

4 FCC §2.1091, §15.247(i) & ISEDC RSS-102 - RF Exposure

4.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB 447 498 Section (7.2), "simultaneous transmission of MPE test exclusion applies when the sum of the MPE ratios for all simultaneous transmitting antennas incorporated in a host device, based on calculated or measured field strengths or power density, is ≤ 1.0 . The MPE ratio of each antenna is determined at the minimum *test separation distance* required by the operating configurations and exposure conditions of the host device, according to the ratio of field strengths or power density to MPE limit, at the test frequency.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

| Frequency Range (MHz) | Electric Field Strength (V/m) | Magnetic Field Strength (A/m) | Power Density (mW/cm ²) | Averaging Time (minutes) |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure | | | | |
| 0.3-1.34 | 614 | 1.63 | * (100) | 30 |
| 1.34-30 | 824/f | 2.19/f | * (180/f ²) | 30 |
| 30-300 | 27.5 | 0.073 | 0.2 | 30 |
| 300-1500 | / | / | f/1500 | 30 |
| 1500-100,000 | / | / | 1.0 | 30 |

Where: f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

Before equipment certification is granted, the procedure of IC RSS-102 must be followed concerning the exposure of humans to RF field.

4.2 MPE Prediction

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

4.3 MPE Results

Sub1G TRTN Radio

| | |
|---|----------------|
| <u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm):</u> | <u>5.16</u> |
| <u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW):</u> | <u>3.281</u> |
| <u>Prediction distance (cm):</u> | <u>20</u> |
| <u>Prediction frequency (MHz):</u> | <u>902.20</u> |
| <u>Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi):</u> | <u>-1.2</u> |
| <u>Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric):</u> | <u>0.75858</u> |
| <u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm²):</u> | <u>0.0005</u> |
| <u>FCC MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm²):</u> | <u>0.60</u> |
| <u>MPE Ratio (numeric):</u> | <u>0.00083</u> |

The device is compliant with the requirement MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure. The maximum power density at the distance of 20 cm is 0.0005 mW/cm². Limit is 0.60 mW/cm².

Wi-Fi Radio (FCC ID: 2ADHKATWINC1500, IC: 20266-WINC1500PB)

| | |
|---|----------------|
| <u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm):</u> | <u>23.03</u> |
| <u>Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW):</u> | <u>200.9</u> |
| <u>Prediction distance (cm):</u> | <u>20</u> |
| <u>Prediction frequency (MHz):</u> | <u>2437</u> |
| <u>Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi):</u> | <u>-3</u> |
| <u>Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric):</u> | <u>0.501</u> |
| <u>Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm²):</u> | <u>0.02003</u> |
| <u>FCC MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm²):</u> | <u>1.0</u> |
| <u>MPE Ratio(numeric):</u> | <u>0.02003</u> |

Note: Please refer to FCC report no: EMC98105-MPE Rev. 1

The device is compliant with the requirement MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure. The maximum power density at the distance of 20 cm is 0.02003 mW/cm². Limit is 1.0 mW/cm².

LTE Radio (FCC ID: XMR 201707BG96, IC: 10224A-201709BG96)

| Band | PG (mW) | Test Result (mW/cm ²) | Limit Value (mW/cm ²) | The MPE ratio |
|---|---------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------|
| GSM 850 | 444.84 | 0.088 | 0.55 | 0.161 |
| GSM 1900 | 222.95 | 0.044 | 1.00 | 0.044 |
| LTE Band 2 | 447.92 | 0.089 | 1.00 | 0.089 |
| LTE Band 4 | 355.80 | 0.071 | 1.00 | 0.071 |
| LTE Band 5 | 447.92 | 0.089 | 0.55 | 0.162 |
| LTE Band 12 | 447.92 | 0.089 | 0.47 | 0.190 |
| LTE Band 13 | 447.92 | 0.089 | 0.52 | 0.171 |
| LTE Band 26 | 447.92 | 0.089 | 0.54 | 0.165 |
| Note: The MPE ratio = Mac Test Result ÷ Limit Value | | | | |

Note: For transmitters, minimum separation distance is 20cm, even if calculations indicate MPE distance is less.

Note: Please refer to FCC report no: RXA1706-0199MPE.

Note: LTE Band 12 is found to be the worst case from the table given. This information is used to analyze the LTE Radio for this report.

The TRTN can transmit with WiFi simultaneously or transmit with LTE radios simultaneously. The combined MPE ratios is $0.00083 + 0.02003 = 0.02086$ or $0.00083 + 0.190 = 0.19083$ which are less than the limit of 1.0.

4.4 RF exposure evaluation exemption for ISEDC**Sub1G TRTN Radio**

Maximum EIRP power = 5.16dBm – 1.2 dBi = 3.96 dBm which is less than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} = 1.3706 \text{ W} = 31.37 \text{ dBm}$

Therefore the RF exposure Evaluation is not required.

Wi-Fi Radio (FCC ID: 2ADHKATWINC1500, IC: 20266-WINC1500PB)

Maximum EIRP power = 23.03dBm – 3 dBi = 20.3 dBm which is less than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} = 1.3706 \text{ W} = 31.37 \text{ dBm}$

Therefore the RF exposure Evaluation is not required.

LTE Radio (FCC ID: XMR 201707BG96, IC: 10224A-201709BG96)

Maximum EIRP power = 26.51 dBm which is less than $1.31 \times 10^{-2} f^{0.6834} = 1.3706 \text{ W} = 31.37 \text{ dBm}$

Therefore the RF exposure Evaluation is not required.