

Report No.: HA0O2624-02B



HEARING AID COMPATIBILITY T-COIL TEST REPORT

FCC ID : 2ABZ2-EF14A

Equipment : Smart Phone

Brand Name : ONEPLUS

Model Name : LE2127

T-Rating : T3

Applicant : OnePlus Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

18C02, 18C03, 18C04 and 18C05, Shum Yip Terra

Building, Binhe Avenue North, Futian District, Shenzhen

Manufacturer : OnePlus Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

18C02, 18C03, 18C04 and 18C05, Shum Yip Terra

Building, Binhe Avenue North, Futian District, Shenzhen

Standard : FCC 47 CFR §20.19

ANSI C63.19-2011

The product was received on Nov 19, 2020 and testing was started from Jan 05, 2021 and completed on Jan 07, 2021. We, SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC., would like to declare that the tested sample provide by manufacturer and the test data has been evaluated in accordance with the test procedures given in ANSI 63.19-2011 / 47 CFR Part 20.19 and has been pass the FCC requirement.

The test results in this report apply exclusively to the tested model / sample. Without written approval of SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory, the test report shall not be reproduced except in full.

Approved by: Cona Huang / Deputy Manager

Gua Guang

SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC. EMC & Wireless Communications Laboratory

No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

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Appendix A. Plots of T-Coil Measurement Appendix B. DASY Calibration Certificate Appendix C. Test Setup Photos

History of this test report

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Report No.	Version	Description	Issued Date
HA0O2624-02B	Rev. 01	Initial issue of report	Feb. 02, 2021

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1. Attestation of Test Results

Air Interface	Band MHz	T-Rating	Frequency	Magnetic
		ŭ	Response	Intensity
	GSM850	T4	Pass	Pass
GSM CMRS Voice	GSM1900	T4	Pass	Pass
077 5005	EDGE850	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over EDGE	EDGE1900	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
JMTS CMRS Voice	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over UMTS	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC0	T4	Pass	Pass
CDMA CMRS Voice	BC1	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC10	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC0	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over CDMA	BC1	T4	Pass	Pass
	BC10	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 2	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 4	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 5	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 7	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 12	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 13	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 17	T4	Pass	Pass
VoLTE	Band 25	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 26	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 30	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 38	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 41	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 48	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 66	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 71	T4	Pass	Pass
	Band 48	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over LTE	Band 66	T4	Pass	Pass
	n2	T3	Pass	Pass
	n5	T3	Pass	Pass
	n7	T3	Pass	Pass
	n25	T3	Pass	Pass
OTT over 5G NR	n41	T3	Pass	Pass
	n66	T3	Pass	Pass
	n71	T3	Pass	Pass
	n77	T3	Pass	Pass
	2450	T3	Pass	Pass
	5200	T4	Pass	Pass
VoWiFI	5300	T4	Pass	Pass
	5500	T4	Pass	Pass
	5800	T4	Pass	Pass
	2450	T4	Pass	Pass
OTT over WiFi	5300	T4	Pass	Pass

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The device is compliance with HAC limits specified in guidelines FCC 47CFR §20.19 and ANSI Standard ANSI C63.19.

Reviewed by: <u>Jason Wang</u> Report Producer: <u>Carlie Tsai</u>

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2. General Information

	Product Feature & Specification
Applicant Name	OnePlus Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.
Equipment Name	Smart Phone
Brand Name	ONEPLUS
Model Name	LE2127
FCC ID	2ABZ2-EF14A
EUT Stage	Production Unit
	GSM850: 824.2 MHz ~ 848.8 MHz
	GSM1900: 1850.2 MHz ~ 1909.8 MHz
	WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	CDMA2000 BC0: 824.7 MHz ~ 848.31 MHz
	CDMA 2000 BC1: 1851.25 MHz ~ 1908.75 MHz
	CDMA 2000 BC10: 817.9 MHz ~ 823.1 MHz
	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz
	LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz
	LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz
	LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz
	LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	LTE Band 30: 2305 MHz ~ 2315 MHz
	LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz
	LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz
	LTE Band 48: 3550 MHz ~ 3700 MHz LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz
Frequency Band	LTE Band 71: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz
	5G NR n2 : 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz
	5G NR n5 : 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz
	5G NR n7 : 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz
	5G NR n25 : 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz 5G NR n41 : 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz
	5G NR n66 : 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz
	5G NR n71 : 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz
	5G NR n77 : 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz
	5G NR n258a: 24.25GHz ~24.45GHz 5G NR n258b: 24.75GHz ~25.25GHz
	5G NR n260 : 37 GHz~40 GHz
	5G NR n261 : 27.5 GHz~28.35 GHz
	WLAN 2.4GHz Band: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz
	WLAN 5.2GHz Band: 5150 MHz ~ 5250 MHz
	WLAN 5.3GHz Band: 5250 MHz ~ 5350 MHz WLAN 5.6GHz Band: 5470 MHz ~ 5725 MHz
	WLAN 5.8GHz Band: 5725 MHz ~ 5825 MHz
	Bluetooth: 2400 MHz ~ 2483.5 MHz
	ANT+: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
	NFC: 13.56 MHz WPT: 100 KHz ~ 205KHz
	GSM/GPRS/EGPRS
	RMC/AMR 12.2Kbps
	HSDPA
	HSUPA PS USPRA
	DC-HSDPA HSPA+ (160AM uplink)
	HSPA+ (16QAM uplink) CDMA2000: 1xRTT/1xEv-Do(Rev.0)/1xEv-Do(Rev.A)/1xEv-Do(Rev.B)
Mode	LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM
	5G NR: DFT-s-OFDM/CP-OFDM, Pi/2 BPSK/QPSK/16QAM/64QAM/256QAM
	WLAN: 802.11a/b/g/n/ac/ax HT20/HT40/VHT20/VHT40/VHT80/VHT160/HE20/HE40/HE80/HE160
	Bluetooth BR/EDR/LE
	ANT+: GFSK NFC: ASK
	WPT: ASK

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3. Testing Location

Sporton Lab is accredited to ISO 17025 by Taiwan Accreditation Foundation (TAF code: 1190) and the FCC designation No. TW1190 under the FCC 2.948(e) by Mutual Recognition Agreement (MRA) in FCC test.

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	Testing Laboratory				
Test Site SPORTON INTERNATIONAL INC.					
Test Site Location	No. 52, Huaya 1st Rd., Guishan Dist., Taoyuan City, Taiwan (R.O.C.) TEL: +886-3-327-3456 FAX: +886-3-328-4978				
Test Site No.	Sporton Site No.: SAR04-HY				

4. Applied Standards

- FCC CFR47 Part 20.19
- ANSI C63.19 2011-version
- FCC KDB 285076 D01 HAC Guidance v05r01
- FCC KDB 285076 D02 T Coil testing v03
- FCC KDB 285076 D03 HAC FAQ v01r03

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5. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air	Band MHz	Туре	C63.19	Simultaneous	Name of Voice	Power
Interface	Banu Mnz	туре	Tested	Transmitter	Service	Reduction
	GSM850	1/0	V	WLAN, BT	CMDC V-i	No
	GSM1900	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
GSM	EDGE850	1/10	V	VALLANI DE	OI- D(1)	NI-
	EDGE1900	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	850			WLAN, BT		No
LIMITO	1750	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
UMTS	1900			WLAN, BT		No
	HSPA	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	850	1/0	V	WLAN, BT	CMDC V-i	No
CDMA	1900	VO	Yes	WLAN, BT	CMRS Voice	No
	EVDO	VD	Yes	WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	Band 2			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 4			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 5			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 7			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 12			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
LTE	Band 13			5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
(FDD)	Band 17	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT	/ Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	Band 25			5G NR, WLAN, BT	Google Duo	No
	Band 26			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 30			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 66			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 71			5G NR, WLAN, BT		No
	Band 38			5G NR, WLAN, BT	VoLTE	No
LTE (TDD)	Band 41	VD	Yes	5G NR, WLAN, BT	/	No
(TDD)	Band 48			5G NR, WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	n2			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n5			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n7			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n25			LTE, WLAN, BT	(1)	No
	n41	VD	Yes	LTE, WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
5G NR	n66			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n71			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n77			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n258			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	n260	VD	No ⁽²⁾	LTE, WLAN, BT	Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	n261			LTE, WLAN, BT		No
	2450					No
	5200				VoWiFi ⁽¹⁾	No
Wi-Fi	5300	VD	Yes	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR, BT	/	No
	5500				Google Duo ⁽¹⁾	No
	5800					No
BT	2450	DT	No	GSM,WCDMA,CDMA,LTE,5G NR	NA	No

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Type Transport: VO= Voice only

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DT= Digital Transport only (no voice)

VD= CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

For protocols not listed in Table 7.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 or the ANSI C63.19-2011 VoLTE interpretation, the average speech level of -20 dBm0 should be used.

The device have similar frequency in some LTE bands: LTE B12/17, 5/26, 4/66, 2/25, 38/41 and n2/n25, since the supported frequency spans for the smaller LTE bands are completely cover by the larger LTE bands, therefore, only larger LTE bands were required to be tested for hearing-aid 3. compliance.

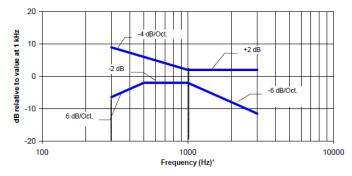
6. Measurement standards for T-Coil

6.1 Frequency Response

The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz.

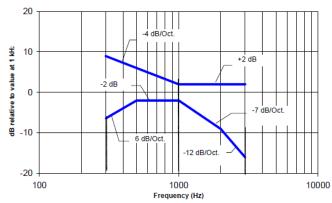
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Figure 1.1 and Figure 1.2 provide the boundaries as a function of frequency. These response curves are for true field-strength measurements of the T-Coil signal. Thus, the 6 dB/octave probe response has been corrected from the raw readings.



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength≤-15dB at 1 KHz



NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig. 1.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds -15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz

6.2 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This section provides the signal quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. A device is assessed beginning by determining the category of the RF environment in the area of the T-Coil source.

The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality ((signal + noise) to noise ratio in dB)
Category T1	0 to 10 dB
Category T2	10 to 20 dB
Category T3	20 to 30 dB
Category T4	> 30 dB

Table 1 T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

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7. T-Coil Test Procedure

Referenced to ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4,

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

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Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well,

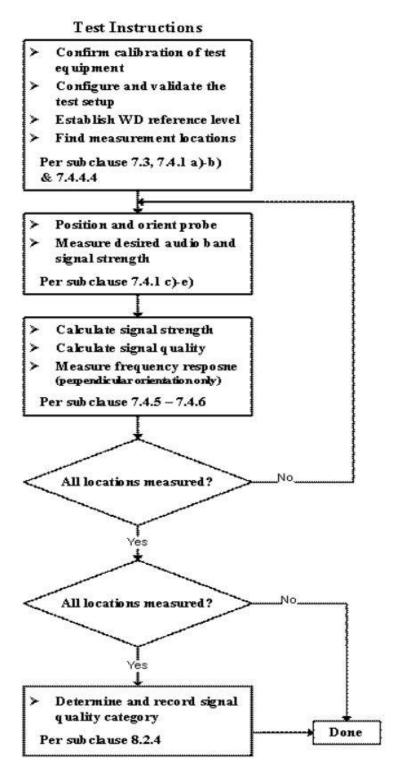
Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

- a. A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
- b. Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- c. The drive level to the WD ise set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.
- d. Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
- e. At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at fi) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band.
- f. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
- g. All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- h. At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i,e., signal quality).
- i. Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.

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7.1 Test Flow Chart

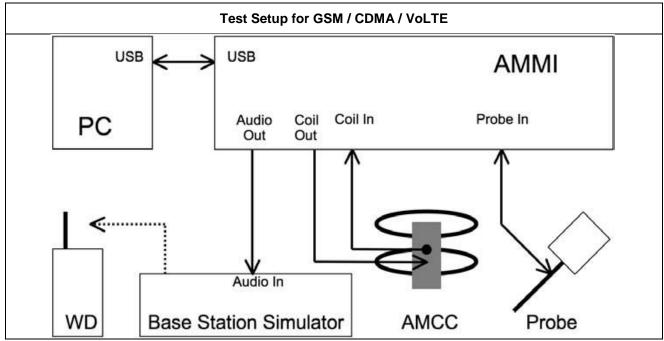


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Fig. 2 T-Coil Signal Test flowchart

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7.2 Test Setup Diagram for GSM/UMTS/CDMA/VoLTE



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General Note:

- Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
 - GSM input level: -16dBm0
 - UMTS input level: -16dBm0
 - CDMA input level: -18dBm0
 - VoLTE input level: -16dBm0
- 2. For GSM / UMTS / CDMA test setup and input level, the correct input level definition is via a communication tester CMU200's "Decoder Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input levels.
- 3. CMU200 is able to output 1kHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decoder Cal." confuguration, the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS and -18dBm0 for CDMA. CMW500 input is calibrated and the relation between the analog input voltage and the internal level in dBm0 can be determined
- 4. Voice over Long-Term Evolution (VoLTE) is a standard for high-speed wireless communication for mobile phones and data terminals including IoT devices and wearables. It is based on the IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS) network, with specific profiles for control and media planes of voice service on LTE defined by GSMA in PRD IR.92. This approach results in the voice service (control and media planes) being delivered as data flows within the LTE data bearer. This means that there is no dependency on the legacy circuit-switched voice network to be maintained
- 5. The test setup used for VoLTE over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement, The data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE when the device during the IMS connection.

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<Define the input level for GSM/UMTS/CDMA>

1. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

<Example define the input level for GSM/UMTS/CDMA>

Gain Value	20* log(gain)	AMCC Coil In	Level
(linear)	dB	(dBv RMS)	dBm0
		-2.47	3.14
10	20	-19.85	-14.24
8.17	18.24	-21.61	-16

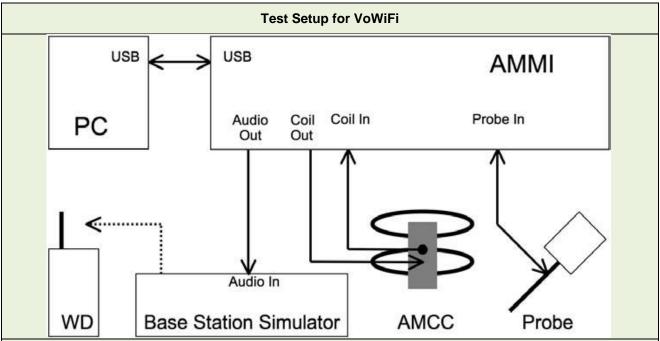
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Required Gain Factor	Calculated Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.17
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.36
48k_voice_300Hz ~ 3kHz	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	69.25

<Example define the input level for VoLTE>

Gain Value	dBm0	Full scal Voltage	dB	AMMI audio out dBv (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv (RMS)
	3.14	1.5		0.51	
100	5.61		40	2.98	3.13
8.31	-16		18.39		-18.48
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.31
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.98
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	70.46

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7.3 Test Setup Diagram for VoWiFi - PAG reuse



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General Note:

- 1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
 - VoWiFi input level: -20dBm0
- 2. For Voice over Wi-Fi (VoWiFi) is a term typically employed to describe the delivery of commercial telephony services using Voice over IP (VoIP) technologies from mobile devices connected across Wi-Fi. This is typically counter to alternatives, predominantly Voice over LTE (VoLTE), in which a mobile network operator's (MNO's) licensed spectrum (i.e. 4G LTE) is used to carry packetized voice. Broadly speaking, VoWiFi terminology is assigned to all core IMS services accessed from unlicensed spectrum and across untrusted access infrastructures, such as public Wi-Fi access points
- 3. The test setup used for VoWiFi over IMS is via the callbox of CMW500 for T-coil measurement, The data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. The CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -20dBm0 for VoWiFi when the device during the IMS connection.
- 4. An investigation was perfromed to determine worst case codec, bit rate and air interface configuration refer to section10.2

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<Define the input level for VoWiFi>

1. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
	3.0	0.0	1.00	
10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	
	[s] 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 1	[s] RMS [dB] 3.0 10 3.0 10 6.0 10 6.0 10 13.8 10 11.1 1 16.2	[s] RMS [dB] [dB] 3.0 0.0 10 3.0 0.0 10 6.0 -3.0 10 6.0 -2.9 10 13.8 -10.5 10 11.1 -7.9 1 16.2 -12.7	[s] RMS [dB] [dB] factor *) 3.0 0.0 1.00 10 3.0 0.0 1.00 10 6.0 -3.0 1.42 10 6.0 -2.9 1.40 10 13.8 -10.5 3.34 10 11.1 -7.9 2.49 1 16.2 -12.7 4.33

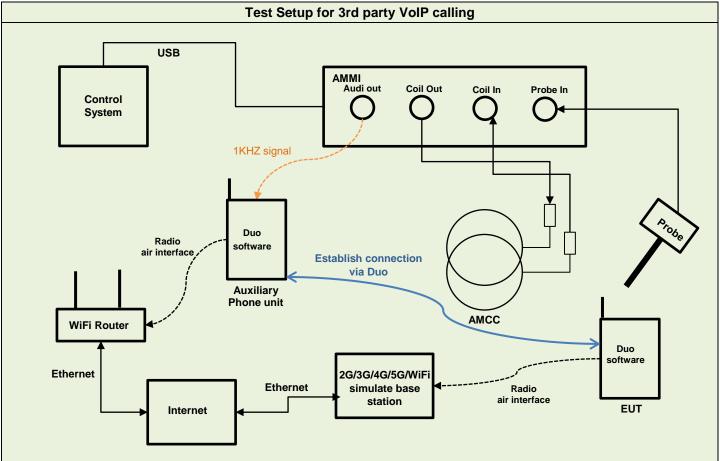
(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Gain Value	dBm0	Full scal Voltage	dB	AMMI audio out dBv (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv (RMS)
	3.14	1.5		0.51	
100	5.61		40	2.98	3.13
5.24	-20		14.39		-22.48
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	5.24
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	22.70
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	44.46

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7.4 Test Setup and Diagram for OTT VoIP - PAG Reuse



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General Note:

- 1. Define the all applicable input audio level as below according to C63 and KDB 285076 D02v03:
 - OTT VoIP input Level: -20dBm0
- 2. Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) such as google duo application, also called IP telephony, is a methodology and group of technologies for the delivery of voice communications and multimedia sessions over Internet Protocol (IP) networks, such as the Internet. The terms Internet telephony, broadband telephony, and broadband phone service specifically refer to the provisioning of communications services (voice, fax, SMS, voice-messaging) over the public Internet, rather than via the public switched telephone network (PSTN)
- 3. The Google DUO service support code and bitrate are list in section9, the customized Google DUO software is installed on a mobile phone which is used as the Auxiliary for the test. The software enables audio coding rate to be changed, and reports the input digital audio level before audio processing which can be used to calibrate the input audio level.
- 4. This device comes with the preinstalled VoIP application that supports the Google DUO service and related codec. The test configuration establishes a call between the device under test and an auxiliary handset via the google DUO server
- 5. The test setup used for Google DUO VoIP call is via the data application unit on the 2G/3G/4G/5G/WiFi simulate base station, connected to the internet via the google DUO serverr to the auxiliary device. The auxiliary device runs special software that allows the codecs and bit rate to be fixed to a specific value. Please refer to section9, an assessment was made of each of the different codec bit rates to determine the worst case for each of the different OTT transport (WiFi, LTE, GSM, WCDMA, 5G FR1)
- 6. The auxiliary device includes software that displays the audio level in dBFS which allows calibration of the system to establish the -20dBm0 reference level. After establishing the voice call between auxiliary device and device under test the audio output from the AMMI is injected into the auxiliary device. The gain factor to establish a reference level of -20dBm0 for use during the test is determined as detailed in the next page based on the 0dBFull Scale (0dBFS) value being equivalent to 3.14dBm0.

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<Define the input level for OTT VoIP>

 The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal

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- 2. The below calculation formula is an example and showing how to determine the input level for the device.
- 3. Input a gain value to readout the -23dBFS level as reference. (0dBFS = 3.14 dBm0)
- 4. Adjust gain level until to readout the dBFS level until it changes to -24dBFS.
- 5. Based on the step 1 and 2, and then calculate the gain value(dB) by interpolation to get the -20dBm0 corresponding gain value.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

Cton	Cianal turns	Audi	o out	Target Level			
Step	p Signal type Gain value		Gain value (dB)	dBFS	dBm0		
Step 1	1KHz Sine	7.7	17.73 (Ref.)	-23			
Step 2	1KHz Sine	6.8	16.65	-24			
Step 3	1KHz Sine	7.57**	17.58*	-23.14	-20		

Remark (*) Based on the step 1 and 2 and then via interpolation to get this value. (**) Gain value=10^Gain value(dB)/20

Signal type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain value
1kHz sine		3	0	1	7.57
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	32.77
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	64.79

- 1. According to the gain setting for 1kHz sine wave, determine the gain setting for signals above.
- 2. The gain for the specific signal is multiplied by this factor to achieve the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

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7.5 Description of EUT Test Position

Fig.3 illustrate the references and reference plane that shall be used in a typical EUT emissions measurement. The principle of this section is applied to EUT with similar geometry. Please refer to Appendix C for the setup photographs.

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- ♦ The area is 5 cm by 5 cm.
- ♦ The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- ◆ The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It is parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which, in normal handset use, rest against the ear.
- ◆ The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10 mm in front of, the reference plane.

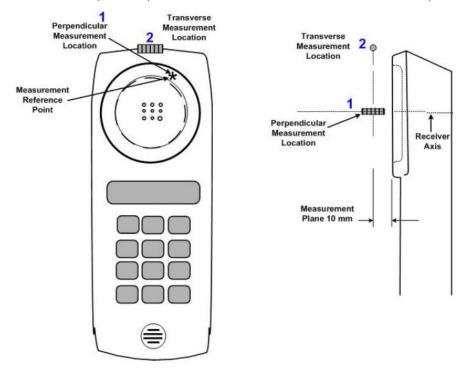


Fig.3 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurements

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8. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	Serial Number	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	i ype/iviodei	Serial Nulliber	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3130	Nov. 26, 2020	Nov. 25, 2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	854	May. 26, 2020	May. 25, 2021
Testo	Hygro meter	608-H1	45196600	Nov. 10, 2020	Nov. 09, 2021
R&S	Base Station	CMU200	112403	Sep. 17, 2020	Sep. 16, 2021
R&S	Wideband Radio Communication Tester	CMW500	169351	Aug. 28, 2020	Aug. 27, 2021
SPEAG	Test Arch Phantom	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1049	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1041	NCR	NCR

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Note:
1. NCR: "No-Calibration Required"

9. T-Coil testing for CMRS Voice

General Note:

Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

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- 2. Air Interface Investigation:
 - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
 - b. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

9.1 GSM Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	FR_V1	HR_V1	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	7.56	8.38		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-31.07	-32.93	Axial	COMOFO / 400
Signal Quality (dB)	38.63	41.31	Axiai	GSM850 / 189
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass		

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
_	GSM850	Voice	189	Axial (Z)	7.56	-31.07	38.63	T4	-50.38	- 2	Pass
'	GSIVI65U	voice	109	Transversal (Y)	-1.69	-39.56	37.87	T4	-50.22		
2	CCM4000	\/-!	661	Axial (Z)	7.31	-35.36	42.67	T4	-50.36	2	Pass
	GSM1900 Voice	001	Transversal (Y)	-1.91	-43.22	41.31	T4	-50.29	2	Pass	

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9.2 UMTS Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	AMR 4.75Kbps	AMR 7.95Kbps	AMR 12.2Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	7.27	6.96	6.9			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-44.95	-48.24	-49.79	Axial	Band 2 / 9400	
Signal Quality (dB)	52.22	55.2	56.69	Axiai	Band 2 / 9400	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

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<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
3	WCDMA II	Voice	9400	Axial (Z)	7.27	-44.95	52.22	T4	-50.35	1.18	Pass
3	WCDIVIA II	voice	9400	Transversal (Y)	-1.05	-47.69	46.64	T4	-50.24		F 035
4	WCDMA IV	Voice	1413	Axial (Z)	7.50	-49.32	56.82	T4	-50.33	1.79	Door
4	WCDIVIA IV	voice	1413	Transversal (Y)	-1.10	-46.78	45.68	T4	-50.20	1.79	Pass
_	5 WCDMA V Voice	Vaine	4182	Axial (Z)	7.31	-50.80	58.11	T4	-50.36	1.81	Pass
5		4102	Transversal (Y)	-1.29	-47.57	46.28	T4	-50.21	1.01	Pass	

9.3 CDMA Tests Results

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	RC1 SO68	RC3 SO68	RC4 SO68	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.33	3.31	4.98			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-47.79	-49.19	-47.61	Axial	BC0 / 384	
Signal Quality (dB)	52.12	52.5	52.59	Axiai	BC0 / 364	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
6	CDMA BC0	RC1+SO3 Voice codec:8K	384	Axial (Z)	4.33	-47.79	52.12	T4	-50.31	2	Pass
0	CDIVIA BCU	Enhanced low	364	Transversal (Y)	-3.49	-46.33	42.84	T4	-50.23	2	F d55
7	CDMA BC1	RC1+SO3 Voice codec:8K	600	Axial (Z)	5.96	-49.23	55.19	T4	-50.35	c	Pass
'	CDIVIA BCT	Enhanced low	600	Transversal (Y)	-3.90	-46.00	42.10	T4	-50.24	2	Fd55
8	CDMA BC10	RC1+SO3 Voice codec:8K	580	Axial (Z)	5.12	-44.14	49.26	T4	-50.30	2	Door
8	CDIVIA BC 10	Enhanced low	360	Transversal (Y)	-3.82	-46.67	42.85	T4	-50.26	2	Pass

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10. T-Coil testing for CMRS IP Voice

10.1 VoLTE Tests Results

General Note:

Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel / band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

2. Air Interface Investigation:

a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands / channel / bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface and the following worst configure would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

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- b. Select LTE FDD / TDD one frequency band to do measurement at the worst SNR position was additionally performed with varying the BWs/Modulations/RB size to verify the variation to find out worst configuration, the observed variation is very little to be within 1.5 dB which is much less than the margin from the rating threshold.
- c. The TDD LTE power class 3 supports uplink-downlink configuration 0 and 6 and power class 2 supports uplink-downlink configuration 1 to 5 for this device, an investigation was performed to determine the worst-case uplink-downlink configuration to be used for the testing for the handset.
- d. According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

<Codec Investigation>

LTE FDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps		EVS SWB 128Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 128Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	7.06	6.4	7.48	7.21	4.59	7.6	2.49	7.68	0.87	5.42		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-41.11	-41.71	-40.6	-46.2	-40.39	-42.68	-36.96	-41.88	-42.52	-43.13		B25 / 20M
Signal Quality (dB)	48.17	48.11	48.08	53.41	44.98	50.28	39.45	49.56	43.39	48.55	Axial	/ 26340
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

LTE TDD

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 128Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 128Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	6.81	6.46	7.47	7.17	7.65	8.01	2.33	8.09	1.47	5.5		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-46.55	-46.43	-46.23	-46.6	-46.74	-46.74	-46.8	-46.44	-46.96	-46.5	Axial	B41 / 20M /
Signal Quality (dB)	53.36	52.89	53.7	53.77	54.39	54.75	49.13	54.53	48.43	52	Axiai	40620
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass		

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<Air Interface Investigation>

	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation / Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	UL-DL Configuration	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	Axial (Z)	0.10	-37.11	37.21
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	50	0	26340	-	Axial (Z)	4.12	-36.72	40.84
	LTE B25	20	QPSK	100	0	26340	-	Axial (Z)	3.17	-36.80	39.97
	LTE B25	20	16QAM	1	0	26340	-	Axial (Z)	0.66	-36.82	37.48
FDD	LTE B25	20	64QAM	1	0	26340	-	Axial (Z)	4.28	-36.76	41.04
FDD	LTE B25	15	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	Axial (Z)	0.83	-37.33	38.16
	LTE B25	10	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	Axial (Z)	3.23	-37.07	40.30
	LTE B25	5	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	Axial (Z)	3.60	-37.24	40.84
	LTE B25	3	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	Axial (Z)	2.54	-37.14	39.68
	LTE B25	1.4	QPSK	1	0	26340	-	Axial (Z)	2.38	-37.17	39.55
	LTE B41_PC3	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	0	Axial (Z)	1.06	-46.76	47.82
	LTE B41_PC3	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	6	Axial (Z)	4.21	-45.95	50.16
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	1	Axial (Z)	2.37	-47.18	49.55
TDD	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	2	Axial (Z)	3.82	-46.87	50.69
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	3	Axial (Z)	3.01	-46.87	49.88
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	4	Axial (Z)	3.28	-47.25	50.53
	LTE B41_PC2	20	QPSK	1	0	40620	5	Axial (Z)	1.72	-47.61	49.33

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Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
9	LTE Band 7	20M	OPSK	1	0	21100	Axial (Z)	2.56	-49.33	51.89	T4	-50.36	1.88	Pass
9	LIE Banu /	ZUIVI	QPSK	'	U	21100	Transversal (Y)	-8.06	-44.51	36.45	T4	-50.23	1.00	Pass
10	LTE Band 12	10M	QPSK	1	0	23095	Axial (Z)	1.04	-45.50	46.54	T4	-50.35	2	Pass
10	LIE Dallu 12	TOW	QFSK		0	23095	Transversal (Y)	-6.95	-45.20	38.25	T4	-50.22	2	F455
11	LTE Band 13	10M	QPSK	1	0	23230	Axial (Z)	1.68	-41.24	42.92	T4	-50.34	2	Pass
""	LIL Ballu 13	TOW	QFSK	'	O	23230	Transversal (Y)	-7.50	-44.26	36.76	T4	-50.29	2	F 033
12	LTE Band 25	20M	QPSK	1	0	26340	Axial (Z)	2.49	-36.96	39.45	T4	-50.36	1.81	Pass
12	LTL Danu 25	20101	QFSK	'	O	20340	Transversal (Y)	-5.91	-43.25	37.34	T4	-50.27	1.01	F d 3 3
13	LTE Band 26	15M	QPSK	1	0	26865	Axial (Z)	1.82	-44.01	45.83	T4	-50.35	2	Pass
13	LIL Balla 20	13101	QI OIL	'	O	20003	Transversal (Y)	-4.28	-45.57	41.29	T4	-50.24	2	1 033
14	LTE Band 30	10M	QPSK	1	0	27710	Axial (Z)	1.25	-42.28	43.53	T4	-50.36	2	Pass
14	LIL Balla 30	TOW	QI OIL	'	0	27710	Transversal (Y)	-5.14	-43.80	38.66	T4	-50.23	2	1 033
15	LTE Band 41	20M	QPSK	1	0	40620	Axial (Z)	1.47	-46.96	48.43	T4	-50.35	2	Pass
13	LIL Ballu 41	20101	QFSK	'	O	40020	Transversal (Y)	-11.79	-44.01	32.22	T4	-50.23	2	F 033
16	LTE Band 48	20M	QPSK	1	0	55830	Axial (Z)	1.11	-47.05	48.16	T4	-50.34	1.53	Pass
10	LIL Ballu 40	20101	QFSK	'	O	33630	Transversal (Y)	-9.44	-40.71	31.27	T4	-50.25	1.55	F 033
17	LTE Band 66	20M	QPSK	1	0	132322	Axial (Z)	2.81	-43.04	45.85	T4	-50.34	2	Pass
17	LIL Dallu 00	ZUIVI	QF3N		U	132322	Transversal (Y)	-8.77	-44.92	36.15	T4	-50.25		F 455
18	LTE Band 71	20M	QPSK	1	0	133322	Axial (Z)	0.25	-50.06	50.31	T4	-50.35	2	Pass
10	LIE Dallu / I	ZUIVI	QF3N	'	U	133322	Transversal (Y)	-7.20	-46.41	39.21	T4	-50.24		rass

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10.2 VoWiFi Tests Results

General Note:

Codec Investigation: For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following worst investigation codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.

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- Air Interface Investigation:
 - Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface and the following worst configure would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
 - Select WLAN 2.4GHz and WLAN 5GHz one frequency band to do measurement at the worst SNR position was additionally performed with varying the BWs/Modulations/data rate to verify the variation to find out worst configuration, the observed variation is very little to be within 1 dB which is much less than the margin from the rating threshold.
 - According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.

<Codec Investigation>

Codec	NB AMR 4.75Kbps	WB AMR 6.60Kbps	NB AMR 12.2Kbps	WB AMR 23.85Kbps	EVS SWB 9.6Kbps	EVS SWB 128Kbps	EVS WB 5.9Kbps	EVS WB 128Kbps	EVS NB 5.9Kbps	EVS NB 24.4Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	3.65	2.51	3.92	3.33	3.93	3.82	-0.85	4.26	-5.61	-0.41		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-33.7	-34.15	-33.6	-34.16	-37.89	-37.96	-50.91	-40.07	-41.86	-42.14		2.4GHz
Signal Quality (dB)	37.35	36.66	37.52	37.49	41.82	41.78	50.06	44.33	36.25	41.73	Axial	WLAN / 6
Freq. Response	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS	PASS		

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<Air Interface Investigation>

Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation / Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB
	802.11b	20	1M	6	Axial (Z)	-8.77	-42.35	33.58
	802.11b	20	11M	6	Axial (Z)	-1.72	-42.90	41.18
	802.11g	20	6M	6	Axial (Z)	-7.42	-41.14	33.72
	802.11g	20	54M	6	Axial (Z)	-3.83	-43.31	39.48
	802.11n-HT20	20	MCS0	6	Axial (Z)	-3.65	-42.35	38.70
	802.11n-HT20	20	MCS7	6	Axial (Z)	-1.46	-42.96	41.50
	802.11n-HT40	40	MCS0	6	Axial (Z)	-2.91	-43.20	40.29
WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11n-HT40	40	MCS7	6	Axial (Z)	-3.51	-43.09	39.58
WLAN 2.4GHZ	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS0	6	Axial (Z)	-4.43	-42.20	37.77
	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS8	6	Axial (Z)	-3.53	-37.74	34.21
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS0	6	Axial (Z)	-4.24	-42.04	37.80
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS8	6	Axial (Z)	-2.71	-43.19	40.48
	802.11ax-HE20	20	MCS0	6	Axial (Z)	-4.59	-43.45	38.86
	802.11ax-HE20	20	MCS11	6	Axial (Z)	-4.23	-42.49	38.26
	802.11ax-HE40	40	MCS0	6	Axial (Z)	-4.71	-43.17	38.46
	802.11ax-HE40	40	MCS11	6	Axial (Z)	-5.68	-42.61	36.93
	802.11a	20	6M	40	Axial (Z)	-10.58	-46.00	35.42
	802.11a	20	54M	40	Axial (Z)	-3.95	-45.43	41.48
	802.11an-HT20	20	MCS0	40	Axial (Z)	-3.54	-46.22	42.68
	802.11an-HT20	20	MCS7	40	Axial (Z)	-2.24	-46.35	44.11
	802.11an-HT40	40	MCS0	38	Axial (Z)	-4.96	-46.77	41.81
	802.11an-HT40	40	MCS7	38	Axial (Z)	-3.02	-46.36	43.34
	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS0	40	Axial (Z)	-2.78	-46.52	43.74
	802.11ac-VHT20	20	MCS8	40	Axial (Z)	-1.06	-44.96	43.90
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS0	38	Axial (Z)	-8.46	-45.94	37.48
	802.11ac-VHT40	40	MCS8	38	Axial (Z)	-3.23	-46.13	42.90
\\\(\) \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	802.11ac-VHT80	80	MCS0	42	Axial (Z)	-2.49	-45.85	43.36
WLAN 5GHz	802.11ac-VHT80	80	MCS8	42	Axial (Z)	-2.97	-44.77	41.80
	802.11ac-VHT160	160	MCS0	50	Axial (Z)	-2.23	-44.59	42.36
	802.11ac-VH160	160	MCS8	50	Axial (Z)	-2.56	-45.89	43.33
	802.11ax-HE20	20	MCS0	40	Axial (Z)	-6.16	-42.53	36.37
	802.11ax-HE20	20	MCS11	40	Axial (Z)	-7.59	-45.03	37.44
	802.11ax-HE40	40	MCS0	38	Axial (Z)	-1.74	-45.64	43.90
	802.11ax-HE40	40	MCS11	38	Axial (Z)	-4.40	-45.89	41.49
	802.11ax-HE80	80	MCS0	42	Axial (Z)	-4.21	-46.10	41.89
	802.11ax-HE80	80	MCS11	42	Axial (Z)	-1.71	-45.98	44.27
	802.11ax-HE160	160	MCS0	50	Axial (Z)	-2.15	-45.59	43.44
	802.11ax-HE160	160	MCS11	50	Axial (Z)	-2.34	-46.88	44.54

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Plot No.	Air Interface	Modulation	Channel	Transmit Antenna	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Response	Frequency Response
19	WLAN2.4GHz	802.11b 1Mbps	6	Ant 1+2	Axial (Z)	-3.48	-38.77	35.29	T4	-50.32	1.4	Pass
19	WLANZ.4GHZ	602.11b 1Mbps	O	AIIL 1+2	Transversal (Y)	-12.11	-34.04	21.93	Т3	-50.24	1.4	Pass
20	WI ANECH	902 11a 6Mbpa	40	Ant 1+2	Axial (Z)	-4.03	-45.08	41.05	T4	-50.35	1.78	Pass
20	20 WLAN5GHz 802.11a 6Mbps	40	AIIL 1+2	Transversal (Y)	-16.47	-47.82	31.35	T4	-50.28	1.70	1 433	
21	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Ant 1+2	Axial (Z)	-3.13	-45.78	42.65	T4	-50.37	1.57	Pass
21	WLANSGHZ	602.11a 61VIDPS	60	AIIL 1+2	Transversal (Y)	-14.23	-46.83	32.60	T4	-50.26	1.57	F455
22	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	124	Ant 1+2	Axial (Z)	-8.05	-46.19	38.14	T4	-50.39	0.92	Pass
22	WLANSGHZ	602.11a 61VIDPS	124	AIIL 1+2	Transversal (Y)	-14.41	-46.80	32.39	T4	-50.24	0.92	Fa55
22	WI ANECH	902 11a 6Mbpa	157	Ant 1.2	Axial (Z)	-2.27	-45.93	43.66	T4	-50.33	1.1	Door
23	23 WLAN5GHz 802.11a 6Mbps	157	Ant 1+2	Transversal (Y)	-13.45	-45.02	31.57	T4	-50.25	1.1	Pass	

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11. T-Coil testing for OTT VoIP Application

General Notes:

- According to the ANSI C63.19 2011 section 7.3.2, test middle channel of each frequency band for HAC testing for each orientation to determine worst HAC T-Coil rating.
- 2. The google Duo VoIP application are pre-installed on this device. According to KDB 285076 D02, all air interfaces via a data connection with VoIP application need to be considered HAC testing.

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- 3. The Google Duo only support OPUS audio codec and support 6Kbps to 75Kbps bitrate.
- 4. The test setup used for OTT VoIP call is the DUT connect to the CMW500 and via the data application unit on CMW500 connection to the Internet, the Auxiliary EUT is connected to the WiFi access point, the channel/Modulation/Frequency bands/data rate is configured on the CMW500 for the DUT unit. For the Auxiliary VoIP unit which is used to configure the audio codec rate and determine the audio input level of -20dBm0 based on the KDB 285076 D02v03 requirement.
- 5. <u>Codec Investigation:</u> For a voice service/air interface, investigate the variations of codec configurations (WB, NB bit rate) and document the parameters (ABM1, ABM2, S+N/N, frequency response) for that voice service. It is only necessary to document this for one channel/band, the following tests results which the worst case codec would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 6. Air Interface Investigation:
 - a. Use the worst-case codec test and document a limited set of bands/channel/bandwidths. Observe the effect of changing the band and bandwidth to ensure that there are no unexpected variations. Using the knowledge of the observed variations, it is necessary to report only a set band/channel/bandwidth for each orientation for a voice service/air interface.
 - b. Due to OTT service and CMRS IP service are all be established over the internet protocol for the voice service, and on both services use the identical RF air interface for the WIFI and LTE, therefore according to VoLTE and VoWiFi test results of air interface investigation, the worst configuration and frequency band of air interface was used for OTT T-Coil testing.
 - -LTE FDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 66/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 - -LTE TDD worst configuration and band: LTE Band 48/20MHz/QPSK/1RB Size
 - -WLAN2.4GHz worst configuration: 802.11b /1Mbps
 - -WLAN5GHz worst configuration and Band: WLAN 5.2GHz /11a/6Mbps

<Codec Investigation>

EDGE

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	6.24	6.61	6.66			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-34.57	-33.44	-35.49	Axial	0014050 /400	
Signal Quality (dB)	40.81	40.05	42.15	Axiai	GSM850 / 189	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

HSPA

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	6.84	6.92	6.78			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-49.08	-49.74	-48.8	Axial	UMTS B2 / 9400	
Signal Quality (dB)	55.92	56.66	55.58	Axidi	OM15 B2 / 9400	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

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1XEVDO Rev A

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	6.06	6.76	7.04			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-45.44	-46.98	-45.01	A:-1	DC0 / 204	
Signal Quality (dB)	51.5	53.74	52.05	Axial	BC0 / 384	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

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LTE FDD

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	6.57	6.71	6.56			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-50.05	-49.23	-48.91	Axial	DOE / 20M / 20240	
Signal Quality (dB)	56.62	55.94	55.47	Axiai	B25 / 20M / 26340	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

LTE TDD

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / BW / Channel
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	6.63	6.76	6.7		
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-47.48	-47.32	-47.8	A. del	B41 / 20M / 40620
Signal Quality (dB)	54.11	54.08	54.5	Axial	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass		

WLAN

Codec	OPUS Bitrate 6Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 40Kbps	OPUS Bitrate 75Kbps	Orientation	Band / Channel	
ABM 1 (dBA/m)	4.2	5.83	4.76			
ABM 2 (dBA/m)	-34.29	-31.75	-33.41	Axial	WLAN2.4G / 6	
Signal Quality (dB)	38.49	37.58	38.17	Axidi	WLAN2.4G / 6	
Freq. Response	Pass	Pass	Pass			

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Plot No.	Air Interface	Modulation / Mode	Channel	Ant Status	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response						
24	24 GSM850 EDGE	EDGE 2 Tx slots	189		Axial (Z)	6.61	-33.44	40.05	T4	-50.36	2	Pass						
24		LDGL 2 1X SIOIS			Transversal (Y)	-3.88	-41.89	38.01	T4	-50.24								
25 GSM1900	EDGE 2 Tx slots	661		Axial (Z)	6.47	-35.90	42.37	T4	-50.33	2	Pass							
23	OSW1900	LDOL 2 1X 31013	001		Transversal (Y)	-7.78	-45.26	37.48	T4	-50.26	2	1 055						
26 WCDMA II	HSPA	9400		Axial (Z)	6.78	-48.80	55.58	T4	-50.30	2	Pass							
20	20 WCDIVIA II	HOFA	9400		Transversal (Y)	-1.72	-44.99	43.27	T4	-50.22	2	F d 5 5						
27	27 WCDMA IV	HSPA	1413		Axial (Z)	6.63	-48.36	54.99	T4	-50.34	- 2	Pass						
21	WCDIVIA IV	HOFA			Transversal (Y)	-1.61	-45.18	43.57	T4	-50.21								
20	28 WCDMA V HSPA	LICDA	4182		Axial (Z)	7.28	-45.31	52.59	T4	-50.35	2	Pass						
20		4102		Transversal (Y)	-1.88	-44.56	42.68	T4	-50.23	2	Fass							
29	CDMA BC0	RTAP 153.6Kbps	384		Axial (Z)	6.06	-45.44	51.50	T4	-50.36	1.15	Pass						
29	CDIVIA BCU				Transversal (Y)	-2.06	-44.93	42.87	T4	-50.24								
20	30 CDMA BC1 RTAP 153.6Kbps	DTAD 152 6Kbpc	600	600	600	600	600	600	600		Axial (Z)	6.29	-49.17	55.46	T4	-50.36	2	Pass
30		600		Transversal (Y)	-2.03	-45.14	43.11	T4	-50.21	2	Fa55							
31	CDMA BC10	RTAP 153.6Kbps	580		Axial (Z)	6.76	-49.34	56.10	T4	-50.35	2	Pass						
31	CDIVIA BC10	KTAF 155.0KDp5			Transversal (Y)	-1.72	-46.40	44.68	T4	-50.20								
32	LTE Band 48	20M QPSK 1 0	55830	EE020	55000	55000	FF000	EE920		Axial (Z)	6.86	-44.11	50.97	T4	-50.34	2	Pass	
32	LTE Ballu 46	201VI_QF3K_1_0			Transversal (Y)	-2.61	-42.14	39.53	T4	-50.21	2	F455						
33	LTE Band 66	20M_QPSK_1_0	132322	2	Axial (Z)	6.68	-48.56	55.24	T4	-50.36	2	Pass						
33 LI	LIE Band 66				Transversal (Y)	-2.05	-44.23	42.18	T4	-50.23								
34 WLAN2.4GHz	000 44h 4Mhna	6	Ant 1+2	Axial (Z)	5.83	-31.75	37.58	T4	-50.32	2	Pass							
	WLAINZ.4GHZ	802.11b 1Mbps	υ	AIIL ITZ	Transversal (Y)	-8.90	-35.40	26.50	T4	-50.24		F d 5 5						
35	WLAN5GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	40	Ant 1+2	Axial (Z)	6.10	-36.82	42.92	T4	-50.38	2	Pass						
33 WLANSGHZ	WLANSGEZ				Transversal (Y)	-2.92	-40.79	37.87	T4	-50.27								

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11.15G FR1 OTT evaluation

General Notes:

1. According to KDB 285076 D03, For 5G FR1 OTT, establish the ABM1S65G value by using an IP connection for magnetic intensity for a call in the same band as the 5G sub6 band under test.

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- Also note the actual ABM2LTE/OTT value and establish an ABM2S65G value, using a 5G manufacture test mode over 5G Sub 6 channels for the same band under test.
- 3. Document in the test report matrix:
 - a. Include columns for both ABM2LTE & ABM2S65G for comparison
 - b. Establish the S+N1/N2 for the rating
 - i. S+N1 = ABM1LTE (step 1) and
 - ii. N2 = ABM2S65G (step 2).
 - iii. Subtract 3 dB from S+N1/N2
 - c. Rating based on (ABM1LTE/ ABM2S65G) -3dB.

Plot No.	Air Interface	BW (MHz)	Modulation / Mode	RB Size	RB offset	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality dB	Signal Quality -3 dB	T Rating	Ambient Noise dB (A/m)	Freq. Response Variation dB	Frequency Response
36	LTE Band 26 15M	15M	QPSK	1	0	26865	Axial (Z)	6.74	-49.25	55.99	-	T4	-50.35	- 2	Pass
		TOW				20000	Transversal (Y)	-1.65	-45.37	43.72	-	T4	-50.27		
	FR1 n5 20M	2014	I BPSK	1	1	167300	Axial (Z)	6.74	-28.89	35.63	32.63	T4	-50.37	- NA	NA
		20101		'			Transversal (Y)	-1.65	-32.14	30.49	27.49	T3	-50.26		
37	LTE Band 7	20M	QPSK	1	0	21100	Axial (Z)	6.61	-49.71	56.32	-	T4	-50.39	2	Pass
							Transversal (Y)	-1.29	-44.91	43.62	-	T4	-50.24		
31	FR1 n7	20M	BPSK	1	1	507000	Axial (Z)	6.61	-30.35	36.96	33.96	T4	-50.36	- NA	NA
		20101		'		307000	Transversal (Y)	-1.29	-33.47	32.18	29.18	Т3	-50.21		
38	LTE Band 25	20M	QPSK	1	0	26340	Axial (Z)	6.56	-48.91	55.47	-	T4	-50.38	2	Pass
	LTL Ballu 25	20101	QF3K		0		Transversal (Y)	-2.36	-43.94	41.58	-	T4	-50.24		
30	FR1 n25 40M	BPSK	1	1	376500	Axial (Z)	6.56	-21.87	28.43	25.43	T3	-50.35	- NA	NA	
						Transversal (Y)	-2.36	-31.61	29.25	26.25	T3	-50.23			
	LTE Band 41 20M	2014	QPSK	1	0	40620	Axial (Z)	6.76	-47.32	54.08	-	T4	-50.32	- 2	Pass
39	LTL Ballu 41	20101	QFSK	'	0	40020	Transversal (Y)	-1.93	-42.64	40.71	-	T4	-50.26		
39	FR1 n41 100M	BPSK	1	1	518598	Axial (Z)	6.76	-29.01	35.77	32.77	T4	-50.36	NA	NA	
	11(11)41	TOOW	50	'	'	310090	Transversal (Y)	-1.93	-32.87	30.94	27.94	Т3	-50.24	INA	14/1
	LTE Band 66 20	20M	QPSK	1	0	132322	Axial (Z)	6.68	-48.56	55.24	-	T4	-50.36	- 2	Pass
40		20101					Transversal (Y)	-2.05	-44.23	42.18	-	T4	-50.23		
40	FR1 n66 40M	40M	40M BPSK	1	1	349000	Axial (Z)	6.68	-28.41	35.09	32.09	T4	-50.34	NIA	NA
		JIVI BF3K		-	349000	Transversal (Y)	-2.05	-32.30	30.25	27.25	T3	-50.22	NA NA	INA	
	LTE D = 174 00M	OM QPSK	1	0	133322	Axial (Z)	6.94	-39.16	46.10	-	T4	-50.39	2	Dana	
41	LTE Band 71	20M	QF3K		0	133322	Transversal (Y)	-1.65	-43.37	41.72	-	T4	-50.27	2	Pass
41	FR1 n71 20M	1 BPSK	,	1	136100	Axial (Z)	6.94	-30.32	37.26	34.26	T4	-50.38	NIA	NA	
	FRIII/I	20101	DFSN	1	'	130100	Transversal (Y)	-1.65	-33.45	31.80	28.80	T3	-50.23	NA	INA
42	LTE Band 48 20M	2014	QPSK	1	0	55830	Axial (Z)	6.86	-44.11	50.97	-	T4	-50.34	- 2	Pass
		20101	QPSK				Transversal (Y)	-2.61	-42.14	39.53	-	T4	-50.21		
	ED4 NIZZ 40011	BPSK	1	1	656000	Axial (Z)	6.86	-28.80	35.66	32.66	T4	-50.36	NIA	NIA	
	FR1 N77	100M	DPSN	1	1	000000	Transversal (Y)	-2.61	-32.80	30.19	27.19	Т3	-50.24	NA	NA

Remark:

- 1. Phone Condition: Mute on; Backlight off; Max Volume
- 2. The detail frequency response results please refer to appendix A.
- 3. Test Engineer: Carter Jhuang, Bevis Chang and Randy Lin

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12. Uncertainty Assessment

The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance. The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances. Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is showed in Table 8.2.

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The judgment of conformity in the report is based on the measurement results excluding the measurement uncertainty.

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	Ci (ABM1)	Ci (ABM2)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2)				
Probe Sensitivity											
Reference Level	3.0	Normal	1	1	1	± 3.0 %	± 3.0 %				
AMCC Geometry	0.4	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.2 %	± 0.2 %				
AMCC Current	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %				
Probe Positioning During Calibrate	0.1	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %				
Noise Contribution	0.7	Rectangular	√3	0.0143	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %				
Frequency Slope	5.9	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.3 %	± 3.5 %				
Probe System											
Repeatability / Drift	1.0	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.6 %	± 0.6 %				
Linearity / Dynamic Range	0.6	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.4 %	± 0.4 %				
Acoustic Noise	1.0	Rectangular	√3	0.1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.6 %				
Probe Angle	2.3	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.4 %	± 1.4 %				
Spectral Processing	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %				
Integration Time	0.6	Normal	1	1	5	± 0.6 %	± 3.0 %				
Field Disturbation	0.2	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.1 %	± 0.1 %				
		Test Siç	gnal								
Reference Signal Spectral Response	0.6	Rectangular	√3	0	1	± 0.0 %	± 0.4 %				
		Position	ning								
Probe Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %				
Phantom Thickness	0.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 0.5 %	± 0.5 %				
EUT Positioning	1.9	Rectangular	√3	1	1	± 1.1 %	± 1.1 %				
External Contributions											
RF Interference	0.0	Rectangular	√3	1	0.3	± 0.0 %	± 0.0 %				
Test Signal Variation	2.0	Rectangular ndard Uncertainty	√3	1	1	± 1.2 %	± 1.2 %				
	± 4.1 % ± 6.1 %										
	Coverage F	actor for 95 %				K:	± 0.5 % ± 1.1 % ± 0.0 % ± 1.2 % ± 6.1 %				
Declaration of Conformity:	Expanded	Uncertainty				± 8.1 %	± 12.3 %				

Declaration of Conformity:

The test results with all measurement uncertainty excluded are presented in accordance with the regulation limits or requirements declared by manufacturers.

Comments and Explanations:

The declared of product specification for EUT presented in the report are provided by the manufacturer, and the manufacturer takes all the responsibilities for the accuracy of product specification.

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13. References

[1] ANSI C63.19-2011, "American National Standard for Methods of Measurement of Compatibility between Wireless Communications Devices and Hearing Aids", 27 May 2011.

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- [2] FCC KDB 285076 D01v05r01, "Equipment Authorization Guidance for Hearing Aid Compatibility", Apr. 2020.
- [3] FCC KDB 285076 D02v03, "Guidance for performing T-Coil tests for air interfaces supporting voice over IP (e.g., LTE and WiFi) to support CMRS based telephone services", Sep 2017
- [4] FCC KDB 285076 D03v01r03, "Hearing aid compatibility frequently asked questions", Oct. 2020.
- [5] SPEAG DASY System Handbook

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