

Appendix 10

Prüfbericht - Nr.:
Test Report No.

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SAR Test Reduction and Exclusion

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f \text{ (GHz)}}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,

Where

- $f \text{ (GHz)}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as the numeric thresholds in the step 2 below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz according to section 4.3.1 of 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Note: Minimum test separation distance from antenna to outer enclosure is found to be 4 mm.

Calculations:

- ❖ $f \text{ (GHz)} = 2.45 \text{ GHz}$
- ❖ Power = 0.285 mW
- ❖ Minimum test separation distance = 4 mm

$$[(0.285 \text{ mW}) / (4 \text{ mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{2.45}] = 0.11$$

Limit: should be ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR