

ISSUED BY Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.



FOR

# Lcon Wireless Bluetooth Headphone

**ISSUED TO** A- Audio Headphones, Inc

7200 Corporate Center Drive Miami, Florida 33126 USA





Report No.: BL-SZ1470024-602

**EUT Type: Lcon Wireless Bluetooth Headphones** 

Model Name: A21, A22

Brand Name: A AUDIO

Test Standard: 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C

FCC ID: 2AC4GA21A22

Test conclusion: Pass

Test Date:

Jul. 29, 2014 ~ Aug. 23, 2014

Date of Issue: Mar. 13, 2015

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Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P. R. China 518055

TEL: +86-755-66850100, FAX: +86-755-61824271

Email: info@baluntek.com www.baluntek.com



## **Revision History**

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# 1 ADMINISTRATIVE DATA (GENERAL INFORMATION)

## 1.1 Identification of the Testing Laboratory

Company Name	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
Address	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Phone Number	+86 755 6683 3402
Fax Number	+86 755 6182 4271

## 1.2 Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Test Location	Shenzhen BALUN Technology Co., Ltd.
Address	Block B, 1st FL, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi Road,
	Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
Accreditation Certificate	The laboratory has been listed by Industry Canada to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 11524A-1.  The laboratory has been listed by US Federal Communications Commission to perform electromagnetic emission measurements. The recognition numbers of test site are 832625.  The laboratory has met the requirements of the IAS Accreditation Criteria for Testing Laboratories (AC89), has demonstrated compliance with ISO/IEC Standard 17025:2005. The accreditation certificate number is TL-588.  The laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to
	ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L6791.
	All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are
Description	located at Block B, FL 1, Baisha Science and Technology Park, Shahe Xi
	Road, Nanshan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong Province, P. R. China
	518055

## 1.3 Announce

- (1) The test report is invalid if not marked with the signatures of the persons responsible for preparing and approving the test report.
- (2) The test report is invalid if there is any evidence and/or falsification.
- (3) The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample, under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein.
- (4) This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by BALUN and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section.
- (5) Content of the test report, in part or in full, cannot be used for publicity and/or promotional purposes without prior written approval from the laboratory.



# 2 PRODUCT INFORMATION

## 2.1 Applicant

Applicant	A- Audio Headphones, Inc
Address	7200 Corporate Center Drive Miami, Florida 33126 USA

## 2.2 Manufacturer

Manufacturer	OCVACO Electronic Limited	
Addross	No 142, South Tanshen Road, Tanzhou Town, Zhongshan City,	
Address	Guangdong, China	

## 2.3 General Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

EUT Type	Lcon Wireless Bluetooth Headphones
Model Name	A21, A22
Description of Model Name differentiation	The equipment model A21 and A22 are Lcon Wireless Bluetooth Headphones, the electrical parameters and internal structure of circuit are same, only the model name is different.
Hardware Version	V 1.2
Software Version	V 1.2
Network and Wireless connectivity	Bluetooth 3.0, Bluetooth 4.0 Low Energy (BLE)
About the Product	The equipment is Lcon Wireless Bluetooth Headphones, it contains Bluetooth 3.0 and Bluetooth 4.0 Low Energy (BLE) operating at 2.4GHz ISM band. Only the Bluetooth 4.0 Low Energy (BLE) was tested in this report.

## 2.4 Technical Information

Modulation Technology	FHSS
Modulation Type	GFSK
Transfer Rate	1Mbps
Fraguency Dange	The frequency range used is 2402MHz - 2480MHz;
Frequency Range	The frequency block is 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz.
Number of channel	40 (at intervals of 2MHz)
Tested Channel	0 (2402MHz),19 (2440MHz), 39 (2480MHz).
Antenna Type	PIFA Antenna
Antenna Gain	0dBi

Note: The above EUT information in section 2.3 and 2.4 was declared by manufacturer and for more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or user's manual.



# 2.5 Ancillary Equipment

	Battery		
	Brand Name	N/A	
	Model No	PT602248	
Ancillary Equipment 1	Serial No	N/A	
	Capacitance	650 mAh	
	Rated Voltage	3.7V	
	Extreme Voltage	Low: 3.3V / High:4.2V	
Ancillary Equipment 2	Audio Line		
Ancillary Equipment 3	Audio Line (Control)	ne (Control)	



# **3 SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS**

## 3.1 Test Standards

No.	Identity	Document Title		
	47 CFR Part 15,			
1	Subpart C	Miscellaneous Wireless Communications Services		
	(10-1-13 Edition)			
2	KDB Publication 558074	Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on		
	D01v03r02	Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247		
	ANSI C63.4-2014	American National Standard for Standard for Methods of		
3		Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage		
3		Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40		
		GHz		
4	ANSI C63.10-2013	American National Standard for Testing Unlicensed Wireless		
4	ANSI C03. 10-2013	Devices		

# 3.2 Verdict

No.	Description	FCC Part No.	Test Result	Verdict
1	Antenna Requirement	15.203 15.247(b)	Note1	Pass
2	Output Power	15.247(b)	ANNEX A.1	Pass
3	6dB Bandwidth	15.247(a)	ANNEX A.2	Pass
4	Conducted Spurious Emission	15.247(d)	ANNEX A.3	Pass
5	Conducted Emission	15.207	ANNEX A.4	Pass
6	Radiated Spurious Emission	15.209 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.5	Pass
7	Band Edge	15.209 15.247(d)	ANNEX A.6	Pass
8	8 Power spectral density (PSD)		ANNEX A.7	Pass
Note 1: Please refer to section 5.1				



# **4 GENERAL TEST CONFIGURATIONS**

## 4.1 Test Environments

During the measurement, the normal environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Relative Humidity (%)	45 - 55			
Atmospheric Pressure (kPa)	100 - 102			
Temperature	NT (Normal Temperature)	+22°C to +25°C		
Working Voltage of the EUT	NV (Normal Voltage)	3.7V		

# 4.2 Test Equipment List

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Spectrum Analyzer	AGILENT	E4440A	MY45304434	2014.07.07	2015.07.06
Spectrum Analyzer	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	FSL3	103640/003	2014.07.07	2015.07.06
Power Splitter	KMW	DCPD-LDC	1305003215	2014.07.07	2015.07.06
Power Sensor	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	NRP-Z21	103971	2014.07.07	2015.07.06
Attenuator (20dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-201	110617091		
Attenuator (6dB)	KMW	ZA-S1-61	1305003189		
DC Power Supply	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	HMP2020	018141664	2014.07.07	2015.07.06
Temperature Chamber	ANGELANTIONI SCIENCE	NTH64-40A	1310	2014.07.07	2015.07.06
Test Antenna- Loop(9kHz-30MHz)	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519	1519-037	2013.07.02	2015.07.01
Test Antenna- Bi-Log(30MHz-3G Hz)	SCHWARZBECK	VULB 9163	9163-624	2013.07.03	2015.07.02
Test Antenna- Horn(1-18GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1148	2013.07.02	2015.07.01
Test Antenna- Horn(15-26.5GHz)	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	9170-305	2013.07.02	2015.07.01
Anechoic Chamber	RAINFORD	9m*6m*6m	N/A	2013.10.07	2015.10.06

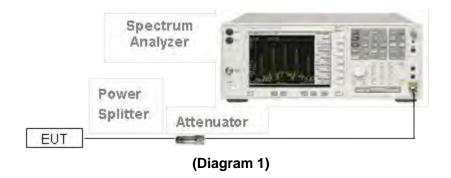


# 4.3 Test Configurations

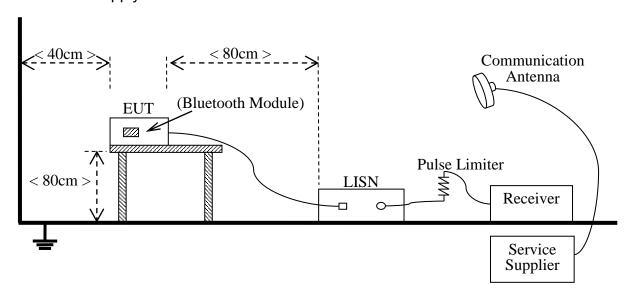
Test	Description				
Configurations (TC) NO.	Signal Description	Operating Frequency			
Transmitter					
TC01	FHSS modulation, GFSK	Ch No. 0/ 2402MHz			
TC02	FHSS modulation, GFSK	Ch No.19/ 2440MHz			
TC03	FHSS modulation, GFSK	Ch No. 39/ 2480MHz			

## 4.4 Description of Test Setup

## 4.4.1 For Antenna Port Test



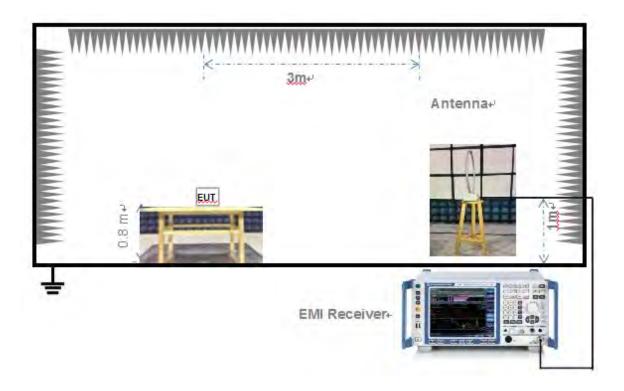
## 4.4.2 For AC Power Supply Port Test



(Diagram 2)

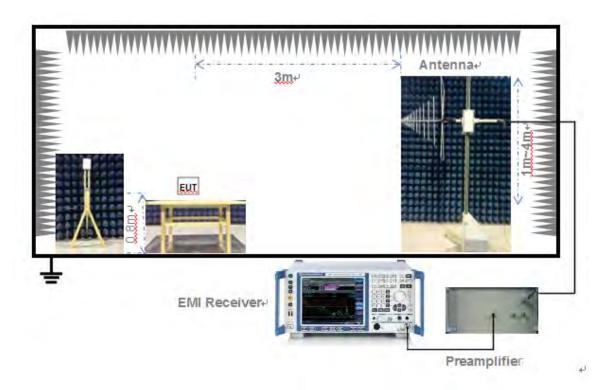


## 4.4.3 For Radiated Test (Below 30MHz)



(Diagram 3)

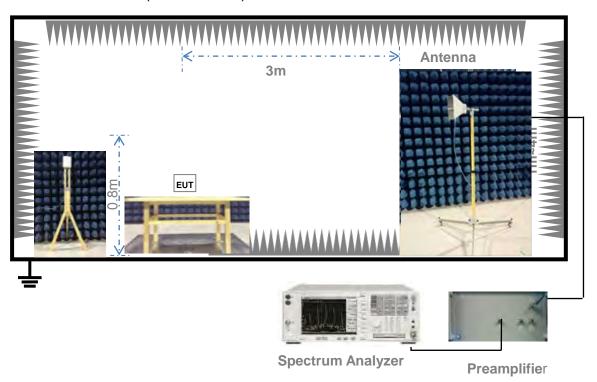
## 4.4.4 For Radiated Test (30MHz-1GHz)



(Diagram 4)



## 4.4.5 For Radiated Test (Above 1GHz)



(Diagram 5)



## 4.5 Test Conditions

Toot Coop		Test Conditions			
Test Case	Test Env.	Test Setup Note 1	Test Configuration Note 2		
Peak Output Power	NTNV	Test Setup 1	TC01~TC03		
Occupied Bandwidth	NTNV	Test Setup 1	TC01~TC03		
Conducted Spurious	NITNI\ /	Task Oak va 4	TC01~TC03		
Emission	NTNV	Test Setup 1			
Conducted Emission	NTNV	Test Setup 2	TC01~TC03		
Radiated Spurious		Test Setup 3	TC01~TC03		
Emission	NTNV	Test Setup 4			
E1111881011		Test Setup 5			
Band Edge	NTNV	Test Setup 1	TC01, TC03		
Power spectral density	NTNV	Test Setup 2	TC01~TC03		
(PSD)	141144	1031 Octup 2			

## Note:

- 1. Please refer to section 4.4 for test setup details.
- 2. Please refer to section 4.3 for test setup details.



## 5 TEST ITEMS

## 5.1 Antenna Requirements

## 5.1.1 Standard Applicable

FCC §15.203 & 15.247(b)

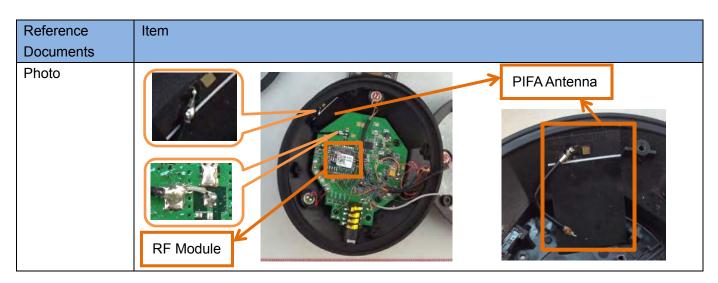
An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited. This requirement does not apply to carrier current devices or to devices operated under the provisions of § 15.211, § 15.213, § 15.217, § 15.219, or § 15.221. Further, this requirement does not apply to intentional radiators that must be professionally installed, such as perimeter protection systems and some field disturbance sensors, or to other intentional radiators which, in accordance with § 15.31(d), must be measured at the installation site. However, the installer shall be responsible for ensuring that the proper antenna is employed so that the limits in this part are not exceeded.

If directional gain of transmitting antennas is greater than 6dBi, the power shall be reduced by the same level in dB comparing to gain minus 6dBi. For the fixed point-to-point operation, the power shall be reduced by one dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the FCC rule.

### 5.1.2 Antenna Anti-Replacement Construction

The Antenna Anti-Replacement as following method:

Protected Method	Description
The antenna is An embedded-in	The antenna feed point is welded on the mainboard, and the antenna
	fixed on the the inner wall of the shell, can't be replaced by the consumer.



#### 5.1.3 Antenna Gain

The antenna peak gain of EUT is less than 6 dBi. Therefore, it is not necessary to reduce maximum peak output power limit.



## 5.2 Output Power

#### 5.2.1 Test Limit

FCC § 15.247(b)

For systems using digital modulation in the 902-928 MHz, 2400-2483.5 MHz, and 5725-5850MHz bands: 1 Watt. As an alternative to a peak power measurement, compliance with the one Watt limit can be based on a measurement of the maximum conducted output power. Maximum Conducted Output Power is defined as the total transmit power delivered to all antennas and antenna elements averaged across all symbols in the signaling alphabet when the transmitter is operating at its maximum power control level. Power must be summed across all antennas and antenna elements.

#### 5.2.2 Test Procedure

### Maximum peak conducted output power

This procedure shall be used when the measurement instrument has available a resolution bandwidth that is greater than the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW ≥ DTS bandwidth.

Set VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Set span ≥ 3 x RBW

Sweep time = auto couple.

Detector = peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use peak marker function to determine the peak amplitude level.

### Measurements of duty cycle

The zero-span mode on a spectrum analyzer or EMI receiver if the response time and spacing between bins on the sweep are sufficient to permit accurate measurements of the on and off times of the transmitted signal.

Set the center frequency of the instrument to the center frequency of the transmission.

Set RBW ≥ OBW if possible; otherwise, set RBW to the largest available value.

Set VBW ≥ RBW. Set detector = peak or average.

The zero-span measurement method shall not be used unless both RBW and VBW are > 50/T and the number of sweep points across duration T exceeds 100. (For example, if VBW and/or RBW are limited to 3 MHz, then the zero-span method of measuring duty cycle shall not be used if T  $\leq$  16.7 microseconds.)



## 5.3 6dB Bandwidth

### 5.3.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(a)

Make the measurement with the spectrum analyzer's resolution bandwidth (RBW) = 100 kHz. In order to make an accurate measurement, set the span greater than RBW. The 6 dB bandwidth must be greater than 500 kHz.

#### 5.3.2 Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Set RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the video bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  3 RBW.

Detector = Peak.

Trace mode = max hold.

Sweep = auto couple.

Allow the trace to stabilize.

Measure the maximum width of the emission that is constrained by the frequencies associated with the two outermost amplitude points (upper and lower frequencies) that are attenuated by 6 dB relative to the maximum level measured in the fundamental emission.



## 5.4 Conducted Spurious Emission

### 5.4.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(c)

In any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

#### 5.4.2 Test Procedure

The DTS rules specify that in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band, the power shall be attenuated according to the following conditions:

- a) If the maximum peak conducted output power procedure was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.1, then the peak output power measured in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 20 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 20 dBc).
- b) If maximum conducted (average) output power was used to demonstrate compliance as described in 9.2, then the peak power in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside of the authorized frequency band shall be attenuated by at least 30 dB relative to the maximum in-band peak PSD level in 100 kHz (i.e., 30 dBc).
- c) In either case, attenuation to levels below the 15.209 general radiated emissions limits is not required.

The following procedures shall be used to demonstrate compliance to these limits. Note that these procedures can be used in either an antenna-port conducted or radiated test set-up. Radiated tests must conform to the test site requirements and utilize maximization procedures defined herein.

#### Reference level measurement

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to  $\geq$  1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

### **Emission level measurement**

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:



Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

Set the RBW = 100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) are attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.1 a) or 11.1 b). Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.



## 5.5 Conducted Emission

#### 5.5.1 Limit

FCC §15.207

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150kHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a  $50\mu\text{H}/50\Omega$  line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Eroguenov rango (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBµV)			
Frequency range (MHz)	Quai-peak	Average		
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46		
0.50 - 5	56	46		
0.50 - 30	60	50		

#### 5.5.2 Test Procedure

The maximum conducted interference is searched using Peak (PK), if the emission levels more than the AV and QP limits, and that have narrow margins from the AV and QP limits will be re-measured with AV and QP detectors. Tests for both L phase and N phase lines of the power mains connected to the EUT are performed. Refer to recorded points and plots below.



## 5.6 Radiated Spurious Emission

#### 5.6.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(c)

Radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).

According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

#### Note:

- 1. For Above 1000MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
- For above 1000MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK).

#### 5.6.2 Test Procedure

The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The Turn Table is actuated to turn from 0° to 360°, and both horizontal and vertical polarizations of the Test Antenna are used to find the maximum radiated power. Mid channels on all channel bandwidth verified. Only the worst RB size/offset presented.

The power of the EUT transmitting frequency should be ignored.

All Spurious Emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured

RBW = 1 MHz for f ≥ 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz

VBW ≥ RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold



## 5.7 Band Edge

#### 5.7.1 Limit

FCC §15.209&15.247(d)

In any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

#### 5.7.2 Test Procedure

The following procedures may be used to determine the peak or average field strength or power of an unwanted emission that is within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge. If a peak detector is utilized, use the procedure described in 13.2.1. Use the procedure described in 13.2.2 when using an average detector and the EUT can be configured to transmit continuously (i.e., duty cycle  $\geq$  98%). Use the procedure described in 13.2.3 when using an average detector and the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously but the duty cycle is constant (i.e., duty cycle variations are less than  $\pm$  2 percent). Use the procedure described in 13.2.4 when using an average detector for those cases where the EUT cannot be configured to transmit continuously and the duty cycle is not constant (duty cycle variations equal or exceed 2 percent).

When using a peak detector to measure unwanted emissions at or near the band edge (within 2 MHz of the authorized band), the following integration procedure can be used.

Set instrument center frequency to the frequency of the emission to be measured (must be within 2 MHz of the authorized band edge).

Set span to 2 MHz

RBW = 100 kHz.

VBW  $\geq$  3 x RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow sweep to continue until the trace stabilizes (required measurement time may increase for low duty cycle applications)

Compute the power by integrating the spectrum over 1 MHz using the analyzer's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the emission frequency (femission)  $\pm$  0.5 MHz. If the instrument does not have a band power function, then sum the amplitude levels (in power units) at 100 kHz intervals extending across the 1 MHz spectrum defined by femission  $\pm$  0.5 MHz.



## 5.8 Power Spectral density (PSD)

### 5.8.1 Limit

FCC §15.247(d)

The same method of determining the conducted output power shall be used to determine the power spectral density. If a peak output power is measured, then a peak power spectral density measurement is required. If an average output power is measured, then an average power spectral density measurement should be used.

### 5.8.2 Test Procedure

Set analyzer center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.

Set the span to 1.5 times the DTS bandwidth.

Set the RBW to: 3 kHz  $\leq$  RBW  $\leq$  100 kHz.

Set the VBW  $\geq$  3 RBW.

Detector = peak.

Sweep time = auto couple.

Trace mode = max hold.

Allow trace to fully stabilize.

Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level within the RBW.

If measured value exceeds limit, reduce RBW (no less than 3 kHz) and repeat.



## ANNEX A TEST RESULT

## **A.1 Output Power**

### **Duty Cycle**

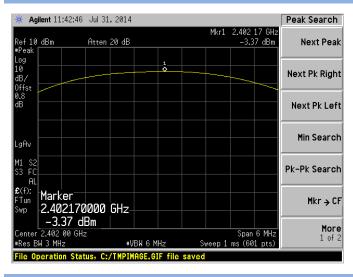
Band	Duty Cycle(%)	T(ms)	1/T(kHz)
GFSK	59.49	0.387	2.584

### Peak Power Test Data

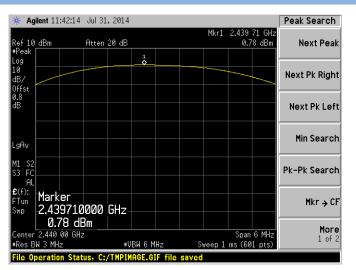
	Channal	Frequency	Measured Output Peak Power		Measured Output Peak Power Limit		Vardiat	
	Channel (MHz)		dBm	mW	dBm	mW	Verdict	
	Low	2402	-3.37	0.46			Pass	
	Middle	2440	0.78	1.20	30	1000	Pass	
	High	2480	2.23	1.67			Pass	

Peak Power Test Plots

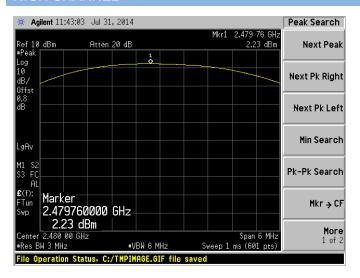
## LOW CHANNEL



#### MID CHANNEL



#### HIGH CHANNEL





## A.2 Bandwidth

#### **Test Data**

Channal	Frequency	6 dB Bandwidth	Limits
Channel	(MHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)
Low	2402	698.541	≥500
Middle	2440	700.136	≥500
High	2480	702.330	≥500

### Test plots

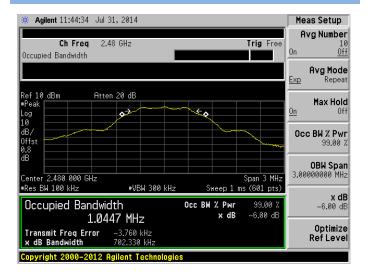
## LOW CHANNEL



## **MID CHANNEL**



## HIGH CHANNEL





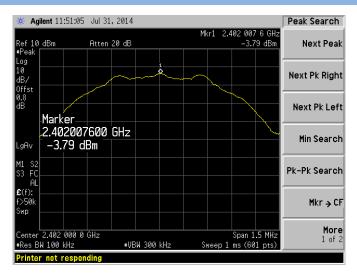
# **A.3 Conducted Spurious Emissions**

#### **Test Data**

	Frequency	Measured Max. Out of	Limit (	dBm)	V
Channel	(MHz)	Band Emission (dBm)	Carrier Level	Calculated 20 dBc Limit	Verdict
Low	2402	-45.30	-3.79	-23.8	Pass
Middle	2440	-46.86	0.36	-19.6	Pass
High	2480	-45.63	1.80	-18.2	Pass

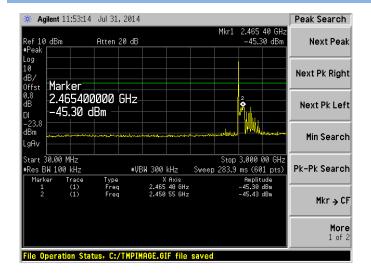
#### Test Plots

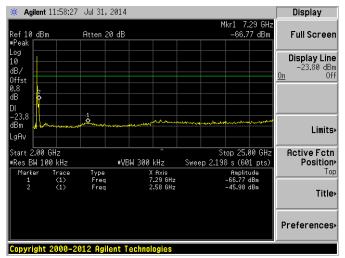
## LOW CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



## LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30MHz~3GHz

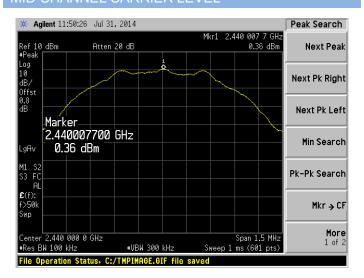
## LOW CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2GHz~25GHz





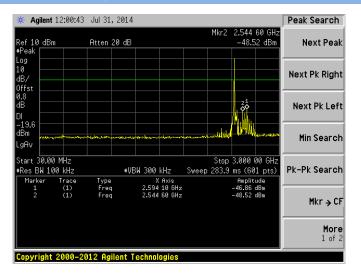


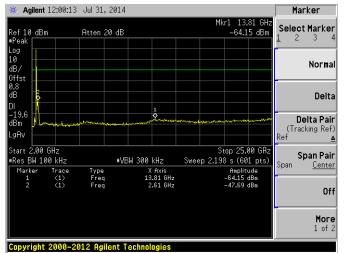
### MID CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



### MID CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30MHz~3GHz

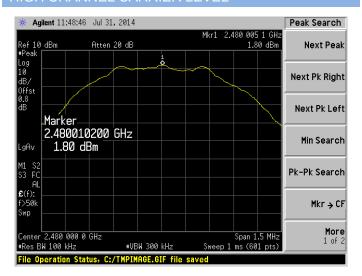
# MID CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2GHz~25GHz







### HIGH CHANNEL CARRIER LEVEL



## HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 30MHz~3GHz

#### 

Peak Search

Mkr → CF

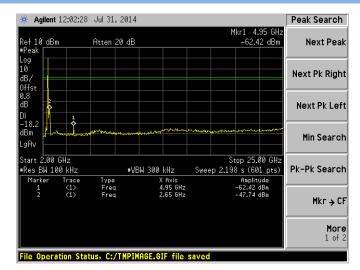
More 1 of 2

#### TIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS SUIVINZ~3GHZ

\* Agilent 12:01:41 Jul 31, 2014

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## HIGH CHANNEL, SPURIOUS 2GHz~25GHz





## **A.4 Conducted Emissions**

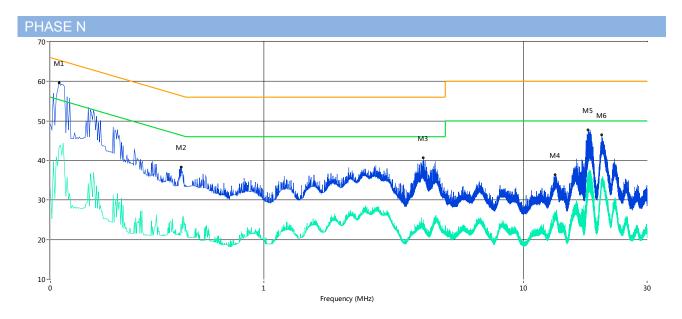
Note: All configurations have been tested, only the worst configuration (GFSK High Channel) shown here.

## Test Data and Plots



Frequency	Peak Level	Q-peak Level	Average	Factor (dB)	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin (dB)	Line	Verdict
(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	Level (dBuV)		(dBuV)	(dBuV)			
0.16	61.4		45.9	10.00	65.6	55.6	9.70	L Line	Pass
0.27	49.5		36.4	10.00	62.6	52.6	16.20	L Line	Pass
2.27	40.8		30.4	10.00	56.0	46.0	15.60	L Line	Pass
4.18	43.5		27.2	10.00	56.0	46.0	18.80	L Line	Pass
17.98	45.4		35.5	10.00	60.0	50.0	14.50	L Line	Pass
20.27	43.1		32.8	10.00	60.0	50.0	17.20	L Line	Pass





Frequency	Peak Level	Q-peak Level	Average	Factor (dB)	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin (dB)	Line	Verdict
(MHz)	(dBuV)	(dBuV)	Level (dBuV)		(dBuV)	(dBuV)			
0.16	59.7		43.4	10.00	65.7	55.7	12.30	N Line	Pass
0.48	38.3		22.8	10.00	56.6	46.6	23.80	N Line	Pass
4.11	40.6		25.0	10.00	56.0	46.0	21.00	N Line	Pass
13.23	36.4		27.1	10.00	60.0	50.0	22.90	N Line	Pass
17.78	47.8	-	36.9	10.00	60.0	50.0	13.10	N Line	Pass
20.09	46.4		34.0	10.00	60.0	50.0	16.00	N Line	Pass



### A.5 Radiated Emission

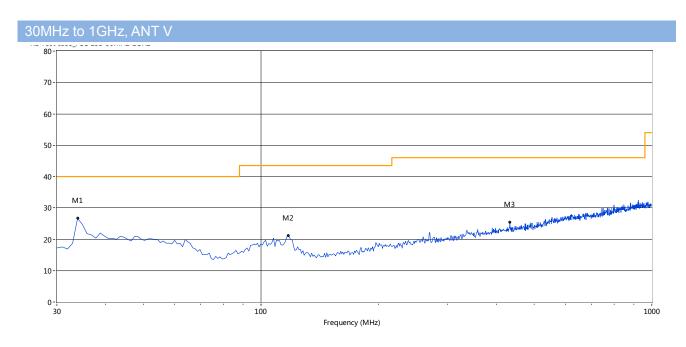
Note 1: The symbol of "--" in the table which means not application.

Note 2: For the test data above 1GHz, According the ANSI C63.4-2014, where limits are specified for both average and peak (or quasi-peak) detector functions, if the peak (or quasi-peak) measured value complies with the average limit, it is unnecessary to perform an average measurement.

Note 3: All configurations have been tested, only the worst configuration (GFSK High Channel) shown here.

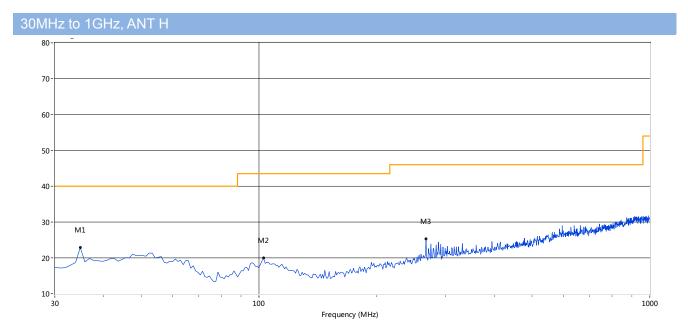
### Test Data and Plots

The low frequency, which started from 9 kHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.



Frequency	Peak	Q-peak	Average	Factor	PK Limit	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin	Table (o)	Height	ANT	Verdict
(MHz)	Level	Level	Level	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(cm)		
	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)									
33.88	26.68			-21.41		40.0		13.32	329.60	100	Vertical	Pass
117.21	21.11			-21.36		40.0		18.89	225.60	100	Vertical	Pass
433.12	25.38			-14.82		47.0	-	21.62	138.40	100	Vertical	Pass



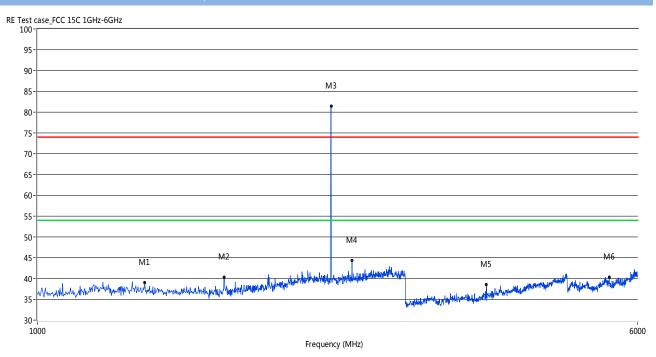


Frequency	Peak	Q-peak	Average	Factor	PK Limit	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin	Table (o)	Height	ANT	Verdict
(MHz)	Level	Level	Level	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(cm)		
	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)									
34.85	22.86			-21.14		40.0	-	17.14	205.30	100	Horizontal	Pass
102.68	19.97			-20.07		43.5		23.53	236.40	100	Horizontal	Pass
267.41	25.40			-18.72		46.0		20.60	267.50	100	Horizontal	Pass



Note: The marked spikes near 2400MHz with circle should be ignored because they are Fundamental signal. <u>Test Data and Plots(1GHz ~ 10th Harmonic)</u>

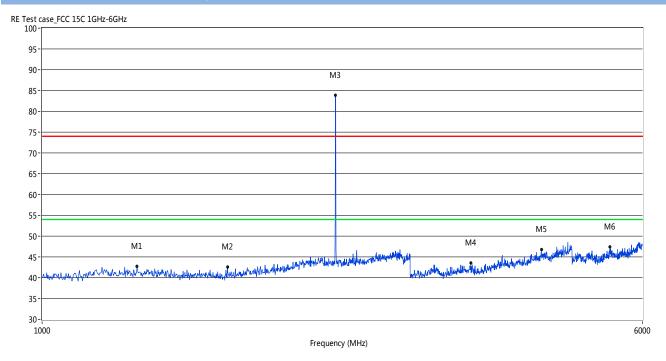
#### LOW CHANNEL 1GHz to 6GHz, ANT V



Frequency	Peak	Q-peak	Average	Factor	PK Limit	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin	Table (o)	Height	ANT	Verdict
(MHz)	Level	Level	Level	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(cm)		
	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)									
1377.62	39.00			-4.27	74.0		54.0	15.00	228.00	100	Vertical	Pass
1745.26	40.40			-4.00	74.0	-	54.0	13.60	129.50	100	Vertical	Pass
2402.60	81.44			-0.71	74.0		54.0	-27.44	150.60	100	Vertical	N/A
2558.44	44.38			-0.40	74.0	1	54.0	9.62	157.70	100	Vertical	Pass
3821.18	38.55			9.54	74.0	-	54.0	15.45	350.80	100	Vertical	Pass
5514.49	40.31			13.51	74.0		54.0	13.69	6.50	100	Vertical	Pass



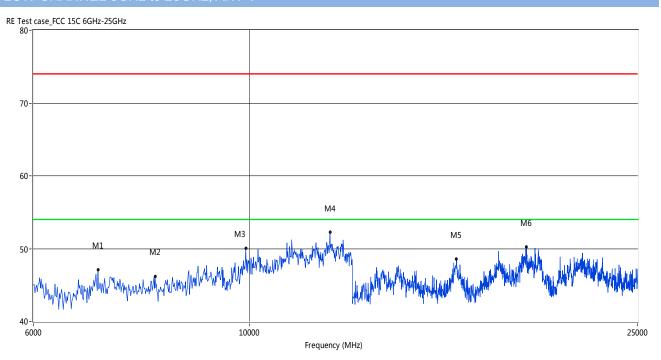
## LOW CHANNEL 1GHz to 6GHz, ANT H



Frequency	Peak	Q-peak	Average	Factor	PK Limit	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin	Table (o)	Height	ANT	Verdict
(MHz)	Level	Level	Level	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(cm)		
	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)									
1327.67	42.81			-4.12	74.0		54.0	11.19	42.70	100	Horizontal	Pass
1739.26	42.59			-4.08	74.0		54.0	11.41	15.20	100	Horizontal	Pass
2400.60	83.93			-0.67	74.0		54.0	-29.93	90.90	100	Horizontal	N/A
3596.40	43.58			8.75	74.0		54.0	10.42	103.90	100	Horizontal	Pass
4438.56	46.85			10.93	74.0		54.0	7.15	79.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
5448.55	47.46			13.60	74.0		54.0	6.54	354.60	100	Horizontal	Pass



#### LOW CHANNEL 6GHz to 25GHz. ANT V



Frequency	Peak	Q-peak	Average	PK Limit	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin (dB)	Table (o)	Height (cm)
(MHz)	Level	Level	Level	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)			
	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)						
6988.35	47.07			74.0		54.0	6.93	Vertical	Pass
7999.17	46.14			74.0		54.0	7.86	Vertical	Pass
9908.49	50.07			74.0		54.0	3.93	Vertical	Pass
12087.35	52.22			74.0		54.0	1.78	Vertical	Pass
16296.17	48.61			74.0		54.0	5.39	Vertical	Pass
19229.62	50.25			74.0		54.0	3.75	Vertical	Pass



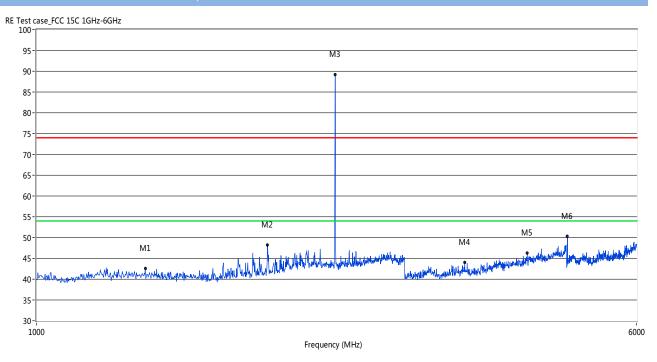
#### LOW CHANNEL 6GHz to 25GHz. ANT H



Frequency	Peak	Q-peak	Average	PK Limit	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin (dB)	Table (o)	Height (cm)
(MHz)	Level	Level	Level	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)			
	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)						
7201.75	46.85			74.0		54.0	7.15	Horizontal	Pass
8336.11	46.56			74.0		54.0	7.44	Horizontal	Pass
10088.19	49.70			74.0		54.0	4.30	Horizontal	Pass
12087.35	52.22			74.0		54.0	1.78	Horizontal	Pass
16202.58	48.05			74.0		54.0	5.95	Horizontal	Pass
19229.62	50.25			74.0		54.0	3.75	Horizontal	Pass



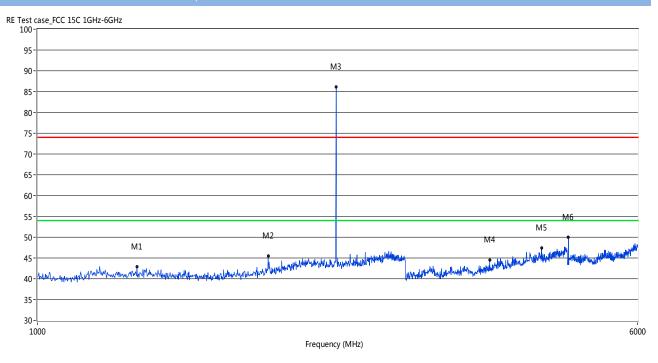
#### MID CHANNEL 1GHz to 6GHz, ANT V



Frequency	Peak	Q-peak	Average	Facto	PK Limit	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin	Table	Height	ANT	Verdict
(MHz)	Level	Level	Level	r (dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)	(o)	(cm)		
	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)									
1383.62	42.52			-4.29	74.0	-	54.0	11.48	137.30	100	Vertical	Pass
1993.01	48.26			-2.85	74.0		54.0	5.74	151.00	100	Vertical	Pass
2438.56	89.21			-0.53	74.0		54.0	-35.21	144.00	100	Vertical	N/A
3590.41	43.96			8.87	74.0		54.0	10.04	251.90	100	Vertical	Pass
4327.67	46.23			10.66	74.0		54.0	7.77	34.10	100	Vertical	Pass
4879.12	50.28			12.36	74.0		54.0	3.72	162.80	100	Vertical	Pass



### MID CHANNEL 1GHz to 6GHz. ANT H



Frequency	Peak	Q-peak	Average	Factor	PK Limit	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin	Table (o)	Height	ANT	Verdict
(MHz)	Level	Level	Level	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(cm)		
	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)									
1345.65	42.96			-4.34	74.0		54.0	11.04	83.50	100	Horizontal	Pass
1991.01	45.48			-2.81	74.0		54.0	8.52	97.50	100	Horizontal	Pass
2438.56	86.13			-0.53	74.0		54.0	-32.13	90.50	100	Horizontal	N/A
3857.14	44.54			10.07	74.0		54.0	9.46	49.50	100	Horizontal	Pass
4501.50	47.35			10.97	74.0		54.0	6.65	360.00	100	Horizontal	Pass
4879.12	50.06			12.36	74.0		54.0	3.94	148.50	100	Horizontal	Pass



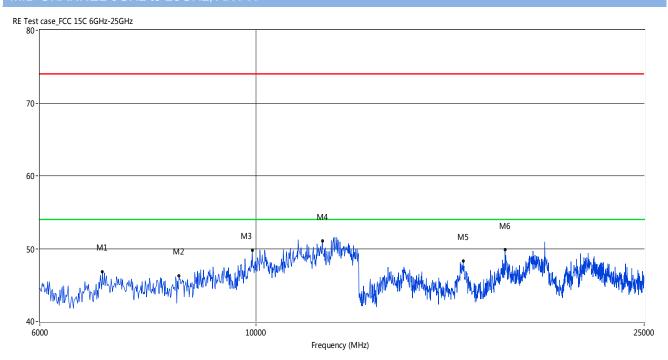
### MID CHANNEL 6GHz to 25GHz, ANT V



Frequency	Peak	Q-peak	Average	PK Limit	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin (dB)	Table (o)	Height (cm)
(MHz)	Level	Level	Level	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)			
	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)						
6988.35	47.53			74.0		54.0	6.47	Vertical	Pass
8414.73	46.34			74.0		54.0	7.66	Vertical	Pass
9908.49	49.85			74.0		54.0	4.15	Vertical	Pass
12042.43	51.68			74.0		54.0	2.32	Vertical	Pass
16264.98	48.63			74.0		54.0	5.37	Vertical	Pass
18001.66	50.20			74.0		54.0	3.80	Vertical	Pass



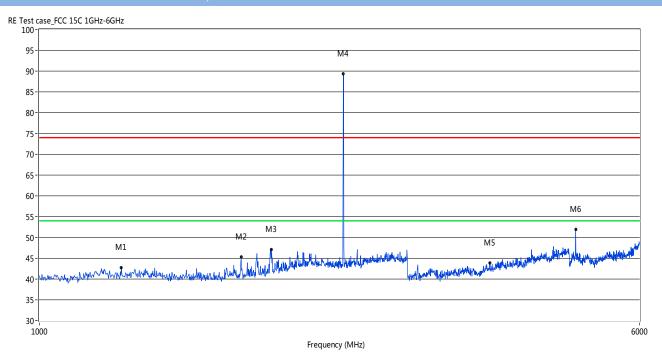
#### MID CHANNEL 6GHz to 25GHz. ANT H



Frequency	Peak	Q-peak	Average	PK Limit	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin (dB)	Table (o)	Height (cm)
(MHz)	Level	Level	Level	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)			
	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)						
6954.66	46.84			74.0		54.0	7.16	Horizontal	Pass
8336.11	46.25			74.0		54.0	7.75	Horizontal	Pass
9908.49	49.85			74.0		54.0	4.15	Horizontal	Pass
11694.26	51.03			74.0		54.0	2.97	Horizontal	Pass
16306.57	48.29			74.0		54.0	5.71	Horizontal	Pass
18001.66	50.20			74.0		54.0	3.80	Horizontal	Pass



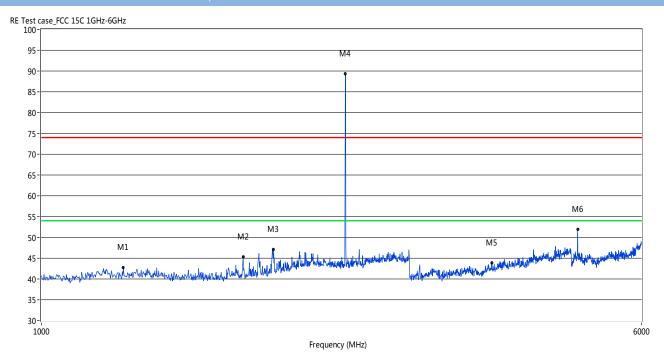
### HIGH CHANNEL 1GHz to 6GHz. ANT V



Frequency	Peak	Q-peak	Average	Factor	PK Limit	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin	Table (o)	Height	ANT	Verdict
(MHz)	Level	Level	Level	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(cm)		
	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)									
1277.72	42.79			-4.07	74.0		54.0	11.21	228.40	100	Vertical	Pass
1827.17	45.28			-3.60	74.0		54.0	8.72	118.50	100	Vertical	Pass
2001.00	47.07			-2.90	74.0		54.0	6.93	132.20	100	Vertical	Pass
2478.52	89.28			-0.62	74.0		54.0	-35.28	139.20	100	Vertical	N/A
3836.16	43.90			9.89	74.0		54.0	10.10	235.40	100	Vertical	Pass
4960.04	51.89			12.64	74.0		54.0	2.11	161.60	100	Vertical	Pass



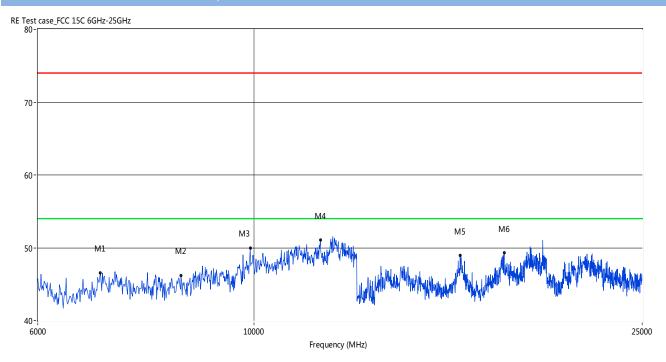
### HIGH CHANNEL 1GHz to 6GHz. ANT H



Frequency	Peak	Q-peak	Average	Factor	PK Limit	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin	Table (o)	Height	ANT	Verdict
(MHz)	Level	Level	Level	(dB)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dB)		(cm)		
	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)									
1277.72	42.79			-4.07	74.0		54.0	11.21	228.40	100	Vertical	Pass
1827.17	45.28			-3.60	74.0		54.0	8.72	118.50	100	Vertical	Pass
2001.00	47.07			-2.90	74.0		54.0	6.93	132.20	100	Vertical	Pass
2478.52	89.28			-0.62	74.0		54.0	-35.28	139.20	100	Vertical	N/A
3836.16	43.90			9.89	74.0		54.0	10.10	235.40	100	Vertical	Pass
4960.04	51.89			12.64	74.0		54.0	2.11	161.60	100	Vertical	Pass



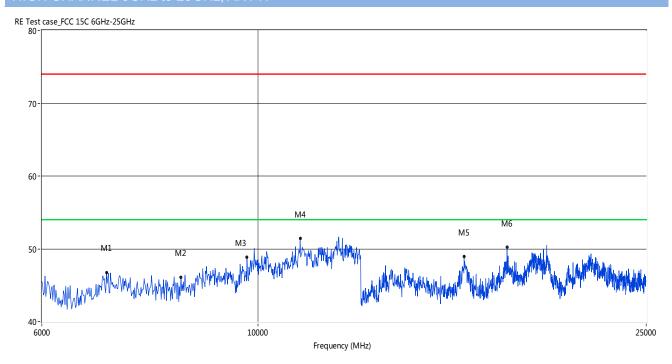
#### HIGH CHANNEL 6GHz to 25GHz, ANT V



Frequency	Peak	Q-peak	Average	PK Limit	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin (dB)	Table (o)	Height (cm)
(MHz)	Level	Level	Level	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)			
	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)						
6954.66	46.84			74.0		54.0	7.16	Vertical	Pass
8414.73	46.15			74.0		54.0	7.85	Vertical	Pass
9908.49	49.85			74.0		54.0	4.15	Vertical	Pass
11694.26	51.03			74.0		54.0	2.97	Vertical	Pass
16264.98	48.97			74.0		54.0	5.03	Vertical	Pass
18053.66	49.28			74.0		54.0	4.72	Vertical	Pass



#### HIGH CHANNEL 6GHz to 25GHz. ANT H



Frequency	Peak	Q-peak	Average	PK Limit	QP Limit	AV Limit	Margin (dB)	Table (o)	Height (cm)
(MHz)	Level	Level	Level	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)			
	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)	(dBuV/m)						
6988.35	47.14			74.0		54.0	6.86	Horizontal	Pass
8336.11	46.25			74.0		54.0	7.75	Horizontal	Pass
9740.02	48.86			74.0		54.0	5.14	Horizontal	Pass
11042.84	51.51			74.0		54.0	2.49	Horizontal	Pass
16264.98	48.67			74.0		54.0	5.33	Horizontal	Pass
18001.66	50.19			74.0		54.0	3.81	Horizontal	Pass



## A.5 Band Edge

### **Test Data**

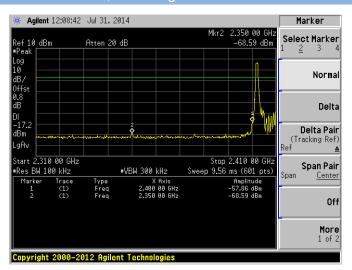
The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify the band edge emissions. Please refer to the following the plots for emissions values.

### **Test Plots**

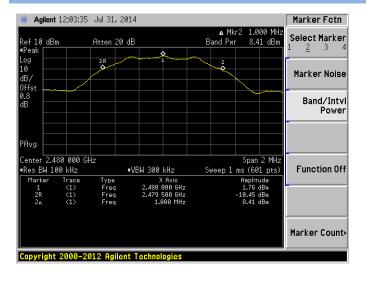
## LOW CHANNEL, Reference level

## \* Agilent 12:06:50 Jul 31, 2014 Trace Trace Atten 20 dB Clear Write dB/ Offst 0.8 dB Max Hold Center 2.402000000 GHz Min Hold Center 2.402 000 GHz Res BW 100 kHz Span 2 MHz Sweep 1 ms (601 pts) #VBW 300 kHz View Blank More 1 of 2 File Operation Status, C:/TMPIMAGE.GIF file saved

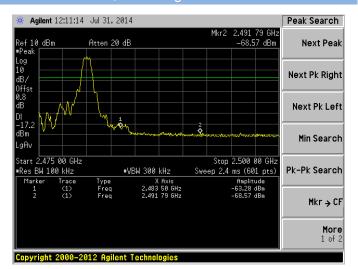
### LOW CHANNEL, Band Edge



### HIGH CHANNEL, Reference leve



### HIGH CHANNEL, Band Edge





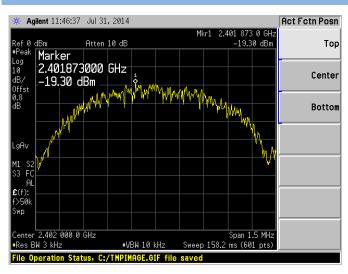
## A.6 Power Spectral Density (PSD)

### Test Data

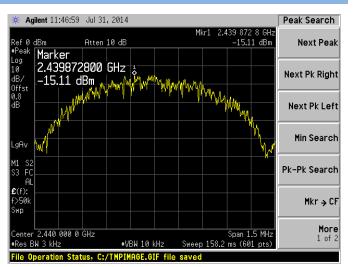
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Spectral power density (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)		
Low	2402	-19.30	8		
Middle	2440	-15.11	8		
High	2480	-13.59	8		

### Test plots

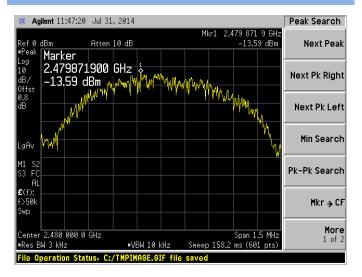
### **LOW CHANNEL**



#### MID CHANNEL



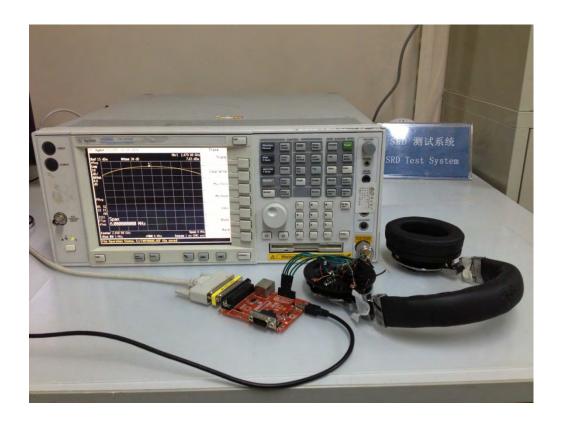
### **HIGH CHANNEL**





# ANNEX B TEST SETUP PHOTOS

# **B.1** Conducted Test Photo



# **B.2** Conducted Emissions Test Photo





# **B.3** Radiated Test Photo

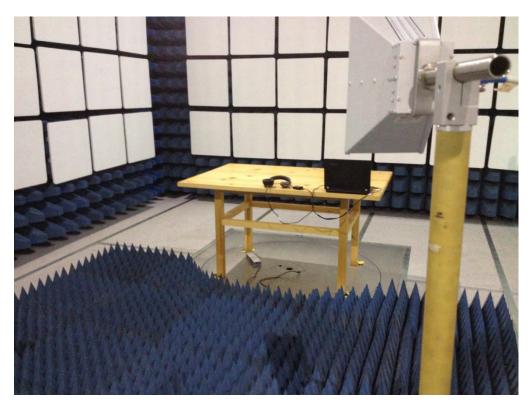


Below 30MHz



30MHz to 1GHz





Above 1GHz



# **ANNEX C EUT PHOTOS**

# C.1 Appearance of the EUT



THE FRONT OF EUT



THE BACK OF EUT





THE DOWN OF EUT



THE UP OF EUT





THE LEFT OF EUT



THE RIGHT OF EUT





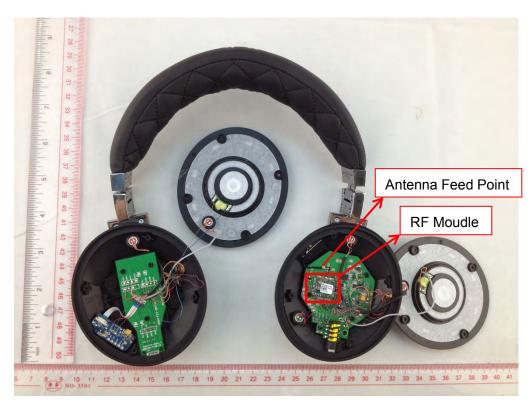
**AUDIO PHOTO** 



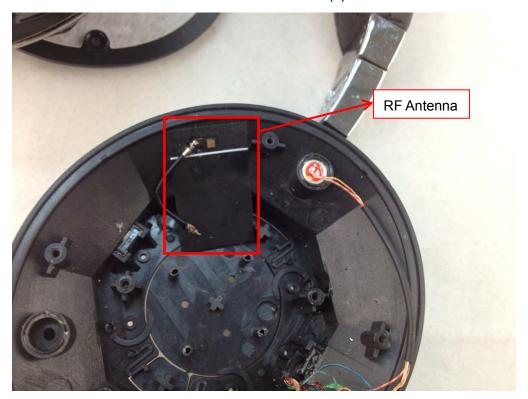
AUDIO (CONTROL) PHOTO

# C.2 Inside of the EUT





EUT UNCOVER VIEW (1)

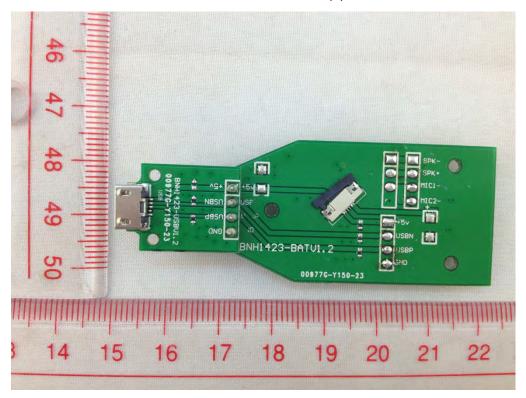


EUT UNCOVER VIEW (2)



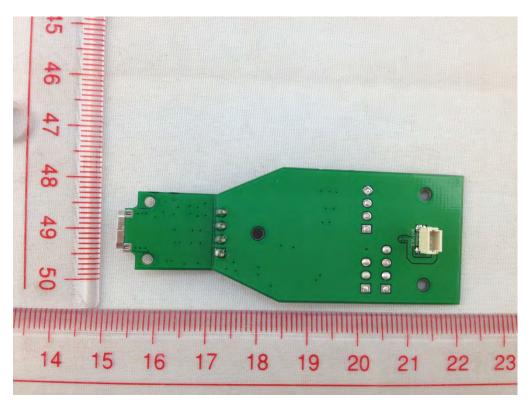


**EUT UNCOVER VIEW (3)** 

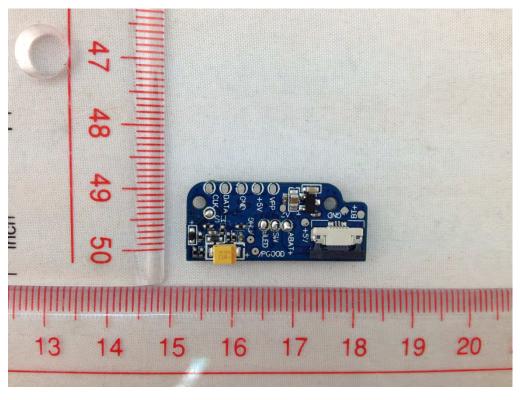


MAIN BOARD TOP VIEW 1



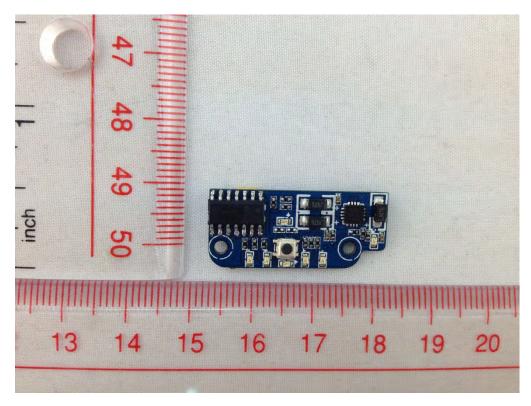


MAIN BOARD BACK VIEW 1

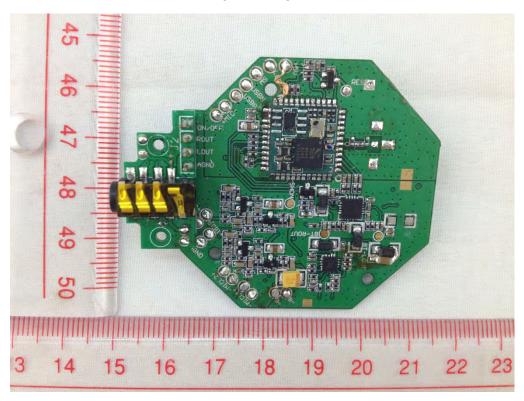


MAIN BOARD TOP VIEW 2



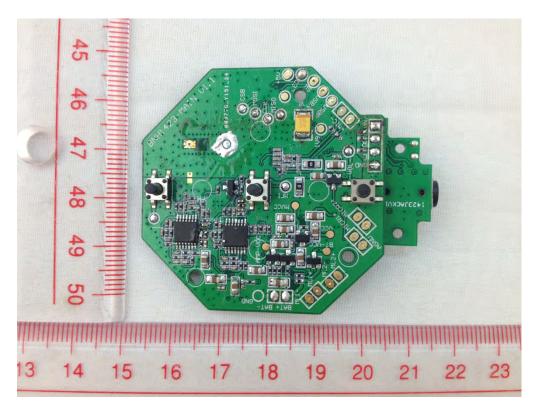


MAIN BOARD BACK VIEW 2

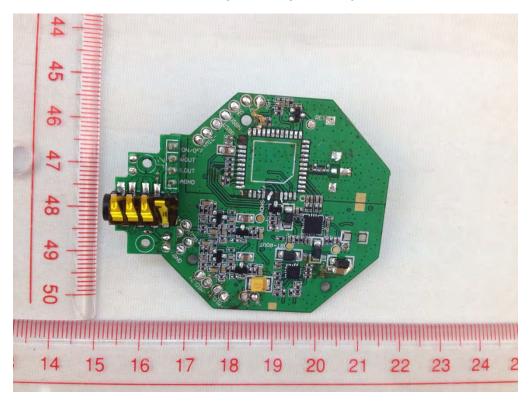


MAIN BOARD TOP VIEW 3



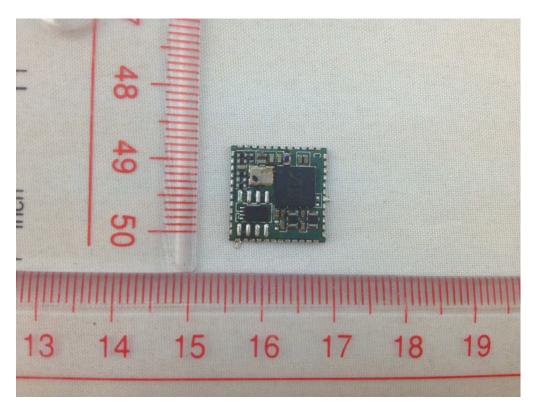


MAIN BOARD BACK VIEW 3

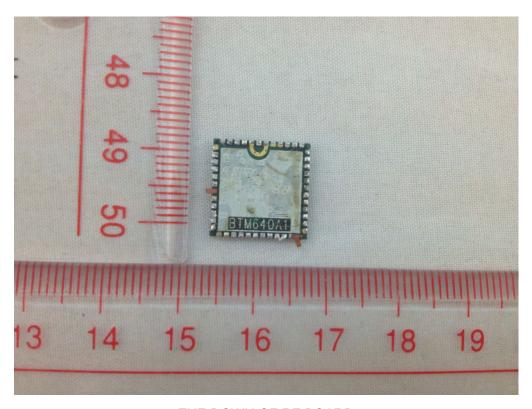


MAIN BOARD TOP VIEW 4



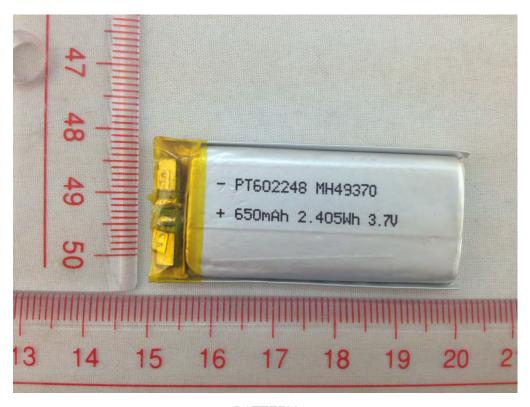


THE UP OF RF BOARD



THE DOWN OF RF BOARD





**BATTERY** 

--END OF REPORT--