



# SAR TEST REPORT

**Applicant** iRay Technology Co. Ltd.

**FCC ID** 2ACHK-01070189

**Product** Focus HD 35 detector

**Brand** 

**Model** Focus HD 35

**Report No.** R2107A0576-S1V1

**Issue Date** September 6, 2021

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements in **IEEE 1528-2013, ANSI C95.1: 1992, IEEE C95.1: 1991**. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

*Yurui Zhao*

*Prepared by: Yurui Zhao*

*Guangchang Fan*

*Approved by: Guangchang Fan*

**TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.**

*No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong Shanghai, China*

*TEL: +86-021-50791141/2/3*

*FAX: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000*

## Table of Contents

1	Test Laboratory.....	4
1.1	Notes of the Test Report .....	4
1.2	Test facility .....	4
1.3	Testing Location.....	5
1.4	Laboratory Environment.....	5
2	Statement of Compliance .....	6
3	Description of Equipment under Test.....	8
4	Test Specification, Methods and Procedures .....	10
5	Operational Conditions during Test .....	11
5.1	Test Positions.....	11
5.2	Measurement Variability .....	13
5.3	Test Configuration .....	14
5.3.1	Wi-Fi Test Configuration .....	14
6	SAR Measurements System Configuration .....	15
6.1	SAR Measurement Set-up .....	15
6.2	DASY5 E-field Probe System.....	16
6.3	SAR Measurement Procedure .....	17
7	Main Test Equipment.....	19
8	Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification .....	20
8.1	Tissue Verification .....	20
8.2	System Performance Check.....	21
8.3	SAR System Validation .....	23
9	Normal and Maximum Output Power .....	24
9.1	WLAN Mode.....	24
10	Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results .....	29
10.1	EUT Antenna Locations .....	29
10.2	Measured SAR Results .....	30
10.3	Simultaneous Transmission Analysis .....	31
11	Measurement Uncertainty .....	32
	ANNEX A: Test Layout.....	33
	ANNEX B: System Check Results.....	35
	ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results.....	38
	ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate .....	41
	ANNEX E: D2450V2 Dipole Calibration Certificate.....	64
	ANNEX F: D5GHzV2 Dipole Calibration Certificate.....	72
	ANNEX G: DAE4 Calibration Certificate .....	86
	ANNEX H: The EUT Appearance .....	89
	ANNEX I: Test Setup Photos .....	89
	ANNEX J: Product Change Description.....	89



Version	Revision description	Issue Date
Rev.0	Initial issue of report.	August 16, 2021
Rev.1	Update description in Page 7.	September 6, 2021
Note: This revised report (Report No. R2107A0576-S1V1) supersedes and replaces the previously issued report (Report No. R2107A0576-S1). Please discard or destroy the previously issued report and dispose of it accordingly.		



# 1 Test Laboratory

## 1.1 Notes of the Test Report

This report shall not be reproduced in full or partial, without the written approval of **TA technology (shanghai) co., Ltd.** The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein .Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

## 1.2 Test facility

### **FCC (Designation number: CN1179, Test Firm Registration Number: 446626)**

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed on the US Federal Communications Commission list of test facilities recognized to perform electromagnetic emissions measurements.

### **A2LA (Certificate Number: 3857.01)**

TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. has been listed by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation to perform electromagnetic emission measurement.

### 1.3 Testing Location

Company: TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.  
Address: No.145, Jintang Rd, Tangzhen Industry Park, Pudong Shanghai, China  
City: Shanghai  
Post code: 201201  
Country: P. R. China  
Contact: Fan Guangchang  
Telephone: +86-021-50791141/2/3  
Fax: +86-021-50791141/2/3-8000  
Website: <http://www.ta-shanghai.com>  
E-mail: [fanguangchang@ta-shanghai.com](mailto:fanguangchang@ta-shanghai.com)

### 1.4 Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 $\Omega$
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards. Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	

## 2 Statement of Compliance

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during testing for the EUT are as follows:

Table 1: Highest Reported SAR

Mode	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)
	1g Body SAR (Separation 0mm)
Wi-Fi (2.4G)	0.026
Wi-Fi (5G)	<b>0.212</b>
Date of Testing:	July 22, 2021
Date of Sample Received:	July 21, 2021
Note: 1. The device is in compliance with SAR for Uncontrolled Environment /General Population exposure limits (1.6W/kg) specified in ANSI C95.1: 1992/IEEE C95.1: 1991, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013. 2. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by TA Technology (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties were not taken into account and are published for informational purposes only.	

Table 2: Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR

Exposure Configuration	1g Body SAR (Separation 0mm)
Highest Simultaneous Transmission SAR (W/kg)	0.393
Note: 1. The detail for simultaneous transmission consideration is described in chapter 10.3.	

Focus HD 35 (Report No.: R2107A0576-S1V1) is a variant model of Mars1417X (Report No.: R2006A0398-S1).

The differences are as follows:

Different	Original	Variant
Model	Mars1417X	Focus HD 35
Product name	Wireless Digital Flat Panel Detector	Focus HD 35 detector
Brand name	iRaytechnology	Carestream
DC input port	4PIN	10PIN
Label	different	
Others	The same	

The detailed product change description please refers to the 2ACHK-01070189\_C2PC application letter-Focus HD 35-Rev1.

Tested band refer to the following table.

Band	Original	Variant
Wi-Fi (2.4G)	Pass	Pass
Wi-Fi (5G)	Pass	Pass

### 3 Description of Equipment under Test

#### Client Information

<b>Applicant</b>	iRay Technology Co. Ltd.
<b>Applicant address</b>	RM 202, Building 7, No. 590, Ruiqing RD., Pudong, Shanghai, China
<b>Manufacturer</b>	Carestream Health, Inc.
<b>Manufacturer address</b>	150 Verona Street, Rochester, NY, USA 14608

#### General Technologies

Application Purpose:	Class II Permissive Change
EUT Stage:	Identical Prototype
Model:	Focus HD 35
Lab internal SN	R2107A0576/S01
Hardware Version:	Main version: 2.10.6.8 MCU version: 2.10.0.19 ARM version: 2.1.10.73 Kernel version: 1.0.6.2
Software Version:	4.0.35.7016
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna
Wi-Fi Hotspot	Wi-Fi 2.4G Wi-Fi 5G U-NII-1&U-NII-3
EUT Accessory	
Adapter	Manufacturer: Shenzhen Longxc Power Supply Co., LTD Model: LXCP61-024300
Battery	Manufacturer: iRay Technology Taicang Ltd. Model: BATTERY-KX
Charging dock	Manufacturer: iRay Technology Taicang Ltd. Model: CHARGER-COMBO
DC cable	Manufacturer: iRay Technology Co. Ltd.
Note: The EUT is sent from the applicant to TA and the information of the EUT is declared by the applicant.	



**Wireless Technology and Frequency Range**

Wireless Technology		Modulation	Operating mode	Tx (MHz)
Wi-Fi	2.4G	DSSS, OFDM	802.11b/g/n HT20	2412 ~ 2462
		OFDM	802.11n HT40	2422 ~ 2452
	5G	OFDM	802.11a/n 20M/40M/ ac 20M/40M/80M	5150 ~ 5250 5725 ~ 5850
			Does this device support MIMO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No	



## 4 Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

The tests documented in this report were performed in accordance with FCC 47 CFR § 2.1093, IEEE 1528- 2013, ANSI C95.1: 1992/IEEE C95.1: 1991, the following FCC Published RF exposure KDB procedures:

### Reference Standards

248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06

648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r03

865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

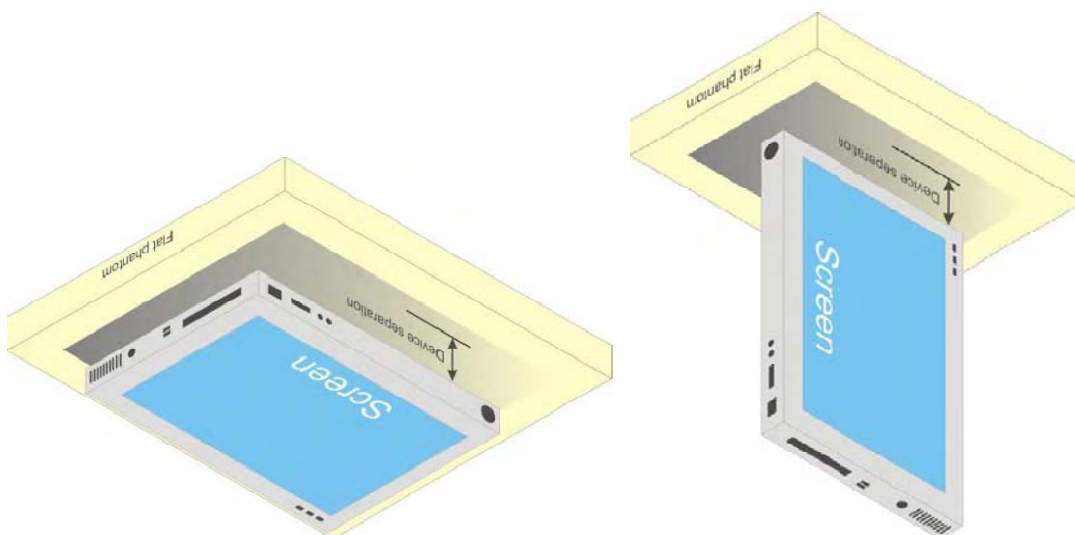
941225 D06 Hotspot Mode v02r01

616217 D04 SAR for laptop and tablets v01r02

## 5 Operational Conditions during Test

### 5.1 Test Positions

According to KDB 616217 D04, SAR evaluation is required for back surface and edges of the devices. The back surface and edges of the tablet are tested with the tablet touching the phantom. Exposures from antennas through the front surface of the display section of a tablet are generally limited to the user's hands. Exposures to hands for typical consumer transmitters used in tablets are not expected to exceed the extremity SAR limit; therefore, SAR evaluation for the front surface of tablet display screens are generally not necessary. When voice mode is supported on a tablet and it is limited to speaker mode or headset operations only, additional SAR testing for this type of voice use is not required.



**Fig-4.1 Illustration for Tablet Setup**

According to KDB 447498 D01, the SAR test exclusion condition is based on source-based time-averaged maximum conducted output power, adjusted for tune-up tolerance, and the minimum test separation distance required for the exposure conditions. The SAR exclusion threshold is determined by the following formula.

(1) The SAR exclusion threshold for distances  $\leq 50\text{mm}$  is defined by the following equation:

$$\frac{(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})}{(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})} * \sqrt{\text{Frequency (GHz)}} \leq 3.0$$

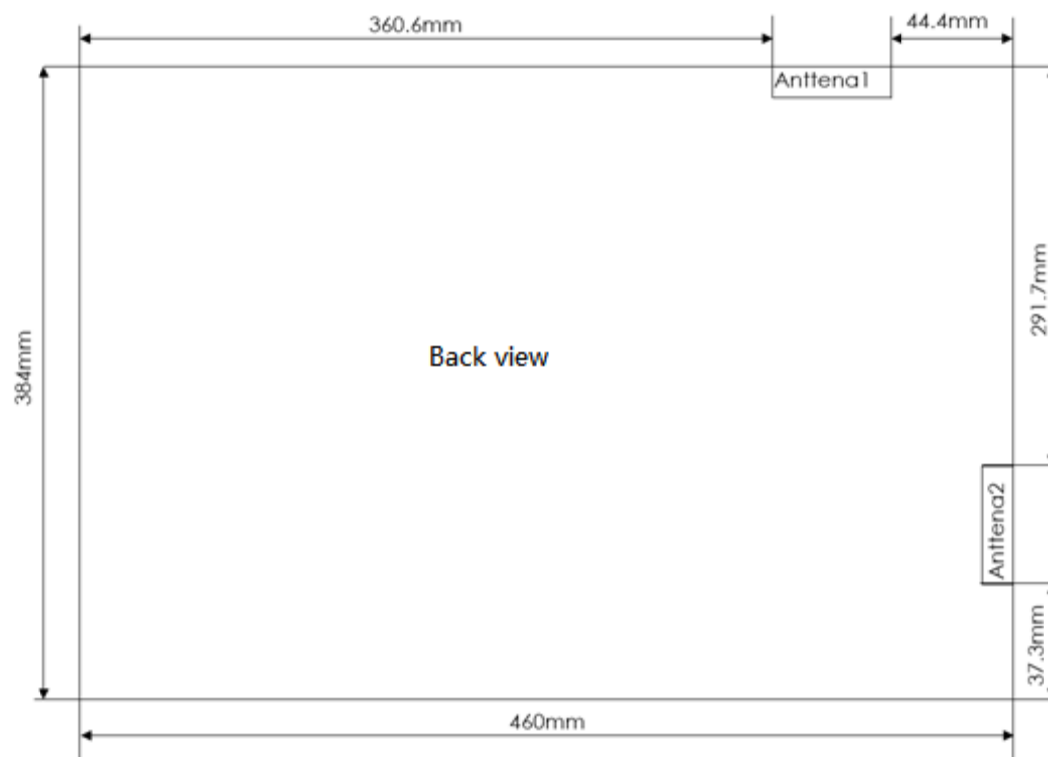
(2) The SAR exclusion threshold for distances  $> 50\text{mm}$  is defined by the following equation, as illustrated in KDB 447498 D01 Appendix B:

a) at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz

$$[\text{Power allowed at numeric Threshold at 50 mm in step 1}) + (\text{test separation distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \cdot (f_{(\text{MHz})}/150)] \text{ mW}$$

b) at  $> 1500 \text{ MHz}$  and  $\leq 6 \text{ GHz}$

$$[\text{Power allowed at numeric Threshold at 50 mm in step 1}) + (\text{test separation distance} - 50 \text{ mm}) \cdot 10] \text{ mW}$$



Band	Frequency (MHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Front Side		
			Ant. To Surgace (mm)	Evaluation	Conclusion
Wi-Fi 2.4G Antenna 1	2462	13.00	5	6.26	Yes
Wi-Fi 2.4G Antenna 2	2462	14.50	5	8.84	Yes
Wi-Fi 5G Antenna 1	5240	13.50	5	10.25	Yes
	5825	14.00	5	12.12	Yes
Wi-Fi 5G Antenna 2	5240	13.50	5	10.25	Yes
	5825	14.00	5	12.12	Yes

## 5.2 Measurement Variability

Per FCC KDB Publication 865664 D01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which was determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media were required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures were applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. These additional measurements were repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device was returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it was re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR Measurement Variability was assessed using the following procedures for each frequency band:

- 1) When the original highest measured SAR is  $\geq 0.80$  W/kg, the measurement was repeated once.
- 2) A second repeated measurement was performed only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements was  $> 1.20$  or when the original or repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.45$  W/kg ( $\sim 10\%$  from the 1-g SAR limit).
- 3) A third repeated measurement was performed only if the original, first or second repeated measurement was  $\geq 1.5$  W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is  $> 1.20$ .
- 4) Repeated measurements are not required when the original highest measured SAR is  $< 0.80$  W/kg

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

## 5.3 Test Configuration

### 5.3.1 Wi-Fi Test Configuration

SAR test reduction for 802.11 Wi-Fi transmission mode configurations are considered separately for DSSS and OFDM. An initial test position is determined to reduce the number of tests required for certain exposure configurations with multiple test positions. An initial test configuration is determined for each frequency band and aggregated band according to maximum output power, channel bandwidth, wireless mode configurations and other operating parameters to streamline the measurement requirements. For 2.4 GHz DSSS, either the initial test position or DSSS procedure is applied to reduce the number of SAR tests; these are mutually exclusive. For OFDM, an initial test position is only applicable to next to the ear, UMPC mini-tablet and hotspot mode configurations, which is tested using the initial test configuration to facilitate test reduction. For other exposure conditions with a fixed test position, SAR test reduction is determined using only the initial test configuration.

The multiple test positions require SAR measurements in head, hotspot mode or UMPC mini-tablet configurations may be reduced according to the highest reported SAR determined using the *initial test position(s)* by applying the DSSS or OFDM SAR measurement procedures in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). The *initial test position(s)* is measured using the highest measured maximum output power channel in the required wireless mode test configuration(s). When the *reported SAR* for the *initial test position* is:

- $\leq 0.4$  W/kg, further SAR measurement is not required for the other test positions in that exposure configuration and wireless mode combination within the frequency band or aggregated band. DSSS and OFDM configurations are considered separately according to the required SAR procedures.
- 0.4 W/kg, SAR is repeated using the same wireless mode test configuration tested in the *initial test position* to measure the subsequent next closet/smallest test separation distance and maximum coupling test position, on the highest maximum output power channel, until the *reported SAR* is  $\leq 0.8$  W/kg or all required test positions are tested.
  - ✧ For subsequent test positions with equivalent test separation distance or when exposure is dominated by coupling conditions, the position for maximum coupling condition should be tested.
  - ✧ When it is unclear, all equivalent conditions must be tested.
- For all positions/configurations tested using the *initial test position* and subsequent test positions, when the *reported SAR* is  $> 0.8$  W/kg, measure the SAR for these positions/configurations on the subsequent next highest measured output power channel(s) until the *reported SAR* is  $\leq 1.2$  W/kg or all required test channels are considered.
  - ✧ The additional power measurements required for this step should be limited to those necessary for identifying subsequent highest output power channels to apply the test reduction.

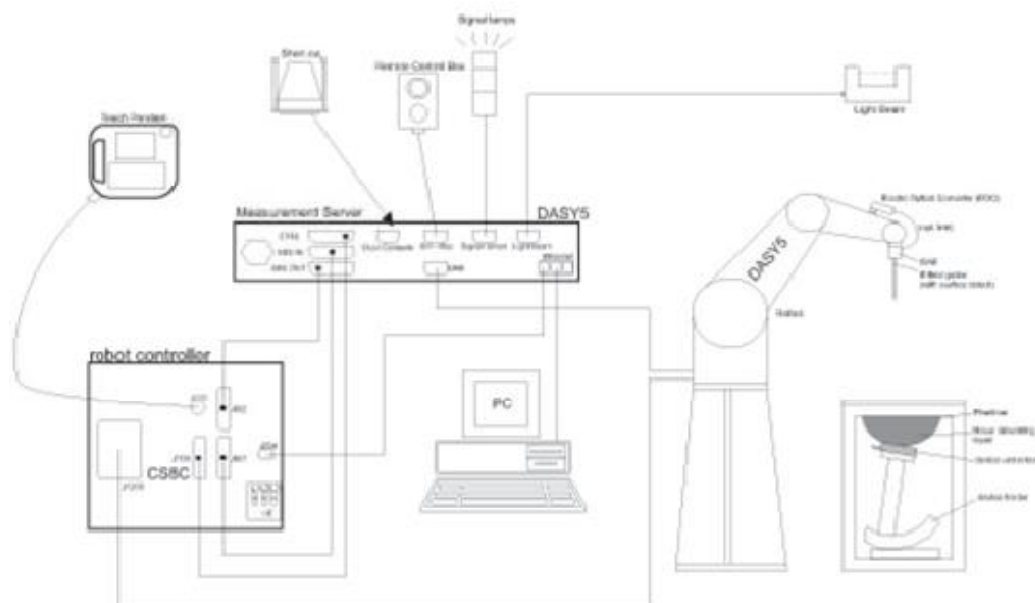
To determine the initial test position, Area Scans were performed to determine the position with the Maximum Value of SAR (measured). The position that produced the highest Maximum Value of SAR is considered the worst case position; thus used as the initial test position.

A Wi-Fi device must be configured to transmit continuously at the required data rate, channel bandwidth and signal modulation, using the highest transmission duty factor supported by the test mode tools for SAR measurement.

## 6 SAR Measurements System Configuration

### 6.1 SAR Measurement Set-up

The DASY system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running WinXP or Win7 and the DASY software.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

## 6.2 DASY5 E-field Probe System

The SAR measurements were conducted with the dosimetric probe EX3DV4 (manufactured by SPEAG), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation.

### EX3DV4 Probe Specification

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	$\pm 0.3$ dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) $\pm 0.5$ dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 $\mu$ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: $\pm 0.2$ dB (noise: typically < 1 $\mu$ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure Scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields). Only probe which enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.



### E-field Probe Calibration

Each probe is calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than  $\pm 10\%$ . The spherical isotropy was evaluated and found to be better than  $\pm 0.25$ dB. The sensitivity parameters (NormX, NormY, NormZ), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested.

The free space E-field from amplified probe outputs is determined in a test chamber. This is performed in a TEM cell for frequencies below 1 GHz, and in a wave guide above 1 GHz for free space. For the free space calibration, the probe is placed in the volumetric center of the cavity and at the proper orientation with the field. The probe is then rotated 360 degrees.

E-field temperature correlation calibration is performed in a flat phantom filled with the appropriate simulated brain tissue. The measured free space E-field in the medium correlates to temperature rise in a dielectric medium. For temperature correlation calibration a RF transparent thermistor-based temperature probe is used in conjunction with the E-field probe.



$$SAR = C \Delta T / \Delta t$$

Where:  $\Delta t$  = Exposure time (30 seconds),  
 $C$  = Heat capacity of tissue (brain or muscle),  
 $\Delta T$  = Temperature increase due to RF exposure.

Or

$$SAR = |E|^2 \sigma / \rho$$

Where:  $\sigma$  = Simulated tissue conductivity,  
 $\rho$  = Tissue density ( $\text{kg/m}^3$ ).

## 6.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

### Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurements are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

### Area Scan

The area scan is used as a fast scan in two dimensions to find the area of high field values, before doing a fine measurement around the hot spot. The sophisticated interpolation routines implemented in DASY software can find the maximum found in the scanned area, within a range of the global maximum. The range (in dB) is specified in the standards for compliance testing. For example, a 2 dB range is required in IEEE standard 1528 and IEC 62209 standards, whereby 3 dB is a requirement when compliance is assessed in accordance with the ARIB standard (Japan), if only one zoom scan follows the area scan, then only the absolute maximum will be taken as reference. For cases where multiple maximums are detected, the number of zoom scans has to be increased accordingly.

Area scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

	$\leq 3$ GHz	$> 3$ GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface	$5 \pm 1$ mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location	$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{Area}}, \Delta y_{\text{Area}}$	$\leq 2$ GHz: $\leq 15$ mm $2 - 3$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm	$3 - 4$ GHz: $\leq 12$ mm $4 - 6$ GHz: $\leq 10$ mm
	When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	

## Zoom Scan

Zoom scans are used to assess the peak spatial SAR values within a cubic averaging volume containing 1 gram and 10 gram of simulated tissue. The zoom scan measures points (refer to table below) within a cube whose base faces are centered on the maxima found in a preceding area scan job within the same procedure. When the measurement is done, the zoom scan evaluates the averaged SAR for 1 gram and 10 gram and displays these values next to the job's label.

Zoom scan parameters extracted from FCC KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz.

			≤3GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: $\Delta x_{\text{zoom}}$ $\Delta y_{\text{zoom}}$			≤2GHz: ≤8mm 2 – 3GHz: ≤5mm*	3 – 4GHz: ≤5mm* 4 – 6GHz: ≤4mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	Uniform grid: $\Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n)$		≤5mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤4mm 4 – 5GHz: ≤3mm 5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
	Graded grid	$\Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(1)$ : between 1 <sup>st</sup> two points closest to phantom surface	≤4mm	3 – 4GHz: ≤3mm 4 – 5GHz: ≤2.5mm 5 – 6GHz: ≤2mm
		$\Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n>1)$ : between subsequent points	≤1.5• $\Delta z_{\text{zoom}}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	X, y, z		≥30mm	3 – 4GHz: ≥28mm 4 – 5GHz: ≥25mm 5 – 6GHz: ≥22mm
Note: $\delta$ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <i>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</i> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4W/kg, ≤8mm, ≤7mm and ≤5mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2GHz to 3GHz, 3GHz to 4GHz and 4GHz to 6GHz.				

## Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used to assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD postprocessor can combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

## Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

## 7 Main Test Equipment

Name of Equipment	Manufacturer	Type/Model	Serial Number	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Network analyzer	Agilent	E5071B	MY42404014	2021-05-15	2022-05-14
Dielectric Probe Kit	Agilent	85070E	US44020115	2021-05-15	2022-05-14
Power meter	Agilent	E4417A	GB41291714	2021-05-15	2022-05-14
Power sensor	Agilent	N8481H	MY50350004	2021-05-15	2022-05-14
Power sensor	Agilent	E9327A	US40441622	2021-05-15	2022-05-14
Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50140143	2021-05-15	2022-05-14
Dual directional coupler	UCL	UCL-DDC0 56G-S	20010600118	/	/
Amplifier	INDEXSAR	TPA-005060 G01	13030502	2021-05-15	2022-05-14
E-field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7628	2021-02-16	2022-02-15
DAE	SPEAG	DAE4	1317	2021-02-23	2022-02-22
Validation Kit 2450MHz	SPEAG	D2450V2	786	2020-08-27	2023-08-26
Validation Kit 5GHz	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1151	2020-02-27	2023-02-26
Hygrothermograph	Anymetr	HTC-1	TY2020A001	2021-05-15	2022-05-14
Twin ELI Phantom	Speag	ELI v4.0	1058	/	/
Software for Test	Speag	DASY52	/	/	/
Software for Tissue	Agilent	85070	/	/	/

## 8 Tissue Dielectric Parameter Measurements & System Verification

### 8.1 Tissue Verification

The temperature of the tissue-equivalent medium used during measurement must also be within 18°C to 25°C and within  $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  of the temperature when the tissue parameters are characterized. The dielectric parameters must be measured before the tissue-equivalent medium is used in a series of SAR measurements. The parameters should be re-measured after each 24 hours of use; or earlier if the dielectric parameters can become out of tolerance.

#### Target values

Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Salt (%)	Sugar (%)	Glycol (%)	Preventol (%)	Cellulose (%)	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma(\text{s/m})$
2450	62.7	0.5	0	36.8	0	0	39.2	1.80
Frequency (MHz)	Water (%)	Diethylenglycol monohexylether			Triton X-100		$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma(\text{s/m})$
5250	65.53	17.24			17.23		35.9	4.71
5750	65.53	17.24			17.23		35.4	5.22

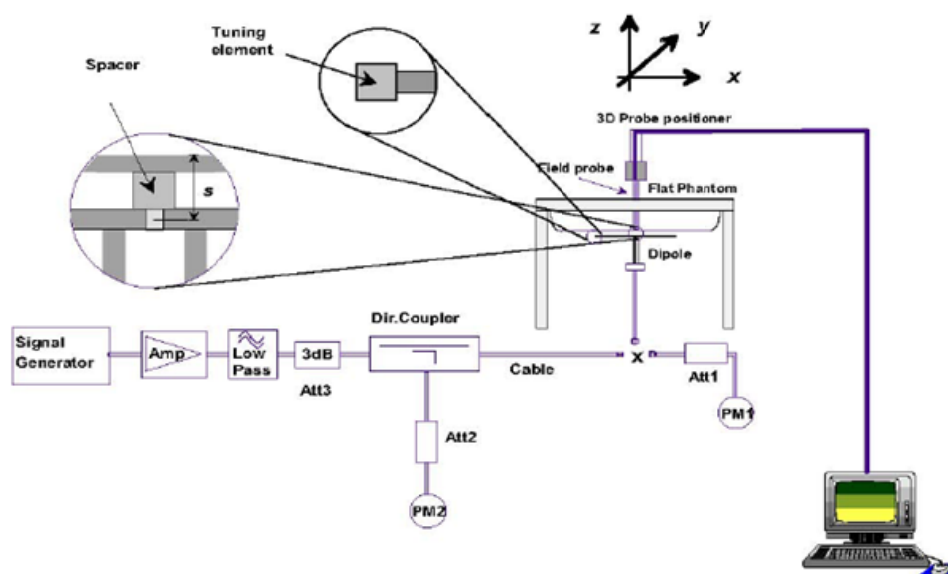
#### Measurements results

Frequency (MHz)	Test Date	Temp $^\circ\text{C}$	Measured Dielectric Parameters		Target Dielectric Parameters		Limit (Within $\pm 5\%$ )	
			$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma(\text{s/m})$	$\epsilon_r$	$\sigma(\text{s/m})$	Dev $\epsilon_r(\%)$	Dev $\sigma(\%)$
2450	7/22/2021	21.5	38.5	1.80	39.2	1.80	-1.79	0.00
5250	7/22/2021	21.5	35.7	4.81	35.9	4.71	-0.56	2.12
5750	7/22/2021	21.5	35.0	5.32	35.4	5.22	-1.13	1.92
Note: The depth of tissue-equivalent liquid in a phantom must be $\geq 15.0$ cm for SAR measurements $\leq 3$ GHz and $\geq 10.0$ cm for measurements $> 3$ GHz.								

## 8.2 System Performance Check

The manufacturer calibrates the probes annually. Dielectric parameters of the tissue simulates were measured using the dielectric probe kit and the network analyzer. A system check measurement for every day was made following the determination of the dielectric parameters of the Tissue simulates, using the dipole validation kit. The dipole antenna was placed under the flat section of the twin SAM phantom.

System check is performed regularly on all frequency bands where tests are performed with the DASY system.



### Picture 1 System Performance Check setup



### Picture 2 Setup Photo

# System Check results

Frequency (MHz)	Test Date	Temp °C	250mW/ 100mW Measured SAR <sub>10g</sub>	1W Normalized SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/kg)	1W Target SAR <sub>10g</sub> (W/kg)	Limit (±10%)	Plot No.
2450	7/22/2021	21.5	6.35	25.40	24.00	5.83	1
5250	7/22/2021	21.5	2.23	22.30	22.30	0.00	2
5750	7/22/2021	21.5	2.12	21.20	21.90	-3.20	3
Note: Target Values used derive from the calibration certificate Data Storage and Evaluation.							

### 8.3 SAR System Validation

Per FCC KDB 865664 D02v01, SAR system verification is required to confirm measurement accuracy. The SAR systems (including SAR probes, system components and software versions) used for this device were validated against its performance specifications prior to the SAR measurements. Reference dipoles are used with the required tissue-equivalent media for system validation, according to the procedures outlined in FCC KDB 865664 D01 and IEEE 1528-2013. Since SAR probe calibrations are frequency dependent, each probe calibration point must be validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point, using the system that normally operates with the probe for routine SAR measurements and according to the required tissue-equivalent media.

A tabulated summary of the system validation status, measurement frequencies, SAR probes, calibrated signal type(s) and tissue dielectric parameters has been included.

Frequency [MHz]	Date	Probe SN	Probe Type	PERM (Er)	COND (Σ)	CW Validation			Mod. Validation		
						Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Mod. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
750	2/16/2021	7628	EX3DV4	42.81	0.85	PASS	PASS	PASS	FDD	PASS	N/A
835	2/16/2021	7628	EX3DV4	42.22	0.90	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
1750	2/16/2021	7628	EX3DV4	39.91	1.32	PASS	PASS	PASS	NA	N/A	N/A
1900	2/16/2021	7628	EX3DV4	39.43	1.42	PASS	PASS	PASS	GMSK	PASS	N/A
2450	2/16/2021	7628	EX3DV4	38.19	1.83	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	PASS	PASS
2600	2/16/2021	7628	EX3DV4	37.60	1.99	PASS	PASS	PASS	TDD	PASS	N/A
5250	2/16/2021	7628	EX3DV4	35.36	4.83	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5600	2/16/2021	7628	EX3DV4	34.43	5.29	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS
5750	2/16/2021	7628	EX3DV4	34.07	5.47	PASS	PASS	PASS	OFDM	N/A	PASS

NOTE: While the probes have been calibrated for both CW and modulated signals, all measurements were performed using communication systems calibrated for CW signals only. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the measurement system has been validated per FCC KDB Publication 865664D01v01 for scenarios when CW probe calibrations are used with other signal types. SAR systems were validated for modulated signals with a periodic duty cycle, such as GMSK, or with a high peak to average ratio (>5dB), such as OFDM according to KDB 865664.

## 9 Normal and Maximum Output Power

KDB 447498 D01 at the maximum rated output power and within the tune-up tolerance range specified for the product, but not more than 2 dB lower than the maximum tune-up tolerance limit.

### 9.1 WLAN Mode

Wi-Fi 2.4G Antenna 1	Channel /Frequency(MHz)	Maximum Output Power (dBm)	
		Tune-up	Meas.
Mode			
802.11b (1M)	1/2412	13.00	<b>12.37</b>
	6/2437	13.00	11.54
	11/2462	13.00	11.53
802.11g (6M)	1/2412	12.50	11.95
	6/2437	12.50	10.83
	11/2462	12.50	10.78
802.11n-HT20 (MCS0)	1/2412	12.50	11.97
	6/2437	12.50	10.87
	11/2462	12.50	10.66
802.11n-HT40 (MCS0)	3/2422	12.00	11.23
	6/2437	12.00	11.11
	9/2452	12.00	10.61

Note: Initial test configuration is 802.11b mode, since the highest maximum output power.

Wi-Fi 2.4G Antenna 2	Channel /Frequency(MHz)	Maximum Output Power (dBm)	
		Tune-up	Meas.
Mode			
802.11b (1M)	1/2412	14.50	<b>14.13</b>
	6/2437	14.50	13.94
	11/2462	14.50	13.50
802.11g (6M)	1/2412	14.00	13.30
	6/2437	14.00	12.17
	11/2462	14.00	12.32
802.11n-HT20 (MCS0)	1/2412	14.00	13.26
	6/2437	14.00	12.29
	11/2462	14.00	12.43
802.11n-HT40 (MCS0)	3/2422	13.00	12.65
	6/2437	13.00	11.91
	9/2452	13.00	11.14

Note: Initial test configuration is 802.11b mode, since the highest maximum output power.





Wi-Fi 2.4G MIMO Mode	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Output Power (dBm)			
		Tune-up	Meas.	Antenna 1	Antenna 2
802.11b (1M)	1/2412	17.00	<b>16.35</b>	<b>12.37</b>	<b>14.13</b>
	6/2437	17.00	15.91	11.54	13.94
	11/2462	17.00	15.64	11.53	13.50
802.11g (6M)	1/2412	16.00	15.69	11.95	13.30
	6/2437	16.00	14.56	10.83	12.17
	11/2462	16.00	14.63	10.78	12.32
802.11n-HT20 (MCS0)	1/2412	16.00	15.67	11.97	13.26
	6/2437	16.00	14.65	10.87	12.29
	11/2462	16.00	14.64	10.66	12.43
802.11n-HT40 (MCS0)	3/2422	15.50	15.01	11.23	12.65
	6/2437	15.50	14.54	11.11	11.91
	9/2452	15.50	13.89	10.61	11.14

Wi-Fi 5G (U-NII-1) Antenna 1 Mode	Channel /Frequency(MHz)	Maximum Output Power (dBm)	
		Tune-up	Meas.
802.11a (6M)	36/5180	13.50	<b>13.12</b>
	40/5200	13.50	12.75
	44/5220	13.50	12.14
	48/5240	13.50	12.20
802.11n-HT20 (MCS0)	36/5180	12.00	11.50
	40/5200	12.00	11.01
	44/5220	12.00	10.18
	48/5240	12.00	10.63
802.11n-HT40 (MCS0)	38/5190	12.00	10.58
	46/5230	12.00	10.30
802.11ac-VHT20 (MCS0)	36/5180	12.00	11.62
	40/5200	12.00	11.23
	44/5220	12.00	10.49
	48/5240	12.00	10.54
802.11ac-VHT40 (MCS0)	38/5190	12.00	10.56
	46/5230	12.00	10.03
802.11ac-VHT80(MCS0)	42/5210	10.00	9.12
Note. Initial test configuration is 802.11a mode, since the highest maximum output power.			



Wi-Fi 5G (U-NII-3) Antenna 1 Mode	Channel /Frequency(MHz)	Maximum Output Power (dBm)	
		Tune-up	Meas.
802.11a (6M)	149/5745	14.00	13.30
	157/5785	14.00	<b>13.81</b>
	165/5825	14.00	13.71
802.11n-HT20 (MCS0)	149/5745	13.00	12.10
	157/5785	13.00	12.27
	165/5825	13.00	12.04
802.11n-HT40 (MCS0)	151/5755	13.00	11.98
	159/5795	13.00	12.60
802.11ac-HT20 (MCS0)	149/5745	13.50	12.24
	157/5785	13.50	12.95
	165/5825	13.50	12.91
802.11ac-HT40 (MCS0)	151/5755	13.50	12.14
	159/5795	13.50	12.97
802.11ac-HT80(MCS0)	155/5775	12.00	11.20
Note. Initial test configuration is 802.11a mode, since the highest maximum output power.			

Wi-Fi 5G (U-NII-1) Antenna 2 Mode	Channel /Frequency(MHz)	Maximum Output Power (dBm)	
		Tune-up	Meas.
802.11a (6M)	36/5180	13.50	12.93
	40/5200	13.50	12.62
	44/5220	13.50	12.51
	48/5240	13.50	12.15
802.11n-HT20 (MCS0)	36/5180	13.50	<b>13.05</b>
	40/5200	13.50	12.73
	44/5220	12.00	10.77
	48/5240	12.00	10.60
802.11n-HT40 (MCS0)	38/5190	11.00	10.38
	46/5230	11.00	10.17
802.11ac-VHT20 (MCS0)	36/5180	12.00	11.62
	40/5200	12.00	11.13
	44/5220	11.00	10.84
	48/5240	11.00	10.45
802.11ac-VHT40 (MCS0)	38/5190	11.00	10.29
	46/5230	11.00	10.46



802.11ac-VHT80(MCS0)	42/5210	10.00	9.75
Note. Initial test configuration is 802.11n-HT20 mode, since the highest maximum output power, the largest channel bandwidth, and lowest order.			

Wi-Fi 5G (U-NII-3) Antenna 2 Mode	Channel /Frequency(MHz)	Maximum Output Power (dBm)	
		Tune-up	Meas.
802.11a (6M)	149/5745	14.00	12.38
	157/5785	14.00	12.84
	165/5825	14.00	<b>13.57</b>
802.11n-HT20 (MCS0)	149/5745	12.50	11.05
	157/5785	12.50	11.24
	165/5825	12.50	11.91
802.11n-HT40 (MCS0)	151/5755	11.50	10.87
	159/5795	11.50	11.29
802.11ac-HT20 (MCS0)	149/5745	12.50	11.10
	157/5785	12.50	11.37
	165/5825	12.50	11.99
802.11ac-HT40 (MCS0)	151/5755	12.00	10.83
	159/5795	12.00	11.35
802.11ac-HT80(MCS0)	155/5775	11.50	10.87
Note. Initial test configuration is 802.11a mode, since the highest maximum output power.			

Wi-Fi 5G (U-NII-1) MIMO Mode	Channel/ Frequency(MHz)	Maximum Output Power (dBm)			
		Tune-up	Meas.	Antenna 1	Antenna 2
802.11a (6M)	36/5180	16.50	<b>16.04</b>	<b>13.12</b>	<b>12.93</b>
	40/5200	16.50	15.70	12.75	12.62
	44/5220	16.50	15.34	12.14	12.51
	48/5240	16.50	15.19	12.20	12.15
802.11n-HT20 (MCS0)	36/5180	16.00	15.35	11.50	13.05
	40/5200	16.00	14.96	11.01	12.73
	44/5220	14.00	13.50	10.18	10.77
	48/5240	14.00	13.63	10.63	10.60
802.11n-HT40 (MCS0)	38/5190	14.00	13.49	10.58	10.38
	46/5230	14.00	13.25	10.30	10.17
802.11ac-VHT20	36/5180	15.00	14.63	11.62	11.62

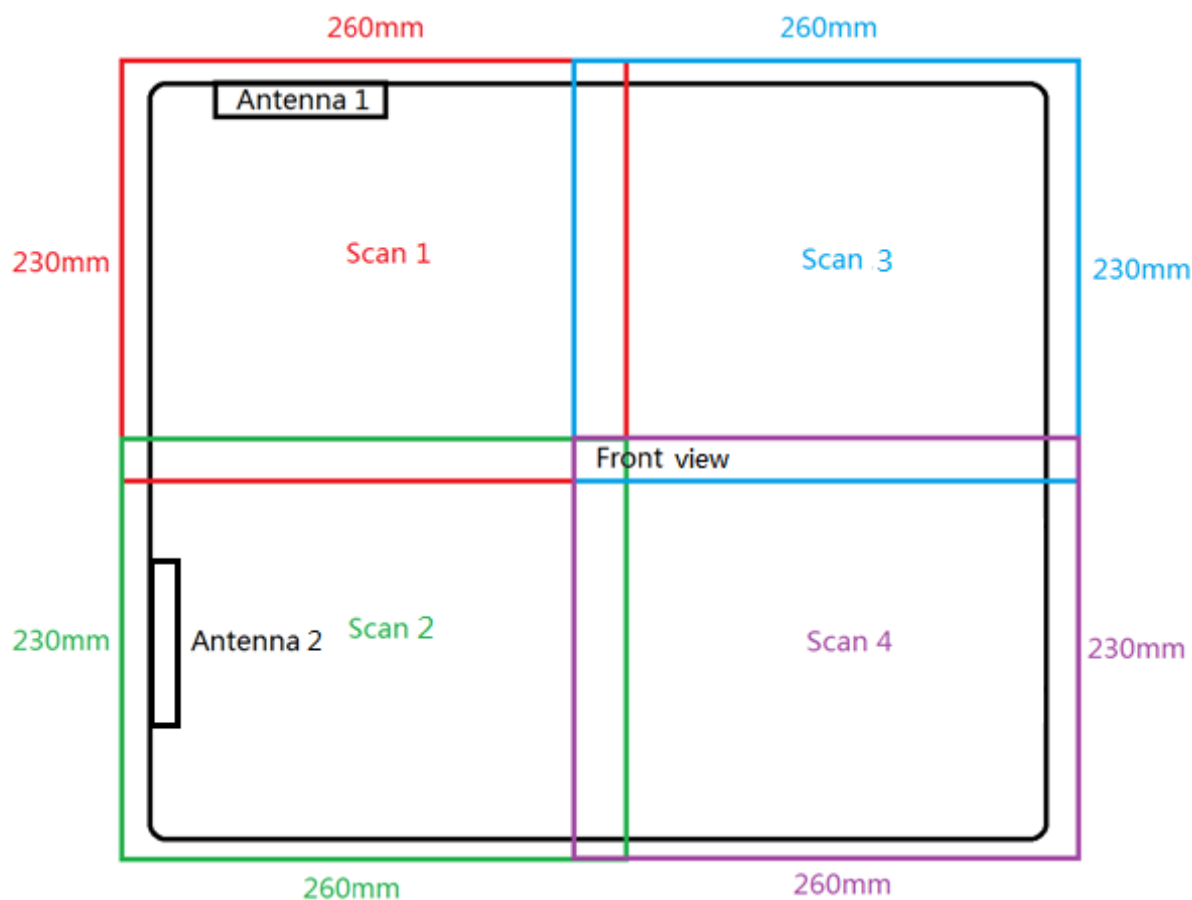


(MCS0)	40/5200	15.00	14.19	11.23	11.13
	44/5220	15.00	13.68	10.49	10.84
	48/5240	15.00	13.51	10.54	10.45
802.11ac-VHT40 (MCS0)	38/5190	14.00	13.44	10.56	10.29
	46/5230	14.00	13.26	10.03	10.46
802.11ac-VHT80(MCS0)	42/5210	13.00	12.46	9.12	9.75

Wi-Fi 5G (U-NII-3) MIMO Mode	Channel /Frequency(MHz)	Maximum Output Power (dBm)			
		Tune-up	Meas.	Antenna 1	Antenna 2
802.11a (6M)	149/5745	17.00	15.87	13.30	12.38
	157/5785	17.00	16.36	<b>13.81</b>	12.84
	165/5825	17.00	<b>16.65</b>	13.71	<b>13.57</b>
802.11n-HT20 (MCS0)	149/5745	15.50	14.62	12.10	11.05
	157/5785	15.50	14.80	12.27	11.24
	165/5825	15.50	14.99	12.04	11.91
802.11n-HT40 (MCS0)	151/5755	15.50	14.47	11.98	10.87
	159/5795	15.50	15.00	12.60	11.29
802.11ac-HT20 (MCS0)	149/5745	16.00	14.72	12.24	11.10
	157/5785	16.00	15.24	12.95	11.37
	165/5825	16.00	15.48	12.91	11.99
802.11ac-HT40 (MCS0)	151/5755	16.00	14.54	12.14	10.83
	159/5795	16.00	15.25	12.97	11.35
802.11ac-HT80(MCS0)	155/5775	15.00	14.05	11.20	10.87

## 10 Measured and Reported (Scaled) SAR Results

### 10.1 EUT Antenna Locations



**Note:** The location of the test is detailed in Section 5.1.

Overall (Length x Width): 460 mm x 384 mm				
Antenna \ Area Scan	Scan 1	Scan 2	Scan 3	Scan 4
Antenna 1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Antenna 2	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes



## 10.2 Measured SAR Results

**Table 3: Wi-Fi (2.4G)**

Test Position	Cover Type	Mode 802.11b	Duty Cycle	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Limit of SAR 1.6W/kg (mW/g)								Plot No.
							1 Area Scan SAR 1g	2 Area Scan SAR 1g	3 Area Scan SAR 1g	4 Area Scan SAR 1g	Zoom Scan SAR 1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR 1g	
Body SAR ANT1															
Front Side	standard	DSSS	1:1	1/2412	13.00	12.37	0.005	0.005	0.071	0.004	0.023	-0.157	1.16	0.026	4
Body SAR ANT2															
Front Side	standard	DSSS	1:1	1/2412	14.50	14.13	0.021	0.004	0.002	0.002	0.020	0.100	1.09	0.022	/
Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.															

**Table 4: Wi-Fi (5G, U-NII-1)**

Test Position	Cover Type	Mode	Duty Cycle	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up dBm	Measured power (dBm)	Limit of SAR 1.6W/kg (mW/g)								Plot No.
							1 Area	2 Area	3 Area	4 Area	Zoom	Power	Scaling	Report	
							Scan	Scan	Scan	Scan	Scan	Drift	Factor	SAR 1g	
							SAR 1g	SAR 1g	SAR 1g	SAR 1g	SAR 1g	(dB)			
Body SAR ANT1															
Front Side	standard	802.11a	1:1	36/5180	13.50	13.12	0.002	0.006	0.001	0.011	0.013	0.071	1.09	0.015	/
Body SAR ANT2															
Front Side	standard	802.11n HT20	1:1	36/5180	13.50	13.05	0.091	0.008	0.002	0.001	0.095	0.058	1.11	0.105	5
Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.															

**Table 5: Wi-Fi (5G, U-NII-3)**

Test Position	Cover Type	Mode	Duty Cycle	Channel/ Frequency (MHz)	Tune-up dBm)	Measured power (dBm)	Limit of SAR 1.6W/kg (mW/g)								Plot No.
							1 Area Scan SAR 1g	2 Area Scan SAR 1g	3 Area Scan SAR 1g	4 Area Scan SAR 1g	Zoom Scan SAR 1g	Power Drift (dB)	Scaling Factor	Report SAR 1g	
Body SAR ANT1															
Front Side	standard	802.11a	1:1	157/5785	14.00	13.81	0.003	0.004	0.182	0.002	0.203	0.026	1.04	0.212	6
Body SAR ANT2															
Front Side	standard	802.11a	1:1	165/5825	14.00	13.57	0.142	0.001	0.002	0.000	0.164	0.088	1.10	0.181	/

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum SAR Value of each test band.

### 10.3 Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

Simultaneous Transmission Configurations	Body SAR
Wi-Fi 2.4G Antenna 1 + Wi-Fi 2.4G Antenna 2	Yes
Wi-Fi 5G Antenna 1 + Wi-Fi 5G Antenna 2	Yes
Wi-Fi 2.4G + Wi-Fi 5G	No

#### General Note:

- The Scaled SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
  - Scalar SAR summation  $< 1.6\text{W/kg}$ , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.
  - $\text{SPLSR} = (\text{SAR1} + \text{SAR2})^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$ , and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of  $[(x1-x2)^2 + (y1-y2)^2 + (z1-z2)^2]$ , where  $(x1, y1, z1)$  and  $(x2, y2, z2)$  are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan.
  - If  $\text{SPLSR} \leq 0.04$ , simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary.

#### About Wi-Fi Antenna 1 and Antenna 2

Front Side		SAR <sub>1g</sub> (W/kg)		MAX. $\Sigma\text{SAR}_{1g}$
		Antenna 1	Antenna 2	
Body SAR	Wi-Fi 2.4G	0.026	0.022	0.048
	Wi-Fi 5G U-NII-1	0.015	0.105	0.120
	Wi-Fi 5G U-NII-3	0.212	0.181	0.393

Note: 1. The value with blue color is the maximum  $\Sigma\text{SAR}_{1g}$  Value.  
2.  $\text{MAX. } \Sigma\text{SAR}_{1g} = \text{Unlicensed SAR}_{\text{MAX}} + \text{Licensed SAR}_{\text{MAX}}$

$\text{MAX. } \Sigma\text{SAR}_{1g} = 0.393\text{W/kg} < 1.6\text{ W/kg}$ , so the Simultaneous transmission SAR with volum scan are not required for Wi-Fi Antenna 1 and Antenna 2.



## 11 Measurement Uncertainty

Per KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is  $< 1.5$  W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528- 2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval.



## ANNEX A: Test Layout



### Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the flat phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For Body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Picture 3.



Picture 3: Liquid depth in the flat Phantom

## ANNEX B: System Check Results

### Plot 1 System Performance Check at 2450 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2

Date: 7/22/2021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2450$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.80$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 38.5$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7628; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2/16/2021;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 2/23/2021

Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1058

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Area Scan (4x7x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.2 mW/g

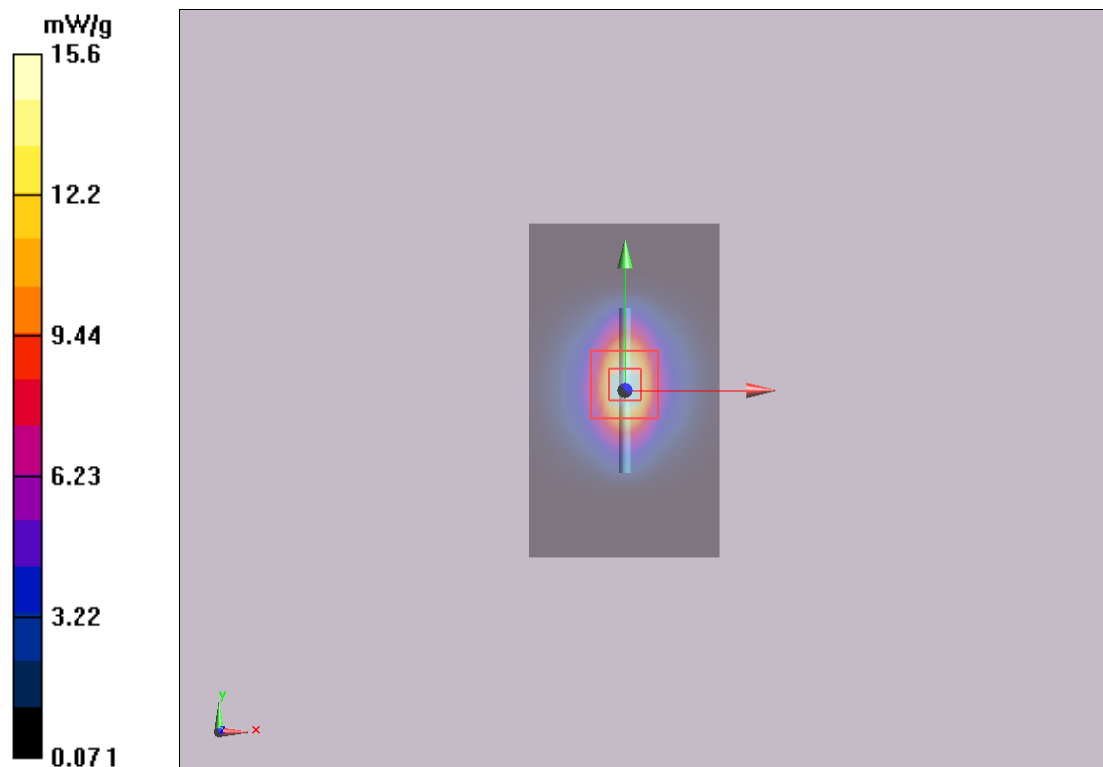
**d=10mm, Pin=250mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 67.0 V/m; Power Drift = 0.010 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 28.0 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 14.05 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 6.35 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 15.6 mW/g



## Plot 2 System Performance Check at 5250 MHz TSL

DUT: Dipole 5250 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2

Date: 7/22/2021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5250$  MHz;  $\sigma = 4.81$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.7$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7628; ConvF(5.51, 5.51, 5.51); Calibrated: 2/16/2021;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 2/23/2021

Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1058

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (6x10x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.14 mW/g

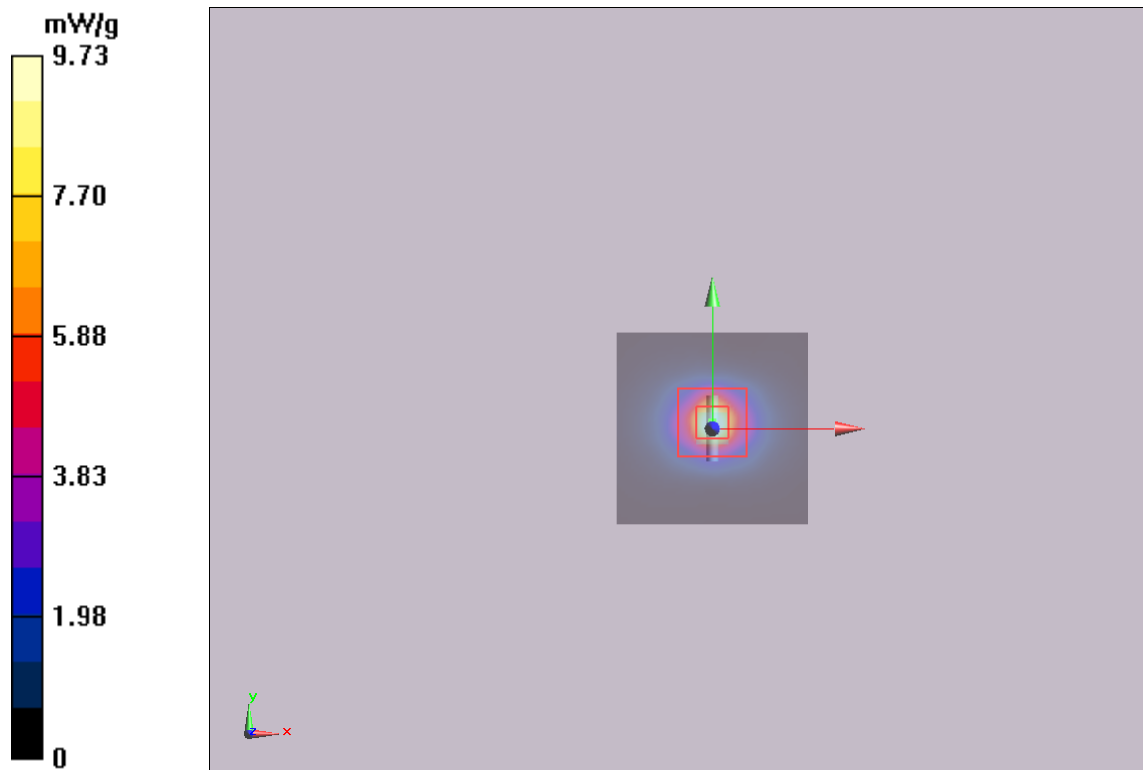
**d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 33.6 V/m; Power Drift = -0.095 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 52.2 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 8.12 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.23 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.73 mW/g



### Plot 3 System Performance Check at 5750 MHz TSL

**DUT: Dipole 5750 MHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2**

Date: 7/22/2021

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5750$  MHz;  $\sigma = 5.32$  mho/m;  $\epsilon_r = 35.0$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7628; ConvF(5.00, 5.00, 5.00); Calibrated: 2/16/2021;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 2/23/2021

Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial: 1058

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Area Scan (6x10x1):** Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.31 mW/g

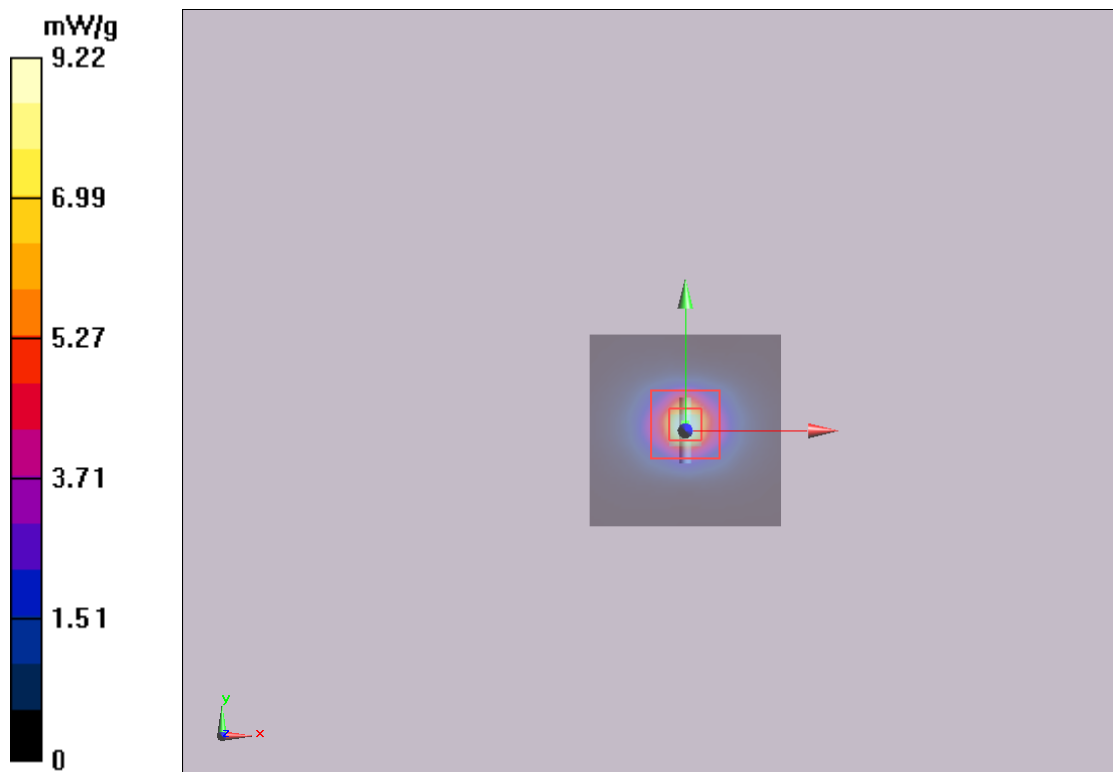
**d=10mm, Pin=100mW/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 23.1 V/m; Power Drift = -0.008 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 22.9 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 7.72 mW/g; SAR(10 g) = 2.12 mW/g**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 9.22 mW/g



## ANNEX C: Highest Graph Results

### Plot 4 802.11b Front Side Low (Antenna 1, Distance 0mm)

Date: 7/22/2021

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11b (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 2412$  MHz;  $\sigma = 1.833$  S/m;  $\epsilon_r = 40.965$ ;  $\rho = 1000$  kg/m<sup>3</sup>

Ambient Temperature: 22.3 °C      Liquid Temperature: 21.5 °C

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7628; ConvF(8.01, 8.01, 8.01); Calibrated: 2/16/2021;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 2/23/2021

Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial:1058

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Front Side Low/ Area Scan (19x23x1):** Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.024 W/kg

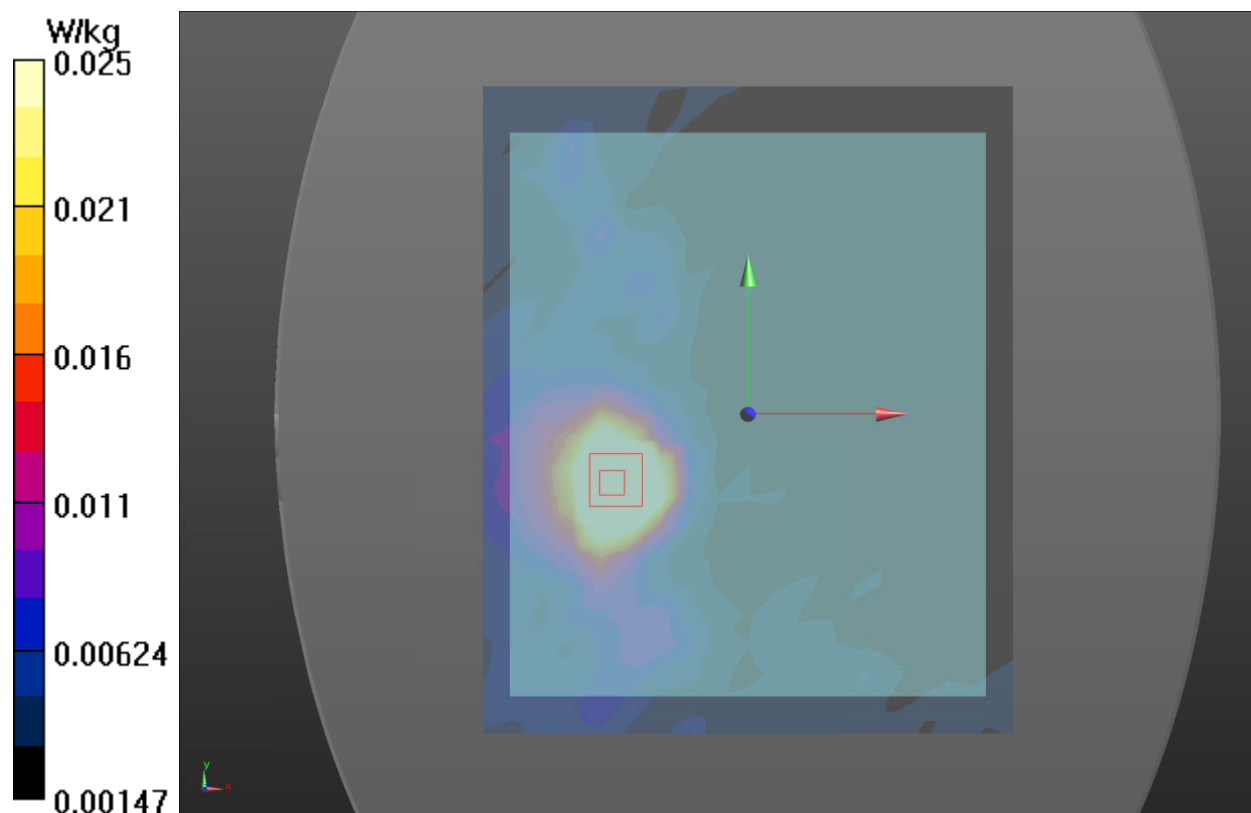
**Front Side Low/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.319 V/m; Power Drift = -0.157 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.051 W/kg

**SAR(1 g) = 0.023 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.011 W/kg**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.025 W/kg



# **Plot 5 802.11n HT 20 U-NII-1 Front Side CH36 (Antenna 2, Distance 0mm)**

Date: 7/22/2021

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11n HT20 (0); Frequency: 5180 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5180 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 4.75 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 36.766$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:  $22.3^\circ\text{C}$  Liquid Temperature:  $21.5^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7628; ConvF(5.51, 5.51, 5.51); Calibrated: 2/16/2021;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 2/23/2021

Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial:1058

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Front Side CH36 /Area Scan (23x28x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=10 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $0.178 \text{ W/kg}$

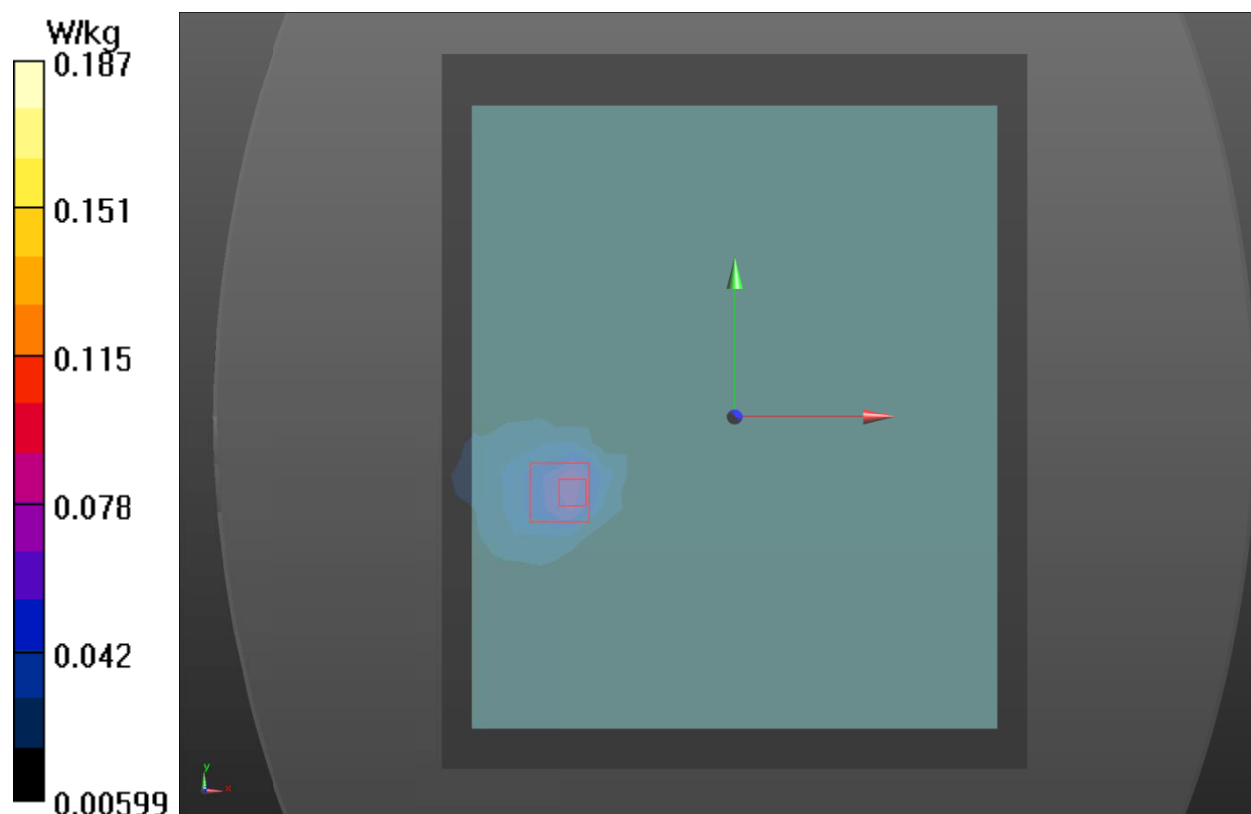
**Front Side CH36 /Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $0.7670 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.058 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $0.504 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $0.095 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $0.039 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $0.187 \text{ W/kg}$



# **Plot 6 802.11a U-NII-3 Front Side CH157 (Antenna 1, Distance 0mm)**

Date: 7/22/2021

Communication System: UID 0, 802.11a (0); Frequency: 5785 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used:  $f = 5785 \text{ MHz}$ ;  $\sigma = 5.48 \text{ S/m}$ ;  $\epsilon_r = 35.343$ ;  $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Ambient Temperature:  $22.3^\circ\text{C}$  Liquid Temperature:  $21.5^\circ\text{C}$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

Probe: EX3DV4 - SN7628; ConvF(5.00, 5.00, 5.00); Calibrated: 2/16/2021;

Electronics: DAE4 SN1317; Calibrated: 2/23/2021

Phantom: ELI v4.0; Type: QDOVA001BB; Serial:1058

Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.10 (4); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.14 (7483)

**Front Side CH157 /Area Scan (23x28x1):** Interpolated grid:  $dx=10 \text{ mm}$ ,  $dy=10 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $0.398 \text{ W/kg}$

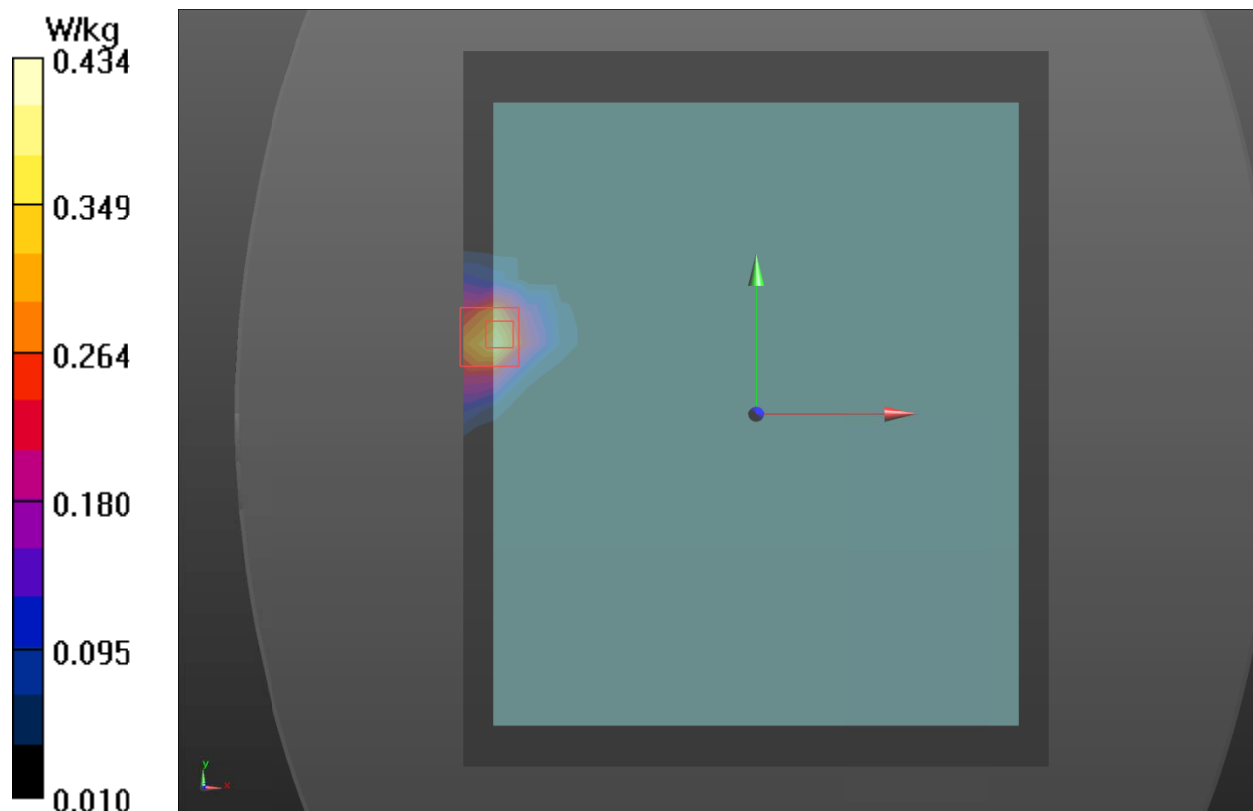
**Front Side CH157 /Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid:  $dx=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dy=4\text{mm}$ ,  $dz=2\text{mm}$

Reference Value =  $1.064 \text{ V/m}$ ; Power Drift =  $0.026 \text{ dB}$

Peak SAR (extrapolated) =  $0.808 \text{ W/kg}$

**SAR(1 g) =  $0.203 \text{ W/kg}$ ; SAR(10 g) =  $0.087 \text{ W/kg}$**

Maximum value of SAR (measured) =  $0.434 \text{ W/kg}$







## ANNEX D: Probe Calibration Certificate

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)  
The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

Client **Auden**

Certificate No: EX3-7628\_Feb21

## CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN:7628**

Calibration procedure(s) **QA CAL-01.v9, QA CAL-14.v6, QA CAL-23.v5, QA CAL-25.v7  
Calibration procedure for dosimetric E-field probes**

Calibration date: **February 16, 2021**

This calibration certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI).  
The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature  $(22 \pm 3)^{\circ}\text{C}$  and humidity  $< 70\%$ .

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID	Cal Date (Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power meter NRP	SN: 104778	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100/03101)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103244	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03100)	Apr-21
Power sensor NRP-Z91	SN: 103245	01-Apr-20 (No. 217-03101)	Apr-21
Reference 20 dB Attenuator	SN: CC2552 (20x)	31-Mar-20 (No. 217-03106)	Apr-21
DAE4	SN: 660	23-Dec-20 (No. DAE4-660_Dec20)	Dec-21
Reference Probe ES3DV2	SN: 3013	30-Dec-20 (No. ES3-3013_Dec20)	Dec-21
Secondary Standards	ID	Check Date (in house)	Scheduled Check
Power meter E4419B	SN: GB41293874	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: MY41498087	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Power sensor E4412A	SN: 000110210	06-Apr-16 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
RF generator HP 8648C	SN: US3642U01700	04-Aug-99 (in house check Jun-20)	In house check: Jun-22
Network Analyzer E8358A	SN: US41080477	31-Mar-14 (in house check Oct-20)	In house check: Oct-21

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Jelon Kastrati	Laboratory Technician	
Approved by:	Katja Pokovic	Technical Manager	
This calibration certificate shall not be reproduced except in full without written approval of the laboratory.			
Issued: February 16, 2021			

Certificate No: EX3-7628\_Feb21

Page 1 of 23

Calibration Laboratory of  
Schmid & Partner  
Engineering AG  
Zeughausstrasse 43, 8004 Zurich, Switzerland



S Schweizerischer Kalibrierdienst  
C Service suisse d'étalonnage  
S Servizio svizzero di taratura  
S Swiss Calibration Service

Accredited by the Swiss Accreditation Service (SAS)

Accreditation No.: SCS 0108

The Swiss Accreditation Service is one of the signatories to the EA  
Multilateral Agreement for the recognition of calibration certificates

### Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM <sub>x,y,z</sub>
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A, B, C, D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization $\phi$	$\phi$ rotation around probe axis
Polarization $\vartheta$	$\vartheta$ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), i.e., $\vartheta = 0$ is normal to probe axis
Connector Angle	information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

### Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

### Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub>: Assessed for E-field polarization  $\vartheta = 0$  ( $f \leq 900$  MHz in TEM-cell;  $f > 1800$  MHz: R22 waveguide). NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> does not affect the  $E^2$ -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM( $f$ )<sub>x,y,z</sub> = NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* frequency\_response (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP<sub>x,y,z</sub>: DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep with CW signal (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR: PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics
- A<sub>x,y,z</sub>; B<sub>x,y,z</sub>; C<sub>x,y,z</sub>; D<sub>x,y,z</sub>; VR<sub>x,y,z</sub>: A, B, C, D are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters: Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for  $f \leq 800$  MHz) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for  $f > 800$  MHz. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty values are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM<sub>x,y,z</sub> \* ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from  $\pm 50$  MHz to  $\pm 100$  MHz.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy): in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset: The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle: The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM<sub>x</sub> (no uncertainty required).



EX3DV4 – SN:7628

February 16, 2021

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7628****Basic Calibration Parameters**

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm ( $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$ ) <sup>A</sup>	0.61	0.56	0.61	± 10.1 %
DCP (mV) <sup>B</sup>	109.2	108.2	109.0	

**Calibration Results for Modulation Response**

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB/μV	C	D dB	VR mV	Max dev.	Max Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	149.4	± 2.7 %	± 4.7 %
		Y	0.00	0.00	1.00		155.2		
		Z	0.00	0.00	1.00		166.3		
10352-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	X	1.78	61.75	7.06	10.00	60.0	± 2.9 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.55	60.76	6.50		60.0		
		Z	1.58	60.81	6.57		60.0		
10353-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	X	0.85	60.00	5.15	6.99	80.0	± 2.3 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.85	60.00	5.03		80.0		
		Z	0.79	60.00	4.98		80.0		
10354-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	X	0.44	60.00	4.18	3.98	95.0	± 2.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	8.00	70.00	7.00		95.0		
		Z	0.10	132.92	0.43		95.0		
10355-AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	X	0.26	60.00	3.63	2.22	120.0	± 1.6 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	10.15	157.55	9.99		120.0		
		Z	7.49	159.80	25.97		120.0		
10387-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	X	0.71	69.02	16.11	1.00	150.0	± 3.3 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	0.53	63.89	12.42		150.0		
		Z	0.53	63.57	12.67		150.0		
10388-AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	X	1.60	69.56	15.90	0.00	150.0	± 1.1 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.33	66.14	13.93		150.0		
		Z	1.33	66.05	14.03		150.0		
10396-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	X	1.78	65.59	16.29	3.01	150.0	± 1.0 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	1.71	64.82	15.85		150.0		
		Z	1.57	63.48	15.49		150.0		
10399-AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	X	2.93	67.49	15.80	0.00	150.0	± 1.4 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	2.81	66.48	15.12		150.0		
		Z	2.80	66.27	15.10		150.0		
10414-AAA	WLAN CCDF, 64-QAM, 40MHz	X	3.83	66.82	15.68	0.00	150.0	± 2.5 %	± 9.6 %
		Y	3.77	66.09	15.24		150.0		
		Z	3.92	66.64	15.56		150.0		

Note: For details on UID parameters see Appendix

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of measurement multiplied by the coverage factor k=2, which for a normal distribution corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

<sup>A</sup> The uncertainties of Norm X,Y,Z do not affect the E<sup>2</sup>-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Pages 5 and 6).<sup>B</sup> Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.<sup>E</sup> Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.



EX3DV4- SN:7628

February 16, 2021

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7628****Sensor Model Parameters**

	C1 fF	C2 fF	$\alpha$ $V^{-1}$	T1 ms. $V^{-2}$	T2 ms. $V^{-1}$	T3 ms	T4 $V^{-2}$	T5 $V^{-1}$	T6
X	8.5	59.16	31.40	4.05	0.00	4.90	0.60	0.00	1.00
Y	9.3	65.93	32.35	4.45	0.00	4.92	0.54	0.00	1.00
Z	9.2	65.89	32.86	1.60	0.00	4.90	0.18	0.00	1.00

**Other Probe Parameters**

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	-144.2
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disabled
Probe Overall Length	337 mm
Probe Body Diameter	10 mm
Tip Length	9 mm
Tip Diameter	2.5 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1 mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1 mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4 mm

**Note:** Measurement distance from surface can be increased to 3-4 mm for an Area Scan job.





EX3DV4- SN:7628

February 16, 2021

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7628****Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	10.48	10.48	10.48	0.43	0.80	± 12.0 %
835	41.5	0.90	10.15	10.15	10.15	0.46	0.80	± 12.0 %
900	41.5	0.97	9.77	9.77	9.77	0.51	0.86	± 12.0 %
1450	40.5	1.20	9.03	9.03	9.03	0.35	0.80	± 12.0 %
1750	40.1	1.37	8.76	8.76	8.76	0.28	0.86	± 12.0 %
1900	40.0	1.40	8.38	8.38	8.38	0.28	0.86	± 12.0 %
2000	40.0	1.40	8.29	8.29	8.29	0.37	0.88	± 12.0 %
2300	39.5	1.67	8.15	8.15	8.15	0.36	0.92	± 12.0 %
2450	39.2	1.80	8.01	8.01	8.01	0.27	0.92	± 12.0 %
2600	39.0	1.96	7.71	7.71	7.71	0.40	0.92	± 12.0 %
3300	38.2	2.71	7.24	7.24	7.24	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
3500	37.9	2.91	7.04	7.04	7.04	0.30	1.35	± 13.1 %
3700	37.7	3.12	7.00	7.00	7.00	0.35	1.35	± 13.1 %
3900	37.5	3.32	6.83	6.83	6.83	0.35	1.50	± 13.1 %
4100	37.2	3.53	6.73	6.73	6.73	0.35	1.50	± 13.1 %
4200	37.1	3.63	6.46	6.46	6.46	0.35	1.60	± 13.1 %
4400	36.9	3.84	6.39	6.39	6.39	0.35	1.60	± 13.1 %
4600	36.7	4.04	6.12	6.12	6.12	0.35	1.70	± 13.1 %
4800	36.4	4.25	6.16	6.16	6.16	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
4950	36.3	4.40	5.94	5.94	5.94	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5250	35.9	4.71	5.51	5.51	5.51	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5600	35.5	5.07	5.00	5.00	5.00	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %
5750	35.4	5.22	4.95	4.95	4.95	0.40	1.80	± 13.1 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ± 100 MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (see Page 2), else it is restricted to ± 50 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Validity of ConvF assessed at 6 MHz is 4-9 MHz, and ConvF assessed at 13 MHz is 9-19 MHz. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies below 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. At frequencies above 3 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) is restricted to ± 5%. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.



EX3DV4- SN:7628

February 16, 2021

**DASY/EASY - Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 - SN:7628****Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media**

f (MHz) <sup>C</sup>	Relative Permittivity <sup>F</sup>	Conductivity (S/m) <sup>F</sup>	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha <sup>G</sup>	Depth <sup>G</sup> (mm)	Unc (k=2)
6500	34.5	6.07	5.50	5.50	5.50	0.20	2.50	± 18.6 %
7000	33.9	6.65	5.60	5.60	5.60	0.25	2.50	± 18.6 %
8000	32.7	7.84	5.40	5.40	5.40	0.50	1.50	± 18.6 %
9000	31.5	9.08	5.35	5.35	5.35	0.50	1.80	± 18.6 %

<sup>C</sup> Frequency validity above 6GHz is ± 700 MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band.

<sup>F</sup> At frequencies 6-10 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters ( $\epsilon$  and  $\sigma$ ) can be relaxed to ± 10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

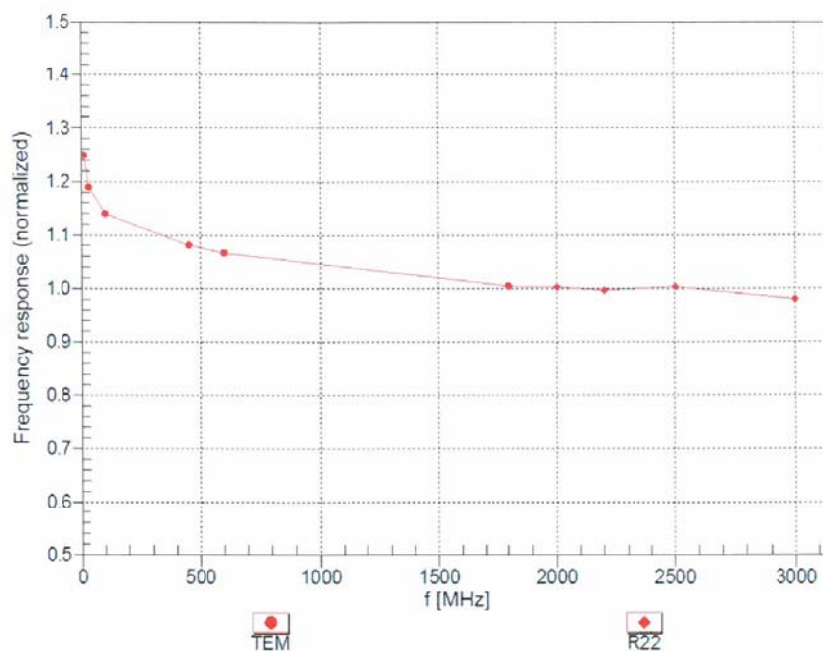
<sup>G</sup> Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz; below ± 2% for frequencies between 3-6 GHz; and below ± 4% for frequencies between 6-10 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

EX3DV4- SN:7628

February 16, 2021

## Frequency Response of E-Field

(TEM-Cell:ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



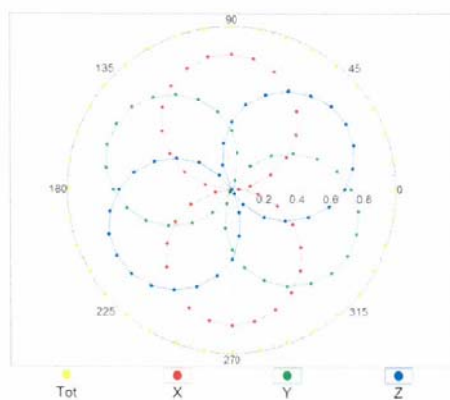
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field:  $\pm 6.3\%$  (k=2)

EX3DV4- SN:7628

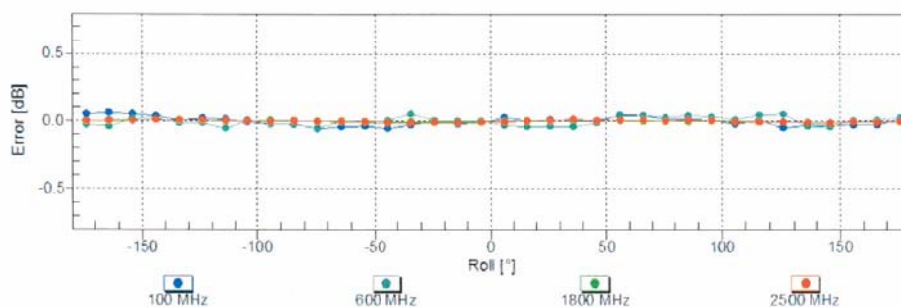
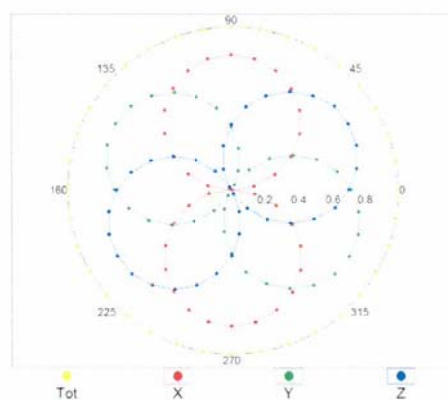
February 16, 2021

## Receiving Pattern ( $\phi$ ), $\theta = 0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM



f=1800 MHz, R22

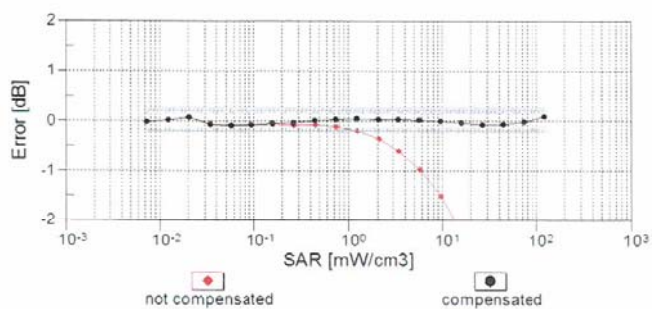
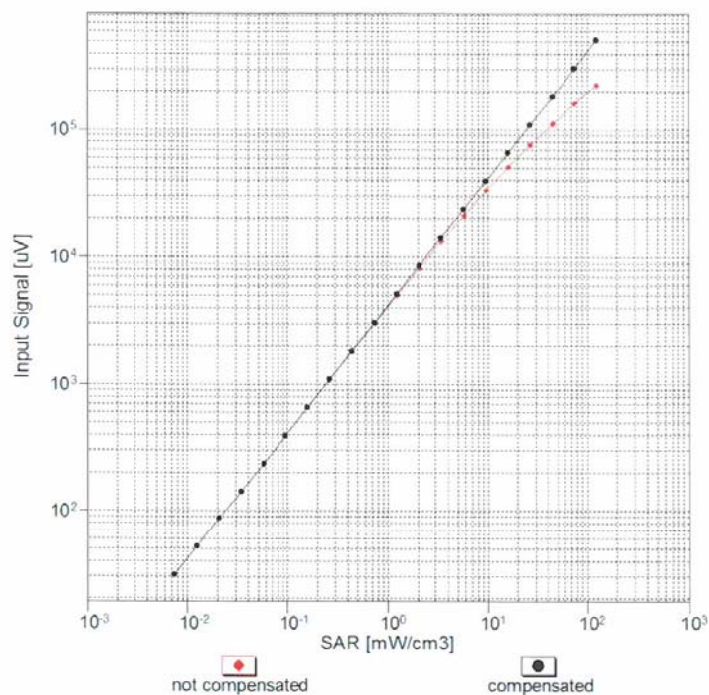

Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment:  $\pm 0.5\%$  (k=2)



EX3DV4- SN:7628

February 16, 2021

### Dynamic Range $f(\text{SAR}_{\text{head}})$ (TEM cell, $f_{\text{eval}} = 1900 \text{ MHz}$ )

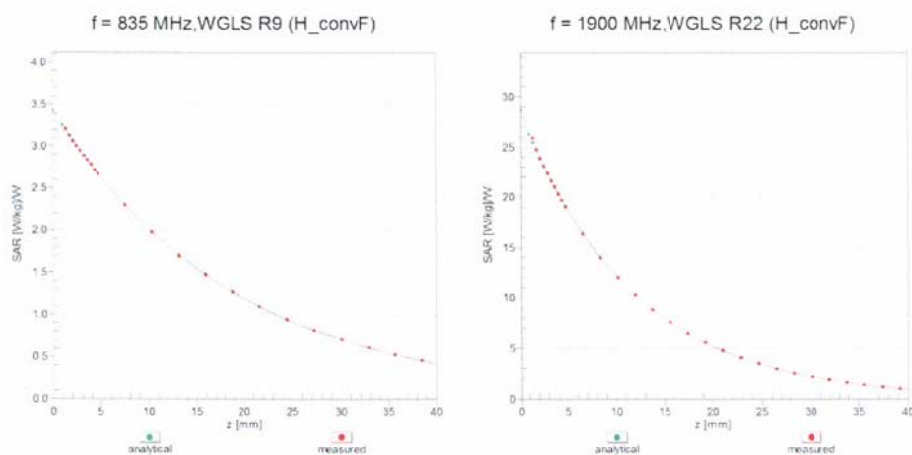


Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment:  $\pm 0.6\%$  ( $k=2$ )

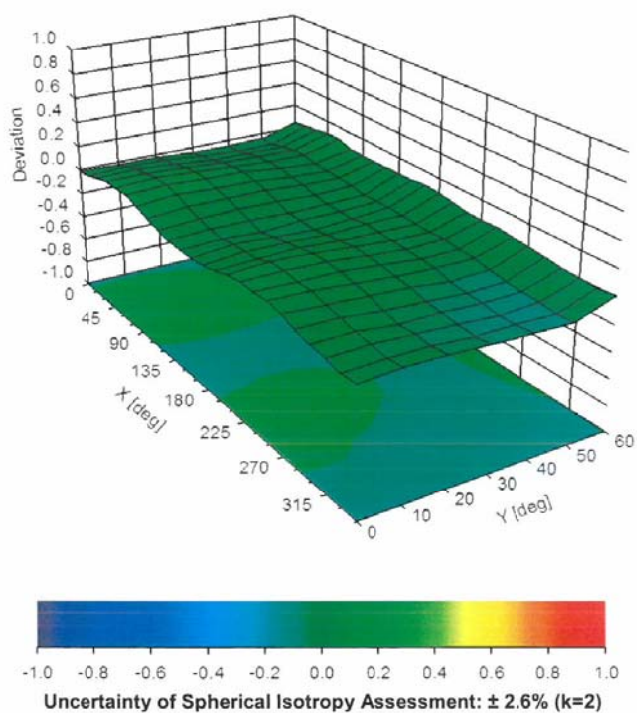
EX3DV4- SN:7628

February 16, 2021

## Conversion Factor Assessment



## Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid Error ( $\phi$ , $\theta$ ), f = 900 MHz



Certificate No: EX3-7628\_Feb21

Page 10 of 23



EX3DV4- SN:7628

February 16, 2021

## Appendix: Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Rev	Communication System Name	Group	PAR (dB)	Unc <sup>E</sup> (k=2)
0		CW	CW	0.00	± 4.7 %
10010	CAA	SAR Validation (Square, 100ms, 10ms)	Test	10.00	± 9.6 %
10011	CAB	UMTS-FDD (WCDMA)	WCDMA	2.91	± 9.6 %
10012	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps)	WLAN	1.87	± 9.6 %
10013	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS-OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	9.46	± 9.6 %
10021	DAC	GSM-FDD (TDMA, GMSK)	GSM	9.39	± 9.6 %
10023	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0)	GSM	9.57	± 9.6 %
10024	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10025	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0)	GSM	12.62	± 9.6 %
10026	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10027	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	4.80	± 9.6 %
10028	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	3.55	± 9.6 %
10029	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2)	GSM	7.78	± 9.6 %
10030	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	5.30	± 9.6 %
10031	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	1.87	± 9.6 %
10032	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (GFSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	1.16	± 9.6 %
10033	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	7.74	± 9.6 %
10034	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.53	± 9.6 %
10035	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (PI/4-DQPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	3.83	± 9.6 %
10036	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH1)	Bluetooth	8.01	± 9.6 %
10037	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH3)	Bluetooth	4.77	± 9.6 %
10038	CAA	IEEE 802.15.1 Bluetooth (8-DPSK, DH5)	Bluetooth	4.10	± 9.6 %
10039	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC1)	CDMA2000	4.57	± 9.6 %
10042	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Halfrate)	AMPS	7.78	± 9.6 %
10044	CAA	IS-91/EIA/TIA-553 FDD (FDMA, FM)	AMPS	0.00	± 9.6 %
10048	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Full Slot, 24)	DECT	13.80	± 9.6 %
10049	CAA	DECT (TDD, TDMA/FDM, GFSK, Double Slot, 12)	DECT	10.79	± 9.6 %
10056	CAA	UMTS-TDD (TD-SCDMA, 1.28 Mcps)	TD-SCDMA	11.01	± 9.6 %
10058	DAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-1-2-3)	GSM	6.52	± 9.6 %
10059	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 2 Mbps)	WLAN	2.12	± 9.6 %
10060	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 5.5 Mbps)	WLAN	2.83	± 9.6 %
10061	CAB	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 11 Mbps)	WLAN	3.60	± 9.6 %
10062	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps)	WLAN	8.68	± 9.6 %
10063	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	8.63	± 9.6 %
10064	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.09	± 9.6 %
10065	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.00	± 9.6 %
10066	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	9.38	± 9.6 %
10067	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.12	± 9.6 %
10068	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.24	± 9.6 %
10069	CAD	IEEE 802.11a/h WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	10.56	± 9.6 %
10071	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 9 Mbps)	WLAN	9.83	± 9.6 %
10072	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 12 Mbps)	WLAN	9.62	± 9.6 %
10073	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 18 Mbps)	WLAN	9.94	± 9.6 %
10074	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 24 Mbps)	WLAN	10.30	± 9.6 %
10075	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 36 Mbps)	WLAN	10.77	± 9.6 %
10076	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 48 Mbps)	WLAN	10.94	± 9.6 %
10077	CAB	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS/OFDM, 54 Mbps)	WLAN	11.00	± 9.6 %
10081	CAB	CDMA2000 (1xRTT, RC3)	CDMA2000	3.97	± 9.6 %
10082	CAB	IS-54 / IS-136 FDD (TDMA/FDM, PI/4-DQPSK, Fullrate)	AMPS	4.77	± 9.6 %
10090	DAC	GPRS-FDD (TDMA, GMSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	6.56	± 9.6 %
10097	CAC	UMTS-FDD (HSDPA)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %
10098	DAC	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 2)	WCDMA	3.98	± 9.6 %





EX3DV4- SN:7628

February 16, 2021

10099	CAC	EDGE-FDD (TDMA, 8PSK, TN 0-4)	GSM	9.55	± 9.6 %
10100	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.67	± 9.6 %
10101	CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10102	CAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10103	DAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10104	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10105	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.01	± 9.6 %
10108	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.80	± 9.6 %
10109	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10110	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10111	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.44	± 9.6 %
10112	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.59	± 9.6 %
10113	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10114	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10115	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.46	± 9.6 %
10116	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.15	± 9.6 %
10117	CAG	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 13.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.07	± 9.6 %
10118	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 81 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.59	± 9.6 %
10119	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 135 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10140	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10141	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.53	± 9.6 %
10142	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10143	CAD	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.35	± 9.6 %
10144	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.65	± 9.6 %
10145	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.76	± 9.6 %
10146	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.41	± 9.6 %
10147	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.72	± 9.6 %
10149	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.42	± 9.6 %
10150	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10151	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.28	± 9.6 %
10152	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10153	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.05	± 9.6 %
10154	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.75	± 9.6 %
10155	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10156	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.79	± 9.6 %
10157	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10158	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.62	± 9.6 %
10159	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.56	± 9.6 %
10160	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.82	± 9.6 %
10161	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.43	± 9.6 %
10162	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.58	± 9.6 %
10166	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.46	± 9.6 %
10167	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.21	± 9.6 %
10168	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.79	± 9.6 %
10169	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10170	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10171	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.49	± 9.6 %
10172	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10173	CAE	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10174	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 20 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10175	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10176	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10177	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10178	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10179	AAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10180	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %

Certificate No: EX3-7628\_Feb21

Page 12 of 23



EX3DV4- SN:7628

February 16, 2021

10181	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10182	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10183	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10184	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10185	CAI	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.51	± 9.6 %
10186	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10187	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.73	± 9.6 %
10188	CAG	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.52	± 9.6 %
10189	CAE	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.50	± 9.6 %
10193	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.09	± 9.6 %
10194	AAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.12	± 9.6 %
10195	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Greenfield, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.21	± 9.6 %
10196	CAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 6.5 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.10	± 9.6 %
10197	AAE	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 39 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10198	CAF	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 65 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10219	CAF	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 7.2 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.03	± 9.6 %
10220	AAF	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 43.3 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.13	± 9.6 %
10221	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 72.2 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.27	± 9.6 %
10222	CAC	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 15 Mbps, BPSK)	WLAN	8.06	± 9.6 %
10223	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 90 Mbps, 16-QAM)	WLAN	8.48	± 9.6 %
10224	CAD	IEEE 802.11n (HT Mixed, 150 Mbps, 64-QAM)	WLAN	8.08	± 9.6 %
10225	CAD	UMTS-FDD (HSPA+)	WCDMA	5.97	± 9.6 %
10226	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.49	± 9.6 %
10227	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.26	± 9.6 %
10228	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.22	± 9.6 %
10229	DAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10230	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10231	CAC	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.19	± 9.6 %
10232	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10233	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10234	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10235	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10236	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10237	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10238	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.48	± 9.6 %
10239	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.25	± 9.6 %
10240	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 1 RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.21	± 9.6 %
10241	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.82	± 9.6 %
10242	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.86	± 9.6 %
10243	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.46	± 9.6 %
10244	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10245	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10246	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10247	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.91	± 9.6 %
10248	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.09	± 9.6 %
10249	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.29	± 9.6 %
10250	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.81	± 9.6 %
10251	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.17	± 9.6 %
10252	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10253	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.90	± 9.6 %
10254	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.14	± 9.6 %
10255	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.20	± 9.6 %
10256	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.96	± 9.6 %
10257	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.08	± 9.6 %
10258	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 1.4 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.34	± 9.6 %
10259	CAD	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.98	± 9.6 %

Certificate No: EX3-7628\_Feb21

Page 13 of 23





EX3DV4- SN:7628

February 16, 2021

10260	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.97	± 9.6 %
10261	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.24	± 9.6 %
10262	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.83	± 9.6 %
10263	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.16	± 9.6 %
10264	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 5 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.23	± 9.6 %
10265	CAG	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	9.92	± 9.6 %
10266	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.07	± 9.6 %
10267	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 10 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.30	± 9.6 %
10268	CAF	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.06	± 9.6 %
10269	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-TDD	10.13	± 9.6 %
10270	CAB	LTE-TDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-TDD	9.58	± 9.6 %
10274	CAB	UMTS FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.10)	WCDMA	4.87	± 9.6 %
10275	CAD	UMTS-FDD (HSUPA, Subtest 5, 3GPP Rel8.4)	WCDMA	3.96	± 9.6 %
10277	CAD	PHS (QPSK)	PHS	11.81	± 9.6 %
10278	CAD	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.5)	PHS	11.81	± 9.6 %
10279	CAG	PHS (QPSK, BW 884MHz, Rolloff 0.38)	PHS	12.18	± 9.6 %
10290	CAG	CDMA2000, RC1, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.91	± 9.6 %
10291	CAG	CDMA2000, RC3, SO55, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.46	± 9.6 %
10292	CAG	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.39	± 9.6 %
10293	CAG	CDMA2000, RC3, SO3, Full Rate	CDMA2000	3.50	± 9.6 %
10295	CAG	CDMA2000, RC1, SO3, 1/8th Rate 25 fr.	CDMA2000	12.49	± 9.6 %
10297	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 20 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.81	± 9.6 %
10298	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	5.72	± 9.6 %
10299	CAF	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 16-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.39	± 9.6 %
10300	CAC	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 50% RB, 3 MHz, 64-QAM)	LTE-FDD	6.60	± 9.6 %
10301	CAC	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.03	± 9.6 %
10302	CAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC, 3CTRL)	WiMAX	12.57	± 9.6 %
10303	CAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	12.52	± 9.6 %
10304	CAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 5ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	11.86	± 9.6 %
10305	CAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (31:15, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	15.24	± 9.6 %
10306	CAA	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 64QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.67	± 9.6 %
10307	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.49	± 9.6 %
10308	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, PUSC)	WiMAX	14.46	± 9.6 %
10309	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, 16QAM, AMC 2x3)	WiMAX	14.58	± 9.6 %
10310	AAB	IEEE 802.16e WiMAX (29:18, 10ms, 10MHz, QPSK, AMC 2x3)	WiMAX	14.57	± 9.6 %
10311	AAB	LTE-FDD (SC-FDMA, 100% RB, 15 MHz, QPSK)	LTE-FDD	6.06	± 9.6 %
10313	AAD	iDEN 1:3	iDEN	10.51	± 9.6 %
10314	AAD	iDEN 1:6	iDEN	13.48	± 9.6 %
10315	AAD	IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps, 96pc dc)	WLAN	1.71	± 9.6 %
10316	AAD	IEEE 802.11g WiFi 2.4 GHz (ERP-OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc dc)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10317	AAA	IEEE 802.11a WiFi 5 GHz (OFDM, 6 Mbps, 96pc dc)	WLAN	8.36	± 9.6 %
10352	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 10%)	Generic	10.00	± 9.6 %
10353	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 20%)	Generic	6.99	± 9.6 %
10354	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 40%)	Generic	3.98	± 9.6 %
10355	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 60%)	Generic	2.22	± 9.6 %
10356	AAA	Pulse Waveform (200Hz, 80%)	Generic	0.97	± 9.6 %
10387	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 1 MHz	Generic	5.10	± 9.6 %
10388	AAA	QPSK Waveform, 10 MHz	Generic	5.22	± 9.6 %
10396	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 100 kHz	Generic	6.27	± 9.6 %
10399	AAA	64-QAM Waveform, 40 MHz	Generic	6.27	± 9.6 %
10400	AAD	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (20MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.37	± 9.6 %
10401	AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (40MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.60	± 9.6 %
10402	AAA	IEEE 802.11ac WiFi (80MHz, 64-QAM, 99pc dc)	WLAN	8.53	± 9.6 %
10403	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. 0)	CDMA2000	3.76	± 9.6 %
10404	AAB	CDMA2000 (1xEV-DO, Rev. A)	CDMA2000	3.77	± 9.6 %
10406	AAD	CDMA2000, RC3, SO32, SCH0, Full Rate	CDMA2000	5.22	± 9.6 %

Certificate No: EX3-7628\_Feb21

Page 14 of 23