

# FCC §15.247 (i), §2.1091 – RF Exposure

FCC ID: 2AE9XNTI-300MINI

#### Applied procedures / limit

According to FCC §15.247(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

**Limits for Occupational / Controlled Exposure** 

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> , H  <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes)				
0.3-3.0	614	1.63	(100)*	6				
3.0-30	1842 / f	4.89 / f	(900 / f)*	6				
30-300	61.4	0.163	1.0	6				
300-1500			F/300	6				
1500-100,000			5	6				

Note: f is frequency in MHz

# **Limits for General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure**

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (E) (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (H) (A/m)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Averaging Time  E  <sup>2</sup> , H  <sup>2</sup> or S (minutes)
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	(100)*	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	(180/f)*	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500			F/1500	30
1500-100,000			1.0	30

Note: f = frequency in MHz

<sup>\* =</sup> Power density limit is applicable at frequencies greater than 100 MHz

<sup>\* =</sup> Plane-wave equivalent power density



## MPE PREDICTION

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

 $S = PG/4\pi R^2$ 

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

#### **TEST RESULTS**

802.11b(PK): +10 +/-1dBm 802.11g(PK): +9+/-1dBm 802.11n(PK): +8 +/-1dBm

## MAX=11dbm

Maximum peak output power (dBm)	Output power to antenna (mW)	Antenna Gain (numeric)	Power Density (S) (mW/ cm <sup>2</sup> )	Limit of Power Density (S) (mW/ cm²)	Result
11	12.6	1.258(1.0dBi)	0.0032	1	Pass