

TEST REPORT

Product Name : SNOOPY SNOW WATER SPEAKER
Model Number : SP-0771-SNOOPY
FCC ID : 2ADM5-SP-0771

Prepared for : Zeeva Int Ltd
Address : 1007B-8, 1012 & 15, 10th Fl, Exchange Tower, 33 Wang Chiu Road, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong

Prepared by : EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.
Address : Building 69, Majialong Industry Zone, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

TEL:(0755) 26954280
FAX:(0755) 26954282

Report Number : ENS2506130032W00301R
Date of sample receipt : Jun 13, 2025
Date(s) of Tests : Jun 13, 2025 to Jul 09, 2025
Date of issue : Jul 10, 2025

Table of Contents

1 TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION	3
2 EUT TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION	5
3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT	6
4 TEST METHODOLOGY	7
4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS	7
4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED	7
4.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES	8
5 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS	9
5.1 FACILITIES	9
5.2 EQUIPMENT	9
5.3 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS	9
6 TEST SYSTEM UNCERTAINTY	10
7 SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST	11
7.1 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 1	11
7.2 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 2	11
7.3 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST SETUP	13
7.4 BLOCK DIAGRAM CONFIGURATION OF TEST SYSTEM	14
7.5 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT	14
8 FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS	15
8.1 Standard Applicable	15
8.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence	15
8.3 Equal Hopping Frequency Use	16
8.4 Frequency Hopping System	16
9 TEST REQUIREMENTS	17
9.1 20DB&99%BANDWIDTH	17
9.2 CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION	28
9.3 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES	31
9.4 AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)	34
9.5 MAXIMUM PEAK CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER	44
9.6 CONDUCTED SUPRIIOUS EMISSION	50
9.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION	60
9.8 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST	69
9.9 ANTENNA APPLICATION	72

1 TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant : Zeeva Int Ltd
Address : 1007B-8, 1012 & 15, 10th Fl, Exchange Tower, 33 Wang Chiu Road, Kowloon Bay, Hong Kong
EUT : SNOOPY SNOW WATER SPEAKER
Model Name : SP-0771-SNOOPY
Trademark : N/A

Measurement Procedure Used:

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	TEST RESULT
FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	PASS
IC RSS-GEN, Issue 5(04-2018)+A1(03-2019)+A2(02-2021) IC RSS-247 Issue 3(08-2023)	PASS

The above equipment was tested by EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10 (2013) and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 2, Part 15.247, IC RSS-247 Issue 3 and IC RSS-GEN, Issue 5.

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report

Date of Test : Jun 13, 2025 to Jul 09, 2025

Prepared by : 
Una Yu /Editor

Reviewer : 
Joe Xia/Supervisor

Approve & Authorized Signer : 
Lisa Wang/Manager



Modified History

Version	Report No.	Revision Date	Summary
	ENS2506130032W00301R	/	Original Report



2 EUT TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Characteristics	Description
Product:	SNOOPY SNOW WATER SPEAKER
Model Number:	SP-0771-SNOOPY
SKU:	9218816
UPC:	1922341076102
COLOR:	RED
Sample:	1#
Data Rate:	1Mbps for GFSK modulation 2Mbps for $\pi/4$ -DQPSK modulation 3Mbps for 8DPSK modulation
Modulation:	GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8DPSK
Operating Frequency Range(s) :	2402-2480MHz
Number of Channels:	79 channels
Transmit Power Max:	-5.70 dBm(0.000269W)
Antenna Type:	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain:	-0.58 dBi
Power supply:	DC 5V from USB
Product SW/HW version:	HW:SP-0771-MIN-V1.1 SW:(SP-0771 SPK)_9E3F-59C59FC8_20250605_SP-0771
Radio SW/HW version:	HW:SP-0771-MIN-V1.1 SW:(SP-0771 SPK)_9E3F-59C59FC8_20250605_SP-0771
Temperature Range:	-10~45°C

Note1: for more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

FCC Part Clause	IC Part Clause	Test Parameter	Verdict	Remark
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1 RSS-Gen.6.7	Emission Bandwidth	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1	Carrier Frequency Separation	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1	Number of Hopping Frequencies	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	RSS-247.5.1	Average Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	PASS	
15.247(b)(1)	RSS-247.5.4 RSS-Gen 6.12	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	PASS	
15.247(d)	RSS-247 5.5	Conducted Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.247(d) 15.209 15.205	RSS-Gen 8.9 RSS-Gen 8.10 RSS-Gen 6.13 RSS-247 3.3 RSS-247 5.5	Radiated Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.207	RSS-Gen 8.8	Conducted Emission	PASS	
15.203 15.247(b)	RSS-Gen 6.8 RSS-247 5.4	Antenna Application	PASS	
15.247 (a) (1)/g/h	-	Frequency Hopping System	PASS	
NOTE1: N/A (Not Applicable)				
NOTE2: According to FCC OET KDB 558074, the report use radiated measurements in the restricted frequency bands. In addition, the radiated test is also performed to ensure the emissions emanating from the device cabinet also comply with the applicable limits.				

RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT(S):

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2ADM5-SP-0771** filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

4 TEST METHODOLOGY

4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J

FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C

IC RSS-GEN, Issue 5(04-2018)+A1(03-2019)+A2(02-2021)

IC RSS-247 Issue 3(08-2023)

FCC KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02

4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

Conducted Emission Test Equipment

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	101384	2025/5/9	1 Year
AMN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101161	2025/5/9	1 Year

For Spurious Emissions Test

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU 26	100154	2025/5/9	1Year
Pre-Amplifie	Lunar EM	LNA30M3G-25	J10100000070	2025/5/9	1Year
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	661	2025/5/18	2 Year
Horn antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9120D	9120D-1177	2025/5/17	2 Year
Pre-Amplifie	SKET	LNPA_0118G-45	SK2019051801	2025/5/9	1Year
Loop Antenna	Schwarzbeck	FMZB1519	1519-012	2025/5/13	2Year
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40	100967	2025/5/9	1Year
Horn antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA9170	9170-399	2025/5/13	2Year
Coaxial Cable	TIMES	NmNm-7-C15702	N/A	2025/5/22	1Year
Coaxial Cable	TIMES	HF290-NMSM-6.5M	N/A	2025/5/22	1Year
Coaxial Cable	TIMES	LMR-240 N-N	N/A	2025/5/22	1Year

For other test items:

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Interval
Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	MY53470879	2025/5/10	1Year
Vector Signal Generater	Agilent	N5182B	MY53050878	2025/5/10	1Year
Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5171B	MY53050553	2025/5/10	1Year
RF Control Unit(Power Meter)	Tonscend	JS0806-2	\	2025/5/10	1Year
Temperature&Humidity Chamber	ESPEC	EL-02KA	12107166	2025/5/10	1Year

4.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under its typical operating condition.

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

The Transmitter was operated in the normal operating mode. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

Test of channel included the lowest and middle and highest frequency to perform the test, then record on this report.

Those data rates (1Mbps for GFSK modulation(DH5); 2Mbps for $\pi/4$ -DQPSK modulation(2DH5); 3Mbps for 8DPSK modulation(3DH5);)were used for all test.

Pre-defined engineering program for regulatory testing used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

Frequency and Channel list for Bluetooth

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441	...	...
1	2403	40	2442	76	2478
2	2404	41	2443	77	2479
...	...	...	...	78	2480

Note: $f_c = 2402\text{MHz} + k \times 1\text{MHz}$ $k=0$ to 78

Test Frequency and channel for Bluetooth

Lowest Frequency		Middle Frequency		Highest Frequency	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441	78	2480

5 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at:

EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.

Building 69, Majialong Industry Zone, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR Publication 22.

5.2 EQUIPMENT

Radiated emissions are measured with one or more of the following types of linearly polarized antennas: tuned dipole, biconical, log periodic, bi-log, and/or ridged waveguide, horn. Spectrum analyzers with preselectors and quasi-peak detectors are used to perform radiated measurements.

Conducted emissions are measured with Line Impedance Stabilization Networks and EMI Test Receivers.

Calibrated wideband preamplifiers, coaxial cables, and coaxial attenuators are also used for making measurements.

All receiving equipment conforms to CISPR Publication 16-1, "Radio Interference Measuring Apparatus and Measurement Methods."

5.3 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Site Description	
EMC Lab.	: Accredited by CNAS The Certificate Registration Number is L2291. The Laboratory has been assessed and proved to be in compliance with CNAS-CL01 (identical to ISO/IEC 17025:2017) Accredited by FCC Designation Number: CN1204 Test Firm Registration Number: 882943 Accredited by A2LA The Certificate Number is 4321.01. Accredited by Industry Canada The Conformity Assessment Body Identifier is CN0008
Name of Firm	: EMTEK (SHENZHEN) CO., LTD.
Site Location	: Building 69, Majialong Industry Zone, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

6 TEST SYSTEM UNCERTAINTY

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

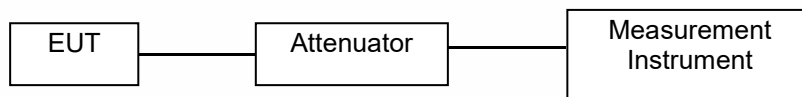
Test Parameter	Measurement Uncertainty
Frequency error	$\pm 20\text{Hz}$
Occupied Bandwidth	$\pm 0.5\text{KHz}$
Transmitter output power	$\pm 0.6\text{dB}$
Conducted spurious emissions	$\pm 3.2\text{dB}$
Radiated spurious emissions	$\pm 4.5\text{dB}$
Temperature	$\pm 1.2^\circ\text{C}$
Humidity	$\pm 3\%$
DC voltages	$\pm 0.25\text{V}$
Time	$\pm 1\%$

Measurement Uncertainty for a level of Confidence of 95%

7 SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

7.1 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 1

The Bluetooth component's antenna ports(s) of the EUT are connected to the measurement instrument per an appropriate attenuator. The EUT is controlled by PC/software to emit the specified signals for the purpose of measurements.



7.2 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 2

The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4 dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.10. The test distance is 3m. The setup is according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 and CAN/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22.

Below 30MHz:

The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna (loop antenna). The Antenna should be positioned with its plane vertical at the specified distance from the EUT and rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. The center of the loop shall be 1 m above the ground. For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT.

Above 30MHz:

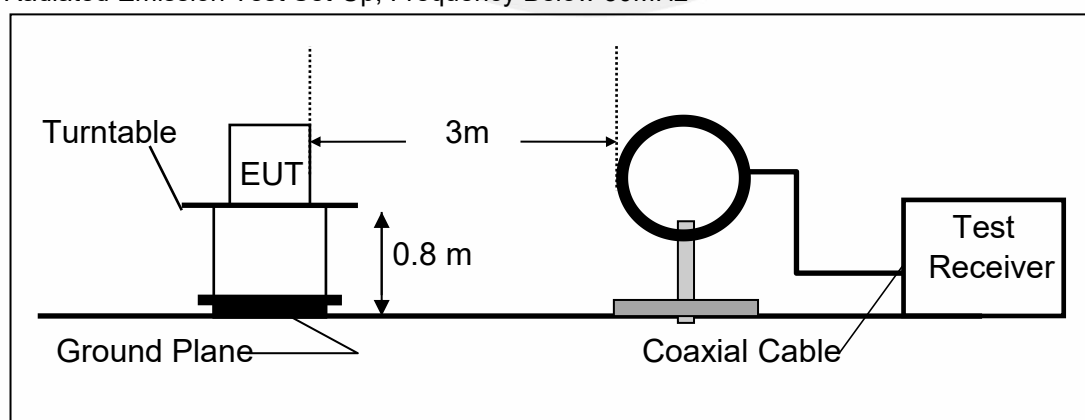
The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

Above 1GHz:

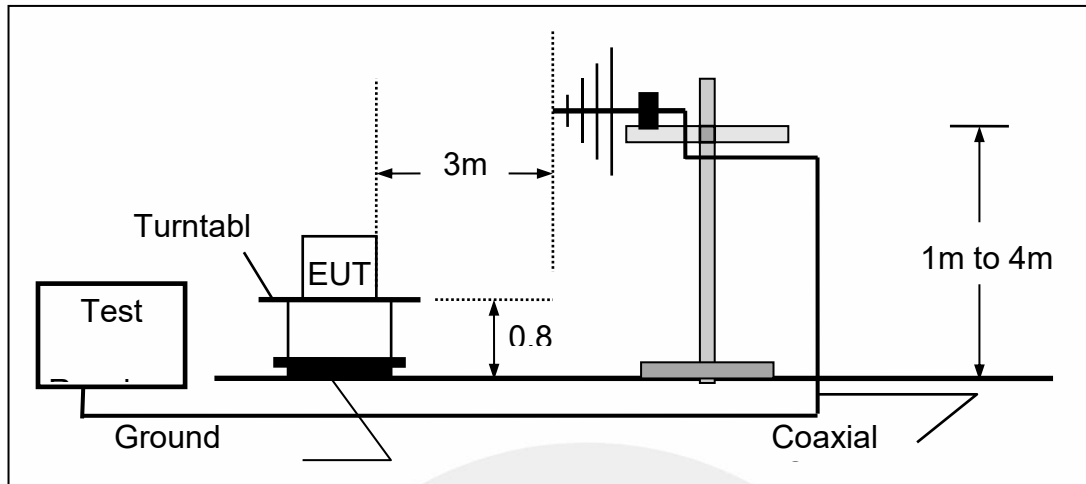
(Note: the FCC's permission to use 1.5m as an alternative per TCBC Conf call of Dec. 2, 2014.)

The EUT is placed on a turntable 1.5 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

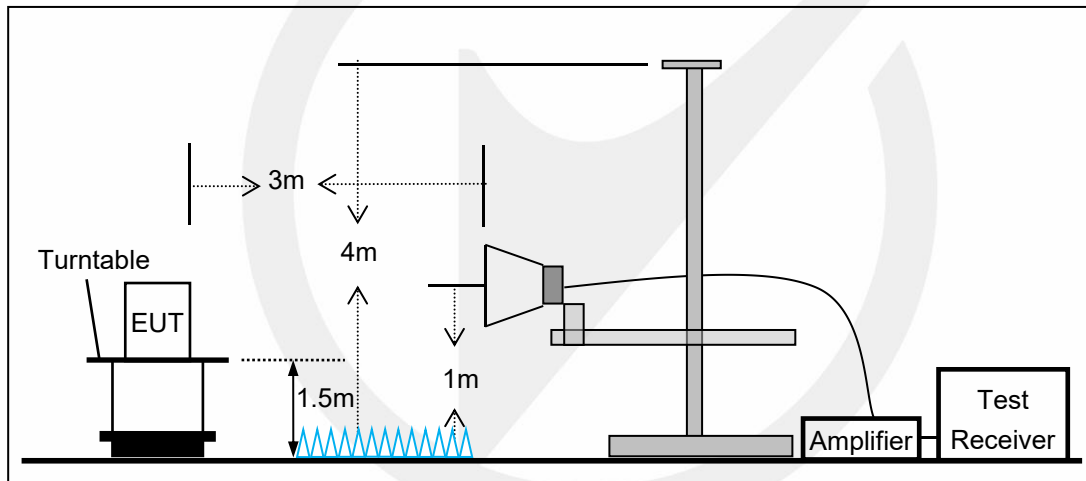
(a) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 30MHz



(b) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz



(c) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz

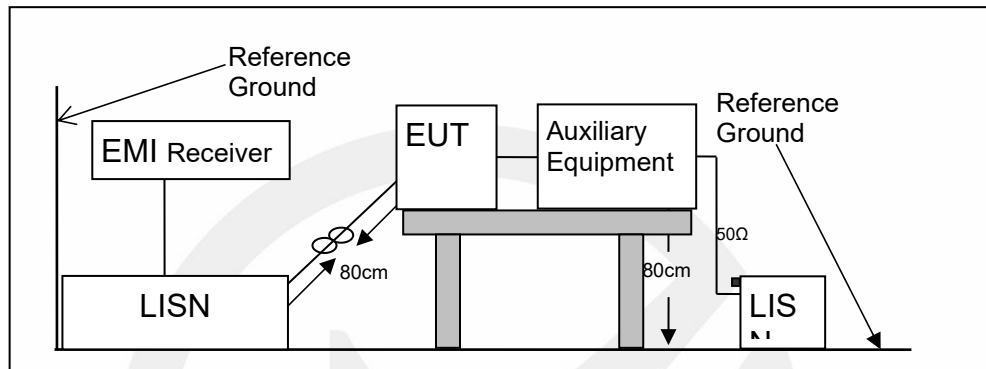


7.3 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST SETUP

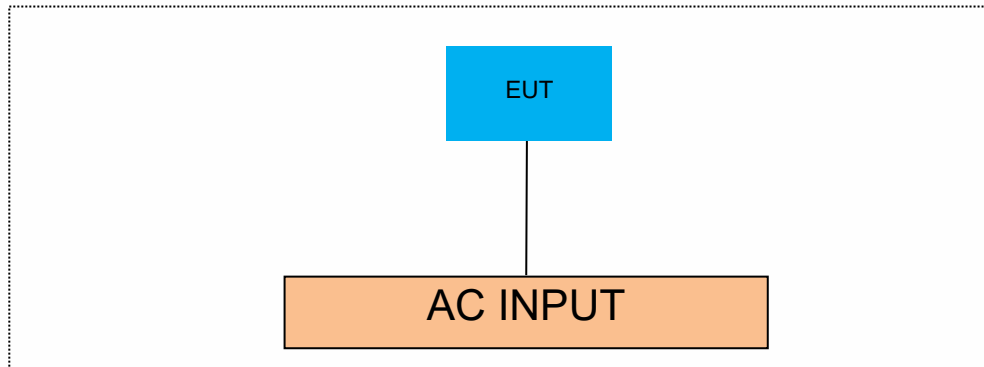
The mains cable of the EUT (Perfect Share Mini) must be connected to LISN. The LISN shall be placed 0.8m from the boundary of EUT and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISN mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance is between the closest points of the LISN and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment shall be at least 0.8m from the LISN.

Ground connections, where required for safety purposes, shall be connected to the reference ground point of the LISN and, where not otherwise provided or specified by the manufacturer, shall be of same length as the mains cable and run parallel to the mains connection at a separation distance of not more than 0.8m.

According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-Peak and average detector mode.



7.4 BLOCK DIAGRAM CONFIGURATION OF TEST SYSTEM



7.5 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

EUT Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
/	/	/	/

Auxiliary Cable List and Details			
Cable Description	Length (m)	Shielded/Unshielded	With / Without Ferrite
USB line	0.3	/	/

Auxiliary Equipment List and Details			
Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number
Notebook	Lenovo	E46L	11S168003748Z0LR06E0HG
Adaptor	Apple	/	/
/	/	/	/

Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

8 FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

8.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

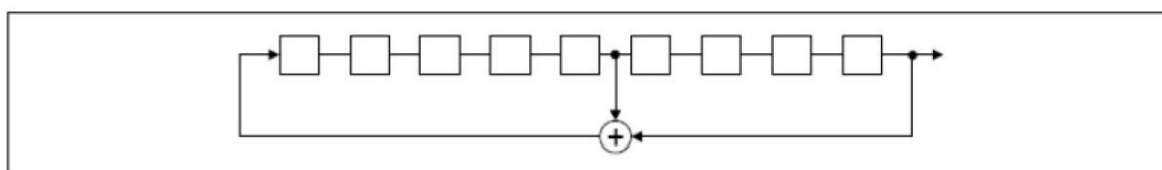
8.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divided into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The normal hop is 1 600 hops/s.

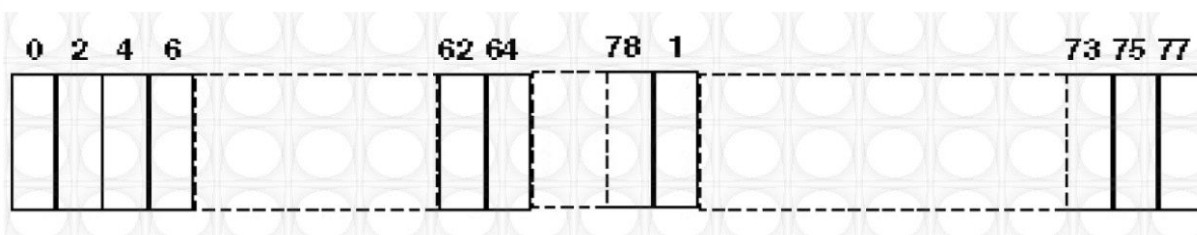
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage, and the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONES; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones. Number of shift register stages: 9

Length of pseudo-random sequence: $2^9 - 1 = 511$ bits

Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

8.3 Equal Hopping Frequency Use

All Bluetooth units participating in the piconet are time and hop-synchronized to the channel.

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

35, 27, 6, 44, 14, 61, 74, 32, 1, 11, 23, 2, 55, 65, 29, 3, 9, 52, 78, 58, 40, 25, 0, 7, 18, 26, 76, 60, 47, 50, 2, 5, 16, 37, 70, 63, 66, 54, 20, 13, 4, 8, 15, 21, 26, 10, 73, 77, 67, 69, 43, 24, 57, 39, 46, 72, 48, 33, 17, 31, 75, 19, 41, 62, 68, 28, 51, 66, 30, 56, 34, 59, 71, 22, 49, 64, 38, 45, 36, 42, 53

Each Frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter

8.4 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH-enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

9 TEST REQUIREMENTS

9.1 20DB&99%BANDWIDTH

9.1.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02
According to IC RSS-247.5.1 and RSS-Gen.6.7

9.1.2 Conformance Limit

No limit requirement.

9.1.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.1.4 Test Procedure

The EUT was operating in Bluetooth mode and controlled its channel. Printed out the test result from the spectrum by hard copy function.

The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously

Set RBW = 30 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) = 100 kHz.

Set Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth

Set Detector = Peak.

Set Trace mode = max hold.

Set Sweep = auto couple.

The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the markerdelta function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation.

Measure and record the results in the test report.

Test Results

Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note: N/A

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	20db EBW[MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	0.963	2401.538	2402.501	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2441	0.957	2440.541	2441.498	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2480	0.963	2479.541	2480.504	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2402	1.317	2401.349	2402.666	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2441	1.290	2440.379	2441.669	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2480	1.317	2479.349	2480.666	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2402	1.296	2401.361	2402.657	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2441	1.305	2440.361	2441.666	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2480	1.302	2479.361	2480.663	---	---



DH5-Ant1-2402



DH5-Ant1-2441



DH5-Ant1-2480



2DH5-Ant1-2402



2DH5-Ant1-2441



2DH5-Ant1-2480



3DH5-Ant1-2402

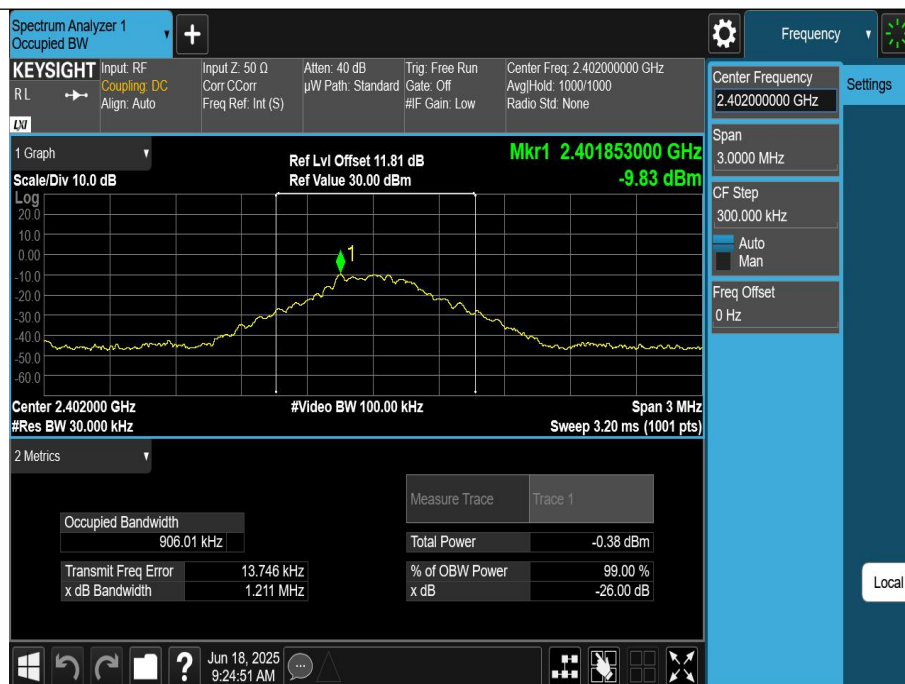


3DH5-Ant1-2441

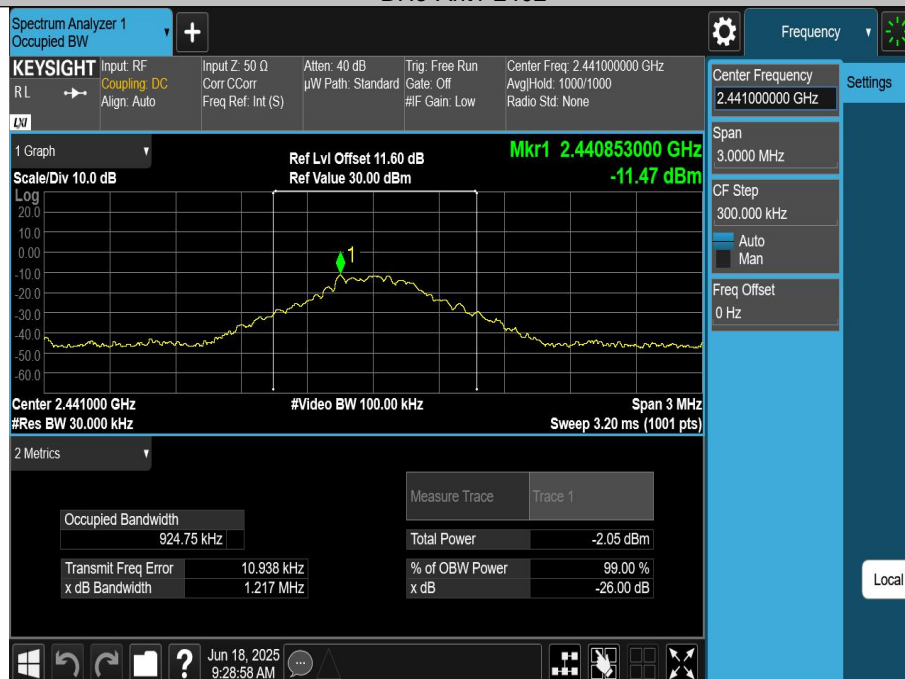


Occupied Channel Bandwidth

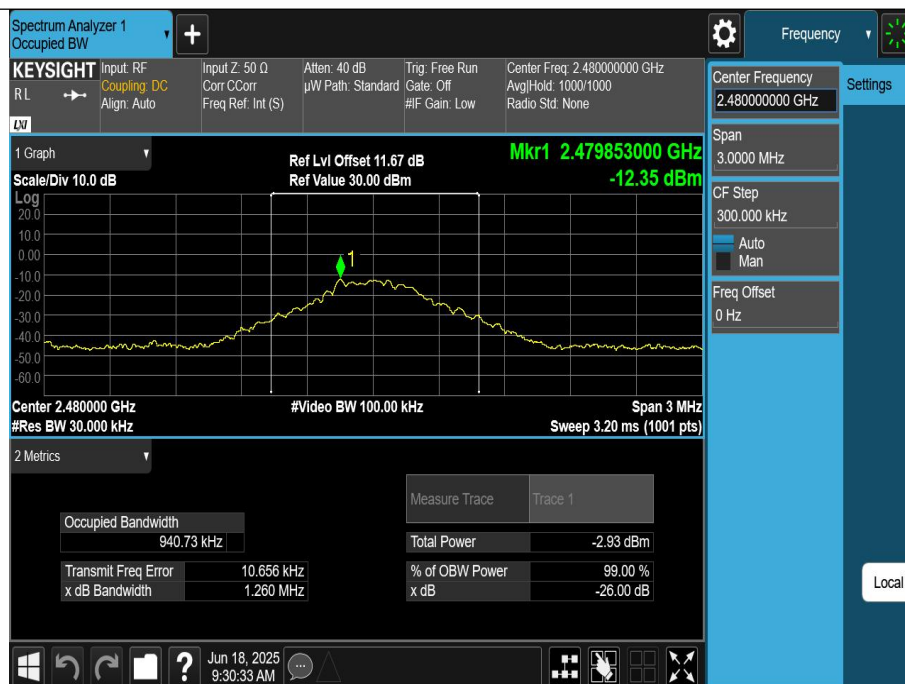
TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	OCB [MHz]	FL[MHz]	FH[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	2402	0.90601	2401.5607	2402.4668	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2441	0.92475	2440.5486	2441.4733	---	---
DH5	Ant1	2480	0.94073	2479.5403	2480.4810	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2402	1.1950	2401.4137	2402.6087	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2441	1.2041	2440.4086	2441.6127	---	---
2DH5	Ant1	2480	1.2117	2479.4051	2480.6168	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2402	1.2087	2401.4038	2402.6125	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2441	1.2126	2440.4009	2441.6135	---	---
3DH5	Ant1	2480	1.2208	2479.3965	2480.6173	---	---



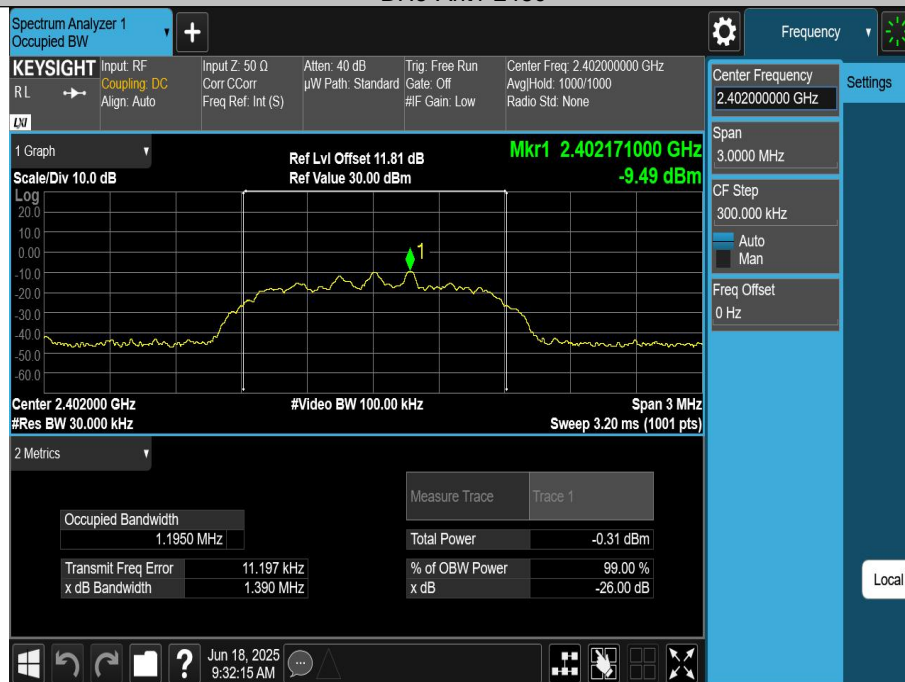
DH5-Ant1-2402



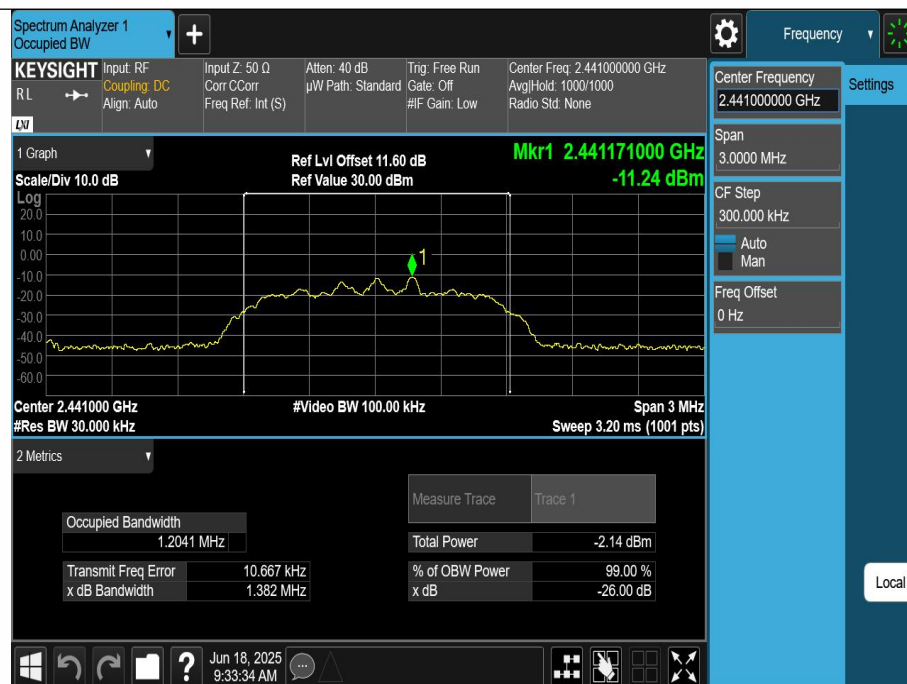
DH5-Ant1-2441



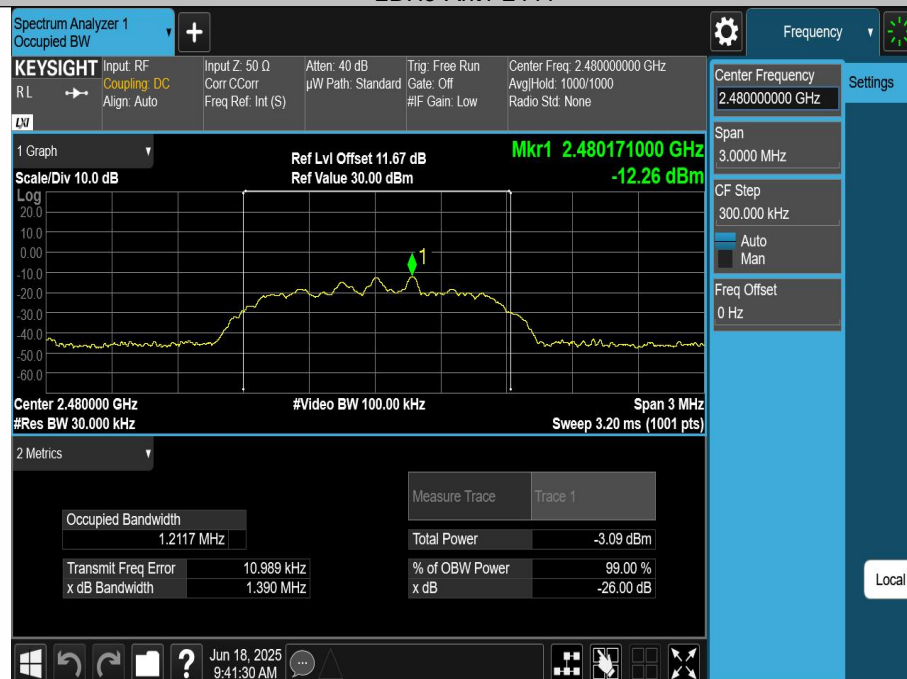
DH5-Ant1-2480



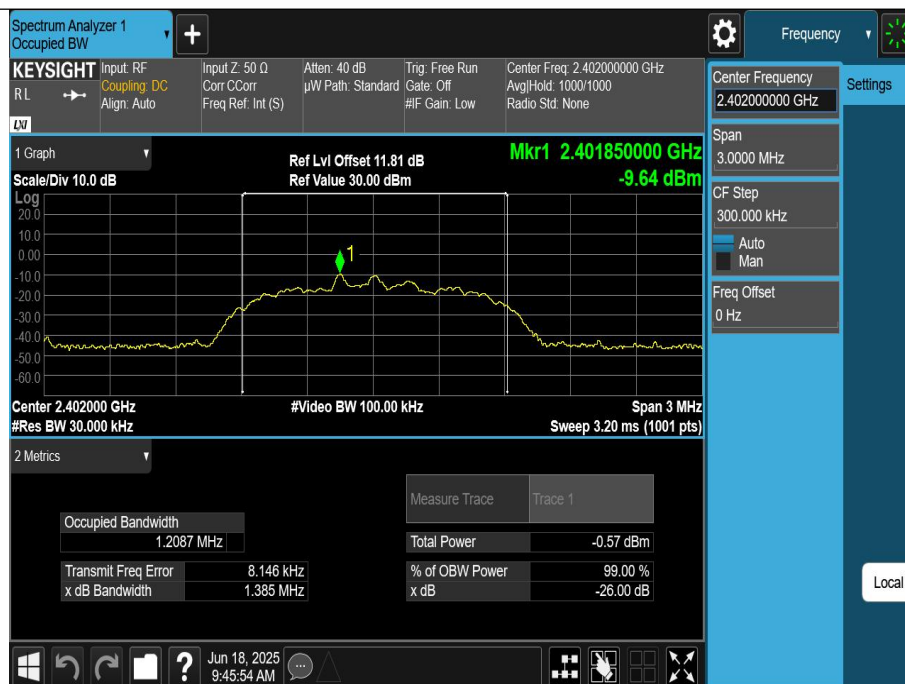
2DH5-Ant1-2402



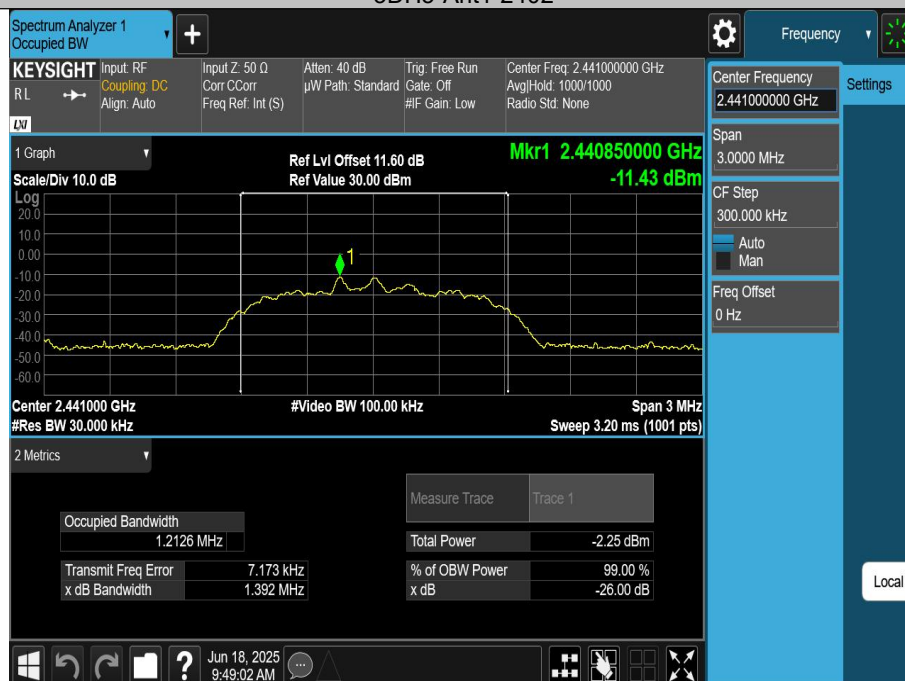
2DH5-Ant1-2441



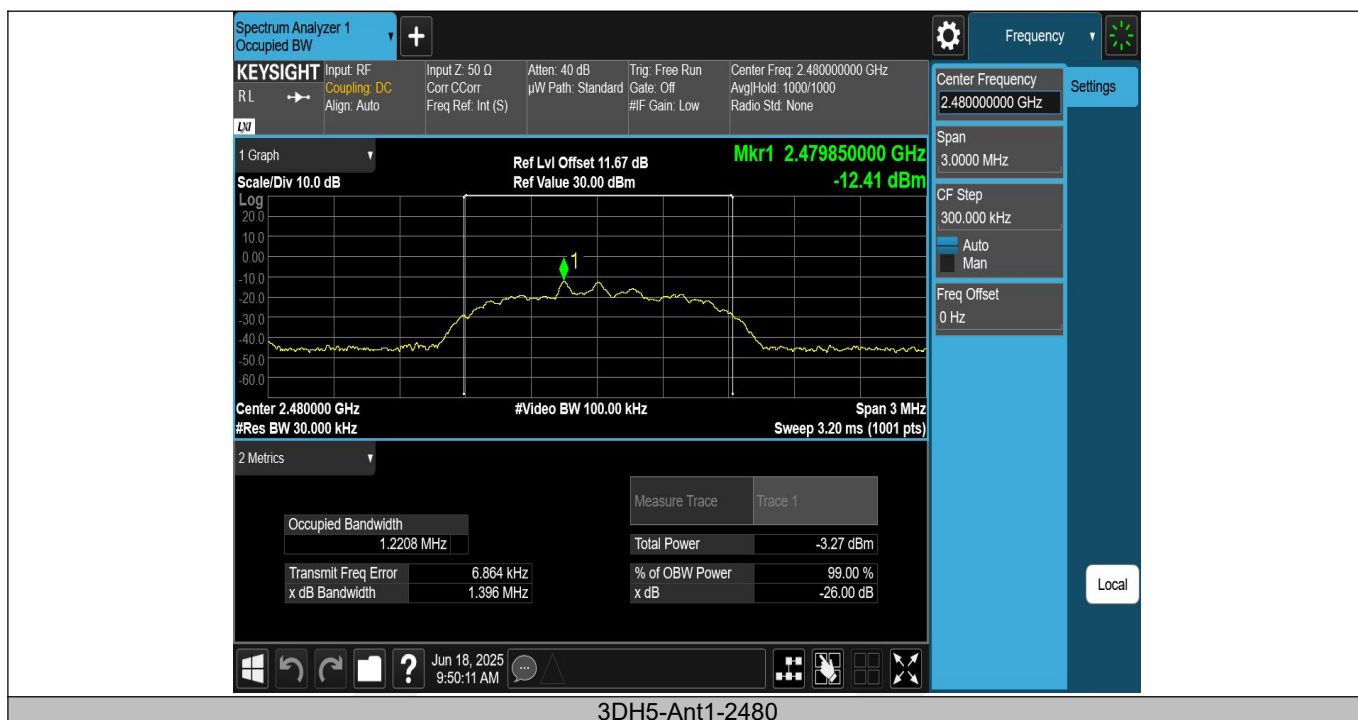
2DH5-Ant1-2480



3DH5-Ant1-2402



3DH5-Ant1-2441



9.2 CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION

9.2.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02
According to IC RSS-247.5.1

9.2.2 Conformance Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

In case of an output power less than 125mW, the frequency hopping system may have channels separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

9.2.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.2.4 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set the RBW =300kHz. Set VBW =300kHz.

Set the span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Set Sweep time = auto couple.

Set Detector = peak. Set Trace mode = max hold.

Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

Test Results

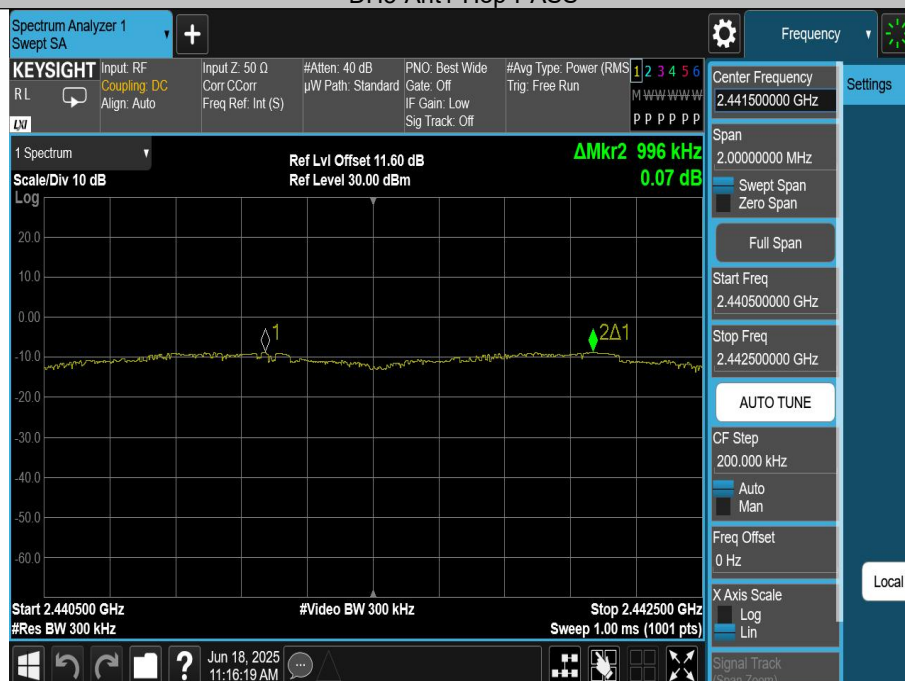
Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note: For Limit = 20dB bandwidth * 2/3

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Result[MHz]	Limit[MHz]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Hop	0.978	≥0.642	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	0.996	≥0.878	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	1.032	≥0.870	PASS



DH5-Ant1-Hop-PASS



2DH5-Ant1-Hop-PASS



9.3 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES

9.3.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02
According to IC RSS-247.5.1

9.3.2 Conformance Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

9.3.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.3.4 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = the frequency band of operation (2400-2483.5MHz)

RBW = 300KHz

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

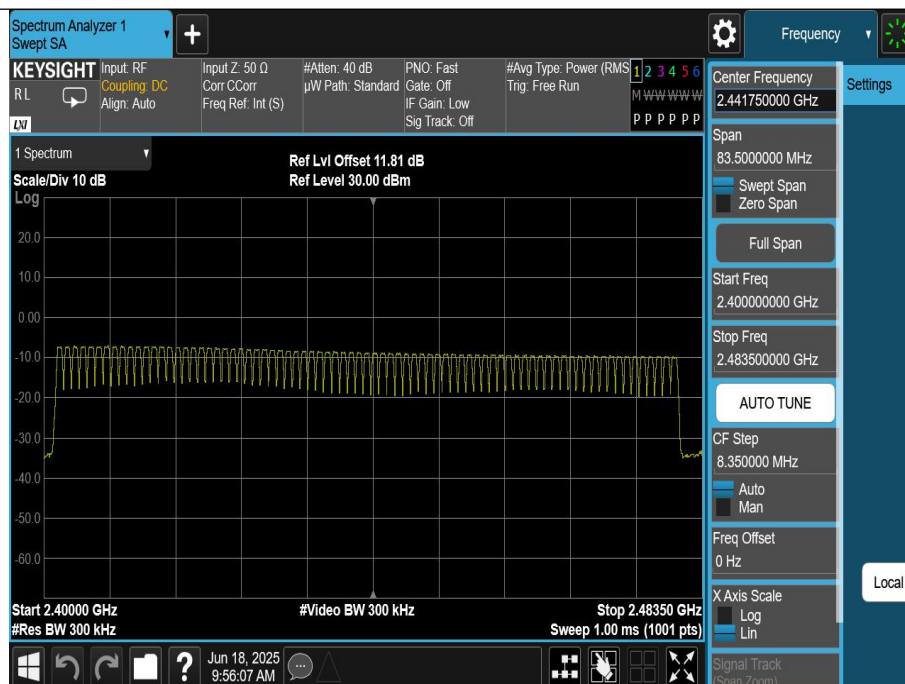
Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections, in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies.

Test Results

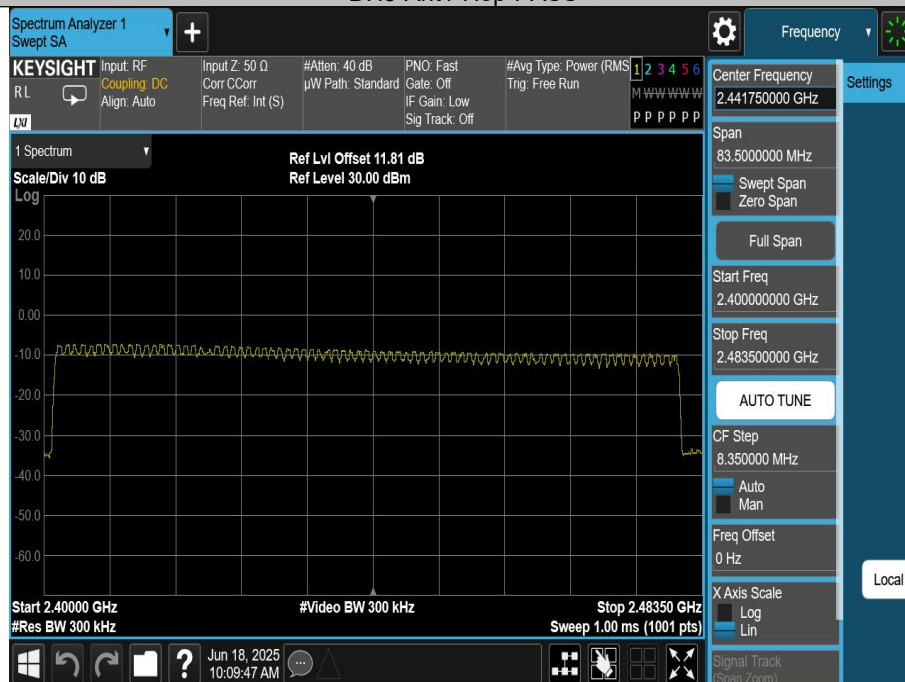
Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

Note: N/A

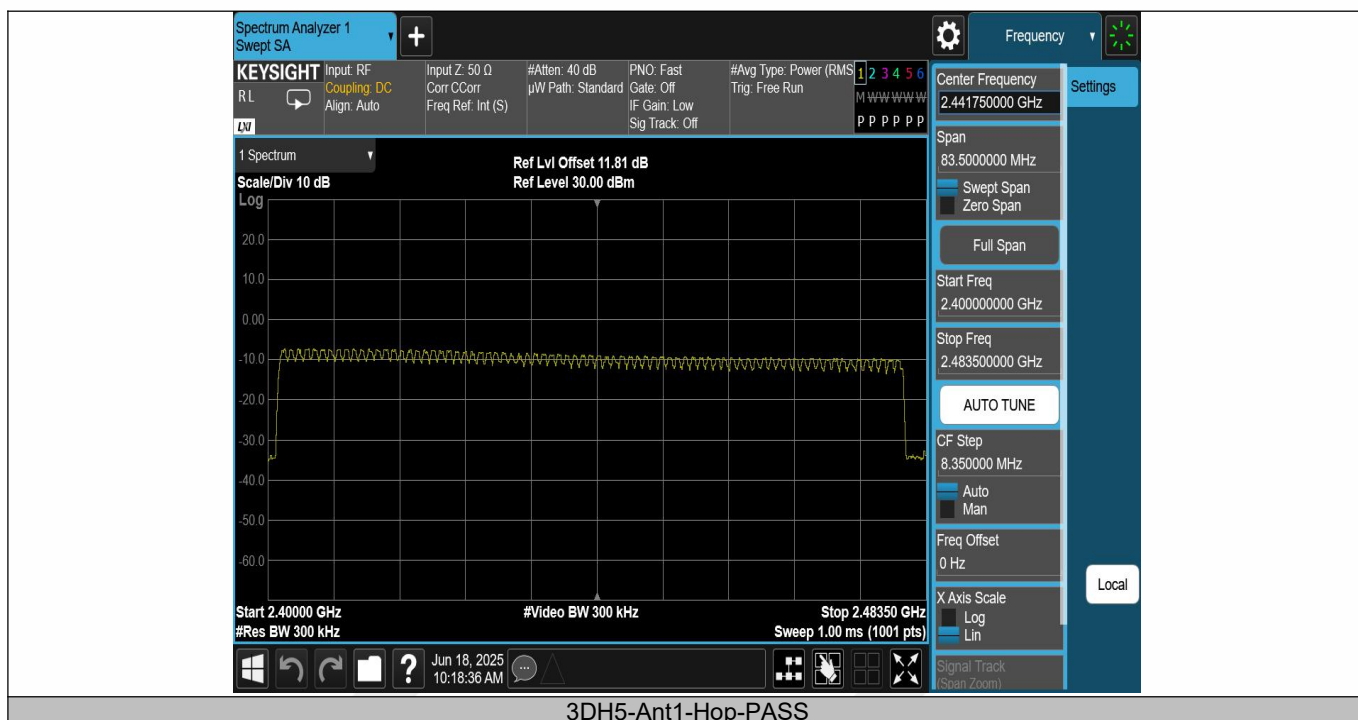
TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	Result[Num]	Limit[Num]	Verdict
DH5	Ant1	Hop	79	≥ 15	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	79	≥ 15	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	79	≥ 15	PASS



DH5-Ant1-Hop-PASS



2DH5-Ant1-Hop-PASS



3DH5-Ant1-Hop-PASS

9.4 AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

9.4.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and KDB 558074 D01 15.247 MEAS GUIDANCE v05r02
According to IC RSS-247.5.1

9.4.2 Conformance Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band, the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4s within a period of 0.4s multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

9.4.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.4.4 Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW $\geq$ RBW

Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

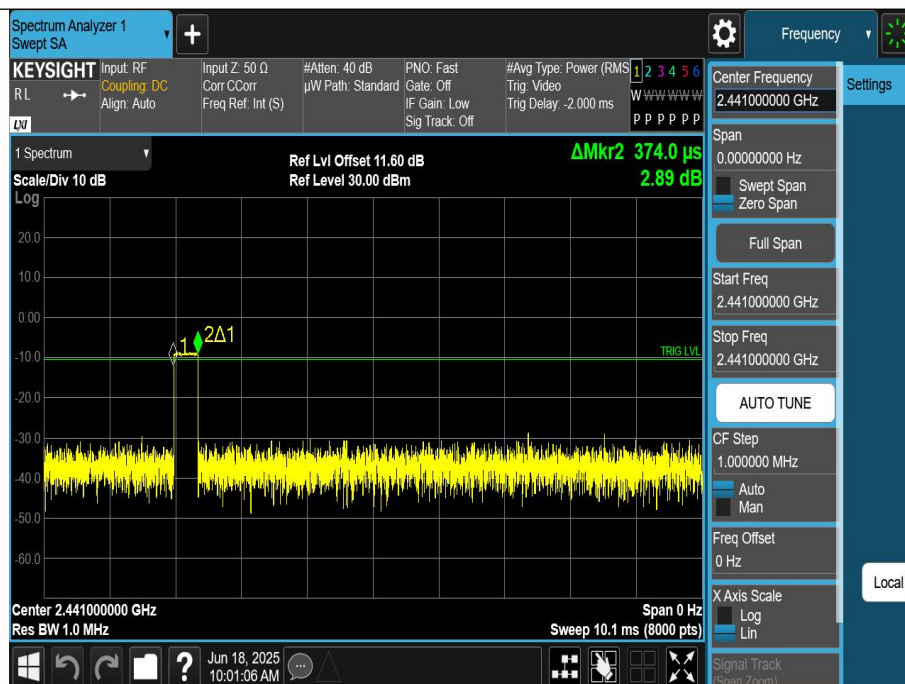
If possible, use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.

9.4.5 Test Results

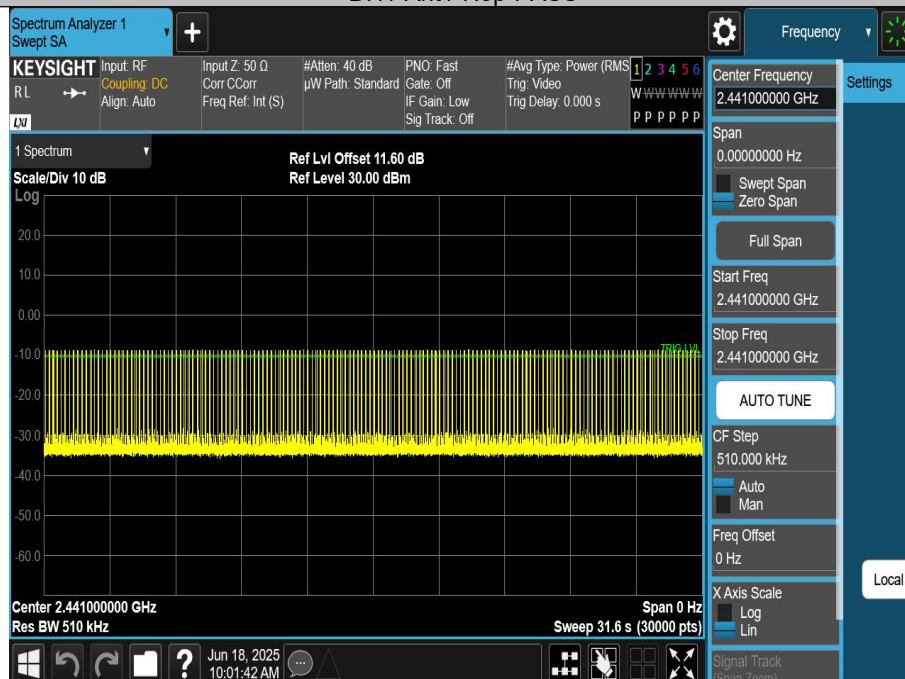
Temperature:	25° C
Relative Humidity:	45%
ATM Pressure:	1011 mbar

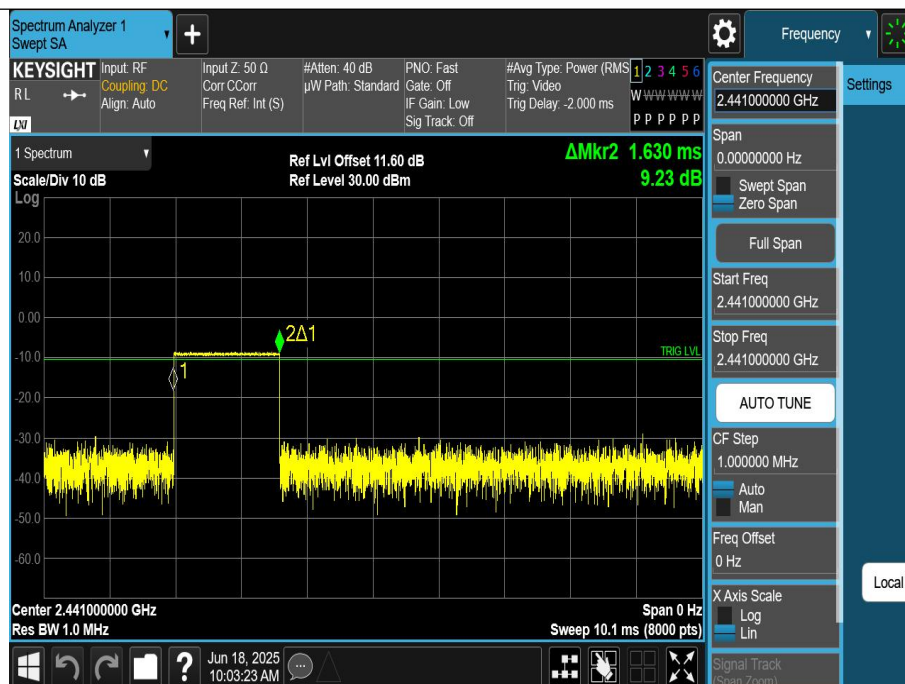
Note: Dwell Time= BurstWidth* TotalHops

TestMode	Antenna	Frequency[MHz]	BurstWidth [ms]	TotalHops [Num]	Result[s]	Limit[s]	Verdict
DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.374	316	0.118	≤ 0.4	PASS
DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.630	160	0.261	≤ 0.4	PASS
DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.878	99	0.285	≤ 0.4	PASS
2DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.384	316	0.121	≤ 0.4	PASS
2DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.637	159	0.26	≤ 0.4	PASS
2DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.884	100	0.288	≤ 0.4	PASS
3DH1	Ant1	Hop	0.385	320	0.123	≤ 0.4	PASS
3DH3	Ant1	Hop	1.634	156	0.255	≤ 0.4	PASS
3DH5	Ant1	Hop	2.885	125	0.361	≤ 0.4	PASS

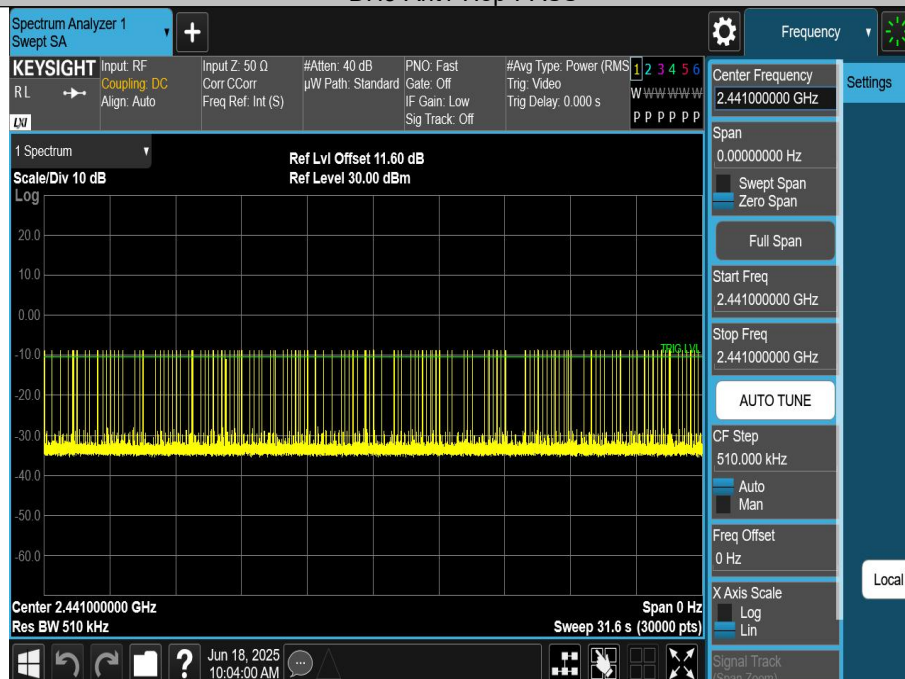


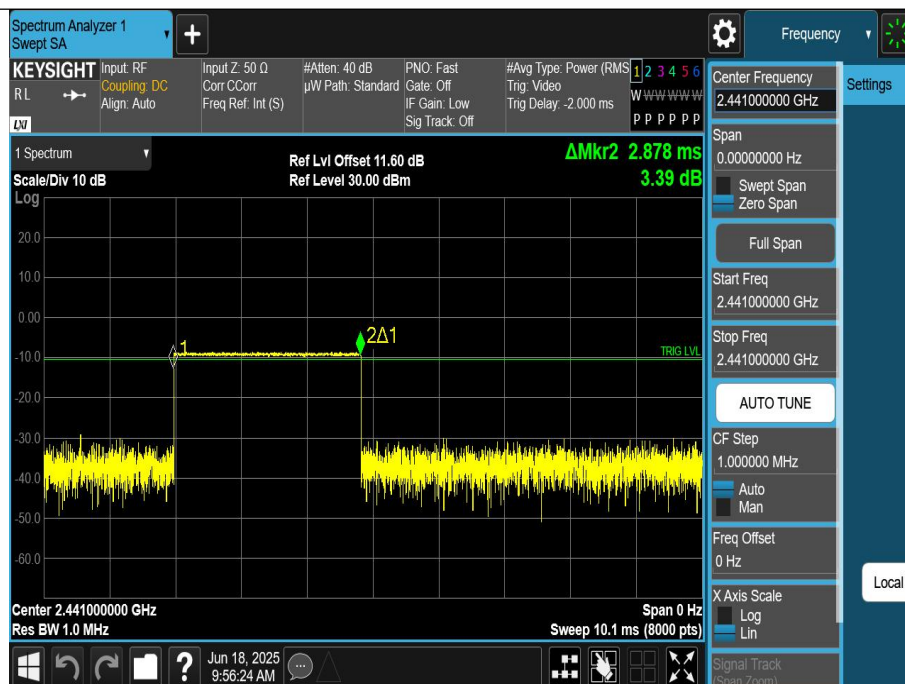
DH1-Ant1-Hop-PASS



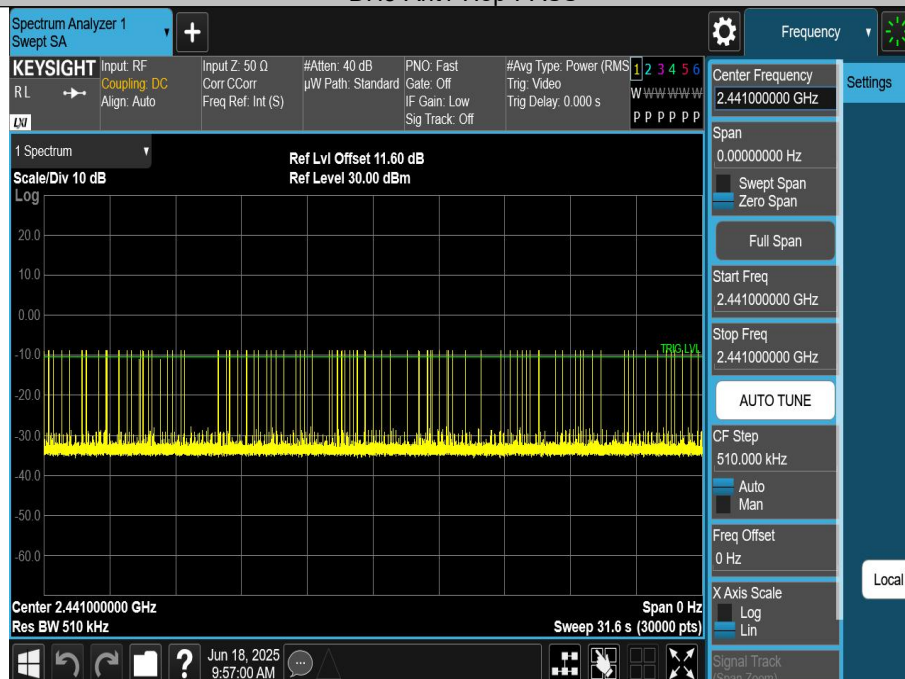


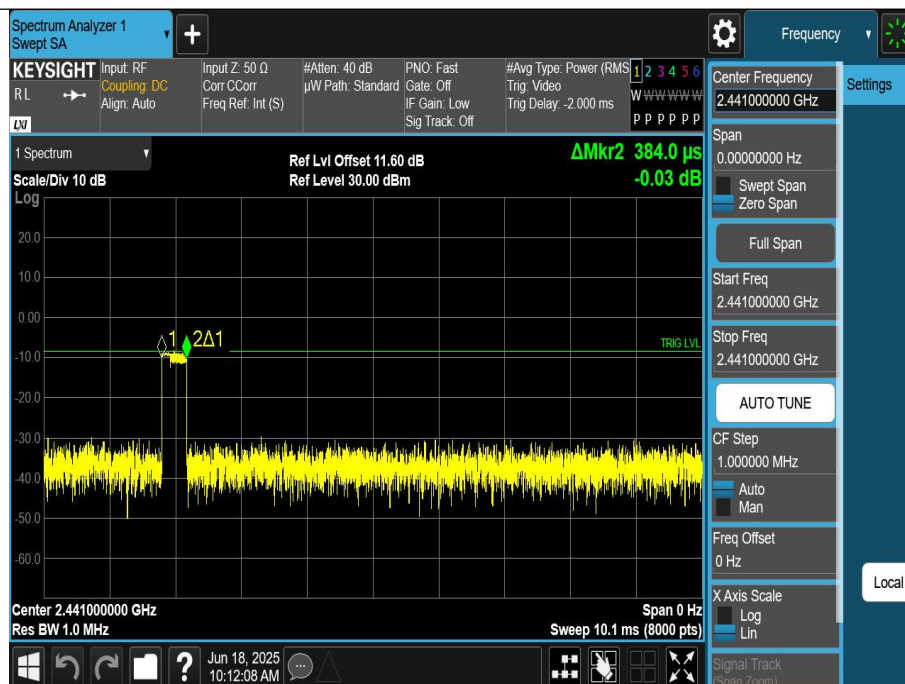
DH3-Ant1-Hop-PASS



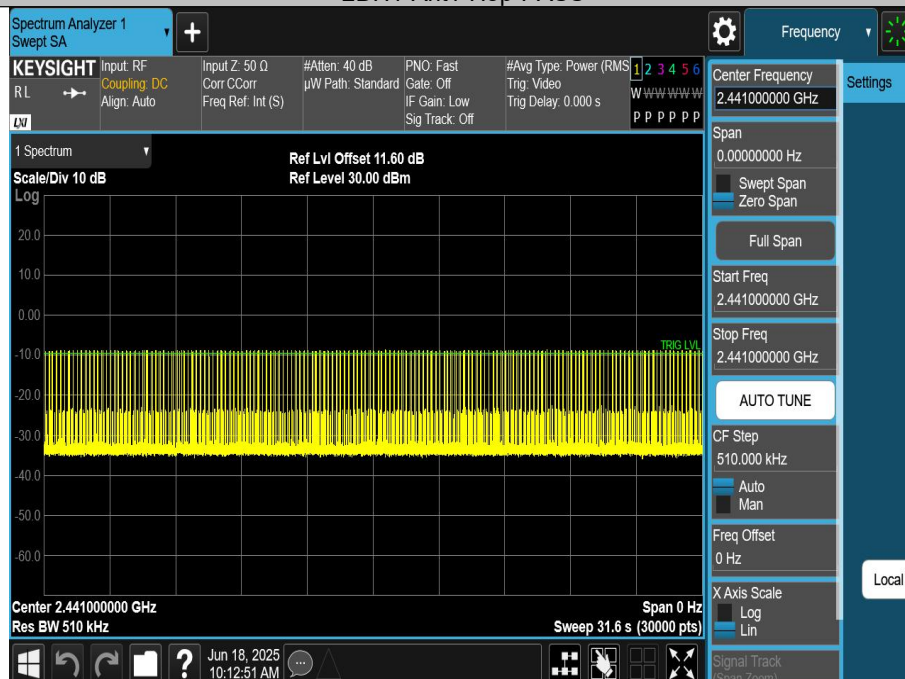


DH5-Ant1-Hop-PASS





2DH1-Ant1-Hop-PASS





2DH3-Ant1-Hop-PASS

