

FCC 47 CFR PART 15 SUBPART C

CERTIFICATION TEST REPORT

For

Audio Player

MODEL No.: iRV6500DVD, iRV6500BT

FCC ID: 2AD5B-IRV6500

Trademark: N/A

REPORT NO.: ES150113253E

ISSUE DATE: February 10, 2015

Prepared for

**STONE COMPUTER INC
3450 W. CENTRAL AVE SUITE 241, TOLEDO, OHIO 43606, USA**

Prepared by

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1 TEST RESULT CERTIFICATION

Applicant:	STONE COMPUTER INC 3450 W. CENTRAL AVE SUITE 241, TOLEDO, OHIO 43606, USA
Manufacturer:	Shenzhen Waikin Electronics Co Ltd 78 Maozi Village Wu Tong Shan Lo Wu District Shenzhen China
Product Description:	Audio Player
Model Number:	iRV6500DVD, iRV6500BT (Note: All model numbers are identical in circuitry and electrical, mechanical and physical construction; the only differences are the appearance 、 trade name and model no. for trading purpose. We prepare iRV6500BT for test, and the worst result recorded in the report.)
File Number:	ES150123253E
Date of Test:	January 23, 2015 to February 10, 2015

Measurement Procedure Used:

APPLICABLE STANDARDS	
STANDARD	TEST RESULT
FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C	PASS

The above equipment was tested by SHENZHEN EMTEK CO., LTD. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.4 (2009) and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with the requirements of FCC Rules Part 2 and Part 15.247

The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report

Date of Test :

January 23, 2015 to February 10, 2015



Test by :

KingKong /Tester



Prepared by :

Yaping Shen/Editor



Approve & Authorized Signer :

Lisa Wang/Manager

2 EUT TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION

Characteristics	Description
Data Rate	1Mbps for BT v2.0 BR GFSK modulation 2Mbps for BT v2.0 EDR pi/4-DQPSK modulation 3Mbps for BT v2.0 EDR 8DPSK modulation
Modulation:	GFSK modulation for BT v2.0 BR(1Mbps) pi/4-DQPSK modulation for BT v2.0 EDR(2Mbps) 8DPSK modulation for BT v2.0 EDR (3Mbps)
Operating Frequency Range(s):	2402-2480MHz
Number of Channels:	79 channels
Transmit Power Max:	3.183 dBm for BT v2.0;
Antenna Type :	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain:	2 dBi;
Power supply:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DC supply: DC 12V by battery and the EUT can't be charged
	<input type="checkbox"/> Adapter supply:
Temperature Range	-10°C ~ +55°C

Note: for more details, please refer to the User's manual of the EUT.

3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

FCC Part Clause	Test Parameter	Verdict	Remark
15.247(a)(1)	20 dB Bandwidth	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	Carrier Frequency Separation	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	Number of Hopping Frequencies	PASS	
15.247(a)(1)	Average Time of Occupancy (Dwell Time)	PASS	
15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	PASS	
15.247(c)	Conducted Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.247(d) 15.209	Radiated Spurious Emissions	PASS	
15.207	Conducted Emission	N/A*	
15.247(b)	Antenna Application	PASS	
Remark*: The product is powered by DC 12V battery			

RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT(S):

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for FCC ID: 2AD5B-IRV6500 filing to comply with Section 15.247 of the FCC Part 15, Subpart C Rules.

4 TEST METHODOLOGY

4.1 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF APPLIED STANDARDS

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the following standards:
 FCC 47 CFR Part 2, Subpart J
 FCC 47 CFR Part 15, Subpart C
 DA 00-705

4.2 MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

4.2.1 Conducted Emission Test Equipment

EQUIPMENT TYPE	MFR	MODEL NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	LAST CAL.
Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCS30	828985/018	05/17/2014
L.I.S.N.	Schwarzbeck	NNLK8129	8129203	05/17/2014
50Ω Coaxial Switch	Anritsu	MP59B	M20531	N/A
Pulse Limiter	Rohde & Schwarz	ESH3-Z2	100006	05/17/2014
Voltage Probe	Rohde & Schwarz	TK9416	N/A	05/17/2014
I.S.N	Rohde & Schwarz	ENY22	1109.9508.02	05/17/2014

4.2.2 Radiated Emission Test Equipment

EQUIPMENT TYPE	MFR	MODEL NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	LAST CAL.
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESU	1302.6005.26	05/17/2014
Pre-Amplifier	HP	8447D	2944A07999	05/17/2014
Bilog Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9163	142	05/17/2014
Loop Antenna	ARA	PLA-1030/B	1029	05/17/2014
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9170	BBHA9170399	05/17/2014
Horn Antenna	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120	D143	05/17/2014
Cable	Schwarzbeck	AK9513	ACRX1	05/17/2014
Cable	Rosenberger	N/A	FP2RX2	05/17/2014
Cable	Schwarzbeck	AK9513	CRPX1	05/17/2014
Cable	Schwarzbeck	AK9513	CRRX2	05/17/2014

4.2.3 Radio Frequency Test Equipment

EQUIPMENT TYPE	MFR	MODEL NUMBER	SERIAL NUMBER	LAST CAL.
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	88156318	05/17/2014
Power meter	Anritsu	ML2495A	0824006	05/17/2014
Power sensor	Anritsu	MA2411B	0738172	05/17/2014
Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9010A	My53470879	05/17/2014

Remark: Each piece of equipment is scheduled for calibration once a year.

4.3 DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

The EUT has been tested under its typical operating condition.

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

The Transmitter was operated in the normal operating mode. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

Test of channel included the lowest and middle and highest frequency to perform the test, then record on this report.

Those data rates (1Mbps for Bluetooth v2.0 BR GFSK modulation; 2Mbps for Bluetooth v2.0 EDR pi/4-DQPSK modulation; 3Mbps for Bluetooth v2.0 EDR 8DPSK modulation) were used for all test.

Pre-defined engineering program for regulatory testing used to control the EUT for staying in continuous transmitting and receiving mode is programmed.

Frequency and Channel list for Bluetooth v2.0:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441
1	2403	40	2442	76	2478
2	2404	41	2443	77	2479
...	78	2480

Note: $fc = 2402\text{MHz} + (k-1) \times 1\text{MHz}$ k=1 to 79

Test Frequency and channel for Bluetooth v2.0:

Lowest Frequency		Middle Frequency		Highest Frequency	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2402	39	2441	78	2480

5 FACILITIES AND ACCREDITATIONS

5.1 FACILITIES

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at
Bldg 69, Majialong Industry Zone District, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, China
The sites are constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.7, ANSI C63.4 and CISPR
Publication 22.

5.2 LABORATORY ACCREDITATIONS AND LISTINGS

Site Description

EMC Lab. : Accredited by CNAS, 2013.10.29
The certificate is valid until 2016.10.28
The Laboratory has been assessed and proved to be in compliance
with CNAS-CL01: 2006(identical to ISO/IEC17025: 2005)
The Certificate Registration Number is L2291

: Accredited by TUV Rheinland Shenzhen, 2010.5.25
The Laboratory has been assessed according to the requirements
ISO/IEC 17025.

: Accredited by FCC, July 24, 2013
The Certificate Registration Number is 406365.

: Accredited by FCC, April 17, 2013
The Certificate Registration Number is 709623.

: Accredited by Industry Canada, November 29, 2012
The Certificate Registration Number is 4480A-2

6 TEST SYSTEM UNCERTAINTY

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Parameter	Uncertainty
Radio Frequency	$\pm 1 \times 10^{-5}$
Maximum Peak Output Power Test	$\pm 1.0 \text{dB}$
Conducted Emissions Test	$\pm 2.0 \text{dB}$
Radiated Emission Test	$\pm 2.0 \text{dB}$
Occupied Bandwidth Test	$\pm 1.0 \text{dB}$
Band Edge Test	$\pm 3 \text{dB}$
All emission, radiated	$\pm 3 \text{dB}$
Antenna Port Emission	$\pm 3 \text{dB}$
Temperature	$\pm 0.5^\circ\text{C}$
Humidity	$\pm 3\%$

Measurement Uncertainty for a level of Confidence of 95%

7 SETUP OF EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST

7.1 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 1

The Bluetooth v2.0 component's antenna port(s) of the EUT are connected to the measurement instrument per an appropriate attenuator. The EUT is controlled by PC/software to emit the specified signals for the purpose of measurements.

EUT	Attenuator	Measurement Instrument
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7.2 RADIO FREQUENCY TEST SETUP 2

The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4 dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.4. The test distance is 3m. The setup is according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4-2009 and CAN/CSA-CEI/IEC CISPR 22.

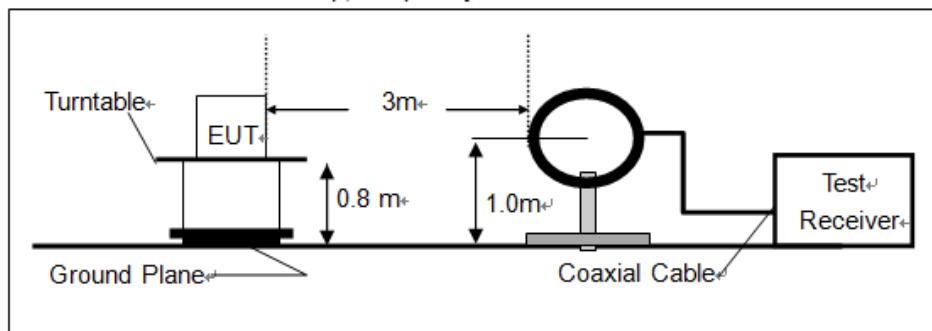
Below 30MHz:

The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna (loop antenna). The Antenna should be positioned with its plane vertical at the specified distance from the EUT and rotated about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT. The center of the loop shall be 1 m above the ground. For certain applications, the loop antenna plane may also need to be positioned horizontally at the specified distance from the EUT.

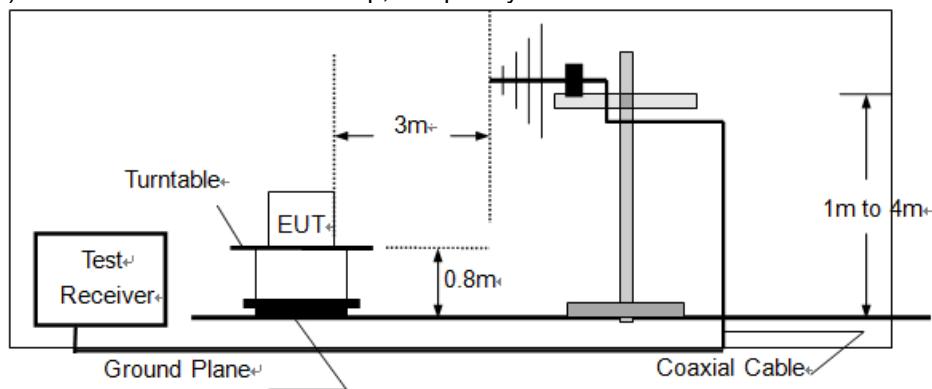
Above 30MHz:

The EUT is placed on a turntable 0.8 meters above the ground in the chamber, 3 meter away from the antenna. The maximal emission value is acquired by adjusting the antenna height, polarisation and turntable azimuth. Normally, the height range of antenna is 1 m to 4 m, the azimuth range of turntable is 0° to 360°, and the receive antenna has two polarizations Vertical (V) and Horizontal (H).

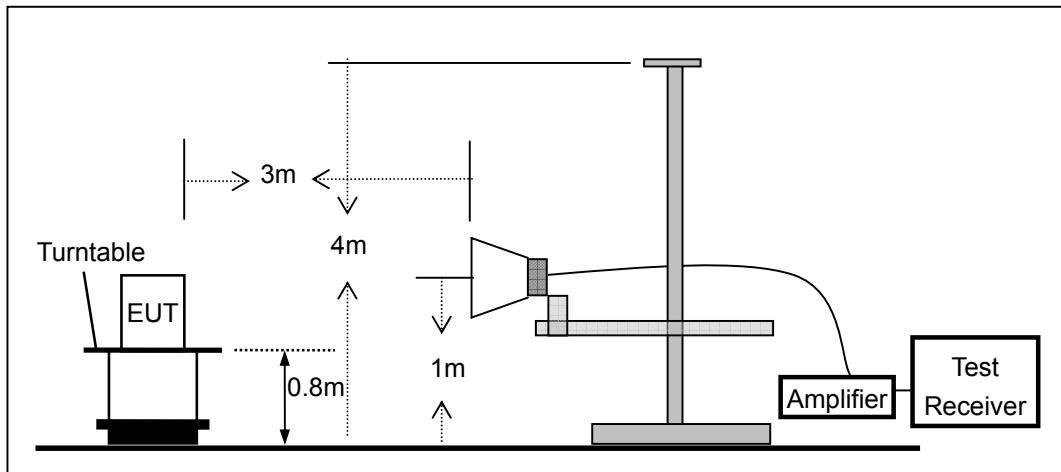
(a) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 30MHz



(b) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency Below 1000MHz



(c) Radiated Emission Test Set-Up, Frequency above 1000MHz

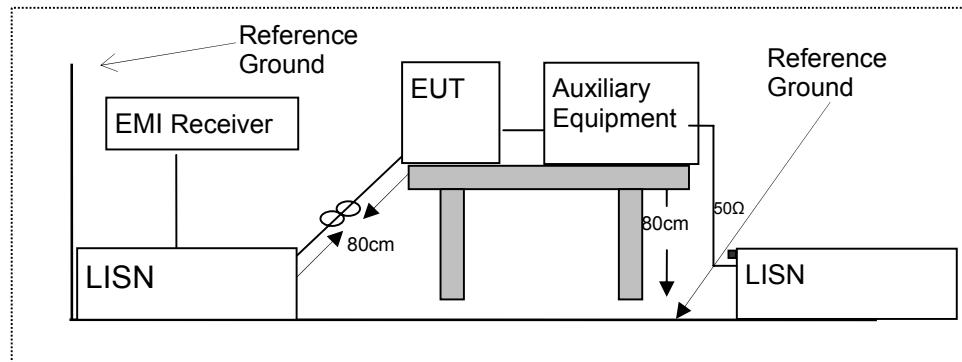


7.3 CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST SETUP

The mains cable of the EUT (Game fitness board) must be connected to LISN. The LISN shall be placed 0.8 m from the boundary of EUT and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISN mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance is between the closest points of the LISN and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment shall be at least 0.8m from the LISN.

Ground connections, where required for safety purposes, shall be connected to the reference ground point of the LISN and, where not otherwise provided or specified by the manufacturer, shall be of same length as the mains cable and run parallel to the mains connection at a separation distance of not more than 0.1 m.

According to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4-2009 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30 MHz using CISPR Quasi-Peak and average detector mode.



7.4 SUPPORT EQUIPMENT

Item	Equipment	Mfr/Brand	Model/Type No.	Note
1.	iPhone	Apple	A1526	N/A

Notes:

1. All the equipment/cables were placed in the worst-case configuration to maximize the emission during the test.
2. Grounding was established in accordance with the manufacturer's requirements and conditions for the intended use.

8 FREQUENCY HOPPING SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

8.1 Standard Applicable

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1), The system shall hop to channel frequencies that are selected at the system hopping rate from a pseudo randomly ordered list of hopping frequencies. Each frequency must be used equally on the average by each transmitter. The system receivers shall have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shall shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

(g) Frequency hopping spread spectrum systems are not required to employ all available hopping channels during each transmission. However, the system, consisting of both the transmitter and the receiver, must be designed to comply with all of the regulations in this section should the transmitter be presented with a continuous data (or information) stream. In addition, a system employing short transmission bursts must comply with the definition of a frequency hopping system and must distribute its transmissions over the minimum number of hopping channels specified in this section.

(h) The incorporation of intelligence within a frequency hopping spread spectrum system that permits the system to recognize other users within the spectrum band so that it individually and independently chooses and adapts its hopsets to avoid hopping on occupied channels is permitted. The coordination of frequency hopping systems in any other manner for the express purpose of avoiding the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters is not permitted.

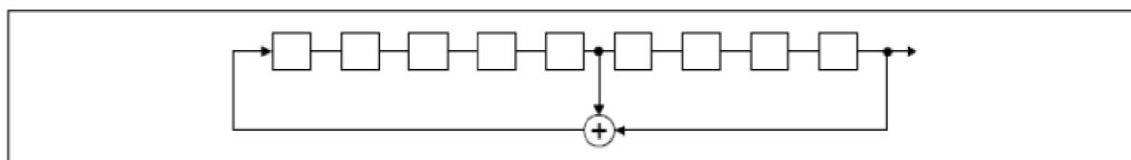
8.2 EUT Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

The channel is represented by a pseudo-random hopping sequence hopping through the 79 RF channels. The hopping sequence is unique for the piconet and is determined by the Bluetooth device address of the master; the phase in the hopping sequence is determined by the Bluetooth clock of the master. The channel is divided into time slots where each slot corresponds to an RF hop frequency. Consecutive hops correspond to different RF hop frequencies. The normal hop is 1 600 hops/s.

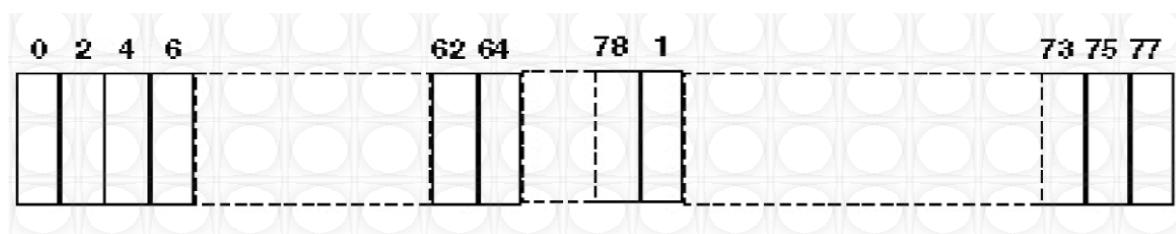
The pseudorandom sequence may be generated in a nine-stage shift register whose 5th and 9th stage outputs are added in a modulo-two addition stage, and the result is fed back to the input of the first stage. The sequence begins with the first ONE of 9 consecutive ONEs; i.e. the shift register is initialized with nine ones. Number of shift register stages: 9

Length of pseudo-random sequence: $2^9 - 1 = 524$ bits

Longest sequence of zeros: 8 (non-inverted signal)



Linear Feedback Shift Register for Generation of the PRBS sequence



Each frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter.

The system receiver have input bandwidths that match the hopping channel bandwidths of their corresponding transmitters and shift frequencies in synchronization with the transmitted signals.

8.3 Equal Hopping Frequency Use

All Bluetooth units participating in the piconet are time and hop-synchronized to the channel.

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:

35, 27, 6, 44, 14, 61, 74, 32, 1, 11, 23, 2, 55, 65, 29, 3, 9, 52, 78, 58, 40, 25, 0, 7, 18, 26, 76, 60, 47, 50, 2, 5, 16, 37, 70, 63, 66, 54, 20, 13, 4, 8, 15, 21, 26, 10, 73, 77, 67, 69, 43, 24, 57, 39, 46, 72, 48, 33, 17, 31, 75, 19, 41, 62, 68, 28, 51, 66, 30, 56, 34, 59, 71, 22, 49, 64, 38, 45, 36, 42, 53

Each Frequency used equally on the average by each transmitter

8.4 Frequency Hopping System

This transmitter device is frequency hopping device, and complies with FCC part 15.247 rule.

This device uses Bluetooth radio which operates in 2400-2483.5 MHz band. Bluetooth uses a radio technology called frequency-hopping spread spectrum, which chops up the data being sent and transmits chunks of it on up to 79 bands (1 MHz each; centred from 2402 to 2480 MHz) in the range 2,400-2,483.5 MHz. The transmitter switches hop frequencies 1,600 times per second to assure a high degree of data security. All Bluetooth devices participating in a given piconet are synchronized to the frequency-hopping channel for the piconet. The frequency hopping sequence is determined by the master's device address and the phase of the hopping sequence (the frequency to hop at a specific time) is determined by the master's internal clock. Therefore, all slaves in a piconet must know the master's device address and must synchronize their clocks with the master's clock.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping (AFH) was introduced in the Bluetooth specification to provide an effective way for a Bluetooth radio to counteract normal interference. AFH identifies "bad" channels, where either other wireless devices are interfering with the Bluetooth signal or the Bluetooth signal is interfering with another device. The AFH- enabled Bluetooth device will then communicate with other devices within its piconet to share details of any identified bad channels. The devices will then switch to alternative available "good" channels, away from the areas of interference, thus having no impact on the bandwidth used.

9 TEST REQUIREMENTS

9.1 20DB BANDWIDTH

9.1.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and DA 00-705

9.1.2 Conformance Limit

No limit requirement.

9.1.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.1.4 Test Procedure

The EUT was operating in Bluetooth v2.0 mode and controlled its channel. Printed out the test result from the spectrum by hard copy function.

The RF output of EUT was connected to the spectrum analyzer by RF cable and attenuator. The path loss was compensated to the results for each measurement.

Set to the maximum power setting and enable the EUT transmit continuously

Set RBW = 30 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW) =100 kHz.

Set Span= approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth

Set Detector = Peak.

Set Trace mode = max hold.

Set Sweep = auto couple.

The EUT should be transmitting at its maximum data rate. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. Use the marker-delta function to measure 20 dB down one side of the emission. Reset the markerdelta function, and move the marker to the other side of the emission, until it is (as close as possible to) even with the reference marker level. The marker-delta reading at this point is the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission.

If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.), repeat this test for each variation.

Measure and record the results in the test report.

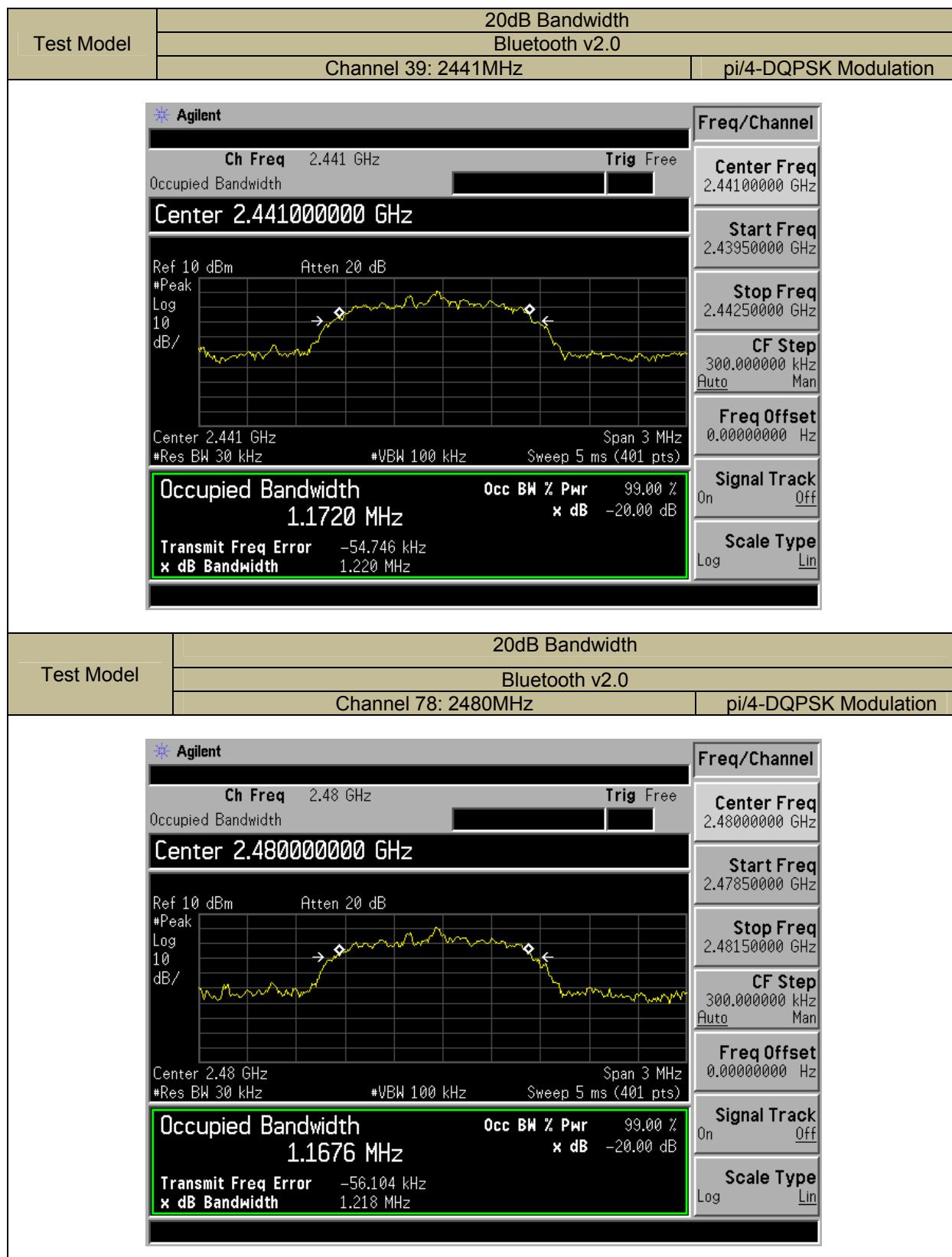
Test Results

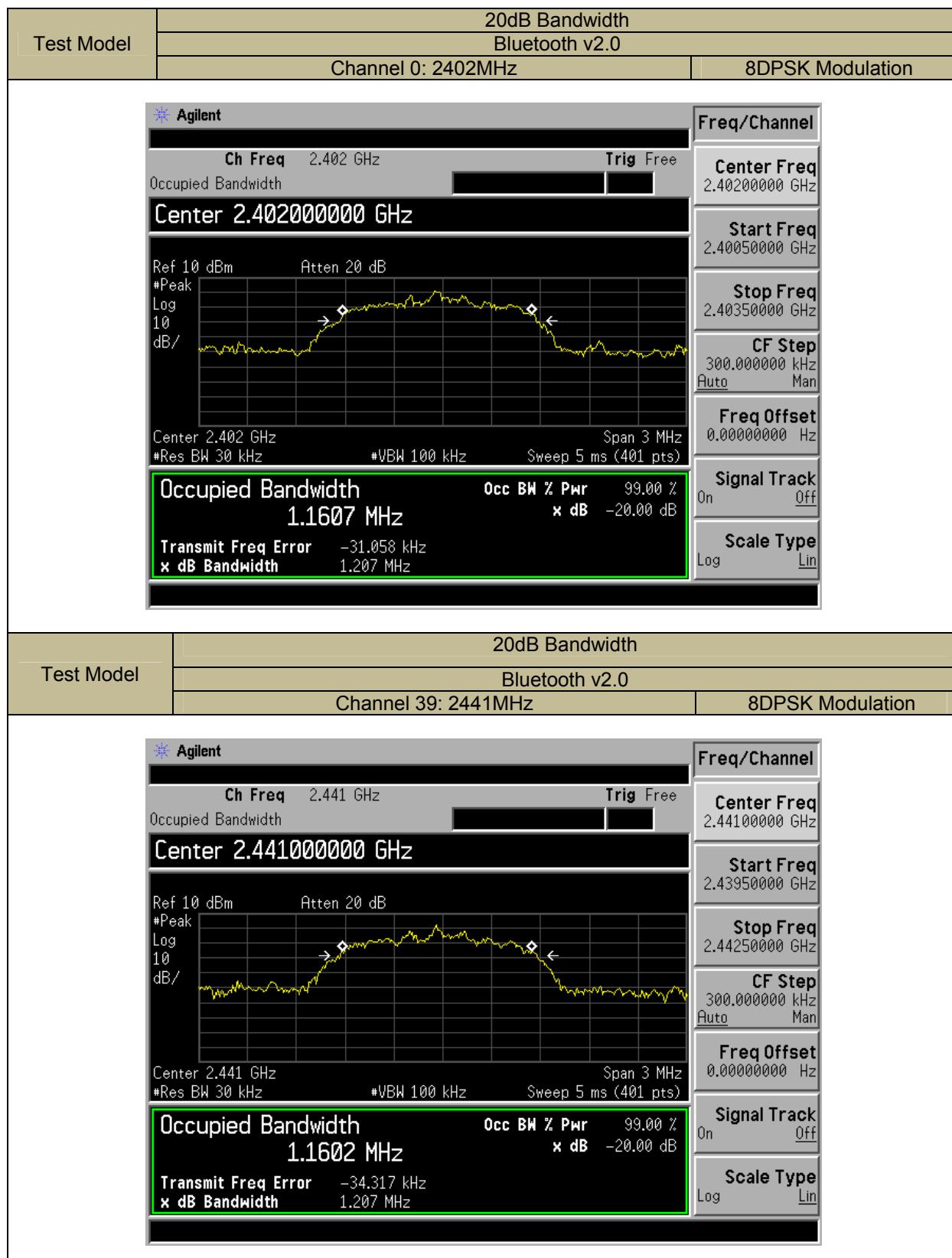
Temperature:	24°C	Test Date:	February 03, 2015
Humidity:	53 %	Test By:	KING KONG

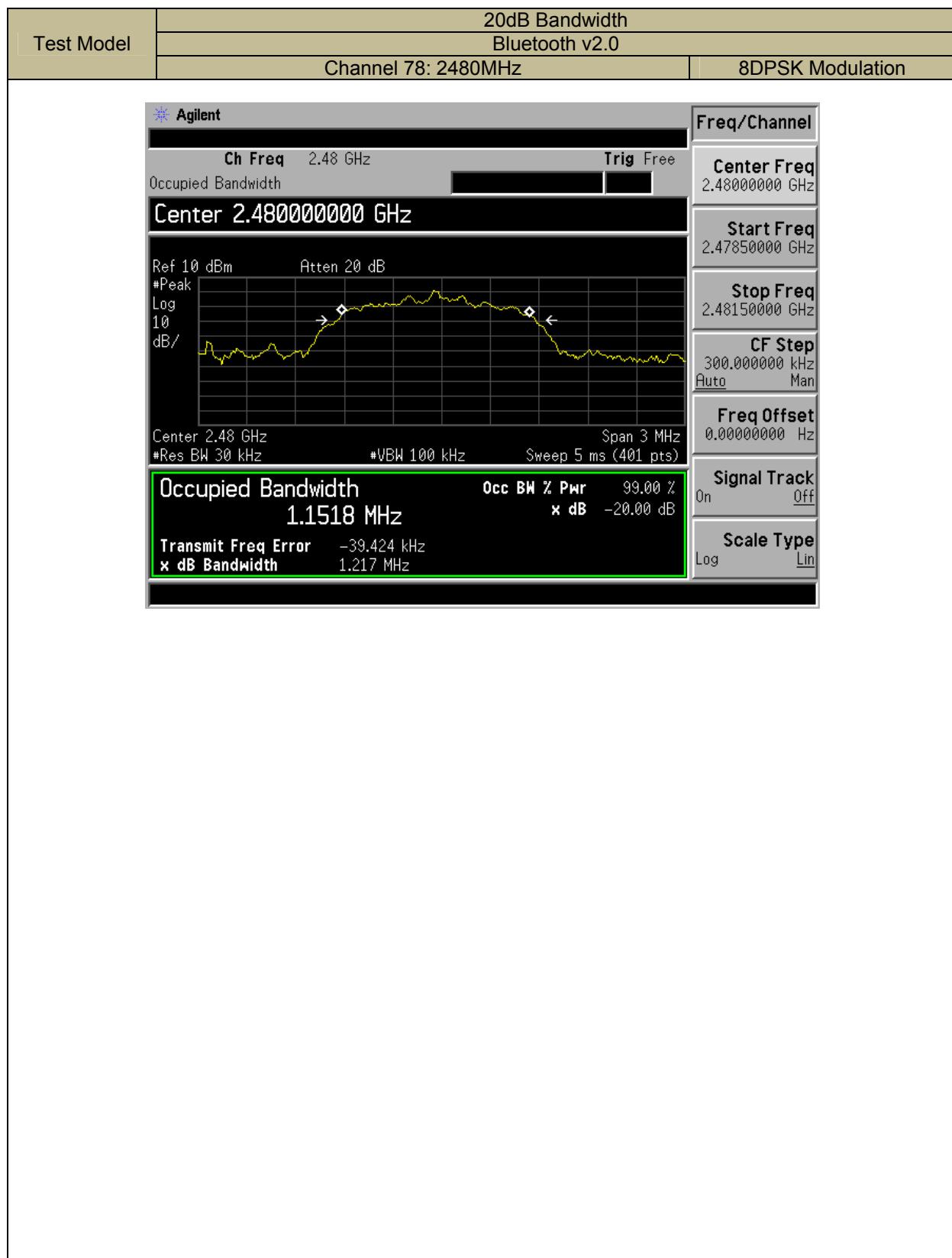
Modulation Mode	Channel Number	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Verdict
GFSK	00	2402	825.190	N/A	PASS
	39	2441	861.666	N/A	PASS
	78	2480	869.037	N/A	PASS
pi/4-DQPSK	00	2402	1207	N/A	PASS
	39	2441	1220	N/A	PASS
	78	2480	1218	N/A	PASS
8DPSK	00	2402	1207	N/A	PASS
	39	2441	1207	N/A	PASS
	78	2480	1217	N/A	PASS
Note: N/A (Not Applicable)					

Test Model	20dB Bandwidth		
	Bluetooth v2.0		
	Channel 0: 2402MHz	GFSK Modulation	
Agilent	Ch Freq 2.402 GHz	Freq/Channel	
Occupied Bandwidth	Trig Free	Center Freq	
Center 2.402000000 GHz	2.402000000 GHz	Start Freq	
Ref 10 dBm	Atten 20 dB	Stop Freq	
#Peak	Log 10 dB/	CF Step	
Log 10 dB/	dB/	Auto	
dB/	Center 2.402 GHz	Freq Offset	
#Res BW 30 kHz	#VBW 100 kHz	0.00000000 Hz	
Span 3 MHz	Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Signal Track	
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Occupied Bandwidth	On	
#Res BW 30 kHz	811.7899 kHz	Off	
Span 3 MHz	Transmit Freq Error	Scale Type	
#VBW 100 kHz	-51.082 kHz	Log	
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	x dB Bandwidth	Lin	
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	825.190 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Occupied Bandwidth		
#VBW 100 kHz	848.2367 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Transmit Freq Error		
#VBW 100 kHz	-44.929 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	x dB Bandwidth		
#VBW 100 kHz	861.666 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Occupied Bandwidth		
#VBW 100 kHz	848.2367 kHz		
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Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Transmit Freq Error		
#VBW 100 kHz	-44.929 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	x dB Bandwidth		
#VBW 100 kHz	861.666 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Occupied Bandwidth		
#VBW 100 kHz	848.2367 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Transmit Freq Error		
#VBW 100 kHz	-44.929 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	x dB Bandwidth		
#VBW 100 kHz	861.666 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Occupied Bandwidth		
#VBW 100 kHz	848.2367 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Transmit Freq Error		
#VBW 100 kHz	-44.929 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	x dB Bandwidth		
#VBW 100 kHz	861.666 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Occupied Bandwidth		
#VBW 100 kHz	848.2367 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Transmit Freq Error		
#VBW 100 kHz	-44.929 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	x dB Bandwidth		
#VBW 100 kHz	861.666 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Occupied Bandwidth		
#VBW 100 kHz	848.2367 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Transmit Freq Error		
#VBW 100 kHz	-44.929 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	x dB Bandwidth		
#VBW 100 kHz	861.666 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Occupied Bandwidth		
#VBW 100 kHz	848.2367 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	Transmit Freq Error		
#VBW 100 kHz	-44.929 kHz		
Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)	x dB Bandwidth		
#VBW 100 kHz			

Test Model	20dB Bandwidth
	Bluetooth v2.0
	Channel 78: 2480MHz
<p>Agilent</p> <p>Ch Freq 2.48 GHz Trig Free Occupied Bandwidth</p> <p>Center 2.480000000 GHz</p> <p>Ref 10 dBm Atten 20 dB #Peak Log 10 dB/ 10 dB/ Center 2.48 GHz Span 3 MHz #Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth 834.6856 kHz Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 % x dB -20.00 dB</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -53.396 kHz x dB Bandwidth 869.037 kHz</p> <p>Freq/Channel</p> <p>Center Freq 2.4800000 GHz</p> <p>Start Freq 2.478500000 GHz</p> <p>Stop Freq 2.481500000 GHz</p> <p>CF Step 300.000000 kHz Auto Man</p> <p>Freq Offset 0.0000000 Hz</p> <p>Signal Track On Off</p> <p>Scale Type Log Lin</p>	
<p>20dB Bandwidth</p> <p>Bluetooth v2.0</p> <p>Channel 0: 2402MHz</p> <p>pi/4-DQPSK Modulation</p> <p>Agilent</p> <p>Ch Freq 2.402 GHz Trig Free Occupied Bandwidth</p> <p>Center 2.402000000 GHz</p> <p>Ref 10 dBm Atten 20 dB #Peak Log 10 dB/ 10 dB/ Center 2.402 GHz Span 3 MHz #Res BW 30 kHz #VBW 100 kHz Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)</p> <p>Occupied Bandwidth 1.1683 MHz Occ BW % Pwr 99.00 % x dB -20.00 dB</p> <p>Transmit Freq Error -43.778 kHz x dB Bandwidth 1.207 MHz</p> <p>Freq/Channel</p> <p>Center Freq 2.4020000 GHz</p> <p>Start Freq 2.400500000 GHz</p> <p>Stop Freq 2.403500000 GHz</p> <p>CF Step 300.000000 kHz Auto Man</p> <p>Freq Offset 0.0000000 Hz</p> <p>Signal Track On Off</p> <p>Scale Type Log Lin</p>	







9.2 CARRIER FREQUENCY SEPARATION

9.2.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) and DA 00-705

9.2.2 Conformance Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

In case of an output power less than 125mW, the frequency hopping system may have channels separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

9.2.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.2.4 Test Procedure

- According to FCC Part15.247(a)(1)

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set the RBW =100kHz. Set VBW =300kHz.

Set the span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels

Set Sweep time = auto couple.

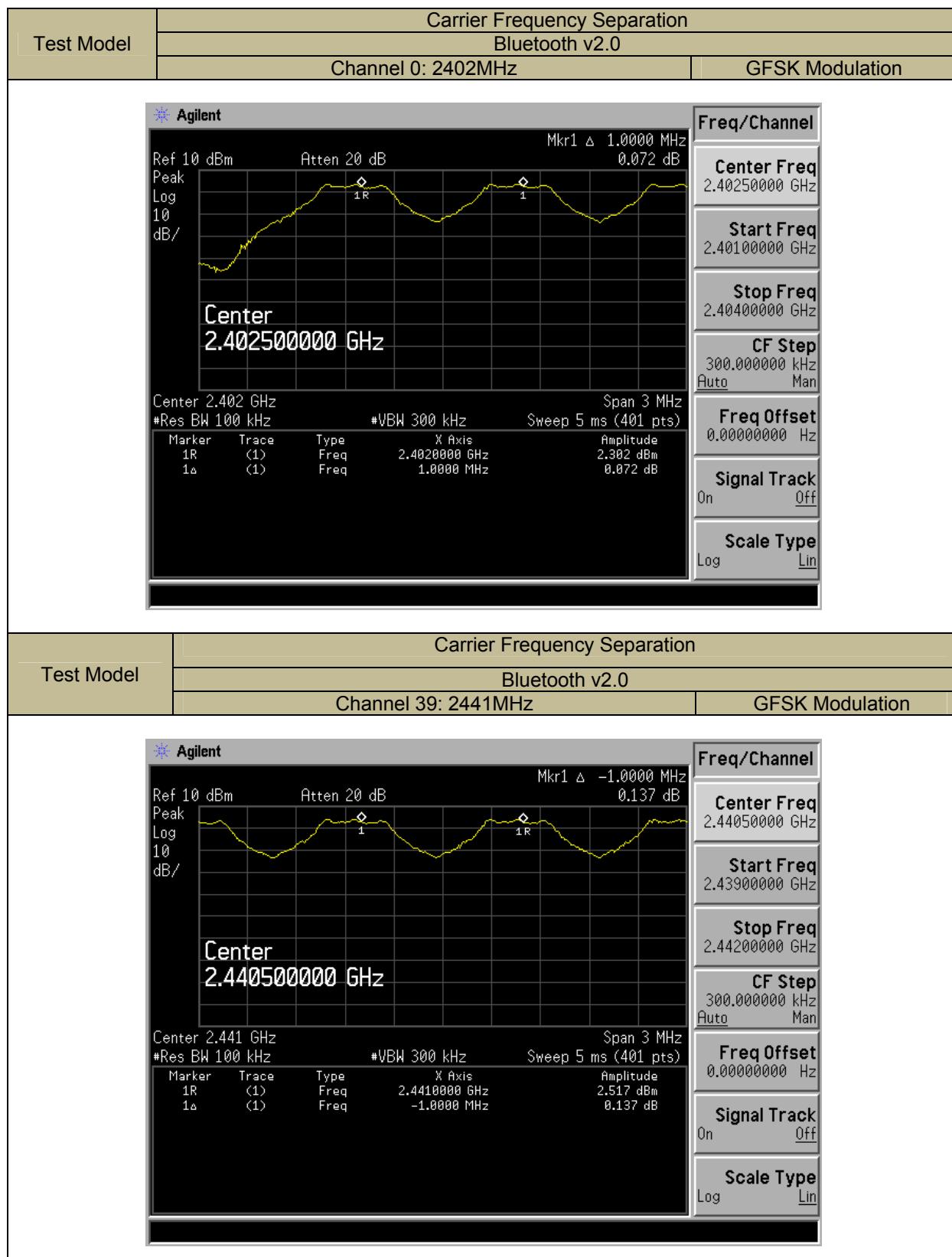
Set Detector = peak. Set Trace mode = max hold.

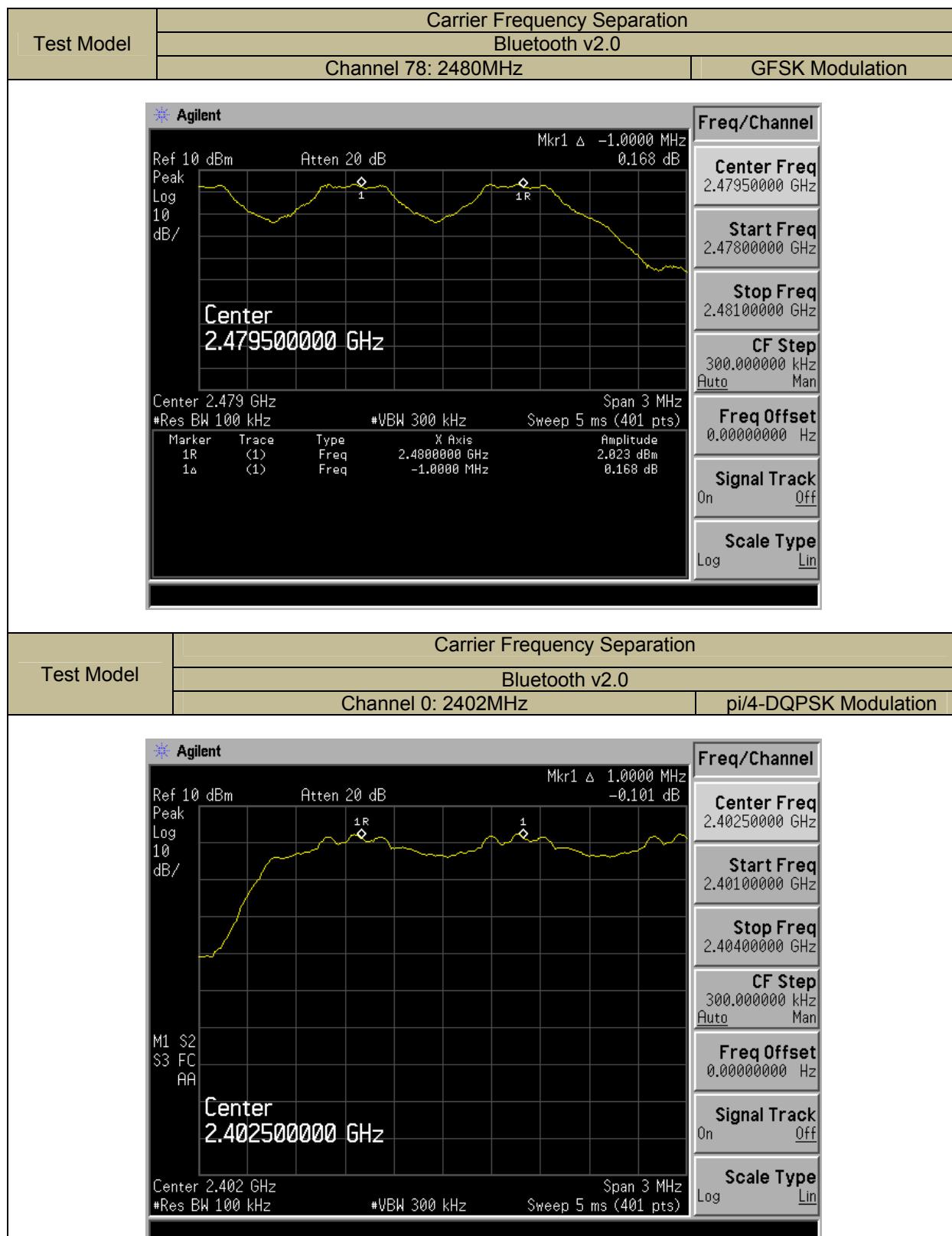
Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

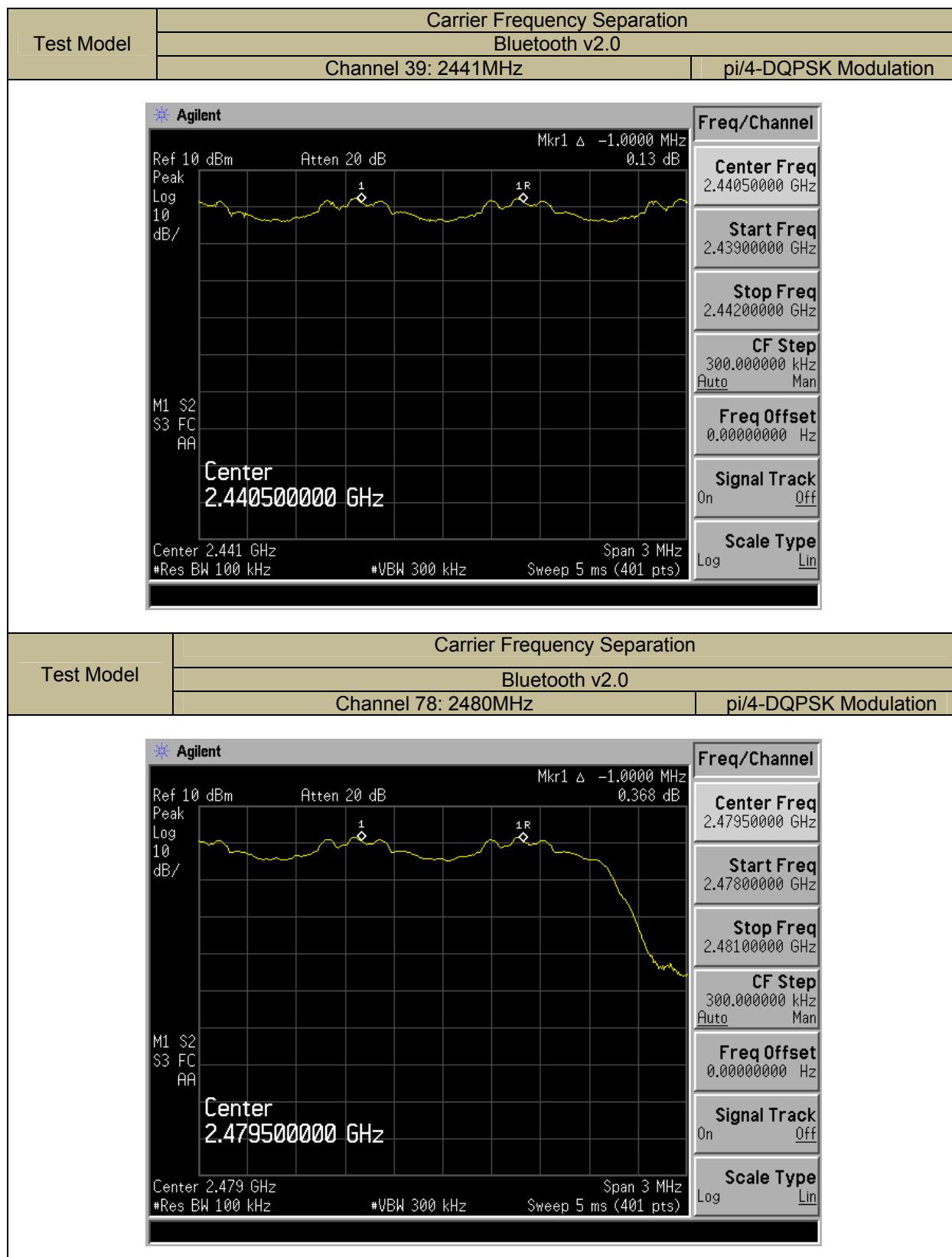
Test Results

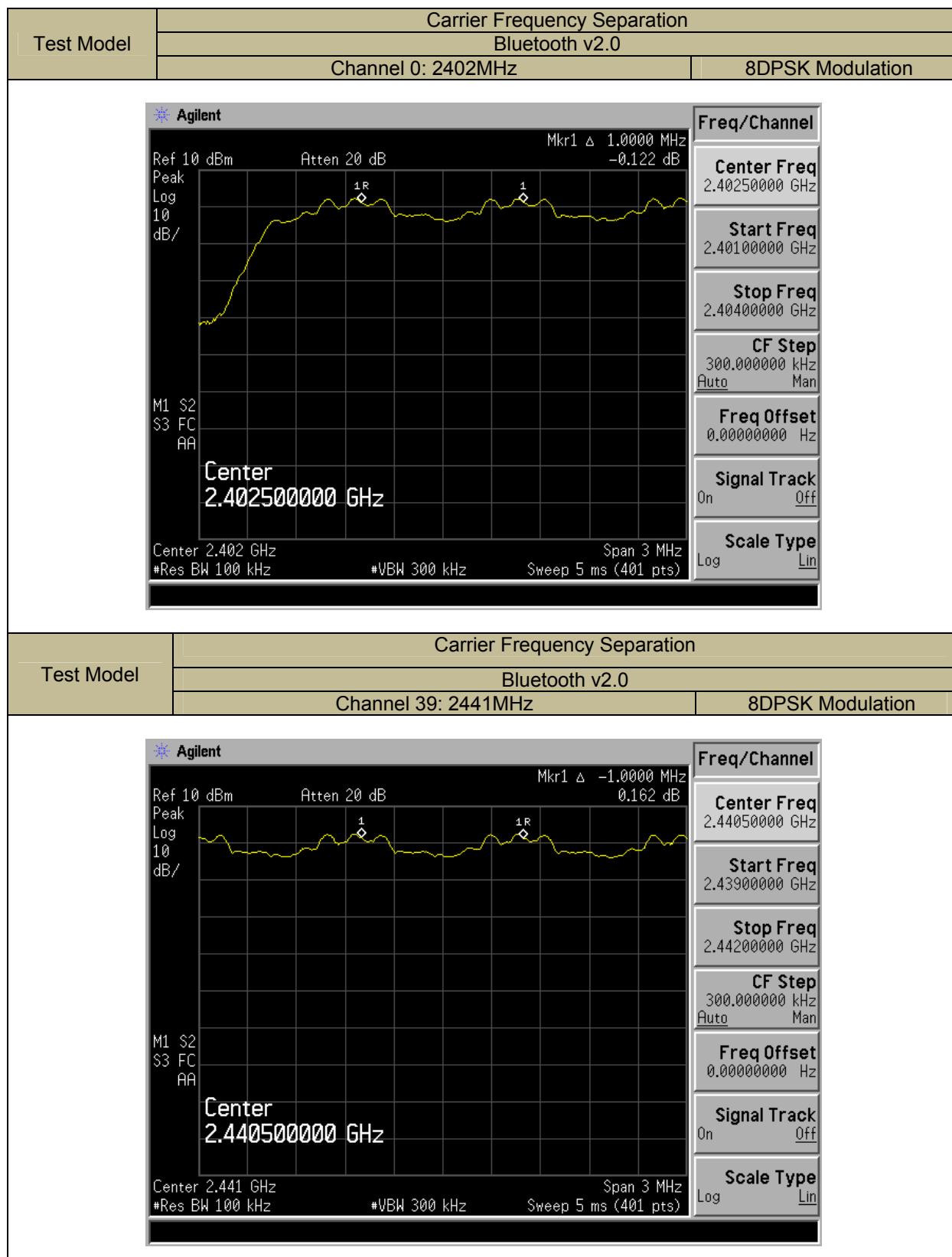
Temperature:	24°C	Test Date:	February 03, 2015
Humidity:	53 %	Test By:	KING KONG

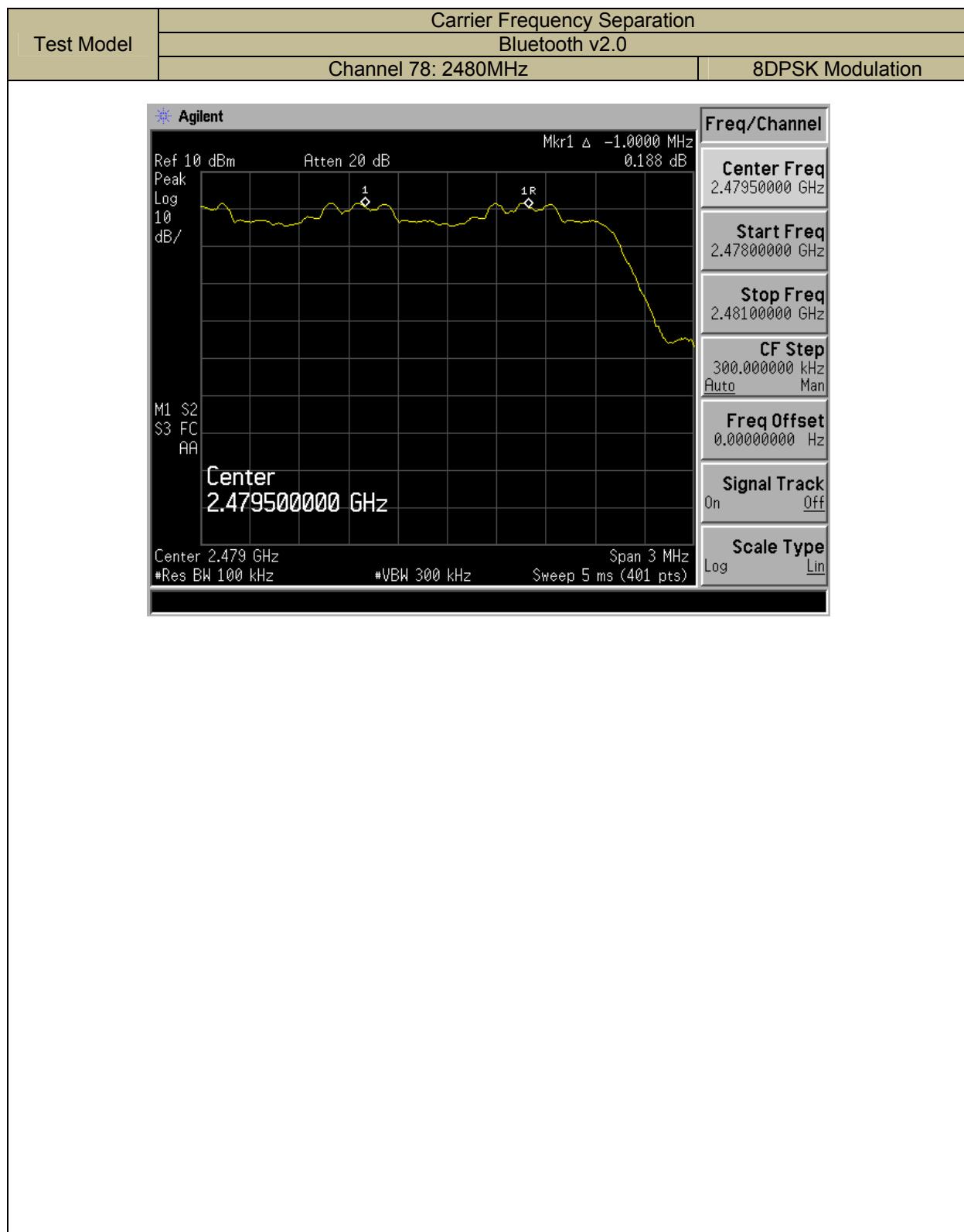
Modulation Mode	Channel Number	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Bandwidth (kHz)	Limit (kHz)	Verdict
GFSK	0	2402	1000	>550.127	PASS
	39	2441	1000	>574.444	PASS
	78	2480	1000	>579.358	PASS
pi/4-DQPSK	0	2402	1000	>804.667	PASS
	39	2441	1000	>813.333	PASS
	78	2480	1000	>812.000	PASS
8DPSK	0	2402	1000	>804.667	PASS
	39	2441	1000	>804.667	PASS
	78	2480	1000	>811.333	PASS
Note: Limit = 20dB bandwidth*2/3, if it is greater than 25kHz and the output power is less than 125mW (21dBm).					











9.3 NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCIES

9.3.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1) (iii)and DA 00-705

9.3.2 Conformance Limit

Frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

9.3.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.3.4 Test Procedure

■ According to FCC Part15.247(a)(1)(iii)

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = the frequency band of operation (2390-2440MHz) and(2440-2490MHz)

RBW \geq 1% of the span

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections, in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies.

Test Results

Temperature:

24°C

Humidity:

53 %

Test Date:

February 03, 2015

Test By:

KING KONG

Hopping Channel Frequency Range	Quantity of Hopping Channel	Quantity of Hopping Channel limit
2402-2480	79	>15



9.4 AVERAGE TIME OF OCCUPANCY (DWELL TIME)

9.4.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)(iii) and DA 00-705

9.4.2 Conformance Limit

For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5MHz band, the average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4s within a period of 0.4s multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

9.4.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.4.4 Test Procedure

■ According to FCC Part15.247(a)(1)(iii)

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel

RBW = 1 MHz

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

If possible, use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value

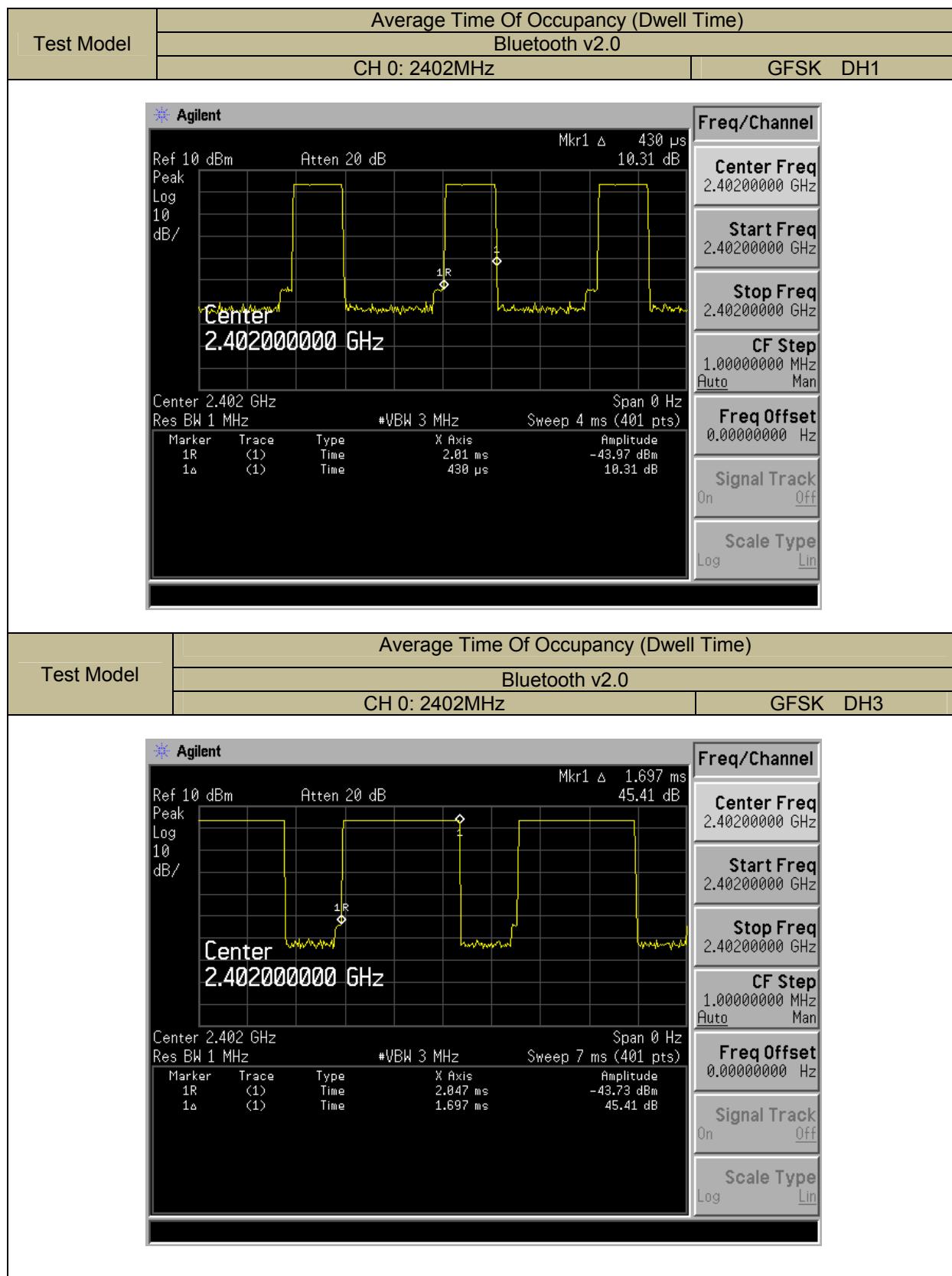
varies with different modes of operation (e.g., data rate, modulation format, etc.),

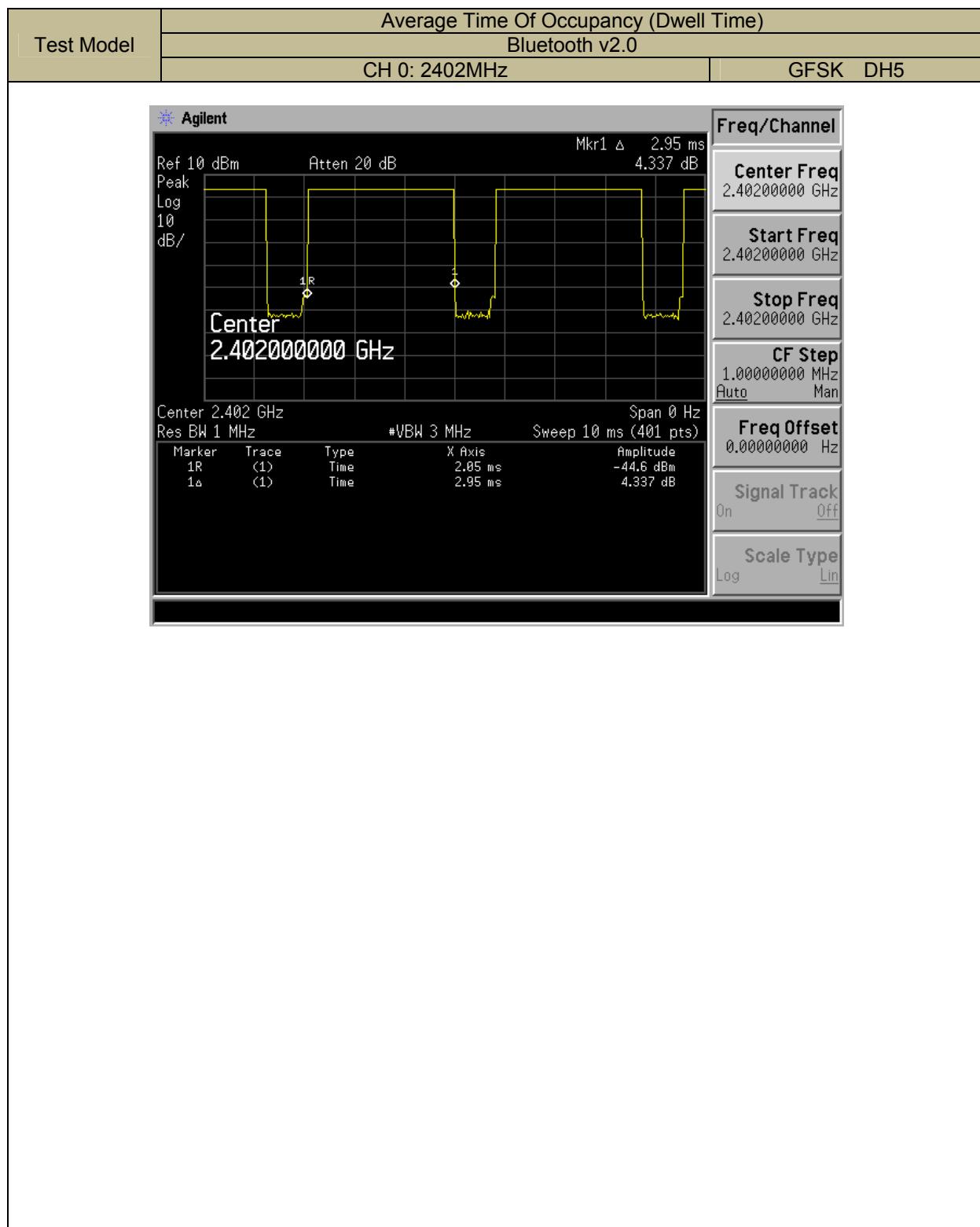
repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.

9.4.5 Test Results

Temperature:	24°C	Test Date:	February 03, 2015
Humidity:	53 %	Test By:	KING KONG

Modulation Mode	Channel Number	Packet type	Pluse width (ms)	Number per channel in 31.6s	dwell time (ms)	Limit (ms)	Verdict
GFSK	0	DH1	0.430	320.10	137.60	<400	PASS
	0	DH3	1.697	160.00	271.52	<400	PASS
	0	DH5	2.950	106.67	314.68	<400	PASS
Note:							





9.5 MAXIMUM PEAK CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

9.5.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(b)(1) and DA 00-705

9.5.2 Conformance Limit

The max For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts.

9.5.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.5.4 Test Procedure

■ According to FCC Part15.247(b)(1)

As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel (about 10MHz)

Set RBW > the 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured (about 3MHz)

Set VBW \geq RBW

Set Sweep = auto

Set Detector function = peak

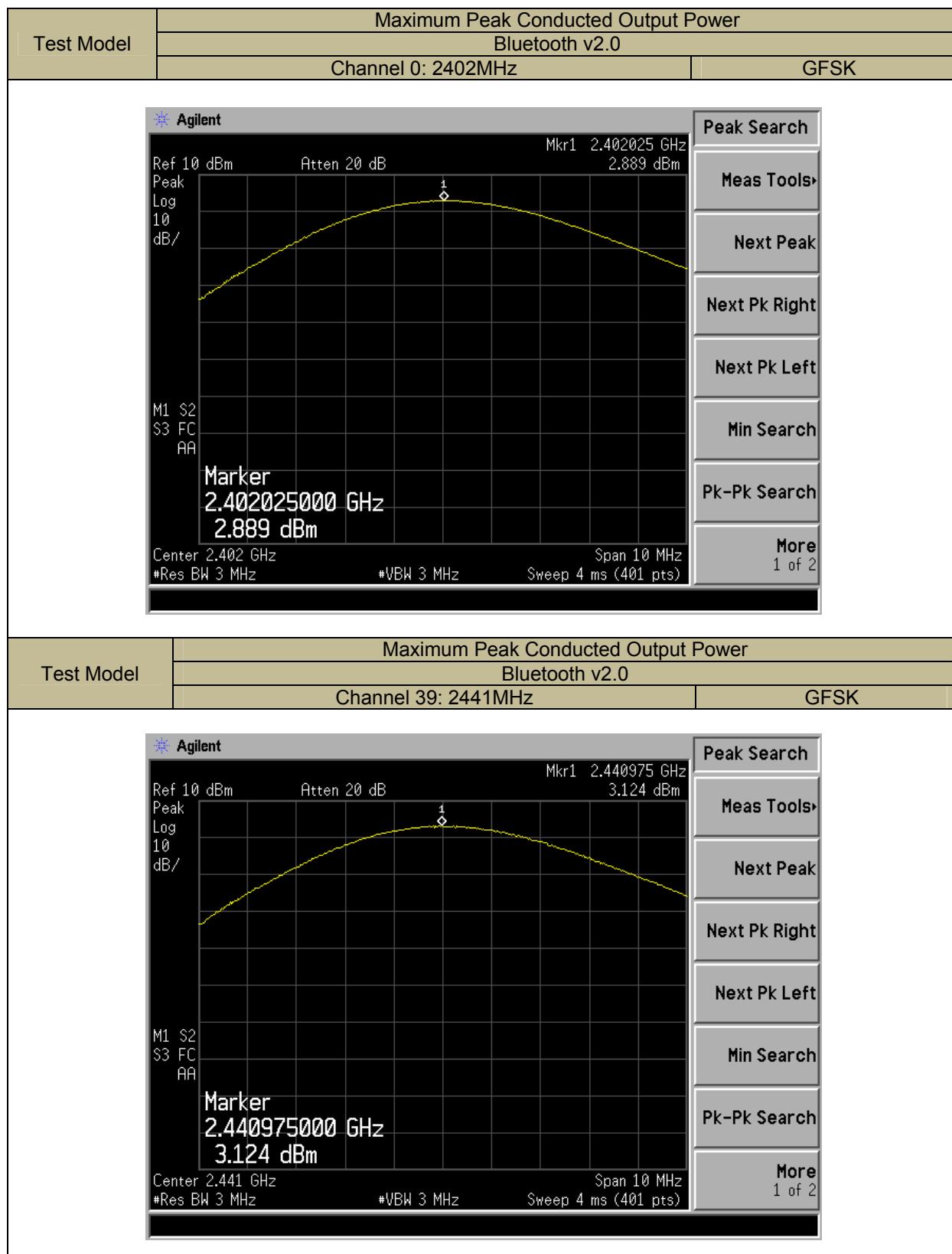
Set Trace = max hold

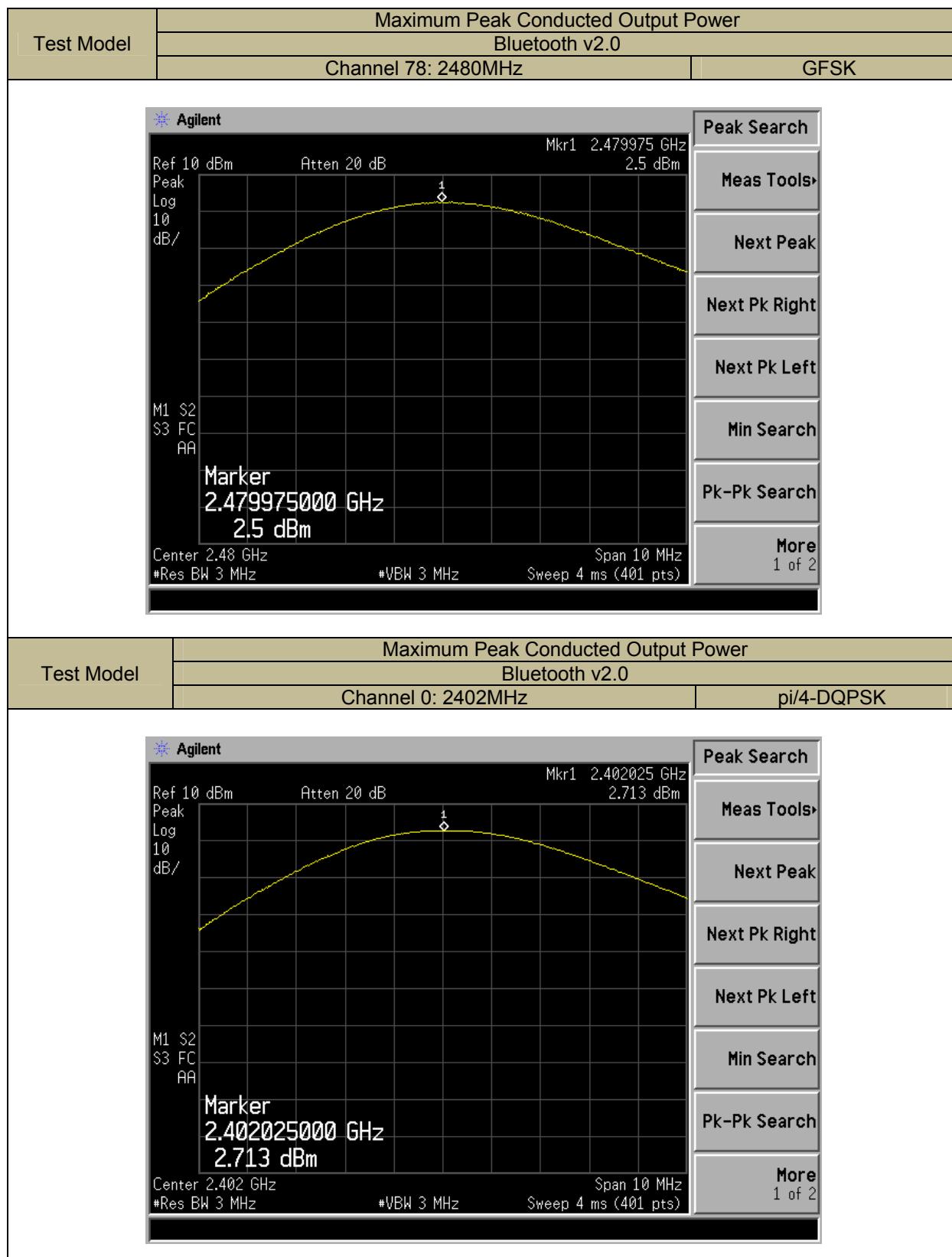
Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission to determine the peak amplitude level.

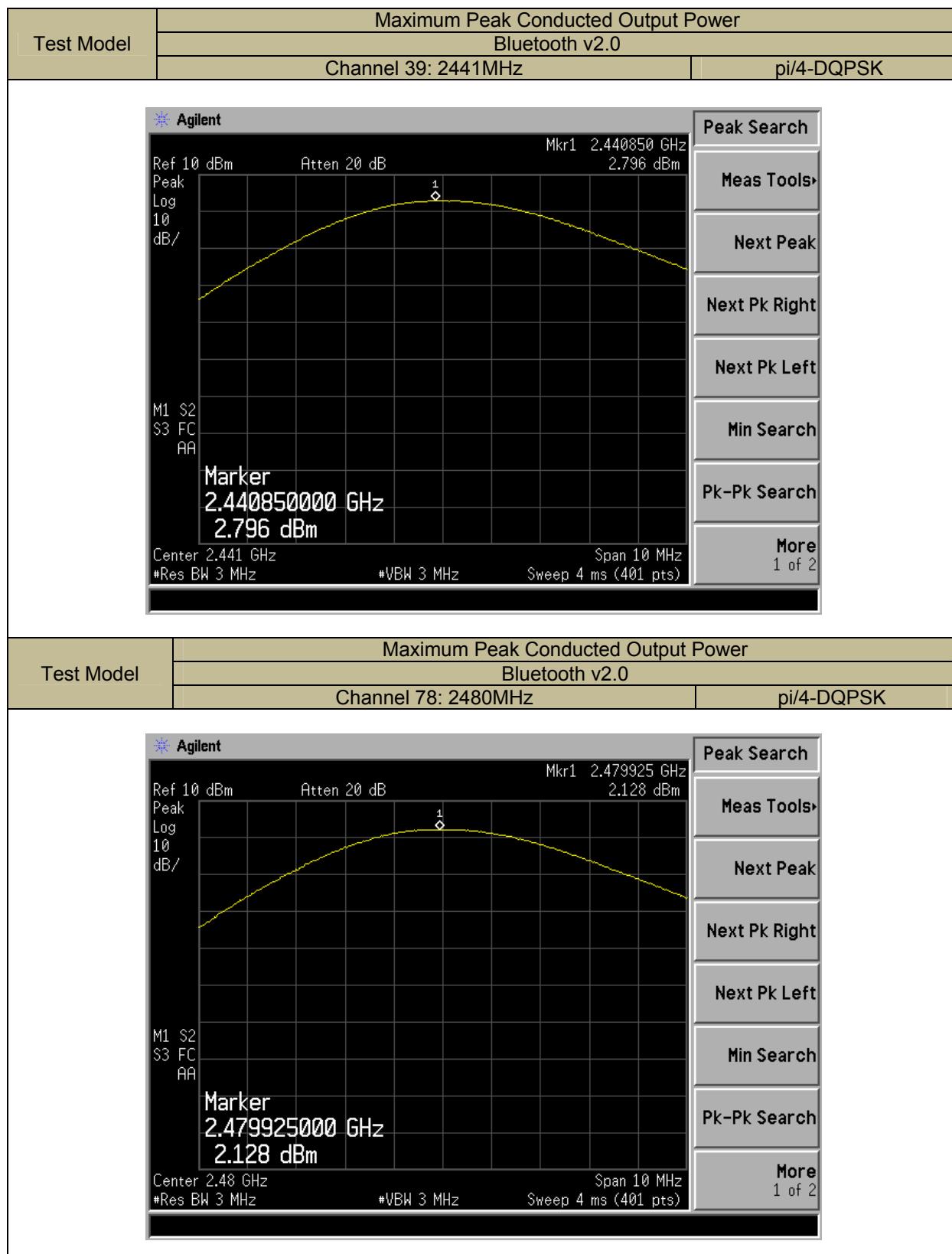
Test Results

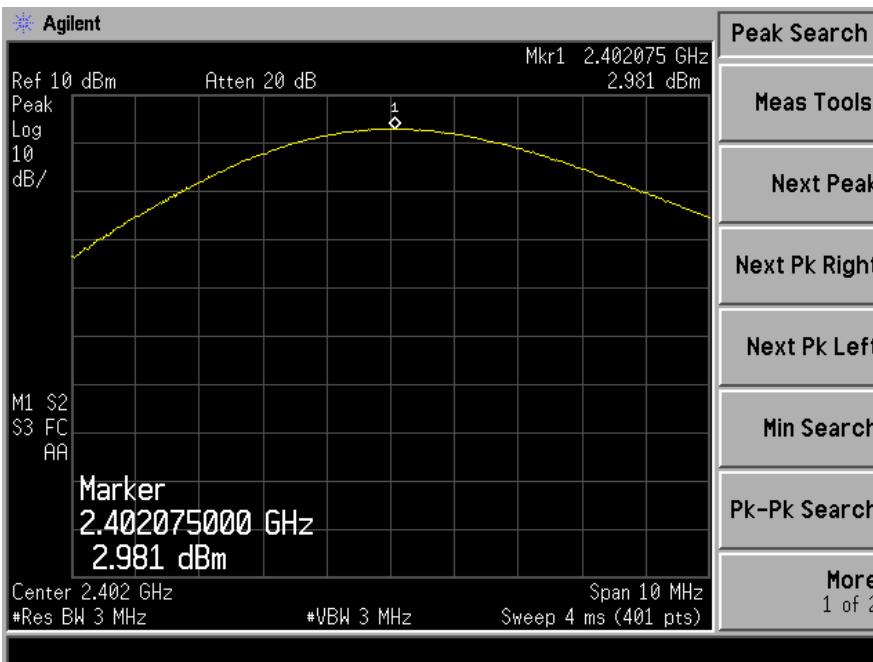
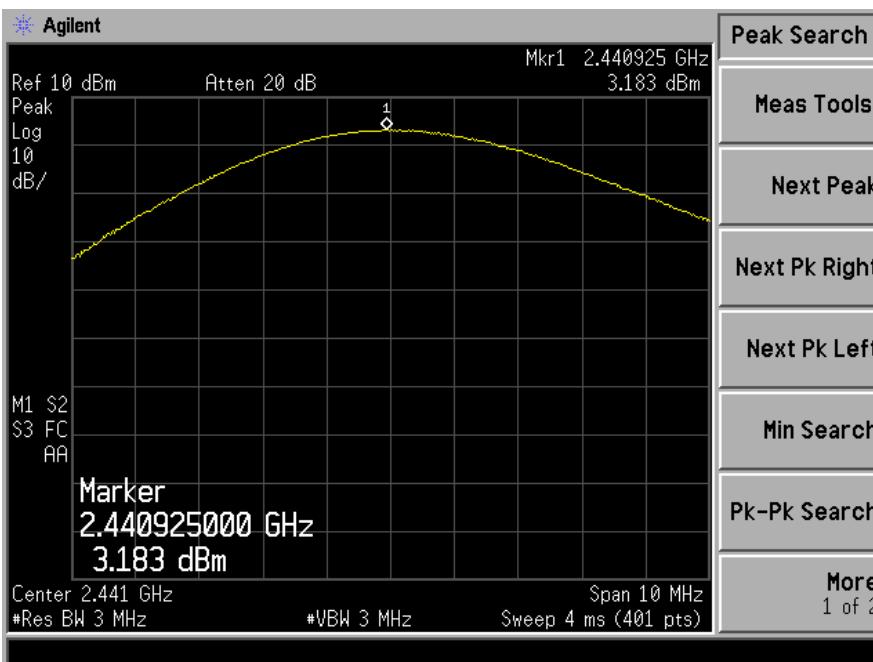
Temperature:	24°C	Test Date:	February 03, 2015
Humidity:	53 %	Test By:	KING KONG

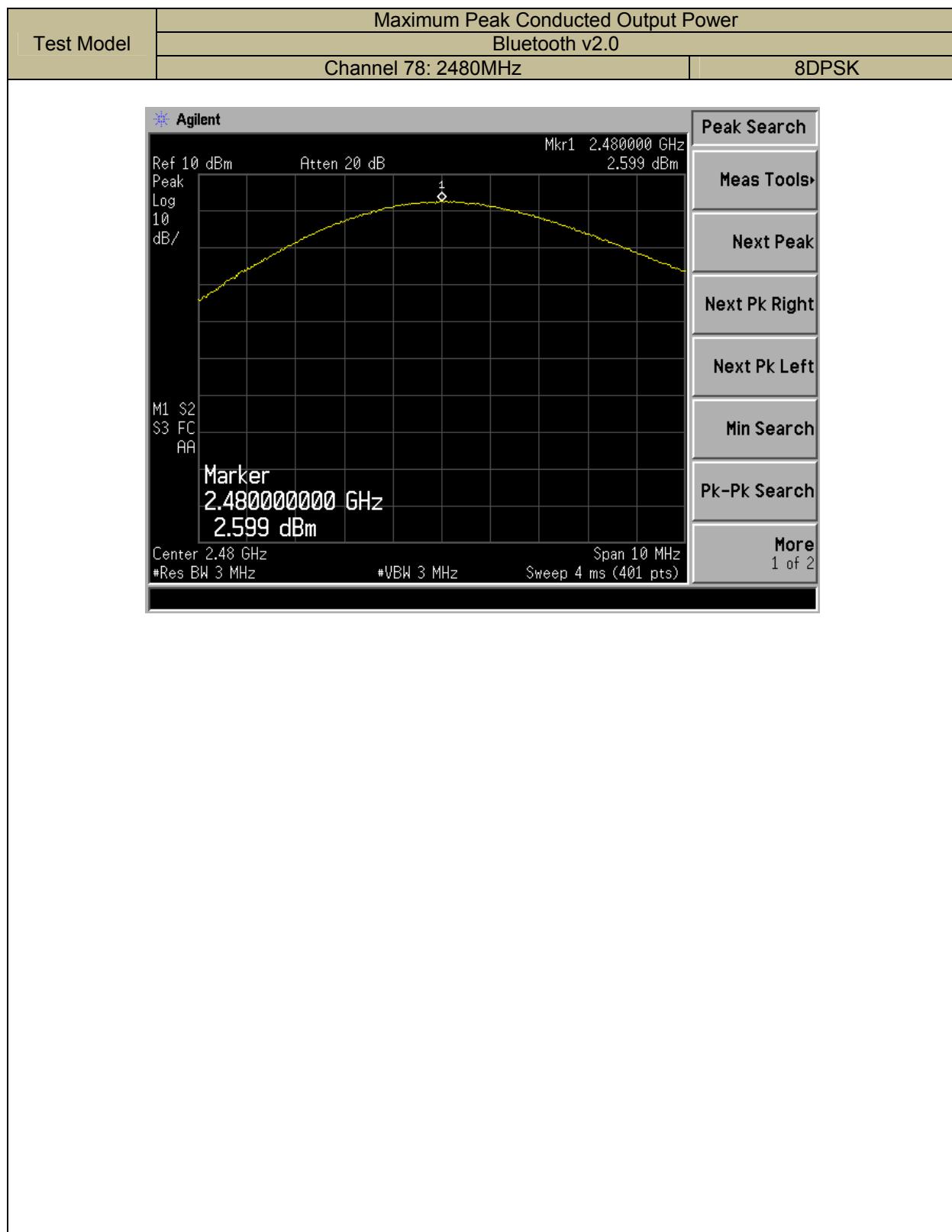
Operation Mode	Channel Number	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Measurement Level (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Verdict
GFSK	0	2402	2.889	21	PASS
	39	2441	3.124	21	PASS
	78	2480	2.500	21	PASS
pi/4-DQPSK	0	2402	2.713	21	PASS
	39	2441	2.796	21	PASS
	78	2480	2.128	21	PASS
8DPSK	0	2402	2.981	21	PASS
	39	2441	3.183	21	PASS
	78	2480	2.599	21	PASS
Note: N/A					







Test Model	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power		
	Bluetooth v2.0		
	Channel 0: 2402MHz		8DPSK
			
Test Model	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power	Bluetooth v2.0	
	Channel 39: 2441MHz		8DPSK
			



9.6 CONDUCTED SUPRIOUS EMISSION

9.6.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(d) and DA 00-705

9.6.2 Conformance Limit

According to FCC Part 15.247(d):

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

9.6.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.1 radio frequency test setup 1

9.6.4 Test Procedure

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer

■ Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DSS channel center frequency.

Set Span = approximately 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz. Set the VBW \geq 3 x RBW.

Set Detector = peak. Set Sweep time = auto couple.

Set Trace mode = max hold. Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum Maximum conducted level.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum conducted level can be used to establish the reference level.

■ Band-edge Compliance of RF Conducted Emissions

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the emission operating on the channel closest to the band-edge, as well as any modulation products which fall outside of the authorized band of operation

Set RBW \geq 1% of the span=100kHz Set VBW \geq RBW

Set Sweep = auto Set Detector function = peak Set Trace = max hold

Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the emission at the bandedge, or on the highest modulation product outside of the band, if this level is greater than that at the bandedge. Enable the marker-delta function, then use the marker-to-peak function to move the marker to the peak of the in-band emission.

The marker-delta value now displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

Now, using the same instrument settings, enable the hopping function of the EUT. Allow the trace to stabilize. Follow the same procedure listed above to determine if any spurious emissions caused by the hopping function also comply with the specified limit.

■ Conducted Spurious RF Conducted Emission

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

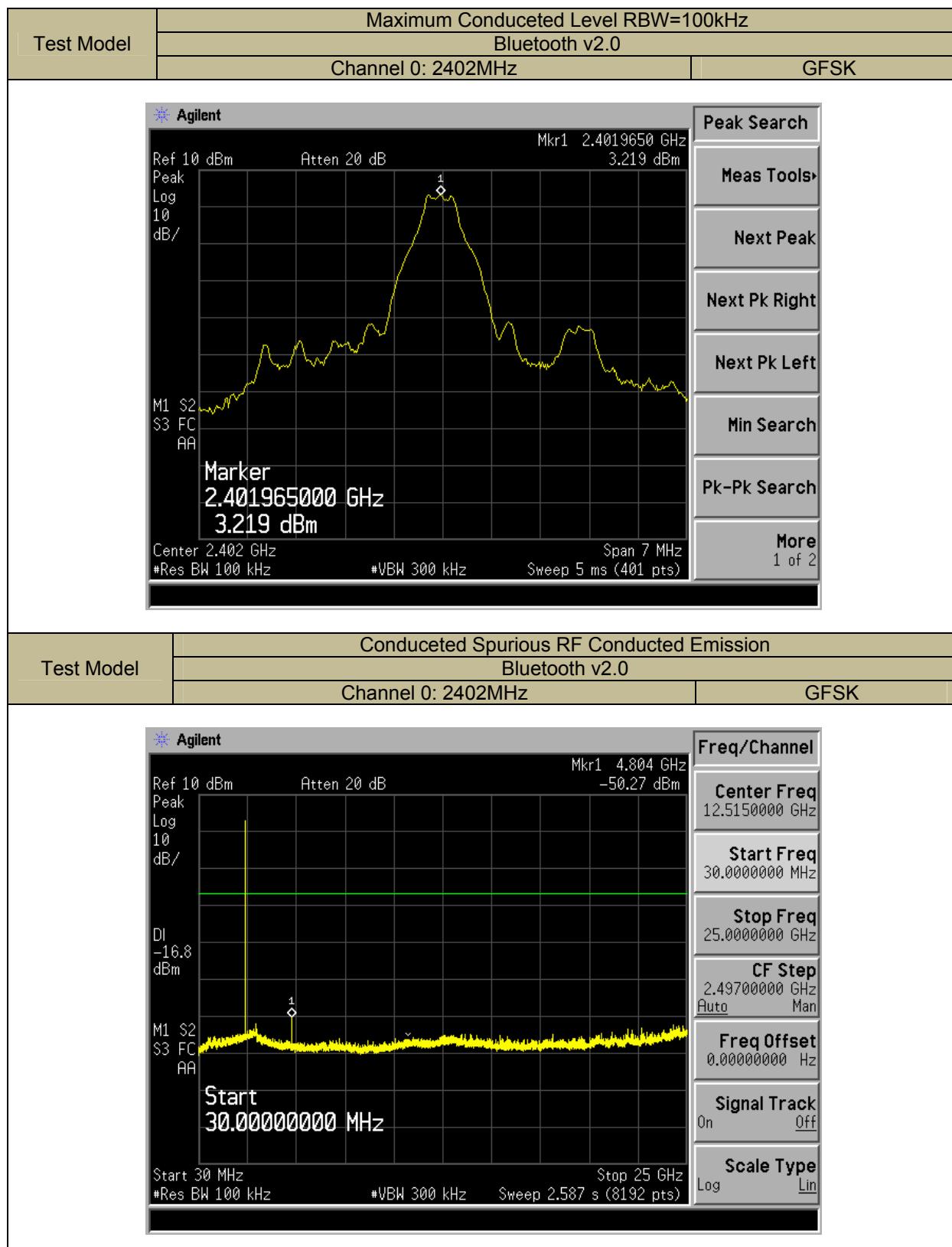
Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic.(30MHz to 25GHz). Set RBW = 100 kHz Set VBW \geq RBW

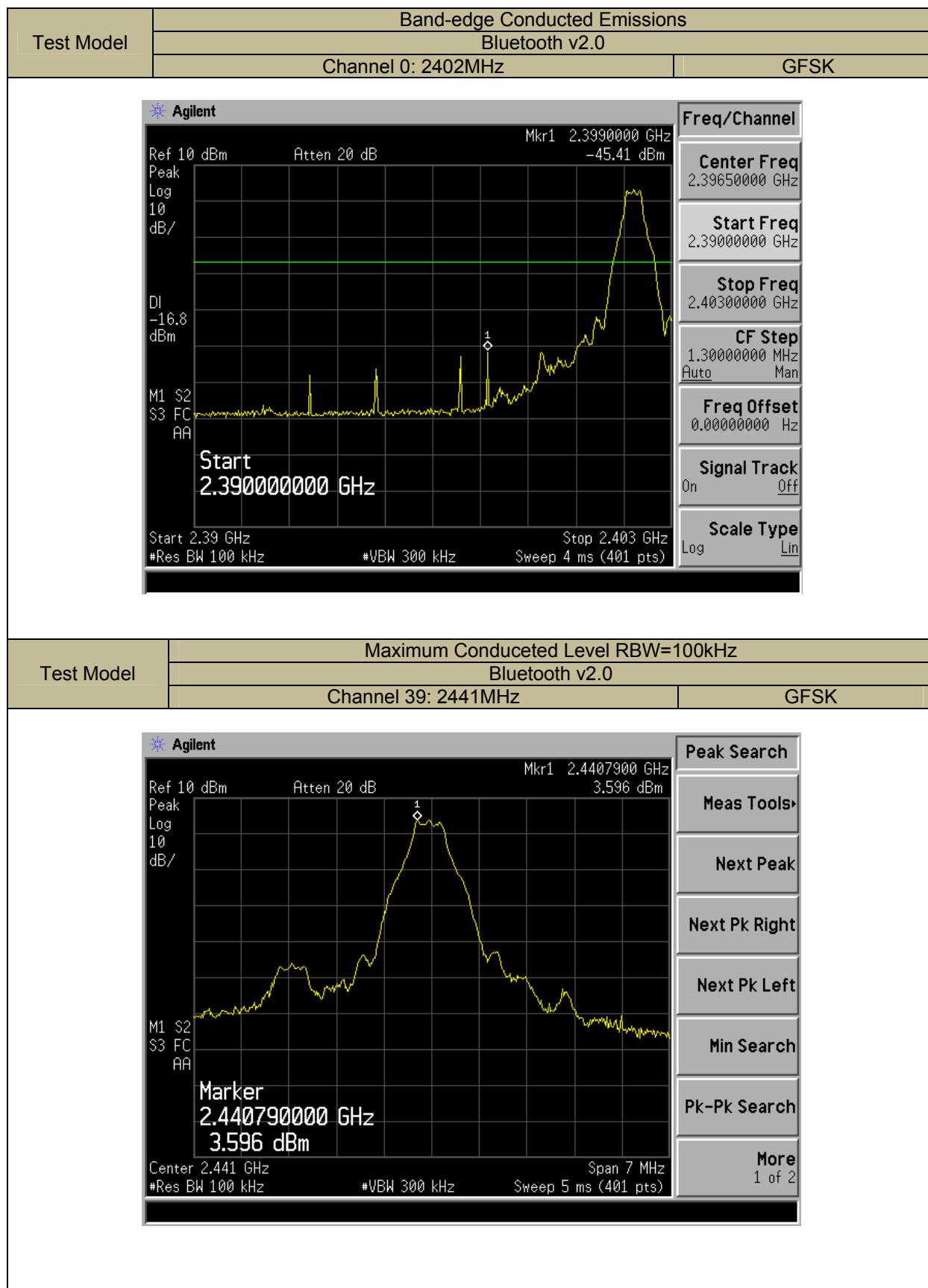
Set Sweep = auto Set Detector function = peak Set Trace = max hold

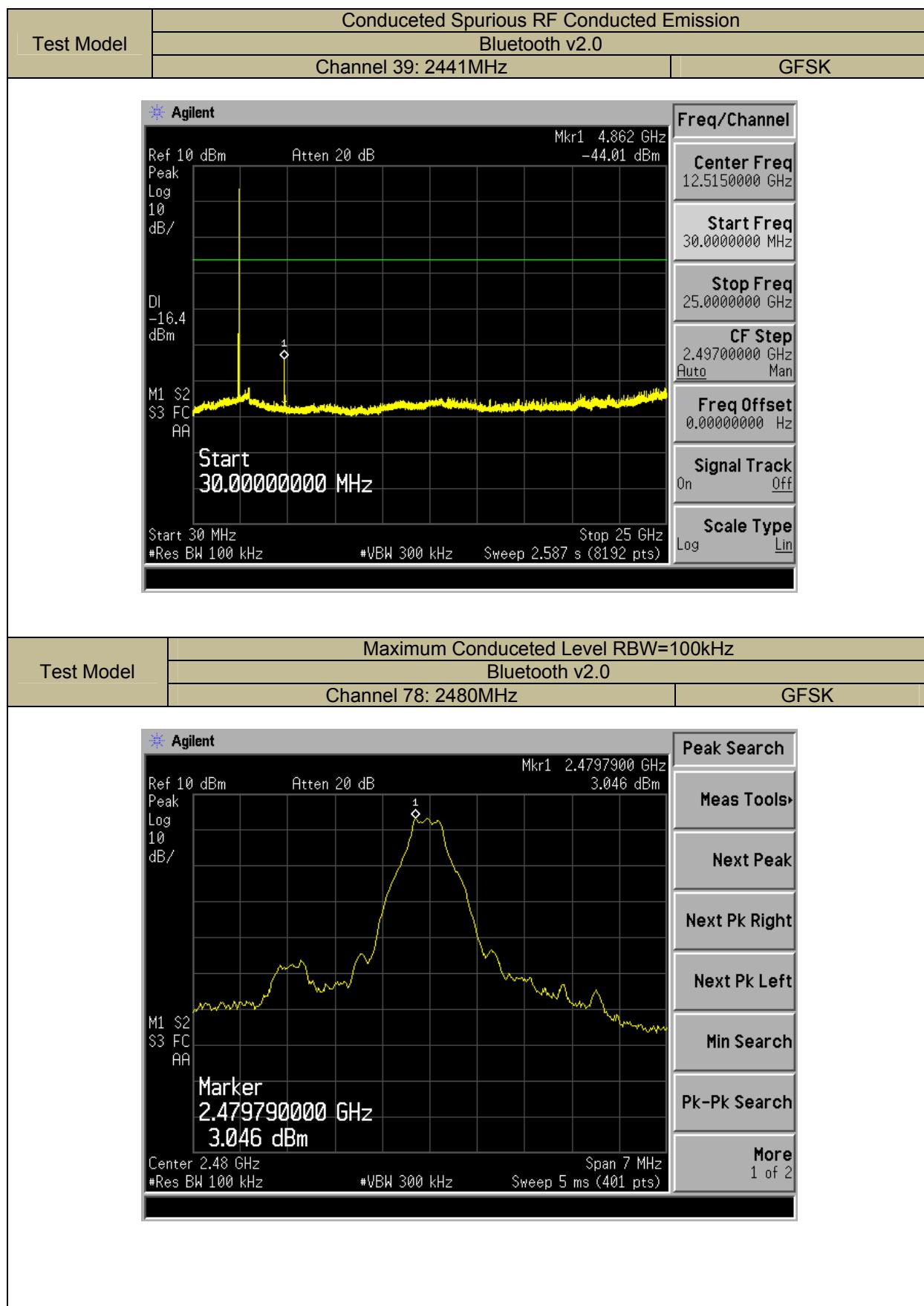
Allow the trace to stabilize. Set the marker on the peak of any spurious emission recorded. The level displayed must comply with the limit specified in this Section.

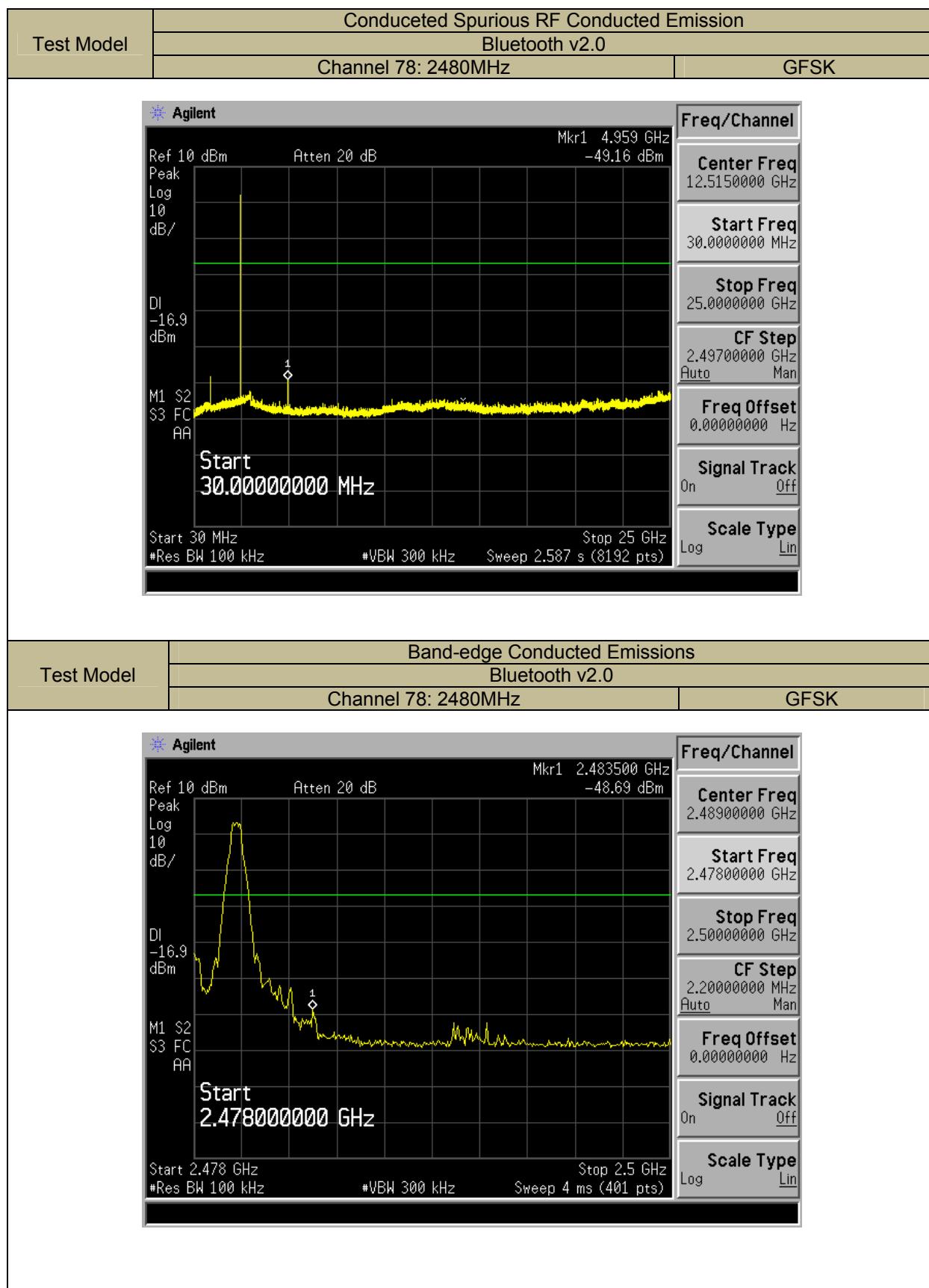
9.6.5 Test Results

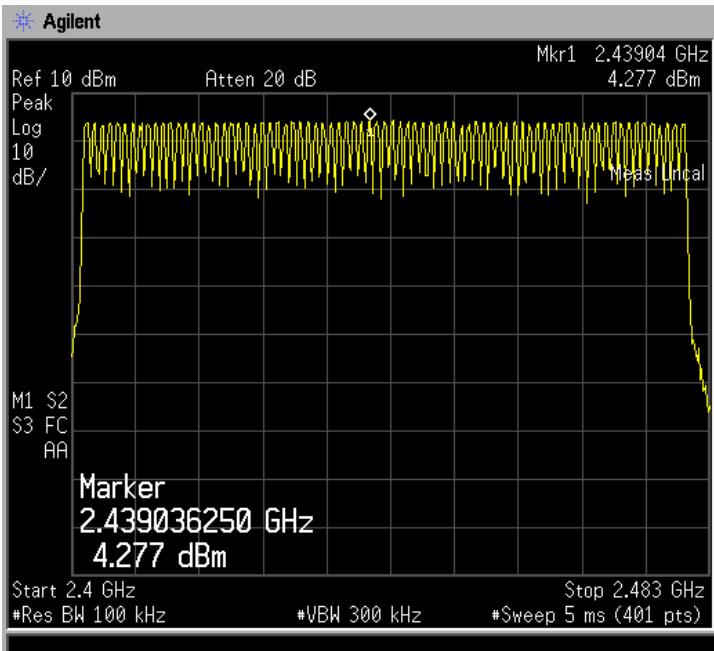
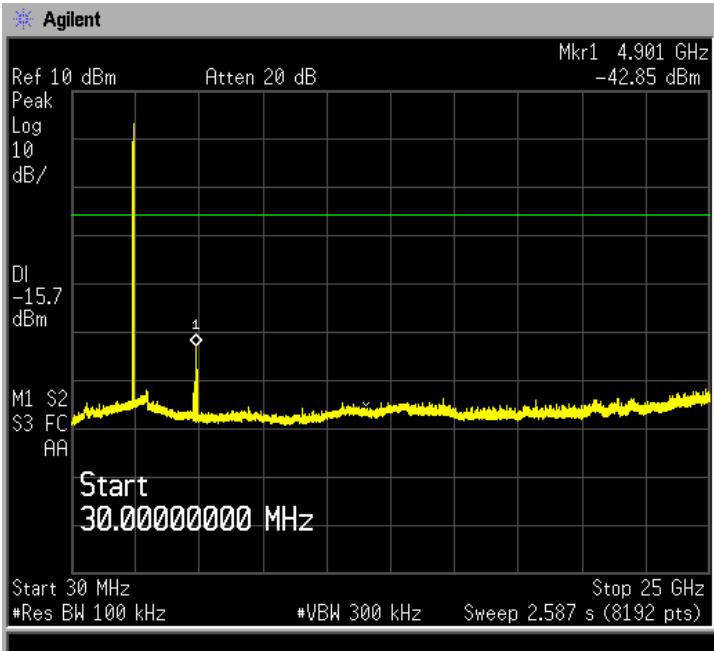
Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst result(GFSK) was report as below:

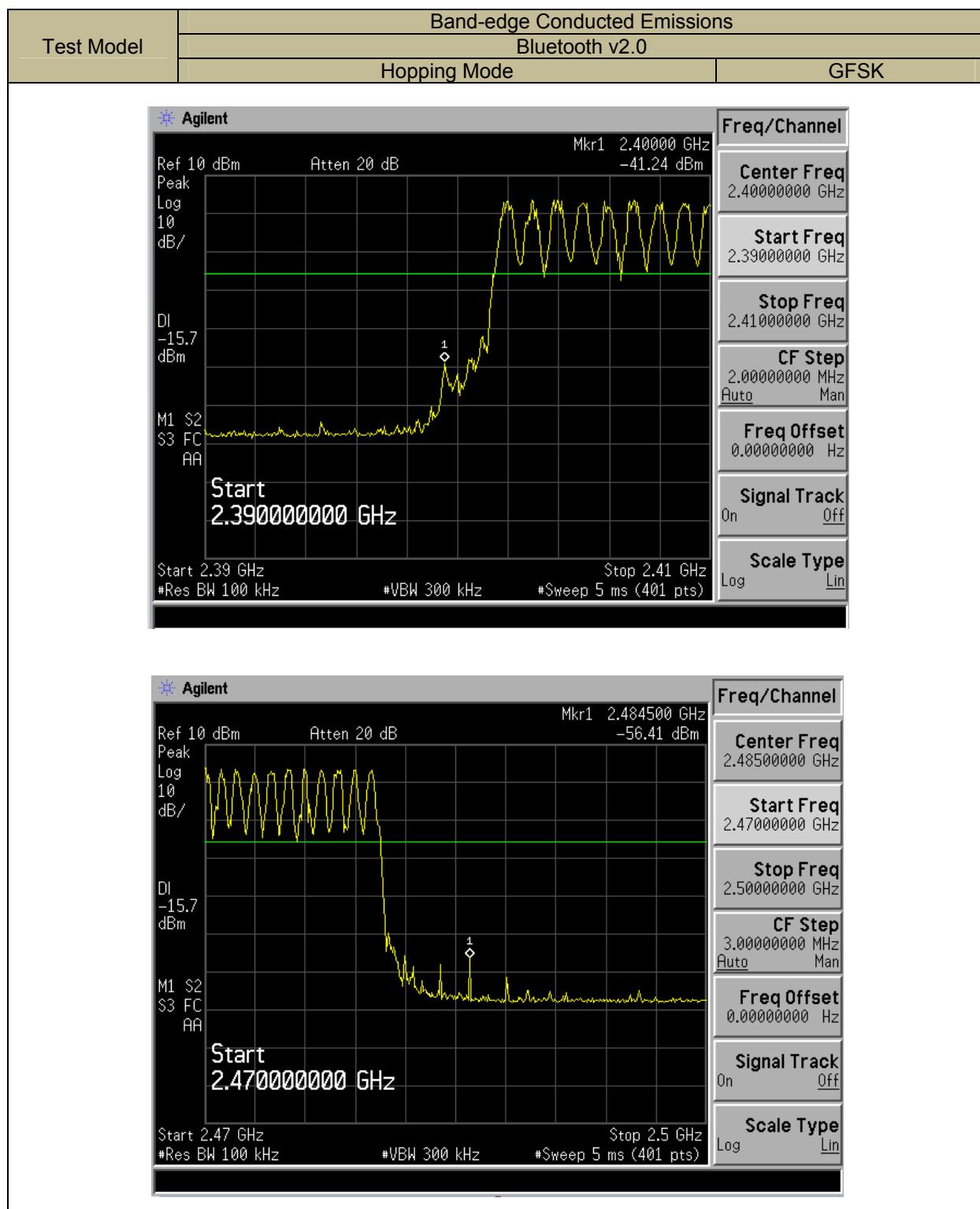








Test Model	Maximum Conducted Level RBW=100kHz			
	Bluetooth v2.0			
	Hopping Mode		GFSK	
	 <p>Agilent</p> <p>Ref 10 dBm Atten 20 dB Mkr1 2.43904 GHz 4.277 dBm</p> <p>Peak Log 10 dB/ Meas Uncal</p> <p>M1 S2 S3 FC AA</p> <p>Marker 2.439036250 GHz 4.277 dBm</p> <p>Start 2.4 GHz Stop 2.483 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz #Sweep 5 ms (401 pts)</p>	<div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; align-items: flex-end;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Peak Search</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Meas Tools</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Next Peak</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Next Pk Right</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Next Pk Left</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Min Search</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Pk-Pk Search</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">More 1 of 2</div> </div>		
	Conducted Spurious RF Conducted Emission			
	Bluetooth v2.0		GFSK	
	 <p>Agilent</p> <p>Ref 10 dBm Atten 20 dB Mkr1 4.901 GHz -42.85 dBm</p> <p>Peak Log 10 dB/ DI -15.7 dBm</p> <p>M1 S2 S3 FC AA</p> <p>Start 30 MHz Stop 25 GHz #Res BW 100 kHz #VBW 300 kHz Sweep 2.587 s (8192 pts)</p>	<div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; align-items: flex-end;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Freq/Channel</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Center Freq 12.5150000 GHz</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Start Freq 30.0000000 MHz</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Stop Freq 25.0000000 GHz</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">CF Step 2.49700000 GHz Auto Man</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Freq Offset 0.0000000 Hz</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Signal Track On Off</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; margin-bottom: 5px;">Scale Type Log Lin</div> </div>		



9.7 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION

9.7.1 Applicable Standard

According to FCC Part 15.247(d) and 15.209 and DA 00-705

9.7.2 Conformance Limit

According to FCC Part 15.247(d): radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

According to FCC Part 15.205, Restricted bands

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090-0.110	16.42-16.423	399.9-410	4.5-5.15
10.495-0.505	16.69475-16.69525	608-614	5.35-5.46
2.1735-2.1905	16.80425-16.80475	960-1240	7.25-7.75
4.125-4.128	25.5-25.67	1300-1427	8.025-8.5
4.17725-4.17775	37.5-38.25	1435-1626.5	9.0-9.2
4.20725-4.20775	73-74.6	1645.5-1646.5	9.3-9.5
6.215-6.218	74.8-75.2	1660-1710	10.6-12.7
6.26775-6.26825	123-138	2200-2300	14.47-14.5
8.291-8.294	149.9-150.05	2310-2390	15.35-16.2
8.362-8.366	156.52475-156.52525	2483.5-2500	17.7-21.4
8.37625-8.38675	156.7-156.9	2690-2900	22.01-23.12
8.41425-8.41475	162.0125-167.17	3260-3267	23.6-24.0
12.29-12.293	167.72-173.2	3332-3339	31.2-31.8
12.51975-12.52025	240-285	3345.8-3358	36.43-36.5
12.57675-12.57725	322-335.4	3600-4400	(2)
13.36-13.41			

According to FCC Part 15.205, the level of any transmitter spurious emission in Restricted bands shall not exceed the level of the emission specified in the following table

Restricted Frequency(MHz)	Field Strength (μ V/m)	Field Strength (dB μ V/m)	Measurement Distance
0.009-0.490	2400/F(KHz)	20 log (μ V/m)	300
0.490-1.705	2400/F(KHz)	20 log (μ V/m)	30
1.705-30	30	29.5	30
30-88	100	40	3
88-216	150	43.5	3
216-960	200	46	3
Above 960	500	54	3

9.7.3 Test Configuration

Test according to clause 7.2 radio frequency test setup 2

9.7.4 Test Procedure

This test is required for any spurious emission that falls in a Restricted Band, as defined in Section 15.205. It must be performed with the highest gain of each type of antenna proposed for use with the EUT. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

The EUT was placed on a turn table which is 0.8m above ground plane.

Maximum procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure EUT compliance.

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz(1GHz to 25GHz), 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz(30MHz to 1GHz)

VBW \geq RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

Follow the guidelines in ANSI C63.4-2009 respect to maximizing the emission by rotating the EUT, measuring the emission while the EUT is situated in three orthogonal planes (if appropriate), adjusting the measurement antenna height and polarization, etc. A pre-amp and a high pass filter are required for this test, in order to provide the measuring system with sufficient sensitivity. Allow the trace to stabilize. The peak reading of the emission, after being corrected by the antenna factor, cable loss, pre-amp gain, etc., is the peak field strength, which must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.35(b). Submit this data.

Now set the VBW to 10 Hz, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from $20\log(\text{dwell time}/100 \text{ ms})$, in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit. Submit this data.

Repeat above procedures until all frequency measured was complete.

9.7.5 Test Results

■ Spurious Emission below 30MHz (9KHz to 30MHz)

Temperature:	24°C	Test Date:	February 03, 2015
Humidity:	53 %	Test By:	KING KONG
Test mode:	TX Mode		

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Emission Level(dBuV/m)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
		PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

Note: the amplitude of spurious emission that is attenuated by more than 20dB below the permissible limit has no need to be reported.

Distance extrapolation factor = $40\log(\text{Specific distance}/ \text{test distance})(\text{dB})$;

Limit line=Specific limits(dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor

■ Spurious Emission Above 1GHz (1GHz to 25GHz)

Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst result(GFSK) was report as below:

Temperature:	24°C	Test Date:	February 03, 2015
Humidity:	53 %	Test By:	KING KONG
Test mode:	GFSK	Frequency:	Channel 0: 2402MHz

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Emission Level(dBuV/m)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
		PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
8480.00	V	57.51	42.53	74.00	54.00	-16.49	-11.47
9500.00	V	61.13	43.57	74.00	54.00	-12.87	-10.43
12866.00	V	63.09	42.89	74.00	54.00	-10.91	-11.11
8344.00	H	59.23	42.35	74.00	54.00	-14.77	-11.65
9466.00	H	60.59	43.56	74.00	54.00	-13.41	-10.44
12220.00	H	60.79	42.85	74.00	54.00	-13.21	-11.15

Temperature: 24 °C Test Date: February 03, 2015
 Humidity: 53 % Test By: KING KONG
 Test mode: GFSK Frequency: Channel 39: 2441MHz

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Emission Level(dBuV/m)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
		PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
7868.00	V	57.65	41.53	74.00	54.00	-16.35	-12.47
9449.00	V	60.60	42.58	74.00	54.00	-13.40	-11.42
14549.00	V	65.48	44.62	74.00	54.00	-8.52	-9.38
7817.00	H	56.85	42.35	74.00	54.00	-17.15	-11.65
9568.00	H	60.48	42.85	74.00	54.00	-13.52	-11.15
14957.00	H	64.48	43.64	74.00	54.00	-9.52	-10.36

Temperature: 24 °C Test Date: February 03, 2015
 Humidity: 53 % Test By: KING KONG
 Test mode: GFSK Frequency: Channel 78: 2480MHz

Freq. (MHz)	Ant.Pol. H/V	Emission Level(dBuV/m)		Limit 3m(dBuV/m)		Over(dB)	
		PK	AV	PK	AV	PK	AV
8446.00	V	58.76	42.57	74.00	54.00	-15.24	-11.43
9670.00	V	59.93	43.86	74.00	54.00	-14.07	-10.14
13767.00	V	64.21	44.70	74.00	54.00	-9.79	-9.30
6729.00	H	55.51	42.53	74.00	54.00	-18.49	-11.47
9466.00	H	60.09	44.96	74.00	54.00	-13.91	-9.04
14923.00	H	63.93	43.85	74.00	54.00	-10.07	-10.15

Note: (1) All Readings are Peak Value (VBW=3MHz) and Peak Value (VBW=10Hz).
 (2) Emission Level= Reading Level+Probe Factor +Cable Loss.
 (3) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ -- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

■ Spurious Emission in Restricted Band 2310-2390MHz and 2483.5-2500MHz

Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK, Hopping) mode have been tested, and the worst result(GFSK, Hopping) was report as below:

Temperature:	24°C	Test Date:	February 03, 2015
Humidity:	53 %	Test By:	KING KONG
Test mode:	GFSK	Frequency:	Channel 0: 2402MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Polarity H/V	PK(dBuV/m) (VBW=3MHz)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	AV(dBuV/m) (VBW=3MHz)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)
2386.880	H	40.80	74	29.68	54
2385.040	V	41.80	74	28.37	54

Temperature:	24°C	Test Date:	February 03, 2015
Humidity:	53 %	Test By:	KING KONG
Test mode:	GFSK	Frequency:	Channel 78: 2480MHz

Frequency (MHz)	Polarity H/V	PK(dBuV/m) (VBW=3MHz)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	AV(dBuV/m) (VBW=3MHz)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)
2483.599	H	41.09	74	30.58	54
2483.912	V	40.83	74	30.25	54

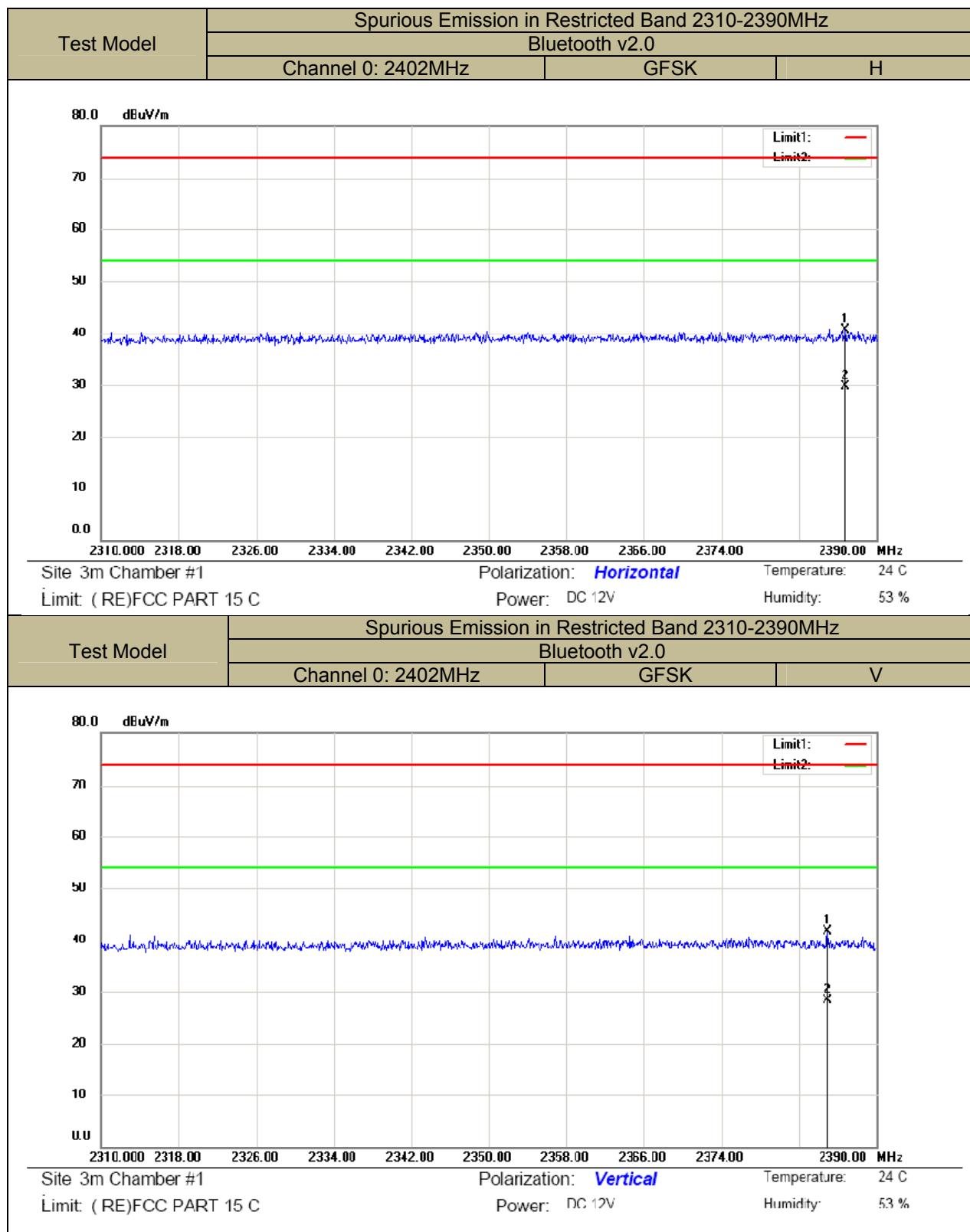
Temperature:	24°C	Test Date:	February 03, 2015
Humidity:	53 %	Test By:	KING KONG
Test mode:	GFSK	Frequency:	Hopping

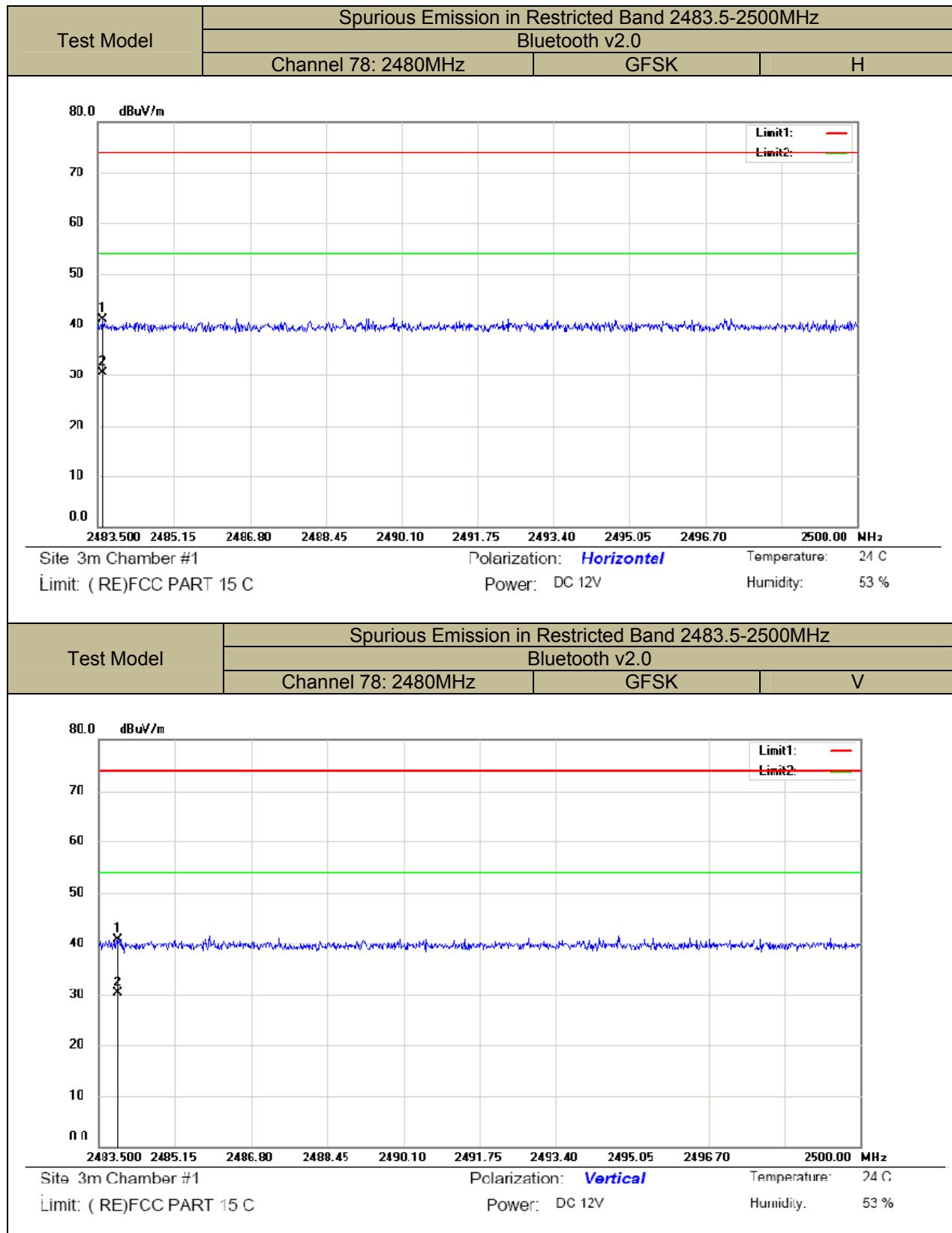
Frequency (MHz)	Polarity H/V	PK(dBuV/m) (VBW=3MHz)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)	AV(dBuV/m) (VBW=3MHz)	Limit 3m (dBuV/m)
2362.520	H	41.25	74	28.63	54
2339.770	V	41.45	74	30.28	54
2491.960	H	41.70	74	30.58	54
2487.160	V	41.15	74	30.28	54

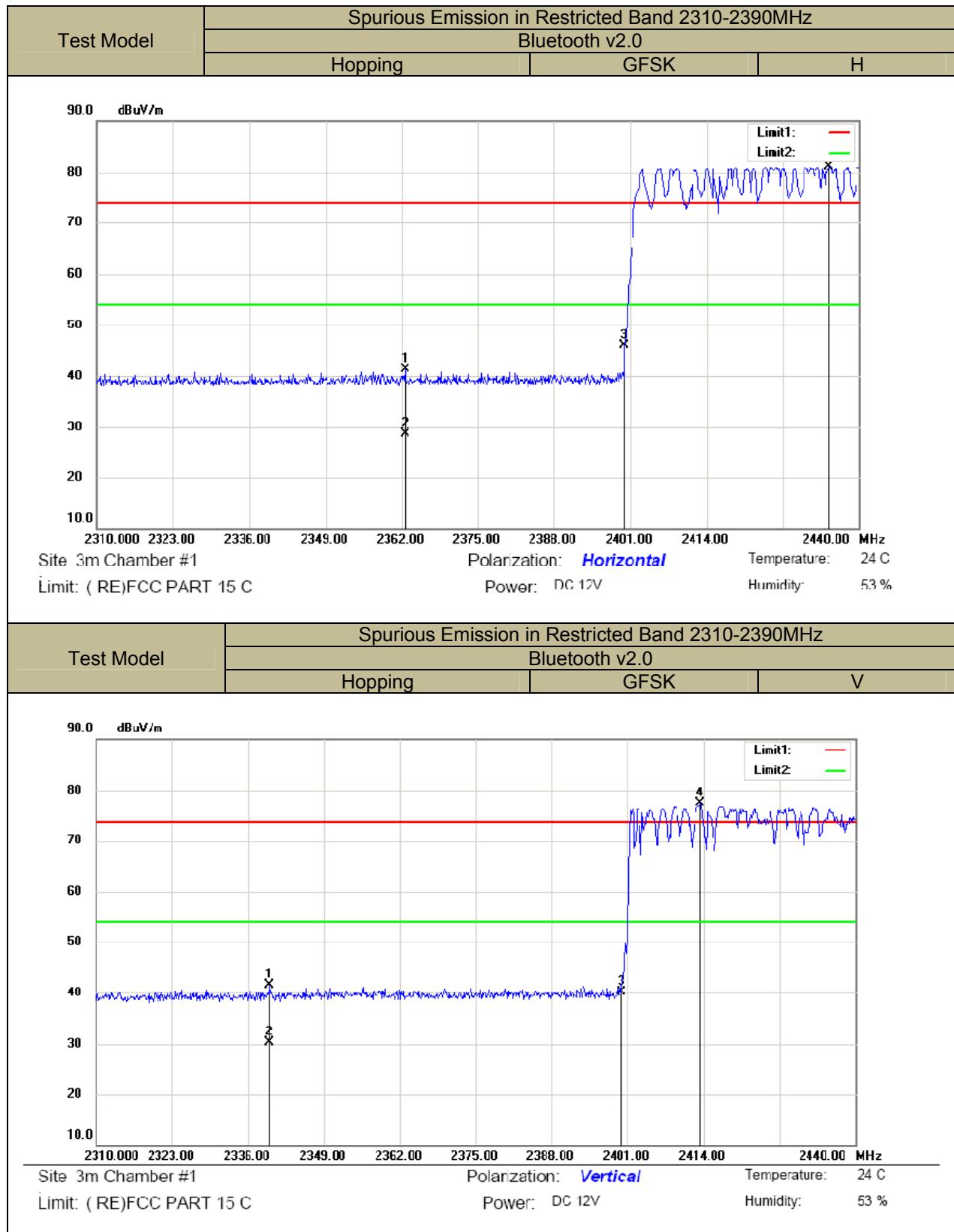
Note: (1) All Readings are Peak Value (VBW=3MHz) and Peak Value (VBW=10Hz).

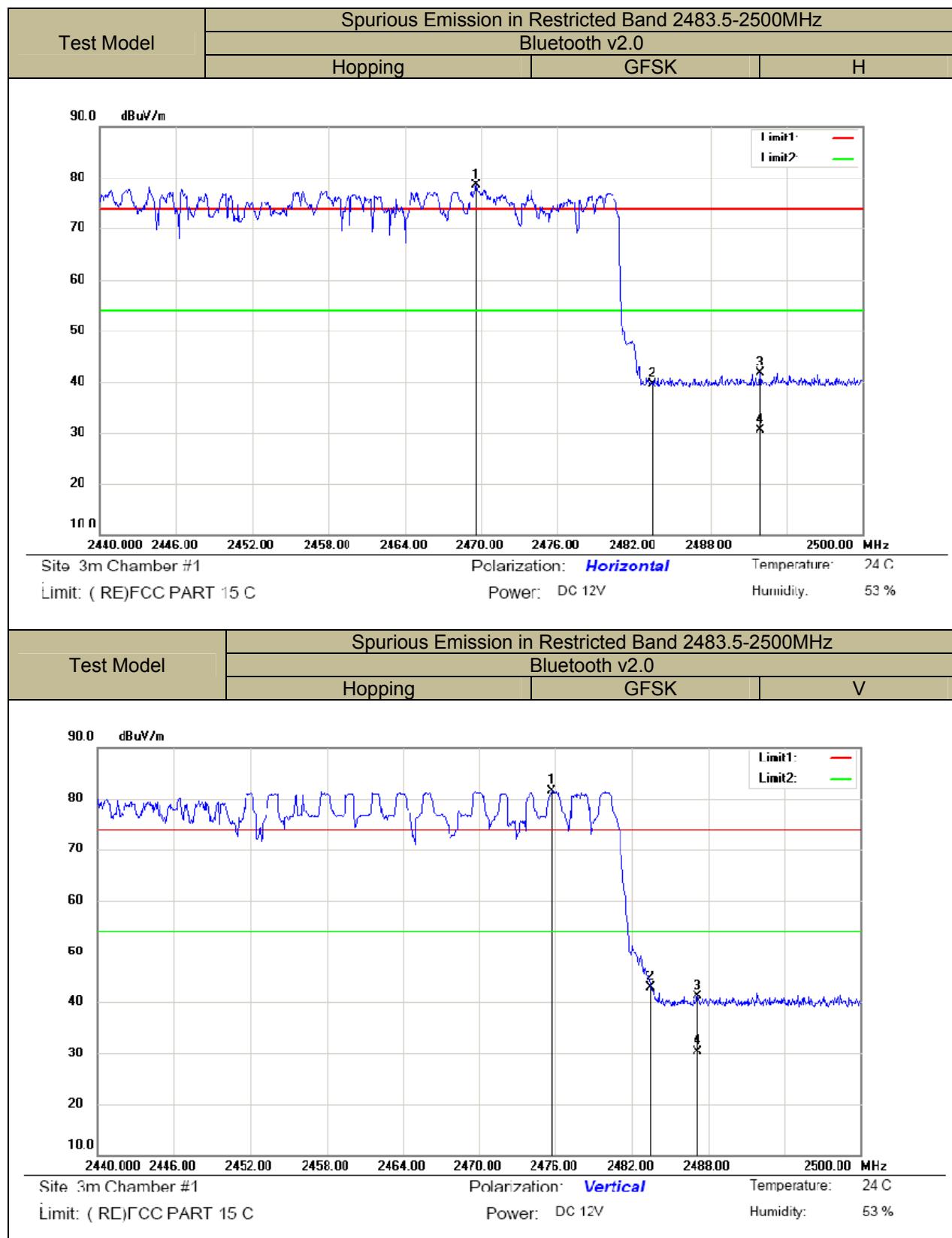
(2) Emission Level= Reading Level+Probe Factor +Cable Loss.

(3) Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ -- ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.



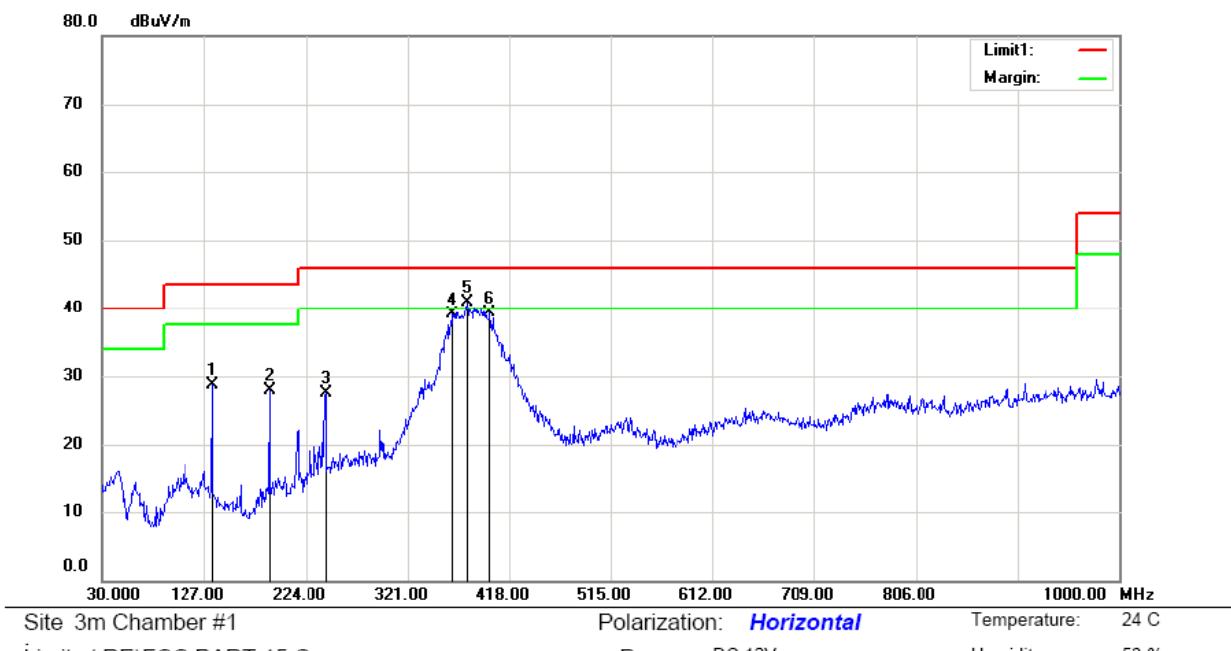






■ Spurious Emission below 1GHz (30MHz to 1GHz)

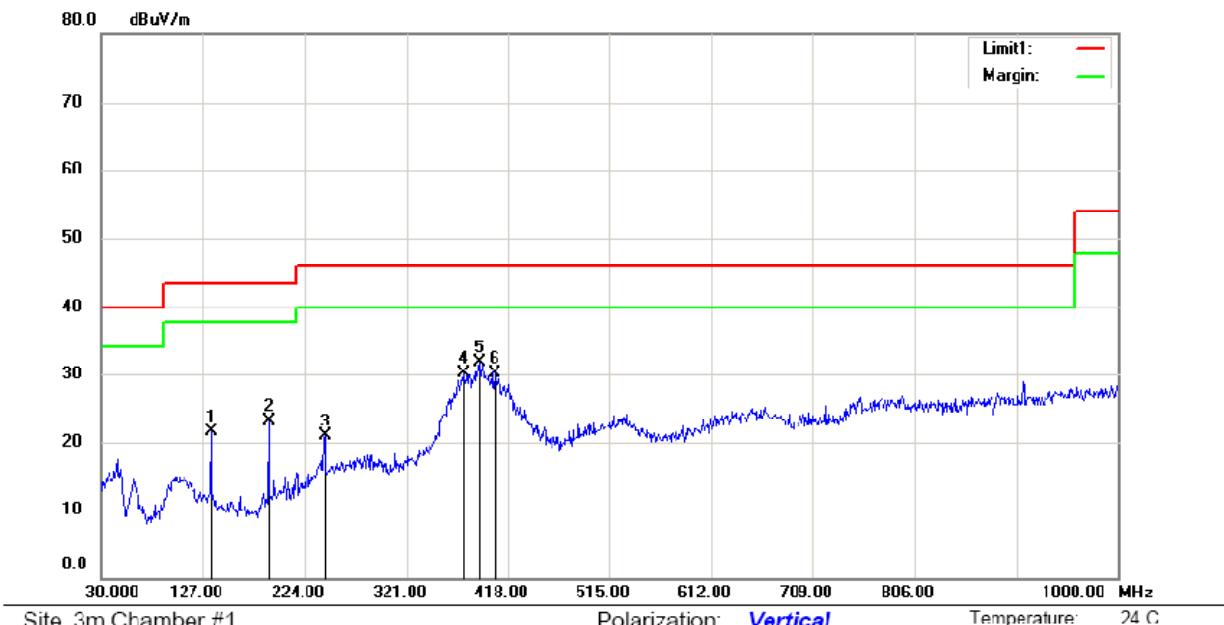
Bluetooth (GFSK, pi/4-DQPSK, 8DPSK) mode have been tested, and the worst result(GFSK) was report as below:



No.	Mk.	Freq. MHz	Reading	Correct	Measure-	Limit	Over	Antenna Height cm	Table Degree	Comment
			Level dDuV	Factor dB	ment dDuV/m					
1		134.7600	45.18	-16.53	28.65	43.50	-14.85	QP		
2		189.0800	43.97	-16.10	27.87	43.50	-15.63	QP		
3		243.4000	39.85	-12.41	27.44	46.00	-18.56	QP		
4		364.6500	48.45	-9.36	39.09	46.00	-6.91	QP		
5	*	378.2300	49.96	-9.01	40.95	46.00	-5.05	QP		
6		399.5700	47.35	-8.02	39.33	46.00	-6.67	QP		

* Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

Operator: CAI



Site 3m Chamber #1

Polarization: **Vertical**

Temperature: 24 C

Limit: (RE)FCC PART 15 C

Power: DC 12V

Humidity: 53 %

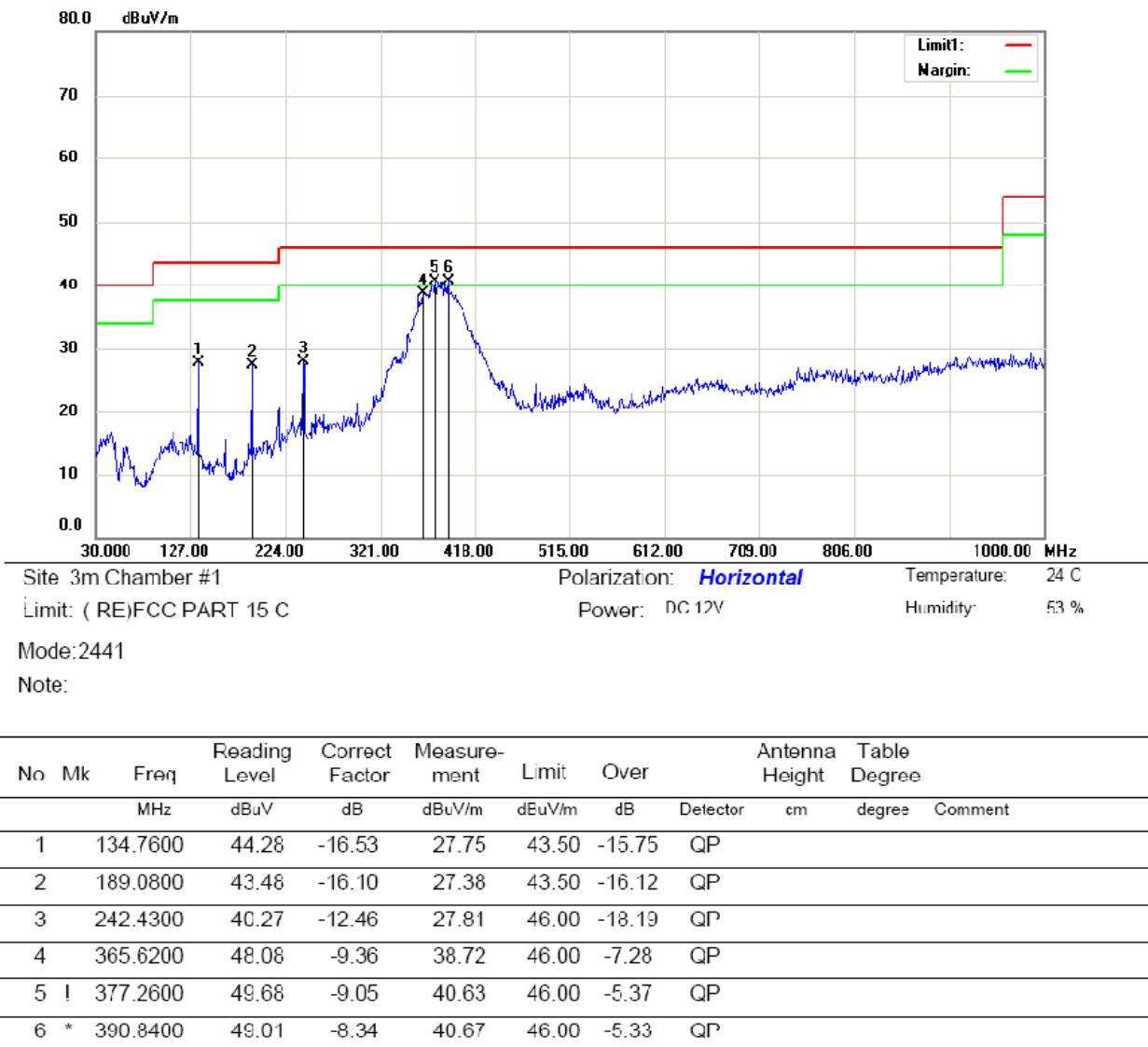
Mode:2402

Note:

No.	Mk.	Freq.	Reading	Correct	Measure-	Limit	Over	Antenna	Table	Comment
			Level	Factor	ment			Height	Degree	
		MHz	dBuV	dB	dBuV/m	dBuV/m	dB	Detector	cm	degree
1		134.7600	38.03	16.53	21.50	43.50	22.00	QP		
2		189.0800	39.19	-16.10	23.09	43.50	-20.41	QP		
3		243.4000	33.38	-12.41	20.97	46.00	-25.03	QP		
4		375.3200	39.18	-9.13	30.05	46.00	-15.95	QP		
5	*	390.8400	40.02	-8.34	31.68	46.00	-14.32	QP		
6		405.3900	37.99	-7.97	30.02	46.00	-15.98	QP		

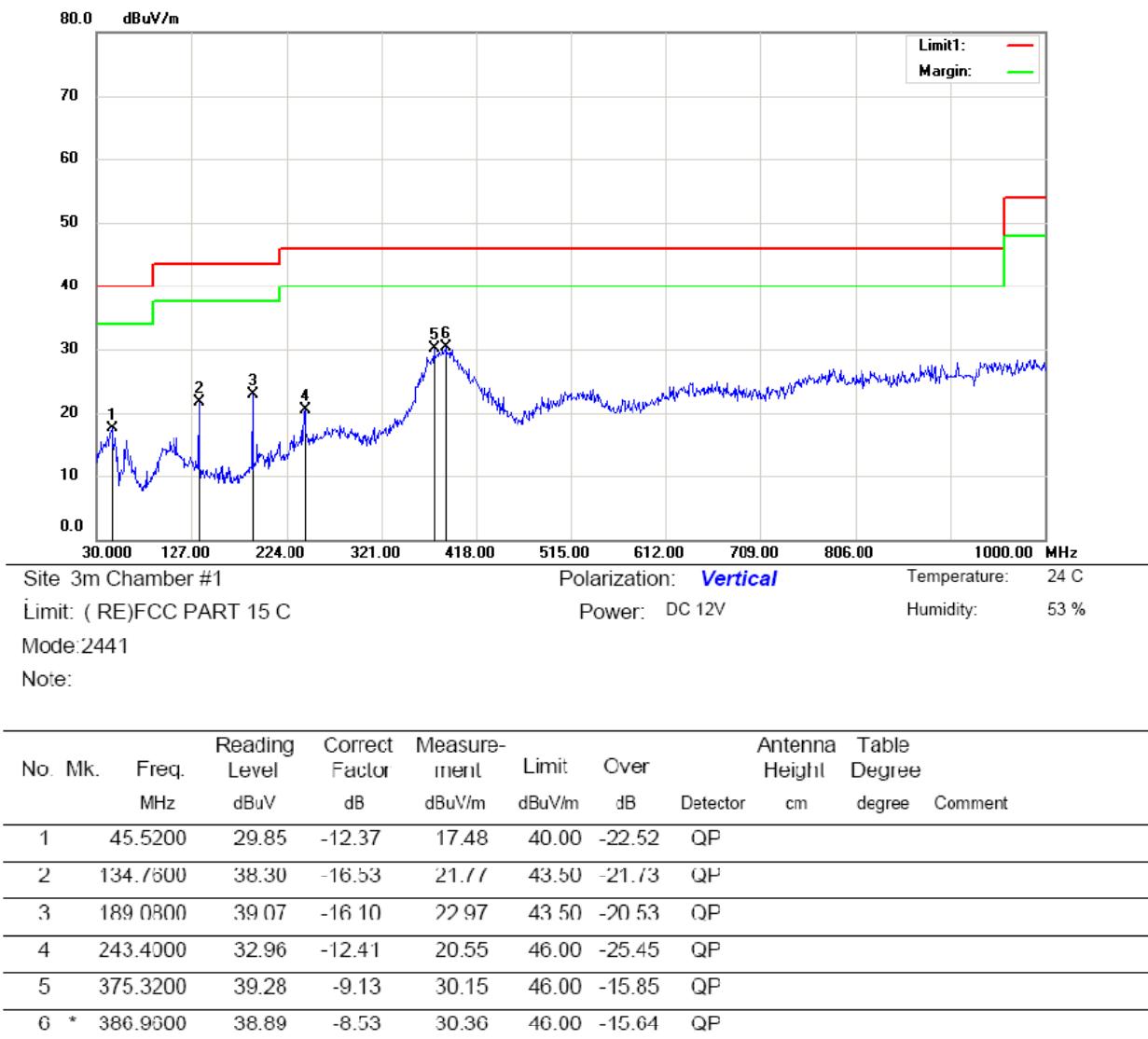
*:Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

Operator: CAI



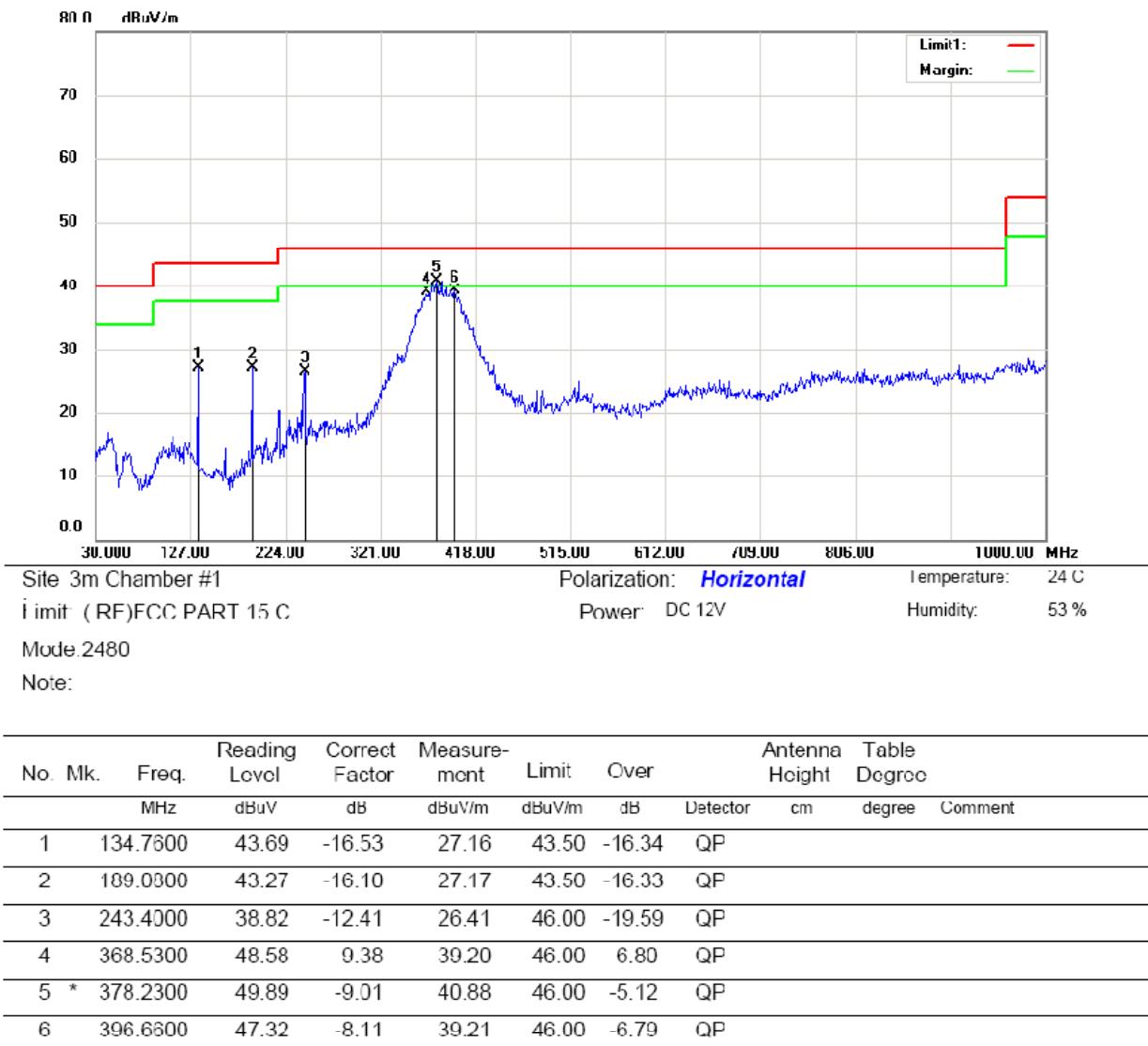
*:Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

Operator: CAI



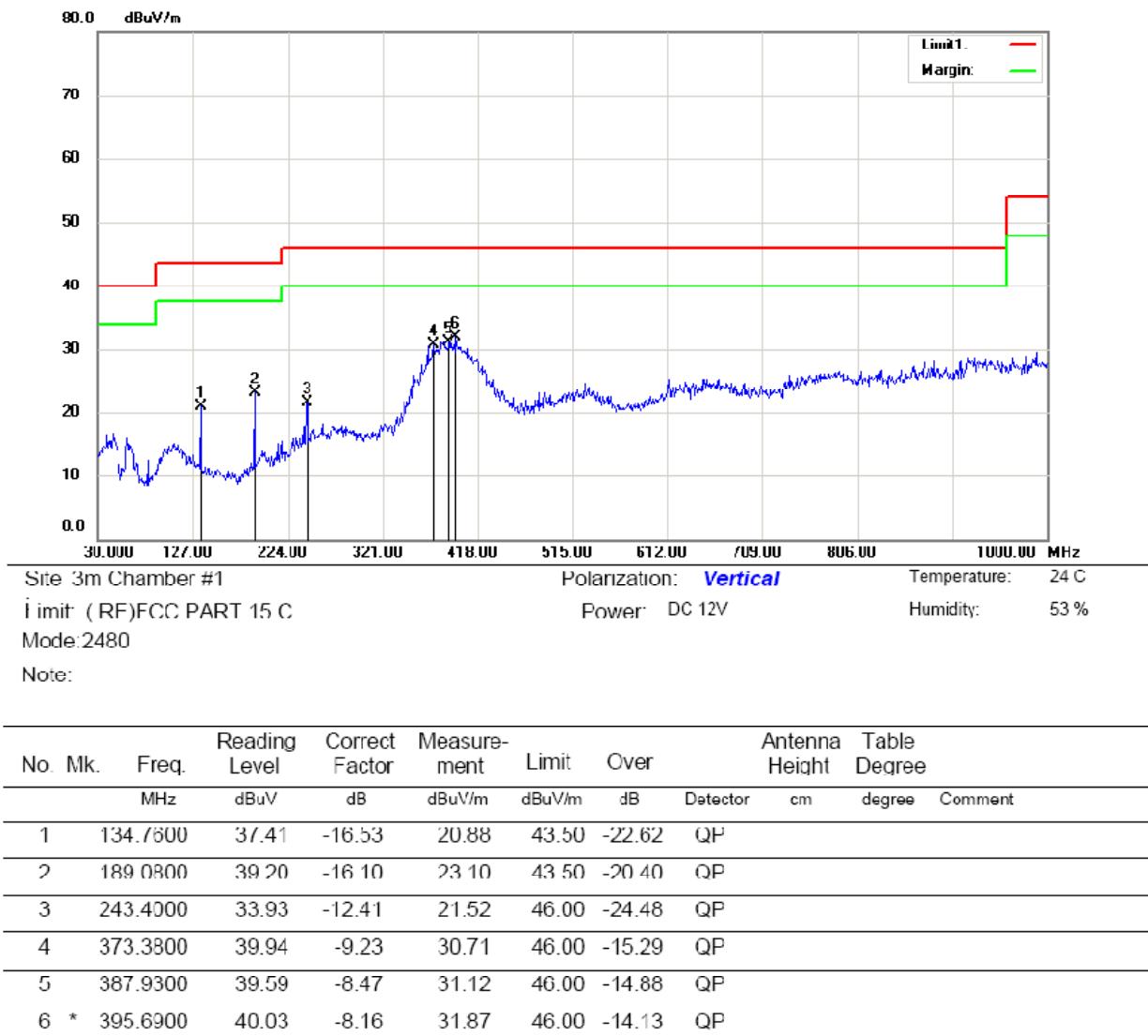
*:Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

Operator: CAI



*.Maximum data x.Over limit !.over margin

Operator: CAI



*:Maximum data x:Over limit !:over margin

Operator: CAI

9.8 ANTENNA APPLICATION

9.8.1 Antenna Requirement

Standard	Requirement
FCC CRF Part 15.203	An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of §15.211, §15.213, §15.217, §15.219, or §15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with §15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.247 (b), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

The EUT has 1 antenna: a PCB antenna for BT, the gain is 2 dBi;

Note:Antenna use a permanently attached antenna which is not replaceable.
which in accordance to section 15.203, please refer to the internal photos.

9.8.2 Result

PASS.