TESTING LABORATORY
CERTIFICATE#4323.01

FCC PART 15.247
TEST REPORT

For

Nokia Shanghai Bell Co. Ltd.

No. 388, Ningqiao Rd. Pilot Free Trade Zone, Shanghai, China 201206

FCC ID: 2ADZR34003800FM201

Report Type:	Product Type:
Original Report	FastMile ABA

Test Engineer:	Hope Zhang
Report Number:	RSHA181115002-00B
Report Date:	2019-02-18
Reviewed By:	Oscar Ye RF Leader
Prepared By:	Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) No.248 Chenghu Road,Kunshan,Jiangsu province,China Tel: +86-0512-86175000 Fax: +86-0512-88934268 www.baclcorp.com.cn

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GENERAL INFORMATION

Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

Applicant:	Nokia Shanghai Bell Co. Ltd.
Tested Model:	3FE75114AAAA
Product Type:	FastMile ABA
Dimension:	318 mm(L)×318 mm(W)×56 mm(H)
Power Supply:	DC 53 V from POE

**All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 20180804002. (Assigned by the BACL. The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2018-08-04)*

Objective

This test report is prepared on behalf of *Nokia Shanghai Bell Co. Ltd.* in accordance with Part 2-Subpart J, Part 15-Subparts A and C of the Federal Communication Commissions rules.

The tests were performed in order to determine Compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 rules.

Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

FCC Part 90 TNB submittal with FCC ID: 2ADZR34003800FM201.

Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

All emissions measurement was performed and Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan). The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Measurement Uncertainty

Item		Uncertainty
AC Power Lines Conducted Emissions		3.19dB
RF conducted test with spectrum		0.9dB
RF Output Power with Power meter		0.5dB
Radiated emission	30MHz~1GHz	6.11dB
	1GHz~6GHz	4.45dB
	6GHz~18GHz	5.23dB
	18GHz~40GHz	5.65dB
Occupied Bandwidth		0.5kHz
Temperature		1.0℃
Humidity		6%

Test Facility

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) to collect test data is located on the No.248 Chenghu Road, Kunshan, Jiangsu province, China.

Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) Lab is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025 by A2LA (Lab code: 4323.01) and the FCC designation No. CN1185 under the FCC KDB 974614 D01. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-2014.

SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

Description of Test Configuration

Channel list for Bluetooth:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	40	2442
1	2403	…	…
…	…	…	…
…	…	78	2480
39	2441	/	/

EUT was tested with Channel 0, 39 and 78.

EUT Exercise Software

RF test tool: CMD

GFSK Power level: 14
π/4-DQPSK Power level: 15
8DPSK Power level: 15

Special Accessories

No special accessory.

Equipment Modifications

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

Support Equipment List and Details

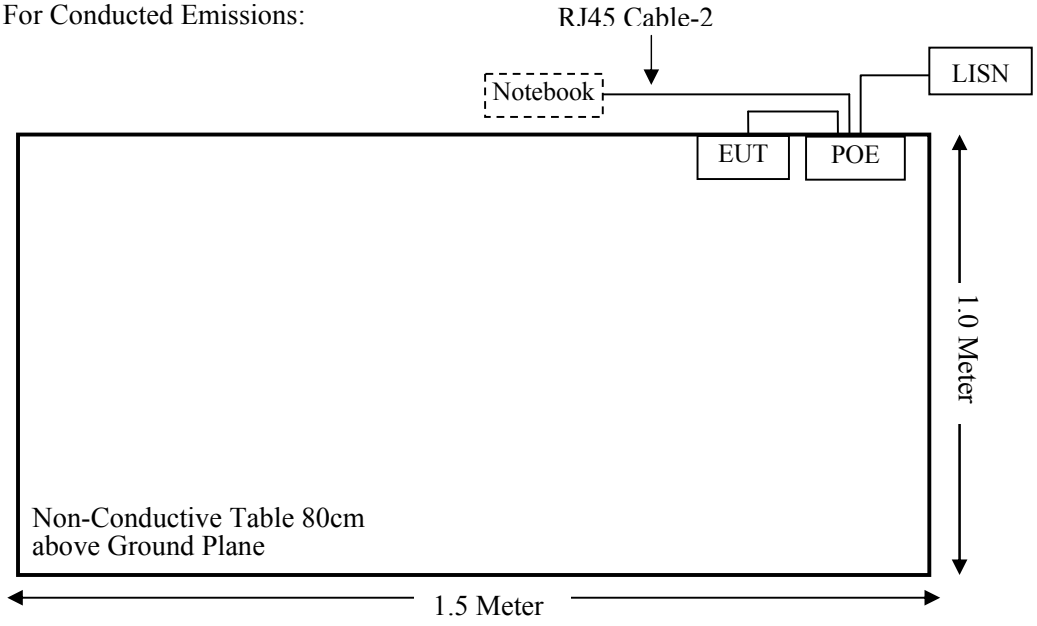
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
SHENZHEN GOSPELL	POE Input: AC 100-240V, 50/60Hz, 0.75A Max Output: DC 53V, 0.6A	G0545-530-060-PSE1000	/
DELL	Notebook	GX620	D65874152

External I/O Cable

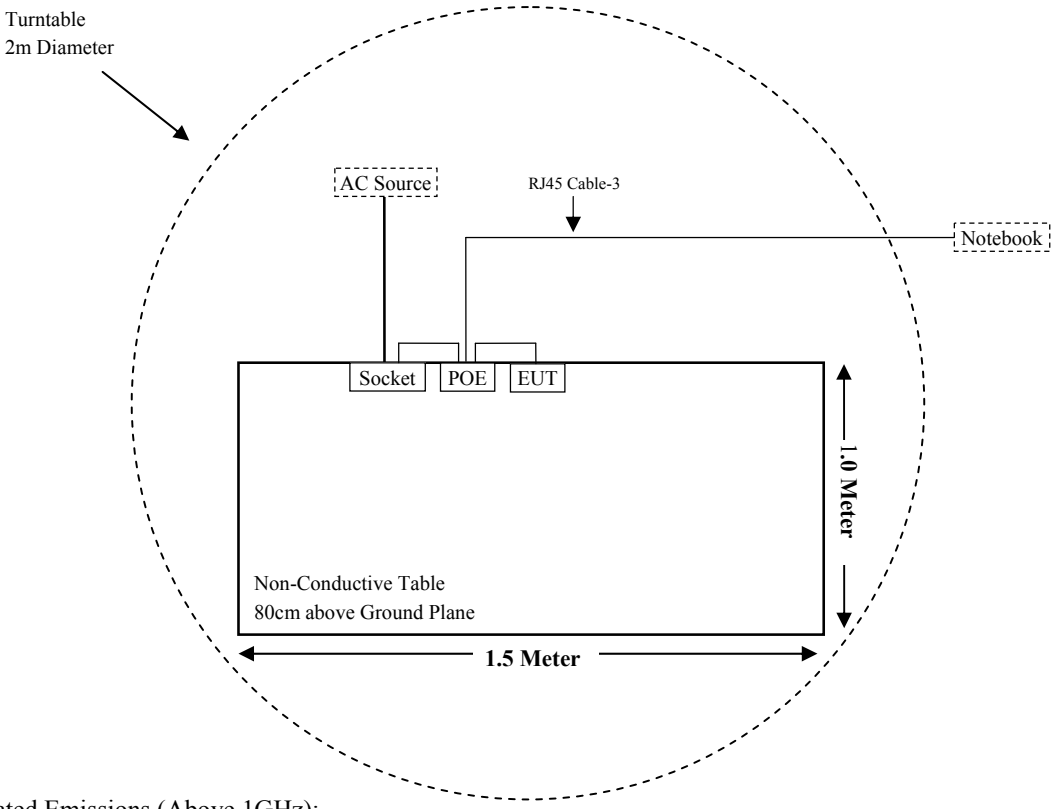
Cable Description	Length (m)	From Port	To
RJ45 Cable-1	3.0	EUT	POE
RJ45 Cable-2	1.0	POE	Notebook
RJ45 Cable-3	15	POE	Notebook
Power Cable	1.0	POE	Socket

Block Diagram of Test Setup

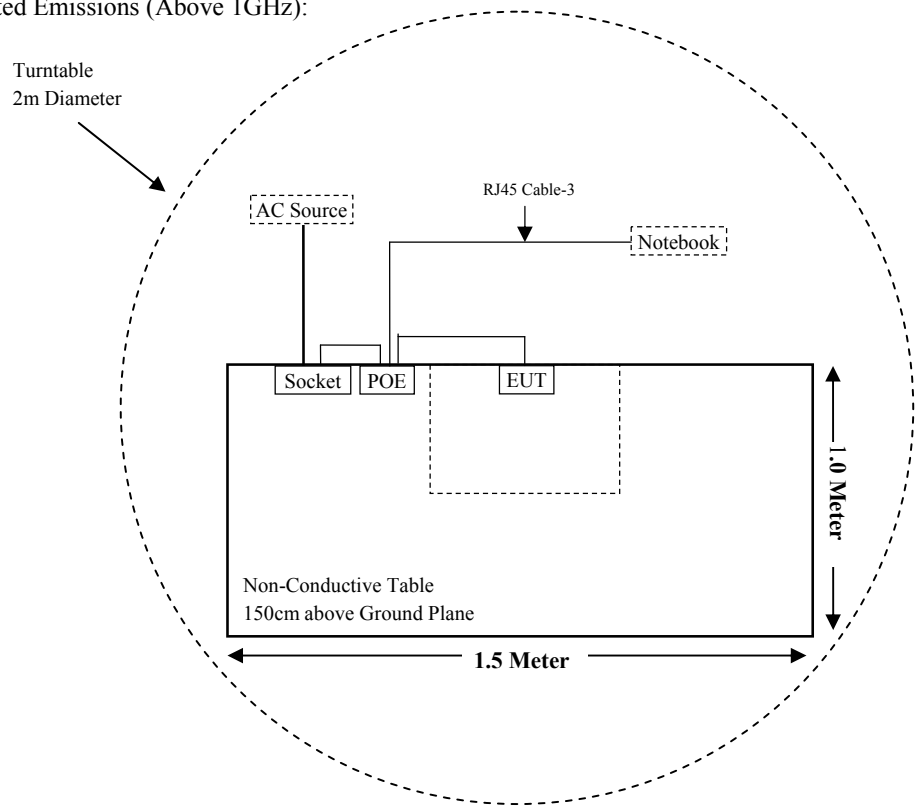
For Conducted Emissions:



For Radiated Emissions (Below 1GHz):



For Radiated Emissions (Above 1GHz):



SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§15.247 (I), §1.1310 & §2.1091	MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)	Compliant
§15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
§15.207(a)	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
§15.205, §15.209 & §15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions & Restricted Bands Emissions (Below 1GHz)	Compliant
§15.205, §15.209 & §15.247(d)	Radiated Emissions & Restricted Bands Emissions (Above 1GHz)	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	20 dB Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)	Channel Separation Test	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	Compliant
§15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Quantity of hopping channel Test	Compliant
§15.247(b)(1)	Peak Output Power Measurement	Compliant
§15.247(d)	Band edges	Compliant

TEST EQUIPMENT LIST

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Radiated Emission Test（Chamber 1#）					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	100195	2018-11-12	2019-11-11
Sunol Sciences	Broadband Antenna	JB3	A090413-1	2016-12-26	2019-12-25
Sonoma Instrunent	Pre-amplifier	310N	171205	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
Rohde & Schwarz	Auto test Software	EMC32	100361	/	/
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-8	008	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-9	009	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-10	010	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
Radiated Emission Test（Chamber 2#）					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESU40	100207	2018-08-26	2019-08-25
ETS-LINDGREN	Horn Antenna	3115	6229	2019-01-11	2022-01-10
ETS-LINDGREN	Horn Antenna	3116	00084159	2016-10-18	2019-10-17
Mini-Circuits	Amplifier	ZVA-183W-S+	220701818	2018-05-20	2019-05-19
EM Electronics Corporation	Amplifier	EM18G40G	060726	2018-03-22	2019-03-21
MICRO-TRONICS	Band Reject Filter	BRM50702	G024	2018-08-05	2019-08-04
Narda	Attenuator	10dB	010	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
Rohde & Schwarz	Auto test Software	EMC32	100361	/	/
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-6	006	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-11	011	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-12	012	2018-08-15	2019-08-14
RF Conducted Test					
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSV40	101116	2018-07-23	2019-07-22
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	836131/009	2018-09-21	2019-09-20
Narda	Attenuator/6dB	10690812-2	26850-6	2019-01-10	2020-01-09
BELL	RF Cable	BELLC01	C01	Each Time	/
Conducted Emission Test					
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCS30	834115/007	2018-11-12	2019-11-11
Rohde & Schwarz	LISN	ESH3-Z5	862770/011	2018-11-12	2019-11-11
BACL	Auto test Software	BACL-EMC	CE001	/	/
Narda	Attenuator/6dB	10690812-2	26850-6	2019-01-10	2020-01-09
MICRO-COAX	Coaxial Cable	Cable-15	015	2018-08-15	2019-08-14

*** Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Kunshan) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements that traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

FCC §1.1310 & §2.1091 –MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE (MPE)

Applicable Standard

According to subpart §2.1091 and subpart §1.1310, systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Limits for Maximum Permissible Exposure (MPE) (§1.1310, §2.1091)

(B) Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
Frequency Range (MHz)	**Electric Field Strength (V/m)**	**Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)**	**Power Density (mW/cm^2)**	**Averaging Time (minutes)**
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	*(100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	*(180/f²)	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz; * = Plane-wave equivalent power density;

According to §1.1310 and §2.1091 RF exposure is calculated.

Calculated Formulary:
Predication of MPE limit at a given distance
$S = PG/4\pi R^2$ = power density (in appropriate units, e.g. mW/cm^2);
P = power input to the antenna (in appropriate units, e.g., mW);
G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator, the power gain factor, is normally numeric gain;
R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna (appropriate units, e.g., cm);

For simultaneously transmit system, the calculated power density should comply with:

$$\sum_i \frac{S_i}{S_{Limit,i}} \leq 1$$

Calculated Data:

Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)	Antenna Gain		Tune-up Conducted Power		Evaluation Distance (cm)	Power Density (mW/cm^2)	MPE Limit (mW/cm^2)	MPE ratio
		(dBi)	(numeric)	(dBm)	(mW)				
Bluetooth	2402-2480	0.00	1.00	7.00	5.01	50	0.0002	1.0	0.0002
LTE	3652.5-3697.5	17.00	50.12	16.50	44.67	50	0.0713	1.0	0.0713

Note:

1. The tune-up conducted power was declared by the manufacturer.
2. BT and LTE can transmit simultaneously, and the worst condition is as below:

$$\sum_i \frac{S_i}{S_{Limit,i}} = 0.0002+0.0713=0.0715< 1.0$$

Result: The device meet FCC MPE at 50 cm distance.

FCC §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to FCC § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

Antenna Connector Construction

The EUT has an omni antenna for Bluetooth and the antenna gain is 0dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

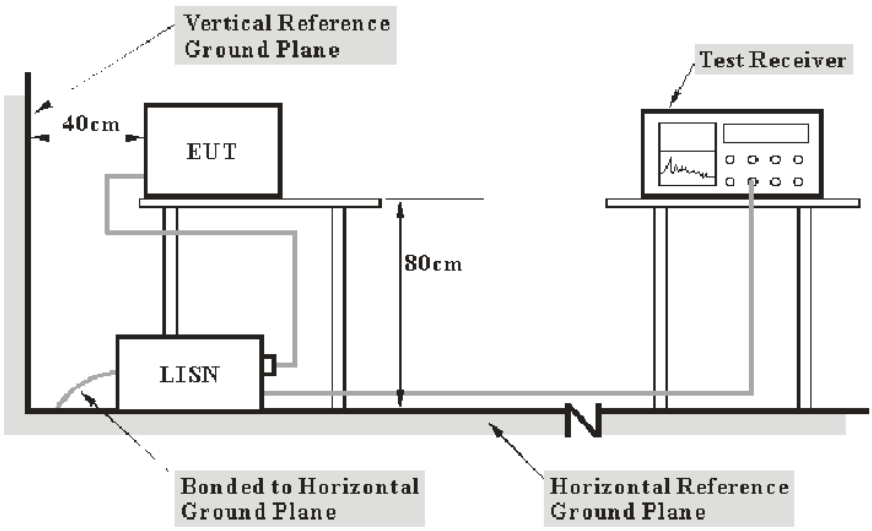
Result: Compliance.

FCC §15.207 (a) – AC LINE CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

FCC §15.207(a)

EUT Setup



Note: 1. Support units were connected to second LISN.
2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The measurement procedure of EUT setup is according with ANSI C63.10-2013. The related limit was specified in FCC Part 15.207.

EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

Test Procedure

During the conducted emission test, the adapter was connected to the outlet of the LISN.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All final data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation

The Corrected factor is calculated by adding LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor), Cable Loss and Transient Limiter Attenuation. The basic equation is as follows:

Corrected Factor (dB) = LISN VDF (dB) + Cable Loss (dB) + Transient Limiter Attenuation (dB)

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of Compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin (dB) = Limit (dBμV) – Corrected Amplitude (dBμV)

Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC Part 15.207.

Test Data

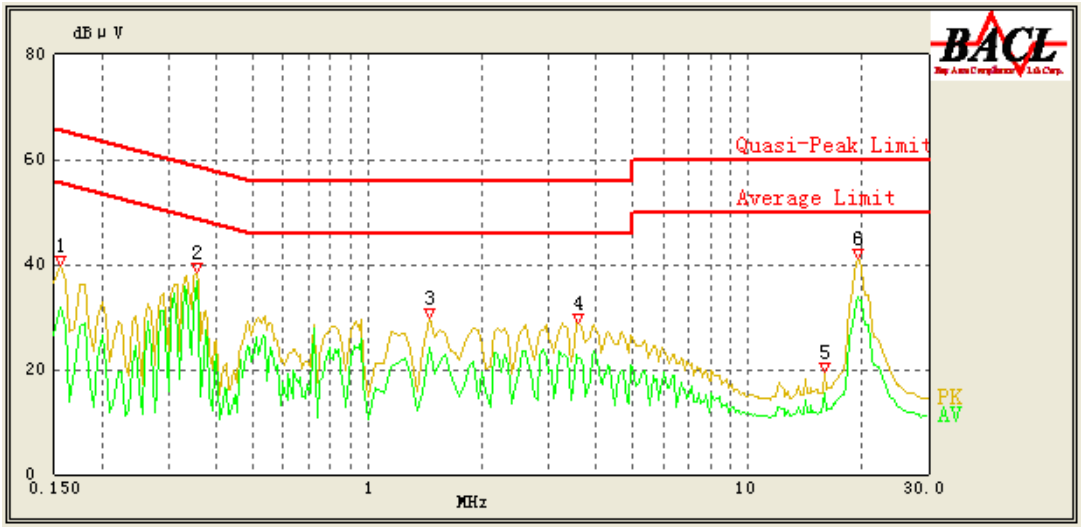
Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	25.4 ℃
Relative Humidity:	51 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Hope Zhang on 2019-02-17

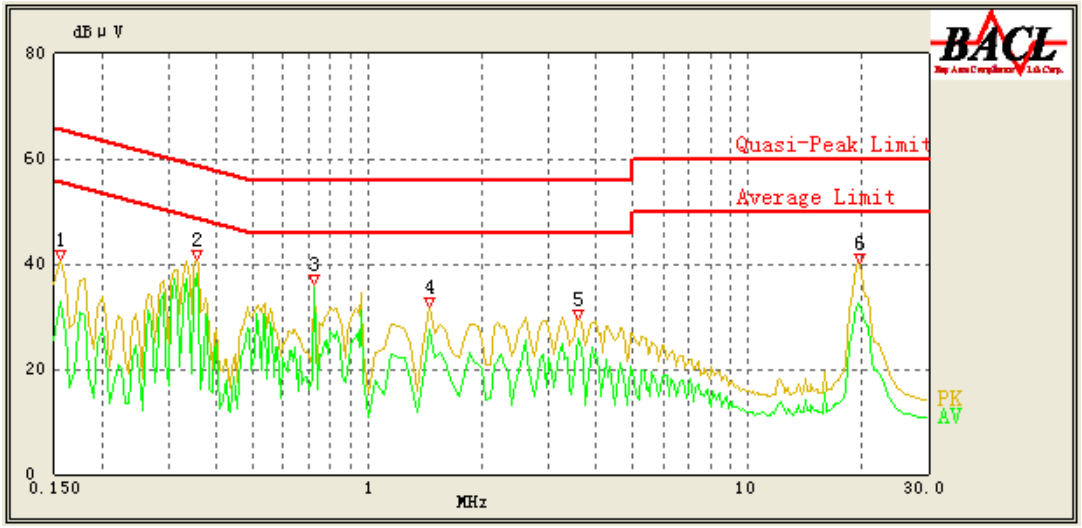
EUT operation mode: Transmitting in low channel of 8DPSK mode (Worst case)

AC 120V/60 Hz, Line



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV)	Detector (PK/AV/QP)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corrected Factor (dB)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Comment
0.155	39.80	QP	9.000	L1	16.06	65.73	25.93	Compliant
0.155	31.82	AV	9.000	L1	16.06	55.73	23.91	Compliant
0.355	38.36	QP	9.000	L1	16.05	58.84	20.48	Compliant
0.355	36.85	AV	9.000	L1	16.05	48.84	11.99	Compliant
1.450	29.68	QP	9.000	L1	15.87	56.00	26.32	Compliant
1.450	24.02	AV	9.000	L1	15.87	46.00	21.98	Compliant
3.600	28.76	QP	9.000	L1	15.85	56.00	27.24	Compliant
3.600	22.13	AV	9.000	L1	15.85	46.00	23.87	Compliant
16.000	19.37	QP	9.000	L1	16.26	60.00	40.63	Compliant
16.000	15.58	AV	9.000	L1	16.26	50.00	34.42	Compliant
19.550	41.26	QP	9.000	L1	16.42	60.00	18.74	Compliant
19.550	33.96	AV	9.000	L1	16.41	50.00	16.04	Compliant

AC 120V/60 Hz, Neutral



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBµV)	Detector (PK/AV/QP)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Line	Corrected Factor (dB)	Limit (dBµV)	Margin (dB)	Comment
0.155	40.81	QP	9.000	N	16.06	65.73	24.92	Compliant
0.155	32.85	AV	9.000	N	16.06	55.73	22.88	Compliant
0.355	40.94	QP	9.000	N	16.08	58.84	17.90	Compliant
0.355	38.09	AV	9.000	N	16.08	48.84	10.75	Compliant
0.725	36.08	QP	9.000	N	15.99	56.00	19.92	Compliant
0.725	35.38	AV	9.000	N	15.99	46.00	10.62	Compliant
1.450	31.94	QP	9.000	N	15.93	56.00	24.06	Compliant
1.450	27.58	AV	9.000	N	15.93	46.00	18.42	Compliant
3.600	29.53	QP	9.000	N	15.89	56.00	26.47	Compliant
3.600	25.67	AV	9.000	N	15.89	46.00	20.33	Compliant
19.650	40.31	QP	9.000	N	16.15	60.00	19.69	Compliant
19.650	32.31	AV	9.000	N	16.15	50.00	17.69	Compliant

Note:
1) Corrected Factor (dB) = LISN VDF (dB) + Cable Loss (dB) + Transient Limiter Attenuation (dB)
2) Margin (dB) = Limit (dBµV) – Corrected Amplitude (dBµV)

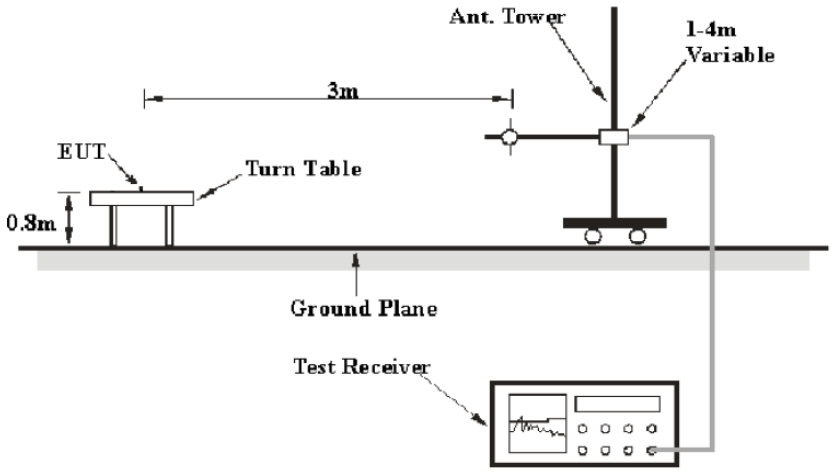
FCC §15.205, §15.209 & §15.247(d) – RADIATED EMISSIONS

Applicable Standard

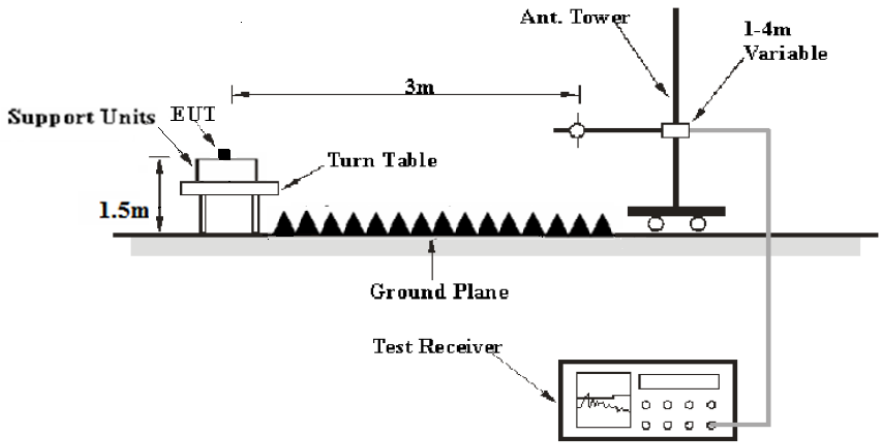
FCC §15.205; §15.209; §15.247(d)

EUT Setup

Below 1 GHz:



Above 1GHz:



The radiated emission tests were performed in the 3 meters, using the setup accordance with the ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15.209 and FCC 15.247 limits.

EMI Test Receiver Setup

The system was investigated from 30 MHz to 25 GHz.

During the radiated emission test, the EMI test receiver Setup was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	RBW	Video B/W	IF B/W	Detector
30 MHz – 1000 MHz	120 kHz	300 kHz	120 kHz	QP
Above 1GHz	1MHz	3 MHz	/	PK
	1MHz	3 MHz	/	Ave.

Test Procedure

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

All final data was recorded in Quasi-peak detection mode for frequency range of 30 MHz -1 GHz and peak and Average detection modes for frequencies above 1 GHz.

Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor and Cable Loss, and subtracting the Amplifier Gain from the Meter Reading. The basic equation is as follows:

Corrected Amplitude (dBμV /m) = Meter Reading (dBμV) + Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB) - Amplifier Gain (dB)

The "**Margin**" column of the following data tables indicates the degree of Compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7dB means the emission is 7dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

Margin (dB) = Limit (dBμV/m) – Corrected Amplitude (dBμV /m)

Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC Title 47, Part 15, Subpart C, section 15.205, 15.209 and 15.247.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	24.1-24.8 ℃
Relative Humidity:	48-50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0-101.2kPa

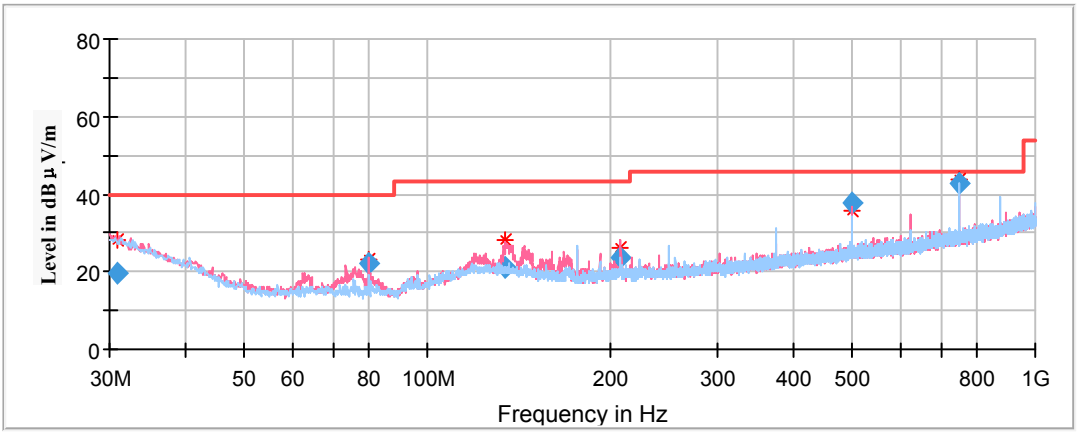
The testing was performed by Hope Zhang from 2019-01-31 to 2019-02-17.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Spurious Emission Test:

30MHz-1GHz:

Pre-Scan with GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK modes of operation in the X,Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case ***low channel of 8DPSK Mode in Y-axis of orientation*** *was recorded*



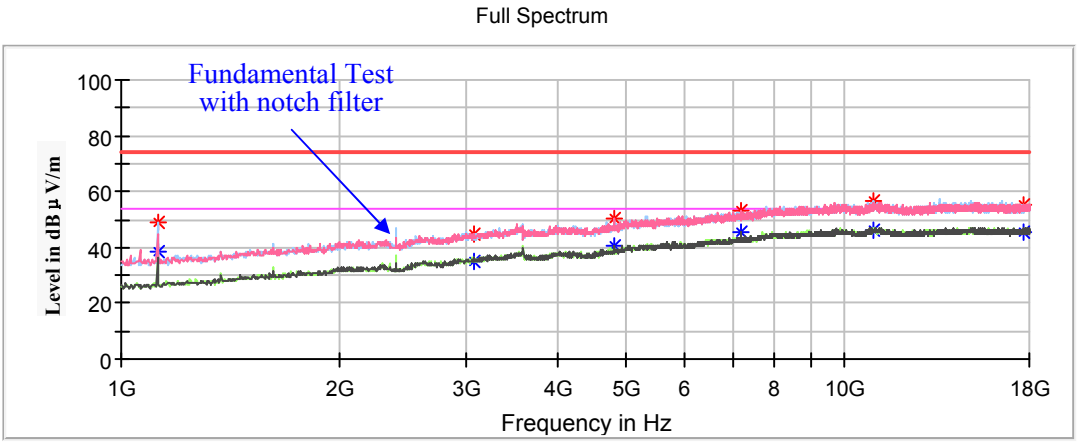
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude	Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
	Quasi-peak (dBµV/m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
30.883650	19.71	101.0	V	298.0	-4.5	40.00	20.29
80.030650	22.23	101.0	V	174.0	-17.8	40.00	17.77
134.195000	21.07	101.0	V	112.0	-11.7	43.50	22.43
208.046950	23.82	101.0	V	200.0	-12.3	43.50	19.68
500.010000	37.73	101.0	V	159.0	-6.1	46.00	8.27
750.004700	42.52	101.0	H	212.0	-2.5	46.00	3.48

1GHz-18GHz:

Pre-Scan with GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK modes of operation in the X,Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case ***low channel of 8DPSK Mode in Y-axis of orientation*** *was recorded*

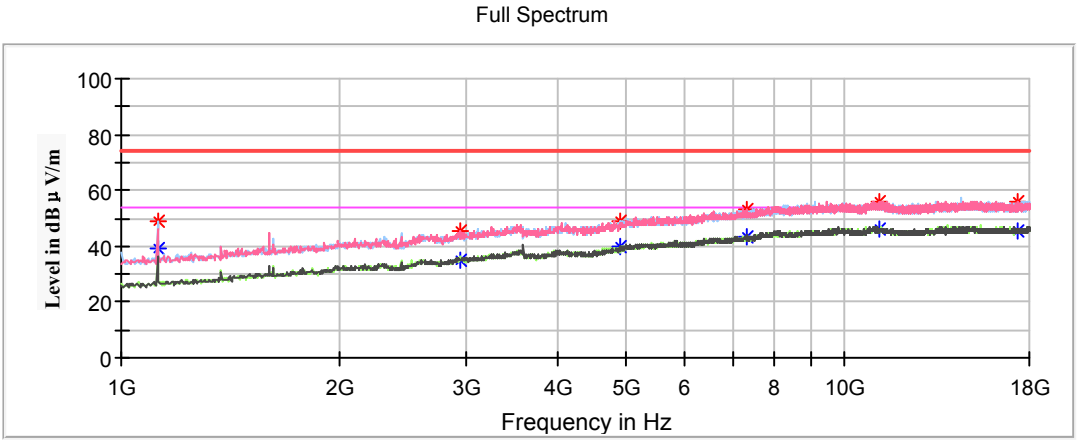
Note:
1. This test was performed with the 2.4-2.5 GHz notch filter.
2. Corrected Factor (dB/m) = Antenna factor (RX) (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB) – Amplifier Factor (dB)
   Corrected Amplitude (dBμV /m) = Corrected Factor (dB/m) + Reading (dBμV)
   Margin (dB) = Limit (dBμV/m) – Corrected Amplitude (dBμV /m)

Low Channel: 2402MHz



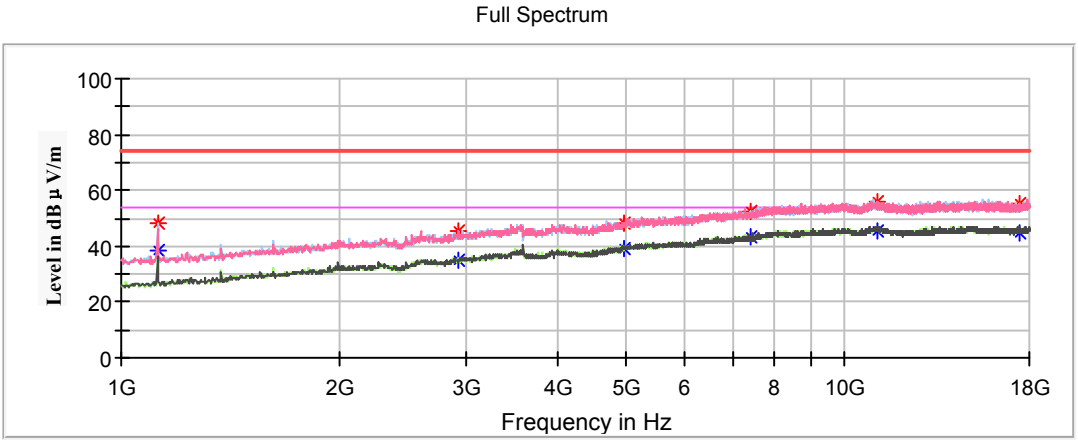
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude		Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	MaxPeak (dBμV /m)	Average (dBμV /m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
1122.400000	---	38.64	200.0	H	233.0	-3.5	54.00	15.36
1122.400000	48.65	---	200.0	H	233.0	-3.5	74.00	25.35
3077.400000	---	35.22	100.0	V	268.0	6.2	54.00	18.78
3077.400000	44.93	---	100.0	V	268.0	6.2	74.00	29.07
4804.000000	---	40.82	200.0	V	11.0	10.7	54.00	13.18
4804.000000	50.25	---	200.0	V	11.0	10.7	74.00	23.75
7206.000000	---	45.29	200.0	V	301.0	15.2	54.00	8.71
7206.000000	52.81	---	200.0	V	301.0	15.2	74.00	21.19
10975.600000	---	45.85	150.0	H	338.0	19.0	54.00	8.15
10975.600000	56.77	---	150.0	H	338.0	19.0	74.00	17.23
17663.400000	---	45.32	200.0	V	326.0	18.7	54.00	8.68
17663.400000	55.03	---	200.0	V	326.0	18.7	74.00	18.97

Middle Channel: 2441MHz



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude		Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
	MaxPeak (dBµV /m)	Average (dBµV /m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
1122.400000	48.97	---	200.0	H	239.0	-3.5	74.00	25.03
1122.400000	---	39.39	200.0	H	239.0	-3.5	54.00	14.61
2944.800000	45.37	---	150.0	V	9.0	5.7	74.00	28.63
2944.800000	---	34.95	150.0	V	9.0	5.7	54.00	19.05
4882.000000	48.80	---	100.0	V	40.0	11.2	74.00	25.20
4882.000000	---	39.56	100.0	V	40.0	11.2	54.00	14.44
7323.000000	53.25	---	100.0	V	224.0	15.4	74.00	20.75
7323.000000	---	43.65	100.0	V	224.0	15.4	54.00	10.35
11132.000000	---	45.84	150.0	V	169.0	18.9	54.00	8.16
11132.000000	55.82	---	150.0	V	169.0	18.9	74.00	18.18
17374.400000	---	45.25	100.0	V	288.0	18.4	54.00	8.75
17374.400000	55.61	---	100.0	V	288.0	18.4	74.00	18.39

High Channel: 2480MHz

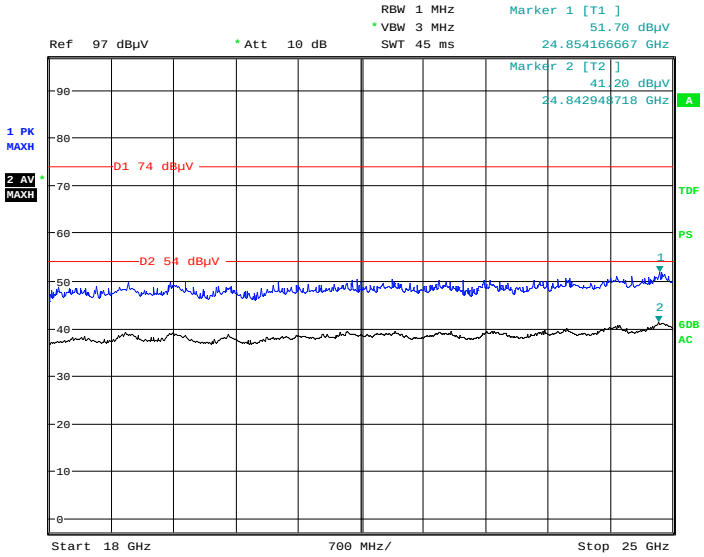


Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude		Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)
	MaxPeak (dBµV /m)	Average (dBµV /m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
1122.400000	48.39	---	200.0	H	232.0	-3.5	74.00	25.61
1122.400000	---	38.77	200.0	H	232.0	-3.5	54.00	15.23
2931.200000	45.33	---	200.0	V	212.0	5.6	74.00	28.67
2931.200000	---	34.95	200.0	V	212.0	5.6	54.00	19.05
4960.000000	48.30	---	200.0	V	276.0	11.5	74.00	25.70
4960.000000	---	38.88	200.0	V	276.0	11.5	54.00	15.12
7440.000000	---	43.08	200.0	V	78.0	15.5	54.00	10.92
7440.000000	52.34	---	200.0	V	78.0	15.5	74.00	21.66
11064.000000	---	45.36	150.0	V	1.0	19.0	54.00	8.64
11064.000000	55.91	---	150.0	V	1.0	19.0	74.00	18.09
17425.400000	---	45.06	100.0	V	332.0	18.4	54.00	8.94
17425.400000	55.02	---	100.0	V	332.0	18.4	74.00	18.98

18GHz-25GHz:

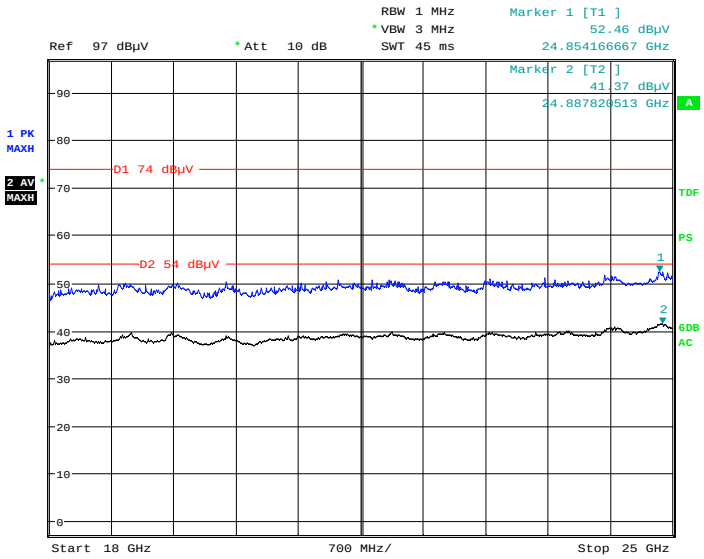
Pre-Scan with GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK modes of operation in the X,Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case ***low channel of 8DPSK Mode in Y-axis of orientation*** *was recorded*

Horizontal



Date: 31.JAN.2019 13:28:52

Vertical



Date: 31.JAN.2019 13:48:24

Fundamental Test & Restricted Bands Emissions:

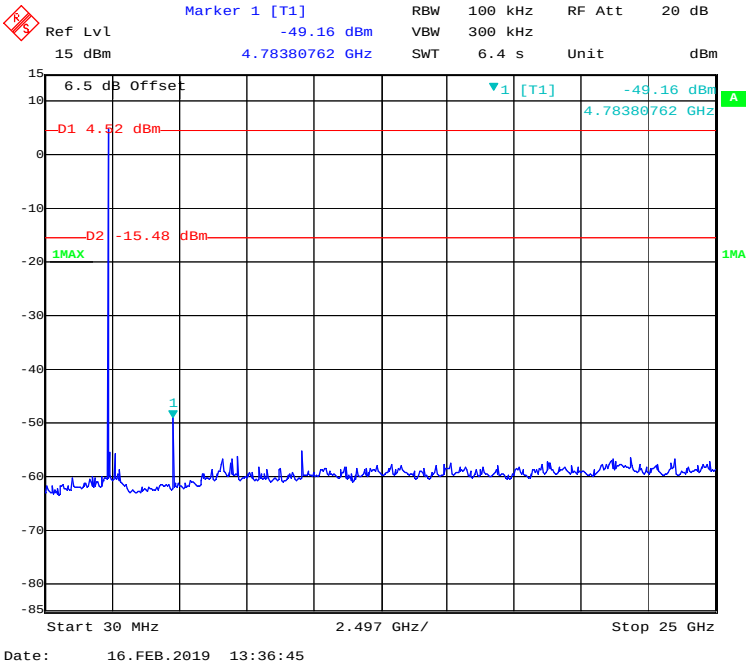
Pre-Scan with GFSK, π/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK modes of operation in the X,Y and Z axes of orientation, the worst case ***low channel of 8DPSK Mode in Y-axis of orientation*** *was recorded*

Note:
1. Corrected Factor (dB/m) = Antenna factor (RX) (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB) – Amplifier Factor (dB)
   Corrected Amplitude (dBμV /m) = Corrected Factor (dB/m) + Reading (dBμV)
   Margin (dB) = Limit (dBμV/m) – Corrected Amplitude (dBμV /m)

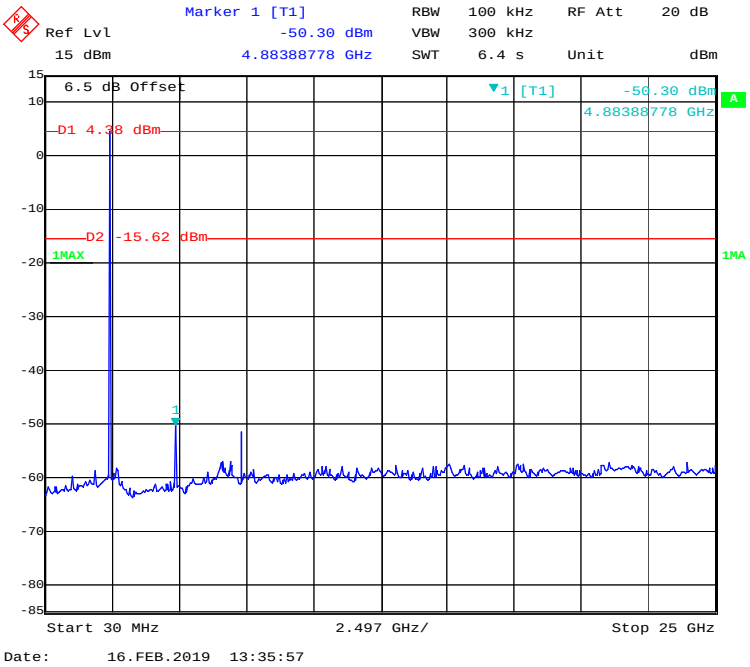
Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude		Rx Antenna		Turntable Degree	Corrected Factor (dB/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Margin (dB)
	MaxPeak (dBμV /m)	Average (dBμV /m)	Height (cm)	Polar (H/V)				
Low Channel: 2402MHz								
2402.000000	97.37	---	200.0	H	143.0	6.1	/	/
2402.000000	---	97.10	200.0	H	143.0	6.1	/	/
2402.000000	95.17	---	250.0	V	296.0	6.1	/	/
2402.000000	---	94.69	250.0	V	296.0	6.1	/	/
2390.000000	---	33.29	150.0	H	98.0	6.0	54.00	20.71
2390.000000	43.16	---	150.0	H	98.0	6.0	74.00	30.84
Middle Channel: 2441MHz								
2441.000000	95.39	---	150.0	H	244.0	6.2	/	/
2441.000000	---	94.92	150.0	H	244.0	6.2	/	/
2441.000000	92.93	---	150.0	V	153.0	6.2	/	/
2441.000000	---	92.48	150.0	V	153.0	6.2	/	/
High Channel: 2480MHz								
2480.000000	94.13	---	200.0	H	206.0	6.3	/	/
2480.000000	---	93.84	200.0	H	206.0	6.3	/	/
2480.000000	91.73	---	250.0	V	95.0	6.3	/	/
2480.000000	---	91.36	250.0	V	95.0	6.3	/	/
2483.500000	43.83	---	100.0	H	39.0	6.3	74.00	30.17
2483.500000	---	34.05	100.0	H	39.0	6.3	54.00	19.95

Conducted Spurious Emissions at Antenna Port

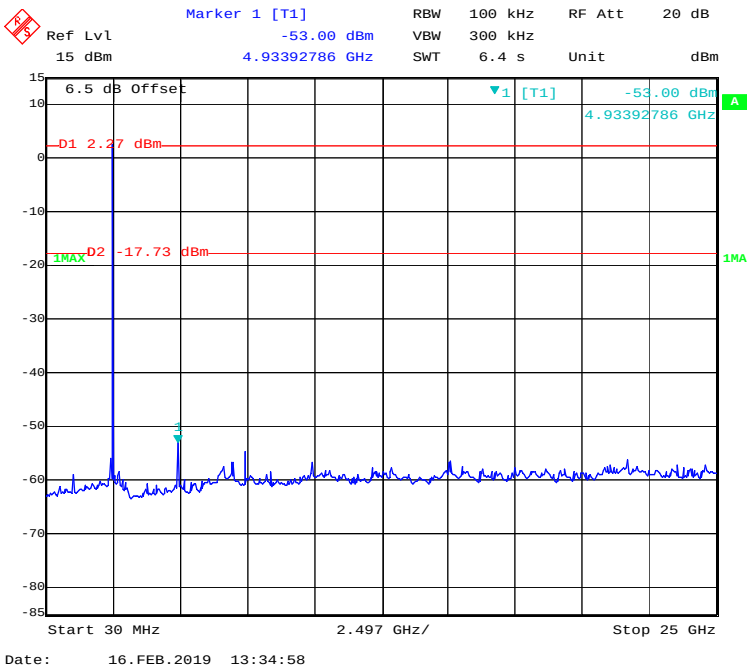
BDR (GFSK): Low Channel



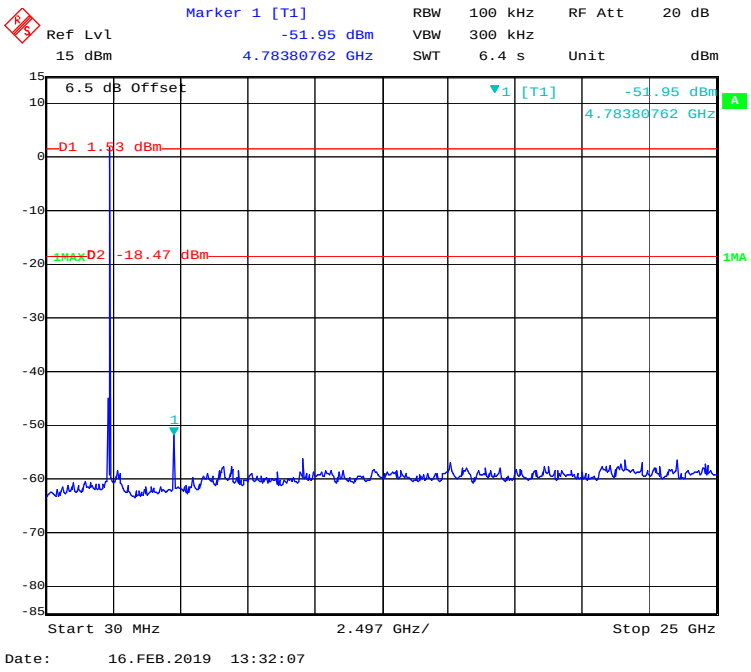
BDR (GFSK): Middle Channel



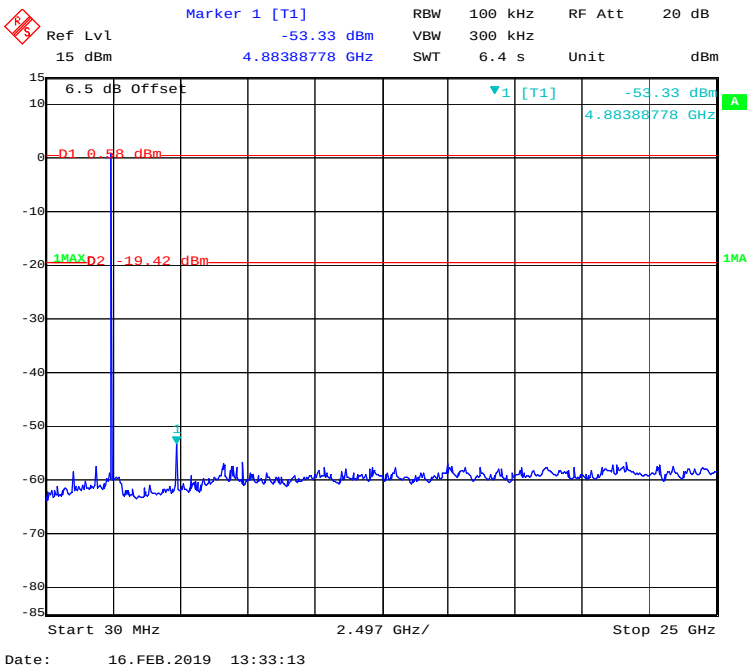
BDR (GFSK): High Channel



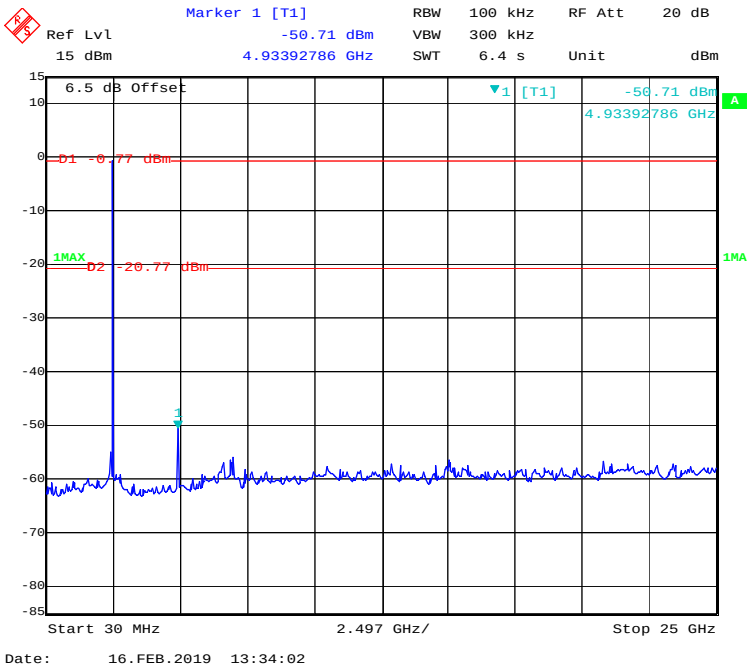
EDR (π/4-DQPSK): Low Channel



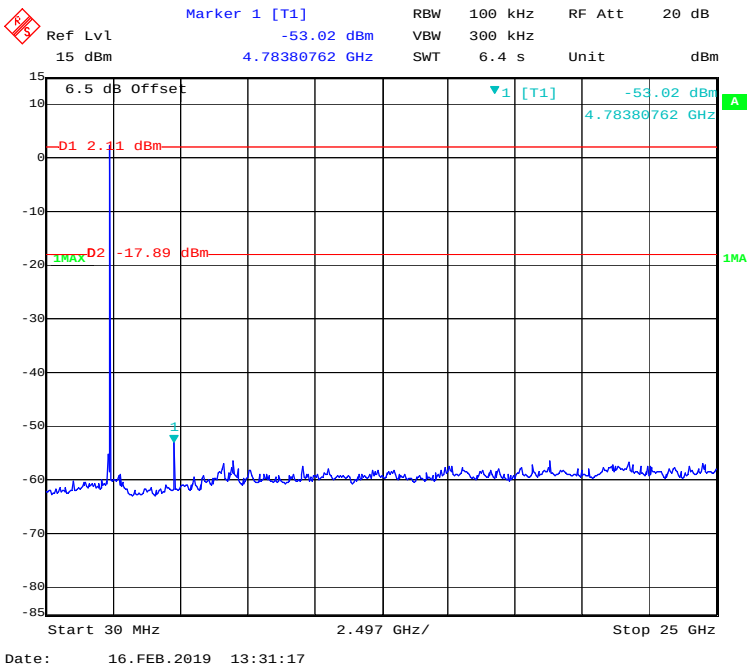
EDR (π/4-DQPSK): Middle Channel



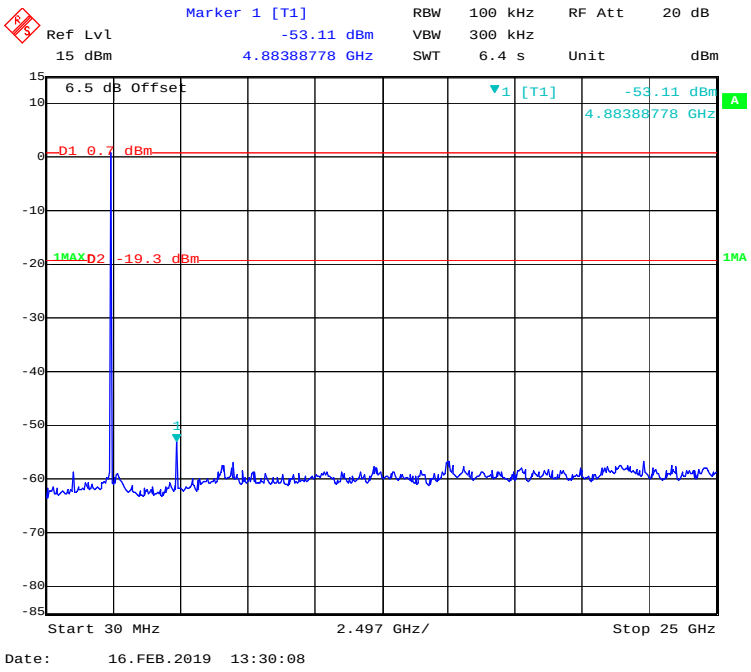
EDR (π/4-DQPSK): High Channel



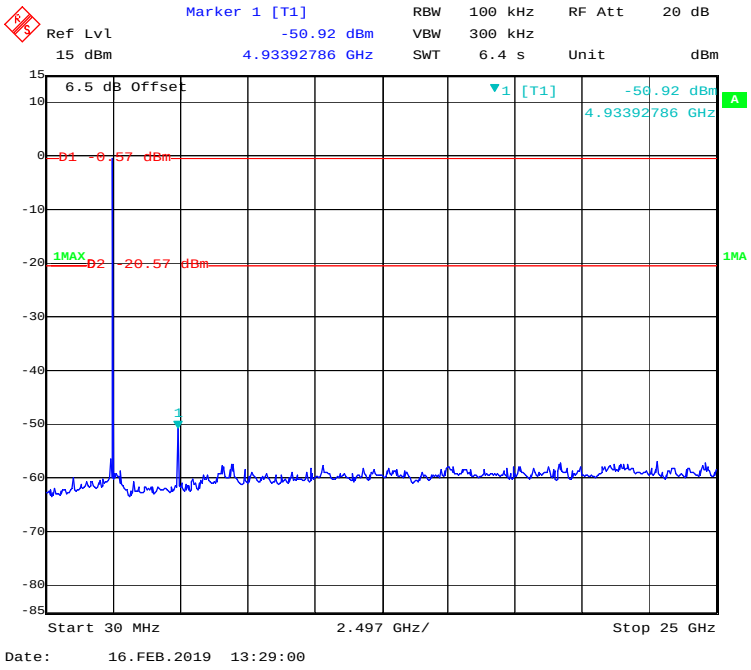
EDR (8DPSK): Low Channel



EDR (8DPSK): Middle Channel



EDR (8DPSK): High Channel



FCC §15.247(a) (1)-CHANNEL SEPARATION TEST

Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems shall have hoping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

Test Procedure

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

a. Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.
b. RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
c. Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW) ≥ RBW.
d. Sweep: Auto.
e. Detector function: Peak.
f. Trace: Max hold.
g. Allow the trace to stabilize.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23.2 ℃
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.3 kPa

The testing was performed by Hope Zhang on 2019-02-16.

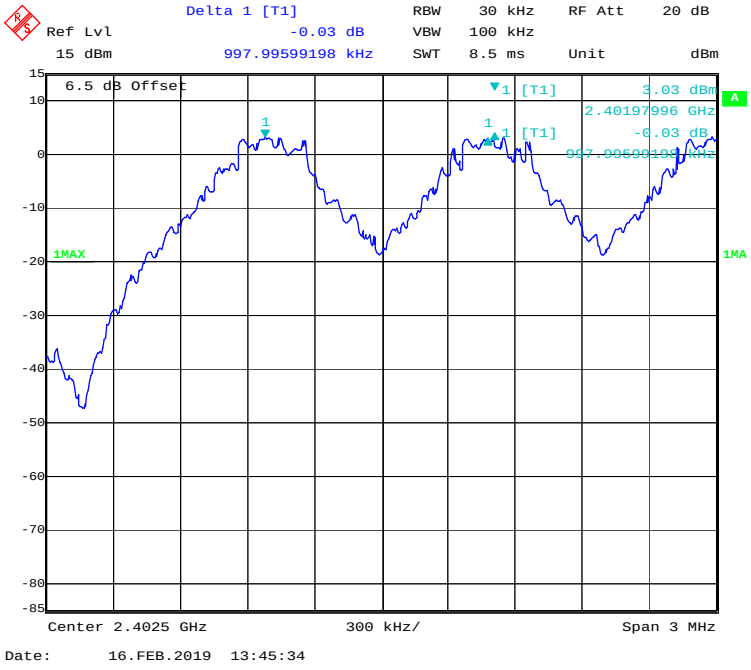
EUT operation mode: Transmitting

Test Result: Compliance.

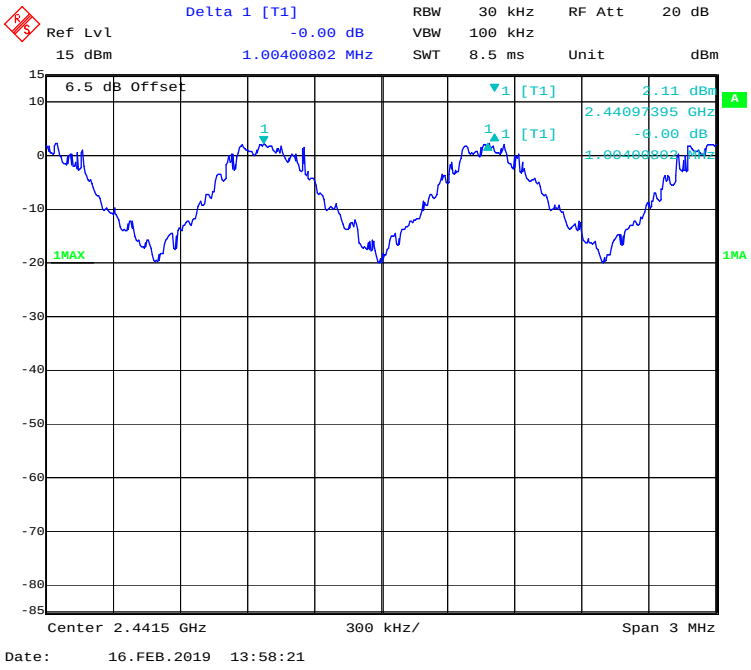
Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Separation (MHz)	Limit (MHz)	Result
BDR (GFSK)	Low	2402	0.998	0.962	Pass
	Adjacent	2403			
	Middle	2441	1.004	0.974	Pass
	Adjacent	2442			
	High	2480	1.010	0.974	Pass
	Adjacent	2479			
EDR (π/4-DQPSK)	Low	2402	0.992	0.906	Pass
	Adjacent	2403			
	Middle	2441	0.992	0.906	Pass
	Adjacent	2442			
	High	2480	0.992	0.902	Pass
	Adjacent	2479			
EDR (8DPSK)	Low	2402	0.974	0.894	Pass
	Adjacent	2403			
	Middle	2441	1.004	0.890	Pass
	Adjacent	2442			
	High	2480	1.010	0.890	Pass
	Adjacent	2479			

Note: For BDR mode, Limit = 20 dB bandwidth; For EDR mode, Limit = 20 dB bandwidth*2/3

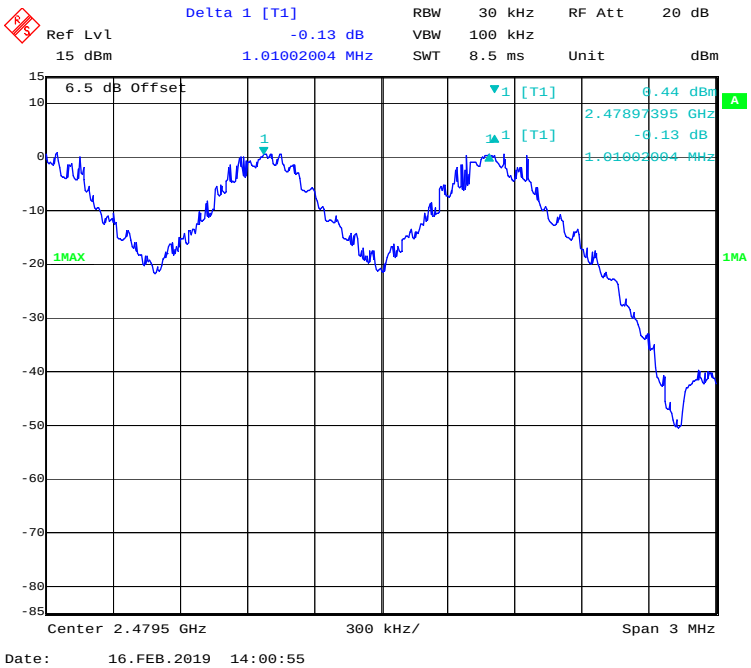
BDR (GFSK): Low Channel



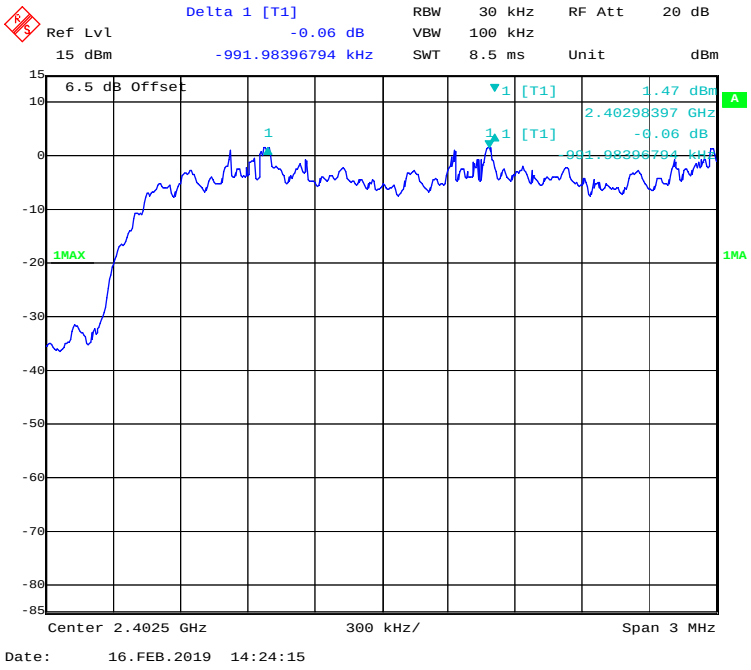
BDR (GFSK): Middle Channel



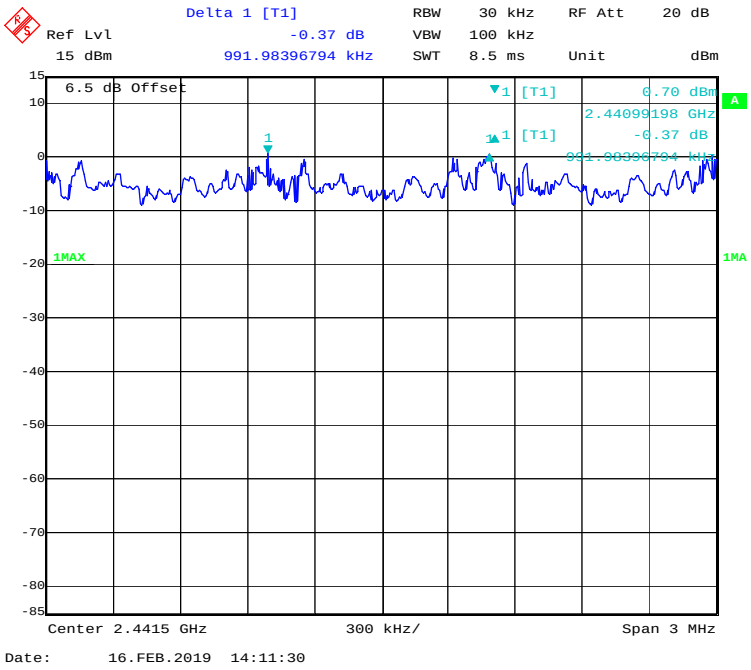
BDR (GFSK): High Channel



EDR (π/4-DQPSK): Low Channel

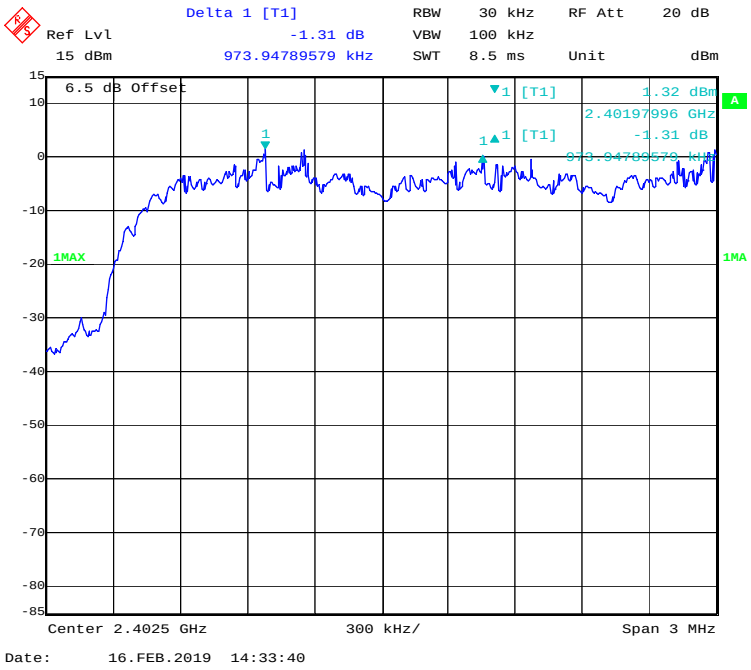


EDR (π/4-DQPSK): Middle Channel

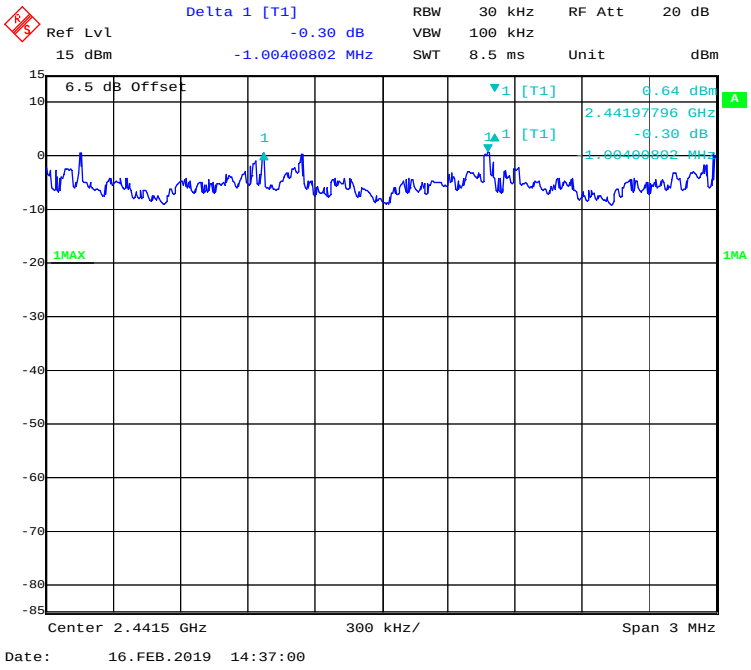


EDR (π/4-DQPSK): High Channel

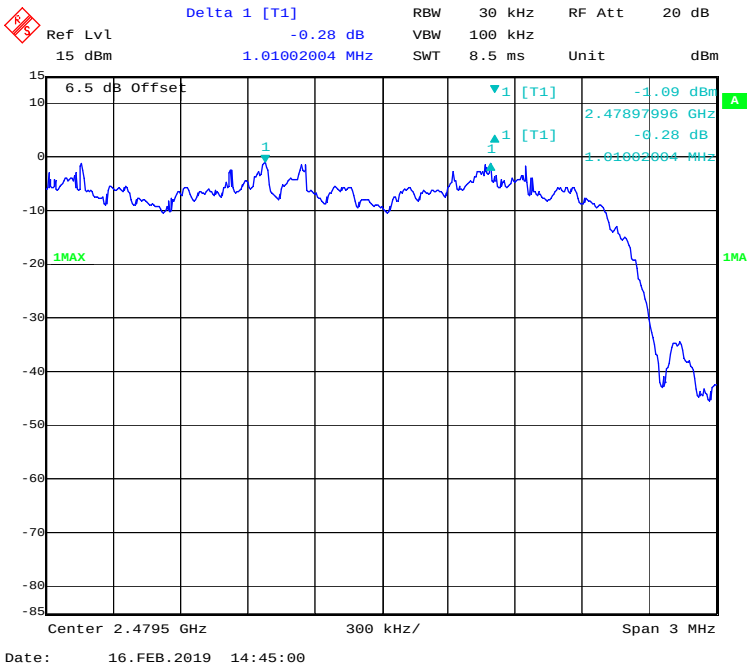
EDR (8DPSK): Low Channel



EDR (8DPSK): Middle Channel



EDR (8DPSK): High Channel



FCC §15.247(a) (1) – 20 dB EMISSION BANDWIDTH

Applicable Standard

Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Position the EUT without connection to measurement instrument. Turn on the EUT and connect it to measurement instrument. Then set it to any one convenient frequency within its operating range. Set a reference level on the measuring instrument equal to the highest peak value.
3. Measure the frequency difference of two frequencies that were attenuated 20 dB from the reference level. Record the frequency difference as the emission bandwidth.
4. Repeat above procedures until all frequencies measured were complete.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23.2 ℃
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.3 kPa

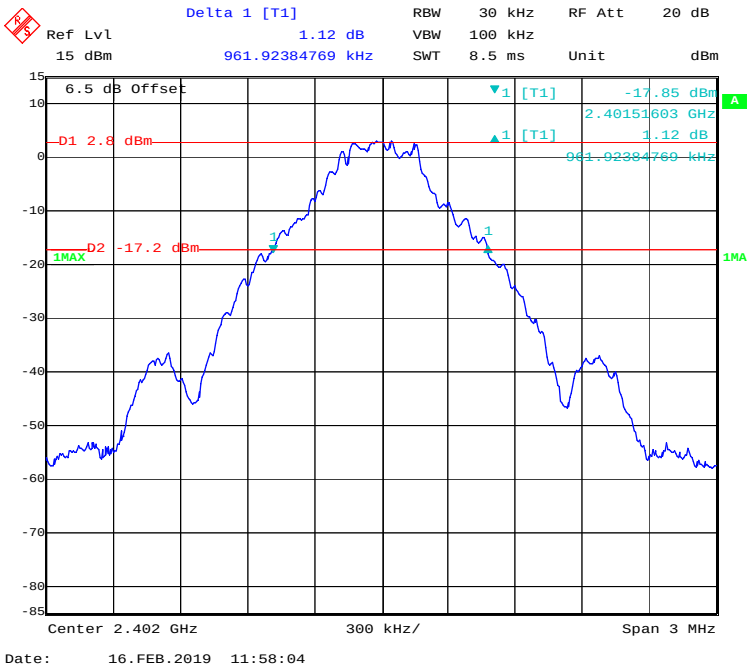
The testing was performed by Hope Zhang on 2019-02-16.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

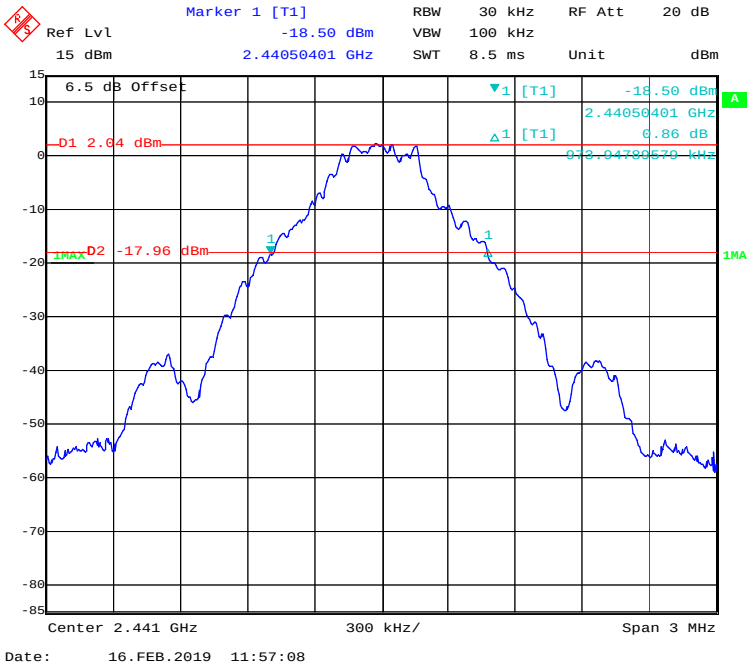
Test Result: Compliance.

Mode	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20 dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)
BDR (GFSK)	Low	2402	0.962
	Middle	2441	0.974
	High	2480	0.974
EDR (π/4-DQPSK)	Low	2402	1.359
	Middle	2441	1.359
	High	2480	1.353
EDR (8DPSK)	Low	2402	1.341
	Middle	2441	1.335
	High	2480	1.335

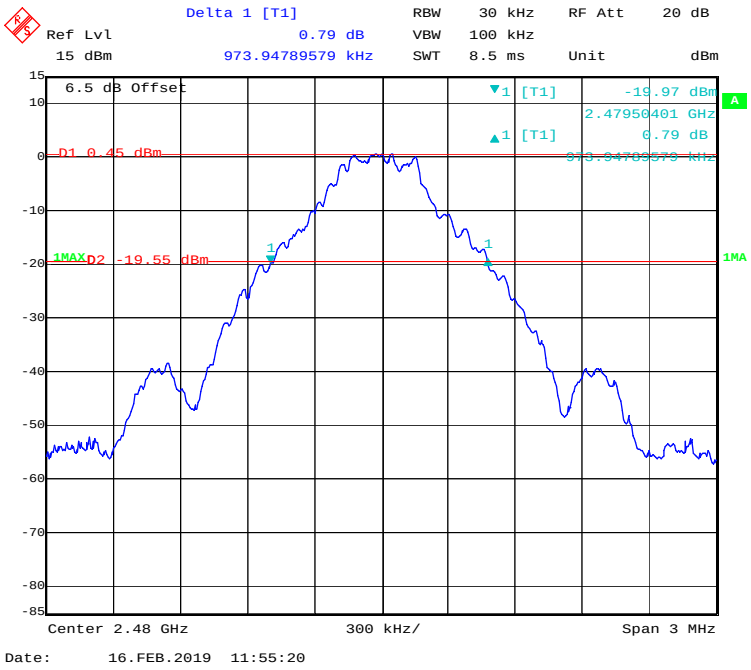
BDR (GFSK): Low Channel



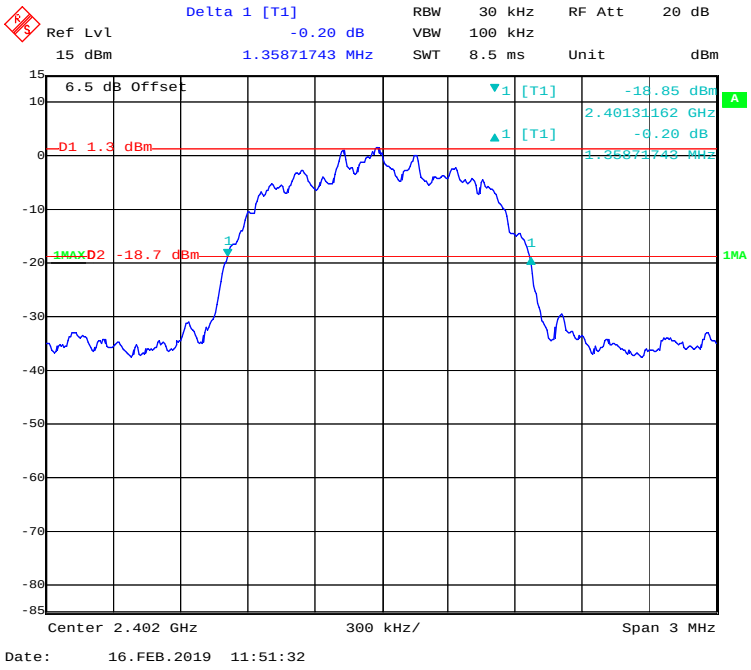
BDR (GFSK): Middle Channel



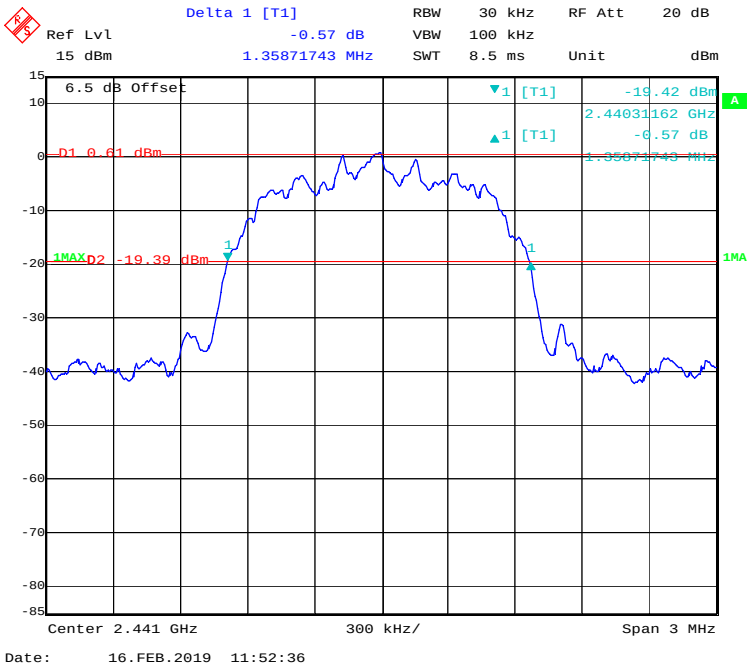
BDR (GFSK): High Channel



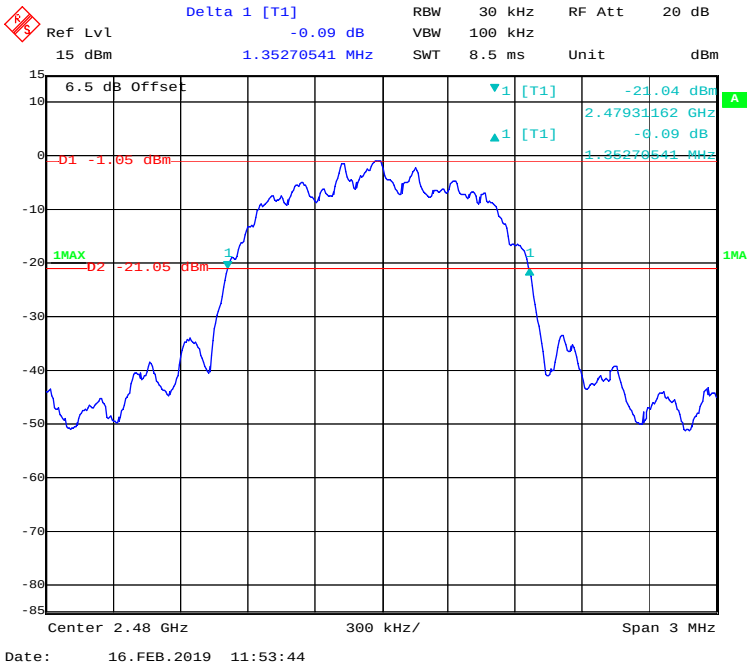
EDR (π/4-DQPSK): Low Channel



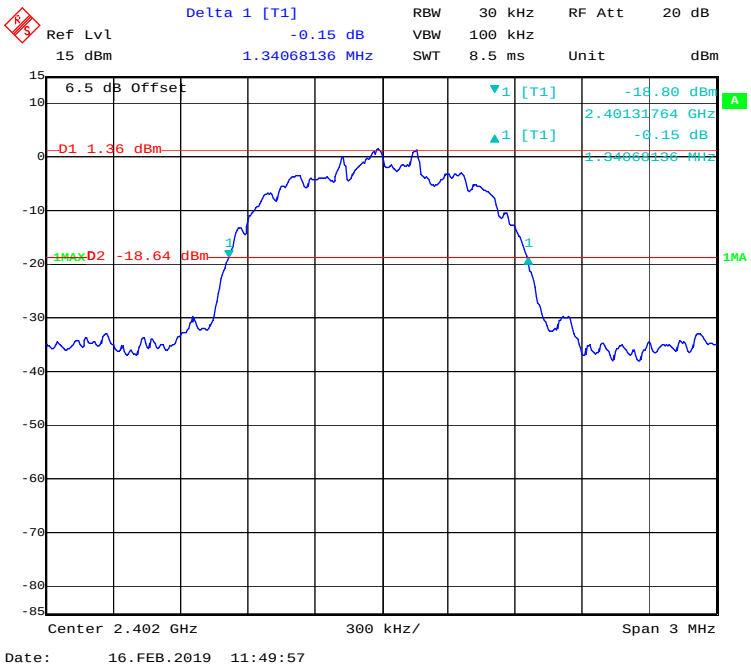
EDR(π/4-DQPSK): Middle Channel



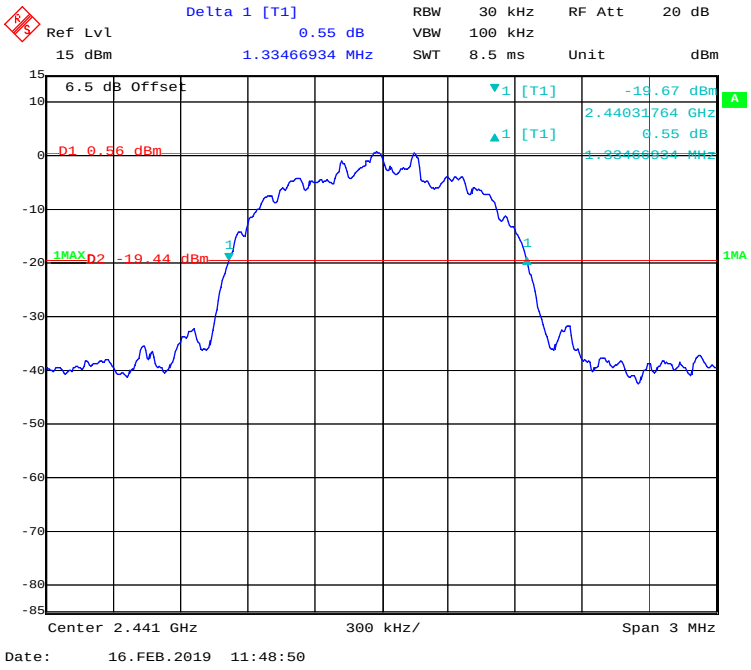
EDR (π/4-DQPSK): High Channel



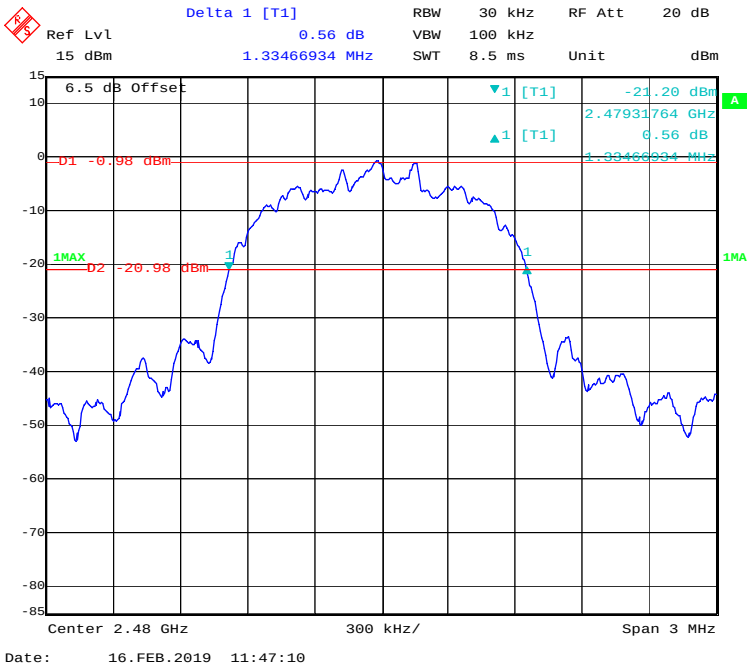
EDR (8DPSK): Low Channel



EDR (8DPSK): Middle Channel



EDR (8DPSK): High Channel



FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii)-QUANTITY OF HOPPING CHANNEL TEST

Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

Test Procedure

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

a. Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
b. RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
c. VBW ≥ RBW.
d. Sweep: Auto.
e. Detector function: Peak.
f. Trace: Max hold.
g. Allow the trace to stabilize.

It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23.2 ℃
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.3 kPa

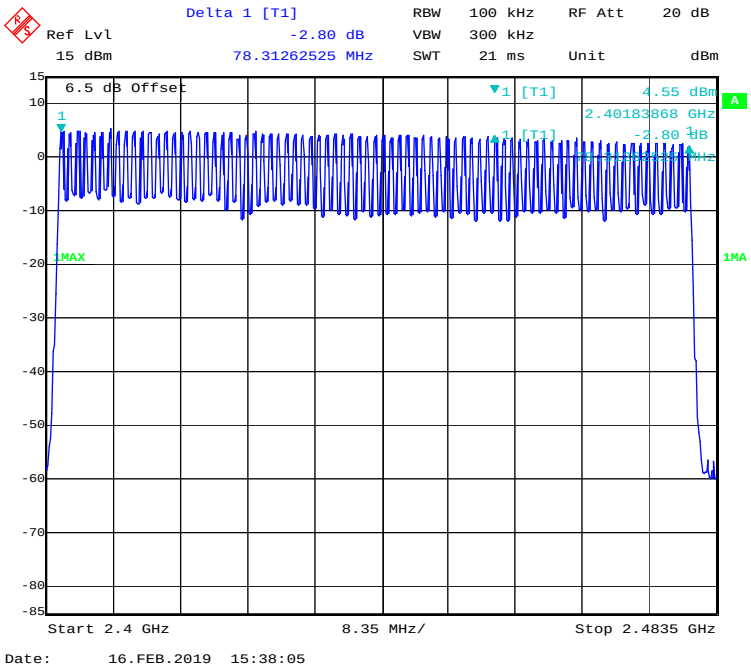
The testing was performed by Hope Zhang on 2019-02-16.

EUT operation mode: Hopping

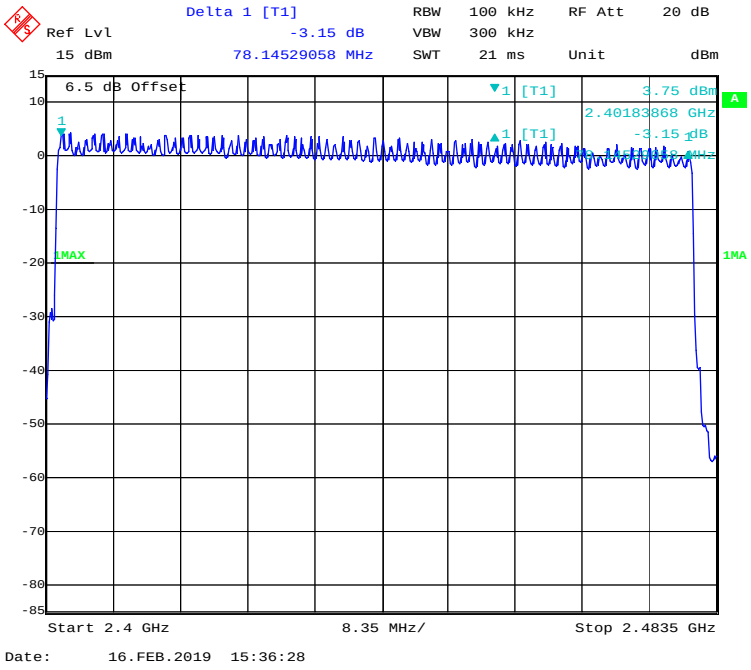
Test Result: Compliance.

Mode	Frequency Range (MHz)	Number of Hopping Channel (CH)	Limit (CH)
BDR (GFSK)	2400-2483.5	79	≥15
EDR (π/4-DQPSK)	2400-2483.5	79	≥15
EDR (8DPSK)	2400-2483.5	79	≥15

BDR (GFSK): Number of Hopping Channels



EDR (π/4-DQPSK): Number of Hopping Channels



EDR (8DPSK): Number of Hopping Channels

FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii) - TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

Applicable Standard

Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

Test Procedure

The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

a Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
b RBW shall be ≤ channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set ≥ 1 / T, where T is the expected dwell time per channel.
c Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.
d Detector function: Peak.
e Trace: Max hold.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

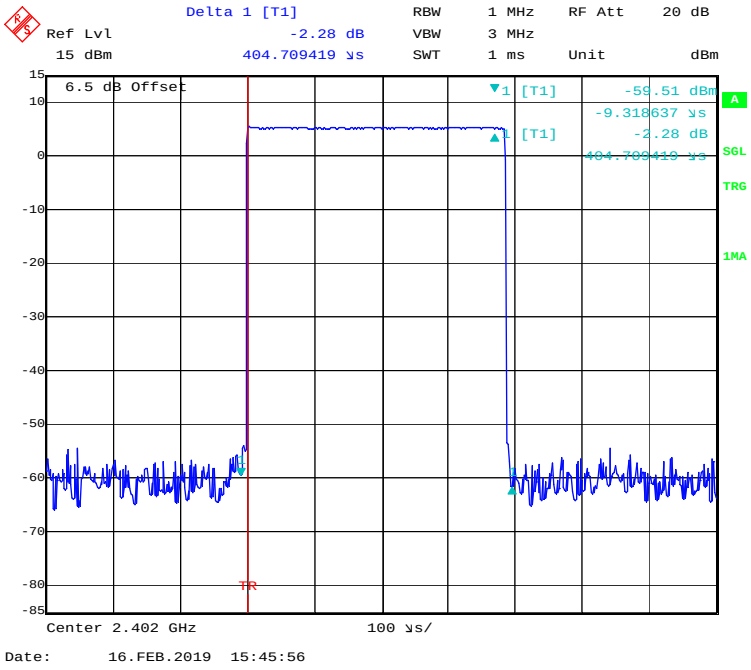
Temperature:	23.2 ℃
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.3 kPa

The testing was performed by Hope Zhang on 2019-02-16.

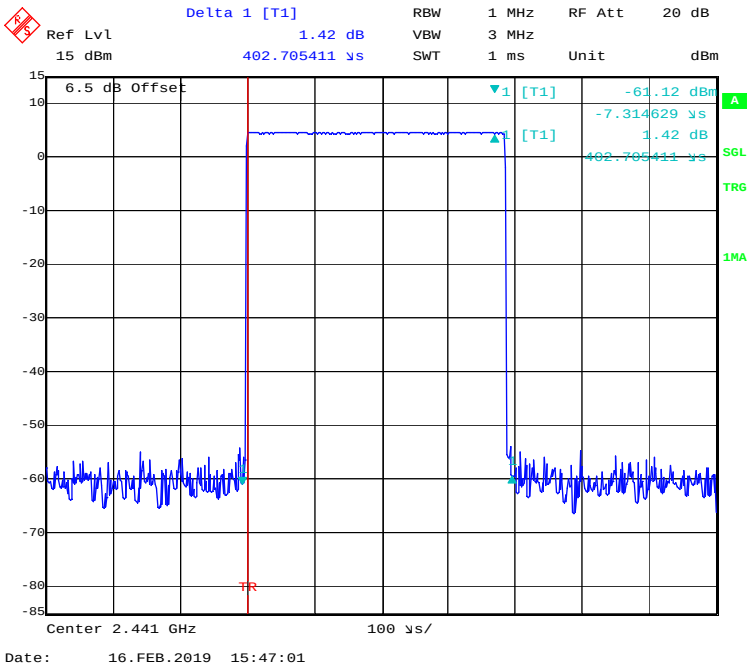
EUT operation mode: Hopping

Mode		Channel	Pulse Width (ms)	Dwell Time (s)	Limit (s)	Result
BDR (GFSK)	DH1	Low	0.405	0.130	0.4	Pass
		Middle	0.403	0.129	0.4	Pass
		High	0.405	0.130	0.4	Pass
		Note: DH1:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/2/79)*31.6S				
	DH3	Low	1.671	0.267	0.4	Pass
		Middle	1.677	0.268	0.4	Pass
		High	1.683	0.269	0.4	Pass
		Note: DH3:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/4/79)*31.6S				
	DH5	Low	2.954	0.315	0.4	Pass
		Middle	2.944	0.314	0.4	Pass
		High	2.954	0.315	0.4	Pass
		Note: DH5:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/6/79)*31.6S				
EDR (π/4-DQPSK)	2DH1	Low	0.435	0.139	0.4	Pass
		Middle	0.445	0.142	0.4	Pass
		High	0.437	0.140	0.4	Pass
		Note: 2DH1:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/2/79)*31.6S				
	2DH3	Low	1.695	0.271	0.4	Pass
		Middle	1.707	0.273	0.4	Pass
		High	1.719	0.275	0.4	Pass
		Note: 2DH3:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/4/79)*31.6S				
	2DH5	Low	2.954	0.315	0.4	Pass
		Middle	2.954	0.315	0.4	Pass
		High	2.954	0.315	0.4	Pass
		Note: 2DH5:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/6/79)*31.6S				
EDR (8DPSK)	3DH1	Low	0.435	0.139	0.4	Pass
		Middle	0.439	0.140	0.4	Pass
		High	0.435	0.139	0.4	Pass
		Note:3 DH1:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/2/79)*31.6S				
	3DH3	Low	1.725	0.276	0.4	Pass
		Middle	1.743	0.279	0.4	Pass
		High	1.743	0.279	0.4	Pass
		Note: 3DH3:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/4/79)*31.6S				
	3DH5	Low	2.984	0.318	0.4	Pass
		Middle	2.964	0.316	0.4	Pass
		High	2.994	0.319	0.4	Pass
		Note: 3DH5:Dwell time = Pulse time*(1600/6/79)*31.6S				

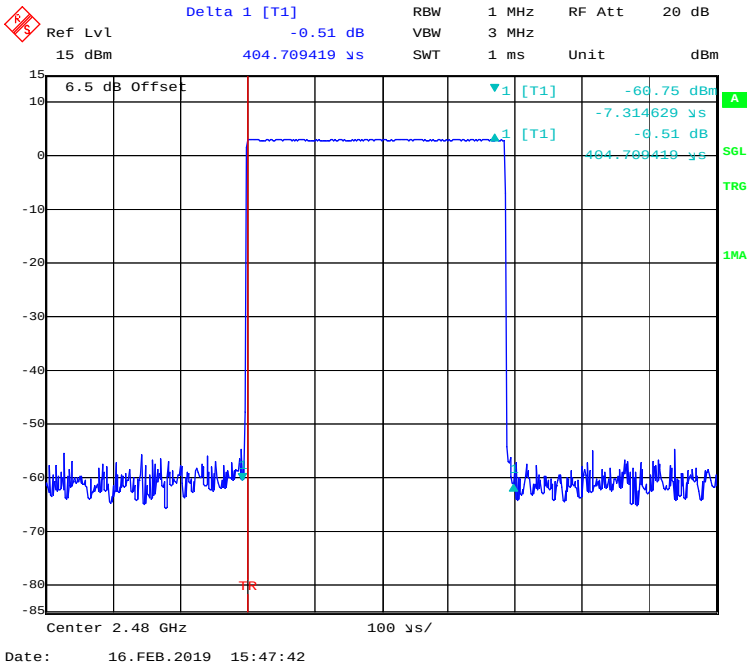
BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, Low Channel, DH1



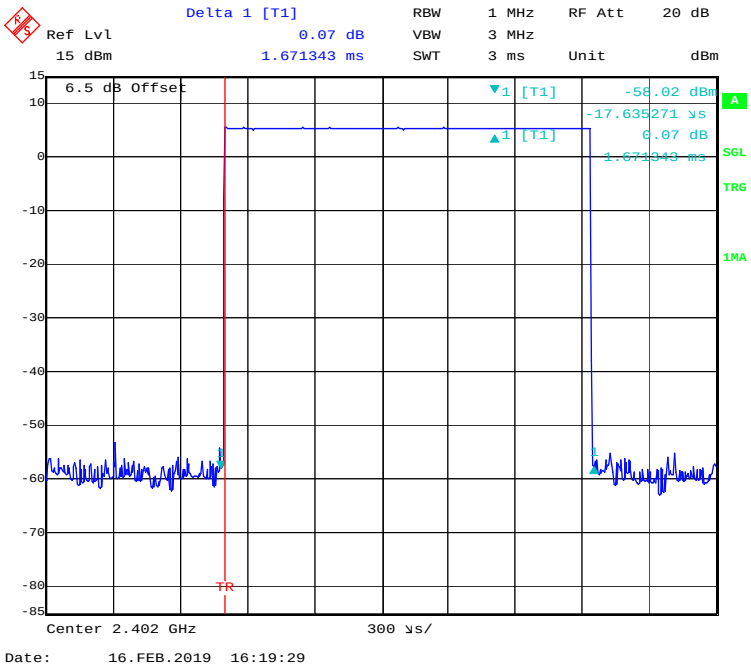
BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, Middle Channel, DH1



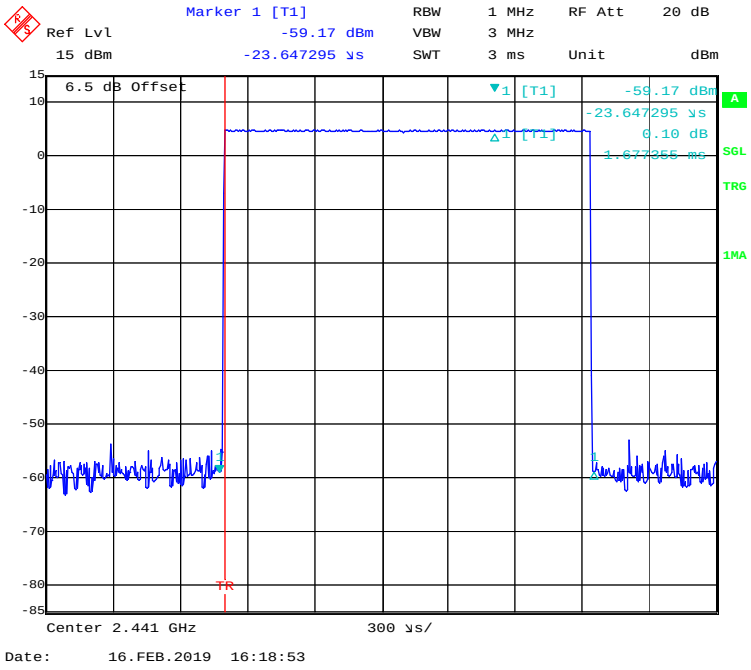
BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, High Channel, DH1



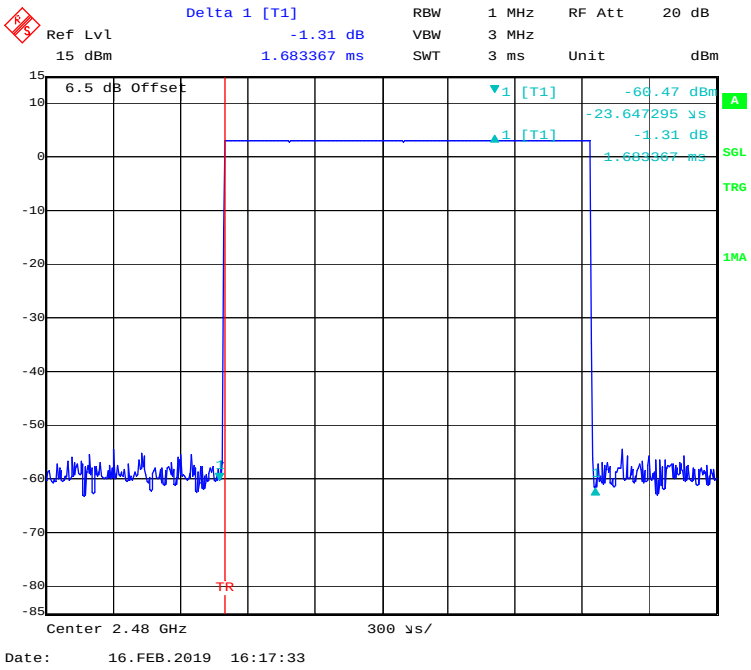
BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, Low Channel, DH3



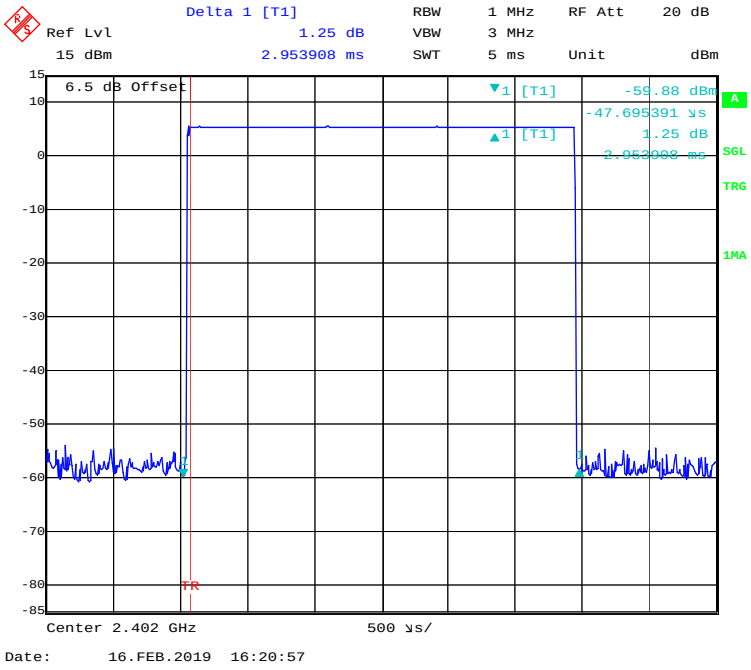
BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, Middle Channel, DH3



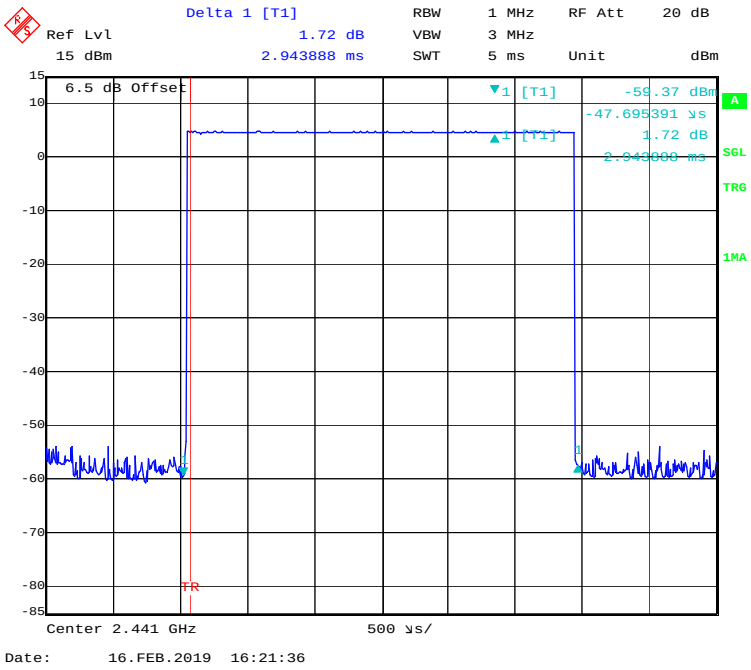
BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, High Channel, DH3



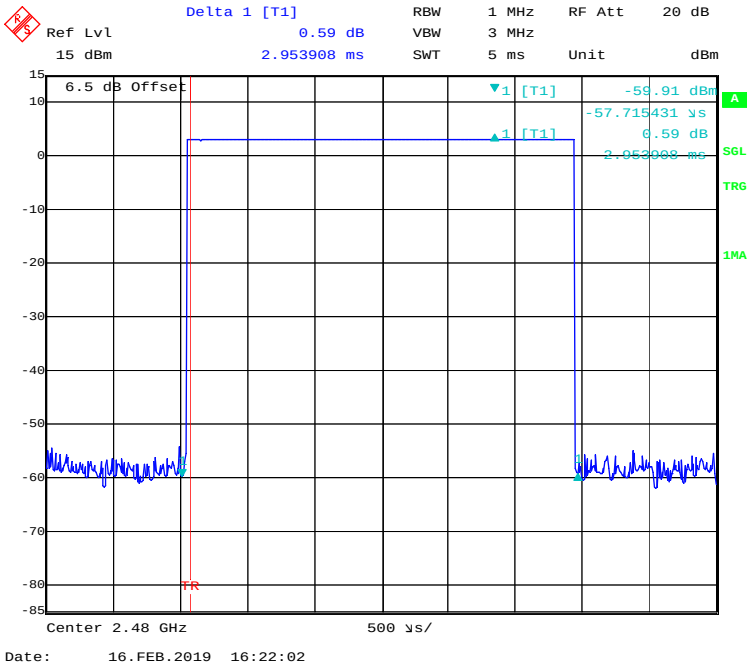
BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, Low Channel, DH5



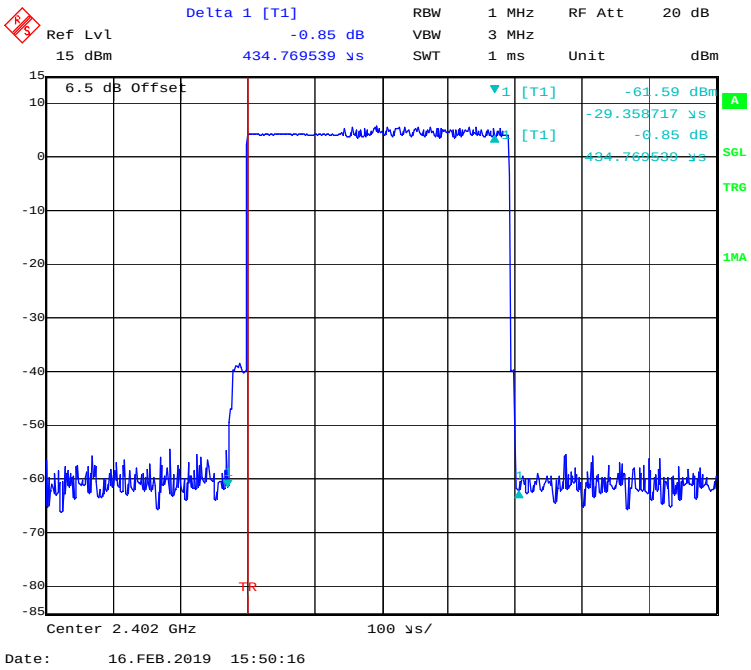
BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, Middle Channel, DH5



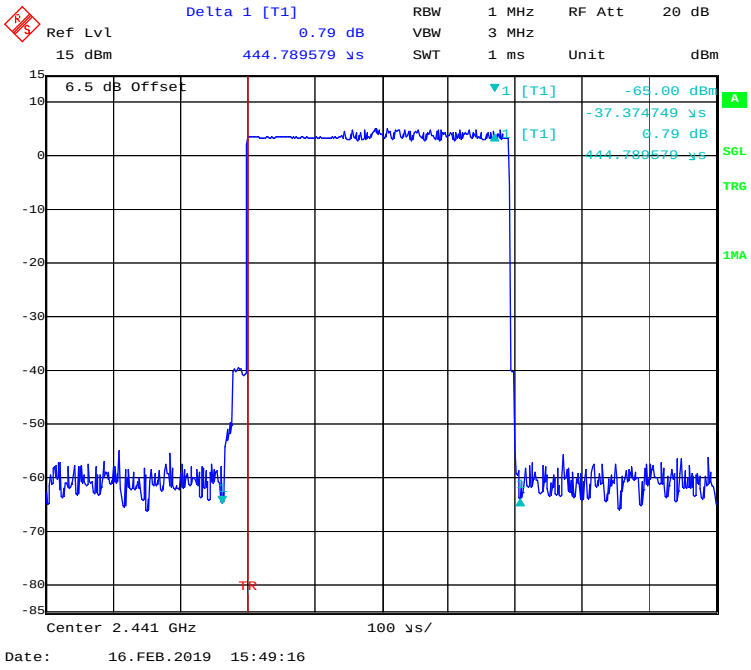
BDR (GFSK): Pulse time, High Channel, DH5



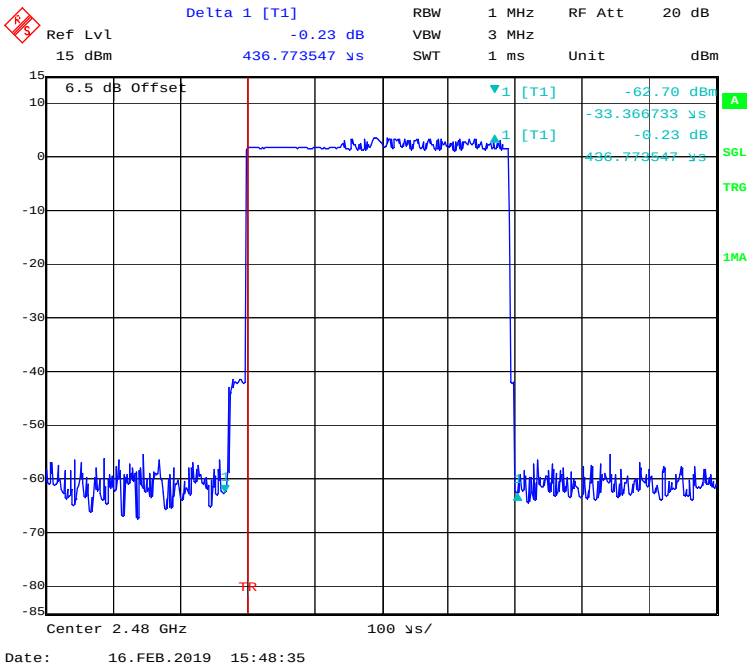
EDR (π/4-DQPSK): Pulse time, Low Channel, 2DH1



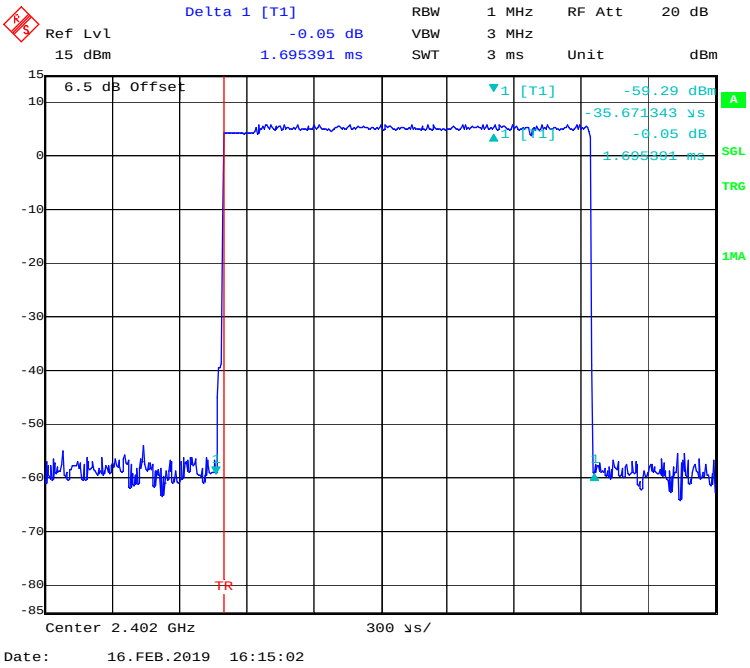
EDR (π/4-DQPSK):Pulse time, Middle Channel, 2DH1



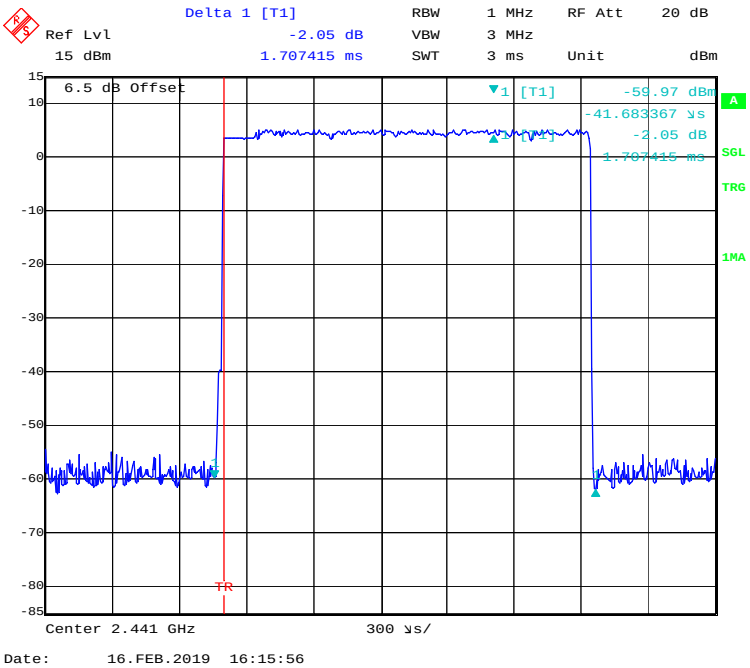
EDR (π/4-DQPSK):Pulse time, High Channel, 2DH1



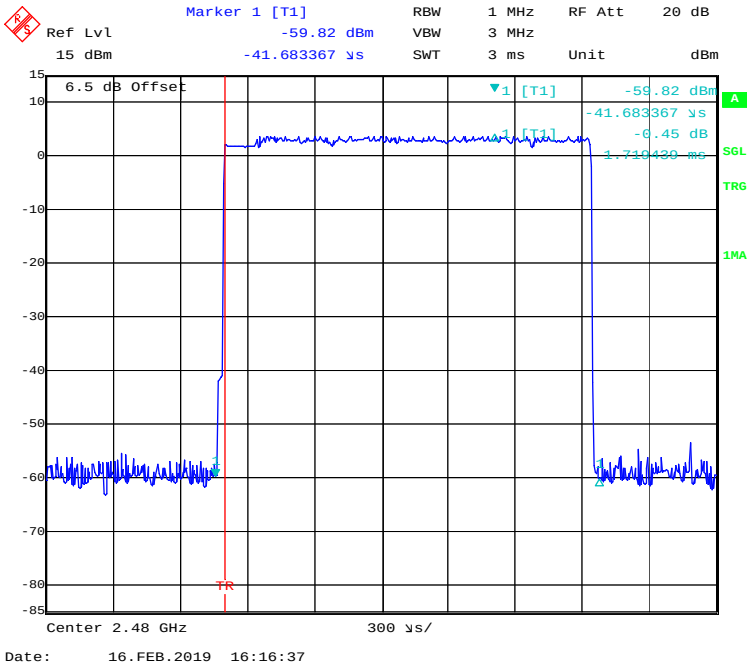
EDR (π/4-DQPSK):Pulse time, Low Channel, 2DH3



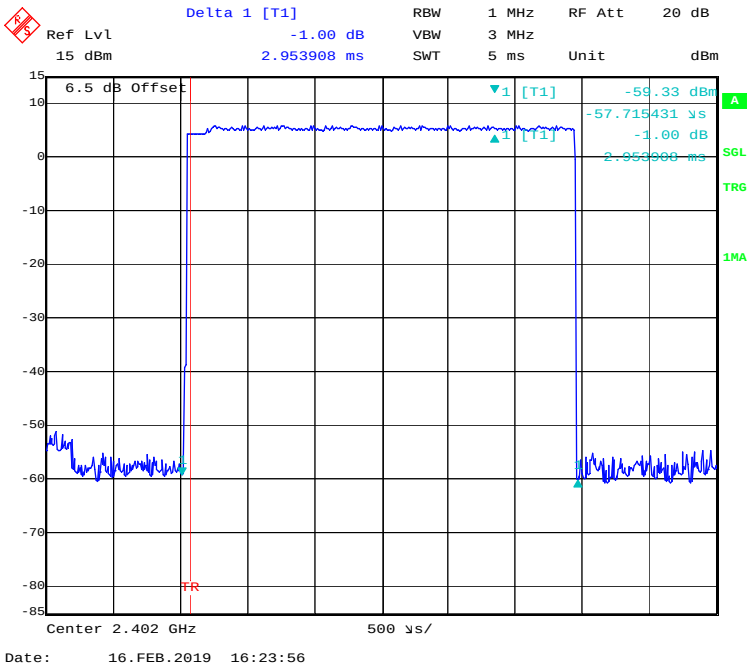
EDR (π/4-DQPSK):Pulse time, Middle Channel, 2DH3



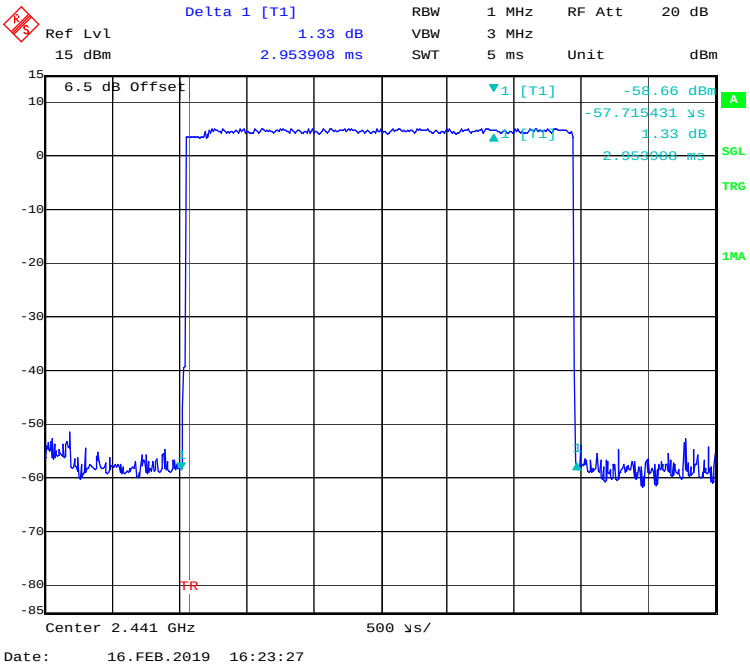
EDR (π/4-DQPSK):Pulse time, High Channel, 2DH3



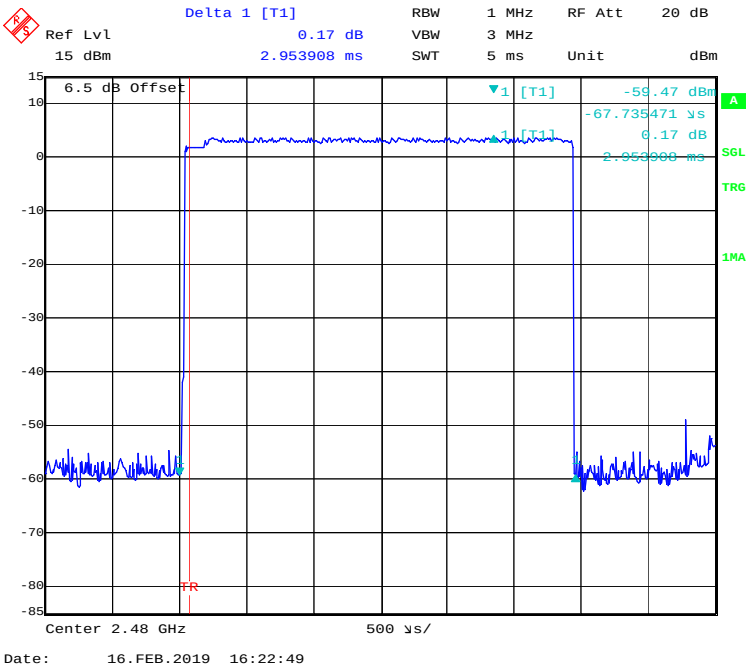
EDR (π/4-DQPSK):Pulse time, Low Channel, 2DH5



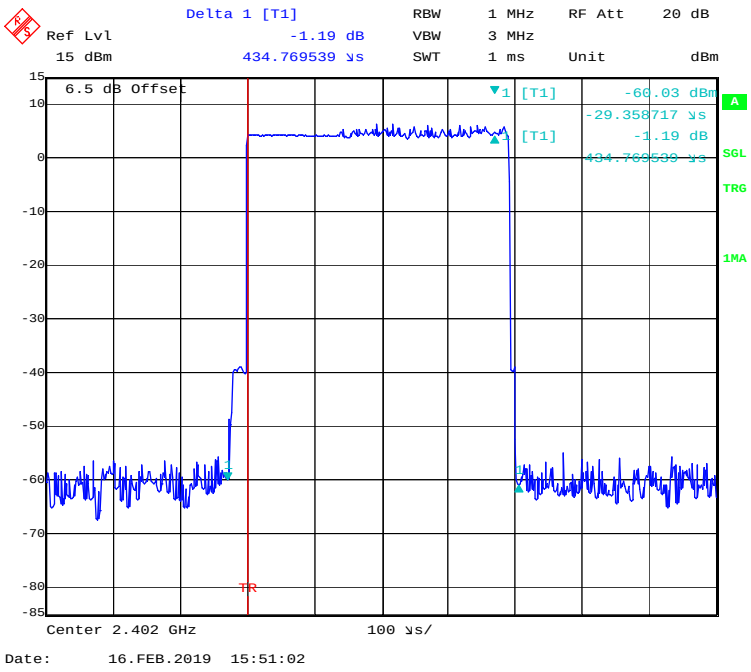
EDR (π/4-DQPSK):Pulse time, Middle Channel, 2DH5



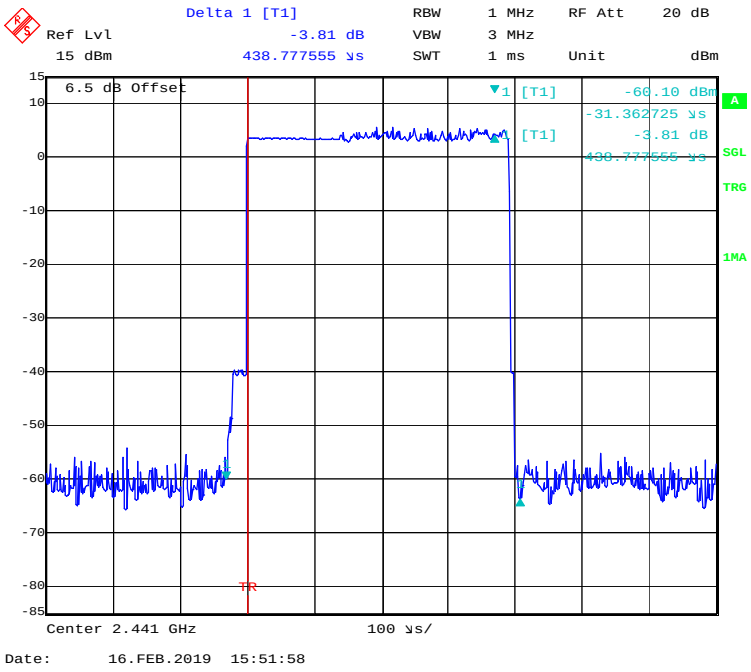
EDR (π/4-DQPSK):Pulse time, High Channel, 2DH5



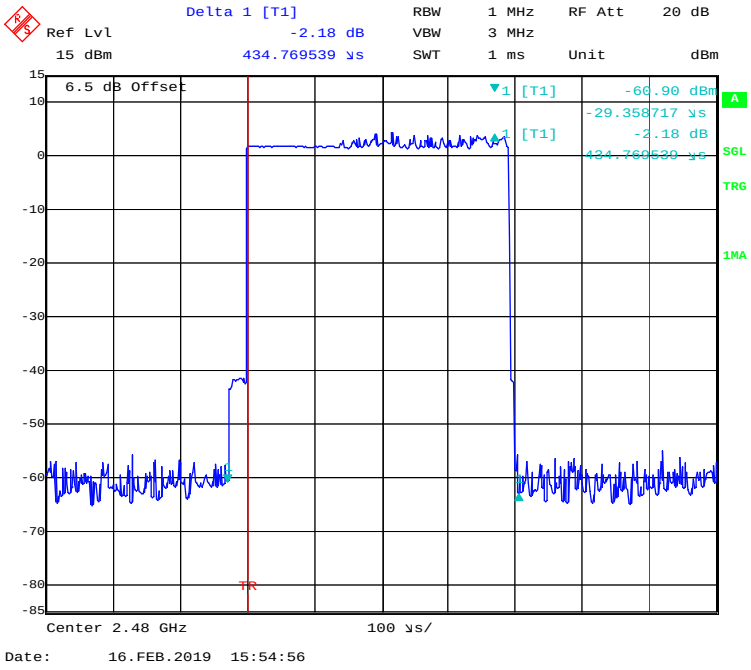
EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, Low Channel, 3DH1



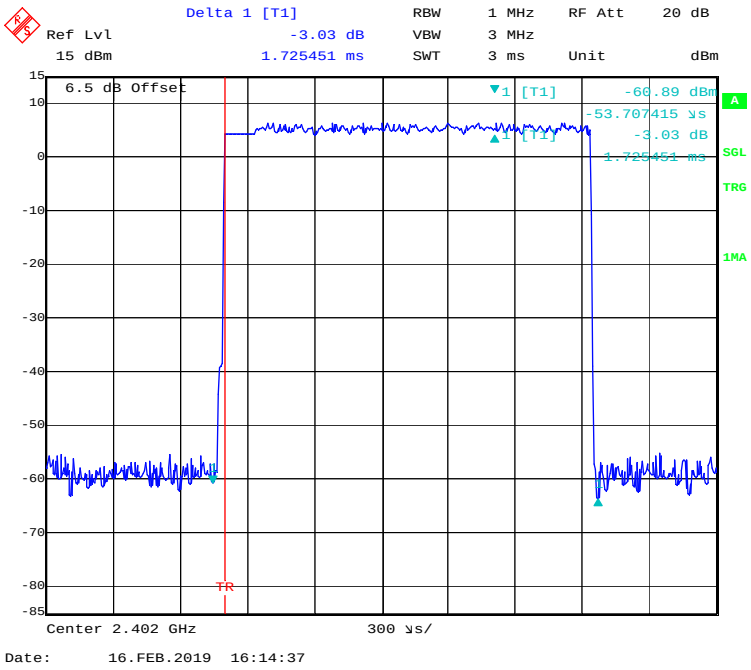
EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, Middle Channel, 3DH1



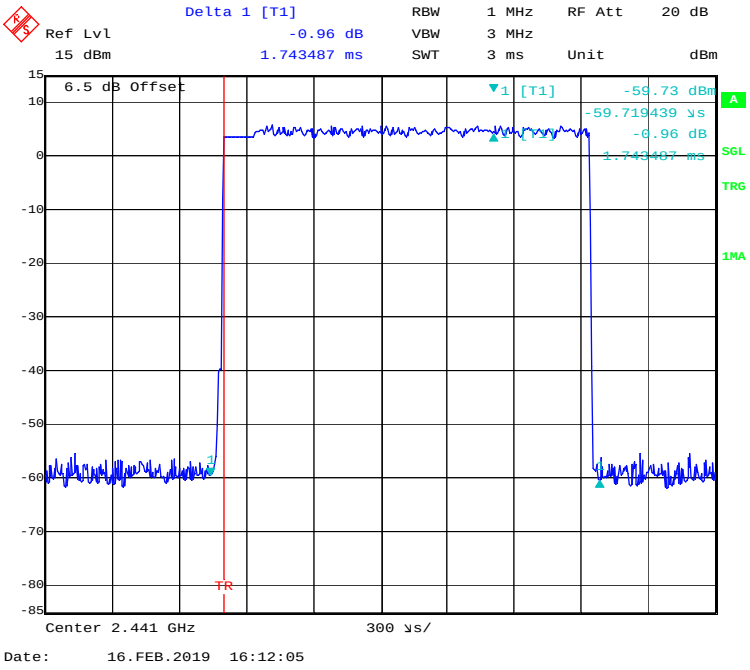
EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, High Channel, 3DH1



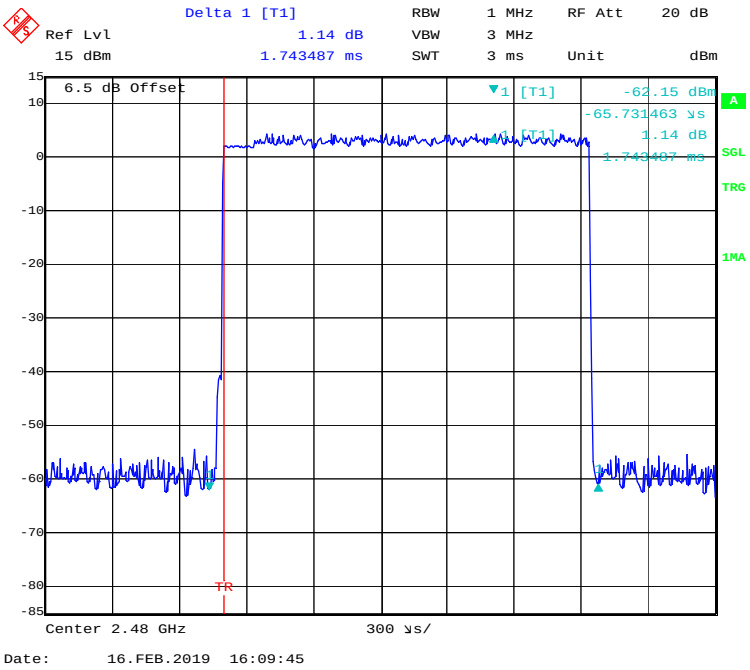
EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, Low Channel, 3DH3



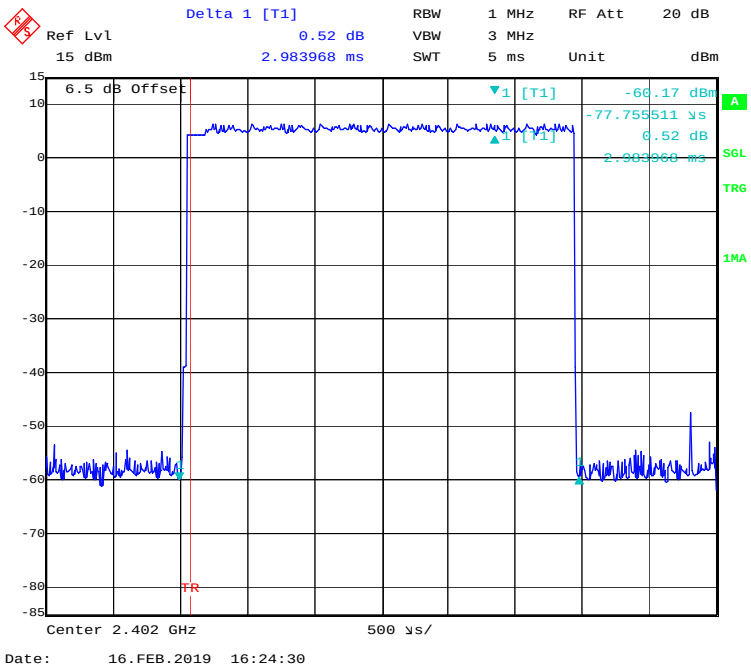
EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, Middle Channel, 3DH3



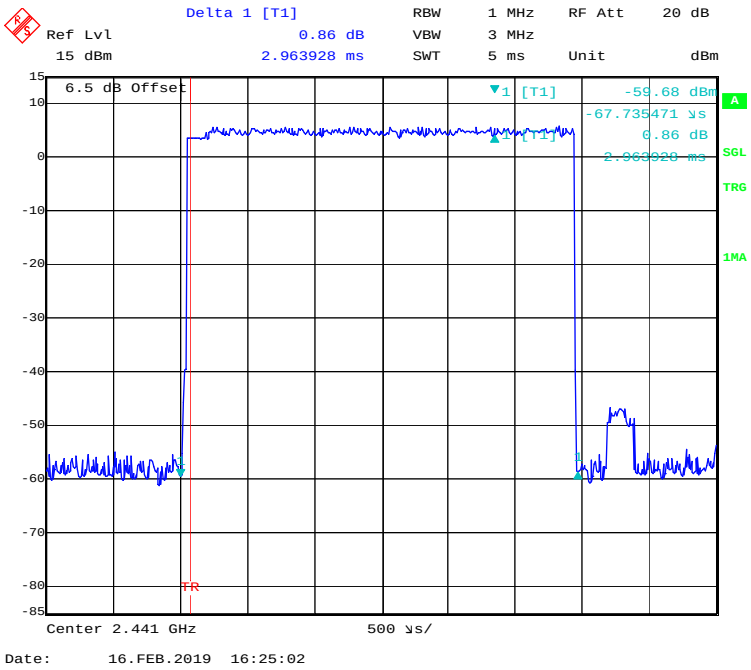
EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, High Channel, 3DH3



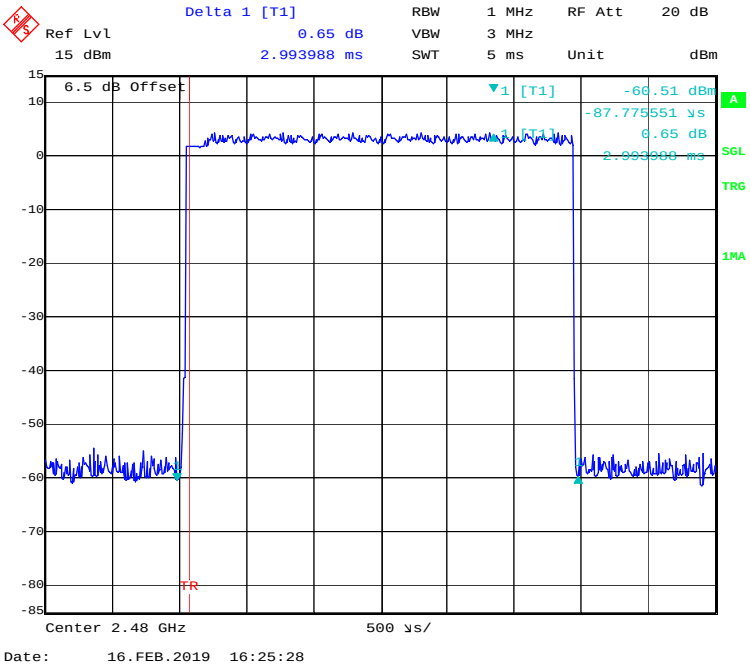
EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, Low Channel, 3DH5



EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, Middle Channel, 3DH5



EDR (8DPSK): Pulse time, High Channel, 3DH5



FCC §15.247(b) (1) - PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Applicable Standard

According to §15.247(b) (1), for frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. And for all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400–2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

Test Procedure

a. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
   1) Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
   2) RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
   3) VBW ≥ RBW.
   4) Sweep: Auto.
   5) Detector function: Peak.
   6) Trace: Max hold.

b. Allow trace to stabilize.
c. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
d. The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.
e. A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23.2 ℃
Relative Humidity:	50 %
ATM Pressure:	101.3 kPa

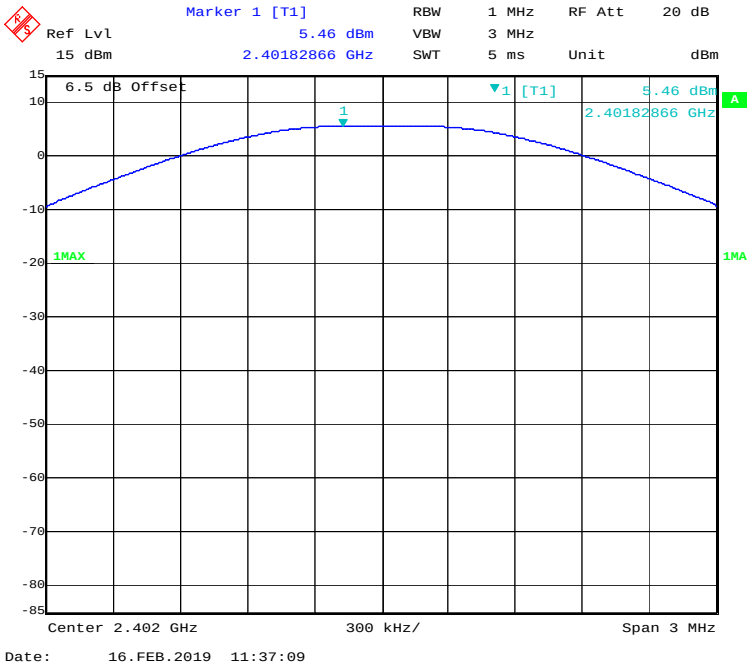
The testing was performed by Hope Zhang on 2019-02-16.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting

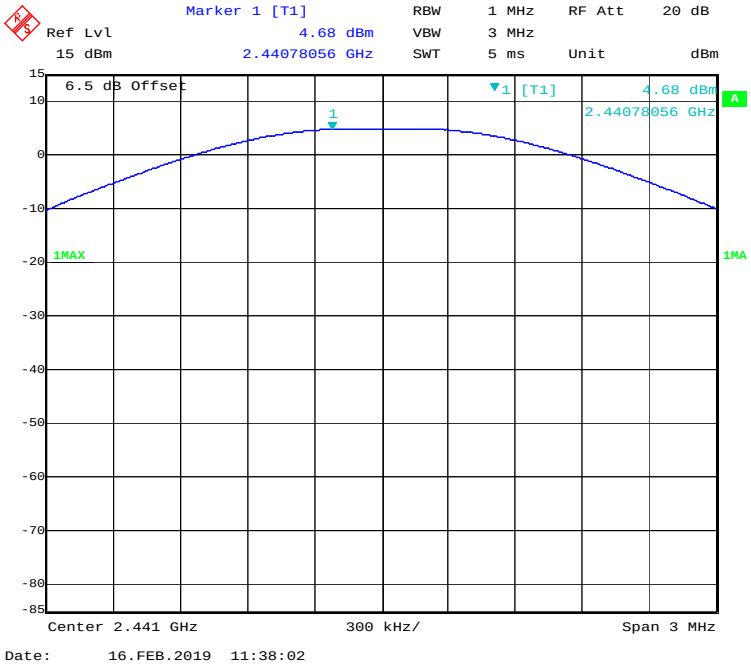
Test Result: Compliance.

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power		Limit (mW)
		(dBm)	(mW)	
BDR (GFSK)	2402	5.46	3.52	1000
	2441	4.68	2.94	1000
	2480	3.08	2.03	1000
EDR (π/4-DQPSK)	2402	6.19	4.16	125
	2441	5.47	3.52	125
	2480	4.19	2.62	125
EDR (8DPSK)	2402	6.79	4.78	125
	2441	6.08	4.06	125
	2480	4.80	3.02	125

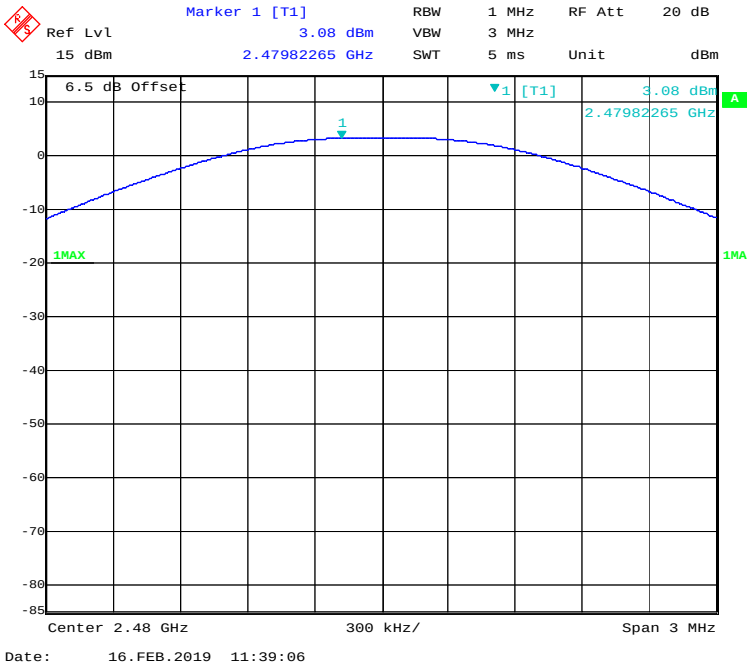
BDR (GFSK): 2402MHz



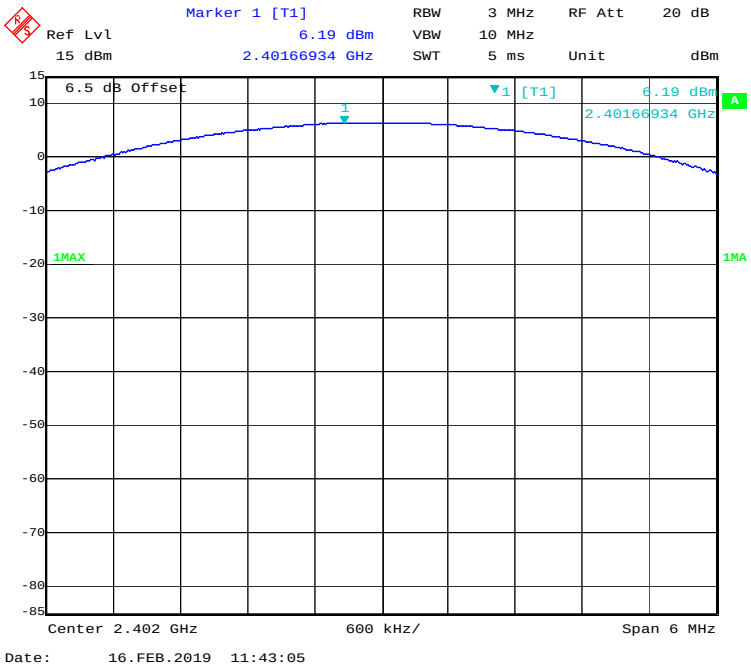
BDR (GFSK): 2441MHz



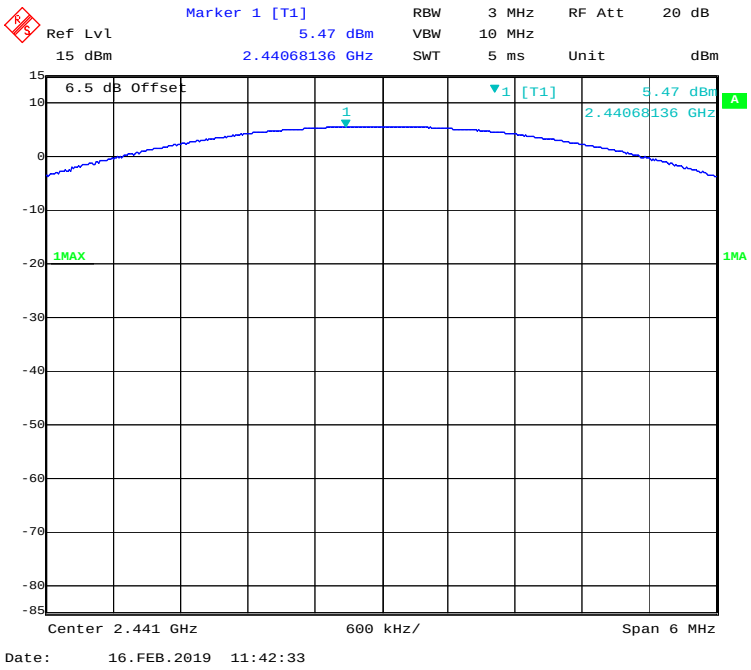
BDR (GFSK): 2480MHz



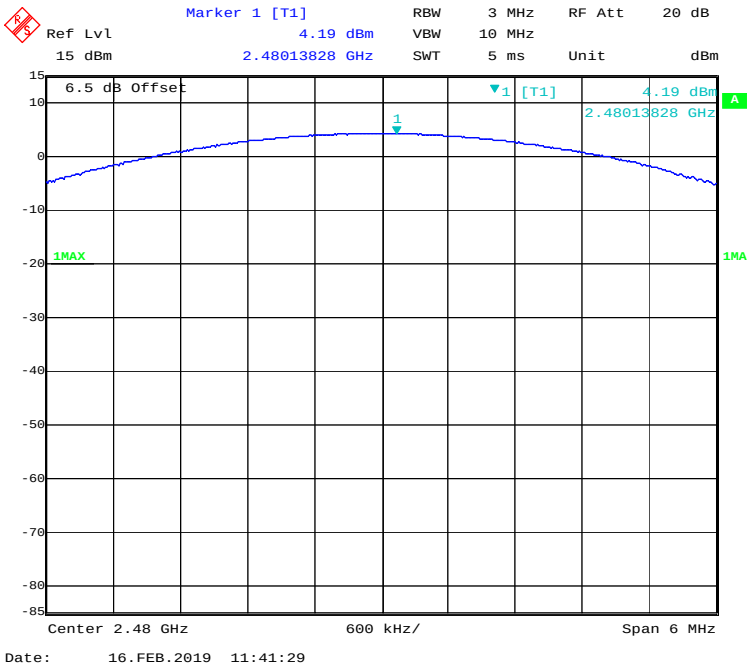
EDR(π/4-DQPSK): 2402MHz



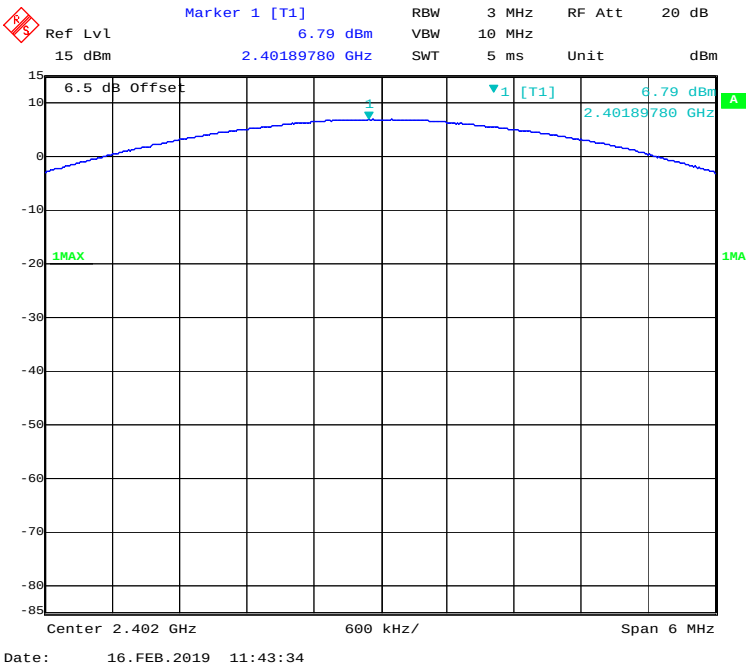
EDR(π/4-DQPSK): 2441MHz



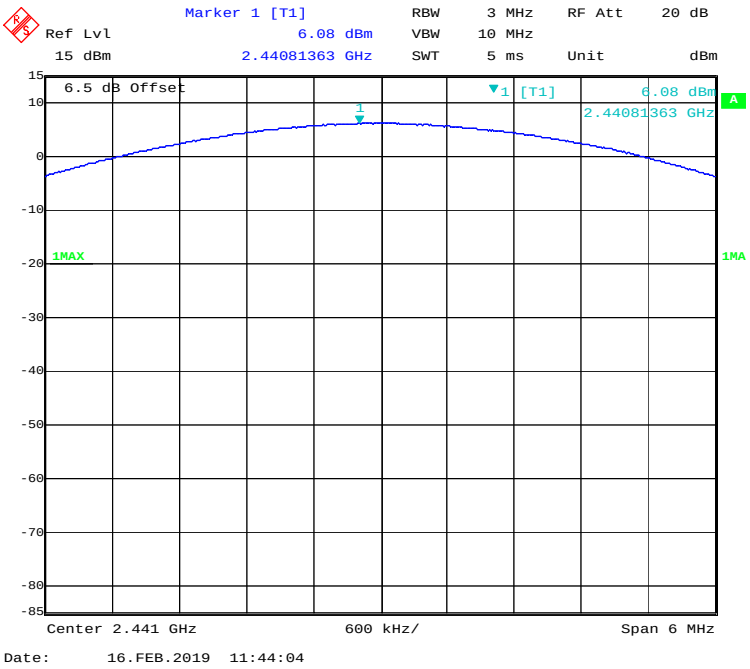
EDR(π/4-DQPSK): 2480MHz



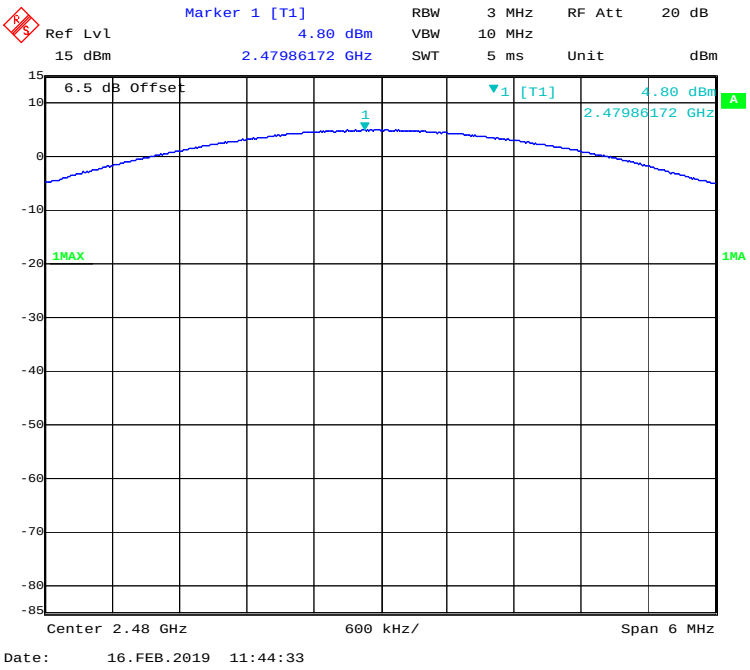
EDR(8DPSK): 2402MHz



EDR(8DPSK): 2441MHz



EDR(8DPSK): 2480MHz



FCC §15.247(d) - BAND EDGES TESTING

Applicable Standard

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates Compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

Test Procedure

1. Check the calibration of the measuring instrument using either an internal calibrator or a known signal from an external generator.
2. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect to a low loss RF cable from the antenna port to a EMI test receiver, then turn on the EUT and make it operate in transmitting mode. Then set it to Low Channel and High Channel within its operating range, and make sure the instrument is operated in its linear range.
3. Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with a convenient frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.
4. Measure the highest amplitude appearing on spectral display and set it as a reference level. Plot the graph with marking the highest point and edge frequency.
5. Repeat above procedures until all measured frequencies were complete.

Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23.2-24.6 ℃
Relative Humidity:	48-50 %
ATM Pressure:	100.6-101.3 kPa

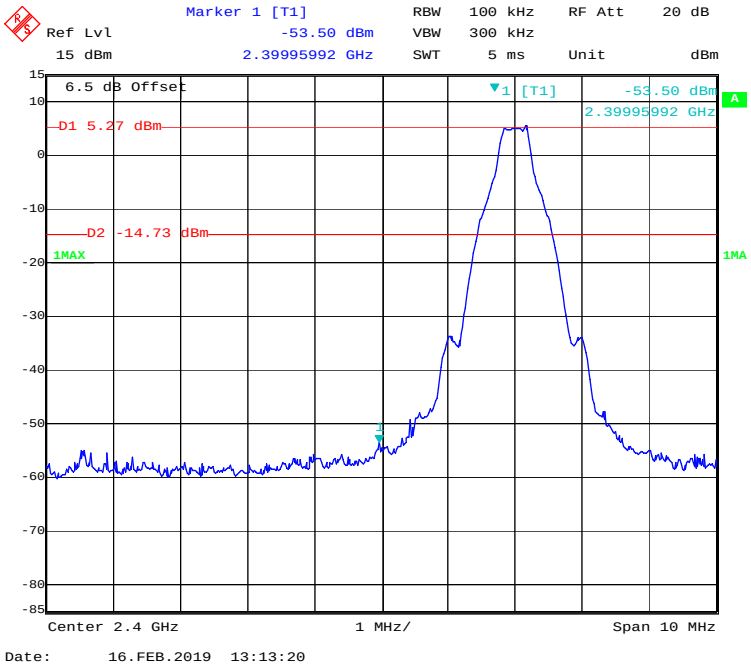
The testing was performed by Hope Zhang from 2019-01-19 to 2019-02-16.

EUT operation mode: Transmitting & Hopping

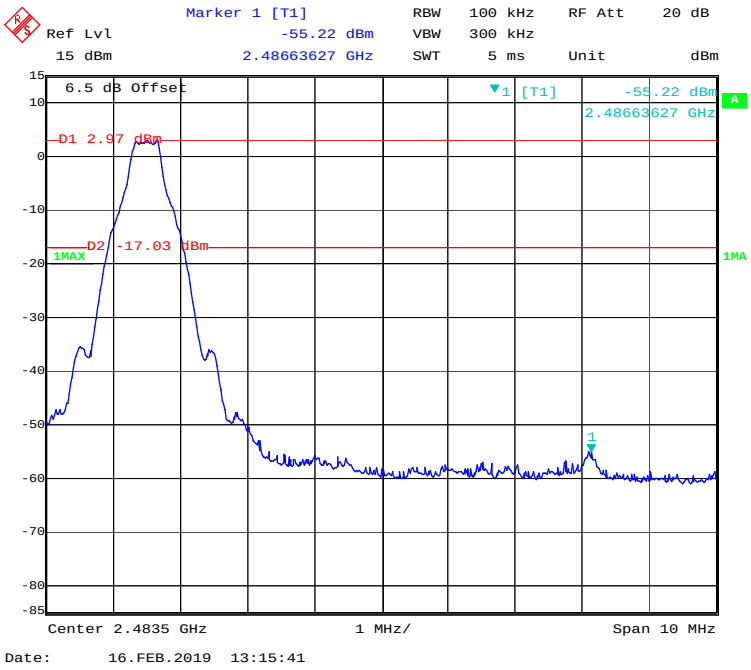
Test Result: Compliance.

Band Edge

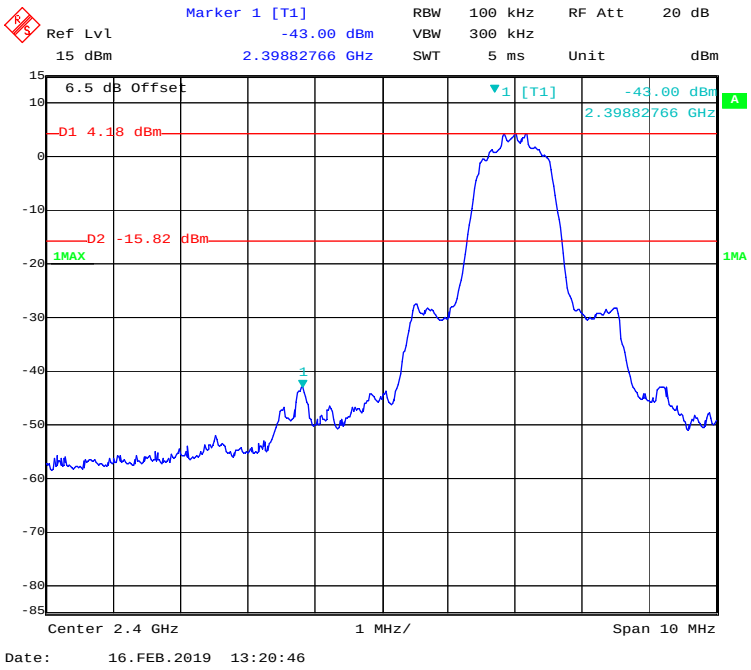
BDR (GFSK): Left Side



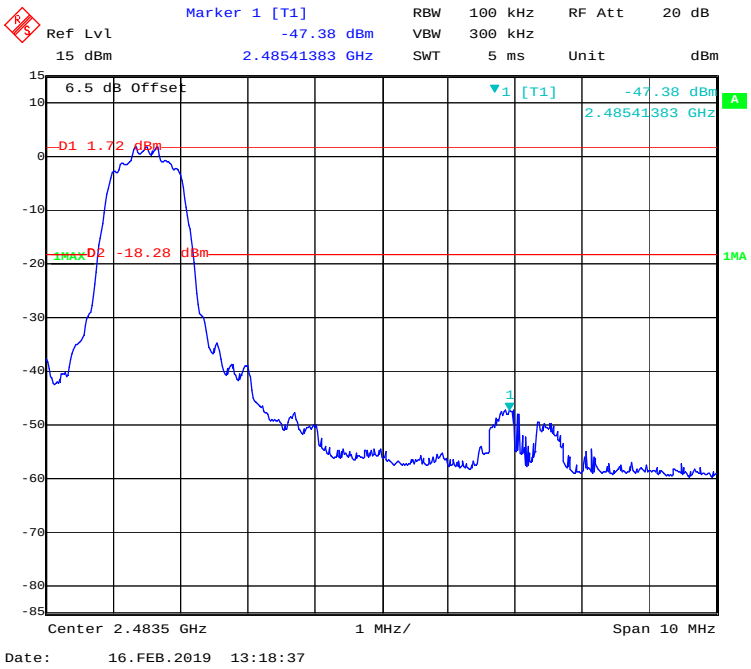
BDR (GFSK): Right Side



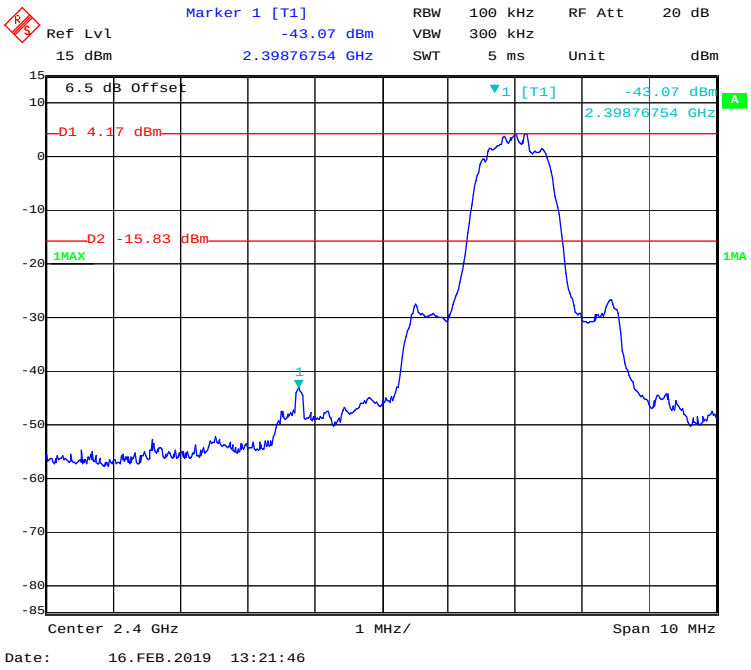
EDR (π/4-DQPSK): Left Side



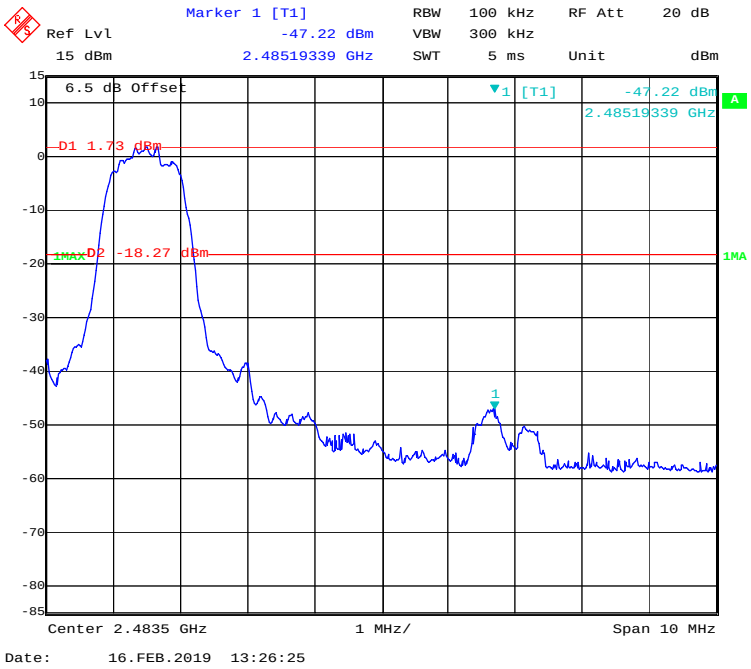
EDR (π/4-DQPSK): Right Side



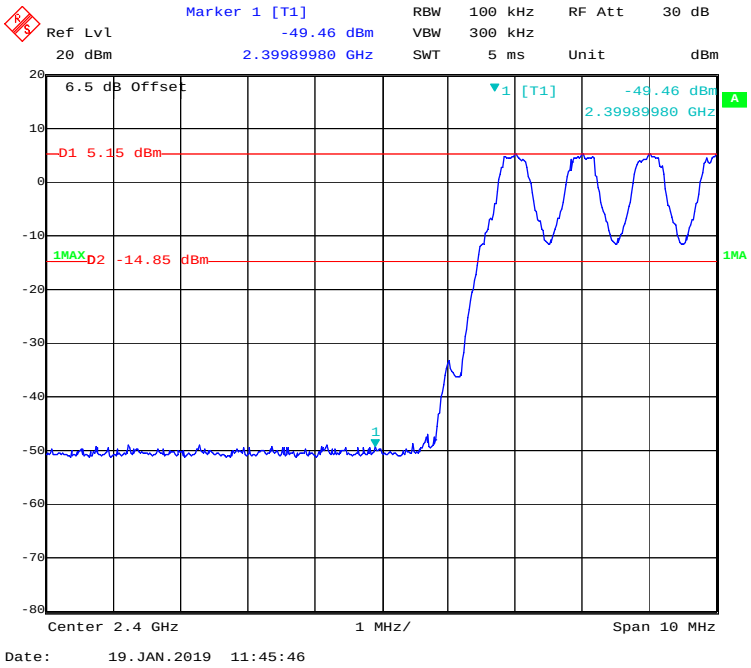
EDR (8DPSK): Left Side



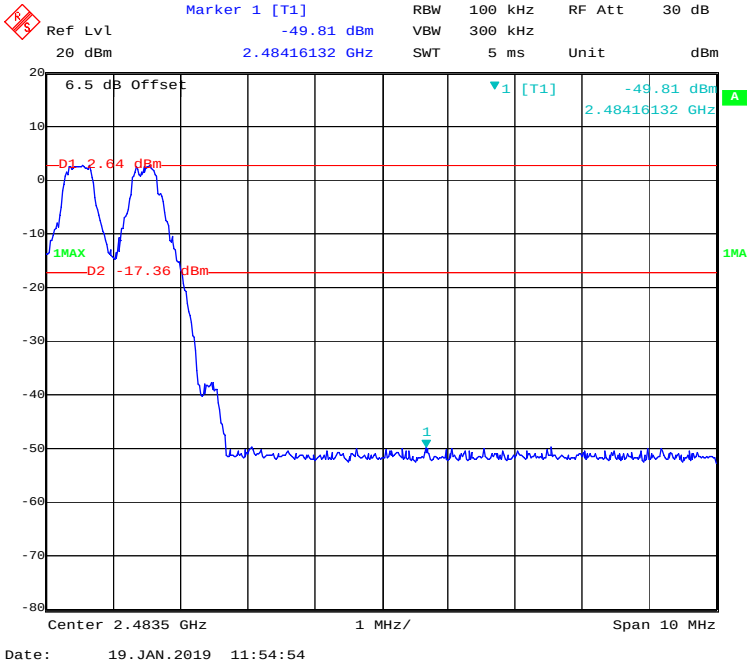
EDR (8DPSK): Right Side



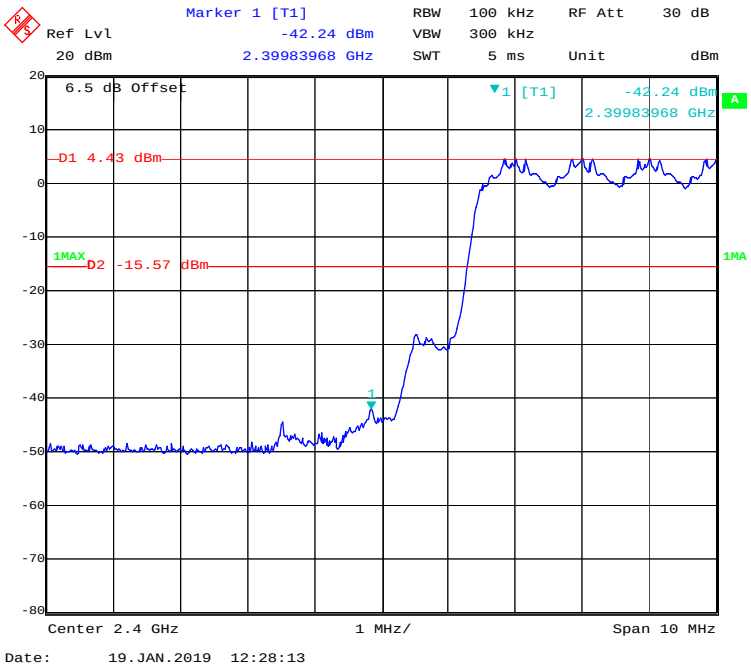
BDR (GFSK): Left Side - Hopping



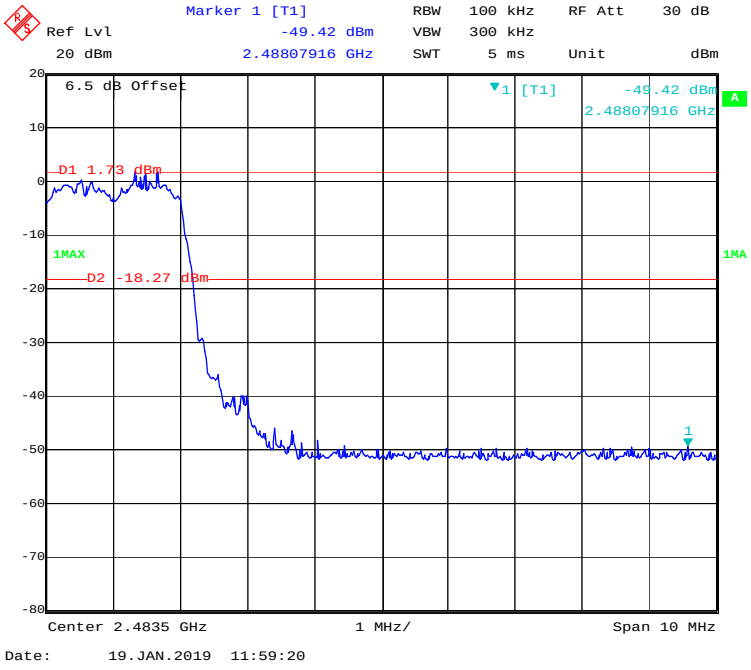
BDR (GFSK): Right Side- Hopping



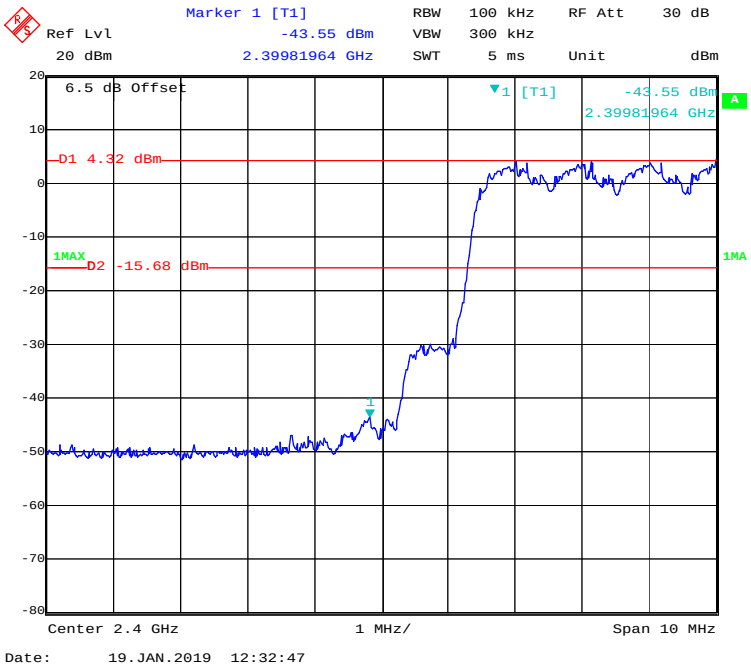
EDR (π/4-DQPSK): Left Side- Hopping



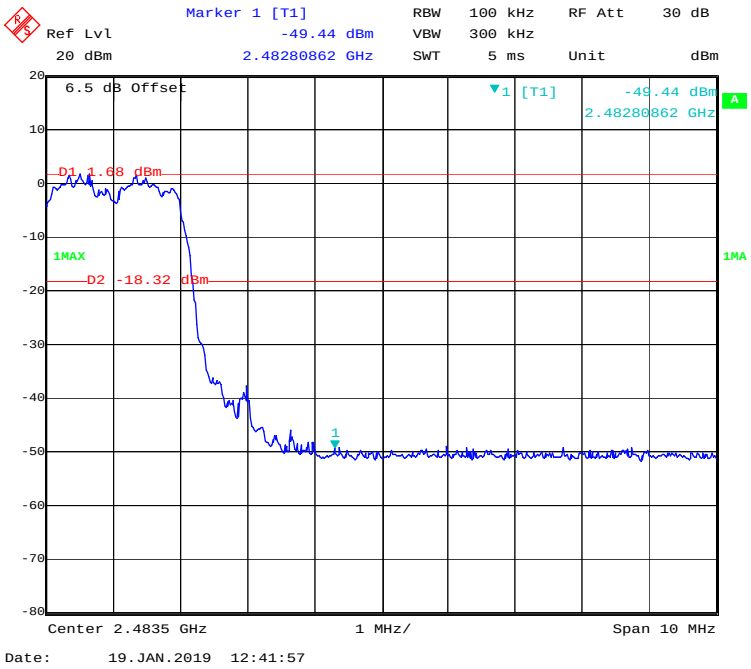
EDR (π/4-DQPSK): Right Side- Hopping



EDR (8DPSK): Left Side- Hopping



EDR (8DPSK): Right Side- Hopping



******* END OF REPORT *******