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Testing of

Electromagnetic Emissions

per

USA: CFR Title 47, Part 15.247
Canada: IC RSS-210/GENe

are herein reported for

Acoustas Co
2AC35-MELODYGTX

Test Report No.: 20140924-01r1

Applicant/Provider:
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Measured by: Dr. Joseph Brunett, EMC-002790-NE

Report Approved by: Dr. Joseph Brunett, EMC-002790-NE

Report by: Dr. Joseph Brunett, EMC-002790-NE

Report Date of Issue: October 11, 2014

Results of testing completed on (or before) September 23, 2014 are as follows.

Emissions: The transmitter intentional emissions **COMPLY** with the regulatory limit(s) by no less than 13.2 dB. Transmit chain spurious harmonic emissions **COMPLY** by no less than 9.2 dB. Radiated spurious emissions associated with the receive chain of this device **COMPLY** the regulatory limit(s) by no less than 11.2 dB. Unintentional spurious emissions from digital circuitry **COMPLY** with radiated emission limit(s) by more than 20 dB. AC Power Line conducted emissions **COMPLY** by more than 6.9 dB.

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1 Test Specifications, General Procedures, and Location

1.1 Test Specification and General Procedures

The ultimate goal of Acoustas Co is to demonstrate that the Equipment Under Test (EUT) complies with the Rules and/or Directives below. Detailed in this report are the results of testing the Acoustas Co 2AC35-MELODYGTX for compliance to:

Country/Region	**Rules or Directive**	**Referenced Section(s)**
United States	Code of Federal Regulations	CFR Title 47, Part 15.247
Canada	Industry Canada	IC RSS-210/GENe

In association with the rules and directives outlined above, the following specifications and procedures are followed herein.

ANSI C63.4-2003	"Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electronic Equipment in the Range of 9 kHz to 40 GHz"
FCC KDB 558074 (2014)	"Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under 15.247"
FCC KDB 913591 (2007)	"Measurement of radiated emissions at the edge of the band for a Part 15 RF Device"
ICES-003; Issue 5 (2012)	"Information Technology Equipment (ITE) Limits and methods of measurement"
Industry Canada	"The Measurement of Occupied Bandwidth"

1.2 Test Location and Equipment Used

Test Location The EUT was fully tested by **Willow Run Test Labs, LLC**, 8501 Beck Road, Building 2227, Belleville, Michigan 48111 USA. The Test Facility description and attenuation characteristics are on file with the FCC Laboratory, Columbia, Maryland (FCC Reg. No: 688478) and with Industry Canada, Ottawa, ON (File Ref. No: IC 8719A-1).

Test Equipment Pertinent test equipment used for measurements at this facility is listed in Table 1. The quality system employed at Willow Run Test Labs, LLC has been established to ensure all equipment has a clearly identifiable classification, calibration expiry date, and that all calibrations are traceable to the SI through NIST, other recognized national laboratories, accepted fundamental or natural physical constants, ratio type of calibration, or by comparison to consensus standards.

Table 1: Willow Run Test Labs, LLC Equipment List.

Description	Manufacturer/Model	SN	Quality Number	Last Cal By / Date Due
Antennas				
Shielded Loop (9 kHz - 50 MHz)	EMCO/6502	2855	UMLOOP1	UMRL / July-2015
Dipole Set (20 MHz - 1000 MHz)	EMCO/3121C	9504-1121	DIPEMC001	Liberty Labs / Sept-2016
Bicone (20 MHz - 250 MHz)	JEF	1	BICJEF001	UMRL / July-2015
Bicone (200 MHz - 1000 MHz)	JEF	1	SBICJEF001	UMRL / July-2015
Log-Periodic Array (0.2 – 1 GHz)	JEF/Isbell	1	LOGJEF001	UMRL / July-2015
Ridge-Horn Antenna	Univ. of Michigan	5	UMHORN005	UMRL / July-2015
L-Band	JEF		HRNL001	WRTL / July-2015*
LS-Band Horns	JEF/NRL	001, 002	HRN15001, HRN15002	WRTL / July-2015*
S-Band Horns	Scientific-Atlanta	1854	HRNSB001	WRTL / July-2015*
C-Band	JEF/NRL	1	HRNC001	WRTL / July-2015*
XN-Band Horns	JEF/NRL	001, 002	HRNXN001, HRNXN002	WRTL / July-2015*
X-Band Horns	JEF/NRL	001, 002	HRNXB001, HRNXB002	WRTL / July-2015*
Ku-Band Horns	JEF/NRL	001, 002	HRNKU001, HRNKU002	WRTL / July-2015*
K-Band Horns	JEF/NRL	001, 002	HRNK001, HRNK002	WRTL / July-2015*
Ka-Band Horns	JEF/NRL	001, 002	HRNKA001, HRNKA002	WRTL / July-2015*
U-Band Horns	Microwave Associates	-	HRNU001	WRTL / July-2015*
V-Band Horns	Microwave Associates	-	HRNV001	WRTL / July-2015*
W-Band Horns	Microwave Associates	-	HRNW001	WRTL / July-2015*
Quad-Ridge Horns	Condor AS-48461	C35200	QRH218001	WRTL / July-2015
Analyzers & Generators				
Spectrum Analyzer	HP/8593E	3649A02722	HP8593E001	DTI / Nov-2014
Spectrum Analyzer	R&S/FSV30	101660	RSFSV30001	R&S / Mar-2015
Power Meter (Thermistor)	HP/432B	-	HP432B001	WRTL / as used
Signal Generator	R&S/SMATE200A	-	RSSMATE001	WRTL / as used
Radio Test Set	R&S/CMU200	100104	RSCMU20001	Not Necessary
Additional Equipment				
Ka-Band Harmonic Mixer	HP/11970A	-	MIXA001, MIXA002	WRTL / July-2015
U-Band Harmonic Mixer	HP/11970U	-	MIXU001, MIXU002	WRTL / July-2015
V-Band Harmonic Mixer	Hughes/47434H-1003	-	MIXV001	WRTL / July-2015
W-Band Harmonic Mixer	Hughes/47436H-1003	-	MIXW001	WRTL / July-2015
LISN	EMCO	9304-2081	LISNEM001	WRTL / Jan-2015

* Verification Only - Standard Gain Horn Antennas

2 Configuration and Identification of the Equipment Under Test

2.1 Description and Declarations

The EUT is a 2.4 GHz Digital Transceiver. The EUT is approximately 5 x 4 x 2 cm in dimension, and is depicted in Figure 1. It is powered by a 3.7 VDC lithium-ion rechargeable battery. This device is envisioned as a commercial digitized audio transmitter for use inside acoustic instruments. Table 2 outlines provider declared EUT specifications.

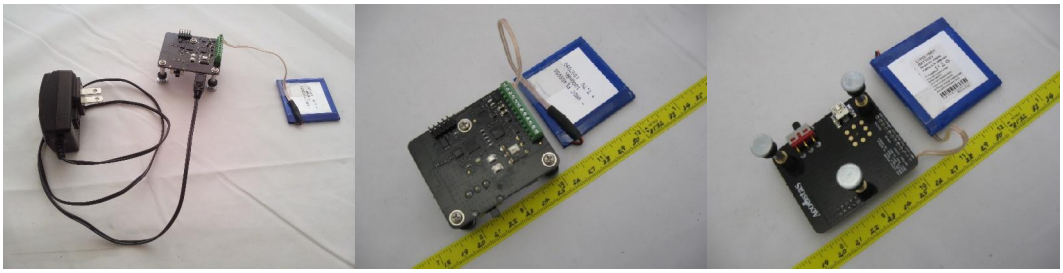


Figure 1: Photos of EUT.

Table 2: EUT Declarations.

General Declarations			
Equipment Type:	DTS Audio Transceiver	**Country of Origin:**	USA
Nominal Supply:	3.7 VDC	**Oper. Temp Range:**	Not Declared
Frequency Range:	2406 – 2466 MHz	**Antenna Dimension:**	Not Applicable
Antenna Type:	PCB trace	**Antenna Gain:**	1.1 dBi (declared)
Number of Channels:	16	**Channel Spacing:**	4 MHz
Alignment Range:	Not Applicable	**Type of Modulation:**	GFSK
United States			
FCC ID Number:	2AC35-MELODYGTX	**Classification:**	DTS
Canada			
IC Number:	12297A-MELODYG	**Classification:**	Digital Transmission System, Digital Device

2.1.1 EUT Configuration

The EUT is configured for testing as depicted in Figure 2.

2.1.2 Modes of Operation

The EUT is capable of only one mode of operation; picking up sound using an attached microphone and transmitting that audio over the RF link to a paired base station. The radio dynamically employs all 16 radio channels during normal operation. For testing purposes, the DTS transmitter was programmed for continuous transmission of modulated data on low, middle, and high channels.

2.1.3 Variants

There is only a single variant of the EUT, as tested.

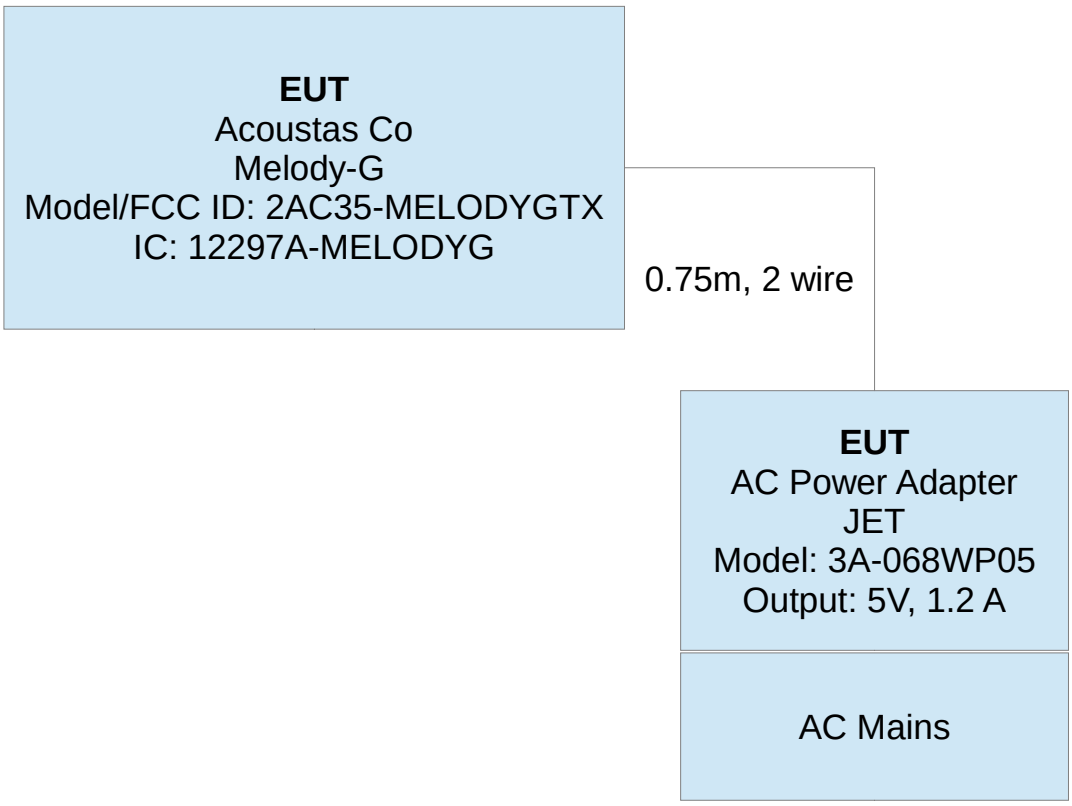


Figure 2: EUT Test Configuration Diagram.

2.1.4 Test Samples

One sample of the EUT was provided for testing, along with an associated TI chipset programmer and a PC with TI software capable of commanding the radio into compliance test modes.

2.1.5 Functional Exerciser

For RF testing, the radio was placed into the maximum possible (continuous) data rate and maximum power setting using custom software provided by the radio manufacturer. The normal operating EUT was tested for functionality as a audio transmitter with a paired base station during testing.

2.1.6 Modifications Made

There were no modifications made to the EUT by this laboratory.

2.1.7 Production Intent

The EUT appears is a production ready sample. The EUT does not employ a chassis.

2.1.8 Declared Exemptions and Additional Product Notes

The EUT employs a proprietary GFSK communication over 16 software selected channels. The radio parameters cannot be adjusted by the end user and the EUT communicates only with an associated receiver. This is an expensive product sold only for use by professional musicians. As such, it is subject to digital emissions regulation as a Class A commercial product.

3 Emissions

3.1 General Test Procedures

3.1.1 Radiated Test Setup and Procedures

Radiated electromagnetic emissions from the EUT are first evaluated in our shielded fully anechoic chamber. Spectrum and modulation characteristics of all emissions are recorded, and emissions above 1 GHz are fully characterized. The anechoic chamber contains a set-up similar to that of our outdoor 3-meter site, with a turntable and antenna mast. Instrumentation, including spectrum analyzers and other test equipment as detailed in Section 1.2 are employed. After indoor pre-scans, emission measurements are made on our outdoor 3-meter Open Area Test Site (OATS). If the EUT connects to auxiliary equipment and is table or floor standing, the configurations prescribed in ANSI C63.4 / CISPR-22 are followed. Alternatively, a layout closest to normal use (as declared by the provider) is employed if the resulting emissions appear to be worst-case in such a configuration. See Figure 3. All

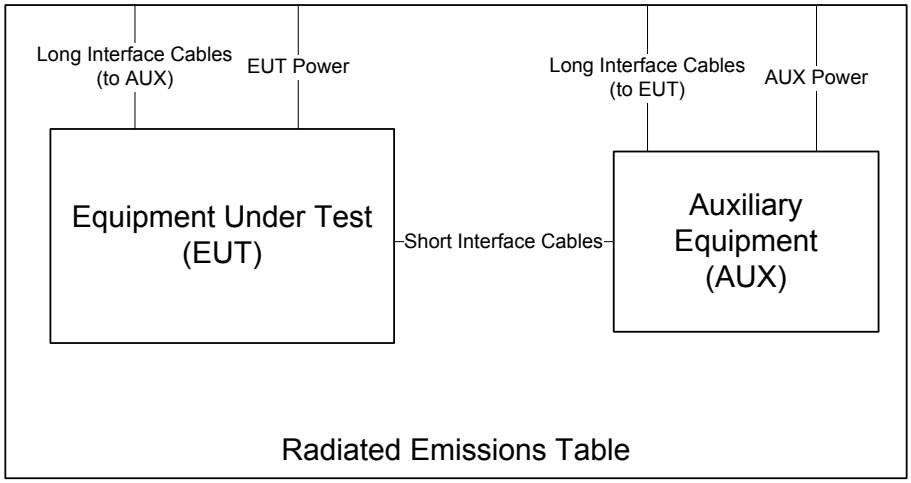


Figure 3: Radiated Emissions Diagram of the EUT.

intentionally radiating elements that are not fixed-mounted in use are placed on the test table lying flat, on their side, and on their end (3-axes) and the resulting worst case emissions are recorded. If the EUT is fixed-mounted in use, measurements are made with the device oriented in the manner consistent with installation and then emissions are recorded.

If the EUT exhibits spurious emissions due to internal receiver circuitry, such emissions are measured with an appropriate carrier signal applied. For devices with intentional emissions below 30 MHz, a shielded loop antenna is used as the test antenna. It is placed at a 1 meter receive height and appropriate low frequency magnetic field extrapolation to the regulatory limit distance is employed. Emissions between 30 MHz and 1 GHz are measured using tuned dipoles and/or calibrated broadband antennas. For both horizontal and vertical polarizations, the test antenna is raised and lowered from 1 to 4 m in height until a maximum emission level is detected. The EUT is then rotated through 360^o in azimuth until the highest emission is detected. The test antenna is then raised and lowered one last time from 1 to 4 m and the worst case value is recorded. Emissions above 1 GHz are characterized using standard gain horn antennas or calibrated broadband ridge-horn antennas. Care is taken to ensure that test receiver resolution and video bandwidths meet the regulatory requirements, and that the emission bandwidth of the EUT is not reduced. Photographs of the test setup employed are depicted in Figure 4.

Where regulations allow for direct measurement of field strength, power values (dBm) measured on the test receiver / analyzer are converted to dBμV/m at the regulatory distance, using

$$E_{dist} = 107 + P_R + K_A - K_G + K_E - C_F$$

where P_R is the power recorded on spectrum analyzer, in dBm, K_A is the test antenna factor in dB/m, K_G is the combined pre-amplifier gain and cable loss in dB, K_E is duty correction factor (when applicable) in dB, and C_F is

a distance conversion (employed only if limits are specified at alternate distance) in dB. This field strength value is then compared with the regulatory limit. If effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP) is compute, it is computed as

$$EIRP(dBm) = E_{3m}(dB\mu V/m) - 95.2.$$

When presenting data at each frequency, the highest measured emission under all possible EUT orientations (3-axes) is reported.

Where regulations call for substitution method measurements, the EUT is replaced by a substitution dipole or standard gain antenna if field strength measurements indicate the emission is close to the regulatory limit. This antenna is co-polarized with the test antenna and tuned (when necessary) to the emission frequency, after which the test antenna height is again optimized. The substitution antenna input signal level is then adjusted such that its emission is equal to the level measured from the EUT. The signal level applied to the substitution antenna is then recorded. Effective isotropic radiated power (EIRP) and effective radiated power (ERP) in dBm are formulated from

$$EIRP = P_T - G_A = ERP + 2.16, \tag{1}$$

where P_T is the power applied to substitution antenna in dBm, including correction for cable loss, and G_A is the substitution antenna gain, in dBi.

Figure 4: Radiated Emissions Test Setup Photograph(s).

3.1.2 Conducted Emissions Test Setup and Procedures

AC Port Conducted Spurious For this device, AC power line conducted emissions are measured in our screen room. If the EUT connects to auxiliary equipment and is table or floor standing, the configurations prescribed in ANSI C63.4 / CISPR 22 are employed. Alternatively, an on-table layout more representative of actual use may be employed if the resulting emissions appear to be worst-case in such a configuration. See Figure 5. Conducted

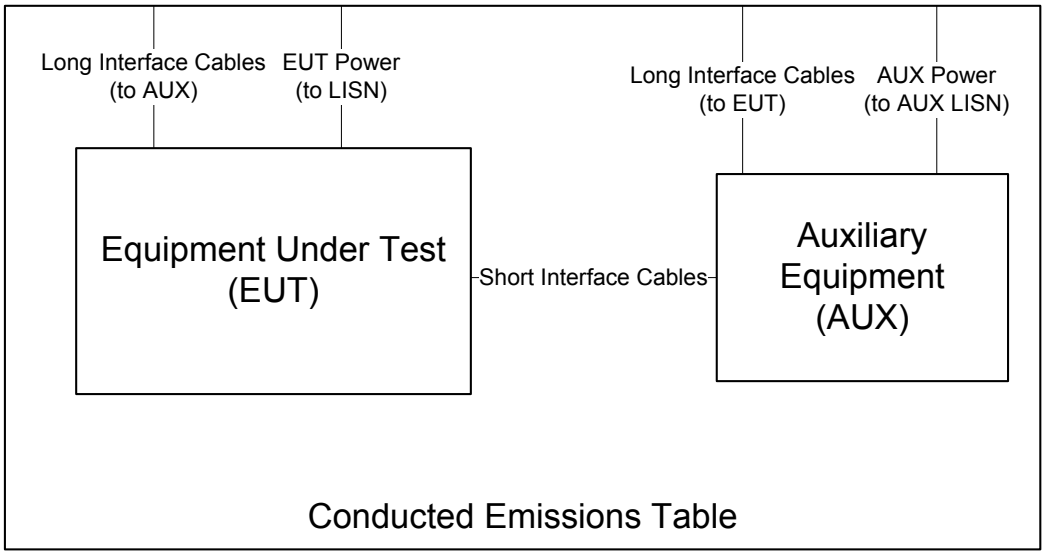


Figure 5: Conducted Emissions Setup Diagram of the EUT.

emissions are measured and recorded for each AC mains power source over the spectrum 0.15 MHz to 30 MHz for both the ungrounded (HI/PHASE) and grounded (LO/GRND) conductors with the EUT placed in its highest current draw operating mode(s). The test receiver is set to peak-hold mode in order to record the peak emissions throughout the course of functional operation. Only if an emission exceeds or is near the limit are quasi-peak and average detection applied. Photographs of the test setup employed are depicted in Figure 6.

3.1.3 Power Supply Variation

Tests at extreme supply voltages are made if required by the the procedures specified in the test standard, and results of this testing are detailed in this report.

In the case of this EUT, measurements of the worst-case radiated emissions are performed with the supply voltage varied by no less than 85% and 115% of the nominal rated value for devices connecting to AC power mains.

In the case the EUT is designed for operation from a battery power source, the extreme test voltages are evaluated over the range specified in the test standard; no less than ±10% of the nominal battery voltage declared by the manufacturer. For all battery operated equipment, worst case intentional and spurious emissions are re-checked employing a new (fully charged) battery.

3.1.4 Thermal Variation

Tests at extreme temperatures are made if required by the procedures specified in the test standard, and results of this testing are detailed in this report. The provider has declared that the EUT is designed for operation over the temperature range Not Declared. Before any temperature measurements are made, the equipment is allowed to reach a thermal balance in the test chamber, temperature and humidity are recorded, and thermal balance is verified via a thermocouple based probe.

Figure 6: Conducted Emissions Test Setup Photograph(s).

3.2 Intentional Emissions

3.2.1 Fundamental Emission Pulsed Operation

The details and results of testing the EUT for pulsed operation are summarized in Table 3. Plots showing the measurements made to obtain these values are provided in Figure 7.

Table 3: Pulsed Emission Characteristics (Duty Cycle).

Frequency Range	**Det**	**IFBW**	**VBW**	**Test Date:**	2-Sep-14
f > 1 000 MHz	Pk	10 MHz	1 MHz	**Test Engineer:**	Joseph Brunett
				EUT	MELODYGTX
				Meas. Distance:	30 cm

Pulsed Operation / Duty Cycle								
Transmit Mode	Symbol Rate (Msym/s)	Data Rate (Mbps)	Voltage (V)	Test Frequency (GMHz)	Cycle Time (ms)	On-Time (ms)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Correction (dB)
Continuous Modulated (Test Mode)	-	-	3.7	2437.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	0.0

Equipment Used: HRN15001, RSFSV30001

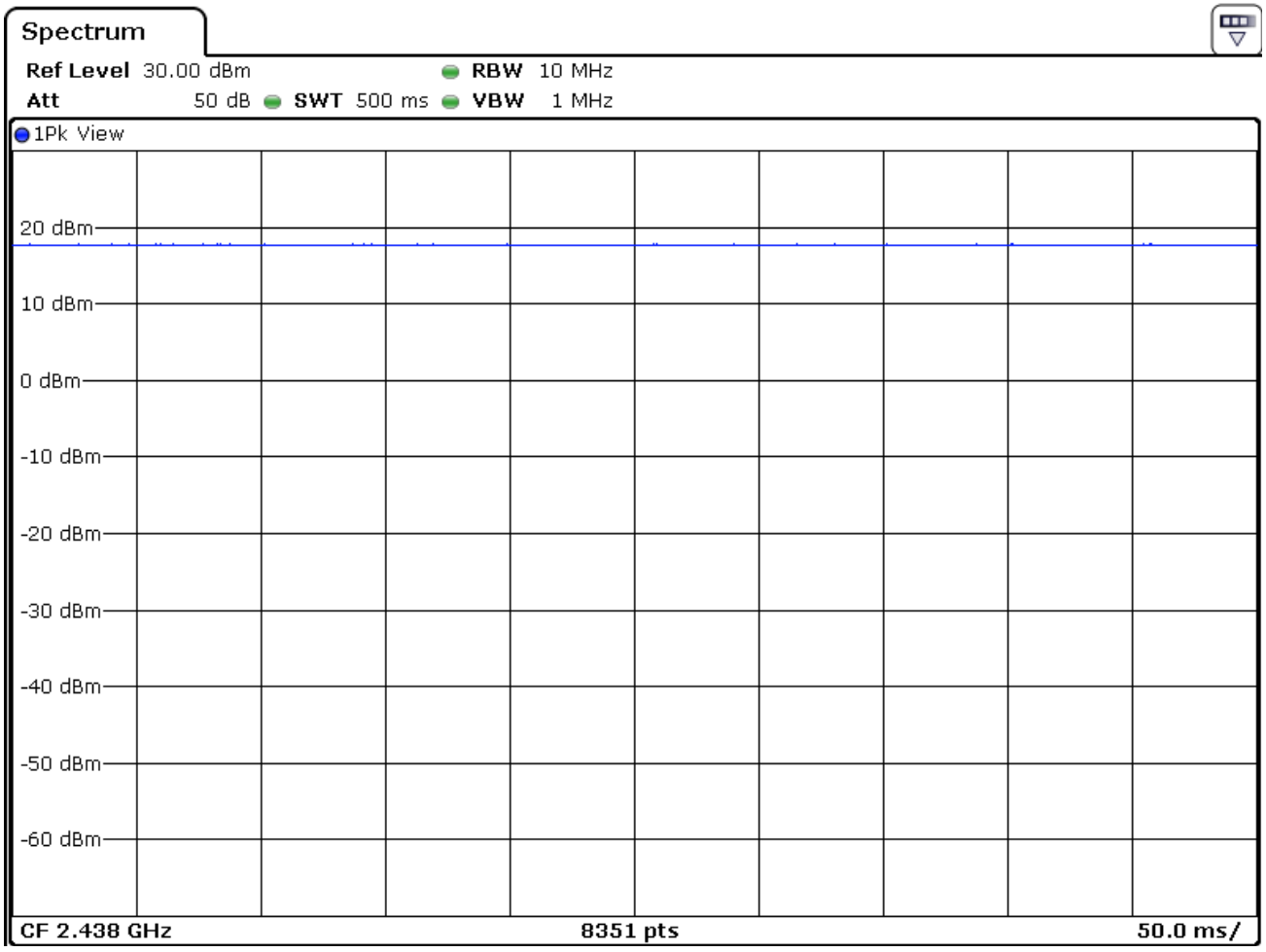


Figure 7: Pulsed Emission Characteristics (Duty Cycle).

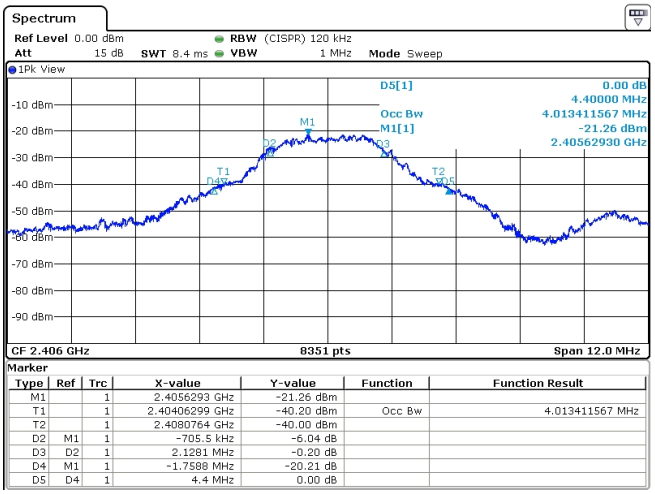
3.2.2 Fundamental Emission Bandwidth

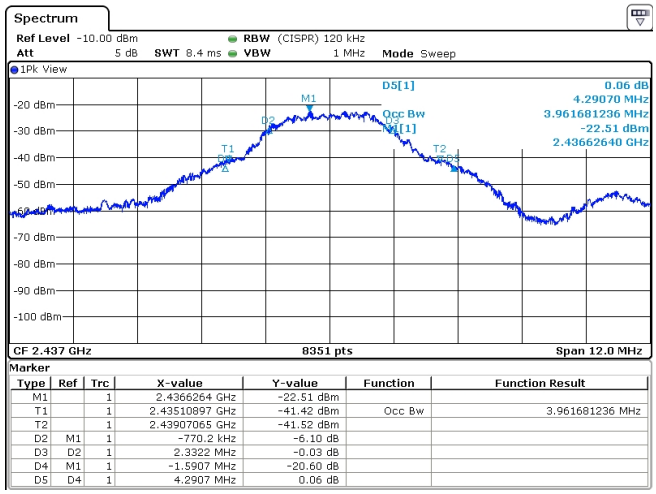
Emission bandwidth (EBW) of the EUT is measured with the device placed in the test mode(s) with the shortest available packet length and minimum packet spacing. Radiated emissions are recorded following the test procedures listed in Section 1.1. The 6 dB bandwidth is measured for the lowest, middle, and highest channels available. The 99% emission bandwidth per IC test procedures is also reported.The results of this testing are summarized in Table 4. Plots showing measurements employed obtain the emission bandwidths reported are provided in Figure 8.

Table 4: Intentional Emission Bandwidth.

Frequency Range	**Detector**	**IF Bandwidth**	**Video Bandwidth**	**Test Date:**	18-Sep-14
2400-2483.5	Pk	120 kHz	1 MHz	**Test Engineer:**	Joseph Brunett
				EUT:	MELODYGTX
Equipment Used: RSFSV30001, HRN15001				**Meas. Distance:**	3m

								FCC/IC
#	Freq. Start MHz	Freq. Stop MHz	Ant. Used	Ant. Pol.	6 dB BW (MHz)	20 dB BW (MHz)	IC 99% PWR BW (MHz)	Comments
1	2406.0	2406.0	Horn LS	H/V	2.128	4.400	4.013	CH 2406 MHz
2	2437.0	2437.0	Horn LS	H/V	2.332	4.291	3.962	CH 2437 MHz
3	2466.0	2466.0	Horn LS	H/V	2.187	4.374	3.976	CH 2466 MHz





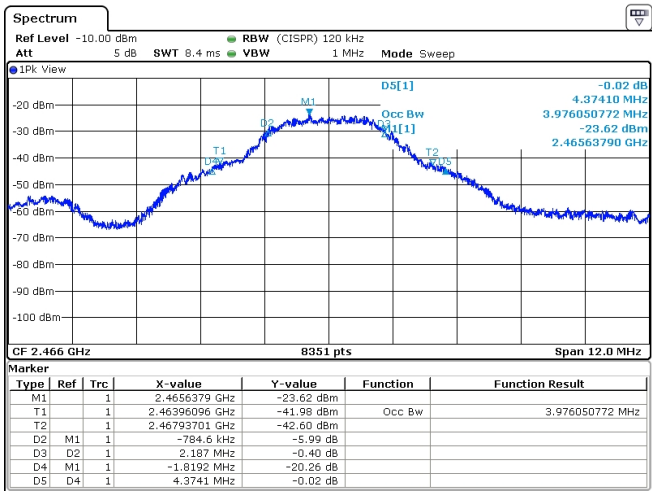


Figure 8: Intentional Emission Bandwidth.

3.2.3 Effective Isotropic Radiated Power

The EUT's radiated power is computed from field strength measurements made at 3 meters from the EUT. Method AVGSA-1 (trace averaging with the EUT transmitting at full power throughout each sweep) in the FCCs DTS measurement procedures is employed in determining average output power. The results of this testing are summarized in Table 5. Plots showing the measurements made to obtain these values are provided in Figure 9.

Table 5: Radiated Power Results.

Frequency Range	**Det**	**IF Bandwidth**	**Video Bandwidth**	**Test Date:**	18-Sep-14
25 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1 000 MHz	Pk/QPk	120 kHz	300 kHz	**Test Engineer:**	Joseph Brunett
f > 1 000 MHz	Pk/Avg	1 MHz	3 MHz	**EUT:**	MELODYGTX
Equipment Used: HRN15001, RSFSV30001				**Meas. Distance:**	3m

											FCC/IC	
Mode	Channel	Freq. MHz	Ant. Used	Ant. Pol.	Pr (Avg)** (dBm)	Ka (dB/m)	Kg (dB)	EIRP (Avg) (dBm)	Pout* (Avg) (dBm)	Ant Gain (dBi)	EIRP (Avg) Limit (dBm)	Pass (dB)
Cont. Tx.	L	2406.0	Horn LS	H/V	-16.4	21.4	0.0	**16.8**	**15.7**	1.1	30.0	13.2
	M	2437.0	Horn LS	H/V	-17.6	21.5	0.0	15.7	14.6	1.1	30.0	14.3
	H	2466.0	Horn LS	H/V	-18.8	21.7	0.0	14.7	13.6	1.1	30.0	15.3
Mode	Channel	Freq. MHz	Supply Voltage	Ant. Pol.	Pr ** dBm	Ka dB/m	Kg dB	EIRP (Pk) dBm				
Cont. Tx.	2	2406.0	4.1	H/V	-16.5	21.4	0.0	16.7				
		2406.0	3.9	H/V	-16.3	21.4	0.0	16.9				
		2406.0	3.7	H/V	-16.4	21.4	0.0	16.8				
		2406.0	3.5	H/V	-16.4	21.4	0.0	16.8				
		2406.0	3.3	H/V	-16.5	21.4	0.0	16.7				

* Computed using the manufacturers declared antenna gain.

** Measured radiated at 3 meter distance following FCC's DTS measurement procedures method AVGSA-1.

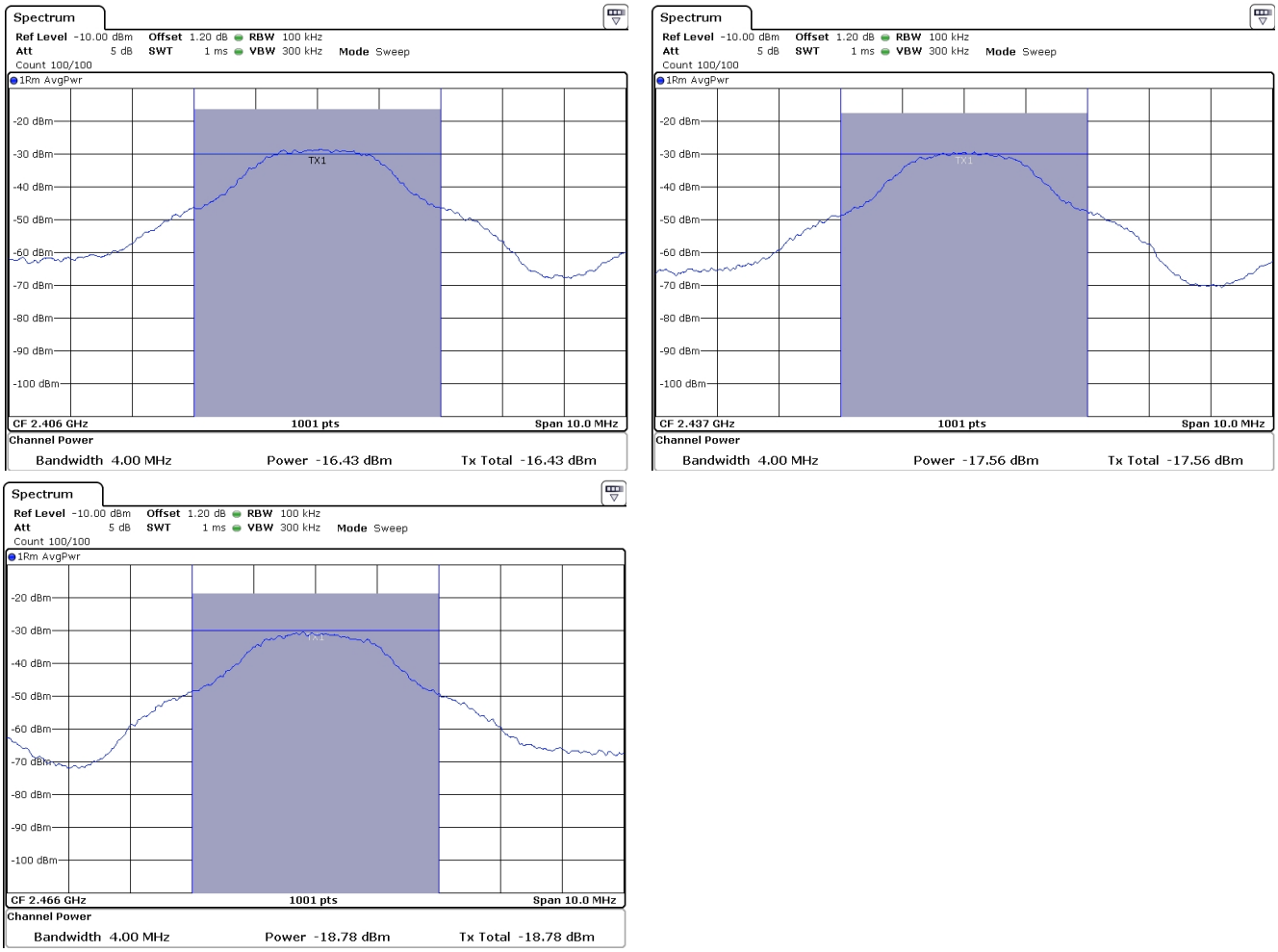


Figure 9: Power Measurement Plots.

3.2.4 Power Spectral Density

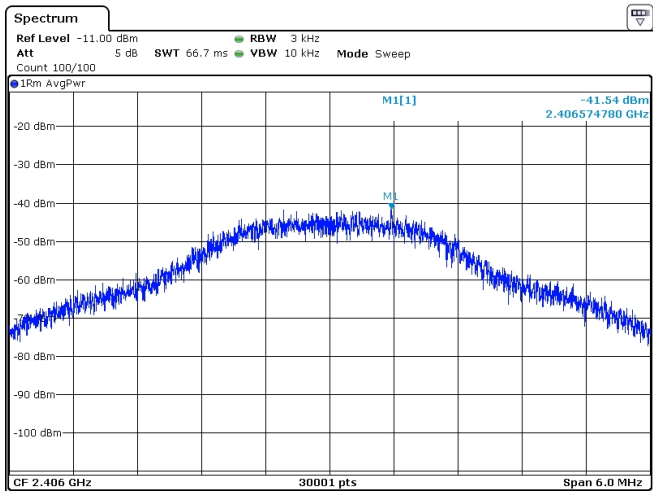
For this test, field strength emissions are made at 3 meters with the EUT oriented for maximum emission. The spectrum is first scanned for maximum spectral peaks, the span and receiver bandwidth are then reduced until the power spectral density in field strength is measured in the prescribed receiver bandwidth. A sweep time of 100 seconds is maintained to ensure peak signals are captured in each frequency bin. The results of this testing are summarized in Table 6. Plots showing how these measurements were made are depicted in Figure 10.

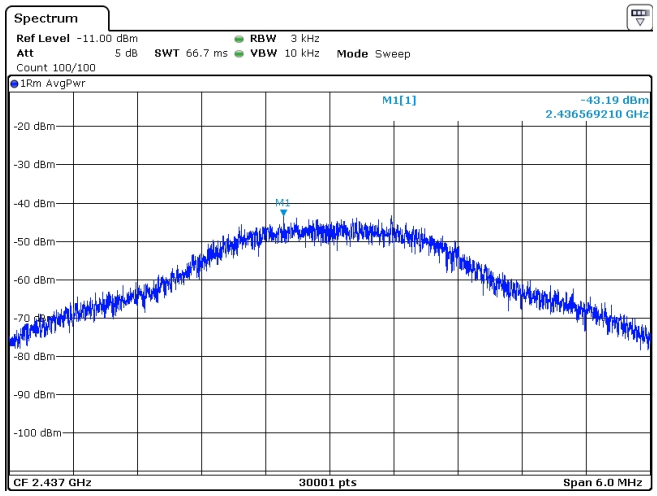
Table 6: Power Spectral Density Results.

Frequency Range	**Detector**	**IF Bandwidth**	**Video Bandwidth**	**Test Date:**	18-Sep-14
2400-2483.5	Pk	3 kHz	10 kHz	**Test Engineer:**	Joseph Brunett
				EUT:	MELODYGTX
Equipment Used: RSFSV30001, HRN15001				**Meas. Distance:**	3 m

											FCC/IC
#	Freq. Start MHz	Freq. Stop MHz	Ant. Used	Ant. Pol.	Pr (Pk) dBm	Pr (Avg)* dBm	Ka dB/m	Kg dB	PSD-EIRP (dBm/3kHz)	PSD Limit (dBm/3kHz)	Pass dB	Comments
1	2406.0	2406.0	Horn LS	H/V	-41.5		21.4	-0.4	-7.9	8.0	15.9	CH 2406 MHz
2	2437.0	2437.0	Horn LS	H/V	-43.2		21.5	-0.4	-9.5	8.0	17.5	CH 2437 MHz
3	2466.0	2466.0	Horn LS	H/V	-44.0		21.7	-0.4	-10.2	8.0	18.2	CH 2466 MHz

* PSD measured radiated out the the EUT antenna port following FCC DTS AVGPSD-1.





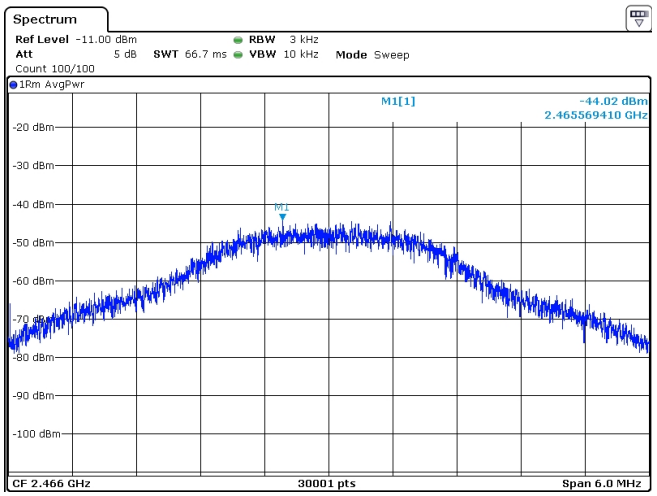


Figure 10: Power Spectral Density Plots.

3.3 Unintentional Emissions

3.3.1 Transmit Chain Spurious Emissions

The results for the measurement of transmit chain spurious emissions at the nominal voltage and temperature are provided in Table 7. Measurements are performed to 10 times the highest fundamental operating frequency.

Table 7: Transmit Chain Spurious Emissions.

Frequency Range	Det	IF Bandwidth	Video Bandwidth		
25 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1 000 MHz	Pk/QPk	120 kHz	300 kHz	**Test Date:**	12-Sep-14
f > 1 000 MHz	Pk/Avg	1 MHz	3 MHz	**Test Engineer:**	Joseph Brunett
				EUT:	MELODYGTX
				Mode:	Continous Tx, LMH Channels
Equipment Used: HRN15001, HRNC001, HRNXN001, HRXB001, HRNKU001, HRNK001, RSFSV30001				**Meas. Distance:**	3m

													FCC/IC
#	Freq. Start MHz	Freq. Stop MHz	Ant. Used	Ant. Pol.	Pr (Pk) dBm	Pr (Avg)* dBm	Ka dB/m	Kg dB	E3(Pk) dBµV/m	E3(Avg) dBµV/m	E3 Avg Lim dBµV/m	Pass dB	Comments
1	Fundamental Restricted Band Edge (Low Side)												
2	2390.0	2390.0	Horn LS	H/V	-77.7	-85.6	21.3	-0.4	51.0	43.1	54.0	10.9	CH 2406 MHz
3	2390.0	2390.0	Horn LS	H/V	-79.5	-87.2	21.3	-0.4	49.2	41.5	54.0	12.5	CH 2437 MHz
4	2390.0	2390.0	Horn LS	H/V	-81.6	-88.8	21.3	-0.4	47.1	39.9	54.0	14.1	CH 2466 MHz
5	Fundamental Restricted Band Edge (High Side)												
6	2483.5	2483.5	Horn LS	H/V	-82.0	-89.9	21.8	-0.4	47.2	39.3	54.0	14.7	CH 2406 MHz
7	2483.5	2483.5	Horn LS	H/V	-82.1	-89.2	21.8	-0.4	47.0	40.0	54.0	14.0	CH 2437 MHz
8	2483.5	2483.5	Horn LS	H/V	-78.2	-85.9	21.8	-0.4	50.9	43.3	54.0	10.7	CH 2466 MHz
9													
10	Harmonic / Spurious Emissions												
11													
12	2021.8	2021.8	Horn LS	H/V	-82.0	-83.2	20.6	-0.4	46.0	44.8	54.0	9.2	
13	2052.4	2052.4	Horn LS	H/V	-82.6	-83.8	20.6	-0.4	45.4	44.2	55.0	10.8	
14	2082.1	2082.1	Horn LS	H/V	-83.7	-85.0	20.6	-0.4	44.3	43.0	56.0	13.0	
15	2118.0	2118.0	Horn LS	H/V	-80.7	-81.8	20.6	-0.4	47.3	46.2	57.0	10.8	
16	2148.2	2148.2	Horn LS	H/V	-79.5	-80.7	20.6	-0.4	48.5	47.3	58.0	10.7	
17	2177.9	2177.9	Horn LS	H/V	-80.9	-82.1	20.7	-0.4	47.2	46.0	59.0	13.0	
18	4000.0	6000.0	Horn C	H/V	-80.7	-90.4	24.9	-0.8	52.0	42.3	54.0	11.7	all channels; max all; noise
19	6000.0	8400.0	Horn XN	H/V	-83.0	-91.0	27.1	-1.2	52.3	44.3	54.0	9.7	all channels; max all; noise
20	8400.0	12500.0	Horn X	H/V	-89.8	-102.2	32.0	-2.0	51.2	38.8	54.0	15.2	all channels; max all; noise
21	12500.0	18000.0	Horn Ku	H/V	-90.4	-100.9	35.4	-2.5	54.5	44.0	54.0	**10.0**	all channels; max all; noise
22	18000.0	25000.0	Horn K	H/V	-95.6	-104.7	33.4	-1.7	46.5	37.4	54.0	16.6	all channels; max all; noise
23													

*QPk detection below 1 GHz, Avg detection at or above 1 GHz with receiver bandwidth as specified at top of table.

** Band Edge Avg. meas. via FCC DTS procedures method 13.3 Integration Method

3.3.2 Relative Transmit Chain Spurious Emissions

The results for the measurement of transmit chain spurious emissions relative to the fundamental in a 100 kHz receiver bandwidth (at the nominal voltage and temperature) are provided in Figure 11 below.

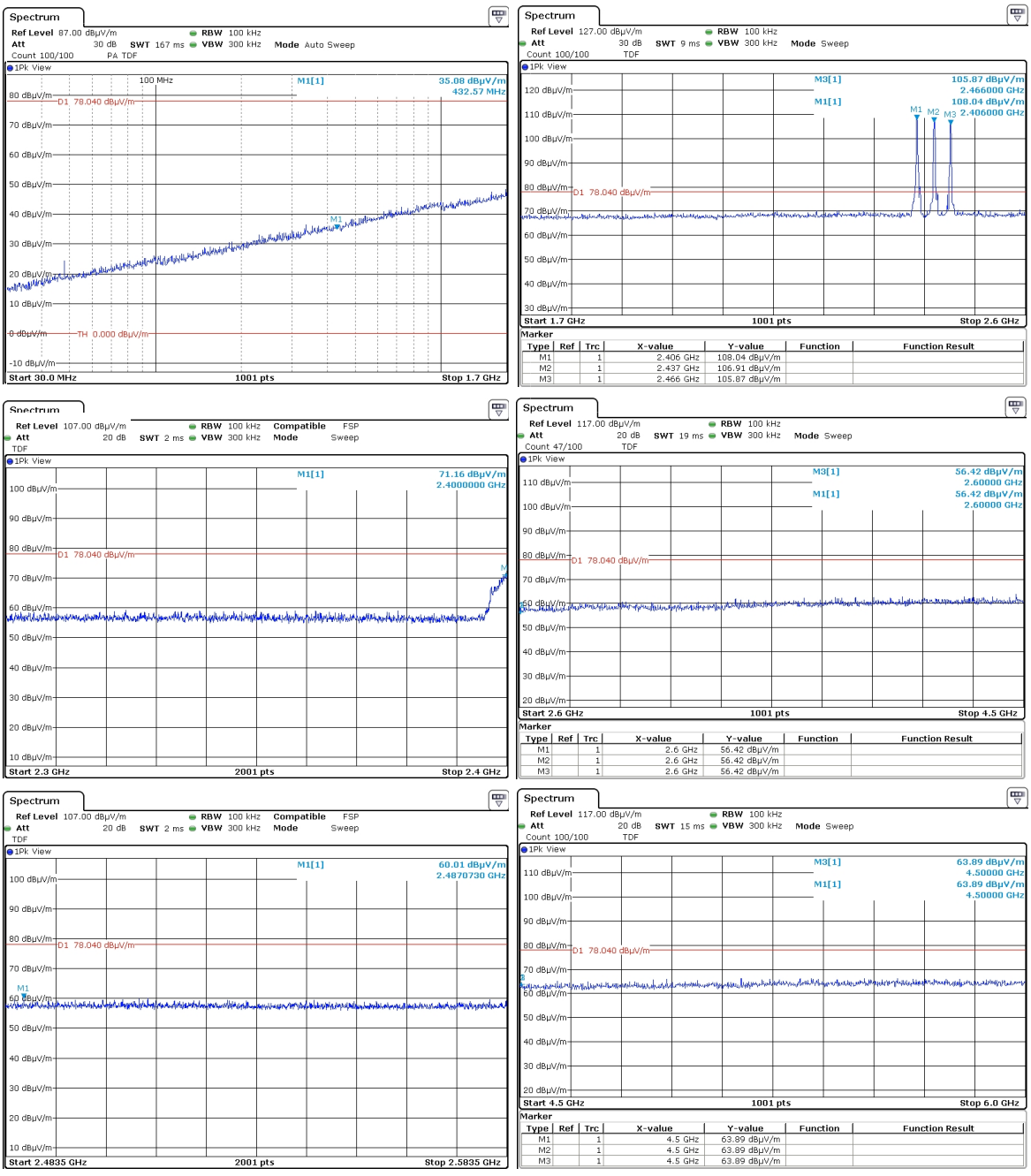


Figure 11(a): Conducted Transmitter Emissions Measured.

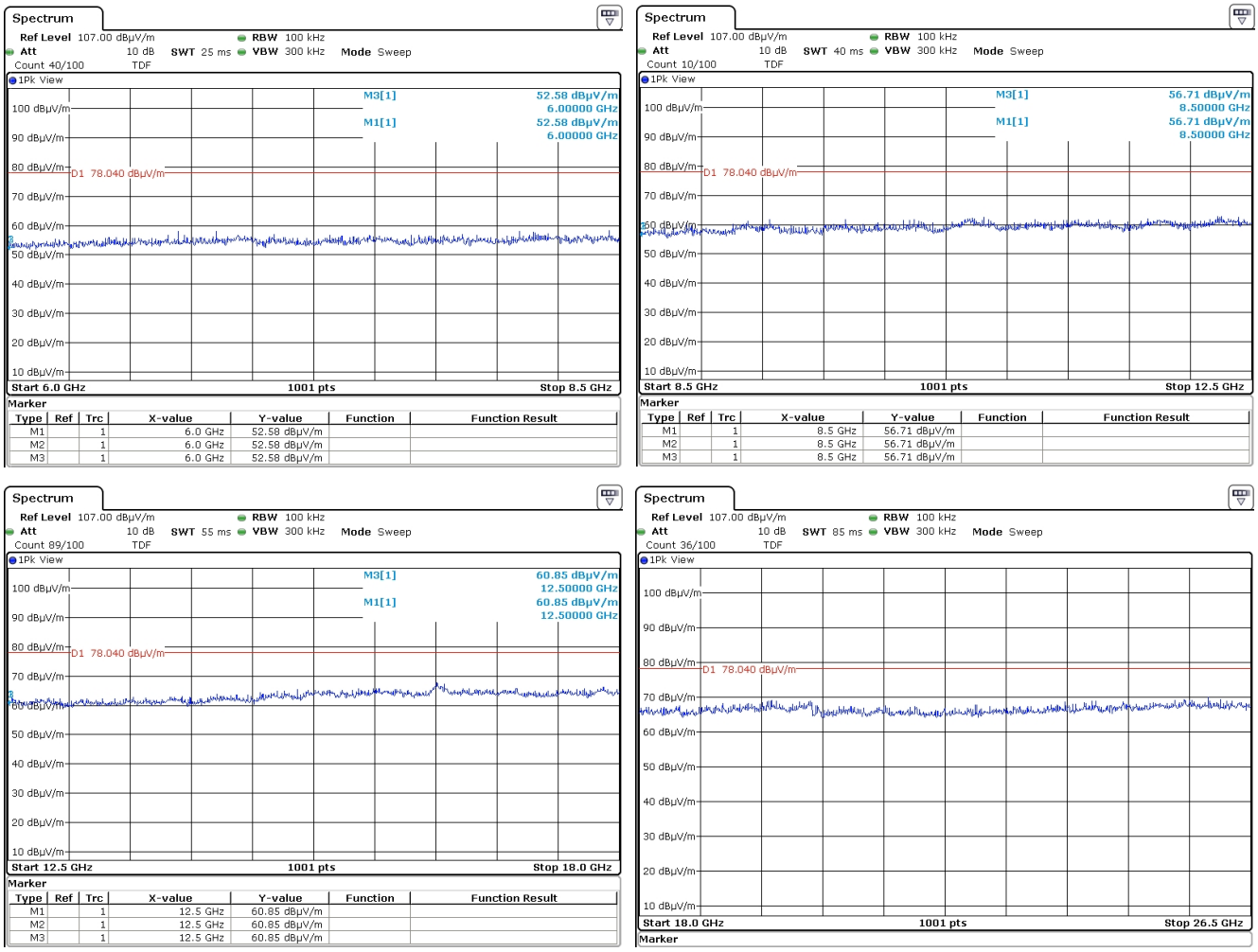


Figure 11(b): Conducted Transmitter Emissions Measured.

3.3.3 Radiated Receiver Spurious

The results for the measurement of radiated receiver spurious emissions (emissions from the receiver chain, e.g. LO or VCO) at the nominal voltage and temperature are reported in Table 8. Receive chain emissions are measured to 5 times the highest receive chain frequency observed, or 4 GHz, whichever is higher. If no emissions are detected, only those noise floor emissions at the LO/VCO frequency are reported.

Table 8: Receiver Chain Spurious Emissions $\geq$ 30 MHz.

Frequency Range	**Det**	**IF Bandwidth**	**Video Bandwidth**	**Test Date:**	22-Sep-14
25 MHz ≤ f ≤ 1 000 MHz	Pk/QPk	120 kHz	300 kHz	**Test Engineer:**	Joseph Brunett
f > 1 000 MHz	Pk/Avg	1 MHz	3 MHz	**EUT Mode:**	Receive Only - Standby
Equipment Used: HRN15001, RSFSV30001				**Meas. Distance:**	3m

													FCC/IC
#	Freq. MHz	Ant. Used	Ant. Pol.	Pr (Pk) dBm	Pr (QPk/Avg) dBm*	Ka dB/m	Kg dB	E3(Pk) dBµV/m	E3(Avg) dBµV/m	FCC/IC E3lim dBµV/m	CE E3lim dBµV/m	Pass dB	Comments
1	2403.0	Horn LS	H/V	-86.9		21.4	0.0	41.5		54.0		12.5	max all, noise
2	2409.0	Horn LS	H/V	-86.0		21.4	0.0	42.4		54.0		11.6	max all, noise
3	2434.0	Horn LS	H/V	-85.7		21.5	0.0	42.8		54.0		**11.2**	max all, noise
4	2440.0	Horn LS	H/V	-89.2		21.5	0.0	39.3		54.0		14.7	max all, noise
5	2463.0	Horn LS	H/V	-88.1		21.7	0.0	40.6		54.0		13.4	max all, noise
6	2469.0	Horn LS	H/V	-87.2		21.7	0.0	41.5		54.0		12.5	max all, noise
7	NOTE: VCO/LO is 3 MHz offset from Rx Channel (IF = 3 MHz). Low, Middle and High Channels tested.												
8													
9													

*QPk detection below 1 GHz, Avg detection at or above 1 GHz with receiver bandwidth as specified at top of table.

3.3.4 Radiated Digital Spurious

The results for the measurement of digital spurious emissions are not reported herein as all digital emissions were greater than 20 dB below the regulatory limit. Radiation from digital components was measured to 4 GHz, or to five times the maximum digital component operating frequency, whichever is greater.

3.3.5 Conducted Emissions Test Results - AC Power Port(s)

The results of emissions from the EUT's AC mains power port(s) are reported in Table 9.

Table 9: AC Mains Power Conducted Emissions Results.

Frequency Range	**Det**	**IF Bandwidth**	**Video Bandwidth**	**Test Date:**	25-Sep-14
150kHz ≤ f ≤ 30 MHz	Pk/QPk/Avg	9 kHz	30 kHz	**Test Engineer:**	Joseph Brunett
				EUT Mode:	MELODYGTX
Equipment Used: LISNEM001, HP8593E001				**Meas. Distance:**	AC Mains Conducted

AC Mains Power Conducted Emissions														
	Freq.	Line	Vmeas			Class A Qpk		Class A Avg		Class B Qpk		Class B Avg		
			Pk	Qpk	Avg	Vlim*	Margin	Vlim*	Margin	Vlim*	Margin	Vlim*	Margin	
#	MHz	Side	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dB	dBuV	dB	Comments
1	0.669	Lo	49.8	46.0	37.0	73.0	27.0	60.0	23.0	56.0	10.0	46.0	**9.0**	
2	0.693	Lo	49.5	47.5	39.1	73.0	25.5	60.0	20.9	56.0	8.5	46.0	6.9	
3	1.334	Lo	49.2	45.0	36.4	73.0	28.0	60.0	23.6	56.0	11.0	46.0	9.6	
4	0.692	Lo	49.8	47.4	38.6	73.0	25.6	60.0	21.4	56.0	8.6	46.0	7.4	
5	0.545	Lo	48.7	44.2	31.6	73.0	28.8	60.0	28.4	56.0	11.8	46.0	14.4	
6	0.696	Lo	49.9	46.7	39.0	73.0	26.3	60.0	21.0	56.0	9.3	46.0	7.0	
7	1.333	Lo	49.0	44.4	33.3	73.0	28.6	60.0	26.7	56.0	11.6	46.0	12.7	
8	0.888	Lo	46.4	43.1	30.5	73.0	29.9	60.0	29.5	56.0	12.9	46.0	15.5	
9	0.749	Lo	48.9	45.9	35.3	73.0	27.1	60.0	24.7	56.0	10.1	46.0	10.7	
10	2.125	Lo	44.4	39.0	29.2	73.0	34.0	60.0	30.8	56.0	17.0	46.0	16.8	
11	2.662	Lo	43.1	38.3	29.4	73.0	34.7	60.0	30.6	56.0	17.7	46.0	16.6	
12	4.250	Lo	38.6	33.1	23.5	73.0	39.9	60.0	36.5	56.0	22.9	46.0	22.5	
13	5.806	Lo	34.5	29.5	18.4	73.0	43.5	60.0	41.6	60.0	30.5	50.0	31.6	
14	10.386	Lo	27.5	22.2	14.7	73.0	50.8	60.0	45.3	60.0	37.8	50.0	35.3	
15	28.079	Lo	23.1	17.1	11.1	73.0	55.9	60.0	48.9	60.0	42.9	50.0	38.9	
16														
17														
18	0.285	Hi	52.4	50.6	43.3	79.0	28.4	66.0	22.7	60.7	10.1	50.6	**7.3**	
19	0.574	Hi	46.1	39.6	30.2	73.0	33.4	60.0	29.8	56.0	16.4	46.0	15.8	
20	0.478	Hi	43.8	42.0	33.9	79.0	37.0	66.0	32.1	56.4	14.4	46.3	12.4	
21	0.772	Hi	41.9	38.2	28.7	73.0	34.8	60.0	31.3	56.0	17.8	46.0	17.3	
22	1.152	Hi	40.5	37.3	28.9	73.0	35.7	60.0	31.1	56.0	18.7	46.0	17.1	
23	0.783	Hi	42.2	39.5	31.4	73.0	33.5	60.0	28.6	56.0	16.5	46.0	14.6	
24	0.573	Hi	46.4	39.8	30.7	73.0	33.2	60.0	29.3	56.0	16.2	46.0	15.3	
25	0.689	Hi	41.8	38.2	30.3	73.0	34.8	60.0	29.7	56.0	17.8	46.0	15.7	
26	1.055	Hi	41.7	37.9	30.2	73.0	35.1	60.0	29.8	56.0	18.1	46.0	15.8	
27	3.644	Hi	36.1	29.7	20.9	73.0	43.3	60.0	39.1	56.0	26.3	46.0	25.1	
28	3.922	Hi	35.3	28.9	19.6	73.0	44.1	60.0	40.4	56.0	27.1	46.0	26.4	
29	8.382	Hi	26.5	19.3	12.7	73.0	53.7	60.0	47.3	60.0	40.7	50.0	37.3	
30	6.838	Hi	28.3	20.7	13.3	73.0	52.3	60.0	46.7	60.0	39.3	50.0	36.7	
31	22.257	Hi	22.3	16.8	10.8	73.0	56.2	60.0	49.2	60.0	43.2	50.0	39.2	
32														
33														
34														
35														
36														
37														
38														
39														
40														
41														
42														
40														

**In all cases, VPk ≥ VQpk ≥ VAve. If VPk < Vavg limit, then VQPk limit and Vavg limit are met.*