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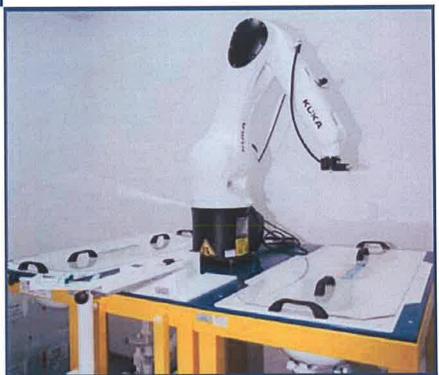


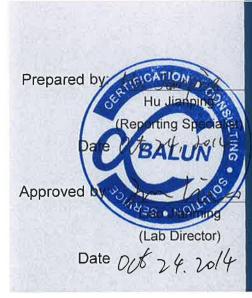
FOR

Smart Phone

ISSUED TO Infinity System S.L.

Crtra A-2, Km 48.5, Pol. Ind. De Cabanillas, Parcela 12B, 19171, Guadalajara, Spain.





Report No: EUT Type:

BL-SZ1490136-701

Smart Phone

Model Name:

TM36DM

Brand Name: **AIRIS** FCC ID:

2AC99-TM36DM

Test Standard:

FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

ANSI C95.1-1992

IEEE 1528-2003

Maximum SAR

Head: 0.809 W/Kg

Body: 1.258 W/kg

Test conclusion:

PASS

Test Date:

Oct 11, 2014 ~ Oct 13, 2014

Date of Issue: Oct 24, 2014

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Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China 518055

TEL: +86-755-66850100 FAX: +86-755-61824271 www.baluntek.com



Revision History

 Version
 Issue Date
 Revisions

 Rev. 01
 Oct 21, 2014
 Initial Issue

 Rev. 02
 Oct 24, 2014
 Update KDB 941225 published version

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| 1 | GE | NERAL INFORMATION | 4 |
|---|-----|--|----|
| | 1.1 | Identification of the Testing Laboratory | 4 |
| | 1.2 | Identification of the Responsible Testing Location | 4 |
| | 1.3 | Test Environment Condition | 4 |
| | 1.4 | Announce | 4 |
| 2 | PR | ODUCT INFORMATION | 6 |
| | 2.1 | Applicant | 6 |
| | 2.2 | Manufacturer | 6 |
| | 2.3 | General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT) | 6 |
| | 2.4 | Technical Information | 6 |
| | 2.5 | Ancillary Equipment | 7 |
| 3 | SU | MMARY OF TEST RESULTS | 8 |
| | 3.1 | Test Standards | 8 |
| | 3.2 | Summary Of SAR Value | 9 |
| | 3.3 | Device Category And SAR Limit | 10 |
| | 3.4 | SAR Test Uncertainty | 11 |
| 4 | SA | R MEASUREMENT SYSTEM | 12 |
| | 4.1 | Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) | 12 |
| | 4.2 | SATIMO SAR System | 12 |
| 5 | SY | STEM VERIFICATION | 20 |
| | 5.1 | Antenna Port Test Requirement | 20 |
| | 5.2 | Purpose of System Check | 20 |
| | 5.3 | System Check Setup | 20 |
| | 5.4 | System Verification Results | 21 |
| 6 | EU | T TEST POSITION CONFIGURATUONS | 22 |
| | 6.1 | Head Exposure Conditions | 22 |



| | 6.2 | Body-worn Position Conditions | . 23 |
|----|-------|--|------|
| | 6.3 | Hotspot Mode Exposure Position Conditions | . 24 |
| 7 | SA | R MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES | . 25 |
| | 7.1 | SAR Measurement Process Diagram | . 25 |
| | 7.2 | SAR Scan General Requirements | . 26 |
| | 7.3 | SAR Measurement Procedure | . 27 |
| | 7.4 | Area & Zoom Scan Procedures | . 27 |
| 8 | CO | NDUCTED RF OUPUT POWER | . 28 |
| 9 | EU | T ANTENNA LOCATION SKETCH | . 30 |
| | 9.1 | SAR Test Exclusion Consider Table | . 31 |
| | 9.2 | 10-g Extremity Exposure Consider | . 32 |
| 1(|) SAI | R TEST RESULTS | . 33 |
| | 10.1 | Head SAR | . 33 |
| | 10.2 | Body-worn And Hotspot Mode SAR (10mm separation) | . 34 |
| | 10.3 | SAR Measurement Variability | . 35 |
| 11 | 1 SIM | MULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION | . 36 |
| | 11.1 | Simultaneous Transmission Mode Consider | . 36 |
| | 11.2 | Estimated SAR Calculation | . 36 |
| | 11.3 | Sum SAR of Simultaneous Transmission | . 37 |
| 12 | 2 TES | ST EQUIPMENTS LIST | . 38 |
| 13 | 3 RE | FERENCES | . 39 |
| Α | NNEX | A SAR TEST RESULT OF SYSTEM VERIFICATION | . 40 |
| Α | NNEX | B SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS | . 52 |
| Α | NNEX | C SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT | . 57 |
| Α | NNEX | D CALIBRATION FOR PROBE AND DIPOLE | 120 |



1 GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

| Company Name | Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. |
|--------------|---|
| Address | Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, |
| Address | Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China |
| Phone Number | +86 755 6683 3402 |
| Fax Number | +86 755 6182 4271 |

1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

| Test Location | Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd. |
|---------------------------|---|
| Addross | Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, |
| Address | Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China |
| | The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform |
| | electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of |
| | test site are 11524A-1. |
| | The laboratory has been listed by US Federal Communications |
| | Commission to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The |
| | recognition numbers of test site are 832625. |
| Accreditation Certificate | The laboratory has met the requirements of the IAS Accreditation |
| | Criteria for Testing Laboratories (AC89), has demonstrated |
| | compliance with ISO/IEC Standard 17025:2005. The accreditation |
| | certificate number is TL-588. |
| | The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National |
| | Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to |
| | ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791. |
| | All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are |
| Description | located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe |
| Description | Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. |
| | China 518055 |

1.3 Test Environment Condition

| Ambient Temperature | 20 to 22 ℃ |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| Ambient Relative Humidity | 30 to 60 % |
| Ambient Pressure | 86 to 106 kPa |

1.4 Announce

- (1) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (2) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.



- (3) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (4) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (5) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.



2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

2.1 Applicant

| Applicant | Infinity System S.L. | | |
|-----------|--|--|--|
| Address | Crtra A-2, Km 48.5, Pol. Ind. De Cabanillas, Parcela 12B, 19171, | | |
| | Guadalajara, Spain. | | |

2.2 Manufacturer

| Manufacturer | REVO TECHNOLOGY (HK) LIMITED | | |
|--------------|--|--|--|
| Address | Room 1318-19, Hollywood Plaza, 610 Nathan Road, Mongkok, | | |
| Address | Kowloon, HK | | |

2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

| EUT Type | Smart Phone |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Model Under the test | TM36DM |
| Series Model Name | N/A |
| Difference description | N/A |
| Hardware Version | HCT-C3MB-A2 |
| Software Version | N/A |
| Dimensions | 106x61x10 mm |
| diagonal dimension | 125 mm |
| Weight | 100 g |
| Network and Wireless | 2G Network GSM 850 / 1900 |
| connectivity | 3G Network WCDMA 850 / 1900 |
| Connectivity | WLAN, Bluetooth, |
| Display | TFT-LCD, |
| Chipset | N/A |

2.4 Technical Information

The requirement for the following technical information of the EUT was tested in this report:

| | GSM: GSM Voice; GPRS Class 12; |
|---------------------|--|
| On a matin or Manda | WCDMA: RMC/HSDPA/HSUPA Release 6; |
| Operating Mode | WLAN: 802.11 b/g/n(HT20/HT40); |
| | Bluetooth: 3.0+EDR |
| | GSM 850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz; |
| | GSM 1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz; |
| | WCDMA 850: 826.4 MHz ~ 846.6 MHz; |
| Frequency Range | WCDMA 1900: 1852.4 MHz ~ 1907.6 MHz; |
| | WLAN 802.11b/g/n(HT20): 2412 MHz ~ 2462 MHz; |
| | WLAN 802.11n(HT40): 2422 MHz~2452 MHz |
| | Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz |
| Antonna Typo | WWAN: PIFA Antenna |
| Antenna Type | Bluetooth/WLAN: PIFA Antenna |



| DTM | Not Support |
|------------------|-----------------|
| Hotspot Function | Support |
| Environment | Uncontrolled |
| EUT Stage | Portable Device |

2.5 Ancillary Equipment

| | Battery | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| | Brand Name | AIRIS |
| | Model No | T36DMBA |
| Ancillary Equipment 1 | Serial No | N/A |
| | Capacitance | 1250 mAh |
| | Rated Voltage | 3.7 V |
| | Extreme Voltage | Low: 3.5 V / High:4.2 V |
| | AC Adapter (Charger for Battery) | |
| | Brand Name | AIRIS |
| Ancillary Equipment 2 | Model No | T36DMCH |
| Ancillary Equipment 2 | Serial No | (n.a. marked #1 by test site) |
| | Rated Input | ~ 220 V, 200 mA, 60 Hz, Max: 5 W |
| | Rated Output | 5 V, 500 mA, 60 Hz, Max: 5 W |
| Ancillary Equipment 3 | Stereo Headset | |
| Ancillary Equipment 4 | USB Data Cable | |



3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

3.1 Test Standards

| No. | Identity | Document Title |
|-----|----------------|---|
| 1 | 47 CFR Part 2 | Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and |
| ' | | Regulations |
| 2 | ANSI/IEEE Std. | IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to |
| | C95.1-1992 | Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz |
| | IEEE 044 | Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average |
| 3 | IEEE Std. | Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless |
| | 1528-2003 | Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques |
| | FCC KDB | Mobile and Partable Davise DE Evacque Presedures and |
| 4 | 447498 D01 | Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and |
| | v05r02 | Equipment Authorization Policies |
| | FCC KDB | |
| 5 | 865664 D01 | SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz |
| | v01r03 | |
| | FCC KDB | |
| 6 | 865664 D02 | RF Exposure Reporting |
| | v01r01 | |



3.2 Summary Of SAR Value

Highest SAR

| Position | Band | Maximum Measurement SAR (W/kg) | Maximum Report SAR (W/kg) |
|--------------|------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | GSM 850 | 0.216 | |
| | GSM 1900 | 0.564 | |
| Head | WCDMA 850 | 0.292 | 0.809 |
| | WCDMA 1900 | 0.809 | |
| | WLAN | 0.175 | |
| | GSM 850 | 0.798 | |
| | GSM 1900 | 0.647 | |
| Body-worn | WCDMA 850 | 0.857 | 1.198 |
| | WCDMA 1900 | 1.198 | |
| | WLAN | 0.083 | |
| | GSM 850 | 1.258 | |
| | GSM 1900 | 1.018 | |
| Hotspot Mode | WCDMA 850 | 0.857 | 1.258 |
| | WCDMA 1900 | 1.198 | |
| | WLAN | 0.083 | |

Highest Simultaneous SAR

| Position | Simultaneous Configuration | Maximum Sum. 1-g Report SAR (W/kg) | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| Head | WCDMA + WLAN | 0.984 | | |
| Body-worn | WCDMA + WLAN | 1.281 | | |
| Hotspot Mode | GSM DATA + WLAN | 1.341 | | |



3.3 Device Category And SAR Limit

This device belongs to portable device category because its radiating structure is allowed to be used within 20 centimeters of the body of the user. Limit for General Population/Uncontrolled exposure should be applied for this device, it is 1.6 W/kg as averaged over any 1 gram of tissue.

Table Of Exposure Limits:

| | SAR Value | e (W/Kg) |
|---|--|----------------------------------|
| | General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure | Occupational/Controlled Exposure |
| Whole-Body SAR (averaged over the entire body) | 0.08 | 0.4 |
| partial-body SAR (averaged over any 1 gram of tissue) | 1.60 | 8.0 |
| SAR for hands, wrists, feet and ankles (averaged over any 10 grams of tissue) | 4.0 | 20.0 |

NOTE:

General Population/Uncontrolled: Locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. General population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

Occupational/Controlled: Locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.



3.4 SAR Test Uncertainty

The following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the EUT as specified in IEEE 1528: 2003. This uncertainty represents an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2.

| Hasartsinh, Commonant | Tol | Prob. | D. | Ci | Ci | 1g Ui | 10g Ui | 37. |
|--|--------|-------|------------|------|-------|-------|--------|-----|
| Uncertainty Component | (+- %) | Dist. | Div. | (1g) | (10g) | (+-%) | (+-%) | Vi |
| Measurement System | | | | | | | | |
| Probe calibration | 5.8 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 5.80 | 5.80 | |
| Axial Isotropy | 3.5 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 1.41 | 1.41 | |
| Hemispherical Isotropy | 5.9 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 2.38 | 2.38 | |
| Boundary effect | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.58 | 0.58 | |
| Linearity | 4.7 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.71 | 2.71 | |
| System detection limits | 1.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.58 | 0.58 | |
| Readout Electronics | 0.5 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0.50 | 0.50 | |
| Reponse Time | 0.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.00 | 0.00 | |
| Integration Time | 1.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.81 | 0.81 | |
| RF ambient Conditions - Noise | 3.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.73 | 1.73 | |
| RF ambient Conditions - Reflections | 3.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.73 | 1.73 | |
| Probe positioner Mechanical Tolerance | 1.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.81 | 0.81 | |
| Probe positioning with respect to Phantom Shell | 1.4 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 0.81 | 0.81 | |
| Extrapolation, interpolation and integration Algoritms for | 0.0 | 1 | | 4 | 4 | 4.00 | 4.00 | |
| Max. SAR Evaluation | 2.3 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.33 | 1.33 | |
| Test sample Related | | | | | | | | |
| Test sample positioning | 2.6 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2.60 | 2.60 | N-1 |
| Device Holder Uncertainty | 1.0 | N | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1.00 | 1.00 | N-1 |
| Output power Variation - SAR drift measurement | 5.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.89 | 2.89 | |
| SAR scaling | 2.00 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 1.15 | 1.15 | |
| Phantom and Tissue Parameters | | | | | | | | |
| Phantom Uncertainty (Shape and thickness tolerances) | 4.0 | R | $\sqrt{3}$ | 1 | 1 | 2.31 | 2.31 | |
| Liquid conductivity (deviation from target values) | 2.5 | N | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.64 | 0.43 | 0.92 | 0.62 | |
| Liquid conductivity - measurement uncertainty | 5.0 | N | 1 | 0.64 | 0.43 | 3.20 | 2.15 | M |
| Liquid permittivity (deviation from target values) | 2.5 | N | $\sqrt{3}$ | 0.60 | 0.49 | 0.87 | 0.71 | |
| Liquid permittivity - measurement uncertainty | 5.0 | N | 1 | 0.60 | 0.49 | 3.00 | 2.45 | M |
| Combined Standard Uncertainty | | RSS | | • | • | 10.14 | 9.67 | |
| Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence interval) | | k | | | | 20.29 | 19.35 | |



4 SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM

4.1 Definition of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational / controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population /uncontrolled.

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (p). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dW}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg) SAR measurement can be related to the electrical field in the tissue by

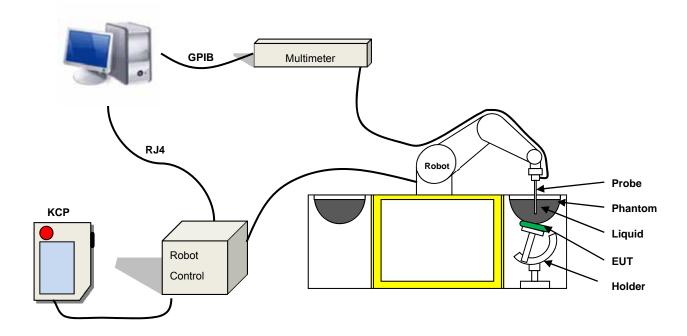
$$SAR = \frac{\sigma E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue,

ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength.

4.2 SATIMO SAR System

SATIMO SAR System Diagram:





These measurements were performed with the automated near-field scanning system OPENSAR from SATIMO. The system is based on a high precision robot (working range: 850 mm), which positions the probes with a positional repeatability of better than \pm 0.02 mm. Special E- and H-field probes have been developed for measurements close to material discontinuity, the sensors of which are directly loaded with a Schottky diode and connected via highly resistive lines to the data acquisition unit.

The SAR measurements were conducted with dosimetric probe (manufactured by SATIMO), designed in the classical triangular configuration and optimized for dosimetric evaluation. The probe has been calibrated according to the procedure described in SAR standard with accuracy of better than ±10%. The spherical isotropy was evaluated with the procedure described in SAR starndard and found to be better than ±0.25 dB. The phantom used was the SAM Phantom as described in FCC supplement C, IEEE P1528 and CENELEC EN62209-1/-2.

4.2.1 Robot

The SATIMO SAR system uses the high precision robots from KUKA. For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (KUKA) from KUKA is used. The KUKA robot series have many features that are important for our application:



High precision (repeatability ±0.035 mm)

High reliability (industrial design)

Jerk-free straight movements

Low ELF interference (the closed metallic construction shields against motor control fields)

4.2.2 E-Field Probe

For the measurements the Specific Dosimetric E-Field Probe SN 27/14 EPG 210 with following specifications is used

- Dynamic range: 0.01-100 W/kg

- Tip Diameter: 2.5 mm

- Distance between probe tip and sensor center: 1.0mm

- Distance between sensor center and the inner phantom surface: 4 mm



(repeatability better than +/- 1mm)

- Probe linearity: +/- 0.06 dB- Axial Isotropy: < 0.15 dB

- Spherical Isotropy: < 0.15 dB

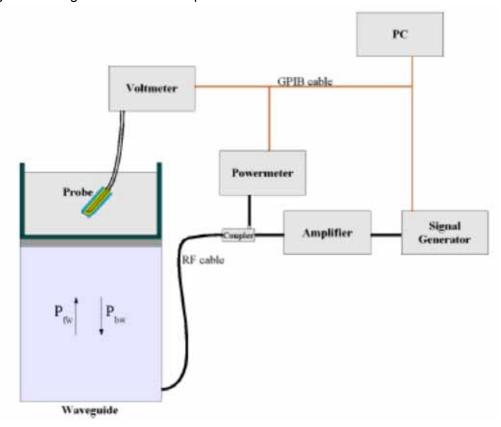
- Calibration range: 450MHz to 5800MHz for head & body simulating liquid.

Angle between probe axis (evaluation axis) and surface normal line: less than 30 °



E-Field Probe Calibration Process

Probe calibration is realized, in compliance with CENELEC EN 62209-1/-2 and IEEE 1528 std, with CALISAR, Antennessa proprietary calibration system. The calibration is performed with the EN 62209-1/2 annexe technique using reference guide at the five frequencies.



$$SAR = \frac{4(P_{fw} - P_{bw})}{ab\sigma} cos^{2} \left(\pi \frac{y}{a}\right) c^{(2\pi/\sigma)}$$

Where:

Pfw = Forward Power Pbw = Backward Power

a and b = Waveguide dimensions

skin depthKeithley configuration



Rate = Medium; Filter =ON; RDGS=10; FILTER TYPE =MOVING AVERAGE; RANGE AUTO After each calibration, a SAR measurement is performed on a validation dipole and compared with a NPL calibrated probe, to verify it.

The calibration factors, CF(N), for the 3 sensors corresponding to dipole 1, dipole 2 and dipole 3 are:

$$CF(N)=SAR(N)/Vlin(N)$$
 (N=1,2,3)

The linearised output voltage Vlin(N) is obtained from the displayed output voltage V(N) using

$$Vlin(N)=V(N)^*(1+V(N)/DCP(N))$$
 (N=1,2,3)

Where the DCP is the diode compression point in mV.

4.2.3 Phantoms

For the measurements the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) defined by the IEEE SCC-34/SC2 group is used. The phantom is a polyurethane shell integrated in a wooden table. The thickness of the phantom amounts to 2mm +/- 0.2mm. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right phone usage and includes an additional flat phantom part for the simplified performance check. The phantom set-up includes a cover, which prevents the evaporation of the liquid.

Photo of Phantom SN 30/13 SAM103

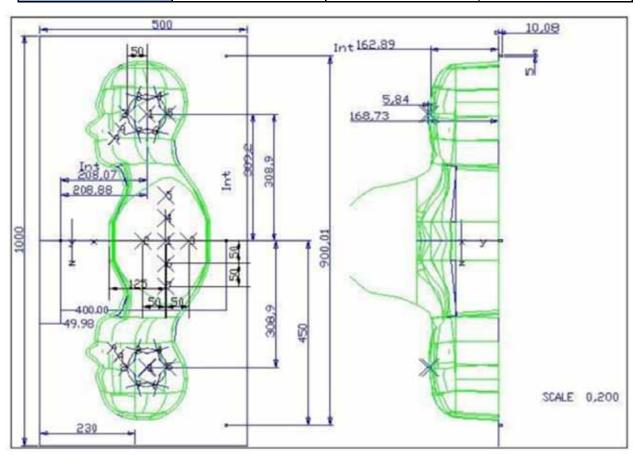


Photo of Phantom SN 30/13 SAM104





| Serial Number | Positionner Material | Permittivity | Loss Tangent | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| SN 30/13 SAM103 | Gelcoat with fiberglass | 3.4 | 0.02 | |
| SN 30/13 SAM104 | Gelcoat with fiberglass | 3.4 | 0.02 | |

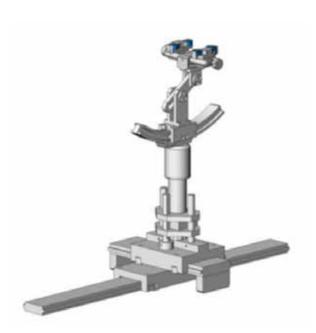


| Serial Number | | Left Head | | Right Head | Flat Part | | |
|------------------|---|-----------|---|------------|-----------|------|--|
| | 2 | 2.00 | 2 | 2.03 | 1 | 2.09 | |
| | 3 | 2.02 | 3 | 2.05 | 2 | 2.10 | |
| | 4 | 2.04 | 4 | 2.04 | 3 | 2.09 | |
| SN 30/13 SAM103 | 5 | 2.04 | 5 | 2.07 | 4 | 2.11 | |
| 3N 30/13 3AN1103 | 6 | 2.02 | 6 | 2.07 | 5 | 2.11 | |
| | 7 | 2.01 | 7 | 2.09 | 6 | 2.09 | |
| | 8 | 2.04 | 8 | 2.10 | 7 | 2.11 | |
| | 9 | 2.02 | 9 | 2.09 | ı | - | |
| | 2 | 2.05 | 2 | 2.06 | 1 | 2.03 | |
| | 3 | 2.08 | 3 | 2.03 | 2 | 2.03 | |
| | 4 | 2.05 | 4 | 2.03 | 3 | 2.01 | |
| SN 30/13 SAM104 | 5 | 2.06 | 5 | 2.02 | 4 | 2.03 | |
| 3N 30/13 3AN1104 | 6 | 2.08 | 6 | 2.02 | 5 | 2.03 | |
| | 7 | 2.06 | 7 | 2.04 | 6 | 2.00 | |
| | 8 | 2.07 | 8 | 2.04 | 7 | 1.98 | |
| | 9 | 2.07 | 9 | 2.05 | - | - | |



4.2.4 Device Holder

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of \pm 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of \pm 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards.



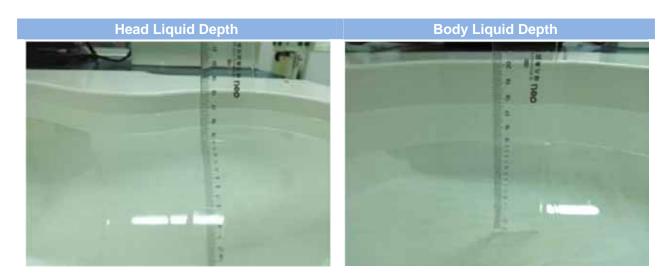
| Serial Number Holder Material | | Permittivity | Loss Tangent | |
|-------------------------------|--------|--------------|--------------|--|
| SN 25/13 MSH87 Deirin | | 3.7 | 0.005 | |
| SN 25/13 MSH88 | Deirin | 3.7 | 0.005 | |

The positioning system allows obtaining cheek and tilting position with a very good accuracy. In compliance with CENELEC, the tilt angle uncertainty is lower than 1°.



4.2.5 Simulating Liquid

For SAR measurement of the field distribution inside the phantom, the phantom must be filled with homogeneous tissue simulating liquid to a depth of at least 15 cm. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. For body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm. The nominal dielectric values of the tissue simulating liquids in the phantom and the tolerance of 5%.



The following table gives the recipes for tissue simulating liquid.

| Frequency | Water | Sugar | Cellulose | Salt | Preventol | DGBE | Conductivity | Permittivity | | | | |
|------------------|-------|-------|-----------|------|-----------|------|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| (MHz) | % | % | % | % | % | % | σ | ε | | | | |
| | Head | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 750 | 41.1 | 57.0 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.89 | 41.9 | | | | |
| 835 | 40.3 | 57.9 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.90 | 41.5 | | | | |
| 900 | 40.3 | 57.9 | 0.2 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 0 | 0.97 | 41.5 | | | | |
| 1800, 1900, 2000 | 55.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.3 | 0 | 44.5 | 1.4 | 40.0 | | | | |
| 2450 | 55.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 45.0 | 1.80 | 39.2 | | | | |
| | | | Во | dy | | | | | | | | |
| 750 | 51.7 | 47.2 | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.96 | 55.5 | | | | |
| 835 | 50.8 | 48.2 | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 | 0.97 | 55.2 | | | | |
| 900 | 50.8 | 48.2 | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 | 1.05 | 55.0 | | | | |
| 1800, 1900, 2000 | 70.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.4 | 0 | 29.4 | 1.52 | 53.3 | | | | |
| 2450 | 68.6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 31.4 | 1.95 | 52.7 | | | | |



4.2.6 Simulating Liquid Validation

The dielectric parameters of the liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using an SATIMO SCLMP Dielectric Probe Kit and an RS Network Analyzer.

| Date | Liquid Type | Freq. (MHz) | Temp. | Meas. Conductivity (σ) | Meas. Permittivity (ε) | Target conductivity (σ) | Target Permittivity (ε) | Conductivity tolerance (%) | Permittivity tolerance (%) |
|------------|----------------|----------------|-------|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 2014.10.11 | Head | 835 | 22.3 | 0.89 | 40.64 | 0.90 | 41.50 | -1.11 | -2.07 |
| 2014.10.12 | Body | 835 | 22.3 | 0.95 | 55.32 | 0.97 | 55.20 | -2.06 | 0.22 |
| 2014.10.11 | Head | 1900 | 22.3 | 1.48 | 40.67 | 1.40 | 40.00 | 1.68 | 2.17 |
| 2014.10.12 | Body | 1900 | 22.3 | 1.55 | 54.27 | 1.52 | 53.30 | 1.97 | 1.82 |
| 2014.10.11 | Head | 2450 | 22.3 | 1.75 | 39.34 | 1.80 | 39.20 | -2.78 | 0.36 |
| 2014.10.13 | Body | 2450 | 22.3 | 1.99 | 53.25 | 1.95 | 52.70 | 2.05 | 1.04 |

Note:

^{1.} The tolerance limit of Conductivity and Permittivity is ± 5%.



5 SYSTEM VERIFICATION

5.1 Antenna Port Test Requirement

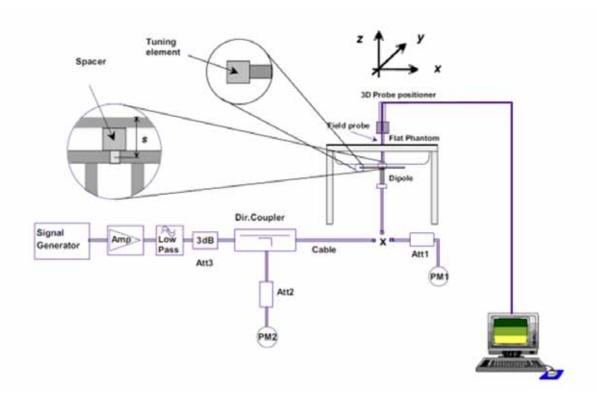
The SATIMO SAR system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units together with the predefined measurement procedures within the SATIMO software enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

5.2 Purpose of System Check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

5.3 System Check Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:





5.4 System Verification Results

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SATIMO, the validation data should be within its specification of 10 %.

| Date | Liquid Type | Freq. (MHz) | Power (mW) | Measured SAR (W/kg) | Normalized SAR (W/kg) | Dipole SAR (W/kg) | Tolerance (%) | Targeted SAR(W/kg) | Tolerance (%) |
|------------|----------------|----------------|------------|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------|
| 2014.10.11 | Head | 835 | 100 | 1.017 | 10.17 | 9.37 | 8.54 | 9.50 | 7.05 |
| 2014.10.12 | Body | 835 | 100 | 1.008 | 10.08 | 10.19 | -1.08 | 9.56 | 5.44 |
| 2014.10.11 | Head | 1900 | 100 | 3.774 | 37.74 | 40.01 | -5.67 | 39.70 | -4.94 |
| 2014.10.12 | Body | 1900 | 100 | 3.860 | 38.60 | 40.32 | -4.27 | 39.70 | -2.77 |
| 2014.10.11 | Head | 2450 | 100 | 5.393 | 53.93 | 53.96 | -0.06 | 52.40 | 2.92 |
| 2014.10.13 | Body | 2450 | 100 | 5.123 | 51.23 | 52.37 | -2.18 | 52.40 | -2.23 |

Note:

^{1.} The tolerance limit of System validation $\pm 10\%$.



6 EUT TEST POSITION CONFIGURATUONS

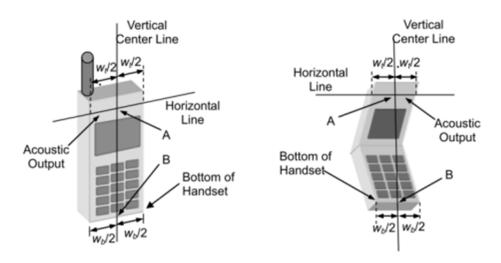
According to KDB 648474 D04 Handset v01r01, handsets are tested for SAR compliance in head, body-worn accessory and other use configurations described in the following subsections.

6.1 Head Exposure Conditions

Head exposure is limited to next to the ear voice mode operations. Head SAR compliance is tested according to the test positions defined in IEEE Std 1528-2003 using the SAM phantom illustrated as below.

6.1.1 Define two imaginary lines on the handset

- (a) The vertical centerline passes through two points on the front side of the handset the midpoint of the width w t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w b of the bottom of the handset.
- (b) The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centerline and passes through the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the face of the handset at point A.
- (c) The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centerline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



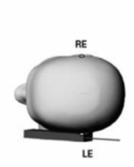
6.1.2 Cheek Position

- (a) To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear, and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- (b) To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost.







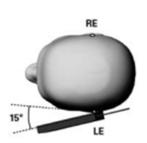


6.1.3 Tilted Position

- (a) To position the device in the "cheek" position described above.
- (b) While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost.







6.2 Body-worn Position Conditions

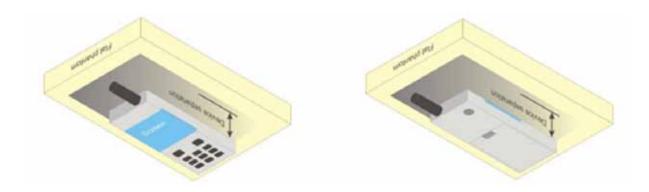
Body-worn accessory exposure is typically related to voice mode operations when handsets are carried in body-worn accessories. The body-worn accessory procedures in KDB 447498 are used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance, without a headset connected to it. This enables the test results for such configuration to be compatible with that required for hotspot mode when the body-worn accessory test separation distance is greater than or equal to that required for hotspot mode. When the reported SAR for a body-worn accessory, measured without a headset connected to the handset, is > 1.2 W/kg, the highest reported SAR configuration for that wireless mode and frequency band should be repeated for that body-worn accessory with a headset attached to the handset.

Body-worn accessories that do not contain metallic or conductive components may be tested according to worst-case exposure configurations, typically according to the smallest test separation distance required for the group of body-worn accessories with similar operating and exposure characteristics. All body-worn accessories containing metallic components are tested in conjunction with the host device.

Body-worn accessory SAR compliance is based on a single minimum test separation distance for all wireless and operating modes applicable to each body-worn accessory used by the host, and according to the relevant voice and/or data mode transmissions and operations. If a body-worn accessory supports voice only operations in its normal and expected use conditions, testing of data mode for body-worn compliance is not required. A conservative minimum test separation distance for supporting off-the-shelf body-worn accessories that may be

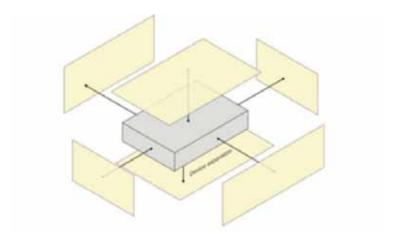


acquired by users of consumer handsets is used to test for body-worn accessory SAR compliance. This distance is determined by the handset manufacturer, according to the requirements of Supplement C 01-01. Devices that are designed to operate on the body of users using lanyards and straps, or without requiring additional body-worn accessories, will be tested using a conservative minimum test separation distance <= 5 mm to support compliance.



6.3 Hotspot Mode Exposure Position Conditions

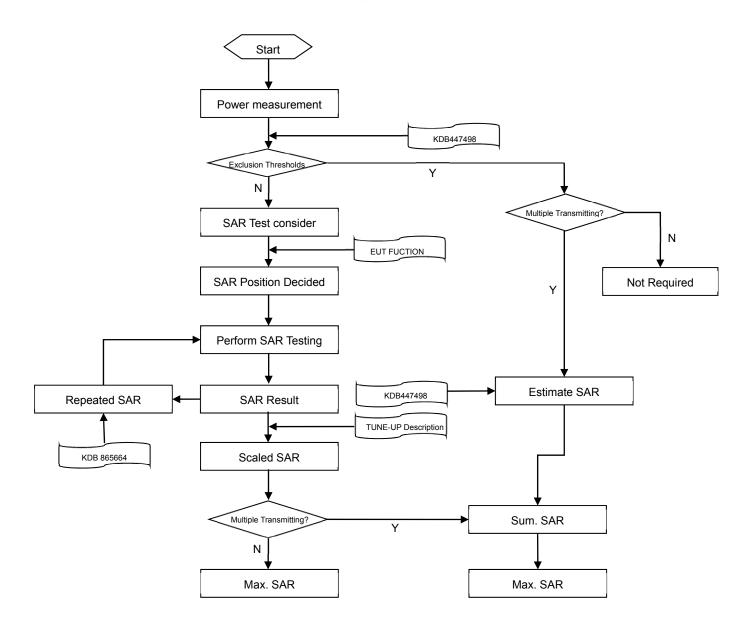
For handsets that support hotspot mode operations, with wireless router capabilities and various web browsing functions, the relevant hand and body exposure conditions are tested according to the hotspot SAR procedures in KDB 941225. A test separation distance of 10 mm is required between the phantom and all surfaces and edges with a transmitting antenna located within 25 mm from that surface or edge. When the form factor of a handset is smaller than 9 cm x 5 cm, a test separation distance of 5 mm (instead of 10 mm) is required for testing hotspot mode. When the separation distance required for body-worn accessory testing is larger than or equal to that tested for hotspot mode, in the same wireless mode and for the same surface of the phone, the hotspot mode SAR data may be used to support body-worn accessory SAR compliance for that particular configuration (surface).





7 SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES

7.1 SAR Measurement Process Diagram





7.2 SAR Scan General Requirements

Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std 1528-2003.

| | | | ≤3GHz | >3GHz | | |
|---|-----------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Maximum distance from | closest meas | surement point | 5±1 mm | 1/. 8.ln/2)±0 5 mm | | |
| (geometric center of prob | e sensors) t | o phantom surface | O±1 IIIIII | ½·δ·ln(2)±0.5 mm | | |
| Maximum probe angle from | om probe ax | is to phantom surface | 30°±1° | 20°±1° | | |
| normal at the measurement | ent location | | 30 ±1 | 20 ±1 | | |
| | | | ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm | 3–4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm | | |
| | | | 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm | 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm | | |
| | | | When the x or y dimension of t | he test device, in the | | |
| Maximum area scan spa | tial resolutio | n: ∆x Area , ∆y Area | measurement plane orientation | n, is smaller than the above, the | | |
| | | | measurement resolution must | be the corresponding x or y | | |
| | | | dimension of the test device w | ith at least one measurement | | |
| | | | point on the test device. | | | |
| Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx Zoom , Δy Zoom | | ≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm | 3–4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* | | | |
| Maximum 200m scan spa | atiai resolutio | n: Δx 200m , Δy 200m | 2 –3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* | 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm* | | |
| | | | ≤ 5 mm | 3–4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm | | |
| | unifor | m grid: Δz Zoom (n) | | 4–5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm | | |
| | | | | 5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm | | |
| Maximum zoom scan | | z Zoom (1): between | | 3–4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm | | |
| spatial resolution, | | 1st two points closest | ≤ 4 mm | 4–5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm | | |
| normal to phantom | graded | to | <u> </u> | F C C - < 0 mm | | |
| surface | graded | phantom surface | | 5–6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm | | |
| | grid | z Zoom (n>1): | ≤ 1.5·Δz 2 | Zoom (n-1) | | |
| between sul | | between subsequent | | | | |
| | | points | | | | |
| Minimum zoom | | | | 3–4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm | | |
| scan volume | | x, y, z | ≥30 mm | 4–5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm | | |
| Scall volulle | | | | 5–6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm | | |

Note:

- 1. is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.
- * When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is 1.4 W/kg, 8 mm, 7 mm and 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



7.3 SAR Measurement Procedure

The following steps are used for each test position

- Establish a call with the maximum output power with a base station simulator. The connection between the mobile and the base station simulator is established via air interface
- Measurement of the local E-field value at a fixed location. This value serves as a reference value for calculating a possible power drift.
- Measurement of the SAR distribution with a grid of 8 to 16mm * 8 to 16 mm and a constant distance to the inner surface of the phantom. Since the sensors cannot directly measure at the inner phantom surface, the values between the sensors and the inner phantom surface are extrapolated. With these values the area of the maximum SAR is calculated by an interpolation scheme.
- Around this point, a cube of 30 * 30 * 30 mm or 32 * 32 * 32 mm is assessed by measuring 5 or 8 * 5 or 8*4 or 5 mm. With these data, the peak spatial-average SAR value can be calculated.

7.4 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10 g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r01 quoted below.

When the 1-g SAR of the highest peak is within 2 dB of the SAR limit, additional zoom scans are required for other peaks within 2 dB of the highest peak that have not been included in any zoom scan to ensure there is no increase in SAR.



8 CONDUCTED RF OUPUT POWER

The GSM mode measurement conducted power as following:

| GSM850 Band | Burst | Average Power | (dBm) | Fram- | Average Power | (dBm) | |
|---------------------|--------|---------------|--------|---------------------------|---------------|--------|--|
| Channel | 128 | 190 | 251 | 128 | 190 | 251 | |
| Frequency (MHz) | 824.2 | 836.6 | 848.8 | 824.2 | 836.6 | 848.8 | |
| GSM (GMSK, 1-Slot) | 27.98 | 28.14 | 28.09 | 18.98 | 19.14 | 19.09 | |
| GPRS (GSMK, 1-Slot) | 28.25 | 28.38 | 28.32 | 19.25 | 19.38 | 19.32 | |
| GPRS (GSMK, 2-Slot) | 27.85 | 27.93 | 27.89 | 21.85 | 21.93 | 21.89 | |
| GPRS (GSMK, 3-Slot) | 27.46 | 27.54 | 27.49 | 23.20 | 23.28 | 23.23 | |
| GPRS (GSMK, 4-Slot) | 27.47 | 27.60 | 27.51 | 24.47 | 24.60 | 24.51 | |
| GSM1900 Band | Burst | Average Power | (dBm) | Fram- Average Power (dBm) | | | |
| Channel | 512 | 661 | 810 | 512 | 661 | 810 | |
| Frequency (MHz) | 1850.2 | 1880.0 | 1909.8 | 1850.2 | 1880.0 | 1909.8 | |
| GSM (GMSK, 1-Slot) | 28.79 | 28.84 | 29.03 | 19.79 | 19.84 | 20.03 | |
| GPRS (GSMK, 1-Slot) | 28.84 | 28.95 | 29.11 | 19.84 | 19.95 | 20.11 | |
| GPRS (GSMK, 2-Slot) | 27.96 | 28.09 | 28.39 | 21.96 | 22.09 | 22.39 | |
| GPRS (GSMK, 3-Slot) | 26.10 | 26.26 | 26.63 | 21.84 | 22.00 | 22.37 | |
| GPRS (GSMK, 4-Slot) | 26.10 | 26.26 | 26.62 | 23.10 | 23.26 | 23.62 | |

Note:

- 1. SAR testing was performed on the maximum frame-averaged power mode.
- 2. The frame-averaged power is linearly proportion to the slot number configured and it is linearly scaled the maximum burst-averaged power based on time slots. The calculated method is shown as below:

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (1 Tx Slot) - 9 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (2 Tx Slots) - 6 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (3 Tx Slots) - 4.26 dB

Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power (4 Tx Slots) - 3 dB



The WCDMA mode measurement conducted power as:

| Band | | WCDMA 850 | | | WCDMA 1900 | |
|-----------------|-------|-----------|-------|--------|------------|--------|
| Channel | 4132 | 4182 | 4233 | 9262 | 9400 | 9538 |
| Frequency (MHz) | 826.4 | 836.6 | 846.6 | 1852.4 | 1880.0 | 1907.6 |
| RMC 12.2Kbps85 | 23.19 | 22.95 | 23.18 | 22.73 | 22.36 | 22.81 |
| HSDPA Subtest-1 | 22.22 | 21.96 | 21.21 | 22.21 | 21.84 | 21.10 |
| HSDPA Subtest-2 | 21.72 | 21.45 | 21.71 | 21.71 | 21.33 | 21.60 |
| HSDPA Subtest-3 | 21.75 | 21.46 | 21.71 | 21.59 | 21.21 | 21.48 |
| HSDPA Subtest-4 | 21.71 | 21.47 | 21.69 | 21.55 | 21.22 | 21.46 |
| HSUPA Subtest-1 | 19.92 | 19.75 | 19.98 | 19.91 | 19.63 | 19.87 |
| HSUPA Subtest-2 | 20.42 | 20.21 | 20.45 | 20.26 | 19.96 | 20.22 |
| HSUPA Subtest-3 | 20.93 | 20.67 | 20.97 | 20.77 | 20.42 | 20.74 |
| HSUPA Subtest-4 | 19.95 | 19.67 | 19.99 | 19.79 | 19.42 | 19.76 |
| HSUPA Subtest-5 | 18.93 | 18.65 | 19.02 | 18.77 | 18.40 | 18.79 |

WLAN 2.4G mode:

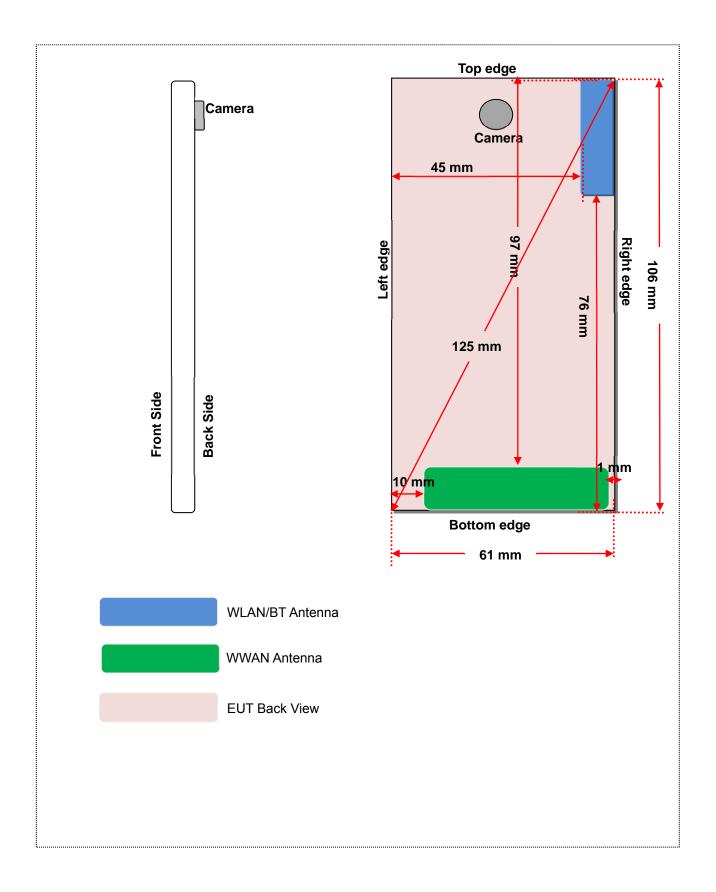
| Mode | | 802.11b | | 802.11g | | | |
|---------------------|--------|----------------|-------|----------------|----------|------|--|
| Channel | 1 | 6 | 11 | 1 | 6 | 11 | |
| Frequency (MHz) | 2412 | 2437 | 2462 | 2412 | 2437 | 2462 | |
| Average Power (dBm) | 11.30 | 11.88 | 12.54 | 8.56 | 9.49 | 9.98 | |
| Mode | | 802.11n(HT-20) | | 802.11n(HT-40) | | | |
| inouc | | | | | , | | |
| Channel | 1 | 6 | 11 | 3 | 6 | 9 | |
| | 1 2412 | <u> </u> | | | <u> </u> | | |

Bluetooth mode:

| Mode | | GFSK | | π/4-DQPSK | | | |
|------------------|--------|----------------|------------|-----------|-----------|------------|--|
| Channel | 1 | 39 | 79 | 1 | 39 | 79 | |
| Frequency (MHz) | 2402 | 2441 | 2441 2480 | | 2441 | 2480 | |
| Peak Power (dBm) | 0.14 | 0.14 0.71 1.20 | | -0.69 | 0.19 | 0.48 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Mode | | 8-DPSK | | | BLE | | |
| Mode Channel | 1 | 8-DPSK 39 | 79 | 1 | BLE 19 | 40 | |
| | 1 2402 | | 79 2480 | 1 2402 | | 40 2480 | |



9 EUT ANTENNA LOCATION SKETCH





9.1 SAR Test Exclusion Consider Table

According with FCC KDB 447498 D01v05r02, Appendix A, <SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds for 100 MHz - 6 GHz and 50 mm> Table, this Device SAR test configurations consider as following:

| Down of | Mode | M D | Max. Peak Power | | Tes | t Position | Configurat | ions | |
|-----------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|------|--------|------------|------------|------|--------|
| Band | Mode | Max. Pe | eak Power | Head | Front/ | Left | Right | Тор | Bottom |
| | | dBm | dBm mW | | Back | Edge | Edge | Edge | Edge |
| | Distanc | e to User | | <5mm | <5mm | 10mm | <5mm | 97mm | <5mm |
| GSM 850 | Voice | 28.14 | 651.63 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |
| | Data | 27.60 | 575.44 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |
| | Distanc | e to User | | <5mm | <5mm | 10mm | <5mm | 97mm | <5mm |
| GSM 1900 | Voice | 29.03 | 799.83 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |
| | Data | 26.62 | 459.20 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |
| WCDMA | Distanc | <5mm | <5mm | 10mm | <5mm | 97mm | <5mm | | |
| Band 5 | RMC | 23.18 | 207.97 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |
| WCDMA | Distanc | Distance to User | | | | 10mm | <5mm | 97mm | <5mm |
| Band 2 | RMC | 22.81 | 190.99 | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |
| | Distanc | e to User | | <5mm | <5mm | 45mm | <5mm | <5mm | 76mm |
| | 802.11b | 12.54 | 17.95 | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | No |
| WLAN | 802.11g | 9.98 | 9.95 | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| 2.4 G | 802.11n(HT20) | 10.17 | 10.40 | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| | 802.11n(HT40) | 10.99 | 12.56 | No | No | No | No | No | No |
| Divistant | Distanc | e to User | | <5mm | <5mm | 45mm | <5mm | <5mm | 76mm |
| Bluetooth | ВТ | 1.20 | 1.32 | No | No | No | No | No | No |

Note:

- 1. Maximum power is the source-based time-average power and represents the maximum RF output power among production units
- 2. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, for larger devices, the test separation distance of adjacent edge configuration is determined by the closest separation between the antenna and the user.
- 3. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, standalone SAR test exclusion threshold is applied; If the distance of the antenna to the user is < 5mm, 5mm is used to determine SAR exclusion threshold
- 4. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, the 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances 50 mm are determined by:

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)] \cdot [f(GHz)] 3.0 for 1-g SAR and 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR

f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation

The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

For < 50 mm distance, we just calculate mW of the exclusion threshold value (3.0) to do compare.

This formula is [3.0] / [f(GHz)] · [(min. test separation distance, mm)] = exclusion threshold of mW.

- 5. Per KDB 447498 D01v05r02, at 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances > 50 mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following
 - a) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm)·(f(MHz)/150)] mW, at 100 MHz to 1500 MHz
 - b) [Threshold at 50 mm in step 1) + (test separation distance 50 mm) · 10] mW at > 1500 MHz and 6 GHz



- Per KDB 941225 D01v03, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA /HSUPA /DC-HSDPA output power is
 0.25dB higher than RMC12.2Kbps, or reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is
 1.2W/kg,
 HSDPA/HSUPA/DC-HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
- 7. Per KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.8. For each frequency band, testing at higher data rates and higher order modulations is not required when the maximum average output power for each of these configurations is less than 1/4dB higher than those measured at the lowest data rate
- 9. Apply the test exclusion rule in KDB 248227 D01 v01r02 11g, 11n-HT20 and HT40 output power is less than 1/4dB higher than 11b mode, thus the SAR can be excluded.

9.2 10-g Extremity Exposure Consider

According with FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, for smart phones with a display diagonal dimension > 15.0 cm or an overall diagonal dimension > 16.0 cm that provide similar mobile web access and multimedia support found in mini-tablets or UMPC mini-tablets that support voice calls next to the ear, unless it is confirmed otherwise through KDB inquiries, the following phablet procedures should be applied to evaluate SAR compliance for each applicable wireless modes and frequency band. Devices marketed as phablets, regardless of form factors and operating characteristics must be tested as a phablet to determine SAR compliance;

The UMPC mini-tablet procedures must also be applied to test the SAR of all surfaces and edges with an antenna located at 25 mm from that surface or edge, in direct contact with a flat phantom, for 10-g extremity SAR according to the body-equivalent tissue dielectric parameters in KDB 865664 to address interactive hand use exposure conditions. The UMPC mini-tablet 1-g SAR at 5 mm is not required. When hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.

Conclusion:

The diagonal dimension is 12.5 cm, which is less than 16 cm.10-g extremity SAR is not required.



10 SAR TEST RESULTS

10.1 Head SAR

| Band | Mode | Position | Ch. | Freq. (MHz) | Power Drift | Meas. SAR(W/Kg) | Meas. Power(dBm) | Max. tune-up Power(dBm) | Scaling Factor | Scaled SAR(W/Kg) | Meas. No. |
|---------|-------|--------------|------|----------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| | | Left cheek | 190 | 836.6 | -0.77 | 0.185 | 28.14 | 28.40 | 1.062 | 0.196 | 1# |
| GSM | | Left Tilted | 190 | 836.6 | -1.76 | 0.138 | 28.14 | 28.40 | 1.062 | 0.147 | 2# |
| 850 | Voice | Rightcheek | 190 | 836.6 | -1.53 | 0.203 | 28.14 | 28.40 | 1.062 | 0.216 | 3# |
| | | Right Tilted | 190 | 836.6 | 1.62 | 0.121 | 28.14 | 28.40 | 1.062 | 0.128 | 4# |
| | | Left Cheek | 810 | 1909.8 | 0.85 | 0.542 | 29.03 | 29.20 | 1.040 | 0.564 | 17# |
| GSM | Voice | Left Tilted | 810 | 1909.8 | 0.34 | 0.123 | 29.03 | 29.20 | 1.040 | 0.128 | 18# |
| 1900 | voice | Rightcheek | 810 | 1909.8 | -0.34 | 0.495 | 29.03 | 29.20 | 1.040 | 0.515 | 19# |
| | | Right Tilted | 810 | 1909.8 | -4.7 | 0.116 | 29.03 | 29.20 | 1.040 | 0.121 | 20# |
| | | Left Cheek | 4233 | 846.6 | -0.24 | 0.224 | 23.18 | 23.60 | 1.102 | 0.247 | 33# |
| WCDM | RMC | Left Tilted | 4233 | 846.6 | -0.32 | 0.152 | 23.18 | 23.60 | 1.102 | 0.167 | 34# |
| A850 | RIVIC | Rightcheek | 4233 | 846.6 | -0.62 | 0.265 | 23.18 | 23.60 | 1.102 | 0.292 | 35# |
| | | Right Tilted | 4233 | 846.6 | -0.32 | 0.156 | 23.18 | 23.60 | 1.102 | 0.172 | 36# |
| | | Left Cheek | 9538 | 1907.6 | -0.63 | 0.792 | 22.81 | 22.90 | 1.021 | 0.809 | 42# |
| WCDM | RMC | Left Tilted | 9538 | 1907.6 | -0.63 | 0.211 | 22.81 | 22.90 | 1.021 | 0.215 | 43# |
| A1900 | RIVIC | Rightcheek | 9538 | 1907.6 | 0.03 | 0.703 | 22.81 | 22.90 | 1.021 | 0.718 | 44# |
| | | Right Tilted | 9538 | 1907.6 | -0.15 | 0.173 | 22.81 | 22.90 | 1.021 | 0.177 | 45# |
| | | Left cheek | 11 | 2462.0 | -1.02 | 0.070 | 12.54 | 12.60 | 1.014 | 0.071 | 53# |
| 000 445 | DATA | Left Tilted | 11 | 2462.0 | -2.59 | 0.047 | 12.54 | 12.60 | 1.014 | 0.048 | 54# |
| 802.11b | DATA | Rightcheek | 11 | 2462.0 | -1.54 | 0.173 | 12.54 | 12.60 | 1.014 | 0.175 | 55# |
| | | Right Tilted | 11 | 2462.0 | -1.17 | 0.099 | 12.54 | 12.60 | 1.014 | 0.100 | 56# |



10.2 Body-worn And Hotspot Mode SAR (10mm separation)

| Browner Position Position Power (Mina) Power (Mina) <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Max.</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> | | | | | | | | | Max. | | | |
|--|---------|-----------|------------|------|--------|-------|-----------|------------|------------|--------|-----------|-----|
| | Band | Mode | Position | Ch. | - | | | Meas. | tune-up | | | |
| | | | | | (MHz) | Drift | SAR(W/Kg) | Power(dBm) | Power(dBm) | Factor | SAR(W/Kg) | No. |
| Body Cent Edge 190 836.6 3.62 0.176 28.14 28.40 1.062 0.187 7# | | | Front side | 190 | 836.6 | -3.58 | 0.269 | 28.14 | 28.40 | 1.062 | 0.286 | 5# |
| No | | Voice | Back Side | 190 | 836.6 | 0.16 | 0.752 | 28.14 | 28.40 | 1.062 | 0.798 | 6# |
| Section | | (Body | Left Edge | 190 | 836.6 | 3.62 | 0.176 | 28.14 | 28.40 | 1.062 | 0.187 | 7# |
| Semant | | -Worn) | Right Edge | 190 | 836.6 | -3.87 | 0.176 | 28.14 | 28.40 | 1.062 | 0.187 | 8# |
| Back Side 128 824.2 1.68 1.054 27.47 27.90 1.104 1.164 11ff 11ff 12ff 12ff 1.012 27.60 27.90 1.072 1.084 1.24 1.24 1.012 27.60 27.90 1.072 1.084 1.24 1.24 1.012 27.60 27.90 1.072 1.084 1.24 1.24 1.012 27.60 27.90 1.072 1.084 1.24 1.24 1.012 27.60 27.90 1.072 1.084 1.28 1.38 | | | BottomEdge | 190 | 836.6 | -3.23 | 0.023 | 28.14 | 28.40 | 1.062 | 0.024 | 9# |
| CPRS | GSM | | Front side | 190 | 836.6 | -1.06 | 0.753 | 27.60 | 27.90 | 1.072 | 0.807 | 10# |
| Data Back Side 251 848.8 0.45 1.150 27.51 27.90 1.094 1.258 13# | 850 | | Back Side | 128 | 824.2 | 1.68 | 1.054 | 27.47 | 27.90 | 1.104 | 1.164 | 11# |
| Hotspot Hots | | GPRS | Back Side | 190 | 836.6 | -1.21 | 1.012 | 27.60 | 27.90 | 1.072 | 1.084 | 12# |
| Right Edge | | Data | Back Side | 251 | 848.8 | 0.45 | 1.150 | 27.51 | 27.90 | 1.094 | 1.258 | 13# |
| BottomEdge | | (Hotspot) | Left Edge | 190 | 836.6 | -1.09 | 0.572 | 27.60 | 27.90 | 1.072 | 0.613 | 14# |
| Front side | | | Right Edge | 190 | 836.6 | 3.3 | 0.532 | 27.60 | 27.90 | 1.072 | 0.570 | 15# |
| Voice Back Side 810 1909.8 0.36 0.622 29.03 29.20 1.040 0.647 22# | | | BottomEdge | 190 | 836.6 | -1.68 | 0.066 | 27.60 | 27.90 | 1.072 | 0.071 | 16# |
| Right Edge 810 1909.8 1.36 0.135 29.03 29.20 1.040 0.140 23# | | | Front side | 810 | 1909.8 | -0.11 | 0.477 | 29.03 | 29.20 | 1.040 | 0.496 | 21# |
| Formal Right Edge Ri0 1909.8 -0.81 0.187 29.03 29.20 1.040 0.194 24# | | Voice | Back Side | 810 | 1909.8 | 0.36 | 0.622 | 29.03 | 29.20 | 1.040 | 0.647 | 22# |
| BottomEdge | | (Body | Left Edge | 810 | 1909.8 | 1.36 | 0.135 | 29.03 | 29.20 | 1.040 | 0.140 | 23# |
| Front side | | -Worn) | Right Edge | 810 | 1909.8 | -0.81 | 0.187 | 29.03 | 29.20 | 1.040 | 0.194 | 24# |
| Back Side 512 1850.2 0.79 0.887 26.10 26.70 1.148 1.018 27# | | | BottomEdge | 810 | 1909.8 | 2.42 | 0.480 | 29.03 | 29.20 | 1.040 | 0.499 | 25# |
| Back Side 661 1880.0 2.58 0.803 26.26 26.70 1.107 0.889 28# | GSM | | Front side | 810 | 1909.8 | -1.17 | 0.724 | 26.62 | 26.70 | 1.019 | 0.737 | 26# |
| Data Back Side 810 1909.8 -2.02 0.840 26.62 26.70 1.019 0.856 29# | 1900 | | Back Side | 512 | 1850.2 | 0.79 | 0.887 | 26.10 | 26.70 | 1.148 | 1.018 | 27# |
| Hotspot Left Edge | | GPRS | Back Side | 661 | 1880.0 | -2.58 | 0.803 | 26.26 | 26.70 | 1.107 | 0.889 | 28# |
| Right Edge 810 1909.8 -0.17 0.391 26.62 26.70 1.019 0.398 31# | | Data | Back Side | 810 | 1909.8 | -2.02 | 0.840 | 26.62 | 26.70 | 1.019 | 0.856 | 29# |
| RMC BottomEdge 810 1909.8 -2.18 0.773 26.62 26.70 1.019 0.787 32# | | (Hotspot) | Left Edge | 810 | 1909.8 | -2.84 | 0.326 | 26.62 | 26.70 | 1.019 | 0.332 | 30# |
| RMC (Body Abstraction | | | Right Edge | 810 | 1909.8 | -0.17 | 0.391 | 26.62 | 26.70 | 1.019 | 0.398 | 31# |
| WCDM A850 Back Side 4233 846.6 -0.4 0.778 23.18 23.60 1.102 0.857 38# A850 Left Edge 4233 846.6 -0.4 0.267 23.18 23.60 1.102 0.294 39# and And Dispote (and Dispote) BottomEdge 4233 846.6 -0.53 0.244 23.18 23.60 1.102 0.269 40# And Dispote (and Dispote) BottomEdge 4233 846.6 -0.23 0.030 23.18 23.60 1.102 0.033 41# And Dispote (and Dispote) BottomEdge 4233 846.6 -0.23 0.030 23.18 23.60 1.102 0.033 41# And Dispote (and Dispote) 9538 1907.6 -0.77 0.793 22.81 22.90 1.040 1.187 47# And Dispote (and Dispote) Back Side 9400 1880.0 0.68 1.058 22.36 22.90 1.021 1.022 49# And Dispote (and Dispote) | | | BottomEdge | 810 | 1909.8 | -2.18 | 0.773 | 26.62 | 26.70 | 1.019 | 0.787 | 32# |
| WCDM A850 Back Side 4233 846.6 -0.4 0.778 23.18 23.60 1.102 0.857 38# A850 -Worn and hotspot) Left Edge 4233 846.6 -0.4 0.267 23.18 23.60 1.102 0.294 39# A850 Right Edge 4233 846.6 -0.53 0.244 23.18 23.60 1.102 0.269 40# A150 BottomEdge 4233 846.6 -0.53 0.244 23.18 23.60 1.102 0.269 40# A150 BottomEdge 4233 846.6 -0.23 0.030 23.18 23.60 1.102 0.033 41# A150 Back Side 9538 1907.6 -0.77 0.793 22.81 22.90 1.040 1.187 47# WCDM A190 Back Side 9400 1880.0 0.68 1.058 22.36 22.90 1.040 1.102 49# WCDM A190 Left Edge 9538 | | RMC | Front side | 4233 | 846.6 | -0.4 | 0.662 | 23.18 | 23.60 | 1.102 | 0.729 | 37# |
| A850 A850 A850 A850 A850 A850 A850 A850 | | (Body | | 4233 | 846.6 | -0.4 | 0.778 | 23.18 | 23.60 | 1.102 | 0.857 | 38# |
| and hotspot) Right Edge hotspot) 4233 846.6 -0.53 0.244 23.18 23.60 1.102 0.269 40# WCDM A1900 BottomEdge 4233 846.6 -0.23 0.030 23.18 23.60 1.102 0.033 41# WCDM A1900 Front side 9538 1907.6 -0.77 0.793 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.810 46# Back Side 9262 1852.4 -0.59 1.141 22.73 22.90 1.040 1.187 47# RMC Back Side 9400 1880.0 0.68 1.058 22.36 22.90 1.040 1.198 48# WCDM (Body Back Side 9538 1907.6 -0.6 1.001 22.81 22.90 1.021 1.022 49# -Worn Left Edge 9538 1907.6 -1.09 0.196 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.252 51# hotspot) BottomEdge 9538 | | -Worn | Left Edge | 4233 | 846.6 | -0.4 | 0.267 | 23.18 | 23.60 | 1.102 | 0.294 | 39# |
| WCDM A1900 Front side 9538 1907.6 -0.77 0.793 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.810 46# | A850 | and | Right Edge | 4233 | 846.6 | -0.53 | 0.244 | 23.18 | 23.60 | 1.102 | 0.269 | 40# |
| WCDM A1900 Back Side 9262 1852.4 -0.59 1.141 22.73 22.90 1.040 1.187 47# WCDM A1900 Back Side 9400 1880.0 0.68 1.058 22.36 22.90 1.132 1.198 48# WCDM A1900 Back Side 9538 1907.6 -0.6 1.001 22.81 22.90 1.021 1.022 49# -Worn and hotspot) RightEdge 9538 1907.6 -1.09 0.196 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.200 50# BottomEdge 9538 1907.6 -1.09 0.618 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.252 51# BottomEdge 9538 1907.6 -1.09 0.618 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.631 52# BottomEdge 9538 1907.6 -1.09 0.618 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.631 52# BottomEdge 9538 1907.6 -0.88 0.036 12.54 12 | | hotspot) | BottomEdge | 4233 | 846.6 | -0.23 | 0.030 | 23.18 | 23.60 | 1.102 | 0.033 | 41# |
| WCDM A1900 Back Side 9400 1880.0 0.68 1.058 22.36 22.90 1.132 1.198 48# A1900 Back Side 9538 1907.6 -0.6 1.001 22.81 22.90 1.021 1.022 49# -Worn and hotspot) Left Edge 9538 1907.6 -1.09 0.196 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.200 50# BottomEdge 9538 1907.6 -0.2 0.247 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.252 51# Front side 11 2462.0 -0.88 0.036 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.037 57# BO2.11b DATA Back Side 11 2462.0 0.33 0.082 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.083 58# | | | Front side | 9538 | 1907.6 | -0.77 | 0.793 | 22.81 | 22.90 | 1.021 | 0.810 | 46# |
| WCDM A1900 Back Side 9538 1907.6 -0.6 1.001 22.81 22.90 1.021 1.022 49# -Worn and hotspot) Left Edge 9538 1907.6 -1.09 0.196 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.200 50# BottomEdge 9538 1907.6 -0.2 0.247 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.252 51# BottomEdge 9538 1907.6 -1.09 0.618 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.631 52# Front side 11 2462.0 -0.88 0.036 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.083 58# BO2.11b DATA Back Side 11 2462.0 0.33 0.082 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.083 58# | | | Back Side | 9262 | 1852.4 | -0.59 | 1.141 | 22.73 | 22.90 | 1.040 | 1.187 | 47# |
| WCDM A1900 (Body - Worn and hotspot) Back Side 9538 1907.6 -0.6 1.001 22.81 22.90 1.021 1.022 49# Back Side 9538 1907.6 -1.09 0.196 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.200 50# BottomEdge 9538 1907.6 -0.2 0.247 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.252 51# BottomEdge 9538 1907.6 -1.09 0.618 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.631 52# Front side 11 2462.0 -0.88 0.036 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.037 57# BO2.11b DATA Back Side 11 2462.0 0.33 0.082 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.083 58# | | RMC | Back Side | 9400 | 1880.0 | 0.68 | 1.058 | 22.36 | 22.90 | 1.132 | 1.198 | 48# |
| A1900 -Worn and RightEdge 9538 1907.6 -1.09 0.196 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.200 50# RightEdge 9538 1907.6 -0.2 0.247 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.252 51# hotspot) BottomEdge 9538 1907.6 -1.09 0.618 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.631 52# Front side 11 2462.0 -0.88 0.036 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.037 57# Back Side 11 2462.0 0.33 0.082 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.083 58# | | | Back Side | 9538 | 1907.6 | -0.6 | 1.001 | 22.81 | 22.90 | 1.021 | 1.022 | 49# |
| and hotspot) RightEdge 9538 1907.6 -0.2 0.247 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.252 51# BottomEdge 9538 1907.6 -1.09 0.618 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.631 52# Front side 11 2462.0 -0.88 0.036 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.037 57# Bo2.11b Back Side 11 2462.0 0.33 0.082 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.083 58# | A1900 | | Left Edge | 9538 | 1907.6 | -1.09 | | | 22.90 | 1.021 | | 50# |
| hotspot) BottomEdge 9538 1907.6 -1.09 0.618 22.81 22.90 1.021 0.631 52# Front side 11 2462.0 -0.88 0.036 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.037 57# Back Side 11 2462.0 0.33 0.082 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.083 58# | | | RightEdge | 9538 | 1907.6 | -0.2 | 0.247 | 22.81 | 22.90 | 1.021 | 0.252 | 51# |
| BO2.11b Front side 11 2462.0 -0.88 0.036 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.037 57# Back Side 11 2462.0 0.33 0.082 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.083 58# | | | BottomEdge | 9538 | 1907.6 | -1.09 | 0.618 | 22.81 | 22.90 | 1.021 | 0.631 | 52# |
| DATA Back Side 11 2462.0 0.33 0.082 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.083 58# | | | Front side | 11 | | -0.88 | | | | | | 57# |
| 802.11b | | DATA | | | | | | | | 1.014 | | 58# |
| | 802.11b | | | | | | | | | | | 59# |
| Top Edge 11 2462.0 -0.75 0.046 12.54 12.60 1.014 0.047 60# | | | | | | | | | | | | 60# |



10.3 SAR Measurement Variability

According to KDB 865664 D01v01, SAR measurement variability was assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. When both head and body tissue-equivalent media are required for SAR measurements in a frequency band, the variability measurement procedures should be applied to the tissue medium with the highest measured SAR, using the highest measured SAR configuration for that tissue-equivalent medium. Alternatively, if the highest measured SAR for both head and body tissue-equivalent media are ≤ 1.45 W/kg and the ratio of these highest SAR values, i.e., largest divided by smallest value, is ≤ 1.10 , the highest SAR configuration for either head or body tissue-equivalent medium may be used to perform the repeated measurement. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

SAR repeated measurement procedure:

- 1. When the highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg, repeated measurement is not required.
- 2. When the highest measured SAR is >= 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.
- 3. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20, or when the original or repeated measurement is >= 1.45 W/kg, perform a second repeated measurement.
- 4. If the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20, and the original, first or second repeated measurement is >= 1.5 W/kg, perform a third repeated measurement.

SAR Repeated Measurement

| Band | Mode | Position | Ch. | Freq. | Origin al | first repeate d | ratio | second repeated | ratio | Third repeated | ratio |
|---------|-----------|-----------|------|--------|--------------|-----------------------|-------|--------------------|-------|----------------|-------|
| | GPRS | Back Side | 128 | 824.2 | 1.054 | 0.998 | 1.056 | 1 | / | 1 | 1 |
| GSM 850 | Data | Back Side | 190 | 836.6 | 1.012 | 1.002 | 1.010 | 1 | / | 1 | 1 |
| | Dala | Back Side | 251 | 848.8 | 1.150 | 1.096 | 1.049 | 1 | / | 1 | 1 |
| GSM | GPRS | Back Side | 512 | 1850.2 | 0.887 | 0.886 | 1.001 | 1 | / | 1 | 1 |
| 1900 | Data | Back Side | 661 | 1880.0 | 0.803 | 0.861 | 1.072 | 1 | / | 1 | 1 |
| 1900 | Dala | Back Side | 810 | 1909.8 | 0.840 | 0.822 | 1.022 | 1 | / | 1 | 1 |
| WCDM | | Back Side | 9262 | 1852.4 | 1.141 | 1.095 | 1.042 | 1 | / | 1 | 1 |
| A1900 | Body-worn | Back Side | 9400 | 1880.0 | 1.058 | 1.064 | 1.006 | 1 | / | 1 | 1 |
| A 1900 | | Back Side | 9538 | 1907.6 | 1.001 | 0.987 | 1.014 | 1 | 1 | / | 1 |

Note:

^{1.} The ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is< 1.20, the second repeated SAR test is not necessary.



11 SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION

11.1 Simultaneous Transmission Mode Consider

| Simultaneous Transmitting (Yes/NO) | ВТ | WLAN | WCDMA RMC | GSM Data | GSM Voice |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------|-----------|
| GSM Voice | Yes | Yes | NO | NO | - |
| GSM Data | Yes | Yes | NO | - | - |
| WCDMA RMC | Yes | Yes | - | | - |
| WLAN | NO | - | - | - | - |
| ВТ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Note: The BT and WLAN sha | are the same PIFA a | intenna, cannot tran | smitting together. | | |

11.2 Estimated SAR Calculation

According to KDB 447498 D01v05r02, when standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR was estimated according to following formula to result in substantially conservative SAR values of <= 0.4 W/kg to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion.

Estimated SAR =
$$\frac{Max.Tune\ Up\ Power_{(mW)}}{Min.Test\ Separation\ Distance_{(mm)}}*\frac{\sqrt{f_{GHz}}}{7.5}$$

If the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is used for estimated SAR calculation. When the test separation distance is > 50 mm, the 0.4 W/kg is used for SAR-1g.

| Band | Mode | Position | Antenna To user (mm) | SAR Testing | Max. Tune-up Power (dBm) | Max. Tune-up Power (mW) | Frequency (GHz) | Calculation Distance/Gap (mm) | Estimated SAR (W/kg) |
|------------|------|-------------|----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | Right Cheek | 5 | NO | 1.20 | 1.32 | 2.480 | 5 | 0.055 |
| | | Left Cheek | 5 | NO | 1.20 | 1.32 | 2.480 | 5 | 0.055 |
| Bluetooth | GFSK | Front side | 10 | NO | 1.20 | 1.32 | 2.480 | 10 | 0.028 |
| bluetootii | GFSK | Back Side | 10 | NO | 1.20 | 1.32 | 2.480 | 10 | 0.028 |
| | | Right Edge | 10 | NO | 1.20 | 1.32 | 2.480 | 10 | 0.028 |
| | | Top Edge | 10 | NO | 1.20 | 1.32 | 2.480 | 10 | 0.028 |



11.3 Sum SAR of Simultaneous Transmission

| Simultaneous Mode | Position | Mode | Max. 1-g SAR (W/kg) | 1-g Sum SAR (W/kg) |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| | Heed | GSM Voice | 0.564 | 0.040 |
| COM Voice + DT | Head | ВТ | 0.055 | 0.619 |
| GSM Voice + BT | Pody worn | GSM Voice | 0.798 | 0.826 |
| | Body-worn | ВТ | 0.028 | 0.020 |
| GSM DATA + BT | Hotspot | GSM DATA | 1.258 | 1.286 |
| GSW DATA + BT | Mode | ВТ | 0.028 | 1.200 |
| | Head | GSM Voice | 0.564 | 0.739 |
| GSM Voice + WLAN | пеац | WLAN | 0.175 | 0.739 |
| GSW VOICE + WLAN | Pody worn | GSM Voice | 0.798 | 0.881 |
| | Body-worn | WLAN | 0.083 | 0.001 |
| GSM DATA + WLAN | Hotspot | GSM DATA | 1.258 | 1.341 |
| GOW BY WITH WEAR | Mode | WLAN | 0.083 | 1.511 |
| | Head | WCDMA RMC | 0.809 | 0.864 |
| WCDMA RMC + BT | пеац | ВТ | 0.055 | 0.004 |
| WCDIVIA RIVIC + BT | Body-worn | WCDMA RMC | 1.198 | 1.226 |
| | Hotspot | ВТ | 0.028 | 1.220 |
| | Lload | WCDMA RMC | 0.809 | 0.984 |
| | Head | WLAN | 0.175 | 0.904 |
| WCDMA RMC + WLAN | Body-worn | WCDMA RMC | 1.198 | |
| | Hotspot | WLAN | 0.083 | 1.281 |

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the reported standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. When the sum of SAR 1g of all simultaneously transmitting antennas in an operating mode and exposure condition combination is within the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), the simultaneous transmission SAR is not required. When the sum of SAR 1g is greater than the SAR limit (SAR 1g 1.6 W/kg), SAR test exclusion is determined by the SPLSR.



12 TEST EQUIPMENTS LIST

| Description | Manufacturer | Model | Serial No. | Cal. Date | Cal. Due |
|------------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------|------------|
| PC | Dell | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 835MHz Dipole | SATIMO | SID835 | S/N 25/13 DIP 0G835-246 | 2014/08/17 | 2015/08/16 |
| 1900MHz Dipole | SATIMO | SID1800 | S/N 25/13 DIP 1G900-249 | 2014/08/17 | 2015/08/16 |
| 2450MHz Dipole | SATIMO | SID2450 | S/N 25/13 DIP 2G450-251 | 2014/08/17 | 2015/08/16 |
| E-Field Probe | SATIMO | SSE2 | SN 27/14 EPG210 | 2014/05/16 | 2015/05/15 |
| Antenna | SATIMO | ANTA3 | SN 17/13 ZNTA45 | N/A | N/A |
| Phantom1 | SATIMO | SAM | SN 30/13 SAM013 | N/A | N/A |
| Phantom2 | SATIMO | SAM | SN 30/13 SAM014 | N/A | N/A |
| Dielectric Probe Kit | SATIMO | SCLMP | SN 25/13 OCPG56 | 2014/08/17 | 2015/08/16 |
| MultiMeter | Keithley | MultiMeter 2000 | 4024022 | 2014/02/13 | 2015/02/12 |
| Signal Generator | R&S | SMF100A | 1167.0000k02/104260 | 2014/02/17 | 2015/02/16 |
| Power Meter | Agilent | 5738A | 11290 | 2013/10/22 | 2014/10/21 |
| Power Sensor | R&S | NRP-Z21 | 103971 | 2013/12/12 | 2014/12/11 |
| Power Amplifier | Agilent | 6552B | 22374 | 2014/08/17 | 2015/08/16 |
| Wireless Communication Test Set | Agilent | 8960-E5515C | MY50260493 | 2014/01/22 | 2015/01/21 |
| Network Analyzer | RS | 5071C | EMY46103472 | 2013/12/12 | 2014/12/11 |



13 REFERENCES

- 1 FCC 47 CFR Part 2 "Frequency Allocations and Radio Treaty Matters; General Rules and Regulations"
- 2 ANSI/IEEE Std. C95.1-1992, "IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz to 300 GHz", September 1992
- 3 IEEE Std. 1528-2003, "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", December 2003
- 4 FCC KDB 248227 D01 v01r02, "SAR Measurement Procedures for 802.11 a/b/g Transmitters", May 2007
- 5 FCC KDB 447498 D01 v05r02, "Mobile and Portable Device RF Exposure Procedures and Equipment Authorization Policies", May 2013
- 6 FCC KDB 648474 D04 v01r02, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Wireless Handsets", May 2013
- 7 FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03, "3G SAR MEAUREMENT PROCEDURES", October 2014
- 8 FCC KDB 616217 D04 v01r01, "SAR Evaluation Considerations for Laptop, Notebook, Netbook and Tablet Computers", May 2013
- 9 FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r03, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz", May 2013.
- 10 FCC KDB 865664 D02 v01r01, "RF Exposure Compliance Reporting and Documentation Considerations", May 2013
- 11 SATIMO COMOSAR_V4
- 12 SATIMO OPENSAR_V4



ANNEX A SAR TEST RESULT OF SYSTEM VERIFICATION

System Performance Check Data(835MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

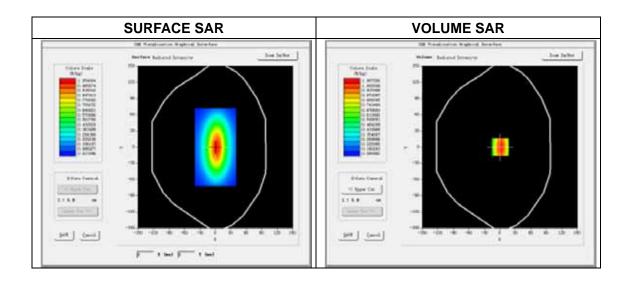
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.10.11

Measurement duration: 13 minutes 27 seconds

Experimental conditions.

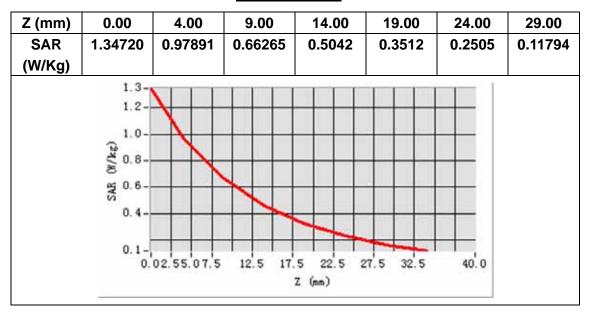
| Phantom File | surf_sam_plan.txt | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Phantom | Validation plane | | |
| Device Position | - | | |
| Band | 835MHz | | |
| Channels | - | | |
| Signal | CW | | |
| Frequency (MHz) | 835MHz | | |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 40.642600 | | |
| Relative permittivity | 18.717500 | | |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 0.888284 | | |
| Power drift (%) | 0.450000 | | |
| Ambient Temperature: | 22.7°C | | |
| Liquid Temperature: | 22.3°C | | |
| ConvF: | 23.67 | | |
| Crest factor: | 1:1 | | |

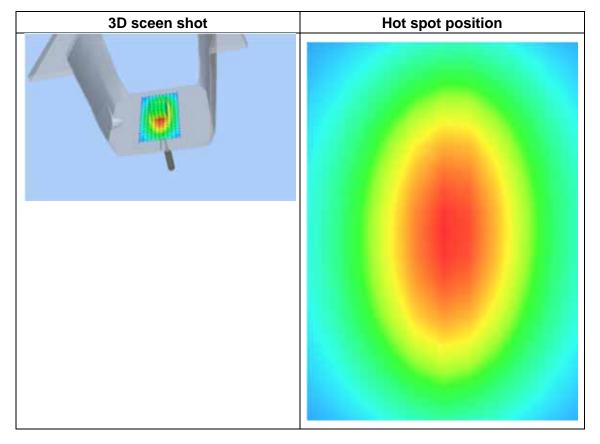




Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 1.46 W/kg

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.618155 | | |
|----------------|----------|--|--|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 1.017160 | | |







System Performance Check Data(835MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

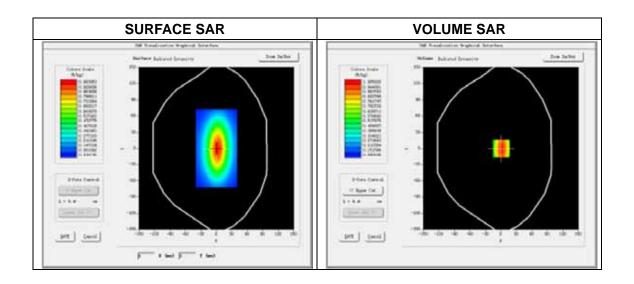
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.10.12

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 13 seconds

Experimental conditions.

| Phantom File | surf_sam_plan.txt | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Phantom | Validation plane | | |
| Device Position | - | | |
| Band 835MHz | | | |
| Channels | - | | |
| Signal | CW | | |
| Frequency (MHz) | 835MHz | | |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 55.322077 | | |
| Relative permittivity | 21.408187 | | |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 0.9538883 | | |
| Power drift (%) | 0.090000 | | |
| Ambient Temperature: | 22.7°C | | |
| Liquid Temperature: | 22.3°C | | |
| ConvF: | 24.58 | | |
| Crest factor: | 1:1 | | |

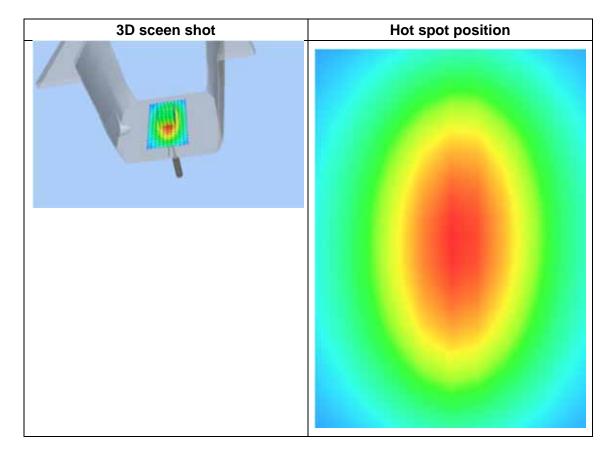




Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=0.00 SAR Peak: 1.48 W/kg

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 0.703221 |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 1.007939 |

| Z (mm) | 0.00 | 4.00 | 9.00 | 14.00 | 19.00 | 24.00 | 29.00 |
|--------|---|------------|----------|---------------------|-----------|--------|--------|
| SAR | 1.3725 | 1.0058 | 0.6838 | 0.4755 | 0.3314 | 0.2365 | 0.1688 |
| (W/Kg) | | | | | | | |
| | 1.5- 1.4- 1.2- (%) 1.0- (%) 0.8- 8, 0.6- 0.4- 0.1- | 02.55.07.5 | 12.5 17. | .5 22.5 2 Z (mm) | 27.5 32.5 | 40.0 | |





System Performance Check Data(1900MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

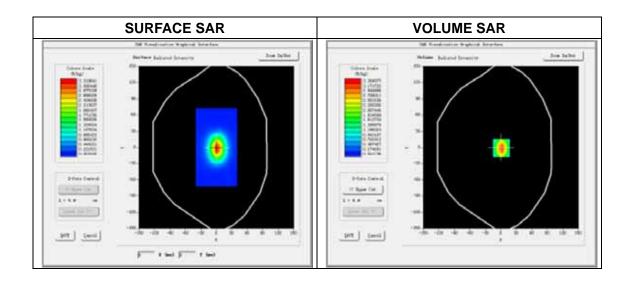
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.10.11

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 12 seconds

Experimental conditions.

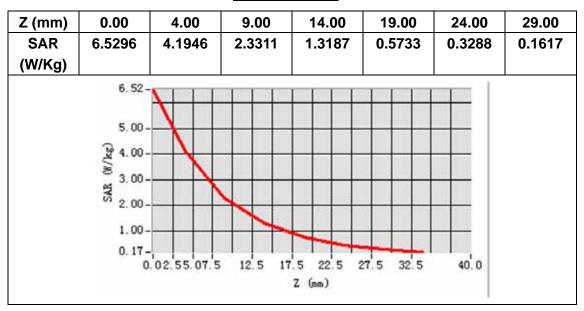
| Phantom File | surf_sam_plan.txt | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Phantom | Validation plane | | |
| Device Position | - | | |
| Band | 1900MHz | | |
| Channels | - | | |
| Signal | CW | | |
| Frequency (MHz) | 1900MHz | | |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 40.67002134 | | |
| Relative permittivity | 13.260000 | | |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.479667 | | |
| Power drift (%) | 0.470000 | | |
| Ambient Temperature: | 22.7°C | | |
| Liquid Temperature: | 22.3°C | | |
| ConvF: | 26.70 | | |
| Crest factor: | 1:1 | | |

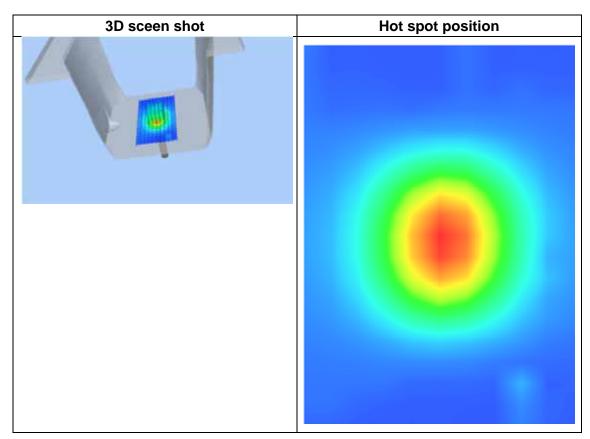




Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-1.00 SAR Peak: 5.39 W/kg

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 1.947525 |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 3.774170 |







System Performance Check Data(1900MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete) Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

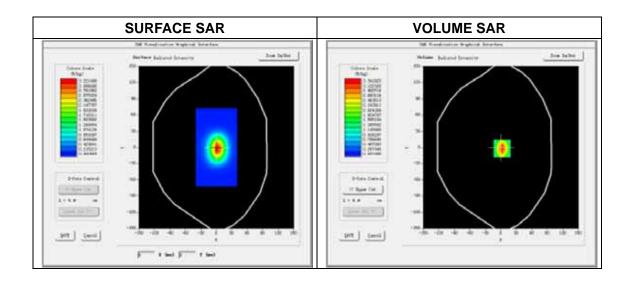
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.10.12

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 46 seconds

Experimental conditions.

| Phantom File | surf_sam_plan.txt | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| Phantom | Validation plane | | |
| Device Position | - | | |
| Band | 1900MHz | | |
| Channels | - | | |
| Signal | CW | | |
| Frequency (MHz) | 1900.000000 | | |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 54.273278 | | |
| Relative permittivity | 12.875310 | | |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.550023 | | |
| Power drift (%) | 0.370000 | | |
| Ambient Temperature: | 22.7°C | | |
| Liquid Temperature: | 22.3°C | | |
| ConvF: | 27.47 | | |
| Crest factor: | 1:1 | | |

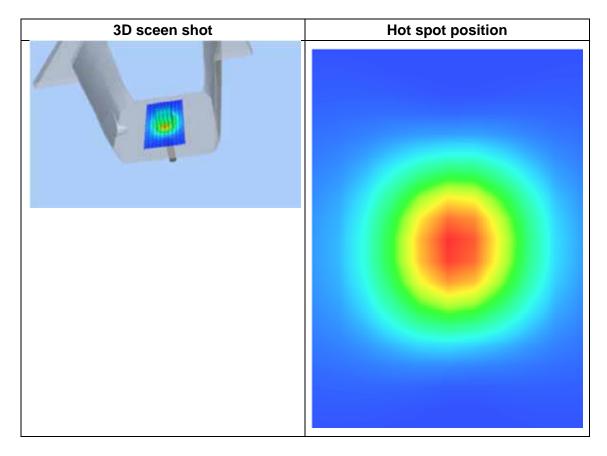




Maximum location: X=2.00, Y=-2.00 SAR Peak: 5.27 W/kg

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 2.024122 | | |
|----------------|----------|--|--|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 3.851824 | | |

| Z (mm) | 0.00 | 4.00 | 9.00 | 14.00 | 19.00 | 24.00 | 29.00 |
|---------------|---|--------|---------|----------------|-----------|--------|--------|
| SAR (W/Kg) | 5.3196 | 3.3419 | 1.8167 | 1.0186 | 0.5752 | 0.3285 | 0.1898 |
| | 5.32- 4.00- (%) 3.00- 88 2.00- 1.00- 0.11- | | 12.5 17 | .5 22.5 Z (nm) | 27.5 32.5 | 40.0 | |





System Performance Check Data(2450MHz Head)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

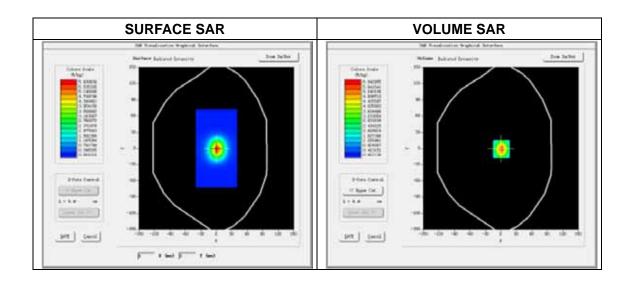
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.10.11

Measurement duration: 12 minutes 38 seconds

Experimental conditions.

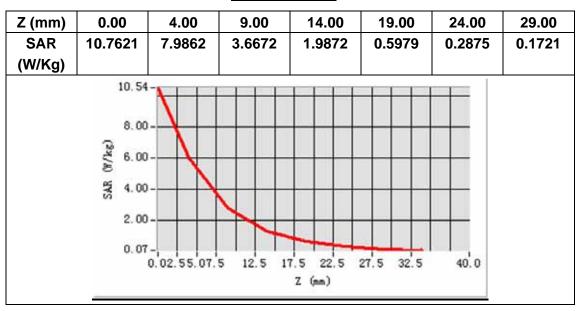
| Phantom File | surf_sam_plan.txt |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Phantom | Validation plane |
| Device Position | - |
| Band | 24500MHz |
| Channels | - |
| Signal | CW |
| Frequency (MHz) | 2450.000000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 39.341002 |
| Relative permittivity | 13.207000 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.748081 |
| Power drift (%) | -1.200000 |
| Ambient Temperature: | 22.7°C |
| Liquid Temperature: | 22.3°C |
| ConvF: | 25.25 |
| Crest factor: | 1:1 |

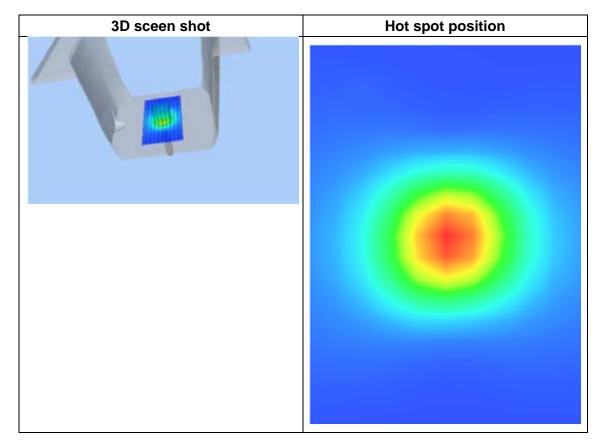




Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-1.00 SAR Peak: 10.40 W/kg

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 2.563006 |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 5.392723 |







System Performance Check Data(2450MHz Body)

Type: Phone measurement (Complete)
Area scan resolution: dx=8mm,dy=8mm

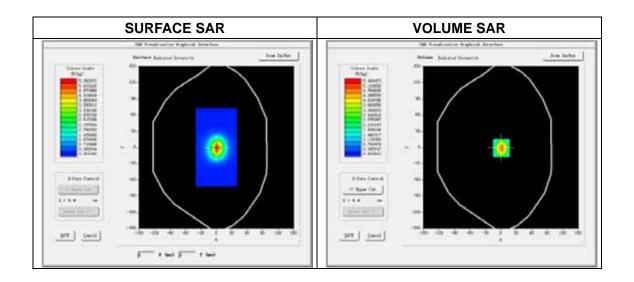
Zoom scan resolution: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Date of measurement: 2014.10.13

Measurement duration: 14 minutes 46 seconds

Experimental conditions.

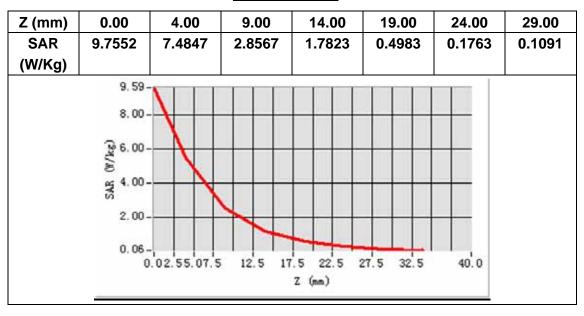
| Phantom File | surf_sam_plan.txt |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Phantom | Validation plane |
| Device Position | - |
| Band | 2450MHz |
| Channels | - |
| Signal | CW |
| Frequency (MHz) | 2450.000000 |
| Relative permittivity (real part) | 53.249000 |
| Relative permittivity | 11.9733281 |
| Conductivity (S/m) | 1.994641 |
| Power drift (%) | 0.370000 |
| Ambient Temperature: | 22.7°C |
| Liquid Temperature: | 22.3°C |
| ConvF: | 26.09 |
| Crest factor: | 1:1 |

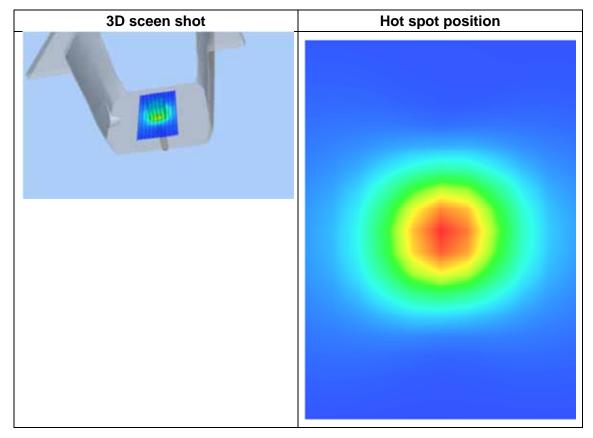




Maximum location: X=1.00, Y=-1.00 SAR Peak: 9.46 W/kg

| SAR 10g (W/Kg) | 2.294654 |
|----------------|----------|
| SAR 1g (W/Kg) | 5.122832 |

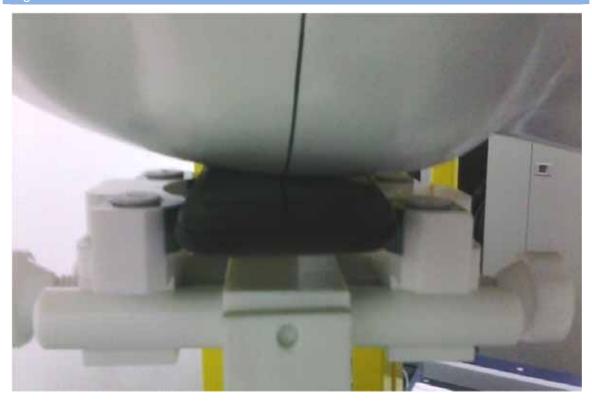




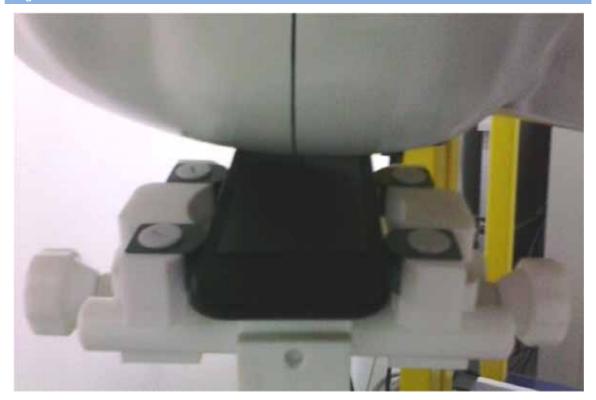


ANNEX B SAR TEST SETUP PHOTOS

Right Head Cheek

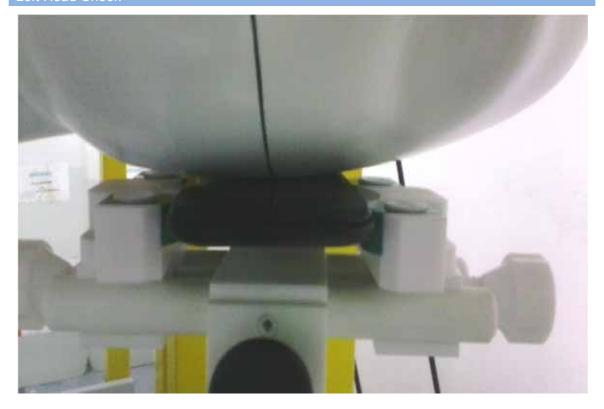


Right Head Title

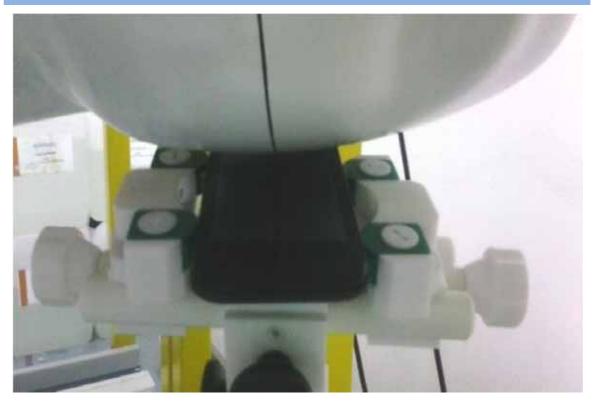




Left Head Cheek



Left Head Tilte





Front Side (10mm separation)



Back Side (10mm separation)





Left Edge (10mm separation)



Right Edge (10mm separation)





Top Edge (10mm separation)



Bottom Edge (10mm separation)





ANNEX C SAR MEASUREMENT RESULT

TABLE OF MEASUREMENT RESULT LIST

| <u>Band</u> | POSITION | PARAMETERS |
|--------------|---|---|
| GSM850 HEAD | MEAS. 1: Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel | |
| | HEAD | in GSM mode |
| GSM850 | HEAD | MEAS. 2: Left Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in |
| GSIVIOSO | HEAD | GSM mode |
| GSM850 HEA | HEAD | MEAS. 3: Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle |
| 00111000 | IILAD | Channel in GSM mode |
| GSM850 | HEAD | MEAS. 4: Right Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in |
| | 112/13 | GSM mode |
| GSM850 | BODY | MEAS. 5: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel |
| | 2021 | in GSM mode |
| GSM850 | BODY | MEAS. 6: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel |
| | | in GSM mode |
| GSM850 | BODY | MEAS. 7: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel |
| | | in GSM mode |
| GSM850 | BODY | MEAS. 8: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel |
| | | in GSM mode |
| GSM850 | BODY | MEAS. 9: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel |
| | | in GSM mode |
| GPRS850 | BODY | MEAS. 10: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in GPRS850-12 mode |
| | | MEAS. 11: Body Plane with Body device position on Low Channel |
| GPRS850 | BODY | in GPRS850-12 mode |
| | | MEAS. 12: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle |
| GPRS850 | BODY | Channel in GPRS850-12 mode |
| | | MEAS. 13: Body Plane with Body device position on High Channel |
| GPRS850 | BODY | in GPRS850-12 mode |
| | | MEAS. 14: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle |
| GPRS850 | BODY | Channel in GPRS850-12 mode |
| | | MEAS. 15: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle |
| GPRS850 | BODY | Channel in GPRS850-12 mode |
| 000000 | D021/ | MEAS. 16: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle |
| GPRS850 | BODY | Channel in GPRS850-12 mode |
| CCM4000 | HEAD | MEAS. 17: Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle |
| GSM1900 HEAD | ΠΕΑυ | Channel in GSM mode |
| GSM1900 | HEAD | MEAS. 18: Left Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in |
| | | GSM mode |
| GSM1900 | HEAD | MEAS. 19: Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle |
| | IILAD | Channel in GSM mode |



| <u>Band</u> | POSITION | PARAMETERS PARAMETERS |
|--------------------|----------|--|
| GSM1900 | HEAD | MEAS. 20: Right Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode |
| GSM1900 | BODY | MEAS. 21: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode |
| GSM1900 | BODY | MEAS. 22: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode |
| GSM1900 | BODY | MEAS. 23: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode |
| GSM1900 | BODY | MEAS. 24: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode |
| GSM1900 | BODY | MEAS. 25: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in GSM mode |
| GPRS1900 | BODY | MEAS. 26: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode |
| GPRS1900 | BODY | MEAS. 27: Body Plane with Body device position on Low Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode |
| GPRS1900 | BODY | MEAS. 28: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode |
| GPRS1900 | BODY | MEAS. 29: Body Plane with Body device position on High Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode |
| GPRS1900 | BODY | MEAS. 30: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode |
| GPRS1900 | BODY | MEAS. 31: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode |
| GPRS1900 | BODY | MEAS. 32: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode |
| Band5_WCDMA8 50 | HEAD | MEAS. 33: Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode |
| Band5_WCDMA8 50 | HEAD | MEAS. 34: Left Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode |
| Band5_WCDMA8 50 | HEAD | MEAS. 35: Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode |
| Band5_WCDMA8 50 | HEAD | MEAS. 36: Right Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode |
| Band5_WCDMA8 50 | BODY | MEAS. 37: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode |
| Band5_WCDMA8 50 | BODY | MEAS. 38: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode |
| Band5_WCDMA8 50 | BODY | MEAS. 39: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode |
| Band5_WCDMA8 50 | BODY | MEAS. 40: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode |
| Band5_WCDMA8 50 | BODY | MEAS. 41: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode |



| <u>Band</u> | POSITION | <u>PARAMETERS</u> |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Band2_WCDMA1 | LIEAD | MEAS. 42: Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle |
| 900 | HEAD | Channel in WCDMA mode |
| Band2_WCDMA1 | HEAD | MEAS. 43: Left Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in |
| 900 | | WCDMA mode |
| Band2_WCDMA1 | HEAD | MEAS. 44: Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle |
| 900 | | Channel in WCDMA mode |
| Band2_WCDMA1 | HEAD | MEAS. 45: Right Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel |
| 900 | IILAD | in WCDMA mode |
| Band2_WCDMA1 | BODY | MEAS. 46: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle |
| 900 | | Channel in WCDMA mode |
| Band2_WCDMA1 | BODY | MEAS. 47: Body Plane with Body device position on Low Channel |
| 900 | | in WCDMA mode |
| Band2_WCDMA1 | BODY | MEAS. 48: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle |
| 900 | | Channel in WCDMA mode |
| Band2_WCDMA1 | BODY | MEAS. 49: Body Plane with Body device position on High Channel |
| 900 | | in WCDMA mode |
| Band2_WCDMA1 | BODY | MEAS. 50: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle |
| 900 | | Channel in WCDMA mode |
| Band2_WCDMA1 | BODY | MEAS. 51: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle Channel in WCDMA mode |
| 900 Band2_WCDMA1 | | MEAS. 52: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle |
| 900 | BODY | Channel in WCDMA mode |
| 900 | | MEAS. 53: Left Head with Cheek device position on Middle |
| WLAN 802.11b | HEAD | Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode |
| | | MEAS. 54: Left Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel in |
| WLAN 802.11b | HEAD | WLAN 802.11b mode |
| WI AN 000 44h | LIEAD | MEAS. 55: Right Head with Cheek device position on Middle |
| WLAN 802.11b | HEAD | Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode |
| WI AN 902 44h | MI AN 000 441 | MEAS. 56: Right Head with Tilt device position on Middle Channel |
| WLAN 802.11b | HEAD | in WLAN 802.11b mode |
| WI AN 202 11h | BODY | MEAS. 57: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle |
| 77 EAR 002.110 | WLAN 802.11b BODY | Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode |
| WLAN 802.11b | WLAN 802.11b BODY | MEAS. 58: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle |
| TEAR OUZ. III | Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode | |
| WLAN 802.11b BODY | MEAS. 59: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle | |
| | Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode | |
| WLAN 802.11b BODY | MEAS. 60: Body Plane with Body device position on Middle | |
| | Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode | |



MEAS. 1 Left Head with Cheek on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: GSM, f=836.4 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.64; Conductivity: 0.89 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

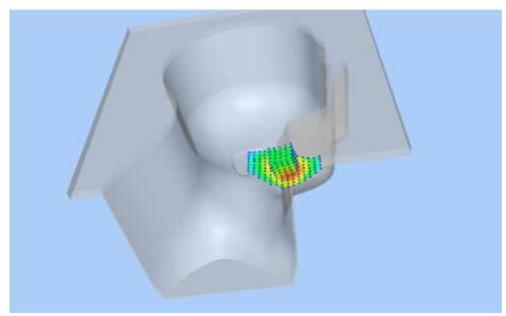
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 23.67

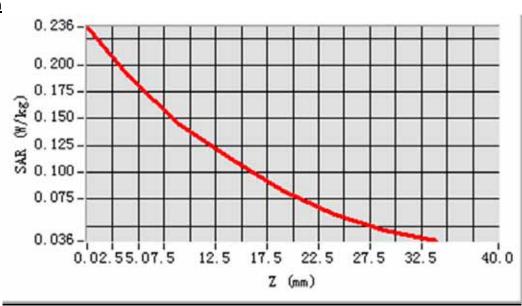
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-48.000000, Y=-32.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.127857 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.184533 Power drift (%): -0.77

3D screen shot







MEAS. 2 Left Head with Tilt on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: GSM, f=836.4 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.64; Conductivity: 0.89 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

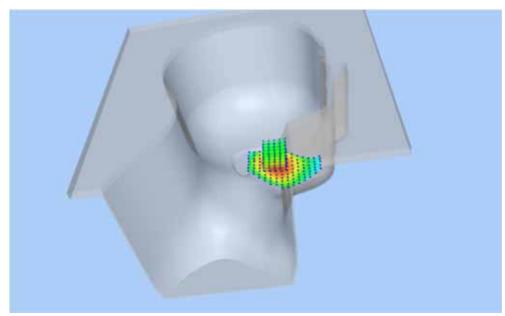
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 23.67

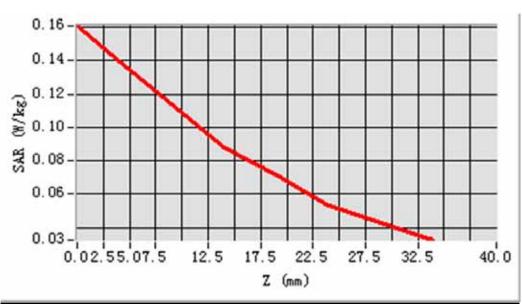
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-32.000000, Y=-16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.100782 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.137926 Power drift (%): -1.76

3D screen shot







MEAS. 3 Right Head with Cheek on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: GSM, f=836.4 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.64; Conductivity: 0.89 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

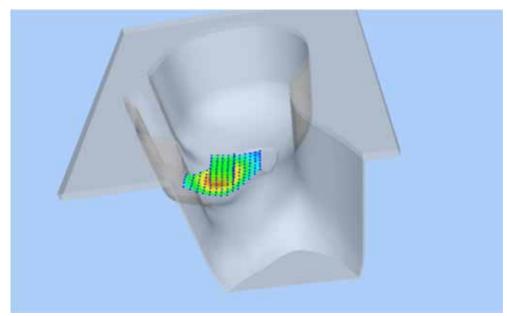
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 23.67

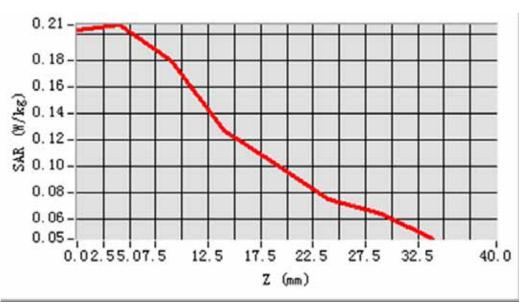
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-48.000000, Y=-32.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.146570 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.202850 Power drift (%): -1.53

3D screen shot







MEAS. 4 Right Head with Tilt on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: GSM, f=836.4 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.64; Conductivity: 0.89 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

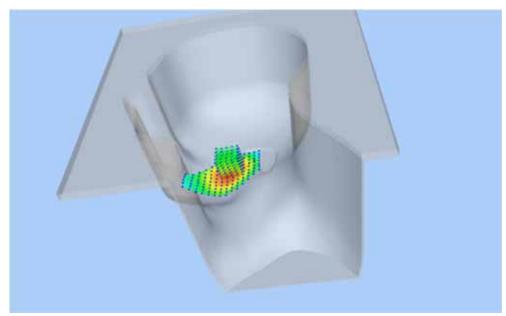
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 23.67

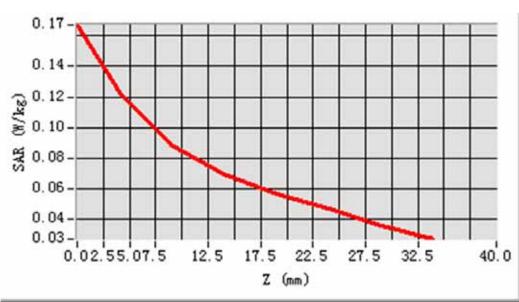
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-32.000000, Y=-16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.086524 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.120892 Power drift (%): 1.62

3D screen shot







MEAS. 5 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GSM, f=836.4 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

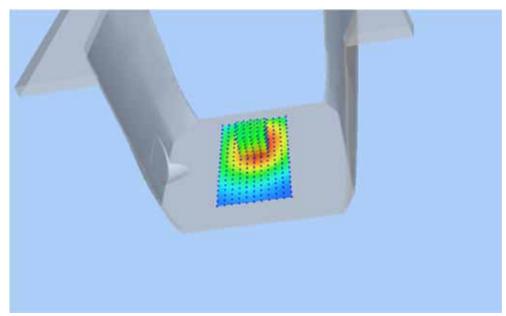
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

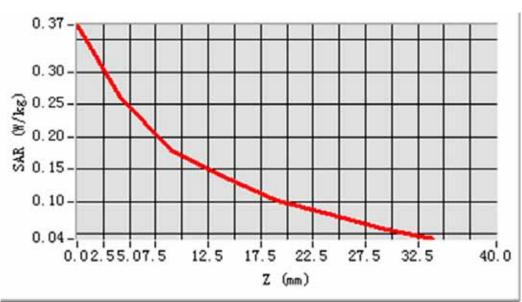
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.178171 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.269415 Power drift (%): -3.58

3D screen shot







MEAS. 6 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GSM, f=836.4 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

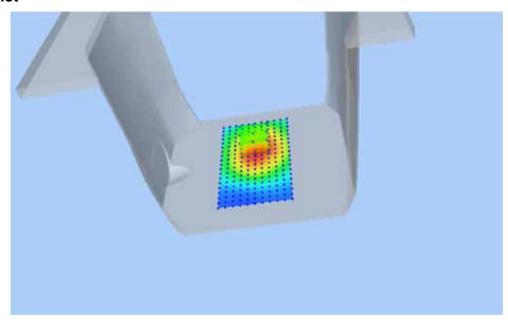
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

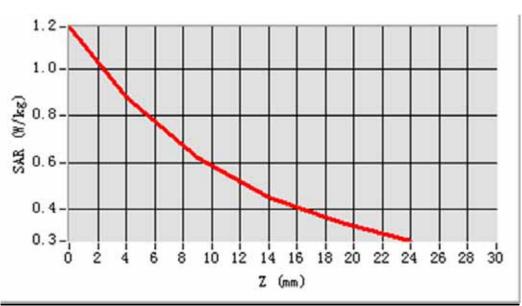
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=24.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg):0.592210SAR 1g (W/Kg):0.752439Power drift (%):0.16

3D screen shot







MEAS. 7 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GSM, f=836.4 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

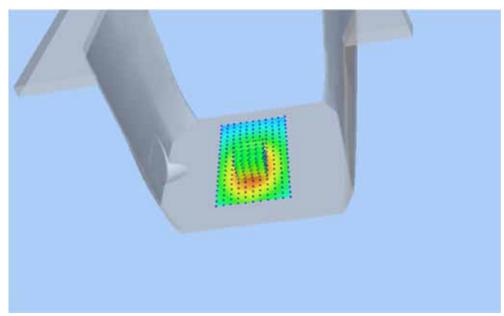
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

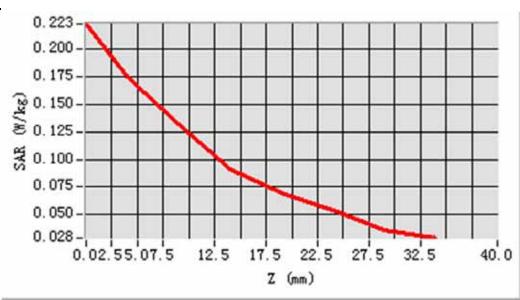
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=-24.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.119723 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.175734 Power drift (%): 3.62

3D screen shot







MEAS. 8 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GSM, f=836.4 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

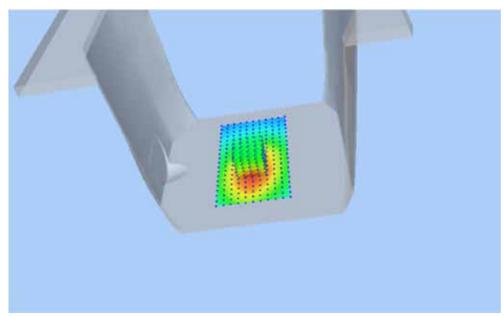
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

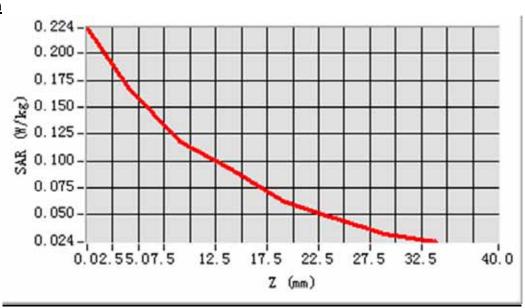
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=-16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.116102 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.176097 Power drift (%): -3.87

3D screen shot







MEAS. 9 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GSM850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GSM, f=836.4 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

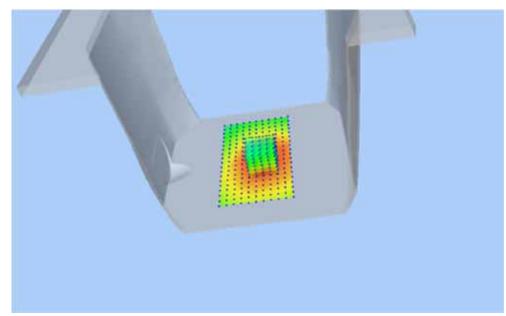
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

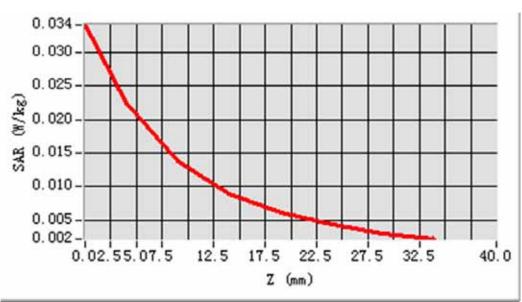
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=8.000000, Y=-16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.014153 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.022673 Power drift (%): -3.23

3D screen shot







MEAS. 10 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GPRS850-12 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GPRS, f=836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

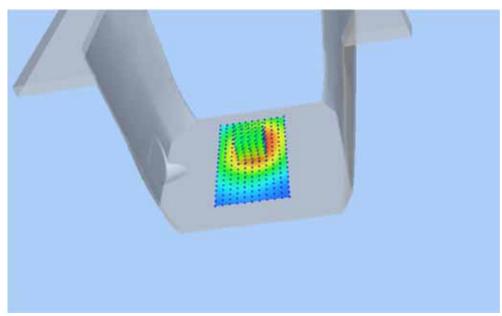
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

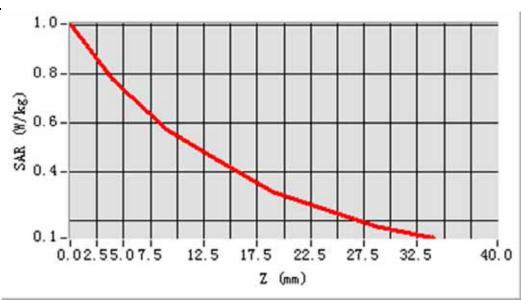
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=8.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.563295 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.753291 Power drift (%): -1.06

3D screen shot







MEAS. 11 Body Plane with Body on Low Channel in GPRS850-12 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GPRS, f=824.2 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

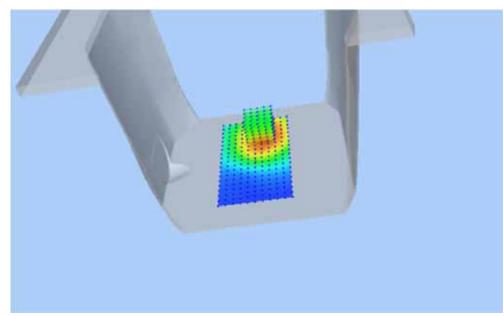
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

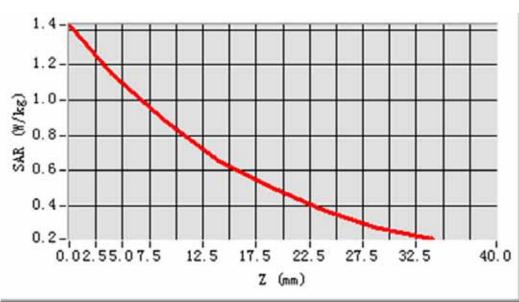
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location:

SAR 10g (W/Kg):0.804161SAR 1g (W/Kg):1.053632Power drift (%):1.68

3D screen shot







MEAS. 12 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GPRS850-12 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GPRS, f=836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

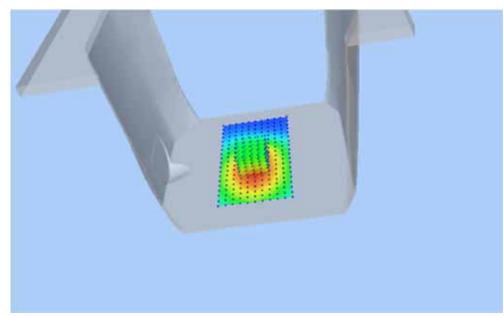
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

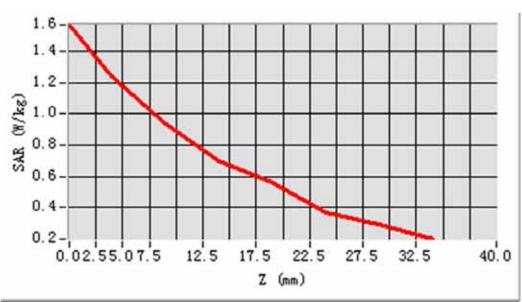
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=-16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.745714 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 1.011950 Power drift (%): -1.21

3D screen shot







MEAS. 13 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GPRS850-12 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GPRS, f=848.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0 **Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

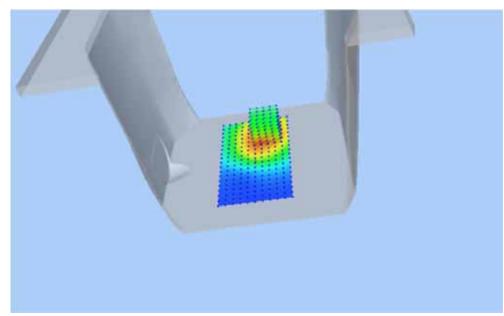
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

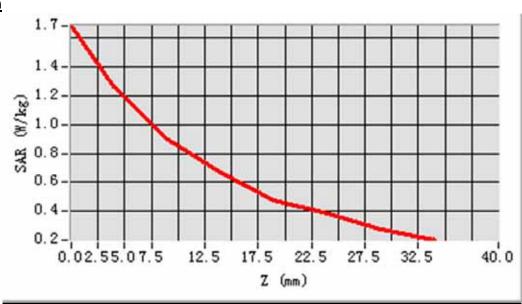
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location:

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.862676 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 1.150070 Power drift (%): 0.45

3D screen shot







MEAS. 14 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GPRS850-12 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GPRS, f=836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

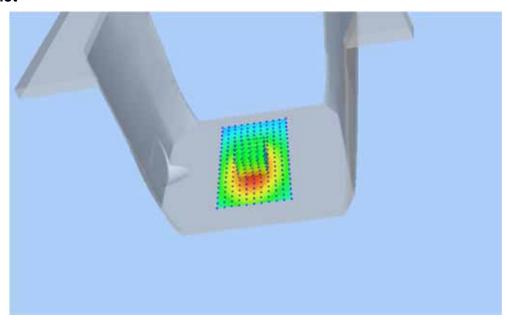
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

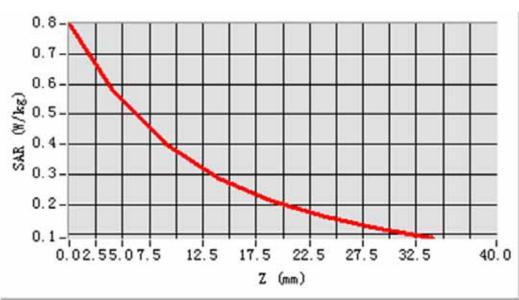
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=-16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.379783 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.572463 Power drift (%): -1.09

3D screen shot







MEAS. 15 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GPRS850-12 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GPRS, f=836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

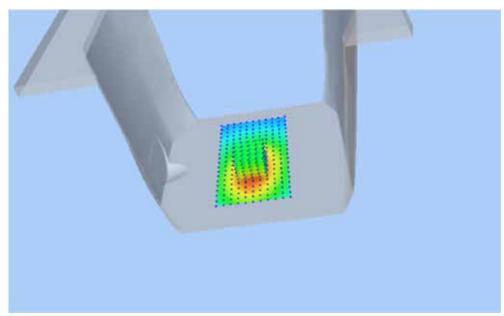
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

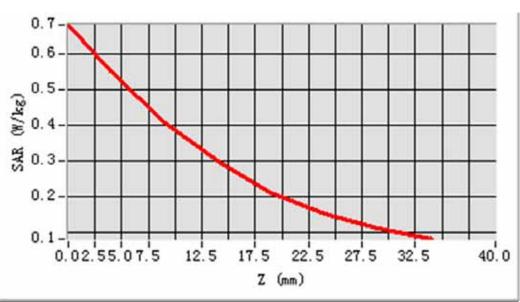
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=-24.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.365759 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.531727 Power drift (%): 3.30

3D screen shot







MEAS. 16 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GPRS850-12 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GSM, f=836.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0 **Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

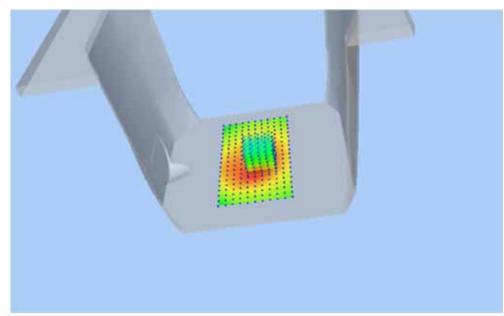
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

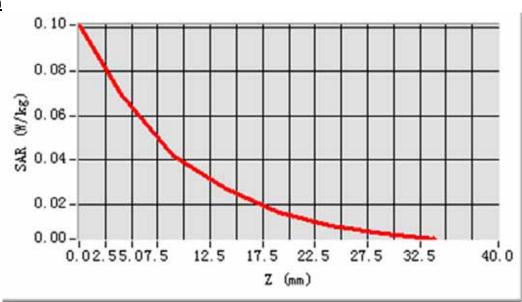
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=8.000000, Y=-16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.041830 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.066319 Power drift (%): -1.68

3D screen shot







MEAS. 17 Left Head with Cheek on High Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: GSM, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.67; Conductivity: 1.48 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

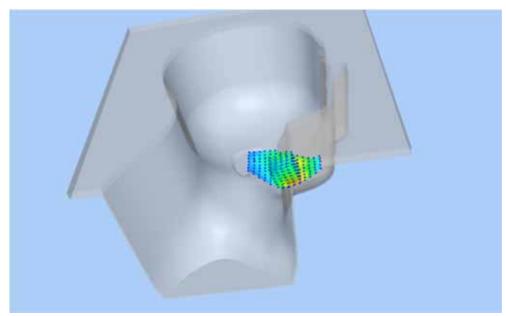
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 26.70

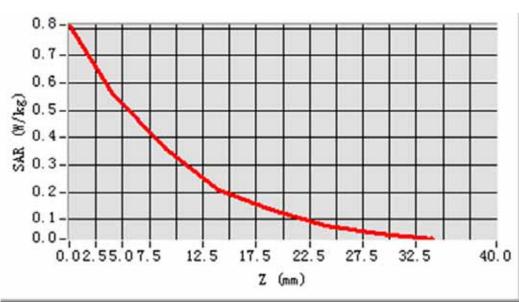
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-48.000000, Y=-56.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.303716 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.541775 Power drift (%): 0.85

3D screen shot







MEAS. 18 Left Head with Tilt on High Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: GSM, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.67; Conductivity: 1.48 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

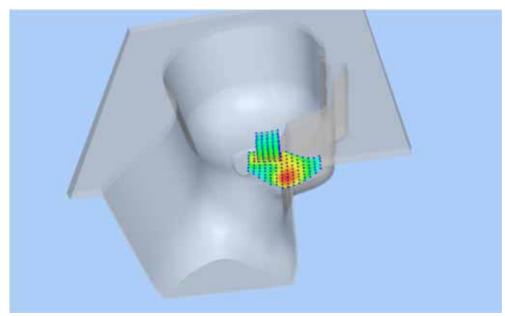
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 26.70

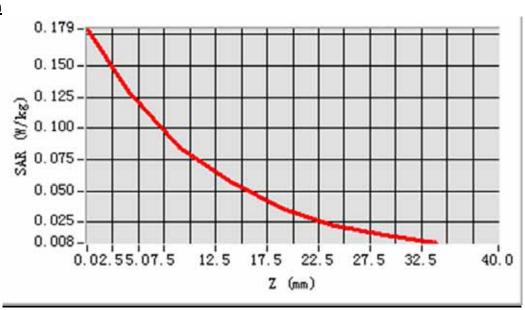
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-24.000000, Y=8.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.071240 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.122668 Power drift (%): 0.34

3D screen shot







MEAS. 19 Right Head with Cheek on High Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: GSM, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.67; Conductivity: 1.48 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

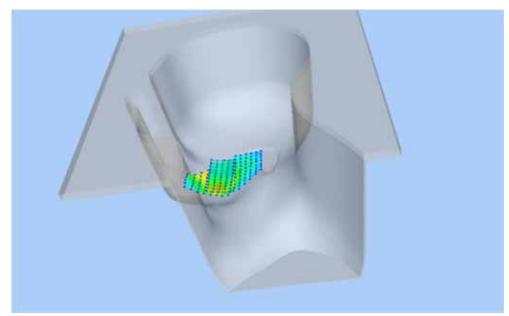
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 26.70

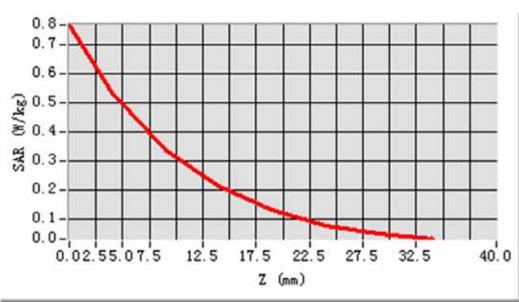
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-56.000000, Y=-48.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.278444 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.494889 Power drift (%): -0.34

3D screen shot







MEAS. 20 Right Head with Tilt on High Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: GSM, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.67; Conductivity: 1.48 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

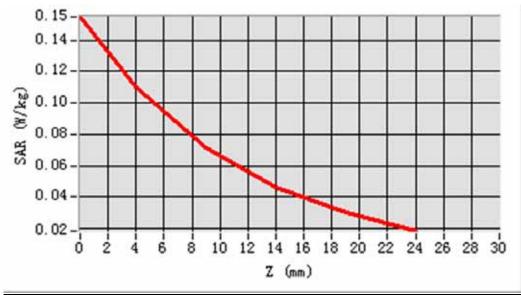
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 26.70

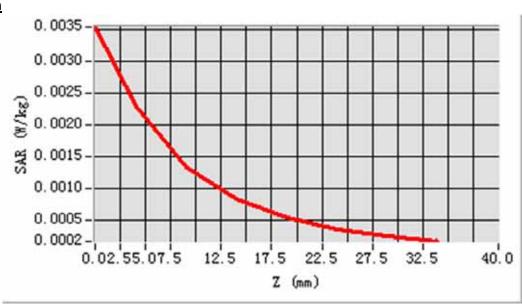
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-8.000000, Y=-8.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.035279
SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.116277
Power drift (%): -4.70

3D screen shot







MEAS. 21 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GSM, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

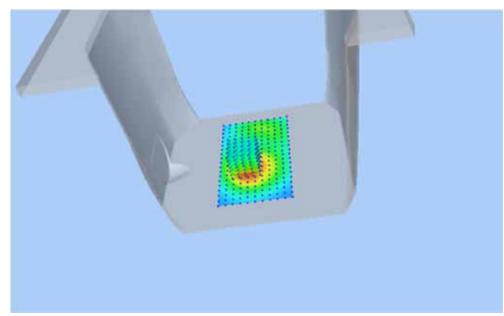
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

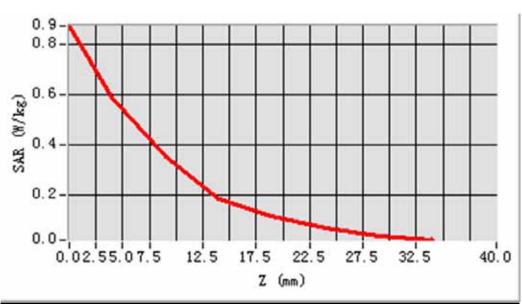
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-8.000000, Y=-16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.219093 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.477466 Power drift (%): -0.11

3D screen shot







MEAS. 22 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GSM, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

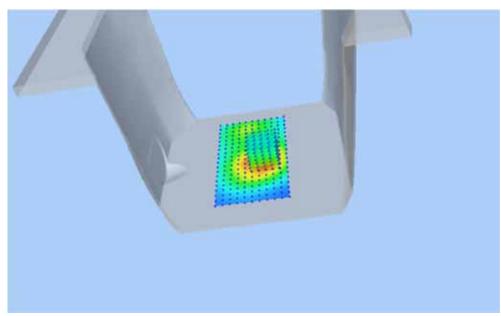
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

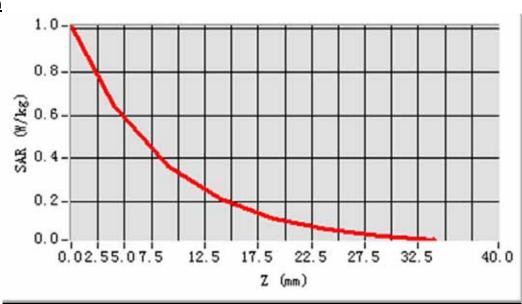
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=16.000000, Y=-8.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.340559 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.621902 Power drift (%): 0.36

3D screen shot







MEAS. 23 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GSM, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

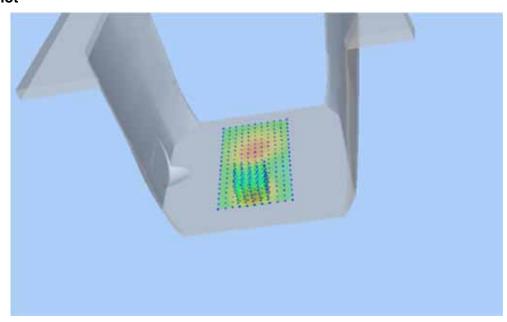
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

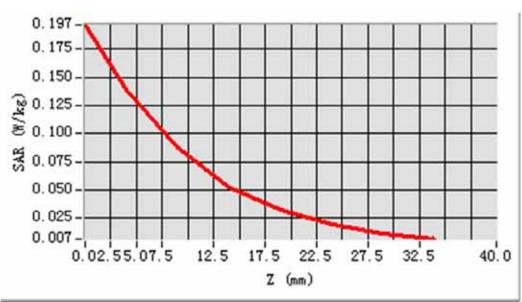
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=-56.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.079689 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.135229 Power drift (%): 1.36

3D screen shot







MEAS. 24 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GSM, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

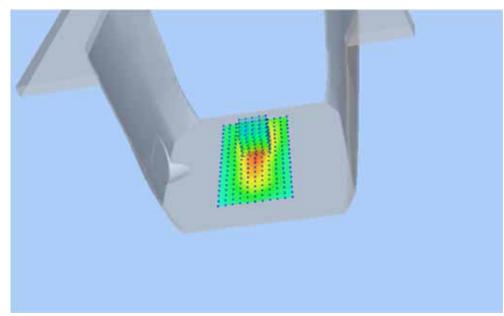
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

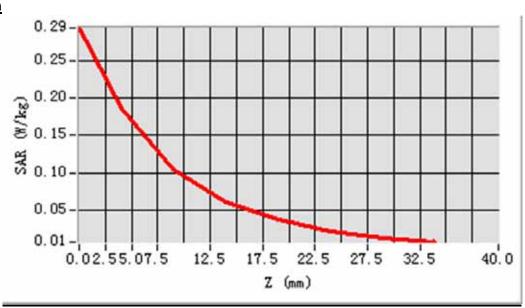
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=24.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.103836 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.187192 Power drift (%): -0.81

3D screen shot







MEAS. 25 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GSM1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GSM, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:8.3
Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

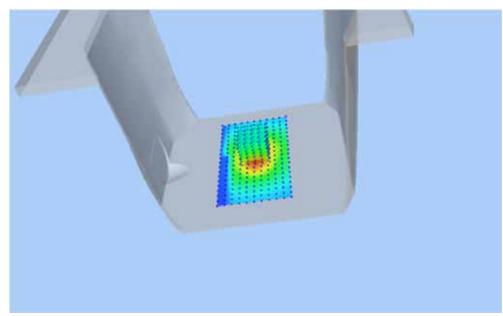
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

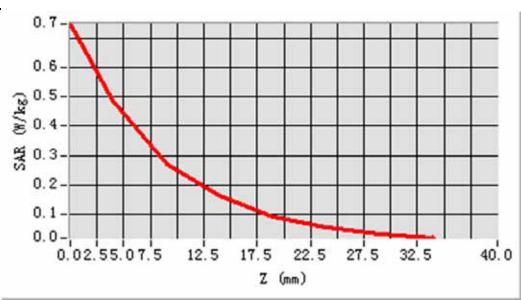
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=8.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.263222 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.480258 Power drift (%): 2.42

3D screen shot







MEAS. 26 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GPRS, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0 **Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

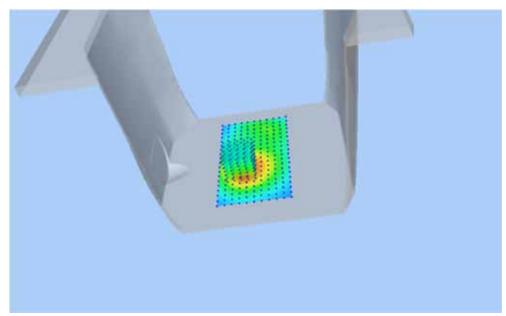
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

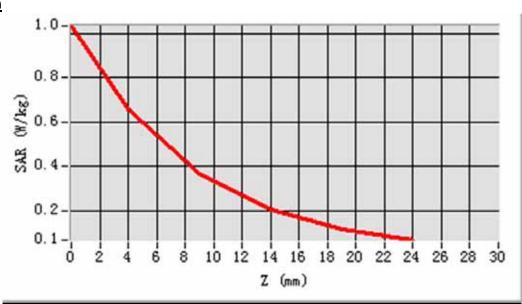
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-16.000000, Y=-16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.587729 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.724002 Power drift (%): -1.17

3D screen shot







MEAS. 27 Body Plane with Body on Low Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GPRS, f=1850.2 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0 **Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

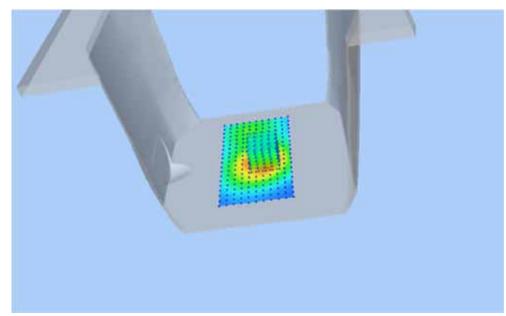
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

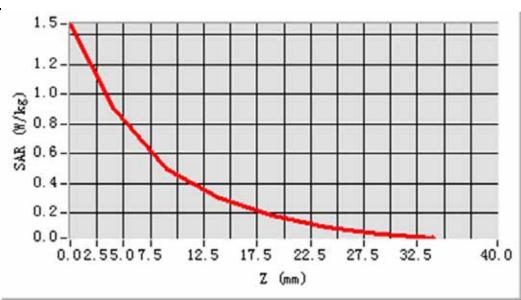
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location:

SAR 10g (W/Kg):0.488960SAR 1g (W/Kg):0.887340Power drift (%):0.79

3D screen shot







MEAS. 28 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GPRS, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

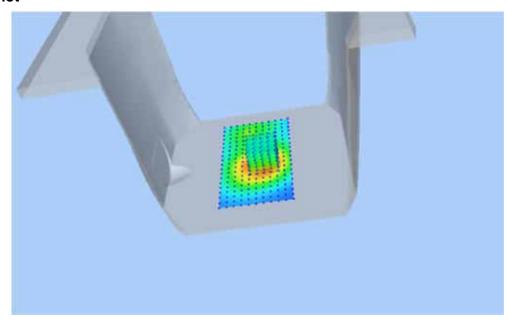
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

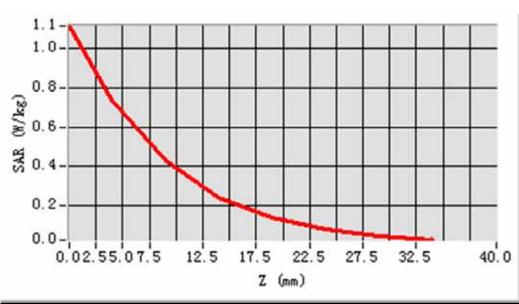
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=8.000000, Y=-8.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.499656 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.803012 Power drift (%): -2.58

3D screen shot







MEAS. 29 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GPRS, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0 **Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

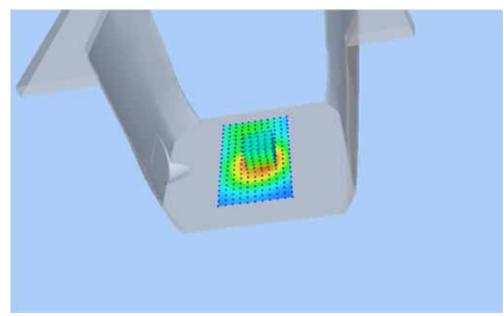
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

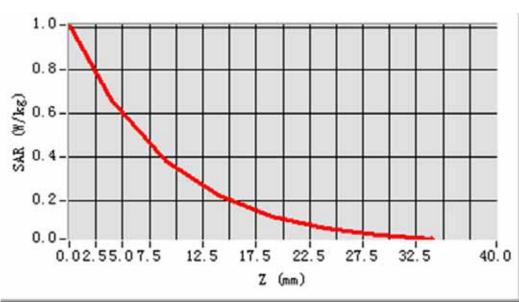
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location:

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.467252 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.840082 Power drift (%): -2.02

3D screen shot







MEAS. 30 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GPRS, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0 **Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

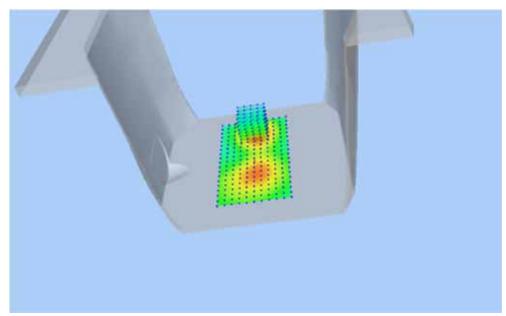
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

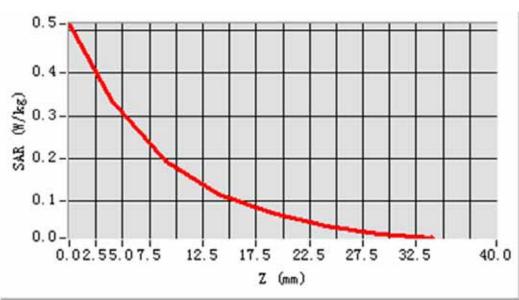
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=48.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.185310 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.326281 Power drift (%): -2.84

3D screen shot







MEAS. 31 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GPRS, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0 **Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

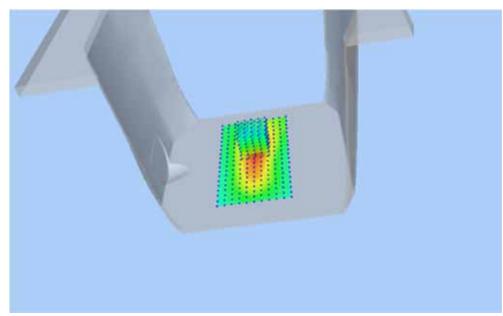
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

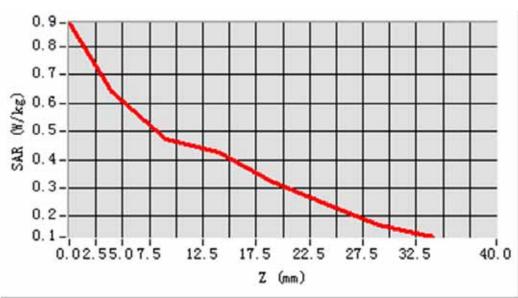
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.217192 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.391247 Power drift (%): -0.17

3D screen shot







MEAS. 32 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in GPRS1900-12 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: GPRS, f=1909.8 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:2.0 **Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

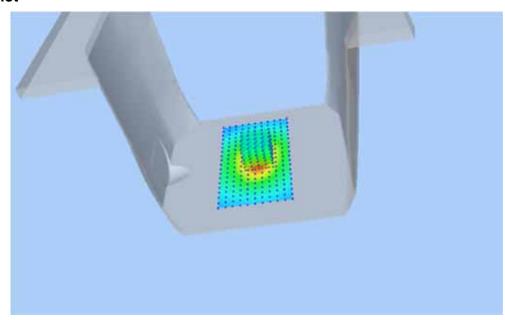
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

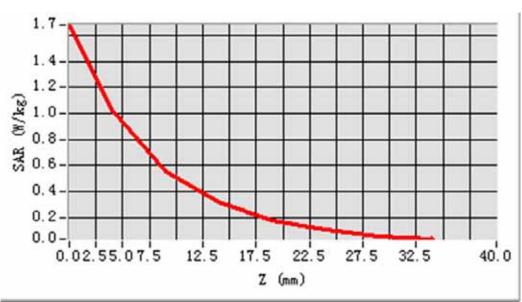
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=8.000000, Y=0.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.522806 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.772673 Power drift (%): -2.18

3D screen shot







MEAS. 33 Left Head with Cheek on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.64; Conductivity: 0.89 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

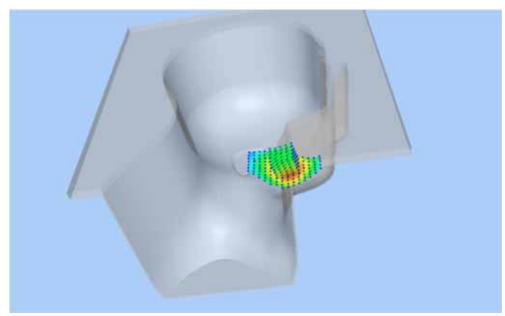
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 23.67

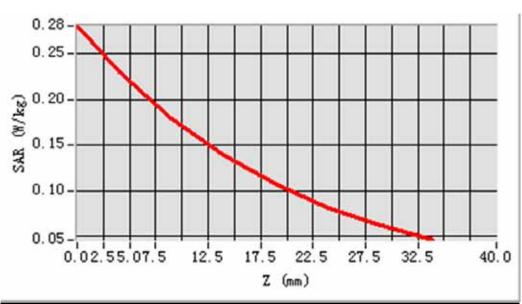
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-48.000000, Y=-32.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.161056 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.223515 Power drift (%): -0.24

3D screen shot







MEAS. 34 Left Head with Tilt on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.64; Conductivity: 0.89 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

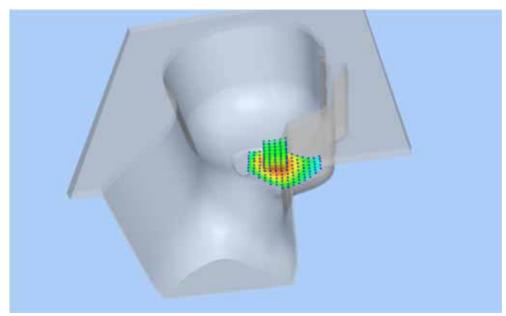
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 23.67

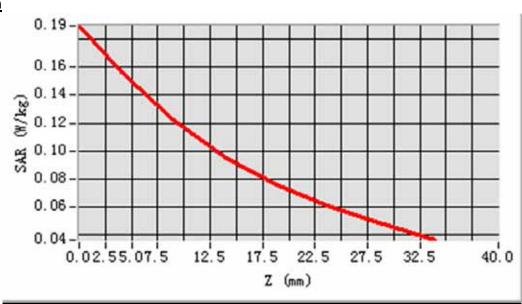
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-32.000000, Y=-16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.110868 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.151724 Power drift (%): -0.32

3D screen shot







MEAS. 35 Right Head with Cheek on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.64; Conductivity: 0.89 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

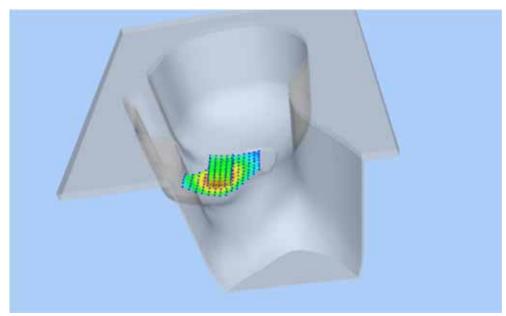
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 23.67

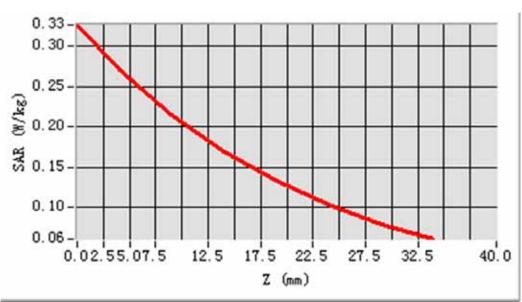
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-48.000000, Y=-32.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.192504 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.264568 Power drift (%): -0.62

3D screen shot







MEAS. 36 Right Head with Tilt on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.64; Conductivity: 0.89 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

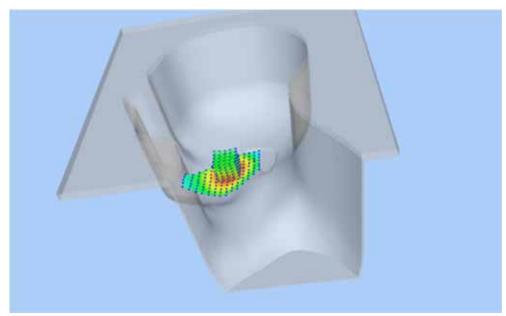
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 23.67

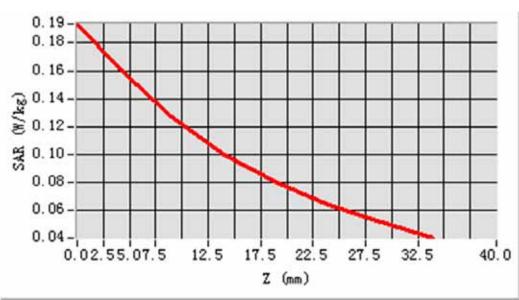
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-40.670000, Y=-24.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.115641
SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.156447
Power drift (%): -0.32

3D screen shot







MEAS. 37 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal:WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0Liquid Parameters:Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

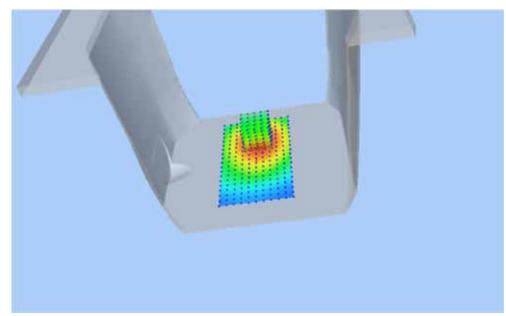
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

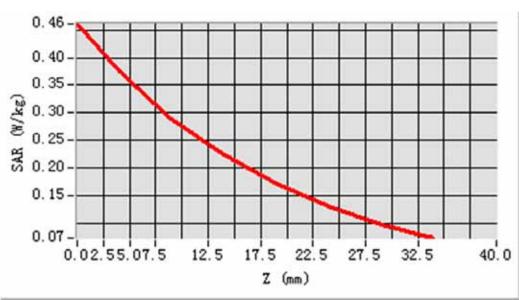
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=32.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.465915 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.662446 Power drift (%): -0.40

3D screen shot







MEAS. 38 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

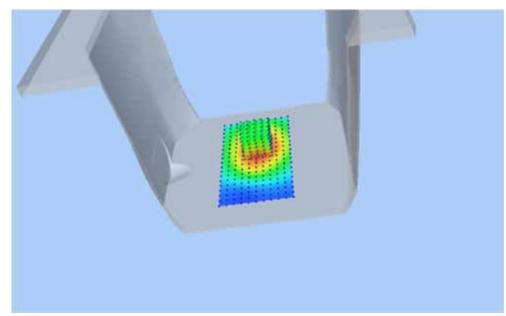
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

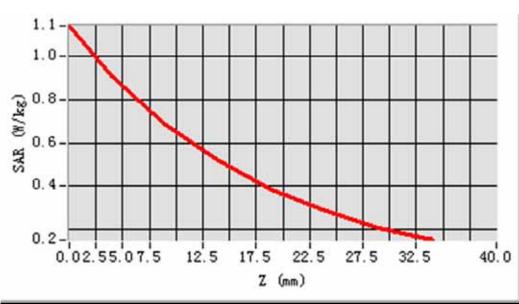
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.525871 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.777892 Power drift (%): -0.40

3D screen shot







MEAS. 39 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

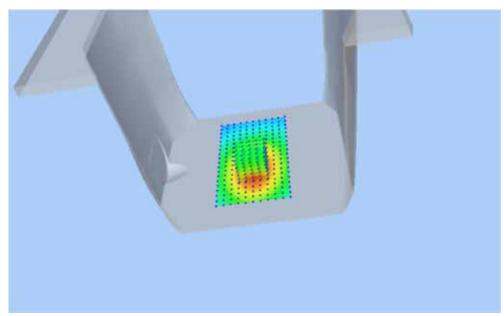
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

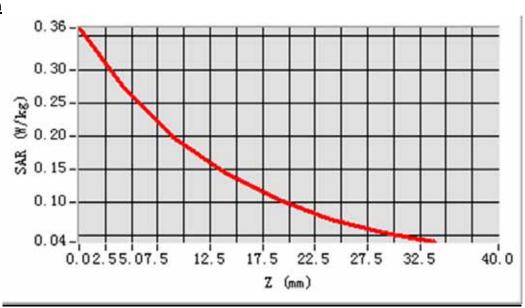
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=-24.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.183800 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.266672 Power drift (%): -0.40

3D screen shot







MEAS. 40 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 **Liquid Parameters:** Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

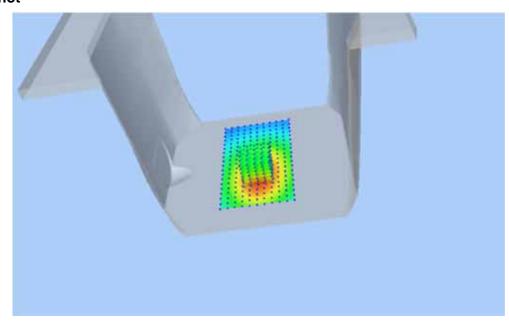
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

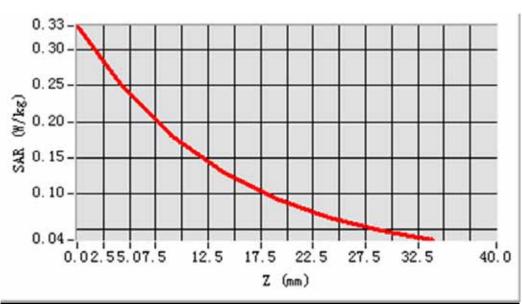
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=-24.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.167216 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.244346 Power drift (%): -0.53

3D screen shot







MEAS. 41 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WCDMA850 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: WCDMA, f=846.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 55.32; Conductivity: 0.95S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

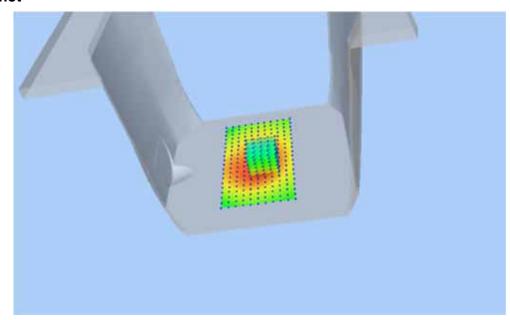
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 24.58

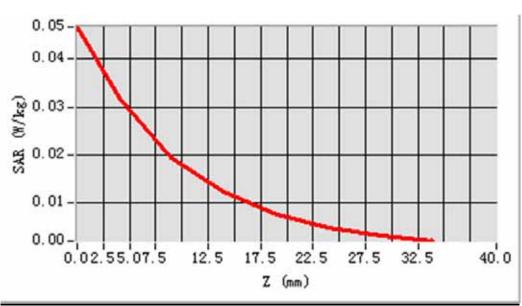
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=8.000000, Y=-16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.019044 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.030408 Power drift (%): -0.23

3D screen shot







MEAS. 42 Left Head with Cheek on High Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: WCDMA, f=1907.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.67; Conductivity: 1.48 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

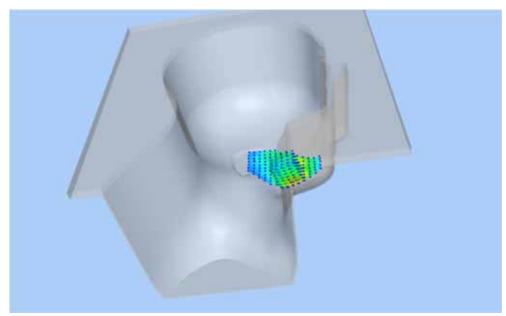
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 26.70

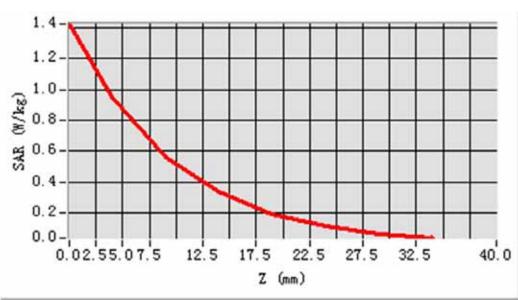
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-56.000000, Y=-56.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.482350 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.791548 Power drift (%): -0.63

3D screen shot







MEAS. 43 Left Head with Tilt on High Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: WCDMA, f=1907.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.67; Conductivity: 1.48 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

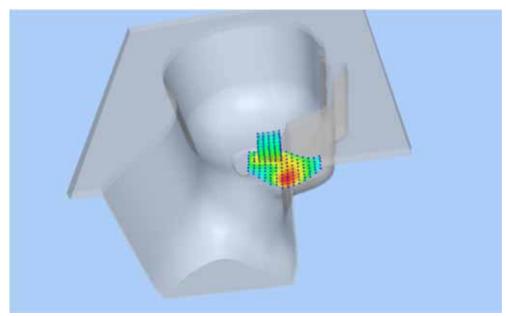
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 26.70

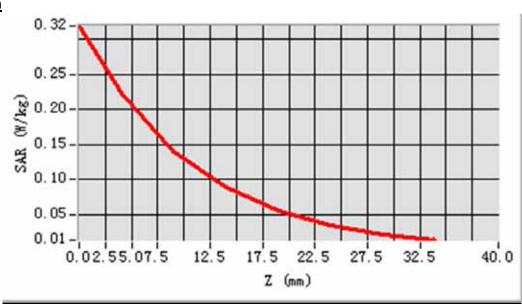
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-24.000000, Y=8.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.120928 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.210551 Power drift (%): -0.63

3D screen shot







MEAS. 44 Right Head with Cheek on High Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: WCDMA, f=1907.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.67; Conductivity: 1.48 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

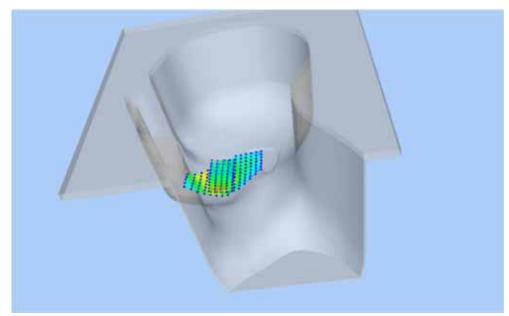
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 26.70

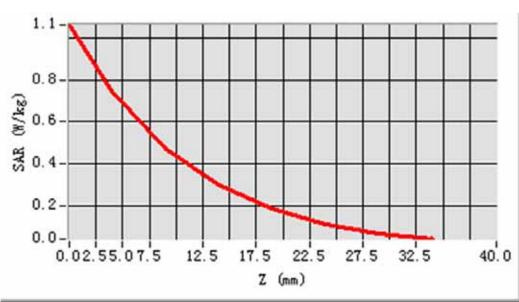
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-48.000000, Y=-48.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.398717 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.702973 Power drift (%): 0.03

3D screen shot







MEAS. 45 Right Head with Tilt on High Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: WCDMA, f=1907.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 40.67; Conductivity: 1.48 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

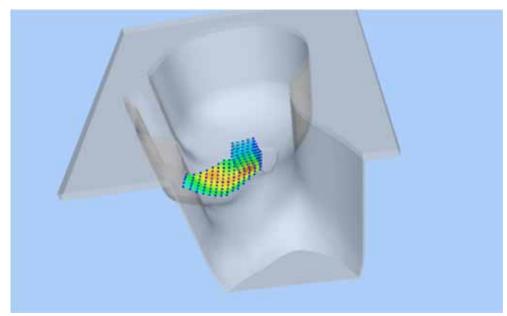
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 26.70

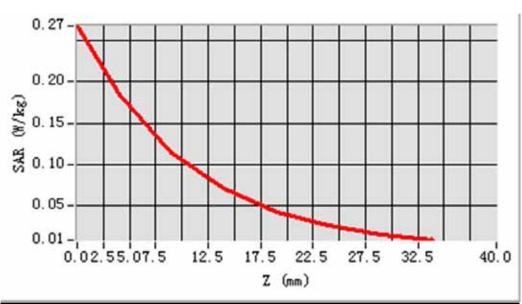
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-8.000000, Y=-8.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.097632 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.172934 Power drift (%): -0.15

3D screen shot







MEAS. 46 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: WCDMA, f=1907.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

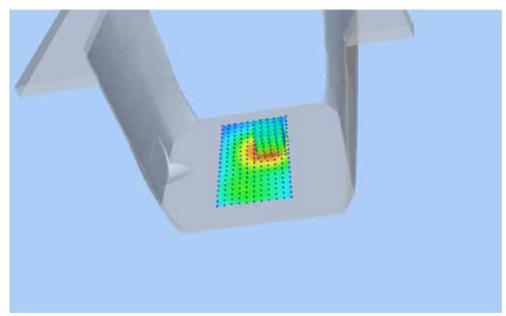
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

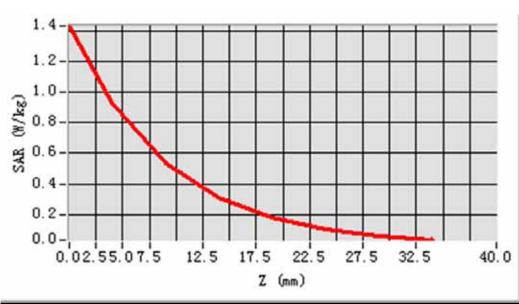
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=24.000000, Y=16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.413124 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.792862 Power drift (%): -0.77

3D screen shot







MEAS. 47 Body Plane with Body on Low Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: WCDMA, f=1852.4 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

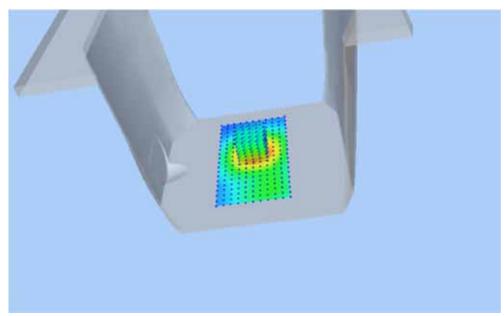
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

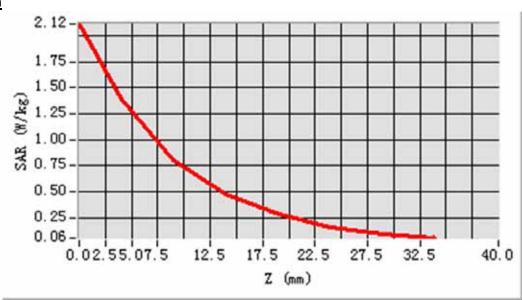
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location:

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.770653 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 1.140858 Power drift (%): -0.59

3D screen shot







MEAS. 48 Body Plane with Body on Middle Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: WCDMA, f=1880.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

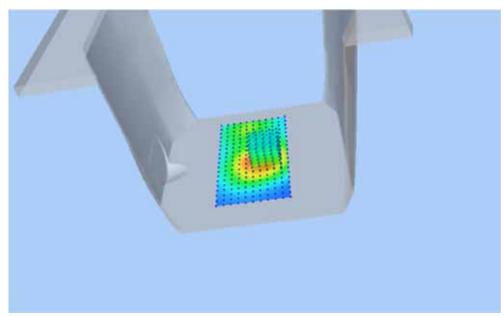
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

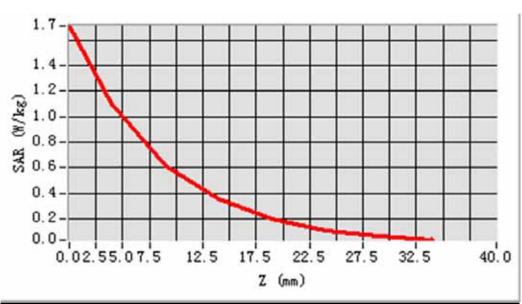
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=16.000000, Y=-8.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.593770 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 1.057794 Power drift (%): 0.68

3D screen shot







MEAS. 49 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: WCDMA, f=1907.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

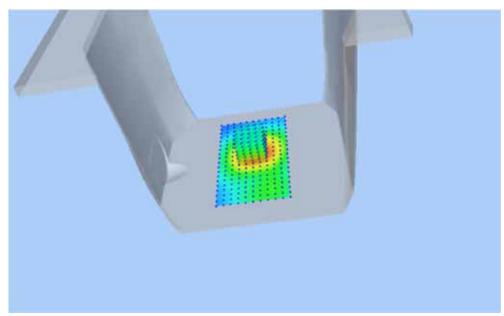
Maximum location:

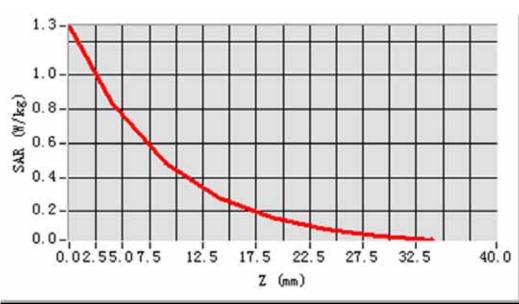
SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.570655

SAR 1g (W/Kg): 1.0014218

Power drift (%): -0.60

3D screen shot







MEAS. 50 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: WCDMA, f=1907.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

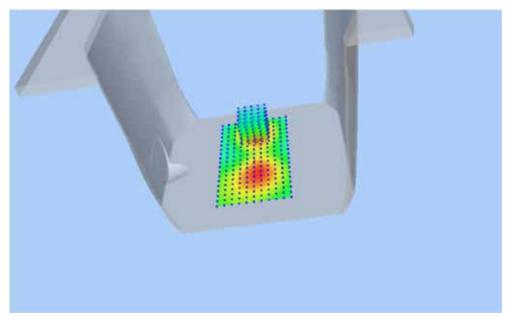
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

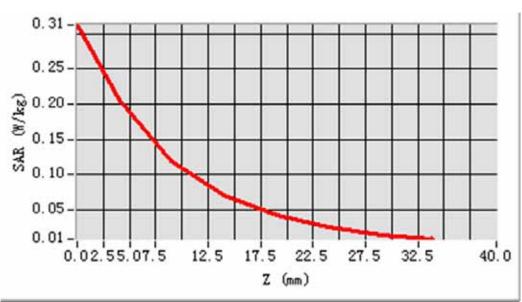
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=48.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.111190 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.196340 Power drift (%): -1.09

3D screen shot







MEAS. 51 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: WCDMA, f=1907.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

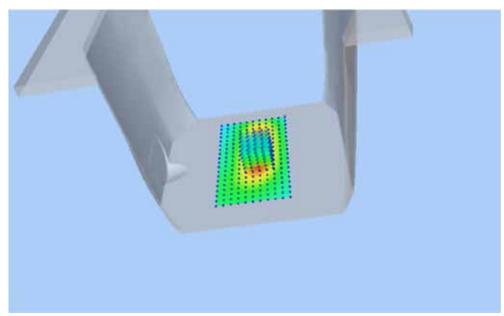
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

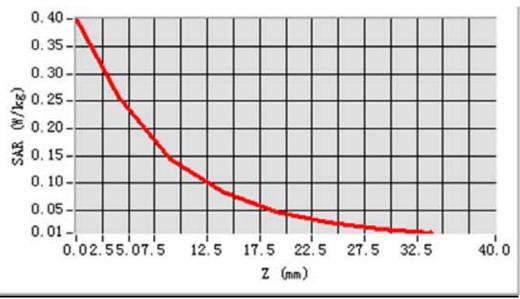
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=8.000000, Y=-8.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.138217 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.247173 Power drift (%): -0.20

3D screen shot







MEAS. 52 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WCDMA1900 mode

Test Date: 2014.10.12

Signal: WCDMA, f=1907.6 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 54.27; Conductivity: 1.55 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

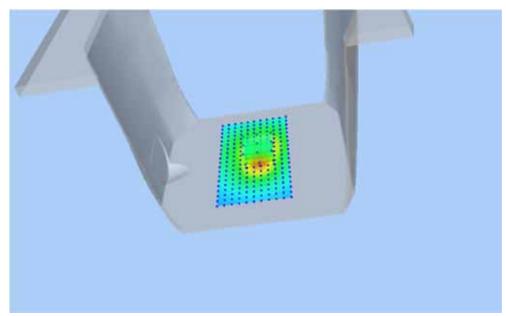
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 27.47

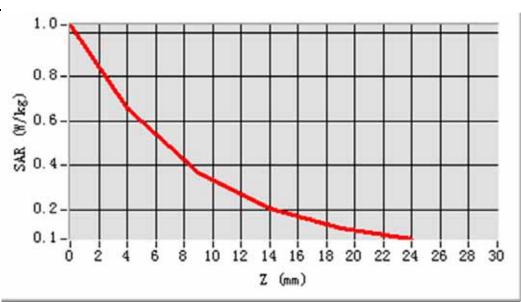
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=8.000000, Y=0.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.340783 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.617599 Power drift (%): -1.09

3D screen shot







MEAS. 53 Left Head with Cheek on High Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: WLAN, f=2462.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 39.34; Conductivity: 1.75 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

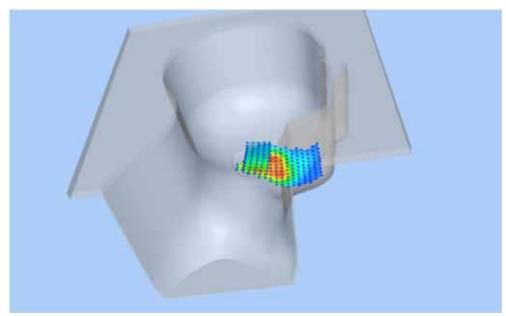
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 25.25

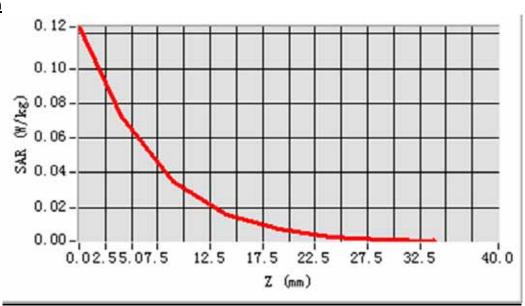
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=0.000000, Y=-24.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.034797 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.069662 Power drift (%): -1.02

3D screen shot







MEAS. 54 Left Head with Tilt on High Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: WLAN, f=2462.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 39.34; Conductivity: 1.75 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

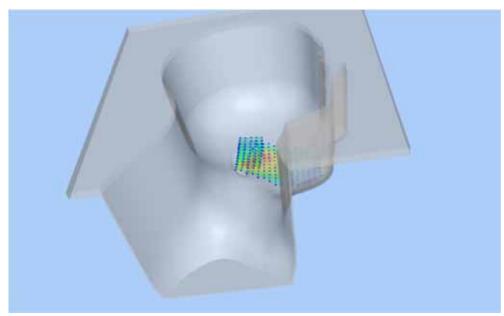
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 25.25

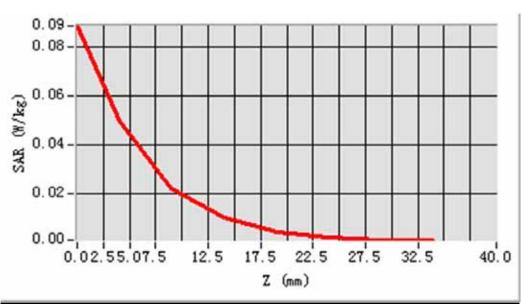
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=8.000000, Y=-8.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.023084 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.047072 Power drift (%): -2.59

3D screen shot







MEAS. 55 Right Head with Cheek on High Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: WLAN, f=2462.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 39.34; Conductivity: 1.75 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

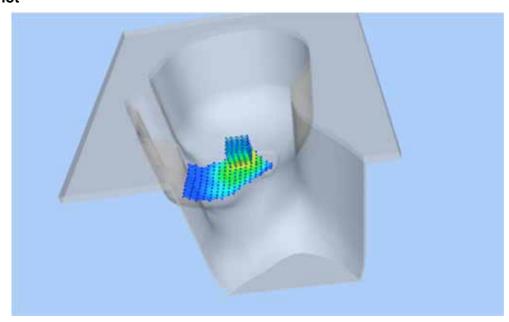
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 25.25

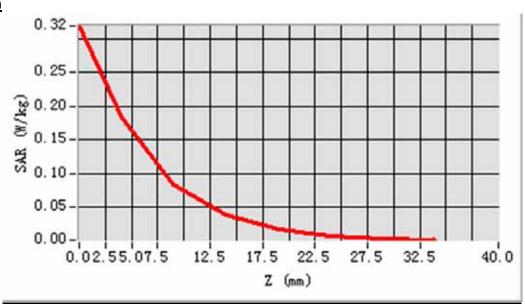
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-24.000000, Y=16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.080937 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.172653 Power drift (%): -1.54

3D screen shot







MEAS. 56 Right Head with Tilt on High Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date: 2014.10.11

Signal: WLAN, f=2462.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 39.34; Conductivity: 1.75 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

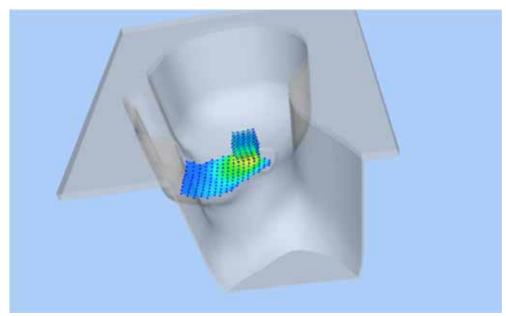
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 25.25

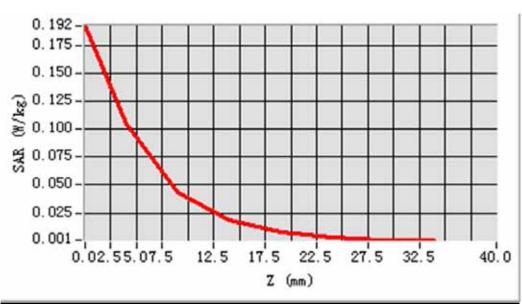
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-8.000000, Y=16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.044651 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.098784 Power drift (%): -1.17

3D screen shot







MEAS. 57 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date: 2014.10.13

Signal: WLAN, f=2462.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 53.25; Conductivity: 1.99 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

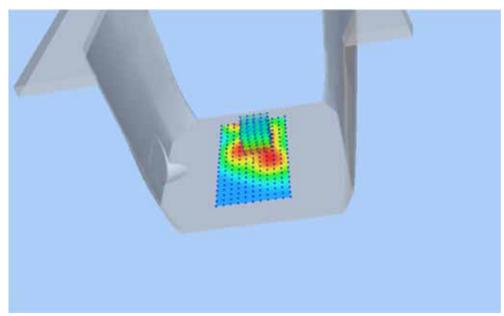
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 26.09

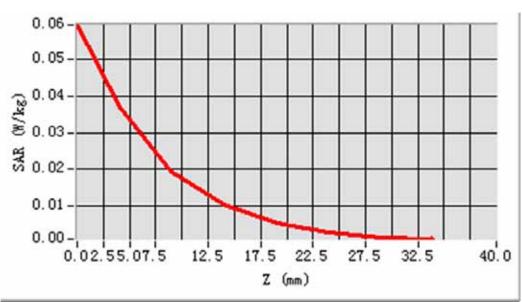
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=8.000000, Y=24.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.019398 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.035997 Power drift (%): -0.88

3D screen shot







MEAS. 58 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date: 2014.10.13

Signal: WLAN, f=2462.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 53.25; Conductivity: 1.99 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

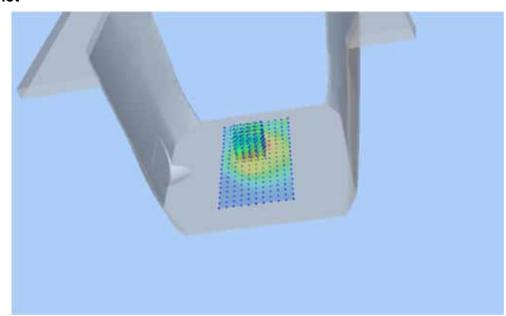
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 26.09

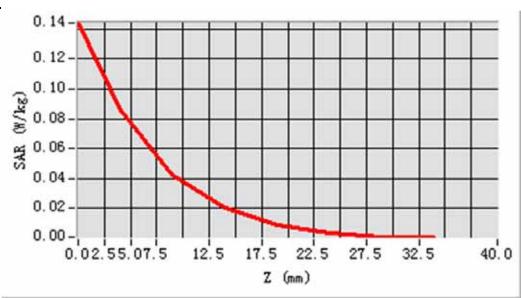
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=-8.000000, Y=16.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.040810 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.082344 Power drift (%): 0.33

3D screen shot







MEAS. 59 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date: 2014.10.13

Signal: WLAN, f=2462.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 53.25; Conductivity: 1.99 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

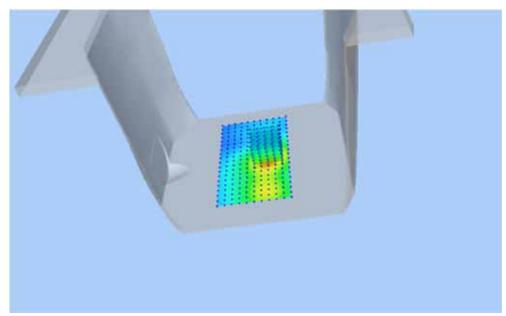
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 26.09

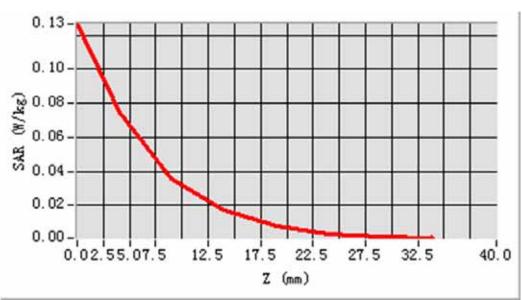
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=16.000000, Y=0.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.034139 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.070627 Power drift (%): 1.93

3D screen shot







MEAS. 60 Body Plane with Body on High Channel in WLAN 802.11b mode

Test Date: 2014.10.13

Signal: WLAN, f=2462.0 MHz, Duty Cycle: 1:1.0 Liquid Parameters: Permittivity: 53.25; Conductivity: 1.99 S/m

Test condition: Ambient Temperature: 22.6°C, Liquid Temperature: 22.0°C

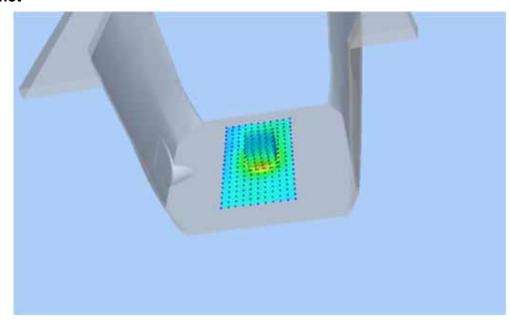
Probe: EPG 210, ConvF: 26.09

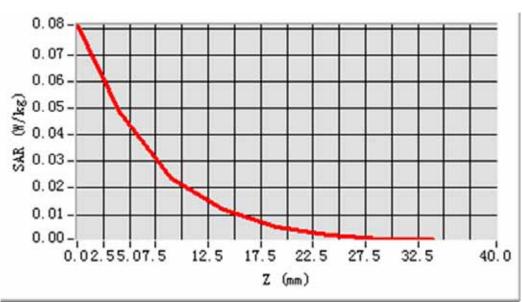
Area Scan:sam_direct_droit2_surf8mm.txt, h= 5.00 mmZoom Scan:5x5x7,dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm,Complete

Maximum location: X=8.000000, Y=0.000000

SAR 10g (W/Kg): 0.022340 SAR 1g (W/Kg): 0.046088 Power drift (%): -0.75

3D screen shot







ANNEX D CALIBRATION FOR PROBE AND DIPOLE



COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.155.1.14.SATU.A

SHENZHEN BALUN TECHNOLOGY Co.,Ltd. BLOCK B, FL 1, BAISHA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PARK, SHAHE XI ROAD,

NANSHAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, P.R. CHINA 518055

SATIMO COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE

SERIAL NO.: SN 27/14 EPG210

Calibrated at SATIMO US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



05/16/2014

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the CALISAR / CALIBAIR test bench, for use with a SATIMO COMOSAR system only. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





Ref: ACR:155.1.14.SATU.A

| | Name | Function | Date | Signature |
|--------------|---------------|-----------------|----------|---------------|
| Prepared by: | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 6/4/2014 | 75 |
| Checked by : | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 6/4/2014 | 25 |
| Approved by: | Kim RUTKOWSKI | Quality Manager | 6/4/2014 | Aum Authorith |

| | Customer Name | | |
|---------------|---|--|--|
| Distribution: | ChangNing (Shenzhen) Electronics Co., Ltd. | | |

| Issue | Date | Modifications | |
|-------|----------|-----------------|--|
| A | 6/4/2014 | Initial release | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Page: 2/10





Ref: ACR:155.1.14.SATU.A

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| 1 | De | vice Under Test4 | |
|---|-----|-------------------------------|---|
| 2 | Pro | duct Description4 | |
| | 2.1 | General Information | 4 |
| 3 | Me | asurement Method4 | |
| | 3.1 | Linearity | 4 |
| | 3.2 | Sensitivity | 5 |
| | 3.3 | Lower Detection Limit | 5 |
| | 3.4 | Isotropy | 5 |
| | 3.5 | Boundary Effect | 5 |
| 4 | Mc | asurement Uncertainty5 | |
| 5 | Cal | ibration Measurement Results6 | |
| | 5.1 | Sensitivity in air | 6 |
| | 5.2 | Linearity | 7 |
| | 5.3 | Sensitivity in liquid | 7 |
| | 5.4 | Isotropy | 8 |
| 6 | Lis | t of Equipment10 | |

Page: 3/10





Ref. ACR. 155 L 14 SATU A

1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Device Type | COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE | | |
| Manufacturer | Satimo | | |
| Model | SSE2 | | |
| Serial Number | SN 27/14 EPG210 | | |
| Product Condition (new / used) | New | | |
| Frequency Range of Probe | 0.3 GHz-6GHz | | |
| Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector | Dipole 1: R1=0.197 MΩ | | |
| | Dipole 2: R2=0.220 MΩ | | |
| | Dipole 3: R3=0.241 MΩ | | |

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards.



Figure 1 – Satimo COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Dipole

| Probe Length | 330 mm |
|--|--------|
| Length of Individual Dipoles | 2 mm |
| Maximum external diameter | 8 mm |
| Probe Tip External Diameter | 2.5 mm |
| Distance between dipoles / probe extremity | 1 mm |

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their affect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore mentioned standards.

3.1 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

Page: 4/10





Ref: ACR 155 L14 SATU A

3.2 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards.

3.3 LOWER DETECTION LIMIT

The lower detection limit was assessed using the same measurement set up as used for the linearity measurement. The required lower detection limit is 10 mW/kg.

3.4 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 - 360 degrees in 15 degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-180^{\circ})$ in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis $(0^{\circ}-360^{\circ})$.

3.5 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with an E-field probe calibration using the waveguide technique. All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

| ncertainty analysis of the probe calibration in waveguide | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|----|-----------------------------|
| ERROR SOURCES | Uncertainty value (%) | Probability Distribution | Divisor | ci | Standard Uncertainty (%) |
| Incident or forward power | 3.00% | Rectangular | √3 | 1: | 1.732% |
| Reflected power | 3.00% | Rectangular | √3 | 1. | 1.732% |
| Liquid conductivity | 5.00% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 2.887% |
| Liquid permittivity | 4.00% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 2.309% |
| Field homogeneity | 3,00% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1.732% |
| Field probe positioning | 5.00% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 2.887% |
| Field probe linearity | 3.00% | Rectangular | √3 | 1 | 1.732% |

Page: 5/10





Ref: ACR.155.1.14.SATU.A

| Combined standard uncertainty | 5.831% |
|---|--------|
| Expanded uncertainty 95 % confidence level k = 2 | 12.0% |

5 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

| | Calibration Parameters | |
|--------------------|------------------------|--|
| Liquid Temperature | 21 °C | |
| Lab Temperature | 21 °C | |
| Lab Humidity | 45 % | |

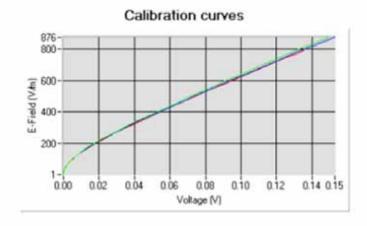
5.1 SENSITIVITY IN AIR

| | Normy dipole 2 (μV/(V/m) ²) | |
|------|--|------|
| 0.44 | 0.54 | 0.52 |

| DCP dipole 1 | DCP dipole 2 | DCP dipole 3 |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| (mV) | (mV) | (mV) |
| 90 | 90 | 90 |

Calibration curves ei=f(V) (i=1,2,3) allow to obtain H-field value using the formula:

$$E = \sqrt{E_1^2 + E_2^2 + E_3^2}$$





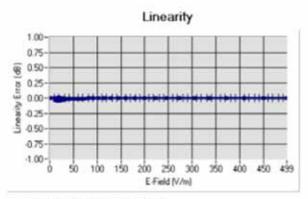
Page: 6/10





Ref: ACR:155.1.14.SATU.A

5.2 LINEARITY



Linearity. (1+/-1.25% (+/-0.05dB)

5.3 SENSITIVITY IN LIQUID

| Liquid | (MHz +/- 100MHz) | Permittivity | Epsilon (S/m) | ConvF |
|--------|---------------------|--------------|---------------|-------|
| HL450 | 450 | 43.02 | 0.85 | 30.15 |
| BL450 | 450 | 57.52 | 0.96 | 31.02 |
| HL750 | 750 | 42.10 | 0.88 | 22.51 |
| BL750 | 750 | 54.79 | 0.96 | 23.36 |
| HL850 | 835 | 43.03 | 0.87 | 23.67 |
| BL850 | 835 | 53.35 | 0.96 | 24.58 |
| HL900 | 900 | 42.29 | 0.96 | 23.35 |
| BL900 | 900 | 56.82 | 1.06 | 24.10 |
| HL1800 | 1800 | 40.93 | 1.36 | 23.21 |
| BL1800 | 1800 | 52.57 | 1.47 | 23.69 |
| HL1900 | 1900 | 40.92 | 1.45 | 26.70 |
| BL1900 | 1900 | 53.60 | 1.52 | 27.47 |
| HL2000 | 2000 | 39.36 | 1.44 | 25.28 |
| BL2000 | 2000 | 52.17 | 1.53 | 26.28 |
| HL2450 | 2450 | 39.12 | 1.78 | 25.25 |
| BL2450 | 2450 | 52.17 | 1.90 | 26.09 |
| HL2600 | 2600 | 38.46 | 1.92 | 25.94 |
| BL2600 | 2600 | 51.76 | 2.19 | 26.66 |
| HL5200 | 5200 | 36.47 | 4.91 | 22.36 |
| BL5200 | 5200 | 51.18 | 4.84 | 22.88 |
| HL5400 | 5400 | 36.83 | 5.02 | 25.63 |
| BL5400 | 5400 | 48.35 | 5.81 | 26.47 |
| HL5600 | 5600 | 35.39 | 5.49 | 24.82 |
| BL5600 | 5600 | 49.03 | 6.17 | 25.66 |
| HL5800 | 5800 | 34.91 | 5.76 | 22.60 |
| BL5800 | 5800 | 47.18 | 6.32 | 23.20 |

LOWER DETECTION LIMIT: 7mW/kg

Page: 7/10



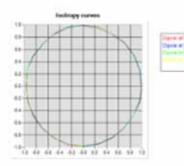


Ref: ACR:155.1.14.SATU.A

5.4 ISOTROPY

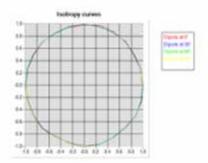
HL900 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.07 dB



HL1800 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.04 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.08 dB



Page: 8/10

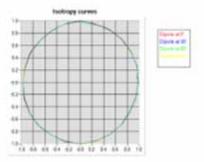




Ref: ACR.155.1.14.SATU.A

HL5400 MHz

- Axial isotropy: 0.05 dB - Hemispherical isotropy: 0.10 dB



Page: 9/10





Ref: ACR.155.1.14.SATU.A

6 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| Equipment Summary Sheet | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Equipment Description | Manufacturer / Model | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date | Next Calibration Date | | |
| Flat Phantom | Satimo | SN-20/09-SAM71 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. | | |
| COMOSAR Test Bench | Version 3 | NA | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. | | |
| Network Analyzer | Rhode & Schwarz ZVA | SN100132 | 02/2013 | 02/2016 | | |
| Reference Probe | Satimo | EP 94 SN 37/08 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No call required. | | |
| Multimeter | Keithley 2000 | 1188656 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 | | |
| Signal Generator | Agilent E4438C | MY49070581 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 | | |
| Amplifier | Aethercomm | SN 046 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | | |
| Power Meter | HP E4418A | US38261498 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 | | |
| Power Sensor | HP ECP-E26A | US37181460 | 12/2013 | 12/2016 | | |
| Directional Coupler | Narda 4216-20 | 01386 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | | |
| Waveguide | Mega Industries | 069Y7-158-13-712 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. | | |
| Waveguide Transition | Mega Industries | 069Y7-158-13-701 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. | | |
| Waveguide Termination | Mega Industries | 069Y7-158-13-701 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No cal required. | | |
| Temperature / Humidity Sensor | Control Company | 11-661-9 | 8/2012 | 8/2015 | | |

Page: 10/10





SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.219.4.13.SATU.A

SHENZHEN BALUN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BLOCK B, FL 1, BAISHA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PARK, SHAHE XI ROAD, NANSHAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, 518055 P. R. CHINA SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

FREQUENCY: 835 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 25/13 DIP 0G835-246

Calibrated at SATIMO US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



8/17/2014

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





Ref: ACR 219.4.13.SATU.A

| | Name | Function | Date | Signature |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|
| Prepared by: | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 8/17/2014 | 25 |
| Checked by: | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 8/17/2014 | 25 |
| Approved by : | Kim RUTKOWSKI | Quality Manager | 8/17/2014 | Asm Pathowski |

| | Customer Name |
|---------------|--|
| Distribution: | Shenzhen Balun Technology Co.,Ltd. |

| Issue | Date | Modifications | |
|-------|-----------|-----------------|--|
| A | 8/17/2014 | Initial release | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Page: 2/10





Ref: ACR 219.4.13.SATU.A

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| 1 | Intr | oduction4 | |
|-----|------|------------------------------|---|
| 2 | Dev | vice Under Test4 | |
| 3 | | duct Description4 | |
| | 3.1 | General Information | 4 |
| 4 | Me | asurement Method5 | |
| 34 | 4.1 | Return Loss Requirements | 5 |
| 36 | 4.2 | Mechanical Requirements | 5 |
| 5 | Me | asurement Uncertainty5 | |
| 8 | 5.1 | Return Loss | 5 |
| | 5.2 | Dimension Measurement | 5 |
| | 5.3 | Validation Measurement | 5 |
| 6 | Cal | ibration Measurement Results | |
| 33 | 6.1 | Return Loss | 6 |
| 157 | 6.2 | Mechanical Dimensions | 6 |
| 7 | Val | idation measurement | |
| | 7.1 | Measurement Condition | 7 |
| | 7,2 | Head Liquid Measurement | 7 |
| | 7.3 | Measurement Result | 8 |
| | 7.4 | Body Measurement Result | 9 |
| 8 | List | t of Equipment 10 | |

Page: 3/10





Ref. ACR 219 4 13 SATU A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Device Type | COMOSAR 835 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE | |
| Manufacturer | Satimo | |
| Model | SID835 | |
| Serial Number | SN 25/13 DIP 0G835-246 | |
| Product Condition (new / used) | New | |

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole

Page: 4/10





Ref: ACR 219 4 13 SATU A

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

| Frequency band | Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss | | |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| 400-6000MHz | 0.1 dB | | |

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

| Length (mm) | Expanded Uncertainty on Length |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| 3 - 300 | 0.05 mm |

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

| Scan Volume | Expanded Uncertainty |
|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 g | 20.3 % |
| 10 g | 20.1 % |

Page: 5/10

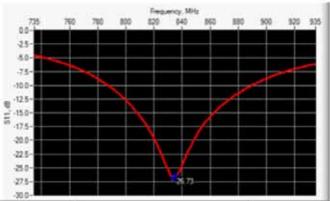




Ref: ACR 219.4.13.SATU.A

6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 835 | -26.73 | -20 |

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

| Frequency MHz | Ln | nm | h m | ım | d r | mm |
|---------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|------------|----------|
| | required | measured | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 420.0 ±1 %. | | 250.0 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | |
| 450 | 290.0 ±1 %. | | 166.7 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | |
| 750 | 176.0 ±1 %. | | 100.0 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | |
| 835 | 161.0 ±1 %. | PASS | 89.8 ±1 %. | PASS | 3.6 ±1 %. | PASS |
| 900 | 149.0 ±1 % | - | 83.3 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1450 | 89.1 ±1 %. | , | 51.7 ±1%. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1500 | 80.5 ±1 %. | | 50.0 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1640 | 79.0 ±1 %. | | 45.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1750 | 75.2 ±1 %. | | 42.9 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1800 | 72.0 ±1 %. | | 41.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1900 | 68.0 ±1 %. | , | 39.5 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1950 | 66.3 ±1 %. | | 38.5 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2000 | 64.5 ±1 %. | ii. | 37.5 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2100 | 61.0 ±1 %. | | 35.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2300 | 55.5 ±1 %. | | 32.6 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2450 | 51.5 ±1 %. | | 30.4 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2600 | 48.5 ±1 %. | | 28.8 ±1 %. | | 3,6 ±1 %. | |
| 3000 | 41.5±1%. | | 25.0 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 3500 | 37.021%. | | 26.4 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 3700 | 34.7±1%. | | 26.4 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |

Page: 6/10





Ref: ACR 219 4 13 SATU A

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

| Software | OPENSAR V4 |
|---|--|
| Phantom | SN 20/09 SAM71 |
| Probe | SN 18/11 EPG122 |
| 1.iquid | Head Liquid Values: eps': 42.6 sigma: 0.88 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 15.0 mm |
| Area scan resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8mm |
| Zoon Scan Resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm |
| Frequency | 835 MHz |
| Input power | 20 dBm |
| Liquid Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Humidity | 45 % |

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

| Frequency MH2 | Relative per | mittivity (ε,') | Conductiv | ity (a) S/m |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------|
| 1225-94 | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 45.3 ±5 % | | 0.87 ±5 % | |
| 450 | 43.5 ±5 % | | 0.87 ±5 % | |
| 750 | 41.9 ±5 % | | 0.89 ±5 % | |
| 835 | 41.5 ±5 % | PASS | 0.90 ±5 % | PASS |
| 900 | 41.5 ±5 % | | 0.97 ±5 % | |
| 1450 | 40.5 ±5 % | | 1.20 ±5 % | |
| 1500 | 40.4 ±5 % | | 1.23 ±5 % | |
| 1640 | 40.2 ±5 % | | 1.31 ±5 % | |
| 1750 | 40.1 ±5 % | | 1.37 ±5 % | |
| 1800 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 1900 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 1950 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 2000 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 2100 | 39.8 ±5 % | | 1.49 ±5 % | |
| 2300 | 39.5 ±5 % | | 1.67 ±5 % | |
| 2450 | 39.2 ±5 % | | 1.80 ±5 % | |
| 2600 | 39.0 ±5 % | | 1.96 ±5 % | |
| 3000 | 38.5 ±5 % | | 2.40 ±5 % | |
| 3500 | 37.9 ±5 % | | 2.91 ±5 % | |

Page: 7/10



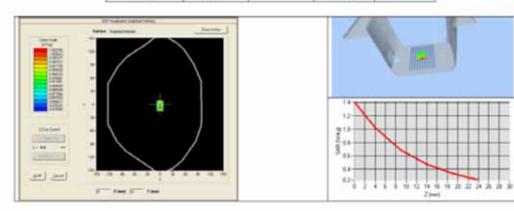


Ref: ACR 219.4.13.SATU.A

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

| Frequency MHz | 1 g SAR | (W/kg/W) | 10 g SAR | (W/kg/W) |
|------------------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 2.85 | | 1.94 | |
| 450 | 4.58 | | 3.06 | |
| 750 | 8.49 | | 5.55 | |
| 835 | 9.56 | 9.71 (0.97) | 6.22 | 6.21 (0.62) |
| 900 | 10.9 | | 6.99 | |
| 1450 | 29 | | 16 | |
| 1500 | 30.5 | | 16.8 | |
| 1640 | 34.2 | | 18.4 | |
| 1750 | 36.4 | | 19.3 | |
| 1800 | 38.4 | | 20.1 | |
| 1900 | 39.7 | | 20.5 | |
| 1950 | 40.5 | | 20.9 | |
| 2000 | 41.1 | | 21.1 | |
| 2100 | 43.6 | | 21.9 | |
| 2300 | 48.7 | | 23.3 | |
| 2450 | 52.4 | | 24 | |
| 2600 | 55.3 | | 24.6 | |
| 3000 | 63.8 | | 25.7 | |
| 3500 | 67.1 | | 25 | |



Page: 8/10



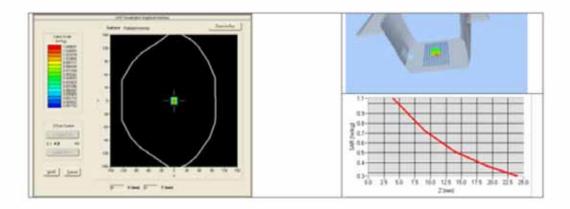


Ref: ACR 219.4.13.SATU.A

7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

| Software | OPENSAR V4 |
|---|--|
| Phantom | SN 20/09 SAM71 |
| Probe | SN 18/11 EPG122 |
| Liquid | Body Liquid Values: eps' : 55.3 sigma : 0.96 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 15.0 mm |
| Area scan resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8mm |
| Zoon Scan Resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm |
| Frequency | 835 MHz |
| Input power | 20 dBm |
| Liquid Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Humidity | 45 % |

| Frequency MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) | 10 g SAR (W/kg/W) |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | measured | measured |
| 835 | 10.19 (1.02) | 6.61 (0.66) |



Page: 9/10





Ref: ACR 219.4.13.SATU.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| Equipment Description | Manufacturer / Model | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date | Next Calibration Date |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| SAM Phantom | Satimo | SN-20/09-SAM71 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No ca required. |
| COMOSAR Test Bench | Version 3 | NA . | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No ca required. |
| Network Analyzer | Rhode & Schwarz ZVA | SN100132 | 02/2013 02/201 | |
| Calipers | Carrera | CALIPER-01 | 12/2012 | 12/2015 |
| Reference Probe | Satimo | EPG122 SN 18/11 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Multimeter | Keithley 2000 | 1188656 | 11/2012 | 11/2015 |
| Signal Generator | Agilent E4438C | MY49070581 | 12/2012 | 12/2015 |
| Amplifier | Aethercomm | SN 046 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Power Meter | HP E4418A | US38261498 | 11/2012 | 11/2015 |
| Power Sensor | HP ECP-E26A | US37181460 | 11/2012 | 11/2015 |
| Directional Coupler | Narda 4216-20 | 01386 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Temperature and Humidity Sensor | Control Company | 11-661-9 | 3/2013 | 3/2015 |

Page: 10/10





SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.219.7.13.SATU.A

SHENZHEN BALUN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BLOCK B, FL 1, BAISHA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PARK, SHAHE XI ROAD, NANSHAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, 518055 P. R. CHINA SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 1900 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 25/13 DIP 1G900-249

Calibrated at SATIMO US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



17/08/2014

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





Ref: ACR 219.7.13.SATU.A

| | Name | Function | Date | Signature |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|
| Prepared by: | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 8/17/2014 | 25 |
| Checked by : | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 8/17/2014 | 25 |
| Approved by : | Kim RUTKOWSKI | Quality Manager | 8/17/2014 | Aim Pathershi |

| | Customer Name |
|---------------|--|
| Distribution: | Shenzhen Balun Technology Co.,Ltd. |

| Issue | Date | Modifications | |
|-------|-----------|-----------------|--|
| A | 8/17/2014 | Initial release | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Page: 2/10





Ref: ACR.219.7.13.SATU.A

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| 1 | Intr | oduction4 | |
|----|------|------------------------------|---|
| 2 | Dev | rice Under Test4 | |
| 3 | Pro | duct Description4 | |
| 3. | 1 | General Information | 4 |
| 4 | Me | asurement Method5 | |
| 4 | .1 | Return Loss Requirements | 5 |
| 4. | 2 | Mechanical Requirements | 5 |
| 5 | Me | asurement Uncertainty5 | |
| 5. | .1 | Return Loss | 5 |
| 5. | 2 | Dimension Measurement | |
| 5. | 3 | Validation Measurement | |
| 6 | Cal | ibration Measurement Results | |
| 6. | 1 | Return Loss | 6 |
| 6. | 2 | Mechanical Dimensions | 6 |
| 7 | Val | idation measurement | |
| 7. | 1 | Measurement Condition | 7 |
| 7. | 2 | Head Liquid Measurement | 7 |
| 7. | 3 | Measurement Result | 8 |
| 7. | 4 | Body Measurement Result | 9 |
| 8 | List | of Equipment 10 | |

Page: 3/10





Ref. ACR 219.7.13.SATU A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test | | |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Device Type | COMOSAR 1900 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE | |
| Manufacturer | Satimo | |
| Model | SID1900 | |
| Serial Number | SN 25/13 DIP 1G900-249 | |
| Product Condition (new / used) New | | |

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole

Page: 4/10





Ref: ACR 219.7.13 SATU A

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

| Frequency band | Expanded Uncertainty on Return Loss |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| 400-6000MHz | 0.1 dB |

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

| Length (mm) | Expanded Uncertainty on Length |
|-------------|--------------------------------|
| 3 - 300 | 0.05 mm |

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

| Scan Volume | Expanded Uncertainty |
|-------------|----------------------|
| 1 g | 20.3 % |
| 10 g | 20.1 % |

Page: 5/10

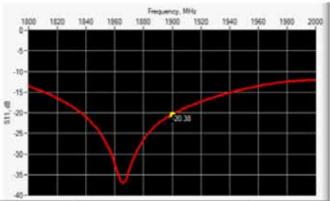




Ref: ACR:219.7.13.SATU.A

6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1900 | -20.38 | -20 |

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

| Frequency MHz | Ln | nm | h m | im | d r | nm |
|---------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|------------|----------|
| | required | measured | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 420.0 ±1 %. | | 250.0 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | |
| 450 | 290.0 ±1 %. | | 166.7 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | |
| 750 | 176.0 ±1 %. | | 100.0 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | |
| 835 | 161.0 ±1 %. | | 89.8 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 900 | 149.0 ±1 % | | 83.3 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1450 | 89.1 ±1 %. | , | 51.7 ±1%. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1500 | 80.5 ±1 %. | | 50.0 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1640 | 79.0 ±1 %. | | 45.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1750 | 75.2 ±1 %. | | 42.9 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1800 | 72.0 ±1 %. | | 41.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1900 | 68.0 ±1 %. | PASS | 39.5 ±1 %. | PASS | 3.6 ±1 %. | PASS |
| 1950 | 66.3 ±1 %. | | 38.5 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2000 | 64.5 ±1 %. | | 37.5 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2100 | 61.0 ±1 %. | | 35.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2300 | 55.5 ±1 %. | | 32.6 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2450 | 51.5 ±1 %. | | 30.4 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2600 | 48.5 ±1 %. | | 28.8 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 3000 | 41.5±1% | | 25.0 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 3500 | 37.011%. | | 26.4 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 3700 | 34.7±1 %. | | 26.4 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |

Page: 6/10





Ref. ACR 219.7.13 SATU A

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

| Software | OPENSAR V4 |
|---|--|
| Phantom | SN 20/09 SAM71 |
| Probe | SN 18/11 EPG122 |
| 1.iquid | Head Liquid Values: eps': 39.8 sigma: 1.43 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm |
| Area scan resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8mm |
| Zoon Scan Resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm |
| Frequency | 1900 MHz |
| Input power | 20 dBm |
| Liquid Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Humidity | 45 % |

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

| Frequency MH2 | Relative per | mittivity (ε,') | Conductiv | ity (o) S/m |
|------------------|--------------|-----------------|-----------|-------------|
| 12,0000 | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 45.3 ±5 % | | 0.87 ±5 % | |
| 450 | 43.5 ±5 % | | 0.87 ±5 % | |
| 750 | 41.9 ±5 % | | 0.89 ±5 % | |
| 835 | 41.5 ±5 % | | 0.90 ±5 % | |
| 900 | 41.5 ±5 % | | 0.97 ±5 % | |
| 1450 | 40.5 ±5 % | | 1.20 ±5 % | |
| 1500 | 40.4 ±5 % | | 1.23 ±5 % | |
| 1640 | 40.2 ±5 % | | 1.31 ±5 % | |
| 1750 | 40.1 ±5 % | | 1.37 ±5 % | |
| 1800 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 1900 | 40.0 ±5 % | PASS | 1.40 ±5 % | PASS |
| 1950 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 2000 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 2100 | 39.8 ±5 % | | 1.49 ±5 % | |
| 2300 | 39.5 ±5 % | | 1.67 ±5 % | |
| 2450 | 39.2 ±5 % | | 1.80 ±5 % | |
| 2600 | 39.0 ±5 % | | 1.96 ±5 % | |
| 3000 | 38.5 ±5 % | | 2.40 ±5 % | |
| 3500 | 37.9 ±5 % | | 2.91 ±5 % | |

Page: 7/10



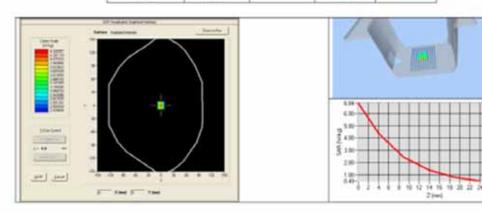


Ref: ACR 219.7.13.SATU.A

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

| Frequency MHz | 1 g SAR | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) | | (W/kg/W) |
|------------------|----------|------------------|----------|--------------|
| | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 2.85 | | 1.94 | |
| 450 | 4.58 | | 3.06 | |
| 750 | 8.49 | | 5.55 | |
| 835 | 9.56 | 1 | 6.22 | |
| 900 | 10.9 | | 6.99 | |
| 1450 | 29 | | 16 | |
| 1500 | 30.5 | | 16.8 | |
| 1640 | 34.2 | | 18.4 | |
| 1750 | 36.4 | | 19.3 | |
| 1800 | 38.4 | | 20.1 | |
| 1900 | 39.7 | 40.01 (4.00) | 20.5 | 20.42 (2.04) |
| 1950 | 40.5 | | 20.9 | |
| 2000 | 41.1 | | 21.1 | |
| 2100 | 43.6 | | 21.9 | |
| 2300 | 48.7 | | 23.3 | |
| 2450 | 52.4 | | 24 | |
| 2600 | 55.3 | | 24.6 | |
| 3000 | 63.8 | | 25.7 | |
| 3500 | 67.1 | | 25 | |



Page: 8/10



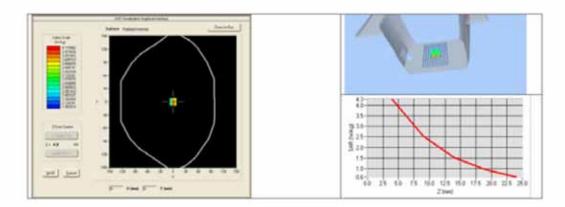


Ref: ACR.219.7.13.SATU.A

7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

| Software | OPENSAR V4 |
|---|--|
| Phantom | SN 20/09 SAM71 |
| Probe | SN 18/11 EPG122 |
| Liquid | Body Liquid Values: eps' : 52.5 sigma : 1.50 |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm |
| Area scan resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8mm |
| Zoon Scan Resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm |
| Frequency | 1900 MHz |
| Input power | 20 dBm |
| Liquid Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Temperature | 21 °C |
| Lab Humidity | 45 % |

| Frequency MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) | 10 g SAR (W/kg/W) measured | |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | measured | measured | |
| 1900 | 40.32 (4.03) | 21.15 (2.11) | |



Page: 9/10





Ref: ACR.219.7.13.SATU.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| | | pment Summary 8 | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| Equipment Description | Manufacturer / Model | Identification No. | Current Calibration Date | Next Calibration Date |
| SAM Phantom | Satimo | SN-20/09-SAM71 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No ca required. |
| COMOSAR Test Bench | Version 3 | NA | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No ca required. |
| Network Analyzer | Rhode & Schwarz ZVA | SN100132 | 02/2013 | 02/2016 |
| Calipers | Carrera | CALIPER-01 | 12/2012 | 12/2015 |
| Reference Probe | Satimo | EPG122 SN 18/11 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Multimeter | Keithley 2000 | 1188656 | 11/2012 | 11/2015 |
| Signal Generator | Agilent E4438C | MY49070581 | 12/2012 | 12/2015 |
| Amplifier | Aethercomm | SN 046 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Power Meter | HP E4418A | US38261498 | 11/2012 | 11/2015 |
| Power Sensor | HP ECP-E26A | US37181460 | 11/2012 | 11/2015 |
| Directional Coupler | Narda 4216-20 | 01386 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. |
| Temperature and Humidity Sensor | Control Company | 11-661-9 | 3/2013 | 3/2015 |

Page: 10/10





SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref: ACR.219.9.13.SATU.A

SHENZHEN BALUN TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

BLOCK B, FL 1, BAISHA SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY PARK, SHAHE XI ROAD, NANSHAN DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG PROVINCE, 518055 P. R. CHINA SATIMO COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE

> FREQUENCY: 2450 MHZ SERIAL NO.: SN 25/13 DIP 2G450-251

Calibrated at SATIMO US 2105 Barrett Park Dr. - Kennesaw, GA 30144



17/08/2014

Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in SATIMO USA using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.





Ref: ACR 219.9.13.SATU.A

| | Name | Function | Date | Signature |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|
| Prepared by: | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 8/17/2014 | 73 |
| Checked by : | Jérôme LUC | Product Manager | 8/17/2014 | 25 |
| Approved by : | Kim RUTKOWSKI | Quality Manager | 8/17/2014 | Asia Factherists |

| | Customer Name |
|---------------|--|
| Distribution: | Shenzhen Balun Technology Co.,Ltd. |

| Issue | Date | Modifications | |
|-------|-----------|-----------------|--|
| A | 8/17/2014 | Initial release | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Page: 2/10





Ref: ACR 219.9.13.SATU.A

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| 1 | Int | roduction4 | |
|---|-----|-------------------------------|---|
| 2 | De | vice Under Test4 | |
| 3 | Pro | duct Description4 | |
| | 3.1 | General Information | 4 |
| 4 | Me | asurement Method5 | |
| | 4.1 | Return Loss Requirements | 5 |
| | 4.2 | Mechanical Requirements | 5 |
| 5 | Me | asurement Uncertainty5 | |
| | 5.1 | Return Loss | 5 |
| | 5.2 | Dimension Measurement | 5 |
| | 5.3 | Validation Measurement | 5 |
| 6 | Cal | libration Measurement Results | |
| | 6.1 | Return Loss | 6 |
| | 6.2 | Mechanical Dimensions | 6 |
| 7 | Va | lidation measurement | |
| | 7.1 | Measurement Condition | 7 |
| | 7,2 | Head Liquid Measurement | 7 |
| | 7.3 | Measurement Result | 8 |
| | 7.4 | Body Measurement Result | 9 |
| 8 | Lis | t of Equipment 10 | |

Page: 3/10





Ref. ACR 219.9.13 SATU A

1 INTRODUCTION

This document contains a summary of the requirements set forth by the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards for reference dipoles used for SAR measurement system validations and the measurements that were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

2 DEVICE UNDER TEST

| Device Under Test | | | | |
|---|---------|--|--|--|
| Device Type COMOSAR 2450 MHz REFERENCE DIPO | | | | |
| Manufacturer Satimo | | | | |
| Model | SID2450 | | | |
| Serial Number SN 25/13 DIP 2G450-251 | | | | |
| Product Condition (new / used) New | | | | |

A yearly calibration interval is recommended.

3 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

3.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Satimo's COMOSAR Validation Dipoles are built in accordance to the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards. The product is designed for use with the COMOSAR test bench only.



Figure 1 - Satimo COMOSAR Validation Dipole

Page: 4/10





Ref. ACR 219 9 13 SATU A

4 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards provide requirements for reference dipoles used for system validation measurements. The following measurements were performed to verify that the product complies with the fore mentioned standards.

4.1 RETURN LOSS REQUIREMENTS

The dipole used for SAR system validation measurements and checks must have a return loss of -20 dB or better. The return loss measurement shall be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constucted as outlined in the fore mentioned standards.

4.2 MECHANICAL REQUIREMENTS

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards specify the mechanical components and dimensions of the validation dipoles, with the dimensions frequency and phantom shell thickness dependent. The COMOSAR test bench employs a 2 mm phantom shell thickness therefore the dipoles sold for use with the COMOSAR test bench comply with the requirements set forth for a 2 mm phantom shell thickness.

5 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

All uncertainties listed below represent an expanded uncertainty expressed at approximately the 95% confidence level using a coverage factor of k=2, traceable to the Internationally Accepted Guides to Measurement Uncertainty.

5.1 RETURN LOSS

The following uncertainties apply to the return loss measurement:

| Frequency band | Expanded Uncertainty on Return I | | |
|----------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| 400-6000MHz | 0.1 dB | | |

5.2 DIMENSION MEASUREMENT

The following uncertainties apply to the dimension measurements:

| Length (mm) | Expanded Uncertainty on Leng | | |
|-------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| 3 - 300 | 0.05 mm | | |

5.3 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The guidelines outlined in the IEEE 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C, CENELEC EN50361 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty for validation measurements.

| Scan Volume | Expanded Uncertainty | |
|-------------|----------------------|--|
| 1 g | 20.3 % | |
| 10 g | 20.1 % | |

Page: 5/10

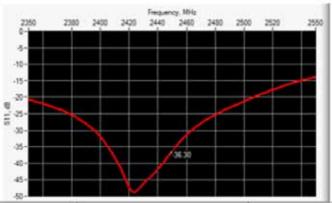




Ref: ACR.219.9.13.SATU.A

6 CALIBRATION MEASUREMENT RESULTS

6.1 RETURN LOSS



| Frequency (MHz) | Return Loss (dB) | Requirement (dB) |
|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 2450 | -36.30 | -20 |

6.2 MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS

| Frequency MHz | Ln | nm | h m | im | d r | d mm |
|---------------|-------------|----------|-------------|----------|------------|----------|
| | required | measured | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 420.0 ±1 %. | | 250.0 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | |
| 450 | 290.0 ±1 %. | | 166.7 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | |
| 750 | 176.0 ±1 %. | | 100.0 ±1 %. | | 6.35 ±1 %. | |
| 835 | 161.0 ±1 %. | | 89.8 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 900 | 149.0 ±1 % | | 83.3 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1450 | 89.1 ±1 %. | , | 51.7 ±1%. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1500 | 80.5 ±1 %. | | 50.0 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1640 | 79.0 ±1 %. | | 45.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1750 | 75.2 ±1 %. | | 42.9 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1800 | 72.0 ±1 %. | | 41.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1900 | 68.0 ±1 %. | | 39.5 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 1950 | 66.3 ±1 %. | | 38.5 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2000 | 64.5 ±1 %. | ii. | 37.5 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2100 | 61.0 ±1 %. | | 35.7 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2300 | 55.5 ±1 %. | | 32.6 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 2450 | 51.5 ±1 %. | PASS | 30.4 ±1 %. | PASS | 3.6 ±1 %. | PASS |
| 2600 | 48.5 ±1 %. | | 28.8 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 3000 | 41.5±1% | | 25.0 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 3500 | 37.011%. | | 26.4 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |
| 3700 | 34.7±1%. | | 26.4 ±1 %. | | 3.6 ±1 %. | |

Page: 6/10





Ref. ACR 219.9.13 SATU A

7 VALIDATION MEASUREMENT

The IEEE Std. 1528, OET 65 Bulletin C and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements must be performed using a reference dipole meeting the fore mentioned return loss and mechanical dimension requirements. The validation measurement must be performed against a liquid filled flat phantom, with the phantom constructed as outlined in the fore mentioned standards. Per the standards, the dipole shall be positioned below the bottom of the phantom, with the dipole length centered and parallel to the longest dimension of the flat phantom, with the top surface of the dipole at the described distance from the bottom surface of the phantom.

7.1 MEASUREMENT CONDITION

| Software | OPENSAR V4 | |
|---|--|--|
| Phantom | SN 20/09 SAM71 | |
| Probe | SN 18/11 EPG122 | |
| 1.iquid | Head Liquid Values: eps' : 38.6 sigma : 1.82 | |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm | |
| Area scan resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8mm | |
| Zoon Scan Resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm | |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz | |
| Input power | 20 dBm | |
| Liquid Temperature | 21 °C | |
| Lab Temperature | 21 °C | |
| Lab Humidity | 45 % | |

7.2 HEAD LIQUID MEASUREMENT

| Frequency MH2 | Relative permittivity (ε,') | | Conductiv | ity (a) S/m |
|------------------|-----------------------------|----------|-----------|-------------|
| 1225-04 | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 45.3 ±5 % | | 0.87 ±5 % | |
| 450 | 43.5 ±5 % | | 0.87 ±5 % | |
| 750 | 41.9 ±5 % | | 0.89 ±5 % | |
| 835 | 41.5 ±5 % | | 0.90 ±5 % | |
| 900 | 41.5 ±5 % | | 0.97 ±5 % | |
| 1450 | 40.5 ±5 % | | 1.20 ±5 % | |
| 1500 | 40.4 ±5 % | | 1.23 ±5 % | |
| 1640 | 40.2 ±5 % | | 1.31 ±5 % | |
| 1750 | 40.1 ±5 % | | 1.37 ±5 % | |
| 1800 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 1900 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 1950 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 2000 | 40.0 ±5 % | | 1.40 ±5 % | |
| 2100 | 39.8 ±5 % | | 1.49 ±5 % | |
| 2300 | 39.5 ±5 % | | 1.67 ±5 % | |
| 2450 | 39.2 ±5 % | PASS | 1.80 ±5 % | PASS |
| 2600 | 39.0 ±5 % | | 1.96 ±5 % | |
| 3000 | 38.5 ±5 % | | 2.40 ±5 % | |
| 3500 | 37.9 ±5 % | | 2.91 ±5 % | |

Page: 7/10



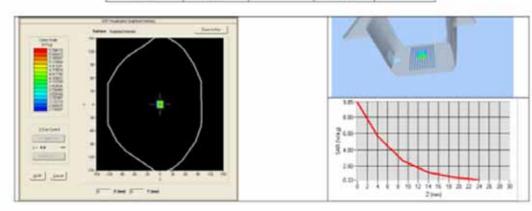


Ref: ACR 219.9.13.SATU.A

7.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The IEEE Std. 1528 and CEI/IEC 62209 standards state that the system validation measurements should produce the SAR values shown below (for phantom thickness of 2 mm), within the uncertainty for the system validation. All SAR values are normalized to 1 W forward power. In bracket, the measured SAR is given with the used input power.

| Frequency MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) | | 10 g SAR | (W/kg/W) |
|------------------|------------------|--------------|----------|-------------|
| 1111 | required | measured | required | measured |
| 300 | 2.85 | | 1.94 | |
| 450 | 4.58 | | 3.06 | |
| 750 | 8.49 | | 5.55 | |
| 835 | 9.56 | | 6.22 | |
| 900 | 10.9 | | 6.99 | |
| 1450 | 29 | | 16 | |
| 1500 | 30.5 | | 16.8 | |
| 1640 | 34.2 | | 18.4 | |
| 1750 | 36.4 | | 19.3 | |
| 1800 | 38.4 | | 20.1 | |
| 1900 | 39.7 | | 20.5 | |
| 1950 | 40.5 | | 20.9 | |
| 2000 | 41.1 | | 21.1 | |
| 2100 | 43.6 | | 21.9 | |
| 2300 | 48.7 | | 23.3 | |
| 2450 | 52.4 | 53.96 (5.40) | 24 | 23.92 (2.39 |
| 2600 | 55.3 | | 24.6 | |
| 3000 | 63.8 | | 25.7 | |
| 3500 | 67.1 | | 25 | |



Page: 8/10



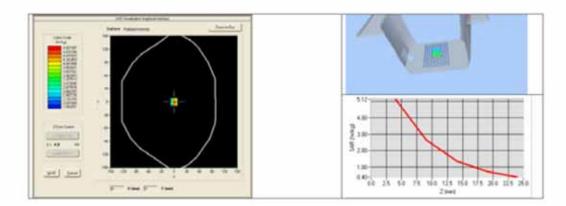


Ref: ACR:219.9.13.SATU.A

7.4 BODY MEASUREMENT RESULT

| Software | OPENSAR V4 | | |
|---|--|--|--|
| Phantom | SN 20/09 SAM71 | | |
| Probe | SN 18/11 EPG122 | | |
| Liquid | Body Liquid Values: eps' : 52.0 sigma : 1.94 | | |
| Distance between dipole center and liquid | 10.0 mm | | |
| Area scan resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8mm | | |
| Zoon Scan Resolution | dx=8mm/dy=8m/dz=5mm | | |
| Frequency | 2450 MHz | | |
| Input power | 20 dBm | | |
| Liquid Temperature | 21 °C | | |
| Lab Temperature | 21 °C | | |
| Lab Humidity | 45 % | | |

| Frequency MHz | 1 g SAR (W/kg/W) | 10 g SAR (W/kg/W) |
|------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | measured | measured |
| 2450 | 52.37 (5.24) | 24.26 (2.43) |



Page: 9/10





Ref: ACR 219.9.13.SATU.A

8 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

| Equipment Description | | | CONTROL (CONTROL (C)) (CONTROL (CONTROL (CONTROL (CONTROL (CONTROL (CONTROL (CONTROL | Next Calibration Date | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| SAM Phantom | Satimo | SN-20/09-SAM71 | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No ca required. | | | |
| COMOSAR Test Bench | Version 3 | NA | Validated. No cal required. | Validated. No ca required. | | | |
| Network Analyzer | Rhode & Schwarz ZVA | SN100132 | 02/2013 | 02/2016 | | | |
| Calipers | Carrera | CALIPER-01 | 12/2012 | 12/2015 | | | |
| Reference Probe | Satimo | EPG122 SN 18/11 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | | | |
| Multimeter | Keithley 2000 | 1188656 | 11/2012 | 11/2015 | | | |
| Signal Generator | Agilent E4438C | MY49070581 | 12/2012 | 12/2015 | | | |
| Amplifier | Aethercomm | SN 046 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required | | | |
| Power Meter | HP E4418A | U\$38261498 | 11/2012 | 11/2015 | | | |
| Power Sensor | HP ECP-E26A | US37181460 | 11/2012 | 11/2015 | | | |
| Directional Coupler | Narda 4216-20 | 01386 | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | Characterized prior to test. No cal required. | | | |
| Temperature and Humidity Sensor | Control Company | 11-661-9 | 3/2013 | 3/2015 | | | |

Page: 10/10

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--END OF REPORT--