

## **FCC §1.1307 & §2.1091 - MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)**

### **Applicable Standard**

According to subpart 1.1307 (b)(1), 2.1091 systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures the public is not exposed to RF energy level in excess of the communication guidelines.

#### **(A) Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure**

<b>Limits for Occupational/Controlled Exposure</b>				
<b>Frequency Range (MHz)</b>	<b>Electric Field Strength (V/m)</b>	<b>Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)</b>	<b>Power Density (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>Averaging Time (Minutes)</b>
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	*100	6
3.0-30	1842/f	4.89/f	*900/f <sup>2</sup>	6
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6
300-1,500	/	/	f/300	6
1,500-100,000	/	/	5	6

f = frequency in MHz

\* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

### **Result**

#### **Calculated Formulary:**

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance

$$S = \frac{PG}{4\pi R^2}$$

S = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)

P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW).

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain.

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm)

For worst case:

<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Target power (dBm)</b>	<b>Target power (mW)</b>	<b>Antenna Gain</b>		<b>Evaluation Distance (cm)</b>	<b>Power Density (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)</b>	<b>MPE Limit (mW/cm<sup>2</sup>)</b>
			<b>(dBi)</b>	<b>(numeric)</b>			
420-425	47.16	52000	7.8	6.03	300	0.28	1.33

The maximum antenna gain is 7.8 dBi

Note: To maintain compliance with the FCC's RF exposure guidelines, place the equipment at least 300cm from nearby persons.

### **Result: Compliance**