

TEST REPORT

Test report no.: 1-1899/16-01-08



Deutsche
Akkreditierungsstelle
D-PL-12076-01-01

Testing laboratory

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Accredited Testing Laboratory:

The testing laboratory (area of testing) is accredited according to DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025 (2005) by the Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAkkS)

The accreditation is valid for the scope of testing procedures as stated in the accreditation certificate with the registration number: D-PL-12076-01-01

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Test standard/s

47 CFR Part 15

Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices

RSS - 247 Issue 1

Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

For further applied test standards please refer to section 3 of this test report.

Test Item

Kind of test item: Base station

Model name: SBS-T3-902

FCC ID: 2ACK7SBST3902

IC: 12204A-SBST3902

Frequency: 902 MHz – 928 MHz

Technology tested: proprietary

Antenna: External rod antenna

Power supply: 10.5 V to 14.0 V DC by power supply

Temperature range: -20°C to +55°C

This test report is electronically signed and valid without handwriting signature. For verification of the electronic signatures, the public keys can be requested at the testing laboratory.

Test report authorized:

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2 General information

2.1 Notes and disclaimer

The test results of this test report relate exclusively to the test item specified in this test report. CTC advanced GmbH does not assume responsibility for any conclusions and generalizations drawn from the test results with regard to other specimens or samples of the type of the equipment represented by the test item.

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2.2 Application details

Date of receipt of order:	2016-06-28
Date of receipt of test item:	2016-11-21
Start of test:	2016-11-21
End of test:	2016-11-25
Person(s) present during the test:	-/-

2.3 Test laboratories sub-contracted

None

3 Test standard/s and references

Test standard	Date	Description
47 CFR Part 15		Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations; Chapter I; Part 15 - Radio frequency devices
RSS - 247 Issue 1	May 2015	Digital Transmission Systems (DTSS), Frequency Hopping Systems (FHSs) and Licence - Exempt Local Area Network (LE-LAN) Devices

Guidance	Version	Description
ANSI C63.4-2014	-/-	American national standard for methods of measurement of radio-noise emissions from low-voltage electrical and electronic equipment in the range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz
ANSI C63.10-2013	-/-	American national standard of procedures for compliance testing of unlicensed wireless devices

4 Test environment

Temperature	:	T _{nom} T _{max} T _{min}	+22 °C during room temperature tests No tests under extreme conditions required No tests under extreme conditions required
Relative humidity content	:		55 %
Barometric pressure	:		1021 hpa
Power supply	:	V _{nom} V _{max} V _{min}	12.0 V DC by power supply No tests under extreme conditions required No tests under extreme conditions required

5 Test item

5.1 General description

Kind of test item	:	Base station
Type identification	:	SBS-T3-902 In combination with WEVERCOMM FH-915B-LNA-N01 marked "LNA" WEVERCOMM FHWV-905LNA-S-01(WOSF) marked "LNAC"
HMN	:	-/-
PMN	:	SBS-T3
HVIN	:	SBS-T3-902
FVIN	:	TAPOS v4.2
S/N serial number	:	Base station: 5F15 FCC pre serie LNA: S16100003 LNAC: S16100001
HW hardware status	:	V3.0_0.a, V3.0_1.a (second mother board V3.0_0.b, V3.0_1.b)
FW software status	:	TAPOS v4.2
Frequency band	:	902 MHz – 928 MHz
Type of radio transmission	:	FHSS
Use of frequency spectrum	:	
Type of modulation	:	DBPSK
Number of channels	:	Two hopping tables with 50 channels each
Antenna	:	External rod antenna (Pulse/Larsen Antennas Type: RO8605NF)
Antenna Gain	:	Max. 5.5 dBi (according datasheet)
Power supply	:	10.5 V to 14.0 V DC by power supply
Temperature range	:	-20°C to +55°C

5.2 Additional information

The content of the following annexes is defined in the QA. It may be that not all of the listed annexes are necessary for this report, thus some values in between may be missing.

Test setup- and EUT-photos are included in test report:

1-1899_16-01-08_AnnexA
 1-1899_16-01-08_AnnexB
 1-1899_16-01-08_AnnexF

6 Description of the test setup

Typically, the calibrations of the test apparatus are commissioned to and performed by an accredited calibration laboratory. The calibration intervals are determined in accordance with the DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. In addition to the external calibrations, the laboratory executes comparison measurements with other calibrated test systems or effective verifications. Weekly chamber inspections and range calibrations are performed. Where possible, RF generating and signaling equipment as well as measuring receivers and analyzers are connected to an external high-precision 10 MHz reference (GPS-based or rubidium frequency standard).

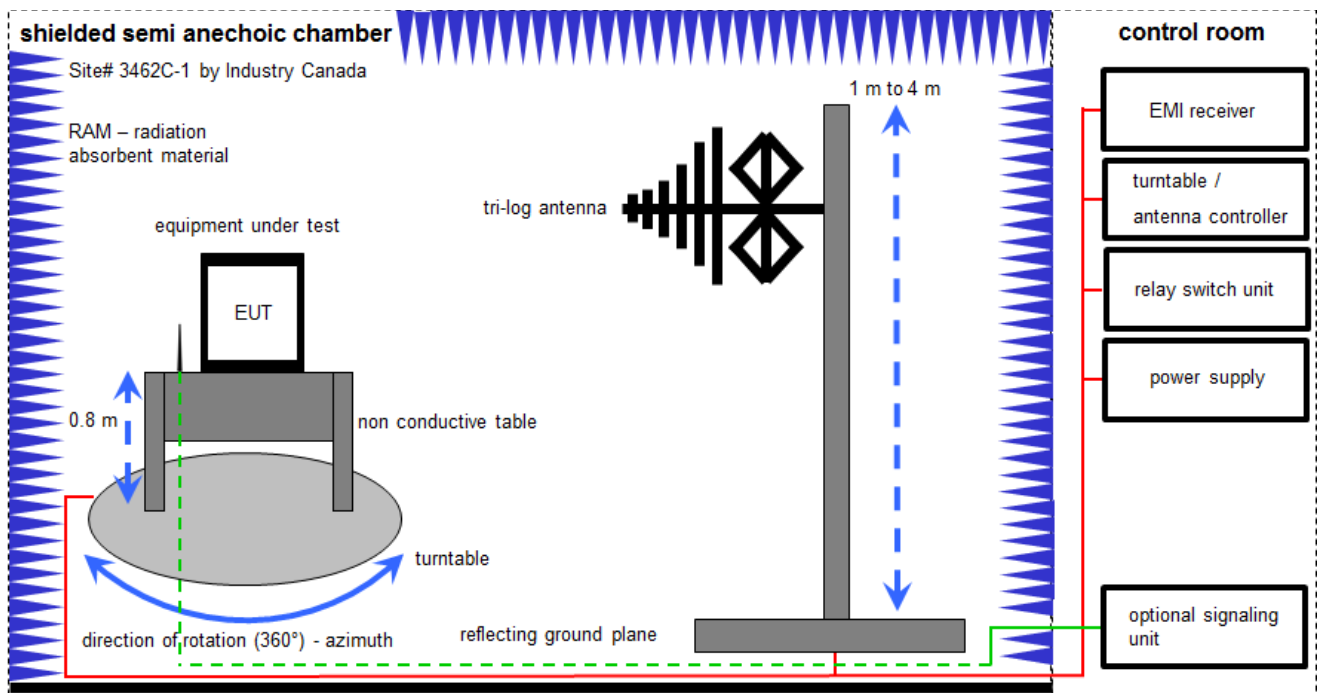
In order to simplify the identification of the equipment used at some special tests, some items of test equipment and ancillaries can be provided with an identifier or number in the equipment list below (Lab/Item).

Agenda: Kind of Calibration

k	calibration / calibrated	EK	limited calibration
ne	not required (k, ev, izw, zw not required)	zw	cyclical maintenance (external cyclical maintenance)
ev	periodic self verification	izw	internal cyclical maintenance
Ve	long-term stability recognized	g	blocked for accredited testing
vlk!	Attention: extended calibration interval		
NK!	Attention: not calibrated	*)	next calibration ordered / currently in progress

6.1 Shielded semi anechoic chamber

The radiated measurements are performed in vertical and horizontal plane in the frequency range from 9 kHz to 1 GHz in semi-anechoic chambers. The EUT is positioned on a non-conductive support with a height of 0.80 m above a conductive ground plane that covers the whole chamber. The receiving antennas are confirmed with specifications ANSI C63. These antennas can be moved over the height range between 1.0 m and 4.0 m in order to search for maximum field strength emitted from EUT. The measurement distances between EUT and receiving antennas are indicated in the test setups for the various frequency ranges. For each measurement, the EUT is rotated in all three axes until the maximum field strength is received. The wanted and unwanted emissions are received by spectrum analyzers where the detector modes and resolution bandwidths over various frequency ranges are set according to requirement ANSI C63.



Measurement distance: tri-log antenna 10 meter

$$FS = UR + CL + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CL-loss of the cable; AF-antenna factor)

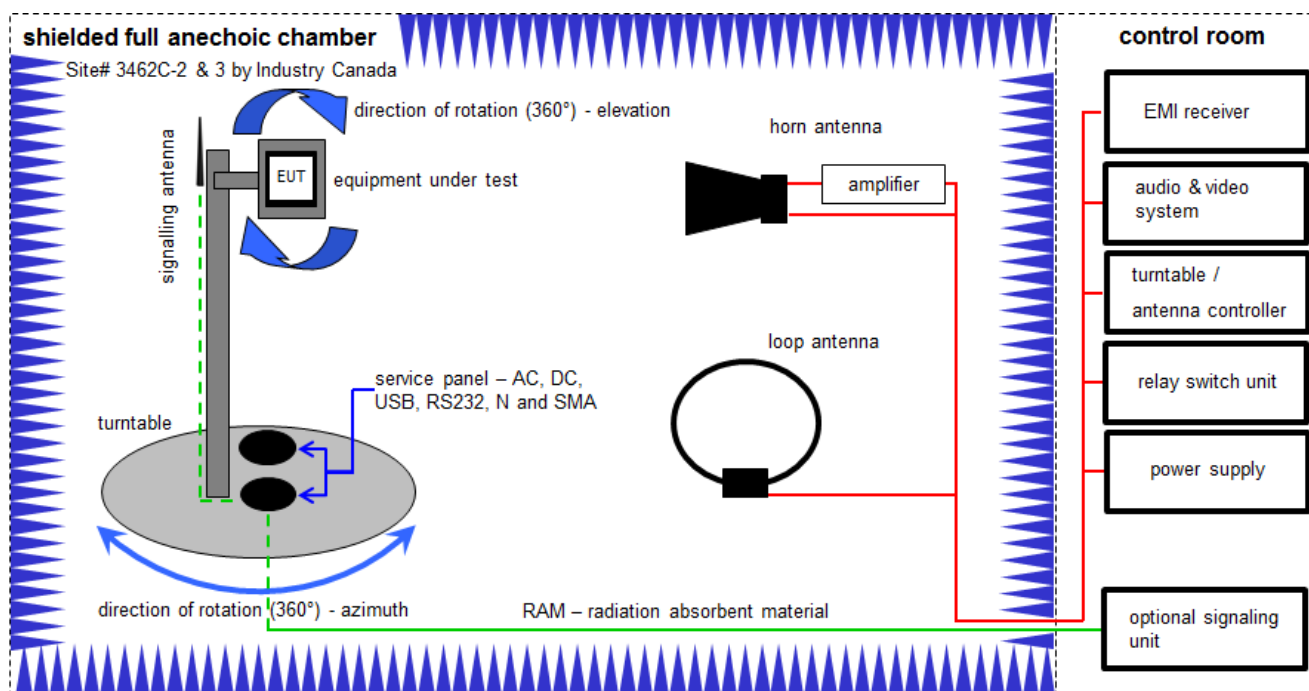
Example calculation:

$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 12.35 [dB\mu V/m] + 1.90 [dB] + 16.80 [dB/m] = 31.05 [dB\mu V/m] (35.69 \mu V/m)$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Switch-Unit	3488A	HP	2719A14505	300000368	ev	-/-	-/-
2	A	EMI Test Receiver	ESCI 3	R&S	100083	300003312	k	08.03.2016	08.03.2017
3	A	Analyzer-Reference-System (Harmonics and Flicker)	ARS 16/1	SPS	A3509 07/0 0205	300003314	Ve	02.02.2016	02.02.2018
4	A	Antenna Tower	Model 2175	ETS-Lindgren	64762	300003745	izw	-/-	-/-
5	A	Positioning Controller	Model 2090	ETS-Lindgren	64672	300003746	izw	-/-	-/-
6	A	Turntable Interface-Box	Model 105637	ETS-Lindgren	44583	300003747	izw	-/-	-/-
7	A	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna 30 MHz - 3 GHz	VULB9163	Schwarzbeck	295	300003787	k	25.04.2016	25.04.2018

6.2 Shielded fully anechoic chamber



Measurement distance: horn antenna 3 meter; loop antenna 3 meter / 1 meter

$$FS = UR + CA + AF$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CA-loss of the signal path; AF-antenna factor)

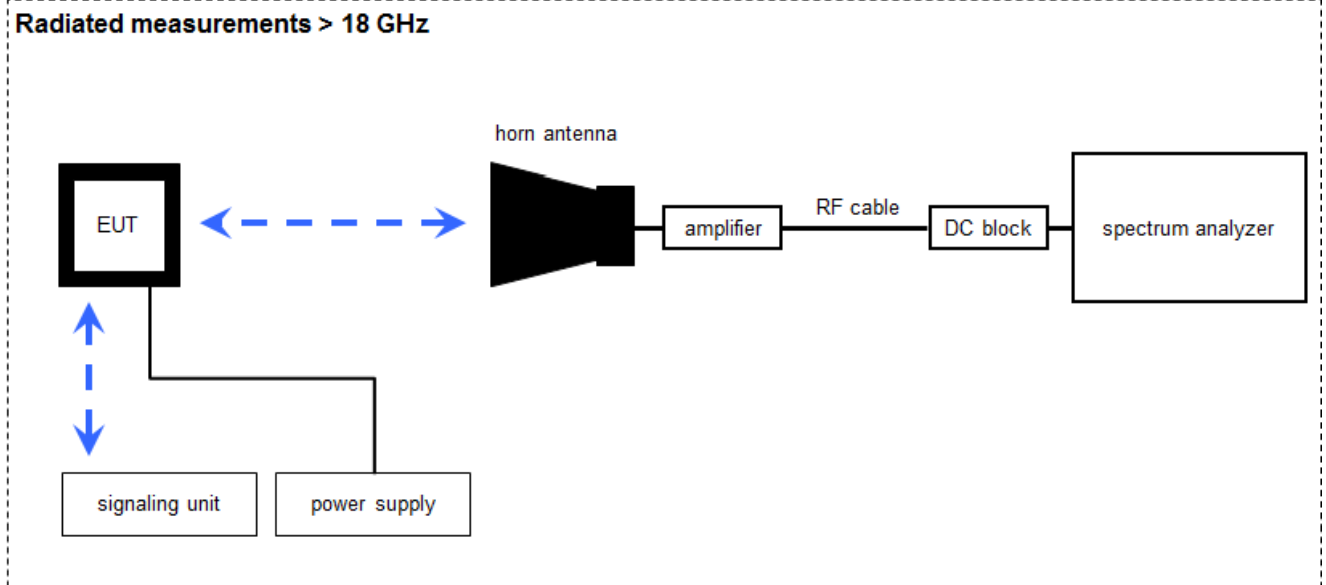
Example calculation:

$$FS \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} = 40.0 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} + (-35.8) \text{ [dB]} + 32.9 \text{ [dB/m]} = 37.1 \text{ [dB}\mu\text{V/m]} (71.61 \mu\text{V/m})$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn Antenna 1-18.0GHz	3115	EMCO	8812-3088	300001032	vKI!	20.05.2015	20.05.2017
2	A, B	Anechoic chamber	FAC 3/5m	MWB / TDK	87400/02	300000996	ev	-/-	-/-
3	A, B	Switch / Control Unit	3488A	HP	*	300000199	ne	-/-	-/-
4	B	Active Loop Antenna 10 kHz to 30 MHz	6502	EMCO/2	8905-2342	300000256	k	24.06.2015	24.06.2017
5	A	Highpass Filter	WHKX7.0/18G-8SS	Wainwright	18	300003789	ne	-/-	-/-
6	A	Broadband Amplifier 0.5-18 GHz	CBLU5184540	CERNEX	22049	300004481	ev	-/-	-/-
7	A, B	4U RF Switch Platform	L4491A	Agilent Technologies	MY50000037	300004509	ne	-/-	-/-
8	A, B	EMI Test Receiver 9kHz-26,5GHz	ESR26	R&S	101376	300005063	vKI!	13.09.2016	13.03.2018

6.3 Radiated measurements > 18 GHz



Measurement distance: horn antenna 50 cm

$$FS = U_R + CA + AF$$

(FS-field strength; U_R -voltage at the receiver; CA-loss signal path & distance correction; AF-antenna factor)

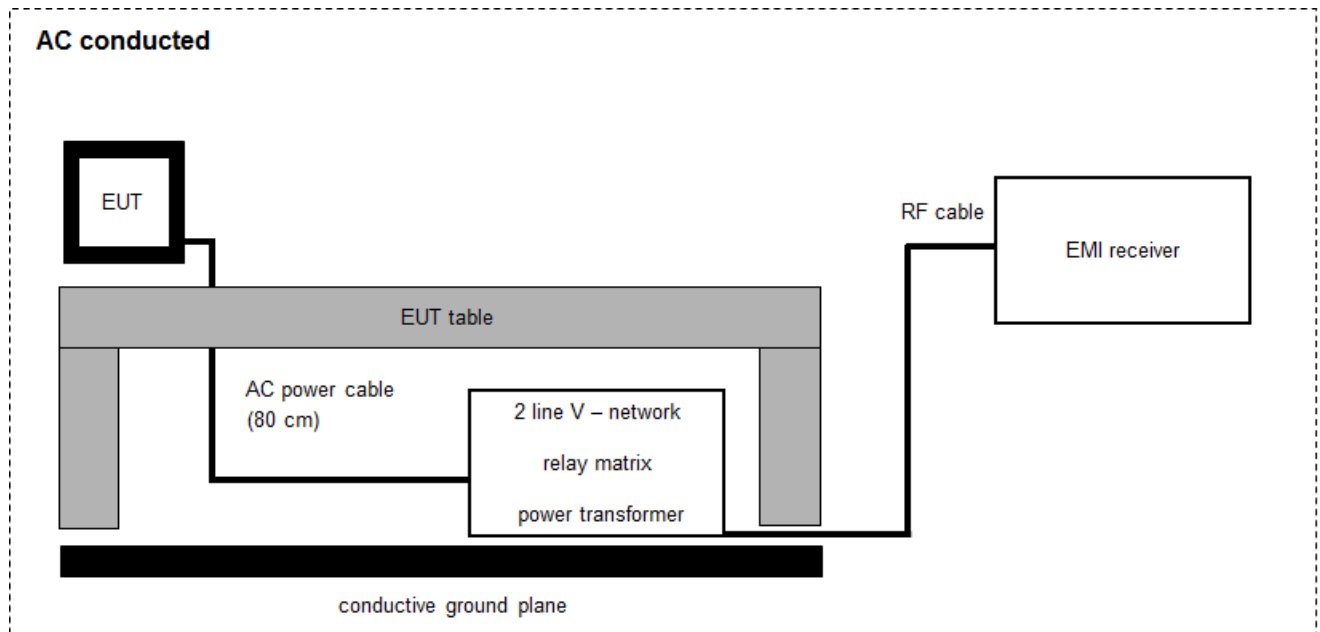
Example calculation:

$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 40.0 [dB\mu V/m] + (-60.1) [dB] + 36.74 [dB/m] = 16.64 [dB\mu V/m] (6.79 \mu V/m)$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Std. Gain Horn Antenna 18.0 to 26.5 GHz	638	Narda		300000486	k	10.09.2015	10.09.2017
2	A	Signal Analyzer 40 GHz	FSV40	R&S	101042	300004517	k	21.01.2016	21.01.2017
3	A	Amplifier 2-40 GHz	JS32-02004000-57-5P	MITEQ	1777200	300004541	ev	-/-	-/-
4	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMAm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 600918	400001182	ev	-/-	-/-
5	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAm/SMm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 127377	400001183	ev	-/-	-/-
6	A	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet	Batch no. 127377	400001185	ev	-/-	-/-

6.4 AC conducted



$$FS = UR + CF + VC$$

(FS-field strength; UR-voltage at the receiver; CR-loss of the cable and filter; VC-correction factor of the ISN)

Example calculation:

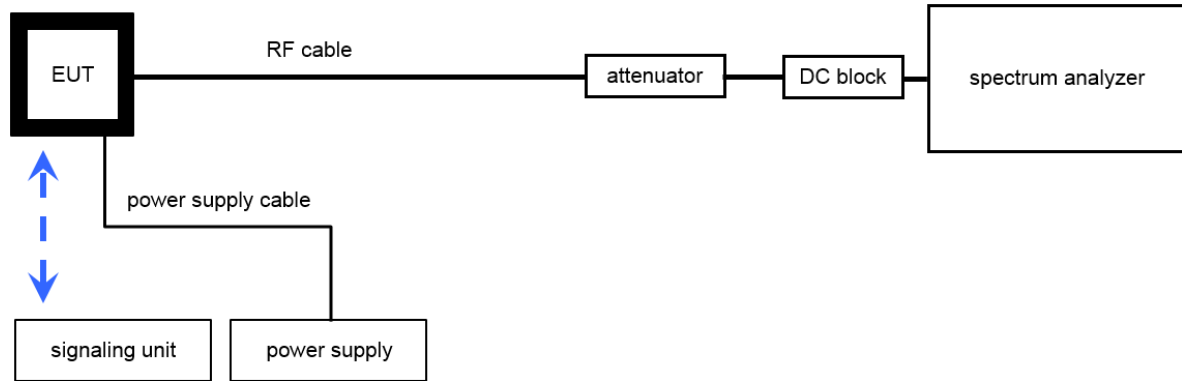
$$FS [dB\mu V/m] = 37.62 [dB\mu V/m] + 9.90 [dB] + 0.23 [dB] = 47.75 [dB\mu V/m] (244.06 \mu V/m)$$

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	AC-Spannungsquelle variabel	MV2616-V	EM-Test	0397-12	300003259	k	11.12.2015	11.12.2017
2	A	Hochpass 150 kHz	EZ-25	R&S	100010	300003798	ev	08.04.2008	-/-
3	A	Power Supply	NGSM 32/10	R&S	3939	400000192	vIKI!	22.01.2015	22.01.2017
4	A	MXE EMI Receiver 20 Hz to 26,5 GHz	N9038A	Agilent Technologies	MY51210197	300004405	k	16.08.2016	16.08.2017

6.5 Conducted measurements

Conducted measurements normal conditions



OP = AV + CA
(OP-output power; AV-analyzer value; CA-loss signal path)

Example calculation:

OP [dBm] = 6.0 [dBm] + 11.7 [dB] = 17.7 [dBm] (58.88 mW)

Equipment table:

No.	Lab / Item	Equipment	Type	Manufacturer	Serial No.	INV. No.	Kind of Calibration	Last Calibration	Next Calibration
1	A	Signal- and Spectrum Analyzer	FSW26	R&S	101455	300004528	k	14.03.2016	14.03.2017
2	A	RF-Cable	ST18/SMAM/SMm/48	Huber & Suhner	Batch no. 127377	400001183	ev	-/-	-/-
3	A	DC-Blocker 0.1-40 GHz	8141A	Inmet	Batch no. 127377	400001185	ev	-/-	-/-

7 Sequence of testing

7.1 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 9 kHz to 30 MHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with positive-peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement are maximized by the software by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. In case of the 2-axis positioner is used the elevation axis is also rotated from 0° to 360°.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with quasi-peak (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

7.2 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 10 m or 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 m to 3 m.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position $\pm 45^\circ$ and antenna height between 1 and 4 m.
- The final measurement is done with quasi-peak detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.3 Sequence of testing radiated spurious 1 GHz to 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a 2-axis positioner with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed directly on the turn table.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- Measurement distance is 3 m (see ANSI C 63.4) – see test details.
- EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height is 1.5 m.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with positive peak detector to find the maximum of all emissions.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed for at least six highest peaks according to the requirements of the ANSI C63.4.
- Based on antenna and turntable positions at which the peak values are measured the software maximizes the peaks by rotating the turntable from 0° to 360°. This measurement is repeated for different EUT-table positions (0° to 150° in 30°-steps) and for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement is done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final results and the limit is stored.

7.4 Sequence of testing radiated spurious above 18 GHz

Setup

- The equipment is set up to simulate normal operation mode as described in the user manual or defined by the manufacturer.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables are positioned to simulate normal operation conditions as described in ANSI C 63.4.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet.
- The measurement distance is as appropriate (e.g. 0.5 m).
- The EUT is set into operation.

Premeasurement

- The test antenna is handheld and moved carefully over the EUT to cover the EUT's whole sphere and different polarizations of the antenna.

Final measurement

- The final measurement is performed at the position and antenna orientation causing the highest emissions with Peak and RMS detector (as described in ANSI C 63.4).
- Final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit are recorded. A plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit is stored.

8 Measurement uncertainty

Measurement uncertainty	
Test case	Uncertainty
Antenna gain	± 3 dB
Carrier frequency separation	± 21.5 kHz
Number of hopping channels	-/-
Spectrum bandwidth	± 21.5 kHz absolute; ± 15.0 kHz relative
Maximum output power	± 1 dB
Detailed conducted spurious emissions @ the band edge	± 1 dB
Band edge compliance radiated	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions conducted	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	± 3 dB
Spurious emissions radiated 1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	± 3.7 dB
Spurious emissions radiated above 12.75 GHz	± 4.5 dB

9 Summary of measurement results

☒	No deviations from the technical specifications were ascertained
☐	There were deviations from the technical specifications ascertained
☐	This test report is only a partial test report. The content and verdict of the performed test cases are listed below.

TC Identifier	Description	Verdict	Date	Remark
RF-Testing	CFR Part 15 RSS - 247, Issue 1	Passed	2016-12-21	-/-

Test specification clause	Test case	Temperature conditions	Power source voltages	Mode	C	NC	NA	NP	Remark
§15.247(b)(4) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (2)	Antenna gain	Nominal	Nominal	CW	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (2)	Carrier frequency separation	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (4)	Number of hopping channels	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(a)(1) (iii) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (4)	Time of occupancy (dwell time)	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(a)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.1 (1)	Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system bandwidth	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(b)(1) RSS - 247 / 5.4 (2)	Maximum output power	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge - conducted	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.205 RSS - 247 / 5.5 RSS - Gen	Band edge compliance radiated	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5	Spurious emissions conducted	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.209(a) RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated below 30 MHz	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK / RX mode	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.247(d) RSS - 247 / 5.5 §15.109 RSS - Gen	Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz	Nominal	Nominal	DBPSK / RX mode	☒	☐	☐	☐	-/-
§15.107(a) §15.207	Conducted emissions below 30 MHz (AC conducted)	Nominal	Nominal	-/-	☐	☐	☒	☐	EUT ceases transmitting after connecting the charger

Note: C = Compliant; NC = Not compliant; NA = Not applicable; NP = Not performed

10 RF measurements

10.1 Additional comments

Reference documents: Antenna datasheet:
 ANTENNA RO8605NF-1618P DRAFT TDS CurtEmerick_4-25-2016.pdf

Special test descriptions: Only Power and Spurious emissions were measured with both additional RX-amplifiers. All other measurements were only performed with the LNA (FH-915B-LNA-N-01).

In normal mode it is possible to choose between two different hopping tables.

Hopping table 1:

Channel #	Frequency (MHz)	Channel #	Frequency (MHz)
1	902.8	26	917.8
2	905.2	27	918.1
3	913.9	28	911.8
4	902.5	29	906.7
5	903.7	30	906.1
6	903.1	31	909.4
7	917.5	32	913.6
8	906.4	33	914.5
9	907.0	34	915.7
10	904.3	35	908.8
11	904.0	36	907.9
12	908.5	37	914.8
13	910.0	38	907.6
14	904.6	39	917.2
15	913.0	40	914.2
16	911.2	41	908.2
17	905.5	42	909.7
18	902.2	43	910.3
19	904.9	44	915.4
20	903.4	45	909.1
21	905.8	46	910.9
22	907.3	47	913.3
23	912.4	48	915.1
24	911.5	49	912.1
25	912.7	50	910.6

Hopping table 2:

Channel #	Frequency (MHz)	Channel #	Frequency (MHz)
1	912.4	26	927.4
2	914.8	27	927.7
3	924.7	28	922.6
4	912.1	29	917.5
5	913.3	30	915.7
6	912.7	31	920.2
7	927.1	32	924.4
8	917.2	33	925.3
9	917.8	34	926.5
10	913.9	35	919.6
11	913.6	36	918.7
12	919.3	37	925.6
13	920.8	38	918.4
14	914.2	39	926.8
15	923.8	40	925.0
16	922.0	41	919.0
17	915.1	42	920.5
18	911.8	43	921.1
19	914.5	44	926.2
20	913.0	45	919.9
21	915.4	46	921.7
22	918.1	47	924.1
23	923.2	48	925.9
24	922.3	49	922.9
25	923.5	50	921.4

Frequencies tested:

For hopping table 1: 902.2 MHz, 910.0 MHz, 918.1 MHz

For hopping table 2: 911.8 MHz, 920.5 MHz, 927.7 MHz

Configuration descriptions: EUT was tested in combination with two different amplifiers (only amplifying in RX-mode).

Test mode: ☒ Special software is used.
 EUT is transmitting pseudo random data by itself

11 Measurement results

11.1 Carrier Frequency Separation

Description:

Measurement of the carrier frequency separation of a hopping system. The carrier frequency separation is constant for all modulation-modes. We use DBPSK-modulation to show compliance. EUT in hopping mode.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	10 kHz
Video bandwidth	30 kHz
Span	See plots
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.5 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

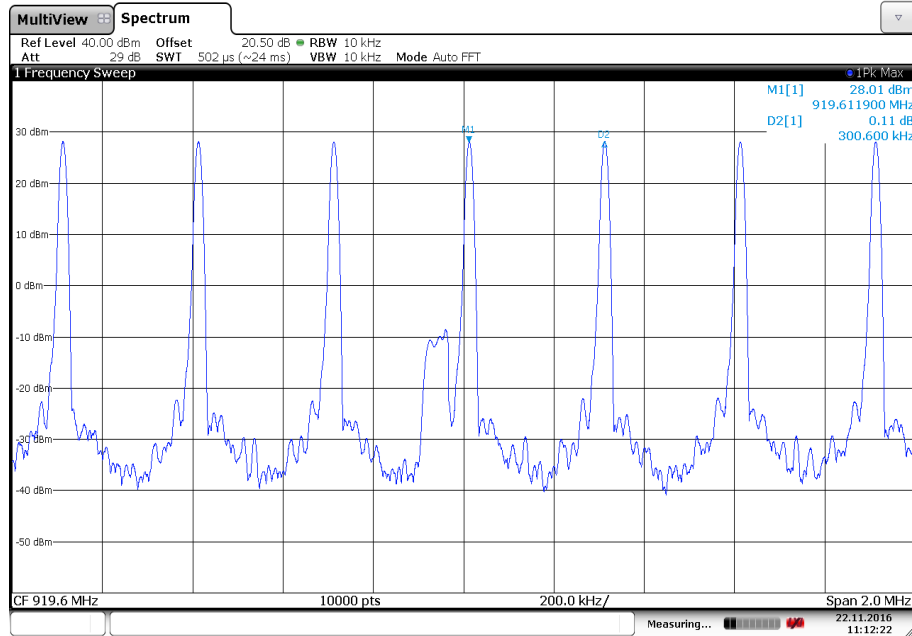
Limits:

FCC	IC
Carrier frequency separation	
Minimum 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping system whichever is greater.	

Result: The channel separation is 300 kHz.

Plots:

Plot 1: Frequency separation (valid for both hopping tables)



Date: 22.NOV.2016 11:12:22

11.2 Number of Hopping Channels

Description:

Measurement of the total number of used hopping channels. The number of hopping channels is constant for all modulation-modes. We use DBPSK -modulation to show compliance. EUT in hopping mode.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	See plots
Video bandwidth	See plots
Span	See plots
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.5 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

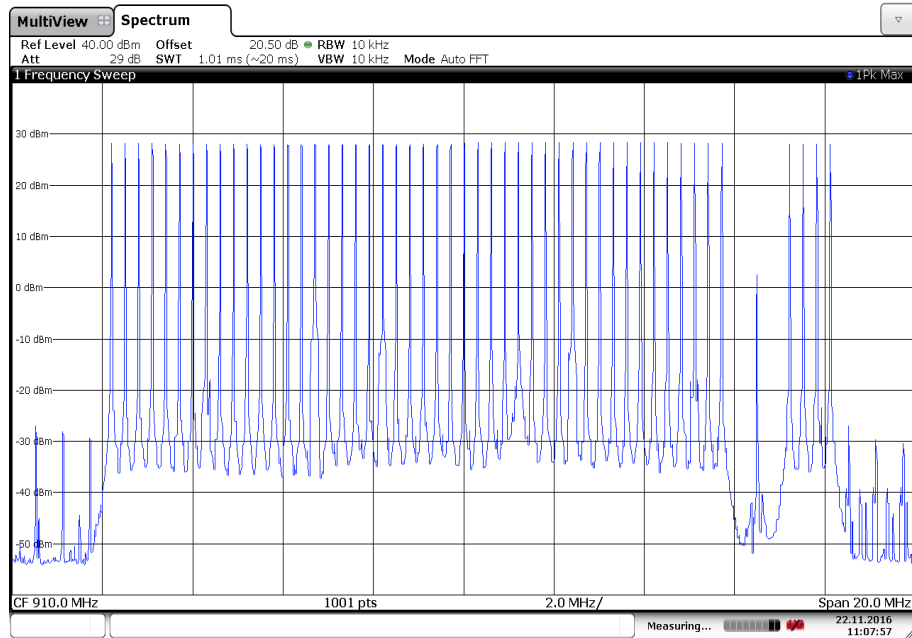
Limits:

FCC	IC
Number of hopping channels	
At least 15 non overlapping hopping channels	

Result: in summary the EUT uses 50 channels for each hopping table.

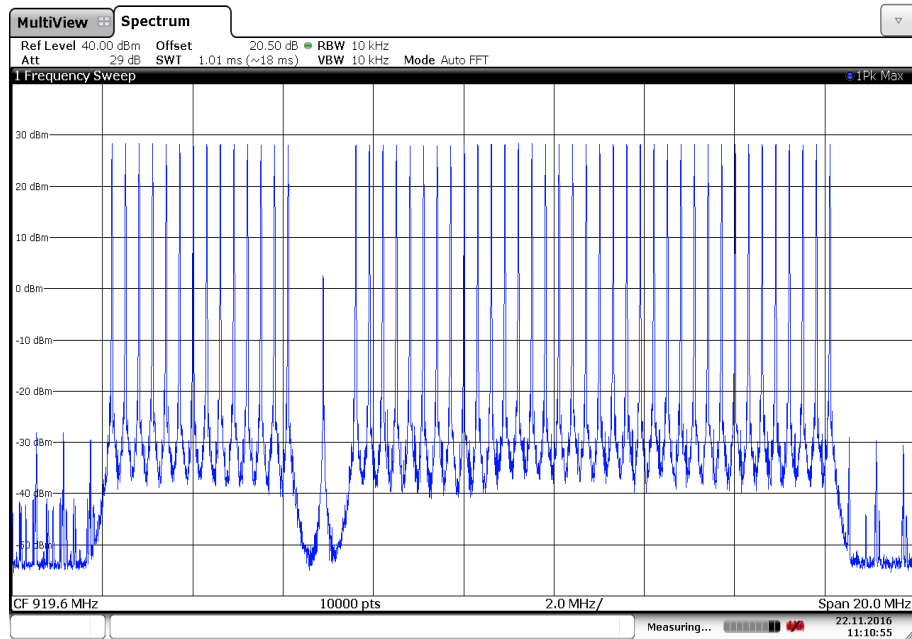
Plots:

Plot 1: Number channels table 1



Date: 22.NOV.2016 11:07:57

Plot 2: Number channels table 2



Date: 22.NOV.2016 11:10:55

11.3 Average Time of Occupancy (dwell time)

Measurement:

The measurement is performed in zero span mode to show that none of the 54 used channels is allocated more than 0.4 seconds within a 10 seconds interval (54 channels times 0.4s).

Limits:

FCC	IC
Average time of occupancy	
For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902-928 MHz band: if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is less than 250 kHz, the system shall use at least 50 hopping within a 20 second period; if the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel is 250 kHz or greater, the system shall use at least 25 hopping frequencies and the average time of occupancy on any frequency shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within 10 second period.	

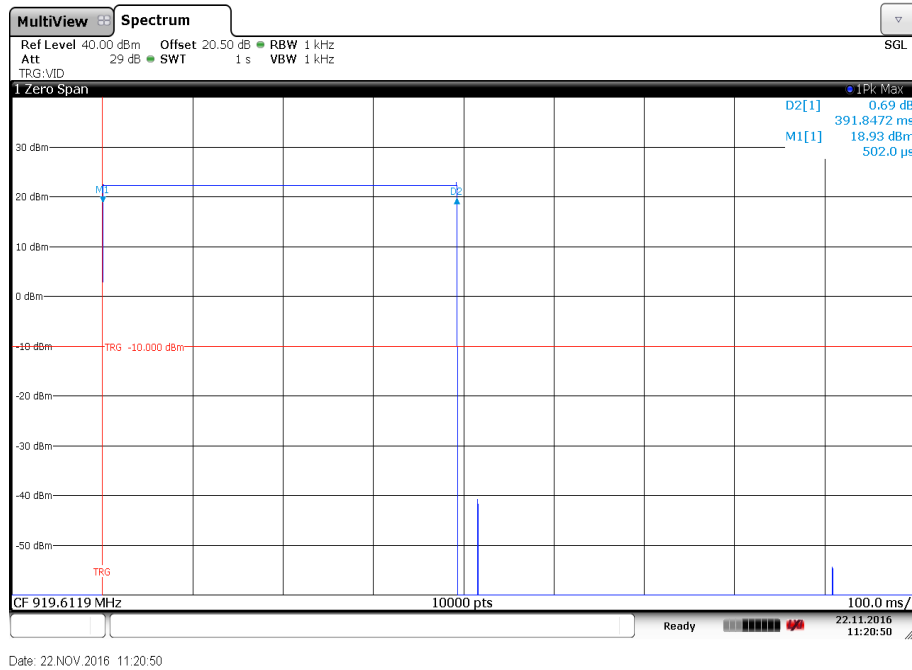
Result: The time slot length is = 391.85 ms
 Number of hops / channel @ 20s = 1

Within 20 s period, the average time of occupancy in 20 s:

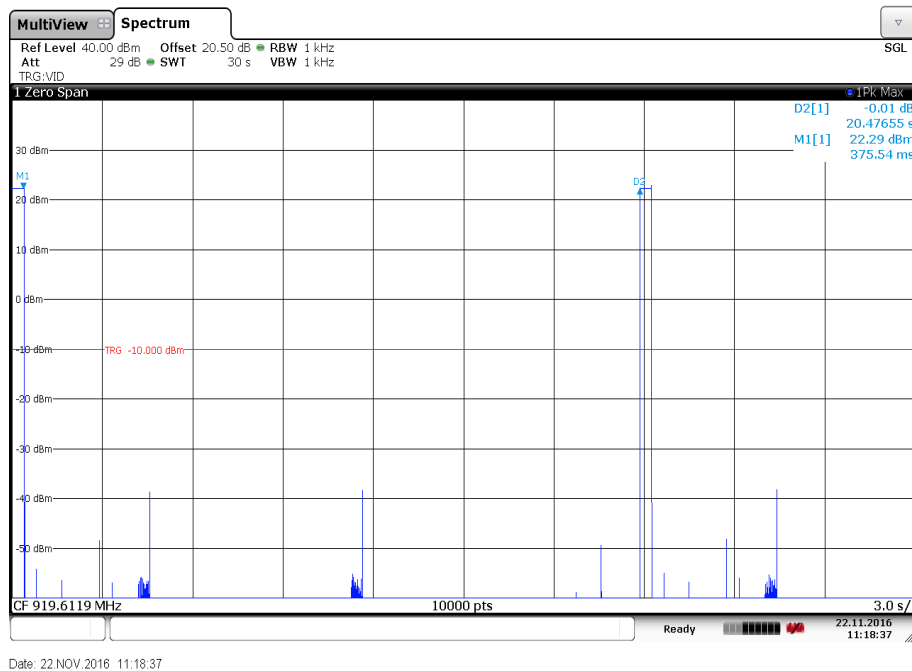
→ The average time of occupancy = 391.85 ms

Plots:

Plot 1: Time slot length = 391.85 ms



Plot 2: hops / channel @ 20s = 1



11.4 Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system

Description:

Measurement of the 20dB bandwidth and 99% bandwidth of the modulated signal. The measurement is performed according to the "Measurement Guidelines" (DA 00-705, March 30, 2000). EUT in single channel mode.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	300 Hz
Video bandwidth	1 kHz
Span	See plots
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.5 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Spectrum bandwidth of a FHSS system	
DBPSK < 1500 kHz	

Result:

Hopping table 1

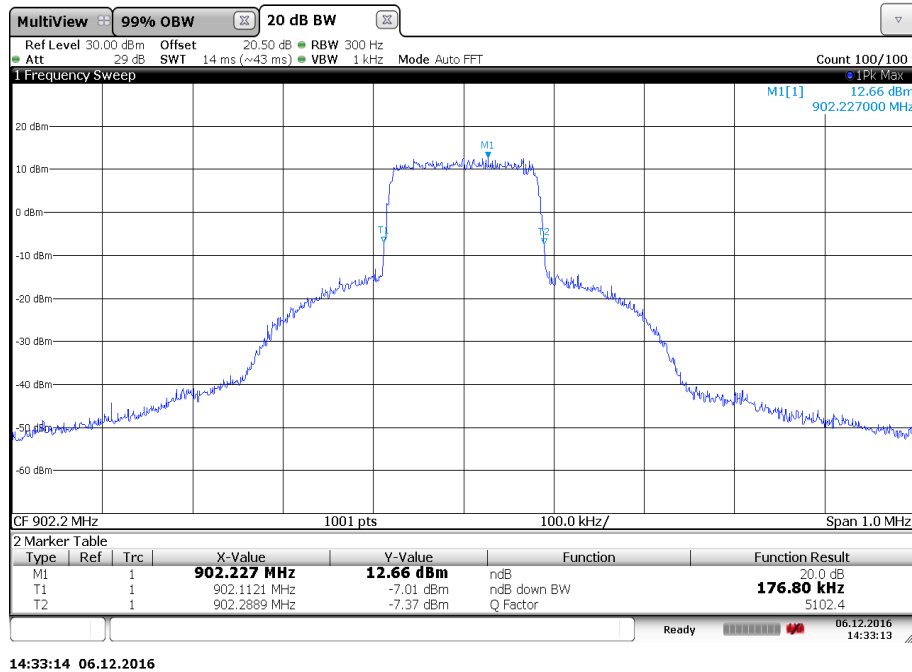
Test Conditions: T_{nom} / V_{nom}	902.2 MHz	910.0 MHz	918.1 MHz
20dB BANDWIDTH [kHz]	176.80	176.80	177.80
99% BANDWIDTH [kHz]	165.25	166.84	167.26

Hopping table 2

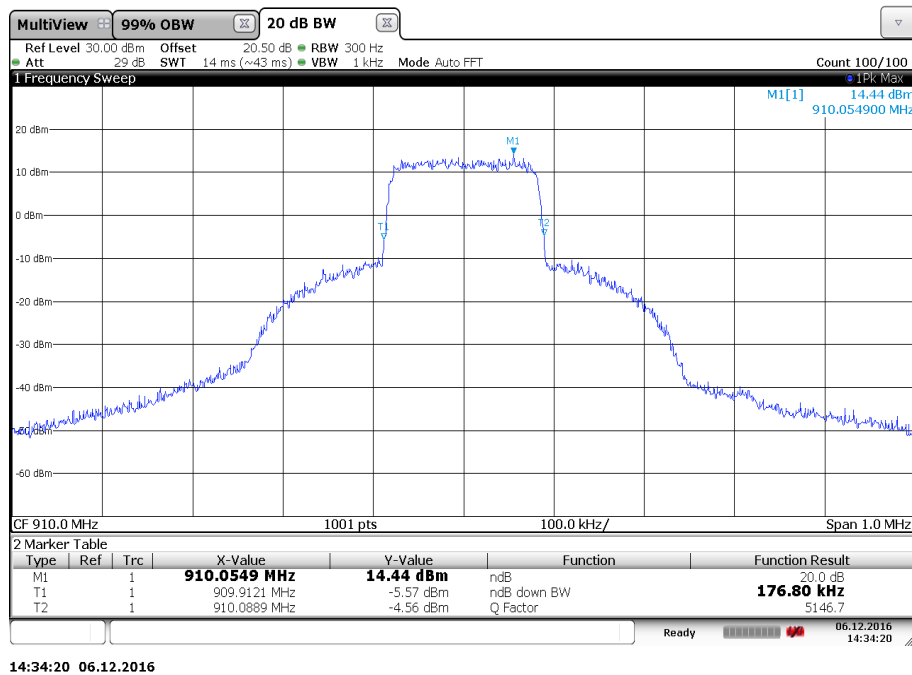
Test Conditions: T_{nom} / V_{nom}	911.8 MHz	920.5 MHz	927.7 MHz
20dB BANDWIDTH [kHz]	176.80	177.80	176.80
99% BANDWIDTH [kHz]	166.97	167.26	166.64

Plots 20 dB Bandwidth:

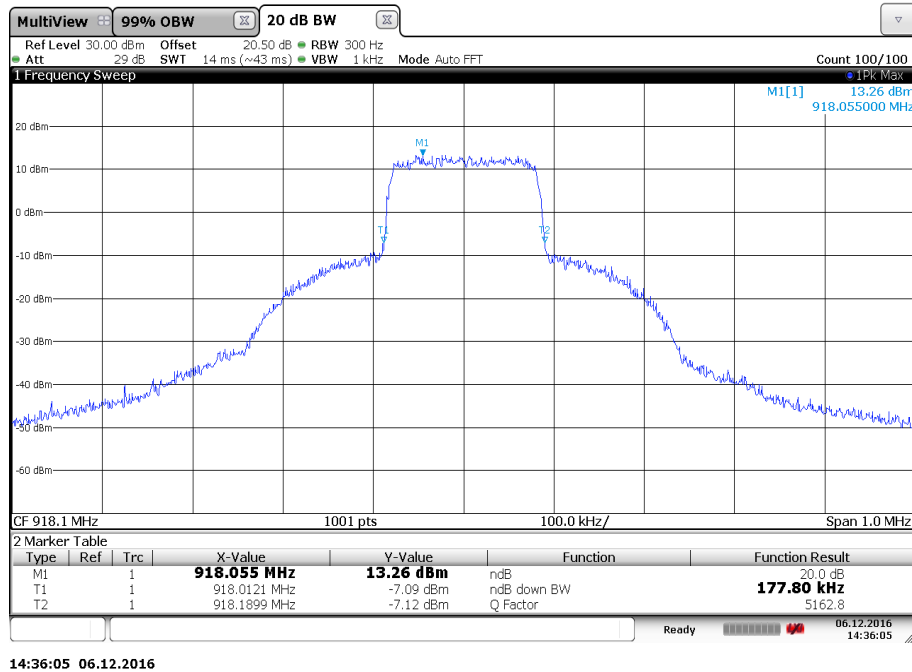
Plot 1: 902.2 MHz



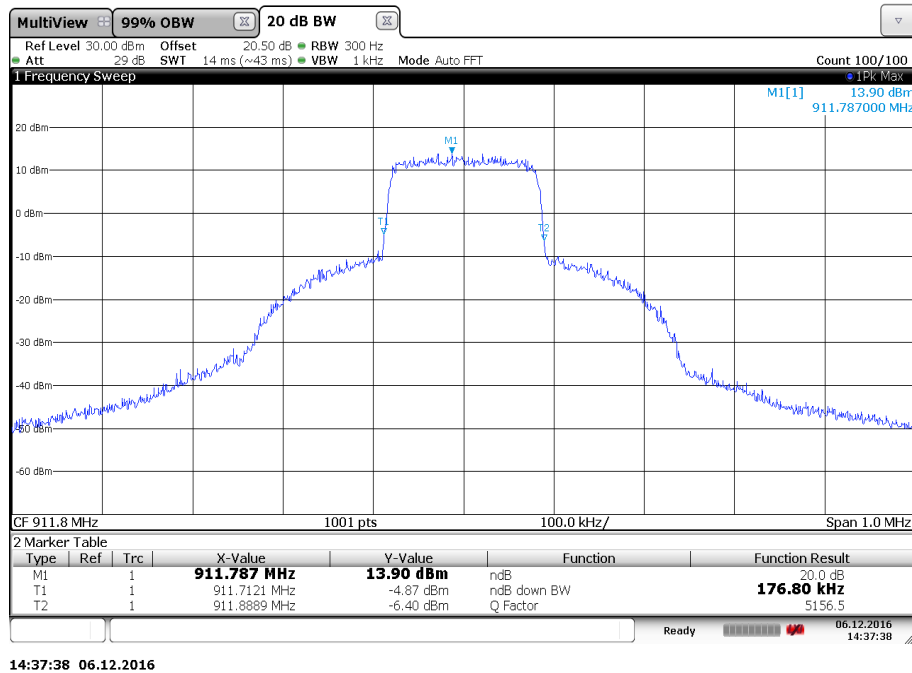
Plot 2: 910.0 MHz



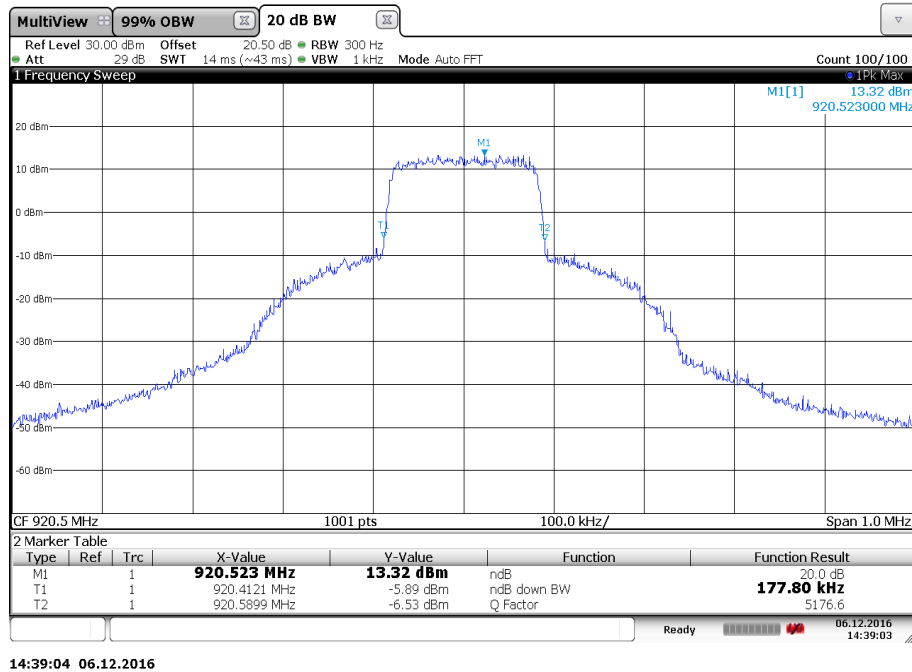
Plot 3: 918.1 MHz



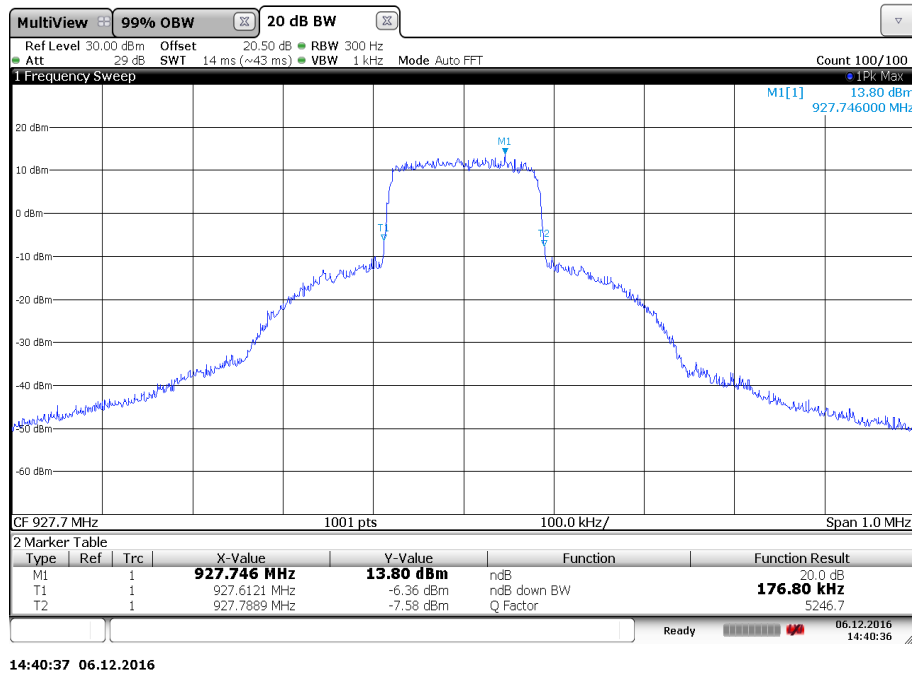
Plot 4: 911.8 MHz



Plot 5: 920.5 MHz

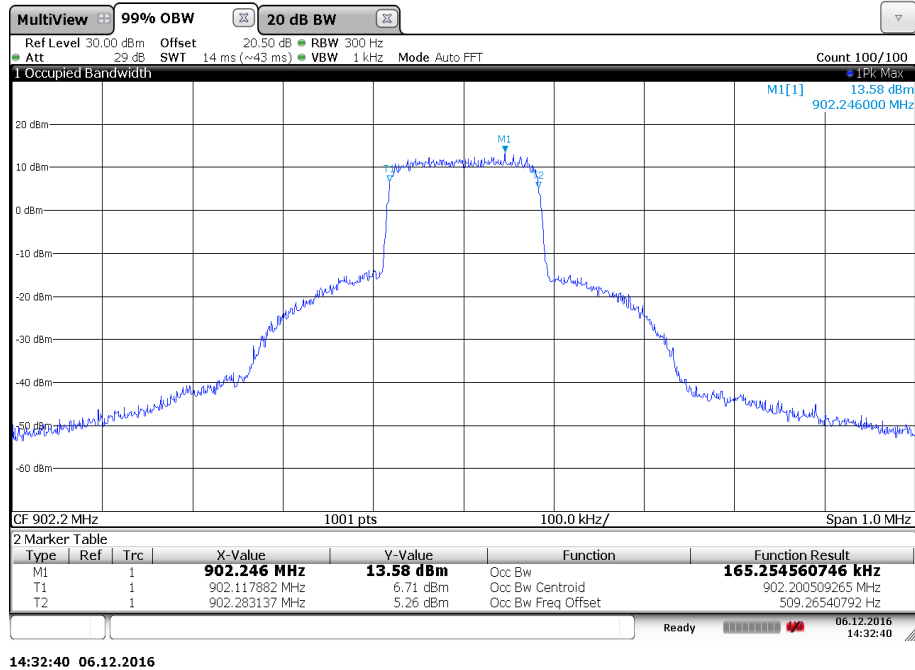


Plot 6: 927.7 MHz

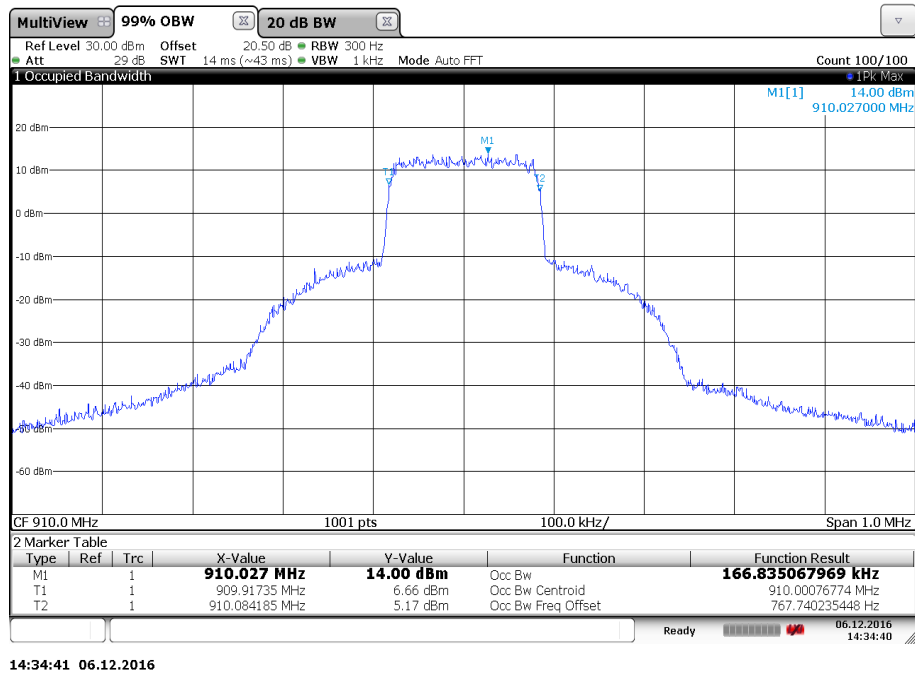


Plots 99 % Bandwidth:

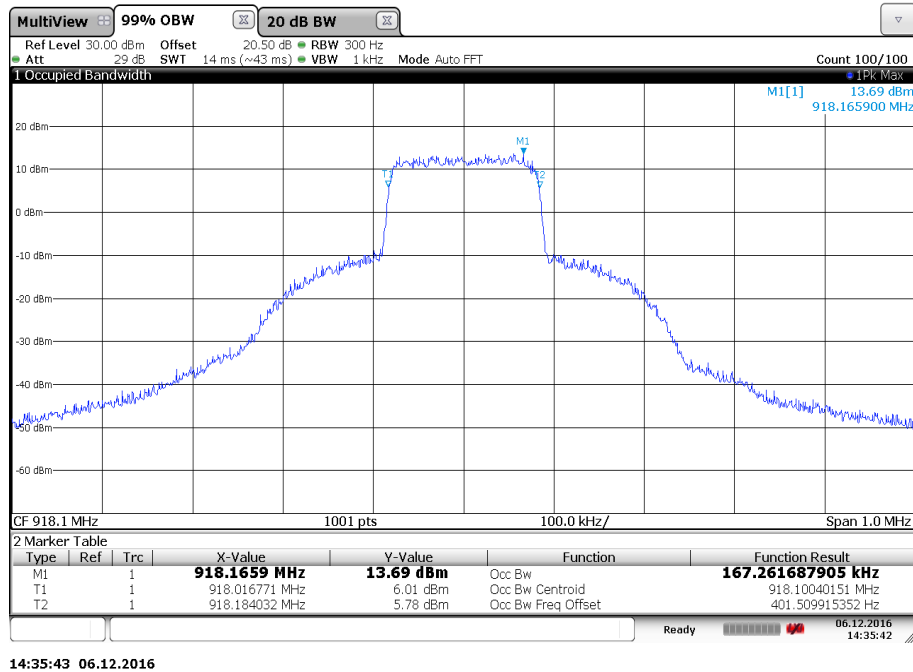
Plot 1: 902.2 MHz



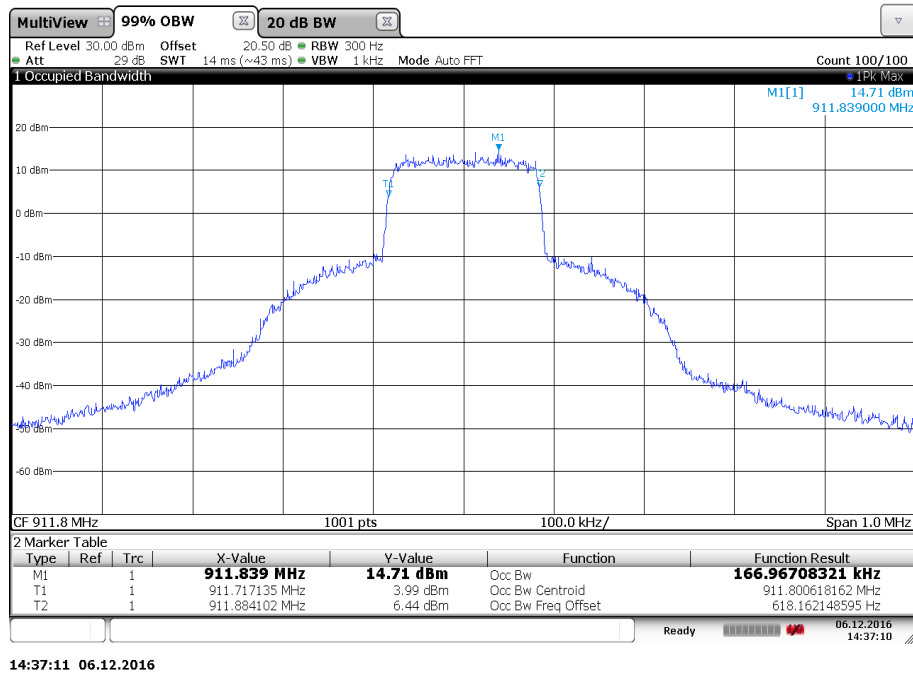
Plot 2: 910.0 MHz



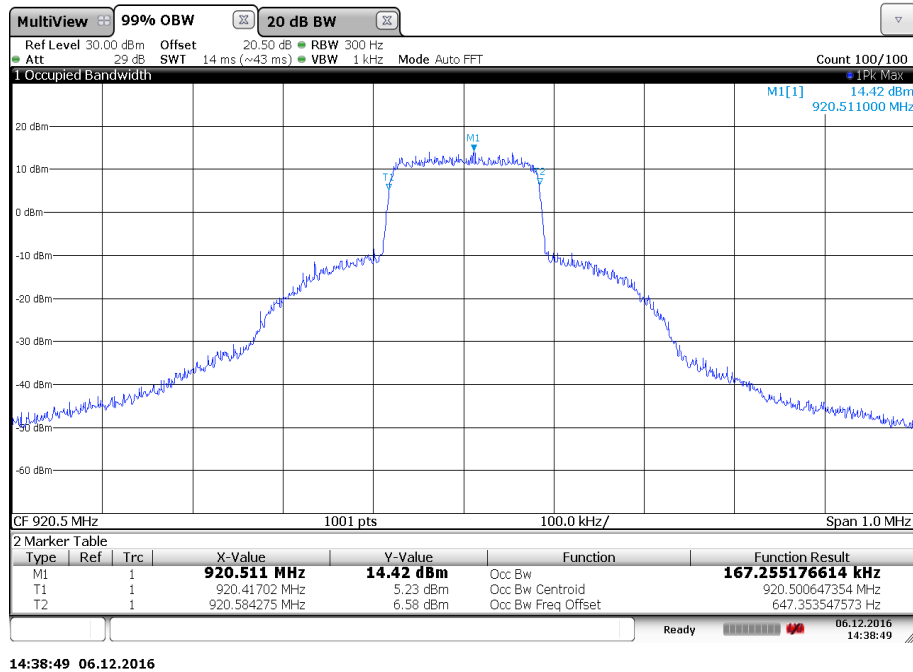
Plot 3: 918.1 MHz



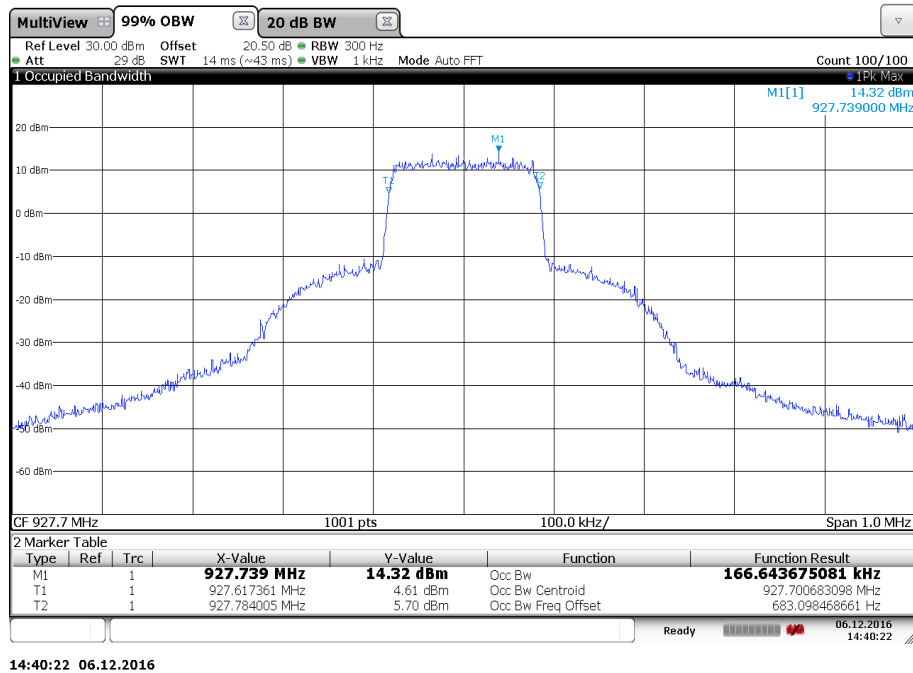
Plot 4: 911.8 MHz



Plot 5: 920.5 MHz



Plot 6: 927.7 MHz



11.5 Maximum Output Power

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	1 MHz
Video bandwidth:	3 MHz
Span:	5 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	See chapter 6.5 A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
Maximum Output Power Conducted	
For frequency hopping systems operating in the 902–928 MHz band: 1 watt (30 dBm) for systems employing at least 50 hopping channels; and, 0.25 watts (24 dBm) for systems employing less than 50 hopping channels, but at least 25 hopping channels, as permitted under paragraph (a)(1)(i) of this section.	

Result LNA:

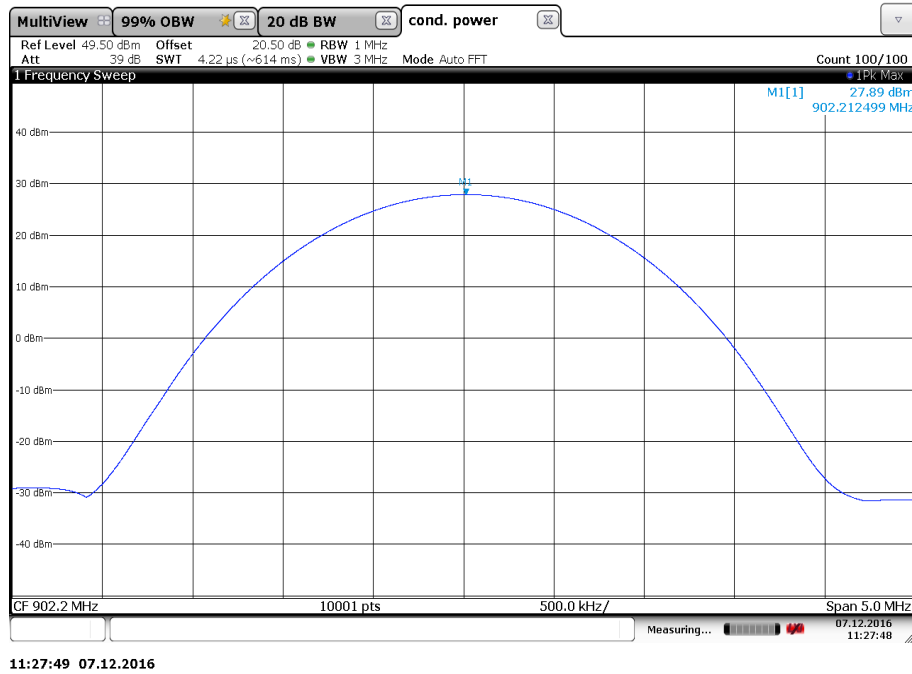
Test Conditions: T_{nom} / V_{nom}	Maximum Output Power Conducted [dBm]		
Hopping table 1	902.2 MHz	910.0 MHz	918.1 MHz
	27.89	29.04	29.02
Hopping table 2	911.8 MHz	920.5 MHz	927.7 MHz
	29.18	29.05	28.27

Result LNAC:

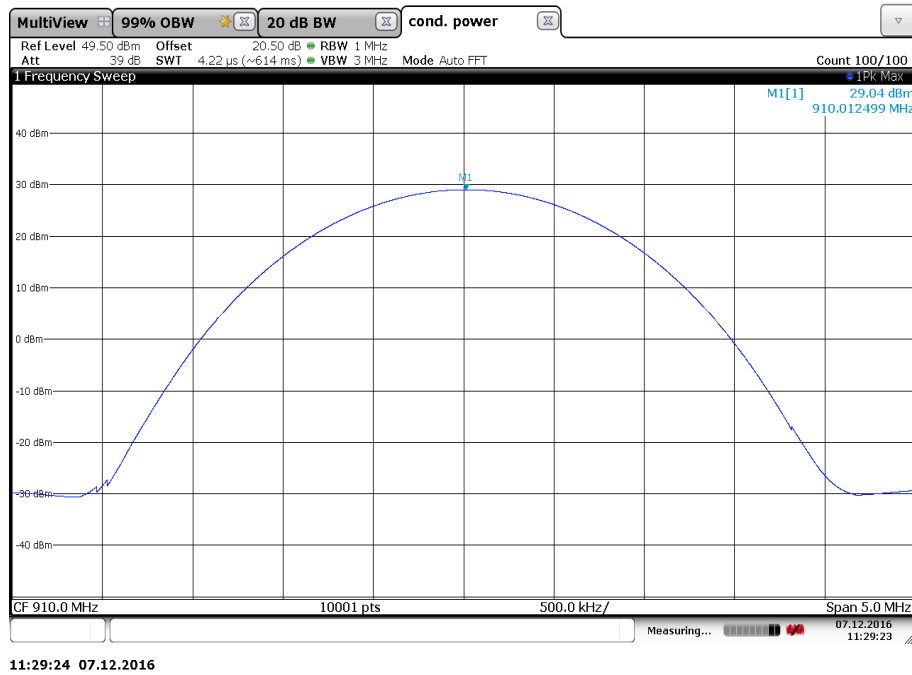
Test Conditions: T_{nom} / V_{nom}	Maximum Output Power Conducted [dBm]		
Hopping table 1	902.2 MHz	910.0 MHz	918.1 MHz
	26.30	27.57	27.92
Hopping table 2	911.8 MHz	920.5 MHz	927.7 MHz
	27.81	27.64	27.11

Plots LNA:

Plot 1: 902.2 MHz



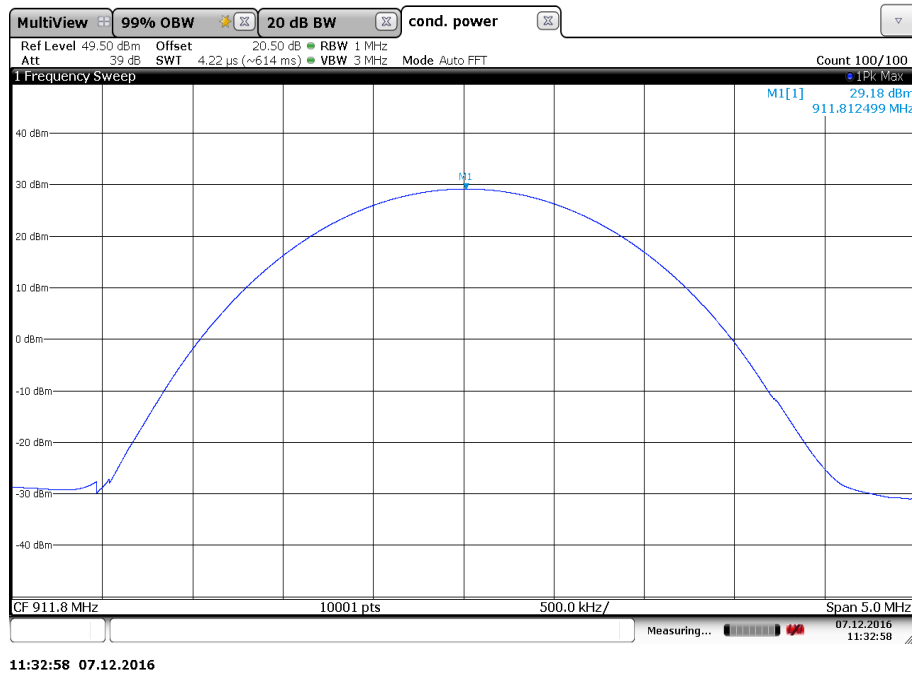
Plot 2: 910.0 MHz



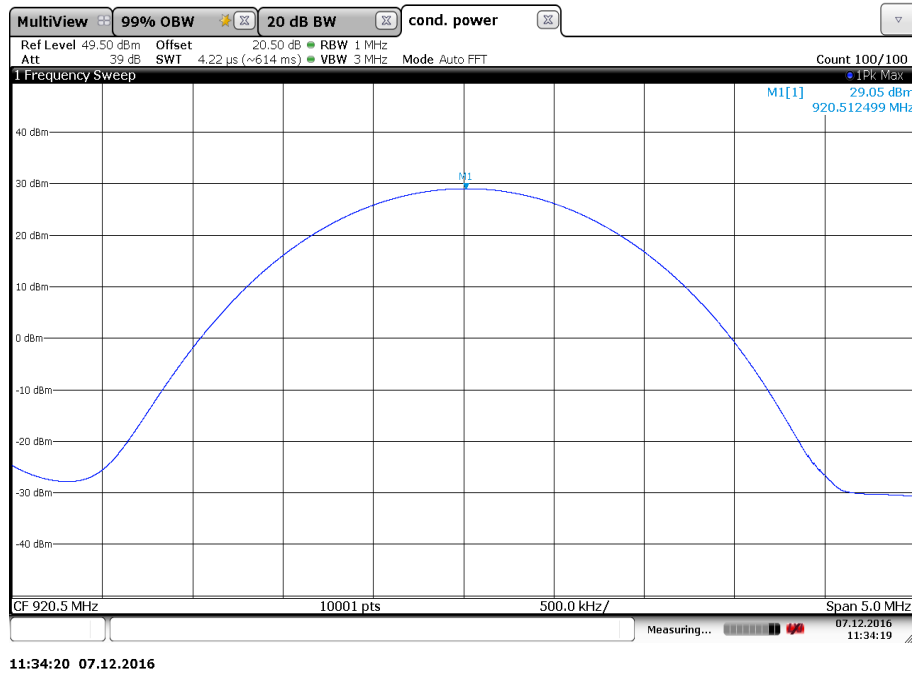
Plot 3: 918.1 MHz



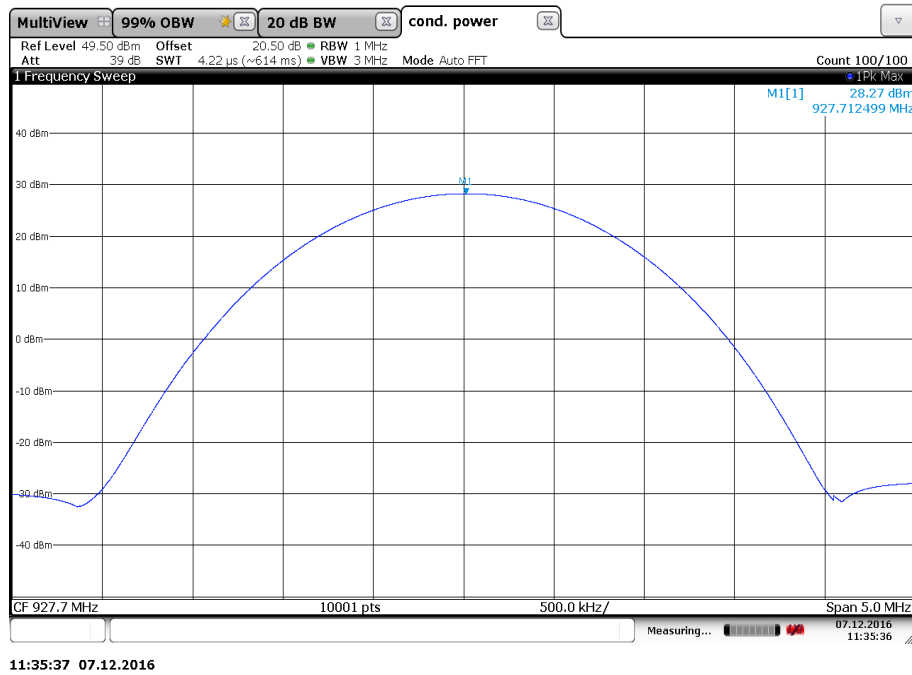
Plot 4: 911.8 MHz



Plot 5: 920.5 MHz

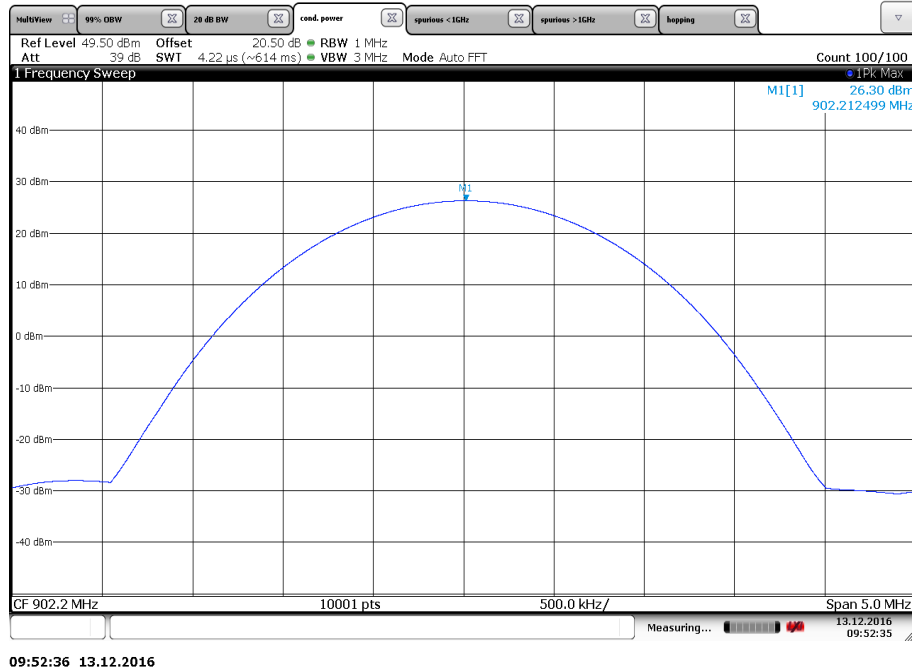


Plot 6: 927.7 MHz

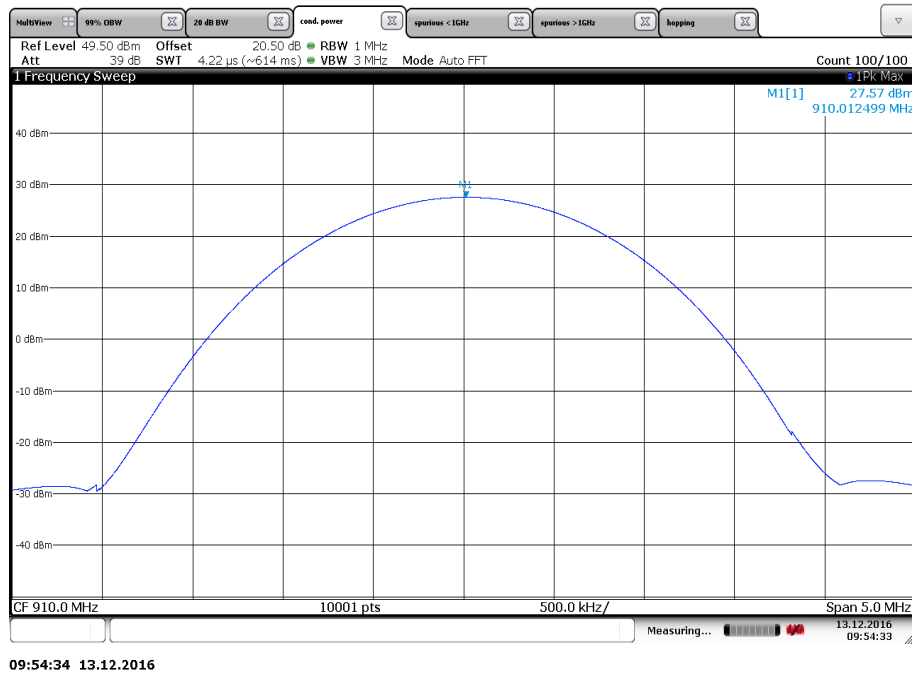


Plots LNAC:

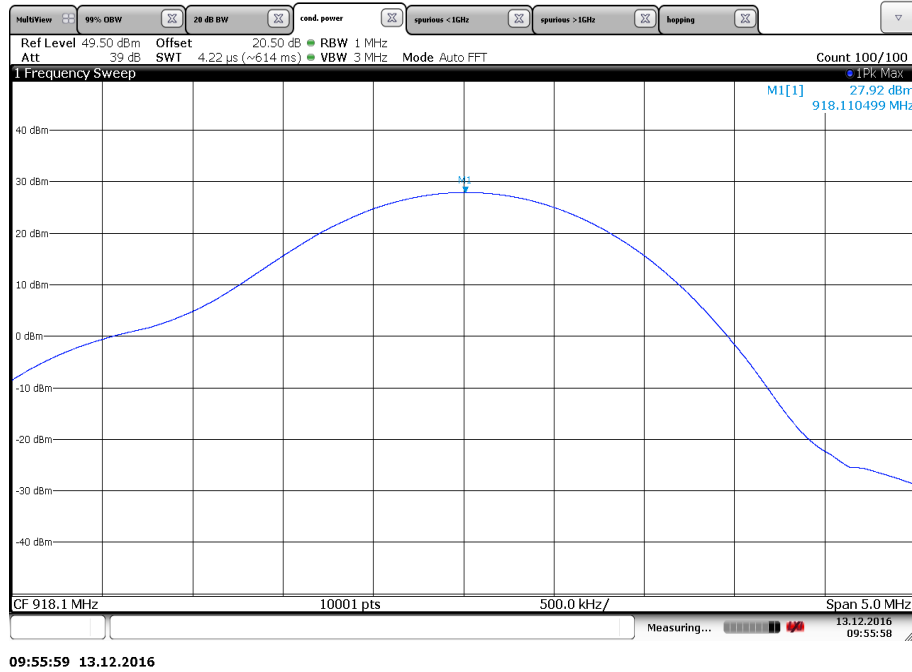
Plot 1: 902.2 MHz



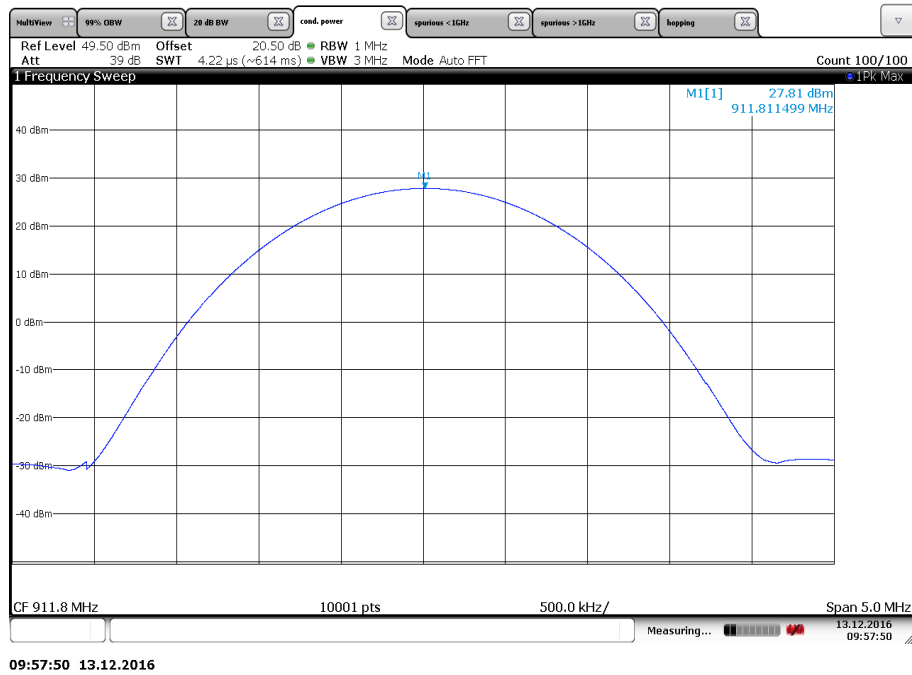
Plot 2: 910.0 MHz



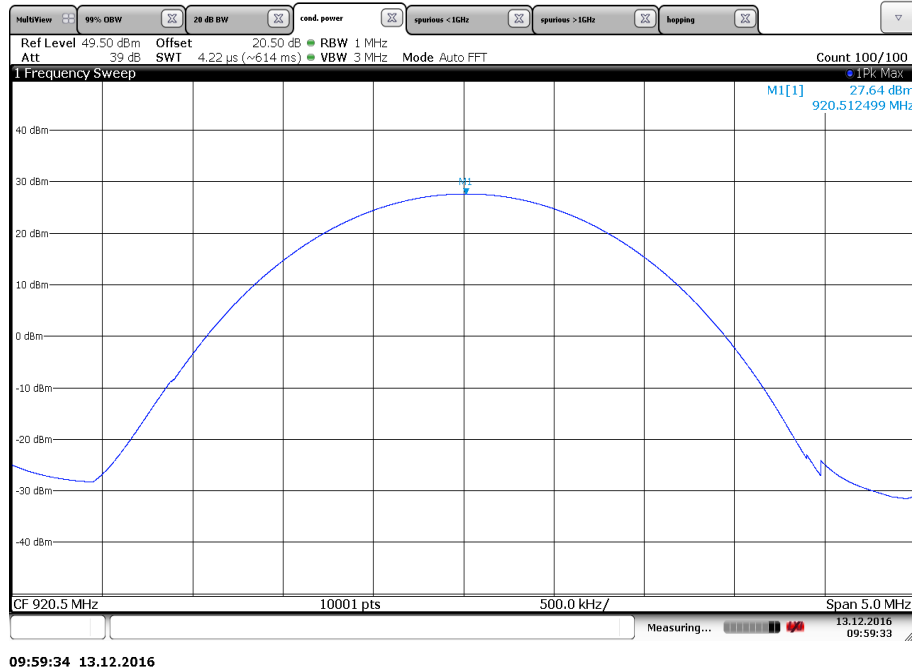
Plot 3: 918.1 MHz



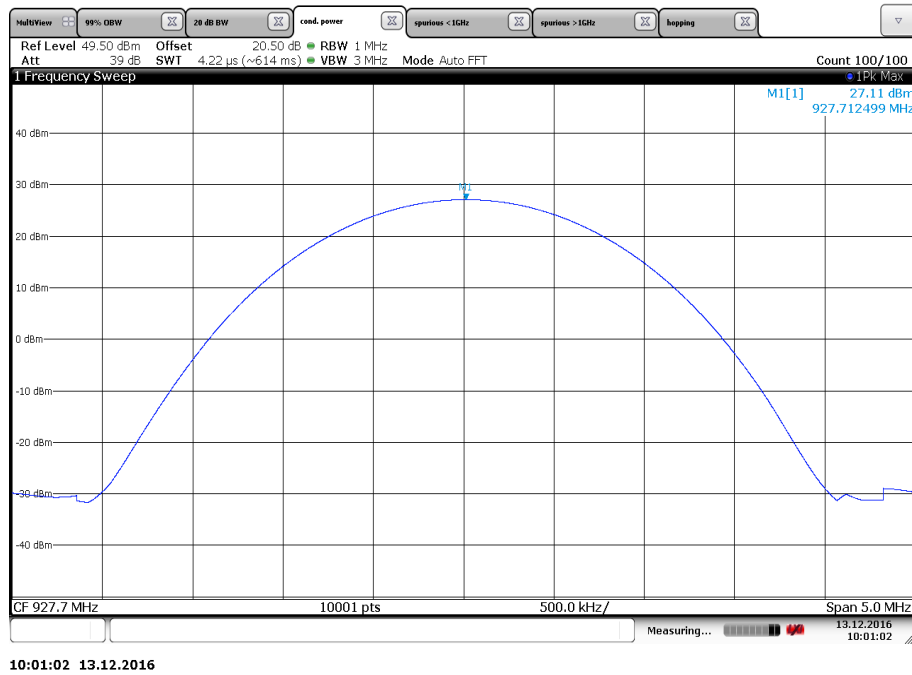
Plot 4: 911.8 MHz



Plot 5: 920.5 MHz



Plot 6: 927.7 MHz



11.6 Detailed spurious emissions @ the band edge – conducted and radiated

Description:

Measurement of the conducted band edge compliance. EUT is measured at the lower and upper band edge in single channel and hopping mode. The measurement is repeated for all modulations.

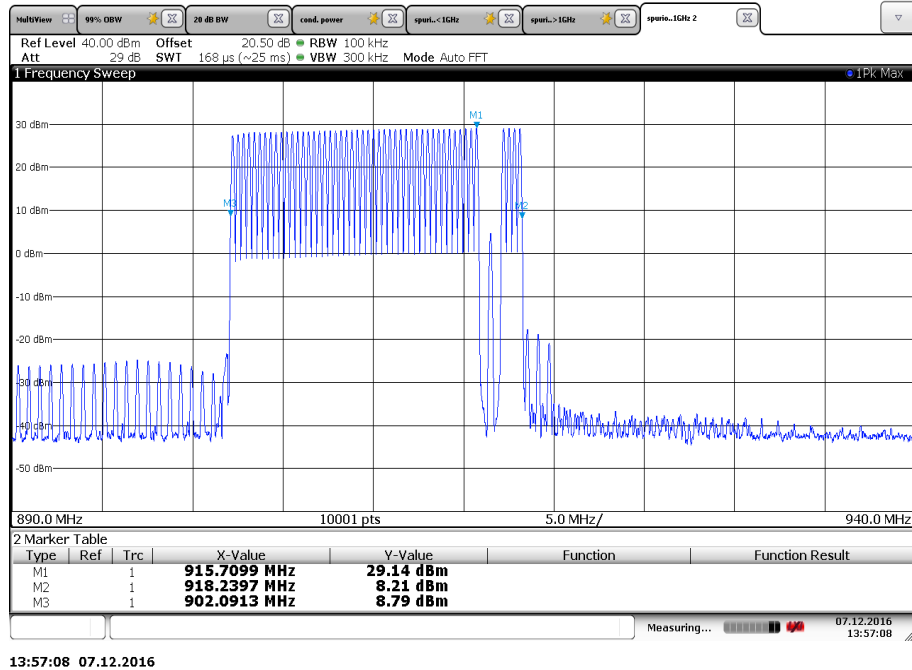
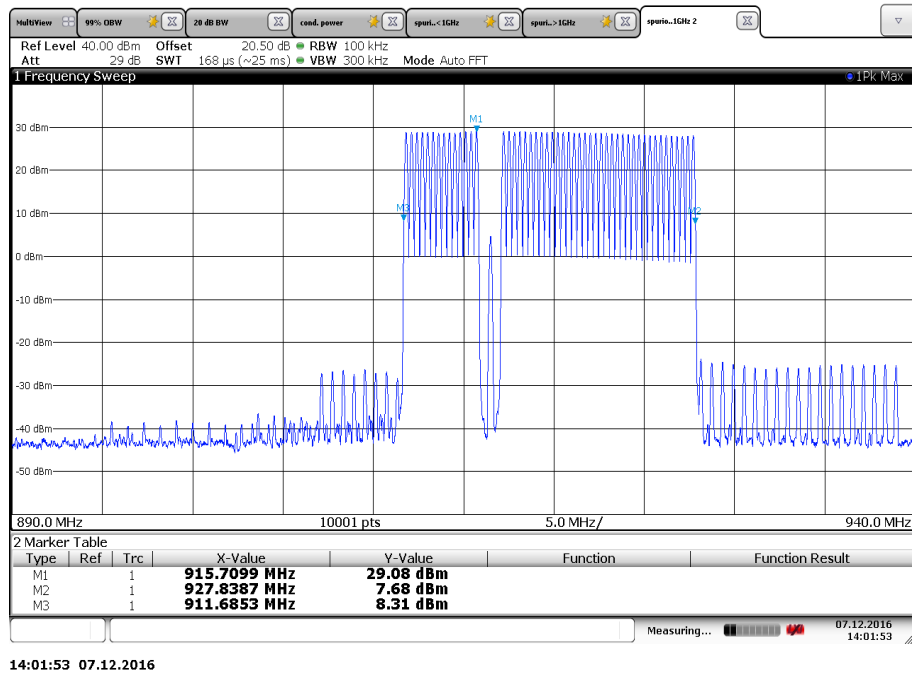
Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	100 kHz
Video bandwidth	300 kHz / 500 kHz
Span	Lower Band Edge: 902 MHz Upper Band Edge: 928 MHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Test setup	See sub clause 6.5 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required.	

Results conducted:

Scenario Modulation	Spurious band edge conducted [dB]		
	lowest channel	middle channel	highest channel
Lower band edge – hopping on	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB
Upper band edge – hopping on	> 20 dB	> 20 dB	> 20 dB

Plots:**Plot 1: 20 dB – hopping on, table 1****Plot 1: 20 dB – hopping on, table 2**

Results radiated:

No restricted band in the range ± 2 channel bandwidths of the Band-edges of the specified emission band! (608 MHz – 614 MHz and 960 MHz – 1240 MHz).

Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation.

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2690 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	(²)
13.36 - 13.41			

11.7 Spurious Emissions Conducted

Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode. The EUT is set to single channel mode. The measurement is repeated for low, mid and high channel.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	F < 1 GHz: 1 MHz F > 1 GHz: 1 MHz
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 1 GHz: 100 kHz F > 1 GHz: 100 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 12.75 GHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	See chapter 6.5 A
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

FCC	IC
TX spurious emissions conducted	
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required	

Result LNA:

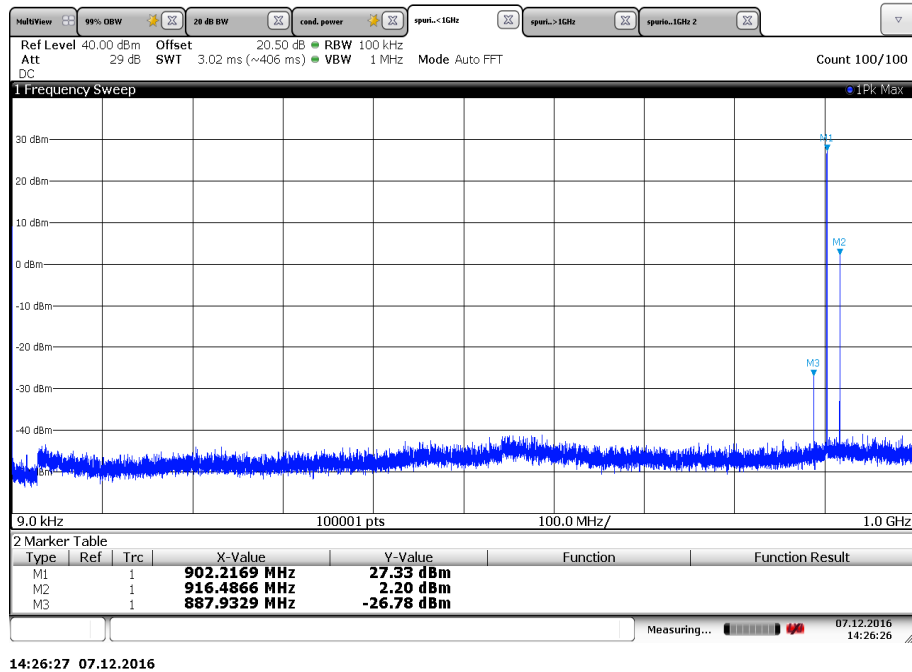
Emission Limitation					
Frequency [MHz]		Amplitude of emission [dBm]	Limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	Results
902.2		27.33	24 dBm		Operating frequency
No emissions detected!			-20 dBc		
910.0		28.76	24 dBm		Operating frequency
No emissions detected!			-20 dBc		
918.1		29.07	24 dBm		Operating frequency
No emissions detected!			-20 dBc		
911.8		28.87	24 dBm		Operating frequency
No emissions detected!			-20 dBc		
920.5		28.95	24 dBm		Operating frequency
No emissions detected!			-20 dBc		
927.7		27.95	24 dBm		Operating frequency
No emissions detected!			-20 dBc		

Result LNAC:

Emission Limitation					
Frequency [MHz]		Amplitude of emission [dBm]	Limit max. allowed emission power	actual attenuation below frequency of operation [dB]	Results
902.2		25.89	24 dBm		Operating frequency
No emissions detected!			-20 dBc		
910.0		27.36	24 dBm		Operating frequency
No emissions detected!			-20 dBc		
918.1		27.84	24 dBm		Operating frequency
No emissions detected!			-20 dBc		
911.8		27.45	24 dBm		Operating frequency
No emissions detected!			-20 dBc		
920.5		27.63	24 dBm		Operating frequency
No emissions detected!			-20 dBc		
927.7		26.80	24 dBm		Operating frequency
No emissions detected!			-20 dBc		

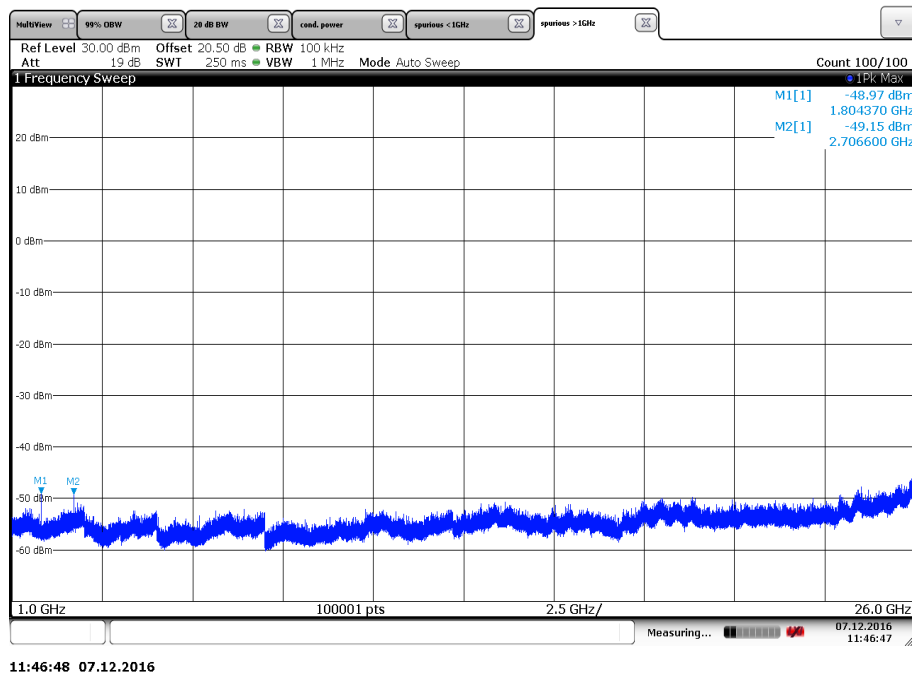
Plots: With LNA

Plot 1: 902.2 MHz, 9 kHz – 1 GHz



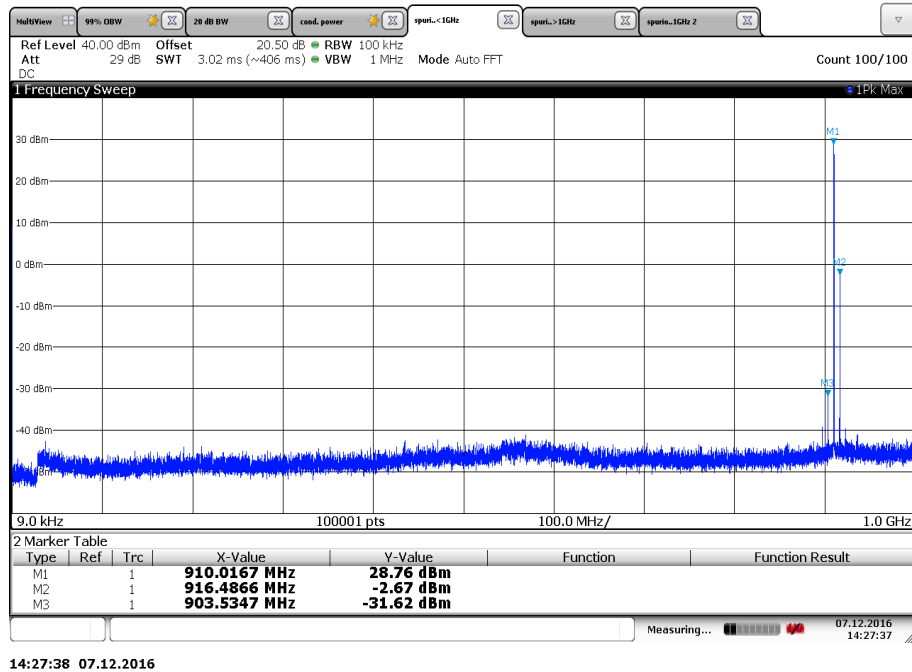
14:26:27 07.12.2016

Plot 2: 902.2 MHz, 1 GHz – 26.0 GHz

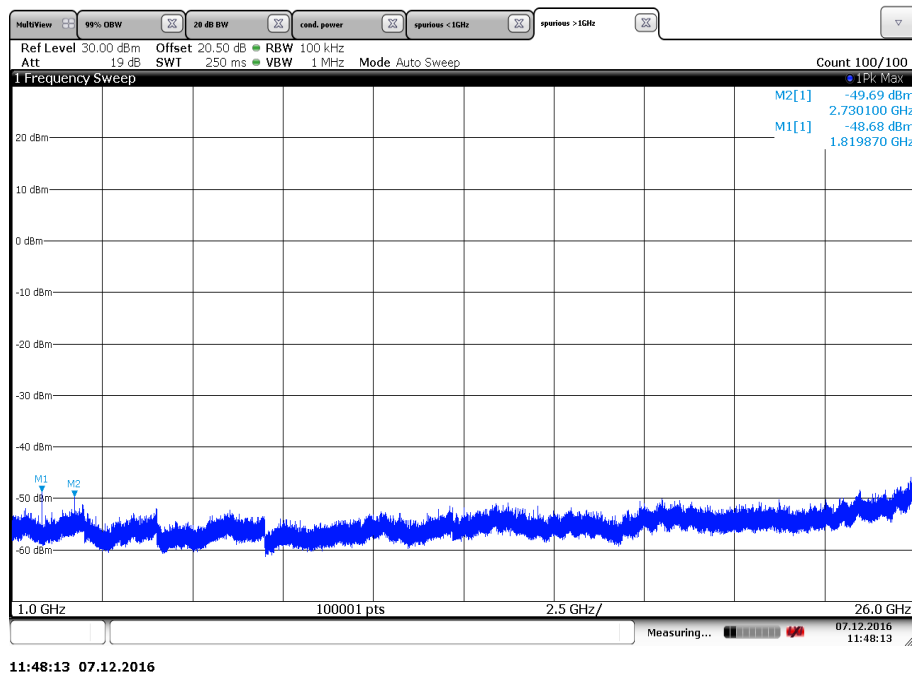


11:46:48 07.12.2016

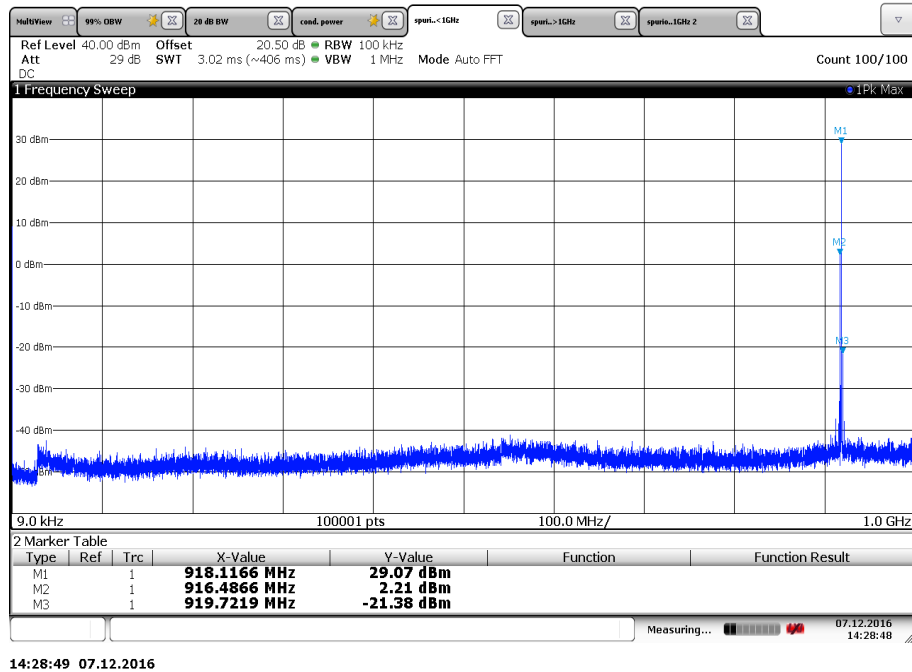
Plot 3: 910.0 MHz, 9 kHz – 1 GHz



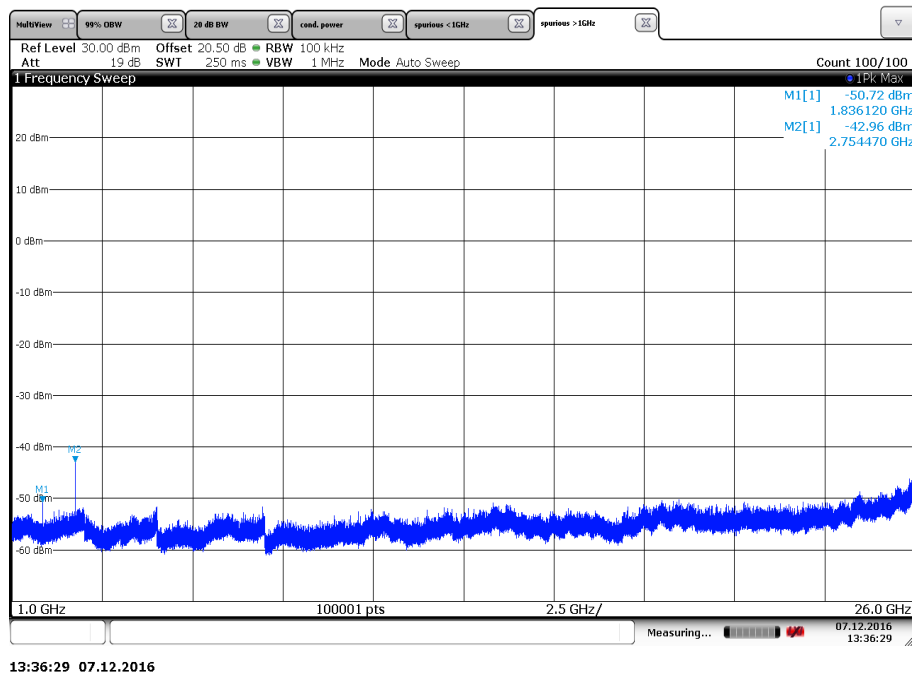
Plot 4: 910.0 MHz, 1 GHz – 26.0 GHz



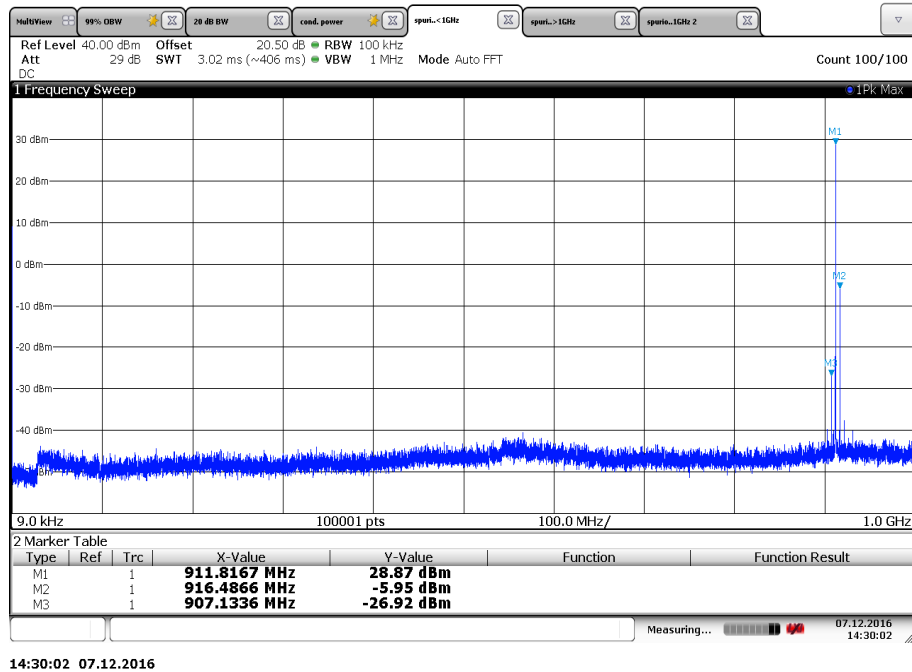
Plot 5: 918.1 MHz, 9 kHz – 1 GHz



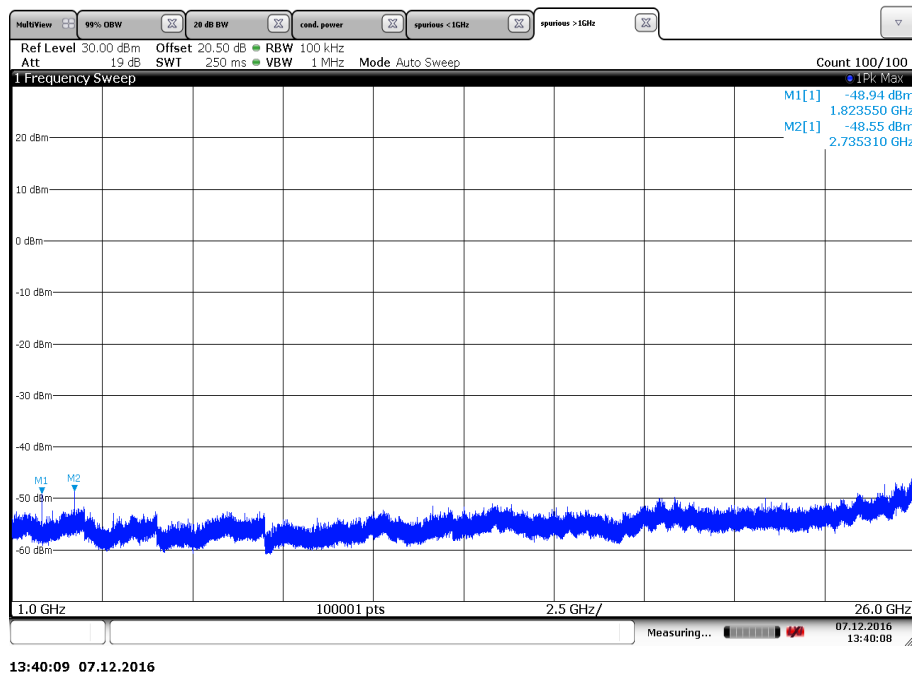
Plot 6: 918.1 MHz, 1 GHz – 26.0 GHz



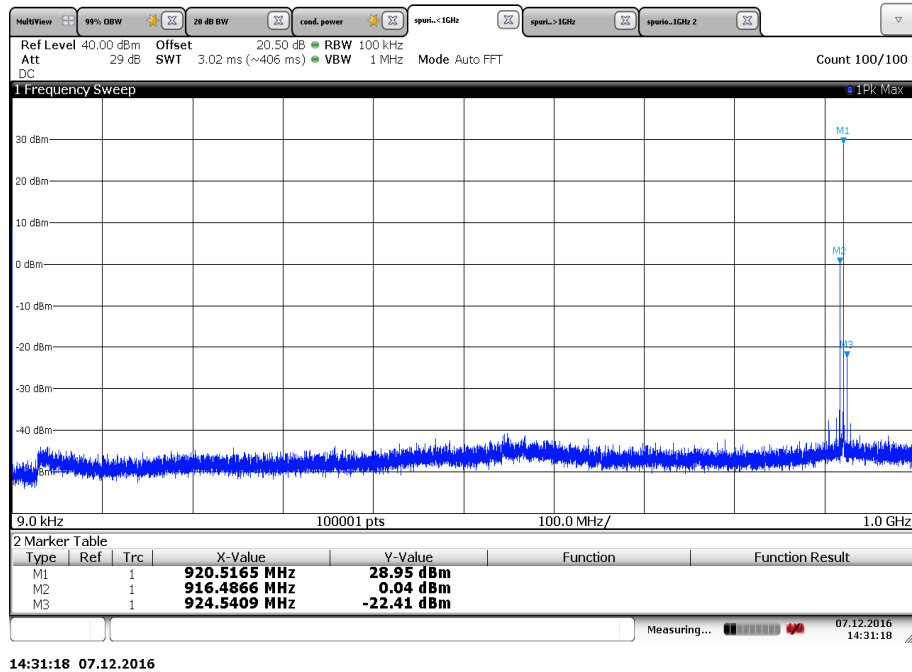
Plot 1: 911.8 MHz, 9 kHz – 1 GHz



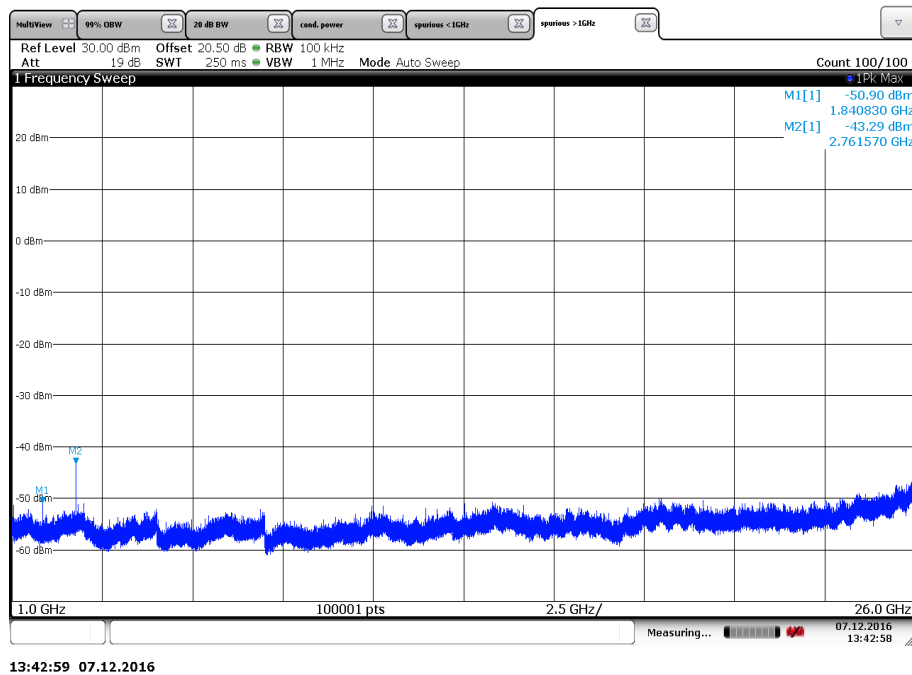
Plot 2: 911.8 MHz, 1 GHz – 26.0 GHz



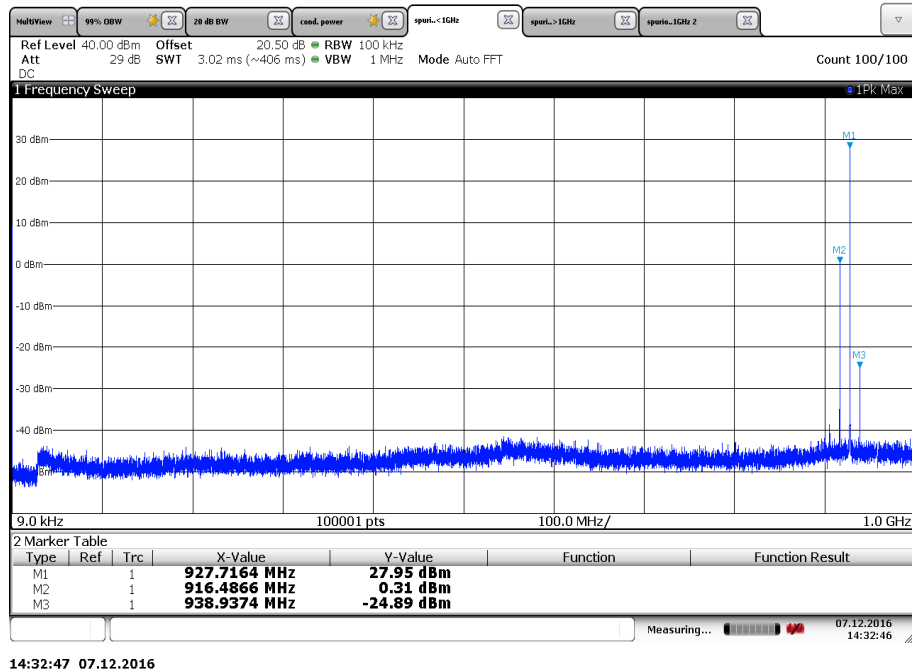
Plot 3: 920.5 MHz, 9 kHz – 1 GHz



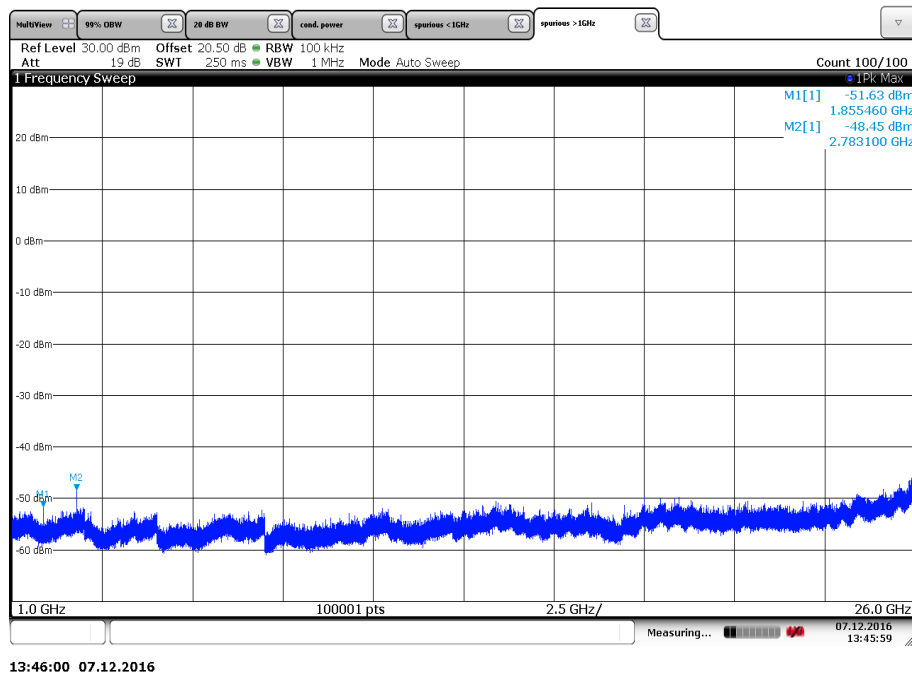
Plot 4: 920.5 MHz, 1 GHz – 26.0 GHz



Plot 5: 927.7 MHz, 9 kHz – 1 GHz

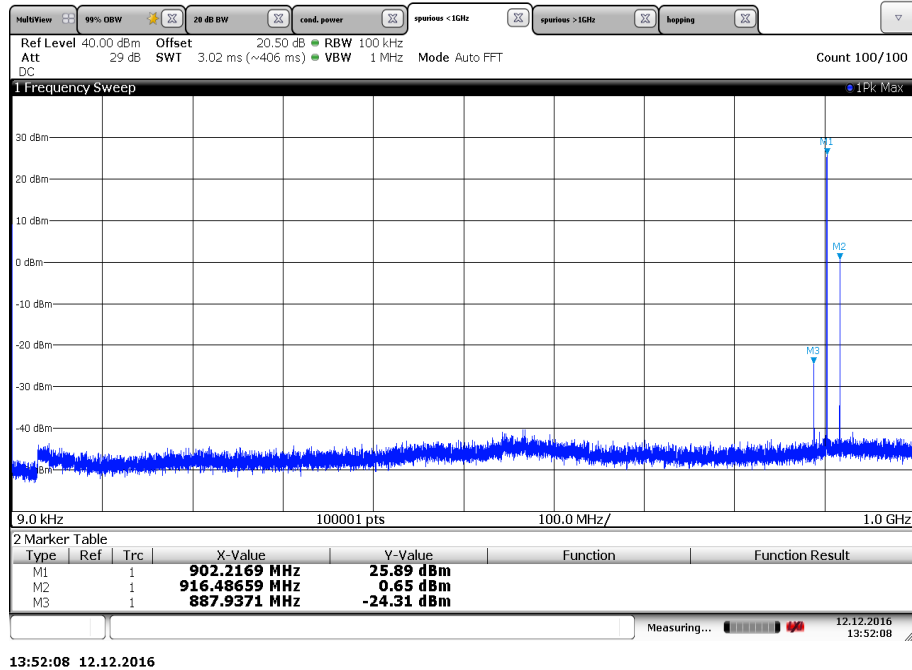


Plot 6: 927.7 MHz, 1 GHz – 26.0 GHz

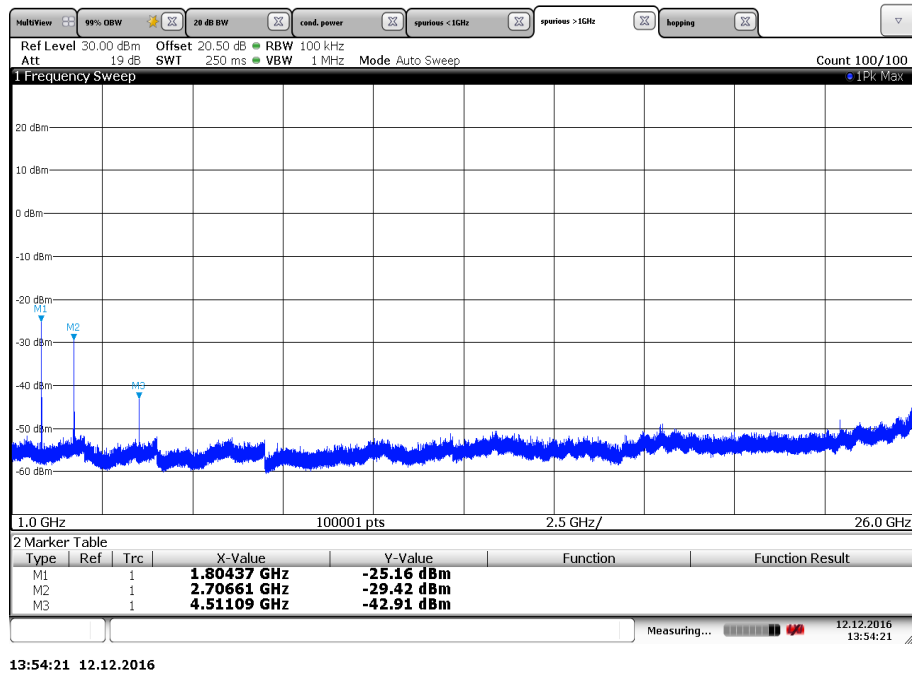


Plots: With LNAC

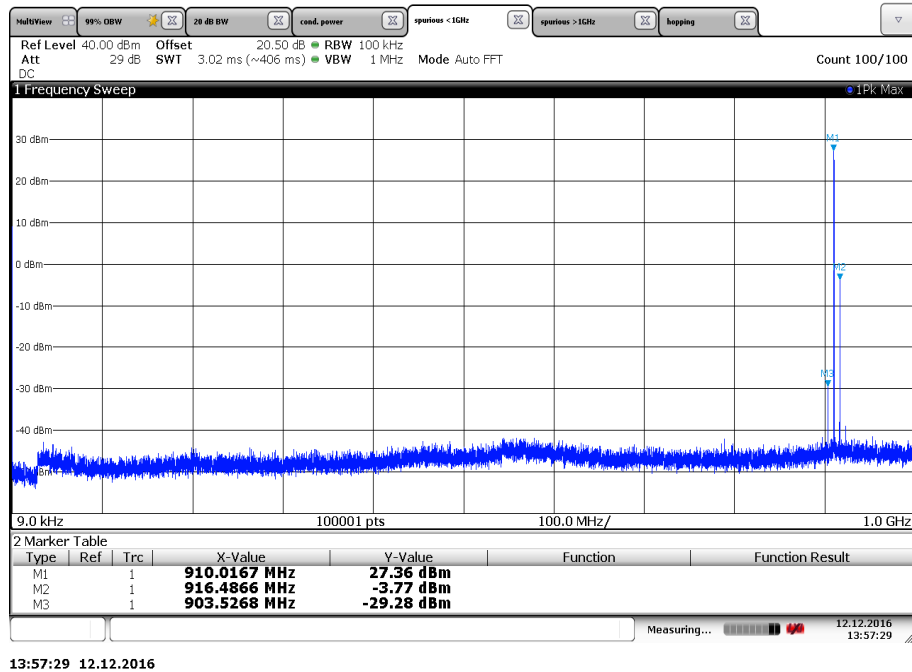
Plot 1: 902.2 MHz, 9 kHz – 1 GHz



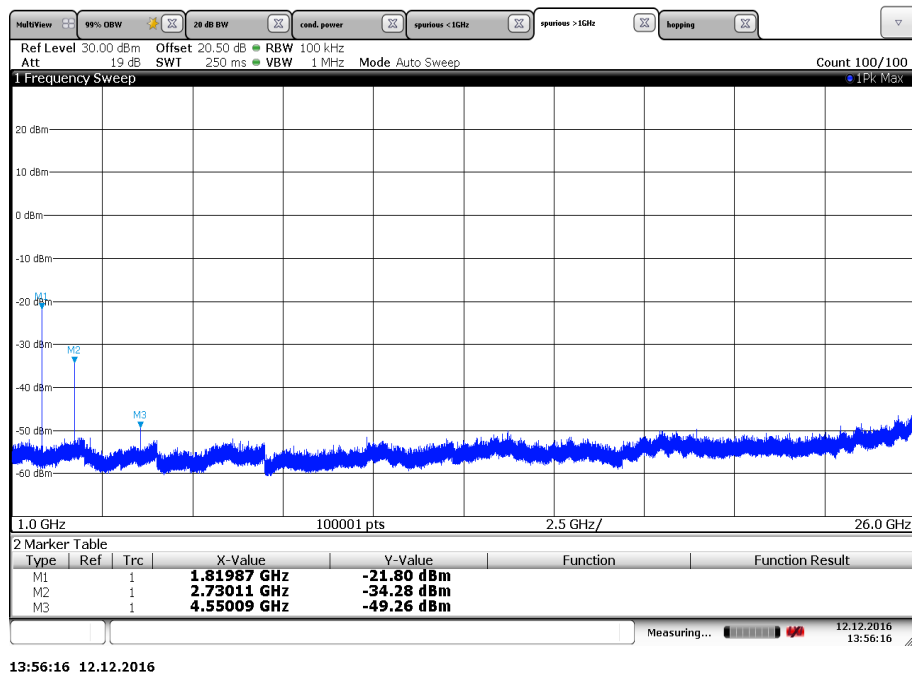
Plot 2: 902.2 MHz, 1 GHz – 26.0 GHz



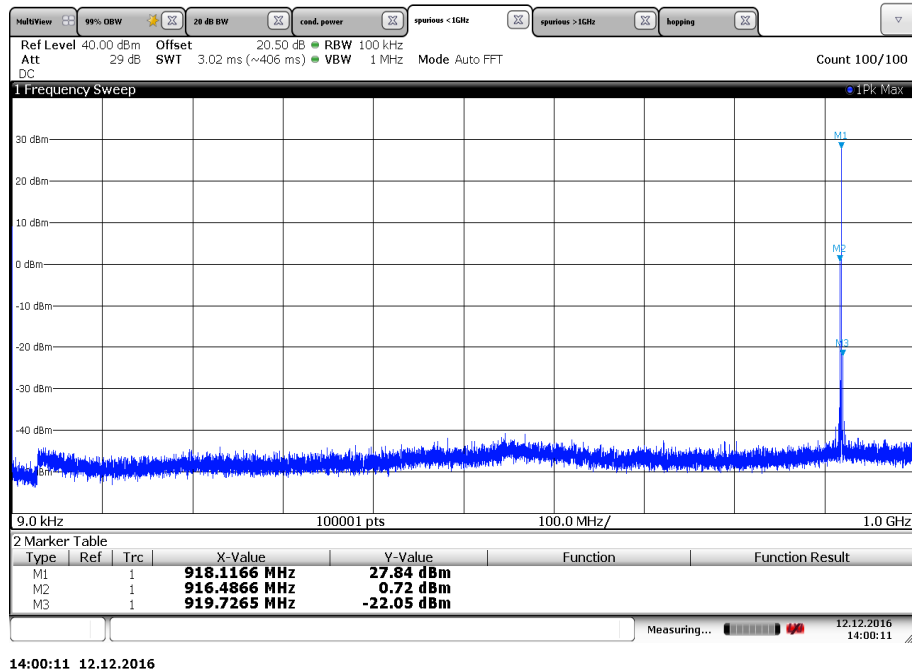
Plot 3: 910.0 MHz, 9 kHz – 1 GHz



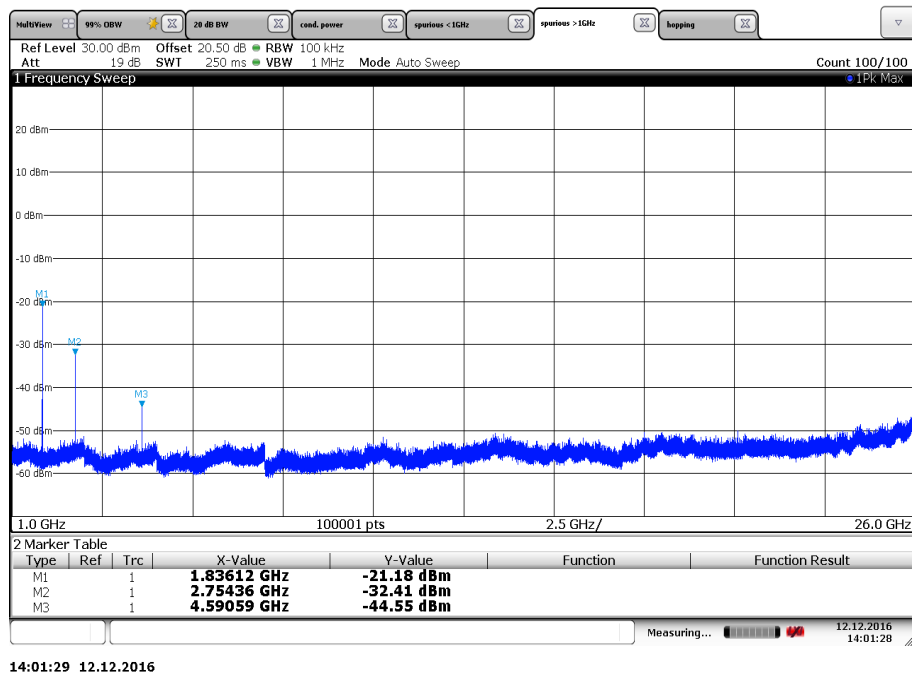
Plot 4: 910.0 MHz, 1 GHz – 26.0 GHz



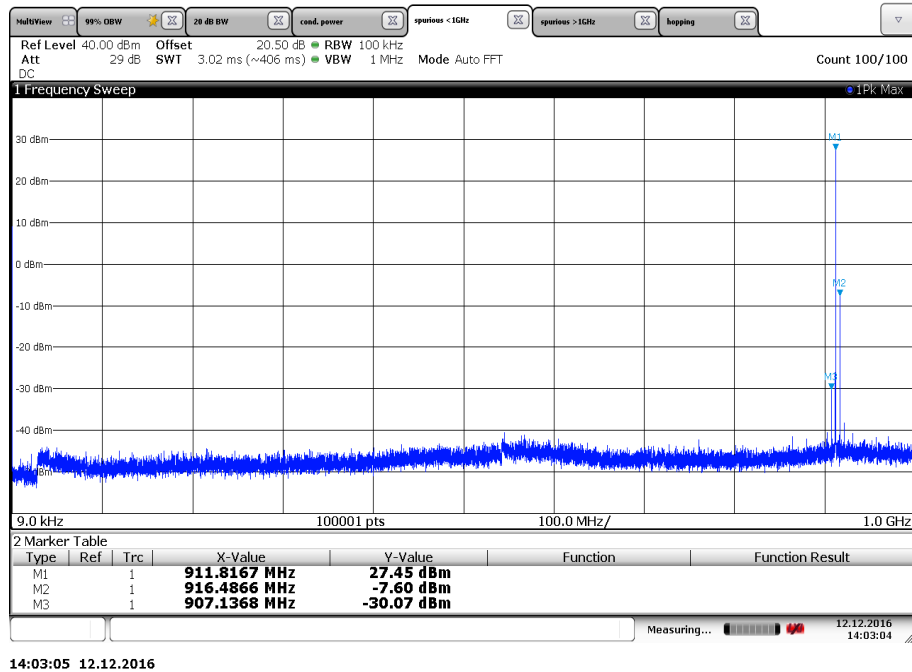
Plot 5: 918.1 MHz, 9 kHz – 1 GHz



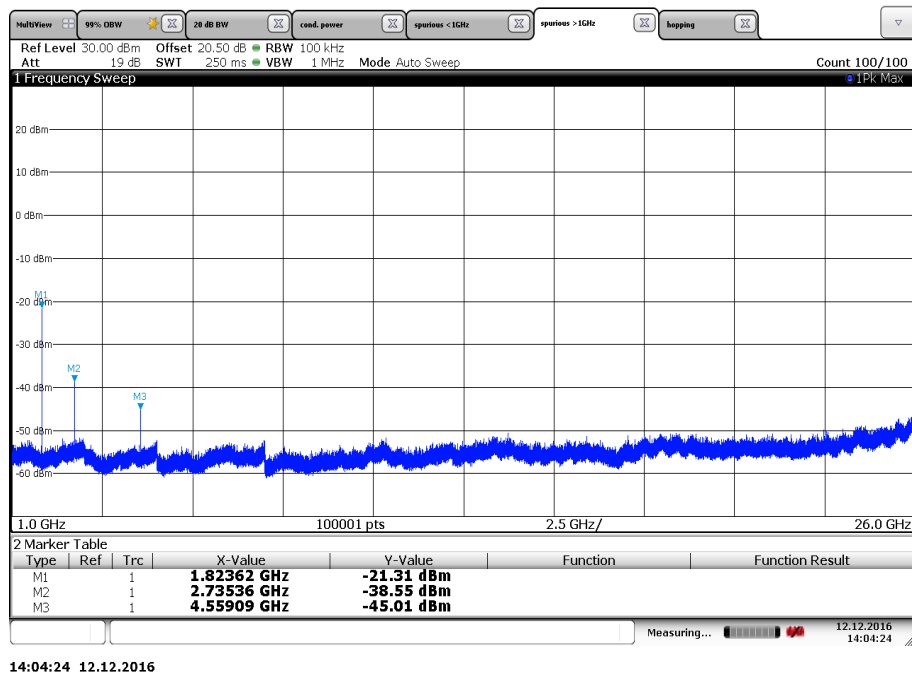
Plot 6: 918.1 MHz, 1 GHz – 26.0 GHz



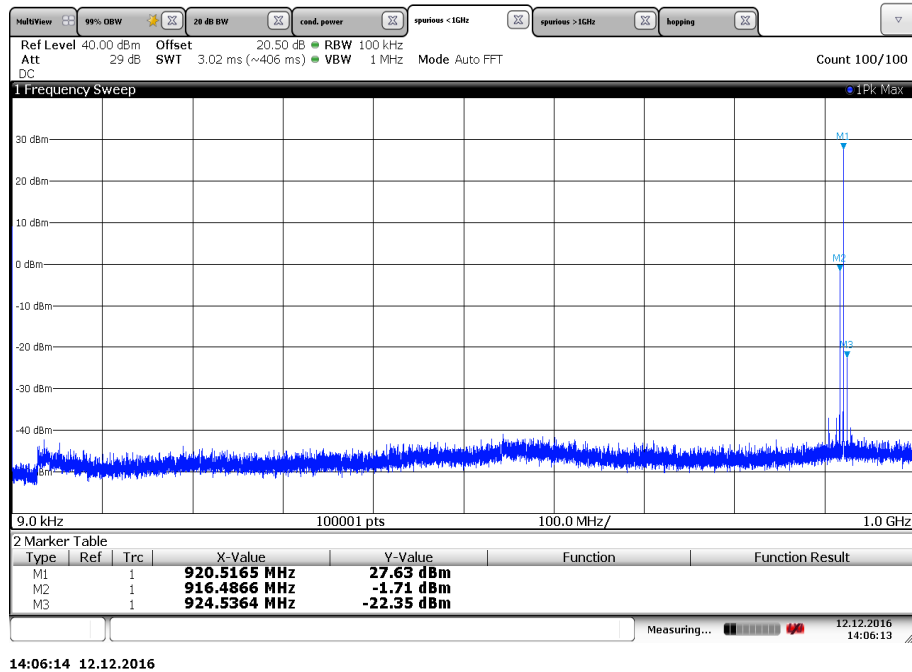
Plot 1: 911.8 MHz, 9 kHz – 1 GHz



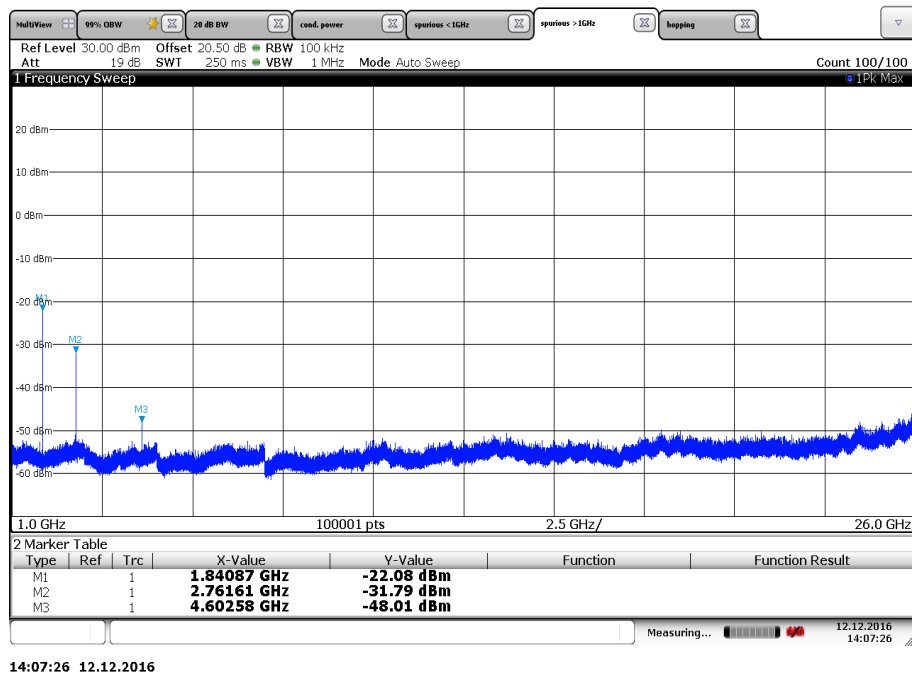
Plot 2: 911.8 MHz, 1 GHz – 26.0 GHz



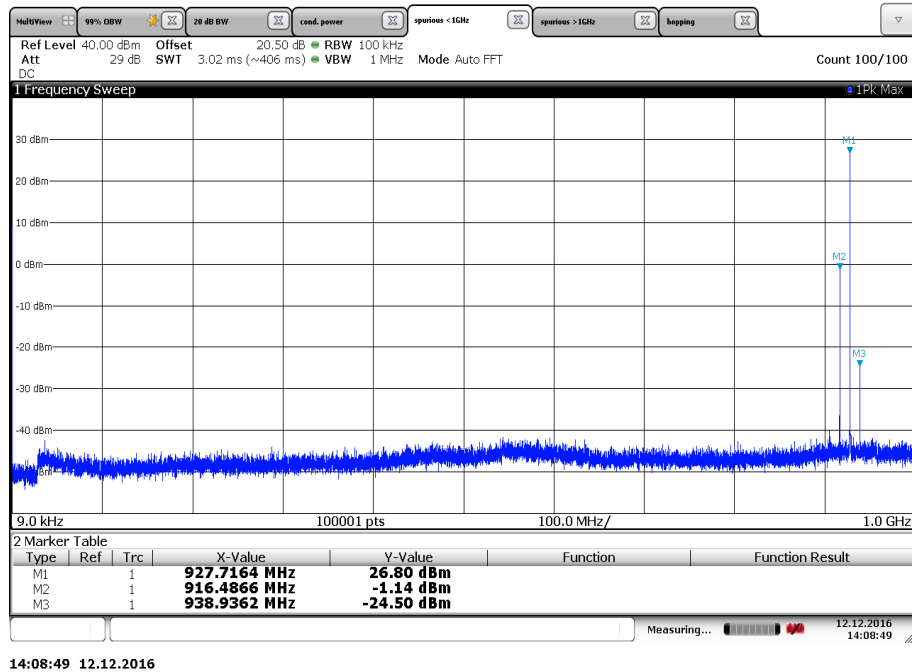
Plot 3: 920.5 MHz, 9 kHz – 1 GHz



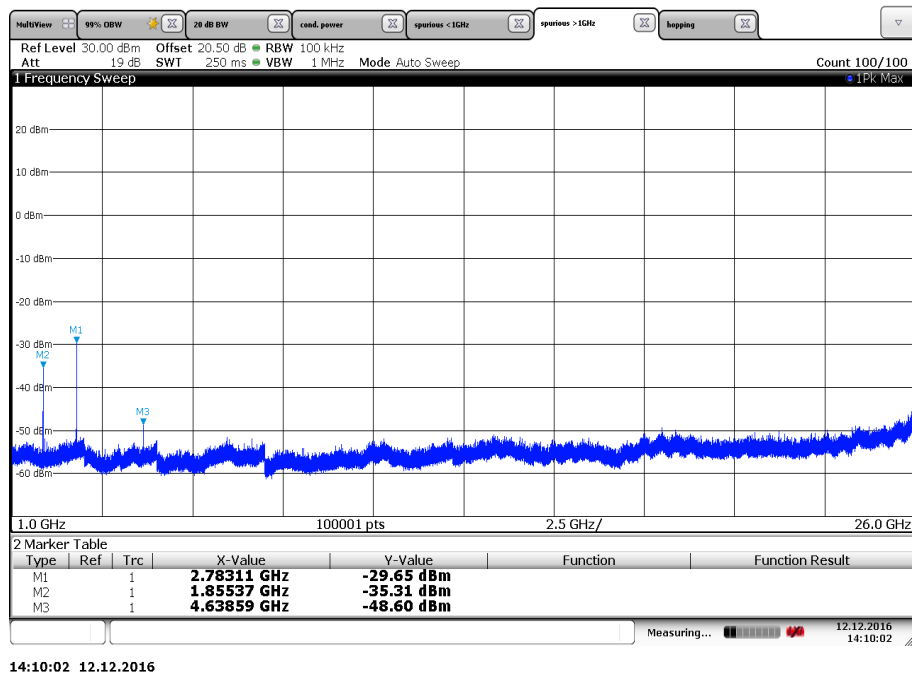
Plot 4: 920.5 MHz, 1 GHz – 26.0 GHz



Plot 5: 927.7 MHz, 9 kHz – 1 GHz



Plot 6: 927.7 MHz, 1 GHz – 26.0 GHz



11.8 Spurious Emissions Radiated < 30 MHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to single channel mode and the transmit channels are 00; 39 and 78. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power. The limits are recalculated to a measurement distance of 3 m according the ANSI C63.10.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time:	Auto
Video bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace-Mode:	Max Hold
Used equipment:	See chapter 6.2 B
Measurement uncertainty:	See chapter 8

Limits:

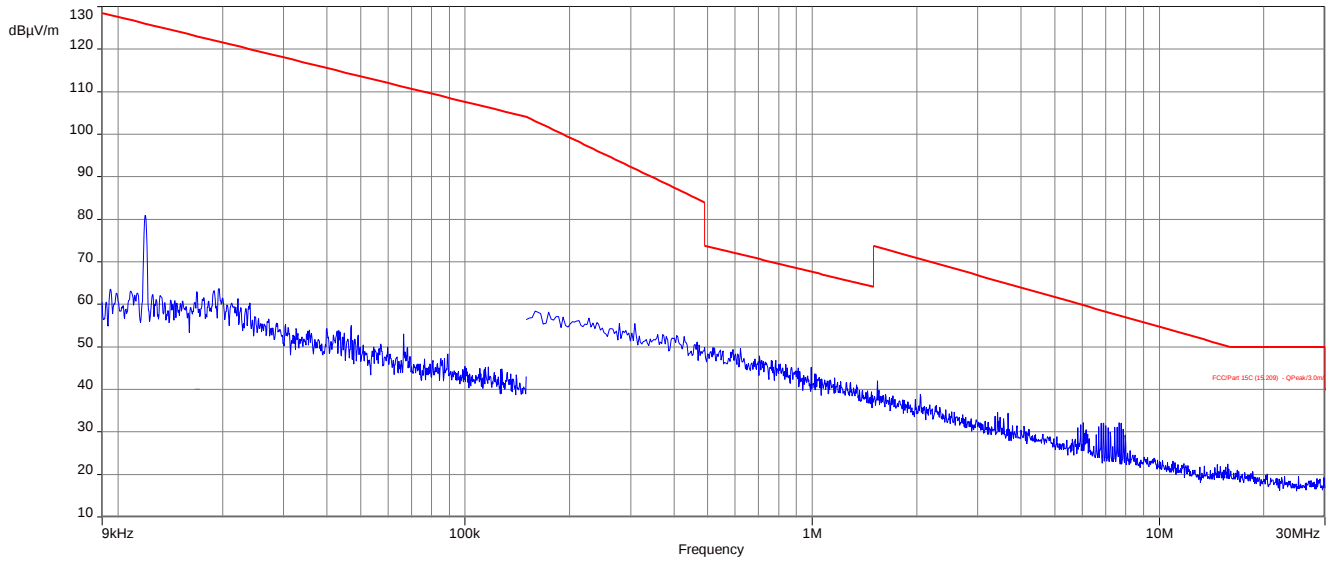
FCC		IC
TX spurious emissions radiated < 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dBμV/m)	Measurement distance
0.009 – 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 – 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 – 30.0	30	30

Result:

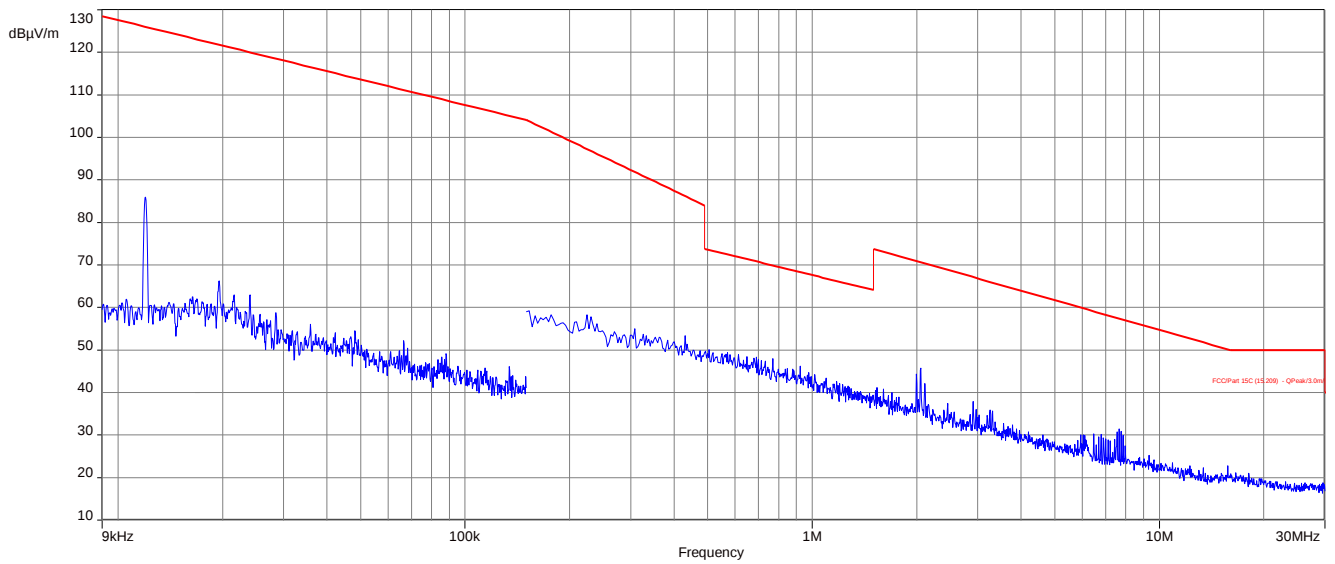
SPURIOUS EMISSIONS LEVEL [dBμV/m]								
Lowest channel			Middle channel			Highest channel		
Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]	Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]	Frequency [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]
All emissions were more than 10 dB below the limit.								

Plots LNA:

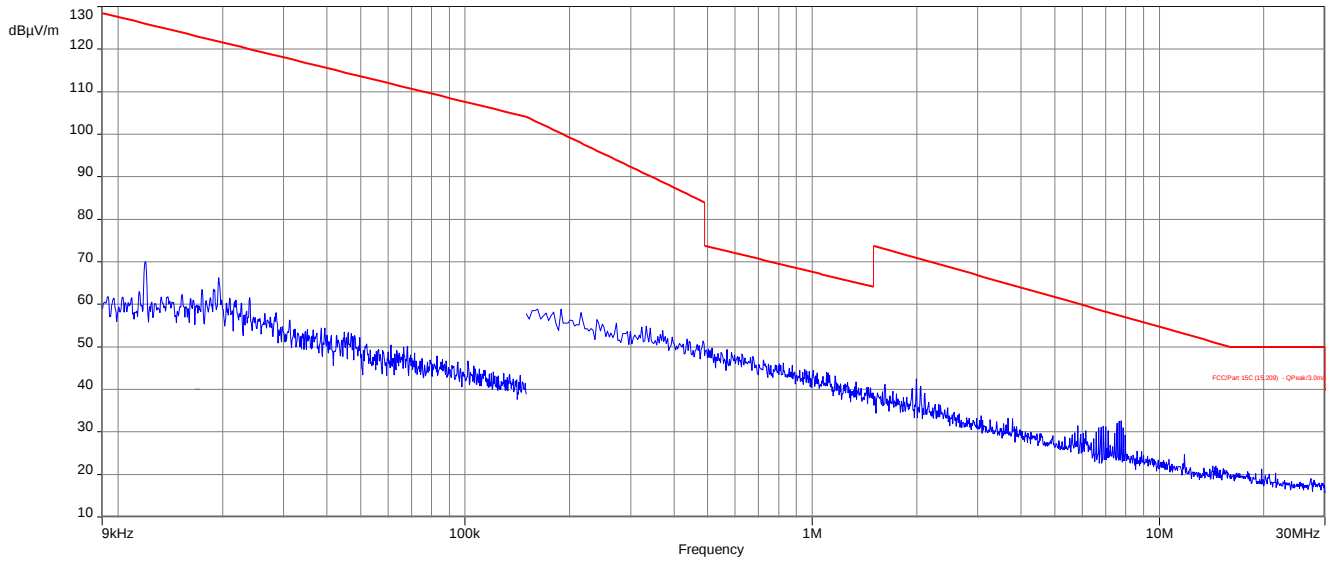
Plot 1: 902.2 MHz



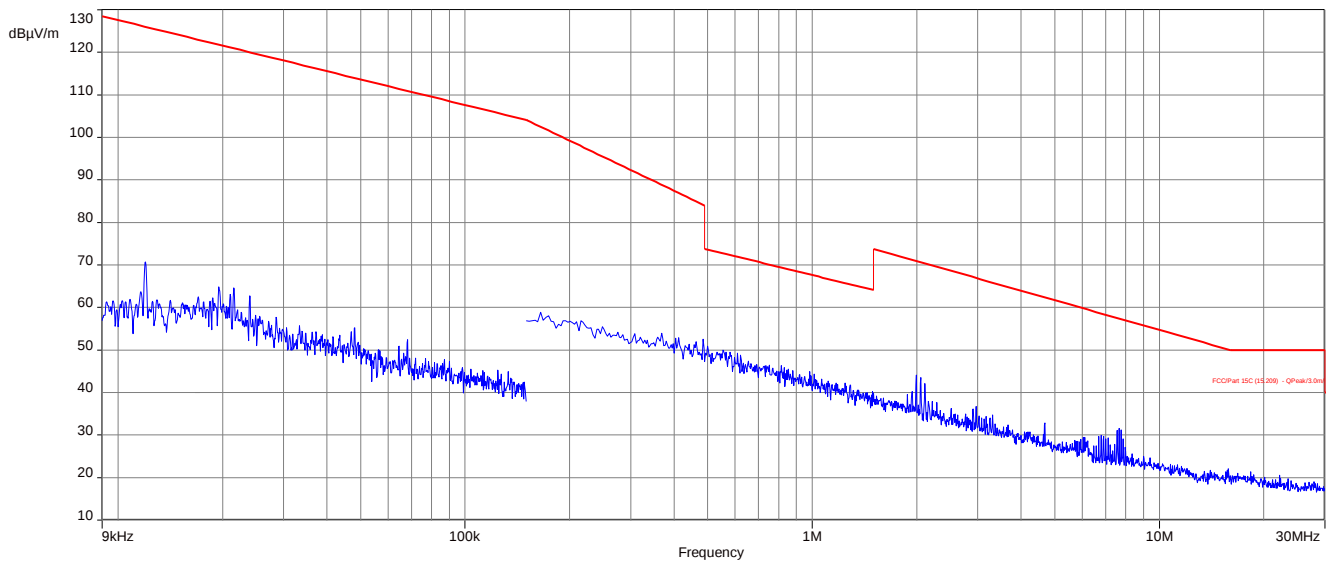
Plot 2: 910.0 MHz



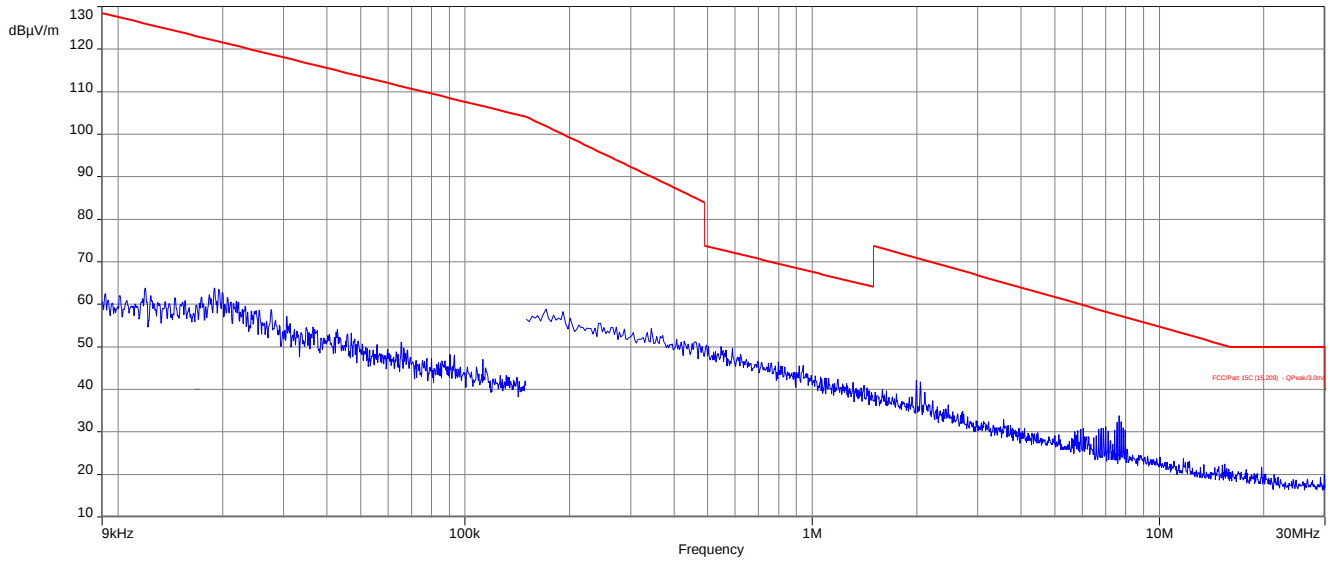
Plot 3: 918.1 MHz



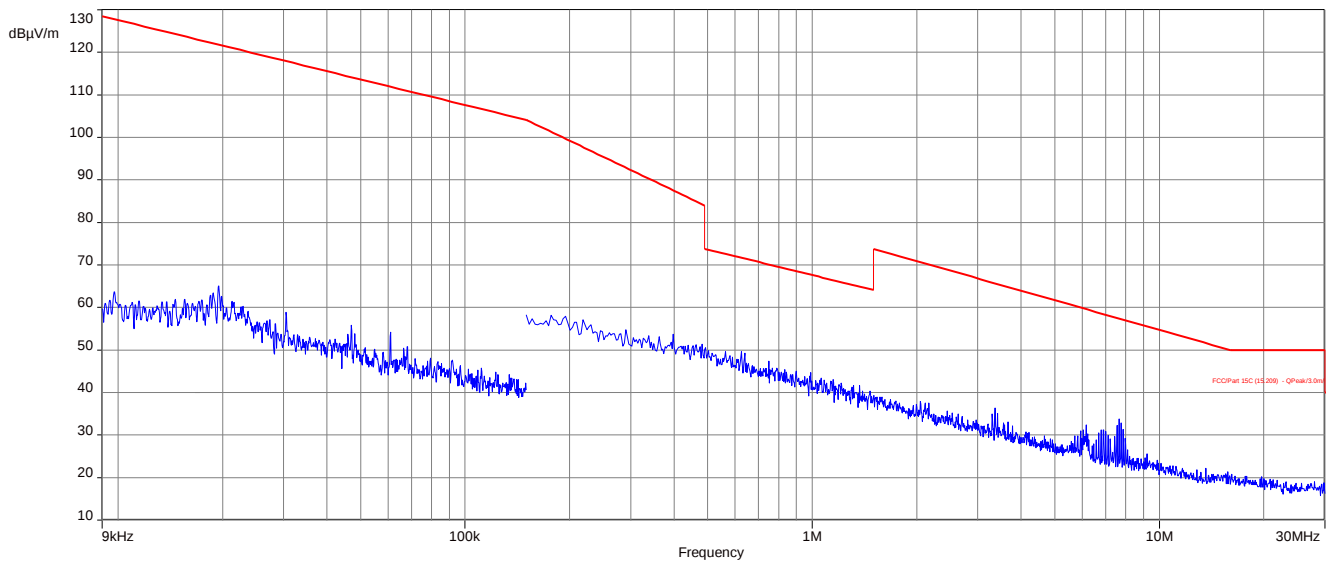
Plot 4: 911.8 MHz



Plot 5: 920.5 MHz

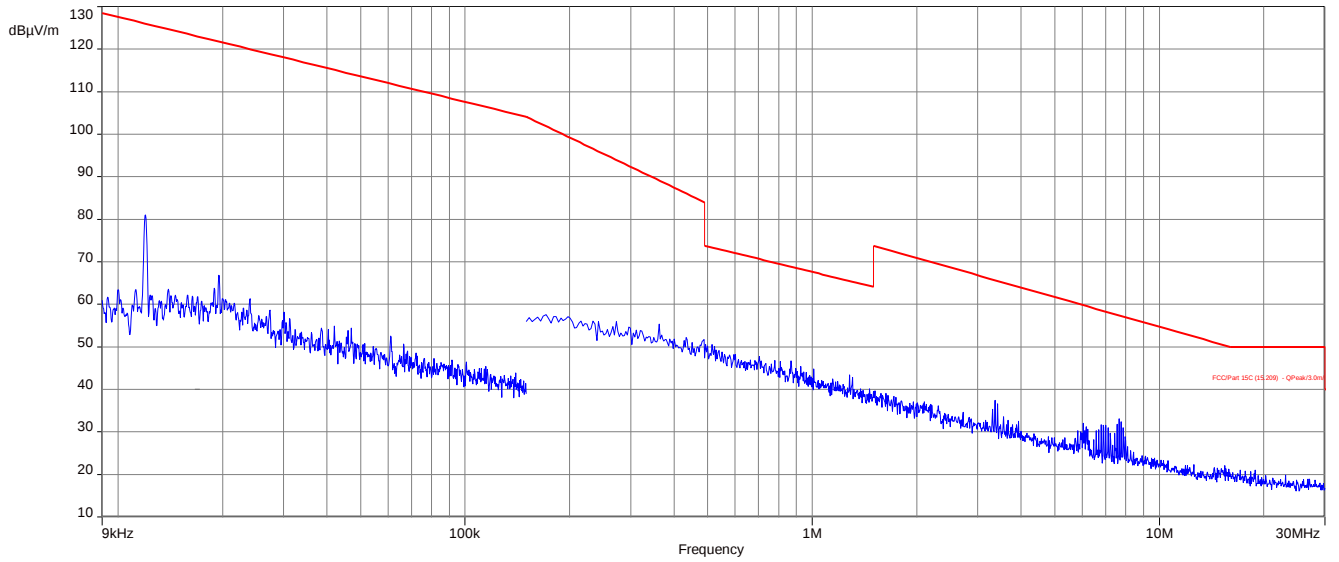


Plot 6: 927.7 MHz

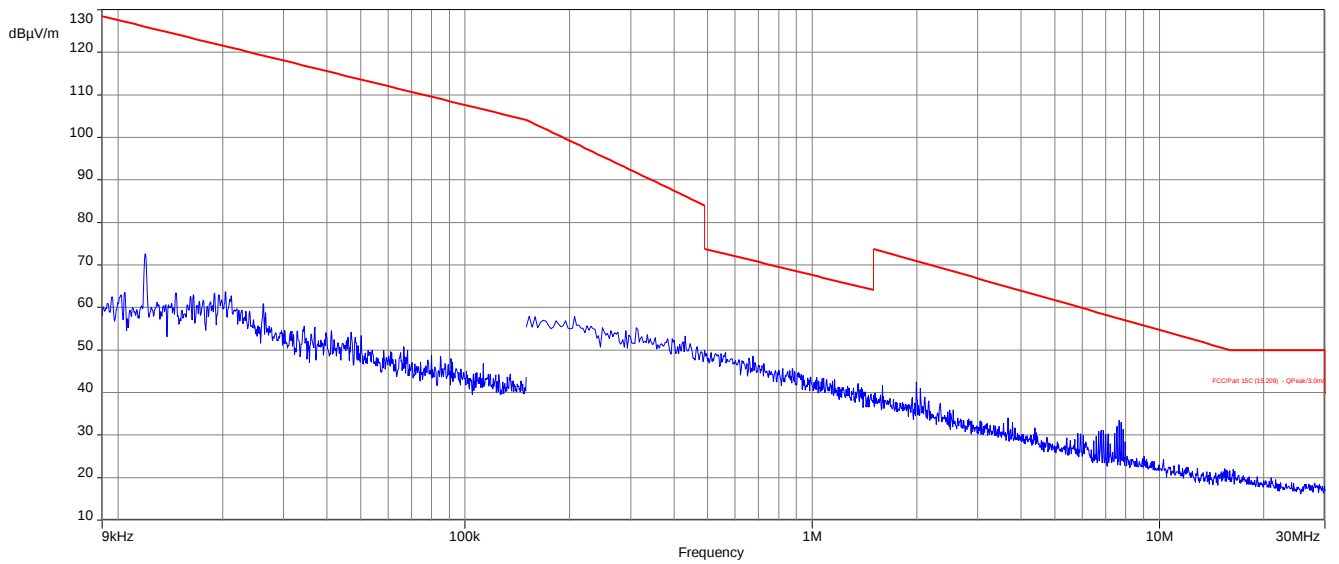


Plots LNAC:

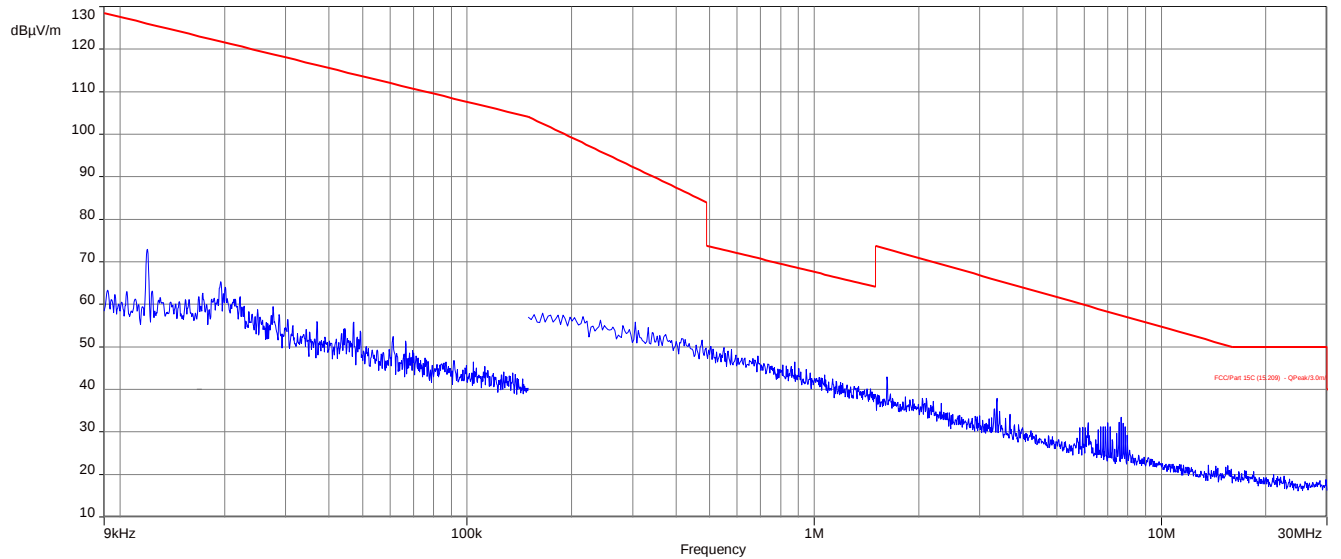
Plot 1: 902.2 MHz



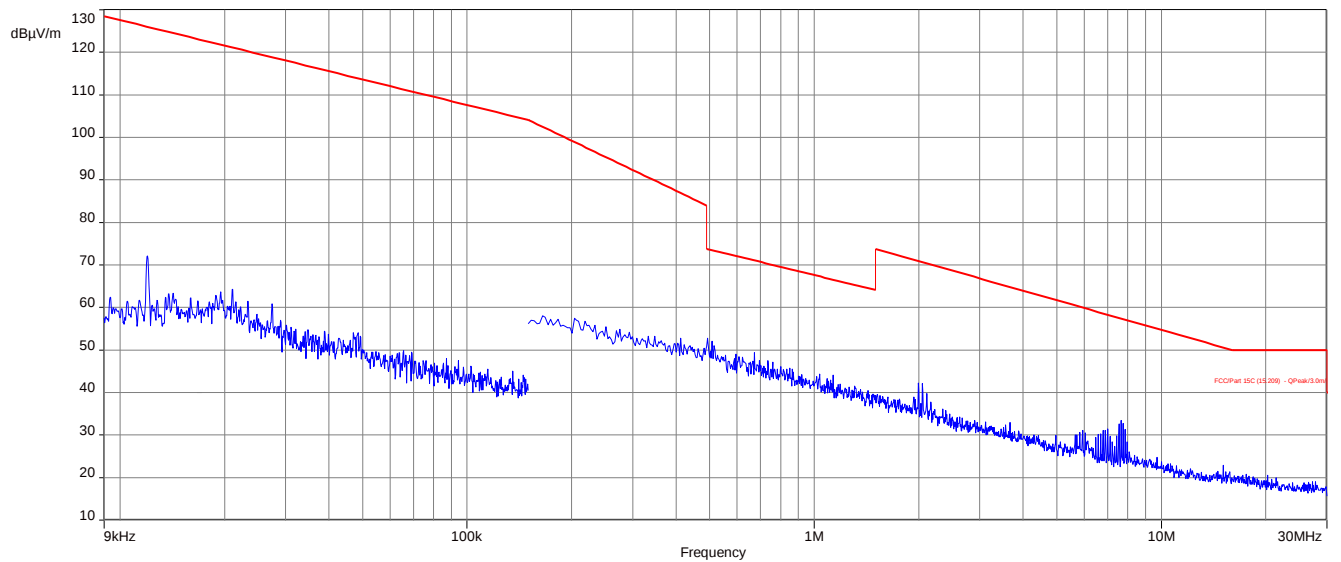
Plot 2: 910.0 MHz



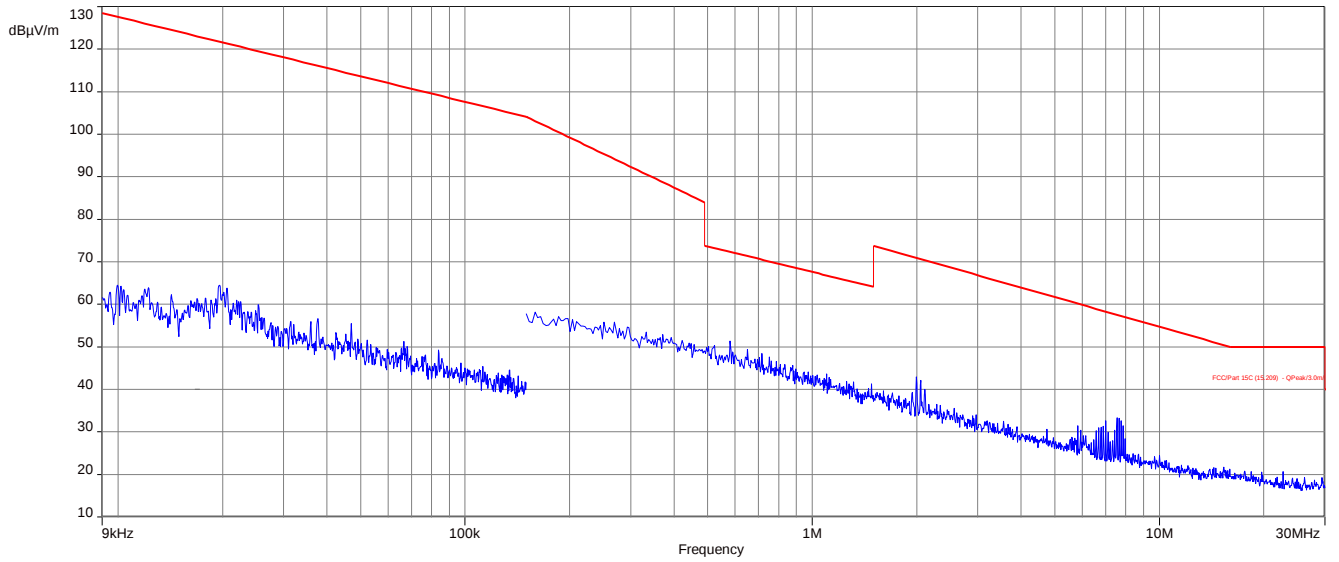
Plot 3: 918.1 MHz



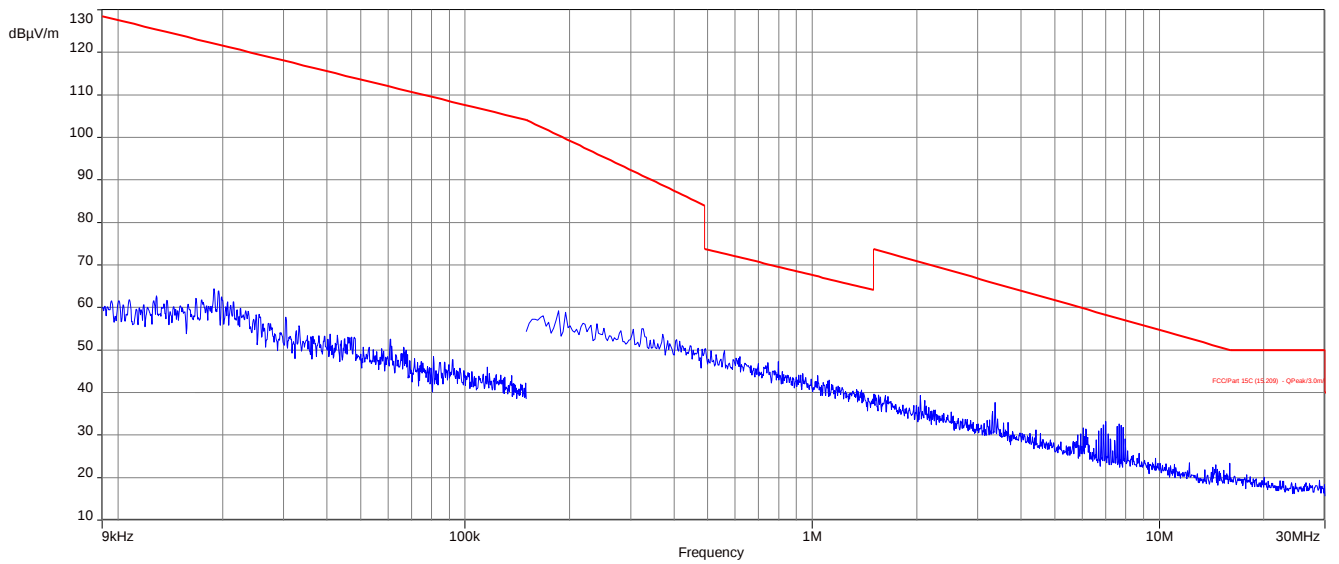
Plot 4: 911.8 MHz



Plot 5: 920.5 MHz



Plot 6: 927.7 MHz



11.9 Spurious Emissions Radiated > 30 MHz

11.9.1 Spurious emissions radiated 30 MHz to 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The measurement is performed at channel low, mid and high.

Measurement:

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / Quasi Peak
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	3 x VBW
Video bandwidth	120 kHz
Span	30 MHz to 1 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Measured modulation	DBPSK
Test setup	See sub clause 6.1 A
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

Limits:

FCC		IC
Band-edge Compliance of conducted and radiated emissions		
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBμV/m)	Measurement distance
30 - 88	30.0	10
88 – 216	33.5	10
216 – 960	36.0	10
Above 960	54.0	3

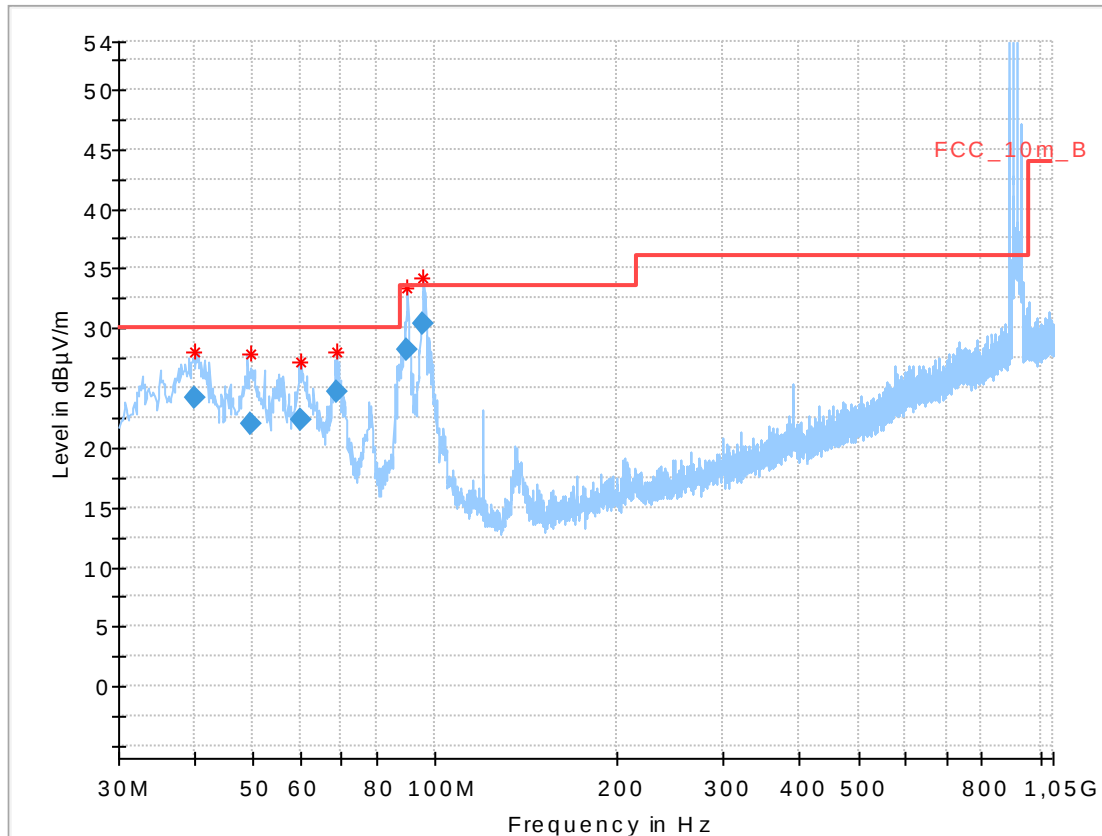
Note: The limit was recalculated with 20 dB / decade (Part 15.31) for all radiated spurious emissions 30 MHz to 1 GHz from 3 meter limit to a 10 meter distance. (40dB/decade for emissions < 30MHz)

Result:

See result table below the plots.

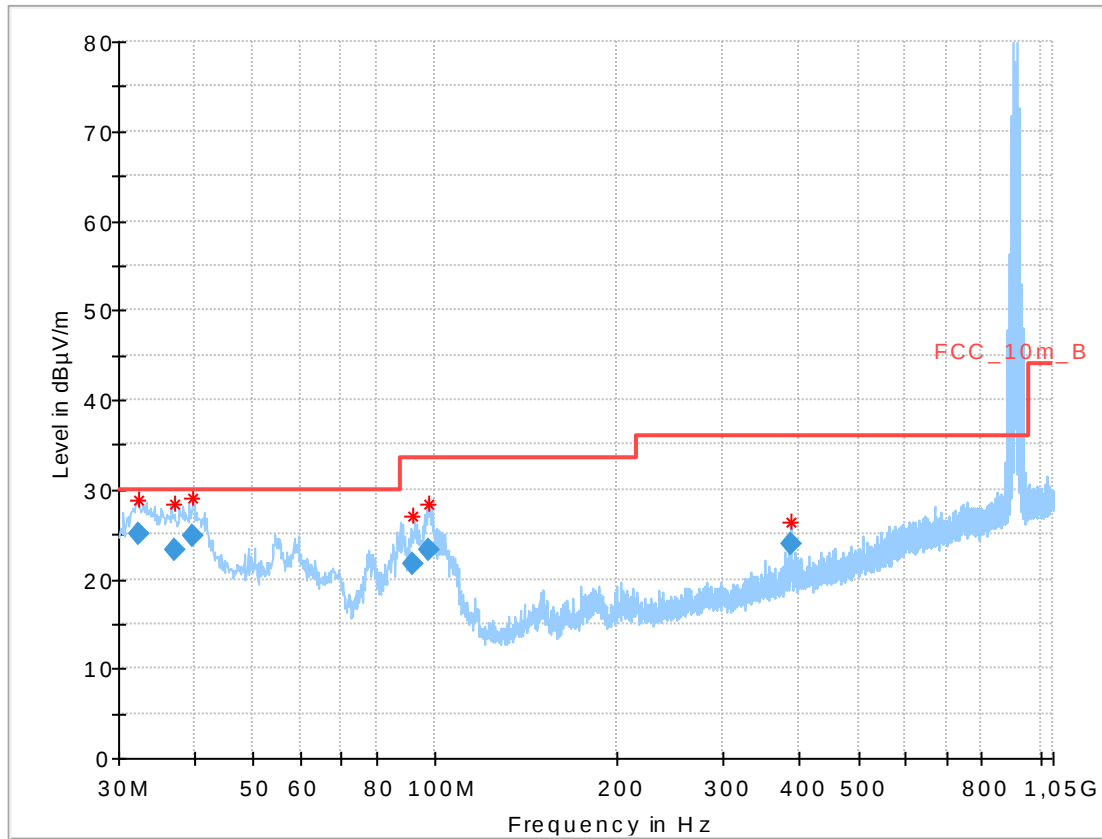
Plots LNA:

Plot 1: 902.2 MHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



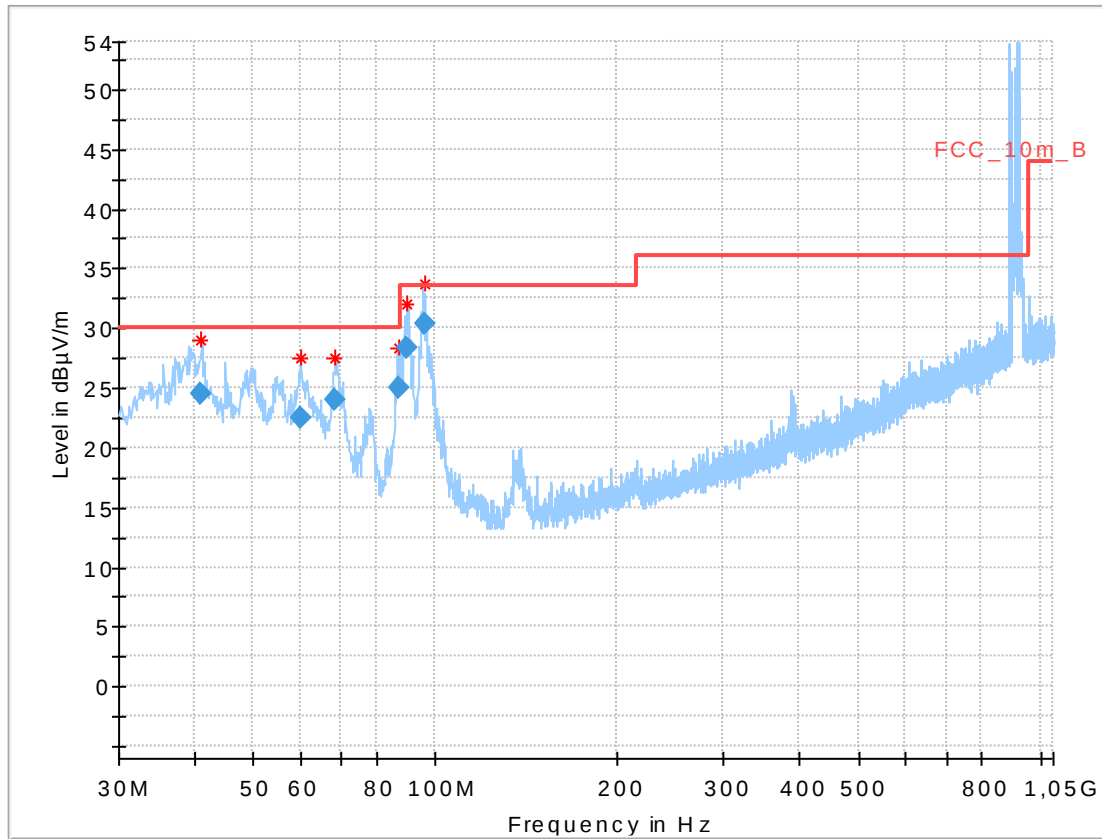
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
40.137150	24.24	30.00	5.76	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	255.0	13.2
49.409850	21.91	30.00	8.09	1000.0	120.000	173.0	V	276.0	13.7
59.802300	22.32	30.00	7.68	1000.0	120.000	271.0	V	282.0	11.9
68.785350	24.62	30.00	5.38	1000.0	120.000	347.0	V	276.0	10.0
89.705100	28.14	33.50	5.36	1000.0	120.000	103.0	V	276.0	9.3
95.482950	30.35	33.50	3.15	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	295.0	10.9

Plot 2: 910.0 MHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



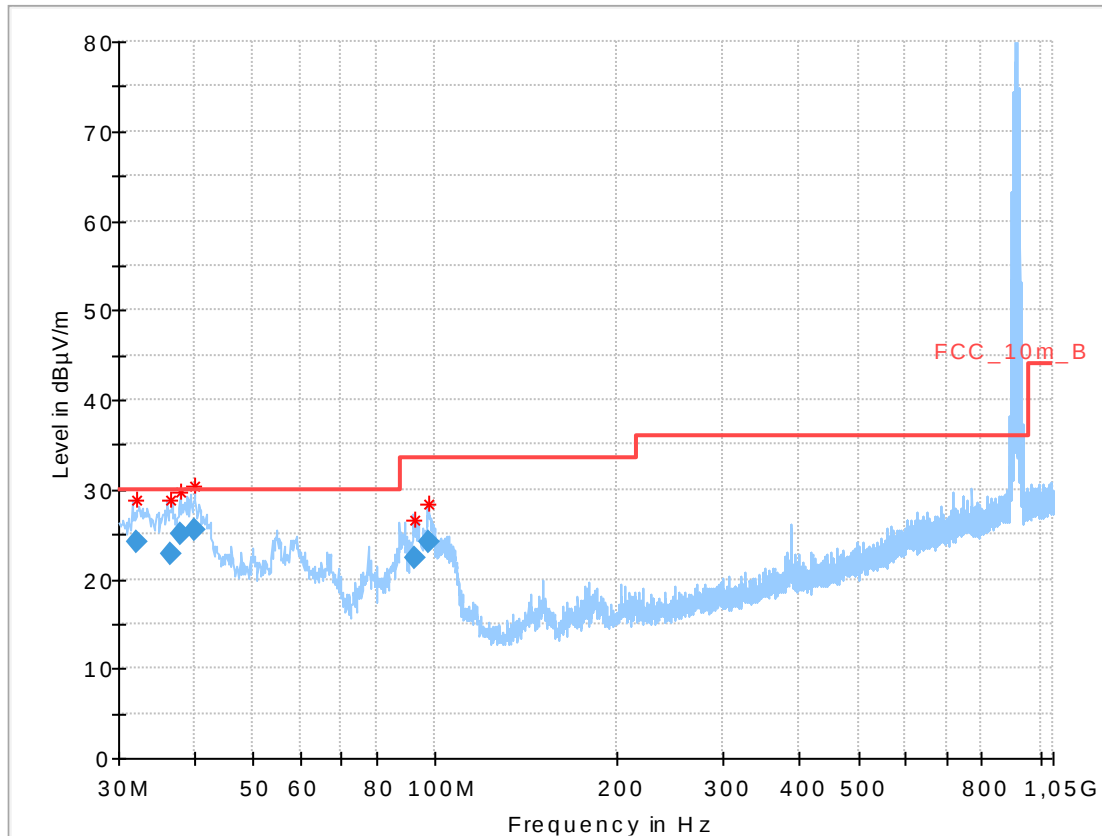
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
32.479350	25.07	30.00	4.93	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	57.0	12.3
37.121850	23.29	30.00	6.71	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	135.0	12.9
39.773250	24.78	30.00	5.22	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	216.0	13.2
91.760400	21.61	33.50	11.89	1000.0	120.000	185.0	V	267.0	9.9
97.760700	23.25	33.50	10.25	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	267.0	11.5
387.411450	23.95	36.00	12.05	1000.0	120.000	185.0	H	348.0	16.7

Plot 3: 918.1 MHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



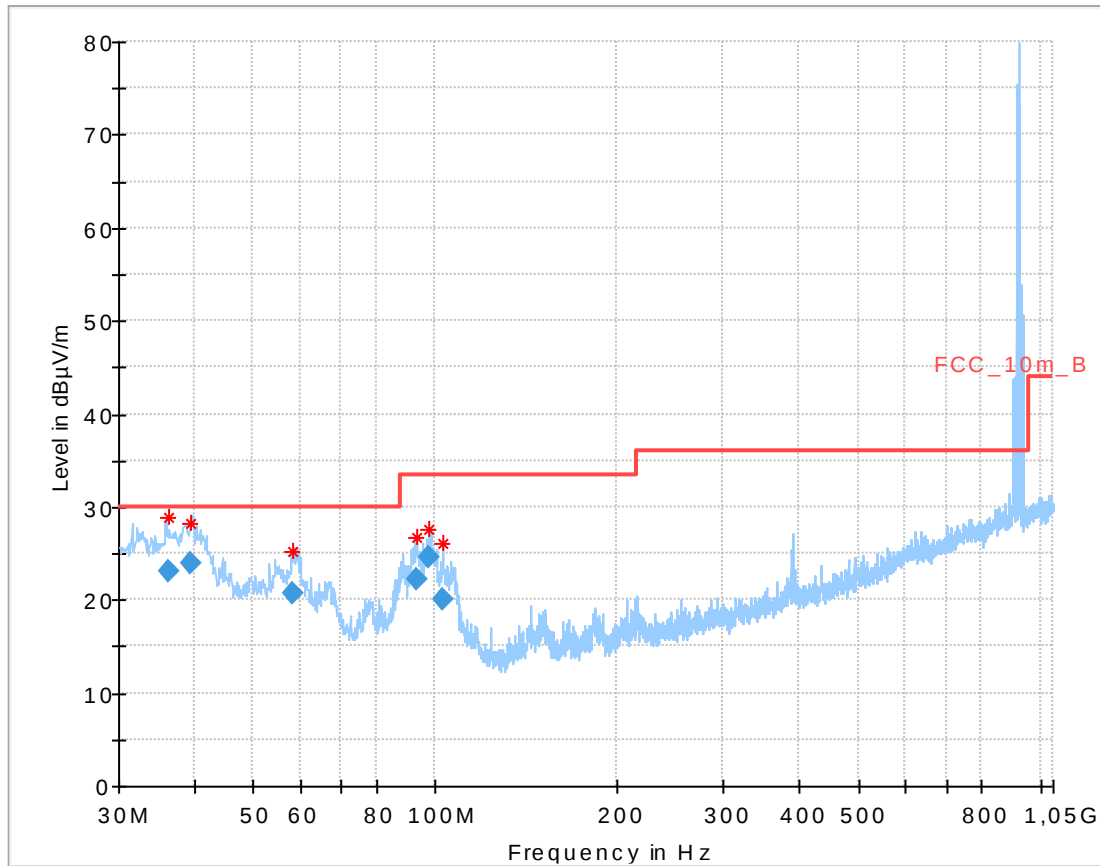
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
40.972050	24.44	30.00	5.56	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	251.0	13.3
60.000450	22.42	30.00	7.58	1000.0	120.000	200.0	V	266.0	11.9
68.441850	23.92	30.00	6.08	1000.0	120.000	281.0	V	275.0	10.0
86.809050	25.04	30.00	4.96	1000.0	120.000	103.0	V	276.0	9.0
89.653650	28.38	33.50	5.12	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	276.0	9.3
95.986200	30.45	33.50	3.05	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	295.0	11.0

Plot 4: 911.8 MHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



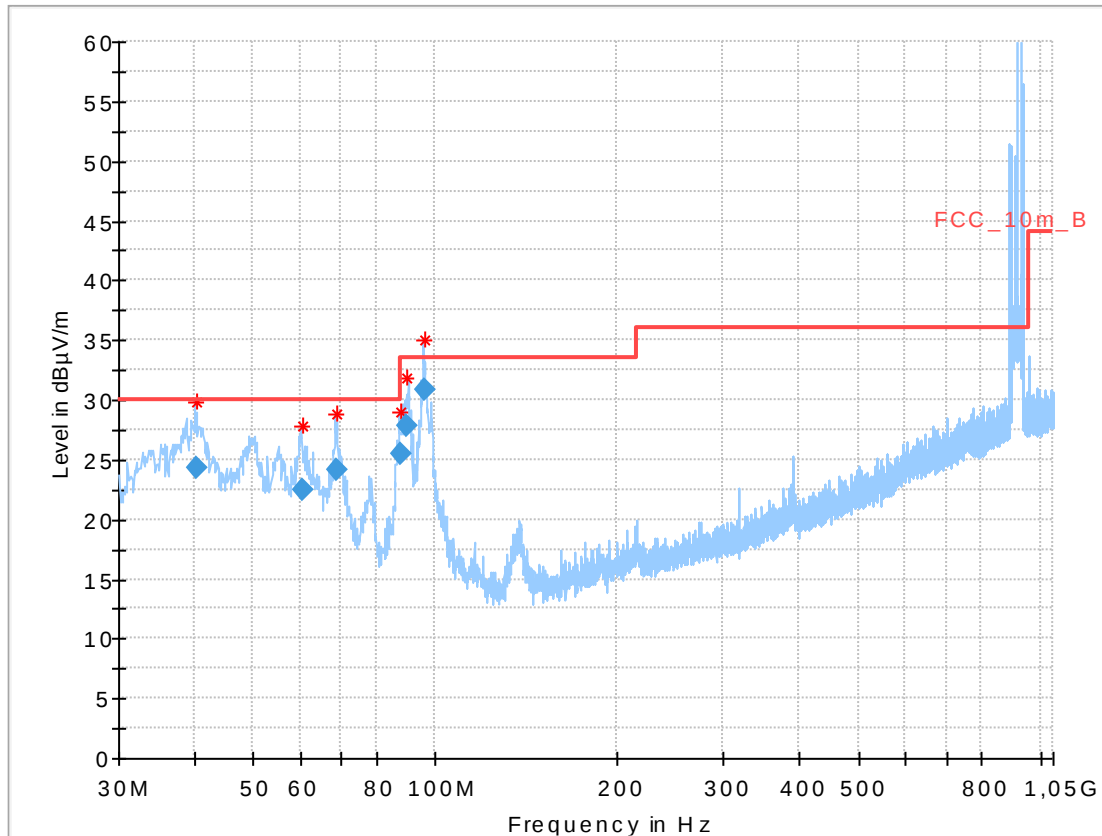
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
32.032050	24.07	30.00	5.93	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	1.0	12.2
36.491400	22.77	30.00	7.23	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	292.0	12.8
38.077050	24.96	30.00	5.04	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	264.0	13.0
40.083750	25.40	30.00	4.60	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	237.0	13.2
92.895750	22.32	33.50	11.18	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	246.0	10.2
97.441650	24.08	33.50	9.42	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	276.0	11.4

Plot 5: 920.5 MHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
36.196800	23.15	30.00	6.85	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	9.0	12.8
39.361050	23.84	30.00	6.16	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	109.0	13.1
58.216200	20.72	30.00	9.28	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	296.0	12.3
92.966400	22.13	33.50	11.37	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	283.0	10.2
97.845900	24.53	33.50	8.97	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	292.0	11.5
103.243800	20.07	33.50	13.43	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	314.0	11.8

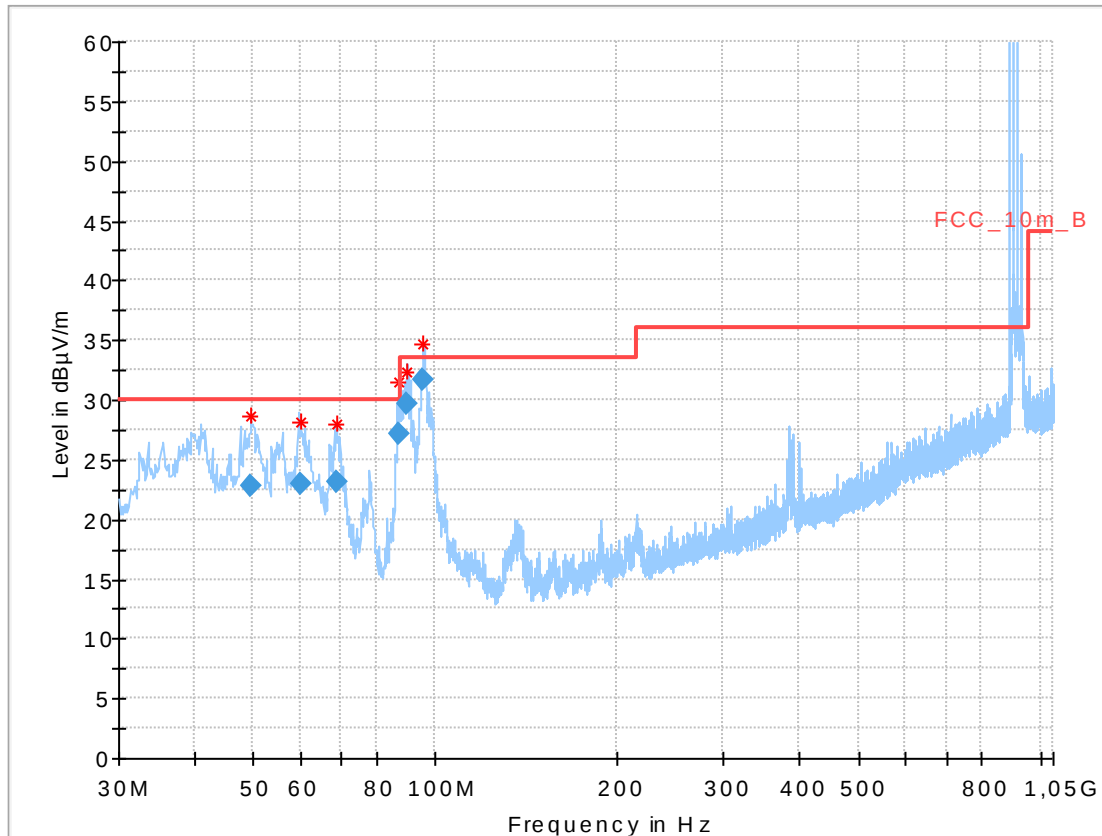
Plot 6: 927.7 MHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
40.427400	24.22	30.00	5.78	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	275.0	13.2
60.414000	22.43	30.00	7.57	1000.0	120.000	174.0	V	320.0	11.8
68.672550	24.07	30.00	5.93	1000.0	120.000	400.0	V	278.0	10.0
87.591900	25.50	30.00	4.50	1000.0	120.000	103.0	V	275.0	9.1
89.667900	27.87	33.50	5.63	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	296.0	9.3
95.844300	30.80	33.50	2.70	1000.0	120.000	104.0	V	295.0	11.0

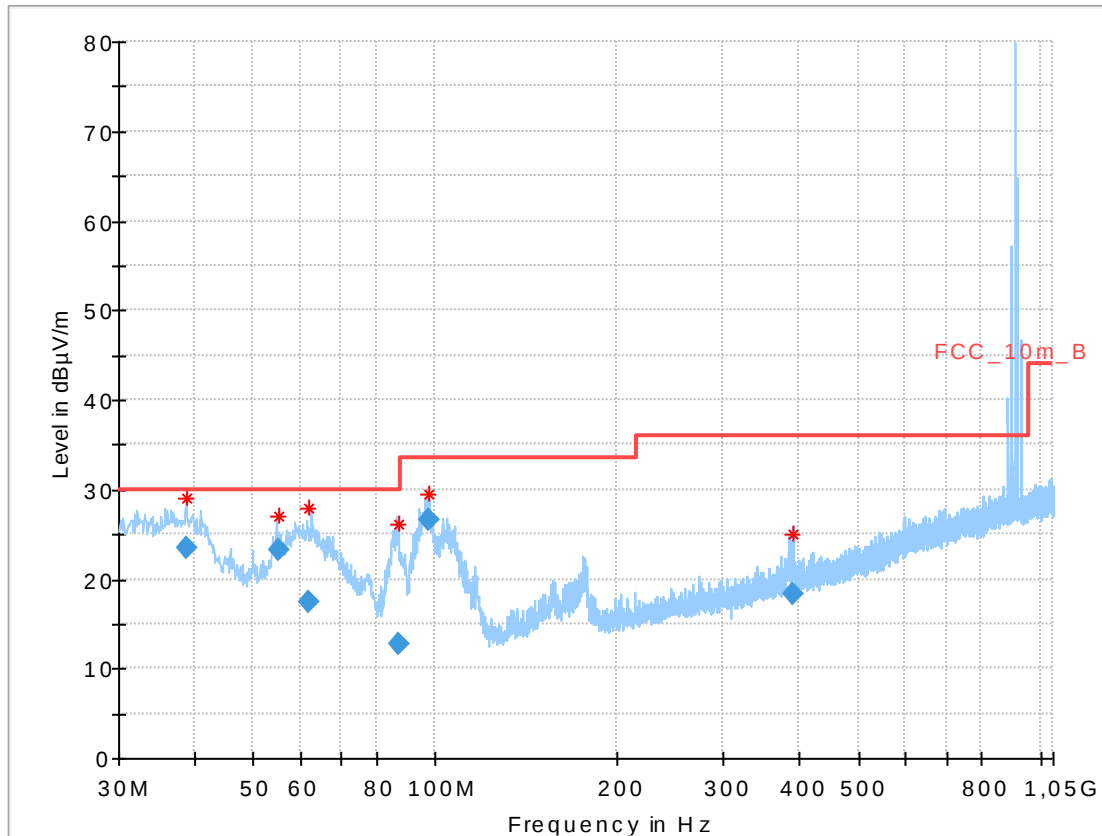
Plots LNAC:

Plot 1: 902.2 MHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



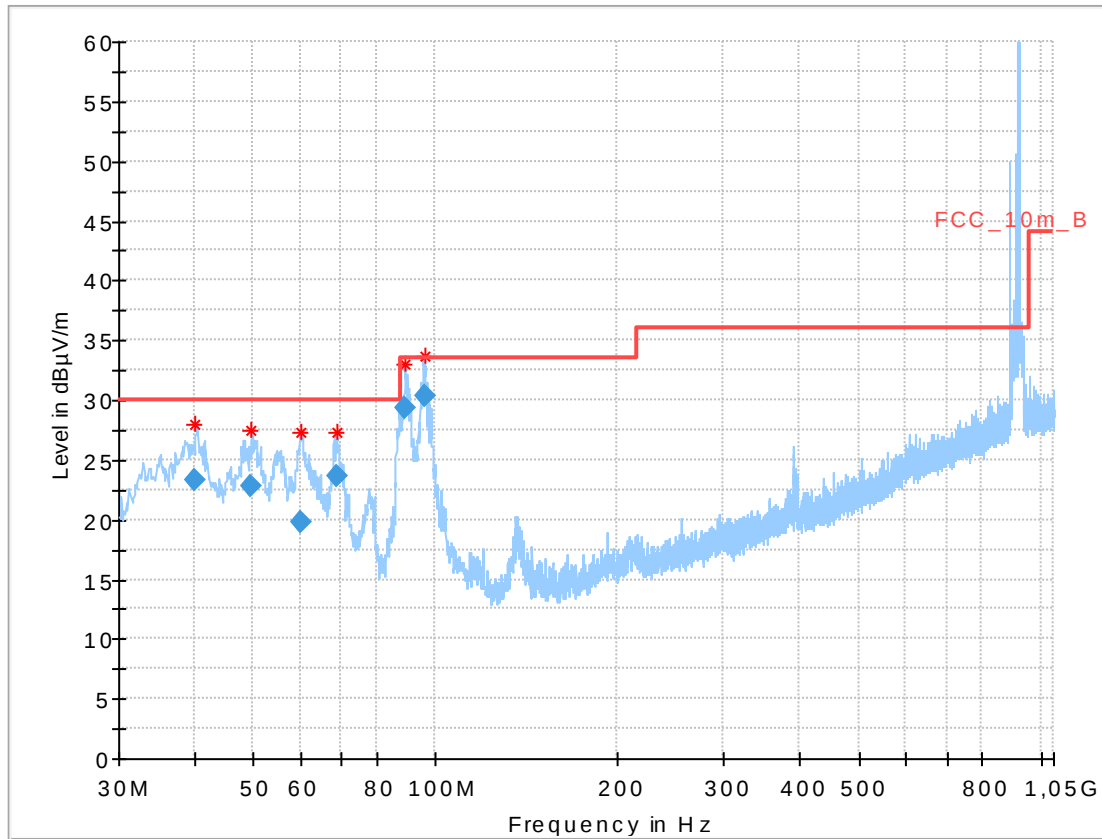
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
49.530150	22.84	30.00	7.16	1000.0	120.000	103.0	V	281.0	13.7
60.156900	22.94	30.00	7.06	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	300.0	11.8
68.756700	23.11	30.00	6.89	1000.0	120.000	400.0	V	295.0	10.0
87.219150	27.15	30.00	2.85	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	276.0	9.0
89.620500	29.69	33.50	3.81	1000.0	120.000	103.0	V	276.0	9.3
95.791350	31.63	33.50	1.87	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	277.0	11.0

Plot 2: 910.0 MHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



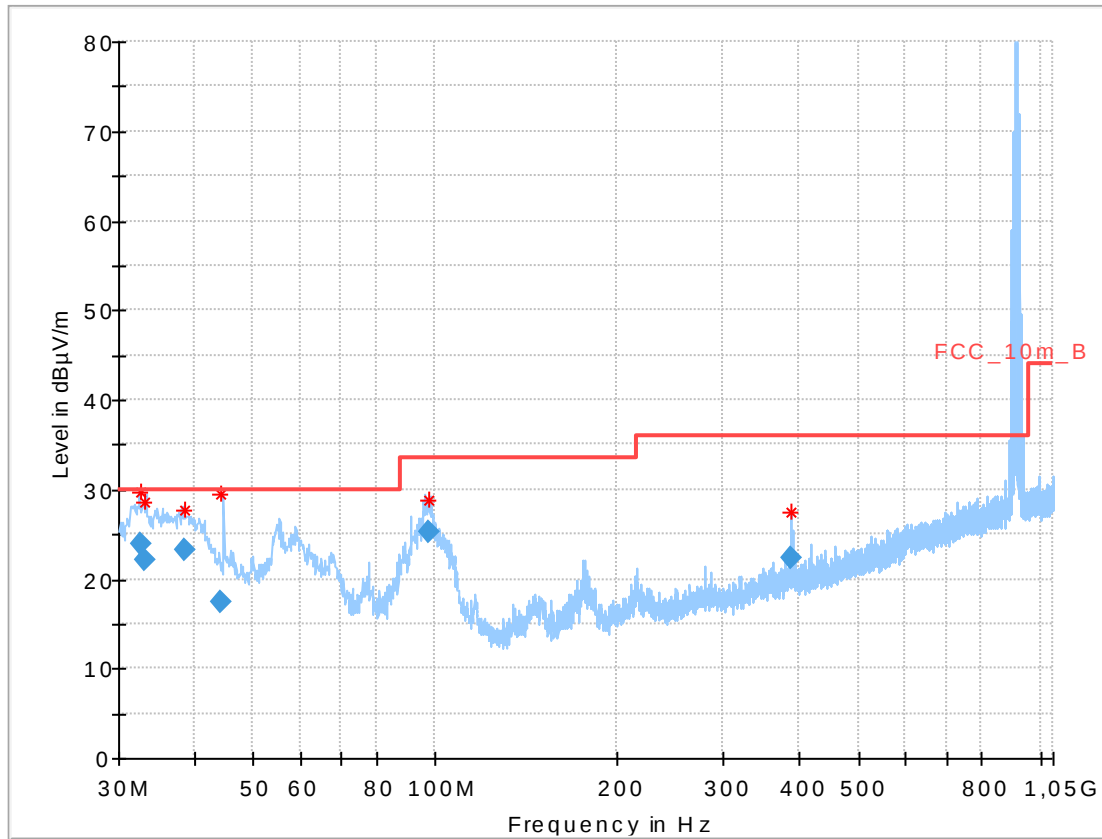
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
38.811450	23.50	30.00	6.50	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	75.0	13.1
55.149900	23.35	30.00	6.65	1000.0	120.000	178.0	V	353.0	13.1
61.928550	17.38	30.00	12.62	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	231.0	11.4
87.337350	12.74	30.00	17.26	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	13.0	9.0
97.301700	26.55	33.50	6.95	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	243.0	11.4
389.750250	18.24	36.00	17.76	1000.0	120.000	185.0	H	145.0	16.7

Plot 3: 918.1 MHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



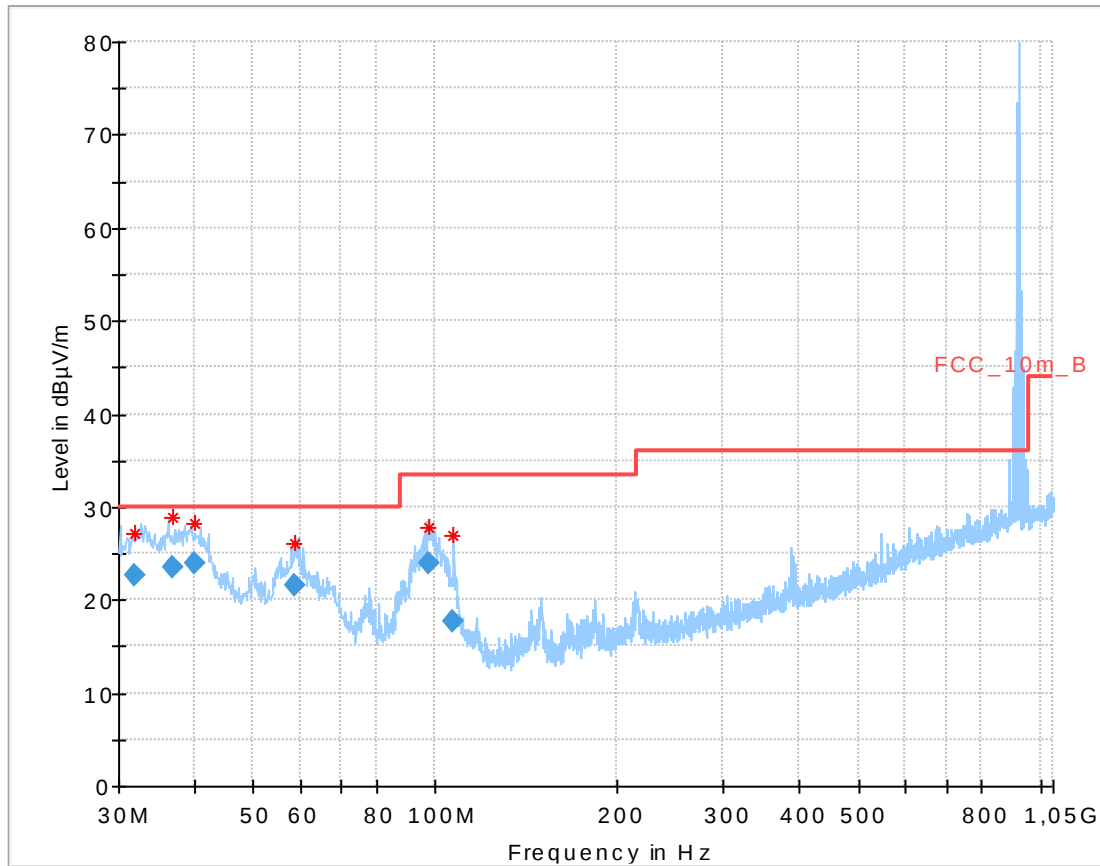
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
40.082100	23.26	30.00	6.74	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	276.0	13.2
49.708950	22.87	30.00	7.13	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	297.0	13.7
59.960400	19.81	30.00	10.19	1000.0	120.000	400.0	V	-15.0	11.9
68.657700	23.64	30.00	6.36	1000.0	120.000	273.0	V	275.0	10.0
89.021550	29.34	33.50	4.16	1000.0	120.000	102.0	V	276.0	9.2
95.897400	30.34	33.50	3.16	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	275.0	11.0

Plot 4: 911.8 MHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



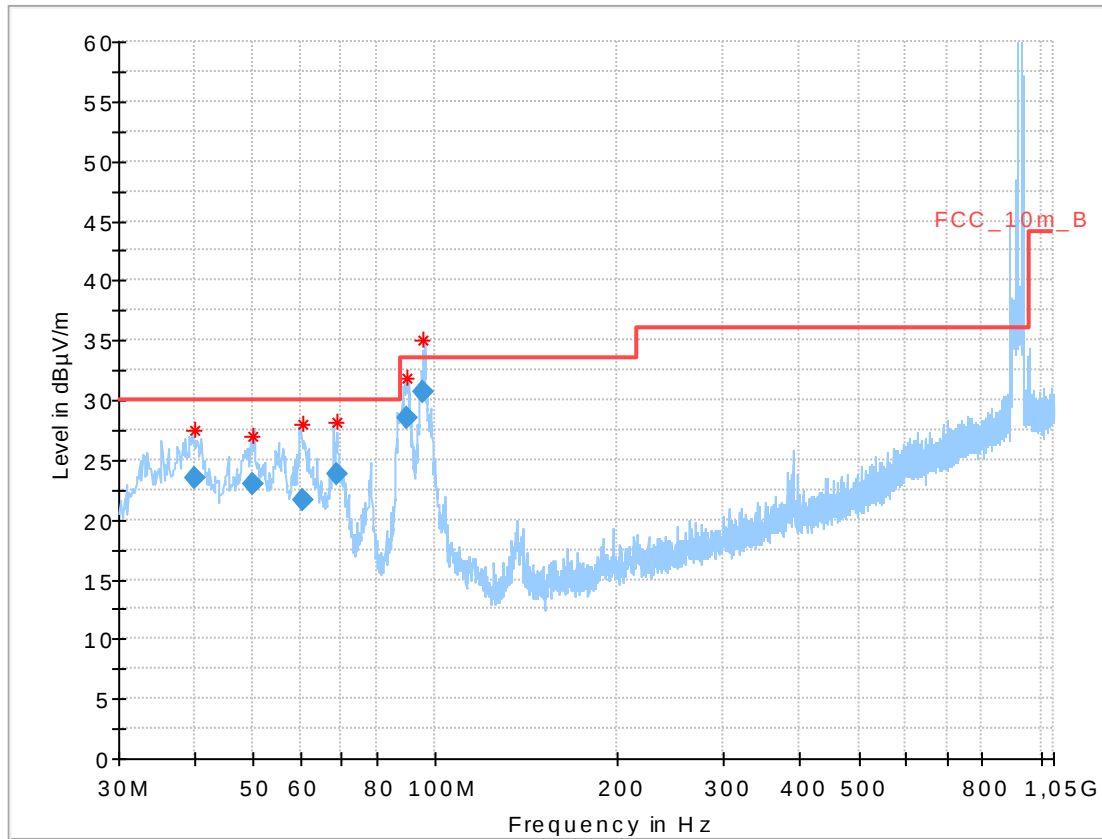
Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
32.599650	23.80	30.00	6.20	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	343.0	12.3
33.123000	22.21	30.00	7.79	1000.0	120.000	179.0	V	34.0	12.4
38.573850	23.14	30.00	6.86	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	154.0	13.1
44.227050	17.34	30.00	12.66	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	154.0	13.6
97.872900	25.23	33.50	8.27	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	272.0	11.6
387.973350	22.34	36.00	13.66	1000.0	120.000	185.0	H	337.0	16.7

Plot 5: 920.5 MHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
31.918050	22.71	30.00	7.29	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	353.0	12.2
36.785100	23.42	30.00	6.58	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	29.0	12.9
40.151550	24.01	30.00	5.99	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	211.0	13.2
58.420950	21.67	30.00	8.33	1000.0	120.000	101.0	V	353.0	12.2
97.474500	23.99	33.50	9.51	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	285.0	11.4
106.838550	17.66	33.50	15.84	1000.0	120.000	185.0	V	353.0	11.5

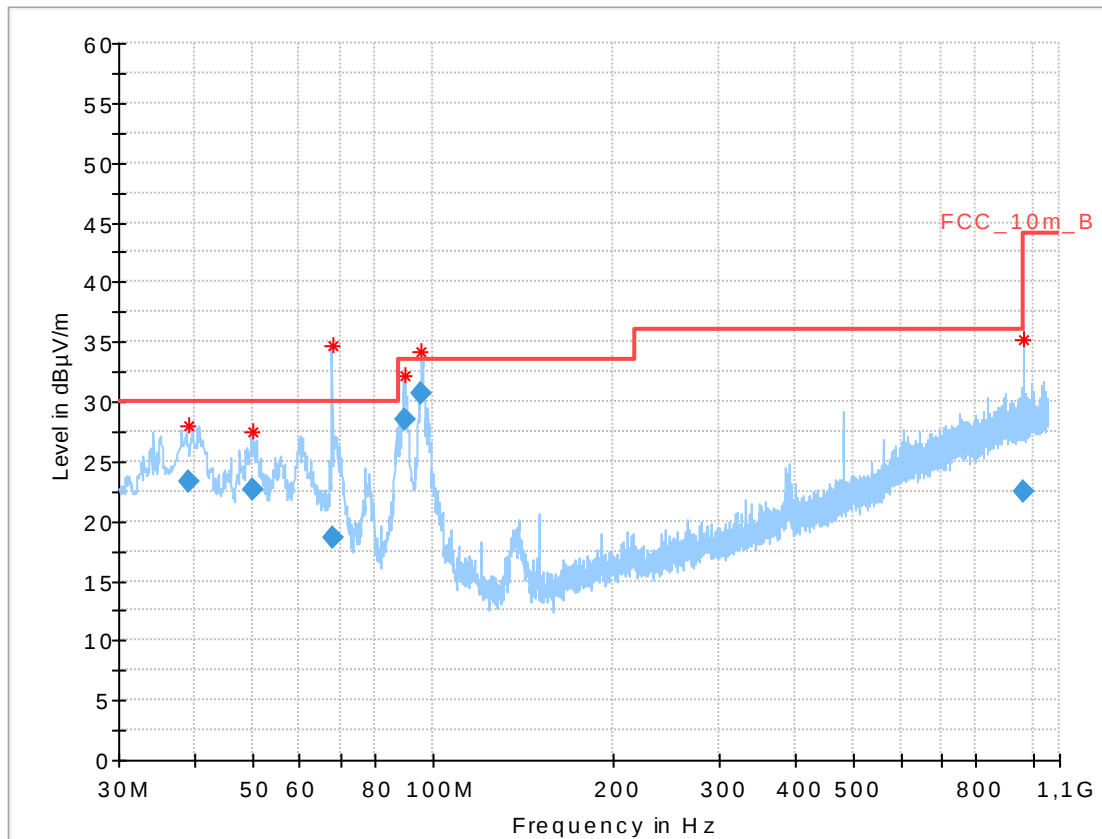
Plot 6: 927.7 MHz, 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
39.943050	23.46	30.00	6.54	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	256.0	13.2
50.092650	22.99	30.00	7.01	1000.0	120.000	103.0	V	296.0	13.7
60.480150	21.54	30.00	8.46	1000.0	120.000	200.0	V	0.0	11.7
68.592900	23.76	30.00	6.24	1000.0	120.000	270.0	V	278.0	10.0
89.656500	28.47	33.50	5.03	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	297.0	9.3
95.637150	30.66	33.50	2.84	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	276.0	10.9

Plot RX-mode:

Plot 1: 30 MHz – 1 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation (valid for all channels)



Frequency (MHz)	QuasiPeak (dBµV/m)	Limit (dBµV/m)	Margin (dB)	Meas. Time (ms)	Bandwidth (kHz)	Height (cm)	Pol	Azimuth (deg)	Corr. (dB)
39.202200	23.22	30.00	6.78	1000.0	120.000	98.0	V	220.0	13.1
50.134350	22.55	30.00	7.45	1000.0	120.000	200.0	V	281.0	13.7
68.180250	18.67	30.00	11.33	1000.0	120.000	171.0	V	121.0	10.1
89.676600	28.56	33.50	4.94	1000.0	120.000	100.0	V	275.0	9.3
95.702850	30.65	33.50	2.85	1000.0	120.000	103.0	V	276.0	11.0
960.097500	22.50	44.00	21.50	1000.0	120.000	200.0	H	1.0	24.5

11.9.2 Spurious emissions radiated above 1 GHz

Description:

Measurement of the radiated spurious emissions in transmit mode. The measurement is performed in the mode with the highest output power.

Measurement parameters	
Detector	Peak / RMS
Sweep time	Auto
Resolution bandwidth	1 MHz
Video bandwidth	3 x RBW
Span	1 GHz to 26 GHz
Trace mode	Max hold
Measured modulation	DBPSK
Test setup	See sub clause 6.2 A (1 GHz – 18 GHz) See sub clause 6.3 A (18 GHz – 26 GHz)
Measurement uncertainty	See sub clause 8

The modulation with the highest output power was used to perform the transmitter spurious emissions. If spurious were detected a re-measurement was performed on the detected frequency with each modulation.

Limits:

ANSI C63.10 – FCC Public Notice DA 00-705
The average emission shall be determined by using Video averaging (VBW = 10 Hz). If the dwell time of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms (per channel), the VBW=10 Hz reading may be adjusted by a factor: $F = 20 \log (\text{dwell time}/100 \text{ ms})$

FCC		IC
TX spurious emissions radiated		
In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).		
§15.209		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength (dBμV/m)	Measurement distance
Above 960	54.0	3

Result:

For radiated spurious emission the limits of 15.209 applies for all frequencies mentioned in 15.205. According to FCC Public Notice DA 00-705 (ANSI C63.10) the average emission shall be determined by using Video averaging (VBW = 10 Hz). If the dwell time of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms (per channel), the VBW=10 Hz reading may be adjusted by a factor:

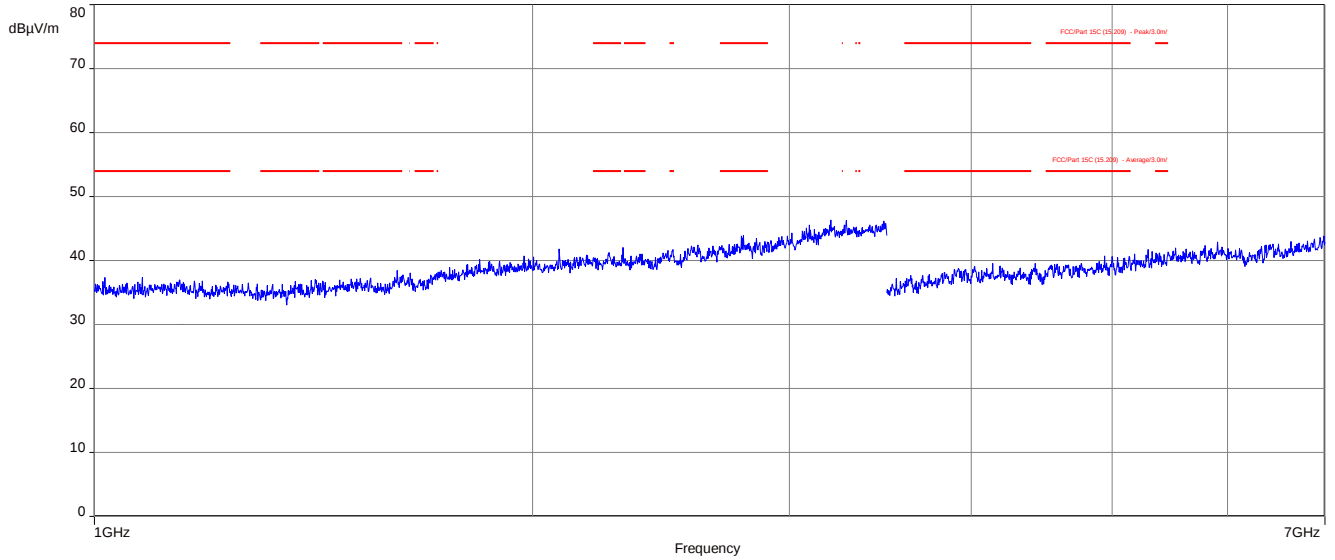
$$F = 20 \cdot \log (\text{dwell time}/100 \text{ ms})$$

One pulse train is higher than 100 ms so the correction factor is 0 (see plots in chapter 11.3)

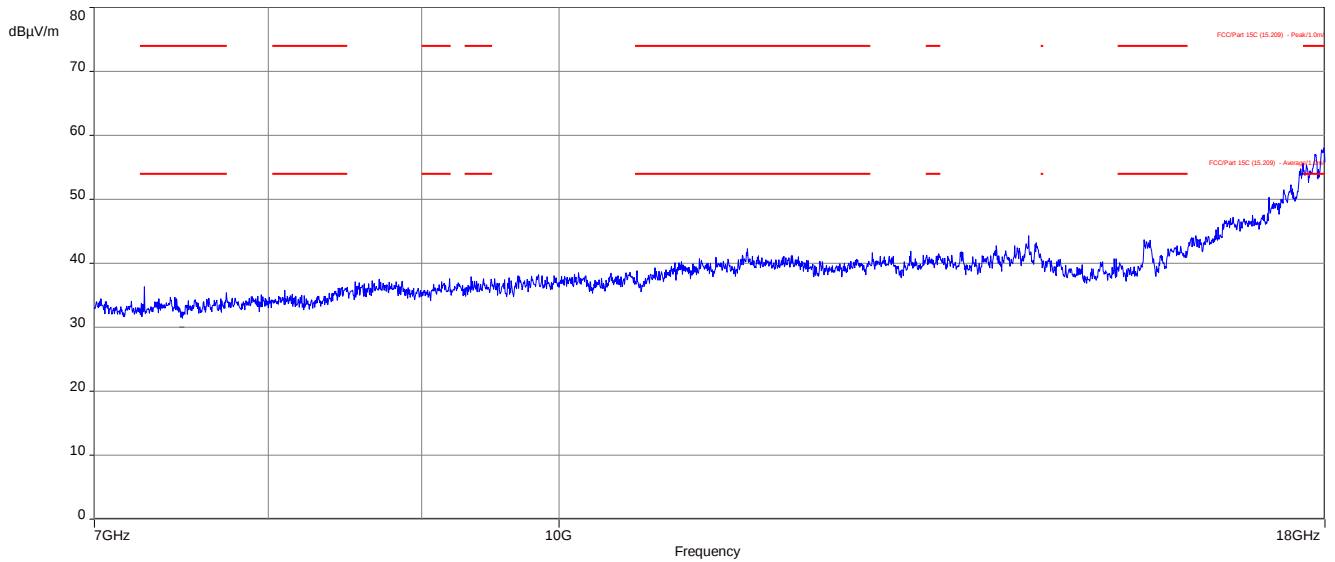
TX spurious emissions radiated [dBμV/m]					
With LNA			With LNAC		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]	F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dBμV/m]
918.1 MHz			918.1 MHz		
2754	Peak	57.4	2754	Peak	64.5
	AVG	47.5		AVG	53.8
911.8 MHz			911.8 MHz		
3657	Peak	49.4	9141	Peak	49.6
	AVG	38.6		AVG	39.5
920.5 MHz			-/-		
2762	Peak	57.4		Peak	
	AVG	49.6		AVG	
927.7 MHz					
2783	Peak	57.2		Peak	
	AVG	48.8		AVG	

Plots LNA:

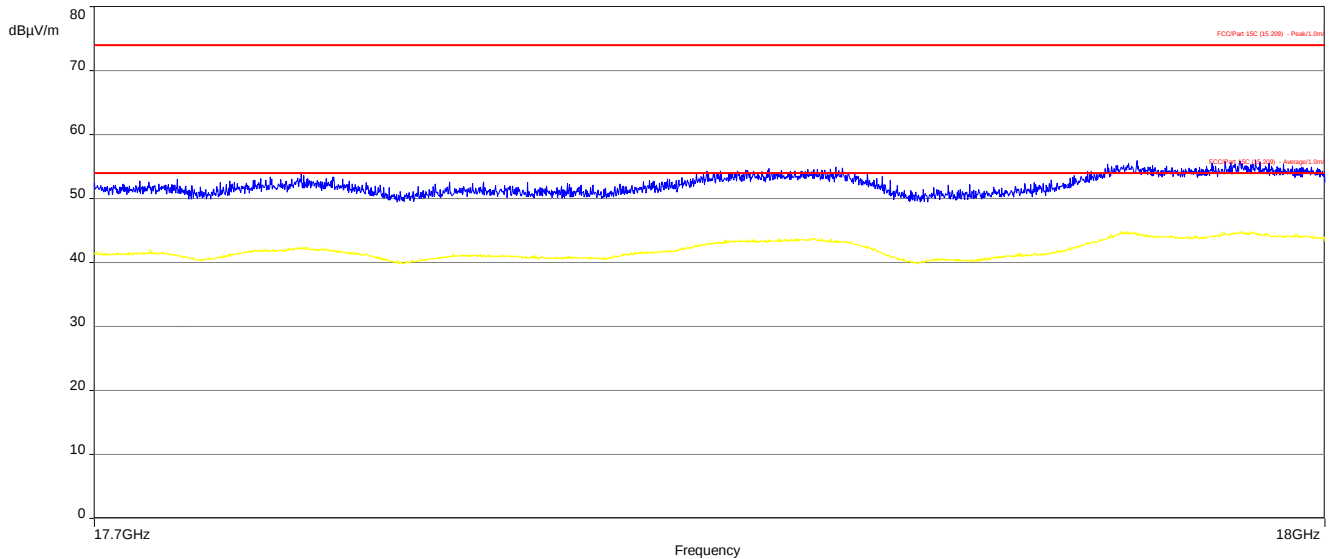
Plot 1: 902.2 MHz, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



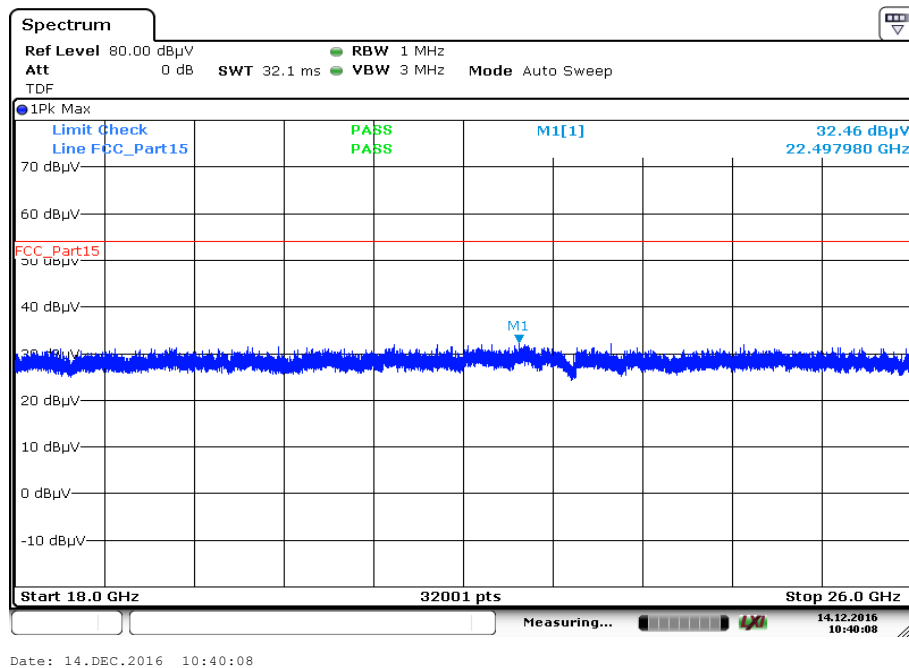
Plot 2: 902.2 MHz, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



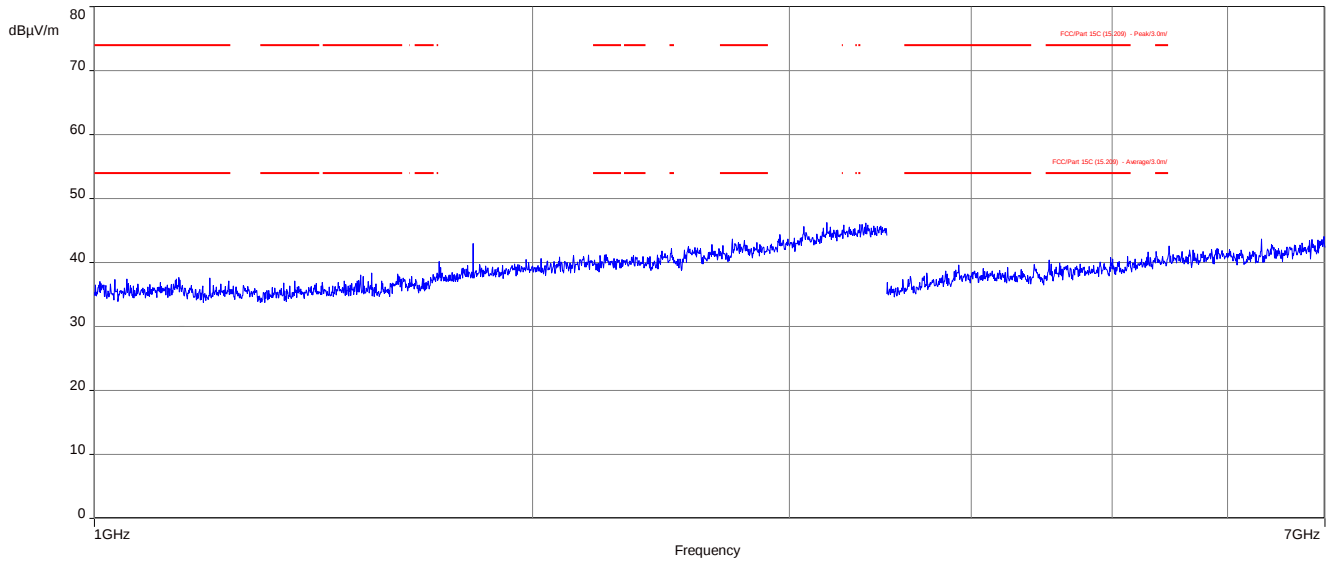
Plot 3: 902.2 MHz, 17.7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



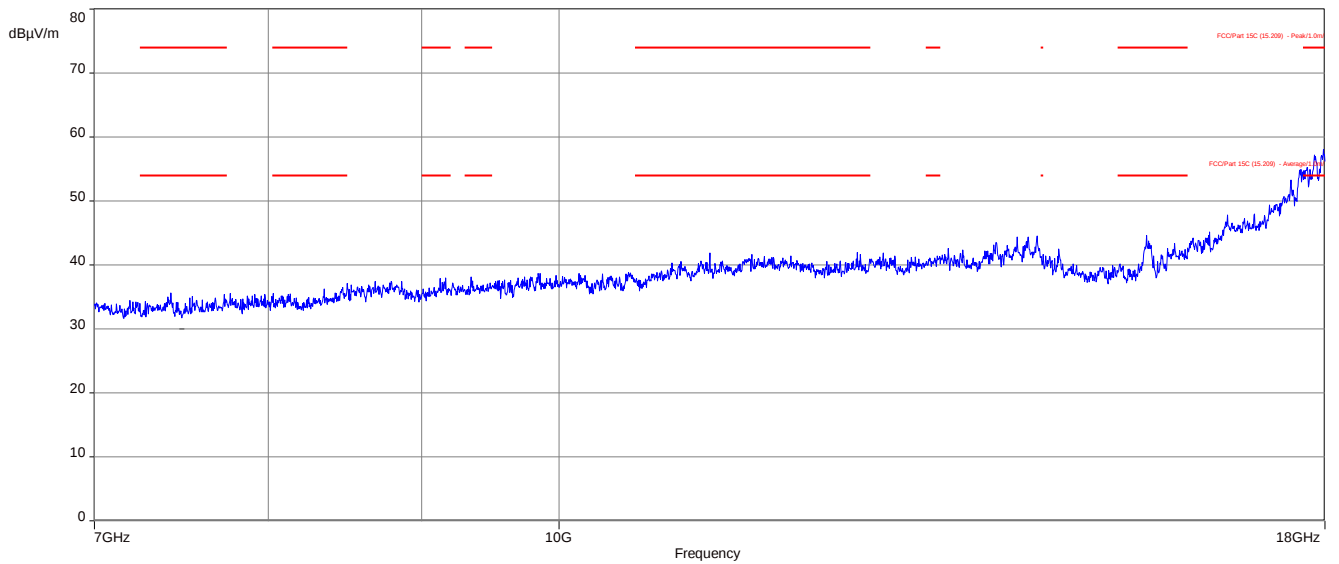
Plot 4: 902.2 MHz, 18 GHz – 26 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



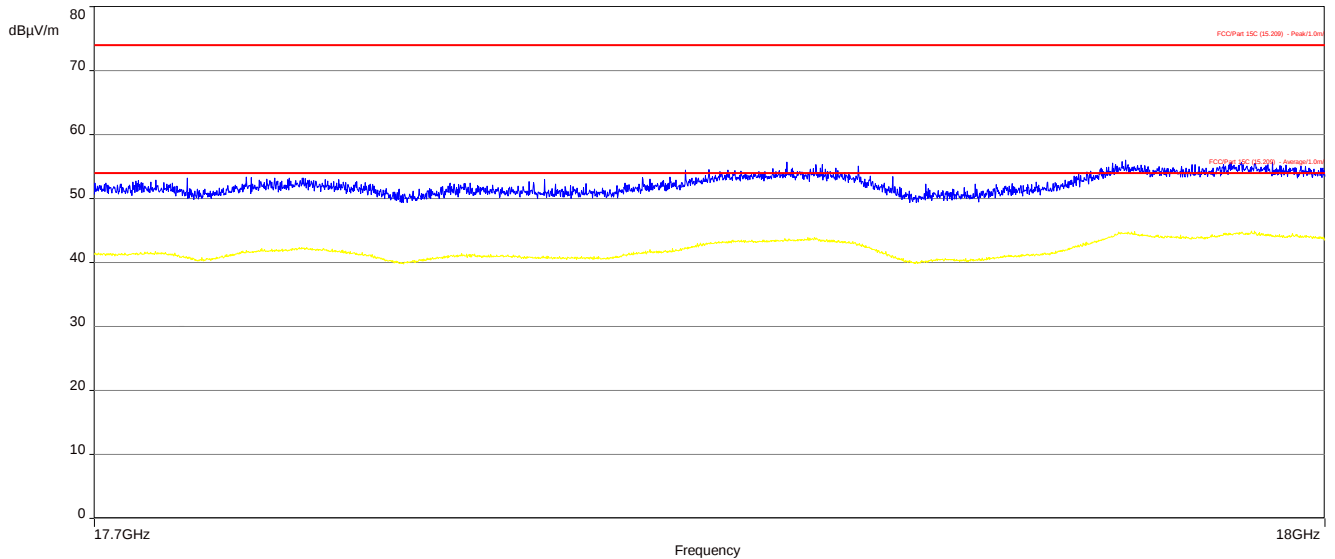
Plot 5: 910.0 MHz, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



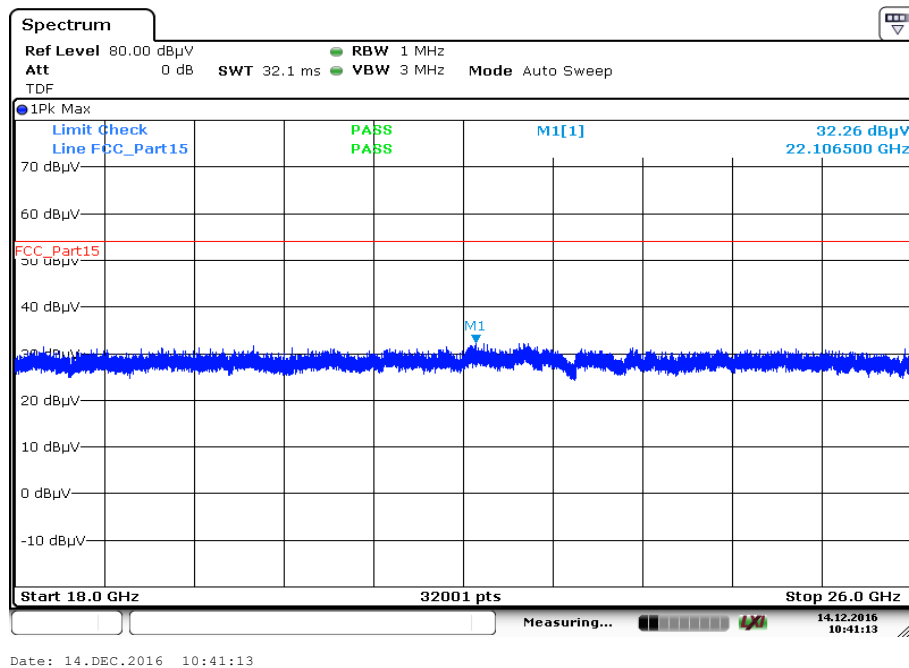
Plot 6: 910.0 MHz, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



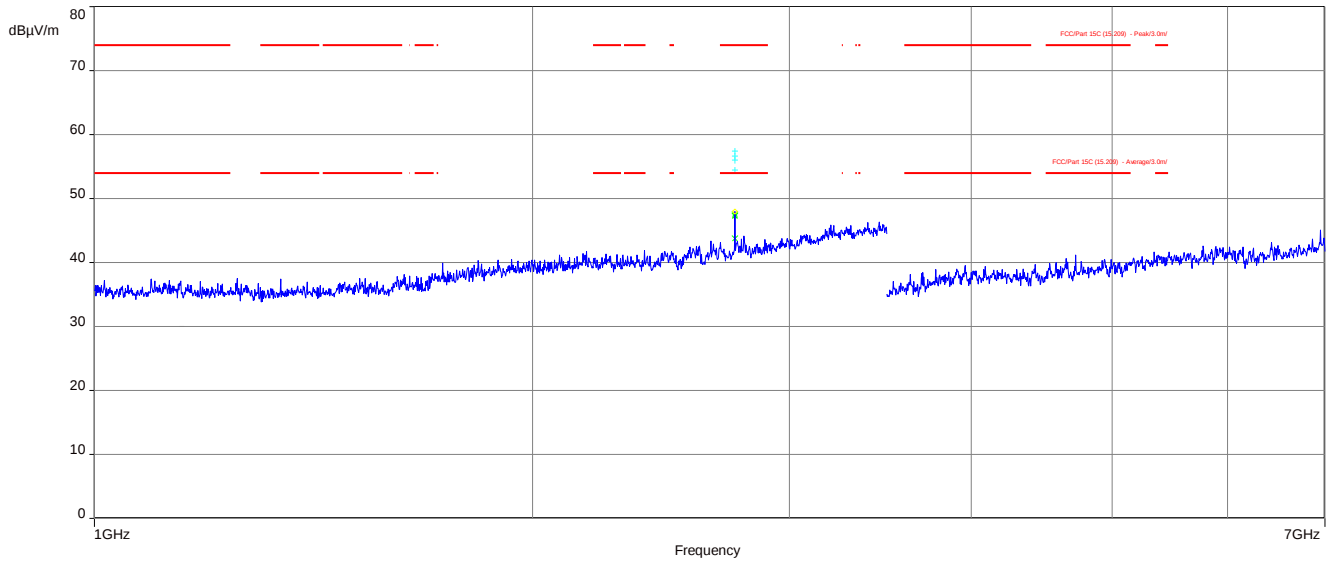
Plot 7: 910.0 MHz, 17.7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



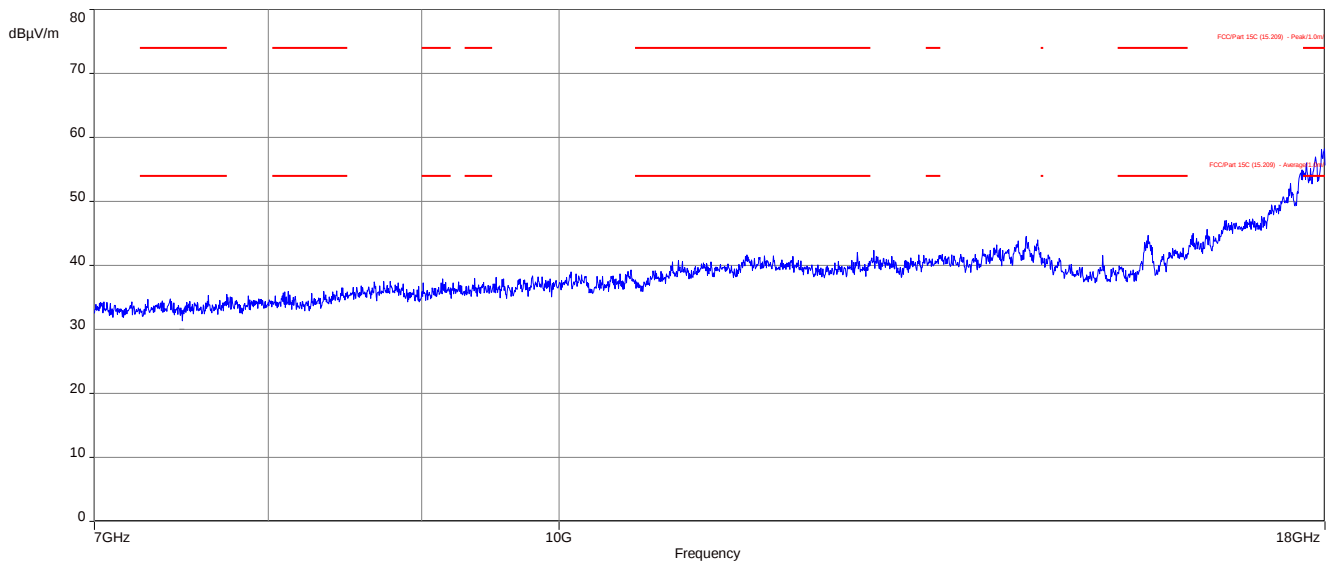
Plot 8: 910.0 MHz, 18 GHz – 26 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



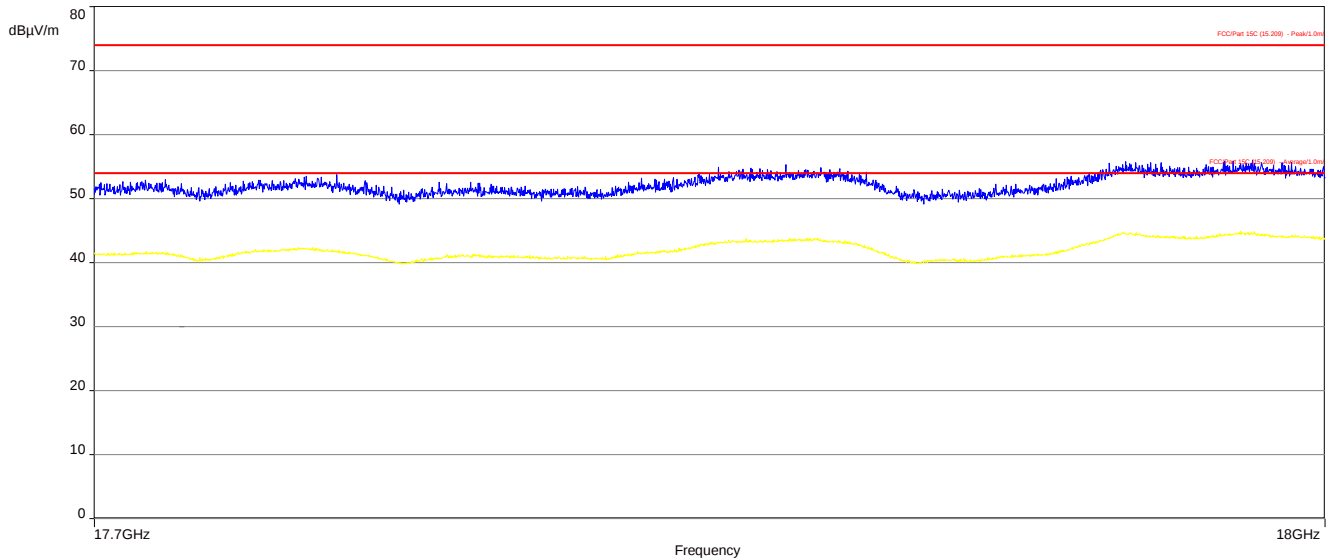
Plot 9: 918.1 MHz 1 GHz – 7 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



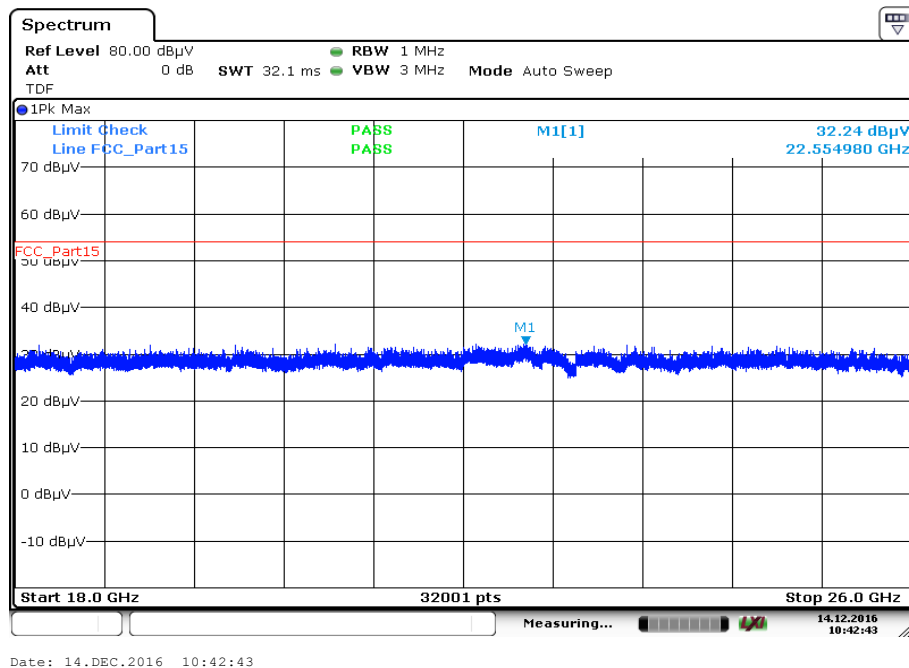
Plot 10: 918.1 MHz 7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



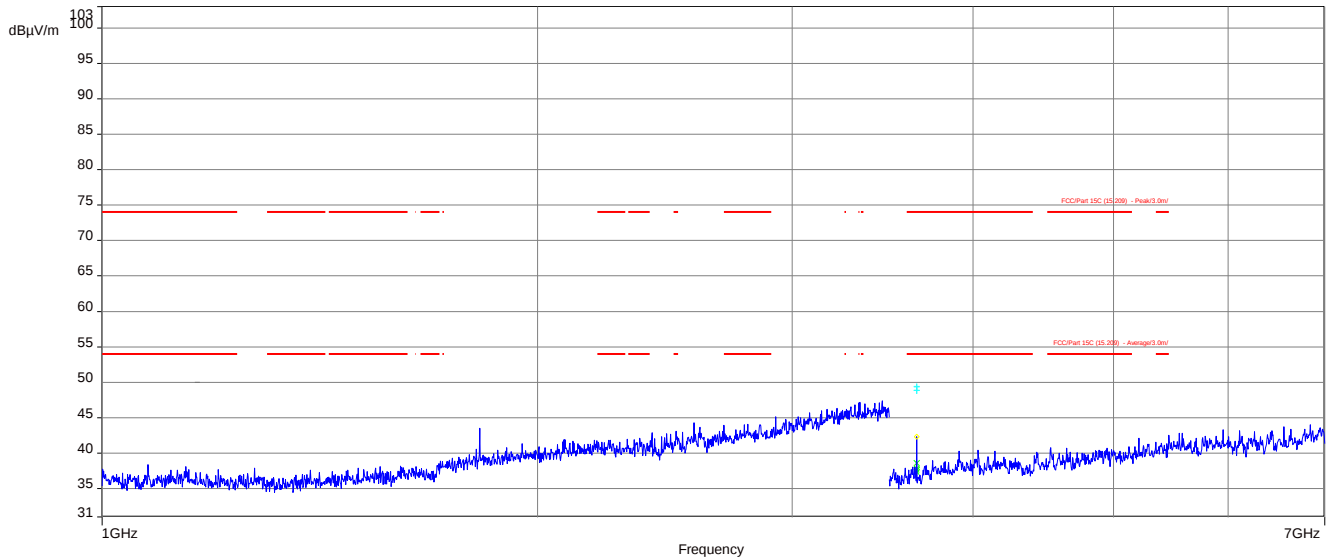
Plot 11: 918.1 MHz 17.7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



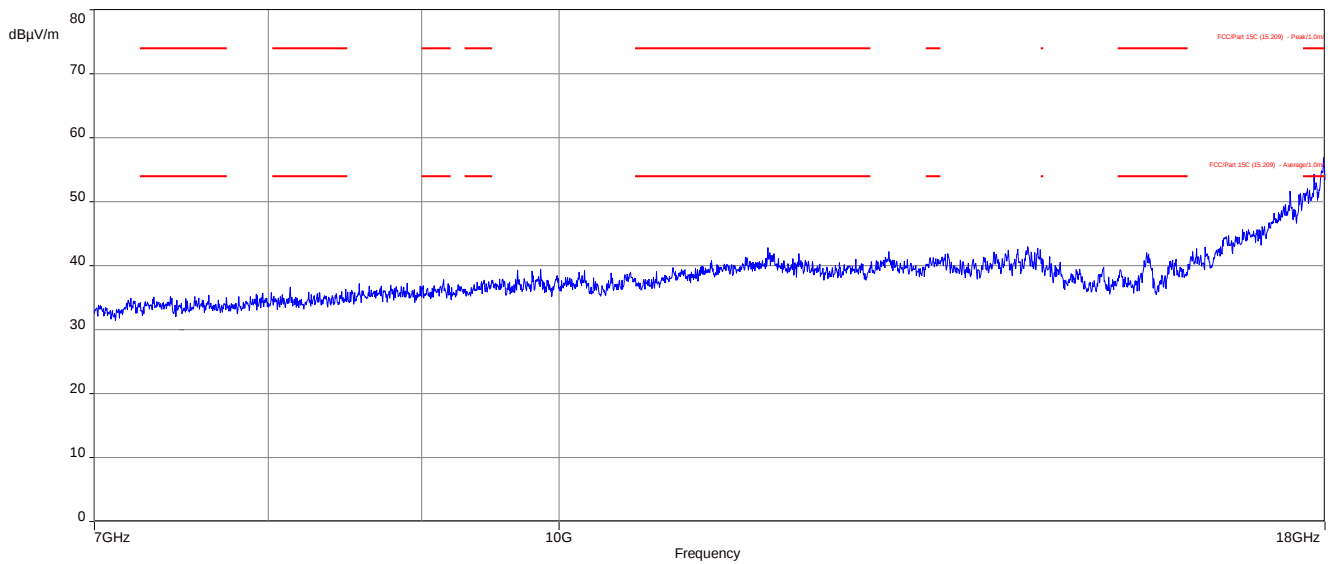
Plot 12: 918.1 MHz 18 GHz – 26 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



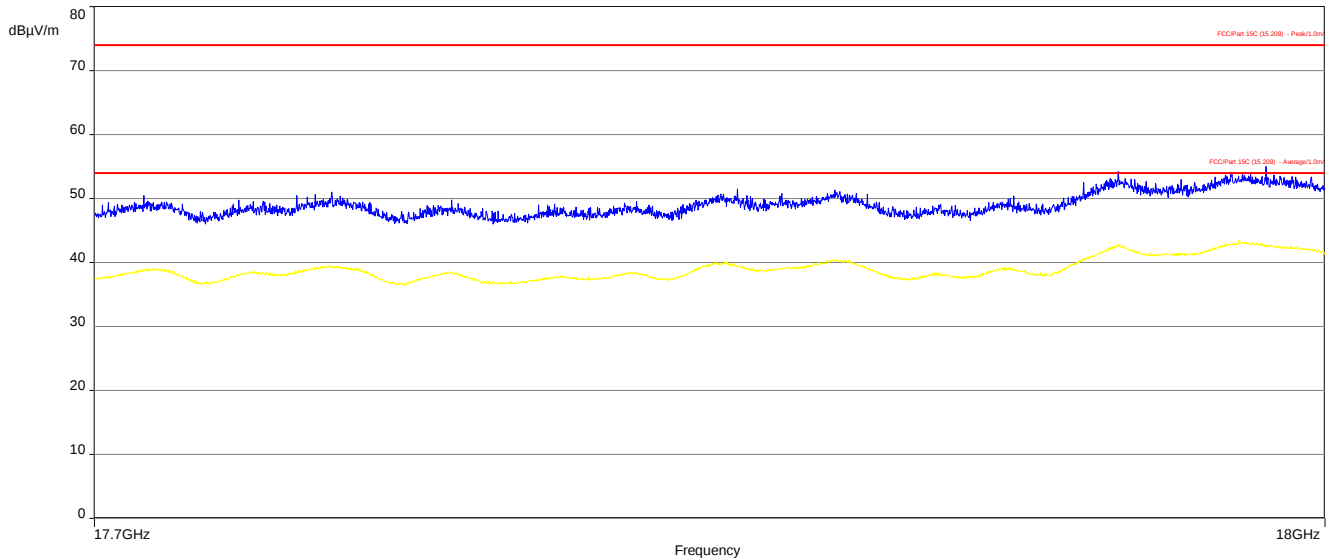
Plot 13: 911.8 MHz, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



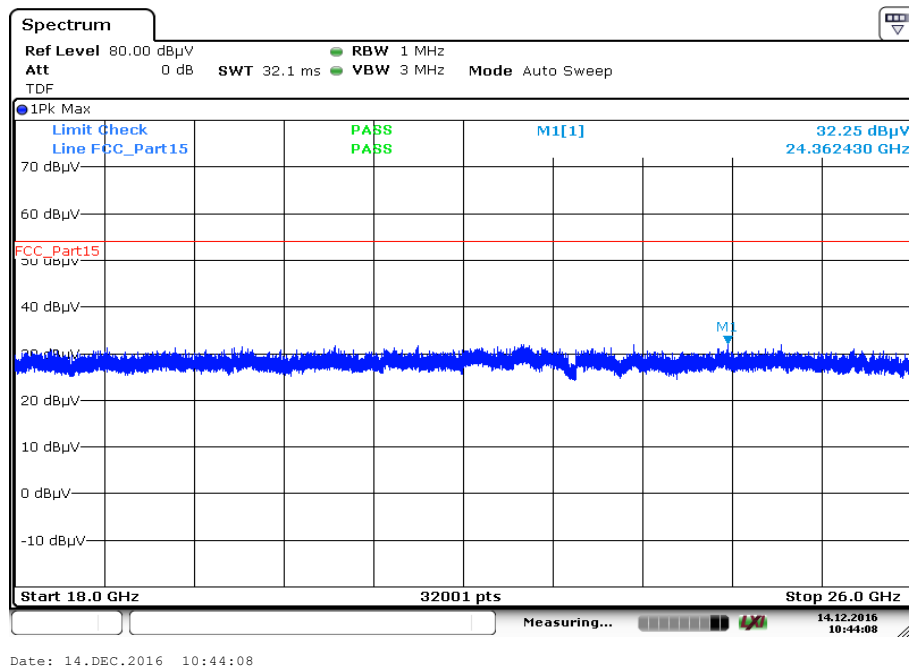
Plot 14: 911.8 MHz, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



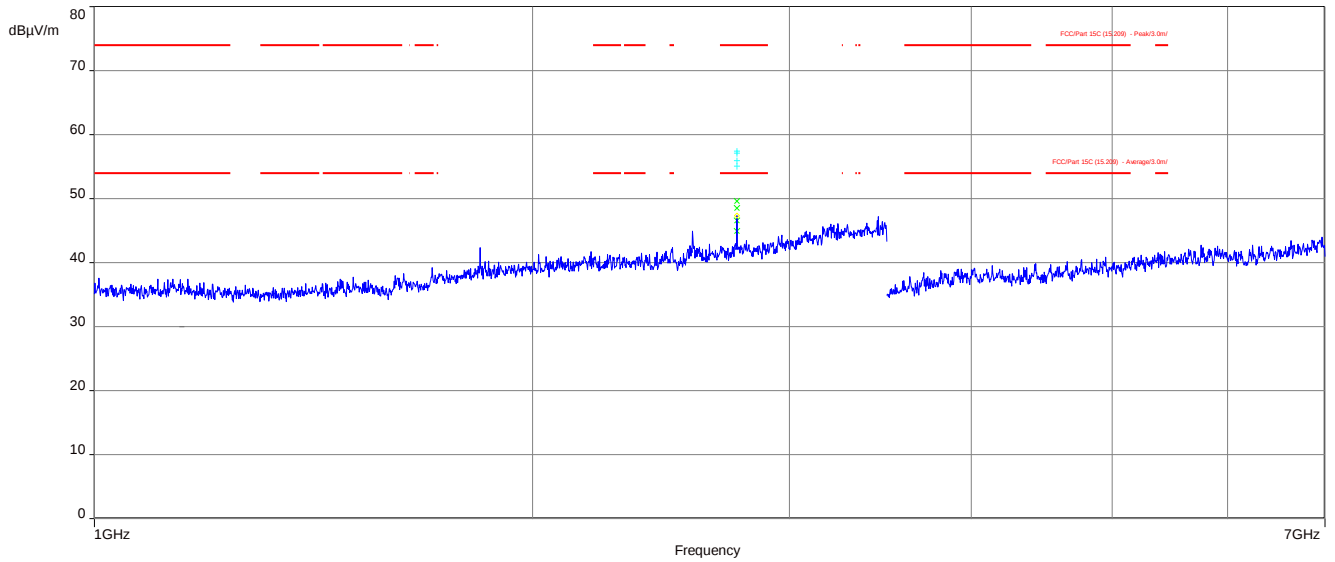
Plot 15: 911.8 MHz, 17.7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



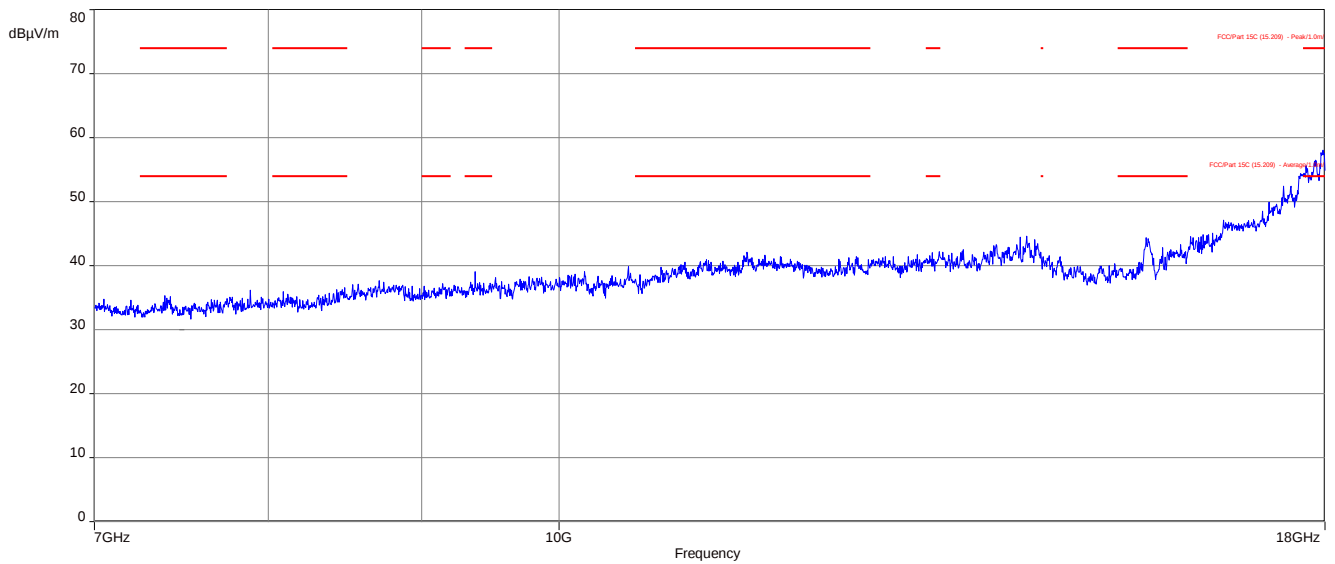
Plot 16: 911.8 MHz, 18 GHz – 26 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



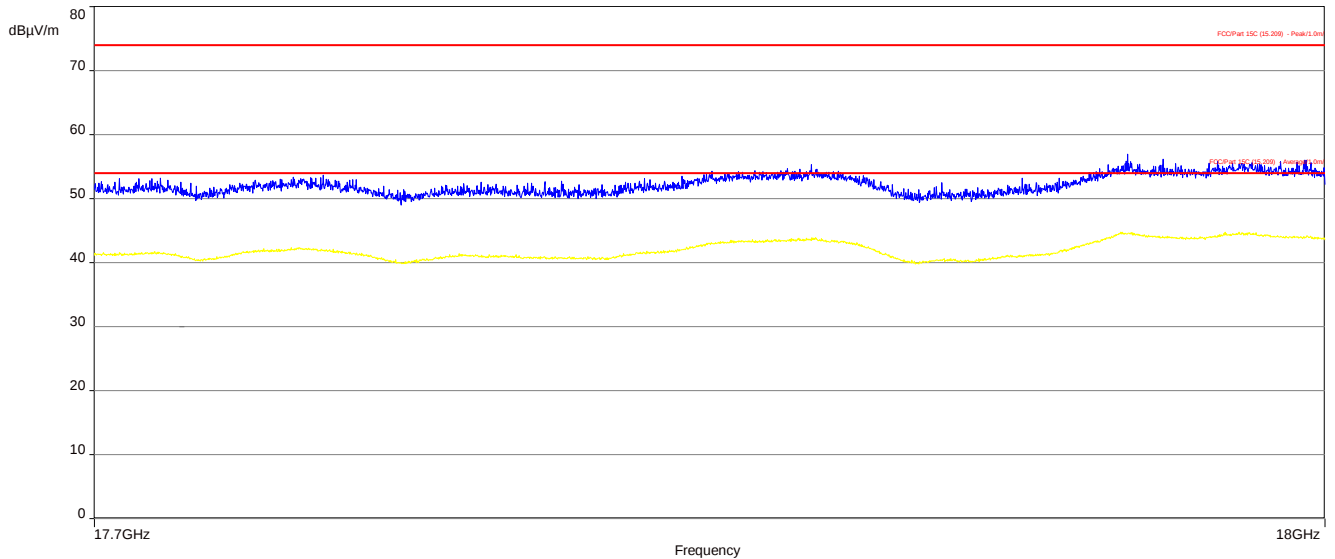
Plot 17: 920.5 MHz, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



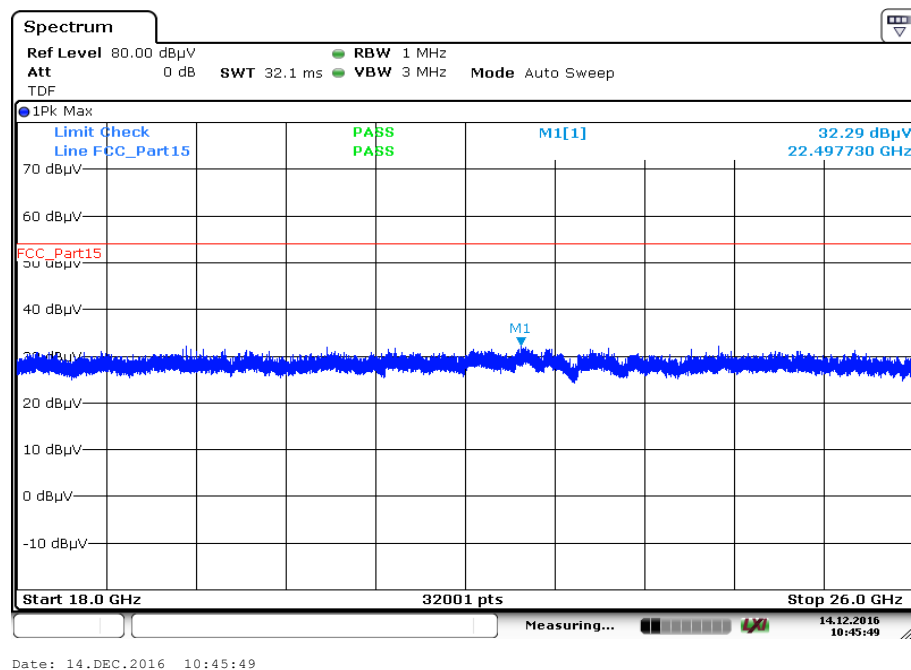
Plot 18: 920.5 MHz, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



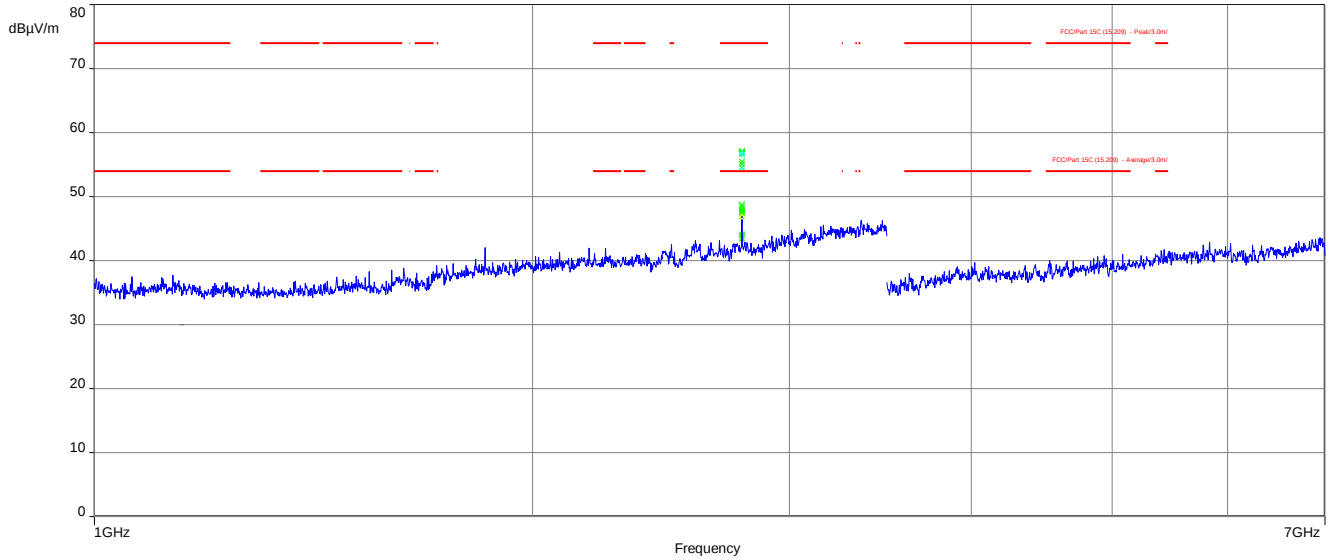
Plot 19: 920.5 MHz, 17.7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



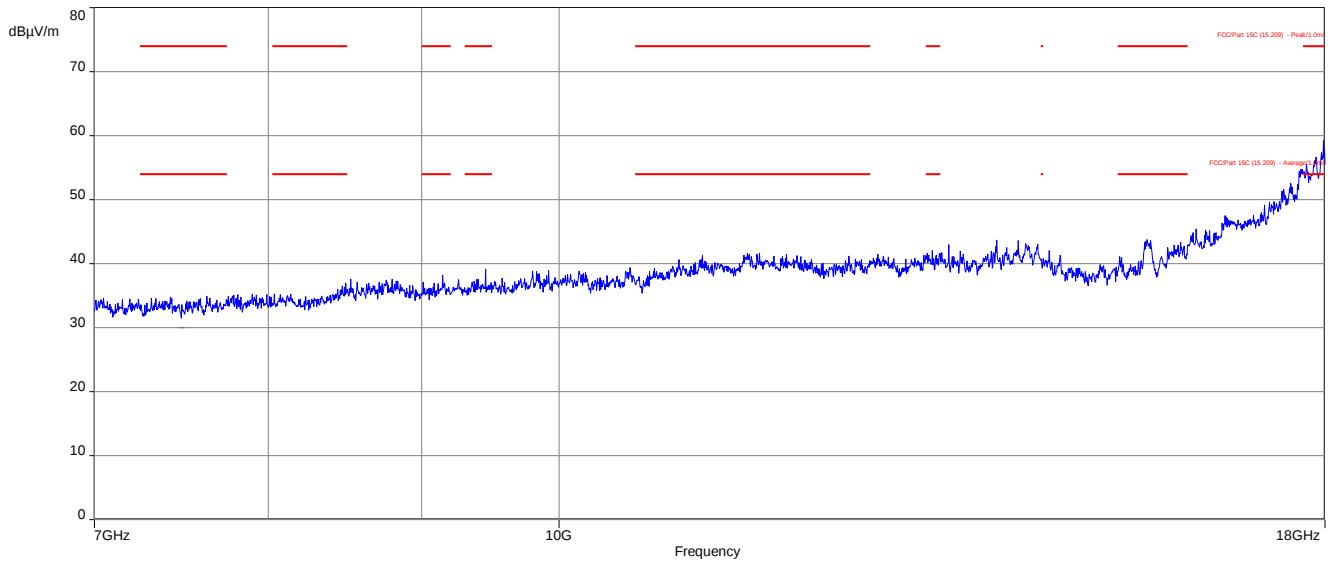
Plot 20: 920.5 MHz, 18 GHz – 26 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



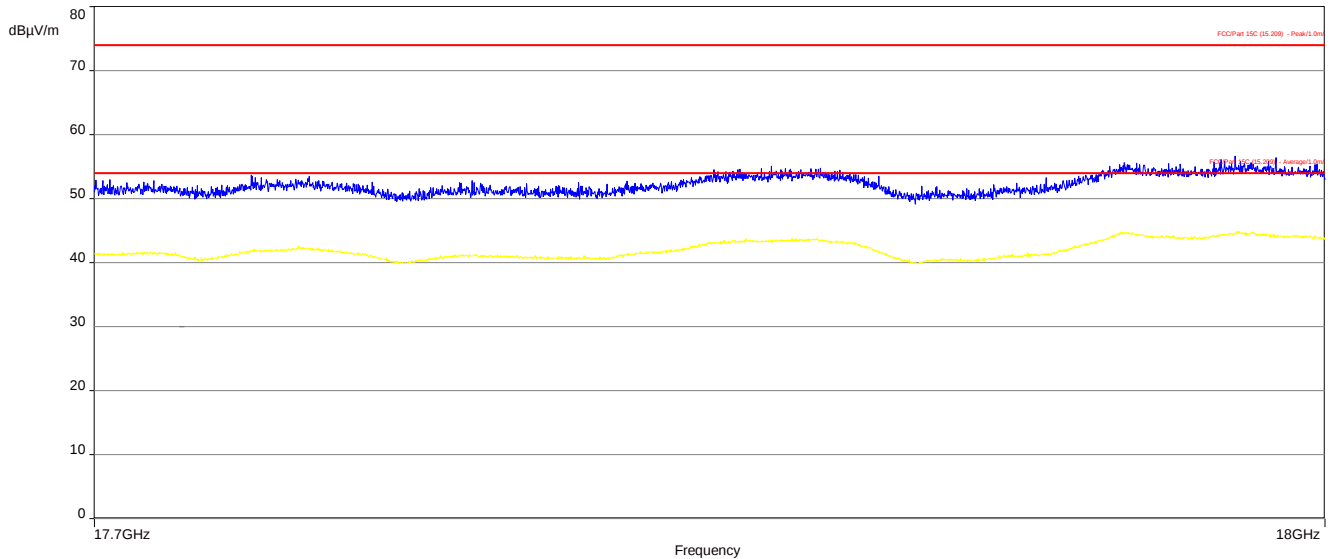
Plot 21: 927.7 MHz 1 GHz – 7 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



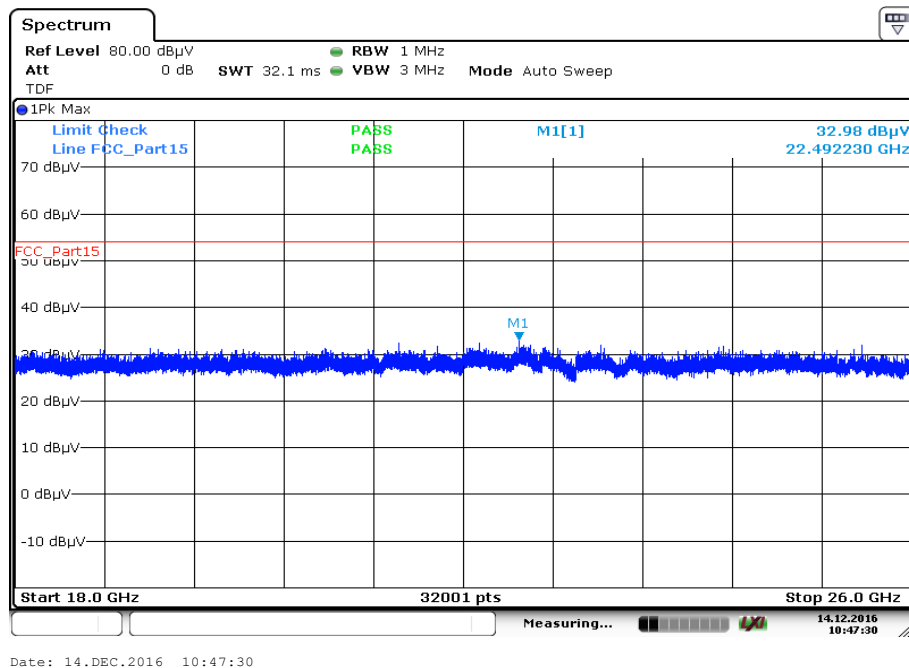
Plot 22: 927.7 MHz 7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



Plot 23: 927.7 MHz 17.7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation

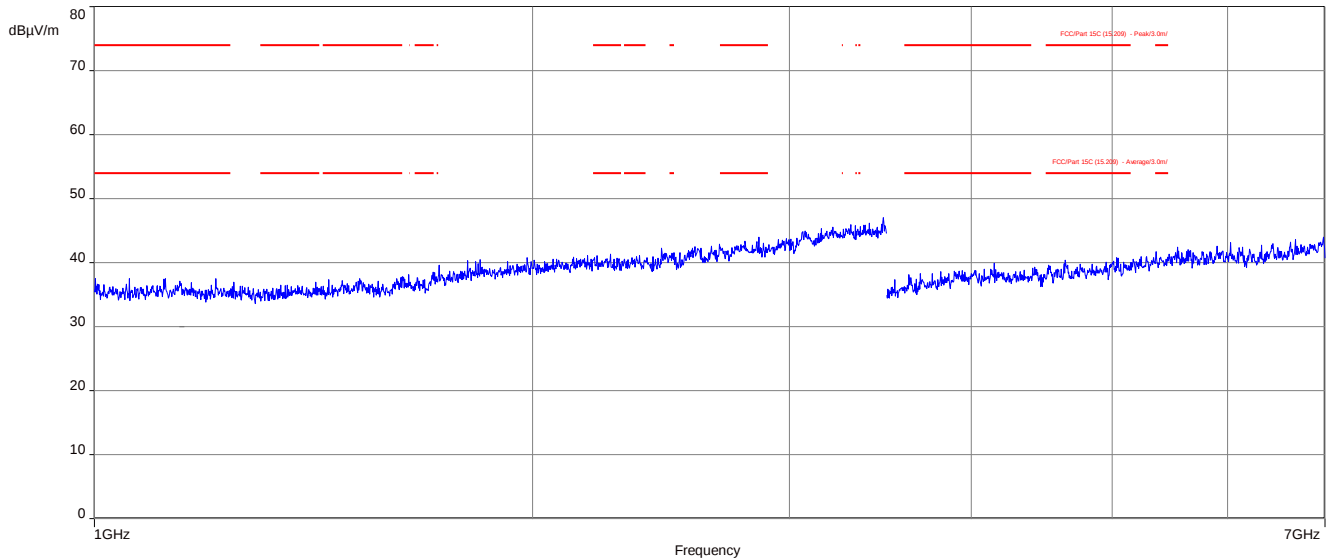


Plot 24: 927.7 MHz 18 GHz – 26 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation

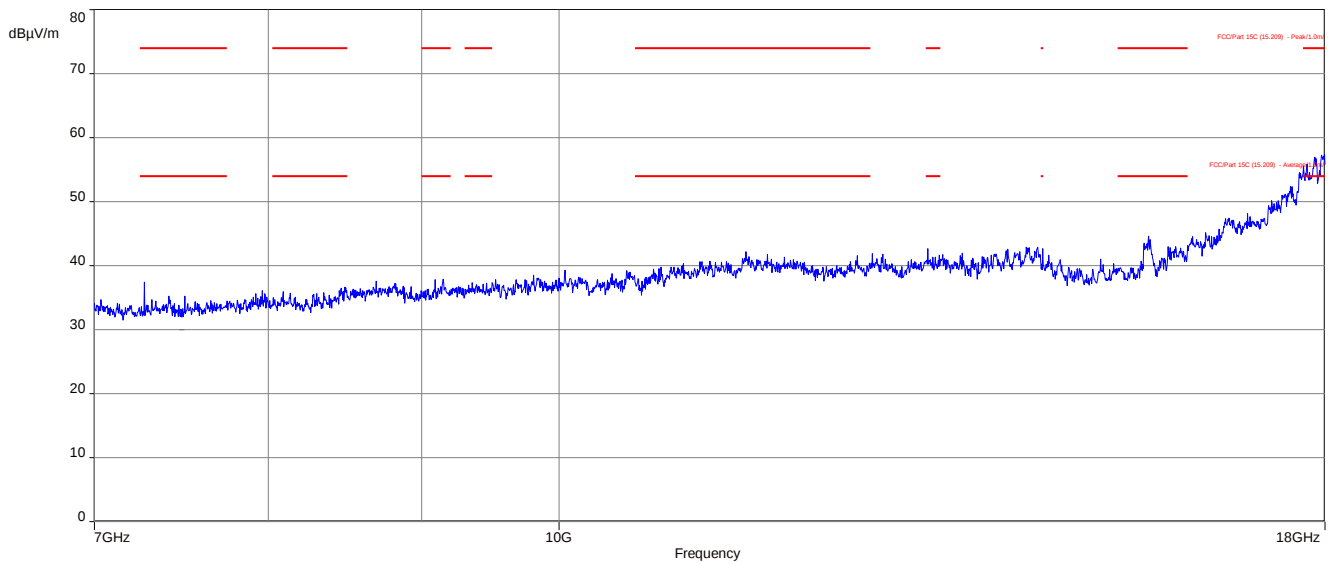


Plots LNAC:

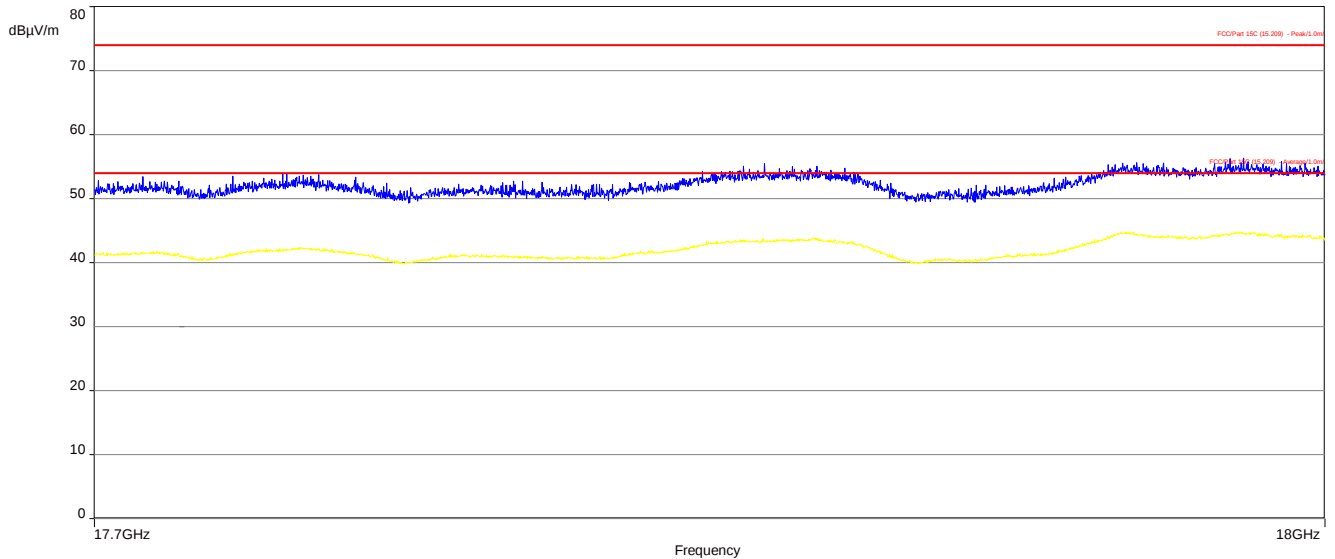
Plot 1: 902.2 MHz, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



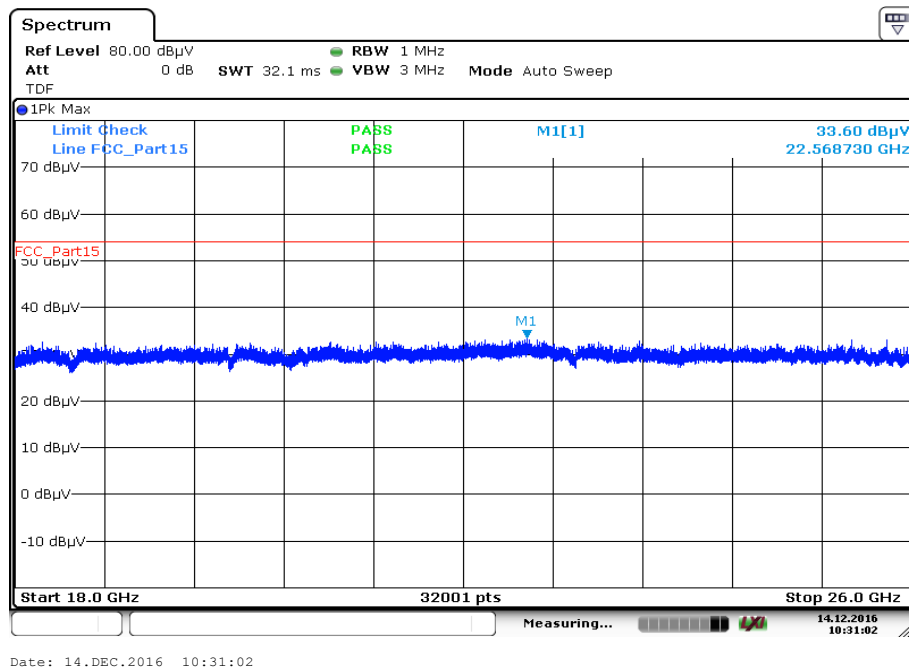
Plot 2: 902.2 MHz, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



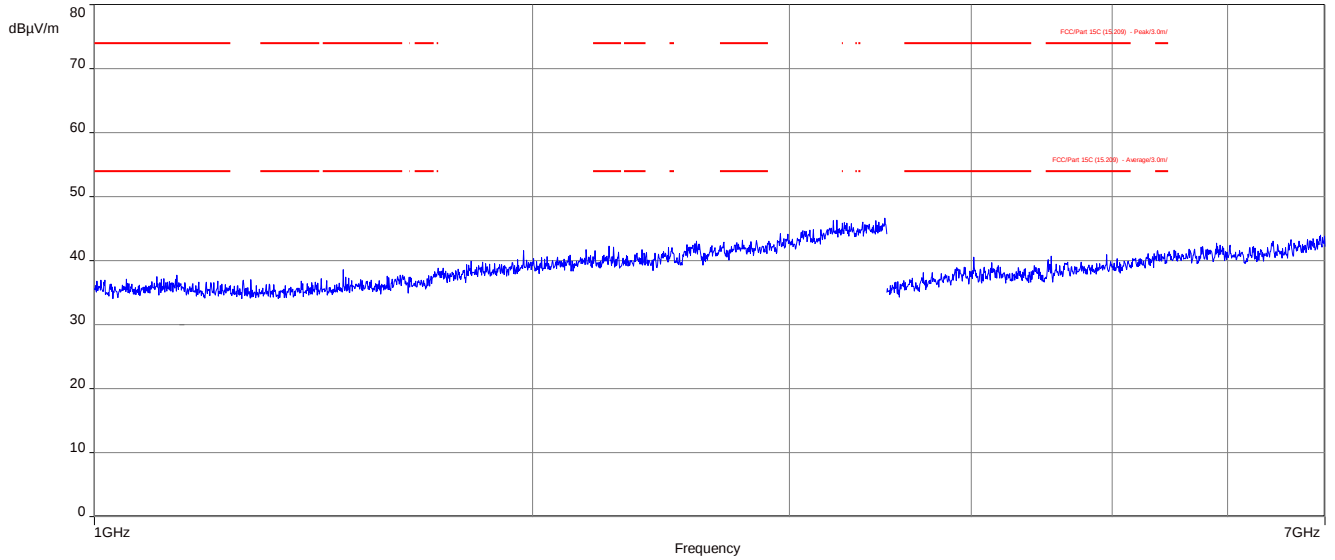
Plot 3: 902.2 MHz, 17.7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



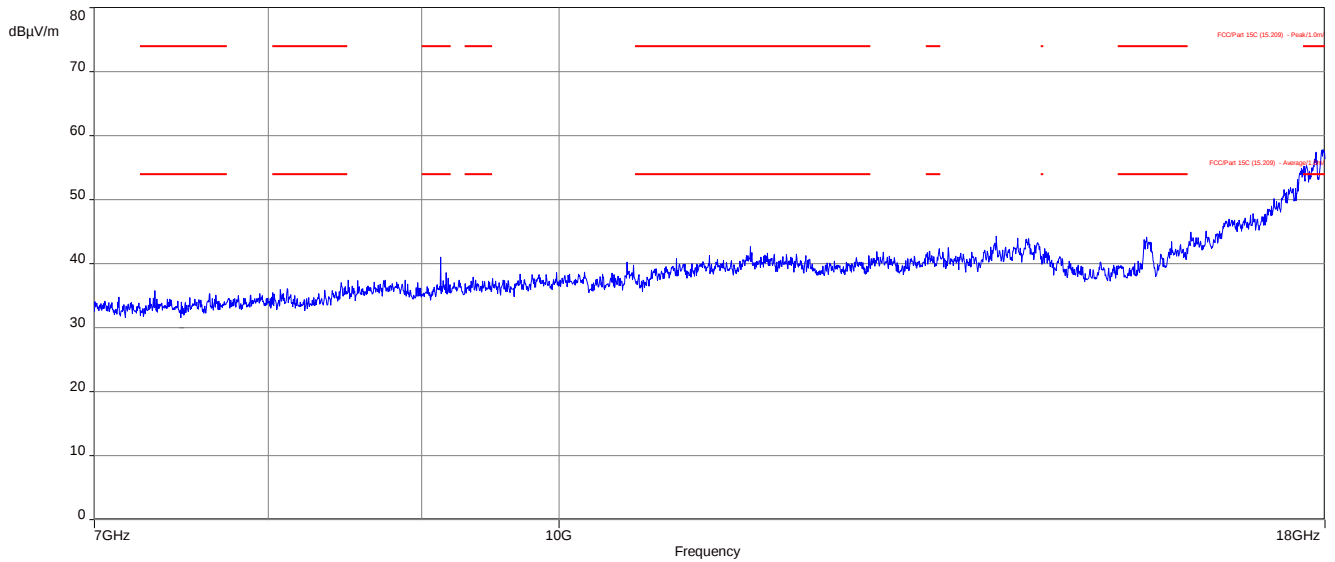
Plot 4: 902.2 MHz, 18 GHz – 26 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



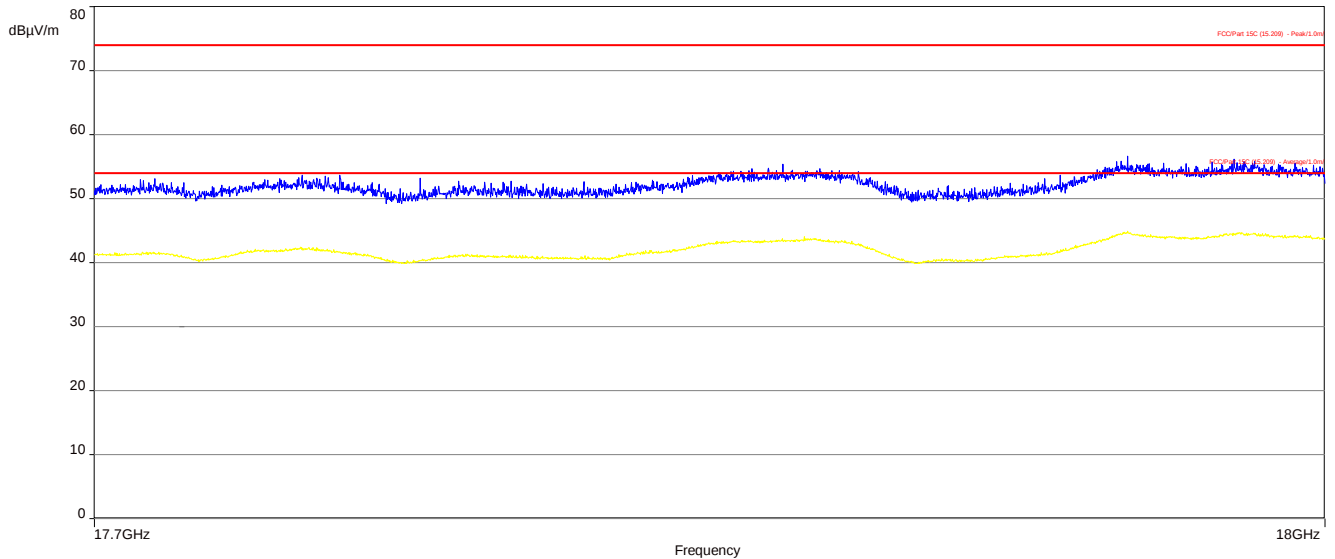
Plot 5: 910.0 MHz, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



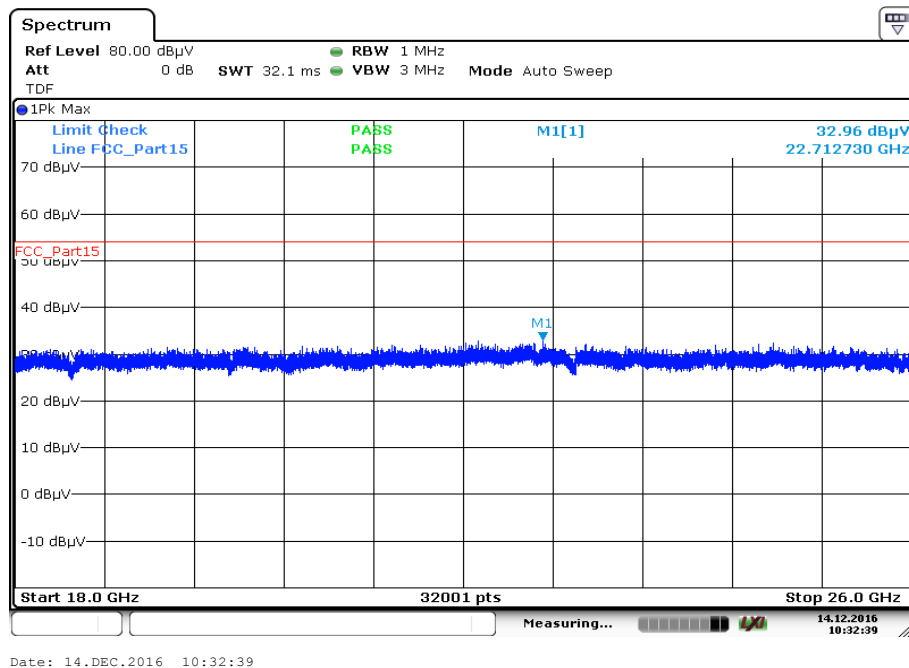
Plot 6: 910.0 MHz, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



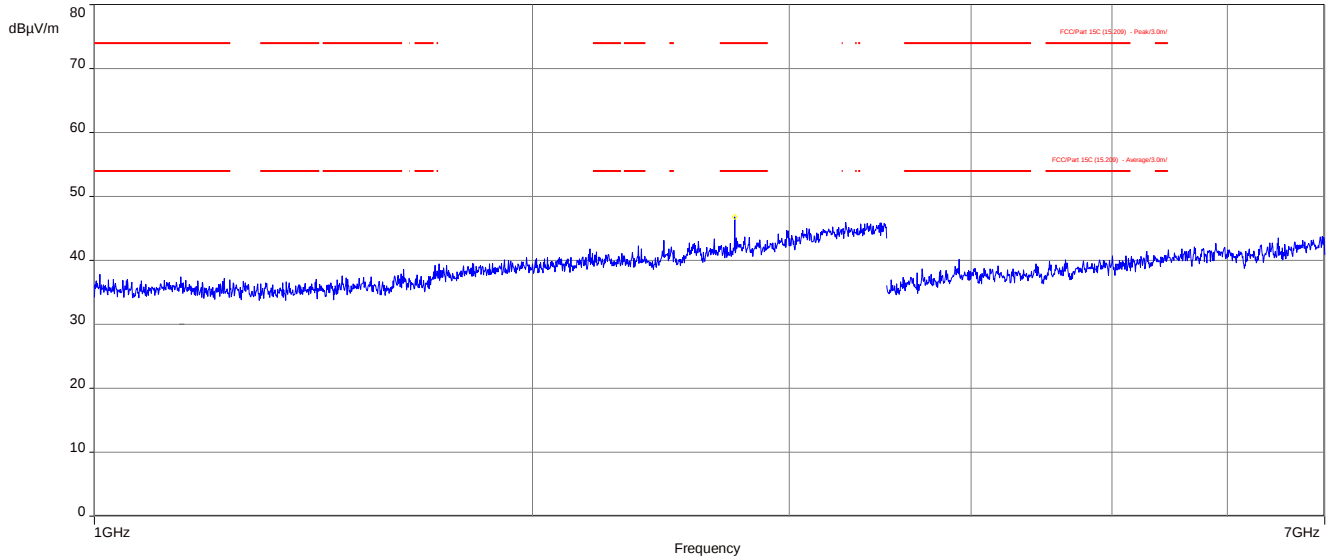
Plot 7: 910.0 MHz, 17.7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



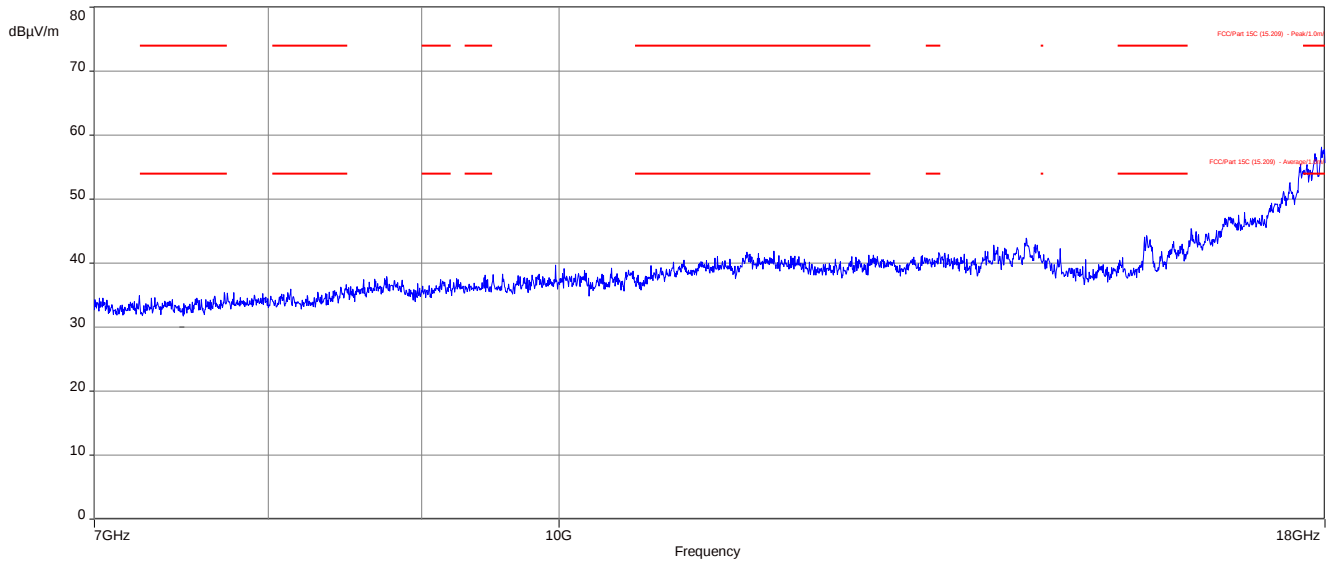
Plot 8: 910.0 MHz, 18 GHz – 26 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



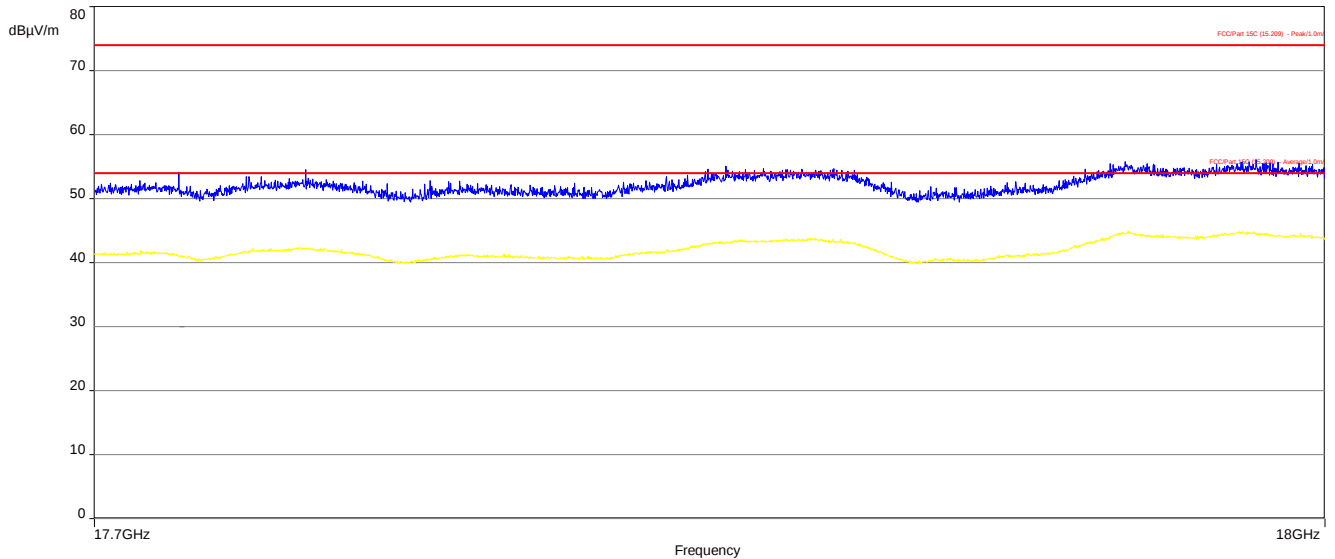
Plot 9: 918.1 MHz 1 GHz – 7 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



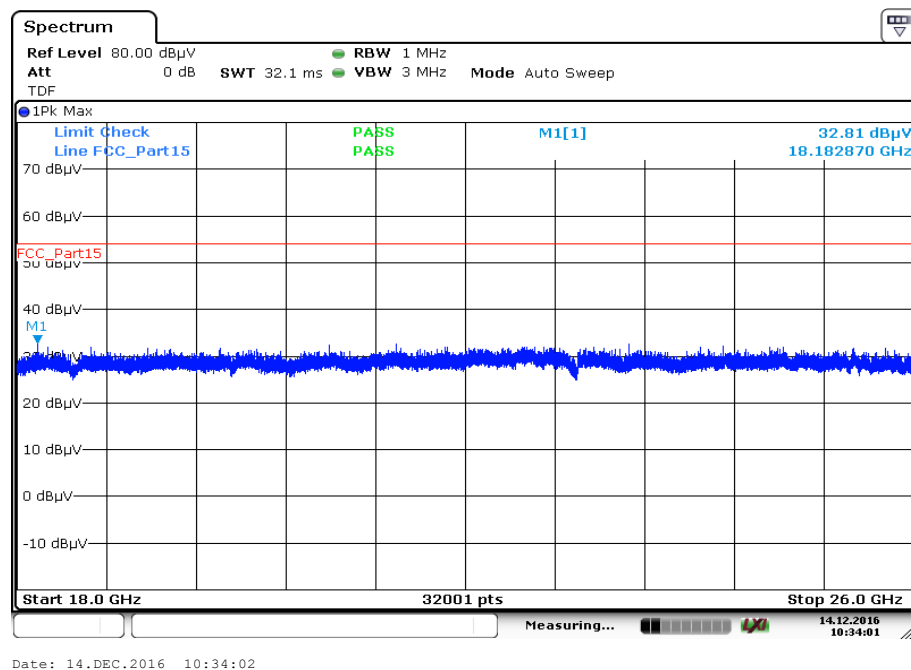
Plot 10: 918.1 MHz 7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



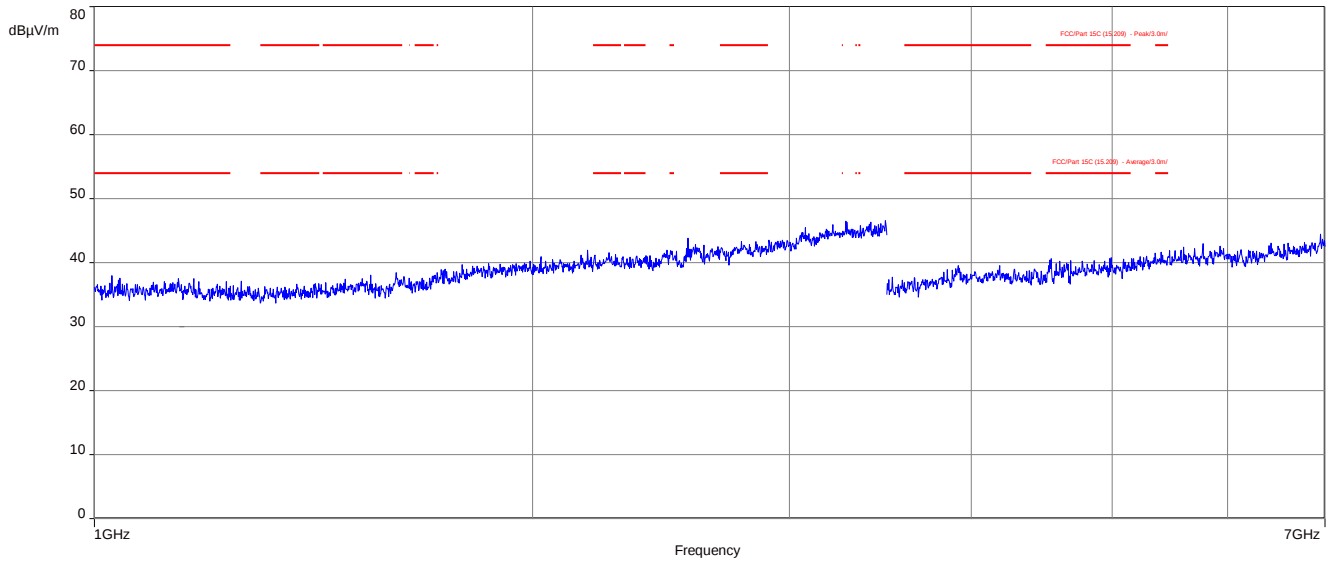
Plot 11: 918.1 MHz 17.7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



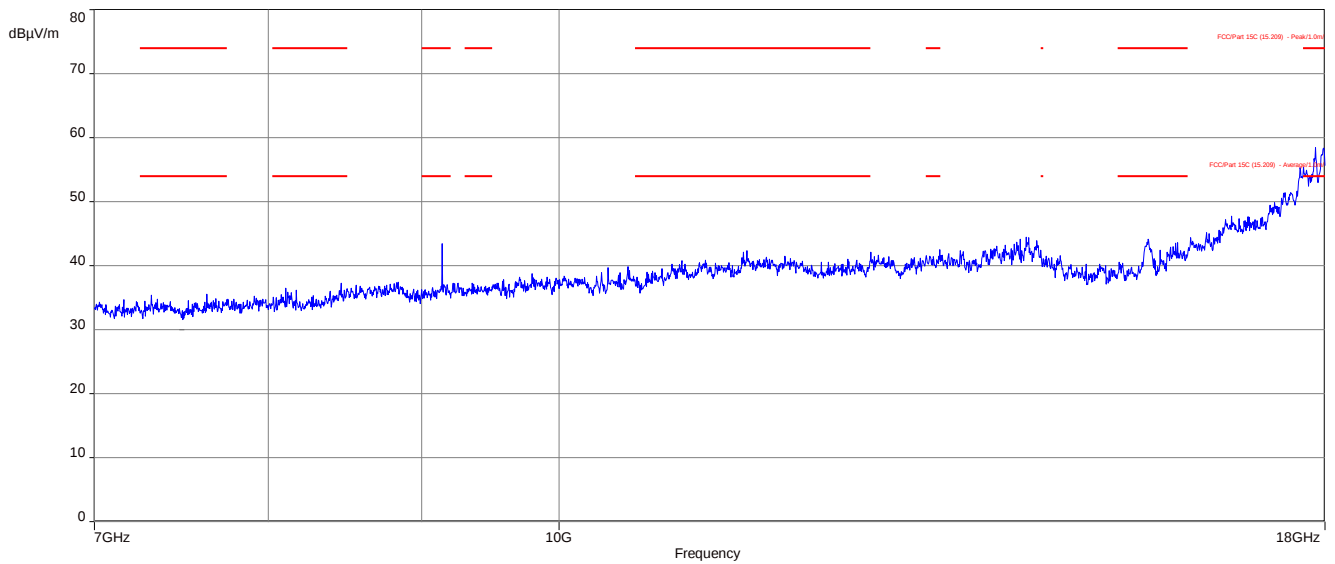
Plot 12: 918.1 MHz 18 GHz – 26 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



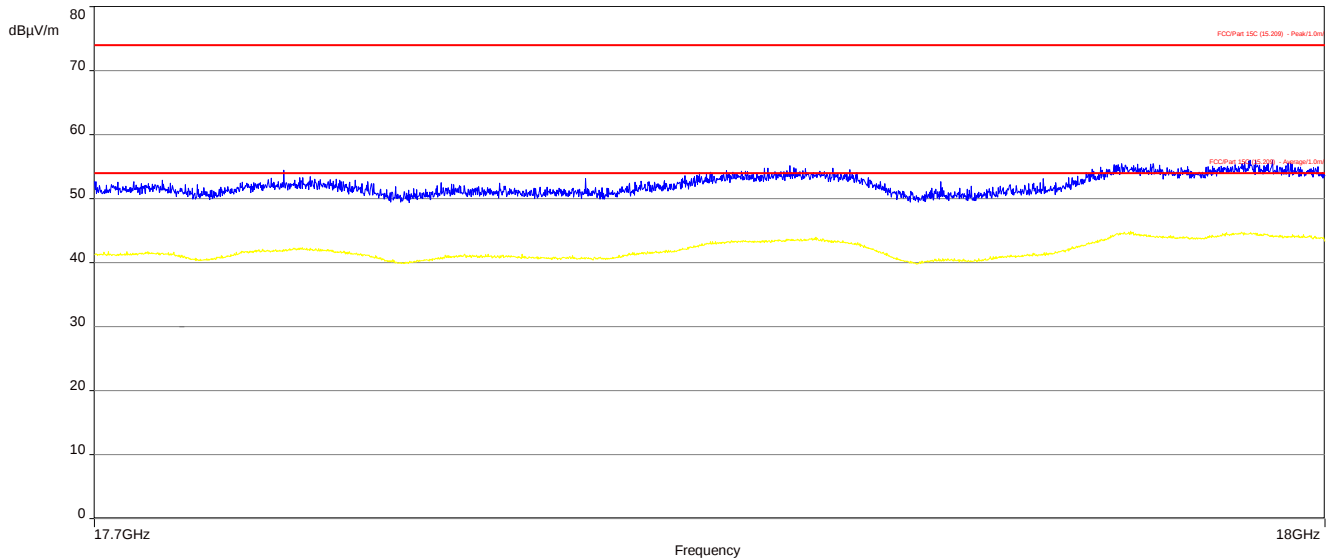
Plot 13: 911.8 MHz, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



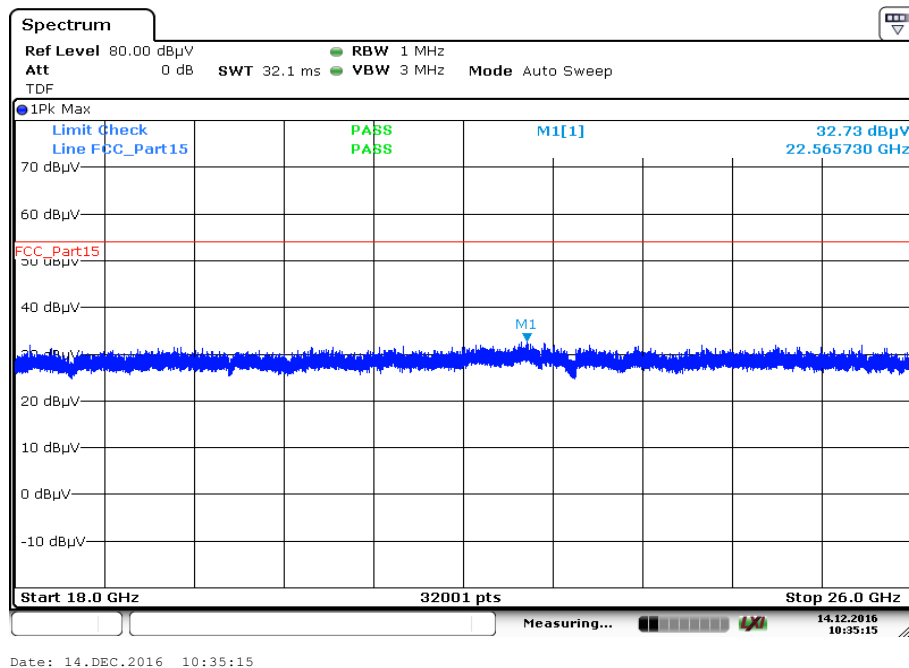
Plot 14: 911.8 MHz, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



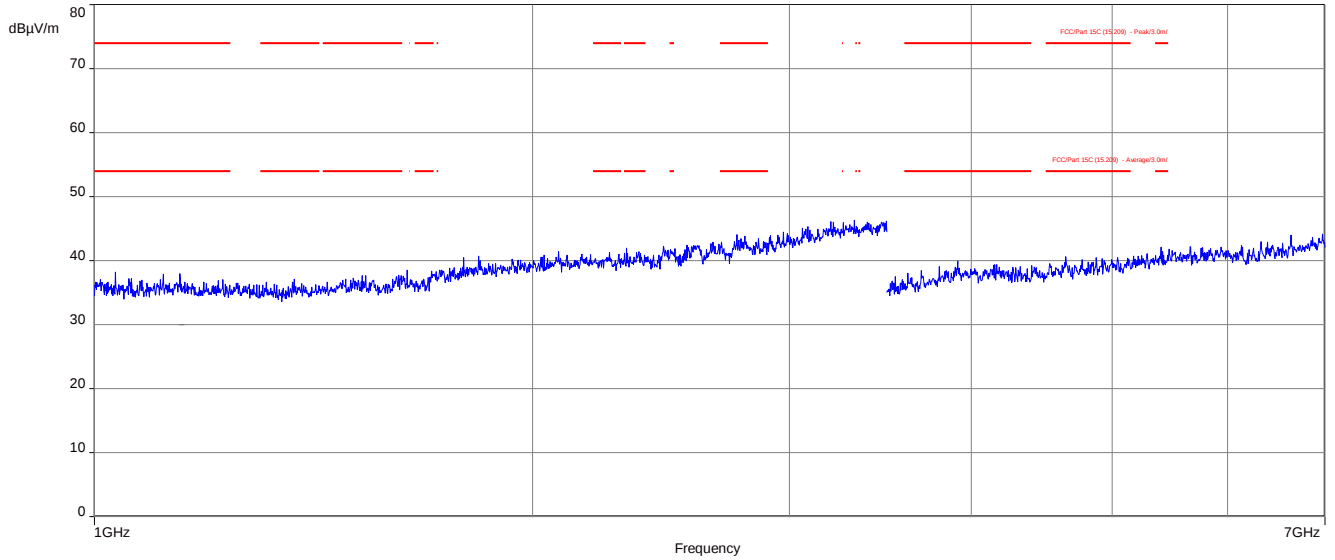
Plot 15: 911.8 MHz, 17.7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



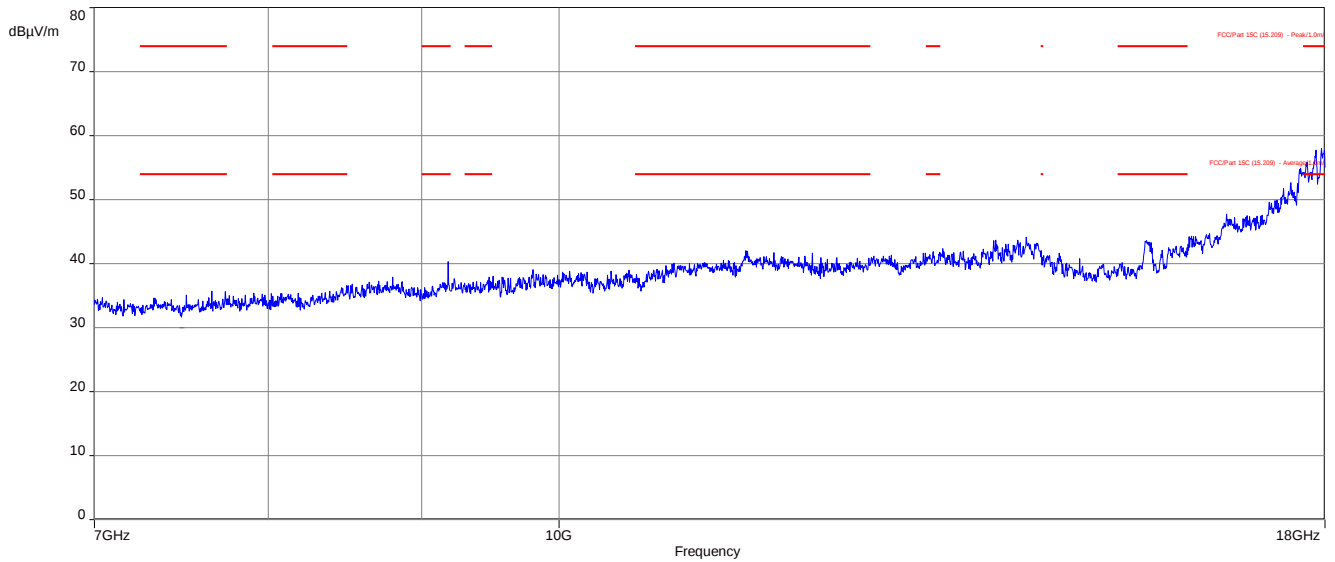
Plot 16: 911.8 MHz, 18 GHz – 26 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



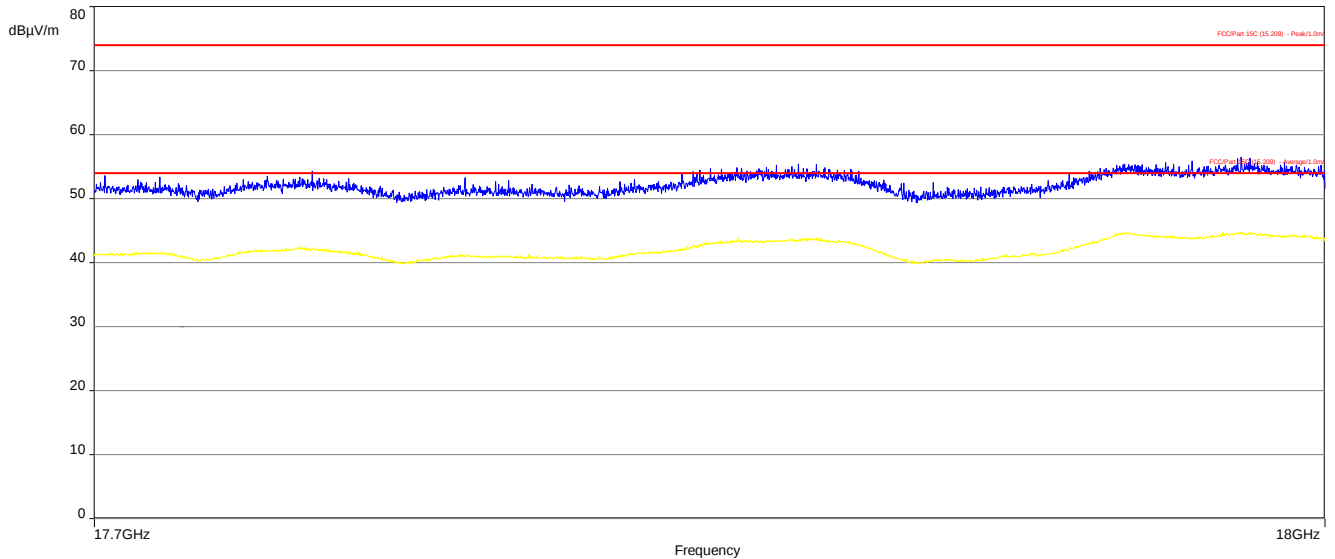
Plot 17: 920.5 MHz, 1 GHz – 7 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



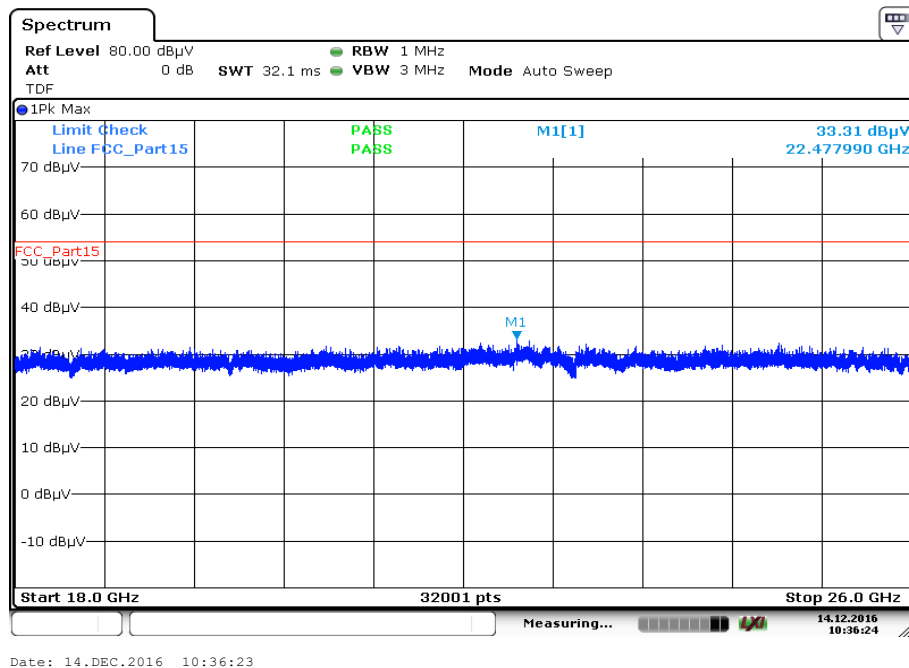
Plot 18: 920.5 MHz, 7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



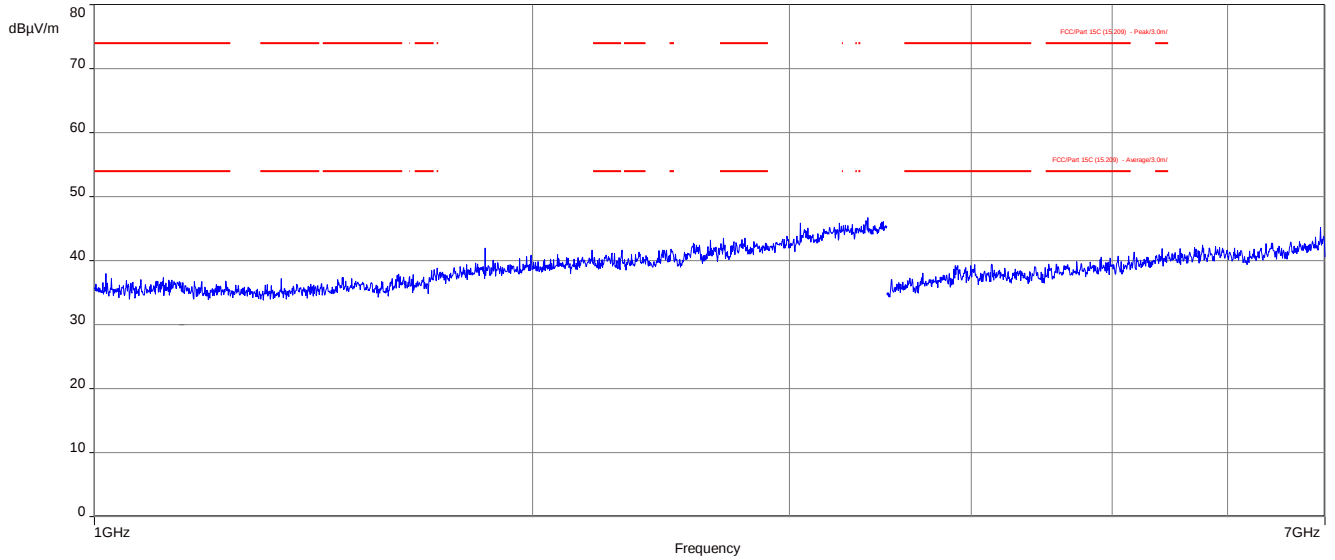
Plot 19: 920.5 MHz, 17.7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



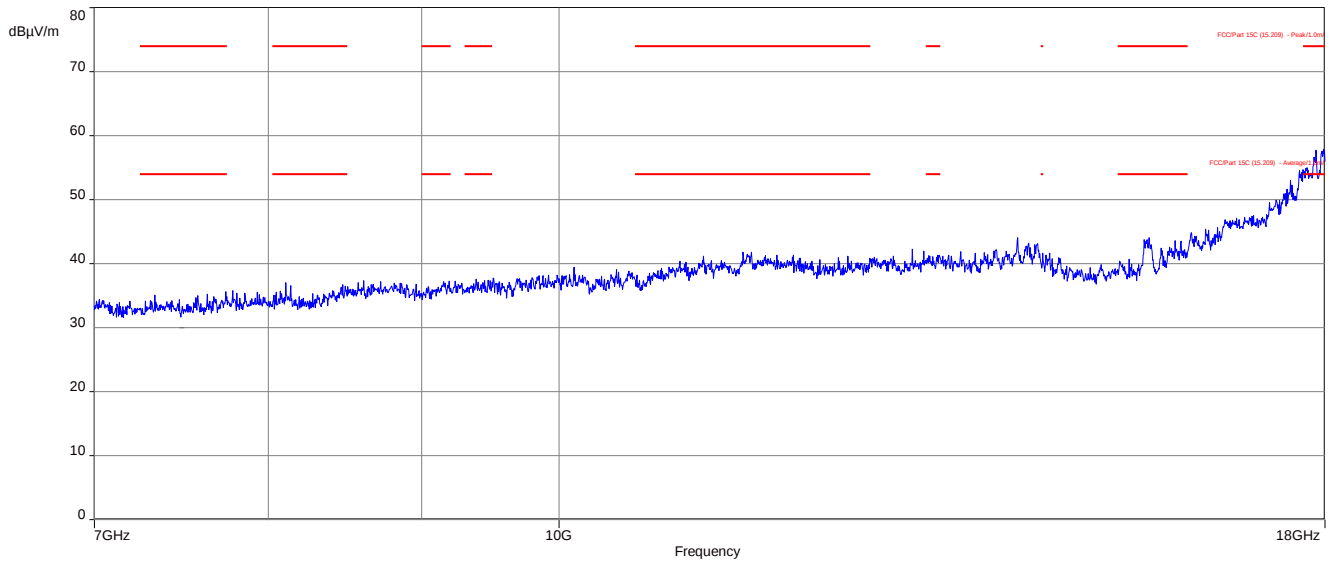
Plot 20: 920.5 MHz, 18 GHz – 26 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



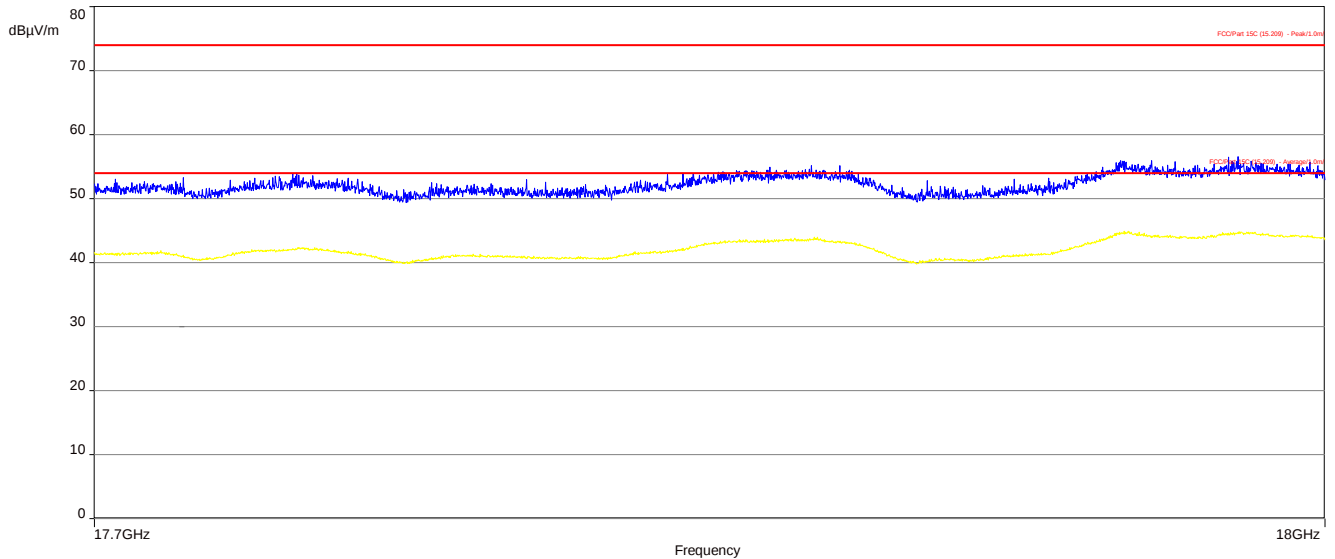
Plot 21: 927.7 MHz 1 GHz – 7 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



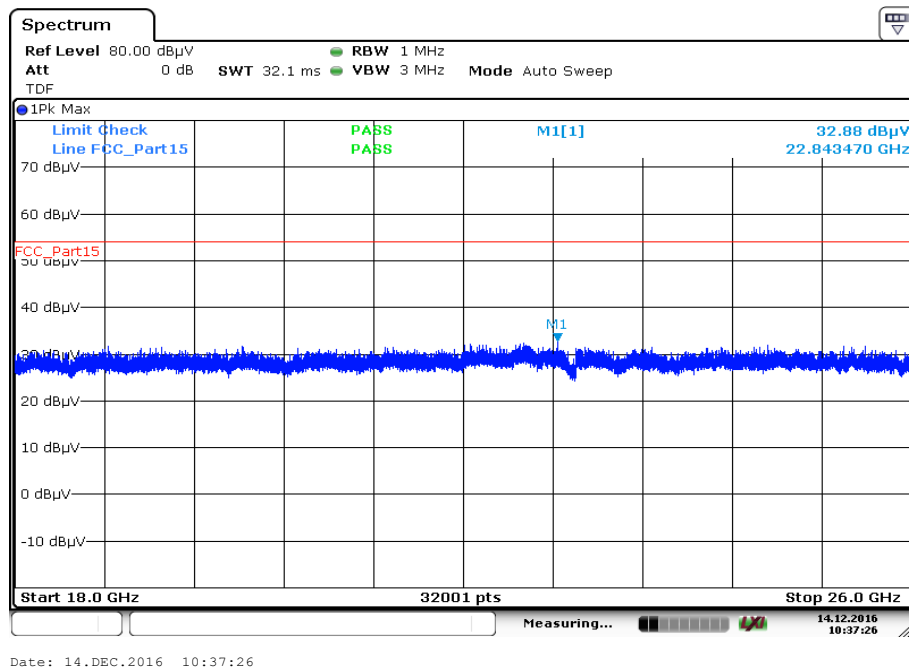
Plot 22: 927.7 MHz 7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



Plot 23: 927.7 MHz 17.7 GHz – 18 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



Plot 24: 927.7 MHz 18 GHz – 26 GHz, horizontal & vertical polarisation



11.10 Spurious emissions conducted below 30 MHz (AC conducted)

Description:

Measurement of the conducted spurious emissions in transmit mode below 30 MHz. The EUT is set to channel 6. This measurement is repeated for DSSS and OFDM modulation. If peaks are found channel 1 and channel 11 will be measured too. The measurement is performed with the data rate producing the highest output power. Both power lines, phase and neutral line, are measured. Found peaks are re-measured with average and quasi peak detection to show compliance to the limits.

Measurement:

Measurement parameter	
Detector:	Peak - Quasi Peak / Average
Sweep time:	Auto
Resolution bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 200 Hz F > 150 kHz: 9 kHz
Video bandwidth:	F < 150 kHz: 1 kHz F > 150 kHz: 100 kHz
Span:	9 kHz to 30 MHz
Trace mode:	Max Hold
Test setup:	See sub clause 6.4 - A
Measurement uncertainty:	See sub clause 9

Limits:

FCC		IC
Frequency (MHz)	Quasi-Peak (dB μ V/m)	Average (dB μ V/m)
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56*	56 to 46*
0.5 – 5	56	46
5 – 30.0	60	50

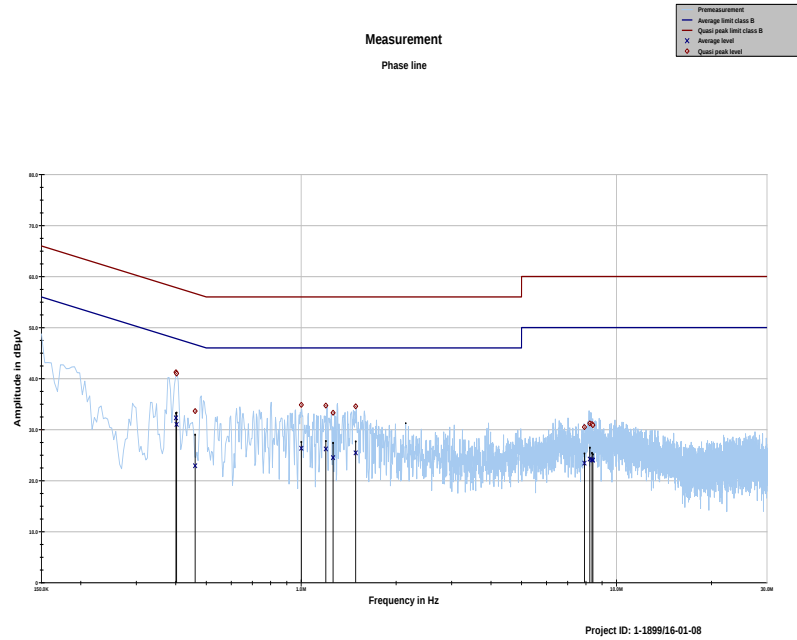
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency

Results:

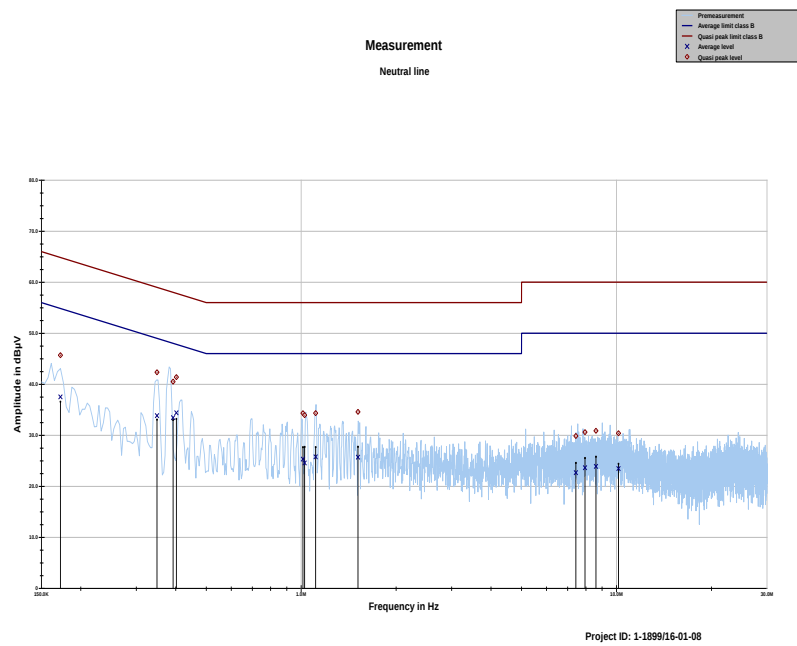
TX Spurious Emissions Conducted < 30 MHz [dB μ V/m]		
F [MHz]	Detector	Level [dB μ V/m]
All detected peaks are more than 20 dB below the limit.		

Plots LNA:

Plot 1: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, phase line

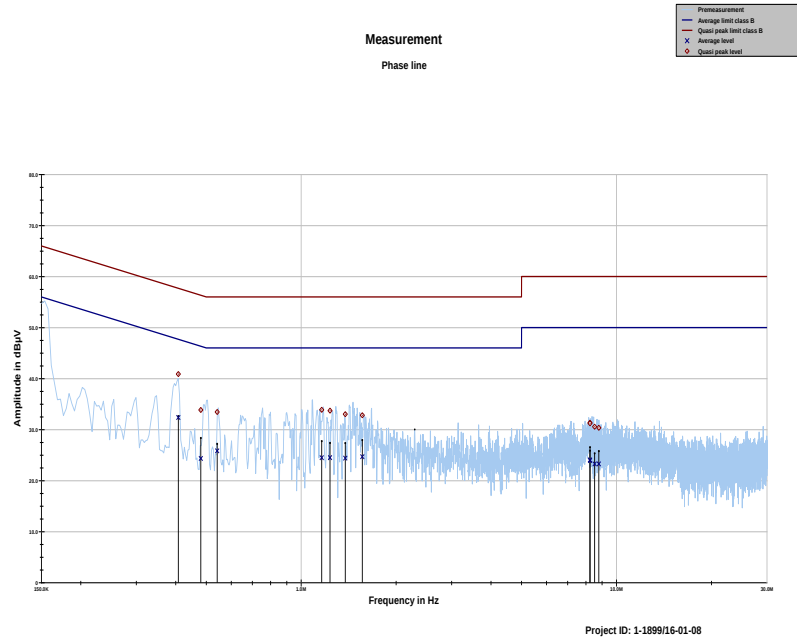


Plot 2: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, neutral line

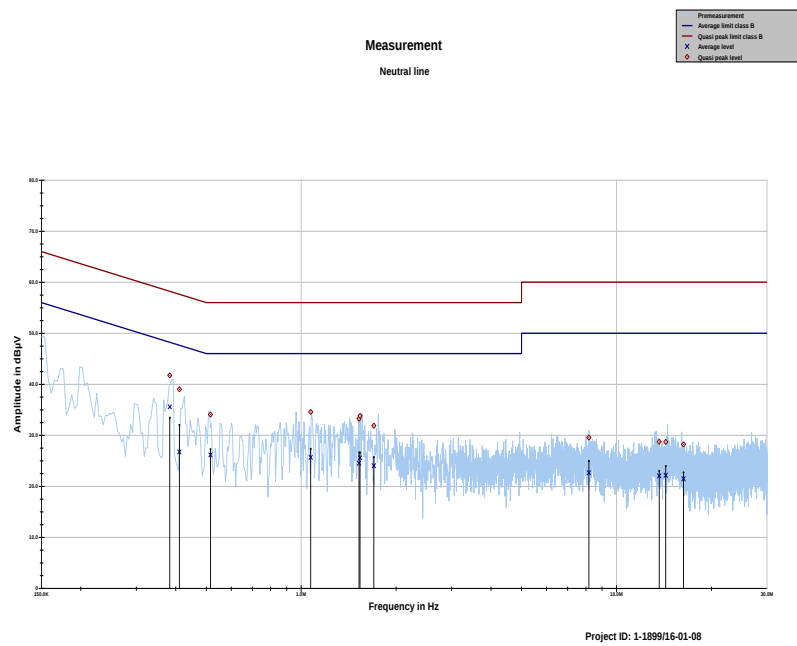


Plots LNAC:

Plot 1: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, phase line



Plot 2: 150 kHz to 30 MHz, neutral line



12 Observations

No observations except those reported with the single test cases have been made.

Annex A Document history

Version	Applied changes	Date of release
	Initial release	2016-12-21

Annex B Further information

Glossary

AVG	-	Average
DUT	-	Device under test
EMC	-	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EN	-	European Standard
EUT	-	Equipment under test
ETSI	-	European Telecommunications Standard Institute
FCC	-	Federal Communication Commission
FCC ID	-	Company Identifier at FCC
HW	-	Hardware
IC	-	Industry Canada
Inv. No.	-	Inventory number
N/A	-	Not applicable
PP	-	Positive peak
QP	-	Quasi peak
S/N	-	Serial number
SW	-	Software
PMN	-	Product marketing name
HMN	-	Host marketing name
HVIN	-	Hardware version identification number
FVIN	-	Firmware version identification number
OBW		Occupied Bandwidth
OC		Operating Channel
OCW		Operating Channel Bandwidth
OOB		Out Of Band

Annex C Accreditation Certificate

first page

last page



Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH

Befähigung gemäß § 8 Absatz 1 AkkStelleG i.V.m. § 1 Absatz 1 AkkStelleGBV
 Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen
 von EA, ILAC und IAF zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung

Akkreditierung



Die Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH bestätigt hiermit, dass das Prüflaboratorium

CTC advanced GmbH
 Untertürkheimer Straße 6-10, 66117 Saarbrücken

die Kompetenz nach DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 besitzt, Prüfungen in folgenden Bereichen durchzuführen:

Funk
 Mobilfunk (GSM / DCS) + OTA
 Elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit (EMV)
 Produktsicherheit
 SAR / EMF
 Umwelt
 Smart Card Technology
 Bluetooth®
 Automotive
 Wi-Fi-Services
 Kanadische Anforderungen
 US-Anforderungen
 Akustik
 Near Field Communication (NFC)

Die Akkreditierungsurkunde gilt nur in Verbindung mit dem Bescheid vom 25.11.2016 mit der Akkreditierungsnummer D-PL-12076-01 und ist gültig bis 17.01.2018. Sie besteht aus diesem Deckblatt, der Rückseite des Deckblatts und der folgenden Anlage mit insgesamt 63 Seiten.

Registrierungsnummer der Urkunde: D-PL-12076-01-01

Frankfurt, 25.11.2016

Stelle Weisner auf der Rückseite

Im Auftrag Dipl.-Ing. Ralf Eigner
 Abteilungsleiter

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 Bundesallee 100
 38116 Braunschweig

Die auszugsweise Veröffentlichung der Akkreditierungsurkunde bedarf der vorherigen schriftlichen Zustimmung der Deutsche Akkreditierungsstelle GmbH (DAKKS). Ausgenommen davon ist die separate Weiterverbreitung des Deckblattes durch die umseitig genannte Konformitätsbewertungsstelle in unveränderter Form.

Es darf nicht der Anschein erweckt werden, dass sich die Akkreditierung auch auf Bereiche erstreckt, die über den durch die DAKKS bestätigten Akkreditierungsbereich hinausgehen.

Die Akkreditierung erfolgte gemäß des Gesetzes über die Akkreditierungsstelle (AkkStelleG) vom 31. Juli 2009 (BGBl. I S. 2625) sowie der Verordnung (EG) Nr. 765/2008 des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 9. Juli 2008 über die Vorschriften für die Akkreditierung und Marktüberwachung im Zusammenhang mit der Vermarktung von Produkten (Abl. L 218 vom 9. Juli 2008, S. 30). Die DAKKS ist Unterzeichnerin der Multilateralen Abkommen zur gegenseitigen Anerkennung der European co-operation for Accreditation (EA), des International Accreditation Forum (IAF) und der International Laboratory Accreditation Cooperation (ILAC). Die Unterzeichner dieser Abkommen erkennen ihre Akkreditierungen gegenseitig an.

Der aktuelle Stand der Mitgliedschaft kann folgenden Webseiten entnommen werden:
 EA: www.european-accreditation.org
 ILAC: www.ilac.org
 IAF: www.iaf.nu

Note:

The current certificate including annex can be received from CTC advanced GmbH on request.