

Address:

Approved By:

# **SAR Test Report**

### For

Applicant Name: GSM GLOBE.COM INC

Address: 10286 SW 22nd pl. Davie, Florida, 33324

EUT Name: MOBILE PHONE Brand Name: RAYO MOVIL

Model Number: VOLT 5

**Issued By** 

Company Name: BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

101/201/301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Subdistrict, Bao'an District,

Shenzhen, China

Report Number: BTF250813R00101

Test Standards: FCC 47 CFR§2.1093 IEEE Std. 1528-2013

IEEE C95.1-2019

FCC ID: 2AEJAVOLT5

Test Conclusion: Pass

Test Date: 2025-08-20 to 2025-08-21

Date of Issue: 2025-08-22

Tested By: Kris, Li

Kris. Li / Tester

Date: 2025-08-22

Prepared By: Amenda Zhong

Amenda Zhong / Project Engineer

Date: 2025-08-22

Ryan.CJ / EMC Manage

Date: 2025-08-22

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Revision History				
Version	Issue Date	Revisions Content		
R_V0	2025-08-22	Original		
Note:	Once the revision has l	Once the revision has been made, then previous versions reports are invalid.		



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## 1. Introduction

## 1.1 Identification of Testing Laboratory

Company Name:	BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.			
Address:	101/201/301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China			
Phone Number:	+86-0755-23146130			
Fax Number:	+86-0755-23146130			

## 1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location:	BTF Testing Lab (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.			
Address:	101/201/301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community Songgang Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China			
Description:	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at 101/201/301, Building 1, Block 2, Tantou Industrial Park, Tantou Community, Songgang Subdistrict, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, China			
FCC Registration Number	518915			
Designation Number	CN1409			

## 1.3 Laboratory Condition

Ambient Temperature:	21℃ to 25℃
Ambient Relative Humidity:	48% to 59%
Ambient Pressure:	100 kPa to 102 kPa

#### 1.4 Announcement

- (1) The test report reference to the report template version v0.
- (2) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing, reviewing and approving the test report.
- (3) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (4) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BTF and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (5) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.
- (6) The laboratory is only responsible for the data released by the laboratory, except for the part provided by the applicant.



## 2. Product Information

## 2.1 Application Information

Company Name:	GSM GLOBE.COM INC
Address:	10286 SW 22nd pl. Davie, Florida, 33324

## 2.2 Manufacturer Information

Company Name:	GSM GLOBE.COM INC
Address:	10286 SW 22nd pl. Davie, Florida, 33324

## 2.3 Factory Information

Company Name:	GSM GLOBE.COM INC
Address:	10286 SW 22nd pl. Davie, Florida, 33324

## 2.4 General Description of Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Name	MOBILE PHONE
Under Test Model Name	VOLT 5
Sample No.	BTFSN250813010

## 2.5 Equipment under Test Ancillary Equipment

	Rechargeable Battery		
Ancillary Equipment 1	Capacity	5000mAh	
	Nominal Voltage	3.7V	

## 2.6 Technical Information

Network and Wireless connectivity	2G Network GSM/GPRS 850/1900 3G Network WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA Band 2/5 BT (EDR)
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The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

Operating Mode	GSM, WCDMA,Bluetooth				
Frequency Range	GSM 850	TX: 824 ~ 849 MHz		RX: 869 ~ 894 MHz	
	GSM 1900	TX: 1850 ~	RX: 1930 ~ 1990 MHz		
	WCDMA Band 2	TX: 1850 ~ 1910 MHz			
	WCDMA Band 5	TX: 824 ~ 8	RX: 869 ~ 894 MHz		
	Bluetooth	2402 ~ 2480 MHz			
Antenna Type	WWAN: PIFA Antenna BT: PIFA Antenna				
Hotspot Function	Not Support				
Power Reduction	Not Support				
Exposure Category	General Population/Uncontrolled exposure				
EUT Stage	Portable Device				
Duadwet	Туре				
Product	□ Production unit ☑ Identical prototype			ototype	

## 3. Summary of Test Results

## 3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title				
1	47 CFR Part 2.1093	Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation: portable devices				
2	2 IEEE Std. 1528-2013 Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption F the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques					
3	IEEE C95.1-2019	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Electric, Magnetic, and Electromagnetic Fields, 0 Hz to 300 GHz				
4	KDB447498 D04	Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01				
5	KDB865664 D01	SAR measurement 100MHz to 6GHz v01r04				
6	KDB865664 D02	RF Exposure Reporting v01r02				
7	KDB941225 D01	3G SAR Procedures v03r01				
8	KDB648474 D04	Handset SAR v01r03				
9	KDB690783 D01	SAR Listings on Grant v01r03				



## 3.2 Device Category and SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

	SAR Value (W/Kg)					
Body Position	General Population/	Occupational/				
	Uncontrolled Exposure	Controlled Exposure				
Whole-Body SAR	0.08	0.4				
(averaged over the entire body)	0.00	0.4				
Partial-Body SAR	1.60	8.0				
(averaged over any 1 gram of tissue)	1.00	8.0				
SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles	4.0	20.0				
(averaged over any 10 grams of tissue)	4.0	20.0				

General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure: Locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposure is not employment.

Occupational/Controlled Exposure: Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, in general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

## 3.3 Test Result Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)	
	GSM 850	0.590			
Head	GSM 1900	0.020	DOE	0.500	
1-g SAR (0 mm Gap)	WCDMA Band II	0.193	- PCE	0.590	
	WCDMA Band V	0.375			
Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)	
	GSM 850	0.411			
Body	GSM 1900	0.299	DOE		
1-g SAR (10 mm Gap)	WCDMA Band II	0.451	PCE	0.411	
	WCDMA Band V	0.295	1		

This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate(SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC47 CFR part 2(2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.

<Highest Reported Simultaneous SAR>

Exposure Position	Simultaneous Configuration	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)	Verdict
Head 1-g SAR (0 mm Gap)	GSM 850 + BT	0.616	1.6	Pass
Body 1-g SAR (10 mm Gap)	GSM 850 + BT	0.424	1.6	Pass



## 3.4 Test Uncertainty

## Measurement uncertainly evaluation for SAR test

## Measurement uncertainly evaluation for SAR test (450MHz to 6GHz)

Uncertainty Component	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Unc. u(xi)=a(xi)/qi	Ci (1g)	Ci (10g)	1g Ui (+- %)	10 g Ui (+-%)	Vi veff
		Measu	rement Sy	ystem					
Probe calibration	14	N (k = 2)	2	7.00	1	1	7.00	7.00	∞
Probe calibration drift	4	R	√3	2.31	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Probe linearity	4.7	R	√3	2.71	1	1	2.71	2.71	∞
detection limit	1	R	√3	0.58	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Probe isotropy	3.5	R	√3	2.02	0.71	0.71	1.43	1.43	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	N	1	5.90	0.71	0.71	4.19	4.19	∞
Boundary effect	1	R	1.73	0.58	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Integration time	1.4	R	1.73	0.81	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Response time	0	R	1.73	0.00	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout electronics	0.5	N	1	0.50	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
RF ambient and noise	3	R	√3	1.73	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe positioning errors	3.28	N	1	3.28	0.33	0.33	1.08	1.08	∞
Data processing errors	2.3	R	1	1.33	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Conductivity measurement	4.07	N	1	2.35	0.79	0.77	1.86	1.81	∞
Permitivity measurement	5.06	N	1	2.92	0.23	0.26	0.67	0.76	∞
Liquid Conductivity - Temperature Uncertainty	2.5	R	1	1.44	0.79	0.77	1.14	1.11	∞0
Liquid Permittivity - Temperature Uncertainty	2.5	R	√3	1.44	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Shell permittivity	2.9	R	√3	1.67	0.25	0.25	0.42	0.42	∞
Repeatability of positioning the DUT or source against the phantom	2.7	N	1	2.70	2	2	5.40	5.40	∞
Uncertainty in accepted power	3	R	1	3.00	1	1	3.00	3.00	∞
Effect of operating mode on probe sensitivity	2.3	R	√3	1.33	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Variation in SAR due to drift in output of DUT	2.2	N	1	2.20	1	1	2.20	2.20	∞
Phantom deviation from target $(\epsilon',\sigma)$	1.9	N	1	1.90	1	1	1.90	1.90	∞
SAR scaling	0	R	√3	0.00	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Probe calibration	14	N (k = 2)	2	7.00	1	1	7.00	7.00	∞
Combined uncertainty				1			11.94	11.94	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)				1			23.89	23.88	

<sup>\*</sup> This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.



## Measurement uncertainly evaluation for system check

Uncertainty Component	Tol (+- %)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	Unc. u(xi)=a(xi)/qi	Ci (1g)	Ci (10 g)	1g Ui (+- %)	10 g Ui (+-%)	Vi veff
		Me	asureme	ent System					
Probe calibration	14	N (k = 2)	2	7.00	1	1	7.00	7.00	∞
Probe calibration drift	4	R	1.73	2.31	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Probe linearity	4.7	R	1.73	2.72	1	1	2.72	2.72	∞
Detection limit	1	R	1.73	0.58	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	1.73	2.02	1	1	2.02	2.02	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	1.73	3.41	0.71	0.71	2.42	2.42	∞
Boundary effect	1	R	1.73	0.58	0.71	0.71	0.41	0.41	∞
Integration time	1.4	R	1.73	0.81	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Response time	0	R	1.73	0.00	1	1	0.00	0.00	∞
Readout electronics	0.5	N	1	0.50	1	1	0.50	0.50	∞
Noise	3	R	1.73	1.73	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Reflections	3	R	1.73	1.73	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	3.28	R	1.73	1.90	0.33	0.33	0.63	0.63	∞
Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	3.28	R	1.73	1.90	0.33	0.33	0.63	0.63	∞
Data processing errors	2.3	R	1.73	1.33	1	1	1.33	1.33	∞
Conductivity measurement	4.07	N	1	4.07	0.79	0.77	3.22	3.13	∞
Permitivity measurement	5.06	N	1	5.06	0.23	0.26	1.16	1.32	∞
Liquid Conductivity - Temperature Uncertainty	2.5	R	1.73	1.45	0.79	0.77	1.14	1.11	∞
Liquid Permittivity - Temperature Uncertainty	2.5	R	1.73	1.45	0.23	0.26	0.33	0.38	∞
Shell permittivity	2.9	R	1.73	1.68	0.25	0.25	0.42	0.42	∞
Distance between the radiating element of the DUT and the phantom medium	2.7	N	1	2.70	2	2	5.40	5.40	∞
Deviation of experimental antennas	4.5	N	1.73	2.60	1	1	2.60	2.60	∞
Other uncertainty contributions	2	R	1	2.00	1	1	2.00	2.00	∞
Uncertainty in accepted power	3	R	1.73	1.73	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Phantom deviation from target (ε',σ)	1.9	N	1	1.90	1	0.87	1.90	1.65	∞
u(ΔSAR)				1		1	11.89	11.85	
Expanded uncertainty (95% confidence interval)				1			23.79	23.70	



## 4. Measurement System

## 4.1 Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) Definition

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density ( $\rho$ ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

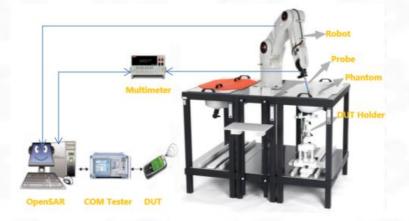
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where:  $\sigma$  is the conductivity of the tissue,

ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

## 4.2 MVG SAR System

## 4.2.1 SAR system diagram





#### 4.2.2 Robot



A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Denso) with teaches pendant with Scanning System

- · It must be able to scan all the volume of the phantom to evaluate the tridimensional distribution of SAR.
- · Must be able to set the probe orthogonal of the surface of the phantom (±30°).
- Detects stresses on the probe and stop itself if necessary to keep the integrity of the probe.

#### 4.2.3 E-Field Probe

For the measurements, the Specific Dosimetric SSE2 E-Field Probe with following specifications is used:

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg
- Tip diameter: 2mm for SSE2
- Distance between probe tip and sensor centre: 1mm for SSE2
- Distance between sensor centre and the inner phantom surface: 2mm for f>=4GHz.
- Probe linearity: <0.25dB.</li>
- Axial Isotropy: <0.25dB.</li>
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.50dB.</li>
- Calibration range: 150 to 6000 MHz for head & body simulating liquid
- Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 20°.



#### 4.2.4 Phantoms

#### SAM Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The probe scanning of the E-Field is done in the 2 halves of the normalized head. The normalized shape of the phantom corresponds to the dimensions of 90% of an adult head size. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right-hand phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified body performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.





The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2 mm±0.2 mm. The materials for the phantom do not affect the radiation of the device under test (DUT): ɛr' <5 The head is filled with tissue simulating liquid. The hand do not have to be modeled.

**SAM Phantom** 

	TWIN SAM phant	om				
	Mechanical	Electric	al			
Overall thickness	2±0.2 mm(except ear area)	Relative permittivity	3.4			
Dimensions	1000 mm(L) x 500 mm(W) x 200 mm(H)	Loss tangent	0.02			
Maximum volume	27	L				
Material	Fiberglas	Fiberglass based				

#### **ELLIPTICAL Phantom**

The phantom is for Body performance check filled with tissue-equivalent liquid to a depth of at least 150 mm, whose shell material is resistant to damage or reaction with tissue-equivalent liquid chemicals.



**ELLI Phantom** 

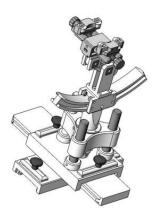
The shape of the phantom is an ellipse with length 600mm $\pm$ 5mm and width 400mm $\pm$ 5mm. The phantom shell is made of low-loss and low-permittivity material, having loss tangent  $\tan\delta \le 0.05$  and relative permittivity:  $\epsilon r' \le 5$  for  $f \le 3$  GHz  $3 \le \epsilon r' \le 5$  for f > 3 GHz The thickness of the bottom-wall of the flat phantom is 2.0 mm with a tolerance of  $\pm$  0.2 mm.

#### Technical & mechanical characteristics

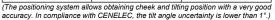
Shell thickness $2 \text{ mm} \pm 0.2 \text{ mm}$ Filling volume25 LDimensions $600 \text{ mm} \times 400 \text{ mm} \times 200 \text{mm}$ Permittivity4.4Loss tangent0.017



#### 4.2.5 Device Holder



System	Permittivity	Loss
Material	Permittivity	tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

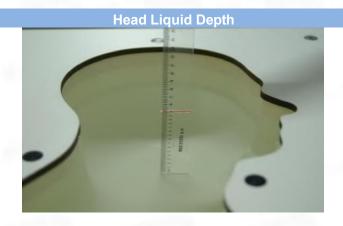


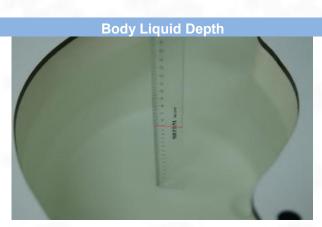


System	Permittivity	Loss
Material	r Gillittivity	tangent
PMMA	2.9	0.028

## 4.2.6 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.







The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid and the theoretical Conductivity/Permittivity.

			Head (Referer	nce IEEE1528)				
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	σ (S/m)	3
750	41.1	57.0	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.89	41.9
835	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.90	41.5
900	40.3	57.9	0.2	1.4	0.2	0	0.97	41.5
1800, 1900, 2000	55.2	0	0	0.3	0	44.5	1.4	40.0
2450	55.0	0	0	0.1	0	44.9	1.80	39.2
2600	54.9	0	0	0.1	0	45.0	1.96	39.0
Frequency	Water		Hexyl Carbitol		Triton	X-100	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)		(%)		(%	<b>%</b> )	σ (S/m)	3
5200	62.52		17.24		17.24		4.66	36.0
5800	62.52		17.24		17.	17.24		35.3
		Во	dy (From instrun	nent manufact	urer)			
Frequency	Water	Sugar	Cellulose	Salt	Preventol	DGBE	Conductivity	Permittivity
(MHz)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	σ (S/m)	3
750	51.7	47.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.96	55.5
835	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	0.97	55.2
900	50.8	48.2	0	0.9	0.1	0	1.05	55.0
1800, 1900, 2000	70.2	0	0	0.4	0	29.4	1.52	53.3
2450	68.6	0	0	0.1	0	31.3	1.95	52.7
2600	68.2	0	0	0.1	0	31.7	2.16	52.5
Frequency(MHz)	Water	DGBE (%)		Sa	Salt		Permittivity	
Frequency(MITZ)	vvalei			(%	(%)		3	
5200	78.60		21.40		,	1	5.30	49.00
5800	78.50		21.40		0.	.1	6.00	48.20



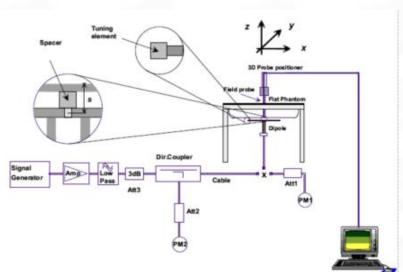
## 5. System Verification

## 5.1 Purpose of System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. The setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

## 5.2 System Check Setup







## 6. TEST POSITION CONFIGURATIONS

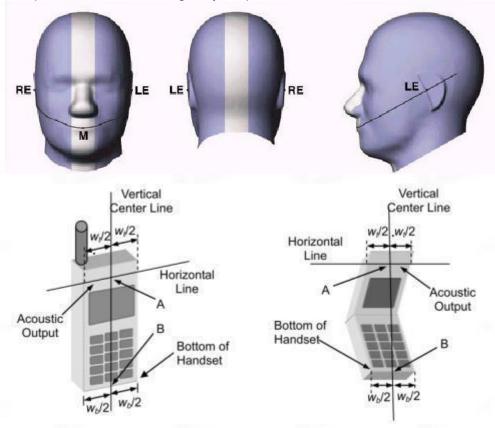
According to KDB 648474 D04 Handset, handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations described in the following subsections.

## **6.1 Head Exposure Conditions**

Head exposure is limited to next to the ear voice mode operations. Head SAR compliance is tested according to the test positions defined in IEEE Std 1528-2013 using the SAM phantom illustrated as below.

#### 6.1.1 Two Imaginary Lines on the Handset

- (a) The vertical center line passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical center line and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical center line is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.





### 6.1.2 Two Imaginary Lines on the Handset

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.

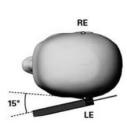


#### 6.1.3 Titled Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost.







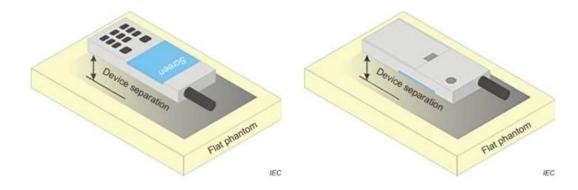


## 6.2 Body-worn Position Conditions

Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

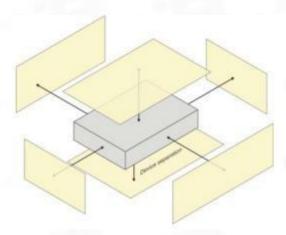
Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required. A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.





## **6.3 Hotspot Mode Exposure Position Conditions**

For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).



## 6.4 Product Specific 10g Exposure Consideration

According with FCC KDB 648474 D04, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, unless it is confirmed otherwise through KDB inquiries, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance;

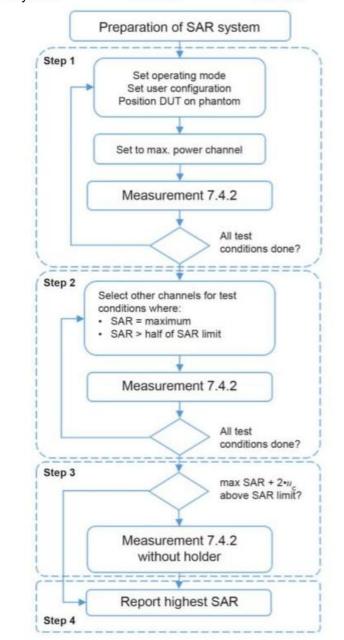
The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at  $\leq$  25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions. The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

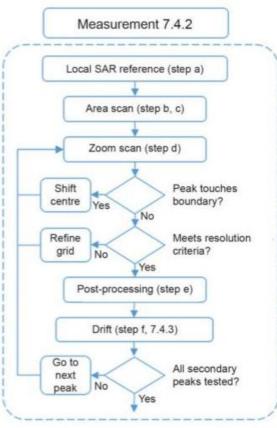


## 7. Measurement Procedure

## 7.1 Measurement Process Diagram

Body SAR





IEC



## 7.2 SAR Scan General Requirement

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1 g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2013.

			≤3GHz	>3GHz		
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5±1 mm	½·δ·ln(2)±0.5 mm		
Maximum probe angle from probe normal at the measurement locati		surface	30°±1° 20°±1°			
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm		
			2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm		
Maximum area scan spatial resol	ution: Δx Area , Δ	y Area	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the m above, the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corn least one measurement point on the test device.			
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm	3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resc	Diution: Δx Zoom ,	Δy Zoom	2 –3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*		
	uniform grid: Δz Zoom (n)			3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm		
			≤ 5 mm	4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm		
				5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
		Δz Zoom (1):		3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm		
		between 1st		4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm		
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	tom clos	two points closest to phantom graded grid  graded grid  two points ≤ 4 mm surface	≤ 4 mm	5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm		
	Δz Zoom (n>1): between subsequent points		≤ 1.5·Δz Zoom (n-1)			
				3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥30 mm	4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm		
				5–6 GHz; ≥ 22 mm		

#### Note:

- 1.  $\delta$  is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528- 2011 for details.
- 2. \*When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1 g SAR estimation procedures of KDB

447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



## 7.3 Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- a. Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- b. Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- c. Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm \* 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- d. Around this point, a cube of 30 \* 30 \* 30 mm or 32 \* 32 \*32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 \* 5 or 8\*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

#### 7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedure

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g.

When the 1 g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



## 8. Conducted RF Output Power

## 8.1 **GSM**

			Burst Average Power (dBm)				Frame-Average Power (dBm)			
Mode: GSM850		Maximum Tune-up(dBm)	Maximum Tune-up(dBm) CH128 CH190 CH251 Division Factors		Division Factors	CH128	CH190	CH251		
			824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz		824.2MHz	836.6MHz	848.8MHz	
G	SM	33.00	32.12	32.69	32.19	-9.03	23.09	23.66	23.16	
GPRS (GMSK)	1Tx slot	33.00	32.21	32.51	32.35	-9.03	23.18	23.48	23.32	
	2Tx slots	31.00	30.52	30.72	30.68	-6.02	24.50	24.70	24.66	
	3Tx slots	28.50	28.36	28.41	28.39	-4.26	24.10	24.15	24.13	
	4Tx slots	27.00	26.58	26.87	26.65	-3.01	23.57	23.86	23.64	
			Burst A	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power (dBm)			
Mode:	GSM1900	Maximum Tune-up(dBm)	CH512	CH661	CH810	Division Factors	CH512	CH661	CH810	
			1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz		1850.2MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.8MHz	
G	SM	30.00	29.22	29.22 <b>29.75</b> 29.61		-9.03	20.19	20.72	20.58	
	1Tx slot	30.00	29.30	29.58	29.47	-9.03	20.27	20.55	20.44	
GPRS	2Tx slots	28.00	27.31	27.69	27.62	-6.02	21.29	21.67	21.60	
(GMSK)	3Tx slots	26.00	25.61	25.82	25.65	-4.26	21.35	21.56	21.39	
	4Tx slots	24.00	23.89	23.91	23.74	-3.01	20.88	20.90	20.73	

#### Note:

To average the power, the division factor is as follows:

**Division Factors** 

<sup>1</sup>Tx-slot = 1 transmit time slot out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/1) => -9.03dB

<sup>2</sup>Tx-slots = 2 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/2) => -6.02dB

<sup>3</sup>Tx-slots = 3 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/3) => -4.26dB 4Tx-slots = 4 transmit time slots out of 8 time slots=> conducted power divided by (8/4) => -3.01dB



## 8.2 WCDMA

				WCDMA Band II			
Мо	do	Maximum Tune-up(dBm)	Co	onducted Power (dB	m)		
IVIO	lide	Maximum Tune-up(ubm)	CH9262	CH9400	CH9538		
			1852.4	1880.0	1907.6		
RMC	12.2K	22.50	22.13	22.24	22.21		
	Subtest-1	22.00	21.67	21.80	21.72		
HSDPA	Subtest-2	21.50	21.37	21.49	21.44		
ПОДРА	Subtest-3	21.50	21.31	21.44	21.38		
	Subtest-4	21.50	21.25	21.42	21.37		
	Subtest-1	21.50	21.01	21.14	21.04		
	Subtest-2	21.50	20.91	21.04	20.96		
HSUPA	Subtest-3	21.00	20.86	20.67	20.64		
	Subtest-4	21.00	20.47	20.61	20.52		
	Subtest-5	20.50	20.38	20.45	20.43		
				WCDMA Band V			
Мо	do	Maximum Tune-up(dBm)	Conducted Power (dBm)				
IVIO	lide	Maximum Tune-up(ubm)	CH4132	CH4183	CH4233		
			826.4	836.6	846.6		
RMC	12.2K	23.50	23.21	23.30	23.11		
	Subtest-1	22.50	22.32	22.35	22.42		
HSDPA	Subtest-2	22.00	21.81	21.85	21.97		
ПОДРА	Subtest-3	22.00	21.84	21.82	21.95		
	Subtest-4	22.00	21.58	21.55	21.64		
	Subtest-1	22.50	21.98	21.96	22.07		
	Subtest-2	21.50	21.24	21.38	21.33		
HSUPA	Subtest-3	22.00	21.54	21.65	21.69		
	Subtest-4	21.50	20.92	21.04	21.04		
	Subtest-5	21.50	21.17	21.25	21.30		

Per KDB 941225 D01, when the maximum output power and tune-up tolerance specified for production units in a secondary mode is ≤1/2dB higher than the primary mode (RMC12.2kbps) or when the highest reported SAR of the primary mode is scaled by the ratio of specified maximum output power and tune-up tolerance of secondary to primary mode and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR measurement is not required for the secondary mode.

### 8.3 Bluetooth

			Average Conducted Output Power(dBm)					
	Mode	Maximum Tune-up(dBm)	0	39	78			
EDR			2402MHz	2441MHz	2480MHz			
EDK	GFSK	-2.00	-2.34	-2.92	-3.87			
	π/4QPSK	-2.00	-2.12	-2.72	-3.68			
	8DPSK	-2.00	-2.16	-2.68	-3.67			

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR(mW)	RF exposure evaluation required
0	2.402	-2.00	0.63	0	2.75	No
0	2.402	-2.00	0.63	10	10.28	No

#### Note

1. Per KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 300 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 40 cm are determined by:

$$P_{\text{th}} \text{ (mW)} = \begin{cases} ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (d/20 \text{ cm})^x & d \le 20 \text{ cm} \\ ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} & 20 \text{ cm} < d \le 40 \text{ cm} \end{cases}$$
(B.2)

where

$$P_{\text{th}} (\text{mW}) = ERP_{20 \text{ cm}} (\text{mW}) = \begin{cases} 2040f & 0.3 \text{ GHz} \le f < 1.5 \text{ GHz} \\ \\ \\ 3060 & 1.5 \text{ GHz} \le f \le 6 \text{ GHz} \end{cases}$$
(B. 1)

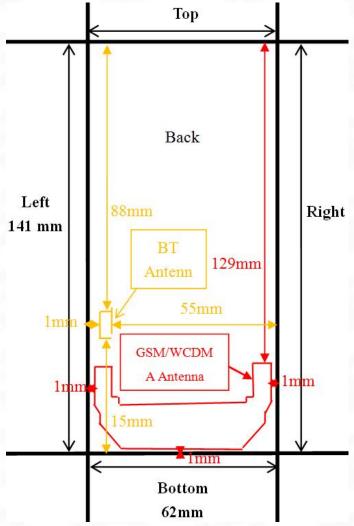
and f is in GHz, d is the separation distance (cm), and  $ERP_{20cm}$  is per Formula (B.1).

- \*When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine estimated SAR.
- 2. Per KDB 248227 D01 v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- The output power of all data rate were prescan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.



## 9. Test Exclusion Consideration

Antenna information:



	WWAN Antenna	GSM/WCDMATX/RX				
	BT Antenna	BT TX/RX				
Note:						
1.	KDB 447498 D04v01, particular DUT edges were not required to be evaluated for SAR if the antenna-to-edge distance is greater than 2.5cm.					
2.	Per KDB648474 D04,10-g extremity SAR is not required when Body-Worn mode 1-g reported SAR<1.2W/Kg.					

		Distance of The A	ntenna to the EUT surfac	e and edge (mm)		
Antenna	Front Side (mm)	Back Side (mm)	Left Edge (mm)	Right Edge (mm)	Top Edge (mm)	Bottom Edge (mm)
WWAN	<25	<25	<25	<25	129	<25
BT	<25	<25	<25	55	88	<25
		Positio	ns for SAR tests: Hotspot	mode		
Antenna	Front Side (mm)	Back Side (mm)	Left Edge (mm)	Right Edge (mm)	Top Edge (mm)	Bottom Edge (mm)
WWAN	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
ВТ	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes



#### 9.1 SAR Test Exclusion Consideration Table

Per KDB 447498 requires when the standalone SAR test exclusion of section 4.3.1 is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following format to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

(max.power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW) / (min. test separation distance, mm)]  $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)} / x]$  W/kg for test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR, and x = 18.75 for 10-g SAR.

0.4 W/Kg for 1-g SAR and 1.0 W/kg for 10-g SAR, when the test separation distances is > 50 mm

Mode	Channel	Frequency	Max tune- up power	Max. Power	Exposure Position	Head	Body
Wode	Chamie	(GHz)	(dBm)	(mW)	Test Dist.(mm)	0	10
ВТ	0	2.402	-2.00	0.63	Estimated SAR(W/kg)	0.026	0.013

## 10. Test Result

						Head(0mm gap)						
Mode	Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (%)	1g Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
	Left Cheek	190	836.6	3.020	0.541	100.00	1.000	32.69	33.00	1.074	0.581	1
GSM 850	Left Tilt	190	836.6	1.350	0.253	100.00	1.000	32.69	33.00	1.074	0.272	1
(voice)	Right Cheek	190	836.6	2.270	0.549	100.00	1.000	32.69	33.00	1.074	0.590	1#
	Right Tilt	190	836.6	-2.130	0.261	100.00	1.000	32.69	33.00	1.074	0.280	1
						Body(10mm Gap	)					
Mode	Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (%)	1g Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
	Front	190	836.6	-3.560	0.321	100.00	1.000	32.69	33.00	1.074	0.345	1
	Back	190	836.6	-4.360	0.354	100.00	1.000	32.69	33.00	1.074	0.380	1
GSM 850 (voice)	Left	190	836.6	-2.760	0.143	100.00	1.000	32.69	33.00	1.074	0.154	1
()	Right	190	836.6	0.470	0.135	100.00	1.000	32.69	33.00	1.074	0.145	1
	Bottom	190	836.6	3.150	0.297	100.00	1.000	32.69	33.00	1.074	0.319	1
					Body(h	otspot open, 10r	nm Gap)					
Mode	Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (%)	1g Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
	Front	128	824.2	2.360	0.351	100.00	1.000	30.72	31.00	1.067	0.375	1
	Back	128	824.2	-1.710	0.385	100.00	1.000	30.72	31.00	1.067	0.411	2#
GPRS 850+2slots	Left	128	824.2	3.130	0.153	100.00	1.000	30.72	31.00	1.067	0.163	1
222 201010	Right	128	824.2	-0.720	0.142	100.00	1.000	30.72	31.00	1.067	0.152	1
	Bottom	128	824.2	-1.350	0.323	100.00	1.000	30.72	31.00	1.067	0.345	1

						Head(0mm gap)						
Mode	Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (%)	1g Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No
	Left Cheek	661	1880.0	-2.350	0.016	100.00	1.000	29.75	30.00	1.059	0.017	1
GSM 1900	Left Tilt	661	1880.0	-1.650	0.008	100.00	1.000	29.75	30.00	1.059	0.008	1
(voice)	Right Cheek	661	1880.0	-1.210	0.019	100.00	1.000	29.75	30.00	1.059	0.020	3#
	Right Tilt	661	1880.0	1.350	0.010	100.00	1.000	29.75	30.00	1.059	0.011	1
					Body(h	otspot open, 10n	nm Gap)					
Mode	Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (%)	1g Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No
	Front	661	1880.0	2.560	0.225	100.00	1.000	29.75	30.00	1.059	0.238	1
	Back	661	1880.0	-0.280	0.242	100.00	1.000	29.75	30.00	1.059	0.256	1
GSM 1900 (voice)	Left	661	1880.0	3.210	0.114	100.00	1.000	29.75	30.00	1.059	0.121	1
()	Right	661	1880.0	-1.320	0.103	100.00	1.000	29.75	30.00	1.059	0.109	1
	Bottom	661	1880.0	4.060	0.264	100.00	1.000	29.75	30.00	1.059	0.280	1



	Body(hotspot open, 10mm Gap)											
Mode	Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (%)	1g Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
	Front	661	1880.0	-2.150	0.232	100.00	1.000	27.69	28.00	1.074	0.249	1
	Back	661	1880.0	3.710	0.251	100.00	1.000	27.69	28.00	1.074	0.270	1
GPRS 1900+2slots	Left	661	1880.0	-1.020	0.123	100.00	1.000	27.69	28.00	1.074	0.132	/
10001251015	Right	661	1880.0	-4.110	0.115	100.00	1.000	27.69	28.00	1.074	0.124	1
	Bottom	661	1880.0	3.260	0.278	100.00	1.000	27.69	28.00	1.074	0.299	4#

					н	ead(0mm gap)						
Mode	Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (%)	1g Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
	Left Cheek	9400	1880.0	-0.240	0.176	100.00	1.000	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.187	1
WCDMA Band 2	Left Tilt	9400	1880.0	1.230	0.089	100.00	1.000	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.095	1
(RMC*)	Right Cheek	9400	1880.0	-0.290	0.182	100.00	1.000	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.193	5#
	Right Tilt	9400	1880.0	-2.130	0.093	100.00	1.000	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.099	1
					Body(hot	spot open, 10mr	n Gap)					
Mode	Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (%)	1g Meas. SAR (W/kg)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
	Front	9400	1880.0	0.870	0.351	100.00	1.000	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.373	1
	Back	9400	1880.0	-1.700	0.384	100.00	1.000	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.408	1
WCDMA Band 2 (RMC*)	Left	9400	1880.0	1.560	0.155	100.00	1.000	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.165	1
, ,,	Right	9400	1880.0	-0.250	0.140	100.00	1.000	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.149	1
	Bottom	9400	1880.0	-0.900	0.425	100.00	1.000	22.24	22.50	1.062	0.451	6#

					н	ead(0mm gap)						
Mode	Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (%)	1g Meas SAR (W/kg)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
	Left Cheek	4183	836.6	-2.160	0.351	100.00	1.000	23.30	23.50	1.047	0.367	1
WCDMA Band 5	Left Tilt	4183	836.6	-1.410	0.170	100.00	1.000	23.30	23.50	1.047	0.178	1
(RMC*)	Right Cheek	4183	836.6	0.660	0.358	100.00	1.000	23.30	23.50	1.047	0.375	7#
	Right Tilt	4183	836.6	3.160	0.175	100.00	1.000	23.30	23.50	1.047	0.183	1
					Body(hots	spot open, 10mn	n Gap)					
Mode	Position	Ch.	Freq. (MHz)	Power Drift (%)	1g Meas SAR (W/kg)	Duty cycle (%)	Duty cycle Factor	Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. tune-up power (dBm)	Scaling Factor	1g Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Meas. No.
	Front	4183	836.6	2.340	0.252	100.00	1.000	23.30	23.50	1.047	0.264	1
	Back	4183	836.6	1.870	0.282	100.00	1.000	23.30	23.50	1.047	0.295	8#
VCDMA Band 5 (RMC*)	Left	4183	836.6	-1.540	0.127	100.00	1.000	23.30	23.50	1.047	0.133	1
	Right	4183	836.6	-2.670	0.120	100.00	1.000	23.30	23.50	1.047	0.126	1
	Bottom	4183	836.6	-3.160	0.230	100.00	1.000	23.30	23.50	1.047	0.241	/

- Note: 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. The maximum SAR Value of each test band is marked bold.

  SAR plot is provided only for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

  Per KDB 447498 D04 v01, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.

  Per KDB 447498 D04 v01, head/body-worn use is evaluated with the device positioned at 0mm/10 mm from a head/flat phantom respectively filled with head tissue-equivalent medium.

  Per KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets (L x W ≥ 9 cm x 5 cm) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device with antennas 2.5 cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

  Per KDB 447498 D04 v01, the report SAR is measured SAR value adjusted for maximum tune-up tolerance. Scaling Factor=10^[(tune-up limit power(dBm)) - Ave.power power (dBm))/10], where tune-up limit is the maximum rated power among all production units.

  Reported SAR(W/kg)=Measured SAR (W/kg)\*Scaling Factor.



## 11. SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are  $\leq 1.45$  W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is  $\leq 1.10$ , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

#### SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- 4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

Note: For 1g SAR, the highest measured 1g SAR is 0.549 < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.



## 12. Simultaneous Transmission

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SAR to Peak Location Ratio (SPLSR).

### 12. 1 Simultaneous Transmission Mode Considerations

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. The device has 2 Tx antennas, WWAN main antenna, BT antenna supports BT. The 2 antennas can always transmit simultaneously. The work mode combination is showed as below table.

Application Simultaneous Transmission information:

NO.	Configuration	Head	Body-worn
1	WWAN+BT	Yes	Yes

### 12.2 Sum SAR of Simultaneous Transmission

Head

Band	Test Position	Sca	Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Remark	
Danu	rest Fosition	WWAN	Bluetooth	WWAN + BT	SFLSK	Remark
	Left Cheek	0.581	0.026	0.607	N/A	N/A
GSM 850	Left Tilt	0.272	0.026	0.298	N/A	N/A
GSIVI 650	Right Cheek	0.590	0.026	0.616	N/A	N/A
	Right Tilt	0.280	0.026	0.306	N/A	N/A

Body

Band			iled	Σ SAR (W/kg)	SPLSR	Remark	
Danu	rest Fosition	WWAN	Bluetooth	WWAN + BT	SFLSK	Remark	
	Front	0.375	0.013	0.388	N/A	N/A	
	Back	0.411	0.013	0.424	N/A	N/A	
GSM 850	Left	0.163	0.013	0.176	N/A	N/A	
	Right	0.152	1	0.152	N/A	N/A	
	Bottom	0.345	0.013	0.358	N/A	N/A	



## 13. Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No./Version	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
E-Field Probe	MVG	SSE2	0125-EPGO-445	2025/02/01	2026/01/31
6 1/2 Digital Multimeter	Keithley	DMM6500	4527164	2024/10/25	2025/10/24
Wideband Radio Communication Tester	ROHDE & SCHWARZ	CMW500	161997	2024/10/25	2025/10/24
MXG Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY46240163	2024/10/25	2025/10/24
E-Series Avg. Power Sensor	KEYSIGHT	E9300A	MY55050017	2025/04/02	2026/04/01
EPM Series Power Meter	KEYSIGHT	E4418B	MY41293435	2025/04/02	2026/04/01
MXA Signal Analyzer	KEYSIGHT	N9020A	MY54410409	2024/10/25	2025/10/24
Broadband Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV9718D	80000	2024/09/24	2025/09/23
Coupler	MERRIMAC	CWM-10R-10.8G	LOT-83391	N/A	N/A
835MHz Validation Dipole	MVG	SID835	07/22 DIP 0G835-656	2025/05/26	2028/05/25
1900MHz Validation Dipole	MVG	SID1900	07/22 DIP 1G900-658	2025/05/26	2028/05/25
LIMESAR Dielectric Probe	MVG	SCLMP	06/22 OCPG88	2025/02/05	2026/02/04
ENA Series Network Analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42301221	2024/10/25	2025/10/24
Thermometer	Riters	DT-232	21A11	2025/04/02	2026/04/01
Antenna network emulator	MVG	ANTA 74	07/22 ANTA 74	N/A	N/A
SAM Phantom	MVG	SAM	07/22 SAM149	N/A	N/A
Mobile Phone Positioning System	MVG	MSH 118	07/22 MSH 118	N/A	N/A
Mechanical Calibration Kit	PNA	N/A	N/A	2024/10/25	2025/10/24
Open SAR test software	MVG	N/A	V5.3.5	N/A	N/A

Note: For dipole antennas, BTF has adopted 3 years as calibration intervals, and on annual basis, every measurement dipole has been evaluated and is in compliance with the following criteria:

- 1. There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- $2. \ \ \text{System validation with specific dipole is within 10\% of calibrated value;}$
- 3. Return-loss in within 20% of calibrated measurement.
- 4. Impedance (real or imaginary parts) in within 5 Ohms of calibrated measurement.



## **ANNEX A Simulating Liquid Verification Result**

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an SCLMP Dielectric Probe Kit.

	Dielectric performance of tissue simulating liquid								
Frequency	8	r	σ(s/m)		Delta	Delta	Limit	Temp	Date
(MHz)	Target	Measured	Target	Measured	(εr)	(σ)	Liiiiii	(℃)	Date
835	41.50	41.62	0.90	0.89	0.29%	-1.11%	±5%	21.3	20/8/2025
1900	40.00	40.20	1.40	1.39	0.50%	-0.71%	±5%	21.1	21/8/2025

NOTE: The dielectric parameters of the tissue-equivalent liquid should be measured under similar ambient conditions and within 2 °C of the conditions expected during the SAR evaluation to satisfy protocol requirements.

## **ANNEX B System Check Result**

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by MVG, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %(for 10 g).

Frequency (MHz)	Input Power (mW)	10g SAR (W/Kg)	1g SAR (W/Kg)	10g SAR 1W input power normalized (W/Kg)	1g SAR 1W input power normalized (W/Kg)	10g SAR Standard target (1W) (W/Kg)	1g SAR Standard target (1W) (W/Kg)	10g SAR Deviation	1g SAR Deviation
835	100	0.658	0.999	6.58	9.99	6.12	9.46	7.52%	5.60%
1900	100	2.180	4.136	21.80	41.36	20.82	40.29	4.71%	2.66%



## **System Performance Check Data (835 MHz)**

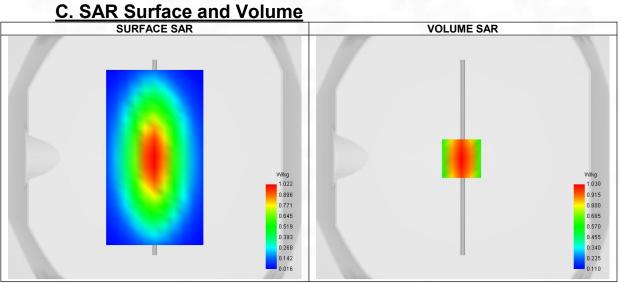
# System check at 835 MHz Date of measurement: 20/8/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

	<u></u>		
Probe	0125-EPGO-445		
ConvF	1.15		
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, Complete		
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm,Complete		
Phantom	Validation plane		
Device Position	Dipole		
Band	CW835		
Channels/Frequency	Middle		
Signal	CW		

## **B.** Permitivity

<u> </u>	
Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	835.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	41.623
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	20.442
Conductivity (S/m)	0.886



Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=-1.00; SAR Peak: 1.39 W/kg

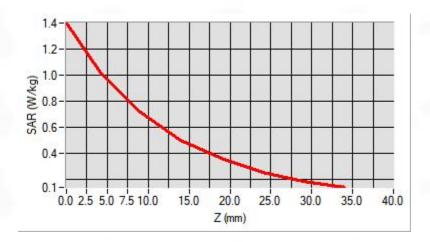
## D. SAR 1a & 10a

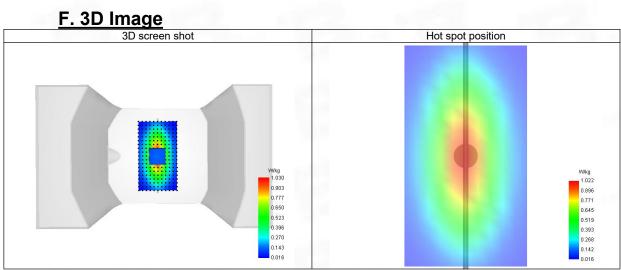
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.658
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.999
Variation (%)	-2.250
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	22.627417
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	68.995134

## E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.396	1.030	0.711	0.499	0.359	0.258	0.188









## System Performance Check Data (1900 MHz)

# System check at 1900 MHz Date of measurement: 21/8/2025

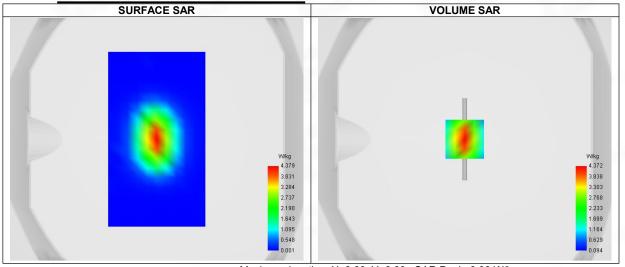
## A. Experimental conditions.

0125-EPGO-445
1.31
dx=8mm dy=8mm, Complete
5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm,Complete
Validation plane
Dipole
CW1900
Middle
CW

## **B.** Permitivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	1900.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	40.198
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	15.741
Conductivity (S/m)	1.388

# C. SAR Surface and Volume SURFACE SAR



Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00; SAR Peak: 6.66 W/kg

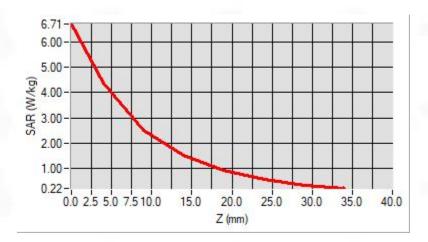
## D. SAR 1a & 10a

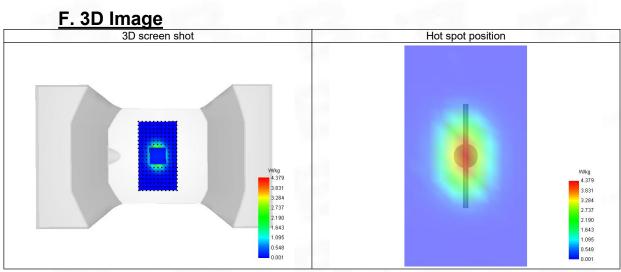
<u> </u>	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.180
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.136
Variation (%)	-2.080
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	16.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	57.911617

## E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	6.707	4.372	2.532	1.525	0.932	0.565	0.351









## **ANNEX C Test Data**

## 1-Head with front position in dist. 0mm on Channel 190 in GSM850 voice

## SAR Measurement at GSM850 (Cheek, Right)

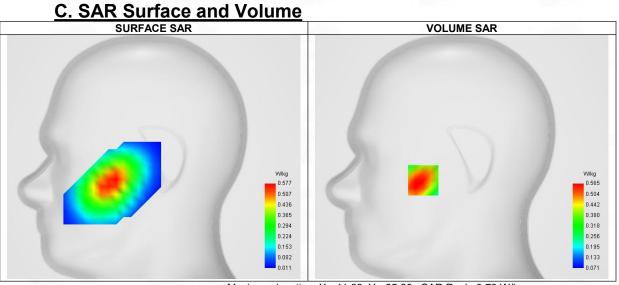
Date of measurement: 21/8/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

A. Exportinontal conditions.				
Probe	0125-EPGO-445 1.15			
ConvF				
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, Complete			
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm,Complete			
Phantom	Right head			
Device Position	Cheek GSM850			
Band				
Channels/Frequency	Middle (190)/ frequency 836.600 Mhz			
Signal	TDMA (GSM)			
Modulation	GMSK			

**B.** Permitivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	836.600		
Relative permitivity (real part)	41.621		
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	20.436		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.887		



Maximum location: X=-41.00, Y=-25.00; SAR Peak: 0.70 W/kg

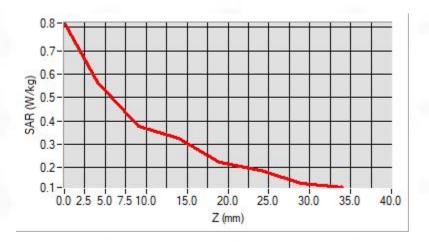
## D. SAR 1g & 10g

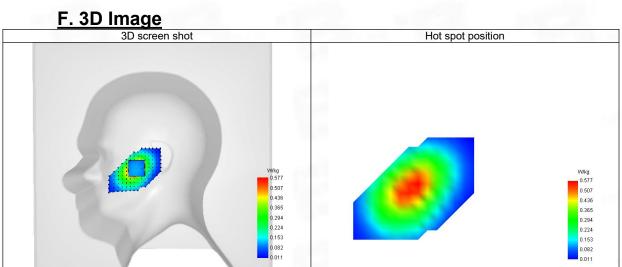
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.391
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.549
Variation (%)	2.270
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	25.298221
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	79.610571

## E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.818	0.565	0.377	0.324	0.223	0.190	0.134









# 2-Body with back position in dist. 10mm on Channel 190 in GPRS850+2slots

# SAR Measurement at GPRS850 (Body, Validation Plane) Date of measurement: 20/8/2025

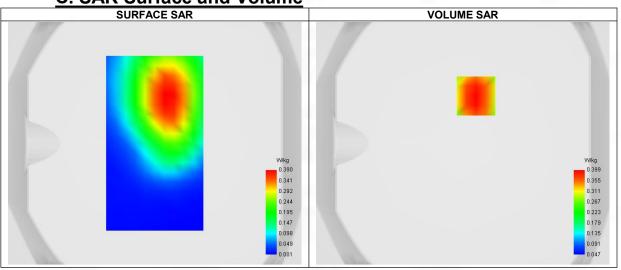
A. Experimental conditions.

Z ti = Ztporimionitali ooniantion	<u></u>			
Probe	0125-EPGO-445			
ConvF	1.15			
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, Complete			
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm,Complete			
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position	Body			
Band	GPRS850			
Channels/Frequency	Middle (190)/ frequency 836.600 Mhz			
Signal	TDMA (GPRS)			
Modulation	GMSK (CS-1)			
TX-slots	2			

**B.** Permitivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	836.600
Relative permitivity (real part)	41.621
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	20.436
Conductivity (S/m)	0.887

C. SAR Surface and Volume



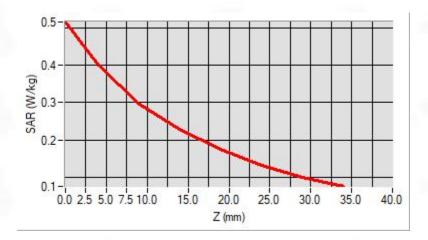
Maximum location: X=11.00, Y=39.00; SAR Peak: 0.51 W/kg

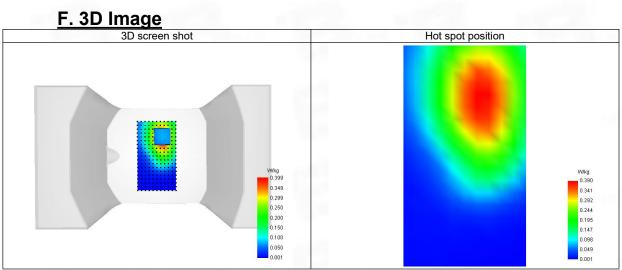
## D. SAR 1a & 10a

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.274
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.385
Variation (%)	-1.710
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	16.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	74.091002

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.515	0.399	0.296	0.228	0.174	0.131	0.100









# 3-Head with front position in dist. 0mm on Channel 661 in GSM1900 voice

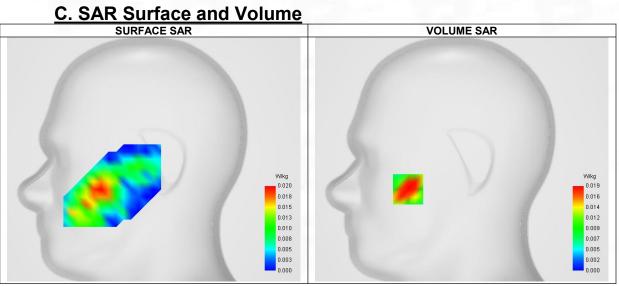
# SAR Measurement at GSM1900 (Cheek, Right) Date of measurement: 21/8/2025

A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	0125-EPGO-445		
ConvF	1.31		
Area Scan dx=8mm dy=8mm, Coi			
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm,Complete		
Phantom	Right head		
Device Position	Cheek		
Band	GSM1900		
Channels/Frequency	Middle (661)/ frequency 1880.000 Mhz		
Signal	TDMA (GSM)		
Modulation	GMSK		

### **B.** Permitivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	1880.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	40.207
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	15.918
Conductivity (S/m)	1.386



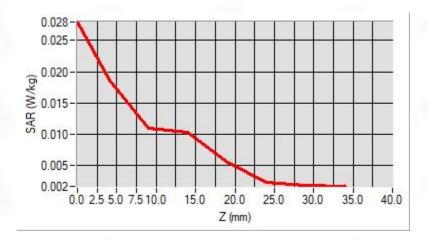
Maximum location: X=-57.00, Y=-32.00; SAR Peak: 0.03 W/kg

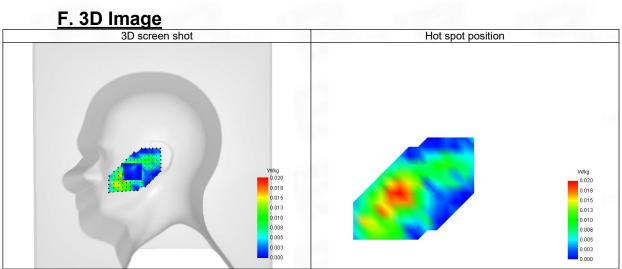
## D. SAR 1a & 10a

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.010
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.019
Variation (%)	-1.210
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	16.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	58.769478

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.028	0.019	0.011	0.010	0.005	0.002	0.002









# 4-Body with bottom position in dist. 10mm on Channel 661 in GPRS1900+2slots

# SAR Measurement at GPRS1900 (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 21/8/2025

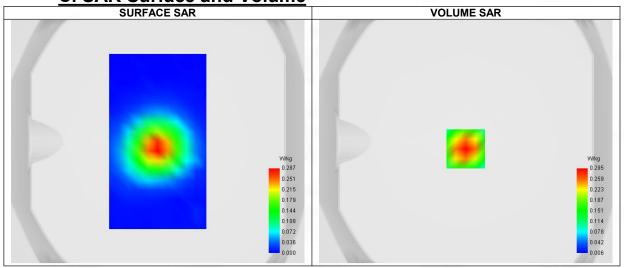
A. Experimental conditions.

Z C = Z p o i i i o i i ca i o o i i a i ci o i	<u></u>			
Probe	0125-EPGO-445			
ConvF	1.31			
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, Complete			
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm,Complete			
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position	Body			
Band	GPRS1900			
Channels/Frequency	Middle (661)/ frequency 1880.000 Mhz			
Signal	TDMA (GPRS)			
Modulation	GMSK (CS-1)			
TX-slots	2			

**B.** Permitivity

<u> </u>	
Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	1880.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	40.207
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	15.918
Conductivity (S/m)	1.386

C. SAR Surface and Volume



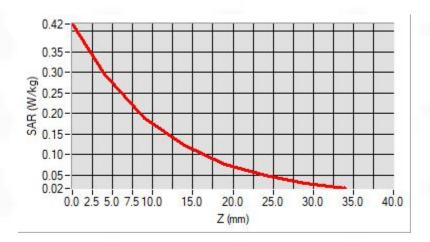
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-6.00; SAR Peak: 0.42 W/kg

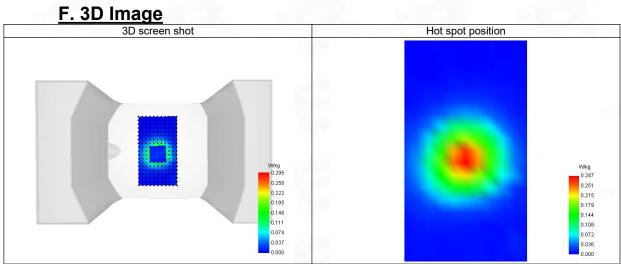
# D. SAR 1g & 10g

D. OAK 19 G 109	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.161
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.278
Variation (%)	3.260
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	17.888544
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	63.977426

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.417	0.295	0.189	0.121	0.076	0.048	0.029









# 5-Head with front position in dist. 0mm on Channel 9400 in WCDMA Band 2

# SAR Measurement at Band 2 (1900) (Cheek, Right) Date of measurement: 21/8/2025

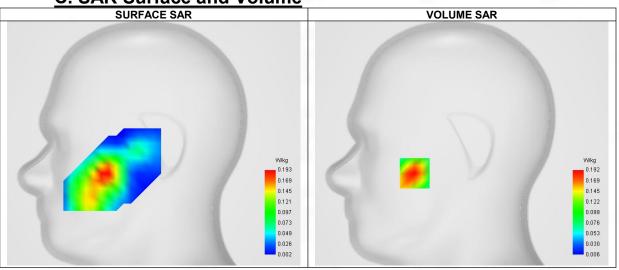
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	0125-EPGO-445			
ConvF	1.31			
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, Complete			
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm,Complete			
Phantom	Right head			
Device Position	Cheek Band 2 (1900)			
Band				
Channels/Frequency	Middle (9400)/ frequency 1880.000 Mhz			
Signal	WCDMA			
Mode	Release 99			
Connection Type	RMC, 12.2 kbps			

**B.** Permitivity

<u>=====================================</u>	
Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	1880.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	40.207
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	15.918
Conductivity (S/m)	1.386

C. SAR Surface and Volume



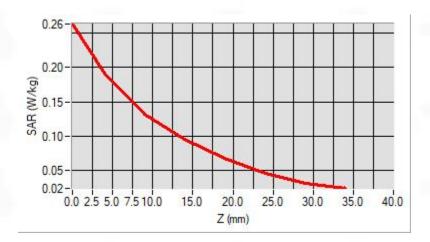
Maximum location: X=-50.00, Y=-32.00; SAR Peak: 0.26 W/kg

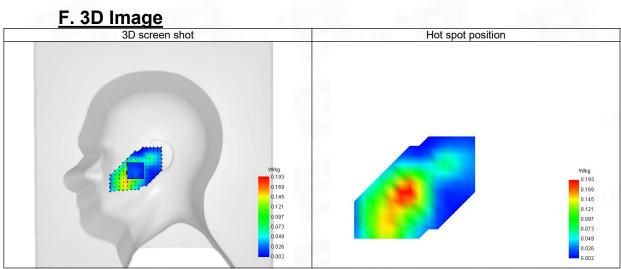
## D. SAR 1a & 10a

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.113
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.182
Variation (%)	-0.290
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	16.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	68.979146

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.263	0.192	0.132	0.096	0.068	0.047	0.032









# 6-Body with bottom position in dist. 10mm on Channel 9400 in WCDMA Band 2

# SAR Measurement at Band 2 (1900) (Body, Validation Plane)

Date of measurement: 21/8/2025

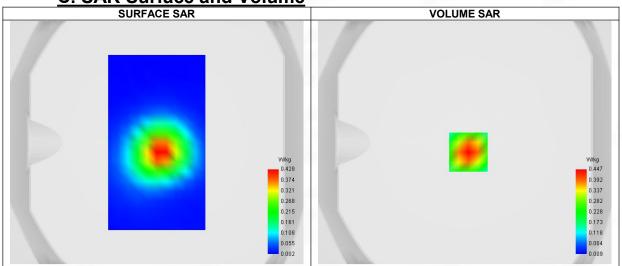
A. Experimental conditions.

	<u>10.</u>			
Probe	0125-EPGO-445			
ConvF	1.31			
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, Complete			
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm,Complete			
Phantom	Validation plane			
Device Position	Body			
Band	Band 2 (1900)			
Channels/Frequency	Middle (9400)/ frequency 1880.000 Mhz			
Signal	WCDMA			
Mode	Release 99			
Connection Type	RMC, 12.2 kbps			

**B.** Permitivity

<u> </u>	
Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	1880.000
Relative permitivity (real part)	40.207
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	15.918
Conductivity (S/m)	1.386

C. SAR Surface and Volume



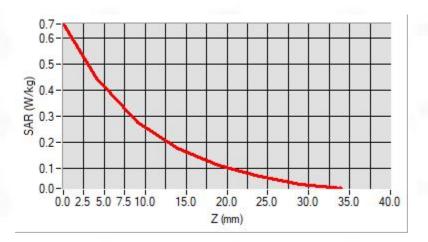
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=-8.00; SAR Peak: 0.65 W/kg

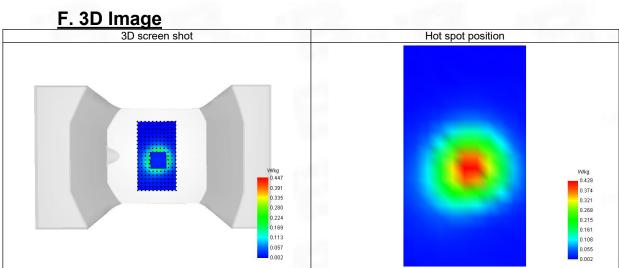
## D. SAR 1g & 10g

<u> </u>	
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.244
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.425
Variation (%)	-0.900
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	17.888544
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	62.368026

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.653	0.447	0.279	0.179	0.115	0.071	0.042









# 7-Head with front position in dist. 0mm on Channel 4183 in WCDMA Band 5

# SAR Measurement at Band 5 (850) (Cheek, Right) Date of measurement: 20/8/2025

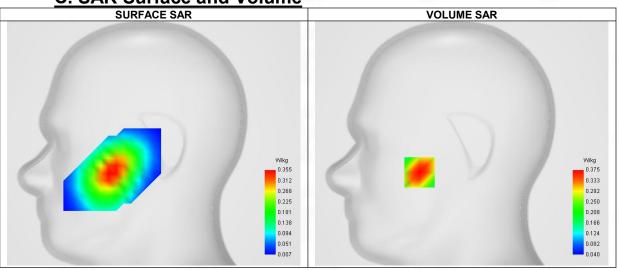
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	0125-EPGO-445			
ConvF	1.15			
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, Complete			
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm,Complete			
Phantom	Right head			
Device Position	Cheek Band 5 (850)			
Band				
Channels/Frequency	Middle (4183)/ frequency 836.600 Mhz			
Signal	WCDMA			
Mode	Release 99			
Connection Type	RMC, 12.2 kbps			

**B.** Permitivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	836.600
Relative permitivity (real part)	41.621
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	20.436
Conductivity (S/m)	0.887

C. SAR Surface and Volume



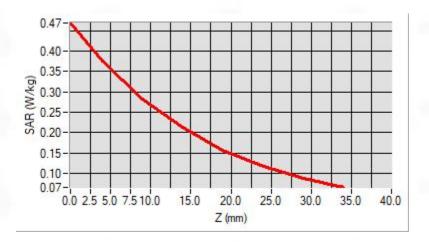
Maximum location: X=-45.00, Y=-31.00; SAR Peak: 0.47 W/kg

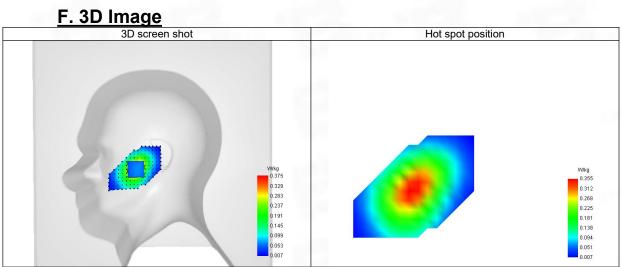
## D. SAR 1a & 10a

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.248
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.358
Variation (%)	0.660
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	22.627417
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	75.120443

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.468	0.375	0.282	0.213	0.157	0.118	0.088









# 8-Body with back position in dist. 10mm on Channel 4183 in WCDMA Band 5

# SAR Measurement at Band 5 (850) (Body, Validation Plane) Date of measurement: 20/8/2025

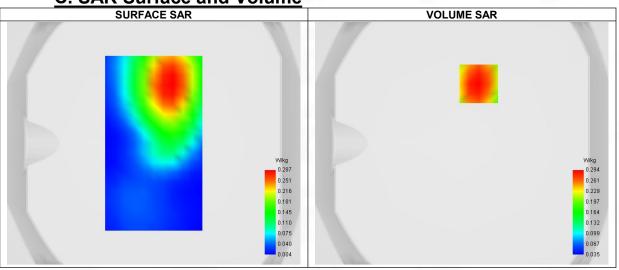
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	0125-EPGO-445 1.15				
ConvF					
Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm, Complete				
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5.0mm,Complete  Validation plane  Body  Band 5 (850)				
Phantom					
Device Position					
Band					
Channels/Frequency	Middle (4183)/ frequency 836.600 Mhz				
Signal	WCDMA				
Mode	Release 99 RMC, 12.2 kbps				
Connection Type					

**B.** Permitivity

Middle TX Frequency (MHz)	836.600
Relative permitivity (real part)	41.621
Relative permitivity (imaginary part)	20.436
Conductivity (S/m)	0.887

C. SAR Surface and Volume



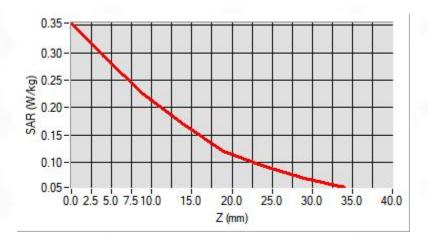
Maximum location: X=14.00, Y=49.00; SAR Peak: 0.37 W/kg

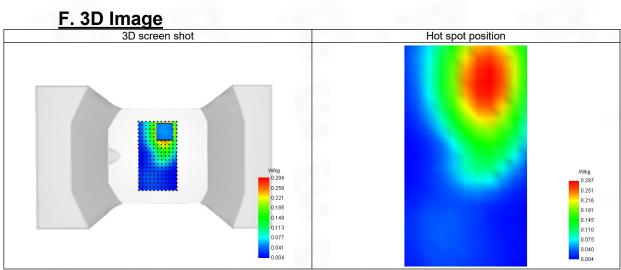
## D. SAR 1a & 10a

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.201			
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.282			
Variation (%)	1.870			
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	16.000000			
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	76.148549			

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00	24.00	29.00	
SAR (W/Kg)	0.354	0.294	0.224	0.170	0.121	0.094	0.070	









# **ANNEX D SAR Test Setup Photos**



# **ANNEX E EUT External and Internal Photos**

Please refer to RF Report.

# **ANNEX F Calibration Information**

Please refer to the document "Calibration.pdf".



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