

TEST REPORT

1. Applicant

Name : VATOO INC
Brand Name : N/A
Address : 320rm, H, 270, Gyeonggigwagi-dearo 270 Siheung City
FCC ID : Gyeonggi-do 429-792, korea
: 2ABS6VDP-300

2. Products

Name : Wireless Intercom
Model No. : VDP-300
Variant Model No. : N/A
Manufacturer : VATOO INC
Address : 320rm, H, 270, Gyeonggigwagi-dearo 270 Siheung City
Gyeonggi-do 429-792, korea

3. Test Standard

: FCC CFR 47 Part 15.247 Subpart C

4. Test Method

: ANSI C63.10-2009

5. Test Result

: PASS

6. Dates of Test

: February 05, 2014 to February 13, 2014

7. Date of Issue

: February 20, 2014

8. Test Laboratory

: Korea Standard Quality Laboratories

FCC Designation Number : 100384

Tested by



KwangMin, Lee

Test Engineer:

Approved by



SuWook, Chae

Compliance Engineer:

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1. Test Summary

Test	Test Requirement	Test method	Result
Antenna Requirement	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (c) and Section 15.203	PASS
Occupied Bandwidth	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (a)(1)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9.1	PASS
Carrier Frequencies Separated	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.2	PASS
Hopping Channel Number	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.3	PASS
Dwell Time	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1)(iii)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.4	PASS
Pseudorandom frequency-hopping sequence	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(a)(1)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.5	PASS
Maximum Peak Output Power	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(b)(1)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.10.1	PASS
Conducted Spurious Emission	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.7	PASS
Radiated Spurious Emission	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247(d)	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6	PASS
Band Edges Measurement	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (d) &15.205	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9.1	PASS
Conducted Emissions at Mains Terminals	FCC PART 15 C section 15.207	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.2	PASS
Radio Frequency Exposure Procedures	FCC PART 15 C section 15.247 (i) &1.1307(b)	-	PASS

Remark:

N/A: not applicable. Refer to the relative section for the details.

EUT: In this whole report EUT means Equipment Under Test.

Tx: In this whole report Tx (or tx) means Transmitter.

Rx: In this whole report Rx (or rx) means Receiver.

RF: In this whole report RF means Radio Frequency.

ANSI C63.10: the detail version is ANSI C63.10:2009 in the whole report.

DA 00-705 was used as a guideline in preparing this Test Report.

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3. General Information

3.1. Client Information

Applicant : VATOO INC
Address of Applicant : 320rm, H, 270, Gyeonggigwagi-dearo 270 Siheung City
Gyeonggi-do 429-792, korea

3.2. General Description of E.U.T.

Product Name : Wireless Intercom
Model No. : VDP-300

3.3. Details of E.U.T.

Operating Frequency : 2403 MHz to 2479 MHz
Type of Modulation : GFSK
Number of Channels : 77 Channels
Channel Separation : 2 MHzs
Antenna Type : Internal
Antenna gain : 0 dBi
Power Supply : Working voltage
Normal Test Voltage : DC 3.7V

Remark:

The device meets the requirements stated within Parts 15.247(g) & (h) in that they were developed under the operate as a true frequency hopping system. The device does not have the ability to be coordinated with other FHSS systems in an effort to avoid the simultaneous occupancy of individual hopping frequencies by multiple transmitters.

3.4. Modulation configure

None.

3.5. Description of Support Units

The EUT has been tested with corresponding accessories as below:

Supplied by KSQ:

Description	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.
Power Supply	ALINCO	DM-340MW	F001015

3.6. Abnormalities from Standard Conditions

None.

3.7. Other Information Requested by the Customer

None.

3.8. Test Location

#102, Jangduk Dong, Hwasung City, Kyunggi Do, South Korea
(FCC Designation Number : 100384)

This test site is in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025 for general requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories.

4. Equipment Used during Test

No.	Test Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Next Cal. Data	Used equipment
1	EMI Test Receiver	LIG Nex1	LSA-265	L07098033	2013.12.20	2014.12.20	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
2	Bi-log Antenna	Schwarzbeck	VULB9160	3311	2013.10.16	2015.10.16	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
3	Turn Table	KEI	KEI-TURN	9210	N/A	N/A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
4	Turn Table	KEI	KEI-TURN	N/A	N/A	N/A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
5	Loop ANT.	EMCO	6502/1	9801-3191	2014.02.04	2016.02.04	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
6	Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4440A	MY45304715	2013.02.21	2014.02.21	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
7	Function Generator	Agilent	33120A	US36026465	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
8	Frequency Counter	HP	5350B	3049A05530	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
9	Modulation Analyzer	Agilent	8901B	3438A05099	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
10	Audio Analyser	Agilent	8903B	3729A18576	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
11	Attenuator	Agilent	8494B	MY4111020 4	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
12	Attenuator	Agilent	8496B	US40152183	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
13	Attenuator	Agilent	8495B	3308A17660	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
14	Attenuator	TAE SUNG	SMA-2	N/A	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
15	Power Meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB43312894	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
16	Power Sensor	HP	8485A	3316A14708	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
17	Vibration Tester	Gana	GNV-400		2013.06.21	2014.06.21	<input type="checkbox"/>
18	RF Cable	Gigalane	SMS-LL280-SMS- 1.5M	SMS105-LL 280-SMS105 -1.5M	N/A	N/A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
19	Temp & Humidity Chamber	Seoksan Tech	SE-CT-02	S7400JD534 0618	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
20	Signal Generator	Leader Electronics	3220	0137231	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
21	Oscilloscope	Tektronix	TDS-350	B031902	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
22	Drop Tester	Self-made	KSQ-01	N/A	N/A	N/A	<input type="checkbox"/>
23	Pre Amplifier	GTC	GA-1825A	GT0929/003	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
24	Continuous operation tester	GTC	CT-100	GT0929/001	N/A	N/A	<input type="checkbox"/>
25	CW Generator	HP	83711B	US34490158	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
26	POWER DIVIDER	Agilent	11636B	54381	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
27	Power Sensor	Agilent	8482B	N/A	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
28	Attenuator	Winswell	53-30-33	N/A	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
29	DC Power Supply	Hanil	HPS-505A	0606123	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>

30	Slidacs	Hanchang	5KV	N/A	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
31	Termination	Kwang Yeok	KYTE-NJ-150W	2040004	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
32	Band-limited filter	MITECH	KSQ-02	N/A	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
33	Horn ANT.	SCHWARZBEC K	BBHA 9120D	9120D-679	2012.07.12	2014.07.12	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
34	Horn ANT.	A.H. SYSTEMS	SAS-572	100284	2013.09.07	2015.09.07	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
35	DC Power Supply	ALINCO	DM-340MW	F001015	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
36	LISN	Electro Metrics	ANS-25/2	2535	2013.04.25	2014.04.25	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
37	LISN	Kyoritsu	KNW-407	8-1010-14	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input type="checkbox"/>
38	Pulse Limiter	LIG Nex1	EPL-30	N/A	2013.06.08	2014.06.08	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

5. Test Results

5.1. E.U.T. test conditions

Test Voltage:	DC 3.7V
Temperature:	20.0 -25.0 °C
Humidity:	38-50 % RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1000 -1010 mbar
Test frequencies and frequency range:	<p>According to the 15.31(m) Measurements on intentional radiators or receivers, other than TV broadcast receivers, shall be performed and, if required, reported for each band in which the device can be operated with the device operating at the number of frequencies in each band specified in the following table:</p> <p>According to the 15.33 (a) For an intentional radiator, the spectrum shall be investigated from the lowest radio frequency signal generated in the device, without going below 9 kHz, up to at least the frequency shown in the following table:</p>

Number of fundamental frequencies to be tested in EUT transmit band

Frequency range in which device operates	Number of frequencies	Location in frequency range of operation
1 MHz or less	1	Middle
1 MHz to 10 MHz	2	1 near top and 1 near bottom
More than 10 MHz	3	1 near top, 1 near middle and 1 near bottom

Frequency range of radiated emission measurements

Lowest frequency generated in the device	Upper frequency range of measurement
9 kHz to below 10 GHz	10th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 40 GHz, whichever is lower
At or above 10 GHz to below 30 GHz	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 100 GHz, whichever is lower
At or above 30 GHz	5th harmonic of highest fundamental frequency or to 200 GHz, whichever is lower, unless otherwise specified

EUT channels and frequencies list:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
0	2403	27	2430	54	2457
1	2404	28	2431	55	2458
2	2405	29	2432	56	2459
3	2406	30	2433	57	2460
4	2407	31	2434	58	2461
5	2408	32	2435	59	2462
6	2409	33	2436	60	2463
7	2410	34	2437	61	2464
8	2411	35	2438	62	2465
9	2412	36	2439	63	2466
10	2413	37	2440	64	2467
11	2414	38	2441	65	2468
12	2415	39	2442	66	2469
13	2416	40	2443	67	2470
14	2417	41	2444	68	2471
15	2418	42	2445	69	2472
16	2419	43	2446	70	2473
17	2420	44	2447	71	2474
18	2421	45	2448	72	2475
19	2422	46	2449	73	2476
20	2423	47	2450	74	2477
21	2424	48	2451	75	2478
22	2425	49	2452	76	2479
23	2426	50	2453	/	/
24	2427	51	2454	/	/
25	2428	52	2455	/	/
26	2429	53	2456	/	/

Remark:

Test frequencies are the lowest channel: 0 channel(2403 MHz), middle channel: 37 channel(2440 MHz) and highest channel: 76 channel(2479 MHz)

5.2. Antenna Requirement

Standard requirement

15.203 requirement:

For intentional device. According to 15.203. an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

15.247(c) (1)(i) requirement:

(i) Systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz bands that are used exclusively for fixed.

Point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum conducted output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

EUT Antenna

PASS

The transmitter has an Integrated Dipole antenna. The directional gain of the antenna is 0 dBi. please refer to the EUT internal photos.

5.3. Occupied Bandwidth

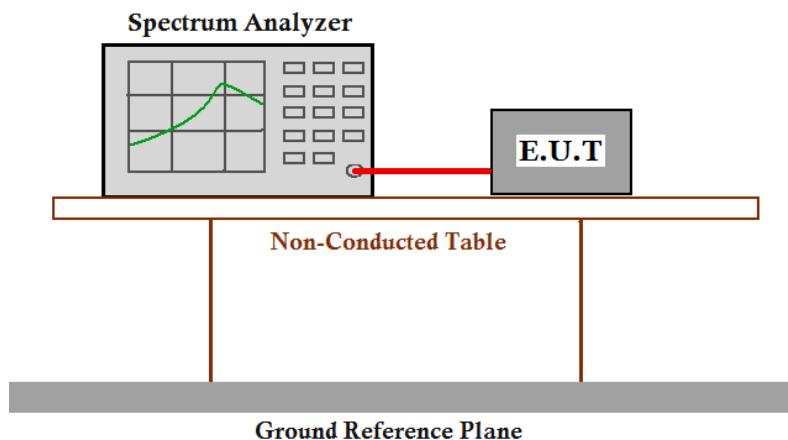
Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(a)(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9.1

Test Status: Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2403 MHz), middle (2440 MHz) and highest (2479 MHz) channel .

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum;
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20Db bandwidth, centring on a hopping channel;
3. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW \geq 1% of the 20dB bandwidth VBW \geq RBW. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max Hold.
4. Mark the peak frequency and -20 dB points bandwidth.

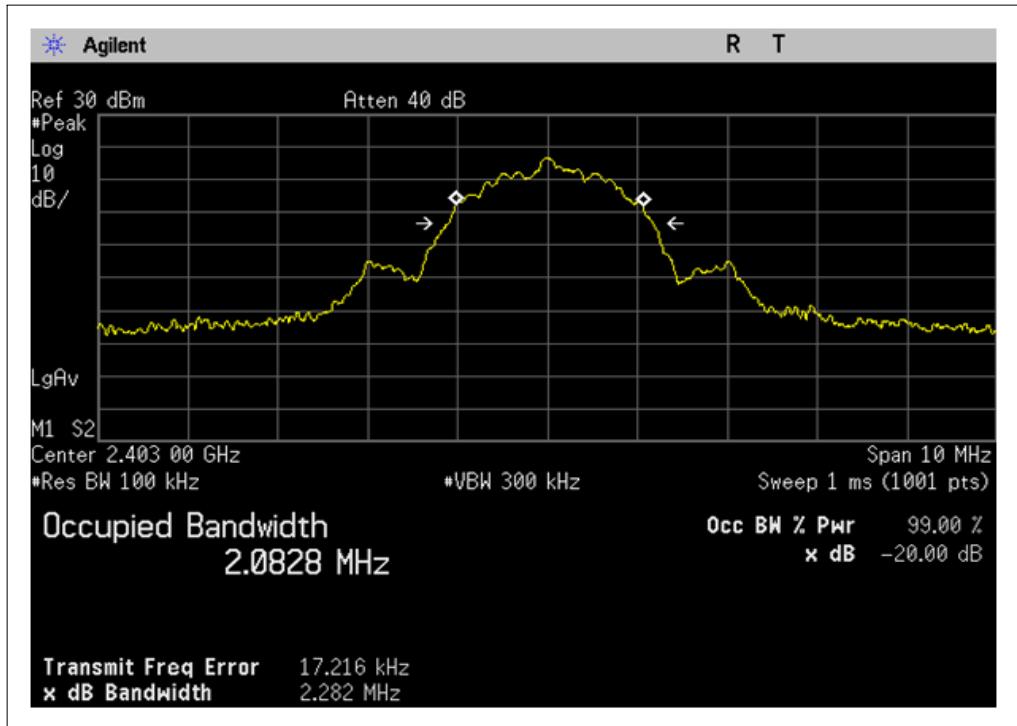
Test result:

Normal mode:

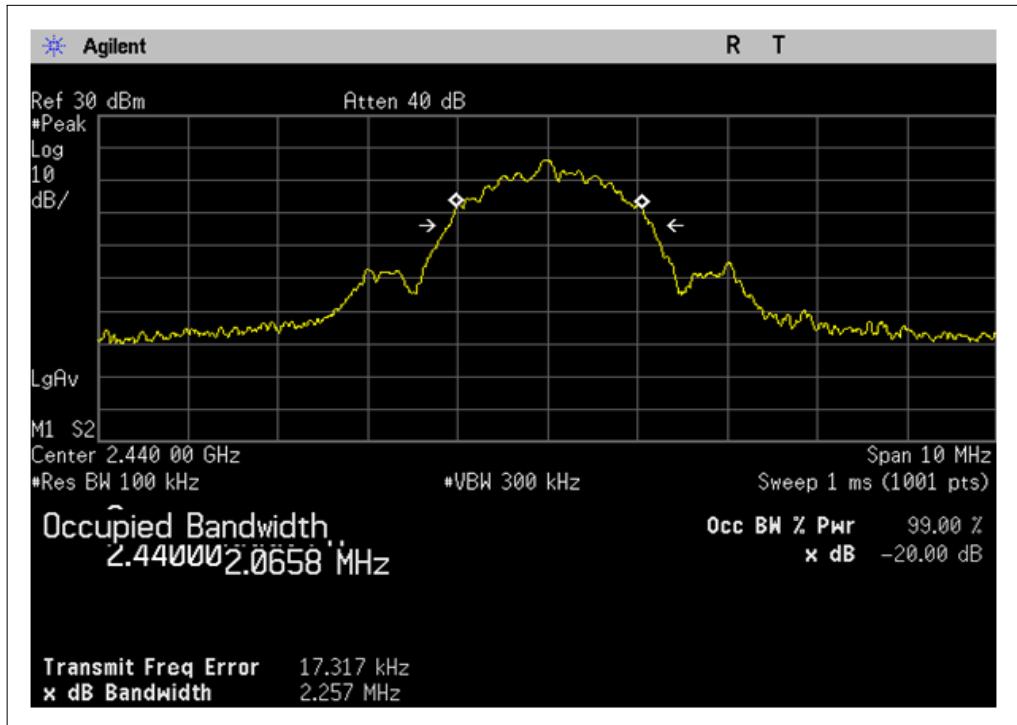
Test Channel	Bandwidth(MHz)	2/3 bandwidth(MHz)
Lowest	2.282	1.521
Middle	2.257	1.504
Highest	2.284	1.522

Result plot as follows:

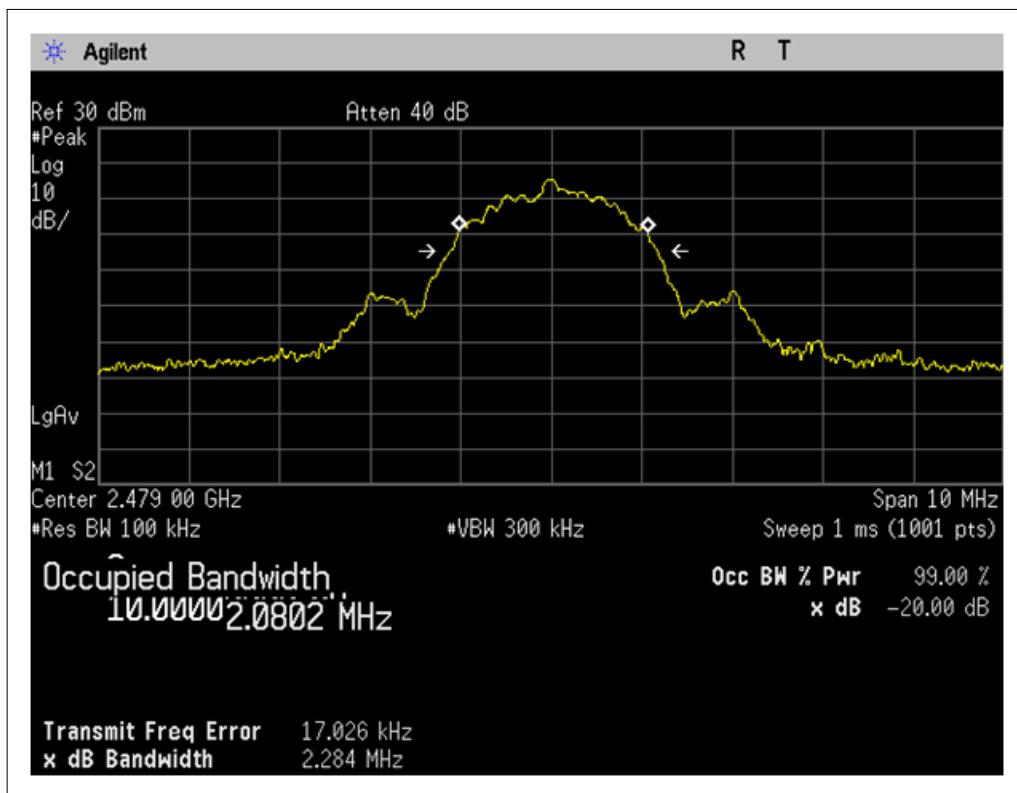
Lowest Channel(2.403 GHz):



Middle Channel(2.440 GHz):



Highest Channel(2.479 GHz):



5.4. Carrier Frequencies Separated

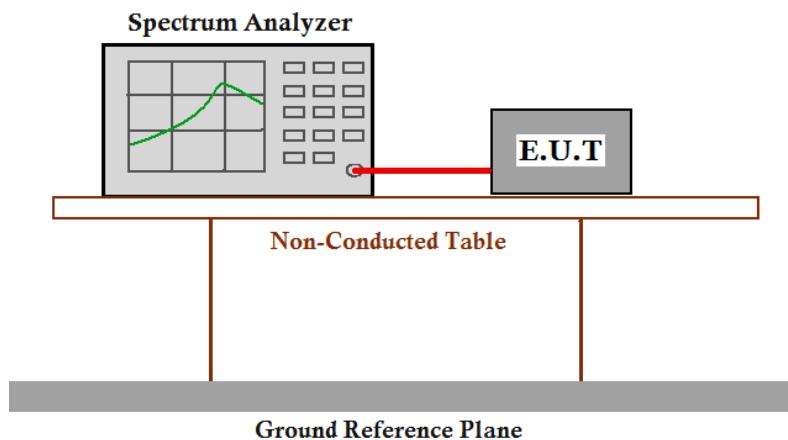
Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(a)(1) Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater. Alternatively, frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band may have hopping channel carrier frequencies that are separated by 25 kHz or two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater, provided the systems operate with an output power no greater than 125 mW.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.2

Test Status: Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2403 MHz), middle (2440 MHz) and highest (2479 MHz) channel

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW \geq 1% of the span, VBW \geq RBW, Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max, hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot.

Test result:

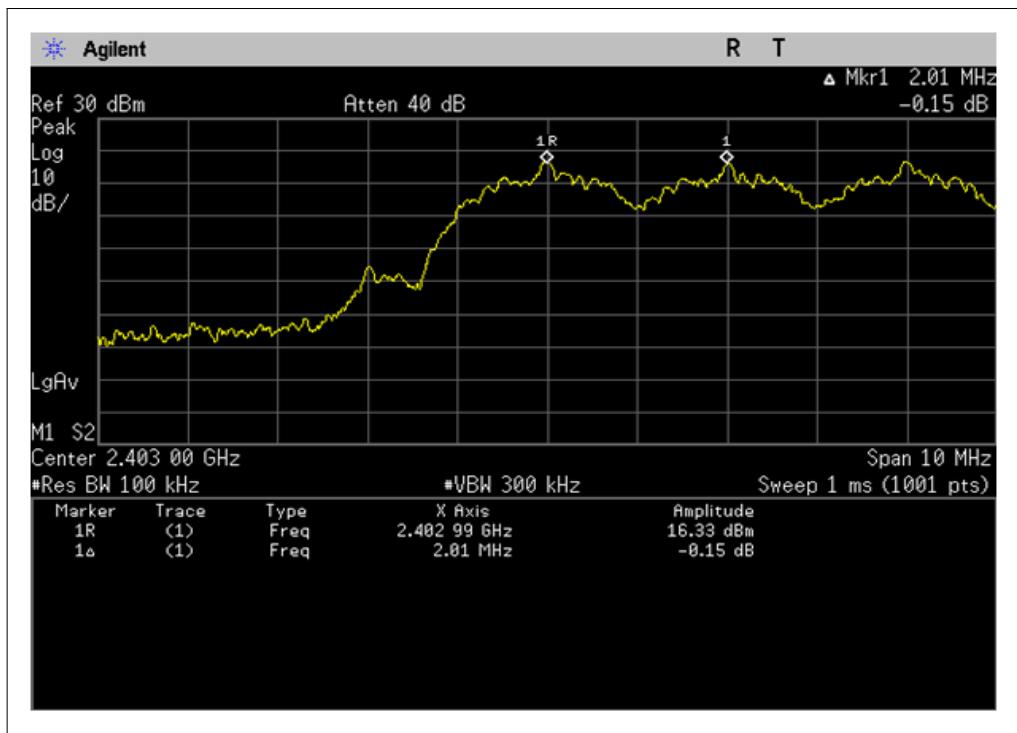
Test Channel	Carrier Frequencies Separated	Pass/Fail
Lower Channels (channel 0 and channel 1)	2.01 MHz	Pass
Middle Channels (channel 37 and channel 38)	1.98 MHz	Pass
Upper Channels (channel 75 and channel 76)	2.00 MHz	Pass

Remark:

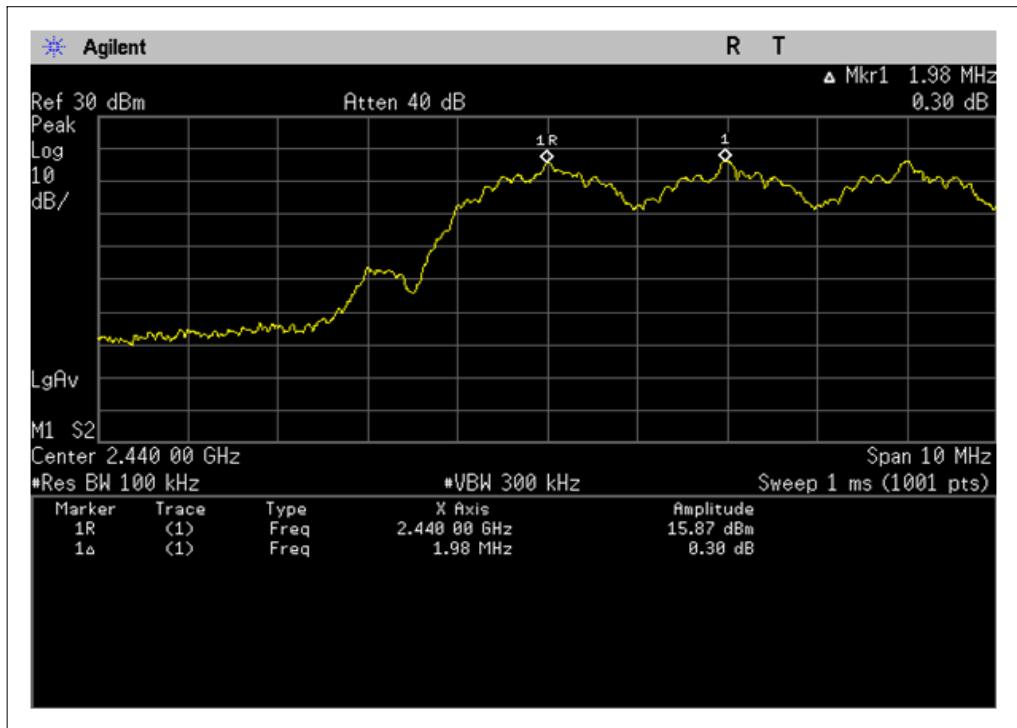
The limit is maximum two-thirds of the 20 dB bandwidth: 1.522MHz.

Result plot as follows:

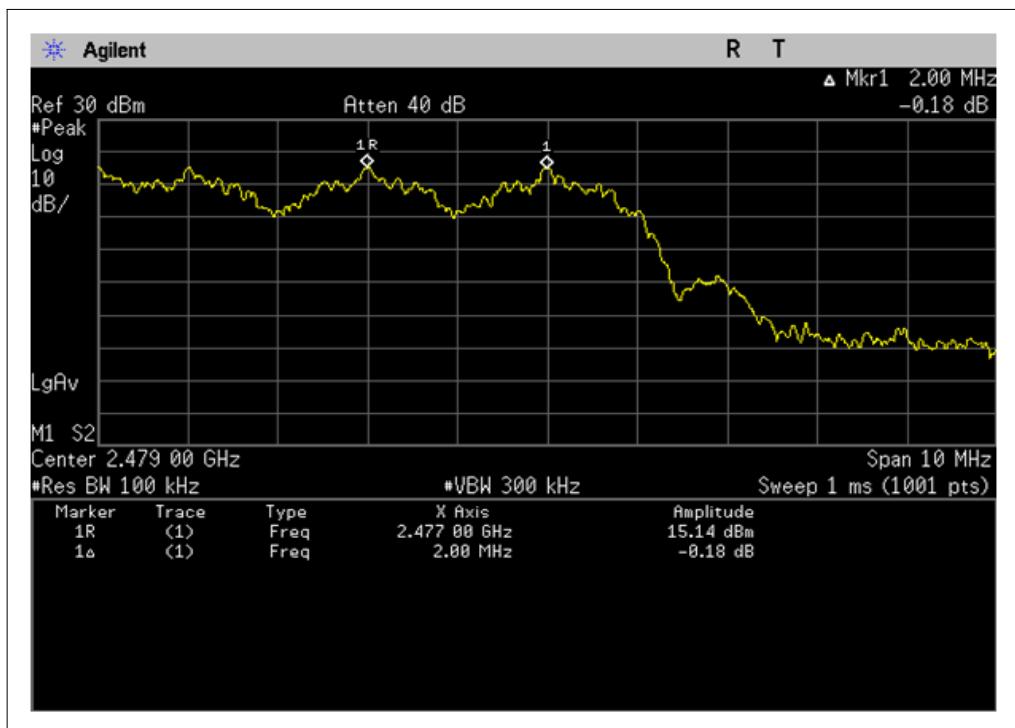
Lowest Channels: Carrier Frequencies Separated



Middle Channels: Carrier Frequencies Separated



Highest Channels: Carrier Frequencies Separated



5.5. Hopping Channel Number

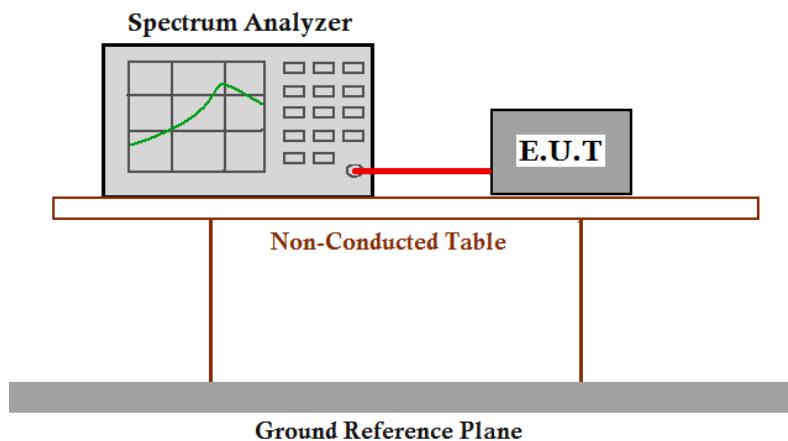
Test Requirement: FCC Part15 C section 15.247

(a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.3

Test Status: Pre-test the EUT in hopping mode

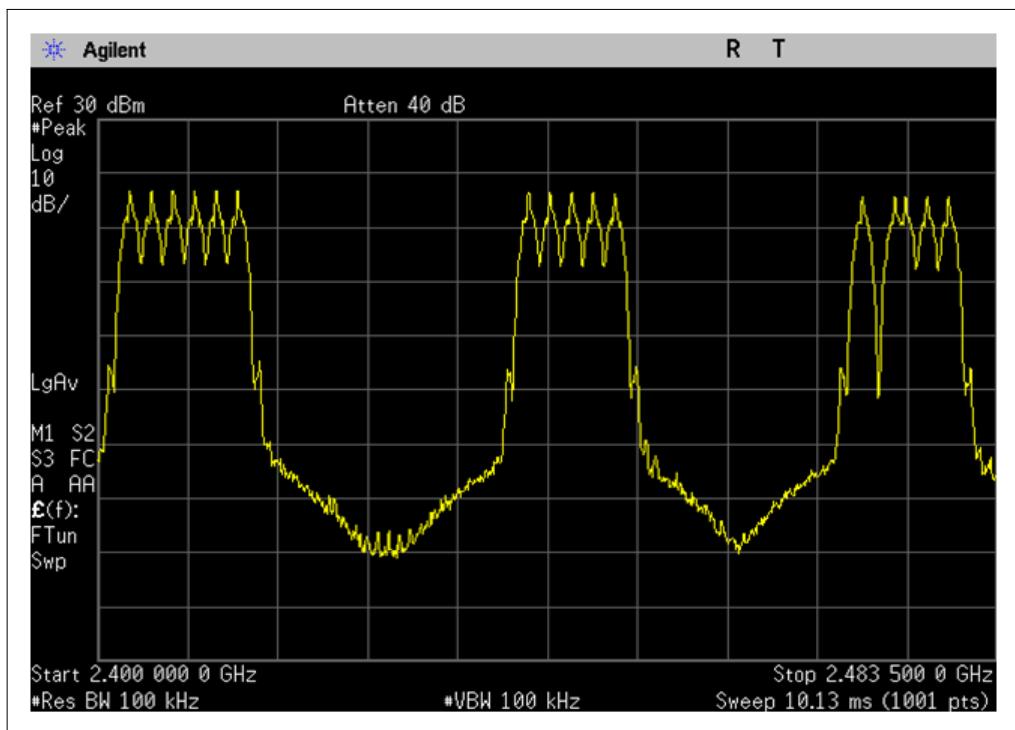
Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100 kHz. VBW = 100 kHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections. in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer: start frequency = 2400 MHz. stop frequency = 2483.5 MHz. Submit the test result graph.

Test result: Total channels are 16 channels.



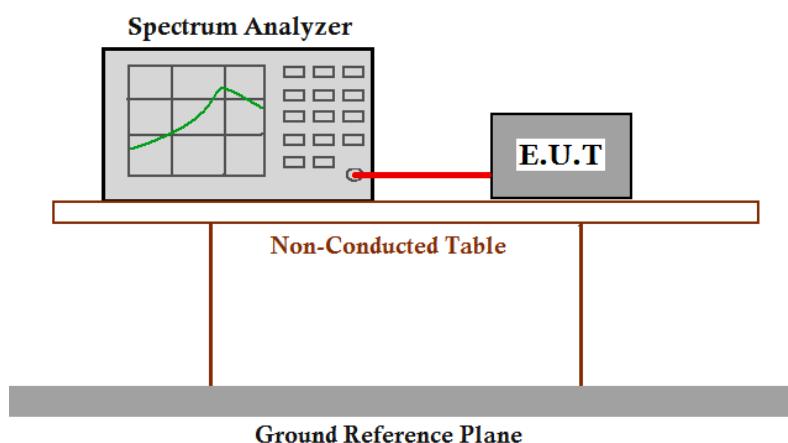
5.6. Dwell Time

Test Requirement: FCC Part15 C section 15.247
(a)(1)(iii) Frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band shall use at least 15 channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 7.7.4

Test Status: Test the EUT in hopping mode at the lowest (2403MHz), middle (2440 MHz) and highest (2479 MHz) channel

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure:

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set spectrum analyzer span = 0. centered on a hopping channel;
3. Set RBW = 1 MHz and VBW = 1 MHz. Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel. Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold;
4. Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g.. data rate, modulation format, etc.). Repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s). An oscilloscope may be used instead of a spectrum analyzer.

Test Result:

Dwell time = Reading \times (Hopping rate / Number of channels) \times Period Time

Period Time = 0.4[seconds / channel] \times 16[Hopping Channel]

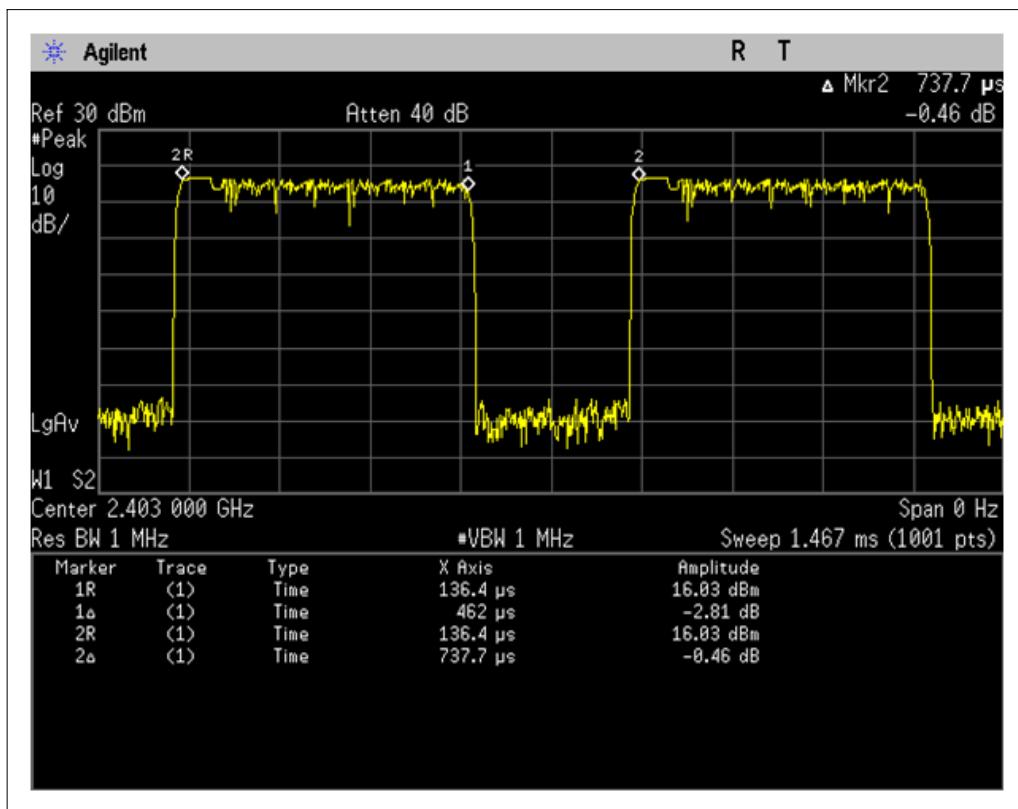
Measured values of the Dwell Time								
Modulation	Operating frequency (MHz)	Reading (ms)	hop rate (hops/s)	Number of hopping Channels	Period Time	Dwell time (ms)	Limits (ms)	Verdict
GFSK	2403 MHz	0.462	0.0625	16	6.4	11.550	≤ 400	Pass
	2440 MHz	0.457	0.0625	16	6.4	11.425	≤ 400	Pass
	2479 MHz	0.457	0.0625	16	6.4	11.425	≤ 400	Pass

The average time of occupancy in the specified 6.4 second period is equal to pulse width*
 $(\# \text{ of pulse in observation period}) * (\text{test period} / \text{observation period})$

Result plot as follows:

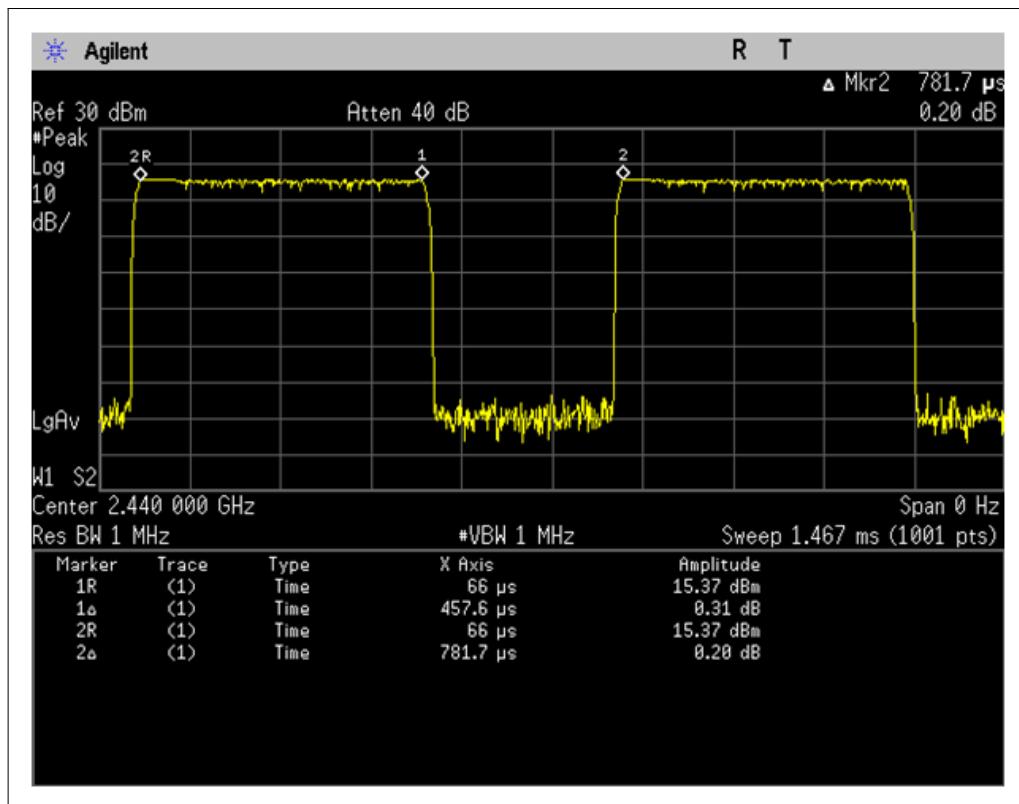
1. Lowest channel (2403 MHz):

Pulse Width:



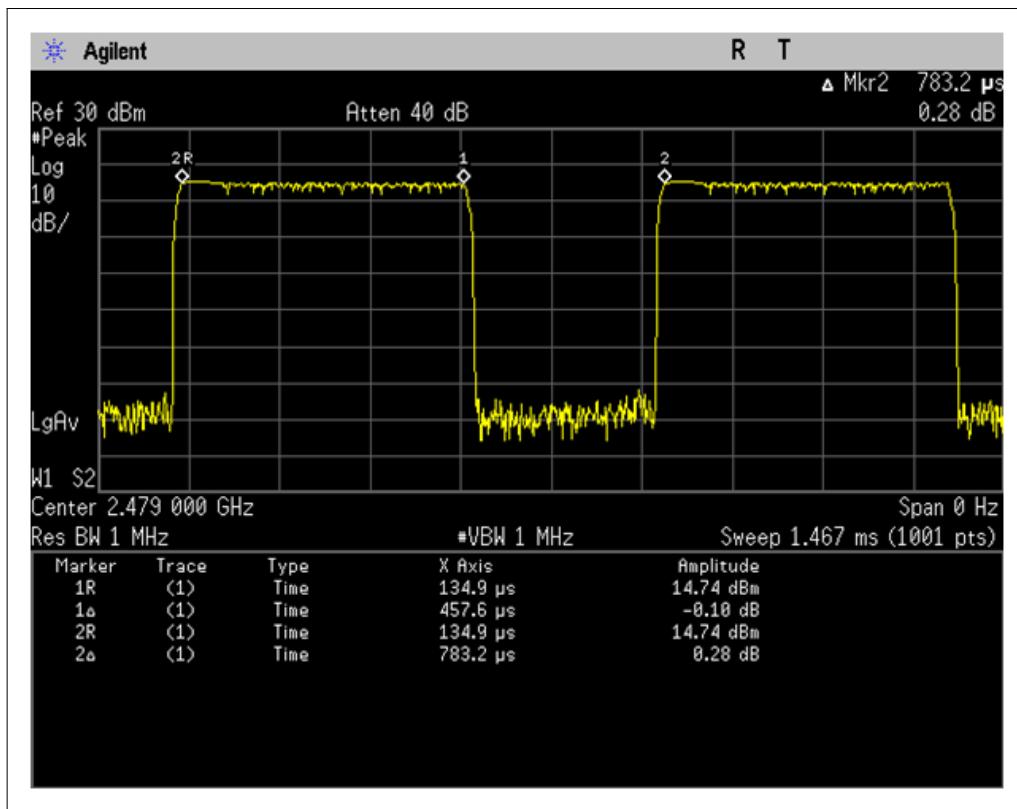
2. Middle Channel (2440 MHz)

Pulse Width:



3. Highest Channel (2479 MHz)

Pulse Width:



5.7. Pseudorandom Frequency Hopping Sequence

VDP-300 operates from 2402.0 to 2479.0 MHz Band

The product is 2.4GHz Transceiver.

VDP-300 has the 40 channels with 2MHz channel spacing. The frequency keeps changing according to number generated randomly by master and the number of frequencies in one channel is 16.

The 16 frequencies are started at 2402MHz and ended 2479MHz.

The purpose of frequency hopping is to enhance RX sensitivity.

After turning on power, at the first frame' RF starts to run with selected frequency and at the second frame, the frequency is changed from the selected to one of 16 frequencies randomly.

As an example, hopping frequency channel is 2, 10, 11, 13, 6, 10, 9, 6, 10, 10, 8, 3, 13, 7, 13, 5,.....

5.8. Equal hopping frequency usage

2.4Ghz system in voice has no compatibility in different manufactures. Also most manufactures have their own protocol. 16 Hopping frequencies for channel are selected randomly with hopping seed generator of Master. As a result each of hopping channels is used equally on average.

5.9. Receiver Input Bandwidth

The input bandwidth of receiver is 2MHz.

Master and slave are Transmitter /Receiver.

Master can have multiple slaves.

The master determines the hopping sequence.

The master transmits Beacon to let the slaves find master.

The slave follows this sequence.

Slave sets receive bandwidth in 2MHz.

Slave starts to scan the beacon from 2402MHz to 2479MHz.

After completing scanning beacon, Slave sets hopping frequency based on beacon transmitted by Master.

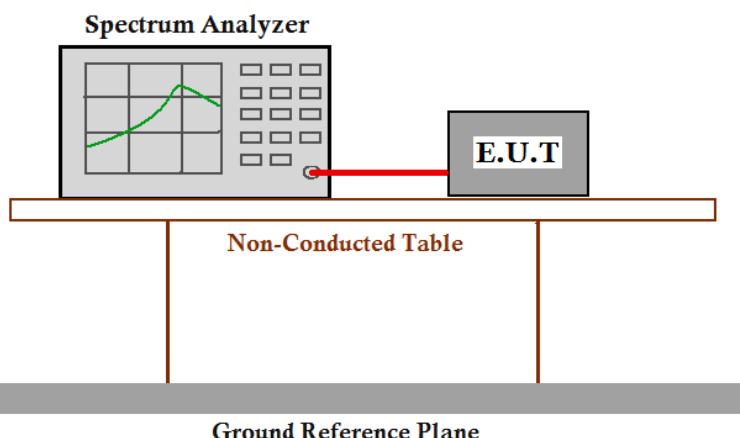
5.10. Maximum Peak Output Power

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.247

(b)(1) For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels, and all frequency hopping systems in the 5725-5850 MHz band: 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band: 0.125 watts. Refer to the result “opping channel number” of this document. The 1 watt (30.0 dBm) limit applies.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.10.1

Test Status: Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2403 MHz), middle (2440 MHz) and highest (2479 MHz) channel



Test Configuration:

Test Procedure:

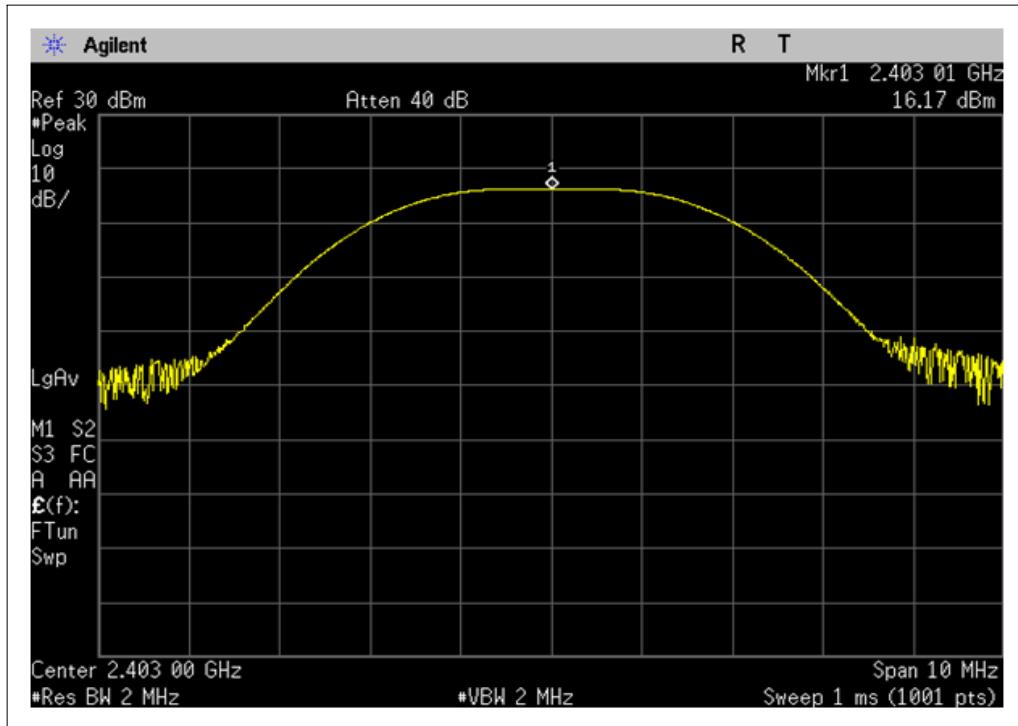
1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 2 MHz. VBW = 2 MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak.
3. Keep the EUT in transmitting at lowest, medium and highest channel individually. Record the max value.

Test result:

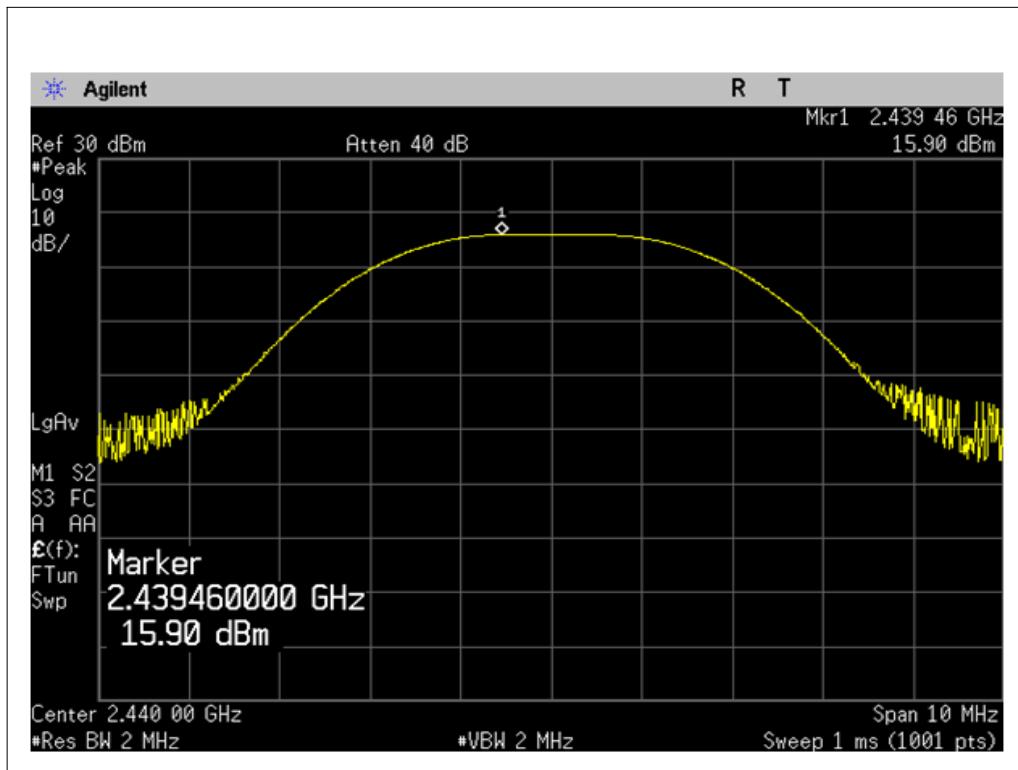
Test Channel	Fundamental Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)	Result
Lowest	2403	16.17	30.0	Pass
Middle	2440	15.90	30.0	Pass
Highest	2479	14.86	30.0	Pass

Result plot as follows:

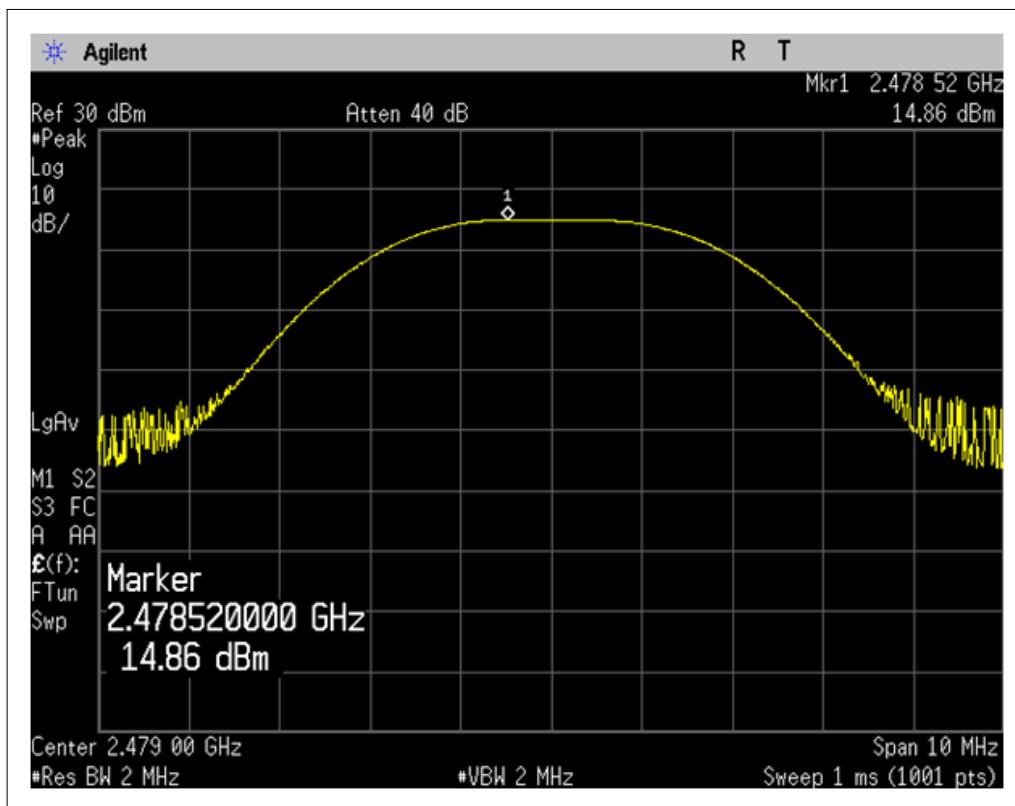
Lowest Channel(2.403 GHz):



Middle Channel(2.440 GHz):



Highest Channel(2.479 GHz):



5.11. Conducted Spurious Emissions

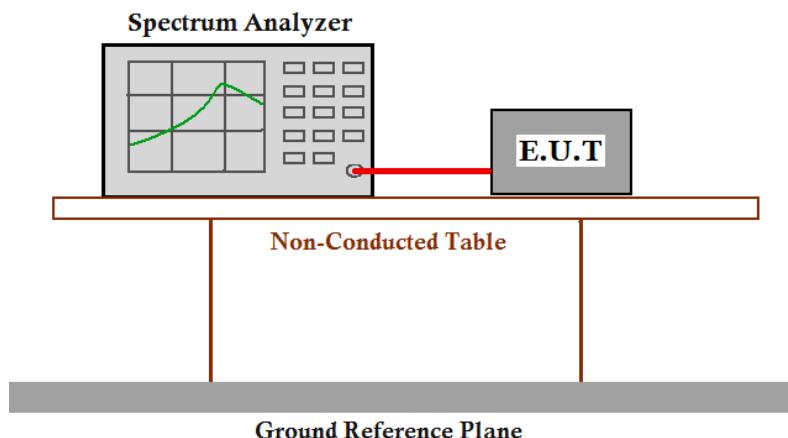
Test Requirement: FCC Part15 C section 15.247

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating. The radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. Based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. Provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.7

Test Status: Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2403 MHz), middle (2440 MHz) and highest (2479 MHz) channel

Test Configuration:

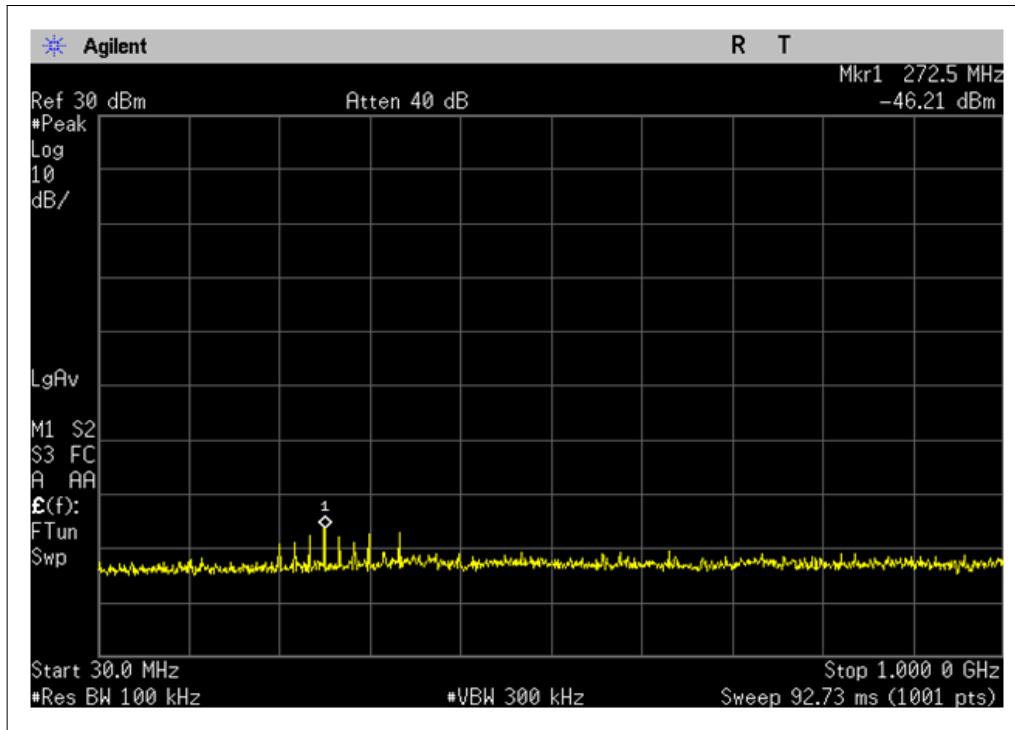


Test Procedure:

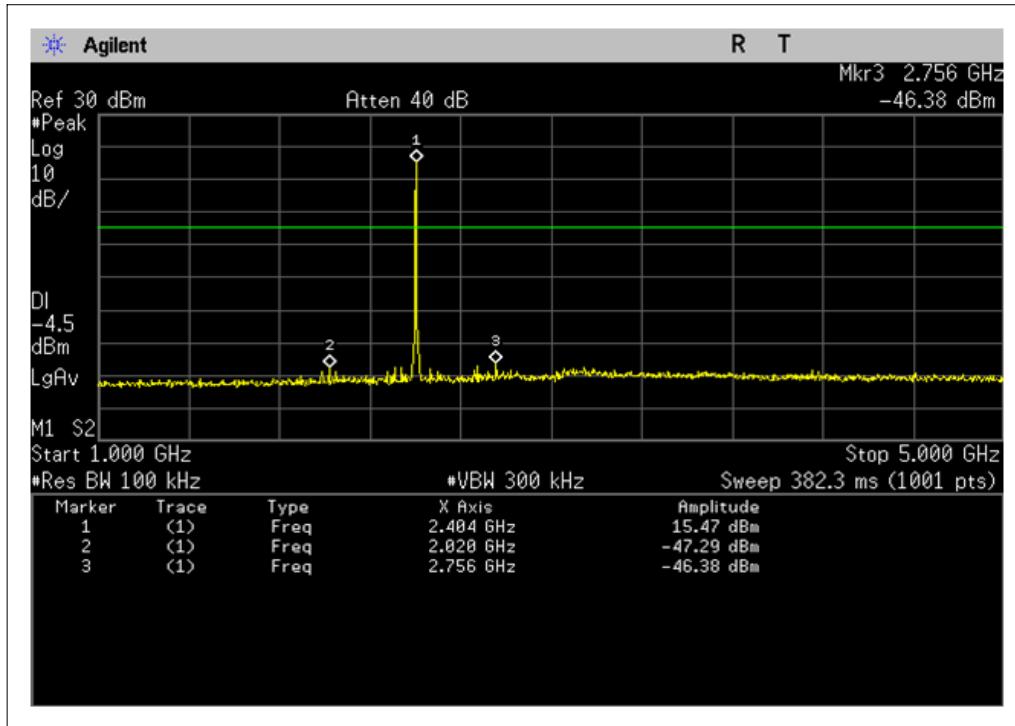
1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low attenuation RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100 kHz. VBW \geq RBW. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak (Max. hold).

Result plot as follows:

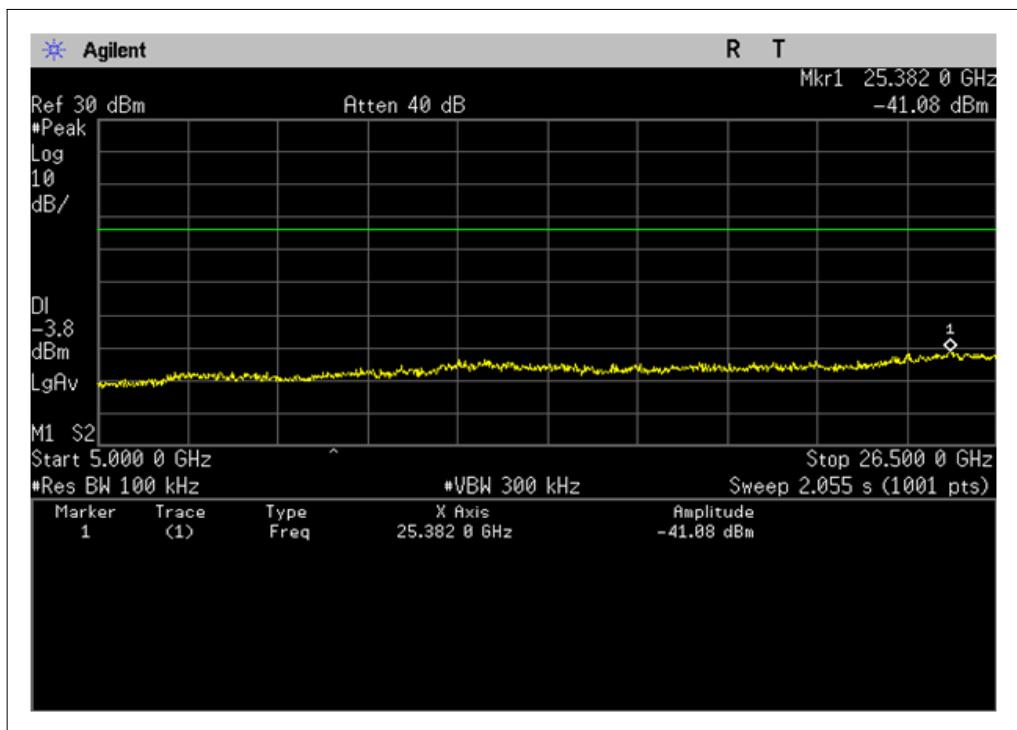
Lowest Channel: 30 MHz to 1 GHz



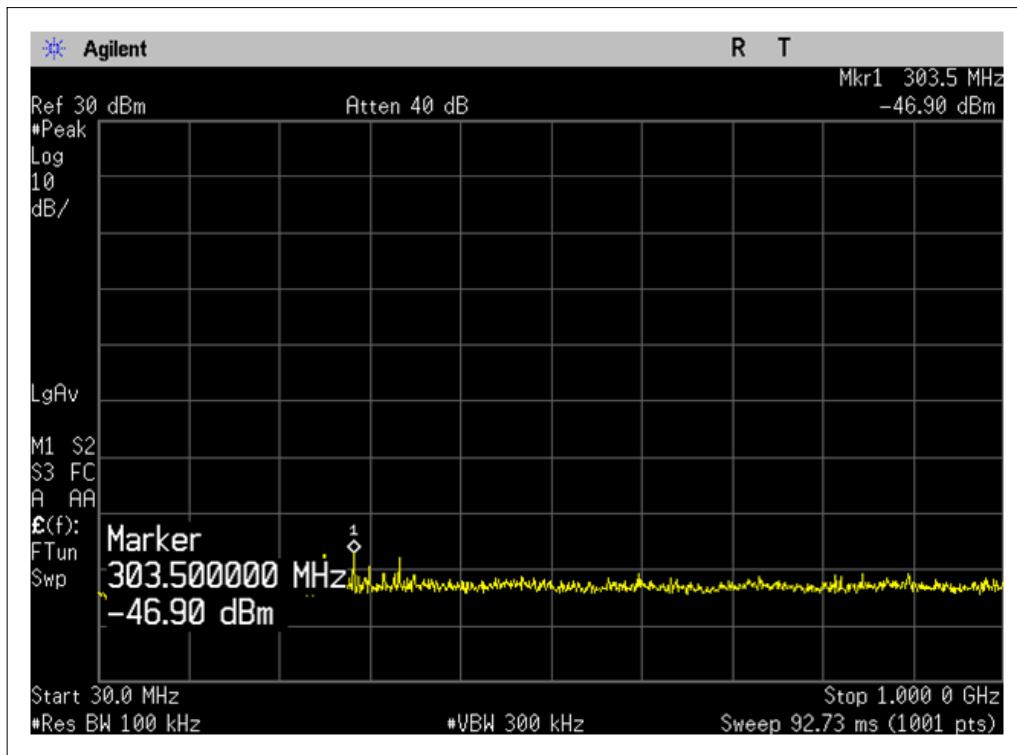
Lowest Channel: 1 GHz to 5 GHz



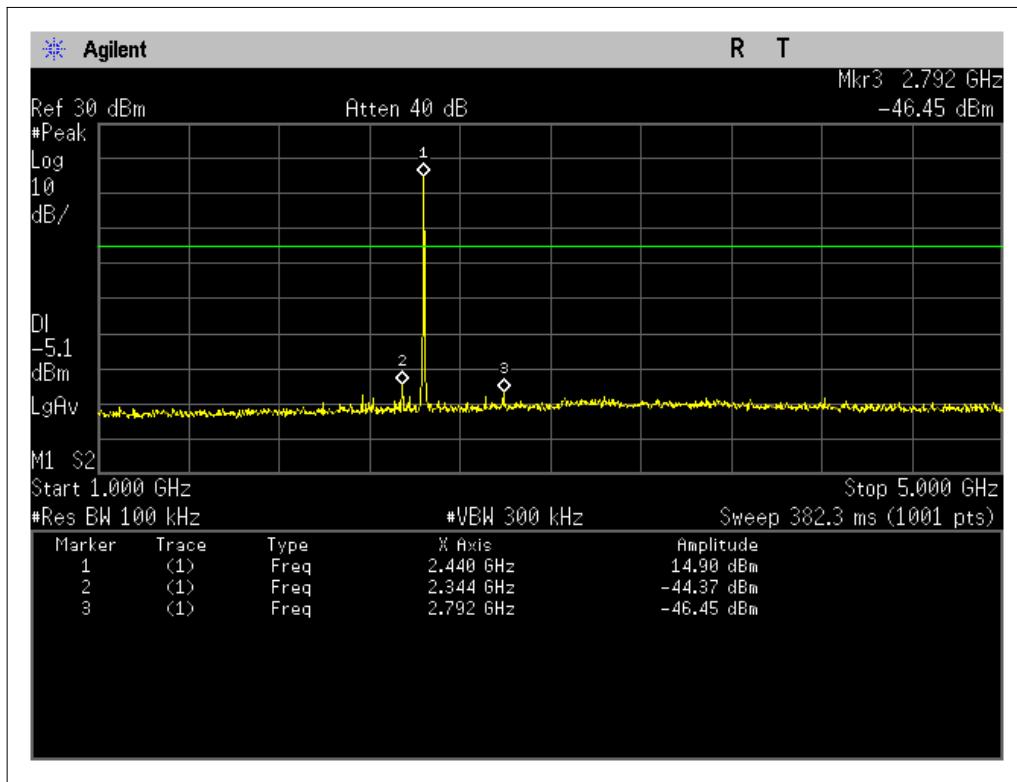
Lowest Channel: 5 GHz to 25 GHz



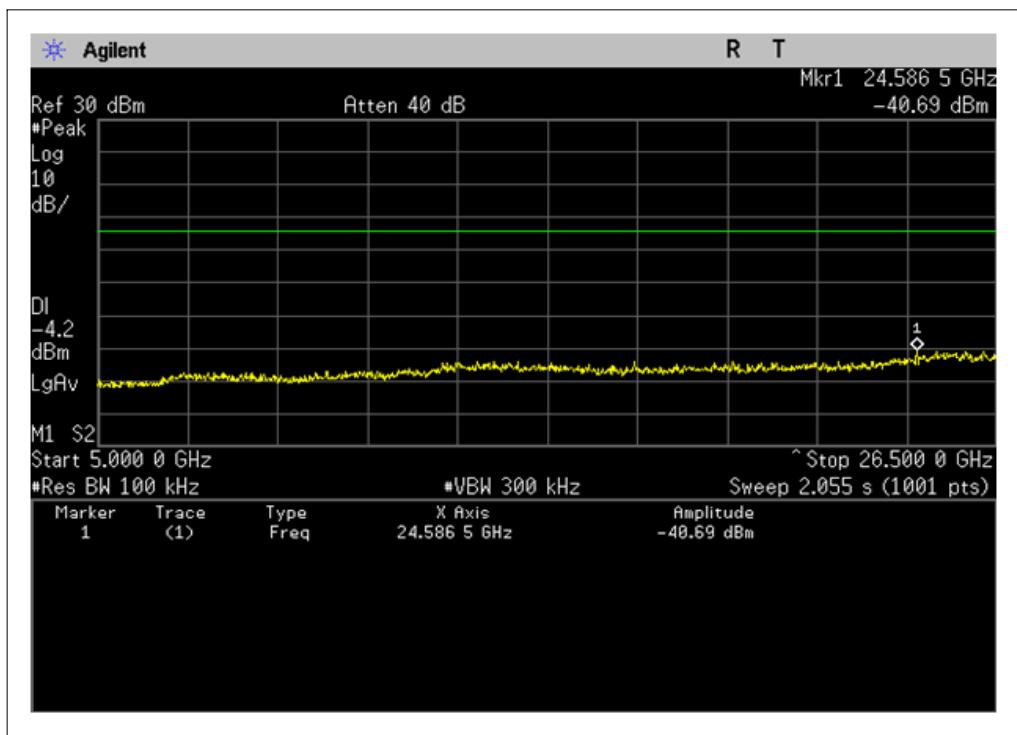
Middle Channel: 30 MHz to 1 GHz



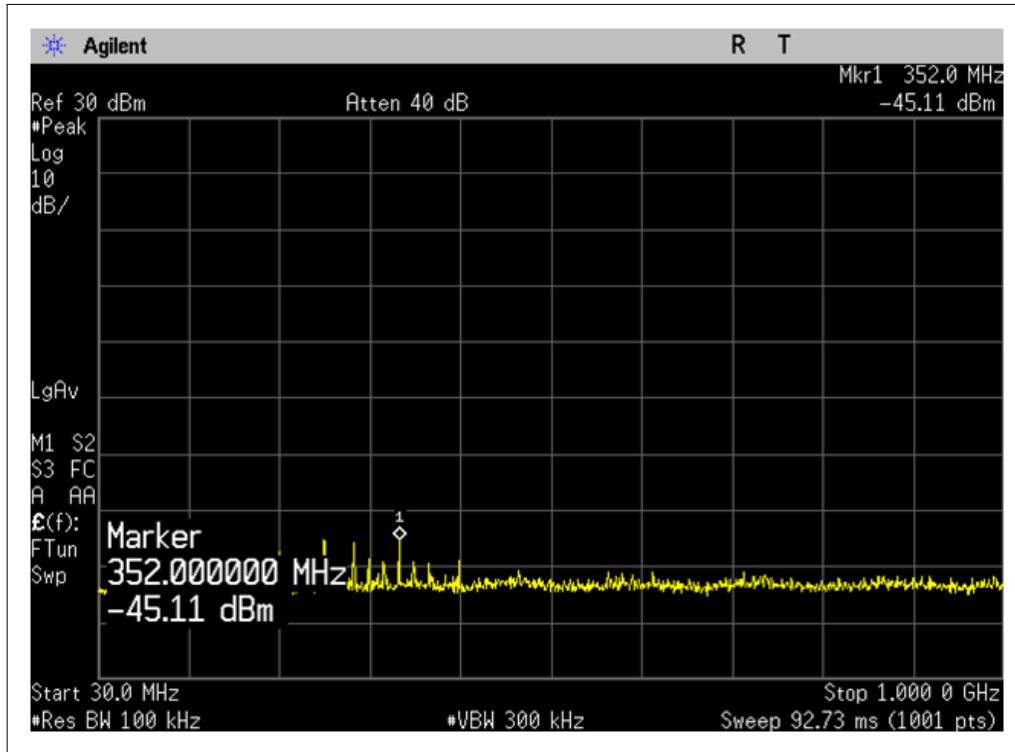
Middle Channel: 1 GHz to 5 GHz



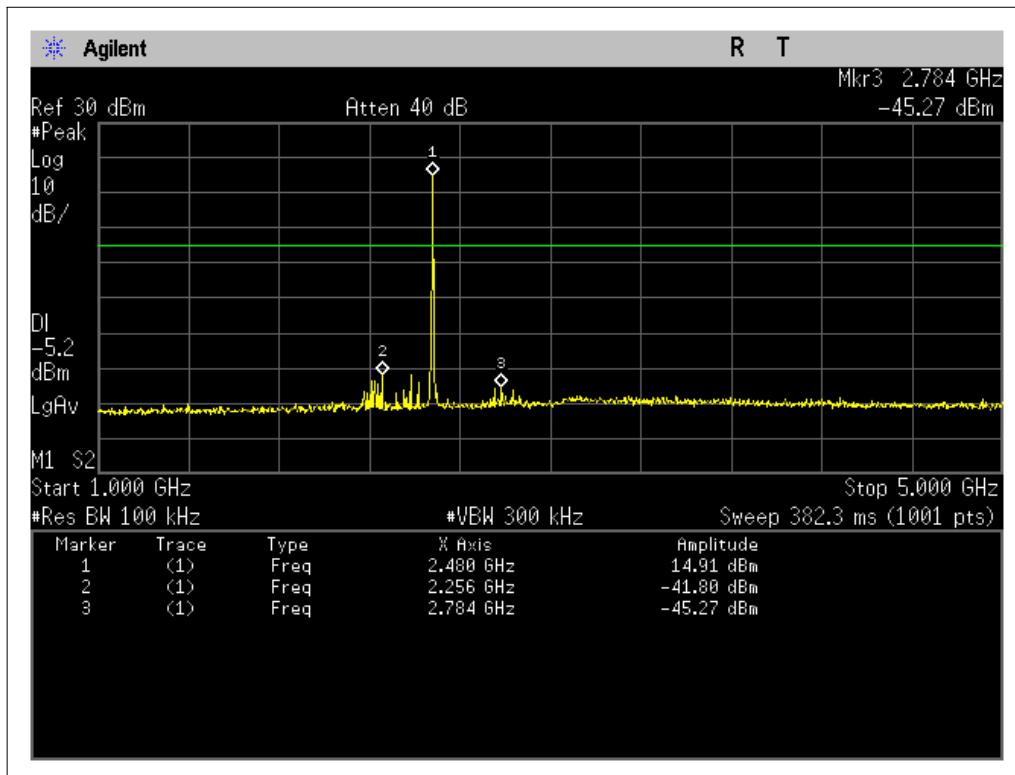
Middle Channel: 5 GHz to 25 GHz



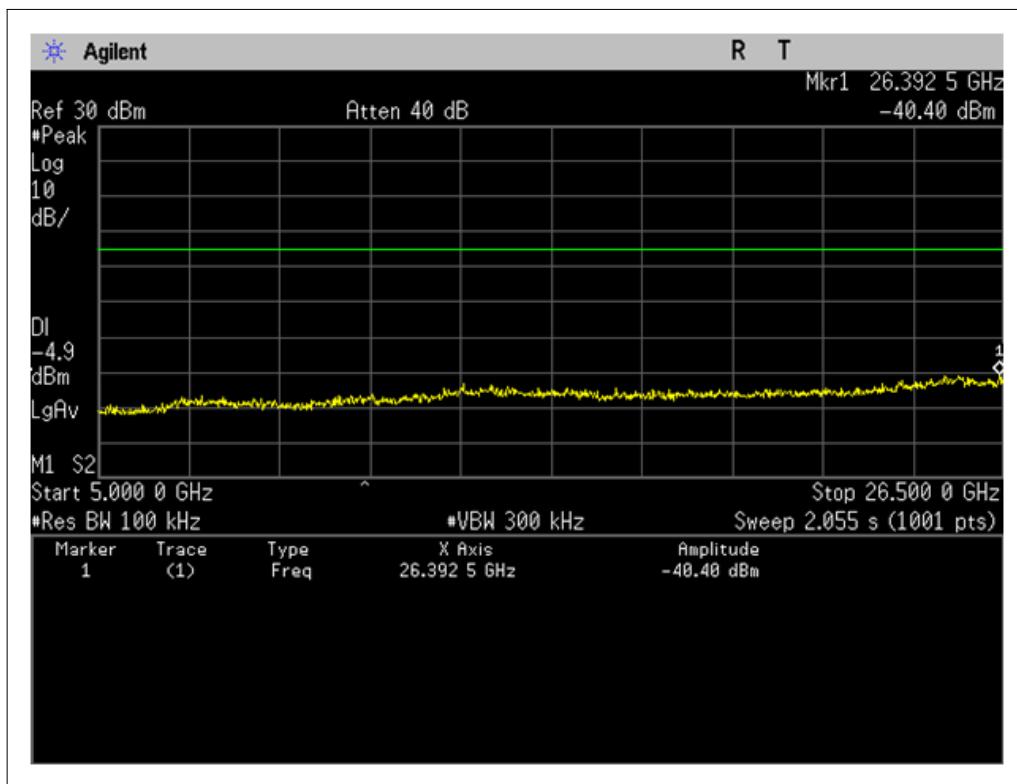
Higes Channel: 30 MHz to 1 GHz



Higes Channel: 1 GHz to 5 GHz



Highes Channel: 5 GHz to 25 GHz



5.12. Radiated Spurious Emissions

Test Requirement: FCC Part15 C section 15.247

(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating. The radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that Contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, and provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits.

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6

Test Status: Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2403 MHz), middle (2440 MHz) and highest (2479 MHz) channel

Detector: For PK value:

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW = RBW

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

For AV value:

RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz

VBW = 10 Hz

Sweep = auto

Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold

15.209 Limit: 40.0 dB μ V/m between 30MHz & 88MHz

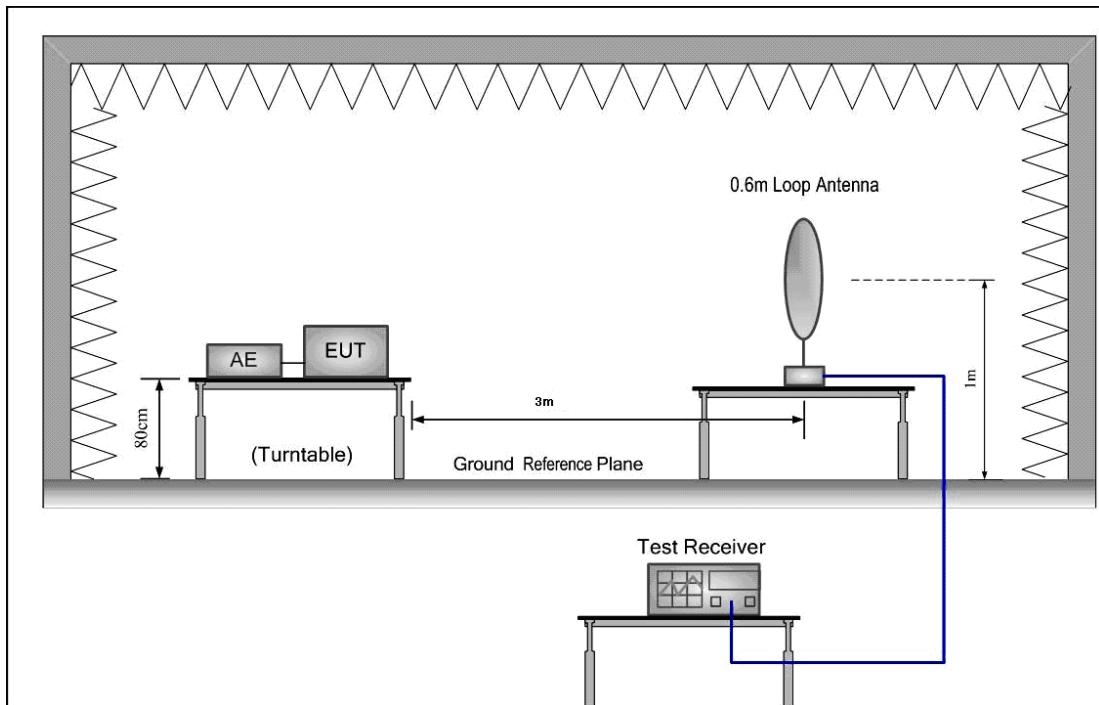
43.5 dB μ V/m between 88MHz & 216MHz

46.0 dB μ V/m between 216MHz & 960MHz

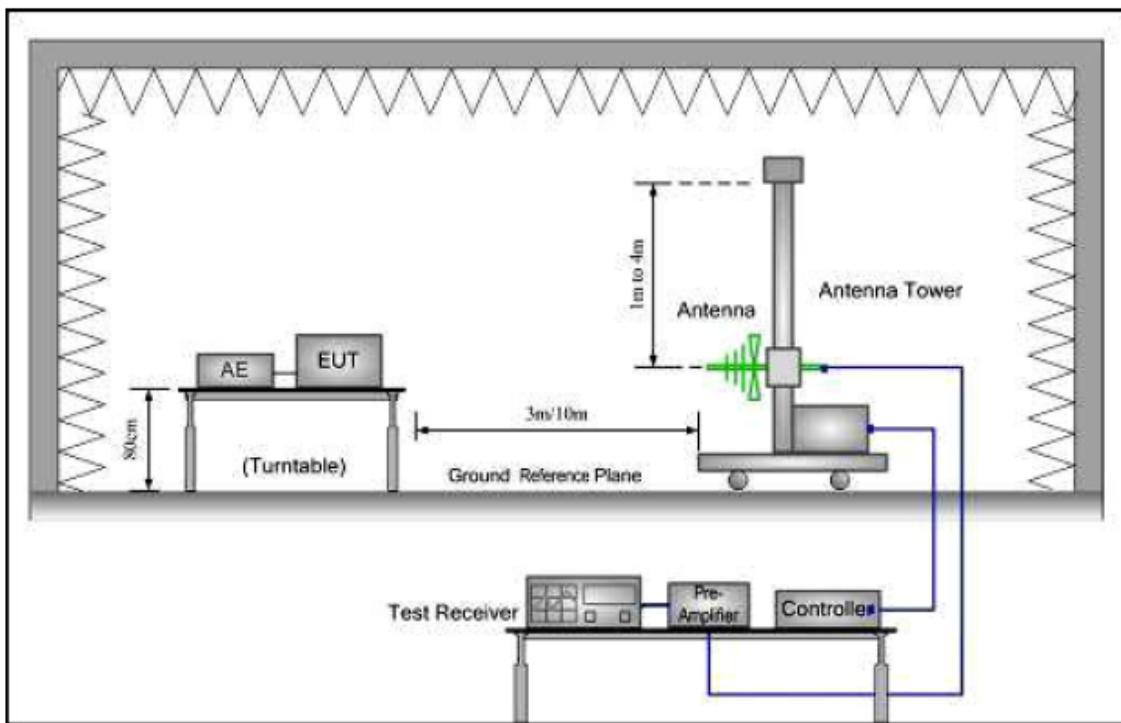
54.0 dB μ V/m above 960MHz

Test Configuration:

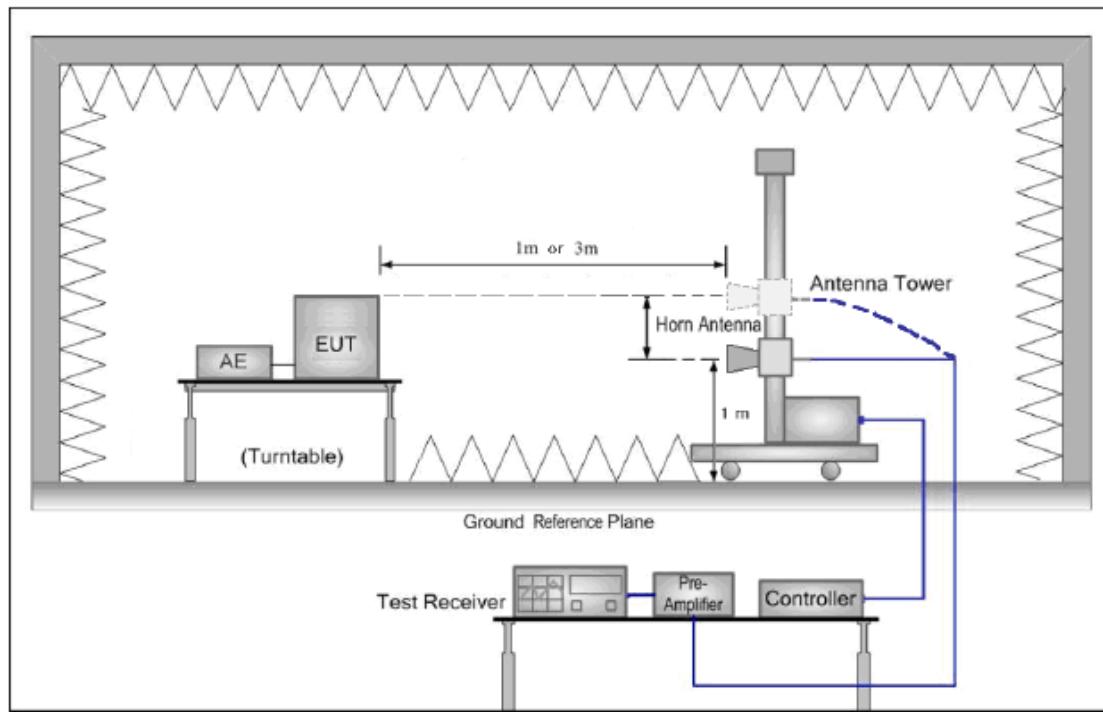
1) 9 kHz to 30 MHz emissions:



2) 30 MHz to 1 GHz emissions:



3) 1 GHz to 40 GHz emissions:



Test Procedure:

Test site with RF absorbing material covering the ground plane that met the site validation criterion called out in CISPR 16-1-4:2007 was used to perform radiated emission test above 1 GHz.

The receiver scanned from the lowest frequency generated within the EUT to 25GHz. When an emission was found, the table was rotated to produce the maximum signal strength. An initial pre-scan was performed for in peak detection mode using the receiver. The EUT was measured for both the Horizontal and Vertical polarities and performed a pre-test three orthogonal planes. For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage. The worst case emissions were reported.

For hand-held or body-worn devices rotated through three orthogonal axes(X,Y,Z) to determine which attitude (orientation) and equipment arrangement produces the highest emission relative to the limit; the attitude and equipment arrangement that produces the highest emission relative to the limit was used in making final radiated emission measurements.

Now set the VBW to 10 Hz, while maintaining all of the other instrument settings. This peak level, once corrected, must comply with the limit specified in Section 15.209. If the dwell time per channel of the hopping signal is less than 100 ms, then the reading obtained with the 10 Hz VBW may be further adjusted by a "duty cycle correction factor", derived from $20\log(\text{dwell time}/100 \text{ ms})$, in an effort to demonstrate compliance with the 15.209 limit.

Submit this data.

5.12.1. Harmonic and other spurious emissions

5.12.1.1. Test at low Channel in transmitting status

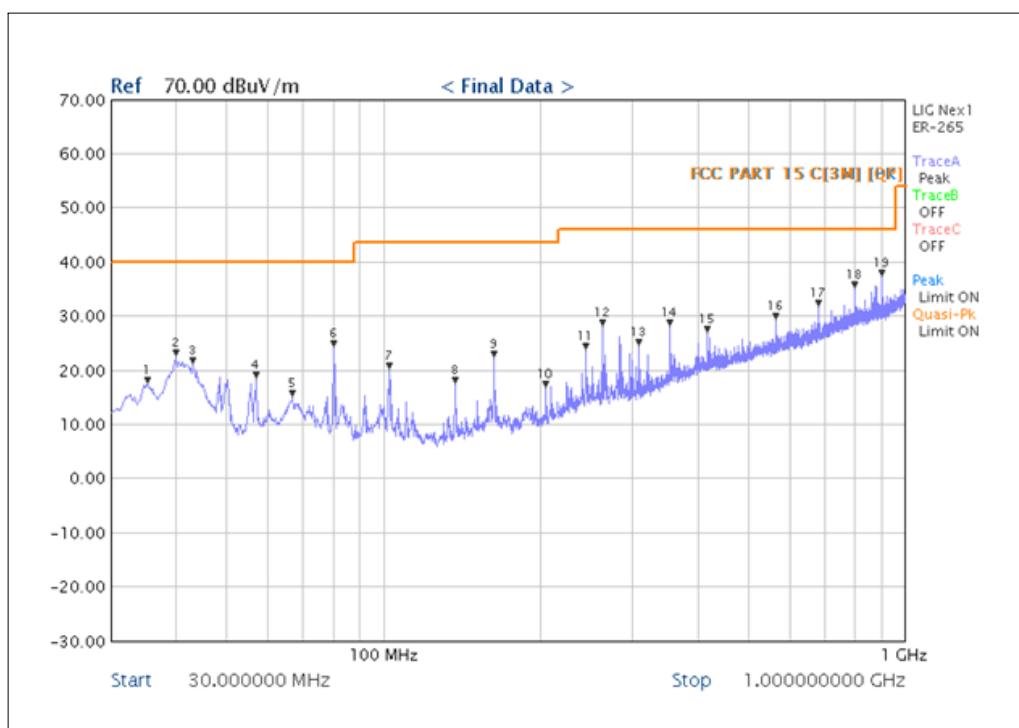
9 kHz~30 MHz Field Strength of Unwanted Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement

The measurements with active loop antenna were greater than 20dB below the limit, so the test data were not recorded in the test report.

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement

Vertical:

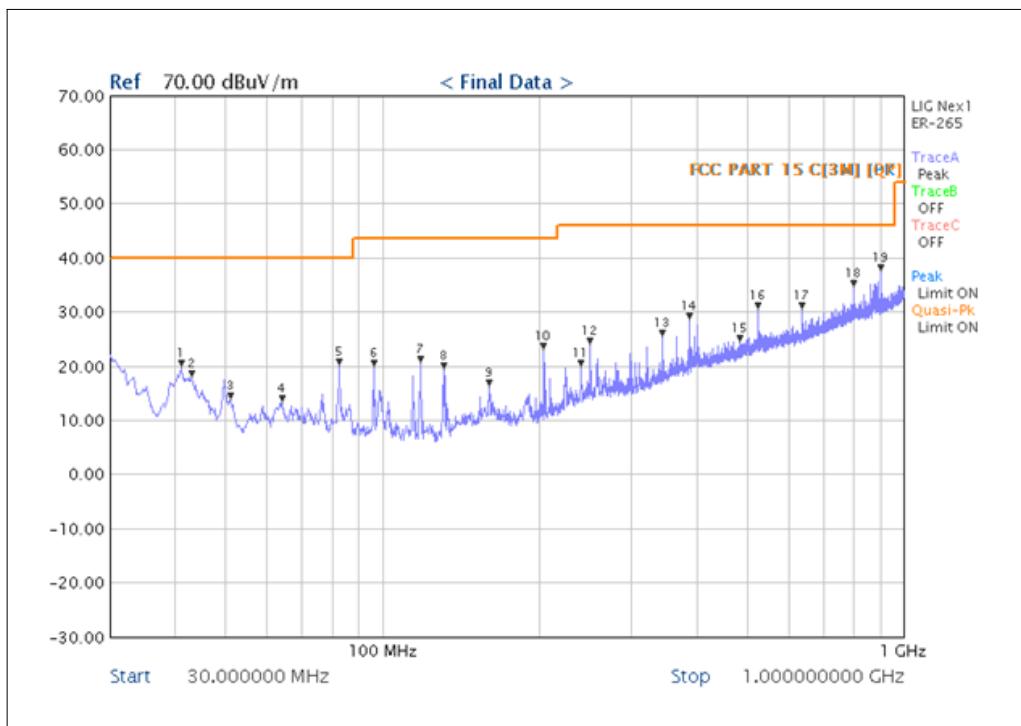
Level (dB μ V/m)



Quasi-peak measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Detect Mode	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dB μ V)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)
39.82	QP	V	22.59	12.05	10.54	40.0
80.32	QP	V	34.33	9.08	25.25	40.0
102.59	QP	V	20.16	10.90	9.26	43.5
162.75	QP	V	22.21	14.63	7.58	43.5
262.34	QP	V	28.15	14.54	13.61	46.0
353.53	QP	V	28.17	17.52	10.65	46.0

Horizontal:

Level (dB μ V/m)


Quasi-peak measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Detect Mode	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dB μ V)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)
82.34	QP	H	20.17	9.09	11.08	40.0
96.07	QP	H	19.80	10.03	9.77	43.5
118.22	QP	H	20.56	12.63	7.93	43.5
130.65	QP	H	19.49	13.59	5.90	43.5
386.68	QP	H	28.64	18.42	10.22	46.0
900.52	QP	H	37.43	28.97	8.46	46.0

1~25 GHz Harmonics & Spurious Emissions. Peak & Average Measurement

Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dB μ N)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)
2280.50	H	45.91	30.80	15.11	74
2995.00	V	49.05	32.78	16.27	74
4805.00	V	47.86	37.45	10.41	74
4806.00	H	53.23	37.45	15.78	74

Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dB μ N)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)
2280.50	H	38.43	30.80	7.63	54
2995.00	V	40.84	32.78	8.06	54
4805.00	V	41.98	37.45	4.53	54
4806.00	H	45.26	37.45	7.81	54

5.12.1.2. Test at middle Channel in transmitting status

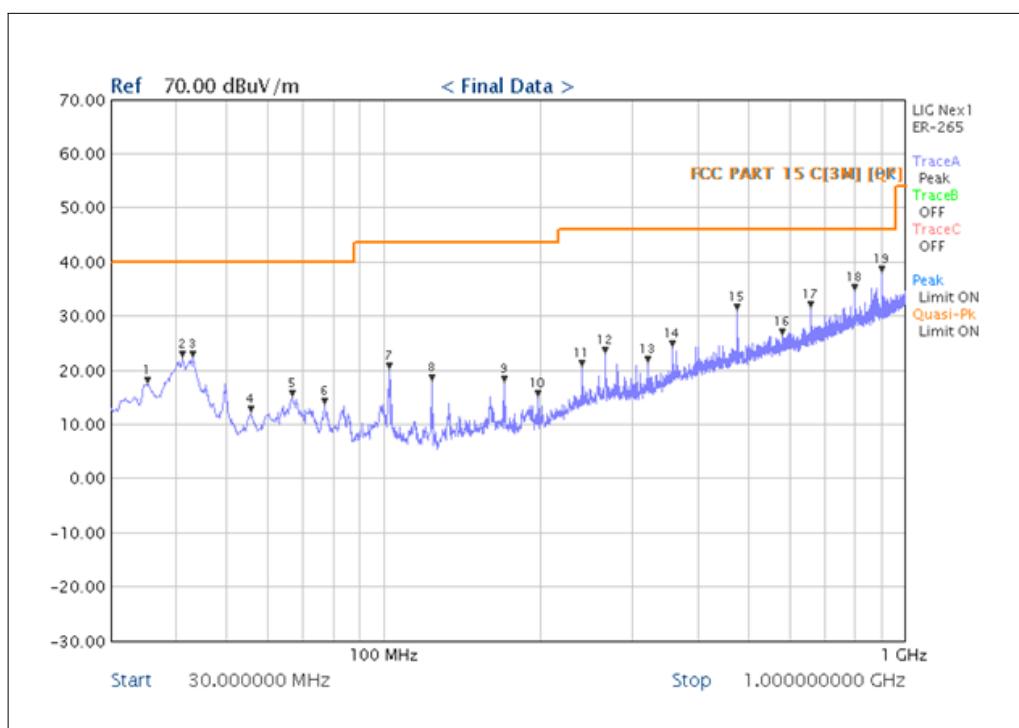
9 kHz~30 MHz Field Strength of Unwanted Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement

The measurements with active loop antenna were greater than 20dB below the limit, so the test data were not recorded in the test report.

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement

Vertical:

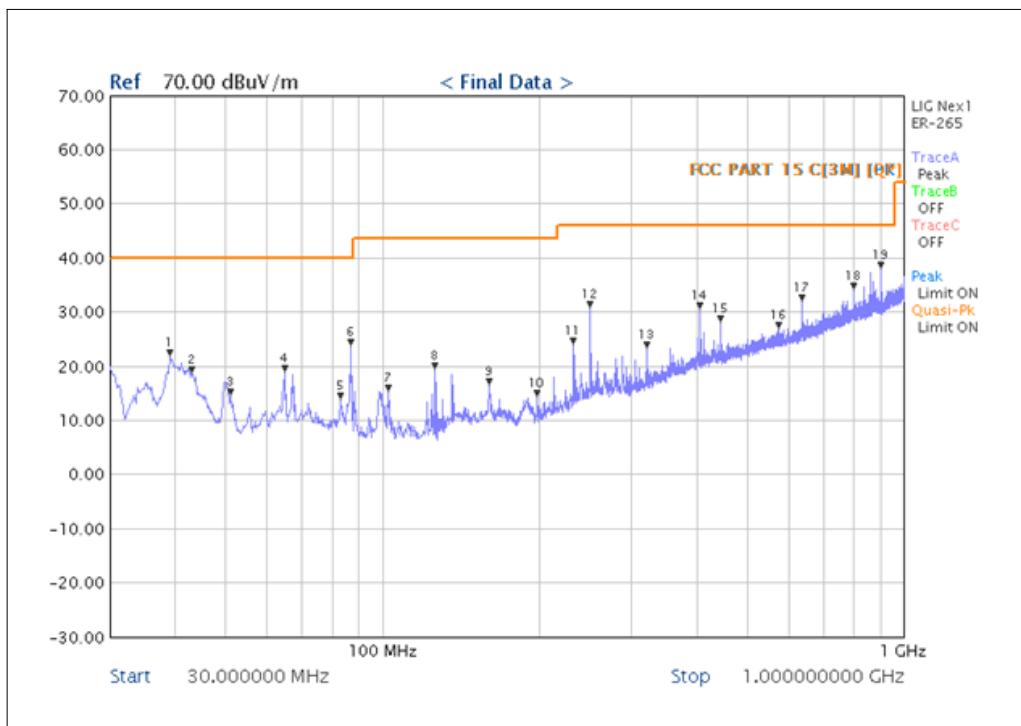
Level (dB μ V/m)



Quasi-peak measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Detect Mode	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dB μ V)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)
41.13	QP	V	22.20	12.16	10.04	40.0
102.59	QP	V	20.22	10.90	9.32	43.5
265.54	QP	V	23.06	14.67	8.39	46.0
475.86	QP	V	31.04	20.75	10.29	46.0
900.52	QP	V	38.07	28.97	9.10	46.0

Horizontal:

Level (dB μ V/m)


Quasi-peak measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Detect Mode	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dB μ V)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)
39.11	QP	H	21.78	11.98	9.80	40.0
86.84	QP	H	23.82	9.12	14.70	40.0
249.91	QP	H	30.84	14.05	16.79	46.0
405.51	QP	H	30.40	18.92	11.48	46.0
900.52	QP	H	37.93	46.89	8.96	46.0

1~25 GHz Harmonics & Spurious Emissions. Peak & Average Measurement

Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dB μ N)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)
1727.00	V	42.52	29.17	13.35	74
2679.00	H	49.09	31.99	17.10	74
4879.50	V	48.92	37.45	11.47	74
4880.00	H	57.53	37.45	20.08	74

Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dB μ N)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)
1727.00	V	34.94	29.18	5.76	54
2679.00	H	41.84	31.99	9.85	54
4879.50	V	40.60	37.45	3.15	54
4880.00	H	49.63	37.45	12.18	54

5.12.1.3. Test at high Channel in transmitting status

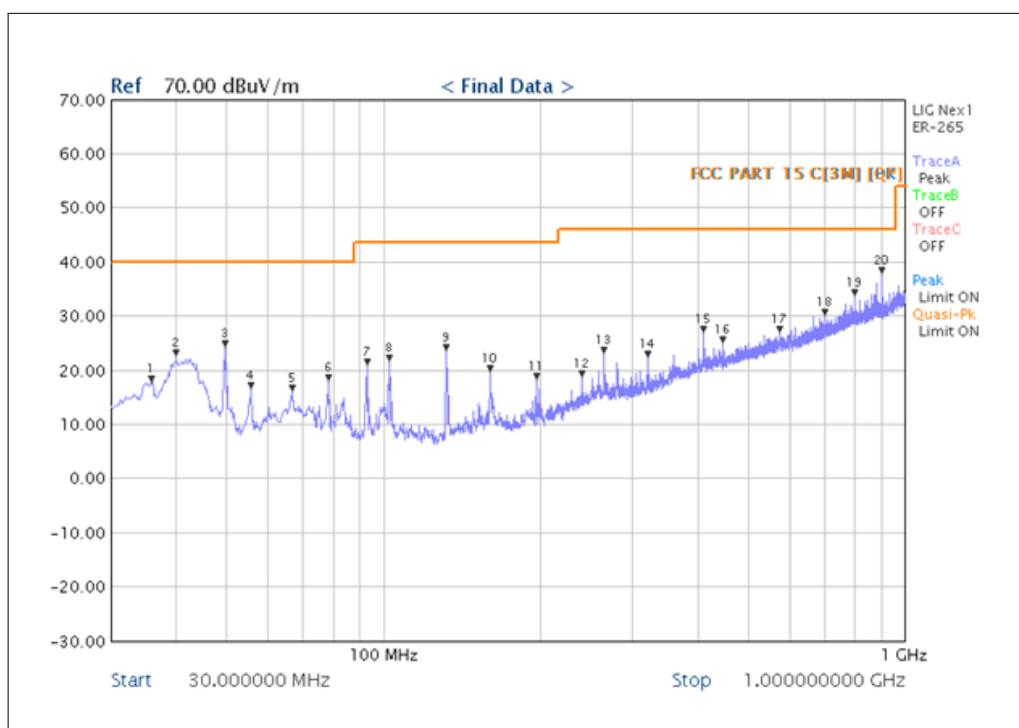
9 kHz~30 MHz Field Strength of Unwanted Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement

The measurements with active loop antenna were greater than 20dB below the limit, so the test data were not recorded in the test report.

30 MHz~1 GHz Spurious Emissions. Quasi-Peak Measurement

Vertical:

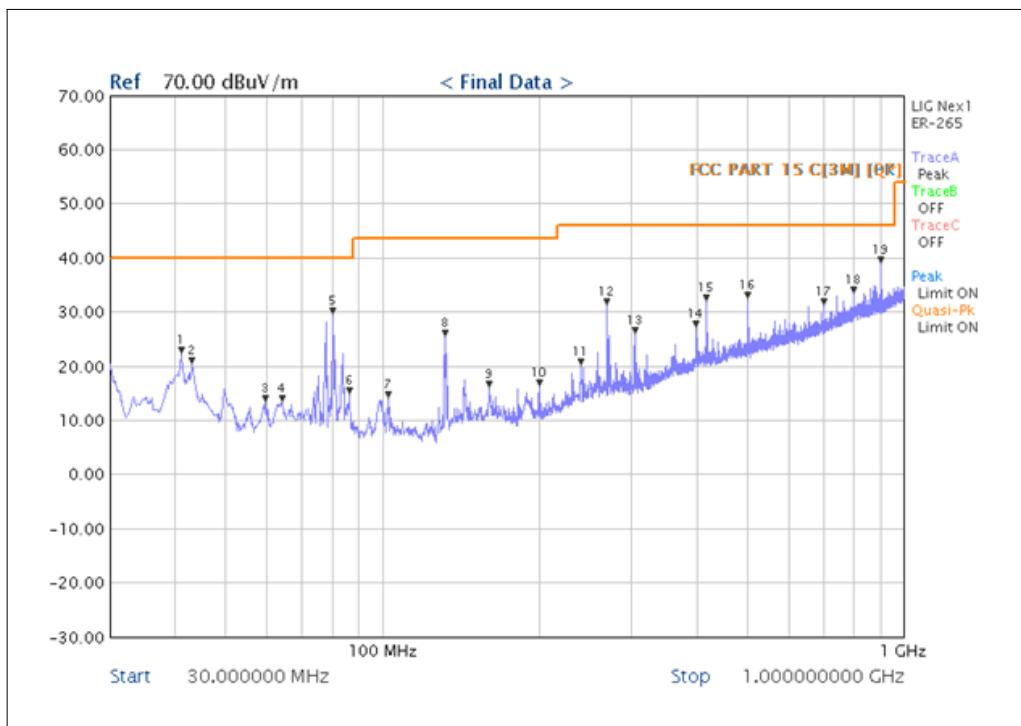
Level (dB μ V/m)



Quasi-peak measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Detect Mode	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dB μ V)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)
49.65	QP	V	24.14	12.47	11.67	40.0
92.76	QP	V	20.75	9.55	11.20	43.5
102.59	QP	V	21.69	10.90	10.79	43.5
131.96	QP	V	23.59	13.69	9.90	43.5
900.52	QP	V	37.86	28.97	8.89	46.0

Horizontal:

Level (dB μ V/m)


Quasi-peak measurement

Frequency (MHz)	Detect Mode	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dB μ V)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)
80.32	QP	H	29.57	9.08	20.49	40.0
131.96	QP	H	25.52	13.69	11.83	43.5
269.45	QP	H	31.28	14.82	16.46	46.0
416.64	QP	H	31.92	19.21	12.71	46.0
501.91	QP	H	32.40	21.40	11.00	46.0
900.52	QP	H	38.89	28.97	9.92	46.0

1~25 GHz Harmonics & Spurious Emissions. Peak & Average Measurement

Peak Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dB μ N)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)
2677.50	V	48.61	31.99	16.62	74
2700.00	H	49.16	32.13	17.03	74
4958.00	H	51.62	37.75	13.87	74
4959.00	V	52.54	37.75	14.79	74

Average Measurement:

Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (V/H)	Measured Value (dB μ N)	Antenna Factor + Cable Loss (dB/m)	Emission Level (dB μ N/m)	Limit (dB μ N/m)
2677.50	V	41.72	31.99	9.73	54
2700.00	H	41.66	32.13	9.53	54
4958.00	H	44.78	37.75	7.03	54
4959.00	V	44.84	37.75	7.09	54

Remark:

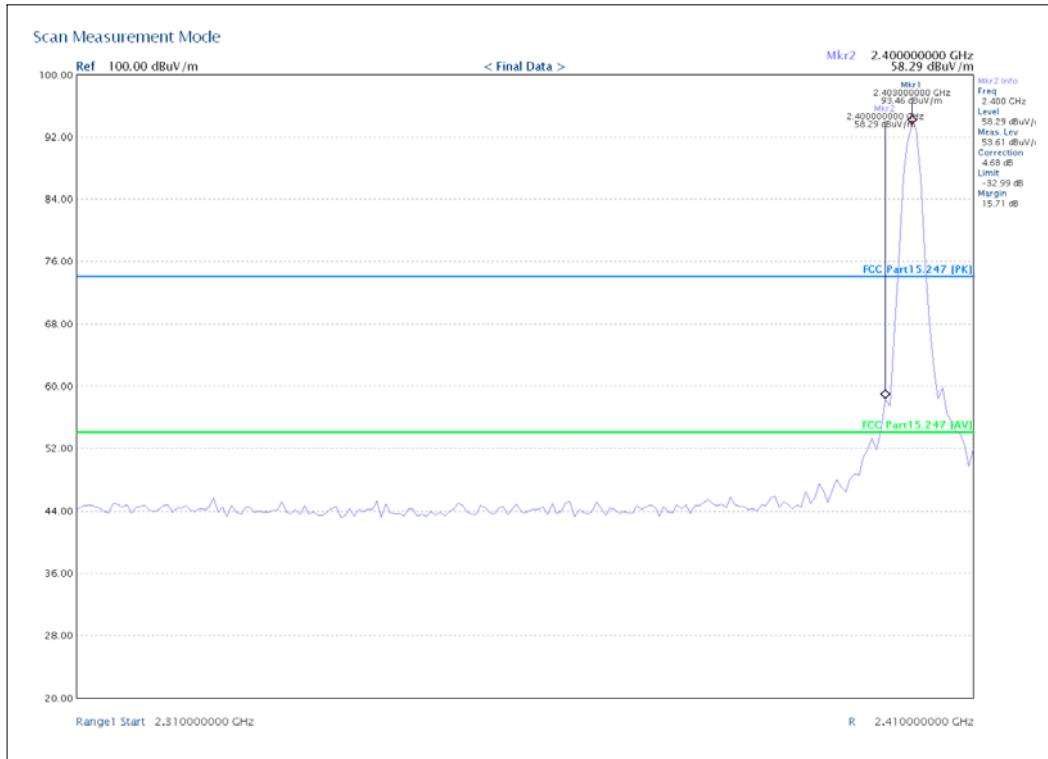
- 1). The field strength is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor. Cable Factor & Preamplifier. The basic equation with a sample calculation is as follows:
Final Test Level = Measured Value + Antenna Factor + Cable Loss - Amplifier Gain.
- 2). As shown in Section, for frequencies above 1000 MHz, the above field strength limits are based on average limits. However, the peak field strength of any emission shall not exceed the maximum permitted average limits specified above by more than 20 dB under any condition of modulation.
- 3). The test only perform the EUT in transmitting status since the test frequencies were over 1GHz only required transmitting status.

5.12.2. Radiated Emissions which fall in the restricted bands

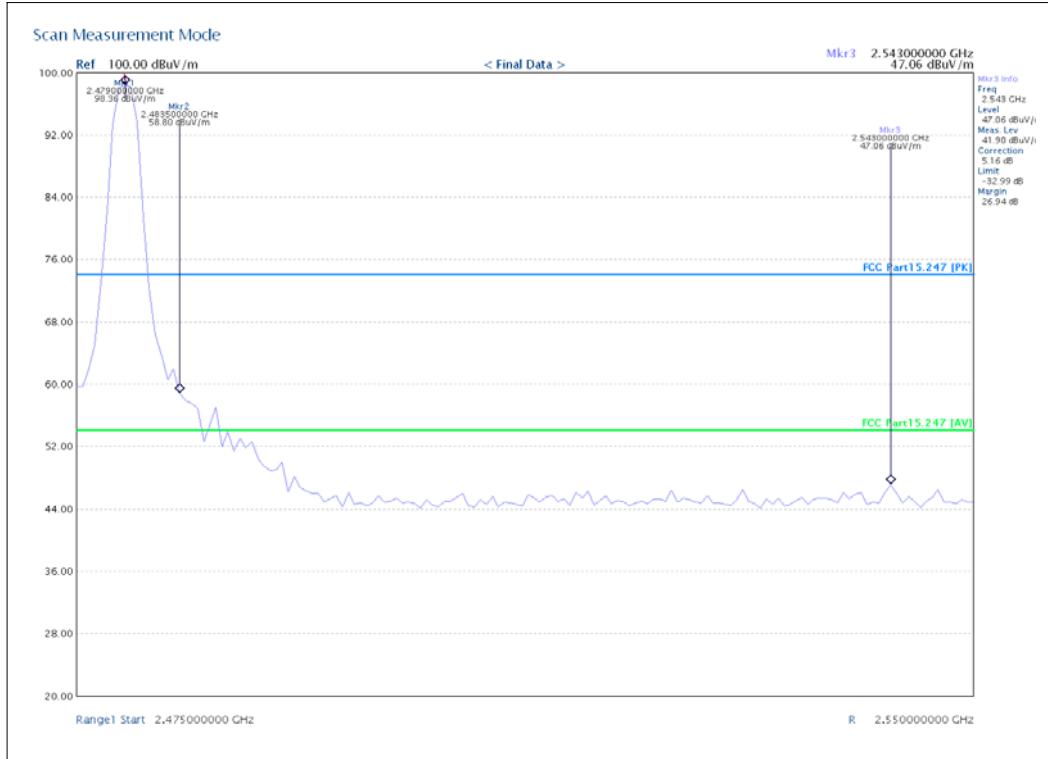
Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (d) In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.4, 6.5 and 6.6
Test Status:	Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2403 MHz), and highest (2479 MHz) channel
Measurement Limit:	3m (Semi-Anechoic Chamber) Section 15.209(a) 40.0 dB μ V/m between 30MHz & 88MHz; 43.5 dB μ V/m between 88MHz & 216MHz; 46.0 dB μ V/m between 216MHz & 960MHz; 54.0 dB μ V/m above 960MHz.
Detector:	For PK value: RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz VBW \geq RBW Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold For AV value: RBW = 1 MHz for $f \geq 1$ GHz, 100 kHz for $f < 1$ GHz VBW = 10 Hz Sweep = auto Detector function = peak Trace = max hold

Measurement Result:

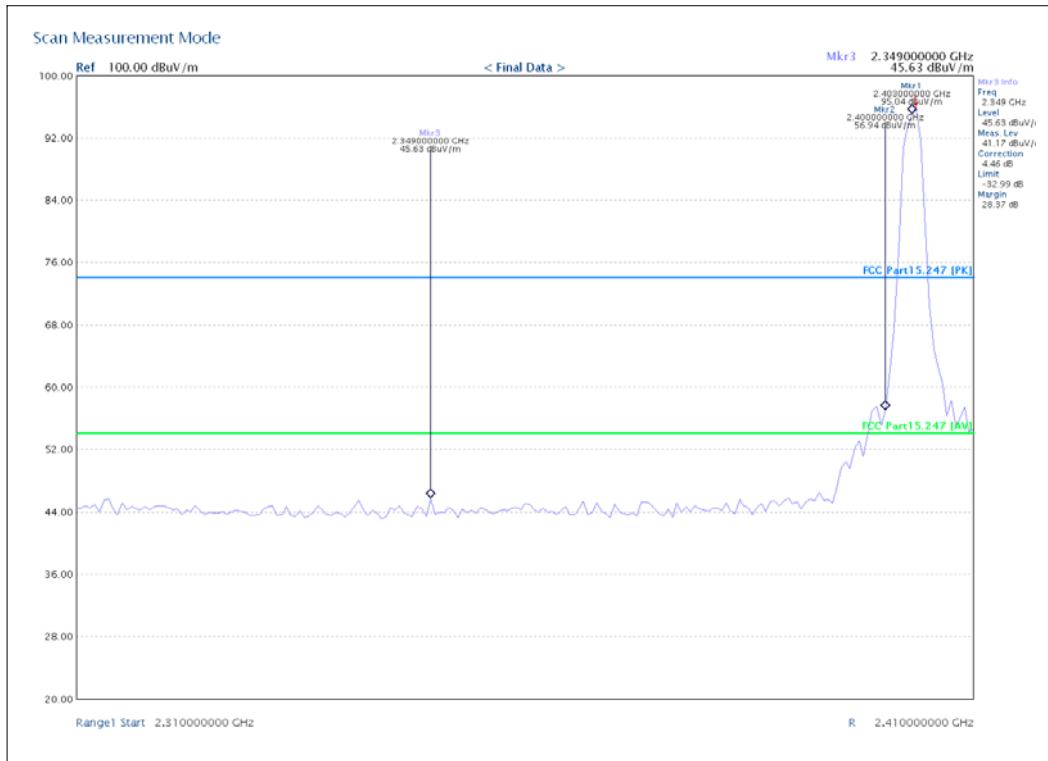
Low Channel (2403 MHz) , Horizontal , Peak Detector



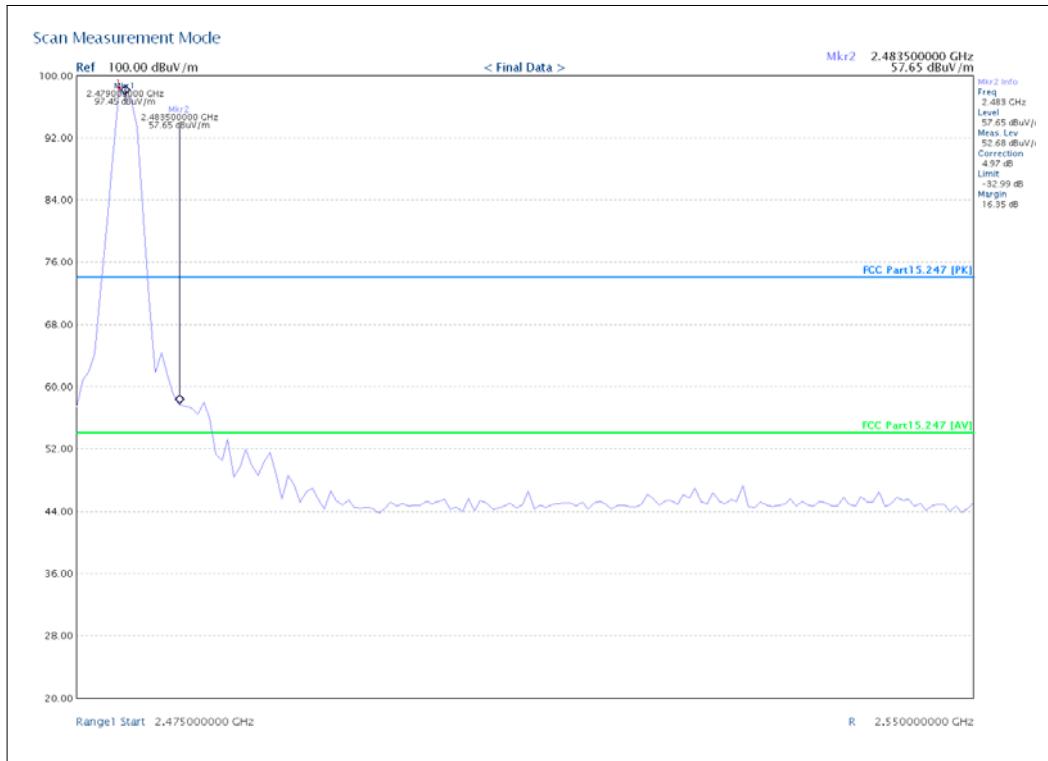
High Channel (2479MHz) , Horizontal , Peak Detector



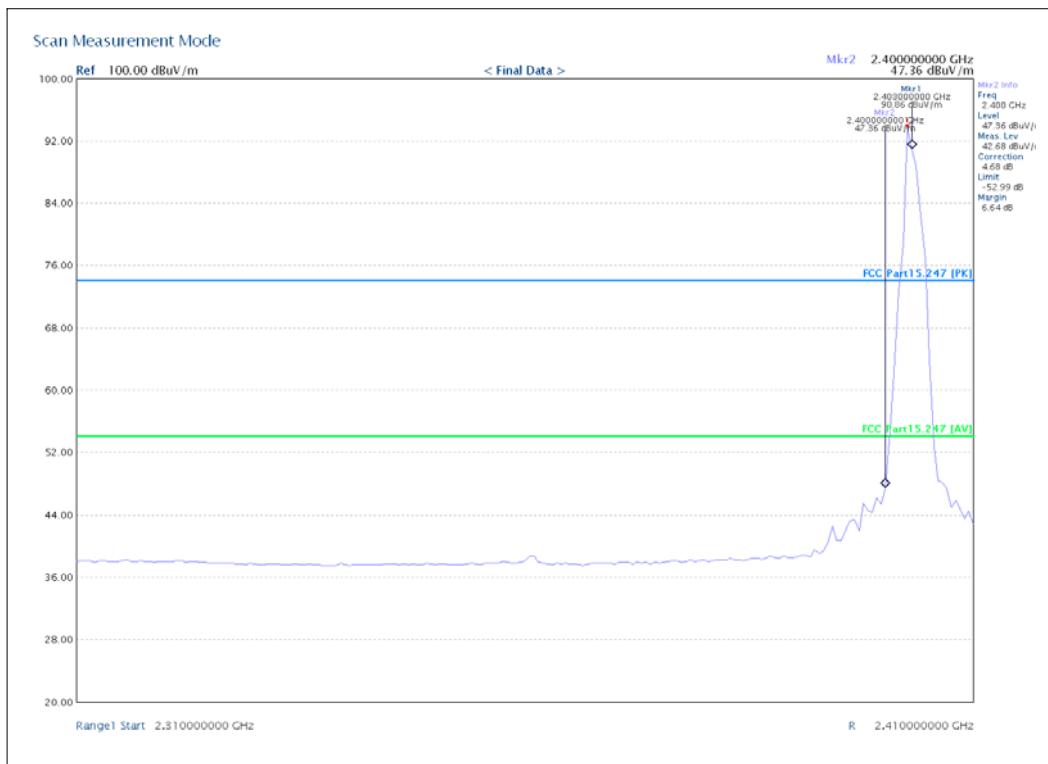
Low Channel (2403 MHz) , Vertical , Peak Detector



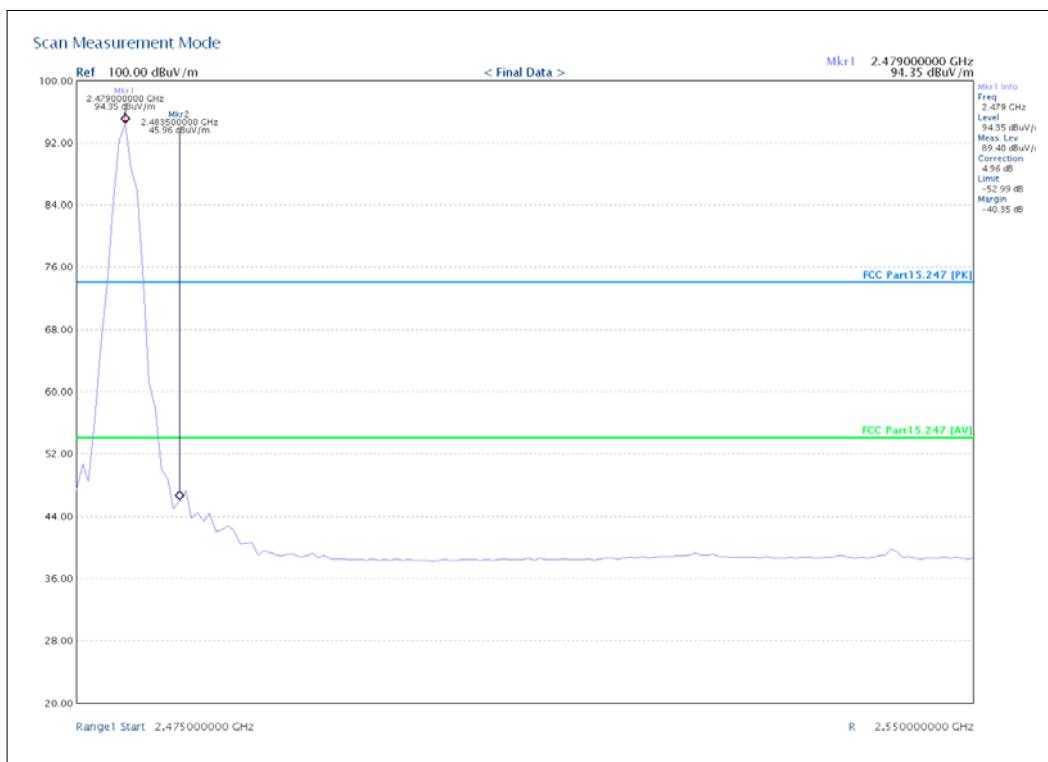
High Channel (2479MHz) , Vertical , Peak Detector



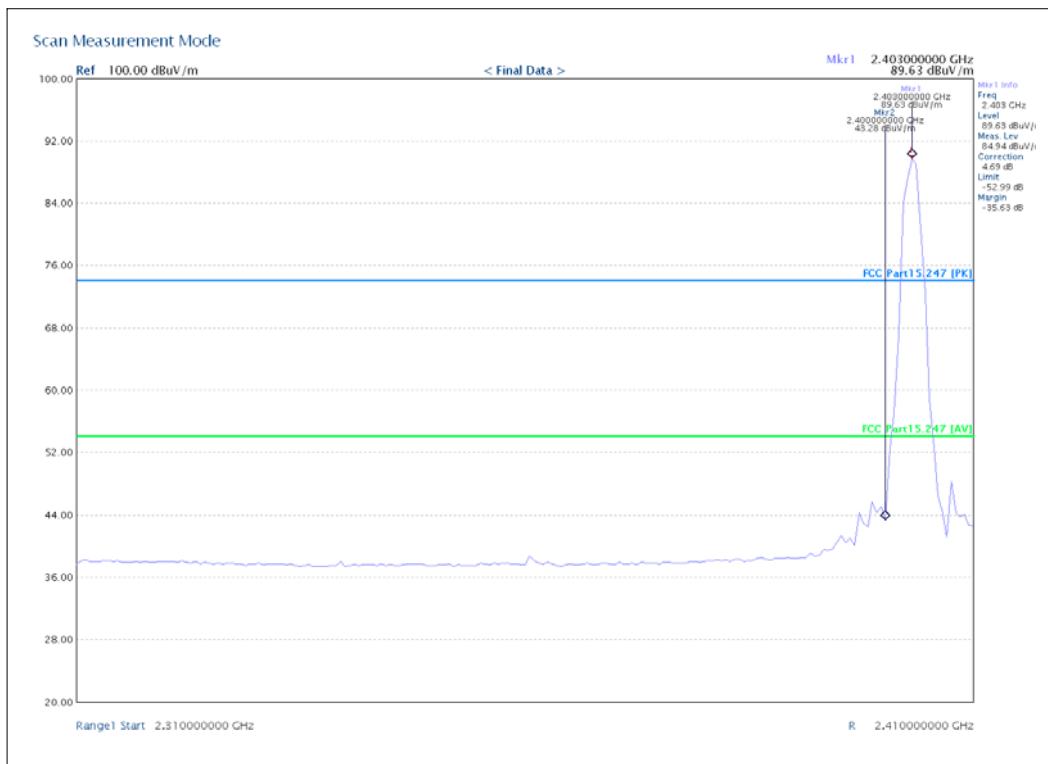
Low Channel (2403 MHz) , Horizontal , Average Detector



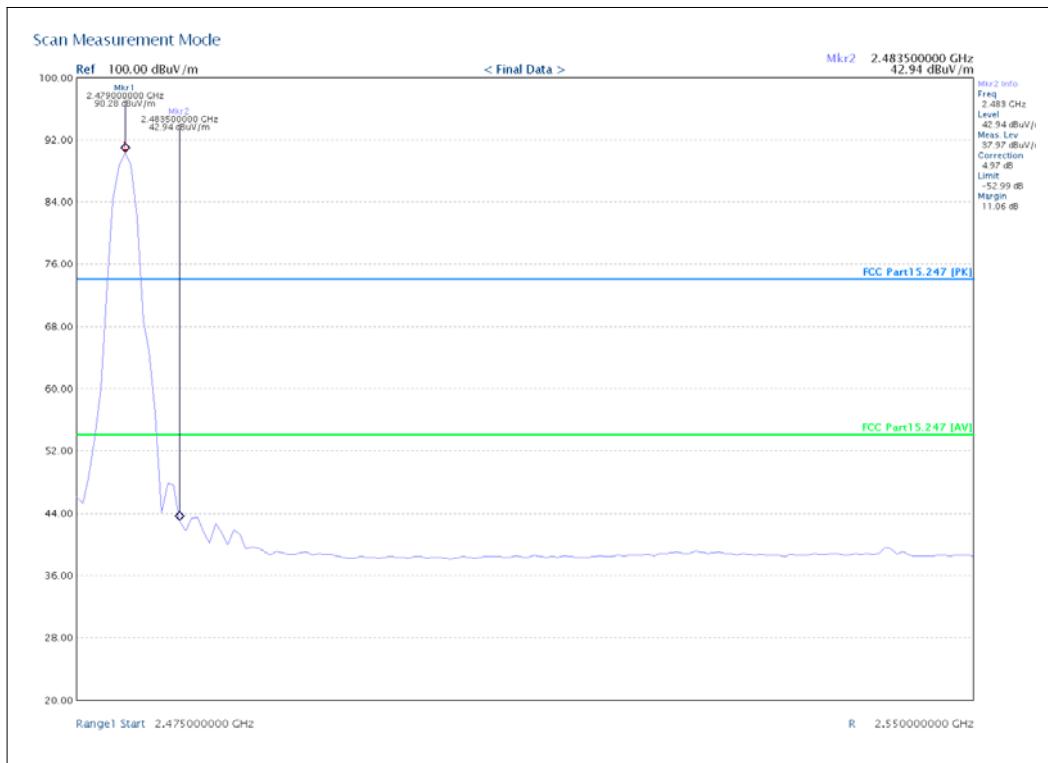
High Channel (2479MHz) , Horizontal , Average Detector



Low Channel (2403 MHz) , Vertical , Average Detector



High Channel (2479MHz) , Vertical , Average Detector



Section 15.205 Restricted bands of operation.

(a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 - 0.110	16.42 - 16.423	399.9 - 410	4.5 - 5.15
¹ 0.495 - 0.505	16.69475 - 16.69525	608 - 614	5.35 - 5.46
2.1735 - 2.1905	16.80425 - 16.80475	960 - 1240	7.25 - 7.75
4.125 - 4.128	25.5 - 25.67	1300 - 1427	8.025 - 8.5
4.17725 - 4.17775	37.5 - 38.25	1435 - 1626.5	9.0 - 9.2
4.20725 - 4.20775	73 - 74.6	1645.5 - 1646.5	9.3 - 9.5
6.215 - 6.218	74.8 - 75.2	1660 - 1710	10.6 - 12.7
6.26775 - 6.26825	108 - 121.94	1718.8 - 1722.2	13.25 - 13.4
6.31175 - 6.31225	123 - 138	2200 - 2300	14.47 - 14.5
8.291 - 8.294	149.9 - 150.05	2310 - 2390	15.35 - 16.2
8.362 - 8.366	156.52475 - 156.52525	2483.5 - 2500	17.7 - 21.4
8.37625 - 8.38675	156.7 - 156.9	2655 - 2900	22.01 - 23.12
8.41425 - 8.41475	162.0125 - 167.17	3260 - 3267	23.6 - 24.0
12.29 - 12.293	167.72 - 173.2	3332 - 3339	31.2 - 31.8
12.51975 - 12.52025	240 - 285	3345.8 - 3358	36.43 - 36.5
12.57675 - 12.57725	322 - 335.4	3600 - 4400	
13.36 - 13.41			

5.13. Band Edges Requirement

Test Requirement: FCC Part15 C section 15.247

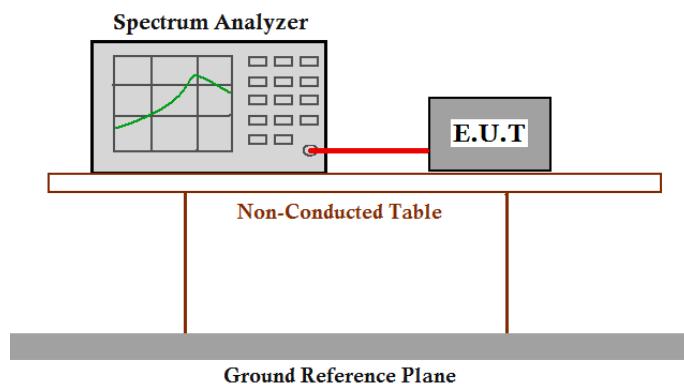
(d) In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in Section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a) (see Section 15.205(c)).

Frequency Band: 2400 MHz to 2483.5 MHz

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.9.2

Test Status: Pre-test the EUT in continuous transmitting mode at the lowest (2403 MHz), and highest (2479 MHz) channel

Test Configuration:



Test Procedure: Set RBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100 kHz with suitable frequency span including 100 kHz bandwidth from band edge.

The band edges was measured and recorded Result:

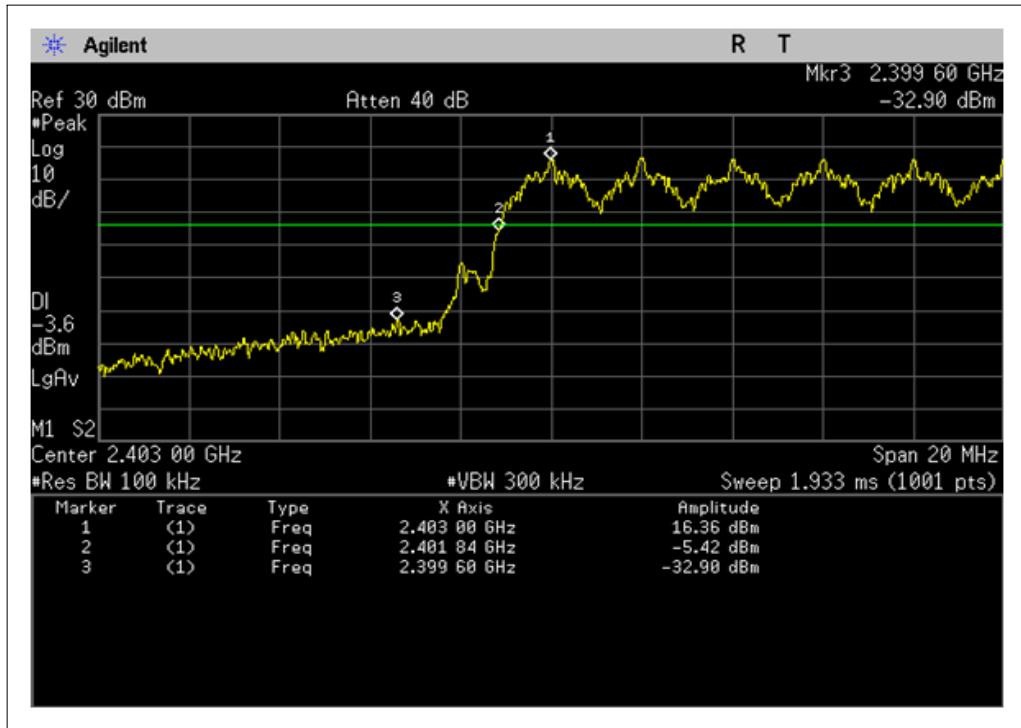
The Lower Edges attenuated more than 20dB.

The Upper Edges attenuated more than 20dB.

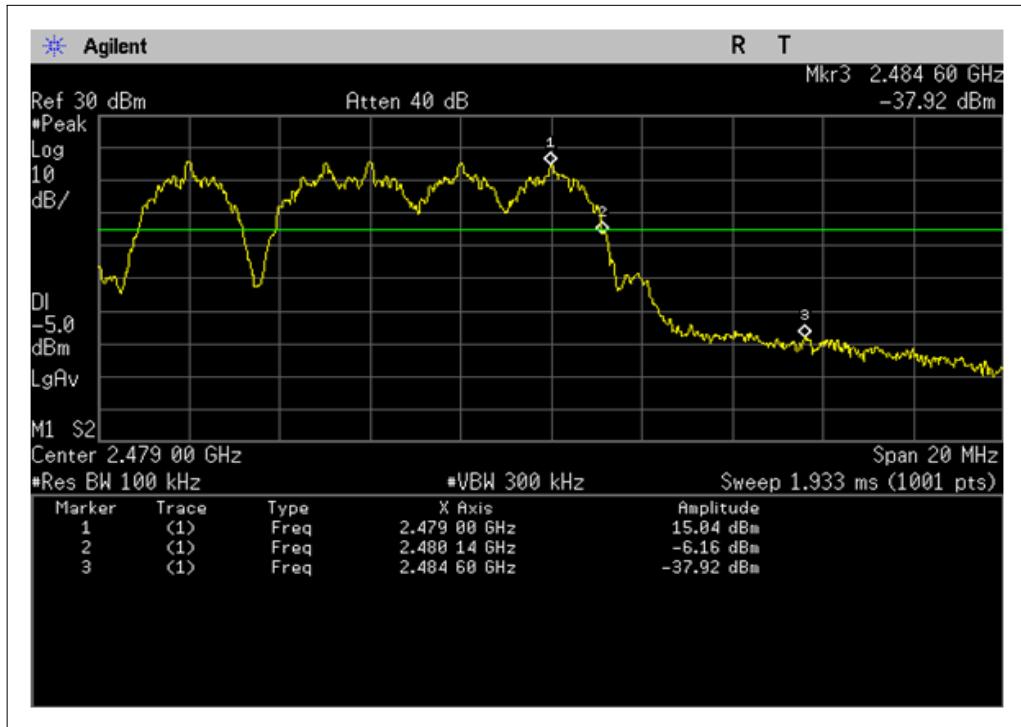
The graph as below. Represents the emissions take for this device.

Result plot as follows:

Lowest Channel(2.403 GHz):



Highest Channel(2.479 GHz):



5.14. Conducted Emissions at Mains Terminals 150 kHz to 30 MHz

Test Requirement: FCC Part 15 C section 15.207

Test Method: ANSI C63.10: Clause 6.2

Frequency Range: 150 kHz to 30 MHz

Detector: Peak for pre-scan (9 kHz Resolution Bandwidth)

Test Limit

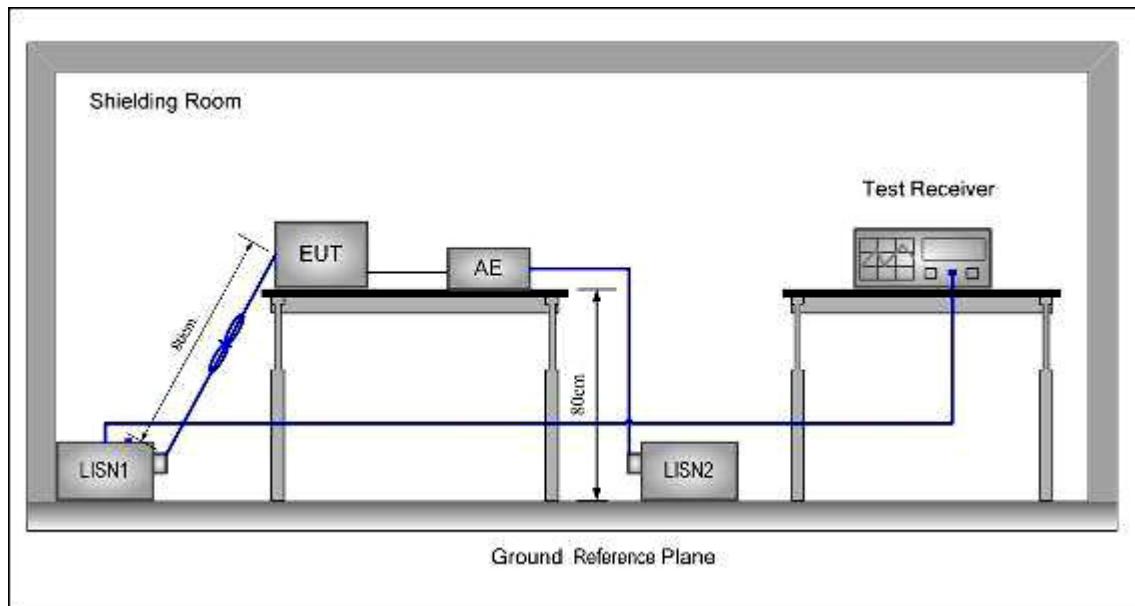
Limits for conducted disturbance at the mains ports of class B

Frequency Range (MHz)	Class B Limit dB(µV)	
	Quasi-peak	Average
0.15 to 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 to 5	56	46
5 to 30	60	50

NOTE 1 The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0,15 MHz to 0,50 MHz.

EUT Operation: Test in normal operating mode. For intentional radiators, measurements of the variation of the input power or the radiated signal level of the fundamental frequency component of the emission, as appropriate, shall be performed with the supply voltage varied between 85% and 115% of the nominal rated supply voltage.
Pre-Scan has been conducted to determine the worst-case mode from all possible combinations between available modulations, data rates and antenna ports (if EUT with antenna diversity architecture).

Test Configuration:



Test procedure:

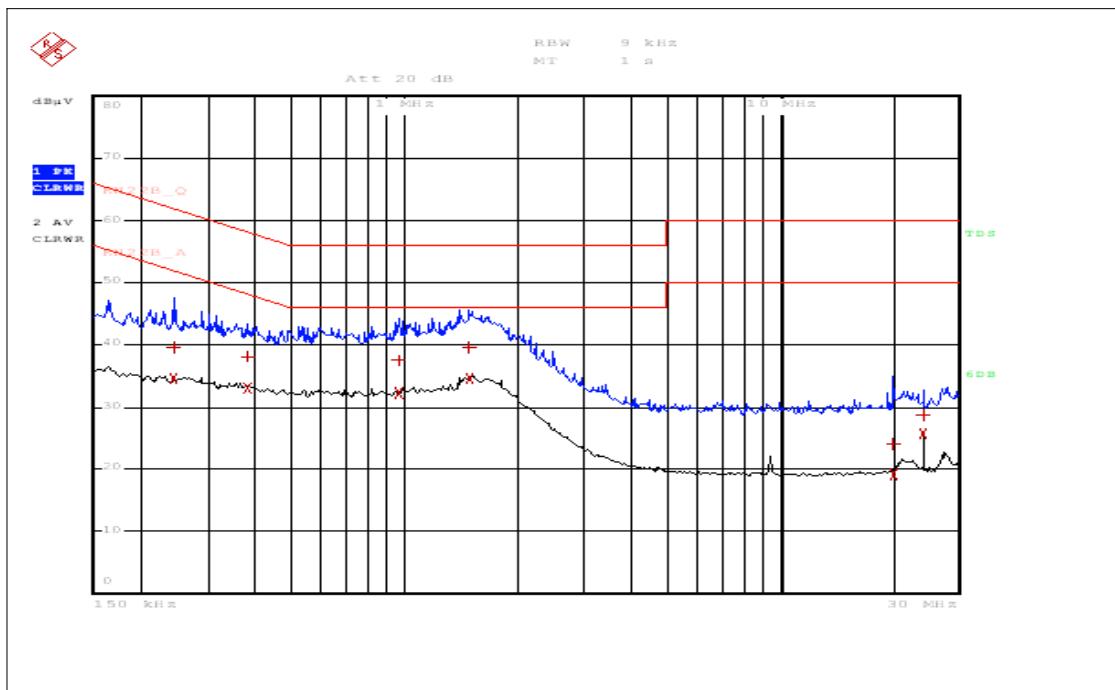
1. The mains terminal disturbance voltage test was conducted in a shielded room.
2. The EUT was connected to AC power source through a LISN 1 (Line Impedance Stabilization Network) which provides a $50/50\mu\text{H} + 5\text{linear}$ impedance. The power cables of all other units of the EUT were connected to a second LISN 2, which was bonded to the ground reference plane in the same way as the LISN 1 for the unit being measured. A multiple socket outlet strip was used to connect multiple power cables to a single LISN provided the rating of the LISN was not exceeded.
3. The tabletop EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the ground reference plane. And for floor-standing arrangement, the EUT was placed on the horizontal ground reference plane, but separated from metallic contact with the ground reference plane by 0.1m of insulation.
4. The test was performed with a vertical ground reference plane. The rear of the EUT shall be 0,4 m from the vertical ground reference plane. The vertical ground reference plane was bonded to the horizontal ground reference plane. The LISN 1 was placed 0,8 m from the boundary of the unit under test and bonded to a ground reference plane for LISNs mounted on top of the ground reference plane. This distance was between the closest points of the LISN 1 and the EUT. All other units of the EUT and associated equipment was at least 0,8 m from the LISN 2.

5.14.1. Measurement Data

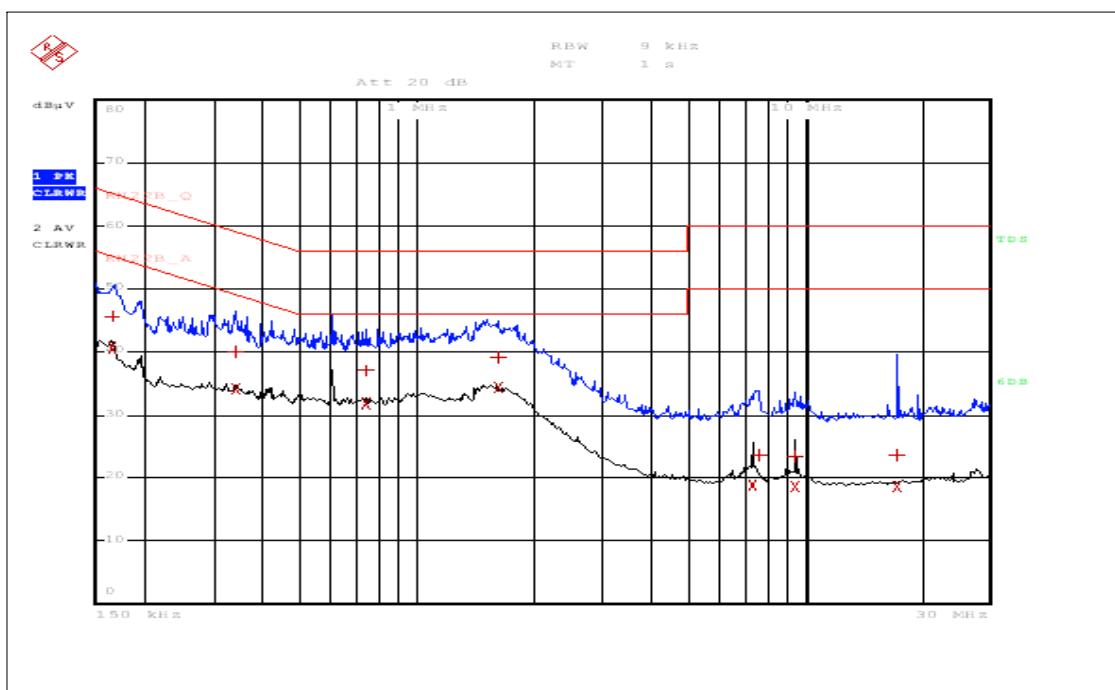
Pre-scan was performed with peak detected on all ports, Quasi-peak & average measurements were performed at the frequencies at which maximum peak emission level were detected.

Please see the attached Quasi-peak and Average test results.

Neutral – PE(Peak and Average detector used)



Line – PE(Peak and Average detector used)



Measurement data:

Frequency (MHz)	Correction Factor		Line	Quasi-Peak			Average		
	LISN	Cable		Limit [dBuV]	Reading [dBuV]	Result [dBuV]	Limit [dBuV]	Reading [dBuV]	Result [dBuV]
0.16	0.23	0.04	H	65.46	45.47	45.74	55.46	40.30	40.57
0.24	0.32	0.06	N	62.10	39.22	39.60	52.10	34.05	34.43
0.33	0.19	0.07	H	59.45	39.64	39.90	49.45	33.90	34.16
0.38	0.31	0.07	N	58.28	37.77	38.15	48.28	32.67	33.05
0.73	0.19	0.07	H	56.00	36.83	37.09	46.00	31.64	31.90
0.96	0.32	0.08	N	56.00	37.02	37.42	46.00	31.81	32.21
1.49	0.33	0.12	N	56.00	39.18	39.63	46.00	34.01	34.46
1.61	0.22	0.12	H	56.00	38.90	39.24	46.00	34.01	34.35
7.66	0.63	0.36	H	60.00	22.65	23.64	50.00	17.88	18.87
9.44	0.80	0.37	H	60.00	22.27	23.45	50.00	17.42	18.60
17.32	1.17	0.51	H	60.00	21.89	23.57	50.00	16.94	18.62
20.05	1.35	0.56	N	60.00	22.14	24.05	50.00	17.22	19.13
24.02	1.38	0.64	N	60.00	26.66	28.68	50.00	23.78	25.80

Margin (dB) = Limit – Emission Level

[Emission Level = Measured Value + CF + CL]

5.15. Radio Frequency Exposure Procedures

Regulation

According to §15.247(i) and § 1.1307(b)(1) , systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy levels in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

KDB 447498 D01: Approximate SAR test exclusion power thresholds at selected frequencies and test separation distances are illustrated in the following table:

MHz	5	10	15	20	25	mm
150	39	77	116	155	194	SAR Test Exclusion Threshold (mW)
300	27	55	82	110	137	
450	22	45	67	89	112	
835	16	33	49	66	82	
900	16	32	47	63	79	
1500	12	24	37	49	61	
1900	11	22	33	44	54	
2450	10	19	29	38	48	
3600	8	16	24	32	40	
5200	7	13	20	26	33	
5400	6	13	19	26	32	
5800	6	12	19	25	31	

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot$

$[\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where

- $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum test separation distance is ≤ 50 mm and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Maximum Measured Transmitter Power:

Channel Frequency (MHz)	Maximum Peak Conducted Output Power		Max Antenna Gain (dBi)	Numeric antenna gain (mW)
	(dBm)	(mW)		
2403	16.17	41.39	0	1

[(max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW)/(min. test separation distance, mm)]

$$\cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] = 41.39/25 * \sqrt{2.403} = 2.566 \leq 3.0$$

Threshold at which no SAR required is 48mW and ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR, Separation distance is 25mm.

Conclusion : The SAR measurement is exempt.

APPENDIX**1. EUT photo**