

Hearing Aid Compatibility (HAC) T-Coil Test Report

APPLICANT: OnePlus Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

PRODUCT NAME: Mobile Phone

MODEL NAME : CPH2513,CPH2515

BRAND NAME: ONEPLUS

FCC ID : 2ABZ2-AA534

STANDARD(S) : FCC 47 CFR Part 20(20.19)

ANSI C63.19-2011

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Change History			
Version	Date	Reason for Change	
1.0	2023-03-09	First edition	



1. Attestation of Testing Summary

A in Intended	Frequency	T Dating	Frequency	Magnetic
Air Interface	Band	T-Rating	Response	Intensity
GSM CMRS Voice	GSM1900	T4	PASS	PASS
OTT over EDGE	GSM1900	T4	PASS	PASS
	Band II	T4	PASS	PASS
UMTS CMRS Voice	Band IV	T4	PASS	PASS
	Band V	T4	PASS	PASS
OTT over UMTS	Band II	T4	PASS	PASS
OTTOVELOWIS	Band V	T4	PASS	PASS
	Band 2	T4	PASS	PASS
	Band 4	T4	PASS	PASS
	Band 5	T4	PASS	PASS
	Band 7	T4	PASS	PASS
	Band 12	T4	PASS	PASS
	Band 13	T4	PASS	PASS
VoLTE	Band 17	T4	PASS	PASS
VOLIE	Band 18	T4	PASS	PASS
	Band 25	T4	PASS	PASS
	Band 26	T4	PASS	PASS
	Band 38	T4	PASS	PASS
	Band 41	T4	PASS	PASS
	Band 48	T4	PASS	PASS
	Band 66	T4	PASS	PASS
OTT over LTC	Band 4	T4	PASS	PASS
OTT over LTE	Band 17	T4	PASS	PASS
	2.4GHz	T4	PASS	PASS
	5.2GHz(U-NII-1)	T4	PASS	PASS
VoWi-Fi	5.3GHz(U-NII-2A)	T4	PASS	PASS
	5.5GHz(U-NII-2C)	T4	PASS	PASS
	5.8GHz(U-NII-3)	T4	PASS	PASS
OTT over WiFi	5.3GHz(U-NII-2A)	T4	PASS	PASS

Note:

- 1. It is compliance with HAC limits for this device that specified in FCC 47 CFR Part 20(20.19) and ANSI C63.19.
- 2. When the test result is a critical value, we will use the measurement uncertainty give the judgment result based on the 95% confidence intervals.



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2. Technical Information

Note: Provide by applicant.

2.1. Applicant and Manufacturer Information

Applicant:	OnePlus Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.		
Applicant Address:	18C02, 18C03, 18C04, and 18C05, Shum Yip Terra Building, Binhe		
Applicant Address:	Avenue North, Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China		
Manufacturer: OnePlus Technology (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.			
Manufacturer Address:	18C02, 18C03, 18C04, and 18C05, Shum Yip Terra Building, Binhe		
Wallufacturer Address.	Avenue North, Futian District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. China		

2.2. Equipment under Test (EUT) Description

Product Name:	Mobile Phone		
EUT IMEI:	869320060045756		
	869320060046523		
Hardware Version:	11		
Software Version:	OxygenOS 13.1		
Frequency Bands:	GSM 1900: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz		
	WCDMA Band II: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz		
	WCDMA Band IV: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz		
	WCDMA Band V: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz		
	LTE Band 2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz		
	LTE Band 4: 1710 MHz ~ 1755 MHz		
	LTE Band 5: 824 MHz ~ 849 MHz		
	LTE Band 7: 2500 MHz ~ 2570 MHz		
	LTE Band 12: 699 MHz ~ 716 MHz		
	LTE Band 13: 777 MHz ~ 787 MHz		
	LTE Band 17: 704 MHz ~ 716 MHz		
	LTE Band 18: 815 MHz ~ 830 MHz		
	LTE Band 25: 1850 MHz ~ 1915 MHz		
	LTE Band 26: 814 MHz ~ 849 MHz		
	LTE Band 38: 2570 MHz ~ 2620 MHz		
	LTE Band 41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz		
	LTE Band 48: 3550 MHz ~ 3700 MHz		
	LTE Band 66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz		
	LTE Band 71: 663 MHz ~ 698 MHz		
	5G NR n2: 1850 MHz ~ 1910 MHz		



	5G NR n5: 824 MF	Hz ~ 849 MHz		
	5G NR n12: 699 M	1Hz ~ 716 MHz		
	5G NR n25: 1850	MHz ~ 1915 MHz		
	5G NR n41: 2496 MHz ~ 2690 MHz			
	5G NR n66: 1710 MHz ~ 1780 MHz			
	5G NR n71: 663 M	1Hz ~ 698 MHz		
	5G NR n77: 3450	MHz ~ 3550 MHz; 3700 MHz ~ 3980 MHz		
	5G NR n78: 3450	MHz ~ 3550 MHz; 3700 MHz ~ 3800 MHz		
	WLAN 2.4GHz: 24	12 MHz ~ 2462 MHz		
	WLAN 5.2GHz: 51	80 MHz ~ 5240 MHz		
	WLAN 5.3GHz: 52	260 MHz ~ 5320 MHz		
	WLAN 5.5GHz: 55	500 MHz ~ 5720 MHz		
	WLAN 5.8GHz: 57	'45 MHz ~ 5825 MHz		
	Bluetooth: 2402 M	Hz ~ 2480 MHz		
	NFC: 13.56 MHz			
Modulation Mode:	GSM/GPRS: GMSK			
	EDGE: 8PSK			
	WCDMA: QPSK, 16QAM			
	LTE: QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM			
	5G NR: DFT-s-OFDM/CP-OFDM, PI/2 BPSK			
	QPSK, 16QAM, 64QAM, 256QAM			
	802.11b: DSSS			
	802.11a/g/n-HT20/HT40/ac-VHT20/40/80: OFDM			
	BR+EDR: GFSK(1Mbps), π/4-DQPSK(2Mbps), 8-DPSK(3Mbps)			
		SK(1Mbps, 2Mbps)		
	NFC: ASK			
VoLTE Mode:	Support			
VoWi-Fi Mode:	Support			
VoIP Mode:	Support			
SIM Cards Description:	SIM 1 GSM+WCDMA +LTE+5G NR			
	SIM 2 GSM+WCDMA +LTE+5G NR			
Note:	L	•		

Note:

- 1. There are two models CPH2513 (dual SIM) and CPH2515 (single SIM) in this report, they are different from the model name and SIM card slot. Therefore, the worst condition of head, body would be verified and the results were recorded in report SZ22120264S01.
- For more detailed description, please refer to specification or user manual supplied by the applicant and/or manufacturer.

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2.3. Photographs of the EUT

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Please refer to the External Photos for the Photos of the EUT

2.4. Applied Reference Documents

Leading reference documents for testing:

		Method
Identity	Document Title	determination
		Remark
FCC 47 CFR Part 20(20.19)	Hearing aid-compatible mobile handsets.	No deviation
	American National Standard Methods of	
ANSI C63.19-2011	Measurement of Compatibility between	No deviation
	Wireless Communications Devices and	No deviation
	Hearing Aids	
KDB 285076 D01v06	HAC Guidance	No deviation
KDB 285076 D02v04	T-Coil testing for CMRS IP	No deviation
KDB 285076 D03V01r05	HAC FAQ	No deviation

Note 1: Additions to, deviation, or exclusions from the method shall be judged in the "method determination" column of add, deviate or exclude from the specific method shall be explained in the "Remark" of the above table.





3. Air Interface and Operating Mode

Air Interface	Band	Transport Type	Simultaneous Transmitter	Name of Voice Service	Power Reduction
CCM	GSM1900	VO	Wi-Fi & BT	CMRS Voice	No
GSM	EDGE1900	VD	Wi-Fi & BT	Google duo	No
	Band II				No
WCDMA	Band IV	VO	Wi-Fi & BT	CMRS Voice	No
(UMTS)	Band V				No
	HSPA	VD	Wi-Fi & BT	Google duo	No
	Band 2				No
	Band 4				No
	Band 5				No
	Band 7				No
	Band 12				No
	Band 13				No
	Band 17			VoLTE &	No
LTE	Band 18	VD	Wi-Fi & BT		No
	Band 25			Google duo	No
	Band 26				No
	Band 38				No
	Band 41				No
	Band 48				No
	Band 66				No
	Band 71				No
	n2				No
	n5				No
	n12			N/A	No
	n25				No
5G NR	n41	DT	Wi-Fi & BT		No
	n66				No
	n71				No
	n77	- -			No
	n78				No
	2450			Wi-Fi Calling	No
Wi-Fi	5200 (U-NII-1)	VD	GSM,UMTS,LTE	&	No
	5300 (U-NII-2A)	1		Google duo	No



	5500 (U-NII-2C)				No
	5800 (U-NII-3)				No
BT	2450	DT	GSM,UMTS,LTE	N/A	No

Where:

VO=Voice Only

DT=Digital Transport only

VD=CMRS and IP Voice Service over Digital Transport

BT=Bluetooth

- * Ref Lev in accordance with 7.4.2.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 and the July 2012 VoLTE interpretation
- ** Ref Lev -20 dBm0
- *** Ref Lev XYNet established by KDB Inquiry NNNNNN @ -16 dBm0

Note:

- 1) Air Interface/Band MHz: List of all air interfaces and bands supported by the handset.
- 2) Type: For each air interface, indicate the type of voice transport mode:
 - VO = legacy Cellular Voice Service, from Table 7.1 in 7.4.2.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011;
 - ii. DT = Digital Transport only (no voice); and
 - iii. VD = IP Voice Service over Digital Transport.
- 3) Simultaneous Transmitter: Indicate any air interface/bands that operate in simultaneous or concurrent service transmission mode.
- 4) Name of Voice Service: See Q4 in 285076 D03 HAC FAQ for further clarification.
- a) Ref Lev in accordance with 7.4.2.1 of ANSI C63.19-2011 and the July 2012 VoLTE interpretation
- b) ** Ref Lev -20 dBm0
- c) *** Ref Lev XY Net established by KDB Inquiry NNNNNN @ -16 dBm0
- **5)** LTE-FDD Band 71: The frequency range of LTE-FDD Band 71 is out of ANSI C63.19-2011, therefore T-Coil for VoLTE of LTE Band 71 is not required.





4. Measurement standards for T-Coil

4.1. T-Coil Signal Quality Categories

This sub clause specifies the signal-to-noise quality requirement for the intended T-Coil signal from a WD. The worst signal to noise of the two T-Coil signal measurements, as determined in Clause 7, shall be used to determine the T-Coil mode category per Table 2.1.

Only the RF immunity of the hearing aid is measured in T-Coil mode. It is assumed that a hearing aid can have no immunity to an interference signal in the audio band, which is the intended reception band for this mode. So, the only criterion that can be measured is the RF immunity in T-Coil mode. The RF measurements made for the T-Coil evaluation are used to assign the category T1 through T4. The limitation is given in Table 1. This establishes the RF environment presented by the WD to a hearing aid.

Category	Telephone parameters WD signal quality [(signal + noise)-to-noise ratio in decibels]
Category T1	0 dB to 10 dB
Category T2	10 dB to 20 dB
Category T3	20 dB to 30 dB
Category T4	>30 dB

Table 4.1 T-Coil signal-to-noise categories

4.2. Frequency Response

This sub clause describes the relationship between the M rating, which is based on the RF emission tests performed in Clause 5, and the T rating, which is based on the T-Coil tests performed in Clause 7.

If the WD achieves an acceptable category rating per ANSI C63.19-2011 section 8.2, as determined by the appropriate regulating authority, it becomes a candidate for the T designation (see ANSI C63.19-2011 section 8.3.4).

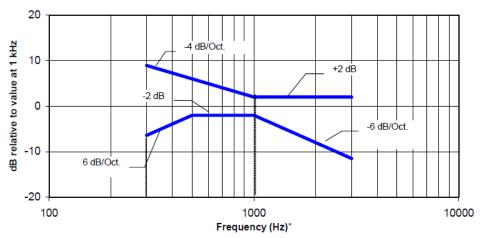
The frequency response of the perpendicular component of the magnetic field, measured in 1/3 octave bands, shall follow the response curve specified in this sub-clause, over the frequency range 300 Hz to 3000 Hz.

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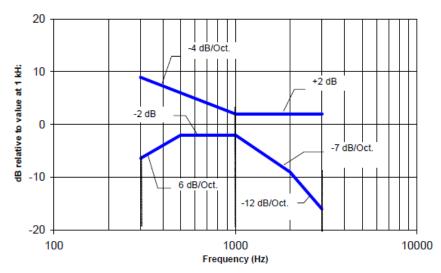
Block67, BaoAn District, ShenZhen , GuangDong Province, P. R. China





NOTE—The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

Fig 4.1 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with field strength ≤ −15 dB (A/m) at 1 kHz



NOTE-The frequency response is between 300 Hz and 3000 Hz.

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Fig 4.2 Magnetic field frequency response for WDs with a field that exceeds –15 dB(A/m) at 1 kHz





5. HAC (T-Coil) Measurement System

5.1.T-Coil Measurement Setup

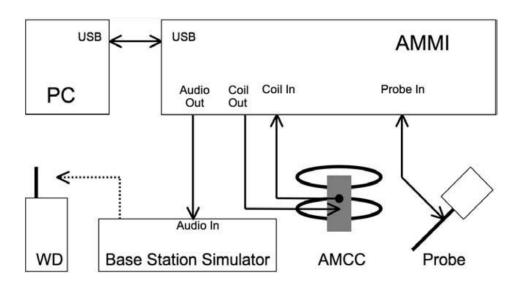


Fig 5.1 SPEAG T-Coil System Configurations

Note:

- 1. Per C63 & KDB 285076 D02v03, define the all applicable input audio level:
 - 1) GSM input level: -16dBm0
 - 2) UMTS input level: -16dBm0
 - 3) VoLTE input level: -16dBm0
 - 4) VoWiFi input level: -20dBm0
 - 5) OTT Voip input level: -20dBm0
- 2. A communication base station CMU200 is used for testing GSM / UMTS / CDMA, and it's "Decode Cal" and "Codec Cal" with audio option B52 and B85 to set the correct audio input level.
- 3. CMU200 is able to output 1KHz audio signal equivalent to 3.14dBm0 at "Decode Cal", the signal reference is used to adjust the AMMI gain setting to reach -16dBm0 for GSM/UMTS and -18dBm0 for CDMA.
- 4. The callbox of CMW500 is used for VoLTE over IMS and VoWiFi over IMS T-Coil measurement, the data application unit of the CMW500 was used to simulate the IP multimedia subsystem server. And the CMW500 can be manually configured to ensure and control the speech input level result is -16dBm0 for VoLTE and -20dBm0 for VoWiFi when the device during the IMS connection.



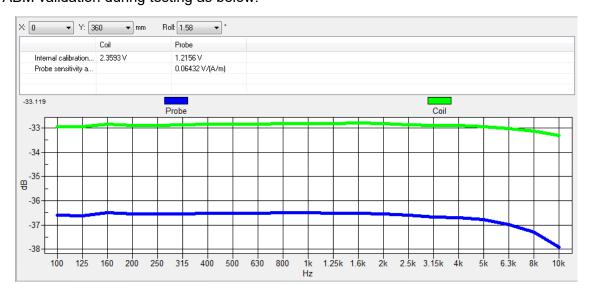
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5.2. System Validation

For correct and calibrated measurement of the voltages and ABM filed, DASY will perform a calibration job follows below:

- 1. In phase 1, the audio output is switched off, and a 200 mW symmetric rectangular signal of 1 kHz is connected directly to both channels of the sampling unit(Coil in, Probe in).
- 2. In phase 2, the audio output is off, and a 20 mW symmetric 100 Hz signal is internally connected. The signals during phases 1 and 2 are available at the output on the rear panel of the AMMI. However, the output must not be loaded, in order to avoid influencing the calibration, an RMS voltmeter would indicate 100mWRMS, during the second phase after the first two phases, the two input channels are both calibrated for absolute ants of voltages. The resulting factors are displayed above the multi-meter window.
- 3. After phases 1 and 2, the input channels are calibrated to measure exact voltages. This is required to use the inputs for measuring voltages with their peak and RMS value.
- 4. In phase 3, a mulit-sine signal covering each third-octave band from 50 Hz to 10 kHz is generated and applied to both audio outputs. The probe should be positioned in the center of the AMCC and aligned in the z-direction, the filed orientation of the AMCC. The "Coil In" channel is measuring the voltage over the AMCC internal shunt, which is proportional to the magnetic filed in the AMCC. At the same time, the "Probe In" channel samples the amplified signal picked up by the probe coil and provides a numerical integrator. The radio of two voltages in each third-octave filter leads to the spectral representation over the frequency band of interest. The coil signal is scaled in dBV, and the probe signal is first integrated and normalized to show dB A/m. The radio probe-to-coil at the frequency of 1KHz is the sensitivity which will be used in the consecutive T-coil jobs,.
- 5. The ABM validation during testing as below.





5.3. Base Station Gain Factor

- 1. The Required gain factor for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to achieve approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.
- 2. The calculation formula as below showing how to determine the input level for air interface for this device.

The predefined signal types have the following differences / factors compared to the 1kHz sine signal:

Signal [file name]	Duration [s]	Peak-to- RMS [dB]	RMS [dB]	Required gain factor *)	Gain setting
1kHz sine		3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1.025kHz_10s.wav	10	3.0	0.0	1.00	
48k_1kHz_3.15kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-3.0	1.42	
48k_315Hz_1kHz_10s.wav	10	6.0	-2.9	1.40	
48k_csek_8k_441_white_10s.wav	10	13.8	-10.5	3.34	
48k_multisine_50-5000_10s.wav	10	11.1	-7.9	2.49	
48k_voice_1kHz_1s.wav	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	
48k_voice_300-3000_2s.wav	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	

^(*) The gain for the specific signal shall typically be multiplied by this factor to acheive approx. the same level as for the 1kHz sine signal.

Insert the gain applicable for your setup in the last column of the table.

CMU200 for GSM WCDMA

<Input level determination >

Gain Value	20* log(gain)	AMCC Coil in	Level
(linear)	dB	(dBv RMS)	dBm0
-	-	-2.44	3.14
10	20	-20.96	-15.38
9.31	19.38	-21.58	-16

<Base station gain factor calculation>

- Luce etation gain lace	- Laco chance gam ractor caroananen									
Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting					
1kHz sine	-	3	0	1	8.17					
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	40.32					
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	78.96					





CMW500 for VoLTE

<Input level determination>

Gain Value	dBm	Full scal Voltage		AMMI audio out (dBv) (RMS)	AMCC Coil Out (dBv) (RMS)	
N/A	3.14	1.5	N/A	0.51	N/A	
100	5.61	N/A	40	2.98	3.13	
8.31	-16	N/A	18.39	N/A	-18.48	

<Base station gain factor calculation>

Signal Type	Duration (s)	Peak to RMS (dB)	RMS (dB)	Gain Factor	Gain Setting	
48k_voice_1kHz	1	16.2	-12.7	4.33	35.98	
48k_voice_300-3000	2	21.6	-18.6	8.48	70.46	

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6. T-Coil Measurement Procedure

6.1. General Guidance

T-Coil measurement follows ANSI C63.19-2011, Section 7.4

This section describes the procedures used to measure the ABM (T-Coil) performance of the WD. In addition to measuring the absolute signal levels, the A-weighted magnitude of the unintended signal shall also be determined. To assure that the required signal quality is measured, the measurement of the intended signal and the measurement of the unintended signal must be made at the same location for each measurement position. In addition, the RF field strength at each measurement location must be at or below that required for the assigned category.

Measurements shall not include undesired properties from the WD's RF field; therefore, use of a coaxial connection to a base station simulator or non-radiating load, there might still be RF leakage from the WD, which can interfere with the desired measurement. Pre-measurement checks should be made to avoid this possibility. All measurements shall be performed with the WD operating on battery power with an appropriate normal speech audio signal input level given in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1. If the device display can be turned off during a phone call, then that may be done during the measurement as well.

Measurement shall be performed at two locations specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 A.3, with the correct probe orientation for a particular location, in a multistage sequence by first measuring the field intensity of the desired T-Coil signal the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired magnetic components (ABM2) must be measured at the same location as the desired ABM or T-Coil signal (ABM1), and the ratio of desired to undesired ABM signals must be calculated. For the perpendicular field location, only the ABM1 frequency response shall be determined in a third measurement stage.

The following steps summarize the basic test flow for determining ABM1 and ABM2. These steps assume that a sine wave or narrowband 1/3 octave signal can be used for the measurement of ABM1.

- 1) A validation of the test setup and instrumentation may be performed using a TMFS or Helmholtz coil Measure the emissions and confirm that they are within the specified tolerance.
- 2) Position the WD in the test setup and connect the WD RF connector to a base station simulator or a non-radiating load. Confirm that equipment that requires calibration has been calibrated, and that the noise level meets the requirements given in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- 3) The drive level to the WD ise set such that the reference input level specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 7.1 is input to the base station simulator (or manufacturer's test mode equivalent) in 1 kHz, 1/3 octave band. This drive level shall be used for the T-Coil signal test (ABM1) at f = 1 kHz. Either a sine wave at 1025 Hz or a voice-like signal, band-limited to the 1 kHz 1/3 octave, as defined in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.2, shall be used for the reference audio signal. If interference is found at 1025 Hz an



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alternative nearby reference audio signal frequency may be used. The same drive level shall be used for the ABM1 frequency response measurements at each 1/3 octave band center frequency. The WD volume control may be set at any level up to maximum, provided that a signal at any frequency at maximum modulation would not result in clipping or signal overload.

- 4) Determine the magnetic measurement locations for the WD device (A.3), if not already specified by the manufacturer, as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.1.1 and 7.4.4.2.
- 5) At each measurement location, measure and record the desired T-Coil magnetic signals (ABM1 at fi) as described in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.2 in each individual ISO 266-1975 R10 standard 1/3 octave band. The desired audio band input frequency (fi) shall be centered in each 1/3 octave band maintaining the same drive level as determined in item c) and the reading taken for that band. Equivalent methods of determining the frequency response may also be employed, such as fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using noise excitation or input-output comparison using simulated speech. The full-band integrated probe output, as specified in D.9, may be used, as long as the appropriate calibration curve is applied to the measured result, so as to yield an accurate measurement of the field magnitude. (The resulting measurement shall be an accurate measurement in dB A/m.)
- 6) All Measurements of the desired signal shall be shown to be of the desired signal and not of an undesired signal. This may be shown by turning the desired signal ON and OFF with the probe measuring the same location. If the scanning method is used the scans shall show that all measurement points selected for the ABM1 measurement meet the ambient and test system noise criteria in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.3.1.
- 7) At the measurement location for each orientation, measure and record the undesired broadband audio magnetic signal (ABM2) as specified in ANSI C63.19-2011 clause 7.4.4.4 with no audio signal applied (or digital zero applied, if appropriate) using A-weighting and the half-band integrator. Calculate the ratio of the desired to undesired signal strength (i,e., signal quality). Obtain the data from the postprocessor, SEMCAD, and determine the category that properly classifies the signal quality based on ANSI C63.19-2011 Table 8.5.



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This section follows ANSI C63.19-2011 section 7.4.1:

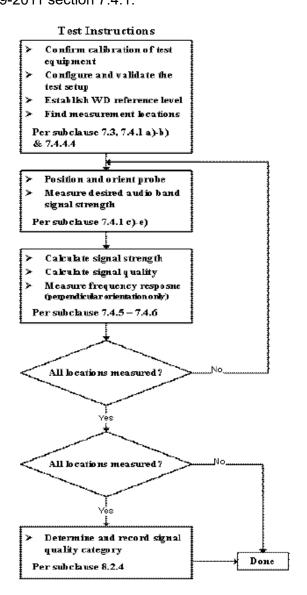


Fig 6.1 WD T-Coil signal test flowchart



6.3. Information of EUT Test Position

Fig2.2 illustrates the measurement locations and reference plane to be used for the T-Coil measurements. And measurement setup follows:

- 1. The scan area is 5cm*5cm.
- 2. The area is centered on the audio frequency output transducer of the EUT.
- The area is in a reference plane, which is defined as the planar area that contains the highest point in the area of the phone that normally rests against the user's ear. It's parallel to the centerline of the receiver area of the phone and is defined by the points of the receiver-end of the EUT handset, which in normal handset use, rests against the ear.
- 4. The measurement plane is parallel to, and 10mm in front of the reference plane.

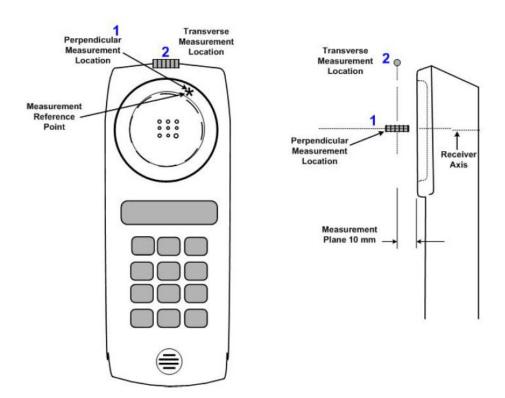


Fig 6.2 A typical EUT reference and plane for T-Coil measurement



7. Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Tyme/Madal	Serial No./	Calib	ration
Manufacturer	Name of Equipment	Type/Model	SW Version	Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV2	1048	2022.02.22	2023.02.21
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic 1D Field Probe	AM1DV3	3128	2022.07.19	2023.07.18
SPEAG	DOSIMETRIC ASSESSMENT SYSTEM	DASY52	52.10.4.1527	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Magnetic Calibration Coil	AMCC	1044	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Measuring Instrument	AMMI	1032	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Audio Holder	N/A	1094	NCR	NCR
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1643	2022.12.30	2023.12.29
R&S	Base Station	CMU200	107082	2022.07.04	2023.07.03
R&S	Network Emulator	CMW500	165755	2022.02.14	2023.02.13



8. T-Coil Testing for CMRS Voice

8.1. Test Guidance

- 1. The middle channel of each frequency band is used for T-Coil testing according ANSI C63.19 2011.
- 2. For VoLTE radio configuration investigation is choose either one codec and an investigation was performed on all frequency band, data rates and modulations and RB configuration to determine the radio configuration to be used for testing, the following tests results which the worst case configuration would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 3. According to KDB 285076, reporting results involves a two-step process: (1) Codec Investigation to determine the worst-case codec for each voice service, and (2) Air Interface Investigation. Using the worst-case codec for a voice service, a range of channels and bands shall be tested.

8.2. Test Results

> GSM Test Results

Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
GSM1900 C	CSM Voice	661	Axial (Z)	4.74	-30.39	35.13	T4	DACC
	GOINI VOICE	SM Voice 661	Transversal (Y)	-1.33	-35.16	33.83	T4	PASS

UMTS Test Results

<Codec Investigation>

Air Interface	Modulation	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality (dB)
	AMR 4.75Kbps	9400	Axial (Z)	5.04	-32.31	37.35
WCDMA Band II	AMR 7.95Kbps	9400	Axial (Z)	5.01	-32.10	37.11
	AMR 12.2Kbps	9400	Axial (Z)	5.13	-31.94	37.07

Note:

The highlight part of the worst codec would be used to testing the other air interface.



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Air Interface	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response	
WCDMA Band II	9400	Axial (Z)	5.13	-31.94	37.07	T4	PASS	
WCDIVIA Dalid II	9400	Transversal (Y)	-2.15	-39.00	36.85	T4	FAGG	
WCDMA Bond IV	4440	Axial (Z)	5.29	-31.97	37.26	T4	DASS	
WCDMA Band IV	1413	Transversal (Y)	-0.81	-37.69	36.88	T4	- PASS	
WCDMA Band V	4400	Axial (Z)	5.09	-32.16	37.25	T4	PASS	
	4182	Transversal (Y)	-3.42	-40.32	36.90	T4		

Remark:

Phone condition: HAC Air on, Backlight off, maximum volume.

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9. T-Coil Testing for CMRS IP Voice

9.1. T-Coil Testing for VoLTE

General Test Guidance

- The middle channel of each frequency band is used for T-Coil testing to determine the worst HAC T-Coil 1. rating according ANSI C63.19 2011.
- 2. For VoLTE radio configuration investigation is choose either one codec and an investigation was performed on all frequency band, data rates and modulations and RB configuration to determine the radio configuration to be used for testing, the following tests results which the worst case configuration would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- According to KDB 285076, reporting results involves a two-step process:
 - a. Codec Investigation to determine the worst-case codec for each voice service.
 - b. Air Interface Investigation: Using the worst-case codec for a voice service, a range of channels and bands shall be tested.

T-Coil Testing for VoLTE

<Radio Configuration Investigation>

Air Interface	Modulation	Channel	Probe	ABM1	ABM2	Signal Quality
All IIIlerrace	Modulation	Channe	Position	dB (A/m)	dB (A/m)	(dB)
LTE Band 2	QPSK 1RB0 20MHz		Axial (Z)	4.16	-29.55	33.71
	16QAM 1RB0 20MHz	18900	Axial (Z)	4.06	-29.80	33.86
	64QAM 1RB0 20MHz		Axial (Z)	4.01	-29.91	33.92

Note:

The highlight part of the worst modulation would be applied to air interface testing.

<EVS Codec Investigation>

Code		Channel	ABM 1	ABM 2	SNR	Fre. Response	
Oode		Onamici	(dBA/m)	(dBA/m)	(dB)	i ic. itesponse	
NB AMR(Kbps)	4.75		3.79	-30.33	34.12	PASS	
ND AWK(NDPS)	6.60		3.96	-29.99	33.95	PASS	
WB AMR(Kbps)	12.2	40000	4.16	-29.55	33.71	PASS	
	23.85		4.03	-29.95	33.98	PASS	
EVO OWD/Khma)	9.6		4.11	-29.95	34.06	PASS	
EVS SWB(Kbps)	128	18900	4.23	-29.89	34.12	PASS	
EVC NB/Khna)	5.9		4.15	-29.93	34.08	PASS	
EVS NB(Kbps)	24.4		4.22	-30.04	34.26	PASS	
EVS WB(Kbps)	5.9		4.18	-29.99	34.17	PASS	
	128		4.09	-29.87	33.96	PASS	



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Note: The worst codec for WB AMR 12.2Kbps will be applied to air interface investigation.

Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	Signal Quality (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
LTE Band 2	1RB0 20MHz	18900	Axial (Z)	4.16	-29.55	33.71	T4	Door
LIE Ballu 2	TRBU ZUMITZ	16900	Transversal (Y)	-10.82	-43.73	32.91	T4	- Pass
LTE Band 4	1RB0 20MHz	20175	Axial (Z)	4.02	-29.30	33.32	T4	Pass
LTE Dallu 4	TRBU ZUMHZ	20175	Transversal (Y)	-4.54	-37.63	33.09	T4	Fa55
LTE Band 5	1RB0 10MHz	20525	Axial (Z)	2.99	-30.58	33.57	T4	PASS
LIE Ballu 5	TRBU TUIVITZ	20525	Transversal (Y)	-6.53	-39.68	33.15	T4	PASS
LTC Bond 7	1DD0 20MU-	21100	Axial (Z)	5.60	-27.87	33.47	T4	PASS
LTE Band 7	1RB0 20MHz	21100	Transversal (Y)	-2.48	-35.63	33.15	T4	PASS
LTE Dand 40	4DD0 40MU-	22005	Axial (Z)	5.61	-27.84	33.45	T4	DACC
LTE Band 12	1RB0 10MHz	23095	Transversal (Y)	-4.91	-37.97	33.06	T4	PASS
LTE D == 4.40	Band 13 1RB0 10MHz	00000	Axial (Z)	5.75	-27.81	33.56	T4	DAGG
LTE Band 13 1	TRBU TUMHZ	23230	Transversal (Y)	-5.49	-39.19	33.70	T4	PASS
LTC Dand 47	4DD0 40MU-	02700	Axial (Z)	0.11	-33.47	33.58	T4	DACC
LTE Band 17	1RB0 10MHz	23790	Transversal (Y)	-2.38	-35.68	33.30	T4	PASS
LTE Day 140	4DD0 45MU-	00005	Axial (Z)	5.07	-28.45	33.52	T4	DA 00
LTE Band 18	1RB0 15MHz	23925	Transversal (Y)	-2.82	-36.37	33.55	T4	PASS
LTE D == 4.05	4DD0 00M1-	00005	Axial (Z)	-1.81	-35.27	33.46	T4	DAGG
LTE Band 25	1RB0 20MHz	26365	Transversal (Y)	-2.33	-35.79	33.46	T4	PASS
LTE Day 100	4DD0 45MU-	00005	Axial (Z)	2.82	-30.70	33.52	T4	DAGO
LTE Band 26	1RB0 15MHz	26865	Transversal (Y)	-5.55	-39.04	33.49	T4	PASS
1.TE D 100	4550 001411	00000	Axial (Z)	5.91	-27.26	33.17	T4	D.4.00
LTE Band 38	1RB0 20MHz	38000	Transversal (Y)	-4.24	-37.01	32.77	T4	PASS
LTE D . 1.44	4550 001411	40000	Axial (Z)	5.81	-27.22	33.03	T4	D.4.00
LTE Band 41	1RB0 20MHz	40620	Transversal (Y)	-4.30	-37.17	32.87	T4	PASS
LTE D 140		55000	Axial (Z)	6.68	-28.01	34.69	T4	DAGG
LTE Band 48	1RB0 20MHz	55990	Transversal (Y)	-1.26	-35.63	34.37	T4	PASS
		100000	Axial (Z)	4.16	-29.53	33.69	T4	D.4.00
LTE Band 66	1RB0 20MHz	132322	Transversal (Y)	-4.68	-37.94	33.26	T4	PASS

Remark:

Phone condition: HAC Air on, Backlight off, maximum volume.





9.2. T-Coil Testing for VoWi-Fi

General Test Guidance

- 1. The middle channel of each frequency band is used for T-Coil testing according ANSI C63.19-2011.
- 2. According to KDB 285076, recording the results involves follow process:
 - I. Codec Investigation to determine the worst-case codec for each voice service.
 - II. Air Interface Investigation: Using the worst-case codec for a voice service, a range of channels and bands shall be tested.
- 3. For VoWi-Fi, the lowest data rate of each wireless system for 2.4G WLAN will be used to testing according to the conducted power list.
- 4. The T-Coil measurement procedure given of VoWi-Fi should be applied:
 - Step 1: Comparing the output power of the WLAN systems, the maximum output power including tune-up tolerance for 2.4GHz WLAN was selected to perform codec investigation of Z axial, recording the results of ABM1, ABM2, SNR and frequency response at the same time.
 - Step 2: Per step 1, selecting the worst codec perform air interface investigation of all of theWLAN modes including to 2.4GHz and 5GHz WLAN.
 - Step 3: Per step 2, selecting the worst SNR of 2.4G WLAN and 5GHz WLAN to perform the T-Coil testing of Z axial and Y transversal and the test results would be recorded in the report.

> Air Interface Investigation

Bands	Wireless System	Data Rate (Mbps)	Channel	ABM 1 (dBA/m)	ABM 2 (dBA/m)	SNR(dB)
	802.11b	1	6	8.79	-45.41	54.20
	802.11g	6	6	8.93	-46.24	55.17
WLAN 2.4GHz	802.11n-HT20	MCS 0	6	10.28	-46.55	56.83
WLAIN 2.4GHZ	802.11n-HT40	MCS 0	6	12.20	-50.46	62.66
	802.11ac-VHT20	MCS 0	6	9.19	-46.16	55.35
	802.11ac-VHT40	MCS 0	6	8.65	-45.72	54.37
WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a	6	44	9.18	-50.12	59.30
WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a	6	60	9.09	-50.21	59.30
WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a	6	120	7.03	-52.53	59.56
WLAN 5.8GHz	802.11a	6	157	10.75	-46.71	57.46



Test Results

Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response
	802.11b	6	Axial (Z)	8.79	-45.41	54.20	T4	PASS
	002.110	0	Transversal (Y)	5.97	-51.20	57.17	T4	PASS
	802.11g	6	Axial (Z)	8.93	-46.24	55.17	T4	PASS
	002.11g	0	Transversal (Y)	4.42	-51.53	55.95	T4	FASS
	802.11n-HT20	6	Axial (Z)	10.28	-46.55	56.83	T4	PASS
WLAN 2.4GHz	002.1111-11120	0	Transversal (Y)	5.01	-50.16	55.17	T4	FASS
WLAIN 2.4GHZ	802.11n-HT40	6	Axial (Z)	12.20	-50.46	62.66	T4	PASS
	002.1111-11140	0	Transversal (Y)	4.87	-50.65	55.52	T4	FASS
	802.11ac-VHT	6	Axial (Z)	9.19	-46.16	55.35	T4	PASS
	20	0	Transversal (Y)	3.94	-52.24	56.18	T4	PASS
	802.11ac-VHT	6	Axial (Z)	8.65	-45.72	54.37	T4	DACC
	40	6	Transversal (Y)	4.11	-52.10	56.21	T4	PASS
WLAN 5.2GHz	802.11a	44	Axial (Z)	9.18	-50.12	59.30	T4	DACC
WLAN 5.2GHZ	6Mbps	44	Transversal (Y)	6.62	-51.58	58.20	T4	PASS
\\\\\ \\\\\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	802.11a	60	Axial (Z)	9.09	-50.21	59.30	T4	DACC
WLAN 5.3GHz	6Mbps	60	Transversal (Y)	7.37	-49.59	56.96	T4	PASS
WLAN 5.5GHz	802.11a	120	Axial (Z)	7.03	-52.53	59.56	T4	PASS
WLAN 5.5GHZ	6Mbps	120	Transversal (Y)	5.29	-50.13	55.42	T4	PASS
	802.11a	157	Axial (Z)	10.75	-46.71	57.46	T4	PASS
	6Mbps	157	Transversal (Y)	5.63	-49.23	54.86	T4	FASS
	802.11n20	157	Axial (Z)	9.87	-48.79	58.66	T4	PASS
	MCS0	157	Transversal (Y)	6.32	-51.38	57.70	T4	FASS
	802.11n40	159	Axial (Z)	11.01	-47.83	58.84	T4	PASS
WLAN 5.8GHz	MCS0	159	Transversal (Y)	6.29	-51.79	58.08	T4	FASS
WLAN 5.6GHZ	802.11ac20	157	Axial (Z)	11.94	-46.32	58.26	T4	PASS
	MCS0	157	Transversal (Y)	6.71	-50.36	57.07	T4	rago
	802.11ac40	159	Axial (Z)	8.16	-51.06	59.22	T4	PASS
	MCS0	108	Transversal (Y)	5.84	-51.00	56.84	T4	rago
	802.11ac80	155	Axial (Z)	10.24	-48.49	58.73	T4	PASS
	MCS0	100	Transversal (Y)	6.50	-51.76	58.26	T4	FA00

Remark:

Phone condition: HAC Air on, Backlight off, maximum volume.





10. T-Coil Testing for OTT VoIP Application

> T-Coil Measurement Setup for OTT VoIP

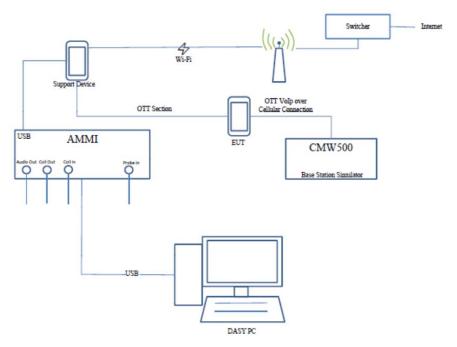


Fig 10.1 Test Setup Configuration for OTT Calling

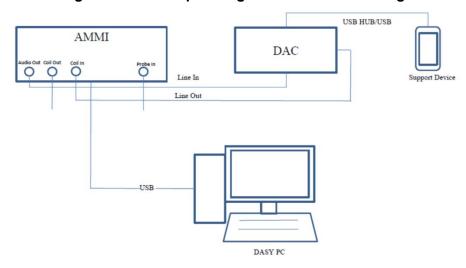


Fig 10.2 Test Setup for Audio Analysis

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Test Guidance

- 1. The middle channel of each frequency band is used for T-Coil testing according ANSI C63.19 2011.
- For VoLTE radio configuration investigation is selected either one codec and an investigation was
 performed on all frequency band, data rates and modulations and RB configuration to determine the
 radio configuration to be used for testing, the following tests results which the worst case configuration
 would be remarked to be used for the testing for the handset.
- 3. According to KDB 285076, recording the results involves follow process:
 - I. Codec Investigation to determine the worst-case codec for each voice service.
 - II. Air Interface Investigation: Using the worst-case codec for a voice service, a range of channels and bands shall be tested.
- 4. This device supports 2TX WWAN MIMO, the top antenna will be used to T-Coil testing for both the top and bottom antennas share the same RF port and the top antenna is more closed to the receiver.
- 5. For google duo, both the 6Kbps and 75Kbps bit rate of the OPUS auto codec will be used to codec investigating and the worst case used to T-Coil testing.
- 6. The worst configuration and frequency band of air interface according to VoLTE and VoWiFi test results of air interface investigation for both the OTT service and CMRS IP service are established over the internet protocol for the voice service, and the services use the identical RF air interface for the LTE and WiFi.
 - I. The worst configuration of FDD-LTE frequency band: LTE Band 2/20MHz/QPSK/1RB 0Offset.
 - II. The worst configuration of TDD-LTE frequency band: LTE Band 41/20MHz/QPSK/1RB 0Offset.
 - III. The worst configuration of 2.4GHz WLAN MIMO: 802.11b/1Mbps.
 - IV. The worst configuration of 5GHz WLAN MIMO frequency band: WLAN 5.2GHz/ 802.11a/ 6Mbps.
- 7. The test plans of OTT VoIP performed follows the given example.
- 8. The T-Coil measurement procedure given of OTT VoIP should be applied:
 - Step 1: Comparing the output power of EDGE, HSPA, EVDO, LTE, and WLAN, the maximum output power including tune-up tolerance was selected to perform codec investigation of Z axial, recording the results of ABM1, ABM2, SNR and frequency response at the same time.
 - Step 2: Per step 1, selecting the worst codec of EDGE for GSM, HSPA for UMTS, LTE and WLAN to perform the T-Coil testing of Z axial and Y transversal, and the test results would be recorded in the report.
- For OTT VoIP codec investigation test reduction that all of air interfaces have the same codec configuration, therefore the worst codec investigation for FDD-LTE Band 4 will be used to testing all of air interfaces.



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> Codec Investigation

<Codec Investigation for EDGE>

Air Interface	Mode	Codec Setting	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	SNR (dB)		Frequency Response
		OPUS 6Kbps			3.92	-37.49	41.41	T4	PASS
GSM 1900	EDGE 4TX	OPUS 40Kbps	189	Axial (Z)	4.01	-37.82	41.83	T4	PASS
		OPUS 75Kbps			4.16	-37.85	42.01	T4	PASS

<Codec Investigation for HSPA>

Air Interface	Mode	Codec Setting	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	SNR (dB)		Frequency Response
		OPUS 6Kbps			-5.76	-49.29	43.53	T4	PASS
WCDMA II	HSPA	OPUS 40Kbps	9400	Axial (Z)	-5.31	-49.00	43.69	T4	PASS
		OPUS 75Kbps			-5.02	-49.03	44.01	T4	PASS

<Codec Investigation for LTE>

Air Interface	Mode	Codec Setting	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	SNR (dB)		Frequency Response
LTE Days d	20MHz	OPUS 6Kbps			5.01	-28.76	33.77	T4	PASS
LTE Band	QPSK	OPUS 40Kbps	20175	Axial (Z)	5.23	-28.68	33.91	T4	PASS
4	1RB 0Offset	OPUS 75Kbps			5.36	-28.66	34.02	T4	PASS

<Codec Investigation for WLAN >

Air Interface	Mode	Codec Setting	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	SNR (dB)		Frequency Response
\A/I A N I	000 11-	OPUS 6Kbps			9.31	-49.63	58.94	T4	PASS
WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	OPUS 40Kbps	60	Axial (Z)	9.37	-49.75	59.12	T4	PASS
3.3GHZ	Olvibps	OPUS 75Kbps			9.52	-49.74	59.26	T4	PASS

Note: The worst codec for OPUS 6Kbps will be used to testing T-Coil.



> Test Results for OTT VoIP

Air Interface	Mode	Channel	Probe Position	ABM1 dB (A/m)	ABM2 dB (A/m)	SNR (dB)	T Rating	Frequency Response	
GSM 1900	EDGE 4TX	661	Axial (Z)	3.92	-37.49	41.41	T4	PASS	
G3W 1900	Slots	001	Transversal (Y)	-7.54	-43.91	36.37	T4	PASS	
WCDMA II	ПСВУ	0400	Axial (Z)	-5.76	-49.29	43.53	T4	- PASS	
WCDMA II	HSPA	9400	Transversal (Y)	-15.74	-48.98	33.24	T4	PASS	
WCDMA V	HSPA	4182	Axial (Z)	-5.72	-49.04	43.32	T4	PASS	
WCDMA V	ПОРА	4102	Transversal (Y)	-15.52	-48.65	33.13	T4	PASS	
LTE Band 4	20MHz_QPSK	20175	Axial (Z)	5.01	-28.76	33.77	T4	- PASS	
LIE Ballu 4	1RB_0Offset	20175	Transversal (Y)	-3.48	-37.01	33.53	T4	PASS	
LTE Band 17	10MHz_QPSK	23790	Axial (Z)	5.13	-28.37	33.50	T4	DASS	
LIE Ballu 17	1RB_0Offset	23790	Transversal (Y)	-1.18	-34.75	33.57	T4	PASS	
W/ AN 5 20Uz	902 11a 6Mbpa	60	Axial (Z)	9.31	-49.63	58.94	T4	DACC	
WLAN 5.3GHz	802.11a 6Mbps	60	Transversal (Y)	4.74	-52.02	56.76	T4	PASS	

Remark:

Phone condition: Backlight off, maximum volume.



11. Uncertainty Assessment

Error Description	Uncertainty Value (±%)	Probability	Diviso r	(Ci) ABM1	(Ci) ABM2	Standard Uncertainty (ABM1) (±%)	Standard Uncertainty (ABM2) (±%)
Probe Sensitivity							
Reference level	3.0	N	1	1	1	3.0	3.0
AMCC geometry	0.4	R	1.732	1	1	0.2	0.2
AMCC current	1.0	R	1.732	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.6
Probe positioning during calibrate	0.1	R	1.732	1	1	0.1	0.1
Noise contribution	0.7	R	1.732	0.0143	1	0.0	0.4
Frequency slope	5.9	R	1.732	0.1	1	0.3	3.5
Probe System	1		•				
Repeatability/drift	1.0	R	1.732	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity/dynamic range	0.6	R	1.732	1	1	0.4	0.4
Acoustic noise	1.0	R	1.732	0.1	1	0.1	0.6
Probe angle	2.3	R	1.732	1	1	1.4	1.4
Spectral processing	0.9	R	1.732	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration time	0.6	N	1	1	5	0.6	3.0
Field disturbation	0.2	R	1.732	1	1	0.1	0.1
Test Signal	1	•	u.		ı		
Reference signal spectral response	0.6	R	1.732	0	1	0.0	0.4
Positioning							
Probe positioning	1.9	R	1.732	1	1	1.1	1.1
Phantom thickness	0.9	R	1.732	1	1	0.5	0.5
EUT positioning	1.9	N	1	0.78	0.71	0.1	0.1
External contributions							
RF interference	0.0	R	1.732	1	0.3	0.0	0.0
Test signal variation	2.0	R	1.732	1	1	1.2	1.2
Combine	ed Std. Uncert	ainty				4.1	6.1
Coveraç	ge Factor for 9	95 %				K=2	K=2
Expande	d STD Uncert	ainty				8.1	12.3

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Annex A General Information

1. Identification of the Responsible Testing Laboratory

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2. Identification of the Responsible Testing Location

Name:	Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
Address:	FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road, Block 67,
	BaoAn District, ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China

Note:

The main report is end here and the other annex (B,C,D) will be submitted separately.

***** END OF MAIN REPORT *****



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