

No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle section, Science & Technology Park, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China 518057

Telephone: +86 (0) 755 2601 2053

Fax: +86 (0) 755 2671 0594

Email: ee.shenzhen@sgs.com

Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page : 1 of 33

FCC SAR TEST REPORT

Application No: SZEM1506003640CR (SGS SH No.: SHEM1503000635CR)

Applicant:Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Co., Ltd.Manufacturer:Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Co., Ltd.Factory:Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Co., Ltd.

Product Name: Sports Camera Model No.(EUT): CS-S1-216WFB

Add Model No.: CS-S1plus-216WFBS, CS-S2-212WFBS, CS-S2plus-212WFBS,

CS-S3-212WFBS, CS-S3plus-212WFBS, CS-S4-212WFBS, CS-S4plus-212WFBS, CS-S5-212WFBS, CS-S5plus-212WFBS, CS-S6-212WFBS, CS-S6-212WFBS, CS-S7-212WFBS, CS-S7plus-212WFBS, CS-S7plus-212WFBS, CS-S8-212WFBS, CS-S8plus-212WFBS, CS-S8-212WFBS, CS-S8-212WFB

CS-57pius-212VVFB5, C5-58-212VVFB5, C5-58pius-212VV

CS-S9-212WFBS, CS-S9plus-212WFBS

Trade Mark: ezviz

FCC ID: 2ADTD-CSS

Standards: FCC 47CFR §2.1093

 Date of Receipt:
 2015-06-22

 Date of Test:
 2015-06-26

 Date of Issue:
 2015-06-30

 Test Result :
 PASS *

* In the configuration tested, the EUT detailed in this report complied with the standards specified above.

Authorized Signature:



Jack Zhang EMC Laboratory Manager

The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report. If the product in this report is used in any configuration other than that detailed in the report, the manufacturer must ensure the new system complies with all relevant standards. Any mention of SGS International Electrical Approvals or testing done by SGS International Electrical Approvals in connection with, distribution or use of the product described in this report must be approved by SGS International Electrical Approvals in writing.

The report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by NVLAP, NIST, or any agency of the federal government. All test results in this report can be traceable to National or International Standards.

"This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at www.sgs.com/terms_and_conditions.htm and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at www.sgs.com/terms_e-document.htm. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 90 days only."



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 2 of 33

REVISION HISTORY

Revision Record				
Version	Version Chapter Date Modifier Remark			
01		2015-06-30		Original



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 3 of 33

TEST SUMMARY

Frequency Band	Test position	Test mode	Max Report SAR1g (W/kg)	SAR limit (W/kg)	Verdict
WI-FI (2.4GHz)	Front Side	802.11b	0.56	1.6	PASS

Approved & Released by

Evan Mi

SAR Manager

Tested by

Eason Wang

Zason Wang

SAR Engineer



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 4 of 33

CONTENTS

1	GENERAL INFORMATION	6
	1.1 DETAILS OF CLIENT	F
	1.2 TEST LOCATION	-
	1.3 TEST FACILITY	
	1.4 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF EUT	
	1.5 TEST SPECIFICATION	
	1.6 RF EXPOSURE LIMITS	9
2	SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION	10
	2.1 THE SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM	10
	2.2 ISOTROPIC E-FIELD PROBE EX3DV4	
	2.3 DATA ACQUISITION ELECTRONICS (DAE)	12
	2.4 SAM TWIN PHANTOM	
	2.5 ELI PHANTOM	
	2.6 DEVICE HOLDER FOR TRANSMITTERS	
	2.7 MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE	
	2.7.1 Scanning procedure	
	2.7.2 Data Storage	
	2.7.3 Data Evaluation by SEMCAD	17
3	DESCRIPTION OF TEST POSITION	19
	3.1 THE BODY TEST POSITION	19
4	SAR SYSTEM VERIFICATION PROCEDURE	20
	4.1 TISSUE SIMULATE LIQUID	
	4.1.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid	20
	4.1.2 Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid	
	4.2 SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION	
	4.2.1 Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations	
	4.2.2 Summary System Validation Result(s)	
_	4.2.3 Detailed System Validation Results	
5		
	5.1 OPERATION CONFIGURATIONS	
	5.1.1 WiFi Test Configuration5.1.2 DUT Antenna Locations	
	5.1.3 EUT side for SAR Testing	
	5.2 MEASUREMENT OF RF CONDUCTED POWER	
	5.2.1 Conducted Power Of WIFI and BT	
	5.3 MEASUREMENT OF SAR DATA	
	5.3.1 SAR Result Of WIFI (2.4GHz Band)	
	5.4 MULTIPLE TRANSMITTER EVALUATION	
	5.4.1 Simultaneous SAR SAR test evaluation	-
6		
7		
8		
9		
	APPENDIX A : DETAILED SYSTEM VALIDATION RESULTS	

"This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at www.sgs.com/terms and conditions.htm and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at www.sgs.com/terms-e-document.htm. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 90 days only."



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 5 of 33

APPENDIX B: DETAILED TEST RESULTS	33
APPENDIX C: CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE	33
APPENDIX D: PHOTOGRAPHS	33



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 6 of 33

1 General Information

1.1 Details of Client

Applicant	Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	700 Dongliu Road, Binjiang, Hangzhou, 310052 Zhejiang, China
Manufacturer	Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	700 Dongliu Road, Binjiang, Hangzhou, 310052 Zhejiang, China
Factory	Hangzhou Hikvision Digital Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	700 Dongliu Road, Binjiang, Hangzhou, 310052 Zhejiang, China

1.2 Test Location

Company: SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch E&E Lab

Address: No. 1 Workshop, M-10, Middle section, Science & Technology Park, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, China

Post code: 518057

Telephone: +86 (0) 755 2601 2053 Fax: +86 (0) 755 2671 0594 E-mail: ee.shenzhen@sgs.com



[&]quot;This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at www.sgs.com/terms and conditions.htm and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at www.sgs.com/terms e-document.htm. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 90 days only."



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 7 of 33

1.3 Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

• CNAS (No. CNAS L2929)

CNAS has accredited SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. Shenzhen Branch EMC Lab to ISO/IEC 17025:2005 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing.

VCCI

The 10m Semi-anechoic chamber and Shielded Room (7.5m x 4.0m x 3.0m) of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered in accordance with the Regulations for Voluntary Control Measures with Registration No.: G-823, R-4188, T-1153 and C-2383 respectively.

• FCC - Registration No.: 556682

SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd., Shenzhen EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration No.: 556682.

Industry Canada (IC)

Two 3m Semi-anechoic chambers of SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd. have been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 4620C-1 & 4620C-2.



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 8 of 33

1.4 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	Sports Camera		
Model No.(EUT):	CS-S1-216WFB		
Trade Mark:	ezviz		
FCC ID:	2ADTD-CSS		
Product Phase:	production unit		
Device Type :	portable device		
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled environr	ment / general population	
Hardware Version:	CS-S1-216WFB		
Software Version:	V2.1.1		
Antenna Type:	Integral PIFA Antenna		
Antenna Gain:	BT: 1.65dBi		
	WiFi: -1.40dBi		
Device Operating Config	urations :		
Modulation Mode:	802.11 b: DSSS(CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) 802.11 g/n(HT20): OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) BT: GFSK		
Frequency Bands:	Band	Tx (MHz)	Rx (MHz)
	WIFI	2412-2462	2412-2462
	BT	2402-2480	2402-2480
Rechargeable Batteries:	DC 3.8V Li-on Rechargeable Battery, 1480mAh Supply the EUT with fully charged battery during the testing.		

Remark:

Model No.: CS-S1-216WFB, CS-S1plus-216WFBS, CS-S2-212WFBS, CS-S2plus-212WFBS, CS-S3-212WFBS, CS-S3plus-212WFBS, CS-S4-212WFBS, CS-S4-212WFBS, CS-S4-212WFBS, CS-S5-212WFBS, CS-S5-212WFBS, CS-S7-212WFBS, CS-S7-212WFBS, CS-S7-212WFBS, CS-S8-212WFBS, CS-S8-212WFBS, CS-S8-212WFBS, CS-S8-212WFBS, CS-S8-212WFBS, CS-S8-212WFBS, CS-S8-212WFBS, CS-S8-212WFBS, CS-S8-212WFBS

Only the model CS-S1-216WFB was tested, since the circuitry design, PCB layout, electrical components used, internal wiring and functions were identical for all above models. Only different on color.



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 9 of 33

1.5 Test Specification

Identity	Document Title
FCC 47CFR §2.1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
IEEE Std C95.1 – 1991	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.
KDB447498 D01 v05r02	General RF Exposure Guidance
KDB447498 D03 v01	Supplement C Cross-Reference
KDB 865664 D01 v01r03	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
KDB 865664 D02 v01r01	RF Exposure Reporting
KDB 248227 D01 v02r01	SAR GUIDANCE FOR IEEE 802.11 (Wi-Fi) TRANSMITTERS
KDB 941225 D07v01r01	SAR Evaluation Procedures for UMPC Mini-Tablet Devices
Tracking Number	613562

1.6 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

Notes:

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

^{*} The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

^{**} The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

^{***} The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 10 of 33

2 SAR Measurements System Configuration

2.1 The SAR Measurement System

This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation SAR= σ (|Ei|2)/ ρ where σ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

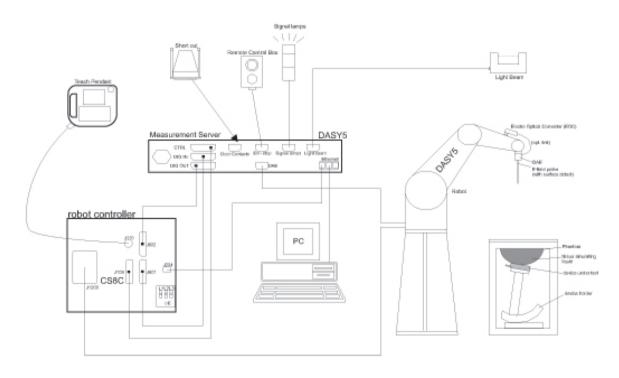
The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software .An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.



F-1. SAR Measurement System Configuration

[&]quot;This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at www.sgs.com/terms and conditions.htm and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at www.sgs.com/terms.e-document.htm. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 90 days only."



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 11 of 33

- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.

2.2 Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 <u>calibration service</u> available.
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μW/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μW/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI

[&]quot;This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at www.sgs.com/terms and conditions.htm and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at www.sgs.com/terms e-document.htm. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 90 days only."



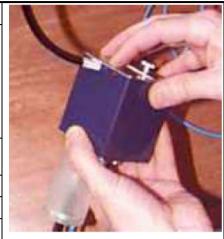
Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 12 of 33

2.3 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE3,DAE4
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV,400mV)
Input Offset Voltage	< 5µV (with auto zero)
Input Bias Current	< 50 f A
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm



2.4 SAM Twin Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)
Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support)	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table



The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 13 of 33

2.5 ELI Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)
Liquid	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue
Compatibility	simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm
	Minor axis: 400 mm
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table



Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 14 of 33

2.6 Device Holder for Transmitters



F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity ε =3 and loss tangent δ =0.02. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 15 of 33

2.7 Measurement procedure

2.7.1 Scanning procedure

Step 1: Power reference measurement

The "reference" and "drift" measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure.

Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm*15mm or 12mm*12mm or 10mm*10mm.Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of 30mm*30mm*30mm (fine resolution volume scan, zoom scan) was assessed by measuring 5x5x7 points (≤2GHz) and 7x7x7 points (≥2GHz). On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2003.



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 16 of 33

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pr			5 ± 1 mm	½·δ·ln(2) ± 0.5 mm	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n	-	-	30° ± 1°	20° ± 1°	
			≤2 GHz: ≤15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan sp	atial resolt	ntion: ∆x _{Area} , ∆y _{Area}	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above the measurement resolution must be ≤ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.		
Maximum zoom scan s	patial reso	lution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}	≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded grid	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm	
		Δz _{Zoom} (n>1): between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	X V Z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. ± 5 %

"This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at www.sgs.com/terms and conditions.htm and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at www.sgs.com/terms-e-document.htm. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 90 days only."

When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 17 of 33

2.7.2 Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension ".DAE3". The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [m W/g], [m W/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

2.7.3 Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters: - Sensitivity Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2

Conversion factorDiode compression pointDcpi

Device parameters: - Frequency f

- Crest factor cf Media parameters: - Conductivity ε

- Density ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot c f / d c p_i$$

With Vi = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

Ui = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

[&]quot;This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at www.sgs.com/terms and conditions.htm and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at www.sgs.com/terms.e-document.htm. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 90 days only."



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 18 of 33

$$E_{i} = (V_{i} / Norm_{i} \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$$

H-field probes:

H-field probes: $H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2) / f$ (i = x, y, z)

(i = x, v, z)Normi = sensor sensitivity of channel I

[mV/(V/m)2] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

aij = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

Ei = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

Hi = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (Etot^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\varepsilon \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

Etot = total field strength in V/m

σ= conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ε= equivalent tissue density in q/cm3

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 2 / 3770_{Or} P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

Ppwe = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm2

Etot = total electric field strength in V/m

Htot = total magnetic field strength in A/m



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 19 of 33

3 Description of Test Position

3.1 The Body Test Position

Devices must be tested for 1-g SAR on all surfaces and side edges with a transmitting antenna located at \leq 25 mm from that surface or edge, at 5 mm separation from a flat phantom.



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 20 of 33

4 SAR System Verification Procedure

4.1 Tissue Simulate Liquid

4.1.1 Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The bellowing tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands:

Ingredients	Frequency (MHz)							
(% by weight)	450	835	1800-2000	2450				
Tissue Type	Body	Body	Body	Body				
Water	51.16	50.75	70.17	68.53				
Salt (NaCl)	1.49	0.94	0.39	0.1				
Sucrose	46.78	48.21	0	0				
HEC	0.52	0	0	0				
Bactericide	0.05	0.10	0	0				
Tween	0	0	29.44	31.37				

Salt: 99⁺% Pure Sodium Chloride Sucrose: 98⁺% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, 16 $M\Omega^+$ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

Tween: Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate

Table 1: Recipe of Tissue Simulate Liquid



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 21 of 33

4.1.2 Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the Agilent Model 85070E Dielectric Probe in conjunction with Agilent E5071C Network Analyzer (300 KHz-8500 MHz). The Conductivity (σ) and Permittivity (ρ) are listed in Table 1.For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was 22±1°C.

Tissue	Measured	Target Tiss	Measure	ed Tissue	Liquid	Measured	
Туре	Frequency (MHz)	٤ _r	σ(S/m)	٤ _r	σ(S/m)	Temp. (℃)	Date
2450 Body	2450	52.70 (50.07~55.34)	1.95 (1.85~2.05)	51.897	1.971	22.3	2015/6/26

Table 2: Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters



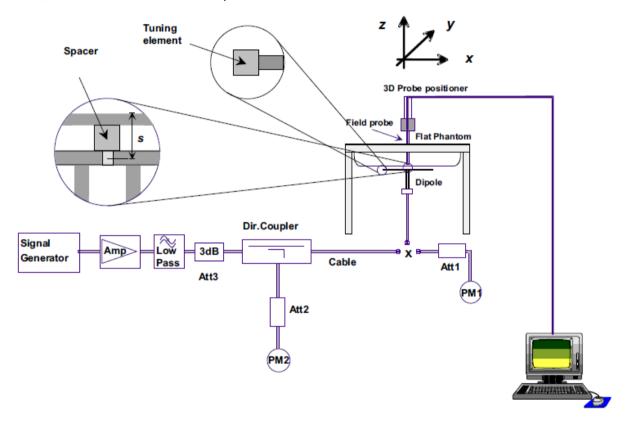
Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 22 of 33

4.2 SAR System Validation

The microwave circuit arrangement for system verification is sketched in F-12. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within +/- 10% from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the table 5 (A power level of 250mw was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range $22\pm1^{\circ}$ C, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-3. the microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system verification

[&]quot;This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at www.sgs.com/terms and conditions.htm and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at www.sgs.com/terms-e-document.htm. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 90 days only."



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 23 of 33

4.2.1 Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

1) Referring to KDB865664 D01 requirements for dipole calibration, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.

- a) There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- b) System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- c) Return-loss is within 10% of calibrated measurement;
- d) Impedance is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.
- 2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 24 of 33

4.2.2 Summary System Validation Result(s)

Validatio	n Kit	Measured SAR 250mW	Normalized to 1w SAR	1W Target SAR (±10%)	Liquid Temp.	Measured date
		1g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	(℃)	date
D2450V2	Body	12.8	51.2	51.2 51.3 (46.17~56.43)		2015/6/26

Table 3: SAR System Validation Result

4.2.3 Detailed System Validation Results

Please see the Appendix A



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 25 of 33

5 Test results and Measurement Data

5.1 Operation Configurations

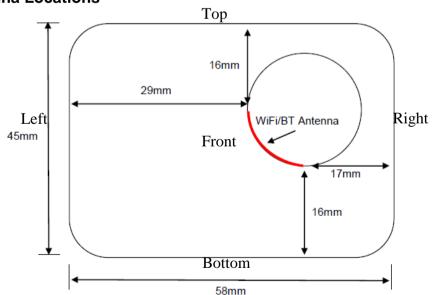
5.1.1 WiFi Test Configuration

For the 802.11b/g/n SAR tests, a communication link is set up with the test mode software for Wi-Fi mode test. The Absolute Radio Frequency Channel Number (ARFCN) is allocated to 1, 6 and 11 respectively in the case of 2450 MHz during the test at the each test frequency channel the EUT is operated at the RF continuous emission mode. Each channel should be tested at the lowest rate.802.11b/g/n operating modes are tested independently according to the service requirements in each frequency band. 802.11b/g/n modes are tested on channel 1, 6, 11; however if output power reduction is necessary for channels 1 and/or 11 to meet restricted band requirements the highest output channel closest to each of these channels must be tested instead.

SAR is measured for 2.4 GHz 802.11b DSSS using either a fixed test position or, when applicable, the initial test position procedure. When the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, no further SAR testing is required for 802.11b DSSS in that exposure configuration. When the reported SAR is > 0.8 W/kg, SAR is required for that exposure configuration using the next highest measured output power channel. When any reported SAR is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR is required for the third channel; i.e., all channels require testing. When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions

802.11 Modes	a	g		n (HT) [@]	
Channel Bandwidth (MHz)	20	20 40		20	40
§15.247		1/6/11	6	1/6/11	6
(2.4 GHz)		48/46/47	lower power	47/48/46	lower power

5.1.2 DUT Antenna Locations



[&]quot;This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at www.sgs.com/terms and conditions.htm and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at www.sgs.com/terms.e-document.htm. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 90 days only."



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 26 of 33

5.1.3 EUT side for SAR Testing

Per Inquiry Tracking Number 613562 and KDB 941225 D07, devices must be tested for 1-g SAR on all surfaces and side edges with a transmitting antenna located at ≤ 25 mm from that surface or edge, at 5 mm

separation from a flat phantom.

ooparation nom a	separation from a nat phantom:								
Antenna to surface or edge	front	back	left	right	top	bottom			
Distance(mm)	<5mm	<5mm	29	17	16	16			
Required test	YES	YES	NO	YES	YES	YES			





Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 27 of 33

5.2 Measurement of RF conducted Power

5.2.1 Conducted Power Of WIFI and BT

Wi-Fi			Avera	age Power	(dBm) for I	Data Rates	(Mbps)		
2450MHz	Channel	1	2	5.5	11	/	/	/	/
	1	16.05	16.01	16.01	15.99	/	/	/	/
802.11b	6	16.01	15.98	15.99	15.97	/	/	/	/
	11	15.76	15.83	15.81	15.69	/	/	/	/
	Channel	6	9	12	18	24	36	48	54
902 11a	1	14.987	14.77	14.76	14.75	14.75	14.78	14.72	14.78
802.11g	6	14.86	14.88	14.87	14.86	14.79	14.83	14.84	14.86
	11	14.88	14.81	14.81	14.85	14.84	14.73	14.72	14.88
	Channel	6.5	13	19.5	26	39	52	58.5	65
802.11n	1	14.65	14.54	14.73	14.75	14.76	14.62	14.65	14.53
HT20	6	14.57	14.15	14.14	14.16	14.17	14.13	14.21	14.24
	11	14.61	14.65	14.64	14.66	14.67	14.63	14.49	14.52

Table 4: Conducted Power Of WIFI

E	ЗТ	Average Conducted Power(dBm)				
Band	Channel	GFSK	π/4DQPSK	8DPSK		
	0	-0.05	/	/		
BT	39	0.13	/	/		
	78	0.12	/	/		

Table 5: Conducted Power Of BT

Note:

- 1) Indicates default channels per KDB Publication 248227 D01v01r02. When the adjacent channels are higher in power then the default channels, these "required channels" are considered for SAR testing instead of the default channels.
- 2) For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 0.25dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate.
- 3) SAR is not required for 802.11g/n channels when the maximum average output power is less than 0.25dB higher than that measured on the corresponding 802.11b channels.

[&]quot;This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at www.sgs.com/terms and conditions.htm and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at www.sgs.com/terms e-document.htm. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 90 days only."



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 28 of 33

5.3 Measurement of SAR Data

5.3.1 SAR Result Of WIFI (2.4GHz Band)

STest position	Test mode	Test Ch./Freq.	SAR (W/kg) 1-g	Power drift (dB)	Condu cted power (dBm)	Tune up Limit (dBm)	Scaled factor	Scaled SAR (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.	SAR limit (W/kg)
	Body Test data (Separate 5mm)									
Front side	802.11b	1/2412	0.505	0.15	16.05	16.5	1.109	0.560	21.9	1.6
Back side	802.11b	1/2412	0.0561	-0.07	16.05	16.5	1.109	0.062	21.9	1.6
Right side	802.11b	1/2412	0.0631	0	16.05	16.5	1.109	0.070	21.9	1.6
Top side	802.11b	1/2412	0.0863	0.09	16.05	16.5	1.109	0.096	21.9	1.6
Bottom side	802.11b	1/2412	0.134	0.07	16.05	16.5	1.109	0.149	21.9	1.6

Table 6: SAR of WIFI for Body

Note:

- 1) Test positions of EUT(the distance between the EUT and the phantom is 5mm for all sides)
- 2) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B
- 3) Per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v05r02, if the reported (scaled) SAR measured at the middle channel or highest output power channel for each test configuration is ≤ 0.8 W/kg then testing at the other channels is not required for such test configuration(s).
- 4) Each channel was tested at the lowest data rate.



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 29 of 33

5.4 Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

5.4.1 Simultaneous SAR SAR test evaluation

1) Simultaneous Transmission

NO.	Simultaneous Transmission Configuration	Body
1	BT+WIFI (They share the same antenna and cannot transmit at the same time by design.)	NO



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 30 of 33

6 Equipment List

Equipment List									
	Test Platform	5	SPEAG DASY5 Profe	ssional					
	Location	SGS-CSTC Standards	Technical Services Co Lab	o., Ltd. Shenzhe	en Branch E&E				
	Description	SAR Test Sy	stem (Frequency ran	ge 300MHz-6G	Hz)				
So	oftware Reference	DASY52 52	2.8.8(1222); SEMCAD	X 14.6.10(733	1)				
	Hardware Reference								
	Equipment	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Due date of calibration				
\boxtimes	Robot	RX90L	F03/5V32A1/A01	NA	NA				
	Twin Phantom	SAM 1	TP-1283	NA	NA				
\boxtimes	Flat Phantom	ELI 5.0	1128	NA	NA				
\boxtimes	DAE	DAE3	569	2014-10-01	2015-09-30				
\boxtimes	E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3962	2014-11-24	2015-11-23				
	Validation Kits	D835V2	4d015	2013-11-25	2016-11-24				
	Validation Kits	D1900V2	184	2013-11-27	2016-11-26				
\boxtimes	Validation Kits	D2450V2	733	2013-11-26	2016-11-25				
\boxtimes	Agilent Network Analyzer	E5071C	MY46523590	2015-03-02	2016-03-01				
\boxtimes	Dielectric Probe Kit	85070E	US01440210	NA	NA				
\boxtimes	R&S Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	103633	2015-04-25	2016-04-25				
\boxtimes	RF Bi-Directional Coupler	ZABDC20-252H-N+	N989900825	2015-04-25	2016-04-25				
\boxtimes	Agilent Signal Generator	E4438C	MY42082326	2015-04-25	2016-04-25				
\boxtimes	Mini-Circuits Preamplifier	ZHL-42	QA0827002	2015-04-25	2016-04-25				
\boxtimes	Agilent Power Meter	E4416A	GB41292095	2015-04-25	2016-04-25				
\boxtimes	Agilent Power Sensor	8481H	MY41091234	2015-04-25	2016-04-25				
\boxtimes	R&S Power Sensor	NRP-Z92	100025	2015-04-25	2016-04-25				
\boxtimes	Attenuator	TS2-3dB	30704	2015-04-25	2016-04-25				
\boxtimes	Coaxial low pass filter	VLF-2500(+)	NA	2015-04-25	2016-04-25				
\boxtimes	50 Ω coaxial load	KARN-50+	00850	2015-04-25	2016-04-25				
\boxtimes	DC POWER SUPPLY	SK1730SL5A	NA	2015-04-25	2016-04-25				

[&]quot;This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at www.sgs.com/terms and conditions.htm and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at www.sgs.com/terms e-document.htm. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 90 days only."



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 31 of 33

7 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurements and results are all in compliance with the standards listed in section 12 of this report. All measurements and results are recorded and maintained at the laboratory performing the tests and measurement uncertainties are taken into account when comparing measurements to pass/fail criteria. The

Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL) is 21.36%.

Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFID	LINCE INTER	(VAL) 15 Z	1.30 /0.				
А	b1	С	d	e = f(d,k)	g	i = C*g/e	k
Uncertainty Component	Section in P1528	Tol (%)	Prob . Dist.	Div.	Ci (1g)	1g ui (%)	Vi (Veff)
Probe calibration	E.2.1	6.3	N	1	1	6.30	∞
Axial isotropy	E.2.2	0.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	(1 - Cp)1/2	0.20	8
hemispherical isotropy	E.2.2	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√Cp	1.06	8
Boundary effect	E.2.3	1.0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	8
Linearity	E.2.4	0.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.35	8
System detection limit	E.2.5	0.25	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.14	8
Readout electronics	E.2.6	0.3	N	1	1	0.30	8
Response time	E.2.7	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.00	8
Integration time	E.2.8	2.6	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.50	8
RF ambient Condition –Noise	E.6.1	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	8
RF ambient Condition - reflections	E.6.1	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.73	∞
Probe positioning- mechanical tolerance	E.6.2	1.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.87	∞
Probe positioning- with respect to phantom	E.6.3	2.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.67	8
Max. SAR evaluation	E.5.2	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	0.58	8
Test sample positioning	E.4.2	3.7	N	1	1	3.70	9
Device holder uncertainty	E.4.1	3.6	N	1	1	3.60	∞
Output power variation –SAR drift measurement	6.6.2	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.89	8
Phantom uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	E.3.1	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.31	∞
Liquid conductivity - deviation from target values	E.3.2	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	1.85	8
Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.2	5.78	N	1	0.64	3.68	5
Liquid permittivity - deviation from target values	E.3.3	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	1.73	8

[&]quot;This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Service printed overleaf, available on request or accessible at www.sgs.com/terms and conditions.htm and, for electronic format documents, subject to Terms and Conditions for Electronic Documents at www.sgs.com/terms e-document.htm. Attention is drawn to the limitation of liability, indemnification and jurisdiction issues defined therein. Any holder of this document is advised that information contained hereon reflects the Company's findings at the time of its intervention only and within the limits of Client's instructions, if any. The Company's sole responsibility is to its Client and this document does not exonerate parties to a transaction from exercising all their rights and obligations under the transaction documents. This document cannot be reproduced except in full, without prior written approval of the Company. Any unauthorized alteration, forgery or falsification of the content or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law. Unless otherwise stated the results shown in this test report refer only to the sample(s) tested and such sample(s) are retained for 90 days only."



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 32 of 33

Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty	E.3.3	0.62	N	1	0.6	0.372	5	
Combined standard uncertainty				RSS		10.68	430	
Expanded uncertainty (95% CONFIDENCE INTERVAL)				K=2		21.36		

Table 7: Measurement Uncertainty

8 Calibration certificate

Please see the Appendix C

9 Photographs

Please see the Appendix D



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Rev.01

Page: 33 of 33

Appendix A: Detailed System Validation Results

Appendix B: Detailed Test Results

Appendix C: Calibration certificate

Appendix D: Photographs

---END---

Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Appendix A

Detailed System Validation Results

System Performance Check for Body
 System Performance Check 2450MHz Body

Date: 2015-06-26

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

System Performance Check 2450MHz Body

DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 733

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450;Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; σ = 1.971 S/m; ϵ_r = 51.897; ρ = 1000

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(7.47, 7.47, 7.47); Calibrated: 2014-11-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn569; Calibrated: 2014-10-01
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1128
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (8x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 13.5 W/kg

Body/d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

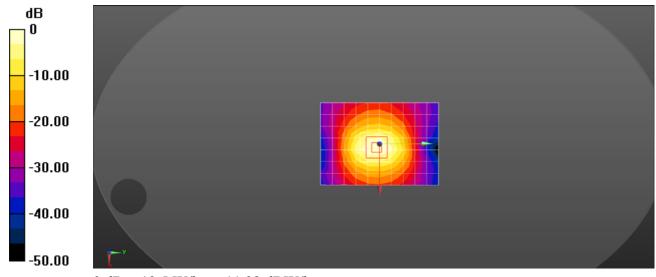
dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 82.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 25.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.8 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 W/kg



0 dB = 13.5 W/kg = 11.32 dBW/kg

Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Appendix B

Detailed Test Results

1. WIFI	
WIFI for Body	

Date: 2015-06-26

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

CS-S1-216WFB WiFi 1CH Front Side 5mm

DUT: CS-S1-216WFB; Type: Sports Camera; Serial: N/A

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: MSL2450; Medium parameters used: f = 2412 MHz; $\sigma = 1.925$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 52.047$; $\rho = 1000$

 kg/m^3

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 SN3962; ConvF(7.47, 7.47, 7.47); Calibrated: 2014-11-24;
- Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), z = 1.0, 31.0
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn569; Calibrated: 2014-10-01
- Phantom: ELI V5.0; Type: ELI; Serial: 1128
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/CS-S1-216WFB/Area Scan (9x9x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.598 W/kg

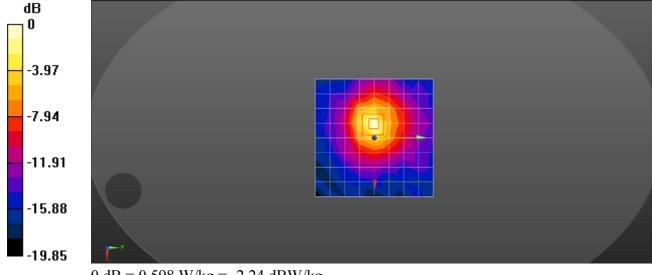
Configuration/CS-S1-216WFB/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.505 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.217 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.613 W/kg



0 dB = 0.598 W/kg = -2.24 dBW/kg



Report No.: SZEM150600364001

Appendix C

Calibration certificate

1. Dipole
D2450V2-SN 733(2013-11-26)
2. DAE
DAE3-SN 569(2014-10-01)
3. Probe
EX3DV4-SN 3962 (2014-11-24)

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
S wiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

SGS-SZ (Auden)

Certificate No: D2450V2-733_Nov13

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D2450V2 - SN: 733

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-05.v9

Calibration procedure for dipole validation kits above 700 MHz

Calibration date: November 26, 2013

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter EPM-442A	GB37480704	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	US37292783	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01827)	Oct-14
Power sensor HP 8481A	MY41092317	09-Oct-13 (No. 217-01828)	Oct-14
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01736)	Apr-14
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.3 / 06327	04-Apr-13 (No. 217-01739)	Apr-14
Reference Probe ES3DV3	SN: 3205	28-Dec-12 (No. ES3-3205_Dec12)	Dec-13
DAE4	SN: 601	25-Apr-13 (No. DAE4-601_Apr13)	Apr-14
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
RF generator R&S SMT-06	100005	04-Aug-99 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-15
Network Analyzer HP 8753E	US37390585 S4206	18-Oct-01 (in house check Oct-13)	In house check: Oct-14
	Name	Function	Signature

Name Function

Calibrated by: Claudio Leubler Laboratory Technician

Approved by: Katja Pokovic Technical Manager

Issued: November 26, 2013

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: D2450V2-733_Nov13

Page 1 of 8

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL tissue simulating liquid

ConvF sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z N/A not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)", February 2005
- c) KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

d) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions: Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end
 of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL: The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed
 point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented
 parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss: These parameters are measured with the dipole
 positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the
 measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low
 reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay: One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point.
 No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured: SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized: SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters: The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.8.7
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy , $dz = 5 mm$	
Frequency	2450 MHz ± 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters
The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	39.7 ± 6 %	1.84 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C		

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.2 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	52.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.10 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.3 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	52.1 ± 6 %	2.02 mho/m ± 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C) () () (

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	12.6 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	49.4 W/kg ± 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.81 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.0 W/kg ± 16.5 % (k=2)

Page 3 of 8 Certificate No: D2450V2-733_Nov13

Appendix

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.2 Ω + 2.5 jΩ	
Return Loss	- 26.6 dB	

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$51.0 \Omega + 4.2 j\Omega$	
Return Loss	- 27.5 dB	

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.149 ns

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG	
Manufactured on	May 07, 2003	

Certificate No: D2450V2-733_Nov13 Page 4 of 8

DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 26.11.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 733

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 1.84 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 39.7$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.52, 4.52, 4.52); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1001

DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (8x7x7)/Cube 0:

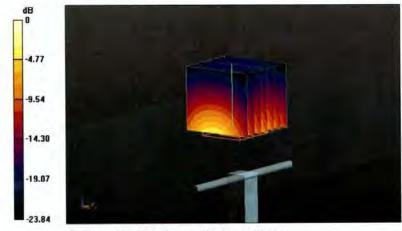
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.010 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.4 W/kg

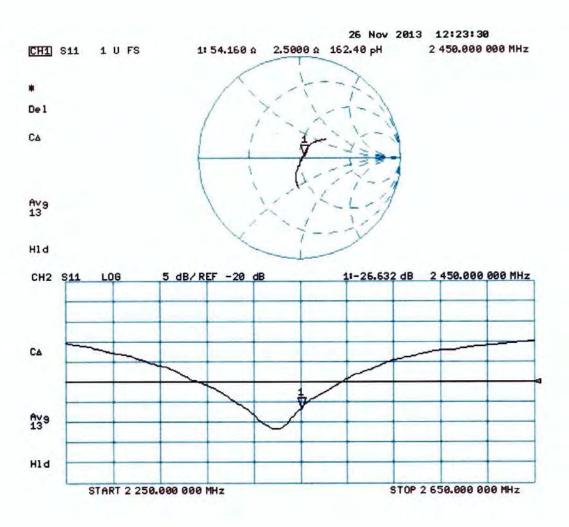
SAR(1 g) = 13.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.1 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.4 W/kg



0 dB = 17.4 W/kg = 12.41 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 26.11.2013

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 733

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: f = 2450 MHz; $\sigma = 2.02 \text{ S/m}$; $\varepsilon_r = 52.1$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY52 Configuration:

Probe: ES3DV3 - SN3205; ConvF(4.42, 4.42, 4.42); Calibrated: 28.12.2012;

Sensor-Surface: 3mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 25.04.2013

Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD000P50AA; Serial: 1002

DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

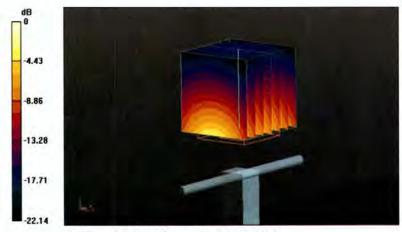
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 93.010 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.1 W/kg

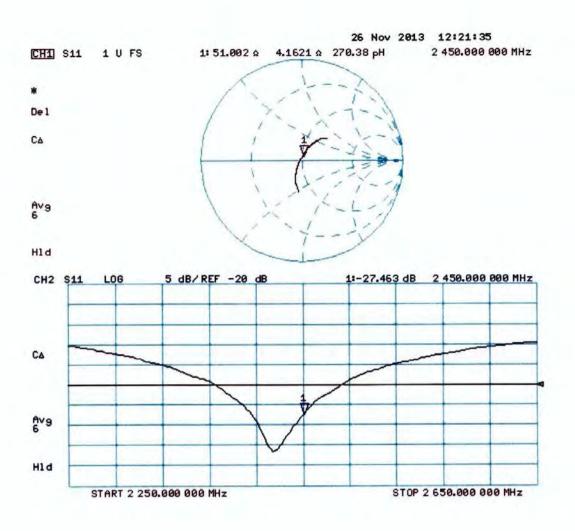
SAR(1 g) = 12.6 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.81 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 16.4 W/kg



0 dB = 16.4 W/kg = 12.15 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL



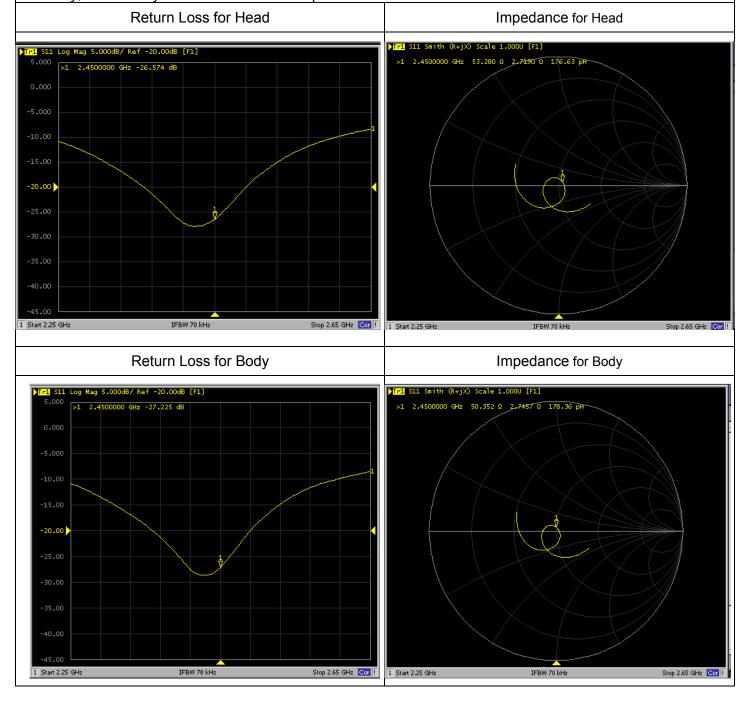


SGS-CSTC Standards Technical Services Co., Ltd.

Dipole Calibration for Impedance and Return-loss						
Model NO.:	D2450V2	Serial NO.:	733	Measurement Date:	2014-11-25	
Liquid Type Target		/alue:	Measured Value:		verdict	
Liquid Type	Impedance	Return Loss	Impedance	Return Loss	verdict	
Head	54.2 Ω +2.5 j Ω	-26.6dB	53.2 Ω +2.7j Ω	-26.6dB	Complied	
Body	51.0 Ω +4.2 j Ω	-27.5dB	50.4 Ω +2.7 j Ω	-27.2dB	Complied	

Remark: According to KDB 865664 D01,instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements:

- 1) The most recent return-loss result, measured at least annually, deviates by less than 20% from the previous measurement and meeting the required 20 dB minimum return-loss requirement.
- 2) The most recent measurement of the real and imaginary parts of the impedance, measured at least annually, deviates by less than 5 Ω from the previous measurement.



Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland Phone +41 44 245 9700, Fax +41 44 245 9779 info@speag.com, http://www.speag.com

IMPORTANT NOTICE

USAGE OF THE DAE 3

The DAE unit is a delicate, high precision instrument and requires careful treatment by the user. There are no serviceable parts inside the DAE. Special attention shall be given to the following points:

Battery Exchange: The battery cover of the DAE3 unit is connected to a fragile 3-pin battery connector. Customer is responsible to apply outmost caution not to bend or damage the connector when changing batteries.

Shipping of the DAE: Before shipping the DAE to SPEAG for calibration the customer shall remove the batteries and pack the DAE in an antistatic bag. This antistatic bag shall then be packed into a larger box or container which protects the DAE from impacts transportation. The package shall be marked to indicate that a fragile instrument is inside.

E-Stop Failures: Touch detection may be malfunctioning due to broken magnets in the E-stop. Rough handling of the E-stop may lead to damage of these magnets. Touch and collision errors are often caused by dust and dirt accumulated in the E-stop. To prevent E-stop failure, Customer shall always mount the probe to the DAE carefully and keep the DAE unit in a non-dusty environment if not used for measurements.

Repair: Minor repairs are performed at no extra cost during the annual calibration. However, SPEAG reserves the right to charge for any repair especially if rough unprofessional handling caused the defect.

DASY Configuration Files: Since the exact values of the DAE input resistances, as measured during the calibration procedure of a DAE unit, are not used by the DASY software, a nominal value of 200 MOhm is given in the corresponding configuration file.

Important Note:

Warranty and calibration is void if the DAE unit is disassembled partly or fully by the Customer.

Important Note:

Never attempt to grease or oil the E-stop assembly. Cleaning and readjusting of the E-stop assembly is allowed by certified SPEAG personnel only and is part of the annual calibration procedure.

Important Note:

To prevent damage of the DAE probe connector pins, use great care when installing the probe to the DAE. Carefully connect the probe with the connector notch oriented in the mating position. Avoid any rotational movement of the probe body versus the DAE while turning the locking nut of the connector. The same care shall be used when disconnecting the probe from the DAE.

Schmid & Partner Engineering

Calibration Laboratory of Schmid & Partner Engineering AG Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst Service suisse d'étalonnage Servizio svizzero di taratura Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client

Calibrated by:

Approved by:

SGS-SZ (Auden)

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

S

Certificate No: DAE3-569_Oct14

CALL	DD/	TIO	N CER	TIEIC	ATE
CALI	DIL	1110	IN CEN	IIIIU	416

Object DAE3 - SD 000 D03 AA - SN: 569

Calibration procedure(s) QA CAL-06.v28

Calibration procedure for the data acquisition electronics (DAE)

Calibration date: October 01, 2014

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}$ C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID#	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Keithley Multimeter Type 2001	SN: 0810278	01-Oct-13 (No:13976)	Oct-14
Secondary Standards	ID#	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Auto DAE Calibration Unit	SE UWS 053 AA 1001	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15
Calibrator Box V2.1	SE UMS 006 AA 1002	07-Jan-14 (in house check)	In house check: Jan-15

Name Function Signature

Dominique Steffen Technician

Fin Bomholt Deputy Technical Manager

Issued: October 1, 2014

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.

Certificate No: DAE3-569_Oct14 Page 1 of 5

Calibration Laboratory of

Schmid & Partner
Engineering AG
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland





S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst
C Service suisse d'étalonnage
Servizio svizzero di taratura
Swiss Calibration Service

Accreditation No.: SCS 108

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary

DAE

data acquisition electronics

Connector angle

information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot

coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters

- DC Voltage Measurement: Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- Connector angle: The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The following parameters as documented in the Appendix contain technical information as a result from the performance test and require no uncertainty.
 - DC Voltage Measurement Linearity: Verification of the Linearity at +10% and -10% of the nominal calibration voltage. Influence of offset voltage is included in this measurement.
 - Common mode sensitivity: Influence of a positive or negative common mode voltage on the differential measurement.
 - Channel separation: Influence of a voltage on the neighbor channels not subject to an input voltage.
 - AD Converter Values with inputs shorted: Values on the internal AD converter corresponding to zero input voltage
 - Input Offset Measurement: Output voltage and statistical results over a large number of zero voltage measurements.
 - *Input Offset Current:* Typical value for information; Maximum channel input offset current, not considering the input resistance.
 - Input resistance: Typical value for information: DAE input resistance at the connector, during internal auto-zeroing and during measurement.
 - Low Battery Alarm Voltage: Typical value for information. Below this voltage, a battery alarm signal is generated.
 - Power consumption: Typical value for information. Supply currents in various operating modes.

Certificate No: DAE3-569_Oct14 Page 2 of 5

DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB =

= 6.1 μ V,

full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range:

1LSB =

61nV,

full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Υ	Z
High Range	402.924 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.325 ± 0.02% (k=2)	403.500 ± 0.02% (k=2)
Low Range	3.92577 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.96310 ± 1.50% (k=2)	3.93738 ± 1.50% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	251.5 ° ± 1 °
---	---------------

Certificate No: DAE3-569_Oct14 Page 3 of 5

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS108)

1. DC Voltage Linearity

High Range		Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X	+ Input	200035.22	-0.20	-0.00
Channel X	+ Input	20002.19	-1.76	-0.01
Channel X	- Input	-20006.97	-1.35	0.01
Channel Y	+ Input	200035.19	0.15	0.00
Channel Y	+ Input	20005.73	1.84	0.01
Channel Y	- Input	-20002.94	2.72	-0.01
Channel Z	+ Input	200036.78	2.05	0.00
Channel Z	+ Input	20000.85	-2.98	-0.01
Channel Z	- Input	-20003.49	2.25	-0.01

Low Range	Reading (μV)	Difference (μV)	Error (%)
Channel X + Input	2000.07	-0.52	-0.03
Channel X + Input	200.34	-0.24	-0.12
Channel X - Input	-199.37	0.15	-0.07
Channel Y + Input	2000.14	-0.25	-0.01
Channel Y + Input	200.77	0.37	0.18
Channel Y - Input	-200.33	-0.64	0.32
Channel Z + Input	1999.30	-1.02	-0.05
Channel Z + Input	199.21	-1.07	-0.53
Channel Z - Input	-201.98	-2.27	1.13

2. Common mode sensitivityDASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	Common mode Input Voltage (mV)	High Range Average Reading (μV)	Low Range Average Reading (μV)
Channel X	200	-0.04	-1.94
	- 200	3.39	1.76
Channel Y	200	4.71	4.96
	- 200	-5.88	-6.27
Channel Z	200	-13.08	-13.58
2	- 200	11.57	11.33

3. Channel separation

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

the second	Input Voltage (mV)	Channel X (μV)	Channel Υ (μV)	Channel Z (μV)
Channel X	200	<u> </u>	1.84	-2.31
Channel Y	200	9.77	- -	2.55
Channel Z	200	7.06	7.64	-

Certificate No: DAE3-569_Oct14 Page 4 of 5

4. AD-Converter Values with inputs shorted

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

	High Range (LSB)	Low Range (LSB)
Channel X	16202	16482
Channel Y	16554	16428
Channel Z	15802	16416

5. Input Offset Measurement

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Input $10M\Omega$

	Average (μV)	min. Offset (μV)	max. Offset (μV)	Std. Deviation (μV)
Channel X	-3.34	-4.82	-1.88	0.64
Channel Y	-1.07	-3.59	0.83	0.78
Channel Z	-0.53	-1.91	1.06	0.57

6. Input Offset Current

Nominal Input circuitry offset current on all channels: <25fA

7. Input Resistance (Typical values for information)

	Zeroing (kOhm)	Measuring (MOhm)
Channel X	200	200
Channel Y	200	200
Channel Z	200	200

8. Low Battery Alarm Voltage (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Alarm Level (VDC)	
Supply (+ Vcc)	+7.9	
Supply (- Vcc)	-7.6	

9. Power Consumption (Typical values for information)

Typical values	Switched off (mA)	Stand by (mA)	Transmitting (mA)
Supply (+ Vcc)	+0.01	+6	+14
Supply (- Vcc)	-0.01	-8	-9

Certificate No: DAE3-569_Oct14