

# TEST REPORT



**DT&C Co., Ltd.**

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1. Report No : DRTFCC1611-0151
2. Customer
  - Name : Bitfinder, Inc.
  - Address : 814 SARATOGA AVE #J205, SAN JOSE, California, United States
3. Use of Report : FCC Original Grant
4. Product Name / Model Name : AWAIR GLOW / AWAIR0PD1  
FCC ID : 2AF65AWAIR0PD1
6. Test Method Used : FCC Part 15 Subpart C.247
7. Date of Test : 2016-10-25 ~ 2016-11-10
8. Testing Environment : See appended test report.
9. Test Result : Refer to the attached Test Result.

Affirmation	Tested by	Technical Manager
	Name : JaeJin Lee (Signature)	Name : WonJung Lee (Signature)

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2016 . 11 . 17 .

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If this report is required to confirmation of authenticity, please contact to [report@dtnc.net](mailto:report@dtnc.net)

## Test Report Version

Test Report No.	Date	Description
DRTFCC1611-0151	Nov. 17, 2016	Initial issue

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## 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

**Applicant** : Bitfinder, Inc.  
**Address** : 814 SARATOGA AVE #J205, SAN JOSE, California, United States  
**FCC ID** : 2AF65AWAIR0PD1  
**IC** : NA  
**EUT** : AWAIR GLOW  
**Model** : AWAIR0PD1  
**Additional Model(s)** : NA  
**Date of Test** : 2016-10-25 ~ 2016-11-10  
**Contact person** : Kevin Cho

### 2.1 EUT DESCRIPTION

<b>Product</b>	AWAIR GLOW
<b>Model Name</b>	AWAIR0PD1
<b>Power Supply</b>	AC 120 V
<b>Hardware version</b>	5.0
<b>Software version</b>	0.1.40.stg
<b>Frequency Range</b>	2.4GHz Band ▪ 802.11b/g/n(20 MHz) : 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz
<b>Max. RF Output Power</b>	2.4GHz Band ▪ 802.11b : 13.30 dBm ▪ 802.11g : 19.45 dBm ▪ 802.11n (HT20) : 19.21 dBm
<b>Modulation Type</b>	802.11b : DSSS/CCK 802.11g/n : OFDM
<b>Antenna Specification</b>	PCB Antenna (1TX ,1RX) ▪ Max. peak gain : -1.5 dBi

## 2.2 TEST CONDITIONS

Ambient Condition	
▪ Temperature	+23 °C ~ +26 °C
▪ Relative Humidity	43 % ~ 50 %

## 2.3 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

Test items	Measurement uncertainty
Transmitter Output Power	0.72 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)
Conducted spurious emission	1.0 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)
AC conducted emission	2.4 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)
Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz Below)	5.1 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)
Radiated spurious emission (1 GHz ~ 18 GHz)	5.4 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)
Radiated spurious emission (18 GHz Above)	5.3 dB (The confidence level is about 95 %, k = 2)

### 3. SUMMARY OF TESTS

FCC Part	RSS Std.	Parameter	Limit	Test Condition	Status Note 1
15.247(a)	RSS-247 [5.2]	6 dB Bandwidth	> 500 kHz	Conducted	<b>C</b>
15.247(b)	RSS-247 [5.4]	Transmitter Output Power	< 1 Watt		<b>C</b>
15.247(d)	RSS-247 [5.5]	Out of Band Emissions / Band Edge	20 dBc in any 100 kHz BW		<b>C</b>
15.247(e)	RSS-247 [5.2]	Transmitter Power Spectral Density	< 8 dBm/3 kHz		<b>C</b>
-	RSS-Gen [6.6]	Occupied Bandwidth (99 %)	RSS-Gen(6.6)		<b>NA</b>
15.247(d) 15.205 15.209	RSS-247 [5.5] RSS-GEN [8.9] RSS-GEN [8.10]	General Field Strength Limits (Restricted Bands and Radiated Emission Limits)	FCC 15.209 limits	Radiated	<b>C</b> Note 2
15.207	RSS-Gen [8.8]	AC Line Conducted Emissions	FCC 15.207 limits	AC Line Conducted	<b>C</b>
15.203	RSS-Gen[8.3]	Antenna Requirements	FCC 15.203	-	<b>C</b>
<p>Note 1: <b>C</b>=Comply    <b>NC</b>=Not Comply    <b>NT</b>=Not Tested    <b>NA</b>=Not Applicable</p> <p>Note 2: This test item was performed in each axis and the worst case data was reported.</p>					

## 4. TEST METHODOLOGY

Generally the tests were performed according to the [KDB558074 D01 v03r05](#). And [ANSI C63.10-2013](#) was used to reference appropriate EUT setup and maximizing procedures of radiated spurious emission and AC line conducted emission testing.

### 4.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

### 4.2 EUT EXERCISE

The EUT was operated in the test mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements. According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart C.

### 4.3 GENERAL TEST PROCEDURES

#### Conducted Emissions

The power-line conducted emission test procedure is not described on the KDB 558074. So this test was fulfilled with the requirements in Section 6.2 of ANSI C63.10.

The EUT is placed on the wooden table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane and the conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-peak and Average detector.

#### Radiated Emissions

Basically the radiated tests were performed with KDB 558074. But some requirements and procedures like test site requirements, EUT setup and maximizing procedure were fulfilled with the requirements in Section 5 and 6 of the ANSI C63.10 as stated on section 12.1 of the KDB 558074.

The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table. For emission measurements at or below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm. For emission measurements above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the highest emission, the relative positions of the EUT were rotated through three orthogonal axes.

### 4.4 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested with all modes of operating conditions to determine the worst case emission characteristics. A test program is used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting mode.

## 5. INSTRUMENT CALIBRATION

The measuring equipment, which was utilized in performing the tests documented herein, has been calibrated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations for utilizing calibration equipments, which is traceable to recognized national standards.

## 6. FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

### 6.1 FACILITIES

The open area test site (OATS) or semi anechoic chamber and conducted measurement facility used to collect the radiated and conducted test data are located at the 42, Yurim-ro, 154beon-gil, Cheoin-gu, Yongin-si, Gyeonggi-do, Korea 449-935. The site is constructed in conformance with the requirements.

- **Semi anechoic chamber registration Number: 165783(FCC)**

### 6.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of Linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, bi-conical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with pre-selectors and peak, quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements. Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers. Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

## 7. ANTENNA REQUIREMENTS

### 7.1 According to FCC 47 CFR §15.203:

An intentional radiator antenna shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party can be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

**The internal antenna was permanently attached on the main PCB. (Refer to Internal Photo file.)  
Therefore this E.U.T Complies with the requirement of §15.203.**



## 8. TEST RESULT

### 8.1 6 dB Bandwidth

#### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(a)

The bandwidth at 6 dB down from the highest in-band spectral density is measured with a spectrum analyzer connected to the receive antenna while the EUT is operating in transmission mode at the appropriate frequencies.

**The minimum permissible 6 dB bandwidth is 500 kHz.**

#### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to the Spectrum Analyzer and used following test procedure of **KDB558074**

1. Set resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz.
2. Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.  
**(RBW : 100 kHz / VBW : 300 kHz)**
3. Detector = **Peak**.
4. Trace mode = **Max hold**.
5. Sweep = **Auto couple**.
6. Allow the trace to stabilize.
7. Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.

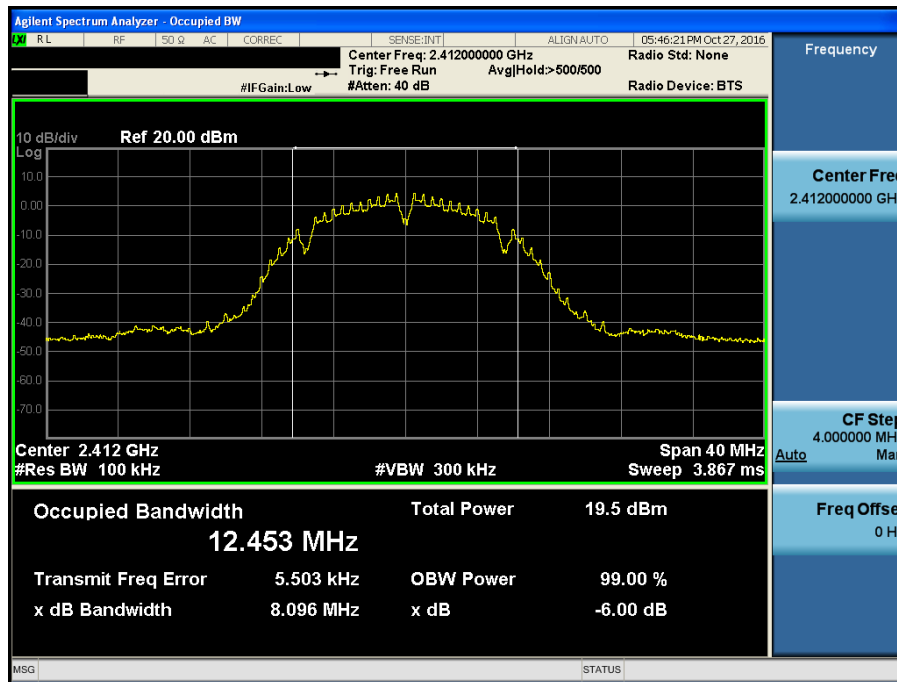
#### ■ TEST RESULTS: **Comply**

Test Mode	Data Rate	Frequency [MHz]	Test Results [MHz]
802.11b	1 Mbps	2412	8.096
		2437	8.074
		2462	8.059
802.11g	6 Mbps	2412	15.130
		2437	15.170
		2462	15.160
802.11n (HT20)	MCS 0	2412	15.120
		2437	15.160
		2462	15.120

## RESULT PLOTS

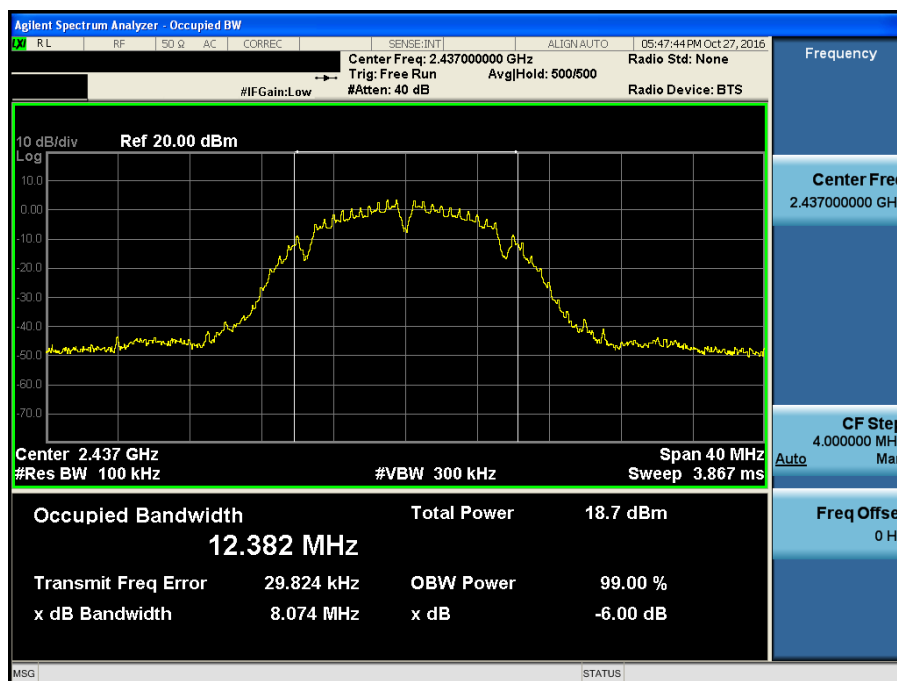
### 6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11b &amp; 1 Mbps &amp; 2412 MHz



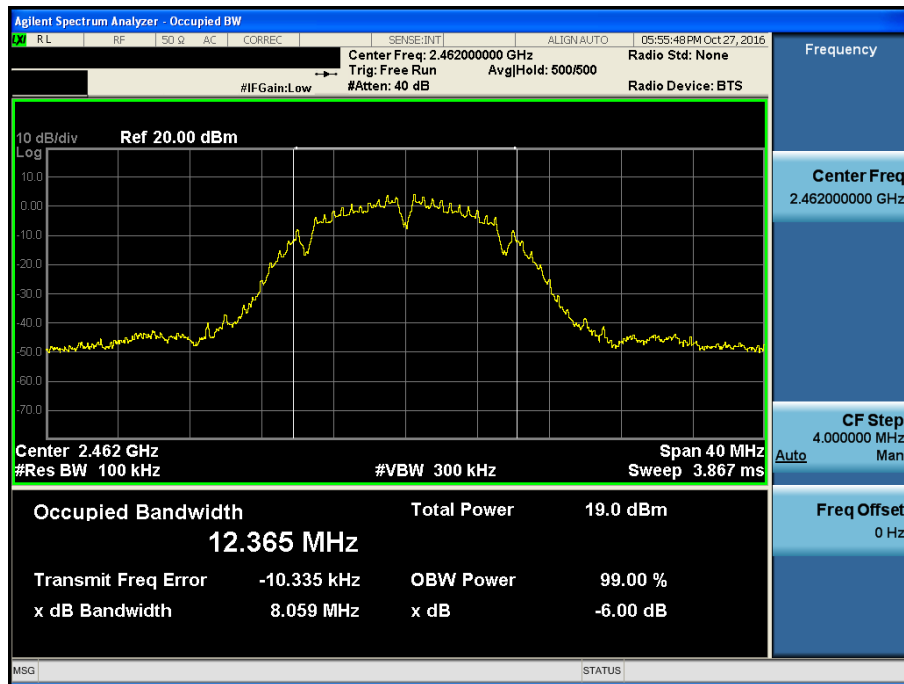
### 6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11b &amp; 1 Mbps &amp; 2437 MHz



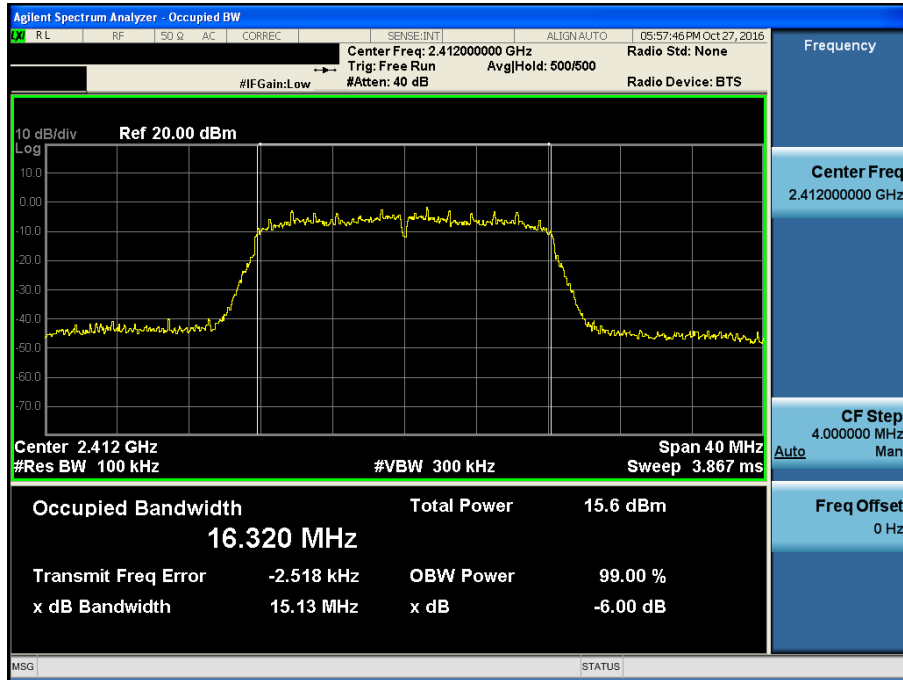
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11b & 1 Mbps & 2462 MHz



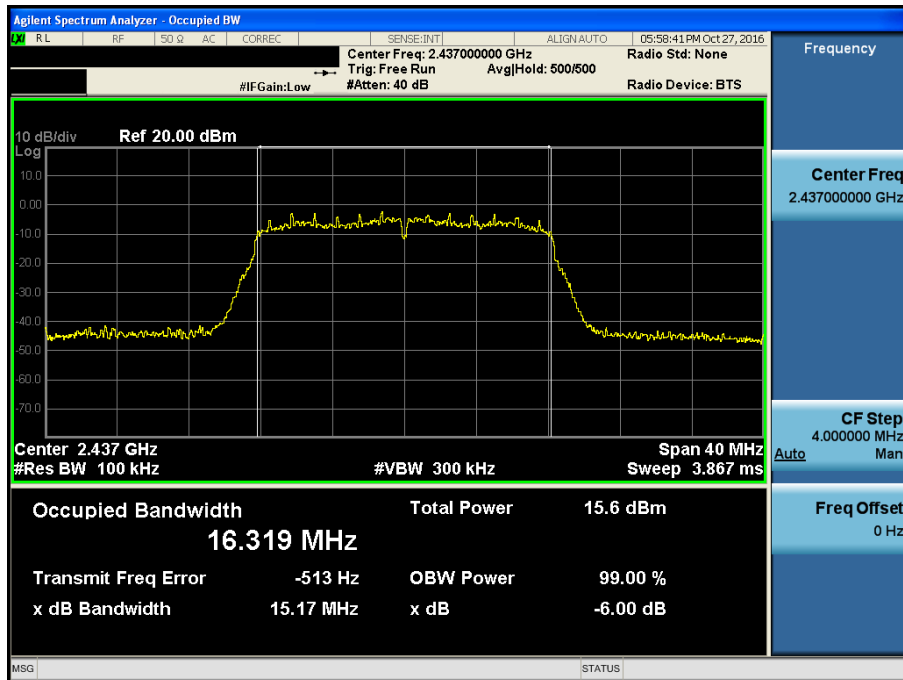
## 6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11g & 6 Mbps & 2412 MHz



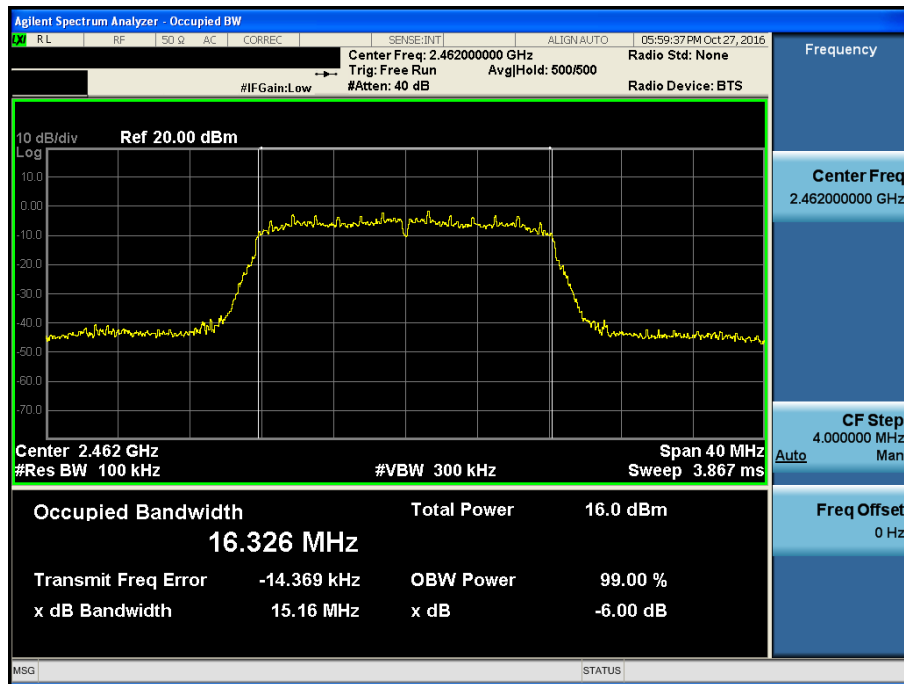
## 6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11g & 6 Mbps & 2437 MHz



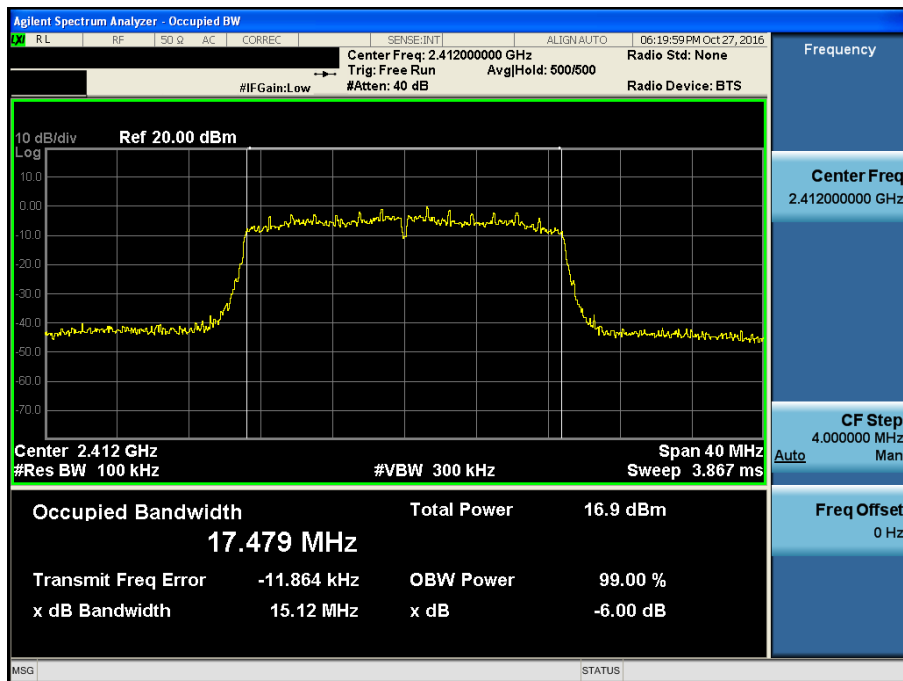
6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11g & 6 Mbps & 2462 MHz



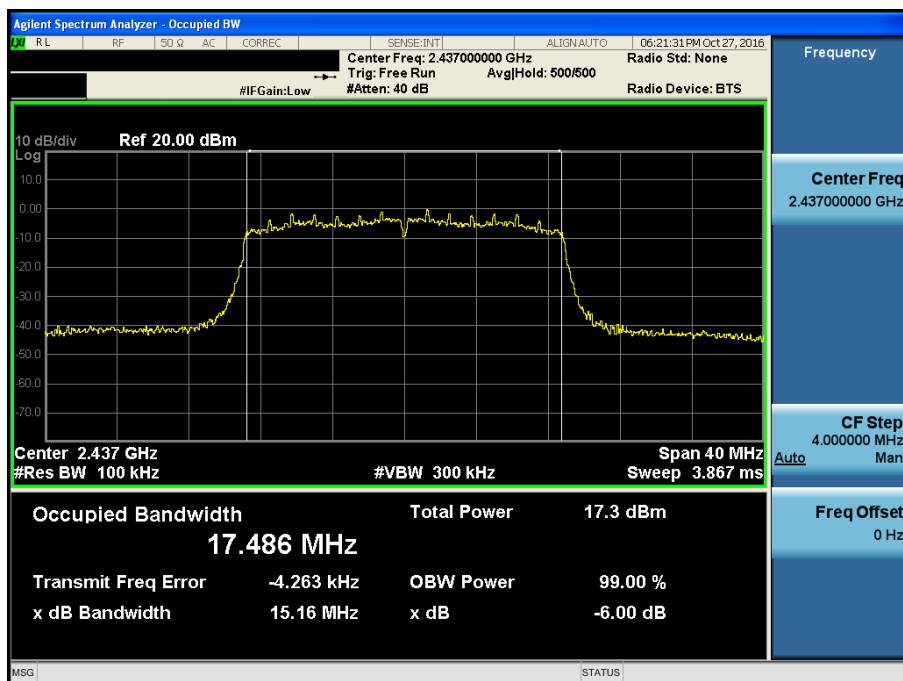
## 6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) &amp; MCS 0 &amp; 2412 MHz



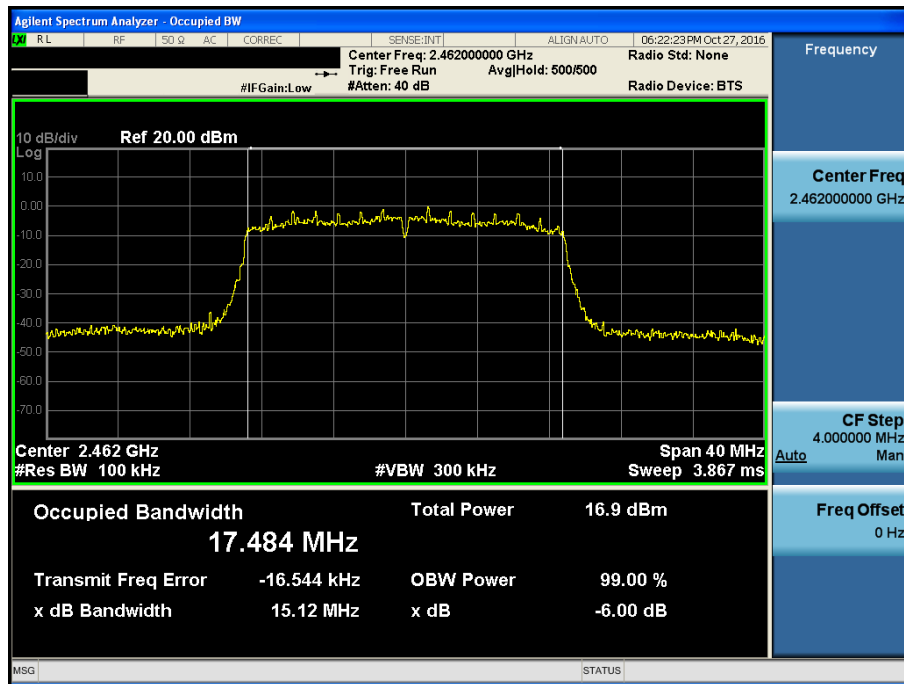
## 6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) &amp; MCS 0 &amp; 2437 MHz



6 dB Bandwidth

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & MCS 0 & 2462 MHz

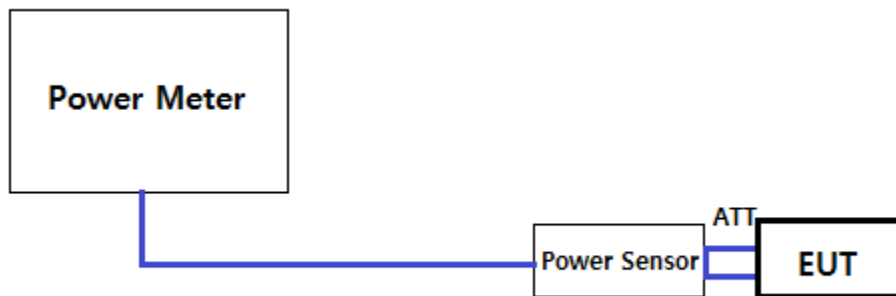


## 8.2 Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power

### Test Requirements and limit, §15.247(b)

The maximum permissible conducted output power is **1 Watt**.

#### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION



#### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

##### 1. PKPM1 Peak power meter method of KDB558074

The maximum conducted output powers were measured using a broadband peak RF power meter which has greater video bandwidth than DUT's DTS bandwidth and utilize a fast-responding diode detector.

##### 2. Method AVGPM-G (Measurement using a gated RF average power meter) of KDB558074

The average conducted output powers were measured using a wideband gated RF power meter provided that the gate parameters are adjusted such that the power is measured only when the EUT is transmitting at its maximum power control level. Since this measurement is made only during the ON time of the transmitter, no duty cycle correction is required.



■ TEST RESULTS: **Comply**

- Measurement Data:

- Test Results

Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Test Result [dBm]							
				DATA RATE [Mbps]							
				1	2	5.5	11	NA	NA	NA	NA
802.11b	1	2412	PK	13.30	13.04	13.01	12.09	-	-	-	-
			AV	10.20	10.00	9.96	9.83	-	-	-	-
	6	2437	PK	13.20	13.18	13.18	13.17	-	-	-	-
			AV	10.32	10.31	10.27	10.27	-	-	-	-
	11	2462	PK	13.11	13.10	13.10	13.09	-	-	-	-
			AV	10.03	9.89	9.76	9.71	-	-	-	-

Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Test Result [dBm]							
				DATA RATE [Mbps]							
				6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
802.11g	1	2412	PK	19.26	19.25	19.25	19.23	19.23	19.22	19.21	19.20
			AV	9.05	9.02	8.98	8.96	8.91	8.85	8.82	8.79
	6	2437	PK	19.31	19.31	19.30	19.29	19.28	19.27	19.27	19.26
			AV	9.04	8.99	8.94	8.91	8.89	8.86	8.82	8.76
	11	2462	PK	19.45	19.44	19.44	19.43	19.43	19.42	19.42	19.41
			AV	9.08	9.02	8.99	8.84	8.79	8.73	8.71	8.68

Mode	Channel	Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Test Result [dBm]							
				DATA RATE [MCS]							
				0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
802.11n (HT20)	1	2412	PK	19.02	18.98	18.95	18.92	18.89	18.87	18.86	18.82
			AV	8.88	8.87	8.86	8.86	8.85	8.85	8.85	8.84
	6	2437	PK	19.21	19.19	19.15	19.11	19.11	19.10	18.99	18.99
			AV	8.89	8.88	8.88	8.87	8.86	8.86	8.85	8.84
	11	2462	PK	19.04	19.03	19.03	19.03	19.02	19.02	19.01	19.01
			AV	8.71	8.71	8.70	8.69	8.68	8.68	8.67	8.66

### 8.3 Maximum Power Spectral Density

#### Test requirements and limit, §15.247(e)

The power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

#### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### ■ Test Procedure

Method PKPSD of KDB558074 is used.

1. Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to **1.5 times** the DTS bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW to : **3 kHz ≤ RBW ≤ 100 kHz**
4. Set the VBW ≥ **3 x RBW**
5. Detector = **Peak**
6. Sweep time = **Auto couple**
7. Trace mode = **Max hold**.
8. Allow trace to fully stabilize.
9. Use the **peak marker function** to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.
10. If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.

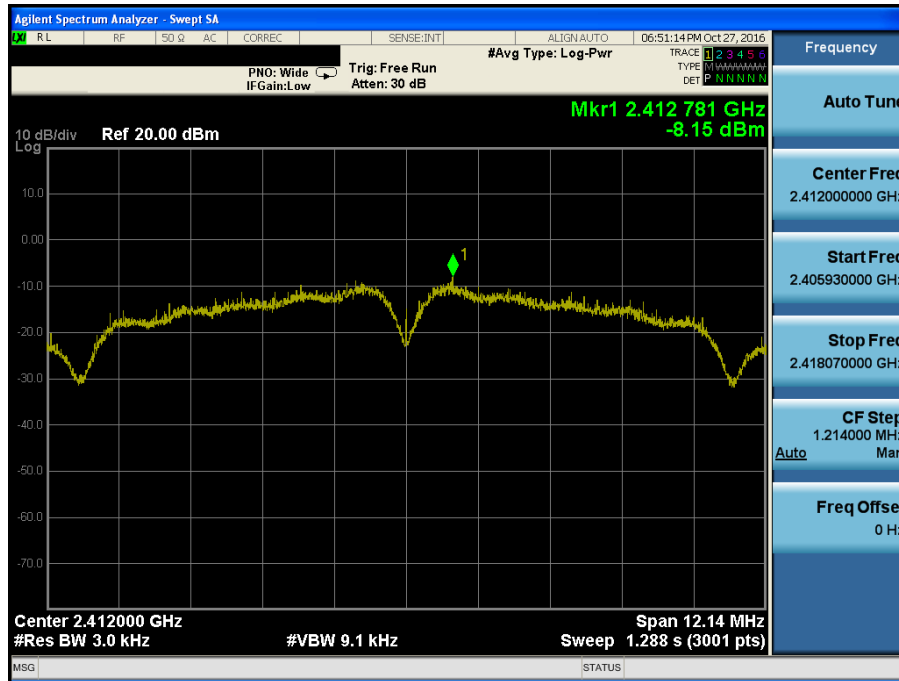
#### ■ TEST RESULTS: **Comply**

Test Mode	Data Rate	Frequency [MHz]	RBW	PKPSD [dBm]
802.11b	1 Mbps	2412	3 kHz	-8.15
		2437	3 kHz	-8.83
		2462	3 kHz	-9.04
802.11g	6 Mbps	2412	3 kHz	-14.48
		2437	3 kHz	-15.12
		2462	3 kHz	-14.76
802.11n (HT20)	MCS 0	2412	3 kHz	-12.82
		2437	3 kHz	-12.86
		2462	3 kHz	-12.68

## ■ RESULT PLOTS

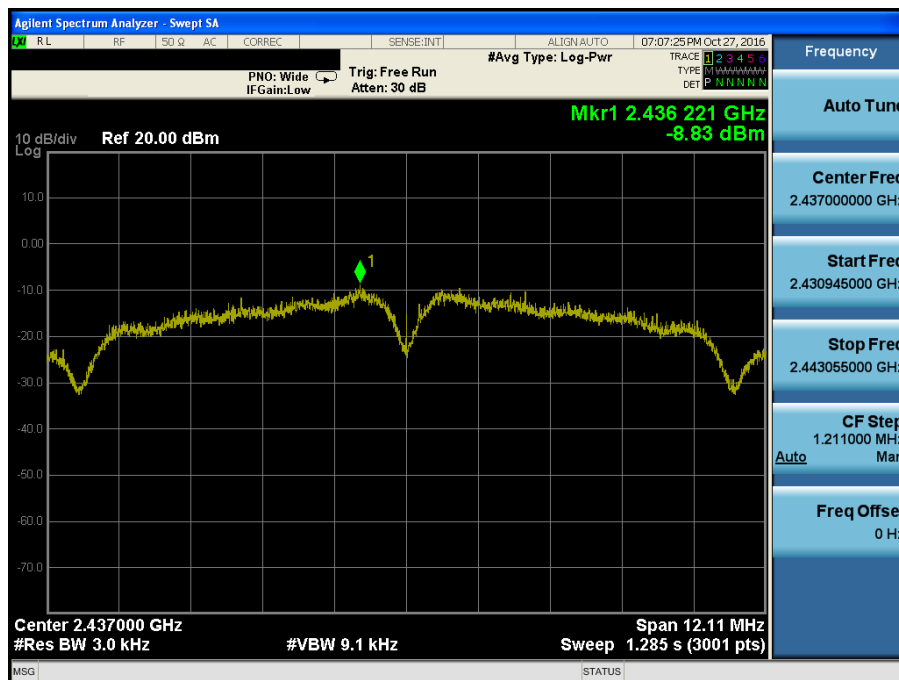
## Maximum PKPSD

Test Mode: 802.11b &amp; 1 Mbps &amp; 2412 MHz



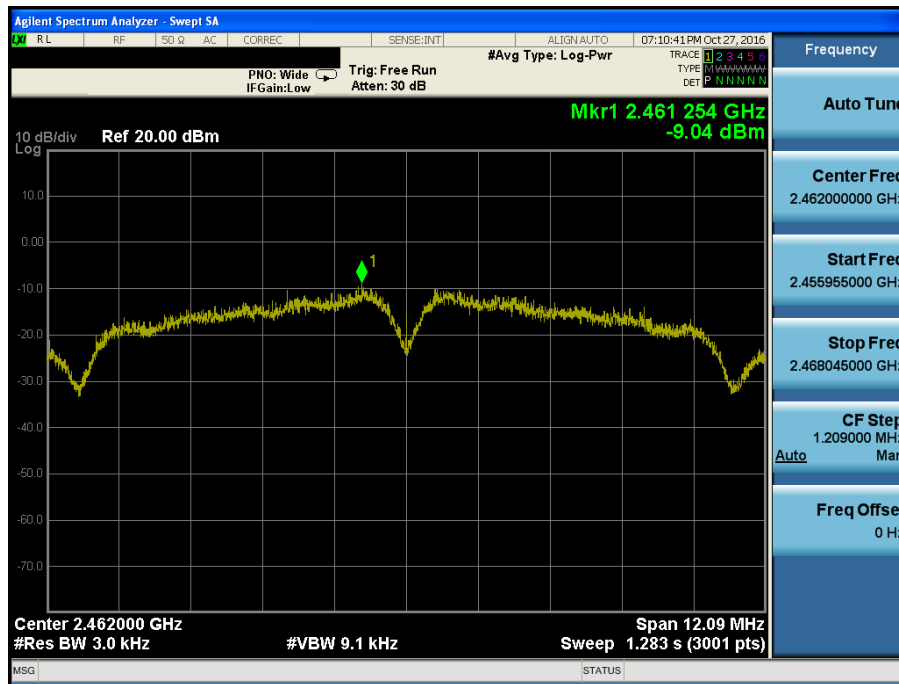
## Maximum PKPSD

Test Mode: 802.11b &amp; 1 Mbps &amp; 2437 MHz



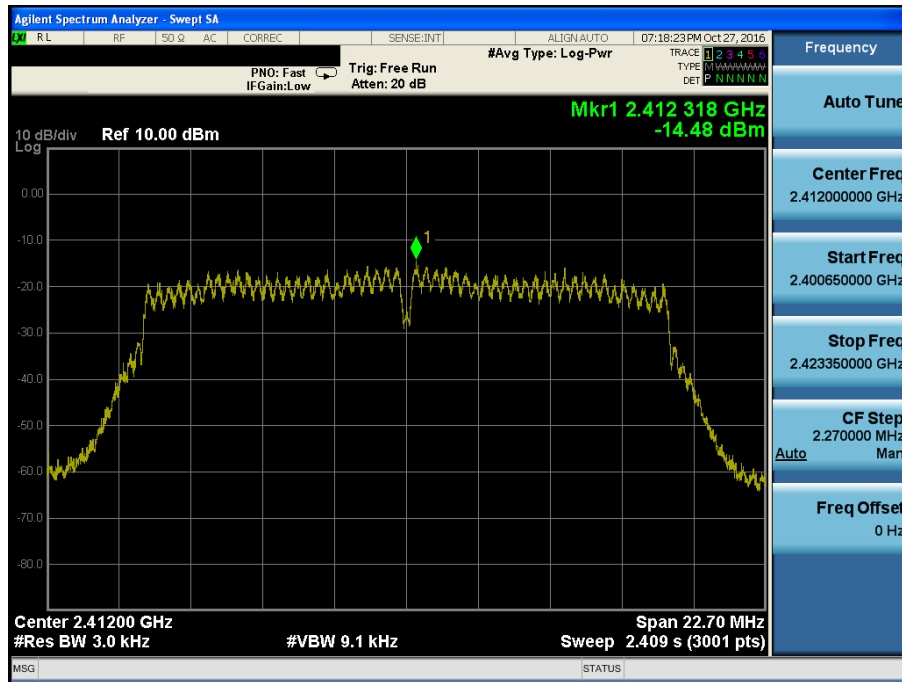
Maximum PKPSD

Test Mode: 802.11b & 1 Mbps & 2462 MHz



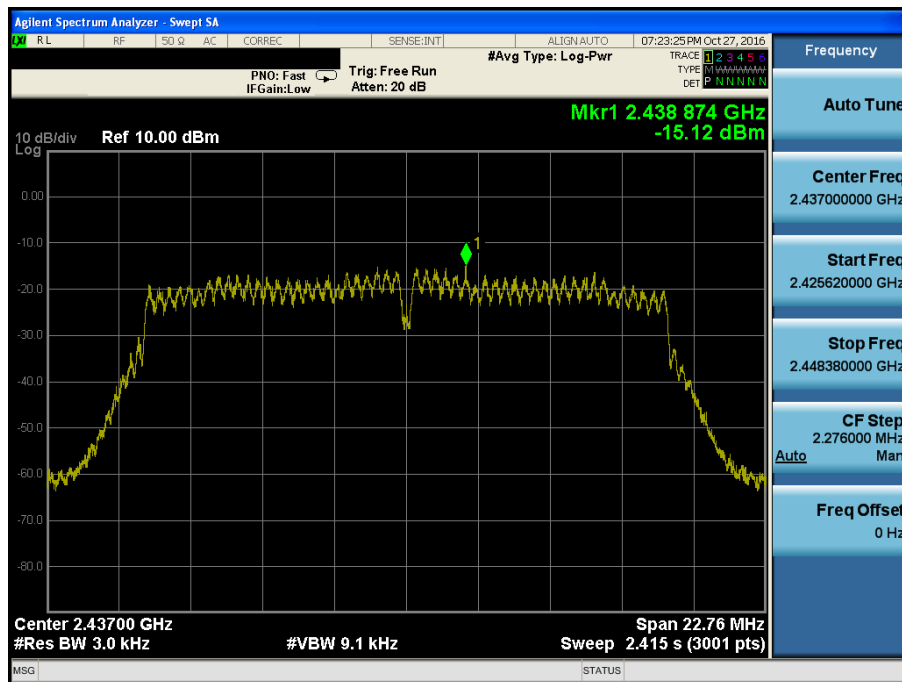
# Maximum PKPSD

Test Mode: 802.11g & 6 Mbps & 2412 MHz



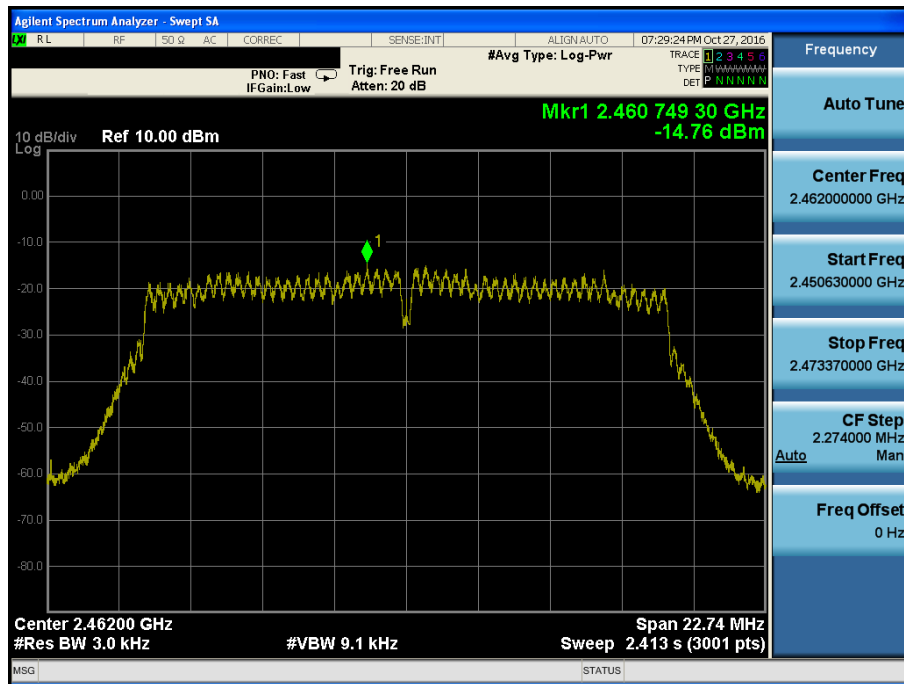
# Maximum PKPSD

Test Mode: 802.11g & 6 Mbps & 2437 MHz



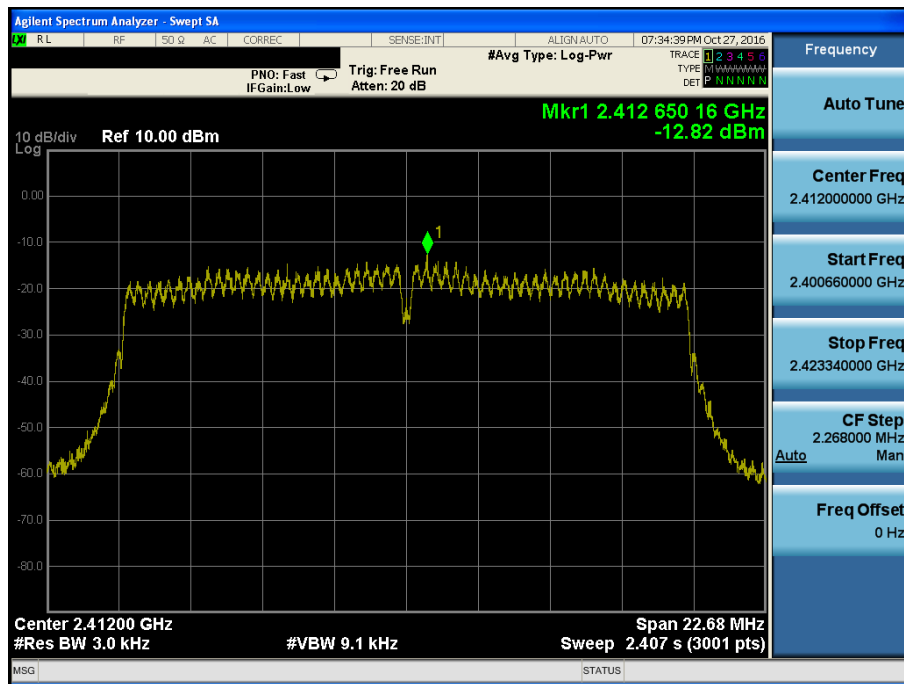
Maximum PKPSD

Test Mode: 802.11g & 6 Mbps & 2462 MHz



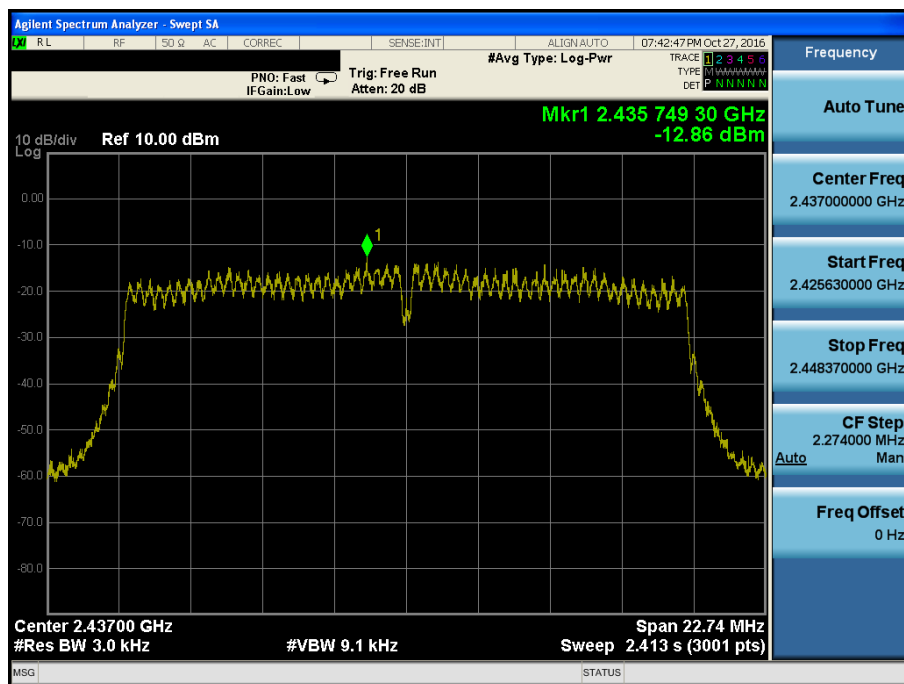
## Maximum PKPSD

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) &amp; MCS 0 &amp; 2412 MHz



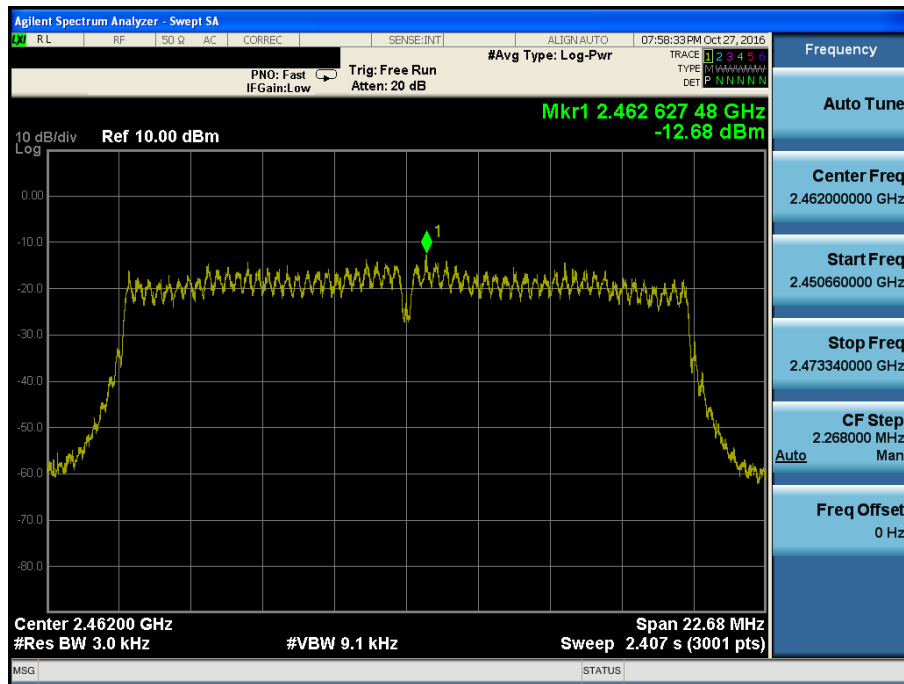
## Maximum PKPSD

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) &amp; MCS 0 &amp; 2437 MHz



Maximum PKPSD

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) & MCS 0 & 2462 MHz





## 8.4 Out of Band Emissions at the Band Edge / Conducted Spurious Emissions

### Test requirements and limit, §15.247(d)

§15.247(d) specifies that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions :

If the **peak output power procedure** is used to measure the fundamental emission power to demonstrate compliance to **15.247(b)(3)** requirements, then the peak conducted output power measured within any 100 kHz outside the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated **by at least 20 dB** relative to the maximum measured in-band peak PSD level.

If the average output power procedure is used to measure the fundamental emission power to demonstrate compliance to **15.247(b)(3)** requirements, then the power in any 100 kHz outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum measured inband average PSD level.

In either case, attenuation to levels below the general emission limits specified in **§15.209(a)** is not required.

### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer.

#### - Measurement Procedure 1 – Reference Level

1. Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
2. Set the span to  $\geq 1.5$  times the DTS bandwidth.
3. Set the RBW = **100 kHz**.
4. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
5. Detector = **Peak**.
6. Sweep time = **Auto couple**.
7. Trace mode = **Max hold**.
8. **Allow trace to fully stabilize**.
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

#### - Measurement Procedure 2 - Unwanted Emissions

1. Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
2. Set the RBW = **100 kHz. (Actual 1 MHz, See below note)**
3. Set the VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW. **(Actual 3 MHz, See below note)**
4. Detector = **Peak**.
5. Ensure that the number of measurement points  $\geq$  Span / RBW.
6. Sweep time = **Auto couple**.
7. Trace mode = **Max hold**.
8. **Allow the trace to stabilize.** (this may take some time, depending on the extent of the span)
9. Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

**Note:** The conducted spurious emission was tested with below settings.

**Frequency range: 9 kHz ~ 30 MHz**

**RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD, SWEEP POINT : 40001**

**Frequency range: 30 MHz ~ 10 GHz, 10 GHz ~25 GHz**

**RBW = 1 MHz, VBW = 3 MHz, SWEEP TIME = AUTO, DETECTOR = PEAK, TRACE = MAX HOLD, SWEEP POINT : 40001**

**LIMIT LINE = 20 dB below of the reference level of above measurement procedure Step 2. (RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz)**

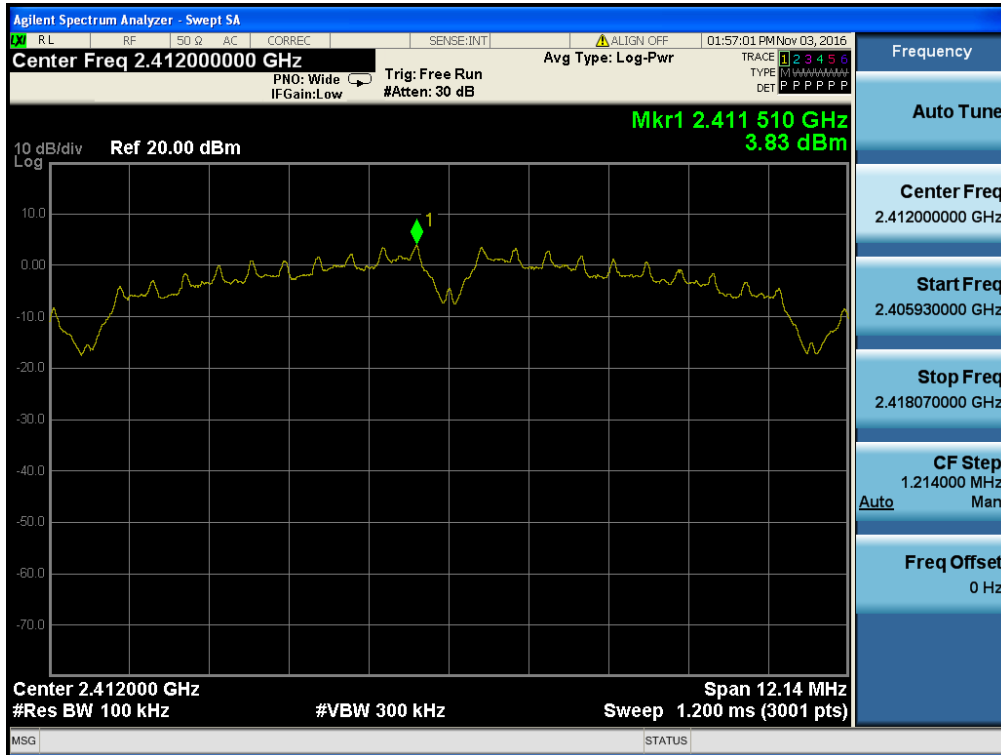
If the emission level with above setting was close to the limit (ie, less than 3 dB margin) then zoom scan is required using RBW = 100 kHz, VBW = 300 kHz, SPAN = 100 MHz and BINS = 2001 to get accurate emission level within 100 kHz BW.

Also the path loss for conducted measurement setup was used as described on the Appendix I of this test report.

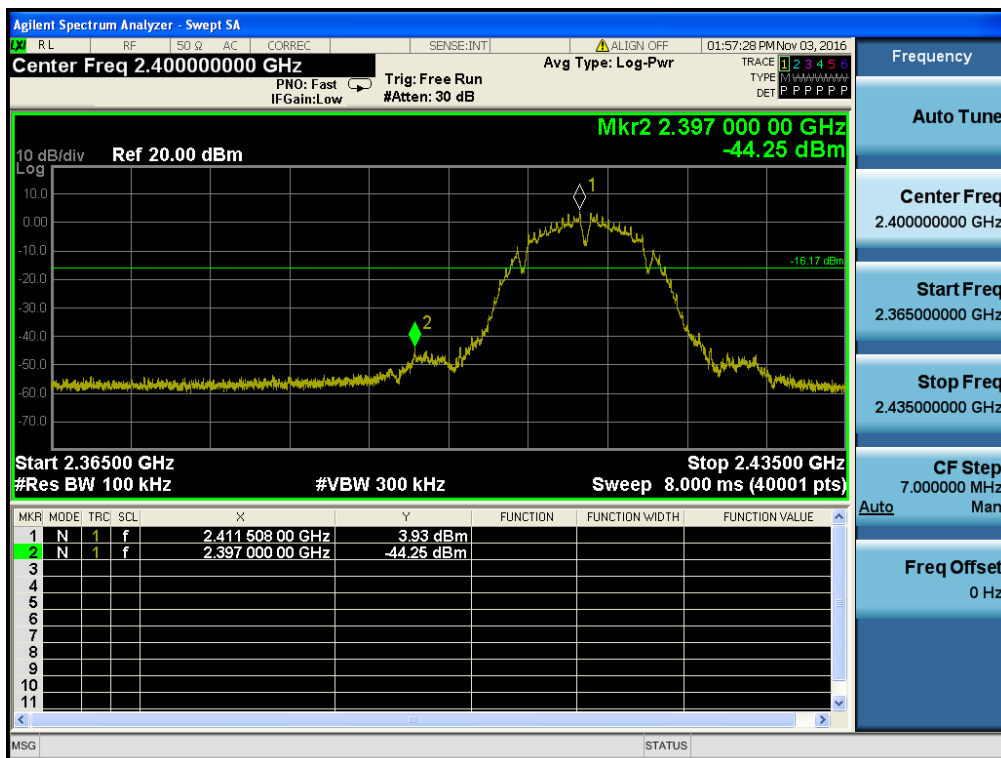
RESULT PLOTS

802.11b & 1 Mbps & 2412 MHz

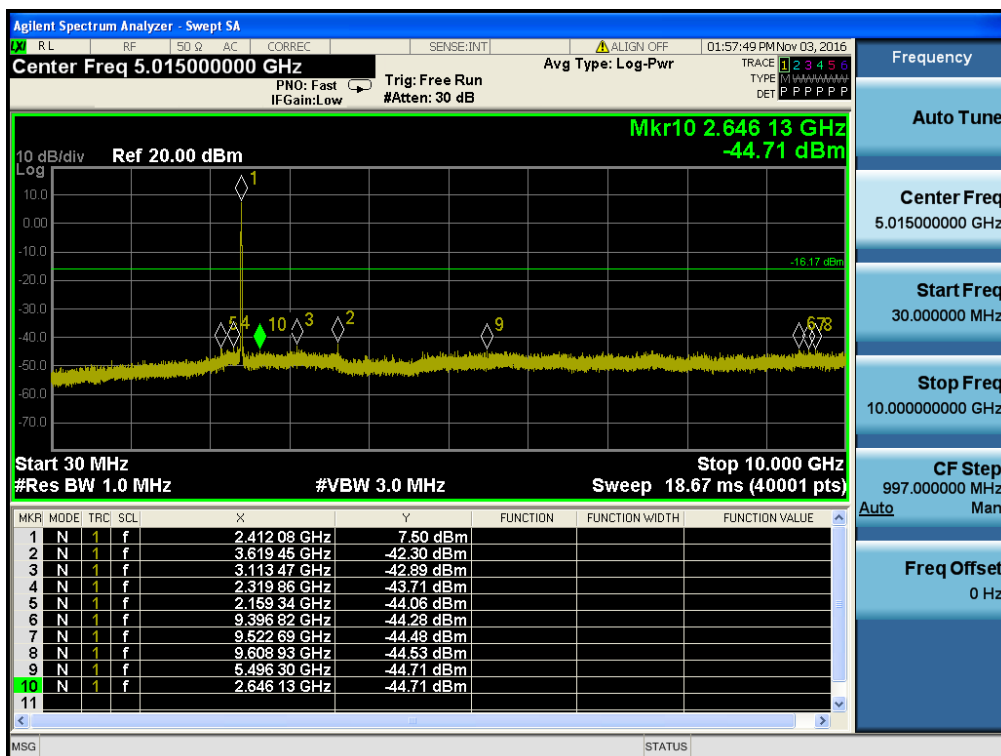
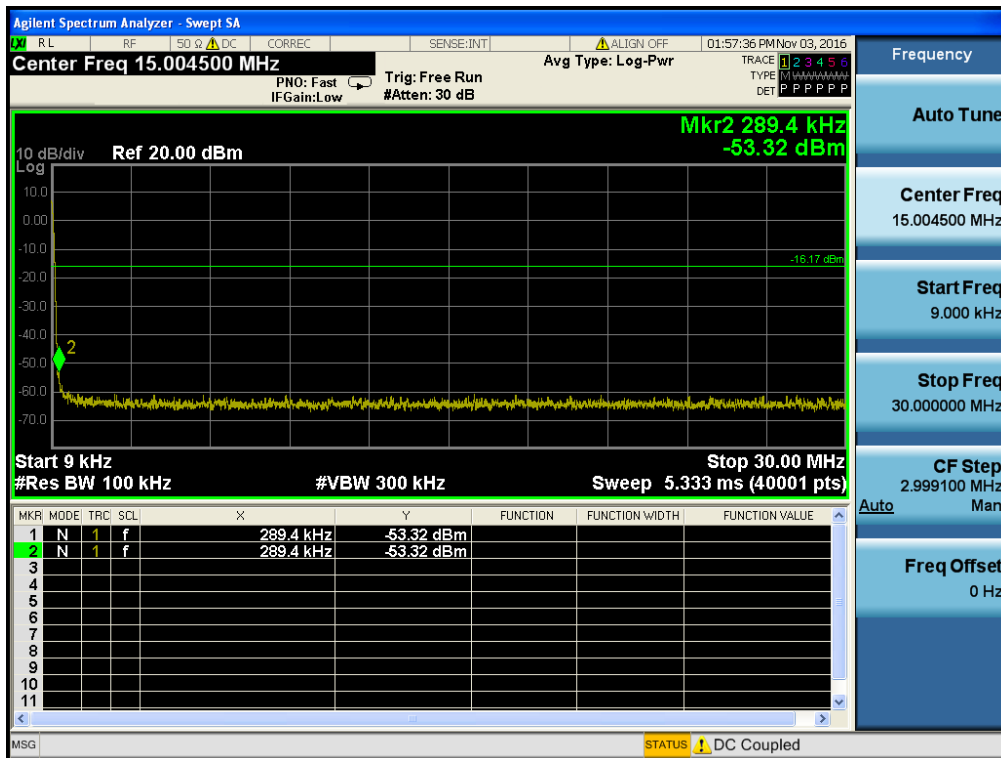
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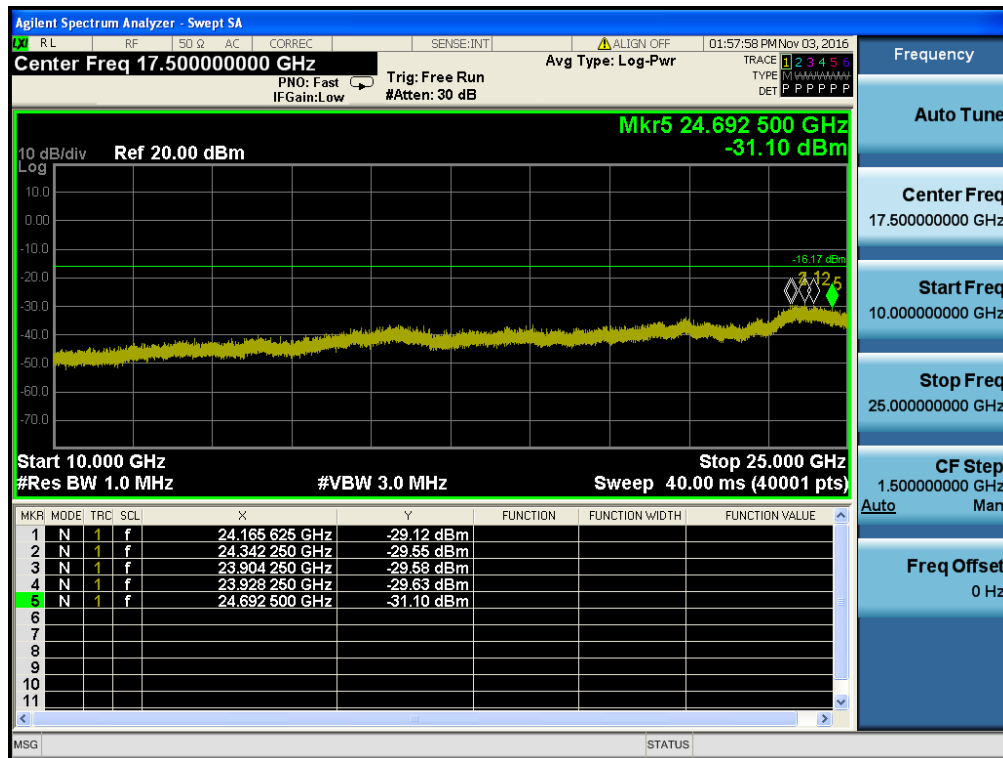
Low Band-edge



## Conducted Spurious Emissions

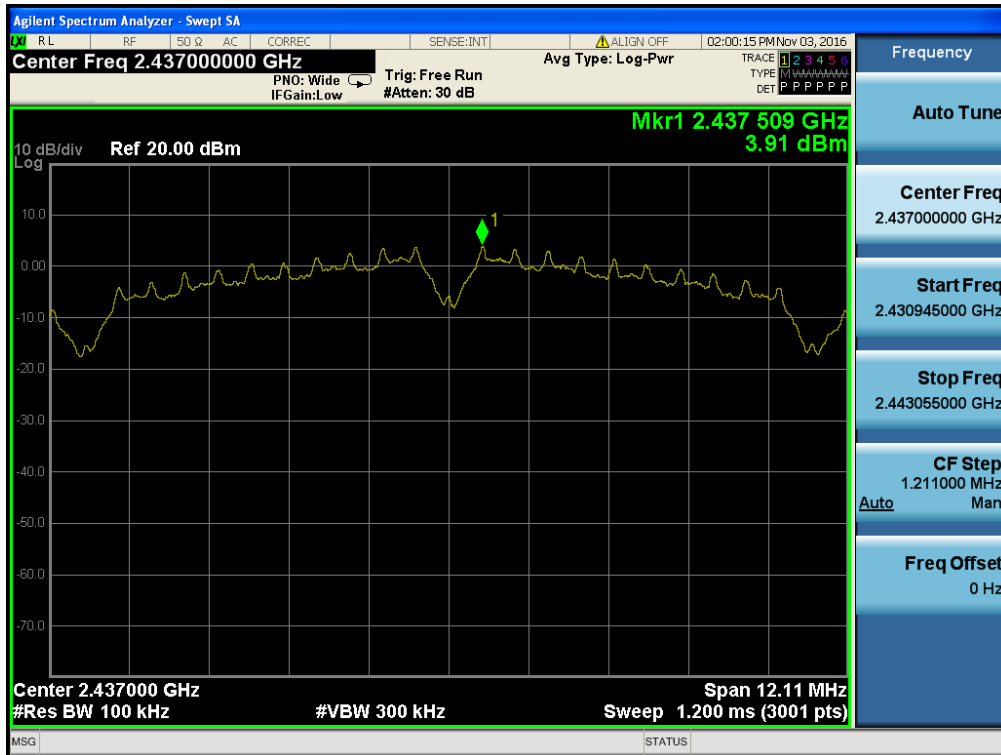


## Conducted Spurious Emissions

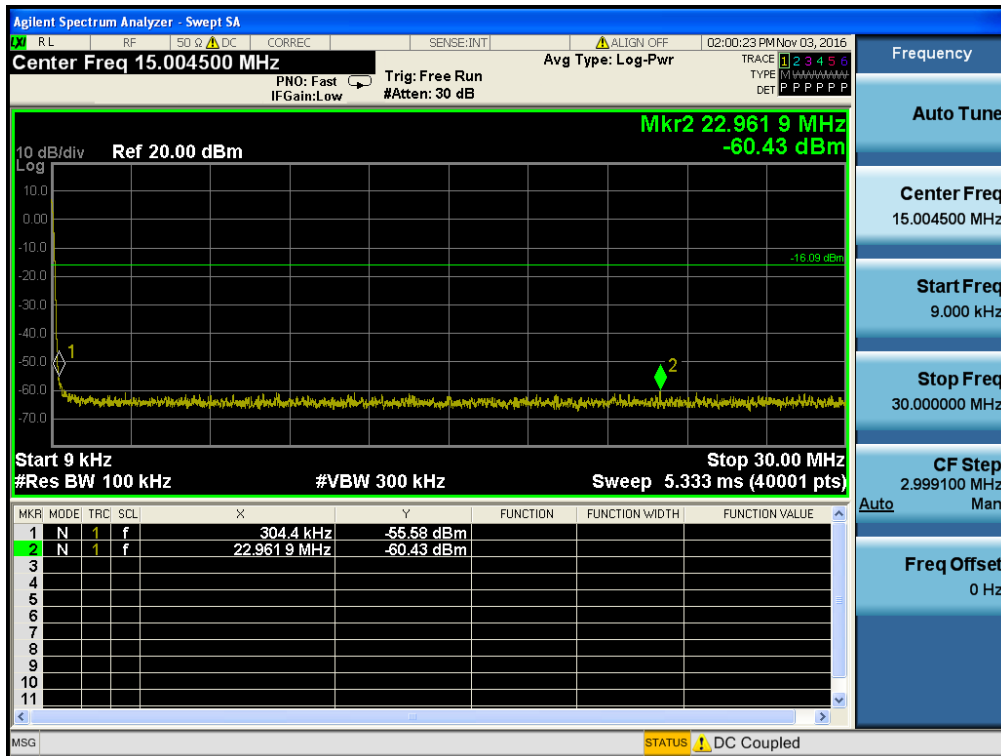


802.11b & 1 Mbps & 2437 MHz

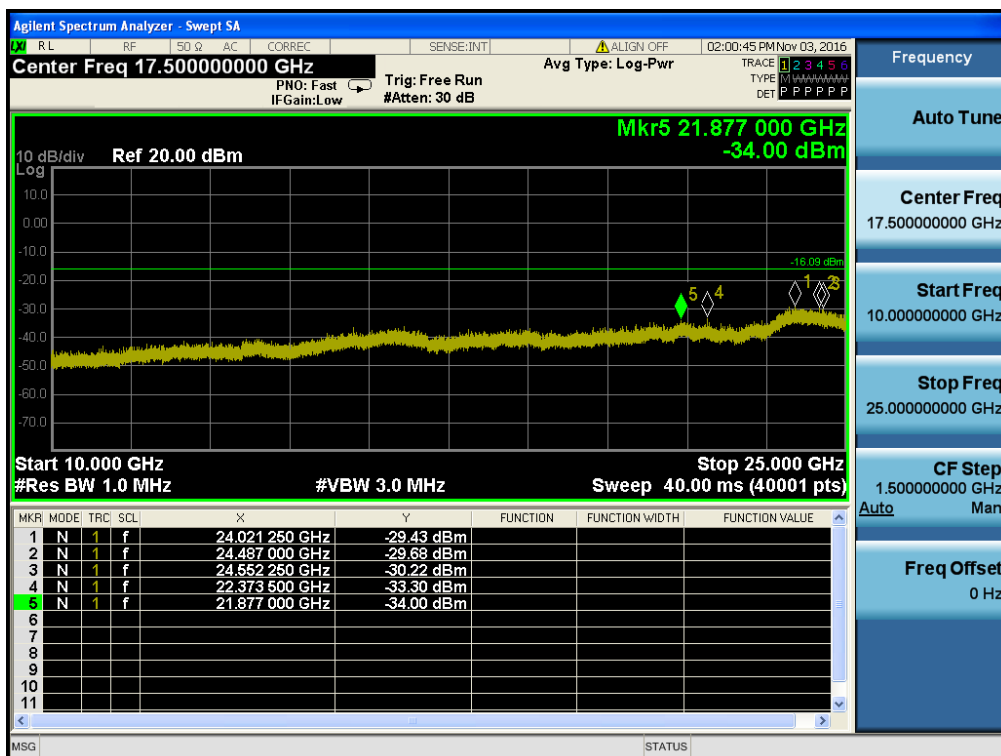
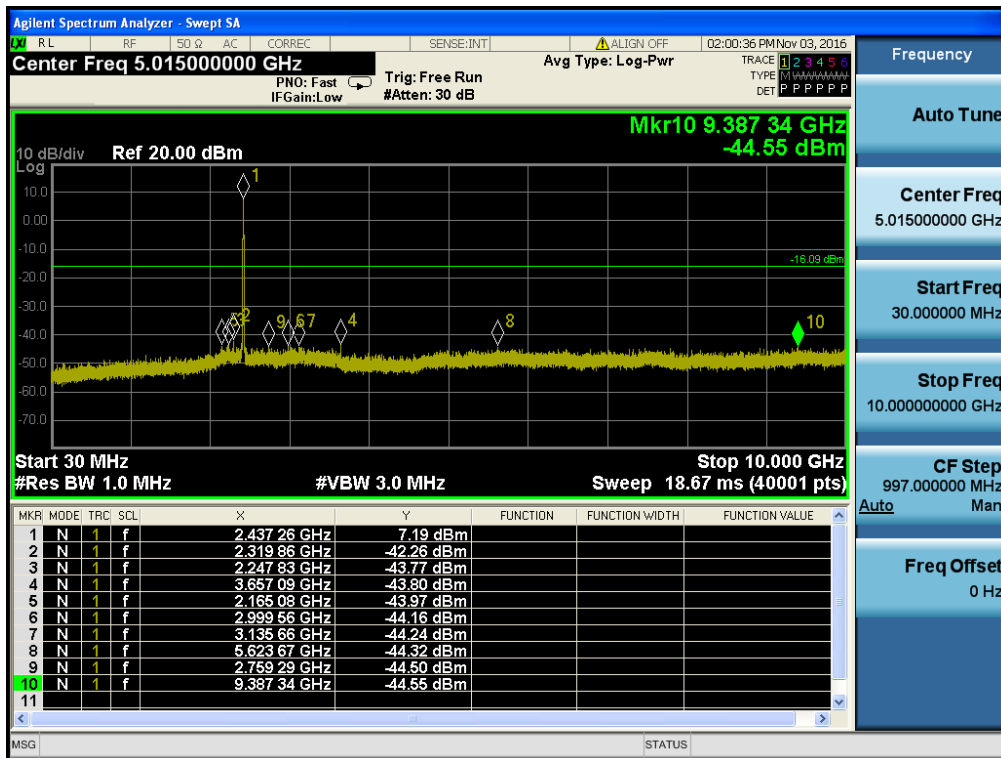
### Reference



### Conducted Spurious Emissions

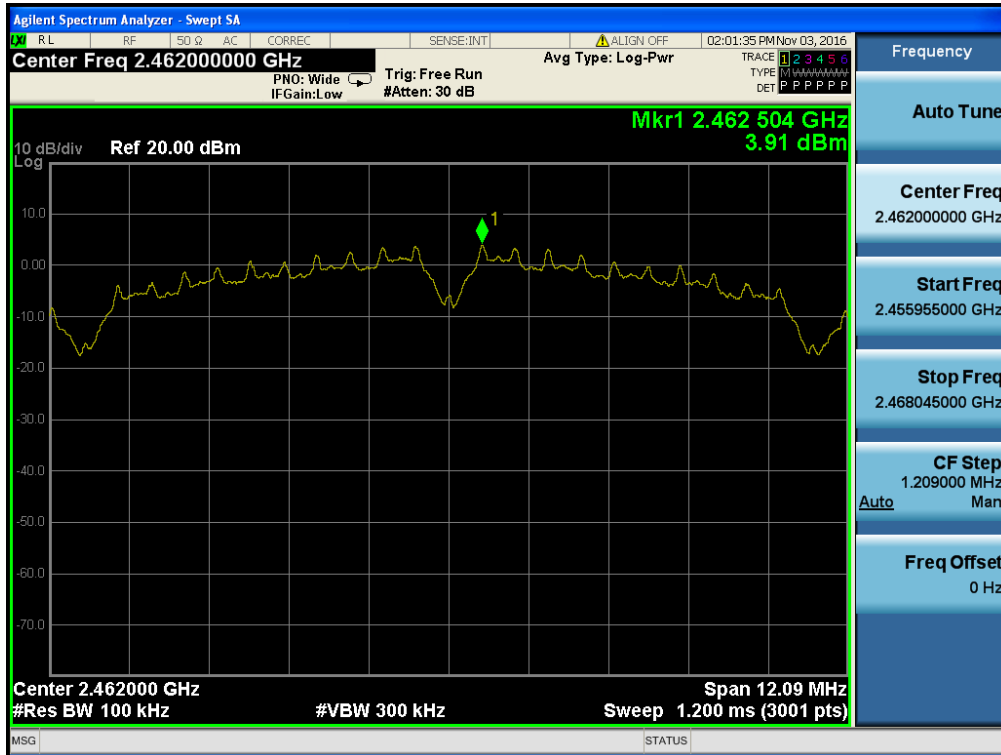


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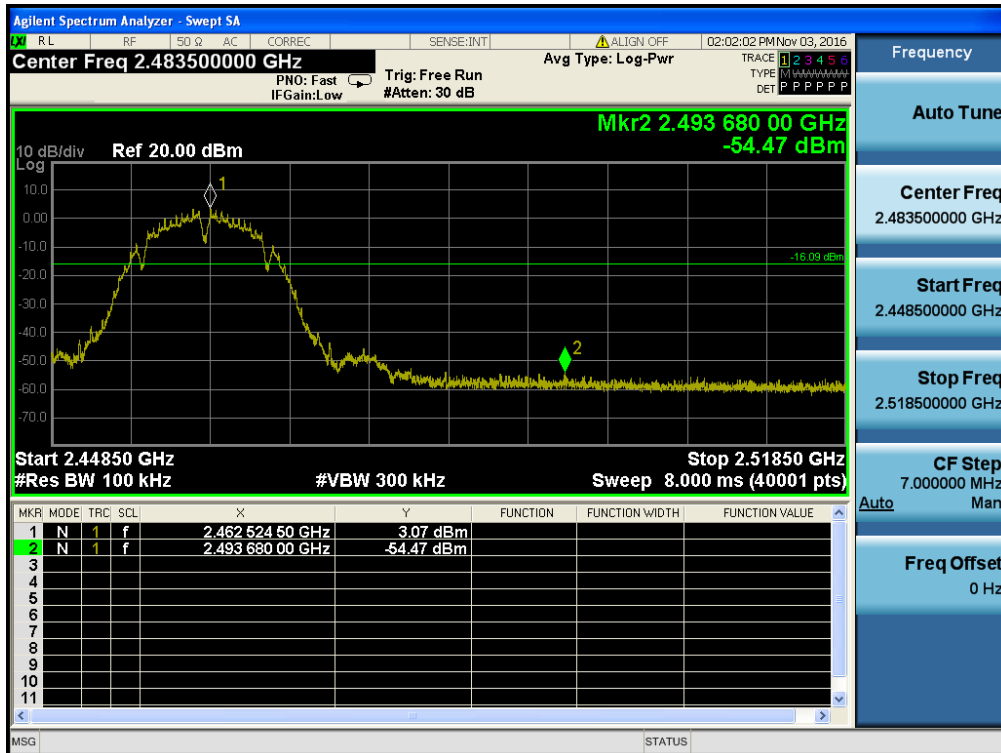


802.11b & 1 Mbps & 2462 MHz

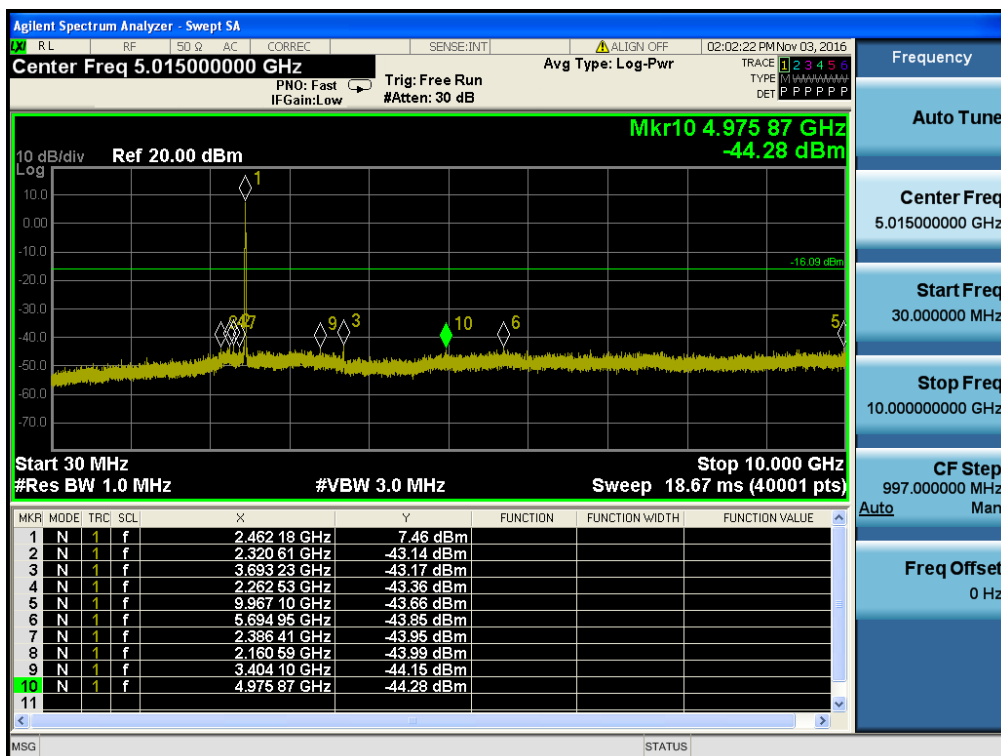
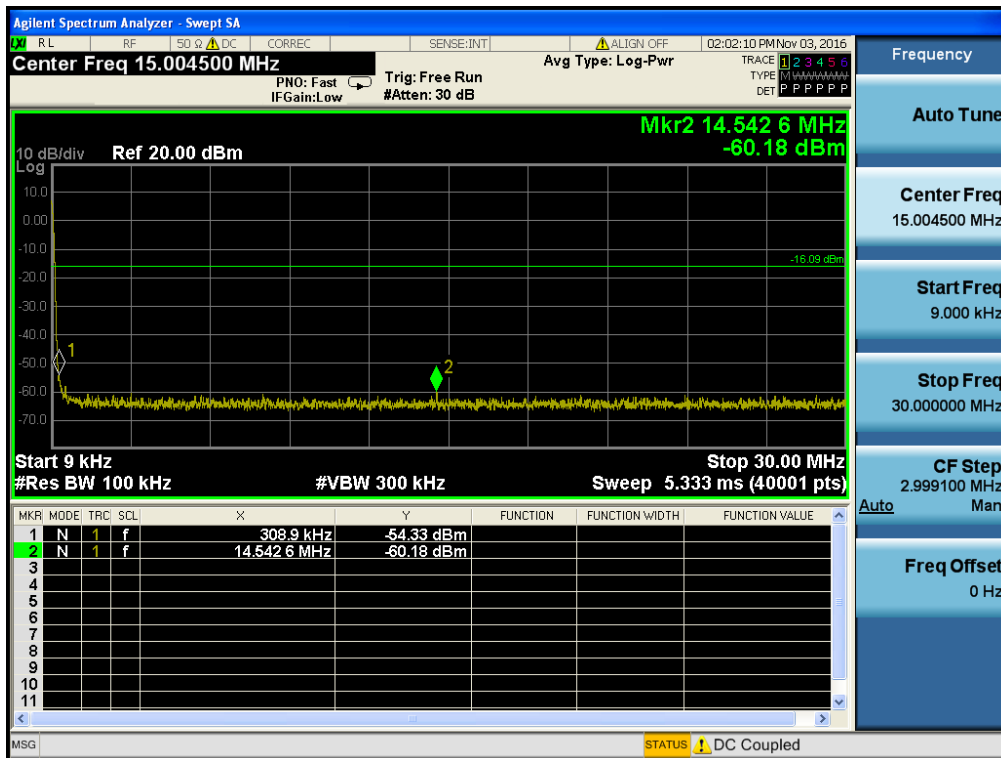
### Reference



### High Band-edge

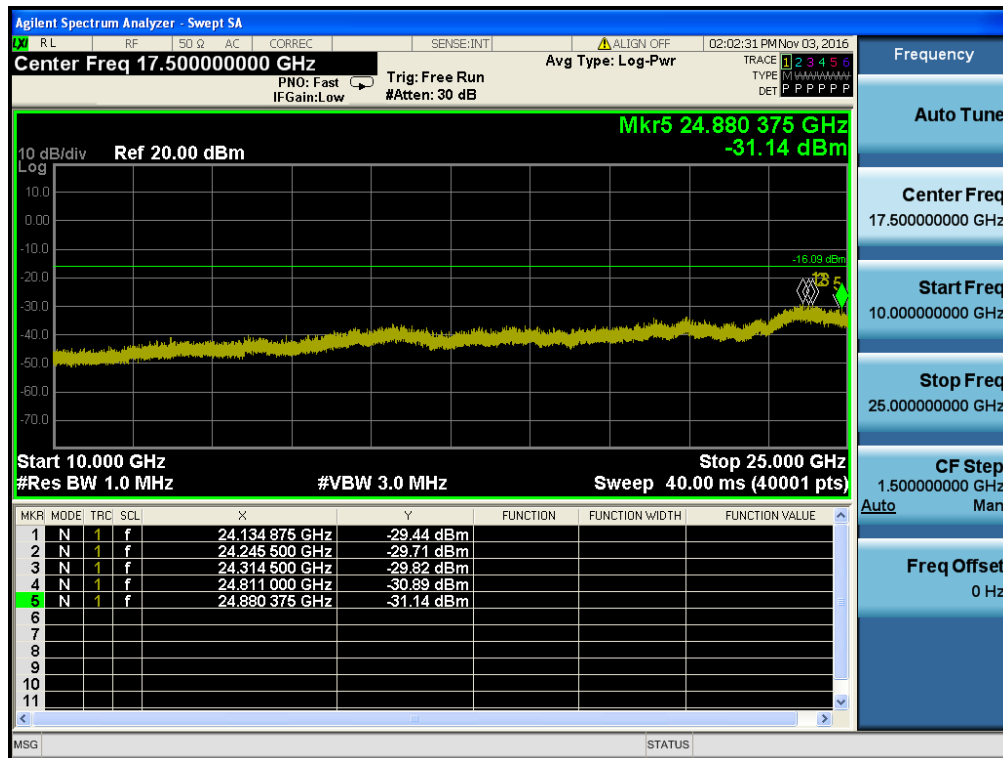


## Conducted Spurious Emissions



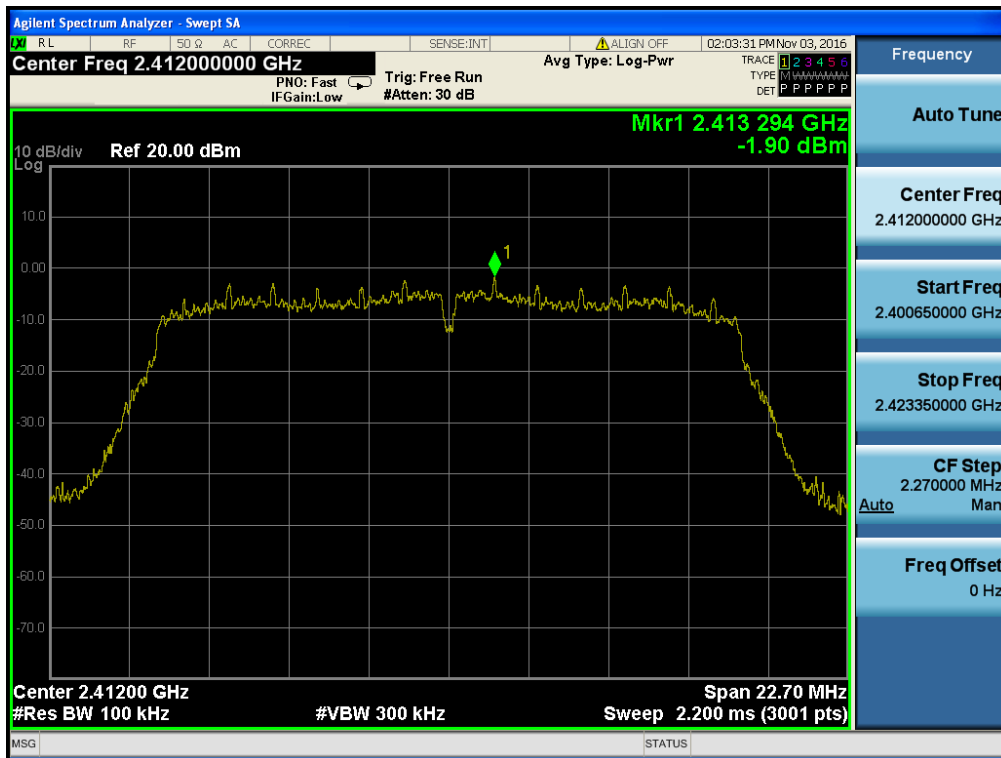


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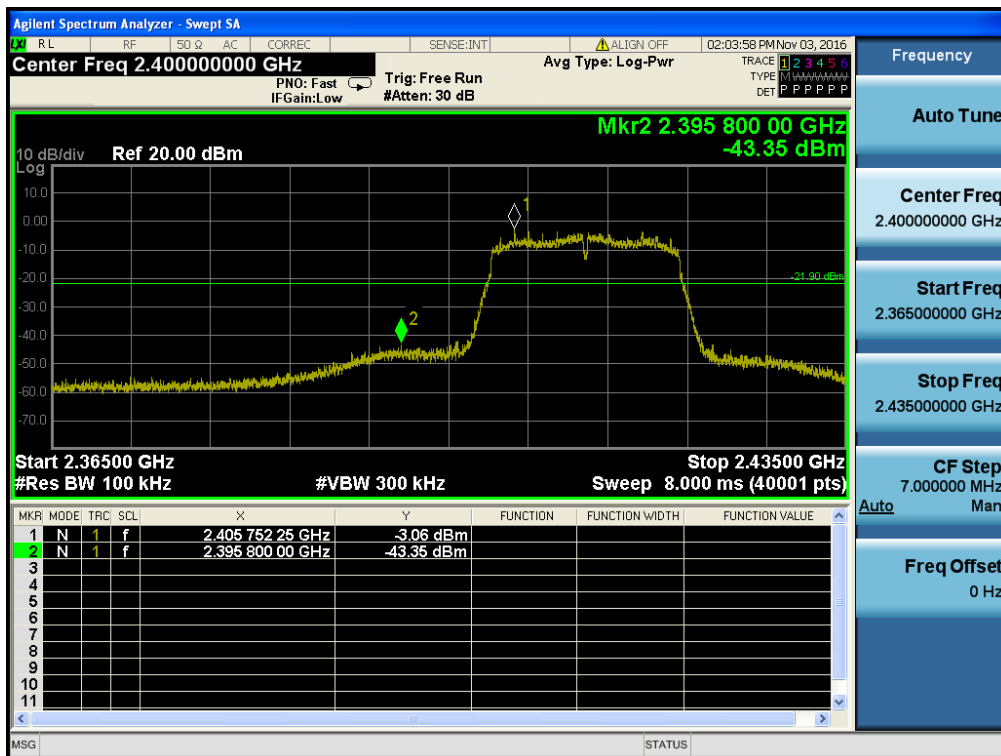


802.11g & 6 Mbps & 2412 MHz

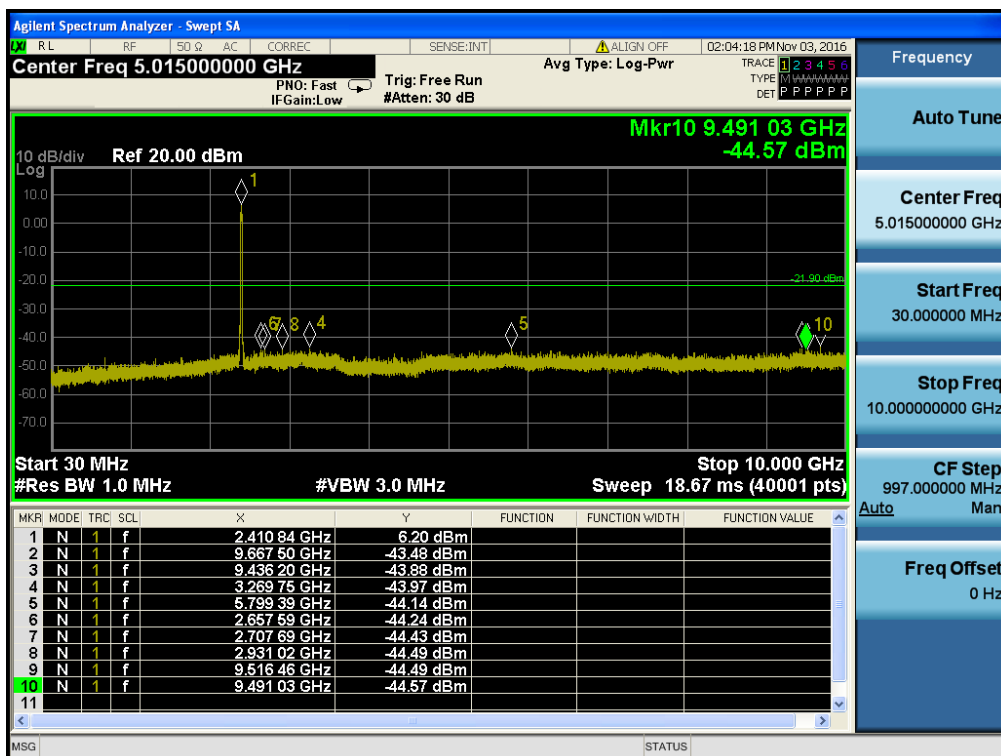
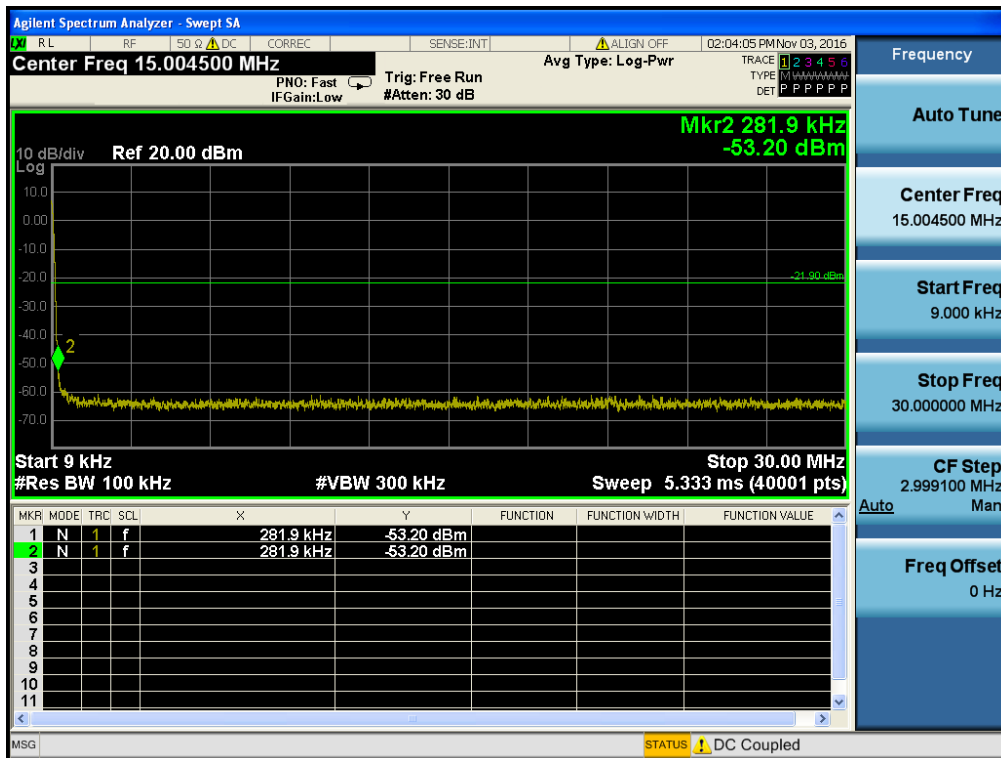
### Reference



### Low Band-edge



## Conducted Spurious Emissions

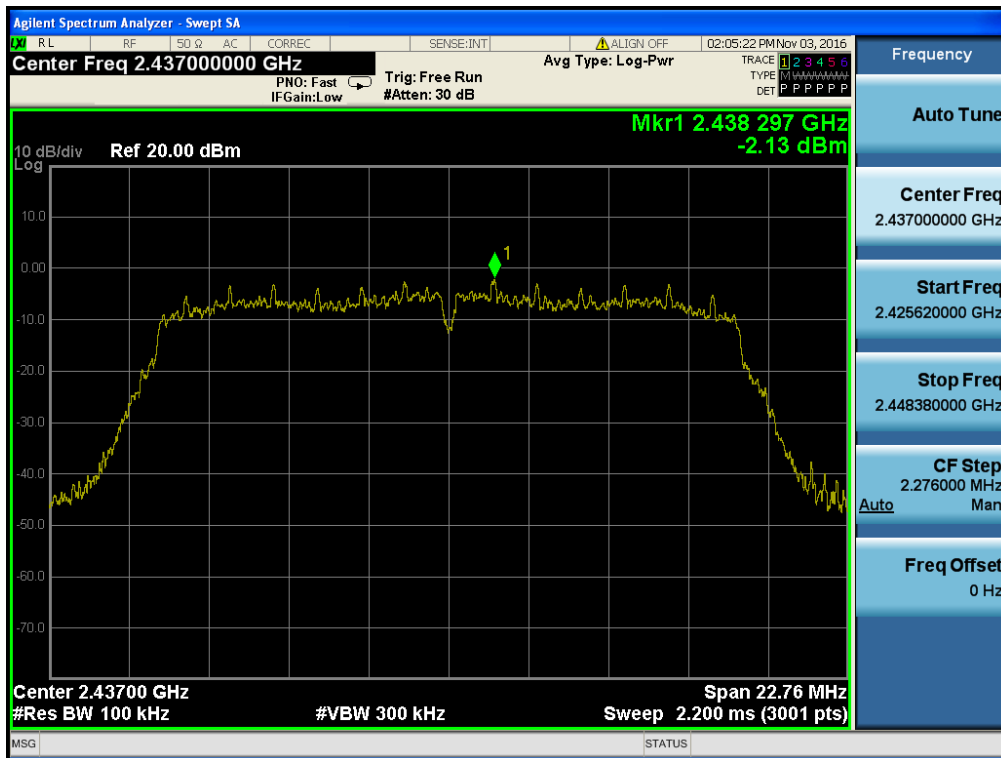


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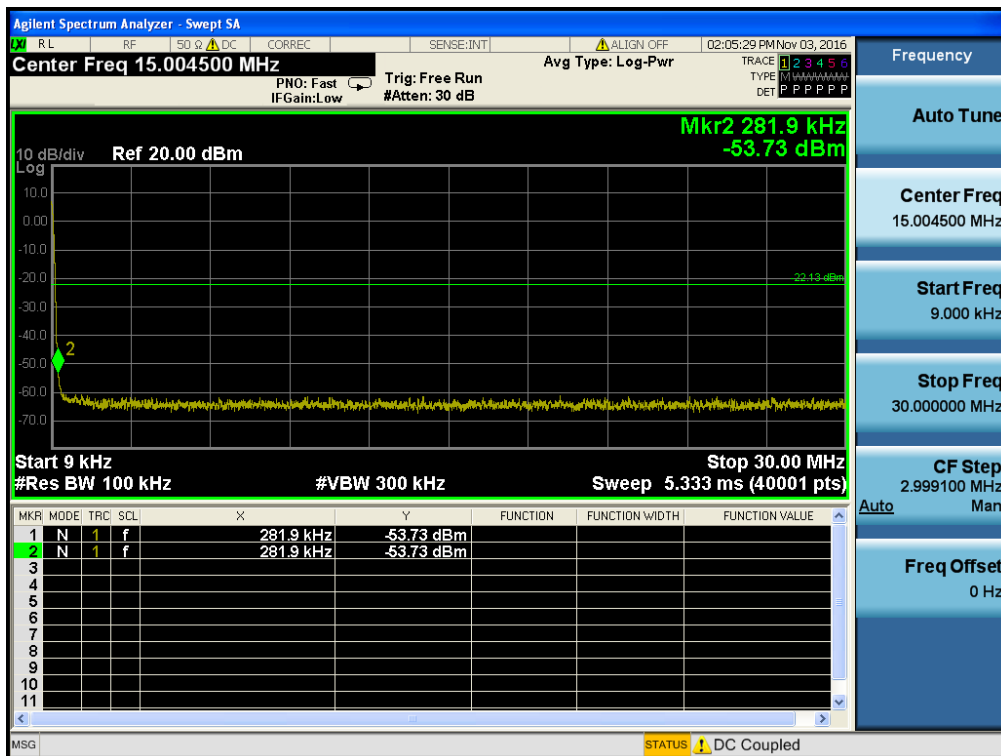


802.11g & 6 Mbps & 2437 MHz

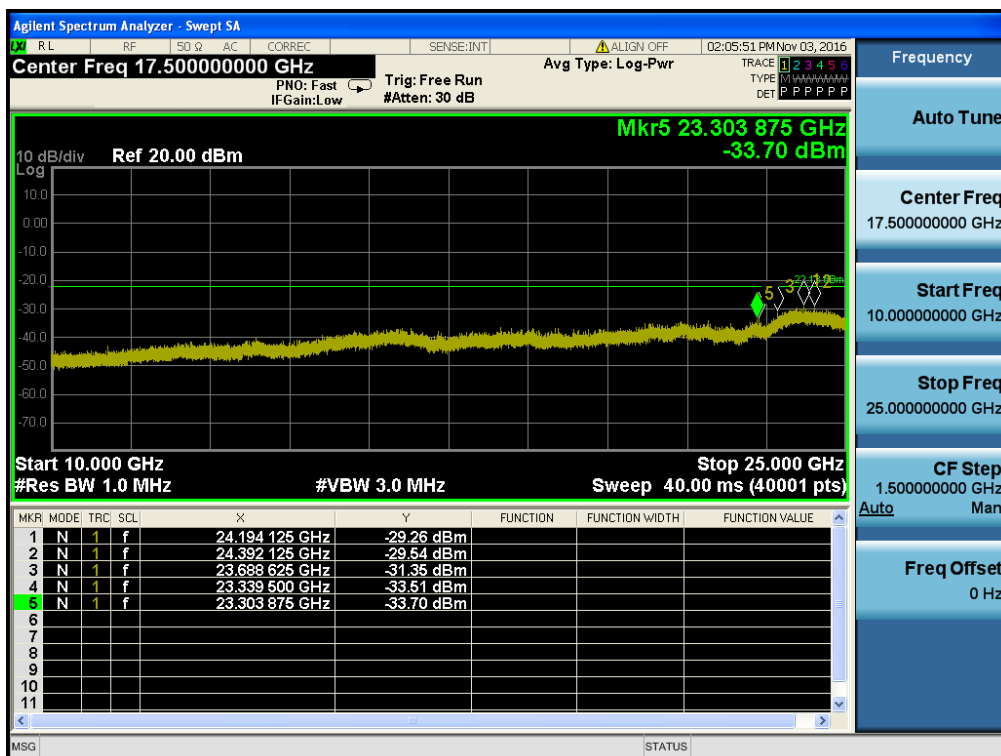
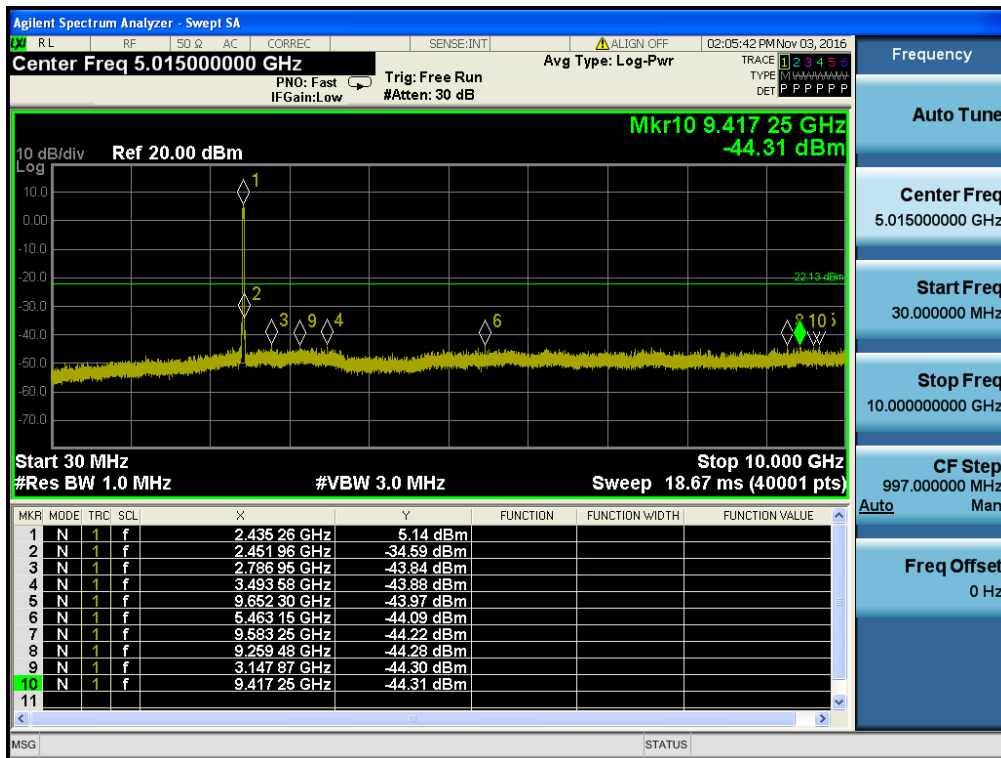
### Reference



### Conducted Spurious Emissions

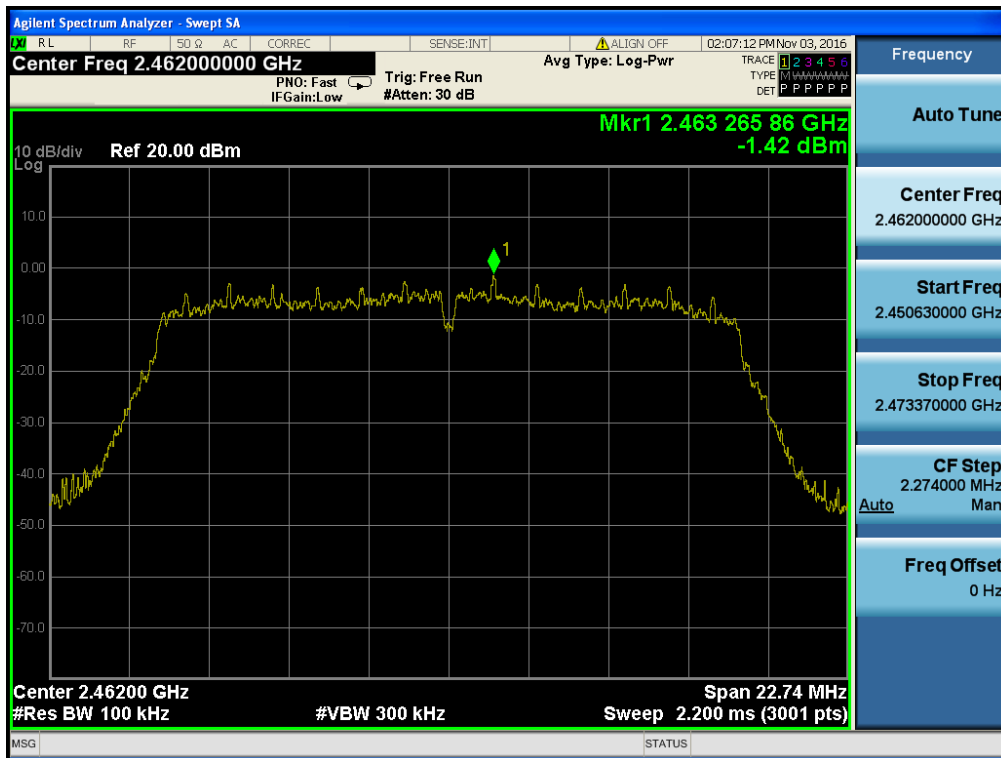


## Conducted Spurious Emissions

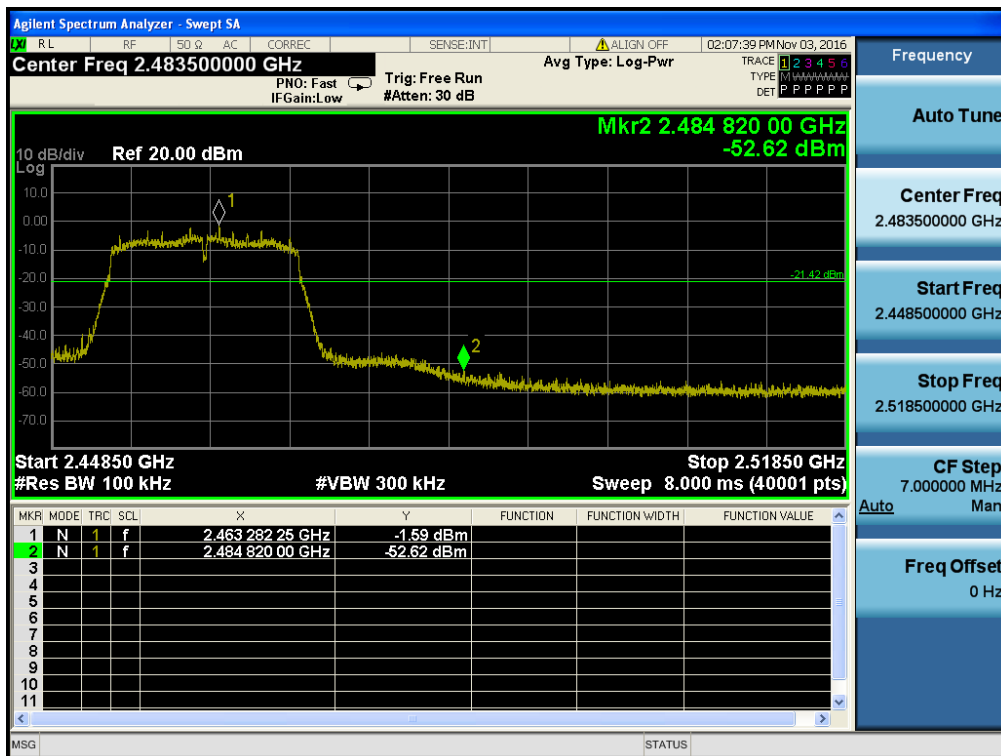


802.11g & 6 Mbps & 2462 MHz

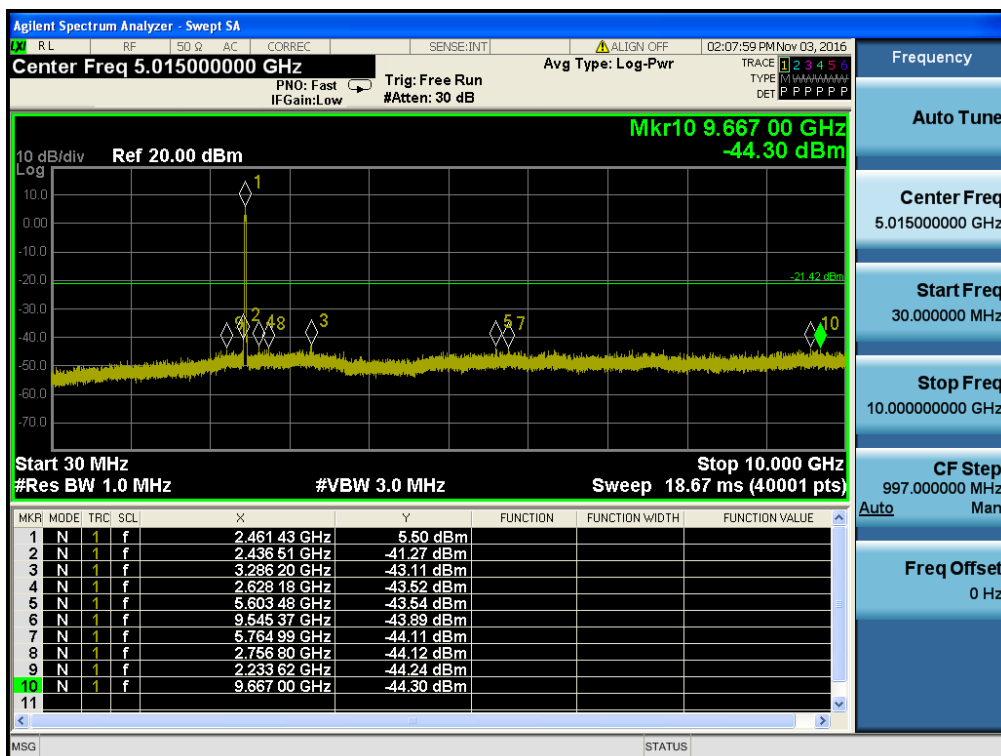
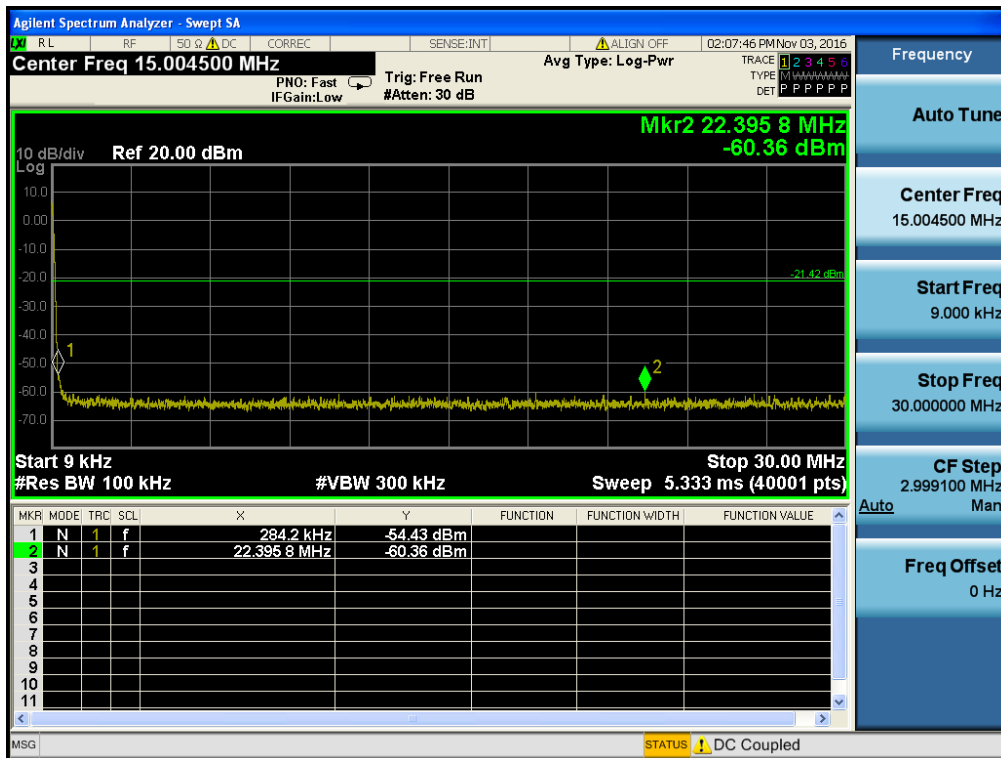
### Reference



### High Band-edge



## Conducted Spurious Emissions



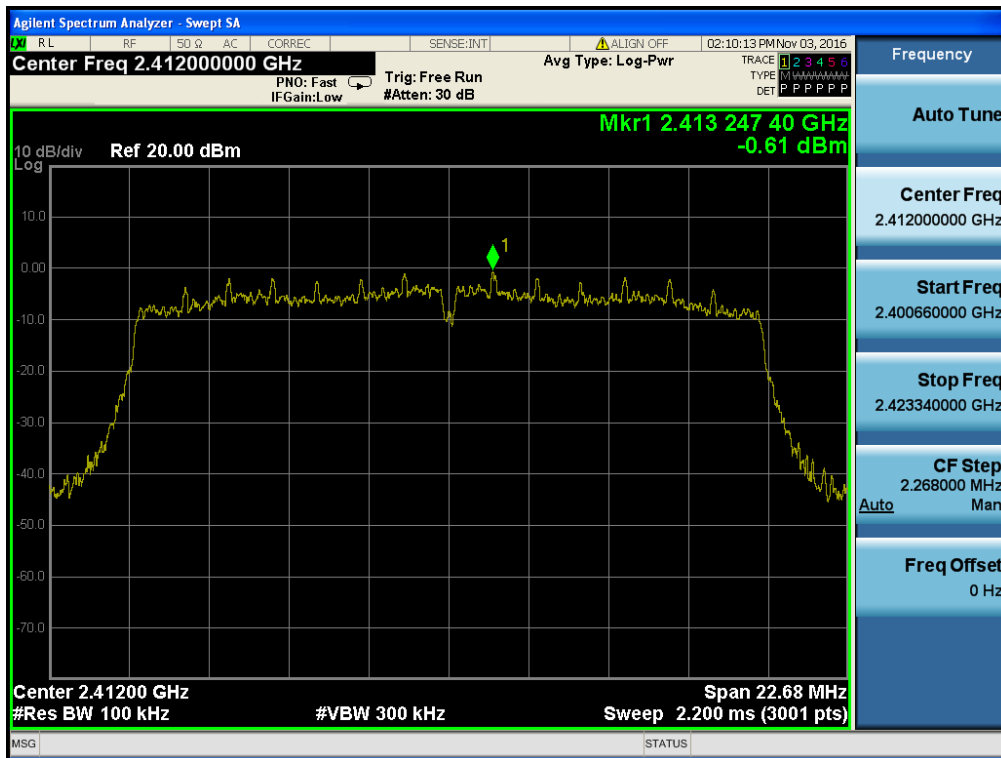


## Conducted Spurious Emissions

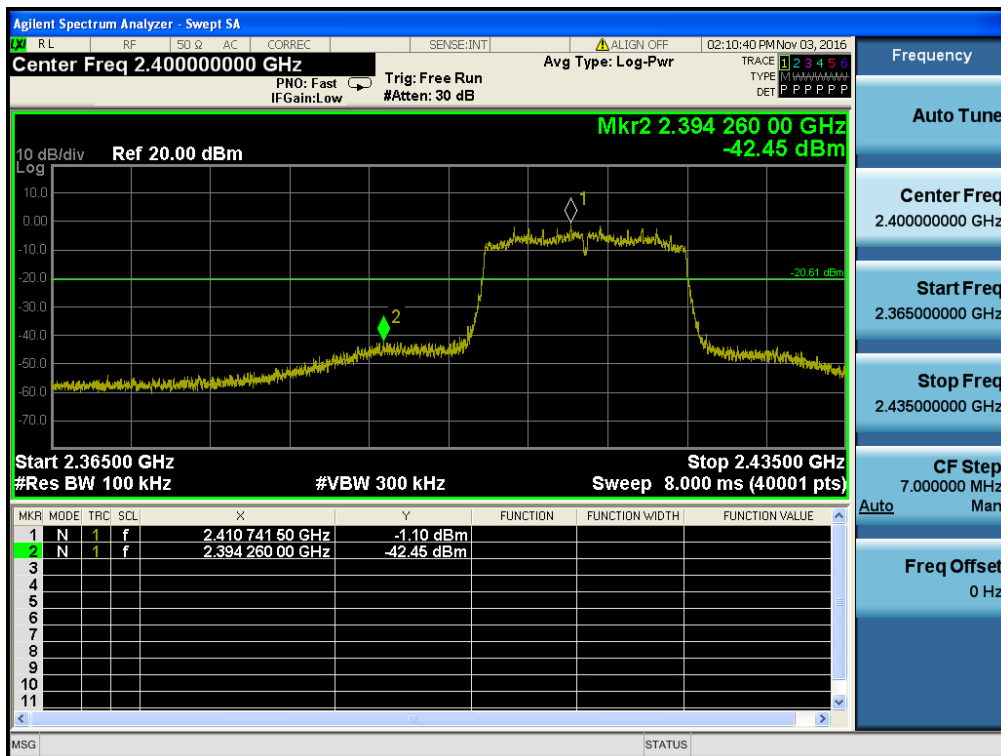


802.11n(HT20) & MCS 0 & 2412 MHz

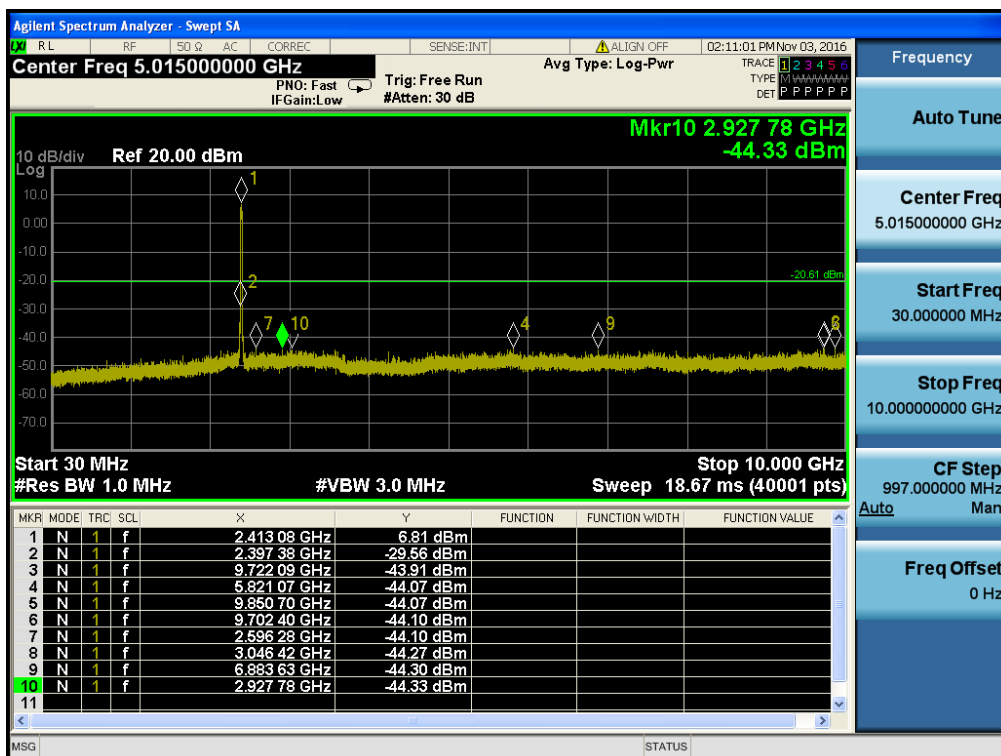
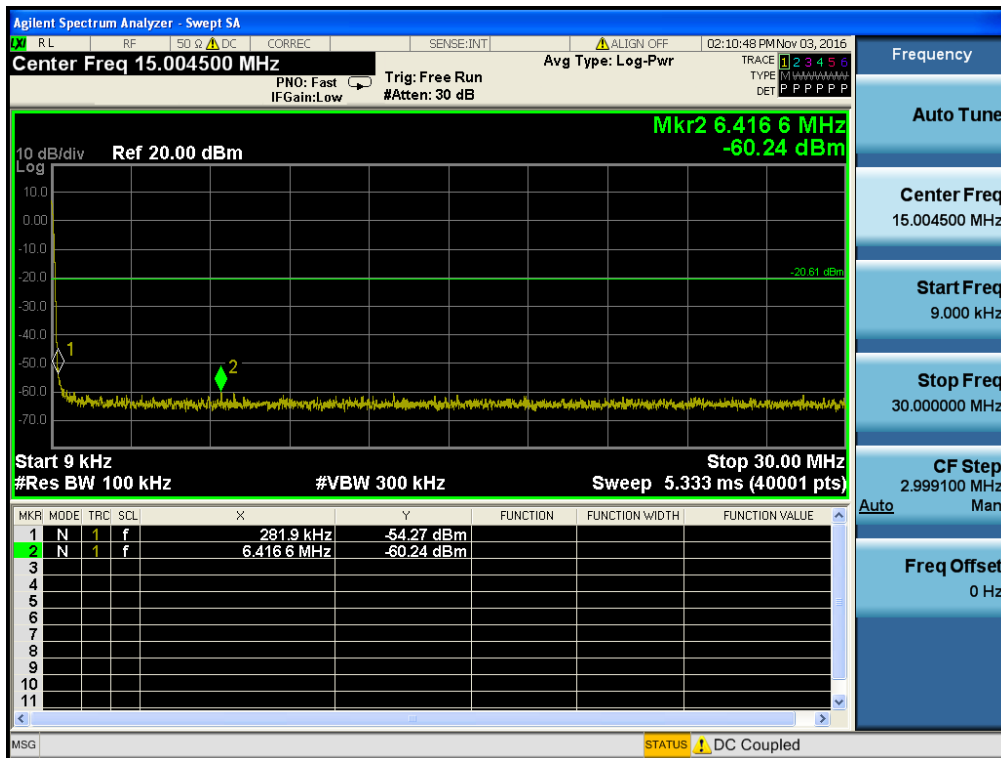
### Reference



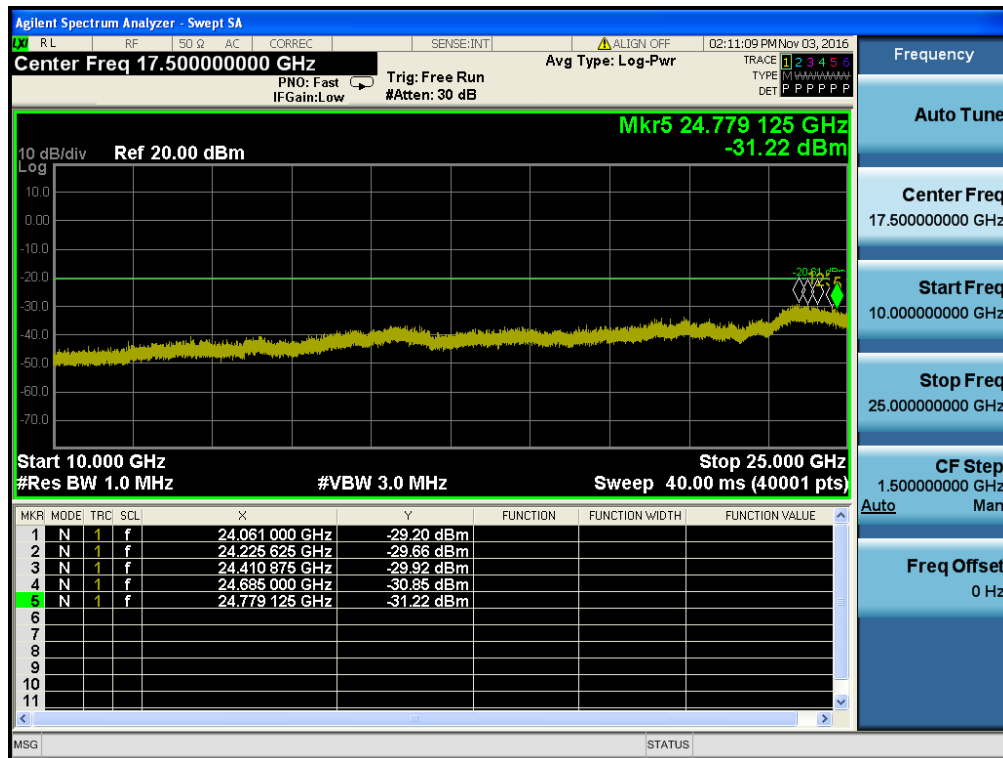
### Low Band-edge



## Conducted Spurious Emissions

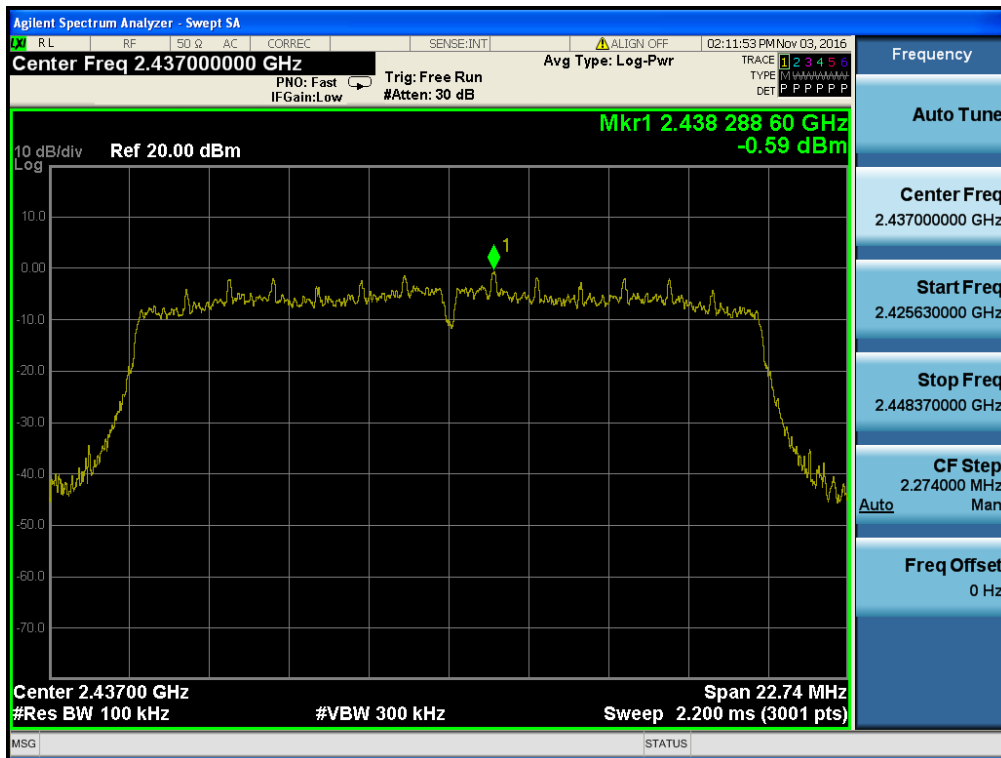


## Conducted Spurious Emissions

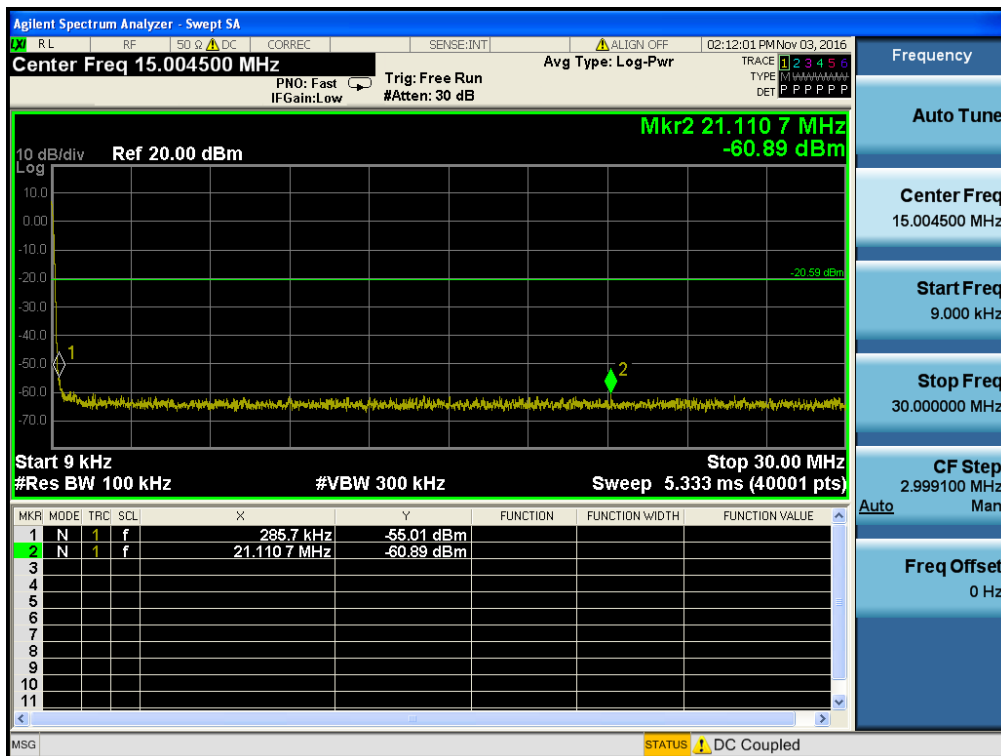


802.11n(HT20) & MCS 0 & 2437 MHz

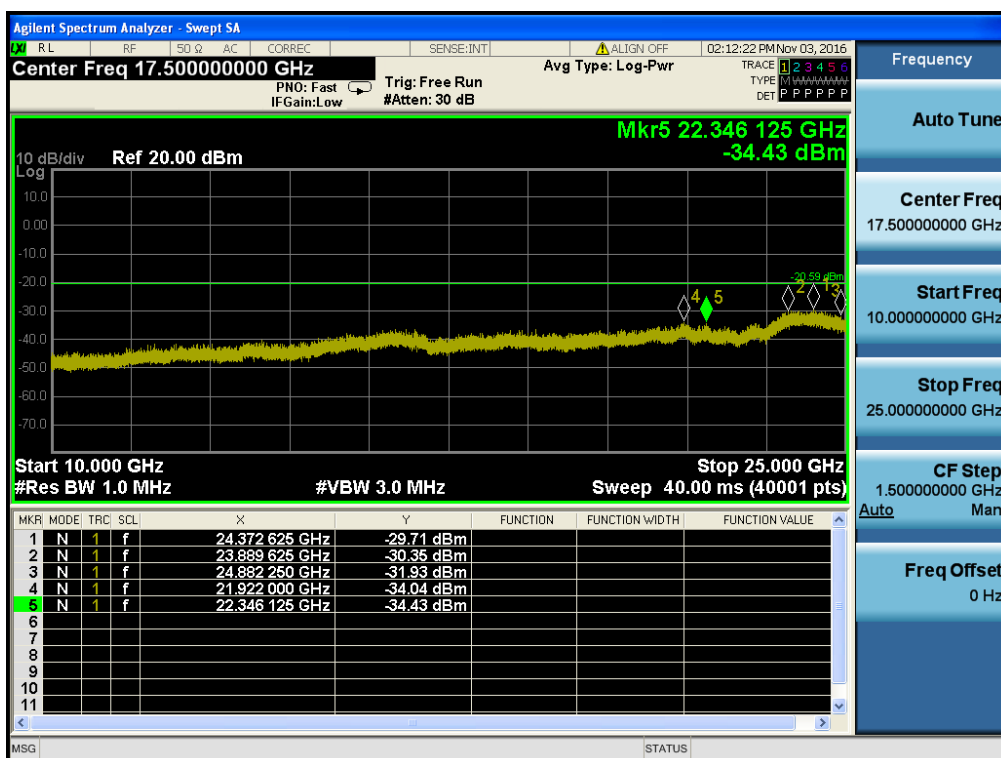
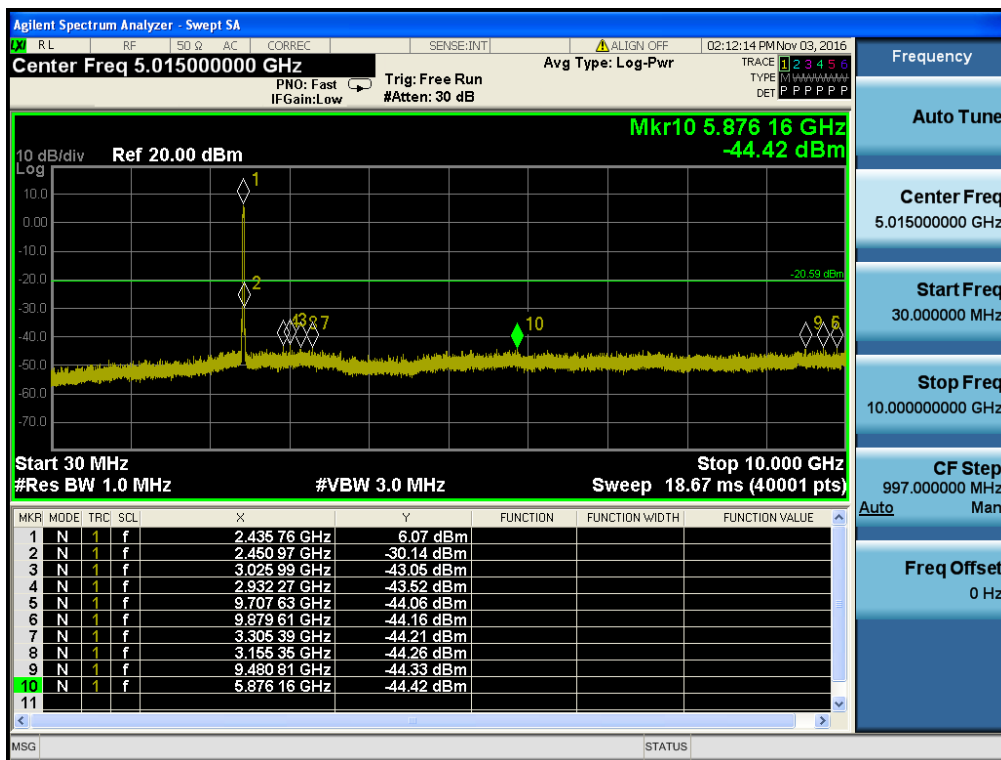
### Reference



### Conducted Spurious Emissions

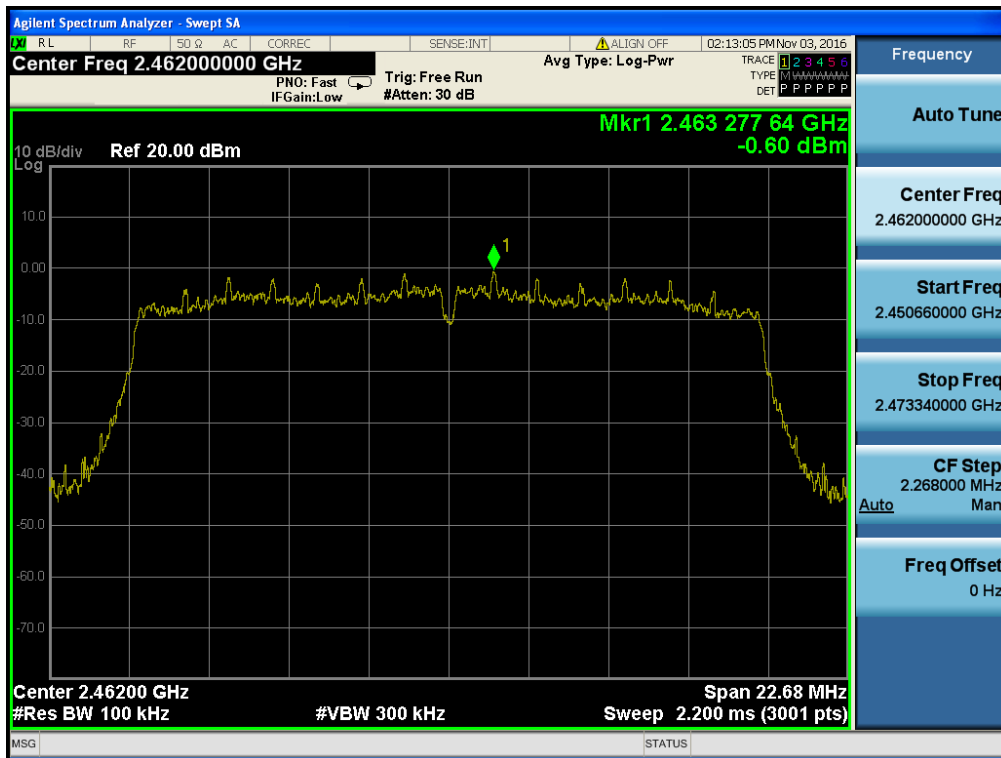


## Conducted Spurious Emissions

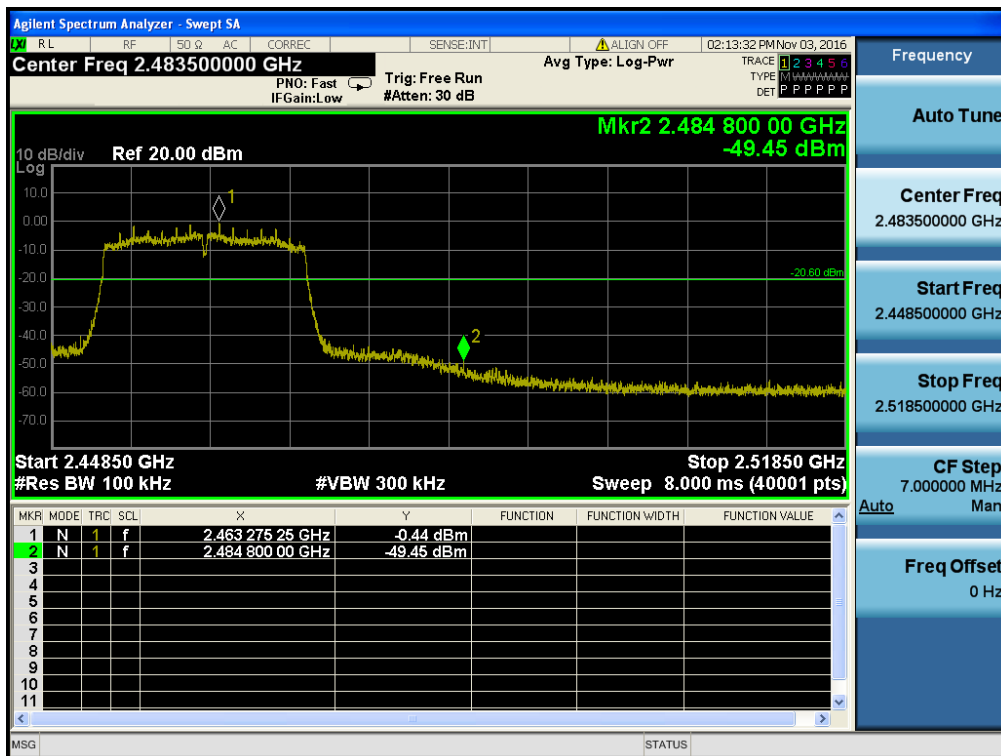


802.11n(HT20) & MCS 0 & 2462 MHz

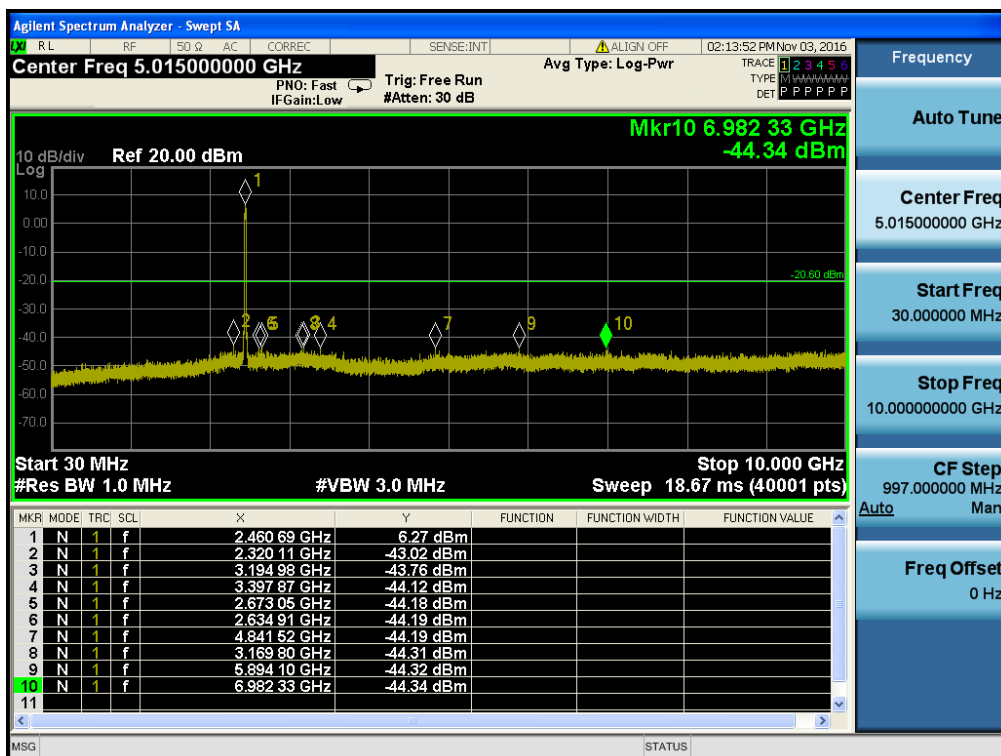
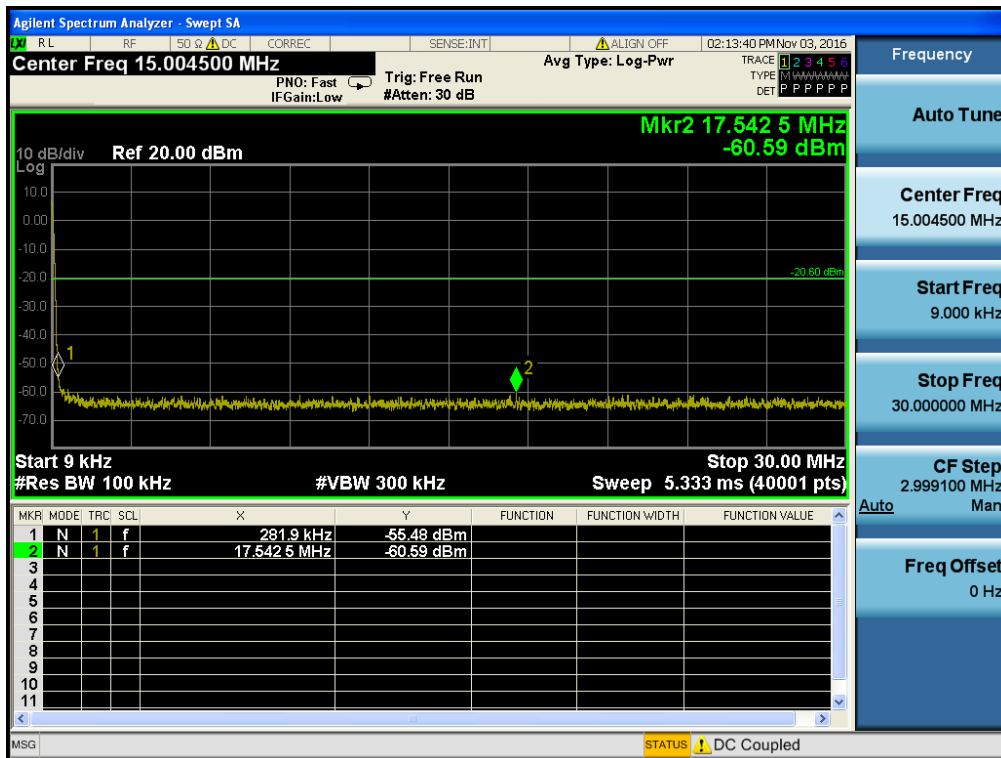
### Reference



### High Band-edge

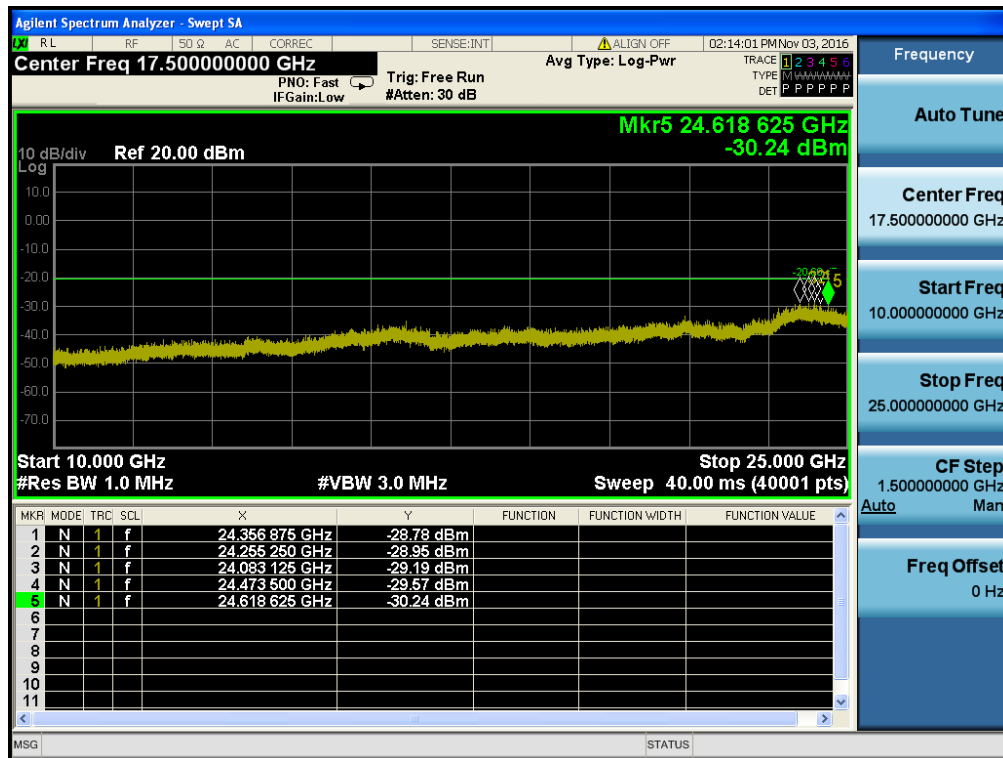


## Conducted Spurious Emissions





## Conducted Spurious Emissions



## 8.5 Radiated Spurious Emissions

### Test Requirements and limit,

#### §15.247(d), §15.205, §15.209

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a) and (b), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed

#### • FCC Part 15.209(a) and (b)

Frequency (MHz)	Limit (uV/m)	Measurement Distance (meter)
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F (KHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F (KHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30
30 ~ 88	100 **	3
88 ~ 216	150 **	3
216 ~ 960	200 **	3
Above 960	500	3

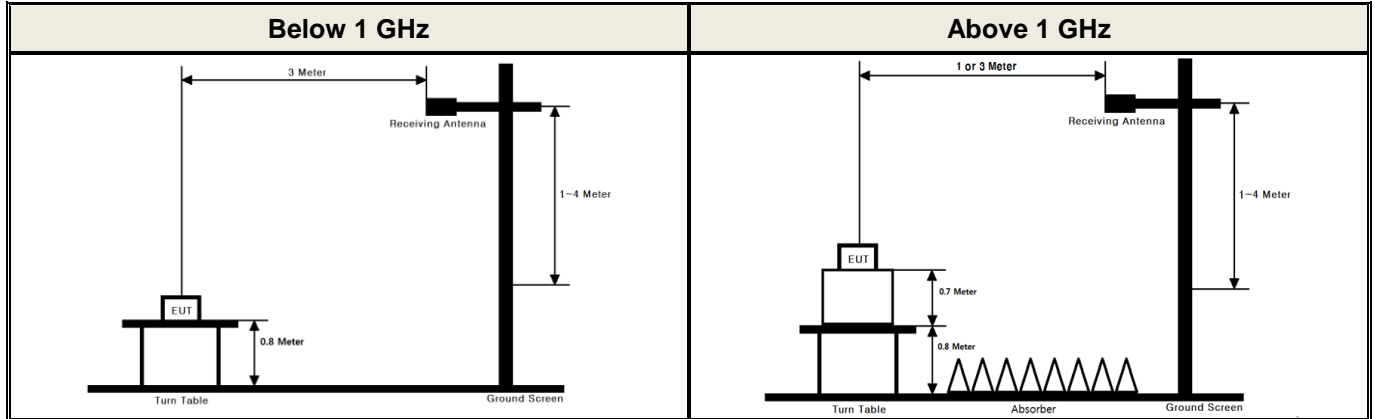
\*\* Except as provided in 15.209(g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54 - 72 MHz, 76 - 88 MHz, 174 - 216 MHz or 470 - 806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g. 15.231 and 15.241.

#### • FCC Part 15.205 (a): Only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz	GHz
0.009 ~ 0.110	8.41425 ~ 8.41475	108 ~ 121.94	1300 ~ 1427	4.5 ~ 5.15	14.47 ~ 14.5
0.495 ~ 0.505	12.29 ~ 12.293	123 ~ 138	1435 ~ 1626.5	5.35 ~ 5.46	15.35 ~ 16.2
2.1735 ~ 2.1905	12.51975 ~	149.9 ~ 150.05	1645.5 ~ 1646.5	7.25 ~ 7.75	17.7 ~ 21.4
4.125 ~ 4.128	12.52025	156.52475 ~	1660 ~ 1710	8.025 ~ 8.5	22.01 ~ 23.12
4.17725 ~ 4.17775	12.57675 ~	156.52525	1718.8 ~ 1722.2	9.0 ~ 9.2	23.6 ~ 24.0
4.20725 ~ 4.20775	12.57725	156.7 ~ 156.9	2200 ~ 2300	9.3 ~ 9.5	31.2 ~ 31.8
6.215 ~ 6.218	13.36 ~ 13.41	162.0125 ~ 167.17	2310 ~ 2390	10.6 ~ 12.7	36.43 ~ 36.5
6.26775 ~ 6.26825	16.42 ~ 16.423	167.72 ~ 173.2	2483.5 ~ 2500	13.25 ~ 13.4	Above 38.6
6.31175 ~ 6.31225	16.69475 ~	240 ~ 285	2655 ~ 2900		
8.291 ~ 8.294	16.69525	322 ~ 335.4	3260 ~ 3267		
8.362 ~ 8.366	16.80425 ~	399.90 ~ 410	3332 ~ 3339		
8.37625 ~ 8.38675	16.80475	608 ~ 614	3345.8 ~ 3358		
	25.5 ~ 25.67	960 ~ 1240	3600 ~ 4400		
	37.5 ~ 38.25				
	73 ~ 74.6				
	74.8 ~ 75.2				

• **FCC Part 15.205(b):** The field strength of emissions appearing within these frequency bands shall not exceed the limits shown in §15.209. At frequencies equal to or less than 1000 MHz, compliance with the limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated using measurement instrumentation employing a CISPR quasi-peak detector. Above 1000 MHz, compliance with the emission limits in §15.209 shall be demonstrated based on the average value of the measured emissions. The provisions in §15.35 apply to these measurements.

## Test Configuration



### TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a non-conductive table, emission measurements at below 1 GHz, the table height is 80 cm and above 1 GHz, the table height is 1.5 m.
2. The turntable shall be rotated for 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level.
3. EUT is set 3 m away from the receiving antenna, which is varied from 1 m to 4 m to find out the highest emissions.
4. Maximum procedure was performed on the six highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.
5. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical.
6. Repeat above procedures until the measurements for all frequencies are complete.

### Measurement Instrument Setting for Radiated Emission Measurements.

The radiated emission was tested according to the section 6.3, 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6 of the ANSI C63.10-2013 with following settings.

#### Peak Measurement:

RBW = As specified in below table , VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW, Sweep = Auto, Detector = Peak, Trace mode = Max Hold until the trace stabilizes.

Frequency	RBW
9 - 150 kHz	200 - 300 Hz
0.15 - 30 MHz	9 - 10 kHz
30 - 1000 MHz	100 - 120 kHz
> 1000 MHz	1 MHz

#### Average Measurement:

1. RBW = 1 MHz (unless otherwise specified).
2. VBW  $\geq 3 \times$  RBW.
3. Detector = RMS (Number of points  $\geq 2 \times$  Span / RBW)
4. Averaging type = power. (i.e., RMS)
5. Sweep time = auto.
6. Perform a trace average of at least 100 traces.
7. A correction factor shall be added to the measurement results prior to comparing to the emission limit in order to compute the emission level that would have been measured had the test been performed at 100 percent duty cycle. The correction factor is computed as follows:
  - 1) If power averaging (RMS) mode was used in step 4, then the applicable correction factor is  $10 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.
  - 2) If linear voltage averaging mode was used in step 4, then the applicable correction factor is  $20 \log(1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle.
  - 3) If a specific emission is demonstrated to be continuous ( $\geq 98$  percent duty cycle) rather than turning on and off with the transmit cycle, then no duty cycle correction is required for that emission.

### Duty Cycle Corrections (Refer to appendix II for duty cycle measurement procedure and plots)

Test Mode	Duty Cycle (%)	T <sub>on</sub> (ms)	T <sub>on</sub> + T <sub>off</sub> (ms)	DCF = $10 \log(1 / \text{Duty})$ (dB)
802.11b	99.53	8.400	8.440	-
802.11g	97.21	1.395	1.435	0.12
802.11n(HT20)	97.04	1.310	1.350	0.13

## TEST RESULT

### 9 kHz ~ 1GHz Data

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCF (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
51.15	V	X	QP	40.60	-20.50	N/A	N/A	20.10	40.00	19.90
53.47	V	X	QP	41.80	-21.00	N/A	N/A	20.80	40.00	19.20
57.15	V	X	QP	49.90	-21.80	N/A	N/A	28.10	40.00	11.90
58.52	V	X	QP	42.10	-22.10	N/A	N/A	20.00	40.00	20.00
876.24	V	X	QP	40.30	-4.10	N/A	N/A	36.20	46.00	9.80
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

#### Note.

- Exploratory testing has been performed to determined the emissions characteristic of this device.  
And highest channel of 802.11g mode was selected for final testing and reported.
- Sample Calculation.  

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Result} \quad / \quad \text{Result} = \text{Reading} + \text{T.F} + \text{D.C.F} \quad / \quad \text{T.F} = \text{AF} + \text{CL} - \text{AG}$$

Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain

## 1 ~ 25 GHz Data (802.11b & 1 Mbps)

### ▪ 2412 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCF (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2320.16	H	X	PK	47.74	0.19	N/A	N/A	47.93	74.00	26.07
2320.16	H	X	AV	39.63	0.19	N/A	N/A	39.82	54.00	14.18
2389.16	H	X	PK	47.71	0.77	N/A	N/A	48.48	74.00	25.52
2389.09	H	X	AV	38.40	0.77	N/A	N/A	39.17	54.00	14.83
4822.86	H	X	PK	45.12	7.60	N/A	N/A	52.72	74.00	21.28
4822.27	H	X	AV	34.32	7.61	N/A	N/A	41.93	54.00	12.07

### ▪ 2437 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCF (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
4873.24	V	X	PK	44.34	7.54	N/A	N/A	51.88	74.00	22.12
4873.68	V	X	AV	33.73	7.54	N/A	N/A	41.27	54.00	12.73

### ▪ 2462 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCF (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2484.33	H	X	PK	46.73	1.11	N/A	N/A	47.84	74.00	26.16
2484.27	H	X	AV	36.55	1.10	N/A	N/A	37.65	54.00	16.35
4923.88	H	X	PK	44.77	7.40	N/A	N/A	52.17	74.00	21.83
4921.84	H	X	AV	34.16	7.39	N/A	N/A	41.55	54.00	12.45

### Note.

- Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.  
So Distance Correction Factor : - 9.54 dB =  $20 \cdot \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m})$
- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- The band edge test has performed between 2310-2390 MHz and 2483.5-2500 MHz.  
The worst results were reported in the table.
- Sample Calculation.  
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCF + Distance Factor / T.F = AF + CL – AG  
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,  
DCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor.
- Attached the worst data plots, refer to the Appendix III.

## 1 ~ 25 GHz Data (802.11g & 6 Mbps)

### ▪ 2412 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCF (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2320.16	H	X	PK	47.25	0.19	N/A	N/A	47.44	74.00	26.56
2320.16	H	X	AV	38.20	0.19	0.12	N/A	38.51	54.00	15.49
2388.72	H	X	PK	47.25	0.77	N/A	N/A	48.02	74.00	25.98
2389.01	H	X	AV	37.77	0.77	0.12	N/A	38.66	54.00	15.34
4823.25	V	Z	PK	44.05	7.60	N/A	N/A	51.65	74.00	22.35
4822.26	V	Z	AV	34.15	7.61	0.12	N/A	41.88	54.00	12.12

### ▪ 2437 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCF (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
4875.49	V	Z	PK	43.85	7.49	N/A	N/A	51.34	74.00	22.66
4877.88	V	Z	AV	33.54	7.42	0.12	N/A	41.08	54.00	12.92

### ▪ 2462 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCF (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2483.95	H	X	PK	45.66	1.10	N/A	N/A	46.76	74.00	27.24
2483.93	H	X	AV	37.47	1.10	0.12	N/A	38.69	54.00	15.31
4923.68	H	Z	PK	44.96	7.39	N/A	N/A	52.35	74.00	21.65
4924.96	H	Z	AV	33.98	7.40	0.12	N/A	41.50	54.00	12.50

### Note.

- Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.  
So Distance Correction Factor : - 9.54 dB =  $20 \cdot \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m})$
- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- The band edge test has performed between 2310-2390 MHz and 2483.5-2500 MHz.  
The worst results were reported in the table.
- Sample Calculation.  
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCF + Distance Factor / T.F = AF + CL – AG  
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,  
DCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor.
- Attached the worst data plots, refer to the Appendix III.

## 1 ~ 25 GHz Data (802.11n HT20 & MCS 0)

### ▪ 2412 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCF (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2319.72	H	X	PK	46.15	0.19	N/A	N/A	46.34	74.00	27.66
2319.83	H	X	AV	37.41	0.19	0.13	N/A	37.73	54.00	16.27
2388.97	H	X	PK	48.02	0.77	N/A	N/A	48.79	74.00	25.21
2389.05	H	X	AV	39.30	0.77	0.13	N/A	40.20	54.00	13.80
4825.00	H	X	PK	44.72	7.60	N/A	N/A	52.32	74.00	21.68
4822.80	H	X	AV	34.15	7.60	0.13	N/A	41.75	54.00	12.25

### ▪ 2437 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCF (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
4874.67	H	X	PK	44.35	7.52	N/A	N/A	51.87	74.00	22.13
4876.34	H	X	AV	33.60	7.47	0.13	N/A	41.20	54.00	12.80

### ▪ 2462 MHz

Frequency (MHz)	ANT Pol	EUT Position (Axis)	Detector Mode	Reading (dBuV)	T.F (dB/m)	DCF (dB)	Distance Factor(dB)	Result (dBuV/m)	Limit (dBuV/m)	Margin (dB)
2483.90	H	X	PK	48.91	1.10	N/A	N/A	50.01	74.00	23.99
2483.68	H	X	AV	38.99	1.10	0.13	N/A	40.22	54.00	13.78
4925.05	V	X	PK	44.83	7.40	N/A	N/A	52.23	74.00	21.77
4926.51	V	X	AV	33.88	7.40	0.13	N/A	41.41	54.00	12.59

### Note.

- Measurement Distance = 3 m for below 10 GHz, Measurement Distance = 1 m for above 10 GHz.  
So Distance Correction Factor : - 9.54 dB =  $20 \cdot \log(1 \text{ m} / 3 \text{ m})$
- No other spurious and harmonic emissions were found greater than listed emissions on above table.
- The band edge test has performed between 2310-2390 MHz and 2483.5-2500 MHz.  
The worst results were reported in the table.
- Sample Calculation.  
Margin = Limit – Result / Result = Reading + T.F+ DCF + Distance Factor / T.F = AF + CL – AG  
Where, T.F = Total Factor, AF = Antenna Factor, CL = Cable Loss, AG = Amplifier Gain,  
DCF = Duty Cycle Correction Factor.
- Attached the worst data plots, refer to the Appendix III.

## 8.6 AC line conducted emissions

### Test Requirements and limit, §15.207

For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 uH/50 ohm line impedance stabilization network(LISN).

Compliance with the provision of this paragraph shall on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower applies at the boundary between the frequency ranges.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 ~ 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 ~ 5	56	46
5 ~ 30	60	50

\* Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

1. The EUT is placed on a wooden table 80 cm above the reference ground plane.
2. The EUT is connected via LISN to the test power supply.
3. The measurement results are obtained as described below:
4. Detectors – Quasi Peak and Average Detector.

### ■ Test Results: **Comply**



■ **RESULT PLOTS**

**AC Line Conducted Emissions (Graph)**

Test Mode: 802.11g & 6Mbps & 2462 MHz

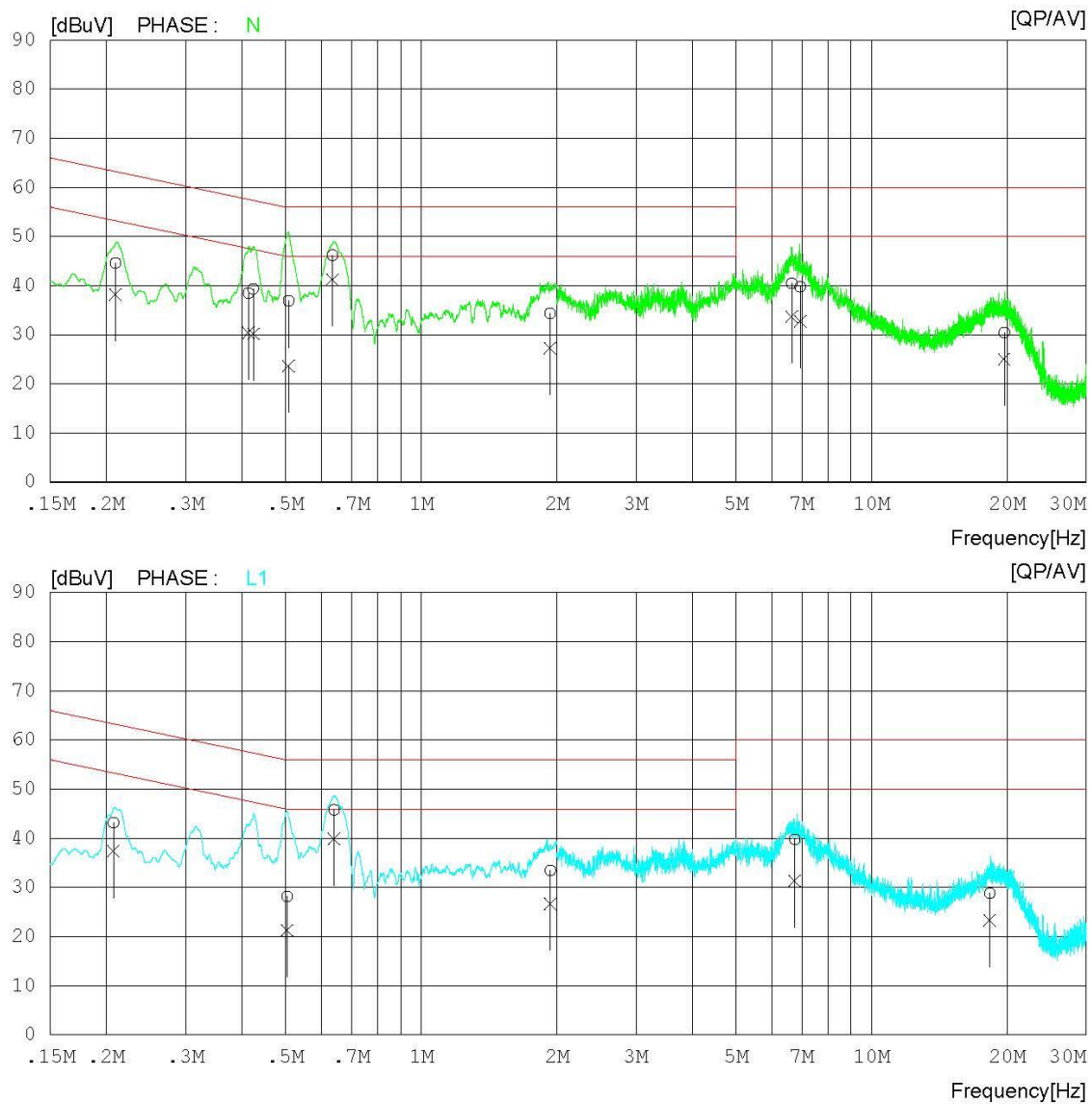
**Results of Conducted Emission**

Date : 2016-11-09

Model No. : AWAIR0PD1  
 Power Supply : AC 120 V  
 Temp/Humi. : 24 / 43  
 Atm : .

Memo : 2.4 Wlan

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP  
 FCC P15.207 AV



## AC Line Conducted Emissions (List)

Test Mode: 802.11g & 6Mbps & 2462 MHz

## Results of Conducted Emission

Date : 2016-11-09

Model No. : AWAIR0PD1  
Power Supply : AC 120 V  
Temp/Humi. : 24 / 43  
Atm :

Memo : 2.4 Wlan

LIMIT : FCC P15.207 QP  
FCC P15.207 AV

NO	FREQ [MHz]	READING		C.FACTOR [dB]	RESULT		LIMIT		MARGIN		PHASE
		QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]		QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]	QP [dBuV]	AV [dBuV]	
1	0.20936	34.5	28.0	10.1	44.6	38.1	63.2	53.2	18.6	15.1	N
2	0.41334	28.4	20.3	10.1	38.5	30.4	57.6	47.6	19.1	17.2	N
3	0.42333	29.2	20.1	10.1	39.3	30.2	57.4	47.4	18.1	17.2	N
4	0.50750	26.8	13.6	10.1	36.9	23.7	56.0	46.0	19.1	22.3	N
5	0.63498	36.1	31.1	10.1	46.2	41.2	56.0	46.0	9.8	4.8	N
6	1.93222	24.3	17.2	10.1	34.4	27.3	56.0	46.0	21.6	18.7	N
7	6.65276	30.2	23.4	10.3	40.5	33.7	60.0	50.0	19.5	16.3	N
8	6.94355	29.4	22.4	10.3	39.7	32.7	60.0	50.0	20.3	17.3	N
9	19.71543	19.8	14.4	10.7	30.5	25.1	60.0	50.0	29.5	24.9	N
10	0.20704	33.0	27.2	10.2	43.2	37.4	63.3	53.3	20.1	15.9	L1
11	0.50382	18.1	11.2	10.1	28.2	21.3	56.0	46.0	27.8	24.7	L1
12	0.64039	35.6	29.7	10.2	45.8	39.9	56.0	46.0	10.2	6.1	L1
13	1.93613	23.3	16.5	10.2	33.5	26.7	56.0	46.0	22.5	19.3	L1
14	6.75419	29.5	21.0	10.3	39.8	31.3	60.0	50.0	20.2	18.7	L1
15	18.33392	18.1	12.6	10.7	28.8	23.3	60.0	50.0	31.2	26.7	L1

## 8.7 Occupied Bandwidth

### Test Requirements, RSS-Gen [6.6]

When an occupied bandwidth value is not specified in the applicable RSS, the transmitted signal bandwidth to be reported is to be its 99 % emission bandwidth, as calculated or measured.

#### ■ TEST CONFIGURATION

Refer to the APPENDIX I.

#### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

- The transmitter shall be operated at its maximum carrier power measured under normal test conditions.
- The span of the analyzer shall be set to capture all products of the modulation process, including the emission skirts.
- The resolution bandwidth (RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the occupied bandwidth (OBW) and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately 3x RBW.

#### ■ TEST RESULTS: **NA**

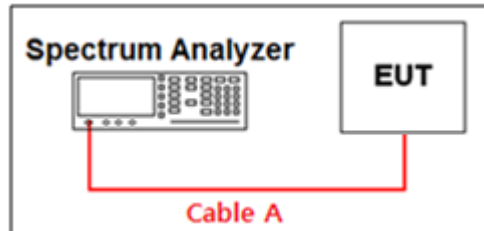
## 9. LIST OF TEST EQUIPMENT

Type	Manufacturer	Model	Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	Next.Cal.Date (yy/mm/dd)	S/N
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	16/03/11	17/03/11	MY502000828
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent Technologies	N9020A	16/10/11	17/10/11	MY46471251
Thermohygrometer	BODYCOM	BJ5478	16/04/22	17/04/22	120612-2
Vector Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMBV100A	16/01/05	17/01/05	255571
Signal Generator	Rohde Schwarz	SMF100A	16/06/23	17/06/23	102341
Multimeter	HP	34401A	16/02/25	17/02/25	3146A13475
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1513	16/04/22	18/04/22	1513-128
BILOG ANTENNA	Schwarzbeck	CB6112B	16/05/23	18/05/23	2737
Horn Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	16/05/03	18/05/03	00140394
Horn Antenna	A.H.Systems Inc.	SAS-574	15/04/30	17/04/30	154
Highpass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHKX12-2580-3000-18000-80SS	16/09/13	17/09/13	3
Highpass Filter	Wainwright Instruments	WHNX6-6320-8000-26500-40CC	16/09/09	17/09/09	1
PreAmplifier	Agilent	8449B	16/10/19	17/10/19	3008A00370
PreAmplifier	TSJ	MLA-010K01-B01-27	16/03/10	17/03/10	1844539
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde Schwarz	ESU	16/02/25	17/02/25	100469
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde Schwarz	ESCI	16/02/25	17/02/25	100364
Single-Phase Master	NF	4420	16/09/08	17/09/08	3049354420023
PULSE LIMITER	Rohde Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	16/01/05	17/01/05	101334
Artificial Mains Network	Narda S.T.S / PMM	PMM L2-16B	16/06/22	17/06/22	000WX20305
Power Meter & Wide Bandwidth Sensor	Anritsu	ML2495A MA2490A	16/10/19	17/10/19	1338003 1249304
2W 20dB Attenuator	SR Technology	F01-B0620-01	16/10/18	17/10/18	13092401
AC Power Supply	DAEKWANG	5KVA	16/02/24	17/02/24	20060321-1

## APPENDIX I

### Conducted Test set up Diagram & Path loss Information

#### Conducted Measurement



#### Path loss information

Frequency (GHz)	Path Loss (dB)	Frequency (GHz)	Path Loss (dB)
0.03	1.25	15	6.25
1	0.93	20	7.10
2.412 & 2.437 & 2.462	2.44	25	7.46
5	3.30	-	-
10	4.57	-	-

Note. 1: The path loss from EUT to Spectrum analyzer was measured and used for test.

Path loss (S/A's correction factor) = Cable A

## APPENDIX II

### Duty cycle plots

#### ■ TEST PROCEDURE

##### Duty Cycle measured using section 6.0 b) of KDB558074

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

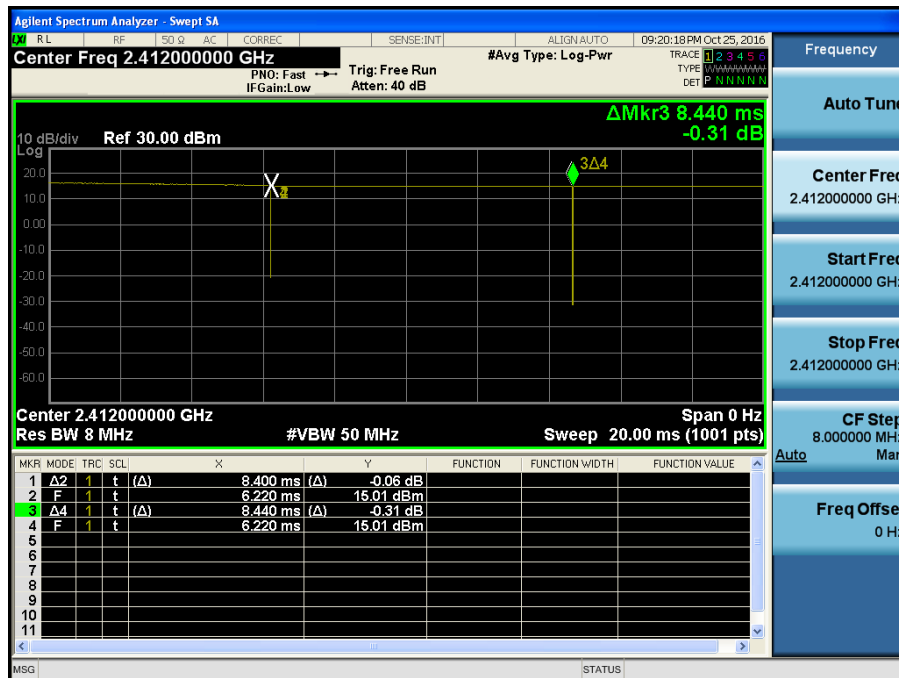
Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission. Set  $RBW \geq OBW$  if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value. Set  $VBW \geq RBW$ . Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are  $> 50/T$  and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if  $T \leq 16.7$  microseconds.)

#### Test Plots :

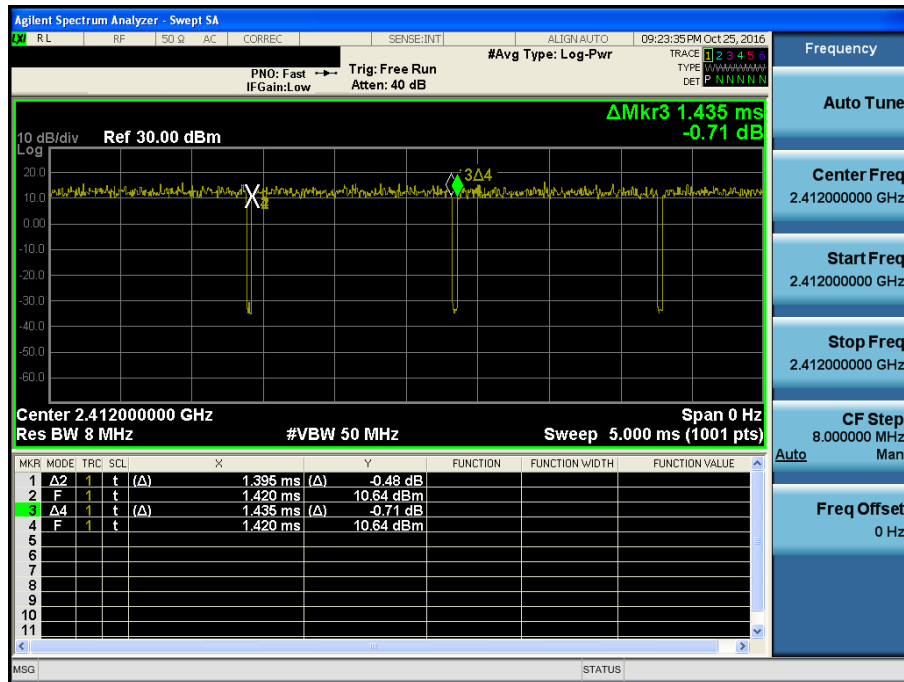
##### Duty Cycle

Test Mode: 802.11b & 1Mbps & 2437 MHz



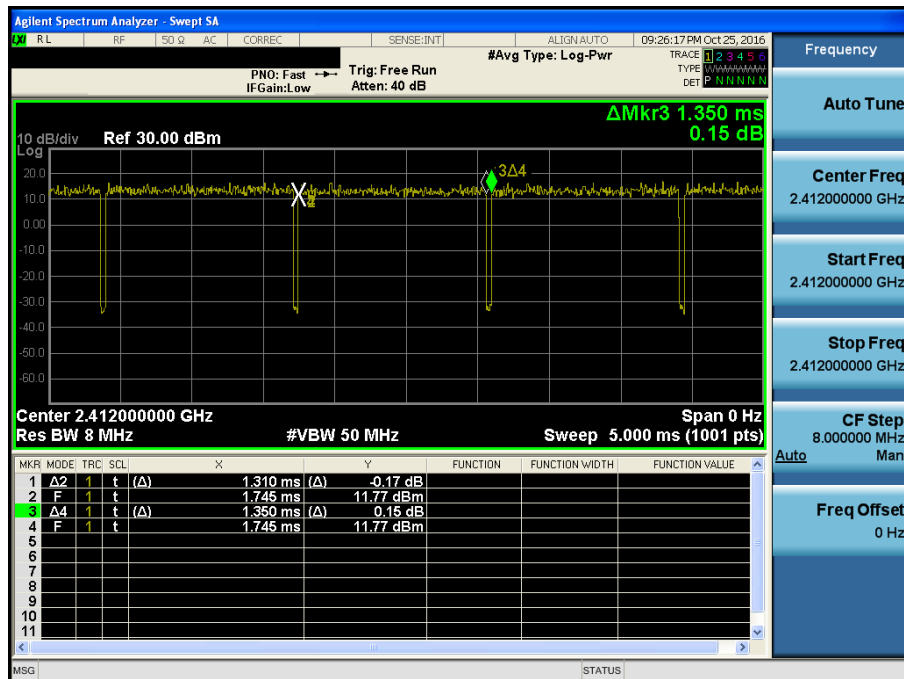
## Duty Cycle

Test Mode: 802.11g &amp; 6Mbps &amp; 2437 MHz



## Duty Cycle

Test Mode: 802.11n(HT20) &amp; MCS 0 &amp; 2437 MHz

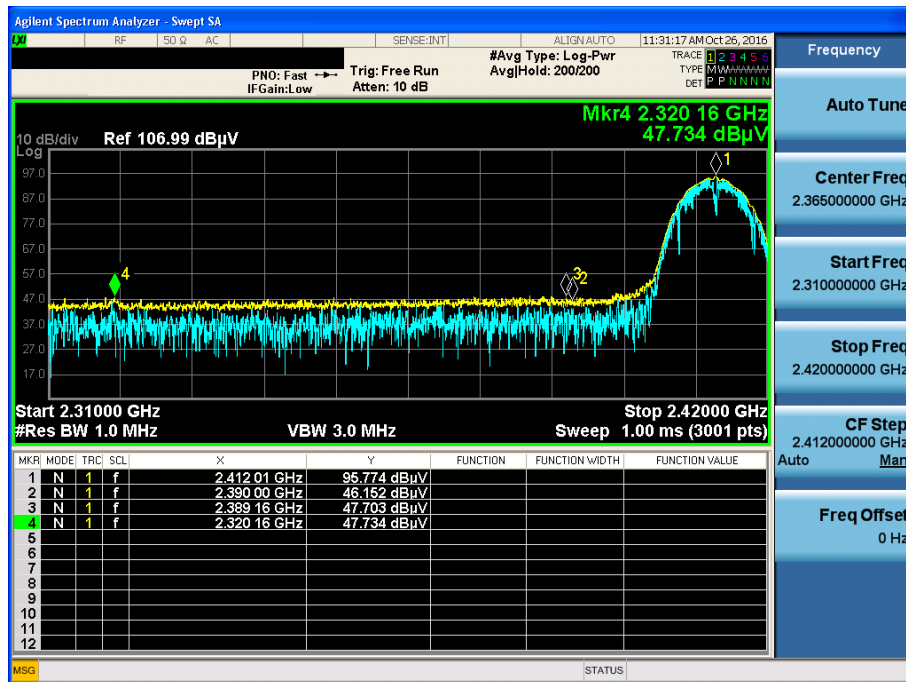


## APPENDIX III

## Unwanted Emissions (Radiated) Test Plot

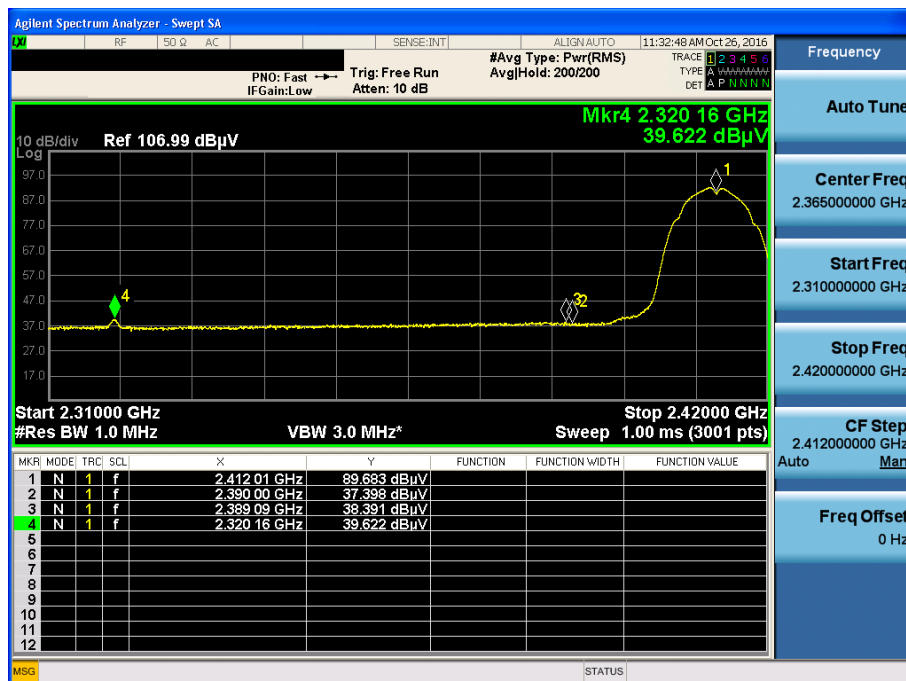
802.11b &amp; Lowest &amp; X &amp; Hor

Detector Mode : PK



802.11b &amp; Lowest &amp; X &amp; Hor

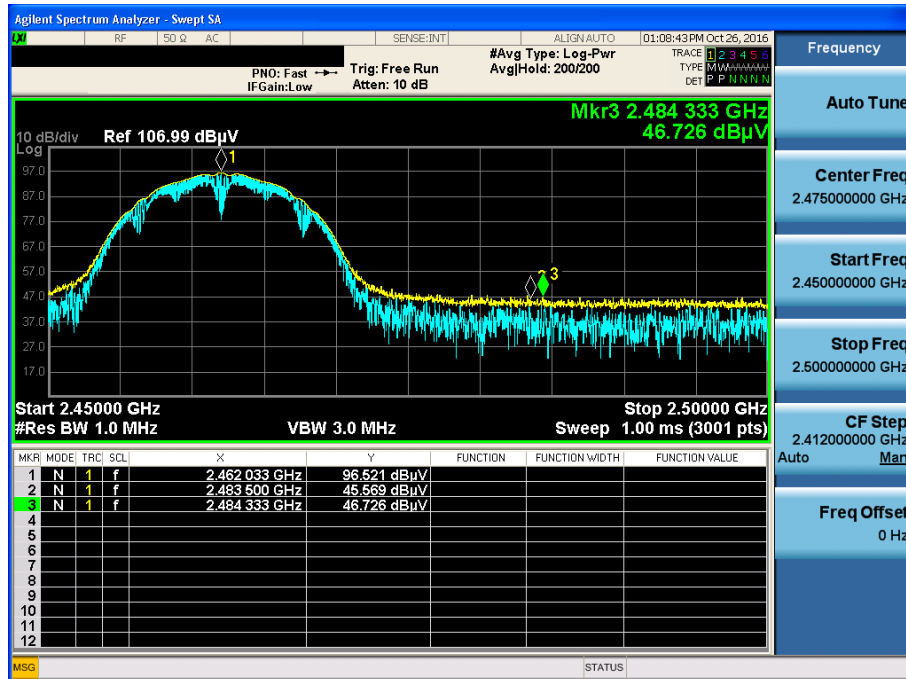
Detector Mode : AV





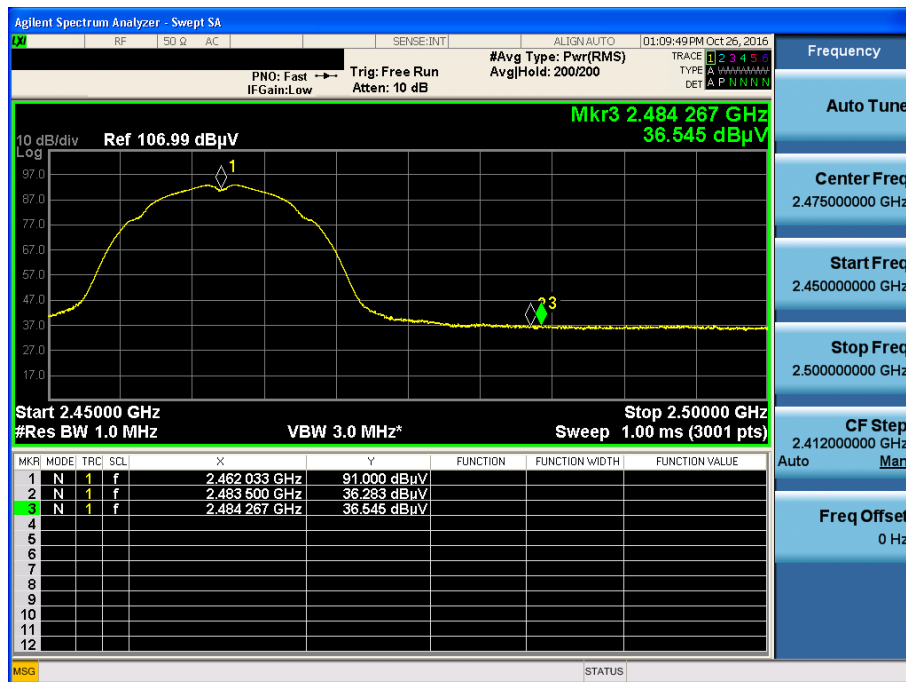
## 802.11b &amp; Highest &amp; X &amp; Hor

Detector Mode : PK



## 802.11b &amp; Highest &amp; X &amp; Hor

Detector Mode : AV

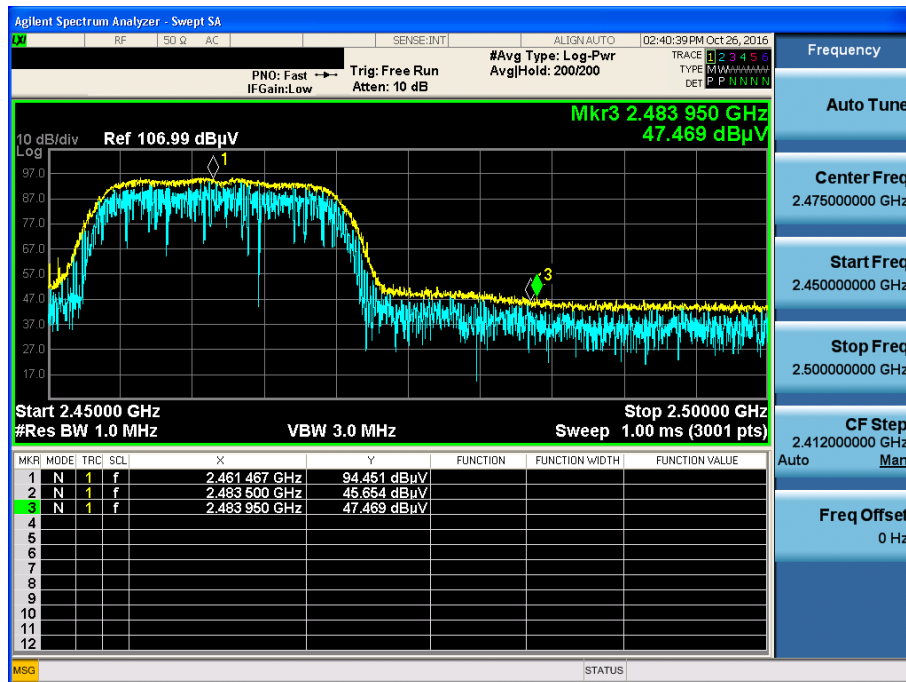


**Detector Mode : PK**

**Detector Mode : AV**

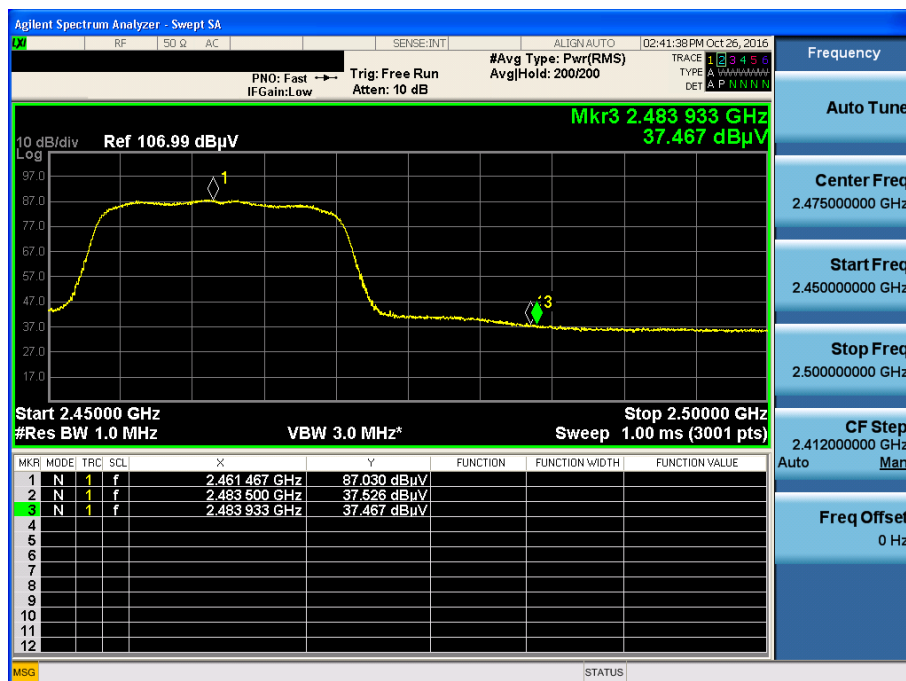
802.11g & Highest & X & Hor

Detector Mode : PK



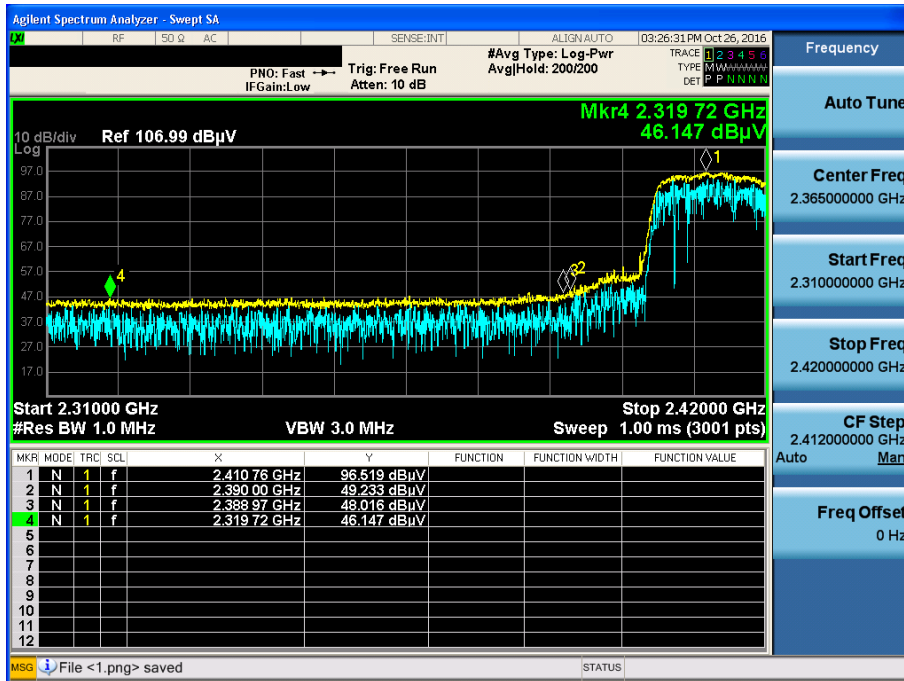
802.11g & Highest & X & Hor

Detector Mode : AV



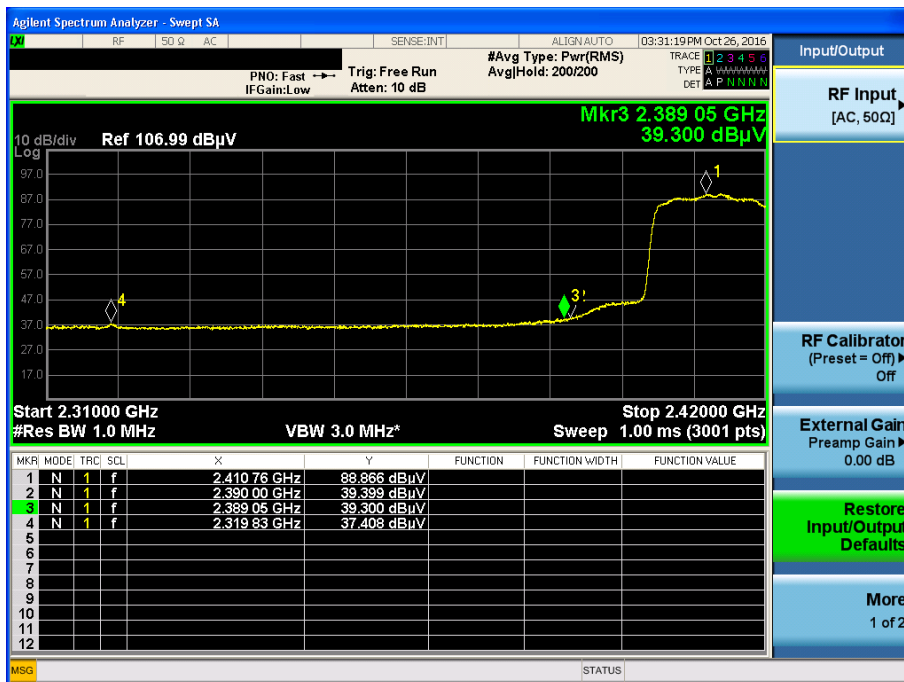
802.11n(HT20) & Lowest & X & Hor

Detector Mode : PK



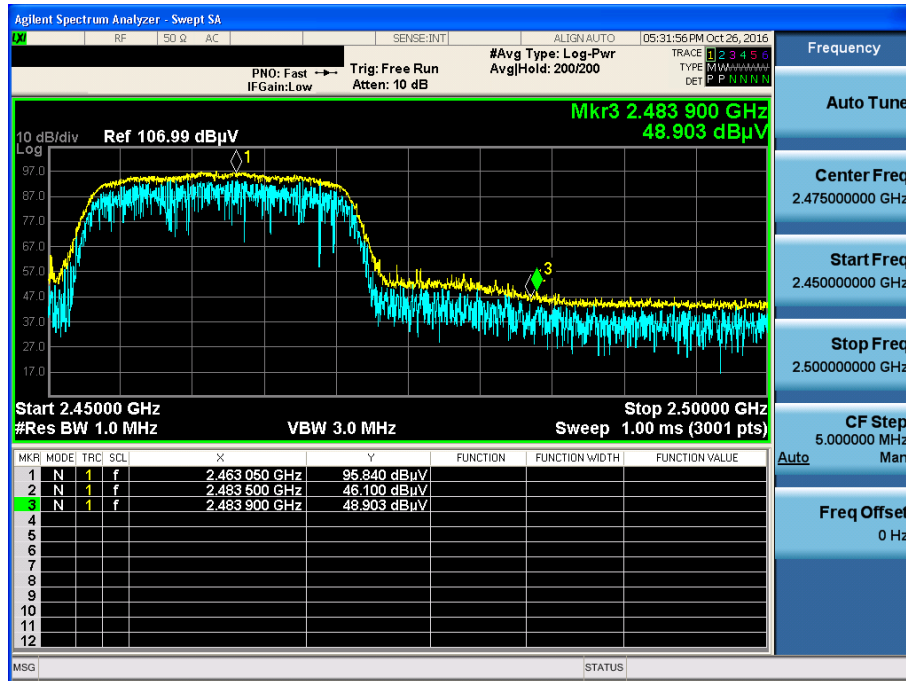
802.11n(HT20) & Lowest & X & Hor

Detector Mode : AV



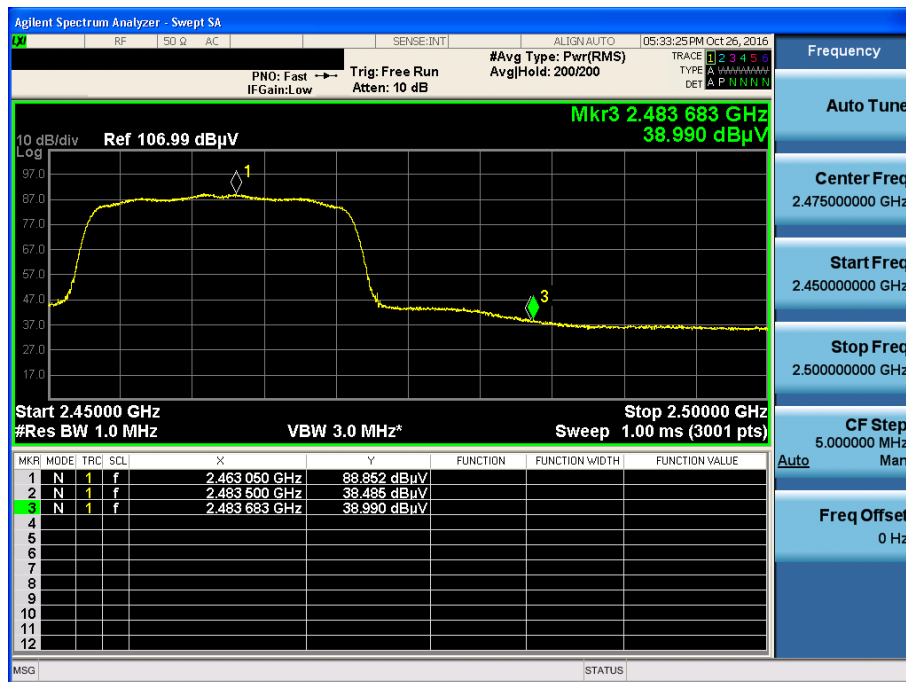
802.11n(HT20) & Highest & X & Hor

Detector Mode : PK



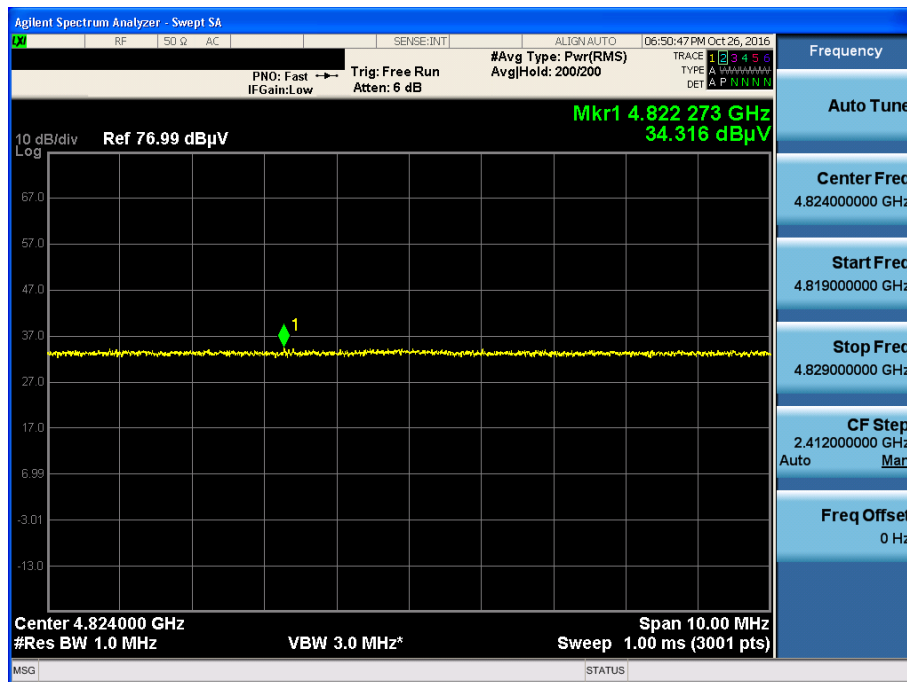
802.11n(HT20) & Highest & X & Hor

Detector Mode : AV



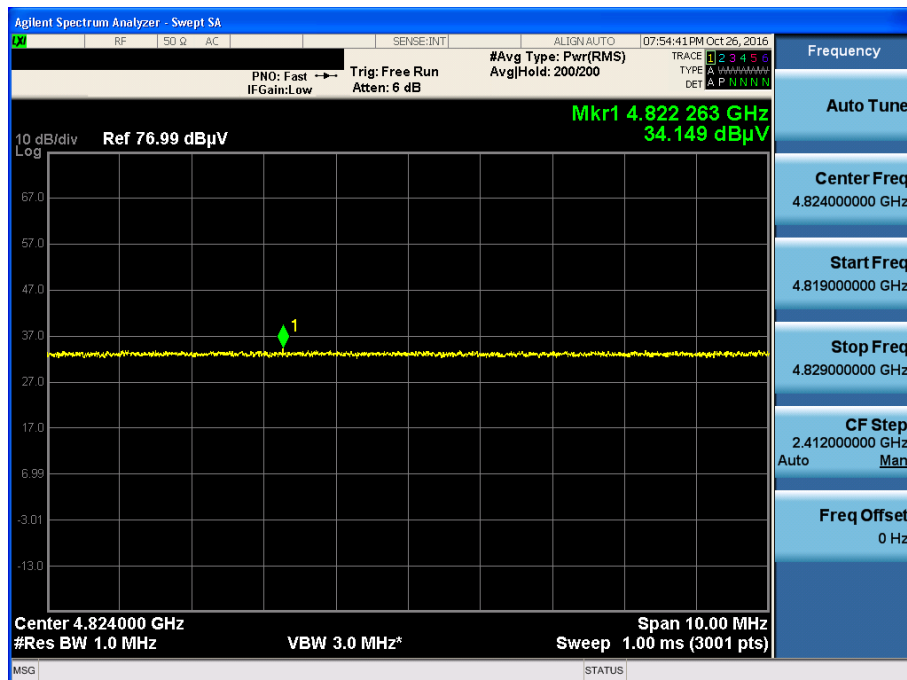
802.11b & Lowest & X & Hor

Detector Mode : AV



802.11g & Lowest & Z & Ver

Detector Mode : AV



802.11n(HT20) & Lowest & X & Hor

Detector Mode : AV

