	12	0	18.47	18.07	18.17		
5	16QAM	12	7	18.67	18.21	18.28	19	0
5	16QAM	12	13	18.8	18.17	18.26		

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<TDD LTE SAR Measurement>

TDD LTE configuration setup for SAR measurement

SAR was tested with a fixed periodic duty factor according to the highest transmission duty factor implemented for the device and supported by 3GPP.

- a. 3GPP TS 36.211 section 4.2 for Type 2 Frame Structure and Table 4.2-2 for uplink-downlink configurations
- b. "special subframe S" contains both uplink and downlink transmissions, it has been taken into consideration to determine the transmission duty factor according to the worst case uplink and downlink cyclic prefix requirements for UpPTS

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c. Establishing connections with base station simulators ensure a consistent means for testing SAR and recommended for evaluating SAR. The Anritsu MT8820C (firmware: #22.52#004) was used for LTE output power measurements and SAR testing.

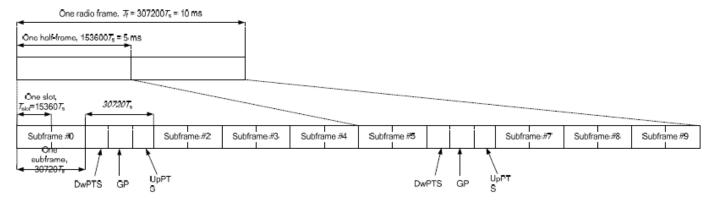


Figure 4.2-1: Frame structure type 2 (for 5 ms switch-point periodicity).

Table 4.2-2: Uplink-downlink configurations.

Uplink-downlink	Downlink-to-Uplink	Subframe number									
configuration	Switch-point periodicity		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
0	5 ms	D	S	U	J	U	D	S	U	J	U
1	5 ms	D	S	U	U	D	D	S	U	U	D
2	5 ms	D	S	U	О	D	D	S	U	О	D
3	10 ms	D	S	U	U	U	D	D	D	D	D
4	10 ms	D	S	U	כ	D	D	۵	D	Δ	D
5	10 ms	D	S	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
6	5 ms	D	S	U	J	U	D	S	U	J	D

Table 4.2-1: Configuration of special subframe (lengths of DwPTS/GP/UpPTS).

Special subframe	Norma	l cyclic prefix i	n downlink	Exte	nded cyclic prefix	in downlink	
configuration	DwPTS	Up	PTS	DwPTS	Up	PTS	
		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink		Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink	
0	6592 · T _s			7680 · T _s			
1	19760 ⋅ T _s			20480 · T _s	2192·T _s	2560 · T _s	
2	21952 · T _s	$2192 \cdot T_{s}$	$2560 \cdot T_s$	23040 · T _s			
3	24144 · T _s			25600 · T _s			
4	26336 · T _s			7680 · T _s			
5	6592 · T _s			20480 · T _s	4384 · T _e	5120 · T₀	
6	19760 ⋅ T _s			23040 · T _s	4304·1 _s	3120·1 _s	
7	21952 · T _s	4384 ⋅ <i>T</i> _s	5120 ⋅ <i>T</i> _s	12800 · T _s			
8	24144 · T _s			-	-	-	
9	13168 · T _s			-	-	-	

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Special subframe (30720·T _s): Normal cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)								
	Special subframe configuration	Normal cyclic prefix in uplink	Extended cyclic prefix in uplink					
Uplink duty factor in one	0~4	7.13%	8.33%					
special subframe	5~9	14.3%	16.7%					

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Special subframe(30720·T _s): Extended cyclic prefix in downlink (UpPTS)								
Special subframe Normal cyclic prefix in Extended cyclic prefix ir configuration uplink uplink								
Uplink duty factor in one	0~3	7.13%	8.33%					
special subframe	4~7	14.3%	16.7%					

The highest duty factor is resulted from:

- i. Uplink-downlink configuration: 0. In a half-frame consisted of 5 subfames, uplink operation is in 3 uplink subframes and 1 special subframe.
- ii. special subframe configuration: 5-9 for normal cyclic prefix in downlink, 4-7 for extended cyclic prefix in downlink
- iii. for special subframe with extended cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.167)/5 = 63.3%
- iv. for special subframe with normal cyclic prefix in uplink, the total uplink duty factor in one half-frame is: (3+0.143)/5 = 62.9%
- v. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The scaled TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.

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<LTE Band 38>

BW [MHz]	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Power Low Ch. / Freq.	Power Middle Ch. / Freq.	Power High Ch. / Freq.	Tune-up limit	MPR
	Cha	nnel		37850	38000	38150	(dBm)	(dB)
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2580	2595	2610		
20	QPSK	1	0	23.29	23.06	23.15		
20	QPSK	1	49	23.33	23.75	23.35	24	0
20	QPSK	1	99	23.01	23.22	22.91		
20	QPSK	50	0	22.48	22.5	22.34		
20	QPSK	50	24	22.49	22.5	22.28		
20	QPSK	50	50	22.29	22.22	22.15	23	1
20	QPSK	100	0	22.39	22.43	22.29		
20	16QAM	1	0	22	21.83	22.13		
20	16QAM	1	49	21.93	21.94	21.86	23	1
20	16QAM	1	99	21.85	21.89	21.83		
20	16QAM	50	0	21.58	21.35	21.44		
20	16QAM	50	24	21.47	21.29	21.31	22	0
20	16QAM	50	50	21.36	21.24	21.25		2
20	16QAM	100	0	21.57	21.39	21.33		
	Cha	nnel		37825	38000	38175	Tune-up	MPR
	Frequen	cy (MHz)		2577.5	2595	2612.5	limit (dBm)	(dB)
15	QPSK	1	0	23.3	23.07	23.1		
15	QPSK	1	37	23.68	23.34	23.31	24	0
15	QPSK	1	74	23.2	23.15	23.28		
15	QPSK	36	0	22.49	22.27	22.36		
15	QPSK	36	20	22.45	22.14	22.33	23	1
15	QPSK	36	39	22.21	22.12	22.16	۷۵	
15	QPSK	75	0	22.35	22.23	22.21		
15	16QAM	1	0	22.03	21.82	22.21		
15	16QAM	1	37	21.95	22.12	22.29	23	1
15	16QAM	1	74	21.84	21.83	21.83		
15	16QAM	36	0	21.43	21.28	21.36		
15	16QAM	36	20	21.49	21.31	21.41	22	0
15	16QAM	36	39	21.38	21.09	21.28	22	2
15	16QAM	75	0	21.46	21.34	21.23		

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MPR	Tune-up	38200	38000	37800		nnel	Char	
(dB)	limit (dBm)	2615	2595	2575		cy (MHz)	Frequenc	
		23.08	23.01	23.34	0	1	QPSK	10
0	24	23.19	23.26	23.35	25	1	QPSK	10
		23.17	23.19	23.23	49	1	QPSK	10
		22.23	22.34	22.4	0	25	QPSK	10
	00	22.31	22.3	22.44	12	25	QPSK	10
1	23	22.32	22.23	22.48	25	25	QPSK	10
		22.14	22.38	22.44	0	50	QPSK	10
1		21.84	21.89	22	0	1	16QAM	10
	23	21.96	21.85	21.88	25	1	16QAM	10
		21.81	21.89	21.83	49	1	16QAM	10
2		21.47	21.36	21.61	0	25	16QAM	10
		21.42	21.44	21.57	12	25	16QAM	10
	22	21.34	21.24	21.82	25	25	16QAM	10
		21.3	21.4	21.64	0	50	16QAM	10
MPR	Tune-up	38225	38000	37775		nnel	Char	
(dB)	limit (dBm)	2617.5	2595	2572.5		cy (MHz)	Frequenc	
		23.09	23.03	23.29	0	1	QPSK	5
0	24	23.19	23.26	23.54	12	1	QPSK	5
		23	23	23.19	24	1	QPSK	5
		22.24	22.12	22.49	0	12	QPSK	5
		22.22	22.29	22.4	7	12	QPSK	5
1	23	22.09	22.25	22.25	13	12	QPSK	5
		22.12	22.21	22.19	0	25	QPSK	5
		21.82	21.83	21.95	0	1	16QAM	5
1	23	22.23	21.91	22.33	12	1	16QAM	5
		21.81	21.85	21.81	24	1	16QAM	5
		21.35	21.22	21.46	0	12	16QAM	5
2	22	21.33	21.35	21.39	7	12	16QAM	5
		21.19	21.26	21.33	13	12	16QAM	5
		21.5	21.53	21.64	0	25	16QAM	5

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FOR SAR Test Report

<WLAN Conducted Power>

General Note:

Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02. SAR test reduction is determined according to 802.11 transmission mode configurations and certain exposure conditions with multiple test positions. In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. For OFDM, in both 2.4 and 5 GHz bands, an initial test configuration must be determined for each standalone and aggregated frequency band, according to the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units to perform SAR measurements. If the same highest maximum output power applies to different combinations of channel bandwidths, modulations and data rates, additional procedures are applied to determine which test configurations require SAR measurement. When applicable, an initial test position may be applied to reduce the number of SAR measurements required for next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet or hotspot mode configurations with multiple test positions.

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- 2. For 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS, either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test positions or the DSSS procedure for fixed exposure position is applied; these are mutually exclusive. For 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz OFDM configurations, the initial test configuration is applied to measure SAR using either the initial test position procedure for multiple exposure test position configurations or the initial test configuration procedures for fixed exposure test conditions. Based on the reported SAR of the measured configurations and maximum output power of the transmission mode configurations that are not included in the initial test configuration, the subsequent test configuration and initial test position procedures are applied to determine if SAR measurements are required for the remaining OFDM transmission configurations. In general, the number of test channels that require SAR measurement is minimized based on maximum output power measured for the test sample(s).
- For OFDM transmission configurations in the 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz bands, When the same maximum power is specified for multiple transmission modes in a frequency band, the largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation, lowest data rate and lowest order 802.11a/g/n/ac mode is used for SAR measurement, on the highest measured output power channel for each frequency band.
- DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures. SAR is measured in the initial test position using the 802.11 transmission mode configuration required by the DSSS procedure or initial test configuration and subsequent test configuration(s) according to the OFDM procedures.18 The initial test position procedure is described in the following:
 - When the reported SAR of the initial test position is ≤ 0.4 W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and 802.11 transmission mode combinations within the frequency band or aggregated band.
 - When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
 - For all positions/configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.

<2.4GHz WLAN>

	Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Average power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit	Duty Cycle %	
		1	2412	<mark>14.36</mark>	15.00		
	802.11b 1Mbps	6	2437	11.75	13.00	97.59	
		11	2462	13.01	14.00		
		1	2412	13.96	14.50		
2.4GHz WLAN	802.11g 6Mbps	6	2437	11.50	13.00	87.50	
		11	2462	12.67	13.50		
		1	2412	12.19	13.00		
	802.11n-HT20 MCS0	6	2437	9.86	11.50	86.27	
		11	2462	11.13	12.00		
		3	2422	11.80	12.50		
	802.11n-HT40 MCS0	6	2437	11.35	12.50	85.79	
		9	2452	10.85	11.50		

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13. Bluetooth Exclusions Applied

Mode Band	Average power(dBm)					
	Bluetooth v3.0+EDR	Bluetooth v4.0/4.2 LE				
2.4GHz Bluetooth	9.5	-1.0				

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Note:

Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- · The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

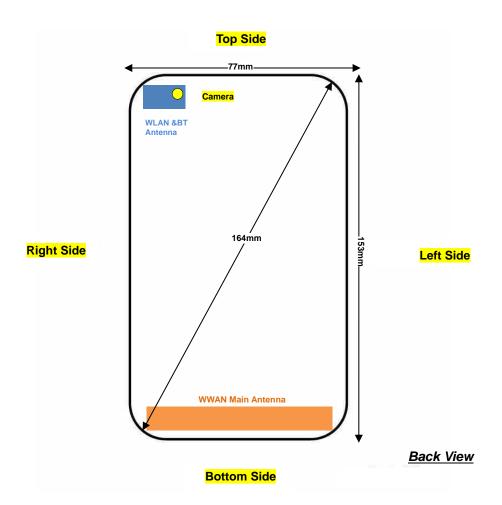
Bluetooth Max Power (dBm) Separation Distance (mm)		Frequency (GHz)	Exclusion Thresholds	
9.5	10	2.48	1.4	

Note: Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the test exclusion threshold is 1.4 which is <= 3, SAR testing is not required.

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14. Antenna Location



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Distance of the Antenna to the EUT surface/edge									
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side									
WWAN Main Antenna	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	>25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm	≤ 25mm			
WLAN & BT ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm ≤ 25mm >25mm ≤ 25mm >25mm									

	Po	ositions for SAR t	ests; Hotspot mo	de										
Antennas Back Front Top Side Bottom Side Right Side Left Side														
WWAN Main Antenna	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes								
WLAN & BT	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No								

General Note:

Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are ≥ 9cm*5cm, the test distance is 10 mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.

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15. SAR Test Results

General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the reported SAR is the measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance.
 - a. Tune-up scaling Factor = tune-up limit power (mW) / EUT RF power (mW), where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

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- b. For SAR testing of WLAN signal with non-100% duty cycle, the measured SAR is scaled-up by the duty cycle scaling factor which is equal to "1/(duty cycle)"
- c. For WWAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)*Tune-up Scaling Factor
- d. For WLAN: Reported SAR(W/kg)= Measured SAR(W/kg)* Duty Cycle scaling factor * Tune-up scaling factor
- e. For TDD LTE SAR measurement, the duty cycle 1:1.59 (62.9 %) was used perform testing and considering the theoretical duty cycle of 63.3% for extended cyclic prefix in the uplink, and the theoretical duty cycle of 62.9% for normal cyclic prefix in uplink, a scaling factor of extended cyclic prefix 63.3%/62.9% = 1.006 is applied to scale-up the measured SAR result. The Reported TDD LTE SAR = measured SAR (W/kg)* Tune-up Scaling Factor* scaling factor for extended cyclic prefix.
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, testing of other required channels within the operating mode of a frequency band is not required when the *reported* 1-g or 10-g SAR for the mid-band or highest output power channel is:
 - · ≤ 0.8 W/kg or 2.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≤ 100 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.6 W/kg or 1.5 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is between 100 MHz and 200 MHz
 - · ≤ 0.4 W/kg or 1.0 W/kg, for 1-g or 10-g respectively, when the transmission band is ≥ 200 MHz
- 3. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
- 5. Per KDB648474 D04v01r03, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg, however, when power reduction applies to hotspot mode the measured SAR must be scaled to the maximum output power, including tolerance, allowed for phablet modes to compare with the 1.2 W/kg SAR test reduction threshold.

GSM Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR test reduction for GSM / GPRS / EDGE modes is determined by the source-based time-averaged output power including tune-up tolerance. The mode with highest specified time-averaged output power should be tested for SAR compliance in the applicable exposure conditions. For modes with the same specified maximum output power and tolerance, the higher number time-slot configuration should be tested. Therefore, the GPRS (2Tx slots) for GSM850 and the GPRS (4Tx slots) for GSM1900 are considered as the primary mode.
- Other configurations of GSM / GPRS / EDGE are considered as secondary modes. The 3G SAR test reduction procedure is applied, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤ ¼ dB higher than the primary mode, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

WCDMA Note:

- 1. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, for SAR testing is measured using a 12.2 kbps RMC with TPC bits configured to all "1's".
- 2. Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. The maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in HSDPA / HSUPA/ DC-HSDPA is ≤ ¼ dB higher than RMC 12.2Kbps or when the highest reported SAR of the RMC12.2Kbps is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of HSDPA / HSUPA to RMC12.2Kbps and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA, and according to the following RF output power, the output power results of the secondary modes (HSDPA, HSUPA, DC-HSDPA) are less than ¼ dB higher than the primary modes; therefore, SAR measurement is not required for HSDPA / HSUPA/ DC-HSDPA.

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LTE Note:

1. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power for RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel.

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- 2. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 50% RB allocation for QPSK SAR testing follows 1RB QPSK allocation procedure.
- 3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.
- 4. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK and the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 16QAM SAR testing is not required.
- 5. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth output power for each RB allocation configuration is > not ½ dB higher than the same configuration in the largest supported bandwidth, and the reported SAR for the largest supported bandwidth is ≤ 1.45 W/kg; Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, smaller bandwidth SAR testing is not required.
- 6. For LTE B4 / B5 / B38 the maximum bandwidth does not support three non-overlapping channels, per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, when a device supports overlapping channel assignment in a channel bandwidth configuration, the middle channel of the group of overlapping channels should be selected for testing.

WLAN Note:

- 1. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 2.4GHz 802.11g/n SAR testing is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- 2. When the reported SAR of the test position is > 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated for the 802.11 transmission mode configuration tested in the initial test position to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position on the highest maximum output power channel, until the report SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg or all required test position are tested.
- 3. For all positions / configurations, when the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is measured for these test positions / configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the reported SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg or all required channels are tested.
- 4. During SAR testing the WLAN transmission was verified using a spectrum analyzer.

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15.1 Head SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Right Cheek	251	848.8	30.85	31	1.035	0.04	0.276	0.286
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Right Tilted	251	848.8	30.85	31	1.035	0.12	0.145	0.150
01	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Cheek	251	848.8	30.85	31	1.035	0.02	0.325	<mark>0.336</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Tilted	251	848.8	30.85	31	1.035	0.12	0.171	0.177
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Cheek	661	1880	25.7	26	1.072	0.09	0.046	0.049
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Tilted	661	1880	25.7	26	1.072	0.02	0.029	0.031
02	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Cheek	661	1880	25.7	26	1.072	0.03	0.059	<mark>0.064</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Tilted	661	1880	25.7	26	1.072	0.02	0.038	0.041

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	23.74	24	1.062	0.06	0.254	0.270
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	23.74	24	1.062	0.02	0.133	0.141
03	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	23.74	24	1.062	0.14	0.305	0.324
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	23.74	24	1.062	0.19	0.151	0.160
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Cheek	9262	1852.4	23.8	24	1.047	0.03	0.083	0.087
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Tilted	9262	1852.4	23.8	24	1.047	0.02	0.055	0.058
04	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Cheek	9262	1852.4	23.8	24	1.047	0.07	0.120	<mark>0.126</mark>
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Tilted	9262	1852.4	23.8	24	1.047	0.12	0.073	0.076

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<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	23.36	24	1.159	0.13	0.245	0.284
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	22.42	23	1.143	-0.05	0.195	0.223
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	23.36	24	1.159	-0.06	0.159	0.184
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	22.42	23	1.143	-0.03	0.123	0.141
05	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	23.36	24	1.159	0.1	0.296	<mark>0.343</mark>
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	22.42	23	1.143	-0.09	0.226	0.258
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	23.36	24	1.159	0.13	0.160	0.185
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	22.42	23	1.143	0.04	0.125	0.143
06	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	19.37	20	1.156	0.02	0.097	0.112
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	19.23	20	1.194	0.02	0.078	0.093
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	19.37	20	1.156	0.17	0.053	0.061
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	19.23	20	1.194	0.03	0.043	0.052
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	19.37	20	1.156	0.09	0.070	0.081
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	19.23	20	1.194	0.06	0.057	0.068
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	19.37	20	1.156	0.03	0.039	0.045
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	19.23	20	1.194	0.11	0.033	0.040
07	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	20850	2510	18.41	19	1.146	0.04	0.244	0.280
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	20850	2510	18.61	19	1.094	0.01	0.192	0.210
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	20850	2510	18.41	19	1.146	0.05	0.063	0.072
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	20850	2510	18.61	19	1.094	0.08	0.039	0.043
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	20850	2510	18.41	19	1.146	0.04	0.173	0.198
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	20850	2510	18.61	19	1.094	0.02	0.132	0.144
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	20850	2510	18.41	19	1.146	0.05	0.109	0.125
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	20850	2510	18.61	19	1.094	0.02	0.084	0.092

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<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Cheek	38000	2595	23.75	24	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.06	0.100	0.107
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Cheek	38000	2595	22.5	23	1.122	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.075	0.084
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Tilted	38000	2595	23.75	24	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.051	0.054
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Tilted	38000	2595	22.5	23	1.122	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.036	0.040
08	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Cheek	38000	2595	23.75	24	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.08	0.181	<mark>0.193</mark>
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Cheek	38000	2595	22.5	23	1.122	62.9	1.006	-0.01	0.133	0.150
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Tilted	38000	2595	23.75	24	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.07	0.060	0.064
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Tilted	38000	2595	22.5	23	1.122	62.9	1.006	0.02	0.044	0.050

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<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Max Area Scan SAR	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Cheek	1	2412	14.36	15	1.159	97.59	1.025		0.384		
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Tilted	1	2412	14.36	15	1.159	97.59	1.025	0.07	0.434	0.293	0.348
09	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	1	2412	14.36	15	1.159	97.59	1.025	0.04	1.940	0.847	1.006
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Cheek	11	2462	13.01	15	1.581	97.59	1.025	0.02		0.619	1.003
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	1	2412	14.36	15	1.159	97.59	1.025	0.03	1.360	0.820	0.974
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Left Tilted	11	2462	13.01	15	1.581	97.59	1.025	0.03		0.580	0.940

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15.2 Hotspot SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Front	10	251	848.8	30.85	31	1.035	0.05	0.268	0.277
10	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	10	251	848.8	30.85	31	1.035	-0.01	0.377	<mark>0.390</mark>
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Left Side	10	251	848.8	30.85	31	1.035	0.07	0.280	0.290
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Right Side	10	251	848.8	30.85	31	1.035	0.09	0.245	0.254
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Bottom Side	10	251	848.8	30.85	31	1.035	0.01	0.066	0.069
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Front	10	661	1880	25.7	26	1.072	-0.18	0.189	0.203
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	661	1880	25.7	26	1.072	0.02	0.239	0.256
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Left Side	10	661	1880	25.7	26	1.072	-0.01	0.034	0.036
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Right Side	10	661	1880	25.7	26	1.072	0.11	0.022	0.023
11	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Bottom Side	10	661	1880	25.7	26	1.072	0.08	0.369	<mark>0.395</mark>

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	4233	846.6	23.74	24	1.062	0.09	0.250	0.265
12	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	4233	846.6	23.74	24	1.062	0.01	0.325	<mark>0.345</mark>
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10	4233	846.6	23.74	24	1.062	0.05	0.266	0.282
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10	4233	846.6	23.74	24	1.062	0.05	0.222	0.236
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	4233	846.6	23.74	24	1.062	0.02	0.050	0.053
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9262	1852.4	23.8	24	1.047	-0.02	0.459	0.481
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9262	1852.4	23.8	24	1.047	0.01	0.651	0.682
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Left Side	10	9262	1852.4	23.8	24	1.047	0.07	0.059	0.062
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Right Side	10	9262	1852.4	23.8	24	1.047	0.08	0.076	0.079
13	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	9262	1852.4	23.8	24	1.047	-0.01	0.783	<mark>0.820</mark>
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	9400	1880	23.6	24	1.096	0.11	0.719	0.788
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Bottom Side	10	9538	1907.6	23.61	24	1.094	0.03	0.735	0.804

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<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10	20525	836.5	23.36	24	1.159	-0.01	0.297	0.344
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10	20525	836.5	22.42	23	1.143	-0.09	0.239	0.273
14	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10	20525	836.5	23.36	24	1.159	0.01	0.418	<mark>0.484</mark>
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10	20525	836.5	22.42	23	1.143	-0.08	0.329	0.376
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Left Side	10	20525	836.5	23.36	24	1.159	-0.05	0.309	0.358
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Left Side	10	20525	836.5	22.42	23	1.143	0.11	0.240	0.274
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Right Side	10	20525	836.5	23.36	24	1.159	0.15	0.253	0.293
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Right Side	10	20525	836.5	22.42	23	1.143	-0.06	0.204	0.233
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Bottom Side	10	20525	836.5	23.36	24	1.159	0.12	0.051	0.059
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Bottom Side	10	20525	836.5	22.42	23	1.143	-0.09	0.040	0.045
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	20175	1732.5	19.37	20	1.156	0.02	0.388	0.449
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	20175	1732.5	19.23	20	1.194	-0.01	0.398	0.475
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	20175	1732.5	19.37	20	1.156	-0.04	0.716	0.828
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	20175	1732.5	19.23	20	1.194	-0.01	0.714	0.853
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10	20175	1732.5	19.17	20	1.211	0.12	0.727	0.880
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10	20175	1732.5	19.37	20	1.156	-0.08	0.022	0.025
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10	20175	1732.5	19.23	20	1.194	0.01	0.022	0.026
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10	20175	1732.5	19.37	20	1.156	0.17	0.043	0.050
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10	20175	1732.5	19.23	20	1.194	0.03	0.044	0.052
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10	20175	1732.5	19.37	20	1.156	0	0.834	0.964
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10	20175	1732.5	19.23	20	1.194	0.02	0.832	0.993
15	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	10	20175	1732.5	19.17	20	1.211	0.04	0.857	1.037
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	20850	2510	18.41	19	1.146	0.05	0.289	0.331
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	20850	2510	18.61	19	1.094	-0.01	0.291	0.318
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	20850	2510	18.41	19	1.146	0.11	0.555	0.636
16	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	20850	2510	18.61	19	1.094	0.02	0.583	0.638
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10	20850	2510	18.41	19	1.146	0.05	0.015	0.018
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10	20850	2510	18.61	19	1.094	-0.19	0.015	0.016
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10	20850	2510	18.41	19	1.146	0.02	0.051	0.059
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10	20850	2510	18.61	19	1.094	0.01	0.051	0.056
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10	20850	2510	18.41	19	1.146	0.09	0.528	0.605
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10	20850	2510	18.61	19	1.094	0.03	0.523	0.572

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<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	38000	2595	23.75	24	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.246	0.262
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	38000	2595	22.5	23	1.122	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.201	0.227
17	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	38000	2595	23.75	24	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.13	0.458	<mark>0.488</mark>
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	38000	2595	22.5	23	1.122	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.377	0.426
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Left Side	10	38000	2595	23.75	24	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.05	0.054	0.058
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Left Side	10	38000	2595	22.5	23	1.122	62.9	1.006	-0.07	0.041	0.046
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Right Side	10	38000	2595	23.75	24	1.059	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.043	0.046
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Right Side	10	38000	2595	22.5	23	1.122	62.9	1.006	-0.07	0.031	0.035
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Bottom Side	10	38000	2595	23.75	24	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.1	0.423	0.451
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Bottom Side	10	38000	2595	22.5	23	1.122	62.9	1.006	-0.09	0.340	0.384

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<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Max Area Scan SAR	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
18	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10	1	2412	14.36	15	1.159	97.59	1.025	0.01	0.286	0.181	<mark>0.215</mark>
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	14.36	15	1.159	97.59	1.025		0.273		
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Right Side	10	1	2412	14.36	15	1.159	97.59	1.025		0.282		
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Top Side	10	1	2412	14.36	15	1.159	97.59	1.025		0.175		

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15.3 Body Worn Accessory SAR

<GSM SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Front	10	251	848.8	30.85	31	1.035	0.05	0.268	0.277
10	GSM850	GPRS 2 Tx slots	Back	10	251	848.8	30.85	31	1.035	-0.01	0.377	<mark>0.390</mark>
	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Front	10	661	1880	25.7	26	1.072	-0.18	0.189	0.203
19	GSM1900	GPRS 4 Tx slots	Back	10	661	1880	25.7	26	1.072	0.02	0.239	<mark>0.256</mark>

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<WCDMA SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	4233	846.6	23.74	24	1.062	0.09	0.250	0.265
12	WCDMA Band V	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	4233	846.6	23.74	24	1.062	0.01	0.325	0.345
	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Front	10	9262	1852.4	23.8	24	1.047	-0.02	0.459	0.481
20	WCDMA Band II	RMC 12.2Kbps	Back	10	9262	1852.4	23.8	24	1.047	0.01	0.651	0.682

<FDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Front	10	20525	836.5	23.36	24	1.159	-0.01	0.297	0.344
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Front	10	20525	836.5	22.42	23	1.143	-0.09	0.239	0.273
14	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	1	25	Back	10	20525	836.5	23.36	24	1.159	0.01	0.418	<mark>0.484</mark>
	LTE Band 5	10M	QPSK	25	0	Back	10	20525	836.5	22.42	23	1.143	-0.08	0.329	0.376
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	20175	1732.5	19.37	20	1.156	0.02	0.388	0.449
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	20175	1732.5	19.23	20	1.194	-0.01	0.398	0.475
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	20175	1732.5	19.37	20	1.156	-0.04	0.716	0.828
	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	20175	1732.5	19.23	20	1.194	-0.01	0.714	0.853
21	LTE Band 4	20M	QPSK	100	0	Back	10	20175	1732.5	19.17	20	1.211	0.12	0.727	<mark>0.880</mark>
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	20850	2510	18.41	19	1.146	0.05	0.289	0.331
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	20850	2510	18.61	19	1.094	-0.01	0.291	0.318
	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	20850	2510	18.41	19	1.146	0.11	0.555	0.636
16	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	20850	2510	18.61	19	1.094	0.02	0.583	<mark>0.638</mark>

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<TDD LTE SAR>

Plot No.	Band	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Front	10	38000	2595	23.75	24	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.09	0.246	0.262
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Front	10	38000	2595	22.5	23	1.122	62.9	1.006	-0.06	0.201	0.227
17	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	1	49	Back	10	38000	2595	23.75	24	1.059	62.9	1.006	0.13	0.458	0.488
	LTE Band 38	20M	QPSK	50	0	Back	10	38000	2595	22.5	23	1.122	62.9	1.006	-0.05	0.377	0.426

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<WLAN SAR>

Plot No.	Band	Mode	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Duty Cycle %	Duty Cycle Scaling Factor	Power Drift (dB)	Max Area Scan SAR	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
18	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Front	10	1	2412	14.36	15	1.159	97.59	1.025	0.01	0.286	0.181	<mark>0.215</mark>
	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	Back	10	1	2412	14.36	15	1.159	97.59	1.025		0.273		

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15.4 Repeated SAR Measurement

No.	Band	Mode	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Test Position	Gap (mm)	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Average Power (dBm)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Tune-up Scaling Factor	Cycle		Drift	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Ratio	Reported 1g SAR (W/kg)
1st	LTE Band 4	•	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	10	20175	1732.5	19.17	20	1.211	-	ı	0.04	0.857	1	1.037
2nd		•	20M	QPSK	100	0	Bottom Side	10	20175	1732.5	19.17	20	1.211	•	•	0.01	0.843	1.017	1.021
1st	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	•	•	-	1	Left Cheek	1	1	2412	14.36	15	1.159	97.59	1.025	0.04	0.847	1	1.006
2nd	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	•	-	-	-	Left Cheek	-	1	2412	14.36	15	1.159	97.59	1.025	0.02	0.838	1.011	0.995

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General Note:

- 1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/kg.
- 2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio among the repeated measurement is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR <1.45W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.
- 3. The ratio is the difference in percentage between original and repeated measured SAR.
- 4. All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance and is compliant.

16. Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

No.	Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Р	ortable Handse	et .	Note
NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Comigurations	Head	Body-worn	Hotspot	Note
1.	GSM Voice + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes		
2.	GPRS/EDGE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	WLAN Hotspot
3.	WCDMA + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	WLAN Hotspot
4.	LTE + WLAN2.4GHz	Yes	Yes	Yes	WLAN Hotspot
5.	GSM Voice + Bluetooth		Yes		
6.	GPRS/EDGE + Bluetooth		Yes	Yes	BT Tethering
7.	WCDMA + Bluetooth		Yes	Yes	BT Tethering
8.	LTE + Bluetooth		Yes	Yes	BT Tethering

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General Note:

- This device supports VoIP in GPRS, EGPRS, WCDMA and LTE (e.g. for 3rd-party VoIP), LTE supports VoLTE
 operation.
- 2. EUT will choose each GSM, WCDMA, and LTE according to the network signal condition; therefore, they will not operate simultaneously at any moment.
- 3. WLAN 2.4GHz and Bluetooth share the same antenna so can't transmit simultaneously.
- 4. This device WLAN 2.4GHz supports hotspot operation and Bluetooth support tethering applications.
- 5. Chose the worst zoom scan SAR of WLAN correspondingly for co-located with WWAN analysis.
- 6. The reported SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- 7. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - i) Scalar SAR summation < 1.6W/kg.
 - ii) SPLSR = (SAR1 + SAR2)^1.5 / (min. separation distance, mm), and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of [(x1-x2)2 + (y1-y2)2 + (z1-z2)2], where (x1, y1, z1) and (x2, y2, z2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
 - iii) If SPLSR ≤ 0.04, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
 - iv) Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the reported multi-band SAR < 1.6W/kg.
- For simultaneous transmission analysis, Bluetooth SAR is estimated per KDB 447498 D01v06 based on the formula below.
 - i) (max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm; where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.
 - ii) When the minimum separation distance is < 5mm, the distance is used 5mm to determine SAR test exclusion.
 - iii) 0.4 W/kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm.

Bluetooth	Exposure Position	Hotspot & Body worn
Max Power (dBm)	Test separation	10 mm
9.5	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.189

16.1 Head Exposure Conditions

			1	2	1+2
WWA	N Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Summed 1g SAR
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	(W/kg)
		Right Cheek	0.286	1.006	1.29
	GSM850	Right Tilted	0.150	0.348	0.50
	GSIVIOSO	Left Cheek	0.336	1.006	1.34
GSM		Left Tilted	0.177	0.974	1.15
GSIVI		Right Cheek	0.049	1.006	1.06
	00144000	Right Tilted	0.031	0.348	0.38
	GSM1900	Left Cheek	0.064	1.006	1.07
		Left Tilted	0.041	0.974	1.02
		Right Cheek	0.270	1.006	1.28
	Don't M	Right Tilted	0.141	0.348	0.49
	Band V	Left Cheek	0.324	1.006	1.33
14/00444		Left Tilted	0.160	0.974	1.13
WCDMA		Right Cheek	0.087	1.006	1.09
	5	Right Tilted	0.058	0.348	0.41
	Band II	Left Cheek	0.126	1.006	1.13
		Left Tilted	0.076	0.974	1.05
		Right Cheek	0.284	1.006	1.29
	David 5	Right Tilted	0.184	0.348	0.53
	Band 5	Left Cheek	0.343	1.006	<mark>1.35</mark>
		Left Tilted	0.185	0.974	1.16
		Right Cheek	0.112	1.006	1.12
	Don't 4	Right Tilted	0.061	0.348	0.41
	Band 4	Left Cheek	0.081	1.006	1.09
		Left Tilted	0.045	0.974	1.02
LTE		Right Cheek	0.280	1.006	1.29
	5	Right Tilted	0.072	0.348	0.42
	Band 7	Left Cheek	0.198	1.006	1.20
		Left Tilted	0.125	0.974	1.10
		Right Cheek	0.107	1.006	1.11
	D 100	Right Tilted	0.054	0.348	0.40
	Band 38	Left Cheek	0.193	1.006	1.20
		Left Tilted	0.064	0.974	1.04

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16.2 Hotspot Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3		
WW	AN Band	Exposure Position	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
			1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Front	0.277	0.215	0.189	0.49	0.47
		Back	0.390	0.215	0.189	0.61	0.58
	GSM850	Left side	0.290			0.29	0.29
	GSIVIOSU	Right side	0.254	0.215	0.189	0.47	0.44
		Top side		0.215	0.189	0.22	0.19
GSM		Bottom side	0.069			0.07	0.07
GSIVI		Front	0.203	0.215	0.189	0.42	0.39
		Back	0.256	0.215	0.189	0.47	0.45
	00044000	Left side	0.036			0.04	0.04
	GSM1900	Right side	0.023	0.215	0.189	0.24	0.21
		Top side		0.215	0.189	0.22	0.19
		Bottom side	0.395			0.40	0.40
		Front	0.265	0.215	0.189	0.48	0.45
		Back	0.345	0.215	0.189	0.56	0.53
	Band V	Left side	0.282			0.28	0.28
	Danu v	Right side	0.236	0.215	0.189	0.45	0.43
		Top side		0.215	0.189	0.22	0.19
WCDMA		Bottom side	0.053			0.05	0.05
WCDIVIA		Front	0.481	0.215	0.189	0.70	0.67
		Back	0.682	0.215	0.189	0.90	0.87
	Dond II	Left side	0.062			0.06	0.06
	Band II	Right side	0.079	0.215	0.189	0.29	0.27
		Top side		0.215	0.189	0.22	0.19
		Bottom side	0.820			0.82	0.82

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			1	2	3		
ww	VAN Band	Exposure	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
		Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
		Front	0.344	0.215	0.189	0.56	0.53
		Back	0.484	0.215	0.189	0.70	0.67
	Band 5	Left side	0.358			0.36	0.36
	Dallu 5	Right side	0.293	0.215	0.189	0.51	0.48
		Top side		0.215	0.189	0.22	0.19
		Bottom side	0.059			0.06	0.06
		Front	0.475	0.215	0.189	0.69	0.66
		Back	0.880	0.215	0.189	1.10	1.07
	Band 4	Left side	0.026			0.03	0.03
	Danu 4	Right side	0.052	0.215	0.189	0.27	0.24
		Top side		0.215	0.189	0.22	0.19
LTE		Bottom side	1.037			1.04	1.04
LIE		Front	0.331	0.215	0.189	0.55	0.52
		Back	0.638	0.215	0.189	0.85	0.83
	Band 7	Left side	0.018			0.02	0.02
	Danu 7	Right side	0.059	0.215	0.189	0.27	0.25
		Top side		0.215	0.189	0.22	0.19
		Bottom side	0.605			0.61	0.61
		Front	0.262	0.215	0.189	0.48	0.45
		Back	0.488	0.215	0.189	0.70	0.68
	Don d OO	Left side	0.058			0.06	0.06
	Band 38	Right side	0.046	0.215	0.189	0.26	0.24
		Top side		0.215	0.189	0.22	0.19
		Bottom side	0.451			0.45	0.45

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16.3 Body-Worn Accessory Exposure Conditions

			1	2	3		
WWAI	N Band	Exposure	WWAN	2.4GHz WLAN	Bluetooth	1+2 Summed	1+3 Summed
		Position	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	Estimated 1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)	1g SAR (W/kg)
	GSM850	Front	0.277	0.215	0.189	0.49	0.47
GSM	GSIVIOSO	Back	0.390	0.215	0.189	0.61	0.58
GSIVI	GSM1900	Front	0.203	0.215	0.189	0.42	0.39
	G3W1900	Back	0.256	0.215	0.189	0.47	0.45
	Band V	Front	0.265	0.215	0.189	0.48	0.45
WCDMA	band v	Back	0.345	0.215	0.189	0.56	0.53
WCDIVIA	Band II	Front	0.481	0.215	0.189	0.70	0.67
	Band II	Back	0.682	0.215	0.189	0.90	0.87
	Band 5	Front	0.344	0.215	0.189	0.56	0.53
	Band 5	Back	0.484	0.215	0.189	0.70	0.67
	Band 4	Front	0.475	0.215	0.189	0.69	0.66
LTE	Band 4	Back	0.880	0.215	0.189	1.10	1.07
LIE	Band 7	Front	0.331	0.215	0.189	0.55	0.52
	Band /	Back	0.638	0.215	0.189	0.85	0.83
	Band 38	Front	0.262	0.215	0.189	0.48	0.45
	Dai10 38	Back	0.488	0.215	0.189	0.70	0.68

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Test Engineer: Nick Hu

TEL: 86-0512-5790-0158 / FAX: 86-0512-5790-0958

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17. Uncertainty Assessment

The component of uncertainly may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainly by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type An evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

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A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in table below.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor ^(a)	1/k ^(b)	1/√3	1/√6	1/√2

- (a) standard uncertainty is determined as the product of the multiplying factor and the estimated range of variations in the measured quantity
- (b) κ is the coverage factor

Table 17.1. Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

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Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Divisor	(Ci) 1g	(Ci) 10g	Standard Uncertainty (1g) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (10g) (±%)
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	6.0	N	1	1	1	6.0	6.0
Axial Isotropy	4.7	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	1.9	1.9
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.6	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	3.9	3.9
Boundary Effects	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	R	1.732	1	1	2.7	2.7
System Detection Limits	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Modulation Response	3.2	R	1.732	1	1	1.8	1.8
Readout Electronics	0.3	N	1	1	1	0.3	0.3
Response Time	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Integration Time	2.6	R	1.732	1	1	1.5	1.5
RF Ambient Noise	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
RF Ambient Reflections	3.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
Probe Positioning	2.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.7	1.7
Max. SAR Eval.	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Test Sample Related							
Device Positioning	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
Device Holder	3.6	N	1	1	1	3.6	3.6
Power Drift	5.0	R	1.732	1	1	2.9	2.9
Power Scaling	0.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.0	0.0
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty	6.1	R	1.732	1	1	3.5	3.5
SAR correction	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.84	0.0	0.0
Liquid Conductivity Repeatability	0.2	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	2.3	2.0
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.1	1.0
Temp. unc Conductivity	3.4	R	1.732	0.78	0.71	1.5	1.4
Liquid Permittivity Repeatability	0.15	N	1	0.23	0.26	0.0	0.0
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.0	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.7	0.8
Liquid Permittivity (mea.)	2.5	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.3	0.4
Temp. unc Permittivity	0.83	R	1.732	0.23	0.26	0.1	0.1
Combined Std. Uncertainty						11.4%	11.4%
Coverage Factor for 95 %						K=2	K=2
Expanded STD Uncertainty						22.9%	22.7%

Table 17.2. Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz

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18. References

[1] FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"

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- [2] ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- [3] IEEE Std. 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", Sep 2013
- [4] SPEAG DASY System Handbook
- [5] FCC KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, "SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 (WiFi) Transmitters", Oct 2015.
- [6] FCC KDB 447498 D01 v06, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", Oct 2015
- [7] FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", Oct 2015.
- [8] FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", Oct 2015
- [9] FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for LTE Devices", Dec 2015
- [10] FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, "SAR Evaluation Procedures for Portable Devices with Wireless Router Capabilities", Oct 2015.
- [11] FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", Aug 2015.
- [12] FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r02, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations" Oct 2015.

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Appendix A. Plots of System Performance Check

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The plots are shown as follows.

Sporton International (KunShan) INC.

System Check_Head_835MHz

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.926$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.447$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2017.6.30

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.52, 10.52, 10.52); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.94 W/kg

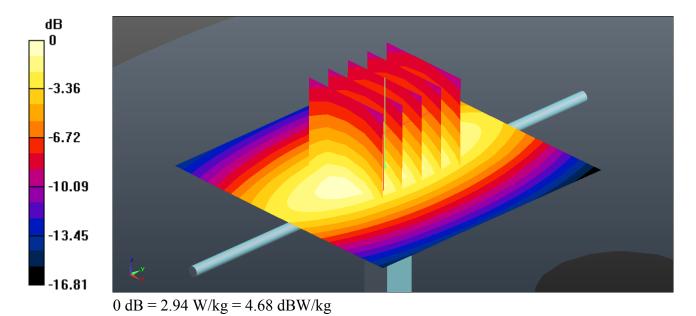
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.35 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.43 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.35 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.57 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.94 W/kg



System Check_Head_1750MHz

DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1069

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.406$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.842$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2017.7.4

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.47, 8.47, 8.47); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

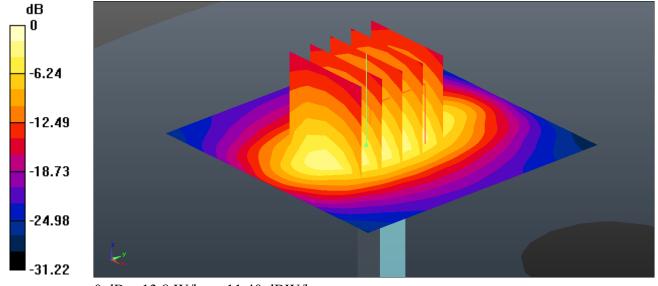
Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.8 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 86.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.52 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.13 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.4 W/kg



0 dB = 13.8 W/kg = 11.40 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.411$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.482$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2017.7.4

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.29, 8.29, 8.29); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.7 W/kg

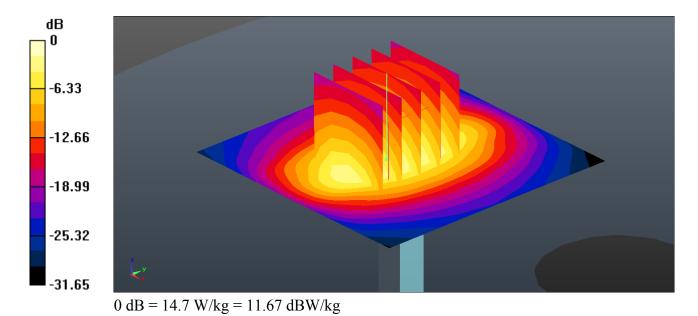
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 87.78 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.9 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 10 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.16 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 W/kg



System Check_Head_2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.856$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 38.126$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2017.7.7

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.44, 7.44, 7.44); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.1 W/kg

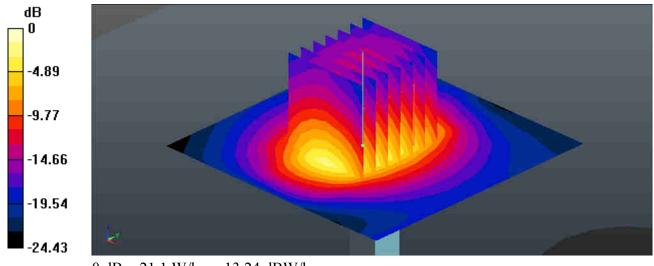
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.6 W/kg



0 dB = 21.1 W/kg = 13.24 dBW/kg

System Check_Head_2600MHz

DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.028$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 37.658$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2017.6.30

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (71x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 21.9 W/kg

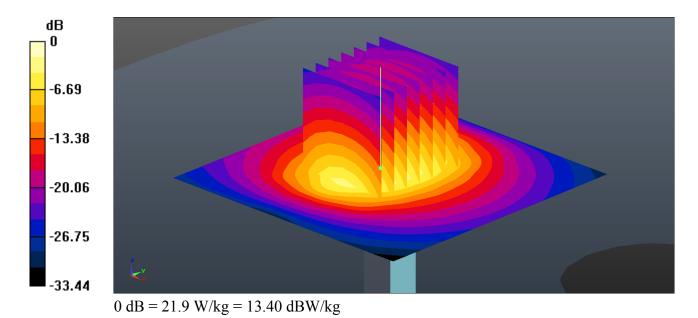
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 86.06 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 30.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.95 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.8 W/kg



System Check_Body_835MHz

DUT: D835V2 - SN:4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.984$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.861$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2017.7.3

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.32, 10.32, 10.32); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

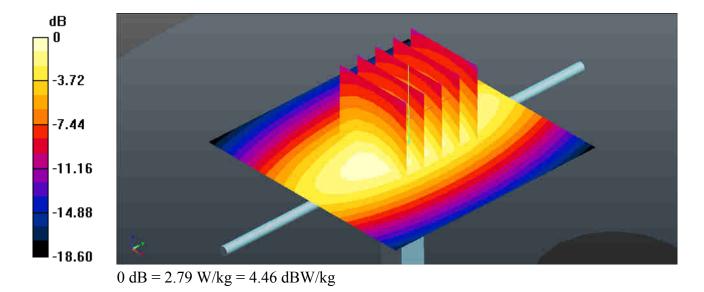
Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.65 W/kg

Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 49.49 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.46 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.80 W/kg



System Check_Body_1750MHz

DUT: D1750V2 - SN:1069

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1750 Medium parameters used: f = 1750 MHz; $\sigma = 1.502$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 54.025$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2017.7.5

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.29, 8.29, 8.29); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 13.0 W/kg

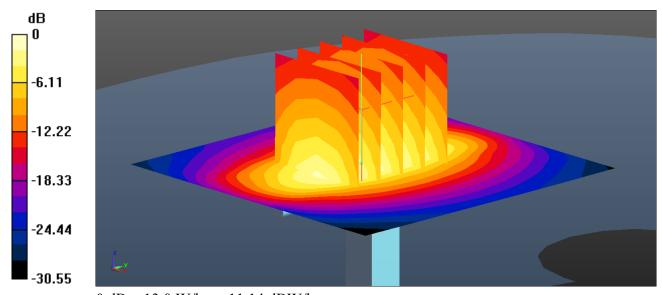
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 80.22 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 16.4 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.59 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.23 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.4 W/kg



0 dB = 13.0 W/kg = 11.14 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_1900MHz

DUT: D1900V2 - SN:5d118

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1900 MHz; $\sigma = 1.542$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.414$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2017.7.5

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 14.2 W/kg

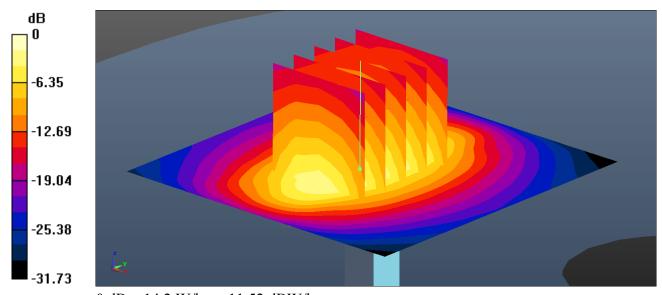
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.83 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.98 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.15 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



0 dB = 14.2 W/kg = 11.52 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_2450MHz

DUT: D2450V2 - SN:840

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.986$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.338$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2017.7.7

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 18.6 W/kg

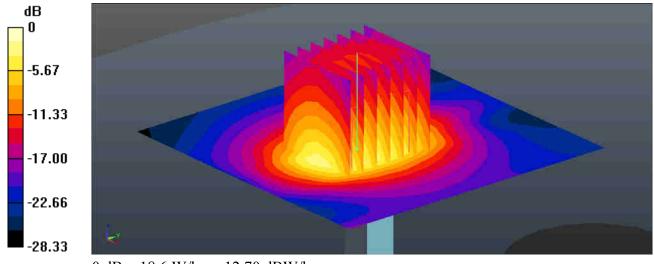
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 81.82 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 23.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.98 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 W/kg



0 dB = 18.6 W/kg = 12.70 dBW/kg

System Check_Body_2600MHz

DUT: D2600V2 - SN:1061

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2600 MHz; $\sigma = 2.199$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.299$; $\rho = 1000$

Date: 2017.7.2

 kg/m^3

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.05, 7.05, 7.05); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Pin=250mW/Area Scan (81x81x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 22.2 W/kg

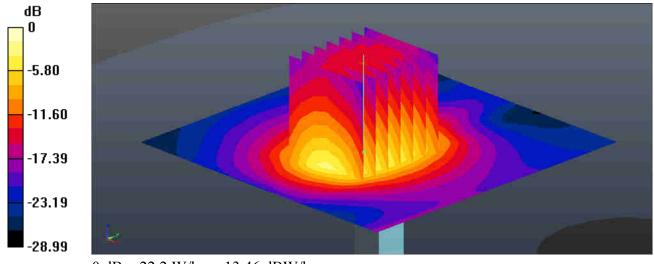
Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 83.27 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 14.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.68 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.9 W/kg



0 dB = 22.2 W/kg = 13.46 dBW/kg

Appendix B. Plots of High SAR Measurement

Report No.: FA762302

The plots are shown as follows.

Sporton International (KunShan) INC.

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01_GSM850_GPRS 2 Tx slots_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (2 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:4.15 Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.939$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.276$; $\rho = 1000 \text{kg/m}^3$ Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

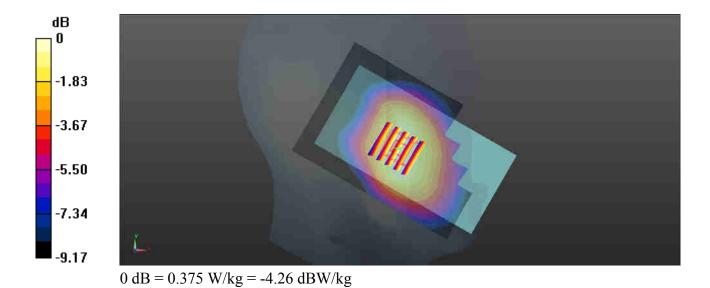
Date: 2017.6.30

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.52, 10.52, 10.52); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.375 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.273 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.395 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.325 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.248 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.367 W/kg



02 GSM1900 GPRS 4 Tx slots Left Cheek 0mm Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:2.08 Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.388$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.567$; $\rho = 1000 kg/m^3$ Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

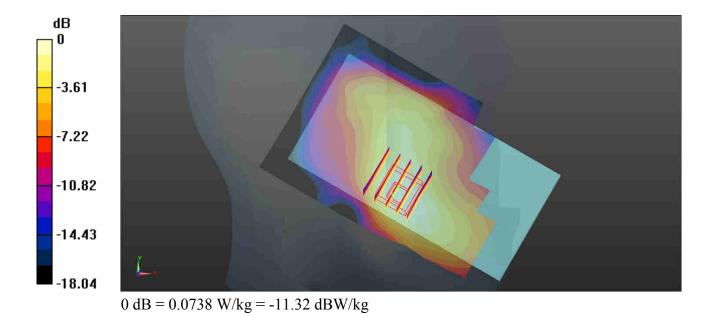
Date: 2017.7.4

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.29, 8.29, 8.29); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch661/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0780 W/kg

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.758 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0930 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.059 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.036 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0738 W/kg



03_WCDMA Band V_RMC12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.938$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.302$; $\rho = 1000_{\text{kg/m}}^3$

Date: 2017.6.30

Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

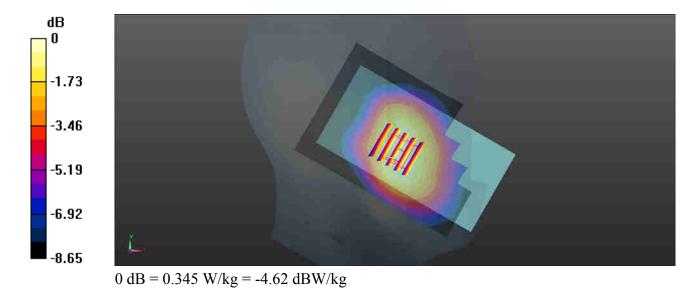
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.52, 10.52, 10.52); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.345 W/kg

Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.274 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.377 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.305 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.233 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.347 W/kg



04_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch9262

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.358$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 40.686$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.7.4

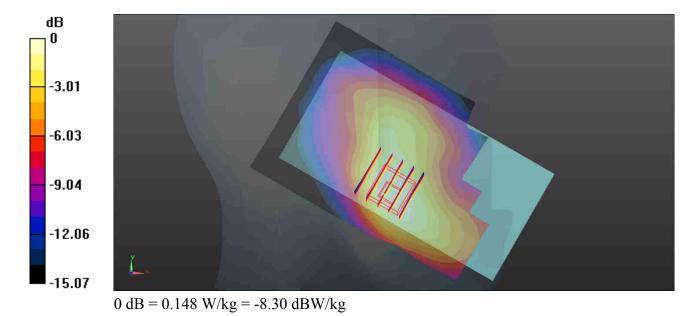
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.29, 8.29, 8.29); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.156 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.527 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.182 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.120 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.148 W/kg



05_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch20525

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_835 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.928$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 42.427$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.6.30

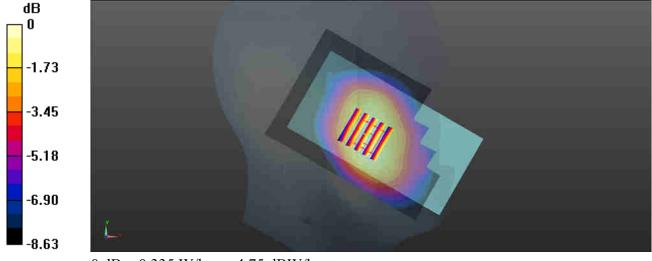
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.52, 10.52, 10.52); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.335 W/kg

Ch20525/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 6.287 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.364 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.296 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.225 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.333 W/kg



0 dB = 0.335 W/kg = -4.75 dBW/kg

06 LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB 49Offset Right Cheek 0mm Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_1750 Medium parameters used : f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.388$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.921$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.7.4

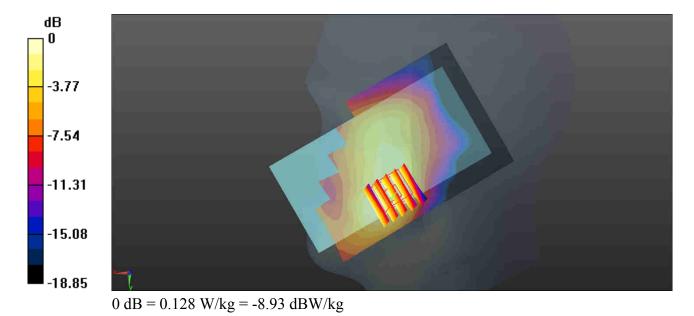
Ambient Temperature: 23.4 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.47, 8.47, 8.47); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.128 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.184 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.145 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.097 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.065 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.119 W/kg



07 LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 1RB 49Offset Right Cheek 0mm Ch20850

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; $\sigma = 1.924$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.036$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.6.30

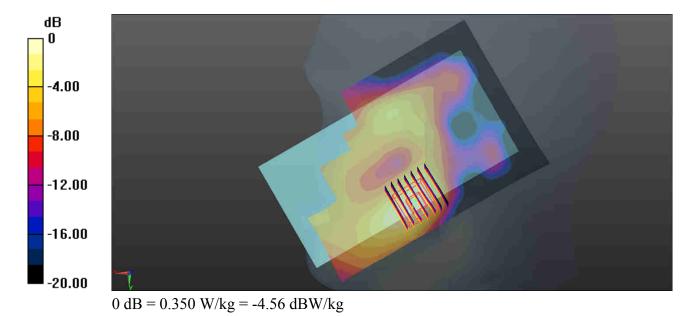
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch20850/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.344 W/kg

Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 1.172 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.463 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.244 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.120 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.350 W/kg



08 LTE Band 38 20M QPSK 1RB 49Offset Left Cheek 0mm Ch38000

Communication System: UID 0, TDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2595 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59 Medium: HSL_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2595 MHz; $\sigma = 2.023$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.678$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.6.30

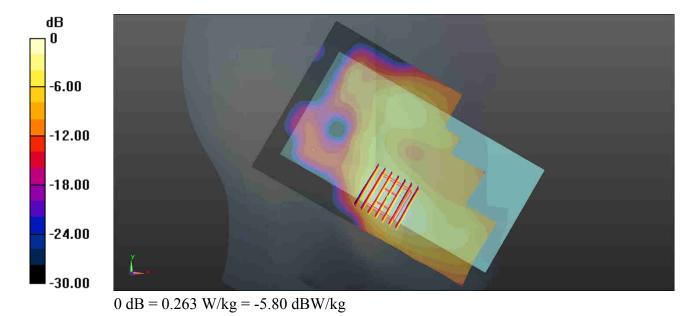
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(7.62, 7.62, 7.62); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch38000/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.293 W/kg

Ch38000/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.066 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.353 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.181 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.263 W/kg



09_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Left Cheek_0mm_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.025 Medium: HSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.814$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.293$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.7.7

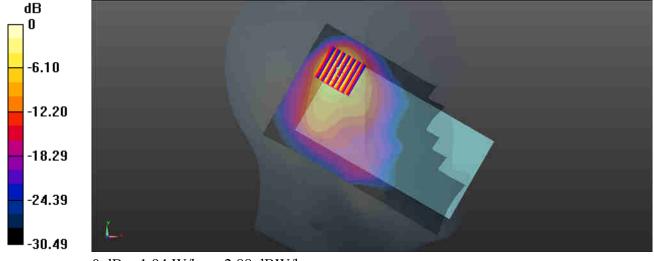
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.7 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.44, 7.44, 7.44); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch1/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.94 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 16.85 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.29 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.847 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.393 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 W/kg



0 dB = 1.94 W/kg = 2.88 dBW/kg

10 GSM850 GPRS 2 Tx slots Back 10mm 251

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (2 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 848.8 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:4.15 Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 848.8 MHz; $\sigma = 0.999$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 55.709$; $\rho = 1000 kg/m^3$ Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

Date: 2017.7.3

DASY5 Configuration:

-8.76

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.32, 10.32, 10.32); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch251/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.432 W/kg

Ch251/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 21.12 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.478 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.377 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.292 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.433 W/kg

-1.75 -3.50 -5.26 -7.01

0 dB = 0.432 W/kg = -3.65 dBW/kg

11 GSM1900 GPRS 4 Tx slots Bottom Side 10mm Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle:1:2.08 Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.519$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.482$; $\rho = 1000 kg/m^3$ Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

Date: 2017.7.5

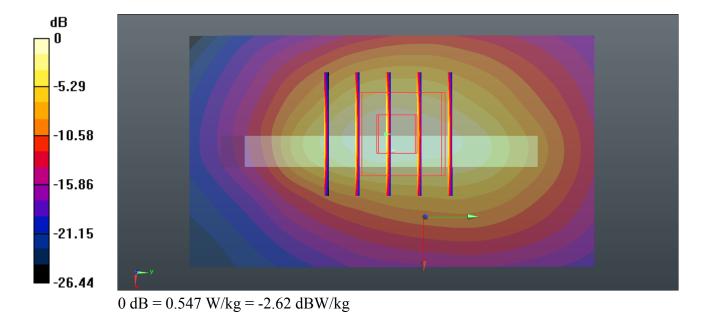
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch661/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.547 W/kg

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 18.47 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.642 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.369 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.200 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.508 W/kg



12_WCDMA Band V_RMC12.2Kbps_Back_10mm_Ch4233

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL_850 Medium parameters used: f = 846.6 MHz; $\sigma = 0.996$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 55.733$; $\rho = 1000_{\text{kg/m}}^3$

Date: 2017.7.3

Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.32, 10.32, 10.32); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch4233/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.371 W/kg

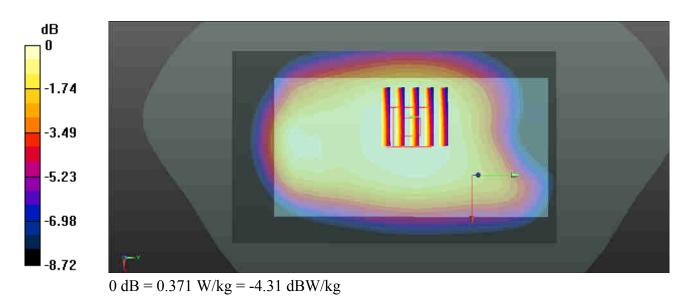
Ch4233/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 19.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.421 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.325 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.252 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.379 W/kg



13_WCDMA Band II_RMC 12.2Kbps_Bottom Side_10mm_Ch9262

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used : f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.578$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.7.7

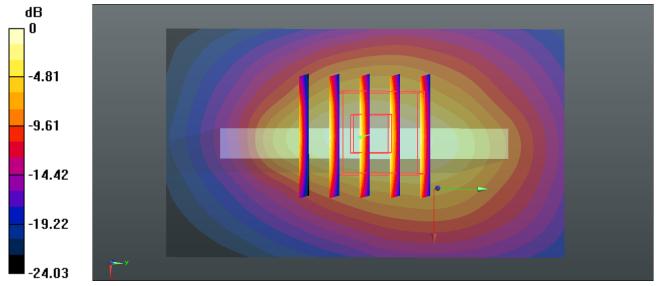
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch9262/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.19 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 29.07 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.783 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.425 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.08 W/kg



0 dB = 1.19 W/kg = 0.76 dBW/kg

14_LTE Band 5_10M_QPSK_1RB_25Offset_Back_10mm_20525

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL 850 Medium parameters used: f = 836.5 MHz; $\sigma = 0.986$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r =$

Date: 2017.7.3

55.841; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

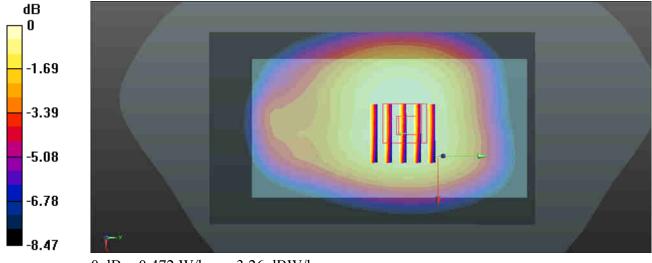
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(10.32, 10.32, 10.32); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch20525/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.472 W/kg

Ch20525/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 22.12 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.527 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.418 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.326 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.480 W/kg



0 dB = 0.472 W/kg = -3.26 dBW/kg

15_LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 100RB 0Offset Bottom Side 10mm Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_1750 Medium parameters used : f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.484$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.086$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.7.5

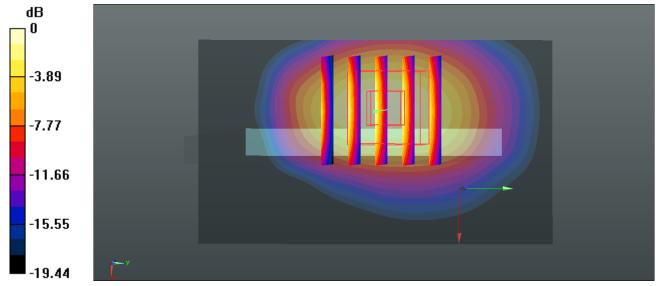
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.29, 8.29, 8.29); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch20175/Area Scan (41x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.31 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 22.50 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.50 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.857 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.469 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.18 W/kg



0 dB = 1.31 W/kg = 1.17 dBW/kg

16 LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 50RB 0Offset Back 10mm Ch20850

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2510 MHz; $\sigma = 2.073$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.628$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.7.2

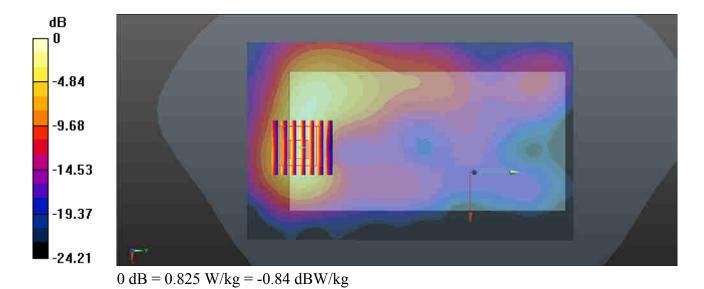
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.05, 7.05, 7.05); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch20850/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.825 W/kg

Ch20850/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 2.622 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.18 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.583 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.269 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.886 W/kg



17_LTE Band 38_20M_QPSK_1RB_49Offset_Back_10mm_Ch38000

Communication System: UID 0, TDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 2595 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.59 Medium: MSL_2600 Medium parameters used: f = 2595 MHz; $\sigma = 2.192$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.312$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.7.2

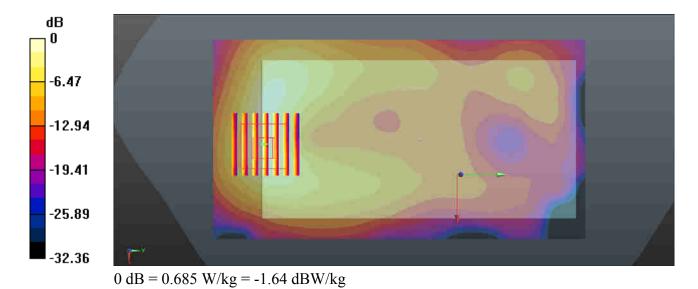
Ambient Temperature: 23.2 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.05, 7.05, 7.05); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch38000/Area Scan (81x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.685 W/kg

Ch38000/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 4.469 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.952 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.458 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.210 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.702 W/kg



18_WLAN2.4GHz_802.11b 1Mbps_Front_10mm_Ch1

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.025 Medium: MSL_2450 Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.938$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.471$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.7.7

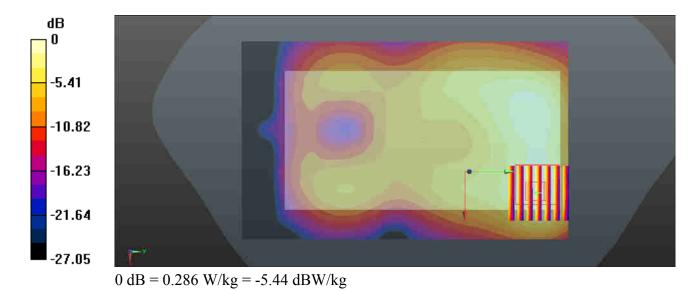
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.9 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3954; ConvF(7.55, 7.55, 7.55); Calibrated: 2016.11.28;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1279; Calibrated: 2017.5.2
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1842
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch1/Area Scan (91x151x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.286 W/kg

Ch1/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.204 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.442 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.181 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.094 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.281 W/kg



19_GSM1900 GPRS 4 Tx slots Back 10mm Ch661

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS/EDGE (4 Tx slots) (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:2.08 Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used: f = 1880 MHz; $\sigma = 1.519$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 52.482$; $\rho = 1000_{kg/m}^3$ Ambient Temperature : 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature : 22.5 °C

Date: 2017.7.5

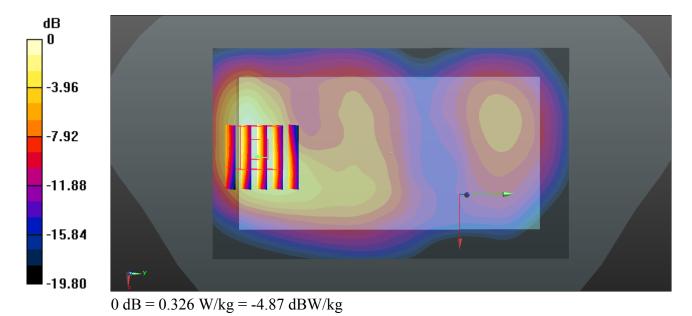
DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch661/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.326 W/kg

Ch661/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 5.932 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.415 W/kgSAR(1 g) = 0.239 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.134 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.328 W/kg



20_WCDMA Band II RMC 12.2Kbps Back 10mm Ch9262

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS (0); Frequency: 1852.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_1900 Medium parameters used : f = 1852.4 MHz; $\sigma = 1.486$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.578$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.7.5

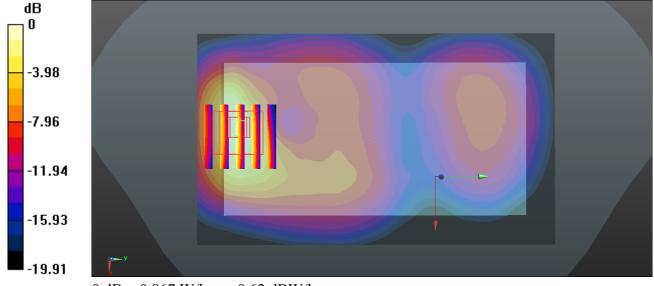
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.5 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.08, 8.08, 8.08); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM2; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1477
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch9262/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.867 W/kg

Ch9262/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 7.868 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.17 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.651 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.349 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.906 W/kg



0 dB = 0.867 W/kg = -0.62 dBW/kg

21 LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 100RB 0Offset Back 10mm Ch20175

Communication System: UID 0, FDD_LTE (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1 Medium: MSL_1750 Medium parameters used : f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.484$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.086$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Date: 2017.7.5

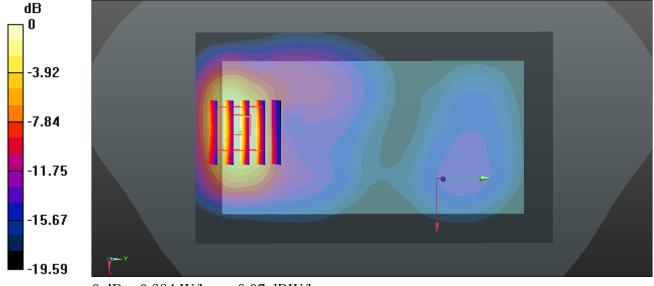
Ambient Temperature: 23.3 °C; Liquid Temperature: 22.6 °C

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3857; ConvF(8.29, 8.29, 8.29); Calibrated: 2017.5.26;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1210; Calibrated: 2017.5.25
- Phantom: SAM1; Type: SAM; Serial: TP-1479
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Ch20175/Area Scan (71x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.984 W/kg

Ch20175/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm Reference Value = 3.772 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.37 W/kg SAR(1 g) = 0.727 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.374 W/kg Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.01 W/kg



0 dB = 0.984 W/kg = -0.07 dBW/kg

Appendix C. DASY Calibration Certificate

Report No.: FA762302

The DASY calibration certificates are shown as follows.

Sporton International (KunShan) INC.



In Collaboration with

CALIBRATION LABORATORY

CALIBRATION **CNAS L0570**

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Http://www.chinattl.cn

Client

Sporton-CN

Certificate No:

Z16-97223

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D835V2 - SN: 4d091

Calibration Procedure(s)

FD-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

November 22, 2016

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3) and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	27-Jun-16 (CTTL, No.J16X04777)	Jun-17
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 7433	26-Sep-16(SPEAG,No.EX3-7433_Sep16)	Sep-17
DAE4	SN 771	02-Feb-16(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z16-97011)	Feb-17
Secondary Standards	ID#	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	01-Feb-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00893)	Jan-17
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	26-Jan-16 (CTTL, No.J16X00894)	Jan-17

Name Function Signature Calibrated by: Zhao Jing SAR Test Engineer Reviewed by: Qi Dianyuan SAR Project Leader Approved by: Lu Bingsong Deputy Director of the laboratory

Issued: November 26, 2016

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Glossary:

TSL

tissue simulating liquid

ConvF

sensitivity in TSL / NORMx,y,z

N/A

not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300MHz to 3GHz)", February 2005
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Certificate No: Z16-97223



Add: No.51 Xueyuan Road, Haidian District, Beijing, 100191, China Fax: +86-10-62304633-2504 Tel: +86-10-62304633-2079 E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com Http://www.chinattl.cn

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1

DASY Version	DASY52	52.8.8.1258
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	41.4 ± 6 %	0.92 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C		7,00000

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.36 mW / g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.31 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.54 mW/g
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.09 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	54.2 ± 6 %	0.95 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	7070.	****

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.40 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.68 mW /g ± 20.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.60 mW / g
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.45 mW /g ± 20.4 % (k=2)

Certificate No: Z16-97223

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E-mail: cttl@chinattl.com

Http://www.chinattl.cn

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	50.0Ω- 3.20jΩ	
Return Loss	- 29.9dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	46.8Ω- 1.59jΩ	
Return Loss	- 28.7dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.282 ns	
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard. No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG

Certificate No: Z16-97223



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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN: 4d091

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 835 MHz; $\sigma = 0.916$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.41$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN7433; ConvF(9.82, 9.82, 9.82); Calibrated: 9/26/2016;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn771; Calibrated: 2/2/2016
- Phantom: Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C; Type: QD 000 P51 CA; Serial: 1161/1
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7372)

Date: 11.21.2016

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

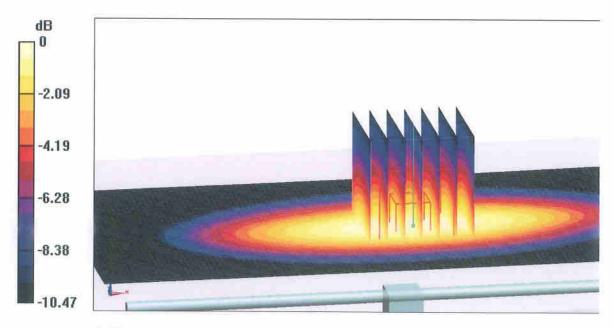
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.29V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.54 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.36 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.01 W/kg



0 dB = 3.01 W/kg = 4.79 dBW/kg