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FCC SAR Compliance Test Report For **MADETRONICS LIMITED**

UNIT 5, 27/F., RICHMOND COMM. BLDG., 109 ARGYLE STREET,

MONGKOK, KOWLOON HONG KONG

Model: TITAN Q7

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Modified History

REV.	Modification Description	Issued Date	Remark
REV.1.0	Initial Test Report Relesse	2015-02-12	

1 General information

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1.1 Notes

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. Shenzhen Timeway Testing Laboratories does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalisations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item. The test report is not to be reproduced or published in full without the prior written permission.

1.2 Application details

Date of receipt of test item: 2014-11-18
Start of test: 2014-11-19
End of test: 2015-01-29

1.3 Statement of Compliance

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The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for MADETRONICS LIMITED, Model Name: TITAN Q7 is as below:

Band	Position	MAX Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
GSM850	Head	1.188
	Body-worn	1.364
GSM1900	Head	0.217
	Body-worn	0.774
The highest simultaneous SAR is 1.496 W/kg per KDB690783 D01		

The device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontraolled exposure limits of 1.6 W/Kg as averaged over any 1g tissue according to the FCC rule §2.1093, the ANSI/IEEE C95.1:2005, the NCRP Report Number 86 for uncontrolled environment, according to the Industry Canada Radio Standards Specification RSS-102 for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003 & IEEE Std 1528a-2005.

1.4 EUT Information

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Device Information:				
Product Type:	GSM Mobile Phor	ne		
Model:	TITAN Q7			
Device Type:	Portable device			
Exposure Category:	uncontrolled envir	ronment / genera	al population	
Production Unit or Identical Prototype:	Production Unit			
Hardware version:	X1-MB-V2.0			
Software version :	X1_KECHAO_K1	00_V0_4		
Antenna Type :	Integral Antenna			
Device Operating Configurations:				
Supporting Mode(s) :	GSM850/1900, BT			
Modulation:	GMSK, GFSK/π/4-DQPSK/ 8-DPSK			
Device Class :	Class B, No DTM Mode			
	Band	TX(MHz)	RX(MHz)	
One wetting Frequency Benney's)	GSM850	824~849	869~894	
Operating Frequency Range(s)	GSM1900	1850~1910	1930~1990	
	ВТ	2402~2480	2402~2480	
GPRS class level:	GPRS class 12			
128-190-251(GSM850)				
Test Channels (low-mid-high):	512-661-810(GSM1900) 0-39-78(BT)			
Power Source:				

1.5 Test standard/s:

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	,
ANSI Std C95.1-2005	Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz.
Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Aver Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wirel Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques	
IEEE Std 1528a-2005 IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Ave Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques Amendment 1: CAD File for Human Head Model (SAM Phantom)	
RSS-102 Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunical Apparatus (All Frequency Bands (Issue 4 of March 2010)	
KDB447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02
KDB648474 D04	Handset SAR v01r02
KDB865664 D01	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
KDB865664 D02	RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

1.6 RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain/Body/Arms/Legs)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

The limit applied in this test report is shown in bold letters

Notes:

- * The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
- ** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
- *** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.

1.7 SAR Definition

Specific Absorption Rate is defined as the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by(dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dV) of a given density (p).

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dV} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of watts per kilogram (W/kg). SAR can be related to the electric field at a point by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \mid E \mid^2}{\rho}$$

where:

 σ = conductivity of the tissue (S/m)

 ρ = mass density of the tissue (kg/m³)

E = rms electric field strength (V/m)

2 Testing laboratory

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Test Site	World Standardization Certification & Testing CO., LTD.		
Test Location	Building A, Baoshi Science & Technology Park, Baoshi Road,		
Test Location	Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China		
Telephone	+86-755-26996192		
Fax	+86-755-26996253		
State of accreditation	The Test laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to ISO/IEC 17025. CNAS Registration number:L3732		

3 Test Environment

	Required	Actual
Ambient temperature:	18 – 25 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Tissue Simulating liquid:	22 ± 2 °C	22 ± 2 °C
Relative humidity content:	30 – 70 %	30 – 70 %

4 Applicant and Manufacturer

Applicant/Client Name	MADETRONICS LIMITED
Applicant Address	UNIT 5, 27/F., RICHMOND COMM. BLDG.,109 ARGYLE STREET, MONGKOK, KOWLOON HONG KONG
Manufacturer Name	MADETRONICS LIMITED
Manufacturer Address	UNIT 5, 27/F., RICHMOND COMM. BLDG.,109 ARGYLE STREET, MONGKOK, KOWLOON HONG KONG

5 SAR Measurement System

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5.1 The Measurement System

Comosar is a system that is able to determine the SAR distribution inside a phantom of human being according to different standards. The Comosar system consists of the following items:

- Main computer to control all the system
- 6 axis robot
- Data acquisition system
- Miniature E-field probe
- Device holder
- Head simulating tissue

The following figure shows the system.



The EUT under test operating at the maximum power level is placed in the phone holder, under the phantom, which is filled with head simulating liquid. The E-Field probe measures the electric field inside the phantom. The OpenSAR software computes the results to give a SAR value in a 1g or 10g mass.

5.2 Robot

The COMOSAR system uses the high precision robots KR 6 R900 sixx type out of the newer series from Satimo SA (France). For the 6-axis controller COMOSAR system, the KUKA robot controller version from Satimo is used. The KR 6 R900 sixx robot series have many features that are important for

our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)
- 6-axis controller

5.3 Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SSE 5 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter: 5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 2.5mm
- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm (repeatability better than +/- 1mm)
- Probe linearity: <0.25 dB- Axial Isotropy: <0.25 dB
- Spherical Isotropy: <0.50 dB
- Calibration range: 300 to 2600MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and suface normal line:less than 30°

5.4 Measurement procedure

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The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface.
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16 mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors can not directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point,a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8
 * 5 or 8 * 4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

5.5 Description of interpolation/extrapolation scheme

- The local SAR inside the phantom is measured using small dipole sensing elements inside a
 probe body. The probe tip must not be in contact with the phantom surface in order to minimise
 measurements errors, but the highest local SAR will occur at the surface of the phantom.
- An extrapolation is using to determinate this highest local SAR values.
 The extrapolation is based on afourth-order least-square polynomial fit of measured data. The local SAR value is then extrapolated from the liquid surface with a 1 mm step.
- The measurements have to be performed over a limited time(due to the duration of the battery) so the step of measurement is high. It could vary between 5 and 8 mm. To obtain an accurate assessment of the maximum SAR average over 10 grams and 1 gram requires a very fine resolution in the three dimensional scanned data array.

5.6 Phantom

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

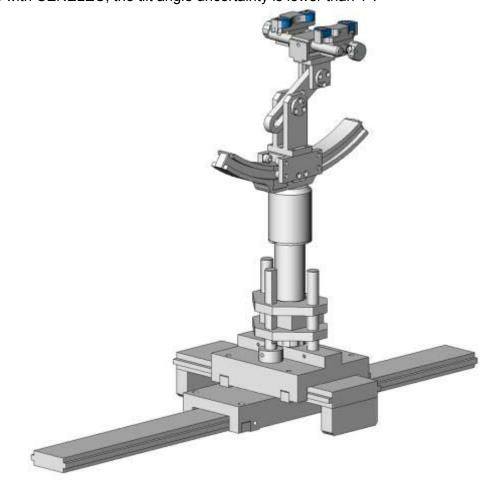


System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

5.7 Device Holder

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The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



Device holder

System Material	Permittivity	Loss Tangent
Delrin	3.7	0.005

Video Positioning System

5.8

 The video positioning system is used in OpenSAR to check the probe. Which is composed of a camera, LED, mirror and mechanical parts. The camera is piloted by the main computer with firewire link.

- During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.
- The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



5.9 Tissue simulating liquids: dielectric properties

The following materials are used for producing the tissue-equivalent materials.

(Liquids used for tests are marked with⊠):

Ingredients(% of weight)			Frequency (I	MHz)	
frequency band	<u> </u>	⊠ 835	<u> </u>	⊠ 1900	<u>2450</u>
Tissue Type	Head	Head	Head	Head	Head
Water	38.56	41.45	52.64	55.242	62.7
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.45	0.36	0.306	0.5
Sugar	56.32	56.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8
DGBE	0.0	0.0	47.0	44.542	0.0
Ingredients(% of weight)			Frequency (I	MHz)	
frequency band	<u> </u>	⊠ 835	<u> </u>	⊠ 1900	<u>2450</u>
Tissue Type	Body	Body	Body	Body	Body
Water	51.16	52.4	69.91	69.91	73.2
Salt (NaCl)	1.49	1.40	0.13	0.13	0.04
Sugar	46.78	45.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.52	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.05	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Triton X-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	29.96	29.96	26.7

Salt: 99+% Pure Sodium Chloride

Sugar: 98+% Pure Sucrose

Water: De-ionized, $16M\Omega$ + resistivity

HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose

DGBE: 99+% Di(ethylene glycol) butyl ether, [2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol]

Triton X-100(ultra pure): Polyethylene glycol mono [4-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl)phenyl]ether

5.10 Tissue simulating liquids: parameters

Tissue	Measured	Target T	issue	Measur	ed Tissue	Liquid	
Туре	Frequency (MHz)	ε _r (+/-5%)	σ (S/m) (+/-5%)	ε _r	σ (S/m)	Temp.	Test Date
	825	41.60 (39.52~43.68)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.58	0.87		
835MHz Head	835	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.90 (0.86~0.95)	41.47	0.88	21.5°C	2014-11-19
	850	41.50 (39.43~43.58)	0.92 (0.87~0.97)	41.18	0.90		
	825	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	55.27	0.95		
835MHz Body	835	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.97 (0.92~1.02)	55.19	0.96	21.2°C	2015-01-28
	850	55.20 (52.44~57.96)	0.99 (0.94~1.04)	54.94	0.99		
	1850	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.05	1.34		
1900MHz	1880	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	40.01	1.37	21.5°C	2014-11-20
Head	1900	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	39.93	1.39	21.5 0	2014-11-20
	1910	40.00 (38.00~42.00)	1.40 (1.33~1.47)	39.95	1.40		
	1850	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.53	1.47		
1900MHz	1880	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.41	1.50	21.2°C	2015-01-29
Body	1900	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.32	1.52	21.2 0	2013-01-29
	1910	53.30 (50.64~55.97)	1.52 (1.44~1.60)	53.26	1.53		
		ε_r = Relative	permittivity, σ=	Conducti	vity		

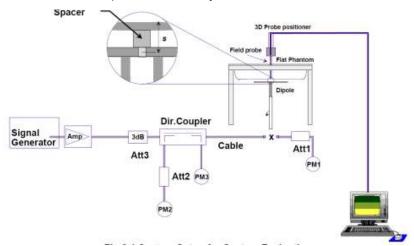
6 System Check

6.1 System check procedure

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The System check is performed by using a System check dipole which is positioned parallel to the planar part of the SAM phantom at the reference point. The distance of the dipole to the SAM phantom is determined by a spacer. The dipole is connected to the signal source consisting of signal generator and amplifier via a directional coupler, N-connector cable and adaption to SMA. It is fed with a power of 100 mW. To adjust this power a power meter is used. The power sensor is connected to the cable before the System check to measure the power at this point and do adjustments at the signal generator. At the outputs of the directional coupler both return loss as well as forward power are controlled during the validation to make sure that emitted power at the dipole is kept constant. This can also be checked by the power drift measurement after the test (result on plot).

System check results have to be equal or near the values determined during dipole calibration (target SAR in table above) with the relevant liquids and test system.



6.2 System check results

The system Check is performed for verifying the accuracy of the complete measurement system and performance of the software. The following table shows System check results for all frequency bands and tissue liquids used during the tests (plot(s) see annex A).

System Check	Target SAR (1W) (+/-10%)	Measur (Normaliz	ed SAR ed to 1W)	Liquid	Toot Data
System Check	1-g (mW/g) 10-g (mW/g)		1-g (mW/g)	10-g (mW/g)	Temp.	Test Date
D835V2 Head	9.56 (8.60~10.52)	6.19 (5.57~6.81)	9.36	6.10	21.5°C	2014-11-19
D1900V2 Head	39.46 (35.51~43.41)	20.42 (18.38~22.46)	40.30	21.29	21.5°C	2014-11-20
D835V2 Body	9.86 (8.87~10.85)	6.38 (5.74~7.02)	9.71	6.33	21.2°C	2015-01-28
D1900V2 Body	40.06 (36.05~44.07)	20.76 (18.68~22.84)	43.37	22.69	21.2°C	2015-01-29
	Note: All SAR	values are norma	alized to 1W	forward pov	wer.	

7 Measurement uncertainty evaluation

7.1 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for SAR test

The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Saumo. The breakdown of the indiv				uation for	SAR test			
	Tol.	Prob.		C _i	C _i	1g U _i	10g U _i	
Uncertainty Component	(±%)	Dist.	Div.	(1g)	(10g)	(±%)	(±%)	V_i
measurement system	(= / - /			('9/	(+-9)	(= / 5)	(= / • /	
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1	1	1	5.8	5.8	∞
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√Cp	√Cp	2.41	2.41	∞
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	∞
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	8
system Detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Modulation response	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	∞
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	8
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
RF Ambient Conditions-Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
RF Ambient Conditions- Reflections	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	∞
Probe Positioner Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	∞
Extrapolation, interpolation and Integration Algorithms for Max.SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	8
Test sample Related								
Test Sample Positioning	2.6	N	1	1	1	2.60	2.60	11
Device Holder Uncertainty	3	N	1	1	1	3.00	3.00	7
Output Power Variation-SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	∞
SAR scaling	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.15	1.15	∞
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.31	2.31	∞
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	∞
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.42	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainly		Rss				10.63	10.54	
Expanded Uncertainty{95% CONFIDENCE INTERRVAL}		k				21.26	21.08	

7.2 Measurement uncertainty evaluation for system check

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The following table includes the uncertainty table of the IEEE 1528. The values are determined by Satimo. The breakdown of the individual uncertainties is as follows:

Satimo.The breakdown of the indiv								
Unce			em Perf	ormance (1			
Uncertainty Component	Tol. (±%)	Prob. Dist.	Div.	C _i 1g	C _i 10g	1g U _i (±%)	10g U _i (±%)	V_{i}
measurement system	T		T .					
Probe Calibration	5.8	N	1 –	1	1	5.80	5.80	8
Axial Isotropy	3.5	R	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	$(1-C_p)^{1/2}$	1.43	1.43	8
Hemispherical Isotropy	5.9	R	$\sqrt{3}$	√Cp	$\sqrt{C_p}$	2.41	2.41	8
Boundary Effect	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Linearity	4.7	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.71	2.71	8
system detection Limits	1	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.58	0.58	8
Modulation response	0	N	1	1	1	0.00	0.00	8
Readout Electronics	0.5	N	1	1	1	0.50	0.50	8
Response Time	0	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.00	0.00	8
Integration Time	1.4	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
RF ambient Conditions - Noise	3	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
RF ambient Conditions – Reflections	3	R	√3	1	1	1.73	1.73	8
Probe positioned Mechanical Tolerance	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	1.4	R	√3	1	1	0.81	0.81	8
Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algorithms for Max. SAR Evaluation	2.3	R	√3	1	1	1.33	1.33	8
Dipole								
Deviation of experimental source from numerical source	4	N	1	1	1	4.00	4.00	8
Input power and SAR drift measurement	5	R	√3	1	1	2.89	2.89	8
Dipole axis to liquid Distance	2	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.16	1.16	8
Phantom and Tissue Parameters								
Phantom Uncertainty (shape and thickness tolerances)	4	R	√3	1	1	2.31	2.31	8
Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviation (in permittivity and conductivity)	2	N	1	1	0.84	2.00	1.68	8
Liquid conductivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.64	0.43	1.60	1.08	5
Liquid conductivity (target.)	5	R	√3	0.64	0.43	1.85	1.24	5
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.5	N	1	0.60	0.49	1.50	1.23	8
Liquid Permittivity (target.)	5	R	√3	0.60	0.49	1.73	1.41	8
Combined Standard Uncertainty		Rss				10.28	9.98	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval)		k				20.57	19.95	

8 SAR Test Test Configuration

8.1 GSM Test Configurations

Report No.: FCC1412155-SAR

SAR tests for GSM850 and GSM1900, a communication link is set up with a base station by air link. Using CMU200 the power lever is set to "5" and "0" in SAR of GSM850 and GSM1900. The tests in the band of GSM 850 and GSM 1900 are performed in the mode of GPRS function. Since the GPRS class is 12 for this EUT, it has at most 4 timeslots in uplink and at most 4 timeslots in downlink, the maximum total timeslot is 5.

9 Detailed Test Results

Report No.: FCC1412155-SAR

9.1 Conducted Power measurements

The output power was measured using an integrated RF connector and attached RF cable.

9.1.1 Conducted Power of GSM850

GSM850(SIM1)			-Averaged Power (dBi	•	Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)			
		128CH	190CH	251CH	Factors	128CH	190CH	251CH	
GSN	M(CS)	32.15	32.13	32.22	-9.03	23.12 23.10 23		23.19	
	1 Tx Slot	32.29	32.26	32.21	-9.03	23.26	23.23	23.18	
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	31.19	31.21	31.17	-6.02	25.17	25.19	25.15	
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	29.26	29.19	29.37	-4.26	25.00	24.93	25.11	
	4 Tx Slots	28.75	28.73	28.81	-3.01	25.74	25.72	25.80	

GSM850(SIM2)			-Averaged Power (dBr	•	Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)			
		128CH	190CH	251CH	Factors	128CH	190CH	251CH	
GSI	M(CS)	32.13	32.17	32.14	4 -9.03 23.10		23.14	23.11	
	1 Tx Slot	32.29	32.32	32.17	-9.03	23.26	23.29	23.14	
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	31.08	31.26	31.07	-6.02	25.06	25.24	25.05	
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	29.38	29.32	29.37	-4.26	25.12	25.06	25.11	
	4 Tx Slots	28.70	28.67	28.85	-3.01	25.69	25.66	25.84	

Note: 1) The conducted power of GSM850 is measured with RMS detector.

- 2) Source Based time Average Power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- 3)The bolded GPRS 4Tx slots mode was selected for SAR testing according the highest Source Based time Average Power table.
 - 4) channel /Frequency: 128/824.2; 190/836.6; 251/848.8
- 5) For Dual SIM Operation, when the power of deviation of SIM1 and SIM2 not more than 0.5dB, which tested SIM1 mode first, and then tested SIM2 mode at the worst position from SIM1 mode.

9.1.2 Conducted Power of GSM1900

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GSM1900(SIM1)			t-Averaged Power (dBi	•	Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)			
		512CH	661CH	810CH	Factors	512CH	661CH	810CH	
GSI	M(CS)	29.86	29.68	29.59	-9.03	-9.03 20.83		20.56	
	1 Tx Slot	29.81	29.53	29.64	-9.03	20.78	20.50	20.61	
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	27.84	27.65	27.44	-6.02	21.82	21.63	21.42	
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	26.93	26.77	26.58	-4.26	22.67	22.51	22.32	
	4 Tx Slots	25.76	25.55	25.42	-3.01	22.75	22.54	22.41	

GSM1900(SIM2)		Burst-Averaged output Power (dBm)			Division	Source Based time Average Power(dBm)			
		512CH	661CH	810CH	Factors	512CH	661CH	810CH	
GSN	M(CS)	29.75	29.53	29.62	-9.03	20.72	20.50	20.59	
	1 Tx Slot	29.45	29.57	29.31	-9.03	20.42	20.54	20.28	
GPRS	2 Tx Slots	27.78	27.54	27.12	-6.02	21.76	21.52	21.10	
(GMSK)	3 Tx Slots	26.57	26.63	26.34	-4.26	22.31	22.37	22.08	
	4 Tx Slots	25.69	25.42	25.31	-3.01	22.68	22.41	22.30	

Note: 1) The conducted power of GSM1900 is measured with RMS detector.

- 2) Source Based time Average Power was calculated from the measured burst-averaged output power by converting the slot powers into linear units and calculating the energy over 8 timeslots.
- 3)The bolded GPRS 4Tx slots mode was selected for SAR testing according the highest Source Based time Average Power table.
 - 4) channel /Frequency: 512/1850.2; 661/1880; 810/1909.8
- 5) For Dual SIM Operation, when the power of deviation of SIM1 and SIM2 not more than 0.5dB, which tested SIM1 mode first, and then tested SIM2 mode at the worst position from SIM1 mode.

9.1.3 Conducted Power of BT

The maximum output power of BT is:

	Average Conducted Power (dBm)					
BT	0CH	39CH	78CH			
	4.89	4.76	4.78			

Note: 1) channel /Frequency:0/2402,39/2441,78/2480.

9.2 SAR test results

Notes:

- 1) Per KDB447498 D01v05 r02,the SAR test shall be performed at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode. If the scaled SAR measured at mid-band channel for each test configuration is at least 3.0 dB lower than the SAR limit (< 0.8 W/kg), testing at the high and low channels is optional.
- 2) Per KDB447498 D01v05r02, All measurement SAR result is scaled-up to account for tune-up tolerance is compliant.
- 3) Per KDB648474 D04v01r02, SAR is evaluated without a headset connected to the device. When the standalone reported body-worn SAR is ≤1.2 W/kg, no additional SAR evaluations using a headset are required.
- 4) Per KDB648474 D04v01r02, body-worn accessory testing is typically associated with voice operations. Therefore, GSM voice was evaluated for body-worn with of headset SAR.
- 5) Per KDB865664 D01v01r03,for each frequency band,repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥0.8W/Kg; if the deviation among the repeated measurement is ≤20%,and the measured SAR <1.45W/Kg,only one repeated measurement is required.
- 6) Per KDB865664 D02v01r01, SAR plot is only required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination; Plots are also required when the measured SAR is > 1.5 W/kg, or > 7.0 W/kg for occupational exposure. The published RF exposure KDB procedures may require additional plots; for example, to support SAR to peak location separation ratio test exclusion and/or volume scan post-processing(Refer to appendix B for details).

9.2.1 Results overview of GSM850

Test Position	Test channel	Test		Value 'kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Limit	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid
of Head	/Freq.(MHz)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
Left Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.908	0.578	-3.420	32.130	33.000	1.109	21.5°C
Left Hand Touched	128/824.2	GSM	0.778	0.508	-3.300	32.150	33.000	0.946	21.5°C
Left Hand Touched	251/848.8	GSM	0.993	0.625	1.530	32.220	33.000	1.188	21.5°C
Left Hand Touched- repeat	251/848.8	GSM	0.982	0.627	-2.630	32.220	33.000	1.175	21.5°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	190/836.6	GSM	0.554	0.354	-0.950	32.130	33.000	0.677	21.5°C
Right Hand Touched	190/836.6	GSM	0.786	0.524	-2.130	32.130	33.000	0.960	21.5°C
Right Hand Touched	128/824.2	GSM	0.768	0.491	2.830	32.150	33.000	0.934	21.5°C
Right Hand Touched	251/848.8	GSM	0.896	0.573	0.320	32.220	33.000	1.072	21.5°C
Right Hand Touched- repeat	251/848.8	GSM	0.877	0.565	3.540	32.220	33.000	1.050	21.5°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	190/836.6	GSM	0.527	0.344	4.510	32.130	33.000	0.644	21.5°C
	Test th	e SIM2 Ca	ard Slot a	at the Wo	rst Case F	Position of SIM	1 Card Slot		
Left Hand Touched	251/848.8	GSM	0.964	0.622	-1.880	32.140	33.000	1.175	21.5°C
Test	Test	_ ,		Value	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled	
Position of Body with 5mm	channel /Freq.(MHz)	Test Mode	1-g	kg) 10-g	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Liquid Temp.
Towards Phantom	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	0.964	0.649	0.460	28.730	29.000	1.026	21.2°C
Towards Ground	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	1.270	0.847	1.200	28.730	29.000	1.351	21.2°C
Towards Ground	128/824.2	GPRS 4TS	1.193	0.795	2.030	28.750	29.000	1.264	21.2°C
Towards Ground	251/848.8	GPRS 4TS	1.249	0.839	2.670	28.810	29.000	1.305	21.2°C
Towards Ground Repeated	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	1.282	0.855	-4.130	28.730	29.000	1.364	21.2°C
Towards Ground with Headset	190/836.6	GSM	0.589	0.398	-2.150	32.130	33.000	0.720	21.2°C
	Test th		ard Slot a	at the Wo	rst Case F	Position of SIM	1 Card Slot		
Towards Ground	190/836.6	GPRS 4TS	1.242	0.841	-1.550	28.670	29.000	1.340	21.2°C

9.2.2 Results overview of GSM1900

Test Position of	Test channel	Test		Value kg)	Power Drift	Conducted Power	Tune-up Limit	Scaled SAR _{1-q}	Liquid
Head	/Freq.(MH z)	Mode	1-g	10-g	(%)	(dBm)	(dBm)	(W/kg)	Temp.
Left Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.111	0.064	-1.450	29.680	31.000	0.150	21.5°C
Left Hand Tilted 15°	661/1880	GSM	0.098	0.053	0.540	29.680	31.000	0.133	21.5°C
Right Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.146	0.081	2.460	29.680	31.000	0.198	21.5°C
Right Hand Tilted 15°	661/1880	GSM	0.120	0.066	-2.200	29.680	31.000	0.163	21.5°C
	Test th	ne SIM2 C	ard Slot a	at the Wo	rst Case F	Position of SIM	1 Card Slot		
Right Hand Touched	661/1880	GSM	0.155	0.087	1.620	29.530	31.000	0.217	21.5°C
Test Position of	Test channel	Test	SAR '	Value 'kg)	Power	Conducted	Tune-up	Scaled	Liquid
Body with 5mm	/Freq.(MH z)	Mode	1-g	10-g	Drift (%)	Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	SAR _{1-g} (W/kg)	Temp.
Towards Phantom	661/1880	GPRS 4TS	0.189	0.102	0.490	25.790	26.000	0.198	21.2°C
Towards	661/1880	GPRS	0.727	0.070	2 200	05.700	00.000	0.774	21.2°C
Ground	001/1000	4TS	0.737	0.378	3.300	25.790	26.000	0.774	21.2 C
Towards Ground with Headset	661/1880	4TS GSM	0.404	0.378	-0.600	25.790	26.000	0.774	21.2°C
Towards Ground with	661/1880	GSM	0.404	0.206	-0.600		26.000		

10 Multiple Transmitter Information

Report No.: FCC1412155-SAR

10.1.1 Stand-alone SAR test exclusion

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance,

mm)] $\cdot [\sqrt{f(GHz)}] \le 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,where

- f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

a)Head position

Mode	Pmay(dPm)	Dmay(m\//)	Distanco(mm)	f(CH-1)	Calculation	exclusion	SAR test
Wiode	Piliax(UDIII)	Filiax(IIIVV)	Distance(mm)	1(0112)	Result	Threshold	exclusion
BT	5.00	3.16	5.00	2.450	0.99	3.00	Yes

b)Body-Worn position

Mode	Pmax(dBm)	Pmax(mW)	Distance(mm)	Distance(mm) f(GHz) C		exclusion	SAR test
	,ax(«==:::)	1	Distance(mm)	(,	Result	Threshold	exclusion
BT	5.00	3.16	5.00	2.450	0.99	3.00	Yes

SAR test exclusion.

When the standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion

(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]·[$\sqrt{f(GHz)/x}$] W/kg for test separation distances \leq 50 mm, where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine

Mode	Position	Pmax(dBm)	Pmax(mW)	Distance(mm)	f(GHz)	x	Estimated SAR(W/Kg)
ВТ	Head	5.00	3.16	5.00	2.45	7.50	0.132
ВТ	Body	5.00	3.16	5.00	2.45	7.50	0.132

10.1.2 Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities

The Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities are as below:

Simultaneous Transmission Possibilities						
Simultaneous Tx Combination	Configuration	Head	Body			
1	GSM/GPRS +BT	YES	YES			

10.1.3 SAR Summation Scenario

Test Position		Scaled 9	SAR _{Max}	∑ _{1-q} SAR	SPLSP
		GSM850	BT	∠ _{1-g} 3AR	SPLSP
	Left Hand Touched	1.188	0.132	1.320	NA
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.677	0.132	0.809	NA
пеац	Right Hand Touched	1.072	0.132	1.204	NA
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.644	0.132	0.776	NA
Body	Towards Phantom	1.026	0.132	1.158	NA
	Towards Ground	1.364	0.132	1.496	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM850 and BT

Test Position		Scaled 9	SAR _{Max}	∑ _{1-q} SAR	SPLSP
		GSM1900	BT	Z1-g 3AK	SFLSF
	Left Hand Touched	0.150	0.132	0.282	NA
Head	Left Hand Tilted 15°	0.133	0.132	0.265	NA
	Right Hand Touched	0.217	0.132	0.349	NA
	Right Hand Tilted 15°	0.163	0.132	0.295	NA
Pody	Towards Phantom	0.198	0.132	0.330	NA
Body	Towards Ground	0.774	0.132	0.906	NA

Note: Simultaneous Tx Combination of GSM1900 and BT

MAX. Σ SAR_{1g} =1.496W/kg<1.6 W/kg, so the Simultaneous SAR is not required for BT and GSM antenna.

11 Test equipment and ancillaries used for tests

Report No.: FCC1412155-SAR

To simplify the identification of the test equipment and/or ancillaries which were used, the reporting of the relevant test cases only refer to the test item number as specified in the table below.

	Manufact Device Type		Type(Model)	Serial number	calib	ration
	urer	Device Type	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Last Cal.	Due Date
\boxtimes	SATIMO	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE	SSE5	SN 09/13 EP170	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID835	SN 14/13 DIP0G835-235	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID900	SN 14/13 DIP0G900-231	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1800	SN 14/13 DIP1G800-232	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1900	SN 14/13 DIP1G900-236	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2000 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2000	SN 14/13 DIP2G000-237	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2450	SN 14/13 DIP2G450-238	2014-05-07	2015-05-06
	SATIMO	COMOSAR 2600 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID2600	SN 28/14 DIP2G600-327	2014-07-10	2015-07-09
	SATIMO	Software	OPENSAR	N/A	N/A	N/A
	SATIMO	Phantom	COMOSAR IEEE SAM PHANTOM	SN 14/13 SAM99	N/A	N/A
	R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU 200	117528	2014-08-19	2015-08-18
	HP	Network Analyser	8753D	3410A08889	2014-08-19	2015-08-18
\boxtimes	HP	Signal Generator	E4421B	GB39340770	2014-08-19	2015-08-18
\boxtimes	Keithley	Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4014539	2014-08-19	2015-08-18
	SATIMO	Amplifier	Power Amplifier	MODU-023-A- 0004	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
\boxtimes	Agilent	Power Meter	E4418B	GB43312909	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	E4412A	MY41500046	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
	Agilent	Power Meter	E4417A	GB41291826	2014-10-13	2015-10-12
	Agilent	Power Meter Sensor	8481H	MY41091215	2014-10-13	2015-10-12

Annex A: System performance verification

(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex A.)

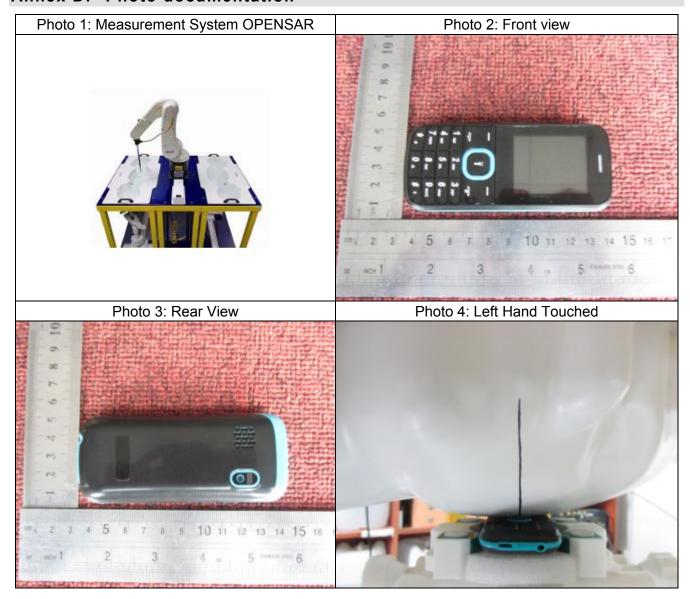
Annex B: Measurement results

(Please See the SAR Measurement Plots of annex B.)

Annex C: Calibration reports

(Please See the Calibration reports of annex C.)

Annex D: Photo documentation



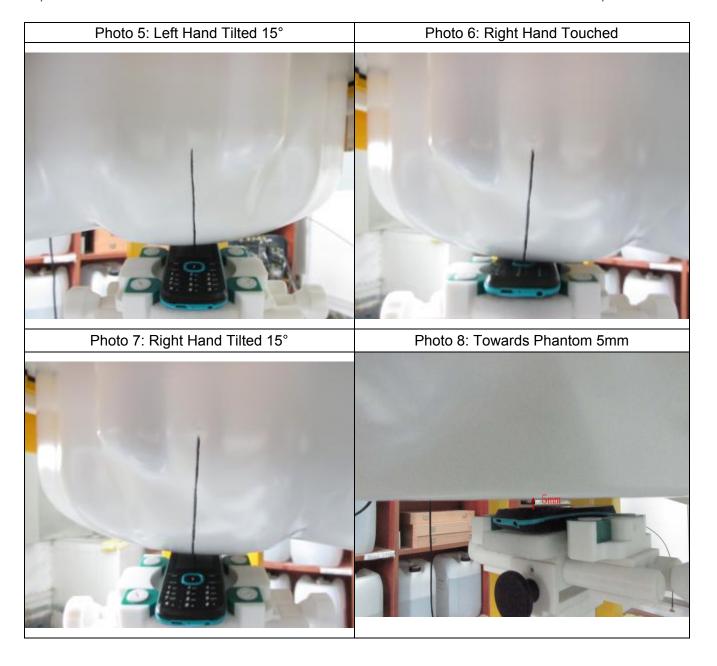


Photo 9: Towards Ground 5mm	Photo 10: Towards Ground with Headset 5mm
5mm	
Photo 11: Liquid Depth ≥ 15.0cm	N/A
THE SE AS	N/A





Annex A: System Performance Verification

Project Name :TITAN Q7

Report Number: FCC1412155-SAR

I. RESULTS

<u>TYPE</u>	<u>BAND</u>	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
Validation	CW835	Measurement 1: Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW835	Measurement 2: Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW1900	Measurement 3: Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode
Validation	CW1900	Measurement 4: Validation Plane with Dipole device position on Middle Channel in CW mode

Project name: TITAN Q7 Page 1



Verification_with_Head_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 19/11/2014

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 18 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

Area Scan	dx=8mm dy=8mm	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete	
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>	
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>	
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW835</u>	
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>	
<u>Signal</u>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)	

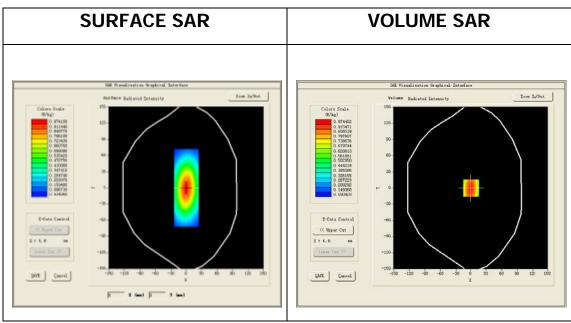
B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.64	5/2014	5/2015



Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.469101
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	18.981899
Conductivity (S/m)	0.880549
Variation (%)	-0.040000

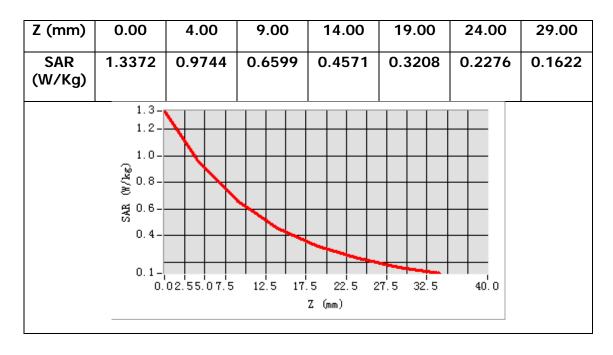


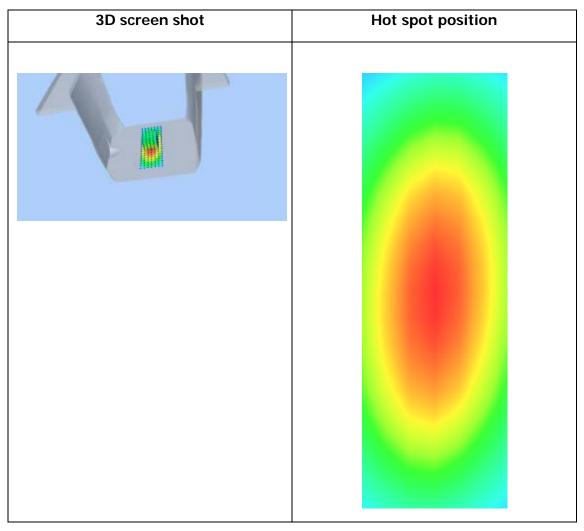
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.33 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.610439
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.935641









Verification_with_Body_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 28/1/2015

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 19 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=8mm dy=8mm
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW835</u>
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>
<u>Signal</u>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

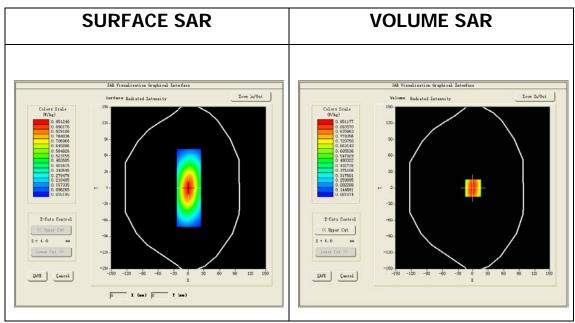
B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.86	5/2014	5/2015



Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	835.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.193401
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.773399
Conductivity (S/m)	0.963655
Variation (%)	-0.130000

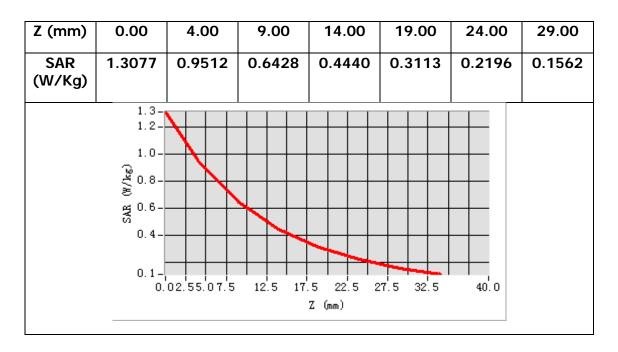


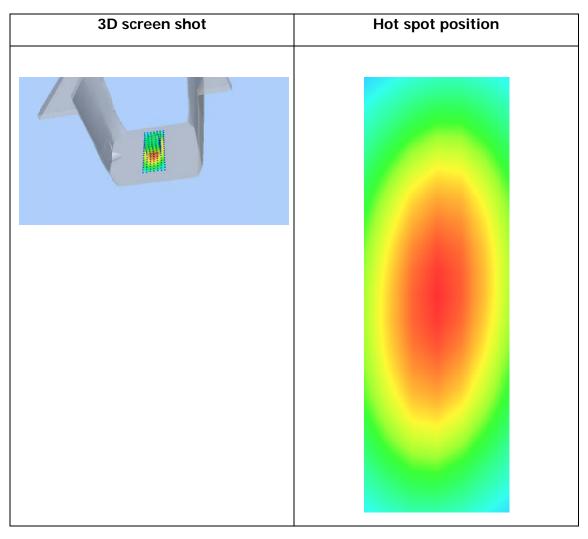
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00

SAR Peak: 1.39 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.633358
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.970776









Verification_with_Head_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 20/11/2014

Measurement duration: 11 minutes 31 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=8mm dy=8mm	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete	
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>	
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>	
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW1900</u>	
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>	
<u>Signal</u>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)	

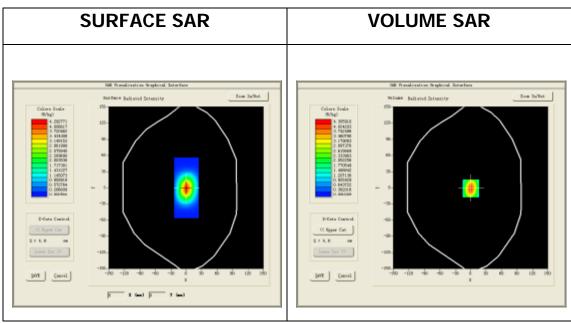
B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.26	5/2014	5/2015



Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.929798
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.198100
Conductivity (S/m)	1.393133
Variation (%)	0.080000

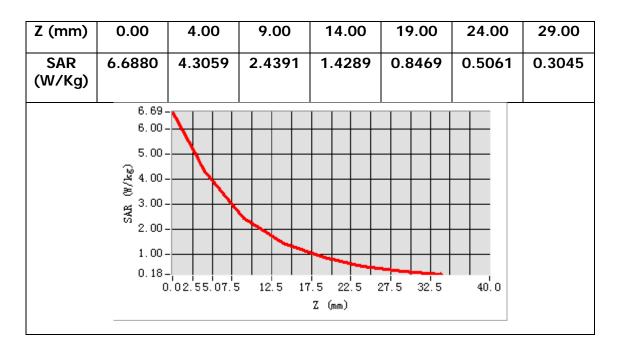


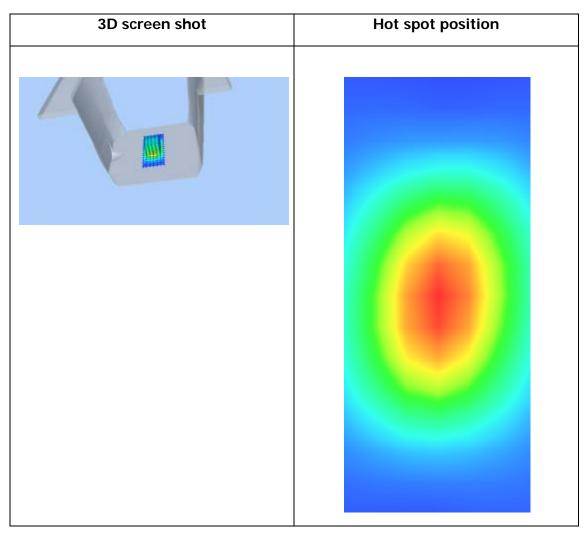
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-1.00

SAR Peak: 6.63 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.128508
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.029941









Verification_with_Body_liquid

Type: Validation measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 29/1/2015

Measurement duration: 11 minutes 37 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=8mm dy=8mm	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete	
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>	
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Dipole</u>	
<u>Band</u>	<u>CW1900</u>	
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>	
<u>Signal</u>	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)	

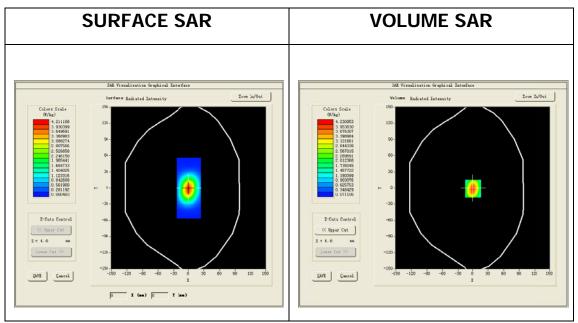
B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.41	5/2014	5/2015



Middle Band SAR (Channel -1):

Frequency (MHz)	1900.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.321301
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.406700
Conductivity (S/m)	1.520707
Variation (%)	-0.130000

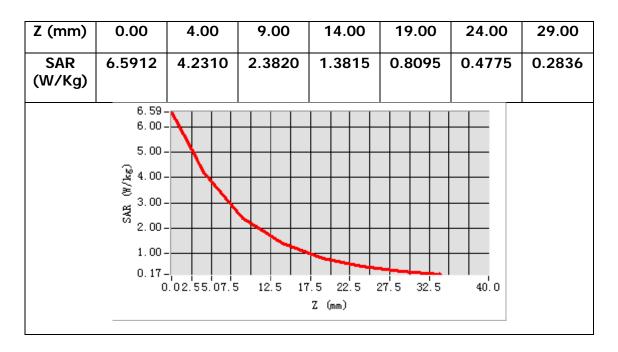


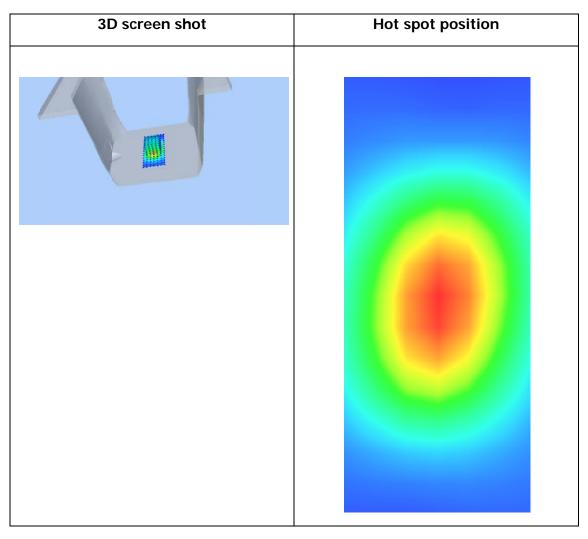
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=-1.00

SAR Peak: 7.14 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	2.268953
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	4.336731











Annex B: Measurement Results

Project Name :TITAN Q7

Report Number:

FCC1412155-SAR

I. RESULTS

<u>TYPE</u>	<u>BAND</u>	<u>PARAMETERS</u>
Phone	GSM850	Measurement 1: Left Head with Cheek device position on High Channel in GSM mode
Phone	GSM1900	Measurement 2: Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode
Phone	CUSTOM	Measurement 3: Validation Plane with Body device position (band GPRS850_4Tx)
Phone	CUSTOM	Measurement 4: Validation Plane with Body device position (band GPRS1900_4Tx)



Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 19/11/2014

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 43 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm</u>	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete	
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Left head</u>	
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>	
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM850</u>	
<u>Channels</u>	<u>High</u>	
<u>Signal</u>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)	

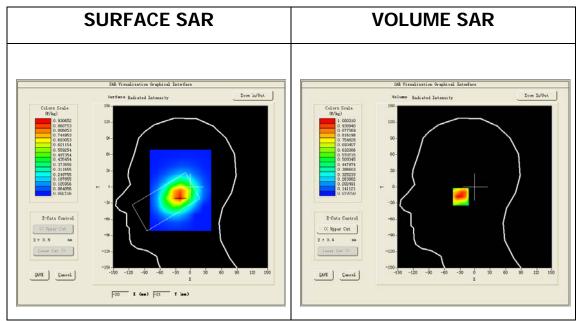
B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.64	5/2014	5/2015



Higher Band SAR (Channel 251):

Frequency (MHz)	848.799988
Relative permittivity (real part)	41.208759
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.059681
Conductivity (S/m)	0.898770
Variation (%)	1.530000



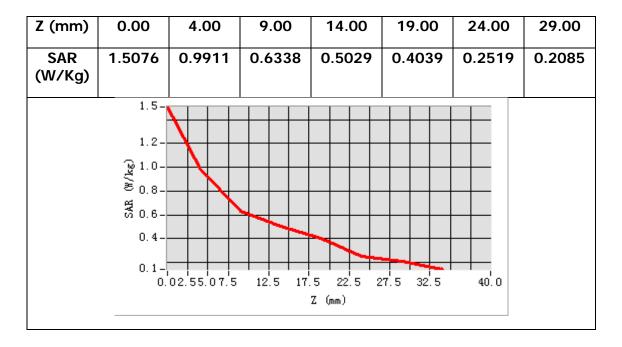
Maximum location: X=-21.00, Y=-18.00

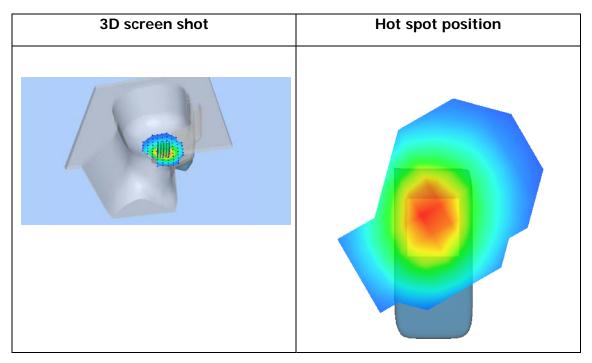
SAR Peak: 1.53 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.625083
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.992511

SATIMO 225, rue Pierre Rivoalon 29200 Brest - France

Tel:+33 (0)2 98 05 13 34; Fax: +33 (0)2 98 05 53 87; www.satimo.com







Right_cheek_middle_with_SIM2

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 20/11/2014

Measurement duration: 7 minutes 26 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

<u>Area Scan</u>	<u>dx=15mm dy=15mm</u>	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete	
<u>Phantom</u>	Right head	
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Cheek</u>	
<u>Band</u>	<u>GSM1900</u>	
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>	
<u>Signal</u>	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)	

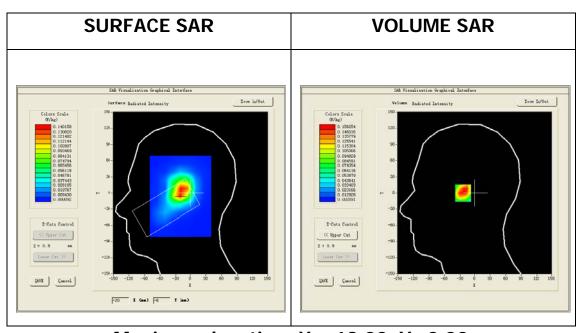
B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.26	5/2014	5/2015



Middle Band SAR (Channel 661):

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.011902
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.159400
Conductivity (S/m)	1.374426
Variation (%)	1.620000



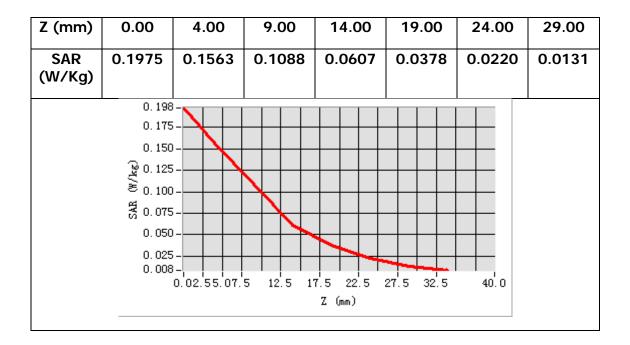
Maximum location: X=-19.00, Y=0.00

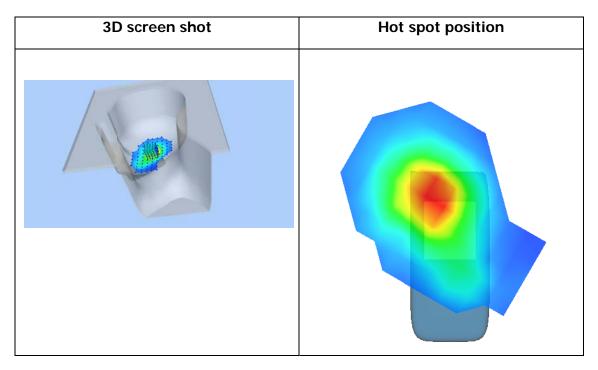
SAR Peak: 0.26 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.086766
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.155222

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Towards_ground_middle_5mm_repeat

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 28/1/2015

Measurement duration: 9 minutes 25 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

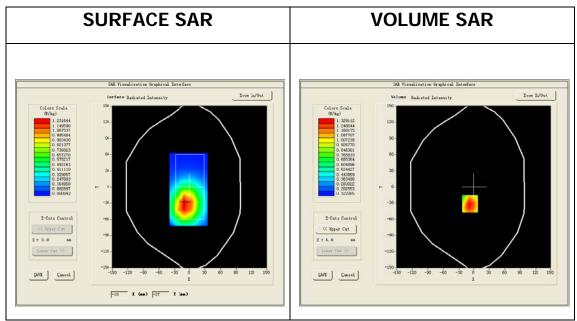
Area Scan	dx=15mm dy=15mm	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete	
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>	
<u>Device Position</u>	Body	
<u>Band</u>	CUSTOM (GPRS850 4Tx)	
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>	
<u>Signal</u>	Duty Cycle: 50% (Crest factor: 2.0)	

B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.86	5/2014	5/2015



Frequency (MHz)	836.599976
Relative permittivity (real part)	55.156248
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.519356
Conductivity (S/m)	0.952685
Variation (%)	-4.130000

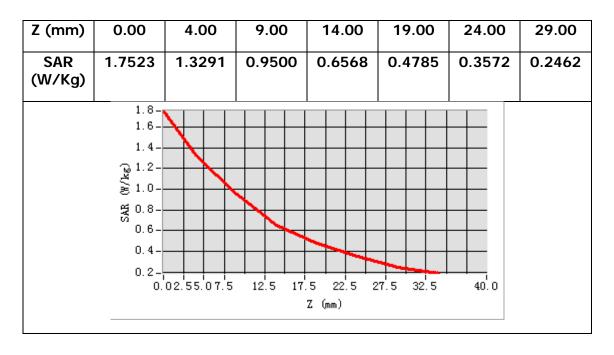


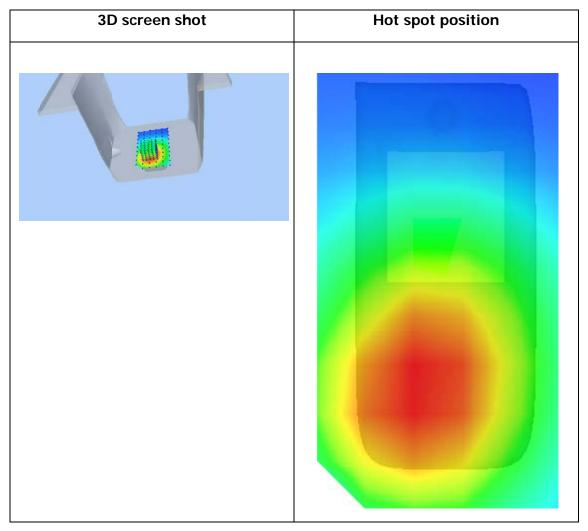
Maximum location: X=-8.00, Y=-31.00

SAR Peak: 1.76 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.854596
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.282144









Towards_ground_middle_5mm

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)

Date of measurement: 29/1/2015

Measurement duration: 8 minutes 47 seconds

A. Experimental conditions.

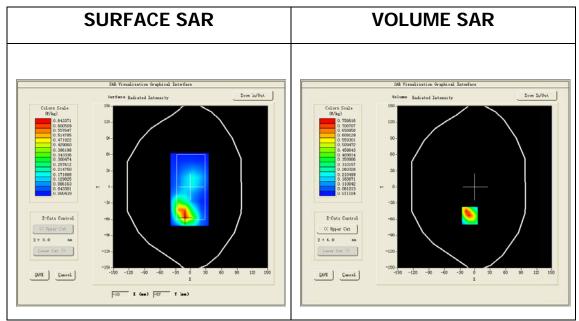
<u>Area Scan</u>	dx=15mm dy=15mm	
<u>ZoomScan</u>	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm,Complete	
<u>Phantom</u>	<u>Validation plane</u>	
<u>Device Position</u>	<u>Body</u>	
<u>Band</u>	CUSTOM (GPRS1900 4Tx)	
<u>Channels</u>	<u>Middle</u>	
<u>Signal</u>	Duty Cycle: 50% (Crest factor: 2.0)	

B. Instrumentations.

Equipment description	Manufactur er/Model	Identificati on No.	Current calibration date	Next calibration date
SAR Probe	SATIMO	SN_0913_EP1 70/nCF: 5.41	5/2014	5/2015



Frequency (MHz)	1880.000000
Relative permittivity (real part)	53.4105849
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.367146
Conductivity (S/m)	1.517830
Variation (%)	3.300000

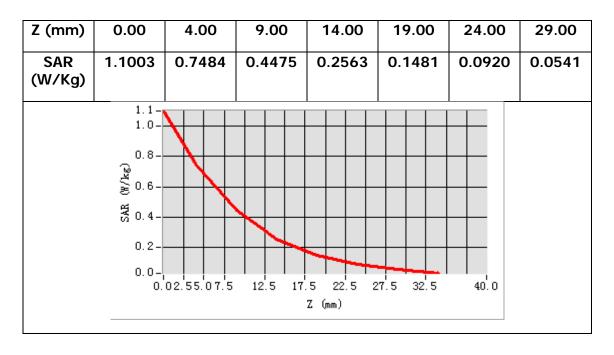


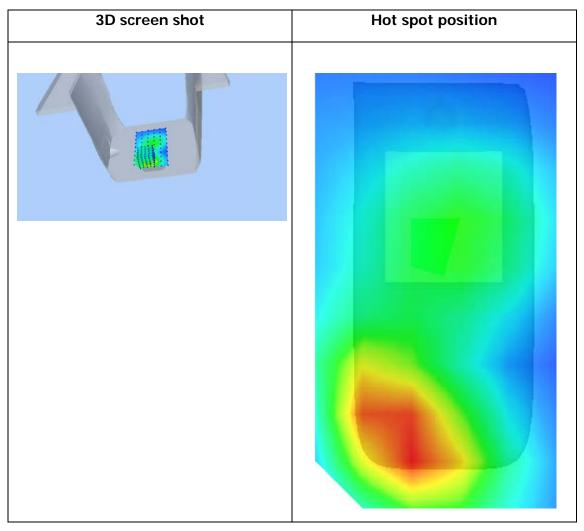
Maximum location: X=-10.00, Y=-53.00

SAR Peak: 1.21 W/kg

SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.377929
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.736965









Annex C: Calibration reports

Project name :TITAN Q7

Report Number:

FCC1412155-SAR



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.127.1.14.SATU.B

WORLD STANDARDIZATION CERTIFICATION & TESTING CO .,LTD

BLOCK A, BAO SHI SCIENCE PARK,BAO SHI ROAD, BAO'AN DISTRICT

SHENZHEN 518108,P.R. CHINA

SATIMO COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 09/13 EP170

Calibrated at SATIMO US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



05/07/2014

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a SATIMO COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.



	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	Jes
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	JES
Approved by:	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	5/7/2014	thim Putthowski

	Customer Name
Distribution:	World Standardization Certification & Testing Co .,Ltd

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	5/7/2014	Initial release
В	7/7/2014	Add 2600 MHz factor



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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE			
Manufacturer	Satimo			
Model	SSE5			
Serial Number	SN 09/13 EP170			
Product Condition (new / used)	Used			
Frequency Range of Probe	0.3 GHz-3GHz			
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.216 MΩ			
	Dipole 2: R2=0.224 MΩ			
	Dipole 3: R3=0.215 MΩ			

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – *Satimo COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole*

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	4.5 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	5 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	2.7 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.



3.2 <u>SENSITIVITY</u>

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$ in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$.

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

Uncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide							
ERROR SOURCES	Uncertainty value (%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	ci	Standard Uncertainty (%)		
Incident or forward power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%		
Reflected power	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%		
Liquid conductivity	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%		
Liquid permittivity	4.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.309%		
Field homogeneity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%		
Field probe positioning	5.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	2.887%		
Field probe linearity	3.00%	Rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1.732%		



Combined standard uncertainty			5.831%
Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2			12.0%

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

Calibration Parameters			
Liquid Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Temperature	21 °C		
Lab Humidity	45 %		

5.1 <u>SENSITIVITY IN AIR</u>

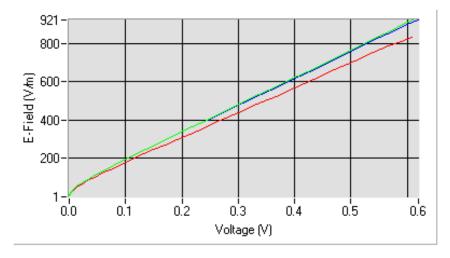
	Normy dipole	
$1 \left(\mu V / (V/m)^2 \right)$	$2 \left(\mu V / (V/m)^2 \right)$	$3 (\mu V/(V/m)^2)$
5.73	6.15	6.21

DCP dipole 1	DCP dipole 2	DCP dipole 3
(mV)	(mV)	(mV)
97	93	90

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$

Calibration curves



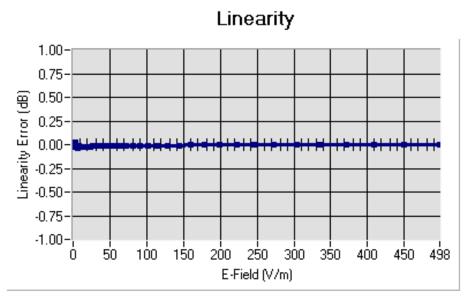
Dipole 1 Dipole 2 Dipole 3

Page: 6/9

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5.2 <u>LINEARITY</u>



Linearity: 1+/-0.74% (+/-0.03dB)

5.3 <u>SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID</u>

<u>Liquid</u>	Frequency	Permittivity	Epsilon (S/m)	<u>ConvF</u>
	<u>(MHz +/-</u>			
	<u>100MHz)</u>			
HL300	300	44.58	0.82	5.23
BL300	300	59.69	0.90	5.38
HL450	450	43.02	0.85	6.44
BL450	450	57.52	0.96	6.68
HL850	835	43.03	0.87	5.64
BL850	835	53.35	0.96	5.86
HL900	900	42.29	0.96	5.37
BL900	900	56.82	1.06	5.54
HL1800	1800	40.93	1.36	4.95
BL1800	1800	52.57	1.47	5.05
HL1900	1900	40.92	1.45	5.26
BL1900	1900	53.60	1.52	5.41
HL2000	2000	39.36	1.44	5.02
BL2000	2000	52.17	1.53	5.22
HL2450	2450	39.12	1.78	4.84
BL2450	2450	52.17	1.90	5.00
HL2600	2600	39.12	1.78	5.22
BL2600	2600	52.17	1.90	5.41

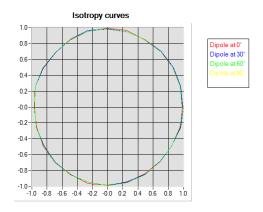
LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg



5.4 <u>ISOTROPY</u>

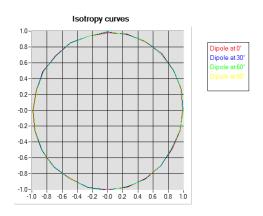
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB- Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB





6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet						
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date		
Flat Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71		Validated. No cal required.		
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA		Validated. No cal required.		
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016		
Reference Probe	Satimo	EP 94 SN 37/08	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016		
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016		
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016		
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016		
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.		
Waveguide	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-712		Validated. No cal required.		
Waveguide Transition	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701		Validated. No cal required.		
Waveguide Termination	Mega Industries	069Y7-158-13-701		Validated. No cal required.		
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015		



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.127.4.14.SATU.A

WORLD STANDARDIZATION CERTIFICATION & TESTING CO.,LTD

BLOCK A, BAO SHI SCIENCE PARK,BAO SHI ROAD,
BAO'AN DISTRICT
SHENZHEN 518108,P.R. CHINA
SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 14/13 DIP 0G835-235

Calibrated at SATIMO US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



05/07/2014

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	JES
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	JE
Approved by:	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	5/7/2014	thim Puthowshi

	Customer Name
Distribution:	World Standardization Certification & Testing Co .,Ltd

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	5/7/2014	Initial release



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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test				
Device Type	COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE			
Manufacturer	Satimo			
Model	SID835			
Serial Number	SN 14/13 DIP 0G835-235			
Product Condition (new / used)	Used			

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – *Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole*



4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss	
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB	

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length	
3 - 300	0.05 mm	

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

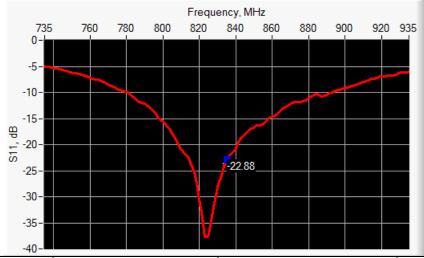
Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 <u>RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE</u>



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
835	-22.88	-20	$57.6 \Omega - 0.2 j\Omega$

6.2 <u>MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS</u>

Frequency MHz	Ln	nm	h m	nm	d r	nm
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.	PASS	89.8 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.		39.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 43.8 sigma: 0.91
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_{r}')		Conductivity (σ) S/m	
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %	PASS	0.90 ±5 %	PASS
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

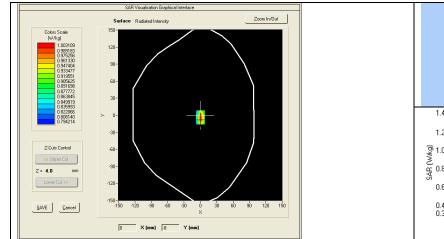
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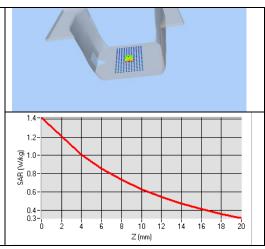


7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56	9.56 (0.96)	6.22	6.19 (0.62)
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7		20.5	
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	





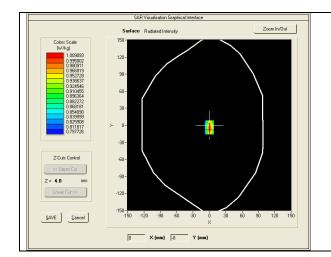
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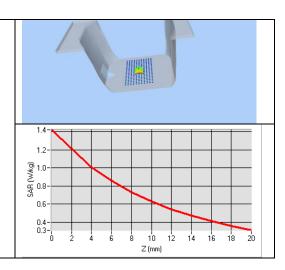


7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps': 54.4 sigma: 0.94
Distance between dipole center and liquid	15.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	835 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)
	measured	measured
835	9.86 (0.99)	6.38 (0.64)







8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date	
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016	
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013	12/2016	
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015	



SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.127.7.14.SATU.A

WORLD STANDARDIZATION CERTIFICATION & TESTING CO .,LTD

BLOCK A, BAO SHI SCIENCE PARK,BAO SHI ROAD, BAO'AN DISTRICT

SHENZHEN 518108, P.R. CHINA

SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 14/13 DIP 1G900-236

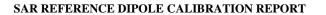
Calibrated at SATIMO US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



05/07/2014

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





	Name	Function	Date	Signature
Prepared by :	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	JES
Checked by:	Jérôme LUC	Product Manager	5/7/2014	JE
Approved by:	Kim RUTKOWSKI	Quality Manager	5/7/2014	thim Puthowshi

	Customer Name
Distribution:	World Standardization Certification & Testing Co .,Ltd

Issue	Date	Modifications
A	5/7/2014	Initial release



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1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test		
Device Type	COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	
Manufacturer	Satimo	
Model	SID1900	
Serial Number	SN 14/13 DIP 1G900-236	
Product Condition (new / used)	Used	

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 – *Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole*



4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

Frequency band	Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss
400-6000MHz	0.1 dB

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

Length (mm)	Expanded Uncertainty on Length	
3 - 300	0.05 mm	

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

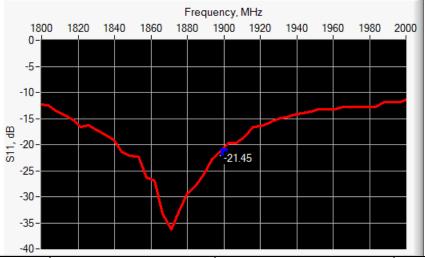
Scan Volume	Expanded Uncertainty
1 g	20.3 %
10 g	20.1 %

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6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 <u>RETURN LOSS AND IMPEDANCE</u>



Frequency (MHz)	Return Loss (dB)	Requirement (dB)	Impedance
1900	-21.45	-20	$53.2 \Omega + 8.2 j\Omega$

6.2 <u>MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS</u>

Frequency MHz	Lm	ım	h mm		d mm	
	required	measured	required	measured	required	measured
300	420.0 ±1 %.		250.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
450	290.0 ±1 %.		166.7 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
750	176.0 ±1 %.		100.0 ±1 %.		6.35 ±1 %.	
835	161.0 ±1 %.		89.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
900	149.0 ±1 %.		83.3 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1450	89.1 ±1 %.		51.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1500	80.5 ±1 %.		50.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1640	79.0 ±1 %.		45.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1750	75.2 ±1 %.		42.9 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1800	72.0 ±1 %.		41.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
1900	68.0 ±1 %.	PASS	39.5 ±1 %.	PASS	3.6 ±1 %.	PASS
1950	66.3 ±1 %.		38.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2000	64.5 ±1 %.		37.5 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2100	61.0 ±1 %.		35.7 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2300	55.5 ±1 %.		32.6 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2450	51.5 ±1 %.		30.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
2600	48.5 ±1 %.		28.8 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3000	41.5 ±1 %.		25.0 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3500	37.0±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	
3700	34.7±1 %.		26.4 ±1 %.		3.6 ±1 %.	

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7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Head Liquid Values: eps': 40.9 sigma: 1.45
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

Frequency MHz	Relative permittivity (ϵ_r')		Conductiv	ity (σ) S/m
	required	measured	required	measured
300	45.3 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
450	43.5 ±5 %		0.87 ±5 %	
750	41.9 ±5 %		0.89 ±5 %	
835	41.5 ±5 %		0.90 ±5 %	
900	41.5 ±5 %		0.97 ±5 %	
1450	40.5 ±5 %		1.20 ±5 %	
1500	40.4 ±5 %		1.23 ±5 %	
1640	40.2 ±5 %		1.31 ±5 %	
1750	40.1 ±5 %		1.37 ±5 %	
1800	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
1900	40.0 ±5 %	PASS	1.40 ±5 %	PASS
1950	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2000	40.0 ±5 %		1.40 ±5 %	
2100	39.8 ±5 %		1.49 ±5 %	
2300	39.5 ±5 %		1.67 ±5 %	
2450	39.2 ±5 %		1.80 ±5 %	
2600	39.0 ±5 %		1.96 ±5 %	
3000	38.5 ±5 %		2.40 ±5 %	
3500	37.9 ±5 %		2.91 ±5 %	

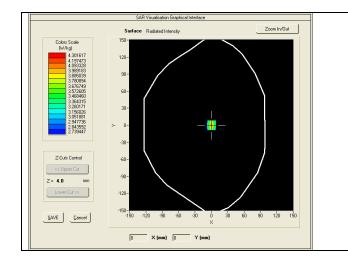
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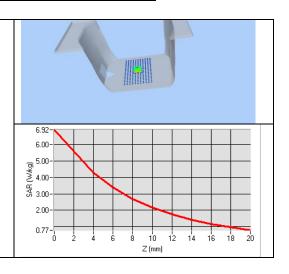


7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)		10 g SAR	(W/kg/W)
	required	measured	required	measured
300	2.85		1.94	
450	4.58		3.06	
750	8.49		5.55	
835	9.56		6.22	
900	10.9		6.99	
1450	29		16	
1500	30.5		16.8	
1640	34.2		18.4	
1750	36.4		19.3	
1800	38.4		20.1	
1900	39.7	39.46 (3.95)	20.5	20.42 (2.04)
1950	40.5		20.9	
2000	41.1		21.1	
2100	43.6		21.9	
2300	48.7		23.3	
2450	52.4		24	
2600	55.3		24.6	
3000	63.8		25.7	
3500	67.1		25	





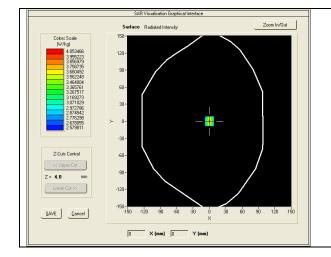
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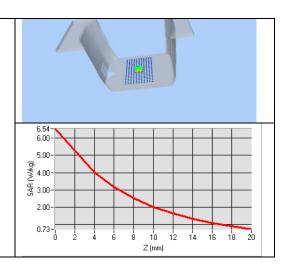


7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

Software	OPENSAR V4
Phantom	SN 20/09 SAM71
Probe	SN 18/11 EPG122
Liquid	Body Liquid Values: eps': 53.6 sigma: 1.52
Distance between dipole center and liquid	10.0 mm
Area scan resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8mm
Zoon Scan Resolution	dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm
Frequency	1900 MHz
Input power	20 dBm
Liquid Temperature	21 °C
Lab Temperature	21 °C
Lab Humidity	45 %

Frequency MHz	1 g SAR (W/kg/W)	10 g SAR (W/kg/W)	
	measured	measured	
1900	40.06 (4.01)	20.76 (2.08)	







8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet					
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model Identification No. Current Calibration Date		Next Calibration Date		
SAM Phantom	Satimo	SN-20/09-SAM71	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
COMOSAR Test Bench	Version 3	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.	
Network Analyzer	Rhode & Schwarz ZVA	SN100132	02/2013	02/2016	
Calipers	Carrera	CALIPER-01	12/2013	12/2016	
Reference Probe	Satimo	EPG122 SN 18/11	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	1188656	12/2013	12/2016	
Signal Generator	Agilent E4438C	MY49070581	12/2013	12/2016	
Amplifier	Aethercomm	SN 046	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Power Meter	HP E4418A	US38261498	12/2013	12/2016	
Power Sensor	HP ECP-E26A	US37181460	12/2013	12/2016	
Directional Coupler	Narda 4216-20	01386	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	
Temperature and Humidity Sensor	Control Company	11-661-9	8/2012	8/2015	