

# RF Exposure evaluation report

## RF Exposure Compliance Requirement

### 1. Standard Requirement

#### 15.247(b)(4) requirement:

The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

### 2. Limits

According to KDB447498 General RF Exposure Guidance v05

#### SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz – 6 GHz and $\leq 50$ mm

Approximate SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds at Selected Frequencies and Test Separation Distances are illustrated in the following Table.

| MHz  | 5   | 10  | 15  | 20  | 25  | mm                                |
|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------------------|
| 150  | 39  | 77  | 116 | 155 | 194 | SAR Test Exclusion Threshold (mW) |
| 300  | 27  | 55  | 82  | 110 | 137 |                                   |
| 450  | 22  | 45  | 67  | 89  | 112 |                                   |
| 835  | 16  | 33  | 49  | 66  | 82  |                                   |
| 900  | 16  | 32  | 47  | 63  | 79  |                                   |
| 1500 | 12  | 24  | 37  | 49  | 61  |                                   |
| 1900 | 11  | 22  | 33  | 44  | 54  |                                   |
| 2450 | 10  | 19  | 29  | 38  | 48  |                                   |
| 3600 | 8   | 16  | 24  | 32  | 40  |                                   |
| 5200 | 7   | 13  | 20  | 26  | 33  |                                   |
| 5400 | 6   | 13  | 19  | 26  | 32  |                                   |
| 5800 | 6   | 12  | 19  | 25  | 31  |                                   |
| MHz  | 30  | 35  | 40  | 45  | 50  | mm                                |
| 150  | 232 | 271 | 310 | 349 | 387 | SAR Test Exclusion Threshold (mW) |
| 300  | 164 | 192 | 219 | 246 | 274 |                                   |
| 450  | 134 | 157 | 179 | 201 | 224 |                                   |
| 835  | 98  | 115 | 131 | 148 | 164 |                                   |
| 900  | 95  | 111 | 126 | 142 | 158 |                                   |
| 1500 | 73  | 86  | 98  | 110 | 122 |                                   |
| 1900 | 65  | 76  | 87  | 98  | 109 |                                   |
| 2450 | 57  | 67  | 77  | 86  | 96  |                                   |
| 3600 | 47  | 55  | 63  | 71  | 79  |                                   |
| 5200 | 39  | 46  | 53  | 59  | 66  |                                   |
| 5400 | 39  | 45  | 52  | 58  | 65  |                                   |
| 5800 | 37  | 44  | 50  | 56  | 62  |                                   |

**Note:** 10-g Extremity SAR Test Exclusion Power Thresholds are 2.5 times higher than the 1-g SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds indicated above. These thresholds do not apply, by extrapolation or other means, to occupational exposure limits.

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is  $\leq 50$  mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

### **3. EUT RF Exposure**

The Max Conducted Peak Output Power is -6.434 dBm (0.23mW)

$$0.23 / 5^* \sqrt{2.402} = 0.071 \leq 3.0$$

Conclusion: No SAR is required.