

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E WCDMA Band VI 1412CH Back side 10mm with back cover ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 1732.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.322$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.596$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.408 W/kg

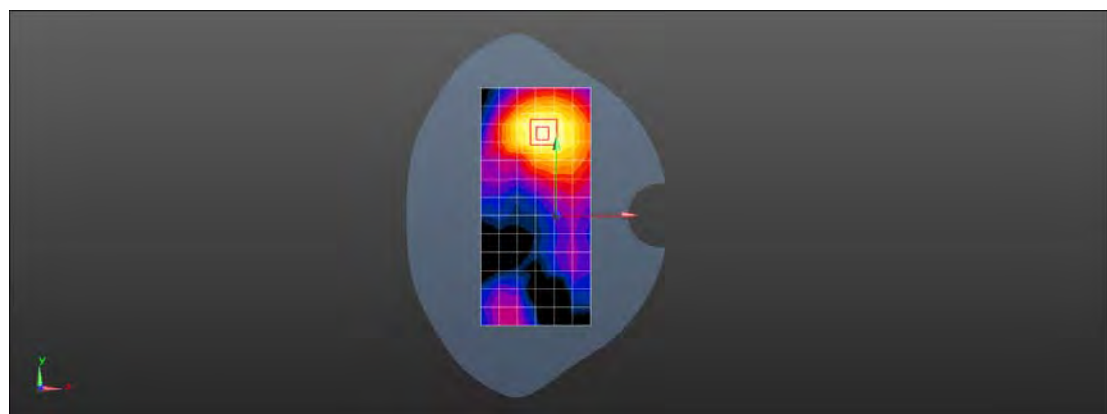
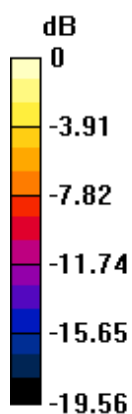
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.446 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.578 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.347 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.201 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.499 W/kg



0 dB = 0.499 W/kg = -3.02 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E WCDMA Band V 4182CH Right cheek ANT1

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.909$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.366$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.382 W/kg

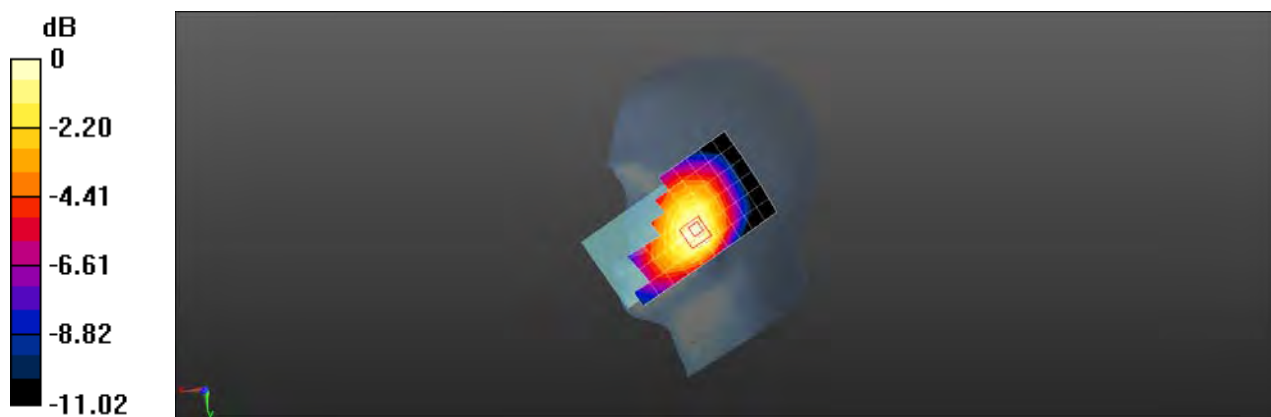
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 5.602 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.427 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.306 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.224 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.374 W/kg



0 dB = 0.374 W/kg = -4.27 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E WCDMA Band V 4182CH Back side 15mm ANT1

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.909$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.366$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.296 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 15.68 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.331 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.246 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.186 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.301 W/kg



0 dB = 0.301 W/kg = -5.21 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E WCDMA Band V 4182CH Back side 10mm ANT1

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.909$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.366$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.507 W/kg

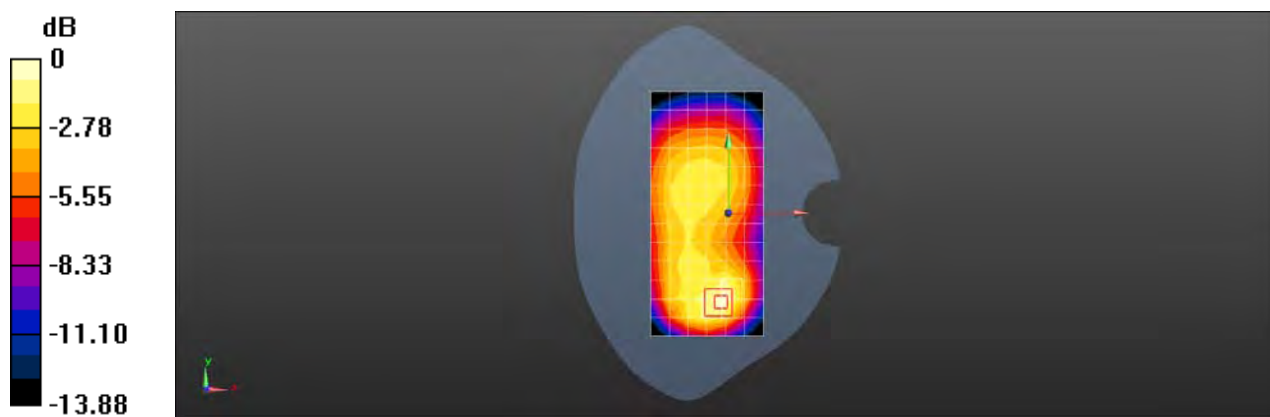
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 15.98 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.638 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.346 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.202 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.519 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E WCDMA Band V 4182CH Right cheek ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.909$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.366$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.232 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.82 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.424 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.187 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.112 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.325 W/kg



0 dB = 0.325 W/kg = -4.88 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E WCDMA Band V 4182CH Front side 15mm with back cover ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.909$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.366$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.142 W/kg

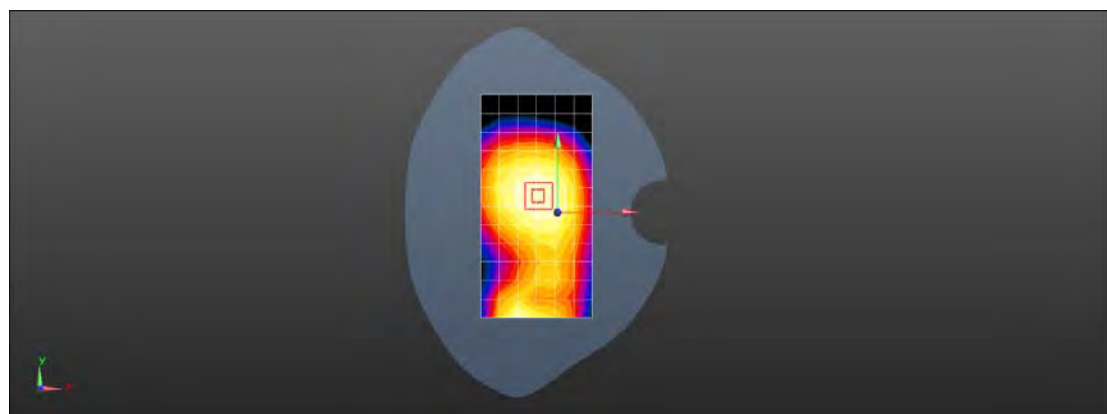
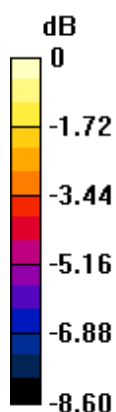
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.23 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.157 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.116 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.088 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.142 W/kg



0 dB = 0.142 W/kg = -8.48 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E WCDMA Band V 4182CH Back side 10mm with back cover ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, WCDMA (0); Frequency: 836.4 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.4$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.909$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.366$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.356 W/kg

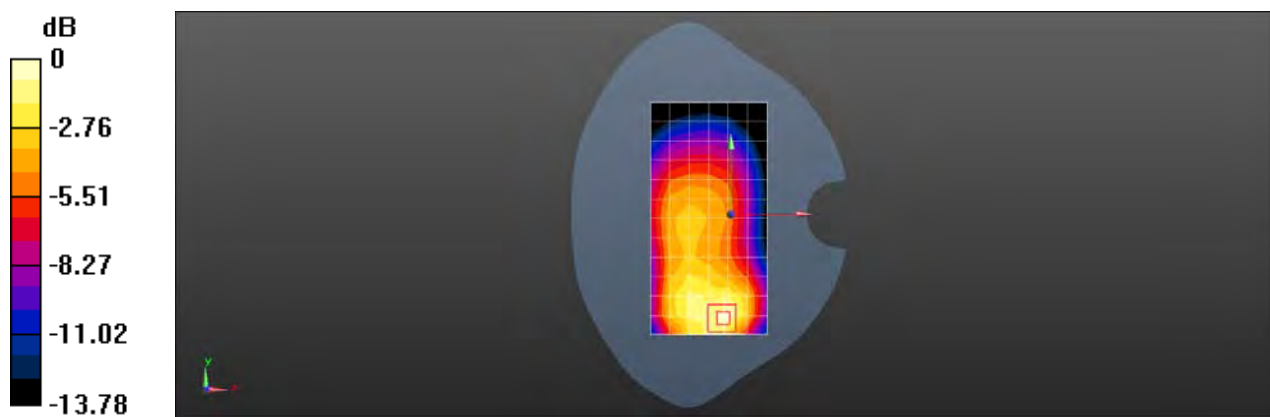
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.456 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.243 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.140 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.368 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 1RB50 18900CH Right cheek with back cover ANT1

DUT: HLTE226E; Type: mobile phone; Serial: 6SCETKCYJF4DJV7H

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.361$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.354$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0800 W/kg

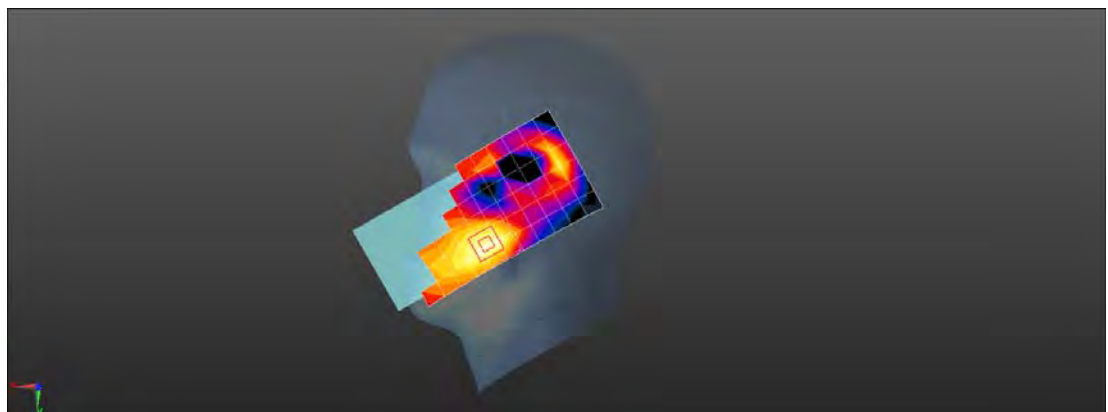
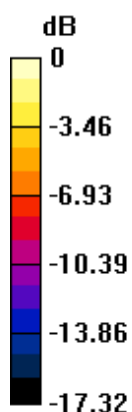
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.698 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.103 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.060 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.034 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0868 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0868 W/kg = -10.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 1RB50 18900CH Back side 15mm ANT1

DUT: HLTE226E; Type: mobile phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.361$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.354$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.426 W/kg

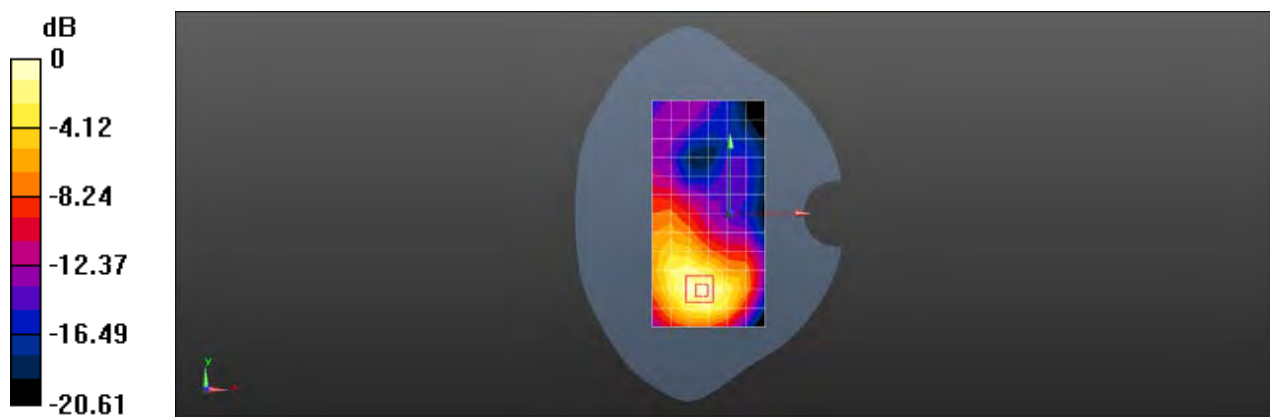
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.662 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.517 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.303 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.439 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 1RB50 18700CH Bottom side-repeat 10mm Ant1

DUT: HLTE226E; Type: mobile phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900; Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.354$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.364$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.954 W/kg

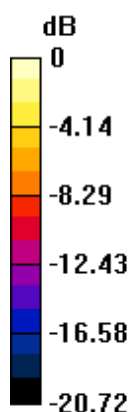
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.42 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.57 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.879 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.482 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.32 W/kg



0 dB = 1.32 W/kg = 1.21 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 100RB0 18900CH Right cheek ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900;Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.368$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.662$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.72 W/kg

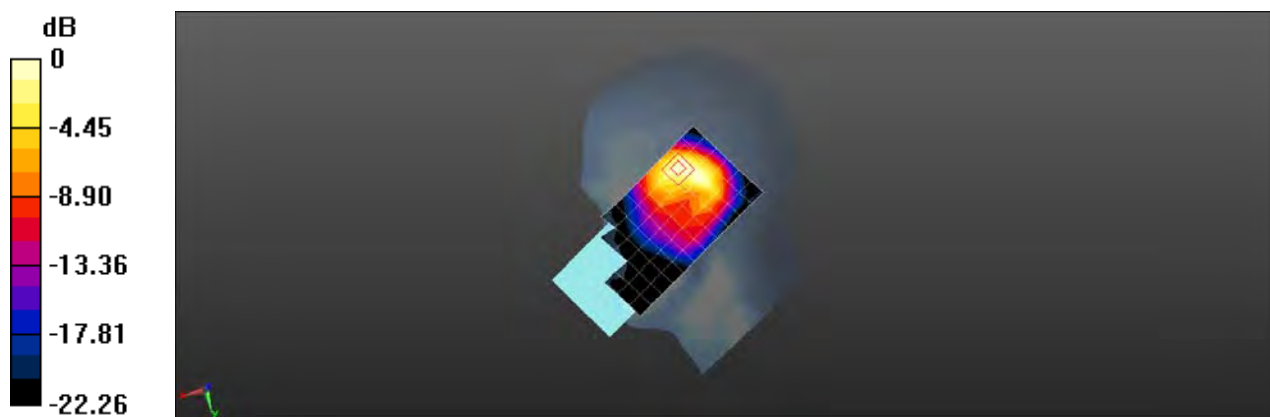
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 25.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.28 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.01 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.485 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.64 W/kg



0 dB = 1.64 W/kg = 2.15 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 50RB0 18900H Back side 15mm with splink cover ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900;Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.368$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.662$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.435 W/kg

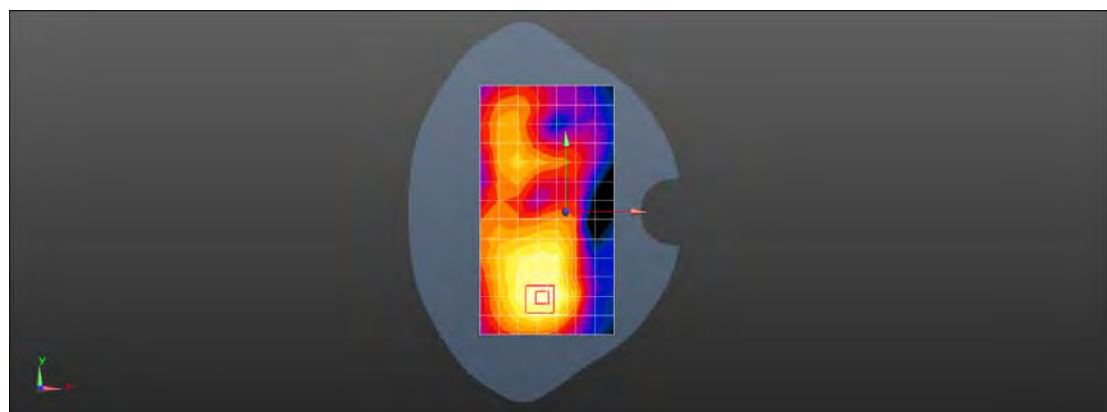
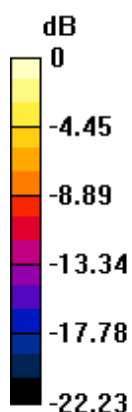
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.112 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.552 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.284 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.150 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.436 W/kg



0 dB = 0.436 W/kg = -3.61 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 2 20M QPSK 50RB0 18900H Top side 10mm ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1900;Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.368$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.662$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (5x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.516 W/kg

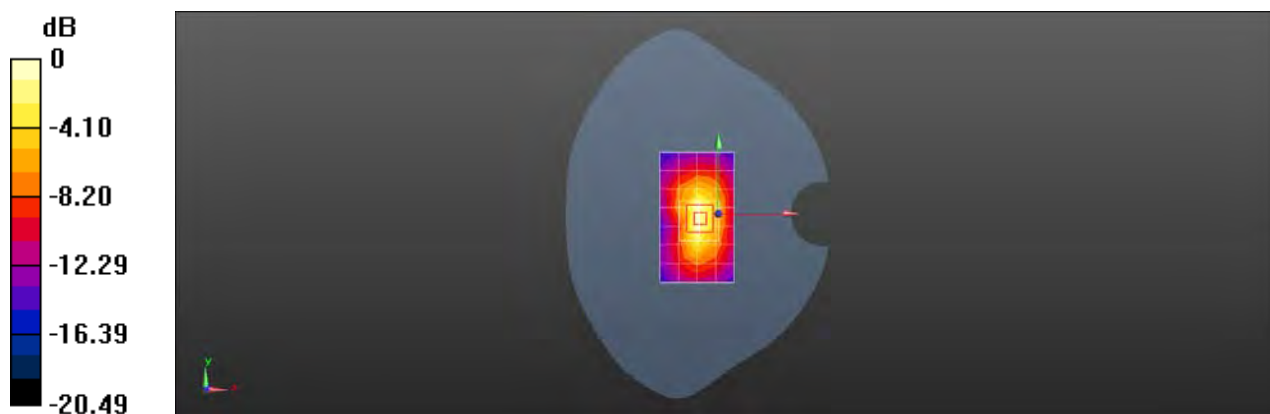
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 16.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.709 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.358 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.175 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.583 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB50 20050CH Right tilted ANT1

DUT: HLTE226E; Type: mobile phone; Serial: 6SCETKCYJF4DJV7H

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750;Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.301$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.891$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0316 W/kg

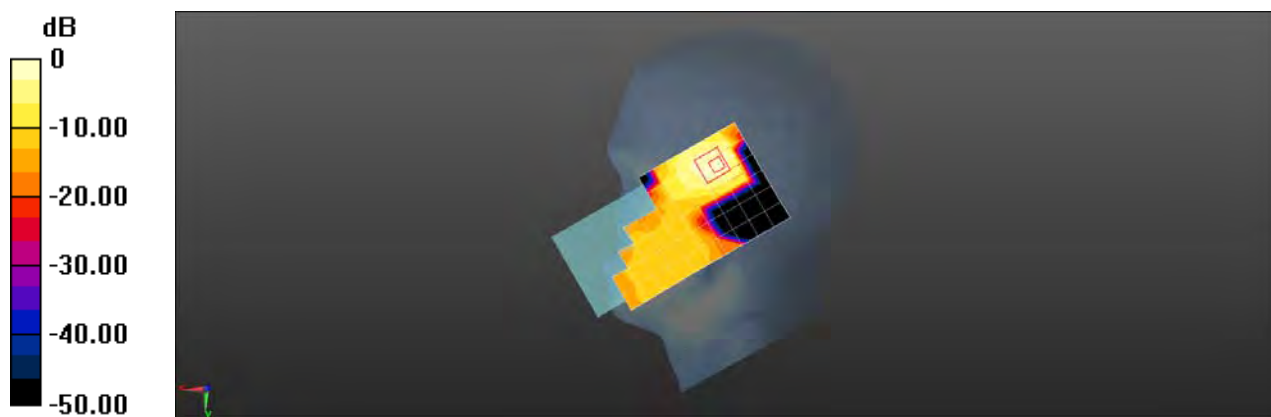
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.524 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0530 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.029 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0392 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0392 W/kg = -14.07 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB50 20050CH Back side 15mm ANT1

DUT: HLTE226E; Type: mobile phone; Serial: 6SCETKCYJF4DJV7H

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750;Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.375$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.672$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.490 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.475 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.578 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.356 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.211 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.498 W/kg



0 dB = 0.498 W/kg = -3.03 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB50 20300CH Bottom side 10mm ANT1

DUT: HLTE226E; Type: mobile phone; Serial: 6SCETKCYJF4DJV7H

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1745 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used: $f = 1745$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.401$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.588$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.20 W/kg

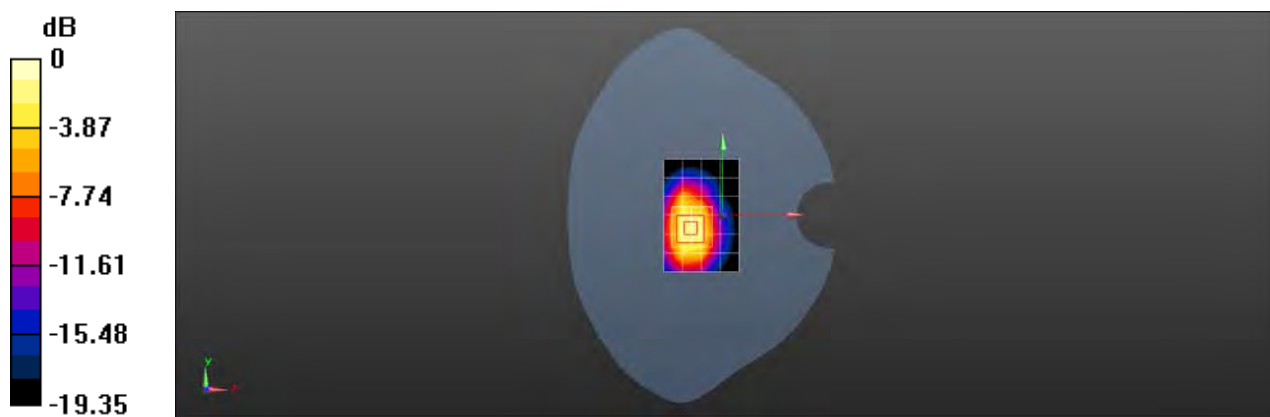
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 21.69 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.93 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.587 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.62 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 1RB50 20050CH Bottom side 0mm ANT1

DUT: HLTE226E; Type: mobile phone; Serial: 6SCETKCYJF4DJV7H

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.375$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.672$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 6.93 W/kg

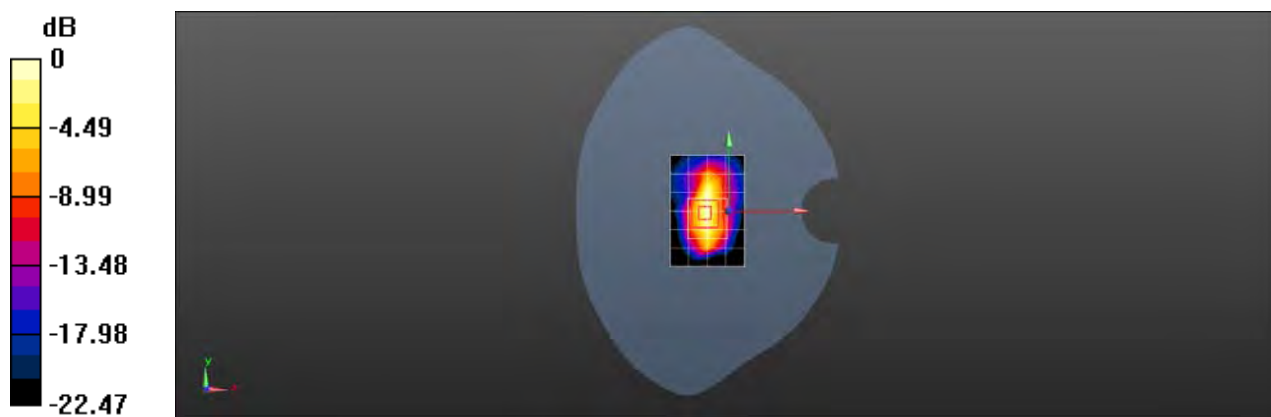
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 58.18 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 10.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.99 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.84 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 7.77 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 50RB50 20050CH Right cheek ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750;Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.29$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.509$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.791 W/kg

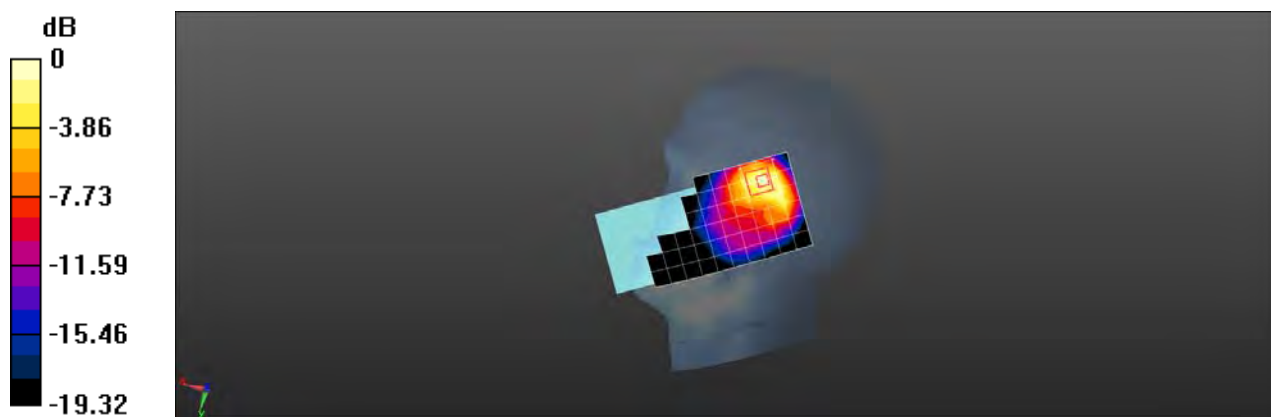
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 14.58 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.09 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.606 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.321 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.874 W/kg



0 dB = 0.874 W/kg = -0.58 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 50RB50 20050CH Back side 15mm ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750;Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.29$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.509$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0985 W/kg

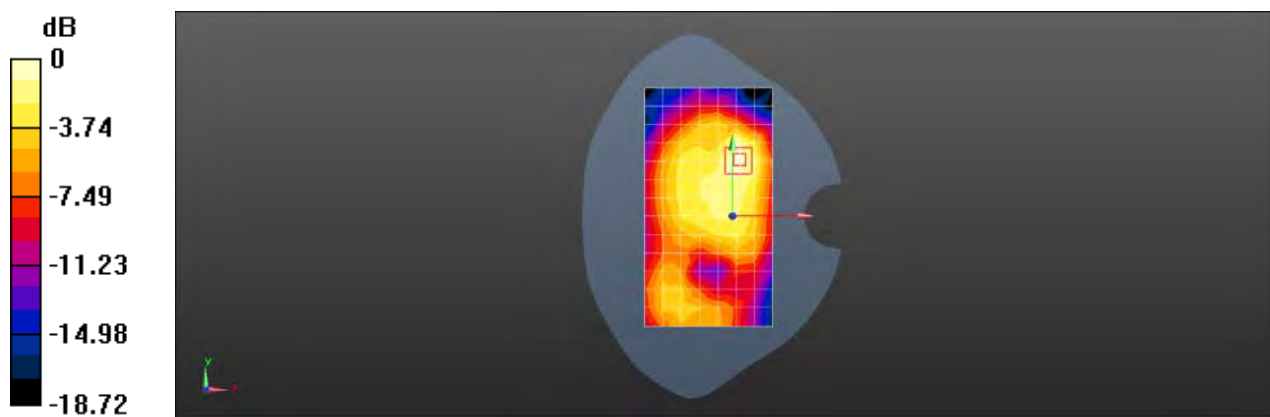
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.219 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.125 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.073 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.042 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.105 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 4 20M QPSK 50RB50 20050CH Back side 10mm with splink cover ANT2 FC

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL1750; Medium parameters used: $f = 1720$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.29$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.509$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(7.6, 7.6, 7.6); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.217 W/kg

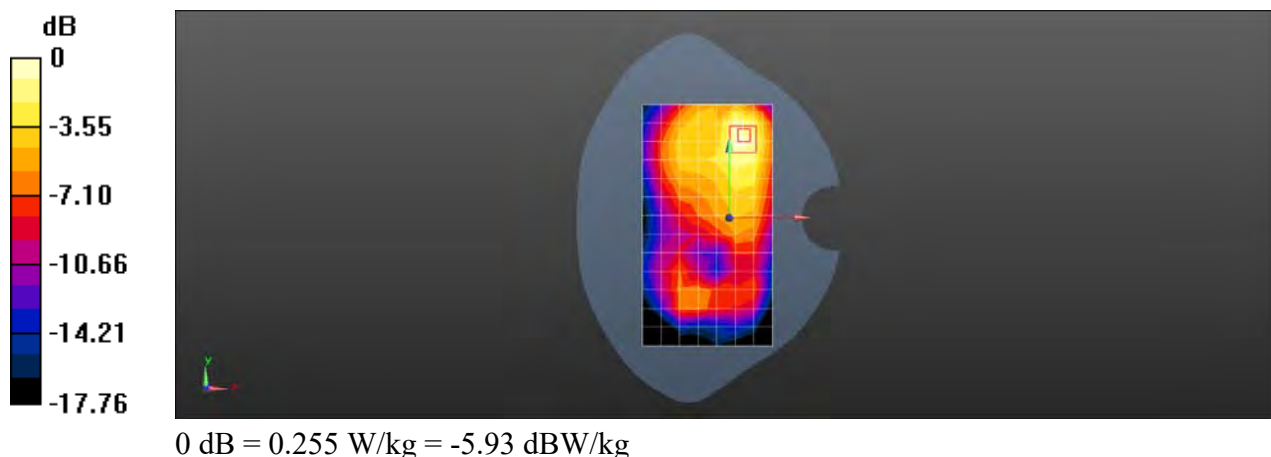
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.979 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.305 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.172 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.255 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1RB25 20450CH Right cheek Ant1

DUT: HLTE226E; Type: mobile phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5 10MHz; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.148$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.250 W/kg

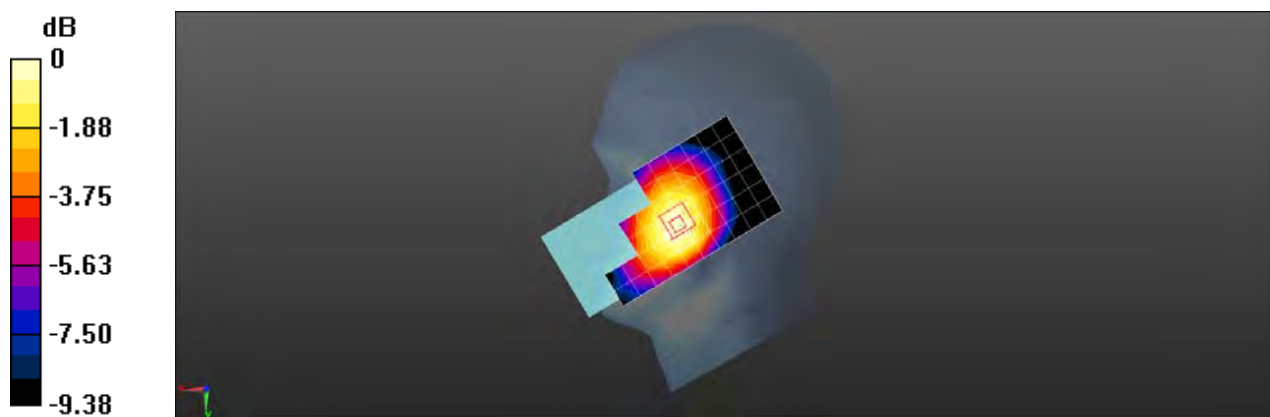
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 4.396 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.282 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.218 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.167 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.252 W/kg



0 dB = 0.252 W/kg = -5.99 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1RB25 20450CH Back side 15mm Ant1

DUT: HLTE226E; Type: mobile phone; Serial: 6SCETKCYJF4DJV7H

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5 10MHz; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.148$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.227 W/kg

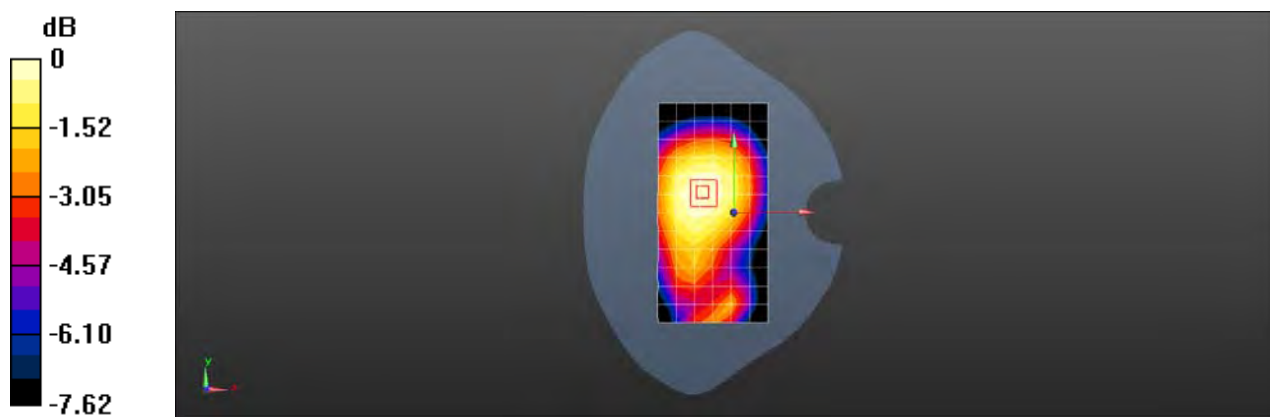
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 14.27 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.255 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.199 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.229 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1RB25 20450CH Front side 10mm Ant1

DUT: HLTE226E; Type: mobile phone; Serial: 6SCETKCYJF4DJV7H

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 5 10MHz; Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835; Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.9$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.148$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.326 W/kg

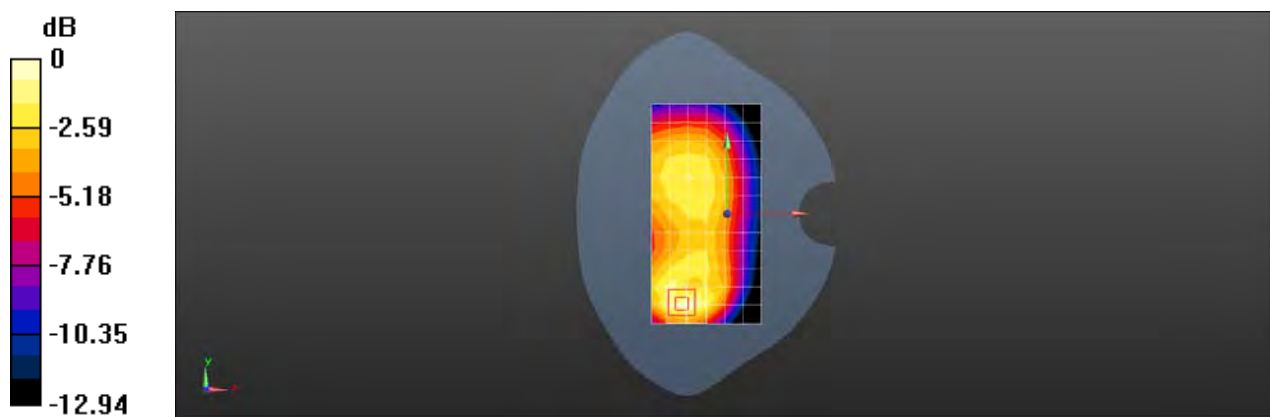
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 13.98 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.428 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.248 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.147 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.338 W/kg



0 dB = 0.338 W/kg = -4.71 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1RB25 20450CH Right cheek ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 829 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835;Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.904$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.406$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.192 W/kg

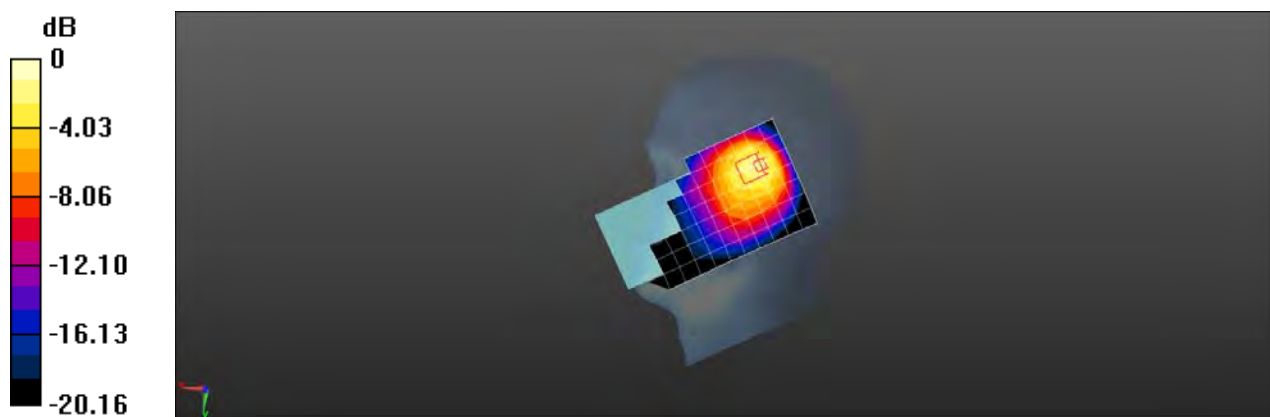
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.353 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.154 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.092 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.265 W/kg



0 dB = 0.265 W/kg = -5.77 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1RB25 20450CH Back side 15mm with splink cover ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 829 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835;Medium parameters used: $f = 829 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.904 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.406$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15\text{mm}$, $dy=15\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.181 W/kg

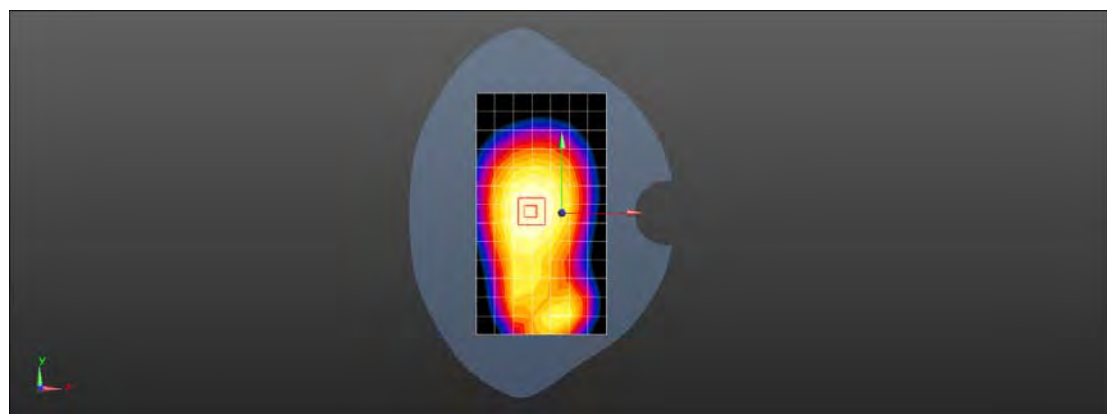
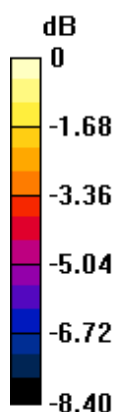
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 12.88 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.199 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.148 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.113 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.179 W/kg



0 dB = 0.179 W/kg = -7.47 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 5 10M QPSK 1RB25 20450CH Back side 10mm with splink cover ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 829 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL835;Medium parameters used: $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.904$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.406$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.271 W/kg

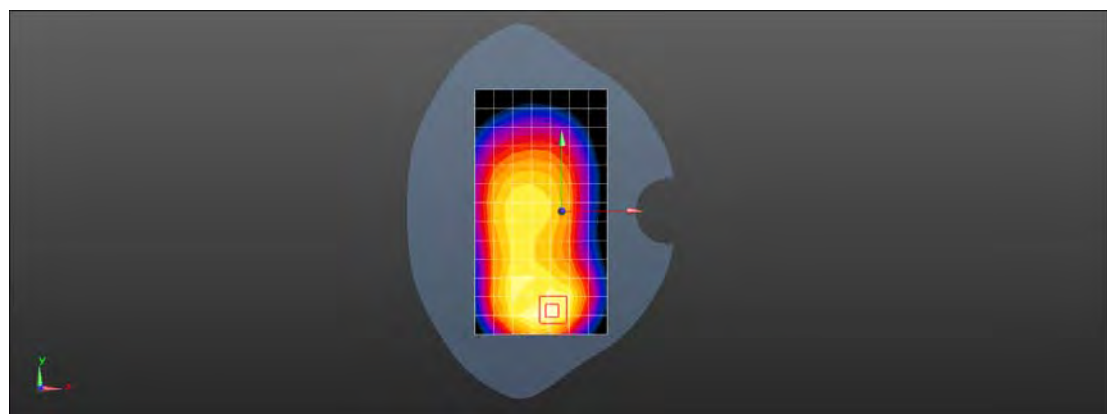
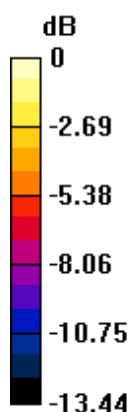
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.55 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.345 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.188 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.284 W/kg



0 dB = 0.284 W/kg = -5.47 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band7 20M QPSK 1RB50 21350CH Left tilted ANT1

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2500;Medium parameters used: $f = 2560$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.001$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.062$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.8, 6.8, 6.8); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: $dx=15$ mm, $dy=15$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.151 W/kg

Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 6.860 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.212 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.091 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.160 W/kg



0 dB = 0.160 W/kg = -7.96 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 1RB50 21350CH Back side 15mm ANT1

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2500;Medium parameters used: $f = 2560$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.001$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.062$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.8, 6.8, 6.8); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.306 W/kg

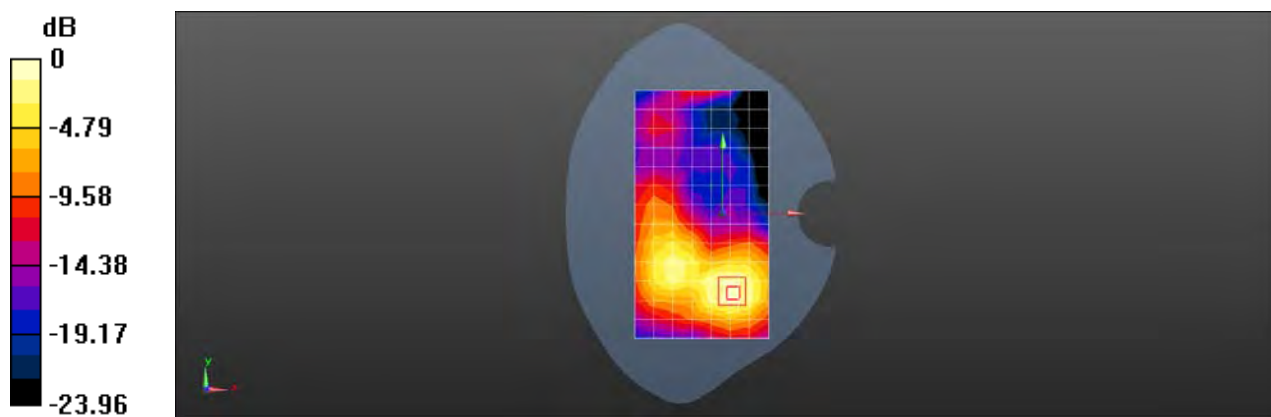
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.700 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.450 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.230 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.116 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.361 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 1RB50 21350CH Back side 10mm ANT1

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 2560 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2500;Medium parameters used: $f = 2560$ MHz; $\sigma = 2.001$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.062$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.8, 6.8, 6.8); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.679 W/kg

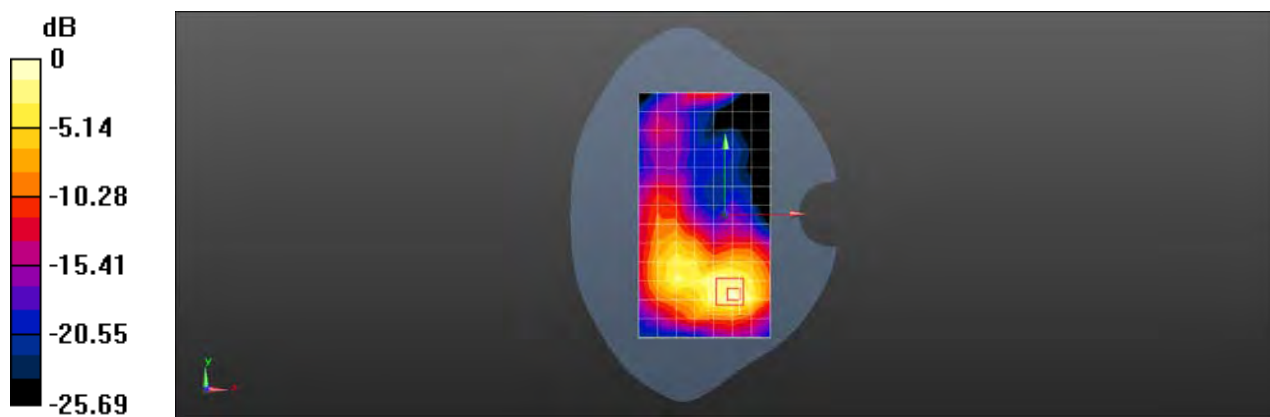
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.643 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.01 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.492 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.237 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.813 W/kg



0 dB = 0.813 W/kg = -0.90 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 50RB0 20850CH Right tilted ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2600;Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.946$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.28$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.8, 6.8, 6.8); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.907 W/kg

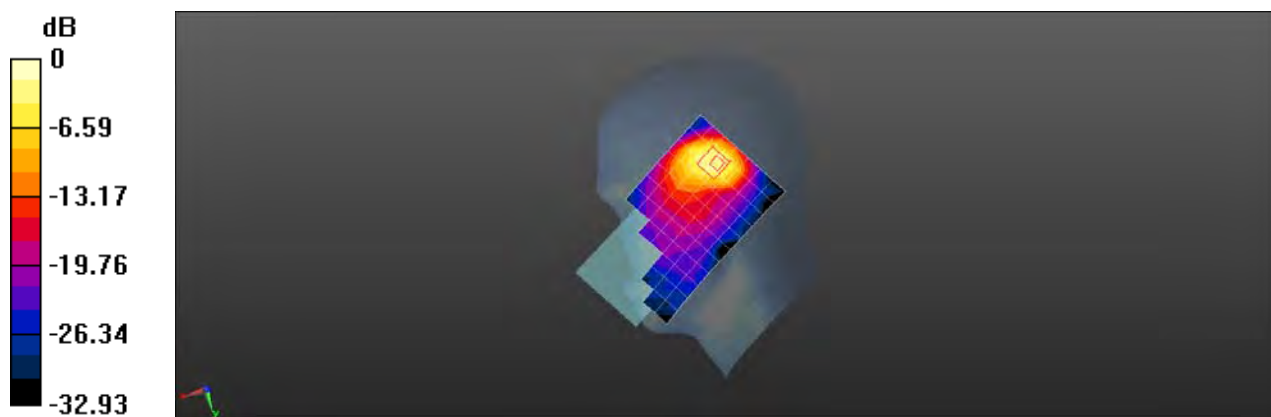
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.09 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.98 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.858 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.359 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.53 W/kg



0 dB = 1.53 W/kg = 1.85 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 1RB0 20850CH Back side 15mm ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2600;Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.946$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.28$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.8, 6.8, 6.8); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (8x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.171 W/kg

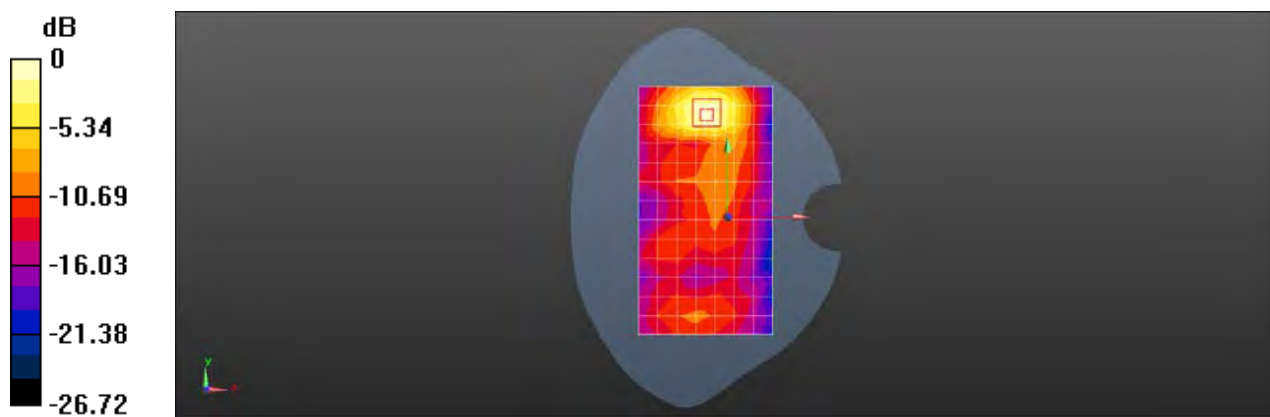
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.532 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.284 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.145 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.071 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.230 W/kg



0 dB = 0.230 W/kg = -6.38 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 7 20M QPSK 50RB0 20850CH Top side 10mm ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 20MHz (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2600;Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.946$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.28$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.8, 6.8, 6.8); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (5x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.839 W/kg

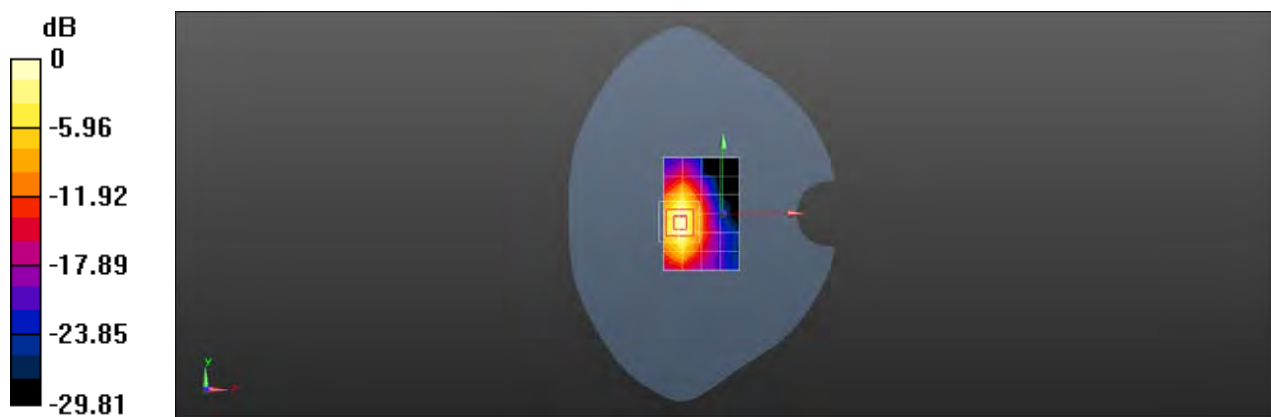
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.016 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.19 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.560 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.247 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.940 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1RB25 23095CH left cheek Ant1

DUT: HLTE226E; Type: mobile phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 12 10MHz; Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.87$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.548$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.133 W/kg

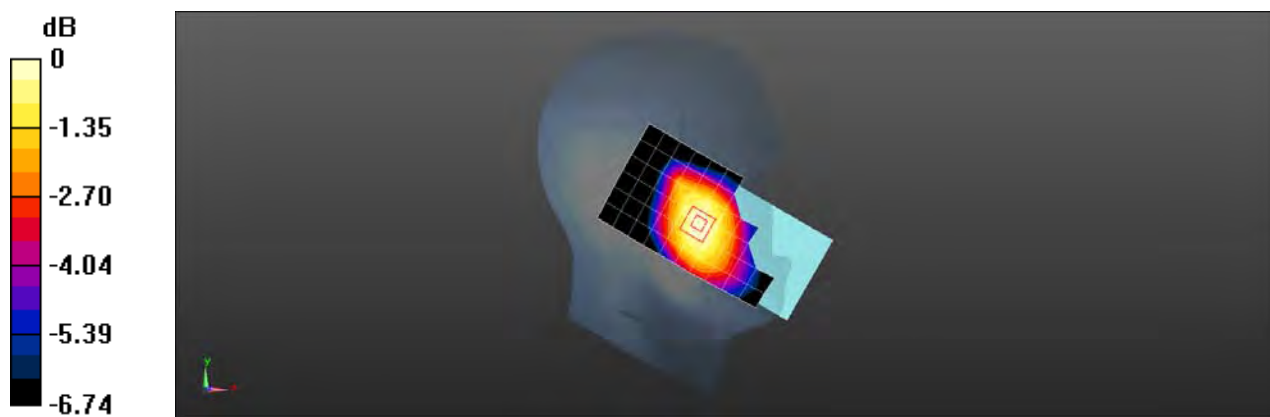
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.622 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.145 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.120 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.097 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.134 W/kg



0 dB = 0.134 W/kg = -8.73 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1RB25 23095CH Back side 15mm Ant1

DUT: HLTE226E; Type: mobile phone; Serial: 6SCETKCYJF4DJV7H

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 12 10MHz; Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.87$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.548$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.206 W/kg

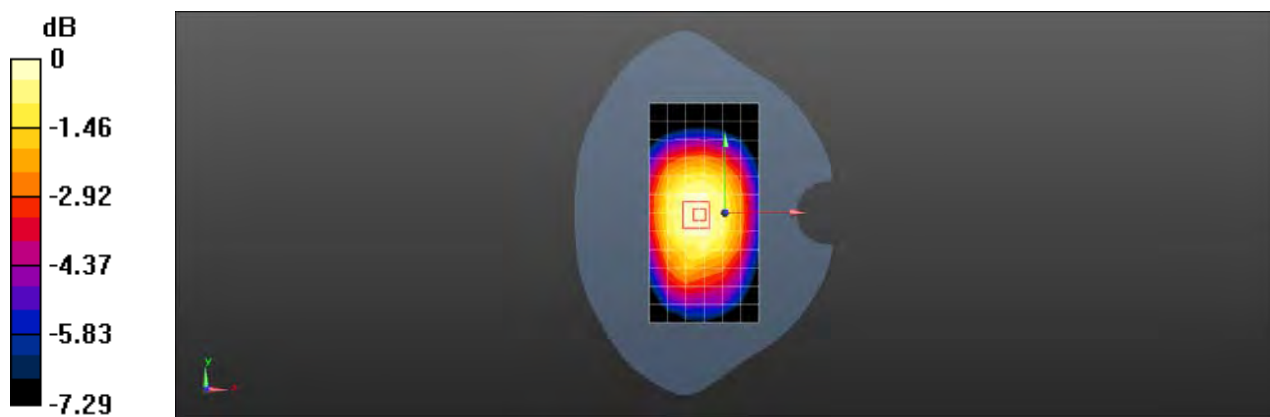
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.247 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.188 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.147 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.215 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1RB25 23095CH Back side 10mm Ant1

DUT: HLTE226E; Type: mobile phone; Serial: 6SCETKCYJF4DJV7H

Communication System: UID 0, LTE Band 12 10MHz; Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.87$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.548$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.217 W/kg

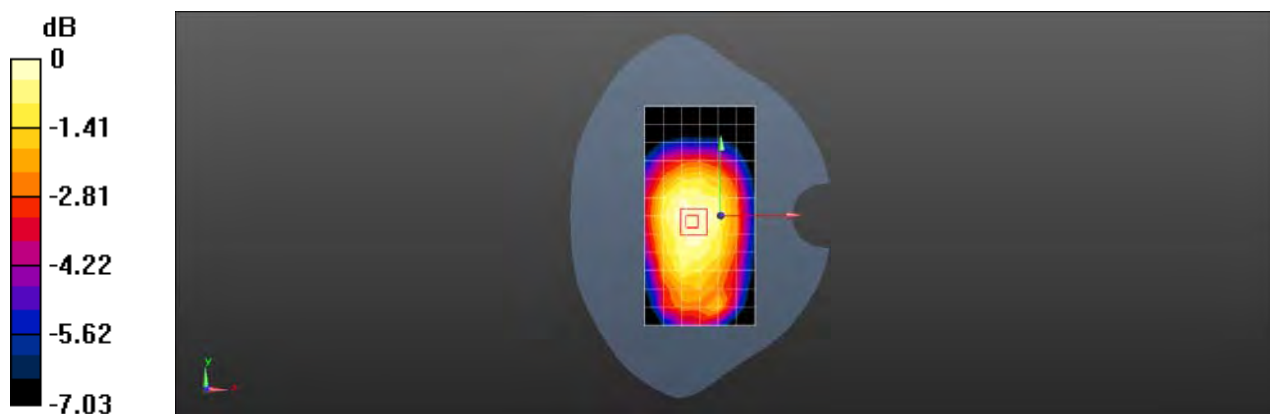
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.241 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.194 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.153 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.217 W/kg



0 dB = 0.217 W/kg = -6.64 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1RB25 23095CH with back cover Right cheek ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.87$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.548$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (7x14x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.122 W/kg

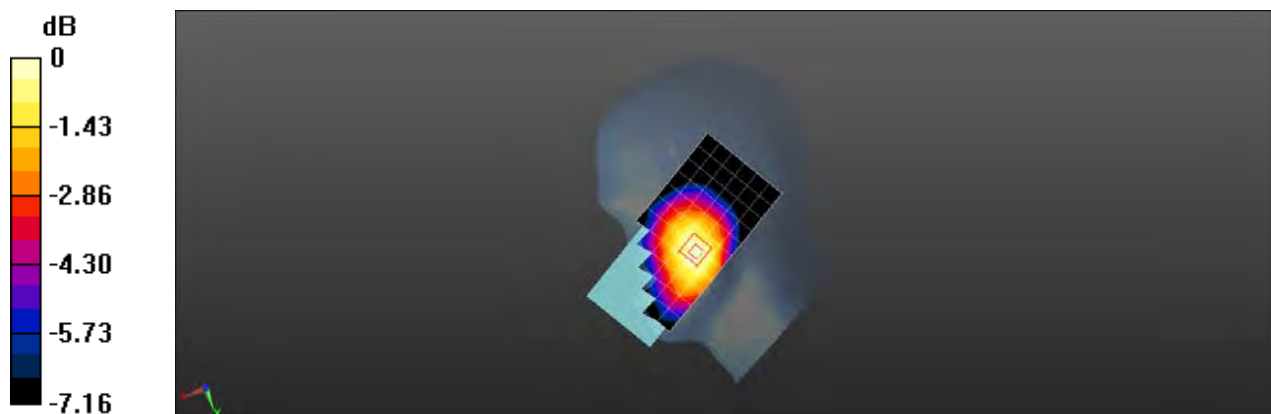
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.082 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.133 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.106 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.084 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.123 W/kg



0 dB = 0.123 W/kg = -9.10 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1RB25 23095CH with back cover Back side 15mm ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.87$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.548$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (7x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.159 W/kg

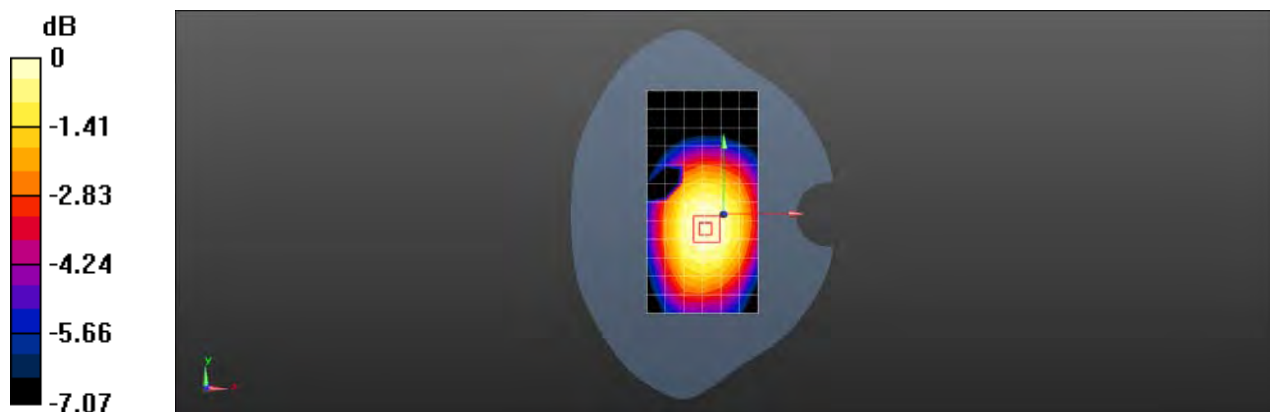
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.39 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.171 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.134 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.104 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.158 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E LTE Band 12 10M QPSK 1RB25 23095CH with back cover Left side 10mm ANT2

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD BW 10MHZ (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL750; Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.87$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.548$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(8.52, 8.52, 8.52); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (5x13x1): Measurement grid: dx=15mm, dy=15mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.121 W/kg

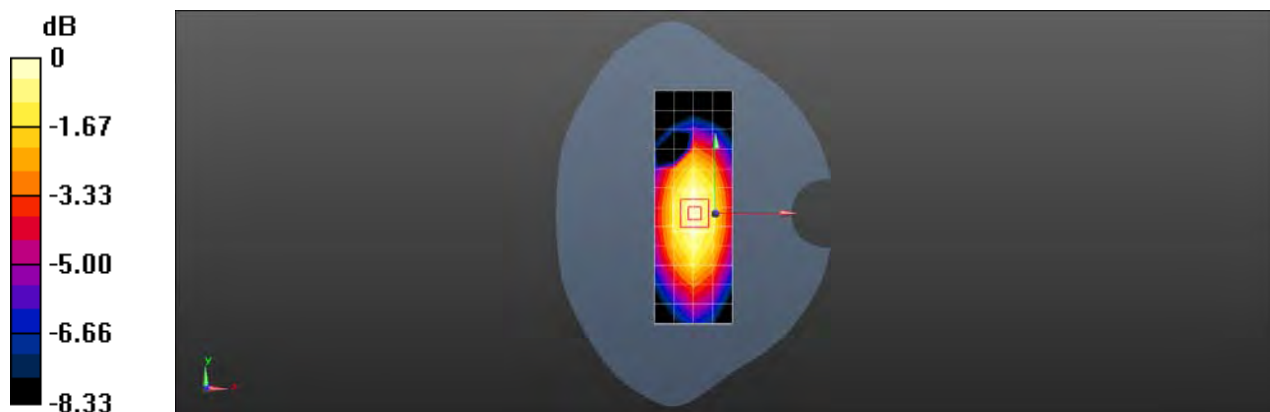
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.84 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.135 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.097 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.070 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.122 W/kg



0 dB = 0.122 W/kg = -9.14 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E Wifi2.4G 802.11b 1CH Left cheek

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450;Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.762$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.446$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (9x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.290 W/kg

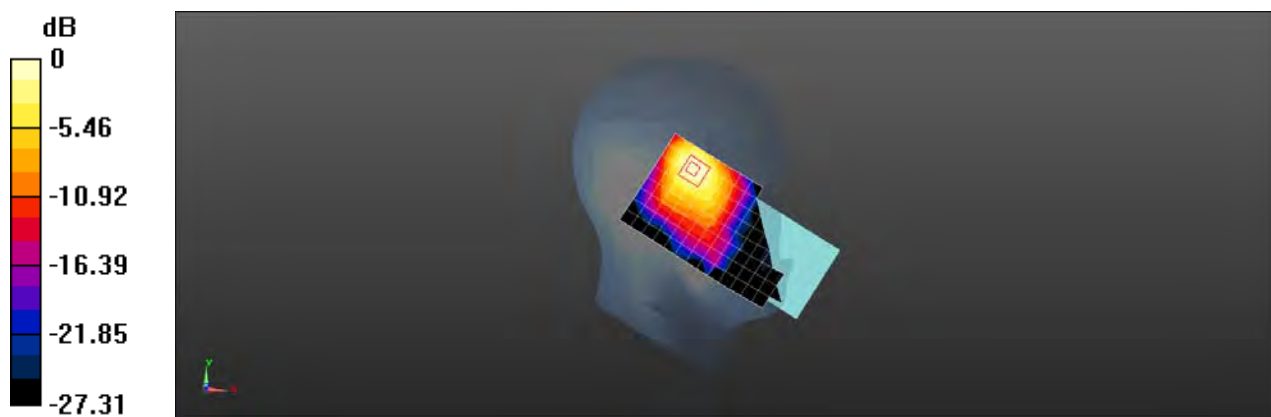
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.195 V/m; Power Drift = 0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.422 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.219 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.342 W/kg



0 dB = 0.342 W/kg = -4.66 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E Wifi2.4G 802.11b 1CH Back side 15mm with back cover

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450;Medium parameters used: $f = 2412 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.762 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 38.446$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (10x16x1): Measurement grid: $dx=12\text{mm}$, $dy=12\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0445 W/kg

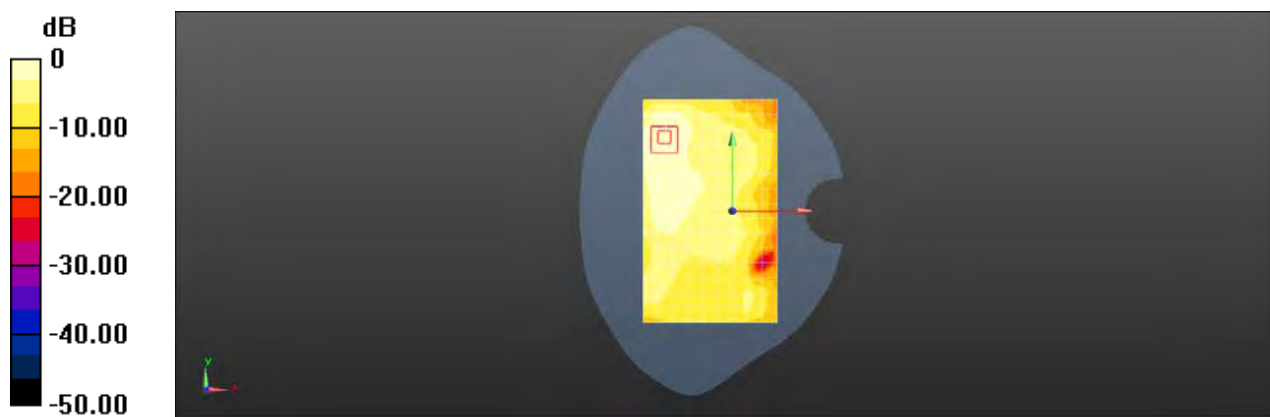
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.511 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0590 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.031 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.016 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0480 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E Wifi2.4G 802.11b 1CH Right side 10mm

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: Q4RKPZT8AEQSRKCU

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(2.4GHz) (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz;Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL2450;Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.762$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.446$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3789; ConvF(6.85, 6.85, 6.85); Calibrated: 2019/5/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x17x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.132 W/kg

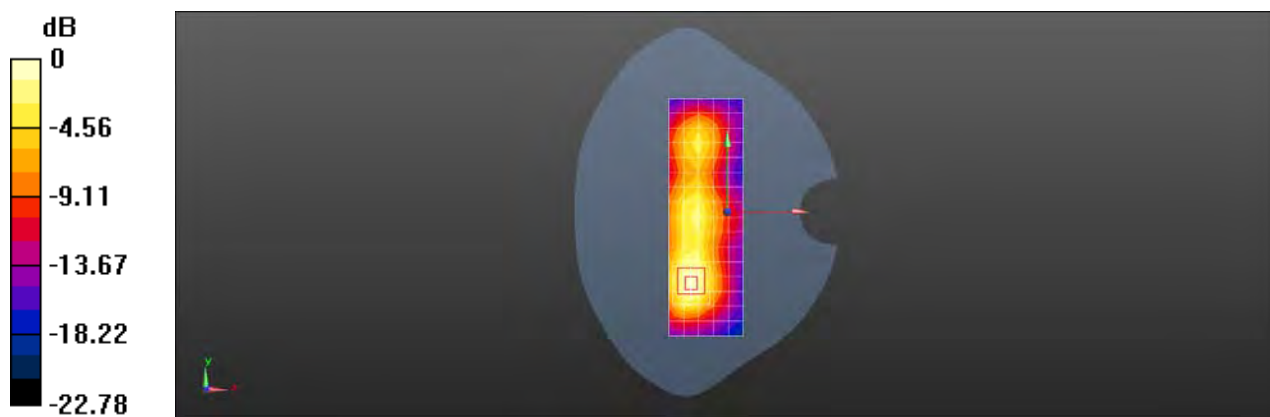
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.262 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.213 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.104 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.051 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.171 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E WIFI 5G 802.11a 120CH Left tilted

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(5GHz) (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5G; Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.096$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.894$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2019/2/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Head/Area Scan (10x20x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10$ mm, $dy=10$ mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg

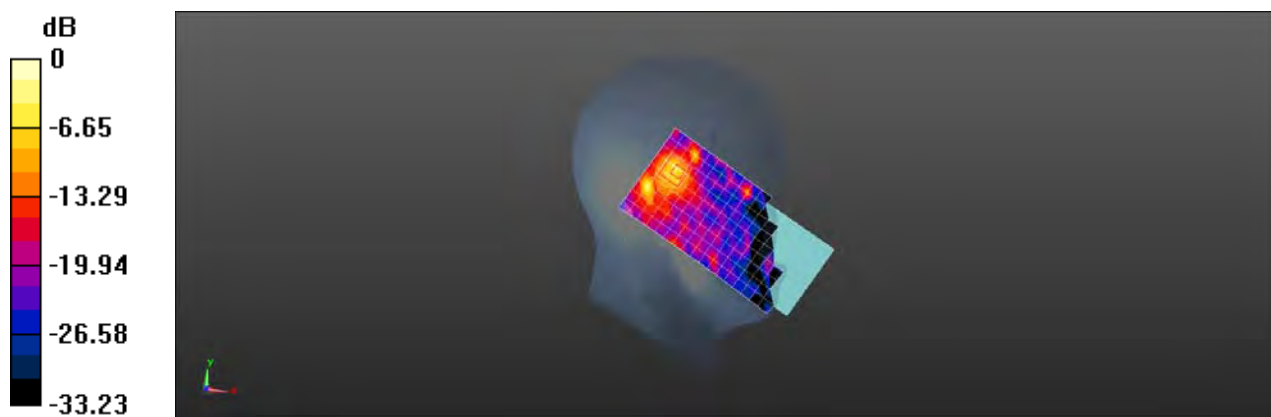
Configuration/Head/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4$ mm, $dy=4$ mm, $dz=2$ mm

Reference Value = 4.160 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.17 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.253 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.080 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.97 W/kg



0 dB = 1.97 W/kg = 2.94 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E WIFI 5G 802.11a 120CH Back side 15mm

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(5GHz) (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5G; Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.096$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.894$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2019/2/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (10x10x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.140 W/kg

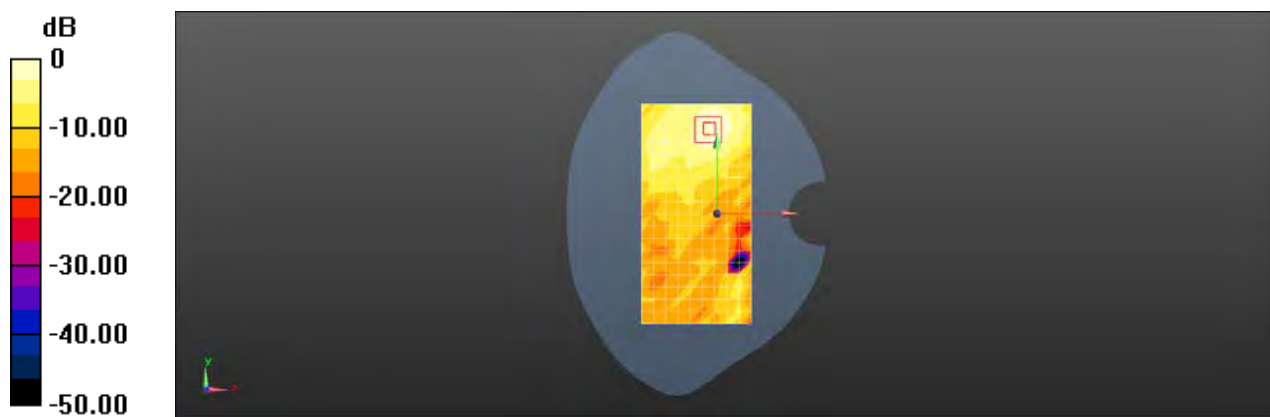
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.9030 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.374 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.067 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.018 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.207 W/kg



Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E WIFI 5G 802.11a 157CH Top side 10mm

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(5GHz) (0); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5G; Medium parameters used: $f = 5785 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 5.277 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 34.522$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(4.9, 4.9, 4.9); Calibrated: 2019/2/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: $dx=10\text{mm}$, $dy=10\text{mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.197 W/kg

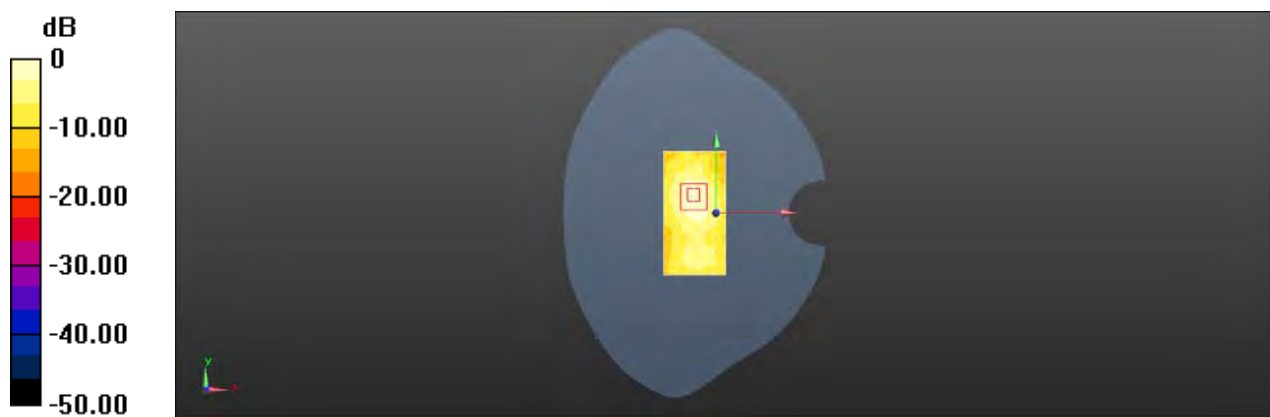
Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=4\text{mm}$, $dy=4\text{mm}$, $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.309 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.414 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.090 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.034 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.218 W/kg



0 dB = 0.218 W/kg = -6.62 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: SGS-SAR Lab

HLTE226E WIFI 5G 802.11a 120CH Top side 0mm

DUT: HLTE226E ; Type: Smart Phone; Serial: V4VW5TKZB6DYGMS8

Communication System: UID 0, WI-FI(5GHz) (0); Frequency: 5600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium: HSL5G; Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.096$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.894$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY 5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3962; ConvF(4.8, 4.8, 4.8); Calibrated: 2019/2/25;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1374; Calibrated: 2019/9/24
- Phantom: SAM5; Type: SAM; Serial: 1481
- DASY52 52.8.8(1258); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7373)

Configuration/Body/Area Scan (6x11x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.916 W/kg

Configuration/Body/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 7.155 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.36 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.744 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.171 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.33 W/kg



0 dB = 2.33 W/kg = 3.67 dBW/kg



Appendix C

Calibration certificate

1. Dipole
D750V3-SN 1160(2019-05-22)
D835V2-SN 4d120(2019-06-20)
D1750V2-SN 1149(2019-05-21)
D1900V2-SN 5d142(2019-07-26)
D2450V2-SN 869(2019-06-27)
D2600V2-SN 1125(2019-05-20)
D5GHzV2-SN 1040(2019-06-24)
2. DAE
DAE4-SN 1374(2019-09-24)
3. Probe
EX3DV4-SN 3789(2019-05-25)
EX3DV4-SN 3962(2019-02-25)



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Client

SGS

Certificate No: Z19-60152

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D750V3 - SN: 1160

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: May 22, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1331	06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Feb-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)	Jan-20
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46116073	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: May 25, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	750 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.9	0.89 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	42.3 $\pm$ 6 %	0.91 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.39 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.63 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.5	0.96 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	56.9 $\pm$ 6 %	0.95 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	8.62 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.39 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	5.63 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.8Ω- 3.06jΩ
Return Loss	- 29.1dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	48.1Ω- 3.83jΩ
Return Loss	- 27.2dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	0.897 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 05.22.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1160

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.905$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 42.28$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(10.03, 10.03, 10.03) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

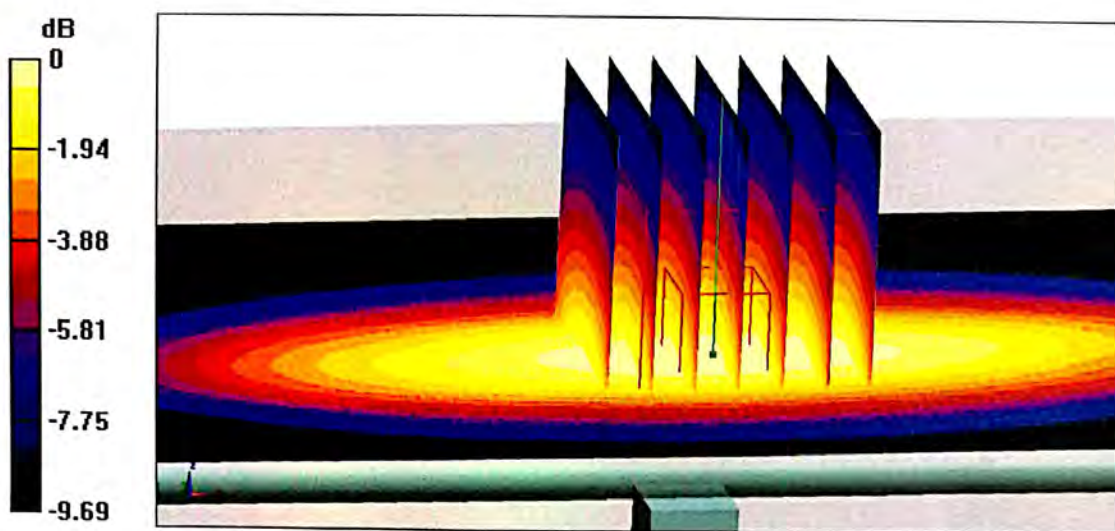
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 51.91 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.06 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.42 W/kg

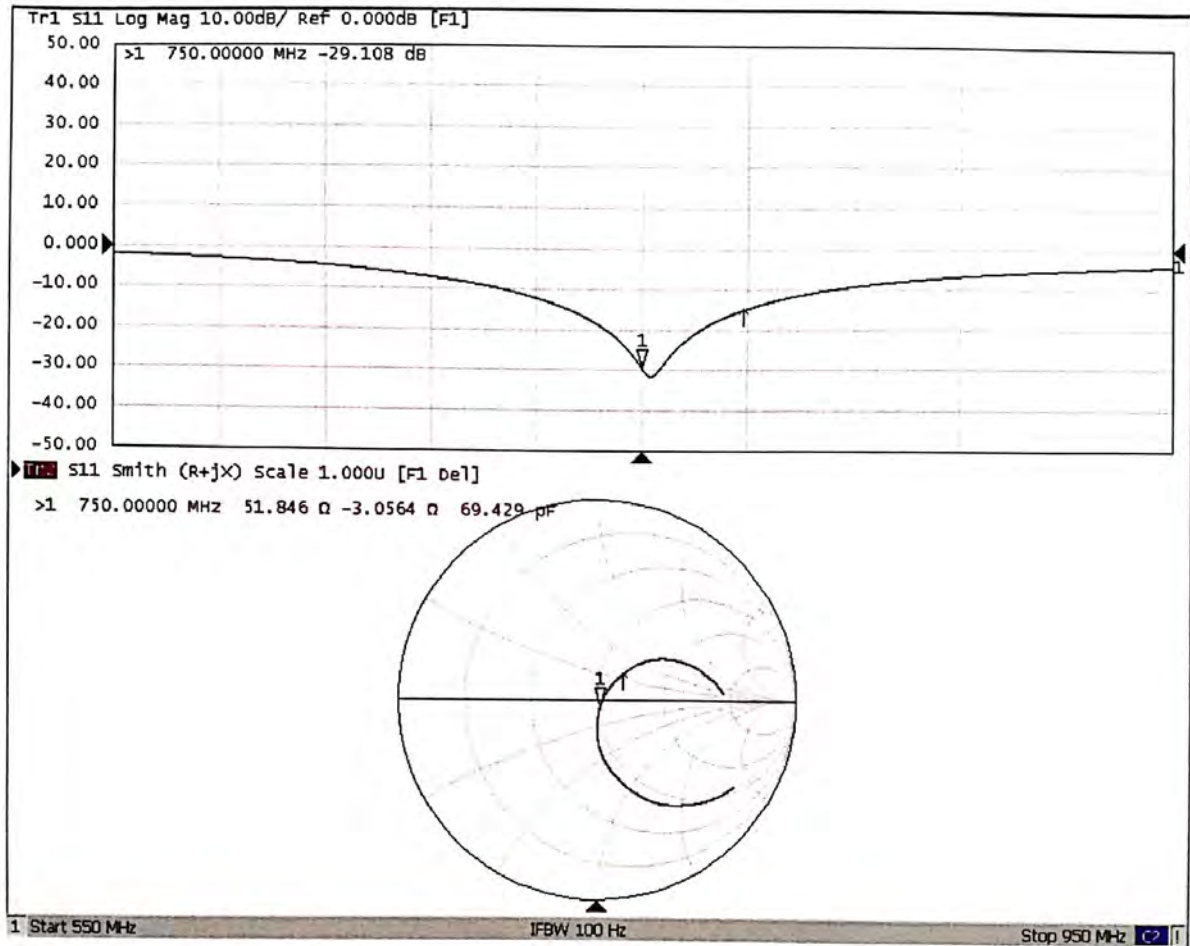
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.76 W/kg



0 dB = 2.76 W/kg = 4.41 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 05.22.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN: 1160

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 750$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.946$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 56.92$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(9.85, 9.85, 9.85) @ 750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

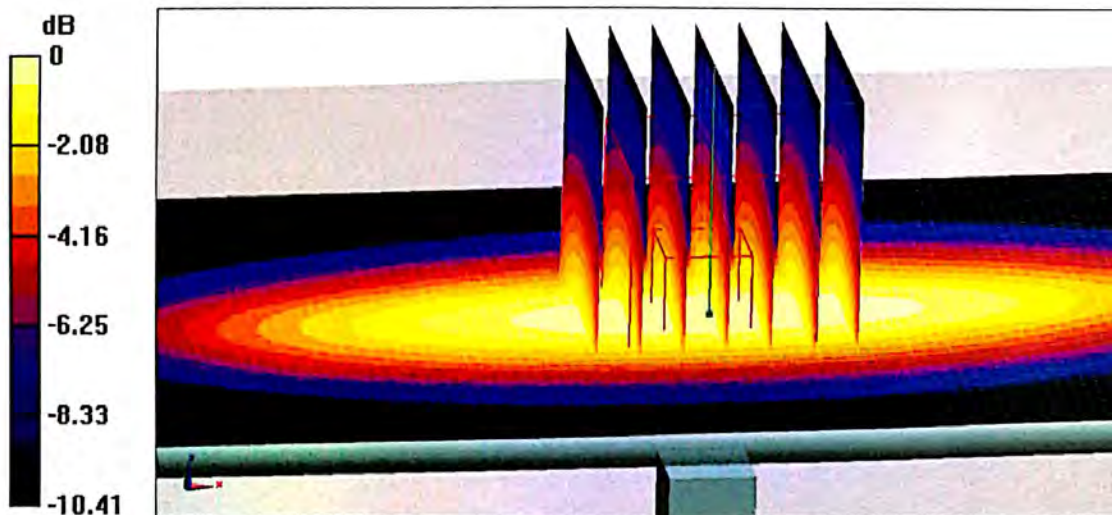
Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 53.99 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.22 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.39 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.85 W/kg

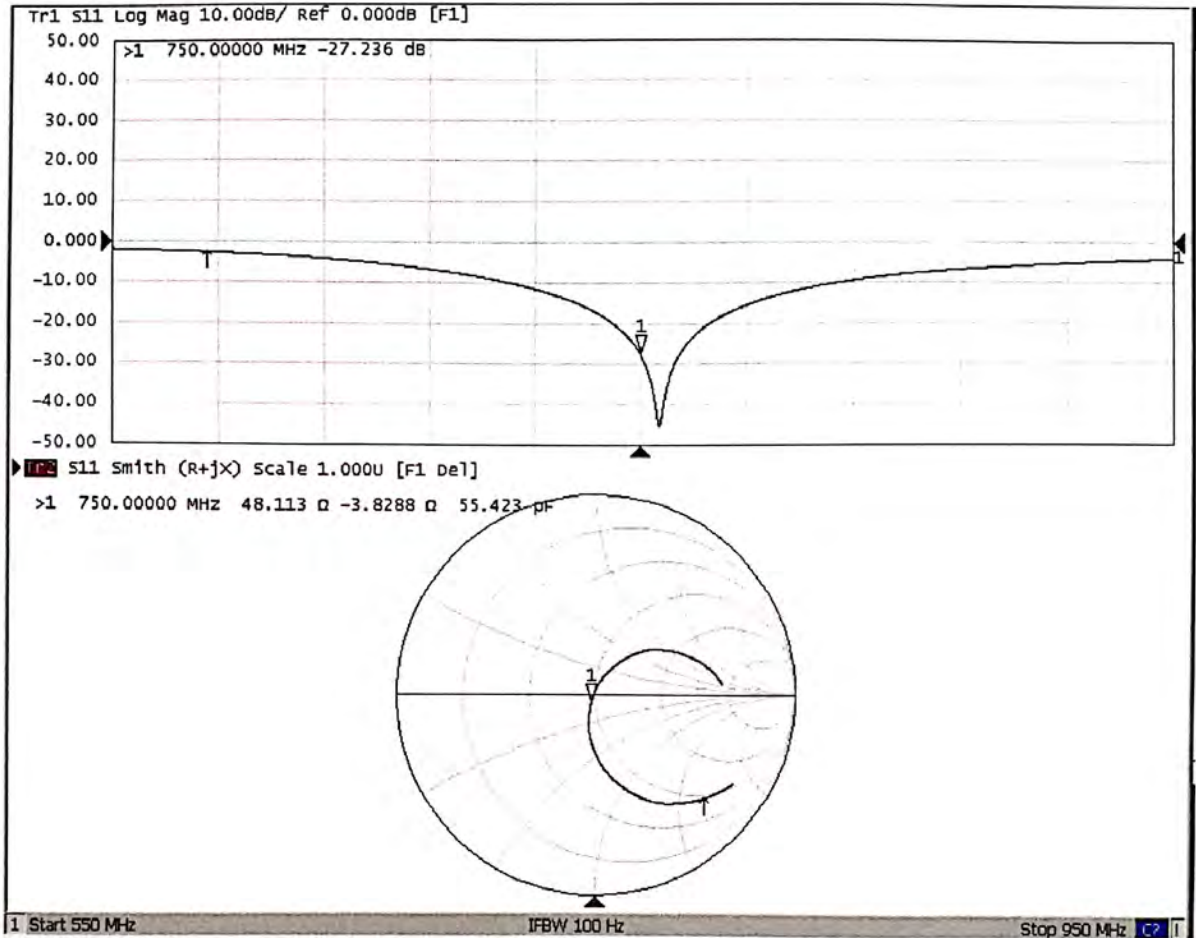


0 dB = 2.85 W/kg = 4.55 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: **D835V2-4d120_Jun19**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D835V2 - SN:4d120**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v11
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz**

Calibration date: **June 20, 2019**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19)	May-20
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19)	Apr-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

Calibrated by: **Claudio Leubler** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Signature

Issued: June 21, 2019

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Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	15 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	835 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	41.5	0.90 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	41.8 $\pm$ 6 %	0.91 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.38 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.46 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.54 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.13 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	55.2	0.97 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	55.4 $\pm$ 6 %	0.98 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	2.42 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	9.61 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	1.58 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	6.28 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.0 Ω - 2.9 j Ω
Return Loss	- 30.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.9 Ω - 4.6 j Ω
Return Loss	- 25.7 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.397 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 20.06.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d120

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.91 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.8$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(9.89, 9.89, 9.89) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 29.05.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (front); Type: QD 00L P49 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=15mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

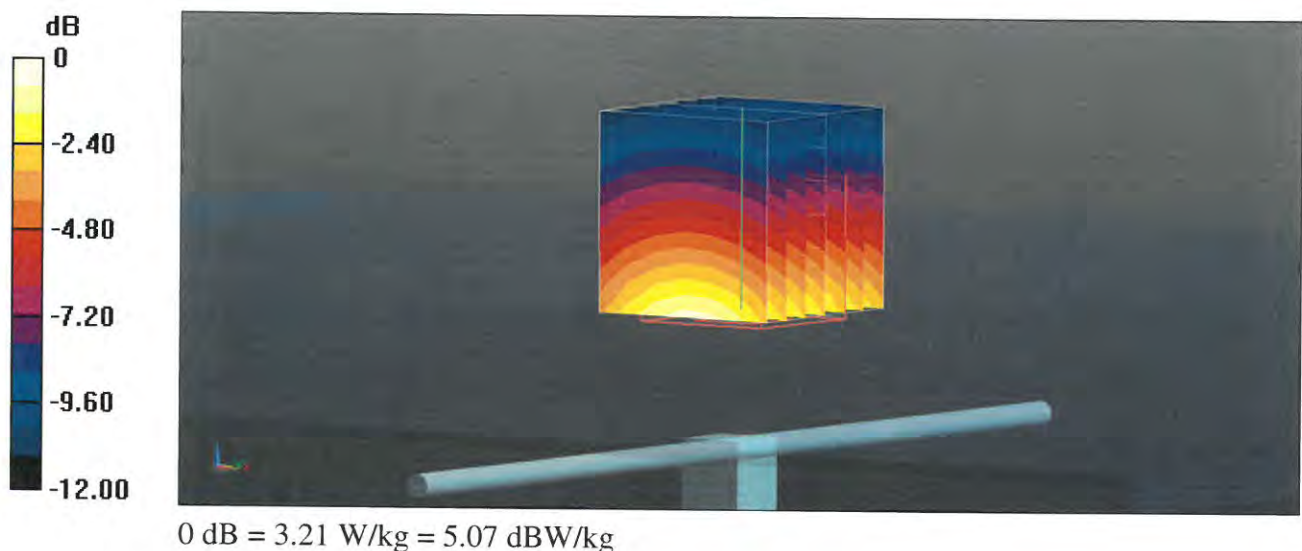
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 63.32 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

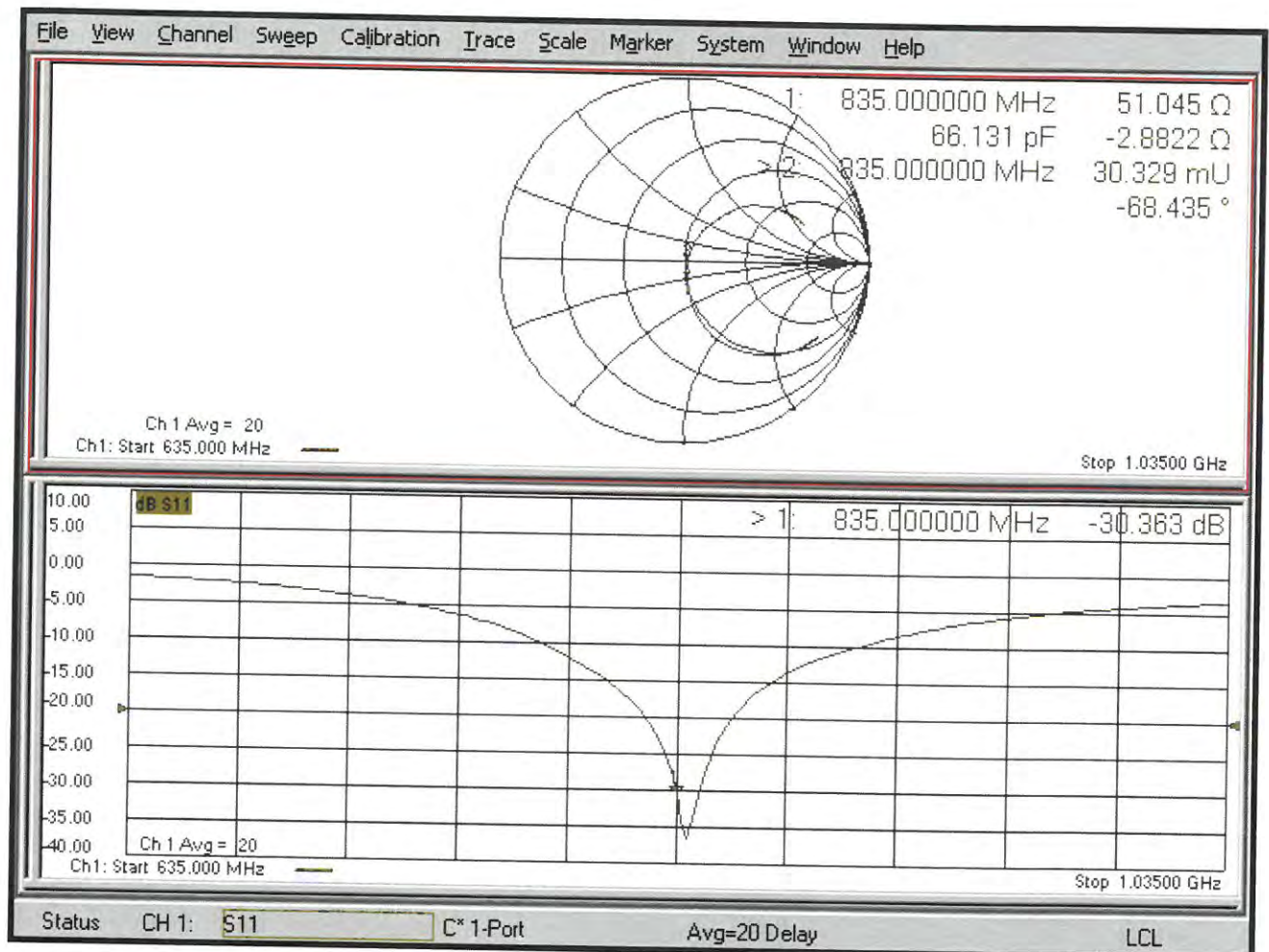
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.61 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.54 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.21 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 19.06.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: D835V2 - SN:4d120

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 835 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.98 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 55.4$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(10.16, 10.16, 10.16) @ 835 MHz; Calibrated: 29.05.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 4.9 (Back); Type: QD 00R P49 AA; Serial: 1005
- DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, $d=15\text{mm}$ /Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

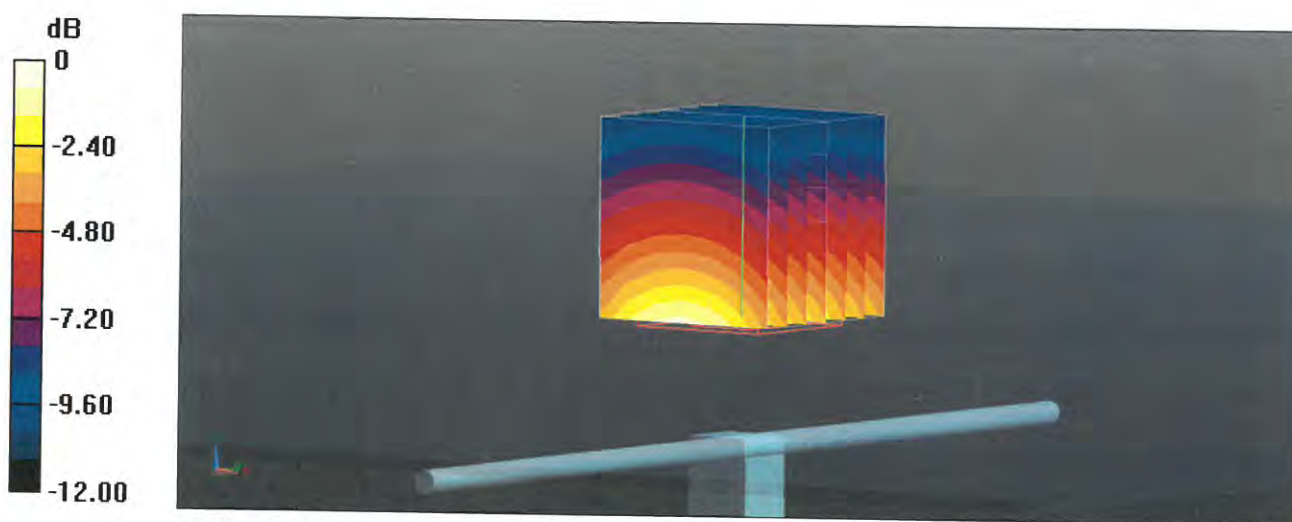
Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 57.71 V/m; Power Drift = -0.00 dB

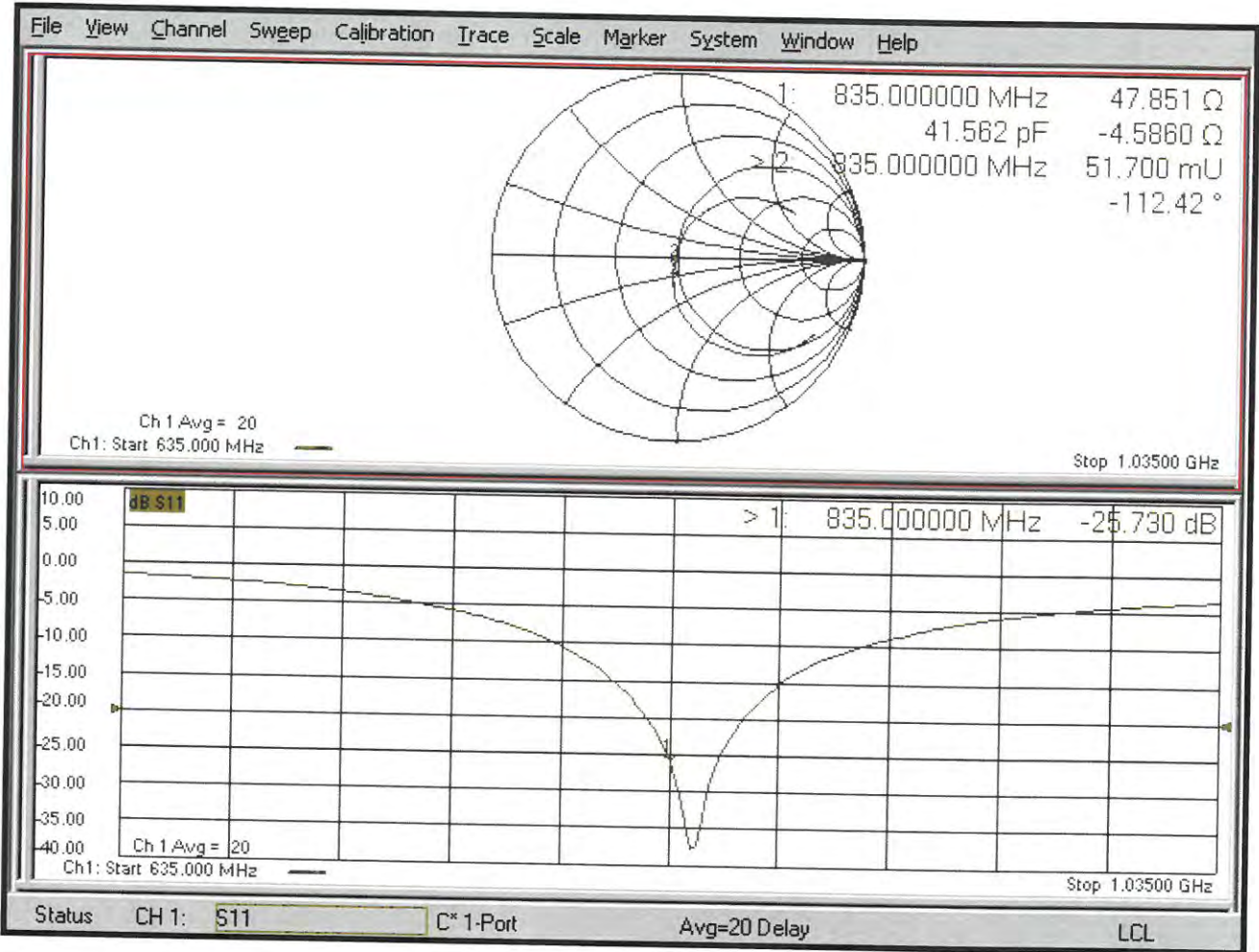
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.63 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 2.42 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.58 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.23 W/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





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CALIBRATION
CNAS L0570

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Client

SGS

Certificate No: Z19-60153

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object

D1750V2 - SN: 1149

Calibration Procedure(s)

FF-Z11-003-01

Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date:

May 21, 2019

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106277	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Power sensor NRP8S	104291	20-Aug-18 (CTTL, No.J18X06862)	Aug-19
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Jan-19(SPEAG,No.EX3-3617_Jan19)	Jan-20
DAE4	SN 1331	06-Feb-19(SPEAG,No.DAE4-1331_Feb19)	Feb-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	23-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00336)	Jan-20
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	24-Jan-19 (CTTL, No.J19X00547)	Jan-20

	Name	Function
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader

Signature

Issued: May 25, 2019

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- a) IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- b) IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices- Part 1: Device used next to the ear (Frequency range of 300MHz to 6GHz)", July 2016
- c) IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) For wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30MHz to 6GHz)", March 2010
- d) KDB865664, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz

Additional Documentation:

- e) DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *Measurement Conditions:* Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- *Antenna Parameters with TSL:* The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- *Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:* These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- *Electrical Delay:* One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- *SAR measured:* SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- *SAR normalized:* SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- *SAR for nominal TSL parameters:* The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.2.1495
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1750 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.1	1.37 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	39.8 $\pm$ 6 %	1.38 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.12 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	36.3 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.81 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.2 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.4	1.49 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	54.2 $\pm$ 6 %	1.48 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.34 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	37.6 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	4.90 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	19.7 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)



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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	47.6Ω+ 0.70 jΩ
Return Loss	- 31.8 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	44.9Ω+ 0.29 jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.3 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.082 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 05.21.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1149

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.379$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.84$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.38, 8.38, 8.38) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

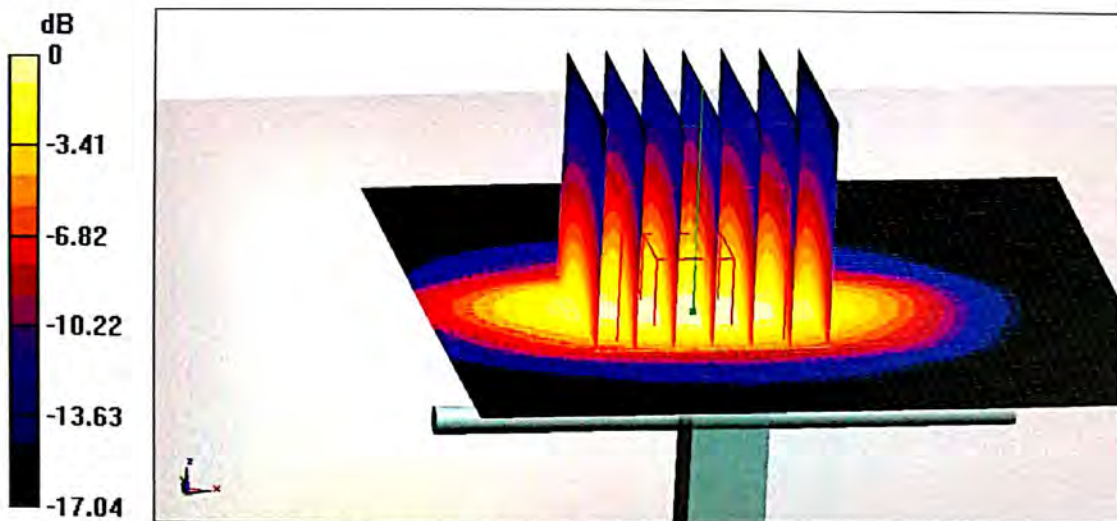
$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 88.07 V/m; Power Drift = 0.02 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.2 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.81 W/kg

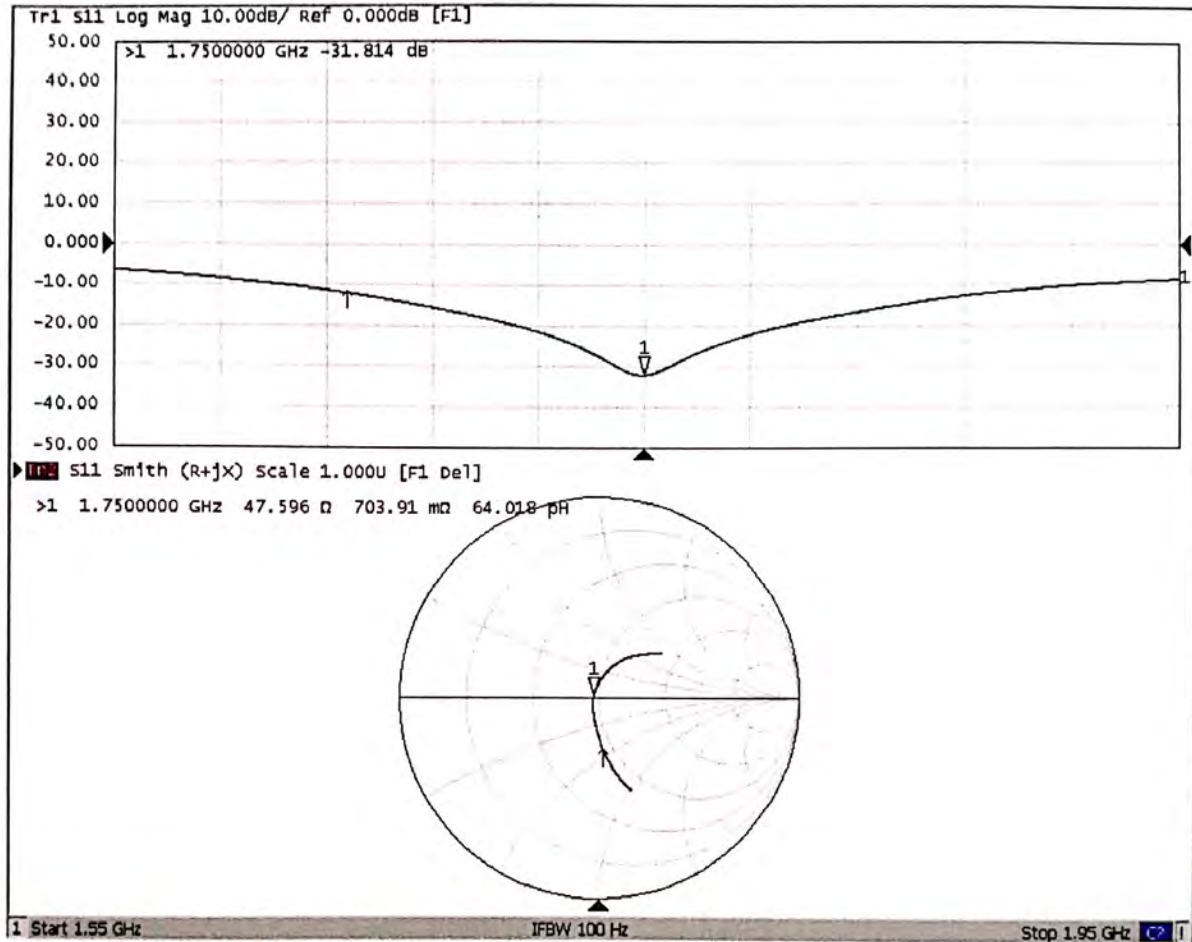
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.2 W/kg



0 dB = 14.2 W/kg = 11.52 dBW/kg



Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 05.21.2019

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 1750 MHz; Type: D1750V2; Serial: D1750V2 - SN: 1149

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 1750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1750$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.482$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.22$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Center Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(8.03, 8.03, 8.03) @ 1750 MHz; Calibrated: 1/31/2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1331; Calibrated: 2/6/2019
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C ; Type: QD 000 P51CA; Serial: 1062
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (2); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.12 (7450)

System Performance Check/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

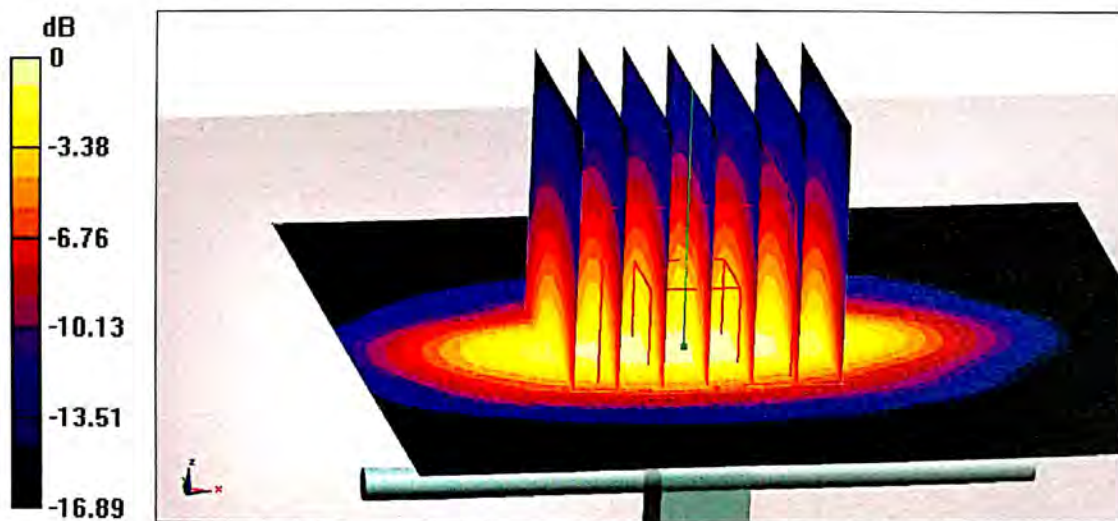
$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 93.60 V/m; Power Drift = 0.00 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 9.34 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 4.9 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.6 W/kg

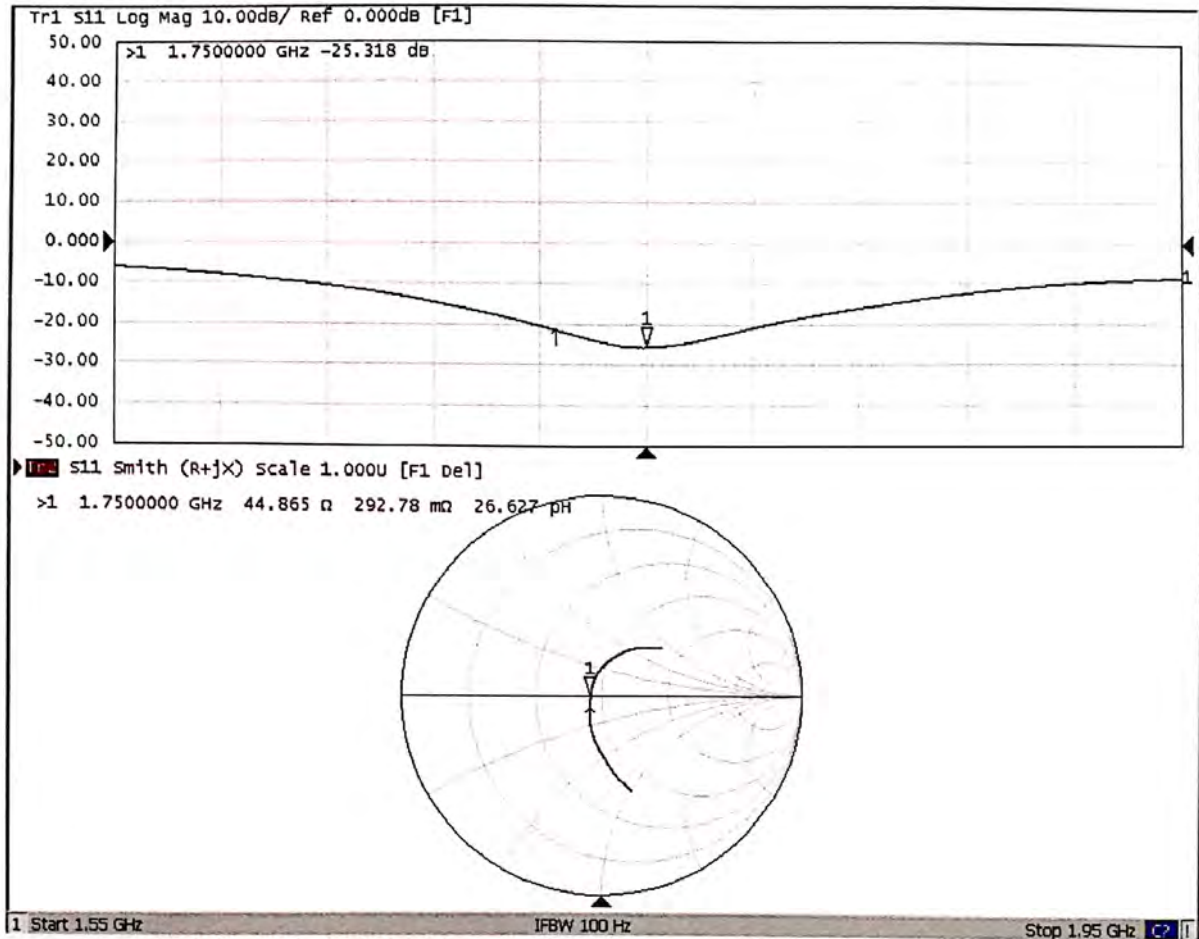


0 dB = 14.6 W/kg = 11.64 dBW/kg



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Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: **D1900V2-5d142_Jul19**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D1900V2 - SN:5d142**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v11**
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz

Calibration date: **July 26, 2019**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22 ± 3)°C and humidity < 70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19)	May-20
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19)	Apr-20

Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

Calibrated by: **Claudio Leubler** **Laboratory Technician**

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** **Technical Manager**

Signature

Issued: July 26, 2019

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The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	1900 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	40.0	1.40 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	41.5 $\pm$ 6 %	1.37 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.94 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	40.6 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.2 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	53.3	1.52 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	54.1 $\pm$ 6 %	1.48 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	9.77 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	39.8 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	5.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	20.9 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$51.7 \Omega + 5.3 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 25.3 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$48.7 \Omega + 6.5 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.5 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.198 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 26.07.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d142

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.37$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.5$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.44, 8.44, 8.44) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 29.05.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

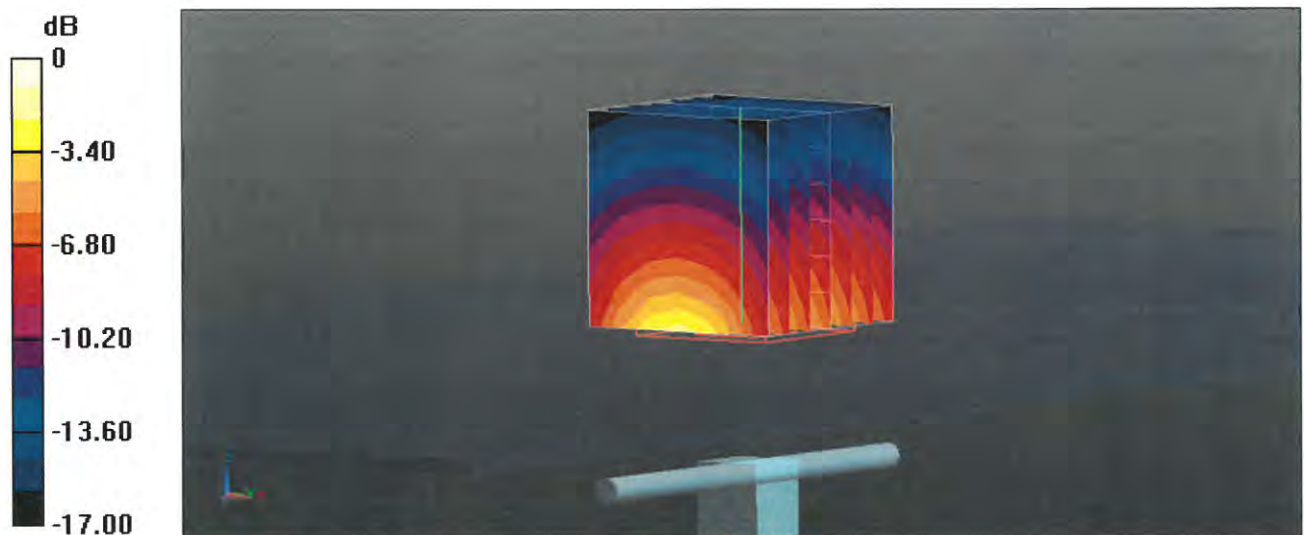
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 110.3 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 18.4 W/kg

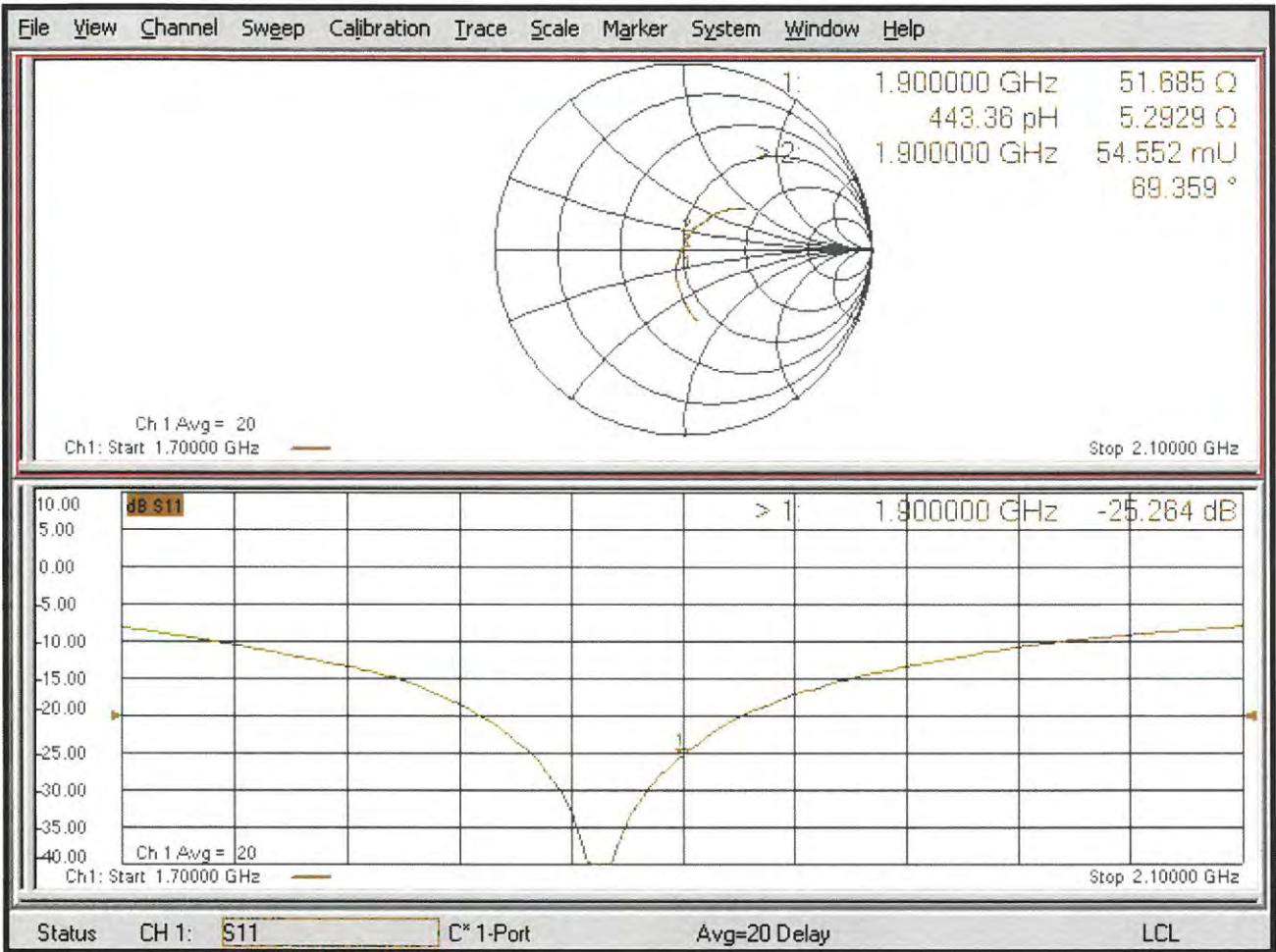
SAR(1 g) = 9.94 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.22 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.5 W/kg



0 dB = 15.5 W/kg = 11.90 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



DASY5 Validation Report for Body TSL

Date: 26.07.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: D1900V2 - SN:5d142

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 1900 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.48$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 54.1$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(8.42, 8.42, 8.42) @ 1900 MHz; Calibrated: 29.05.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (back); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1002
- DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

Dipole Calibration for Body Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

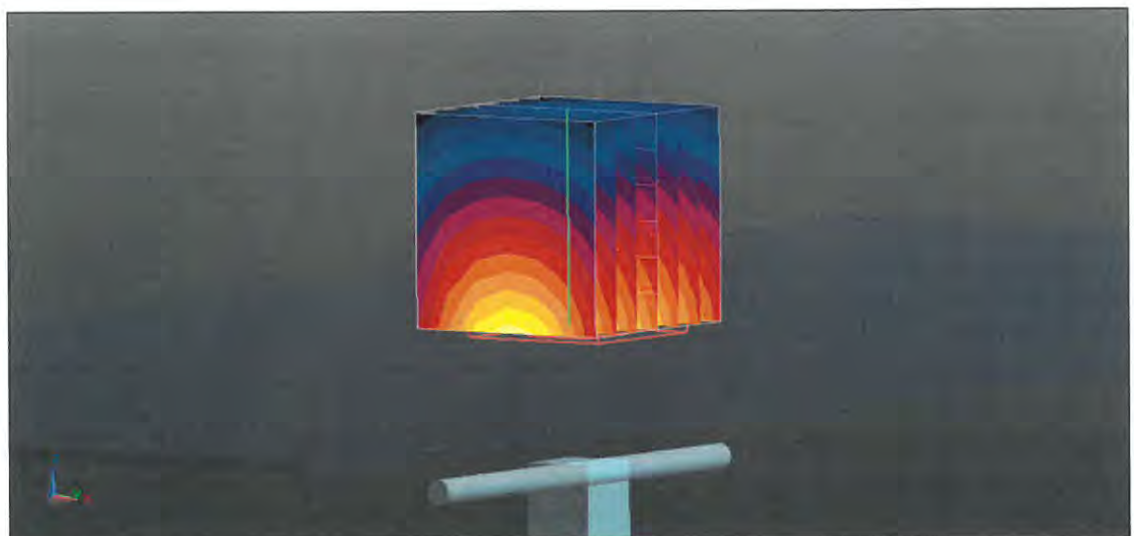
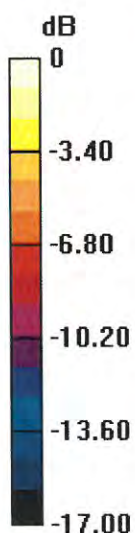
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 104.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 17.5 W/kg

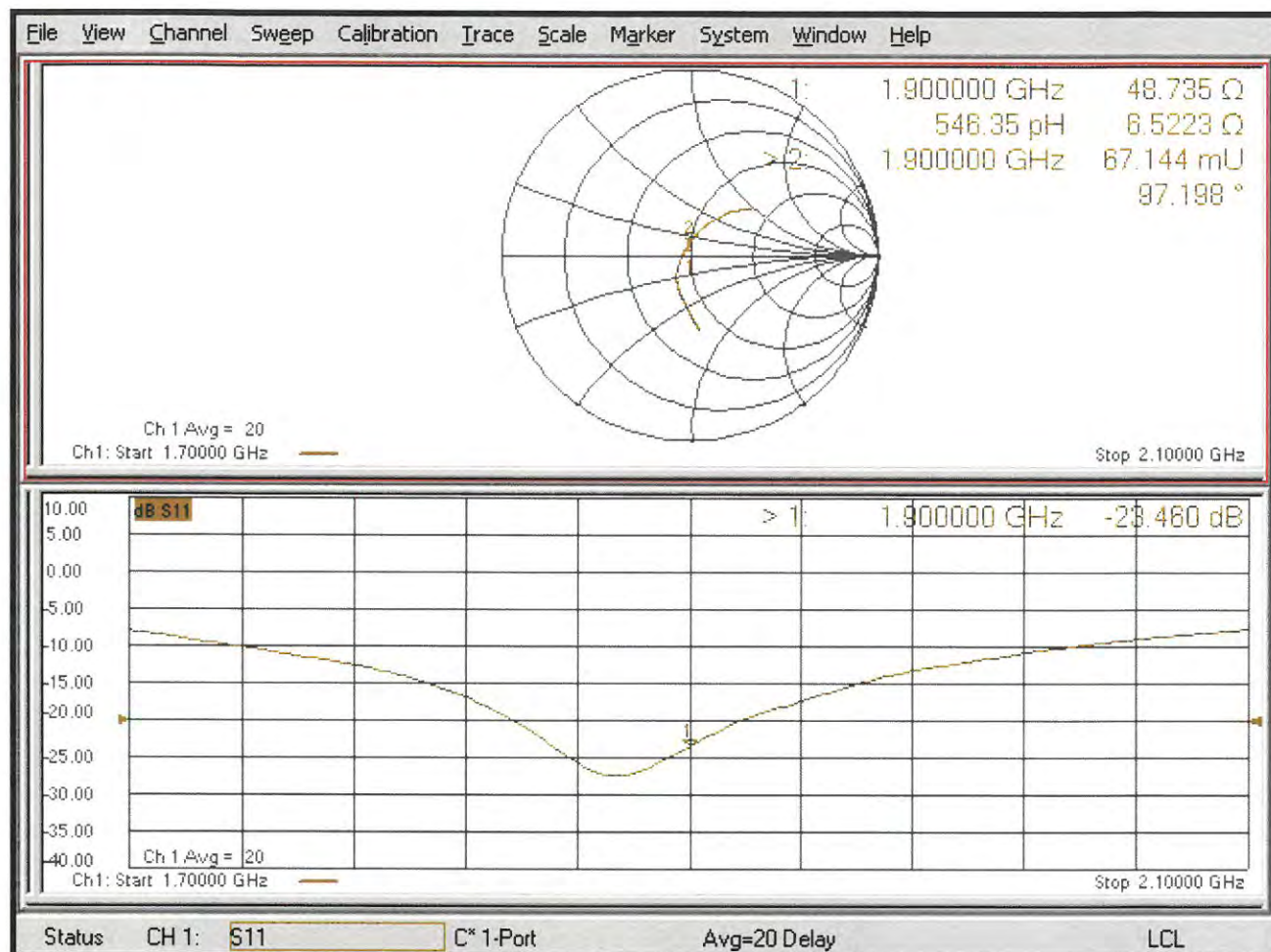
SAR(1 g) = 9.77 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.17 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 14.7 W/kg



0 dB = 14.7 W/kg = 11.67 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Body TSL





Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

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Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: **D2450V2-869_Jun19**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN:869**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-05.v11
Calibration Procedure for SAR Validation Sources between 0.7-3 GHz**

Calibration date: **June 27, 2019**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$ and humidity $< 70\%$.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892/02893)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02892)	Apr-20
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	03-Apr-19 (No. 217-02893)	Apr-20
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: 5058 (20k)	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02894)	Apr-20
Type-N mismatch combination	SN: 5047.2 / 06327	04-Apr-19 (No. 217-02895)	Apr-20
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN: 7349	29-May-19 (No. EX3-7349_May19)	May-20
DAE4	SN: 601	30-Apr-19 (No. DAE4-601_Apr19)	Apr-20
Secondary Standards	ID #	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB39512475	30-Oct-14 (in house check Feb-19)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: US37292783	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Power sensor HP 8481A	SN: MY41092317	07-Oct-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
RF generator R&S SMT-06	SN: 100972	15-Jun-15 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-20
Network Analyzer Agilent E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-18)	In house check: Oct-19

Calibrated by: **Michael Weber** Name: **Michael Weber** Function: **Laboratory Technician**

Signature

Approved by: **Katja Pokovic** Name: **Katja Pokovic** Function: **Technical Manager**

Issued: June 27, 2019

This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.



Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: **SCS 0108**

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM x,y,z
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY5	V52.10.2
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Modular Flat Phantom	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	37.9 $\pm$ 6 %	1.86 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.7 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.5 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.35 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	25.1 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Body TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Body TSL parameters	22.0 °C	52.7	1.95 mho/m
Measured Body TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	51.0 $\pm$ 6 %	2.03 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Body TSL temperature change during test	< 0.5 °C	----	----

SAR result with Body TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Body TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.3 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	51.8 W/kg $\pm$ 17.0 % (k=2)

SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Body TSL	condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Body TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.5 W/kg $\pm$ 16.5 % (k=2)

Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of SCS 0108)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$52.9 \Omega + 6.4 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 23.4 dB

Antenna Parameters with Body TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	$48.7 \Omega + 8.3 j\Omega$
Return Loss	- 21.4 dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.160 ns
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After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feedpoint can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feedpoint may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

Manufactured by	SPEAG
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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 27.06.2019

Test Laboratory: SPEAG, Zurich, Switzerland

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN:869

Communication System: UID 0 - CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.86$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 37.9$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2011)

DASY52 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7349; ConvF(7.9, 7.9, 7.9) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 29.05.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn601; Calibrated: 30.04.2019
- Phantom: Flat Phantom 5.0 (front); Type: QD 000 P50 AA; Serial: 1001
- DASY52 52.10.2(1504); SEMCAD X 14.6.12(7470)

Dipole Calibration for Head Tissue/Pin=250 mW, d=10mm/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

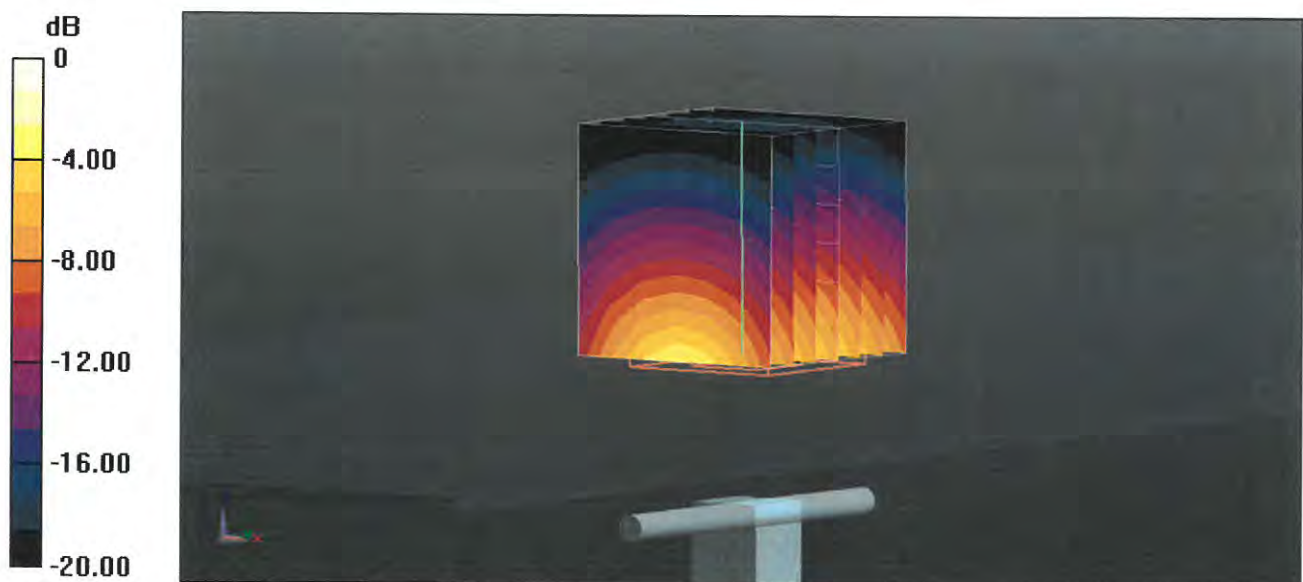
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 117.5 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.0 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.35 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.2 W/kg



0 dB = 22.2 W/kg = 13.46 dBW/kg

Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL

