RF Exposure evaluation

FCC ID: 2AFHF-MW426

1. Reference

According to 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 and KDB 412172 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances \leq 5 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)] • [$\sqrt{f(GHz)}$] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, Where:

f (GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

And according to KDB 412172

eirp =
$$p_t \times g_t = (E \times d)^2 / 30$$

Where:

 p_t = transmitter output power in watts,

 g_t = numeric gain of the transmitting antenna (unitless),

 $E = electric \ field \ strength \ in \ V/m, --- \ 10^{((dBuV/m)/20)}/10^6$

d = measurement distance in meters (m) ---3m

2. Test distance

As the plot exhibit below, the remote control of body to the Antenna plane is 5mm.



3. Result

As the antenna EUT used was 2dBi and the Max field strength level measured with duty cycle ≥98% in EMI test report, the sar exclusion value can obtained.

According to the formula described above:

 E_{max} =**100.74**dBuV/m =**0.1089**V/m, d=3m, gt=1.58

Pt=
$$(E \times d)^{2}/(30 \times gt) = (0.1089 \times 3)^{2}/(30 \times 1.58) = 0.002251 = 2.25 \text{mW}$$

The value is within the tune up $2\pm0.5 dBm$ stated by the manufacturer

Worse case is as below:

			TX	Separation		
Frequency (MHz)	Field	TX	Power	Distance	1 1 . 4 1	
	strength	Power	with	(mm)	calculated	exclusion
	dBuV/m	(mw)	tune-up		value	thresholds
			(mw)			
2405	100.74	2.24	2.44	5	0.7	3

4. Conclusion

The SAR evaluation is not required.