

FCC SAR REPORT

Applicant: SKY PHONE LLC

Address of Applicant: 1348 Washington Av. Suite 350, Miami Beach, FL 33139

Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Product Name: 4G Smartphone

Model No.: Elite P5

Trade mark SKY DEVICES

FCC ID: 2ABOSSKYELITEP5

Applicable standards: FCC 47 CFR Part 2.1093

Date of Test: 29 Jul., 2020 ~ 03 Aug., 2020

Test Result: Maximum Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Head: 0.620 Body: 1.103 Hotspot: 1.363
Maximum Reported 10-g SAR (W/kg)
Extremity: 1.932

Authorized Signature:



Bruce Zhang
Laboratory Manager

This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample. The results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product and does not permit the use of the CCIS product certification mark. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in this report.

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2 Version

Version No.	Date	Description
00	13 Aug., 2020	Original

Tested by:*Huheng Cai***Date:***13 Aug., 2020***Report Clerk****Reviewed by:***Tanet Wei***Date:***13 Aug., 2020***Project Engineer**

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4 SAR Results Summary

The maximum results of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) found during test as bellows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported SAR (W/kg)
Head	GSM 850	0.072	PCE	0.620
	GSM 1900	0.140		
	WCDMA Band V	0.107		
	WCDMA Band IV	0.156		
	WCDMA Band II	0.162		
	LTE Band 2	0.228		
	LTE Band 4	0.197		
	LTE Band 5	0.114		
	LTE Band 7	0.364		
	LTE Band 12	0.053		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.620	DTS	
Body (10 mm Gap)	GSM 850	0.100	PCE	1.103
	GSM 1900	0.488		
	WCDMA Band V	0.119		
	WCDMA Band IV	0.518		
	WCDMA Band II	0.681		
	LTE Band 2	1.103		
	LTE Band 4	1.027		
	LTE Band 5	0.141		
	LTE Band 7	1.086		
	LTE Band 12	0.074		
	WLAN 2.4GHz	0.174	DTS	
Hotspot (10 mm Gap)	GSM 850	0.129	PCE	1.363
	GSM 1900	0.400		
	WCDMA Band V	0.119		
	WCDMA Band IV	0.575		
	WCDMA Band II	0.681		
	LTE Band 2	1.335		
	LTE Band 4	1.363		
	LTE Band 5	0.141		
	LTE Band 7	1.129		
	LTE Band 12	0.074		
	WLAN 2.4 GHz	0.174	DTS	
Extremity (0mm Gap)	LTE Band 2	1.791	PCE	1.932
	LTE Band 4	1.932		

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Reported 1-g SAR (W/kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission 1-g SAR (W/kg)
Bottom	LTE Band 4	1.363	PCE	1.363
	/	/	DTS	

Note:

1. The highest simultaneous transmission is scalar summation of Reported standalone SAR per FCC KDB 690783 D01 v01r03, and scalar SAR summation of all possible simultaneous transmission scenarios are < 1.6W/kg.
2. This device is compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) and ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2005, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013.
3. For FDD-LTE Band 17 is full covered by FDD-LTE Band 12, so only FDD-LTE Band 12 was tested.

5 General Information

5.1 Client Information

Applicant:	SKY PHONE LLC
Address of Applicant:	1348 Washington Av. Suite 350, Miami Beach, FL 33139
Manufacturer:	SKY PHONE LLC
Address of Manufacturer:	1348 Washington Av. Suite 350, Miami Beach, FL 33139

5.2 General Description of EUT

Product Name:	4G Smartphone	
Model No.:	Elite P5	
Category of device	Portable device	
Operation Frequency:	GSM850: 824.2 ~ 848.8 MHz PCS 1900: 1850.2 ~ 1909.8 MHz WCDMA Band V: 826.4 ~ 846.6 MHz WCDMA Band IV: 1712.4 ~ 1752.6 MHz WCDMA Band II: 1852.4 ~ 1907.6 MHz FDD LTE Band 2 :1850MHz~1910MHz FDD LTE Band 4 :1710MHz~1755MHz FDD LTE Band 5 :824MHz~849MHz FDD LTE Band 7: 2500MHz~2570MHz FDD LTE Band 12: 698MHz~716MHz FDD LTE Band 17: 704MHz~716MHz Bluetooth: 2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz Wi-Fi: 802.11b/g/n-HT20: 2412MHz ~ 2462 MHz	
Modulation technology:	GSM/GPRS:GMSK, EGPRS: 8PSK, WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA: BPSK/QPSK LTE:QPSK/16QAM Bluetooth: GFSK/π/4DQPSK/8DPSK Wi-Fi: 802.11b: DSSS, 802.11g/n: OFDM	
Antenna Type:	Internal Antenna	
Antenna Gain:	GSM 850: 0.27 dBi ; PCS 1900: 0.10 dBi WCDMA Band V: 0.27 dBi WCDMA Band IV: 0.63 dBi; WCDMA Band II: 0.10 dBi LTE Band 2: 0.10dBi; LTE Band 4: 0.63dBi LTE Band 5: 0.27dBi; LTE Band 7: -0.16dBi LTE Band 12: -2.0dBi; LTE Band 17: -2.0dBi Wi-Fi: 1.75dBi; Bottom:1.75dBi; BLE:1.75dBi	
(E)GPRS Class:	(E)GPRS Class: 12	
Dimensions (L*W*H):	144 mm (L)× 73 mm (W)× 10 mm (H)	
Accessories information:	Adapter: Model: Input:100-240V AC,50/60Hz 0.2A Output:5.0V DC 1.0A	Battery: Rechargeable Li-ion Battery 3.8V/2000mAh
		Headset: Support headset

5.3 Maximum RF Output Power

Mode	Average Power (dBm)	
	GSM 850	GSM 1900
GSM (Voice)	32.42	29.64
GPRS (1 TX Slot)	32.35	29.59
GPRS (2 TX Slots)	30.15	27.92
GPRS (3 TX Slots)	28.25	26.03
GPRS (4 TX Slots)	25.95	24.98
EGPRS (1 TX Slot)	25.44	25.68
EGPRS (2 TX Slots)	24.13	23.79
EGPRS (3 TX Slots)	22.56	22.75
EGPRS (4 TX Slots)	21.35	20.77

Mode	Average Power (dBm)		
	WCDMA Band V	WCDMA Band IV	WCDMA Band II
AMR 12.2 kbps	22.21	22.28	22.11
RMC 12.2 kbps	22.35	22.30	22.26
HSDPA Sub-test 1	21.94	22.45	21.50
HSDPA Sub-test 2	21.90	22.26	21.29
HSDPA Sub-test 3	21.56	21.85	20.91
HSDPA Sub-test 4	21.36	21.24	20.54
HSUPA Sub-test 1	21.89	22.36	21.24
HSUPA Sub-test 2	22.16	22.21	21.40
HSUPA Sub-test 3	21.67	21.42	21.29
HSUPA Sub-test 4	21.42	21.14	20.92
HSUPA Sub-test 5	21.85	20.58	21.14

Mode	Average Power (dBm)					
	LTE Band 2	LTE Band 4	LTE Band 5	LTE Band 7	LTE Band 12	LTE Band 17
BW/1.4 MHz	22.89	23.16	23.16	/	23.36	/
BW/3.0 MHz	22.86	23.25	23.20	/	23.42	/
BW/5.0 MHz	22.96	23.52	23.26	22.98	23.44	23.26
BW/10 MHz	22.95	23.52	23.19	22.98	23.32	23.22
BW/15 MHz	22.95	23.56	/	23.21	/	/
BW/20 MHz	22.95	23.52	/	23.14	/	/

WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Average Power (dBm)			
Mode/Band	b	g	n (HT-20)
WLAN 2.4GHz	16.56	15.81	15.31

Bluetooth Peak Power (dBm)				
Mode/Band	1 Mbps(GFSK)	2 Mbps(π /4DQPSK)	3 Mbps (8DPSK)	LE (BT 4.0)
Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	5.96	5.79	6.20	-4.67

5.4 Environment of Test Site

Temperature:	18°C ~25 °C
Humidity:	35%~75% RH
Atmospheric Pressure:	1010 mbar

5.5 Test Sample Plan

Sample Number	Used for Test Items
3#	SAR
Remark: Shenzhen Zhongjian Nanfang Testing Co., Ltd. is only responsible for the test project data of the above samples, and will keep the above samples for a month.	

5.6 Test Location

Shenzhen Zhongjian Nanfang Testing Co., Ltd.
Address: No.110~116, Building B, Jinyuan Business Building, Xixiang Road, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Tel: +86-755-23118282, Fax: +86-755-23116366
Email: info@ccis-cb.com, Website: <http://www.ccis-cb.com>

6 Introduction

6.1 Introduction

SAR is related to the rate at which energy is absorbed per unit mass in an object exposed to a radio field. The SAR distribution in a biological body is complicated and is usually carried out by experimental techniques or numerical modeling. The standard recommends limits for two tiers of groups, occupational/controlled and general population/uncontrolled, based on a person's awareness and ability to exercise control over his or her exposure. In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are higher than the limits for general population/uncontrolled.

6.2 SAR Definition

The SAR definition is the time derivative (rate) of the incremental energy (dW) absorbed by (dissipated in) an incremental mass (dm) contained in a volume element (dv) of a given density (ρ). The equation description is as below:

$$SAR = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{dm} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{dU}{\rho dv} \right)$$

SAR is expressed in units of Watts per kilogram (W/kg)

SAR measurement can be either related to the temperature elevation in tissue by

$$SAR = C \left(\frac{\delta T}{\delta t} \right)$$

Where: C is the specific heat capacity, δT is the temperature rise and δt is the exposure duration, or related to the electrical field in the tissue by

$$SAR = \frac{\sigma \cdot E^2}{\rho}$$

Where: σ is the conductivity of the tissue, ρ is the mass density of the tissue and E is the RMS electrical field strength. However for evaluating SAR of low power transmitter, electrical field measurement is typically applied.

7 RF Exposure Limits

7.1 Uncontrolled Environment

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure. The general population/uncontrolled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which the general public may be exposed or in which persons who are exposed as a consequence of their employment may not be made fully aware of the potential for exposure or cannot exercise control over their exposure. Members of the general public would come under this category when exposure is not employment-related; for example, in the case of a wireless transmitter that exposes persons in its vicinity.

7.2 Controlled Environment

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation). In general, occupational/controlled exposure limits are applicable to situations in which persons are exposed as a consequence of their employment, who have been made fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over their exposure. This exposure category is also applicable when the exposure is of a transient nature due to incidental passage through a location where the exposure levels may be higher than the general population/uncontrolled limits, but the exposed person is fully aware of the potential for exposure and can exercise control over his or her exposure by leaving the area or by some other appropriate means.

7.3 RF Exposure Limits

SAR Human Exposure Specified in ANSI/IEEE C95.1-1992 and Health Canada Safety Code 6

HUMAN EXPOSURE LIMITS		
	UNCONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>General Population</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)	CONTROLLED ENVIRONMENT <i>Occupational</i> (W/kg) or (mW/g)
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Brain	1.6	8.0
SPATIAL AVERAGE SAR Whole Body	0.08	0.4
SPATIAL PEAK SAR Hands, Feet, Ankles, Wrists	4.0	20

Note:

1. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.
2. The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.
3. The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

8 SAR Measurement System

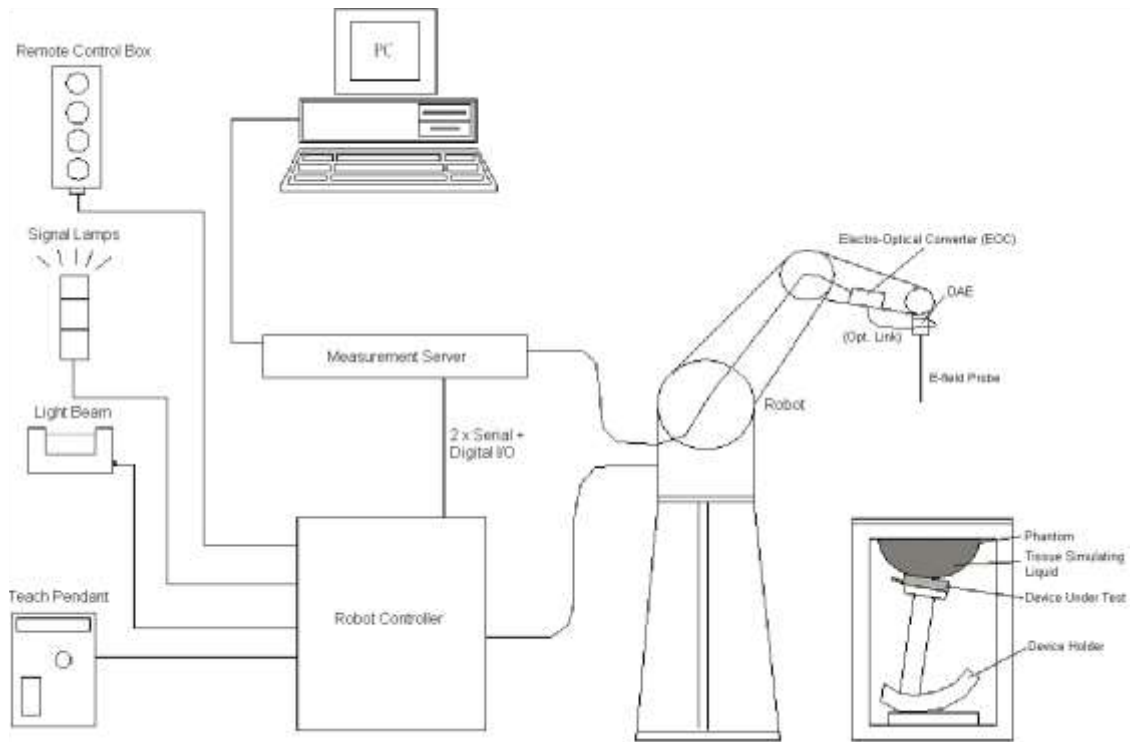


Fig. 8.1 SPEAG DASY System Configurations

The DASY system for performance compliance tests is illustrated above graphically. This system consists of the following items:

- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, a teach pendant and software
- A data acquisition electronic (DAE) attached to the robot arm extension
- A dosimetric probe equipped with an optical surface detector system
- The electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical signals
- A measurement server performs the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the accuracy of the probe positioning
- A computer operating Windows XP
- DASY software
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom
- A device holder
- Tissue simulating liquid
- Dipole for evaluating the proper functioning of the system

Component details are described in the following sub-sections.

8.1 E-Field Probe

The SAR measurement is conducted with the dosimetric probe (manufactured by SPEAG). The probe is specially designed and calibrated for use in liquid with high permittivity. The dosimetric probe has special calibration in liquid at different frequency. This probe has a built in optical surface detection system to prevent from collision with phantom.

➤ E-Field Probe Specification <EX3DV4 Probe>

Construction	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Frequency Directivity	10 MHz to 6 GHz; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB ± 0.3 dB in HSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in tissue material (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to 100 mW/g; Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 330 mm (Tip: 20mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm



Fig. 8.2 Photo of E-Field Probe

➤ E-Field Probe Calibration

Each probe needs to be calibrated according to a dosimetric assessment procedure with accuracy better than $\pm 10\%$. The spherical isotropy shall be evaluated and within ± 0.25 dB. The sensitivity parameters (Norm X, Norm Y and Norm Z), the diode compression parameter (DCP) and the conversion factor (ConvF) of the probe are tested. The calibration data can be referred to appendix E of this report.

8.2 Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

The Data acquisition electronics (DAE) consists of a highly sensitive electrometer-grade preamplifier with auto-zeroing, a channel and gain-switching multiplexer, a fast 16 bit AD-converter and a command decoder and control logic unit. Transmission to the measurement server is accomplished through an optical downlink for data and status information as well as an optical uplink for commands and the clock. The input impedance of the DAE is 200 MOhm; the inputs are symmetrical and floating. Common mode rejection is above 80 dB.



Fig. 8.3 Photo of DAE

8.3 Robot

The SPEAG DASY system uses the high precision robots (DASY5: TX60L) type from Stäubli SA (France). For the 6-axis controller system, the robot controller version (DASY5: CS8c) from Stäubli is used. The Stäubli robot series have many features that are important for our application:

- High precision (repeatability 0.02 mm)
- High reliability (industrial design)
- Low maintenance costs (virtually maintenance free due to direct drive gears; no belt drives)
- Jerk-free straight movements
- Low ELF interference (motor control fields shielded via the closed metallic construction shields)



Fig. 8.4 Photo of Robot

8.4 Measurement Server

The measurement server is based on a PC/104 CPU board with CPU (DASY 5: 400MHz, Intel Celeron), chip-disk (DASY5: 128 MB), RAM (DASY5: 128 MB). The necessary circuits for communication with the DAE electronic box, as well as the 16 bit AD converter system for optical detection and digital I/O interface are contained on the DASY I/O board, which is directly connected to the PC/104 bus of the CPU board.

The measurement server performs all the real-time data evaluation for field measurements and surface detection, controls robot movements and handles safety operations.



Fig. 8.5 Photo of Server for DASY5

8.5 Light Beam Unit

The light beam switch allows automatic "tooling" of the probe. During the process, the actual position of the probe tip with respect to the robot arm is measured, as well as the probe length and the horizontal probe offset. The software then corrects all movements, such that the robot coordinates are valid for the probe tip.

The repeatability of this process is better than 0.1 mm. If a position has been taught with an aligned probe, the same position will be reached with another aligned probe within 0.1 mm, even if the other probe has different dimensions. During probe rotations, the probe tip will keep its actual position.



Fig. 8.6 Photo of Light Beam

8.6 Phantom

<SAM Twin Phantom>

Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm; Center ear point: 6 ± 0.2 mm
Filling Volume	Approx. 25 liters
Dimensions	Length: 1000mm; Width: 500mm; Height: adjustable feet
Measurement Areas	Left Head, Right Head, Flat phantom



Fig. 8.7 Photo of SAM Twin Phantom

The bottom plate contains three pair of bolts for locking the device holder. The device holder positions are adjusted to the standard measurement positions in the three sections. A white cover is provided to tap the phantom during off-periods to prevent water evaporation and changes in the liquid parameters. On the phantom top, three reference markers are provided to identify the phantom position with respect to the robot.

<ELI4 Phantom >

The ELI4 phantom is intended for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30MHz to 6 GHz. ELI4 is fully compatible with the latest draft of the standard IEC 62209-2 and all known tissue simulating liquids.

ELI4 has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into a SPEAG standard phantom table. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom can be used with the following tissue simulating liquids:

- Water-sugar based liquids can be left permanently in the phantom. Always cover the liquid if the system is not in use; otherwise the parameters will change due to water evaporation.
- DGBE based liquids should be used with care. As DGBE is a softener for most plastics, the liquid should be taken out of the phantom and the phantom should be dried when the system is not in use (desirable at least once a week).
- Do not use other organic solvents without previously testing the phantom resistiveness.

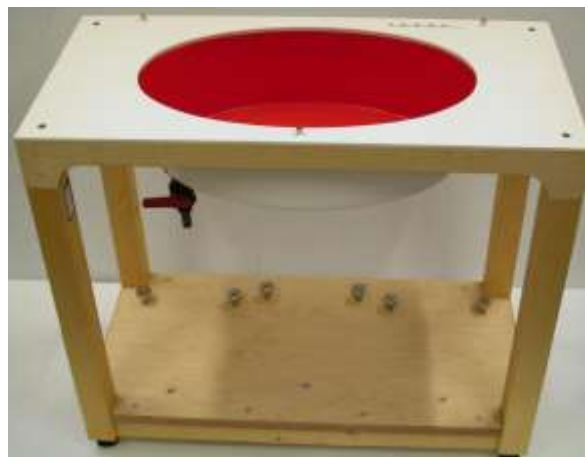


Fig.8.8 Photo of ELI4 Phantom

8.7 Device Holder

<Device Holder for SAM Twin Phantom>

The SAR in the phantom is approximately inversely proportional to the square of the distance between the source and the liquid surface. For a source at 5 mm distance, a positioning uncertainty of ± 0.5 mm would produce a SAR uncertainty of ± 20 %. Accurate device positioning is therefore crucial for accurate and repeatable measurements. The positions in which the devices must be measured are defined by the standards. The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation center for both scales is the ear reference point (ERP).

Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.

The DASY device holder is constructed of low-low POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon = 3$ and loss tangent $\delta = 0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.



Fig. 8.9 Photo of Device Holder

8.8 Data storage and Evaluation

➤ Data Storage

The DASY software stores the assessed data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all the necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files. The post-processing software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verifications of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of erroneous parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with an incorrect crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be reevaluated.

The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type (e.g., [V/m], [mW/g]). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or give meaningless results, e.g., a SAR-output in a non-lose media, will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.

➤ Data Evaluation

The DASY post-processing software (SEMCAD) automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe Parameters:	- Sensitivity	$\text{Norm}_i, a_{i0}, a_{i1}, a_{i2}$
	- Conversion	ConvF_i
	- Diode compression point	dcp_i
Device Parameters:	- Frequency	f
	- Crest	cf
Media Parameters:	- Conductivity	σ
	- Density	ρ

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multi-meter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics. If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power.

The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 U_i = input signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)
 dcp_i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals, the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

$$\text{E- Field Probes: } E_i = \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{\text{Norm}_i \cdot \text{ConvF}}}$$

$$\text{H-Field Probes: } H_i = \sqrt{V_i} \cdot \frac{a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2}{f}$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i, (i = x, y, z)
 Norm_i = sensor sensitivity of channel i, (i = x, y, z), $\mu\text{V}/(\text{V/m})^2$
 ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution
 a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes
 f = carrier frequency (GHz)
 E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m
 H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$\text{SAR} = E_{\text{tot}}^2 \cdot \frac{\sigma}{\rho \cdot 1000}$$

With SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g
 E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m
 σ = conductivity in (mho/m) or (Siemens/m)
 ρ = equipment tissue density in g/cm^3

Note that the density is set to 1, to account for actual head tissue density rather than the density of the tissue simulating liquid.

8.9 Test Equipment List

Manufacturer	Equipment Description	Model	S/N	Cal. Information	
				Last Cal.	Due Date
SPEAG	750MHz System Validation Kit	D750V3	1118	05.28.2020	05.27.2023
SPEAG	835MHz System Validation Kit	D835V2	4d154	06.11.2019	06.10.2022
MVG	COMOSAR 1800 MHz REFERENCE DIPOLE	SID1800	SN 09/15 DIP 1G800-360	02.28.2018	02.27.2021
SPEAG	1900MHz System Validation Kit	D1900V2	5d175	06.11.2019	06.10.2022
SPEAG	2450MHz System Validation Kit	D2450V2	910	06.10.2019	06.09.2022
SPEAG	2600MHz System Validation Kit	D2600V2	1114	11.05.2018	11.04.2021
SPEAG	Data Acquisition Electronics	DAE4	1373	08.09.2019	08.08.2020
SPEAG	Dosimetric E-Field Probe	EX3DV4	3924	08.30.2019	08.29.2020
SPEAG	DASY 52 Measurement Software	DASY 52	Version: 52.8.8.1222	N.C.R	N.C.R
SPEAG	DASY 52 File Conversion Software	SEMCAD X	Version: 14.6.10 (7331)	N.C.R	N.C.R
SPEAG	Phantom	Twin Phantom	1765	N.C.R	N.C.R
SPEAG	Phantom	ELI V5.0	1208	N.C.R	N.C.R
SPEAG	Phone Positioner	N/A	N/A	N.C.R	N.C.R
Stäubli	Robot	TX60L	F13/5P6VB1/A/01	N.C.R	N.C.R
Anritsu	Universal Radio Communication Analyzer	MT8820C	6201060814	03.18.2020	03.17.2021
R&S	Universal Radio Communication Tester	CMU200	113097	03.18.2020	03.17.2021
HP	Network Analyzer	8753D	3410A06291	06.18.2020	06.17.2021
Agilent	Spectrum Analyzer	ESRP7	101070	03.18.2020	03.17.2021
R&S	Spectrum Analyzer	FSP30	101454	03.18.2020	03.17.2021
R&S	Signal Generator	N5182A	MY49060014	11.10.2019	11.09.2020
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	12341	See Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	17268	See Note 3	
Huber Suhner	RF Cable	SUCOFLEX	2080	See Note 3	
Weinschel	Attenuator	23-3-34	BL5513	See Note 3	
Anritsu	Directional Coupler	MP654A	100217491	See Note 3	
SPEAG	Dielectric Assessment Kit	3.5 Probe	1119	See Note 4	
SPEAG	DAK Measurement Software	DAK	Version: DAK 3.5	N.C.R	
Mini-circuits	Low Noise Amplifier	Power amplifier	LNA-00500200-2515	See Note 5	

Note:

- The calibration certificate of DASY can be referred to appendix C of this report.
- Referring to KDB 865664 D01v01r04, the dipole calibration interval can be extended to 3 years with justification. The dipoles are also not physically damaged, or repaired during the interval.
- The Insertion Loss calibration of Dual Directional Coupler and Attenuator were characterized via the network analyzer and compensated during system check.
- The dielectric probe kit was calibrated via the network analyzer, with the specified procedure (calibrated in pure water) and calibration kit (standard) short circuit, before the dielectric measurement. The specific procedure and calibration kit are provided by Speag.
- In system check we need to monitor the level on the spectrum analyzer, and adjust the power amplifier level to have precise power level to the dipole; the measured SAR will be normalized to 1 W input power according to the ratio of 1 W to the input power to the dipole. For system check, the calibration of the power amplifier is deemed not critically required for correct measurement; the spectrum analyzer is critical and we do have calibration for it
- Attenuator insertion loss is calibrated by the network Analyzer, which the calibration is valid, before system check.
- N.C.R means No Calibration Requirement.

9 Tissue Simulating Liquids

For the measurement of the field distribution inside the SAM phantom with DASY, the phantom must be filled with around 25 liters of homogeneous body tissue simulating liquid. For head SAR testing, the liquid height from the ear reference point (ERP) of the phantom to the liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.1, for body SAR testing, the liquid height from the center of the flat phantom to liquid top surface is larger than 15 cm, which is shown in Fig. 9.2.

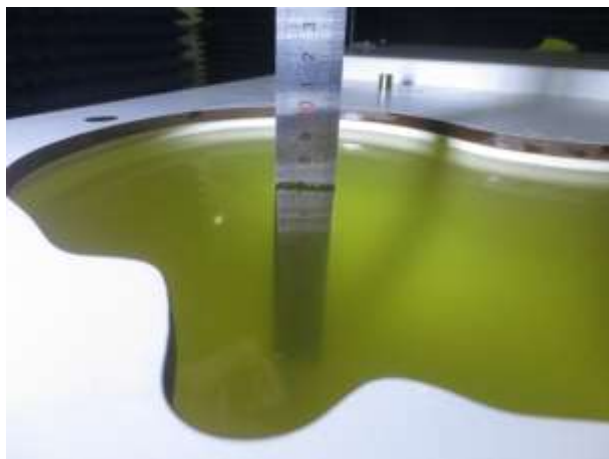


Fig. 9.1 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR
(700MHz~1000MHz) (depth>15cm)

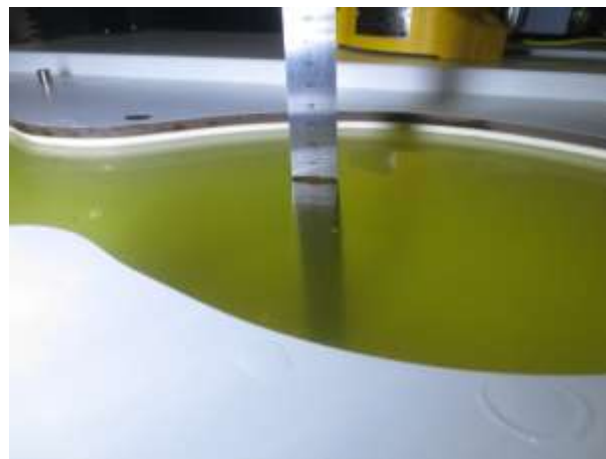


Fig. 9.2 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR of
(700MHz~1000MHz) (depth>15cm)

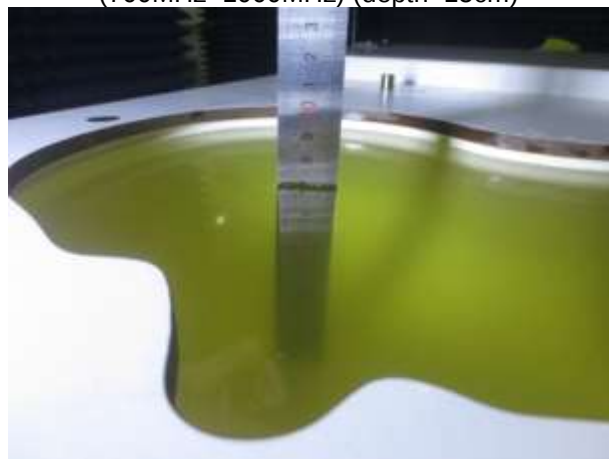


Fig. 9.3 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR
(1710MHz~1910MHz) (depth>15cm)

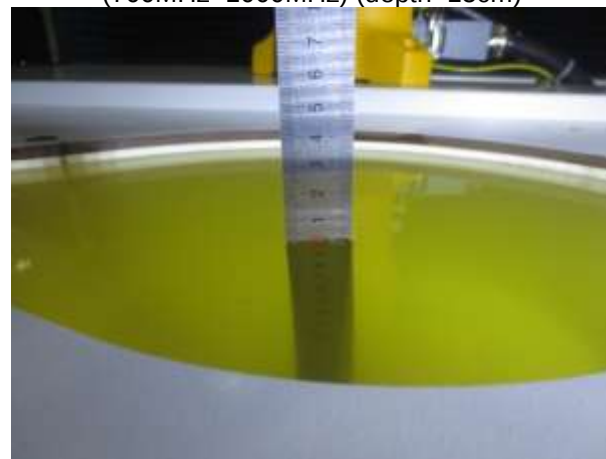


Fig. 9.4 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR
(1710MHz~1910MHz) (depth>15cm)

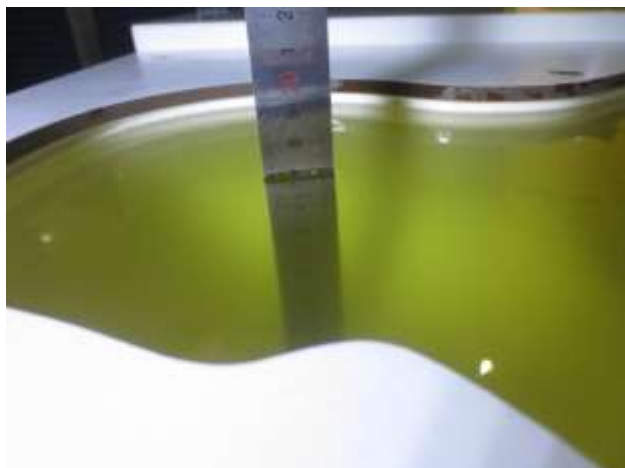


Fig. 9.5 Photo of Liquid Height for Head SAR (2000MHz~2600MHz) (depth>15cm)

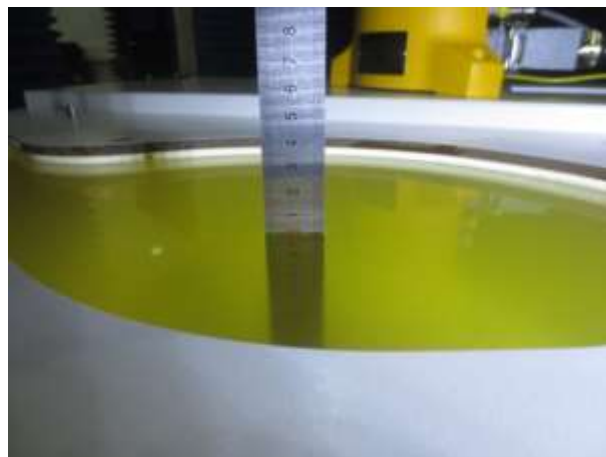


Fig. 9.6 Photo of Liquid Height for Body SAR (2000MHz~2600MHz) (depth>15cm)

The relative permittivity and conductivity of the tissue material should be within $\pm 5\%$ of the values given in the table below recommended by the FCC OET 65 supplement C and RSS 102 Issue 5.

Target Frequency (MHz)	ϵ_r	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76
300	45.3	0.87
450	43.5	0.87
835	41.5	0.90
900	41.5	0.97
915	41.5	0.98
1450	40.5	1.20
1610	40.3	1.29
1800-2000	40.0	1.40
2450	39.2	1.80
3000	38.5	2.40
5800	35.3	5.27

(ϵ_r = relative permittivity, σ = conductivity and $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$)

The dielectric parameters of liquids were verified prior to the SAR evaluation using a Speag Dielectric Probe Kit and an Agilent Network Analyzer.

The following table shows the measuring results for simulating liquid.

Frequency (MHz)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Conductivity (σ)	Permittivity (ϵ_r)	Conductivity Target(σ)	Permittivity Target(ϵ_r)	Delta (σ)%	Delta (ϵ_r)%	Limit (%)	Date (mm/dd/yy)
750	23.0	0.86	42.68	0.89	41.9	-3.37	1.86	±5	07.30.2020
835	23.0	0.92	41.58	0.9	41.5	2.22	0.19	±5	07.30.2020
1800	23.5	1.41	40.35	1.4	40.0	0.71	0.88	±5	07.29.2020
1900	23.5	1.42	39.22	1.4	40.0	1.43	-1.95	±5	07.29.2020
2450	22.8	1.82	39.98	1.8	39.2	1.11	1.99	±5	08.03.2020
2600	22.8	1.97	38.71	1.96	39.0	0.51	-0.74	±5	08.03.2020

10 SAR System Verification

Each DASY system is equipped with one or more system validation kits. These units, together with the predefined measurement procedures within the DASY software, enable the user to conduct the system performance check and system validation. System validation kit includes a dipole, tripod holder to fix it underneath the flat phantom and a corresponding distance holder.

➤ Purpose of System Performance check

The system performance check verifies that the system operates within its specifications. System and operator errors can be detected and corrected. It is recommended that the system performance check be performed prior to any usage of the system in order to guarantee reproducible results. The system performance check uses normal SAR measurements in a simplified setup with a well characterized source. This setup was selected to give a high sensitivity to all parameters that might fail or vary over time. The system check does not intend to replace the calibration of the components, but indicates situations where the system uncertainty is exceeded due to drift or failure.

➤ System Setup

In the simplified setup for system evaluation, the EUT is replaced by a calibrated dipole and the power source is replaced by a continuous wave that comes from a signal generator. The calibrated dipole must be placed beneath the flat phantom section of the SAM twin phantom with the correct distance holder. The distance holder should touch the phantom surface with a light pressure at the reference marking and be oriented parallel to the long side of the phantom. The equipment setup is shown below:

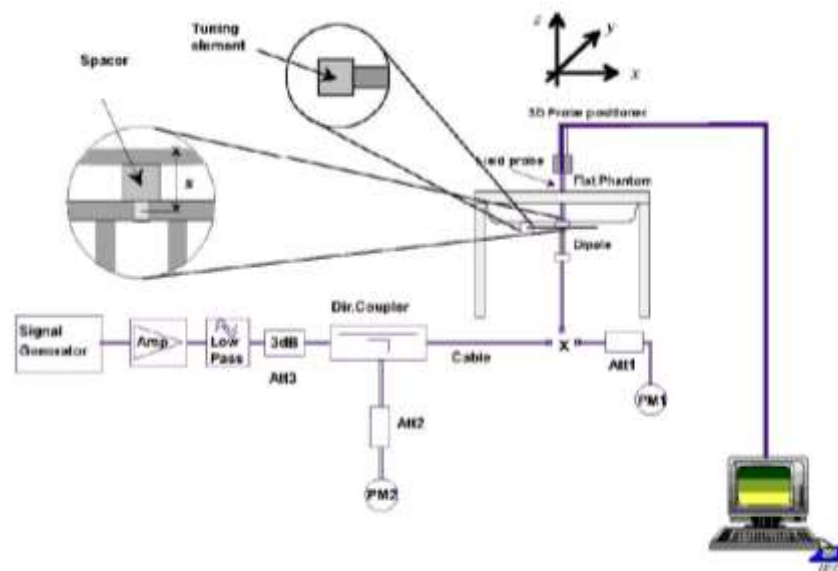


Fig.10.1 System Verification Setup Diagram



Fig.10.2 Photo of Dipole setup

➤ **System Verification Results**

Comparing to the original SAR value provided by SPEAG, the verification data should be within its specification of 10%. The table as below indicates the system performance check can meet the variation criterion and the plots can be referred to Appendix C of this report.

Date (mm/dd/yy)	Frequency (MHz)	Power fed onto dipole (mW)	Measured 1g SAR (W/kg)	Normalized to 1W 1g SAR (W/kg)	1W Target 1g SAR (W/kg)	Deviation (%)
07.30.2020	750	80	0.684	8.55	8.37	2.15
07.30.2020	835	80	0.754	9.43	9.49	-0.63
07.29.2020	1800	40	1.57	39.25	38.76	1.26
07.29.2020	1900	40	1.61	40.25	39.4	2.16
08.03.2020	2450	40	2.09	52.25	52.6	-0.67
08.03.2020	2600	40	2.31	57.75	56.3	2.58

11 EUT Testing Position

This EUT was tested in ten different positions. They are right cheek/right tilted/left cheek/left tilted for head, Front/Back/Right Side/Top Side/Bottom Side of the EUT with phantom 10 mm gap, as illustrated below, please refer to Appendix B for the test setup photos.

11.1 Handset Reference Points

- The vertical centreline passes through two points on the front side of the handset – the midpoint of the width w_t of the handset at the level of the acoustic output, and the midpoint of the width w_b of the bottom of the handset.
- The horizontal line is perpendicular to the vertical centreline and passes the center of the acoustic output. The horizontal line is also tangential to the handset at point A.
- The two lines intersect at point A. Note that for many handsets, point A coincides with the center of the acoustic output; however, the acoustic output may be located elsewhere on the horizontal line. Also note that the vertical centreline is not necessarily parallel to the front face of the handset, especially for clamshell handsets, handsets with flip covers, and other irregularly shaped handsets.



Fig.11.1 Illustration for Front, Back and Side of SAM Phantom

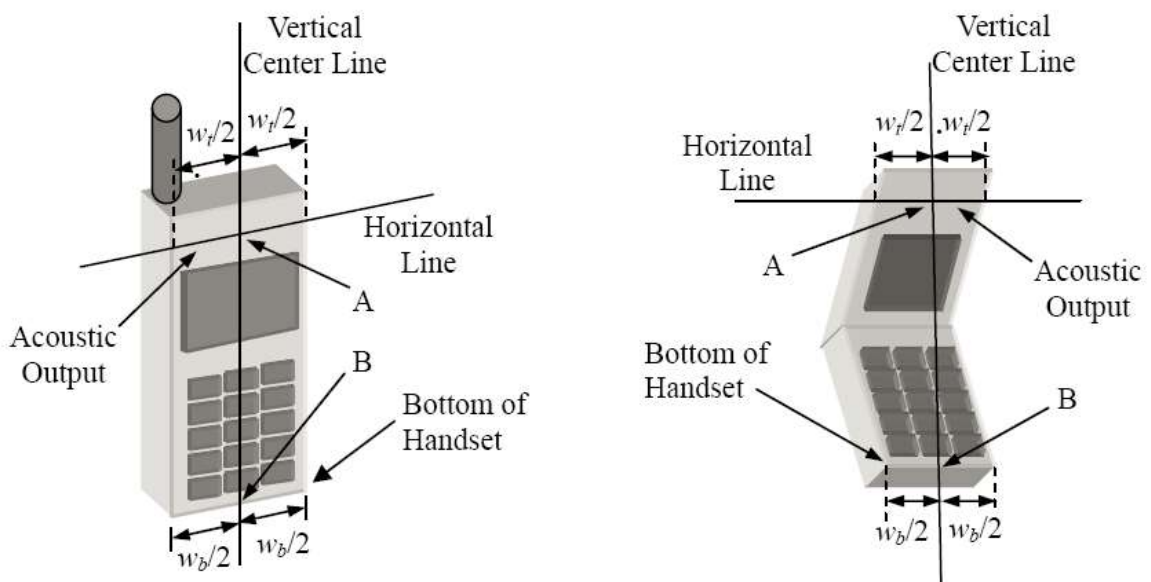


Fig. 11.2 Illustration for Handset Vertical and Horizontal Reference Lines

11.2 Positioning for Cheek / Touch

- To position the device with the vertical center line of the body of the device and the horizontal line crossing the center piece in a plane parallel to the sagittal plane of the phantom. While maintaining the device in this plane, align the vertical center line with the reference plane containing the three ear and mouth reference point (M: Mouth, RE: Right Ear and LE: Left Ear) and align the center of the ear piece with the line RE-LE.
- To move the device towards the phantom with the ear piece aligned with the line LE-RE until the phone touched the ear. While maintaining the device in the reference plane and maintaining the phone contact with the ear, move the bottom of the phone until any point on the front side is in contact with the cheek of the phantom or until contact with the ear is lost (see below figure)



Fig. 11.3 Illustration for Cheek Position

11.3 Positioning for Ear / 15° Tilt

- To position the device in the “cheek” position described above.
- While maintaining the device the reference plane described above and pivoting against the ear, moves it outward away from the mouth by an angle of 15 degrees or until contact with the ear is lost (see figure below).



Fig.11.4 Illustration for Tilted Position

11.4 SAR Evaluations near the Mouth/Jaw Regions of the SAM Phantom

Antennas located near the bottom of a phone may require SAR measurements around the mouth and jaw regions of the SAM head phantom. This typically applies to clam-shell style phones that are generally longer in the unfolded normal use positions or to certain older style long rectangular phones.

Under these circumstances, the following procedures apply, adopted from the FCC guidance on SAR handsets document FCC KDB Publication 648474 D04v01r03. The SAR required in these regions of SAM should be measured using a flat phantom. The phone should be positioned with a separation distance of 4 mm between the ear reference point (ERP) and the outer surface of the flat phantom shell. While maintaining this distance at the ERP location, the low (bottom) edge of the phone should be lowered from the phantom to establish the same separation distance between the peak SAR locations identified by the truncated partial SAR distribution measured with the SAM phantom. The distance from the peak SAR location to the phone is determined by the straight line passing perpendicularly through the phantom surface. When it is not feasible to maintain 4 mm separation at the ERP while also establishing the required separation at the peak SAR location, the top edge of the phone will be allowed to touch the phantom with a separation < 4 mm at the ERP. The phone should not be tilted to the left or right while placed in this inclined position to the flat phantom.

11.5 Body Worn Accessory Configurations

- To position the device parallel to the phantom surface with either keypad up or down.
- To adjust the device parallel to the flat phantom.
- To adjust the distance between the device surface and the flat phantom to 10 mm or holster surface and the flat phantom to 0 mm.

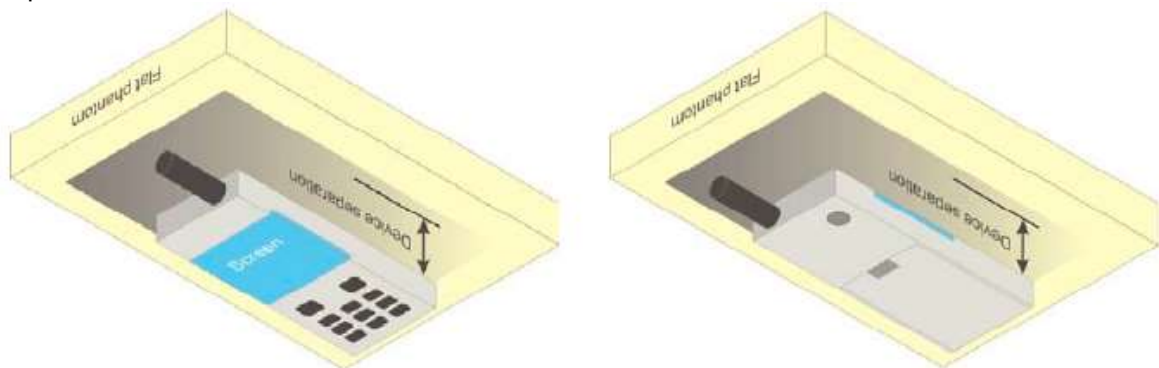


Fig.11.5 Illustration for Body Worn Position

11.6 Wireless Router (Hotspot) Configurations

Some battery-operated handsets have the capability to transmit and receive internet connectivity through simultaneous transmission of WIFI in conjunction with a separate licensed transmitter. The FCC has provided guidance in KDB Publication 941225 D06 where SAR test considerations for handsets ($L \times W \geq 9 \text{ cm} \times 5 \text{ cm}$) are based on a composite test separation distance of 10 mm from the front, back and edges of the device with antennas 2.5 cm or closer to the edge of the device, determined from general mixed use conditions for this type of devices. Since the hotspot SAR results may overlap with the body-worn accessory SAR requirements, the more conservative configurations can be considered, thus excluding some body-worn accessory SAR tests.

When the user enables the personal wireless router functions for the handset, actual operations include simultaneous transmission of both the WIFI transmitter and another licensed transmitter. Both transmitters often do not transmit at the same transmitting frequency and thus cannot be evaluated for SAR under actual use conditions. Therefore, SAR must be evaluated for each frequency transmission and mode separately and summed with the WIFI transmitter according to KDB 648474 publication procedures. The "Portable Hotspot" feature on the handset was NOT activated, to ensure the SAR measurements were evaluated for a single transmission frequency RF signal.

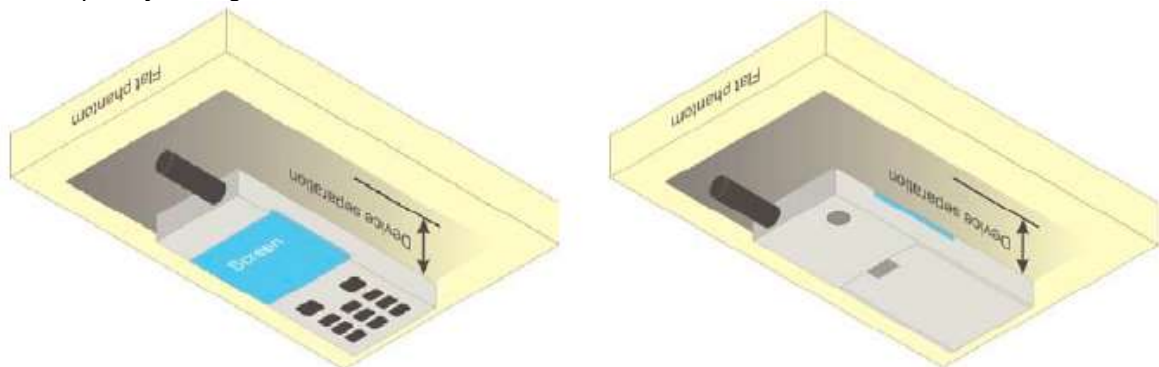


Fig.11.6 Illustration for Hotspot Position

12 Measurement Procedures

The measurement procedures are as bellows:

<Conducted power measurement>

- For WWAN power measurement, use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transition in conducted connection with RF cable, at maximum power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Read the WWAN RF power level from the base station simulator.
- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter or spectrum analyzer, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

<Conducted power measurement>

- Use base station simulator to configure EUT WWAN transmission in radiated connection, and engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously transmission, at maximum RF power, in the highest power channel.
- Place the EUT in positions as Appendix B demonstrates.
- Set scan area, grid size and other setting on the DASY software.
- Measure SAR results for the highest power channel on each testing position.
- Find out the largest SAR result on these testing positions of each band.
- Measure SAR results for other channels in worst SAR testing position if the Reported SAR or highest power channel is larger than 0.8 W/kg.

According to the test standard, the recommended procedure for assessing the peak spatial-average SAR value consists of the following steps:

- Power reference measurement
- Area scan
- Zoom scan
- Power drift measurement

12.1 Spatial Peak SAR Evaluation

The procedure for spatial peak SAR evaluation has been implemented according to the test standard. It can be conducted for 1g and 10g, as well as for user-specific masses. The DASY software includes all numerical procedures necessary to evaluate the spatial peak SAR value.

The base for the evaluation is a “cube” measurement. The measured volume must include the 1g and 10 g cubes with the highest averaged SAR values. For that purpose, the center of the measured volume is aligned to the interpolated peak SAR value of a previously performed area scan.

The entire evaluation of the spatial peak values is performed within the post-processing engine (SEMCAD). The system always gives the maximum values for 1g and 10g cubes. The algorithm to find the cube with highest averaged SAR is divided into the following stages:

- Extraction of the measured data (grid and values) from the Zoom Scan.
- Calculation of the SAR value at every measurement point based on all stored data (A/D values and measurement parameters).
- Generation of a high-resolution mesh within the measured volume.
- Interpolation of all measured values from the measurement grid to the high-resolution grid
- Extrapolation of the entire 3-D field distribution to the phantom surface over the distance from sensor to surface
- Calculation of the averaged SAR within masses of 1g and 10g.

12.2 Power Reference Measurement

The Power Reference Measurement and Power Drift Measurement are for monitoring the power drift of the device under test in the batch process. The minimum distance of probe sensors to surface determines the closest measurement point to phantom surface. This distance cannot be smaller than the distance of sensor calibration points to probe tip as defined in the probe properties.

12.3 Area & Zoom Scan Procedures

First Area Scan is used to locate the approximate location(s) of the local peak SAR value(s). The measurement grid within an Area Scan is defined by the grid extent, grid step size and grid offset. Next, in order to determine the EM field distribution in a three-dimensional spatial extension, Zoom Scan is required. The Zoom Scan is performed around the highest E-field value to determine the averaged SAR-distribution over 10g. Area scan and zoom scan resolution setting follows KDB 865664 D01v01r04 quoted below.

			≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location			$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
			When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		≤ 5 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$	
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm
Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.				
* When zoom scan is required and the <u>reported</u> SAR from the <u>area scan based 1-g SAR estimation</u> procedures of KDB 447498 is ≤ 1.4 W/kg, ≤ 8 mm, ≤ 7 mm and ≤ 5 mm zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.				

12.4 Volume Scan Procedures

The volume scan is used for assess overlapping SAR distributions for antennas transmitting in different frequency bands. It is equivalent to an oversized zoom scan used in standalone measurements. The measurement volume will be used to enclose all the simultaneous transmitting antennas. For antennas transmitting simultaneously in different frequency bands, the volume scan is measured separately in each frequency band. In order to sum correctly to compute the 1g aggregate SAR, the EUT remain in the same test position for all measurements and all volume scan use the same spatial resolution and grid spacing. When all volume scan were completed, the software, SEMCAD post-processor scan combine and subsequently superpose these measurement data to calculating the multiband SAR.

12.5 SAR Averaged Methods

In DASY, the interpolation and extrapolation are both based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method. The interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation.

Extrapolation routines are used to obtain SAR values between the lowest measurement points and the inner phantom surface. The extrapolation distance is determined by the surface detection distance and the probe sensor offset. The uncertainty increases with the extrapolation distance. To keep the uncertainty within 1% for the 1g and 10g cubes, the extrapolation distance should not be larger than 5 mm.

12.6 Power Drift Monitoring

All SAR testing is under the EUT install full charged battery and transmit maximum output power. In DASY measurement software, the power reference measurement and power drift measurement procedures are used for monitoring the power drift of EUT during SAR test. Both these procedures measure the field at a specified reference position before and after the SAR testing. The software will calculate the field difference in dB. If the power drifts more than 5%, the SAR will be retested.

13 Conducted RF Output Power

13.1 GSM Conducted Power

Band: GSM 850	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
Channel	128	190	251	128	190	251
Frequency (MHz)	824.2	836.6	848.8	824.2	836.6	848.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	32.42	32.33	32.26	23.39	23.30	23.23
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	32.35	32.31	32.24	23.32	23.28	23.21
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	30.15	30.07	30.01	24.13	24.05	23.99
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	28.25	28.20	28.15	23.99	23.94	23.89
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	25.94	25.95	25.89	22.93	22.94	22.88
EGPRS (8PSK, 1 TX slot)	25.10	25.44	25.03	16.07	16.41	16.00
EGPRS (8PSK, 2 TX slots)	23.68	24.13	23.93	17.66	18.11	17.91
EGPRS (8PSK, 3 TX slots)	22.56	22.41	22.06	18.30	18.15	17.80
EGPRS (8PSK, 4 TX slots)	21.03	21.35	21.09	18.02	18.34	18.08

Remark:

- The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:
The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:
1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8
Based on the calculation formula:
Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 log (x)
So,
Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot) – 9.03
Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots) – 6.02
Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots) – 4.26
Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) – 3.01
- CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

Note:

- For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 850 Voice mode.
- For Body worn SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 850 Voice mode.
- For Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 4 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- For GPRS multi time slots SAR measurement, when the measured maximum output power levels are within 0.25 dB of each other, test the configuration with the most number of time slots.
- Per KDB447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- The EUT do not support DTM and VoIP function.

Band: PCS 1900	Burst Average Power (dBm)			Frame-Average Power(dBm)		
Channel	512	661	810	512	661	810
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8	1850.2	1880.0	1909.8
GSM (GMSK, Voice)	29.64	29.63	29.54	20.61	20.60	20.51
GPRS (GMSK, 1 TX slot)	29.59	29.58	29.51	20.56	20.55	20.48
GPRS (GMSK, 2 TX slots)	27.46	27.68	27.92	21.44	21.66	21.90
GPRS (GMSK, 3 TX slots)	26.03	25.64	25.79	21.77	21.38	21.53
GPRS (GMSK, 4 TX slots)	24.92	24.89	24.98	21.91	21.88	21.97
EGPRS (8PSK, 1 TX slot)	25.64	25.68	25.41	16.61	16.65	16.38
EGPRS (8PSK, 2 TX slots)	23.77	23.76	23.79	17.75	17.74	17.77
EGPRS (8PSK, 3 TX slots)	22.75	22.64	22.58	18.49	18.38	18.32
EGPRS (8PSK, 4 TX slots)	20.64	20.69	20.77	17.63	17.68	17.76

Remark:

- The frame-averaged power is linearly reported the maximum burst averaged power over 8 time slots. The calculated method are shown as below:
The duty cycle "x" of different time slots as below:
1 TX slot is 1/8, 2 TX slots is 2/8, 3 TX slots is 3/8 and 4 TX slots is 4/8
Based on the calculation formula:
Frame-averaged power = Burst averaged power + 10 log (x)
So,
Frame-averaged power (1 TX slot) = Burst averaged power (1 TX slot)– 9.03
Frame-averaged power (2 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (2 TX slots)– 6.02
Frame-averaged power (3 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (3 TX slots)– 4.26
Frame-averaged power (4 TX slots) = Burst averaged power (4 TX slots) – 3.01
- CS1 coding scheme was used in GPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing, MCS5 coding scheme was used in EGPRS conducted power measurements and SAR testing (if necessary).

Note:

- For Head SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM 1900 Voice mode.
- For Body worn SAR testing, GSM Voice mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GSM Voice 1900 mode.
- For Hotspot mode SAR testing, GPRS and EGPRS mode should be evaluated, therefore the EUT was set in GPRS 4 TX slots mode due to the highest frame-averaged power.
- Per KDB447498 D01v06, the maximum output power channel is used for SAR testing and for further SAR test reduction.
- The EUT do not support DTM and VoIP function.

13.2 WCDMA Conducted Power

The following tests were conducted according to the test requirements outlines in 3GPP TS 34.121 specification. A summary of these settings are illustrated below:

HSDPA Setup Configuration:

- a. The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- b. The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- c. A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting:
 - i. Set Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters were set according to each
 - ii. Specific sub-test in the following table, C10.1.4, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - iii. Set RMC 12.2kbps + HSDPA mode.
 - iv. Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - v. Set HS-DSCH Configuration Type to FRC (H-set 1, QPSK)
 - vi. Select HSDPA Uplink Parameters
 - vii. Set Delta ACK, Delta NACK and Delta CQI = 8
 - viii. Set Ack-Nack Repetition Factor to 3
 - ix. Set CQI Feedback Cycle (k) to 4 ms
 - x. Set CQI Repetition Factor to 2
 - xi. Power Ctrl Mode = All Up bits
- d. The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table 1

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	CM (dB) ⁽²⁾
1	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	0.0
2	12/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	12/15 ⁽³⁾	24/15	1.0
3	15/15	8/15	64	15/8	30/15	1.5
4	15/15	4/15	64	15/4	30/15	1.5

Note 1: $\Delta_{ACK}, \Delta_{NACK}$ and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$
 Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$.
 Note 3: For subtest 2 the β_c/β_d ratio of 12/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 11/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

HSDPA Sub-test setup configuration

HSUPA Setup Configuration:

- The EUT was connected to Base Station Rohde & Schwarz CMU200 referred to the Setup Configuration.
- The RF path losses were compensated into the measurements.
- A call was established between EUT and Base Station with following setting * :
 - Call Configs = 5.2B, 5.9B, 5.10B, and 5.13.2B with QPSK
 - Set the Gain Factors (β_c and β_d) and parameters (AG Index) were set according to each specific sub-test in the following table, C11.1.3, quoted from the TS 34.121
 - Set Cell Power = -86 dBm
 - Set Channel Type = 12.2k + HSPA
 - Set UE Target Power
 - Power Ctrl Mode= Alternating bits
 - Set and observe the E-TFCI
 - Confirm that E-TFCI is equal to the target E-TFCI of 75 for sub-test 1, and other subtest's E-TFCI
- The transmitted maximum output power was recorded.

Table 2

Sub-test	β_c	β_d	β_d (SF)	β_c/β_d	$\beta_{hs}^{(1)}$	β_{ec}	β_{ed}	β_{ed} (SF)	β_{ed} (codes)	CM ⁽²⁾ (dB)	MPR (dB)	AG ⁽⁴⁾ Index	E-TFCI
1	11/15 ⁽³⁾	15/15 ⁽³⁾	64	11/15 ⁽³⁾	22/15	209/225	1039/225	4	1	1.0	0.0	20	75
2	6/15	15/15	64	6/15	12/15	12/15	94/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	12	67
3	15/15	9/15	64	15/9	30/15	30/15	$\beta_{ed1}: 47/15$ $\beta_{ed2}: 47/15$	4	2	2.0	1.0	15	92
4	2/15	15/15	64	2/15	4/15	2/15	56/75	4	1	3.0	2.0	17	71
5	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	64	15/15 ⁽⁴⁾	30/15	24/15	134/15	4	1	1.0	0.0	21	81

Note 1: Δ_{ACK} , Δ_{NACK} and $\Delta_{CQI} = 8 \Leftrightarrow A_{hs} = \beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 30/15 \Leftrightarrow \beta_{hs} = 30/15 * \beta_c$.

Note 2: CM = 1 for $\beta_c/\beta_d = 12/15$, $\beta_{hs}/\beta_c = 24/15$. For all other combinations of DPDCH, DPCCH, HS-DPCCH, E-DPDCH and E-DPCCH the MPR is based on the relative CM difference.

Note 3: For subtest 1 the β_c/β_d ratio of 11/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 10/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 4: For subtest 5 the β_c/β_d ratio of 15/15 for the TFC during the measurement period (TF1, TF0) is achieved by setting the signaled gain factors for the reference TFC (TF1, TF1) to $\beta_c = 14/15$ and $\beta_d = 15/15$.

Note 5: Testing UE using E-DPDCH Physical Layer category 1 Sub-test 3 is not required according to TS 25.306 Table 5.1g.

Note 6: β_{ed} cannot be set directly; it is set by Absolute Grant Value.

HSUPA Sub-test setup configuration

WCDMA Conducted Power:

WCDMA Average power (dBm)			
Band	WCDMA Band V		
Channel	4132	4183	4233
Frequency (MHz)	826.4	836.6	846.6
AMR 12.2 kbps	22.15	22.21	22.16
RMC 12.2 kbps	22.21	22.24	22.35
HSDPA Sub-test 1	21.83	21.94	21.90
HSDPA Sub-test 2	21.86	21.90	21.76
HSDPA Sub-test 3	21.40	21.56	21.39
HSDPA Sub-test 4	21.33	21.36	21.25
HSUPA Sub-test 1	21.89	21.26	21.54
HSUPA Sub-test 2	22.13	22.16	22.09
HSUPA Sub-test 3	21.67	21.58	21.42
HSUPA Sub-test 4	21.26	21.42	21.03
HSUPA Sub-test 5	21.85	21.74	21.62

WCDMA Average power (dBm)			
Band	WCDMA Band IV		
Channel	1312	1413	1513
Frequency (MHz)	1712.4	1732.6	1752.6
AMR 12.2 kbps	22.21	22.28	22.09
RMC 12.2 kbps	22.24	22.30	22.15
HSDPA Sub-test 1	22.45	22.41	22.39
HSDPA Sub-test 2	22.26	22.20	22.14
HSDPA Sub-test 3	21.85	21.64	21.32
HSDPA Sub-test 4	21.03	21.16	21.24
HSUPA Sub-test 1	22.25	22.36	22.19
HSUPA Sub-test 2	22.19	22.04	22.21
HSUPA Sub-test 3	21.42	21.05	21.24
HSUPA Sub-test 4	21.02	21.14	21.06
HSUPA Sub-test 5	20.46	20.58	20.41

WCDMA Average power (dBm)			
Band	WCDMA Band II		
Channel	9262	9400	9538
Frequency (MHz)	1852.4	1880.0	1907.6
AMR 12.2 kbps	22.04	22.09	22.11
RMC 12.2 kbps	22.06	22.12	22.26
HSDPA Sub-test 1	21.42	21.50	21.29
HSDPA Sub-test 2	21.27	21.29	21.14
HSDPA Sub-test 3	20.84	20.91	20.73
HSDPA Sub-test 4	20.38	20.54	20.16
HSUPA Sub-test 1	21.19	21.20	21.24
HSUPA Sub-test 2	21.40	21.39	21.26
HSUPA Sub-test 3	21.26	21.29	21.19
HSUPA Sub-test 4	20.92	20.58	20.41
HSUPA Sub-test 5	21.14	20.62	20.92

Note:

1. Applying the subtest setup in Table C.11.1.3 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1
2. Per KDB 941225 D01, RMC 12.2kbps mode is used to evaluate SAR due the highest output power. If AMR 12.2 kbps power is < 0.25dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, SAR tests with AMR 12.2 kbps can be excluded.
3. AMR, HSDPA RF power will not be larger than RMC 12.2kbps, detailed information is included in Tune-up Procure exhibit.

13.3 LTE Conducted Power

13.3.1 Largest channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

QPSK with 1 RB allocation

Start with the largest channel bandwidth and measure SAR for QPSK with 1 RB allocation, using the RB offset and required test channel combination with the highest maximum output power among RB offsets at the upper edge, middle and lower edge of each required test channel. When the reported SAR is ≤ 0.8 W/kg, testing of the remaining RB offset configurations and required test channels is not required for 1 RB allocation; otherwise, SAR is required for the remaining required test channels and only for the RB offset configuration with the highest output power for that channel.⁸ When the reported SAR of a required test channel is > 1.45 W/kg, SAR is required for all three RB offset configurations for that required test channel.

QPSK with 50% RB allocation

The procedures required for 1 RB allocation in section 4.2.1 are applied to measure the SAR for QPSK with 50% RB allocation.⁹

QPSK with 100% RB allocation

For QPSK with 100% RB allocation, SAR is not required when the highest maximum output power for 100 % RB allocation is less than the highest maximum output power in 50% and 1 RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation in sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2 are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel; and if the reported SAR is > 1.45 W/kg, the remaining required test channels must also be tested.

Higher order modulations

For each modulation besides QPSK; e.g., 16-QAM, 64-QAM, apply the QPSK procedures in sections 4.2.1, 5.2.2 and 4.2.3 to determine the QAM configurations that may need SAR measurement. For each configuration identified as required for testing, SAR is required only when the highest maximum output power for the configuration in the higher order modulation is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for the QPSK configuration is > 1.45 W/kg.

13.3.2 Other channel bandwidth standalone SAR test requirements

For the other channel bandwidths used by the device in a frequency band, apply all the procedures required for the largest channel bandwidth in section 4.2 to determine the channels and RB configurations that need SAR testing and only measure SAR when the highest maximum output power of a configuration requiring testing in the smaller channel bandwidth is $> \frac{1}{2}$ dB higher than the equivalent channel configurations in the largest channel bandwidth configuration or the reported SAR of a configuration for the largest channel bandwidth is > 1.45 W/kg. The equivalent channel configuration for the RB allocation, RB offset and modulation etc. is determined for the smaller channel bandwidth according to the same number of RB allocated in the largest channel bandwidth. For example, 50 RB in 10 MHz channel bandwidth does not apply to 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, this cannot be tested in the smaller channel bandwidth. However, 50% RB allocation in 10 MHz channel bandwidth is equivalent to 100% RB allocation in 5 MHz channel bandwidth; therefore, these are the equivalent configurations to be compared to determine the specific channel and configuration in the smaller channel bandwidth that need SAR testing.

LTE Band 2 part

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18607	18900	19193
					1850.7MHz	1880.0MHz	1909.3MHz
Band 2	1.4	QPSK	1	0	22.78	22.76	22.74
			1	2	22.62	22.84	22.65
			1	5	22.89	22.76	22.43
			3	0	21.95	21.65	21.83
			3	1	21.45	21.44	21.49
			3	2	21.91	21.36	21.75
			6	0	21.92	21.31	21.86
		16QAM	1	0	21.46	21.75	22.26
			1	2	21.85	21.95	21.96
			1	5	21.55	21.65	21.84
			3	0	20.96	20.85	20.75
			3	1	20.45	21.04	20.99
			3	2	20.63	20.99	20.25
			6	0	20.99	21.01	20.95

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18615	18900	19185
					1851.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1908.5MHz
Band 2	3	QPSK	1	0	22.84	22.86	22.75
			1	7	22.86	22.79	22.74
			1	14	22.79	22.84	22.83
			8	0	22.02	21.54	21.86
			8	4	21.56	21.76	21.90
			8	7	21.49	21.43	21.86
			15	0	21.81	21.92	21.77
		16QAM	1	0	21.98	21.58	21.84
			1	7	21.75	22.02	21.86
			1	14	21.49	21.49	21.79
			8	0	21.12	21.12	20.86
			8	4	21.03	20.89	20.99
			8	7	21.15	21.06	21.05
			15	0	21.20	21.09	21.12

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18625	18900	19175
					1852.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1907.5MHz
Band 2	5	QPSK	1	0	22.86	22.85	22.75
			1	12	22.94	22.74	22.65
			1	24	22.74	22.96	22.49
			12	0	21.95	22.02	21.84
			12	6	21.86	21.95	21.85
			12	11	21.94	21.76	21.83
			25	0	21.79	21.95	21.80
		16QAM	1	0	22.41	22.06	21.64
			1	12	22.02	21.99	21.75
			1	24	22.16	20.13	21.82
			12	0	21.26	21.09	20.96
			12	6	21.39	21.12	20.84
			12	11	21.85	21.14	20.99
			25	0	21.06	21.03	20.95

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18650	18900	19150
					1855.0MHz	1880.0MHz	1905.0MHz
Band 2	10	QPSK	1	0	22.95	22.89	22.80
			1	24	22.84	22.84	22.85
			1	49	22.90	22.92	22.46
			25	0	21.92	21.92	21.98
			25	12	21.06	21.86	21.76
			25	24	21.84	21.79	21.84
			50	0	21.83	21.86	21.99
		16QAM	1	0	22.13	22.03	21.25
			1	24	22.05	22.16	22.03
			1	49	22.19	22.13	21.89
			25	0	21.27	21.05	21.24
			25	12	21.53	21.16	21.26
			25	24	21.50	21.68	21.43
			50	0	21.18	21.20	20.99

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18675	18900	19125
					1857.5MHz	1880.0MHz	1902.5MHz
Band 2	15	QPSK	1	0	22.85	22.75	22.79
			1	37	22.95	22.65	22.85
			1	74	22.74	22.45	22.74
			36	0	21.93	21.96	21.95
			36	16	21.98	21.89	21.76
			36	35	21.87	21.94	21.63
			75	0	22.02	21.96	21.92
		16QAM	1	0	22.35	22.10	22.56
			1	37	22.17	22.21	22.43
			1	74	22.52	21.72	22.49
			36	0	21.09	21.21	20.99
			36	16	21.14	21.16	21.12
			36	35	21.23	21.14	21.03
			75	0	21.02	21.03	21.05

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					18700	18900	19100
					1860.0MHz	1880.0MHz	1900.0MHz
Band 2	20	QPSK	1	0	22.95	22.85	22.86
			1	49	22.86	22.74	22.46
			1	99	22.74	22.95	22.78
			50	0	22.13	21.86	21.95
			50	24	21.96	21.95	21.89
			50	49	21.98	21.47	21.76
			100	0	21.78	21.03	21.80
		16QAM	1	0	22.13	22.35	22.35
			1	49	22.35	21.56	21.79
			1	99	22.26	21.95	21.99
			50	0	21.18	21.13	20.99
			50	24	21.14	21.16	21.12
			50	49	21.56	21.09	21.06
			100	0	21.09	21.09	20.89

LTE Band 4 part

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19957	20175	20393
					1710.7MHz	1732.5MHz	1754.3MHz
Band 4	1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.02	23.15	22.98
			1	2	23.12	23.12	22.84
			1	5	23.06	23.16	22.85
			3	0	22.12	22.25	22.10
			3	1	22.21	22.21	22.12
			3	2	22.18	22.06	22.05
			6	0	22.32	22.21	22.23
		16QAM	1	0	22.48	22.46	22.43
			1	2	22.56	22.53	22.44
			1	5	22.47	22.54	22.62
			3	0	21.21	21.26	21.23
			3	1	21.42	21.41	21.21
			3	2	21.39	21.32	21.41
			6	0	21.29	21.50	21.28

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19965	20175	20385
					1711.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1753.5MHz
Band 4	3	QPSK	1	0	23.12	23.12	22.98
			1	7	23.25	23.19	22.86
			1	14	23.13	23.10	22.83
			8	0	22.32	22.26	22.45
			8	4	22.22	22.42	22.43
			8	7	22.31	22.59	22.50
			15	0	22.24	22.24	22.41
		16QAM	1	0	22.36	22.35	22.79
			1	7	22.39	22.57	22.86
			1	14	22.35	22.36	22.90
			8	0	21.19	21.35	21.28
			8	4	21.16	21.38	21.25
			8	7	21.45	21.42	21.34
			15	0	21.52	21.42	21.84

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					19975	20175	20375
					1712.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1752.5MHz
Band 4	5	QPSK	1	0	23.41	23.52	23.24
			1	12	23.25	23.46	23.12
			1	24	23.02	23.43	23.02
			12	0	22.56	22.62	22.46
			12	6	22.59	22.53	22.53
			12	11	22.49	22.59	22.95
			25	0	22.16	22.61	22.51
		16QAM	1	0	22.52	22.61	22.86
			1	12	22.61	22.92	22.70
			1	24	22.53	22.59	22.62
			12	0	21.45	21.72	21.62
			12	6	21.53	21.68	21.56
			12	11	21.43	21.45	21.67
			25	0	21.60	21.77	21.60

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20000	20175	20350
					1715.0MHz	1732.5MHz	1750.0MHz
Band 4	10	QPSK	1	0	23.24	23.52	23.12
			1	24	23.12	23.24	23.26
			1	49	23.26	22.56	23.15
			25	0	22.46	22.62	22.61
			25	12	22.53	22.46	22.45
			25	24	22.14	22.53	22.23
			50	0	22.43	22.52	22.65
		16QAM	1	0	22.46	22.68	22.83
			1	24	22.32	22.54	22.54
			1	49	22.41	22.51	22.35
			25	0	21.76	21.76	21.95
			25	12	21.75	21.86	21.86
			25	24	21.67	21.85	21.84
			50	0	21.61	21.56	21.67

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20025	20175	20325
					1717.5MHz	1732.5MHz	1747.5MHz
Band 4	15	QPSK	1	0	23.52	23.52	23.42
			1	37	23.56	23.42	23.41
			1	74	23.15	23.16	23.35
			36	0	22.56	22.43	22.48
			36	16	22.54	22.51	22.46
			36	35	22.59	22.53	22.63
			75	0	22.38	22.59	22.57
		16QAM	1	0	22.62	22.36	22.65
			1	37	22.56	22.58	22.52
			1	74	22.47	22.47	22.47
			36	0	21.64	21.86	21.72
			36	16	21.53	21.85	21.53
			36	35	21.59	21.76	21.62
			75	0	21.55	21.71	21.62

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20050	20175	20300
					1720.0MHz	1732.5MHz	1745.0MHz
Band 4	20	QPSK	1	0	23.42	23.52	23.42
			1	49	23.41	23.24	23.41
			1	99	23.06	23.19	23.35
			50	0	22.31	22.56	22.62
			50	24	22.21	22.95	22.61
			50	49	22.19	22.57	22.34
			100	0	22.55	22.52	22.50
		16QAM	1	0	22.25	22.35	22.62
			1	49	22.14	22.20	22.17
			1	99	22.23	22.15	22.25
			50	0	21.74	21.56	21.82
			50	24	21.65	21.53	21.75
			50	49	21.35	21.69	21.36
			100	0	21.44	21.65	21.44

LTE Band 5 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20407	20525	20643
					824.7MHz	836.5MHz	848.3MHz
Band 5	1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.15	23.02	23.12
			1	2	23.12	23.15	23.10
			1	5	23.02	23.16	23.16
			3	0	22.23	22.25	22.62
			3	1	22.31	22.20	22.25
			3	2	22.29	22.26	22.45
			6	0	22.24	22.10	22.23
		16QAM	1	0	22.65	22.52	22.18
			1	2	22.47	22.14	22.45
			1	5	22.26	22.26	22.24
			3	0	21.32	21.24	21.38
			3	1	21.21	21.45	21.31
			3	2	21.03	21.33	21.23
			6	0	21.20	21.26	21.27

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20415	20525	20635
					825.5MHz	836.5MHz	847.5MHz
Band 5	3	QPSK	1	0	23.12	23.04	23.11
			1	7	23.02	23.05	23.20
			1	14	23.06	23.03	23.18
			8	0	22.35	22.21	22.35
			8	4	22.14	22.16	22.26
			8	7	22.26	22.23	22.47
			15	0	22.16	22.12	22.20
		16QAM	1	0	22.13	22.26	22.47
			1	7	22.14	21.95	22.13
			1	14	22.29	21.89	21.88
			8	0	21.25	21.26	21.25
			8	4	21.06	21.19	21.22
			8	7	21.07	21.07	21.63
			15	0	21.41	21.31	21.02

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20425	20525	20625
					826.5MHz	836.5MHz	846.5MHz
Band 5	5	QPSK	1	0	23.12	23.26	23.01
			1	12	23.06	23.14	23.23
			1	24	23.01	23.26	22.89
			12	0	22.20	22.14	22.15
			12	6	22.23	22.26	22.34
			12	11	22.21	22.53	22.24
			25	0	22.19	22.21	22.18
		16QAM	1	0	22.40	22.35	22.32
			1	12	22.47	22.21	22.15
			1	24	22.43	22.26	22.42
			12	0	21.42	21.44	21.32
			12	6	21.32	21.46	21.34
			12	11	21.44	21.33	21.18
			25	0	21.38	21.50	21.19

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20450	20525	20600
					829MHz	836.5MHz	844MHz
Band 5	10	QPSK	1	0	23.14	23.12	23.05
			1	24	23.10	23.10	23.01
			1	49	23.19	23.15	23.06
			25	0	22.25	22.31	22.23
			25	12	22.15	22.15	22.24
			25	24	22.32	22.59	22.17
			50	0	22.14	22.09	22.28
		16QAM	1	0	22.32	22.40	22.50
			1	24	22.15	22.62	22.12
			1	49	22.14	22.49	22.67
			25	0	21.22	21.19	22.02
			25	12	21.36	21.24	21.25
			25	24	21.98	21.36	21.56
			50	0	21.10	21.07	21.74

LTE Band 7 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20775	21100	21425
					2502.5MHz	2535.0MHz	2567.5MHz
Band 7	5	QPSK	1	0	22.95	22.93	22.98
			1	12	22.85	22.85	22.75
			1	24	22.76	22.45	22.36
			12	0	22.25	22.15	22.41
			12	6	22.21	22.32	22.14
			12	11	22.26	22.02	22.27
			25	0	22.08	21.17	21.77
		16QAM	1	0	21.99	22.25	22.25
			1	12	21.89	22.03	22.02
			1	24	21.85	21.90	21.65
			12	0	21.30	21.86	21.75
			12	6	21.47	21.43	21.43
			12	11	21.52	21.02	21.06
			25	0	21.31	21.01	21.15

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20800	21100	21400
					2505.0MHz	2535.0MHz	2565.0MHz
Band 7	10	QPSK	1	0	22.98	22.98	22.58
			1	24	22.56	22.56	22.65
			1	49	22.45	22.84	22.32
			25	0	22.32	22.42	22.14
			25	12	22.15	22.12	22.44
			25	24	22.02	22.32	22.33
			50	0	22.16	22.10	22.08
		16QAM	1	0	22.45	22.32	22.10
			1	24	22.36	22.31	22.12
			1	49	22.35	22.15	22.23
			25	0	21.16	21.15	21.98
			25	12	21.52	21.42	21.86
			25	24	21.33	21.20	21.84
			50	0	21.28	21.30	21.24

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20825	21100	21375
					2507.5MHz	2535.0MHz	2562.5MHz
Band 7	15	QPSK	1	0	23.21	23.02	22.25
			1	37	22.25	23.02	22.62
			1	74	22.65	23.01	22.41
			36	0	22.20	22.42	22.31
			36	16	22.12	22.15	22.20
			36	35	22.16	22.16	22.24
			75	0	22.10	21.92	22.26
		16QAM	1	0	22.24	22.16	21.95
			1	37	22.62	22.05	21.73
			1	74	22.20	22.36	21.52
			36	0	22.16	21.42	21.24
			36	16	22.20	21.26	21.26
			36	35	22.09	21.35	21.44
			75	0	21.26	21.26	21.00

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					20850	21100	21350
					2510.0MHz	2535.0MHz	2560.0MHz
Band 7	20	QPSK	1	0	23.02	23.02	22.95
			1	49	23.14	23.12	22.45
			1	99	23.02	23.01	22.63
			50	0	22.25	22.05	21.65
			50	24	22.16	21.15	21.54
			50	49	22.34	21.26	21.37
			100	0	22.04	21.20	21.22
		16QAM	1	0	21.83	22.24	22.02
			1	49	21.87	21.68	21.95
			1	99	21.46	22.15	21.75
			50	0	21.37	22.23	21.40
			50	24	21.26	21.36	21.24
			50	49	21.24	21.35	21.26
			100	0	21.39	21.34	21.12

LTE Band 12 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23017	23095	23175
					699.7MHz	707.5MHz	715.3MHz
Band 12	1.4	QPSK	1	0	23.12	23.36	23.35
			1	2	23.25	23.25	23.23
			1	5	23.11	23.15	23.24
			3	0	22.50	22.56	22.22
			3	1	22.51	22.55	22.15
			3	2	22.39	22.44	22.42
			6	0	22.56	22.69	22.29
		16QAM	1	0	22.21	22.32	22.20
			1	2	22.40	22.41	22.03
			1	5	22.05	22.23	22.19
			3	0	21.14	21.09	21.00
			3	1	21.62	21.47	21.41
			3	2	21.61	21.63	21.26
			6	0	21.14	21.04	21.03

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23025	23095	23165
					700.5MHz	707.5MHz	714.5MHz
Band 12	3	QPSK	1	0	23.25	23.21	23.42
			1	7	23.21	23.26	23.40
			1	14	23.02	23.02	23.22
			8	0	22.52	22.43	22.44
			8	4	22.46	22.44	22.69
			8	7	22.63	22.46	22.51
			15	0	22.48	22.41	22.02
		16QAM	1	0	22.53	22.42	22.57
			1	7	22.67	22.32	22.49
			1	14	22.58	22.25	22.33
			8	0	22.02	22.03	22.01
			8	4	22.12	22.05	21.87
			8	7	22.26	22.15	21.89
			15	0	22.69	22.22	21.25

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23035	23095	23155
					701.5MHz	707.5MHz	713.5MHz
Band 12	5	QPSK	1	0	23.32	23.19	23.12
			1	12	23.32	23.25	23.15
			1	24	23.25	23.15	23.44
			12	0	22.42	22.59	22.45
			12	6	22.44	22.43	22.14
			12	11	22.19	22.15	22.19
			25	0	22.37	22.36	22.02
		16QAM	1	0	22.14	22.02	22.12
			1	12	22.13	22.16	22.32
			1	24	22.05	22.45	22.48
			12	0	21.68	21.69	21.02
			12	6	21.52	21.55	21.32
			12	11	21.49	21.23	21.27
			25	0	21.35	21.10	21.06

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23060	23095	23130
					704MHz	707.5MHz	711MHz
Band 12	10	QPSK	1	0	23.21	23.12	23.32
			1	24	23.02	23.11	23.12
			1	49	23.15	23.03	23.12
			25	0	22.50	23.14	22.02
			25	12	22.12	22.62	22.25
			25	24	22.15	22.15	22.43
			50	0	21.68	21.95	21.98
		16QAM	1	0	22.26	22.23	22.44
			1	24	22.45	22.32	22.15
			1	49	22.15	22.65	22.62
			25	0	21.23	21.56	21.37
			25	12	21.69	21.42	21.47
			25	24	21.55	21.26	21.56
			50	0	21.78	21.34	21.02

LTE Band 17 part:

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23755	23790	23825
					706.50MHz	710.00MHz	713.50MHz
Band 17	5	QPSK	1	0	23.12	23.24	23.24
			1	12	23.21	23.12	23.12
			1	24	23.26	23.19	23.25
			12	0	22.42	22.41	22.30
			12	6	22.35	22.26	22.35
			12	11	22.41	22.34	22.34
			25	0	22.47	22.02	22.58
		16QAM	1	0	22.26	22.16	22.52
			1	12	21.89	22.02	22.53
			1	24	22.18	22.43	22.79
			12	0	22.53	21.52	21.42
			12	6	22.12	21.63	21.65
			12	11	22.32	21.24	21.37
			25	0	21.51	21.03	21.77

LTE Band	Bandwidth (MHz)	Modulation	RB Size	RB Offset	Average Power (dBm)		
					23780	23790	23800
					709.00MHz	710.00MHz	711.00MHz
Band 17	10	QPSK	1	0	23.21	23.22	23.12
			1	24	23.15	23.02	23.02
			1	49	23.02	23.10	23.12
			25	0	22.45	22.95	22.24
			25	12	22.43	22.12	22.25
			25	24	22.16	22.32	22.21
			50	0	22.41	22.16	22.16
		16QAM	1	0	21.95	21.65	22.03
			1	24	22.02	21.25	22.25
			1	49	21.19	21.03	22.31
			25	0	21.41	21.55	22.02
			25	12	21.26	21.60	22.13
			25	24	21.08	21.80	22.06
			50	0	21.39	21.63	21.48

13.4 WLAN 2.4 GHz Band Conducted Power

Average Power (dBm)				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	802.11 b	802.11 g	802.11n (HT20)
CH 01	2412	16.56	13.22	14.64
CH 06	2437	13.23	12.90	12.19
CH 11	2462	16.41	15.81	15.31

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR, where
 - $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. Tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
b/CH 01	2.412	17.0	50.12	5	15.54	3.0
g/CH 11	2.462	16.0	39.81	5	12.50	3.0

- Base on the result of note1, RF exposure evaluation of 802.11 b mode is required.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, choose the highest output power channel to test SAR and determine further SAR exclusion.
- Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, In the 2.4 GHz band, separate SAR procedures are applied to DSSS and OFDM configurations to simplify DSSS test requirements. SAR is not required for the following 2.4 GHz OFDM conditions:
 - When KDB Publication 447498 SAR test exclusion applies to the OFDM configuration.
 - When the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg.
- The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case (the lowest data rate) of all mode were shown in report.
- Per KDB 248227 D01V02r02 section 2.2, when the EUT in continuously transmitting mode, the actual duty cycle is 98.2%, so the duty cycle factor is 1.02

13.5 Bluetooth Conducted Power

Peak Power (dBm) (Bluetooth)				
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	GFSK	$\pi/4$ -DQPSK	8DPSK
CH 01	2402	5.96	5.79	6.20
CH 39	2441	4.87	5.37	5.98
CH 78	2480	3.97	4.48	5.03

Peak Power (dBm)		
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	BLE
CH 00	2402	-6.80
CH 20	2442	-4.67
CH 39	2480	-5.60

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, the 1-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$
for 1-g SAR, where
 - $f(\text{GHz})$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
 - Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
 - The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

Channel	Frequency (GHz)	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Max. Power (mW)	Test distance (mm)	Result	exclusion thresholds for 1-g SAR
CH 01	2.402	6.5	4.47	5	1.39	3.0

- The max. tune-up power was provided by manufacturer, base on the result of note 1, RF exposure evaluation is not required.
- The output power of all data rate were pre-scan, just the worst case of all mode were shown in report.
- When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

14 Exposure Positions Consideration

14.1 EUT Antenna Locations

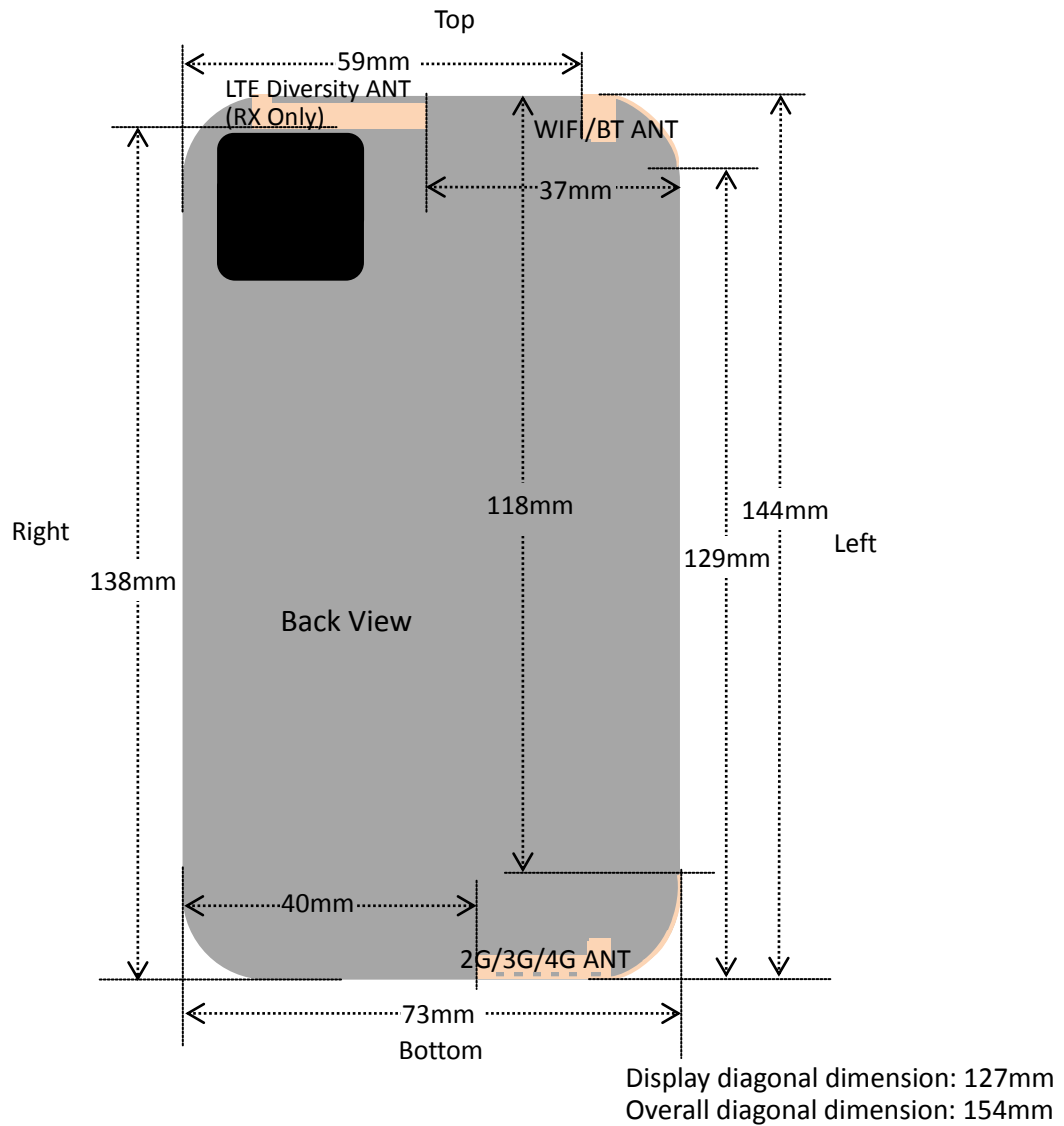


Fig.14.1 EUT Antenna Locations

14.2 Test Positions Consideration

Distance of Antennas to EUT edge/surface Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
2G/3G/4G	<25mm	<25mm	118mm	<25mm	40mm	<25mm
WLAN & Bluetooth	<25mm	<25mm	<25mm	129mm	59mm	<25mm

Test Positions Test distance: 10mm						
Antennas	Back	Front	Top Side	Bottom Side	Right Side	Left Side
2G/3G/4G	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes
WLAN & Bluetooth	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes

Note:

1. Head/Body-worn/Hotspot mode SAR assessments are required.
2. Referring to KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, when the overall device length and width are $\geq 9\text{cm} * 5\text{cm}$, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all sides and surfaces with a transmitting antenna located within 25mm from that surface or edge.
3. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for handsets the test separation distance is determined by the smallest distance between the outer surface of the device and the user, which is 0 mm for head SAR, 10 mm for hotspot SAR, and 10 mm for body-worn SAR.
4. Per KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR $> 1.2\text{ W/kg}$

15 SAR Test Results Summary

15.1 Standalone Head SAR Data

➤ GSM Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	GSM850/Voice	Right Cheek	128	824.2	32.42	0.08	32.5	0.063	1.019	0.064
	GSM850/Voice	Right Tilted	128	824.2	32.42	0.03	32.5	0.024	1.019	0.024
1	GSM850/Voice	Left Cheek	128	824.2	32.42	0.17	32.5	0.071	1.019	0.072
	GSM850/Voice	Left Tilted	128	824.2	32.42	0.09	32.5	0.031	1.019	0.032
2	GSM1900/Voice	Right Cheek	512	1850.2	29.64	0.19	30.0	0.129	1.086	0.140
	GSM1900/Voice	Right Tilted	512	1850.2	29.64	0.13	30.0	0.052	1.086	0.056
	GSM1900/Voice	Left Cheek	512	1850.2	29.64	-0.07	30.0	0.107	1.086	0.116
	GSM1900/Voice	Left Tilted	512	1850.2	29.64	-0.02	30.0	0.048	1.086	0.052
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ WCDMA Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Right Cheek	4233	846.6	22.35	-0.09	22.5	0.100	1.035	0.104
	Band V/RMC	Right Tilted	4233	846.6	22.35	0.06	22.5	0.043	1.035	0.045
3	Band V/RMC	Left Cheek	4233	846.6	22.35	-0.11	22.5	0.103	1.035	0.107
	Band V/RMC	Left Tilted	4233	846.6	22.35	0.04	22.5	0.047	1.035	0.049
4	Band IV/RMC	Right Cheek	1413	1732.6	22.30	0.09	22.5	0.149	1.047	0.156
	Band IV/RMC	Right Tilted	1413	1732.6	22.30	-0.06	22.5	0.061	1.047	0.064
	Band IV/RMC	Left Cheek	1413	1732.6	22.30	-0.07	22.5	0.117	1.047	0.122
	Band IV/RMC	Left Tilted	1413	1732.6	22.30	0.02	22.5	0.054	1.047	0.057
5	Band II/RMC	Right Cheek	9538	1907.6	22.26	-0.19	22.5	0.153	1.057	0.162
	Band II/RMC	Right Tilted	9538	1907.6	22.26	0.13	22.5	0.069	1.057	0.073
	Band II/RMC	Left Cheek	9538	1907.6	22.26	0.17	22.5	0.135	1.057	0.143
	Band II/RMC	Left Tilted	9538	1907.6	22.26	0.09	22.5	0.062	1.057	0.066
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
6	Band2/RB#0	Right Cheek	18700	1860.0	22.95	0.21	23.0	0.225	1.012	0.228
	Band2/RB#0	Right Tilted	18700	1860.0	22.95	-0.07	23.0	0.103	1.012	0.104
	Band2/RB#0	Left Cheek	18700	1860.0	22.95	0.03	23.0	0.195	1.012	0.197
	Band2/RB#0	Left Tilted	18700	1860.0	22.95	0.05	23.0	0.097	1.012	0.098
7	Band4/RB#0	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.52	0.37	24.0	0.176	1.117	0.197
	Band4/RB#0	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	23.52	0.15	24.0	0.078	1.117	0.087
	Band4/RB#0	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	23.52	-0.06	24.0	0.153	1.117	0.171
	Band4/RB#0	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	23.52	-0.01	24.0	0.070	1.117	0.078
	Band7/RB#49	Right Cheek	20850	2510.0	23.14	0.08	23.5	0.306	1.086	0.332
	Band7/RB#49	Right Tilted	20850	2510.0	23.14	0.11	23.5	0.110	1.086	0.119
8	Band7/RB#49	Left Cheek	20850	2510.0	23.14	-0.03	23.5	0.335	1.086	0.364
	Band7/RB#49	Left Tilted	20850	2510.0	23.14	0.01	23.5	0.123	1.086	0.134
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#49	Right Cheek	20450	829.0	23.19	0.06	23.5	0.072	1.074	0.077
	Band5/RB#49	Right Tilted	20450	829.0	23.19	0.04	23.5	0.035	1.074	0.038
9	Band5/RB#49	Left Cheek	20450	829.0	23.19	-0.07	23.5	0.098	1.074	0.105
	Band5/RB#49	Left Tilted	20450	829.0	23.19	0.10	23.5	0.041	1.074	0.044
	Band12/RB#0	Right Cheek	23130	711.0	23.32	-0.16	23.5	0.043	1.042	0.045
	Band12/RB#0	Right Tilted	23130	711.0	23.32	-0.12	23.5	0.019	1.042	0.020
10	Band12/RB#0	Left Cheek	23130	711.0	23.32	0.08	23.5	0.048	1.042	0.050
	Band12/RB#0	Left Tilted	23130	711.0	23.32	0.03	23.5	0.023	1.042	0.024
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Spatial Peak					Averaged over 1g					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
11	Band2/RB#0	Right Cheek	18700	1860.0	22.13	0.01	22.5	0.183	1.089	0.199
	Band2/RB#0	Right Tilted	18700	1860.0	22.13	0.05	22.5	0.085	1.089	0.093
	Band2/RB#0	Left Cheek	18700	1860.0	22.13	0.07	22.5	0.149	1.089	0.162
	Band2/RB#0	Left Tilted	18700	1860.0	22.13	0.01	22.5	0.071	1.089	0.077
12	Band4/RB#24	Right Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.95	0.25	23.0	0.149	1.012	0.151
	Band4/RB#24	Right Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.95	0.17	23.0	0.063	1.012	0.064
	Band4/RB#24	Left Cheek	20175	1732.5	22.95	-0.03	23.0	0.117	1.012	0.118
	Band4/RB#24	Left Tilted	20175	1732.5	22.95	-0.08	23.0	0.051	1.012	0.052
	Band7/RB#49	Right Cheek	20850	2510.0	22.34	0.01	22.5	0.294	1.038	0.305
	Band7/RB#49	Right Tilted	20850	2510.0	22.34	0.09	22.5	0.131	1.038	0.136
13	Band7/RB#49	Left Cheek	20850	2510.0	22.34	-0.03	22.5	0.319	1.038	0.331
	Band7/RB#49	Left Tilted	20850	2510.0	22.34	-0.06	22.5	0.174	1.038	0.181
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Spatial Peak					Averaged over 1g					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 50%RB Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#24	Right Cheek	20525	836.5	22.59	0.05	23.0	0.092	1.099	0.101
	Band5/RB#24	Right Tilted	20525	836.5	22.59	0.02	23.0	0.038	1.099	0.042
14	Band5/RB#24	Left Cheek	20525	836.5	22.59	0.22	23.0	0.104	1.099	0.114
	Band5/RB#24	Left Tilted	20525	836.5	22.59	0.18	23.0	0.046	1.099	0.051
	Band12/RB#0	Right Cheek	23095	707.5	23.14	-0.11	23.5	0.042	1.086	0.046
	Band12/RB#0	Right Tilted	23095	707.5	23.14	-0.08	23.5	0.019	1.086	0.021
15	Band12/RB#0	Left Cheek	23095	707.5	23.14	0.15	23.5	0.049	1.086	0.053
	Band12/RB#0	Left Tilted	23095	707.5	23.14	0.10	23.5	0.023	1.086	0.025
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT					1.6 W/kg (mW/g)					
Spatial Peak					Averaged over 1g					
Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population										

➤ WLAN 2.4 GHz Head SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
16	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Cheek	01	2412	16.56	0.12	17.0	0.549	1.107	1.02	0.620
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Right Tilted	01	2412	16.56	0.09	17.0	0.473	1.107	1.02	0.534
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Cheek	01	2412	16.56	0.11	17.0	0.258	1.107	1.02	0.291
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left Tilted	01	2412	16.56	0.03	17.0	0.204	1.107	1.02	0.230

ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population	1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g
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Note:

1. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output power channel Reported SAR $\leq 0.8\text{W/kg}$, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is $\geq 0.8\text{W/kg}$.
3. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are $\leq 0.8\text{ W/kg}$.
4. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, for 802.11b DSSS , when the reported SAR of the highest measured maximum output power channel for the exposure configuration is $\leq 0.8\text{ W/kg}$, no further SAR testing is required in that exposure configuration.
5. Per KDB 248227 D01v02r02, OFDM SAR is not required when the highest reported SAR for DSSS is adjusted by the ratio of OFDM to DSSS specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is $\leq 1.2\text{ W/kg}$. Cuz the maximum output power specified for OFDM and DSSS are 39.81mW(16.0dBm) and 50.12mW(17.0dBm), the scaled SAR would be $0.620 \times (39.81/50.12) = 0.492\text{W/Kg} < 1.2\text{ W/kg}$, therefore, SAR is not required for OFDM.
6. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

15.2 Standalone Body SAR

➤ GSM Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	GSM850/Voice	Front	128	824.2	32.42	-0.10	32.5	0.076	1.019	0.077
17	GSM850/Voice	Back	128	824.2	32.42	0.05	32.5	0.098	1.019	0.100
	GSM1900/Voice	Front	512	1850.2	29.64	0.20	30.0	0.359	1.086	0.390
18	GSM1900/Voice	Back	512	1850.2	29.64	-0.13	30.0	0.449	1.086	0.488
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ WCDMA Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Front	4233	846.6	22.35	-0.01	22.5	0.101	1.035	0.105
19	Band V/RMC	Back	4233	846.6	22.35	-0.03	22.5	0.115	1.035	0.119
	Band IV/RMC	Front	1413	1732.6	22.30	0.09	22.5	0.471	1.047	0.493
20	Band IV/RMC	Back	1413	1732.6	22.30	0.03	22.5	0.495	1.047	0.518
	Band II/RMC	Front	9538	1907.6	22.26	0.06	22.5	0.481	1.057	0.508
21	Band II/RMC	Back	9538	1907.6	22.26	-0.01	22.5	0.644	1.057	0.681
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#0	Front	18700	1860.0	22.95	-0.02	23.0	0.882	1.012	0.893
	Band2/RB#0	Front	18700	1860.0	22.95	-0.13	23.0	0.857	1.012	0.867
	Band2/RB#0	Front	18900	1880.0	22.85	0.01	23.0	0.851	1.035	0.881
	Band2/RB#0	Front	19100	1900.0	22.86	-0.06	23.0	0.796	1.033	0.822
22	Band2/RB#0	Back	18700	1860.0	22.95	0.04	23.0	1.090	1.012	1.103
	Band2/RB#0	Back	18700	1860.0	22.95	0.01	23.0	1.040	1.012	1.052
	Band2/RB#0	Back	18900	1880.0	22.85	0.08	23.0	0.948	1.035	0.981
	Band2/RB#0	Back	19100	1900.0	22.86	0.05	23.0	0.911	1.033	0.941
23	Band4/RB#0	Front	20175	1732.5	23.52	-0.15	24.0	0.919	1.117	1.027
	Band4/RB#0	Front	20175	1732.5	23.52	-0.08	24.0	0.908	1.117	1.014
	Band4/RB#0	Front	20050	1720.0	23.42	-0.11	23.5	0.794	1.019	0.809
	Band4/RB#0	Front	20300	1745.0	23.42	-0.18	23.5	0.862	1.019	0.878
	Band4/RB#0	Back	20175	1732.5	23.52	0.02	24.0	0.912	1.117	1.019
	Band4/RB#0	Back	20175	1732.5	23.52	-0.11	24.0	0.895	1.117	1.000
	Band4/RB#0	Back	20050	1720.0	23.42	0.06	23.5	0.789	1.019	0.804
	Band4/RB#0	Back	20300	1745.0	23.42	0.01	23.5	0.871	1.019	0.888
	Band7/RB#49	Front	20850	2510.0	23.14	0.03	23.5	0.479	1.086	0.520
24	Band7/RB#49	Back	20850	2510.0	23.14	0.15	23.5	1.000	1.086	1.086
	Band7/RB#49	Back	20850	2510.0	23.14	0.11	23.5	0.988	1.086	1.073
	Band7/RB#49	Back	21100	2535.0	23.12	0.08	23.5	0.958	1.091	1.045
	Band7/RB#49	Back	21350	2560.0	22.45	0.11	22.5	0.878	1.012	0.889
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
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	Band5/RB#49	Front	20450	829.0	23.19	0.08	23.5	0.118	1.074	0.127
25	Band5/RB#49	Back	20450	829.0	23.19	-0.09	23.5	0.131	1.074	0.141
	Band12/RB#0	Front	23130	711.0	23.32	-0.10	23.5	0.054	1.042	0.056
26	Band12/RB#0	Back	23130	711.0	23.32	-0.07	23.5	0.071	1.042	0.074
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#0	Front	18700	1860.0	22.13	0.02	22.5	0.704	1.089	0.767
27	Band2/RB#0	Back	18700	1860.0	22.13	-0.09	22.5	0.876	1.089	0.954
	Band2/RB#0	Back	18700	1860.0	22.13	0.01	22.5	0.869	1.089	0.946
	Band2/RB#0	Back	18900	1880.0	21.86	-0.03	22.0	0.845	1.033	0.873
	Band2/RB#0	Back	19100	1900.0	21.95	-0.07	22.0	0.782	1.012	0.791
28	Band4/RB#24	Front	20175	1732.5	22.95	-0.13	23.0	0.691	1.012	0.699
	Band4/RB#24	Back	20175	1732.5	22.95	-0.08	23.0	0.627	1.012	0.635
	Band7/RB#49	Front	20850	2510.0	22.34	0.01	22.5	0.638	1.038	0.662
29	Band7/RB#49	Back	20850	2510.0	22.34	-0.11	22.5	1.040	1.038	1.080
	Band7/RB#49	Back	20850	2510.0	22.34	-0.13	22.5	1.010	1.038	1.048
	Band7/RB#49	Back	21100	2535.0	21.26	-0.02	21.5	0.969	1.057	1.024
	Band7/RB#49	Back	21350	2560.0	21.37	-0.07	21.5	0.834	1.030	0.859
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#24	Front	20525	836.5	22.59	0.03	23.0	0.099	1.099	0.109
30	Band5/RB#24	Back	20525	836.5	22.59	-0.10	23.0	0.126	1.099	0.138
	Band12/RB#0	Front	23095	707.5	23.14	-0.10	23.5	0.053	1.086	0.058
31	Band12/RB#0	Back	23095	707.5	23.14	-0.12	23.5	0.061	1.086	0.066
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 100%RB Body SAR

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#0	Front	19100	1900.0	21.80	0.03	22.0	0.716	1.047	0.750
32	Band2/RB#0	Back	19100	1900.0	21.80	0.09	22.0	0.921	1.047	0.964
	Band2/RB#0	Back	19100	1900.0	21.80	0.05	22.0	0.918	1.047	0.961
	Band2/RB#0	Back	18700	1860.0	21.78	-0.06	22.0	0.852	1.052	0.896
	Band2/RB#0	Back	18900	1880.0	21.03	0.01	21.5	0.801	1.114	0.892
33	Band4/RB#0	Front	20050	1720.0	22.55	-0.01	23.0	0.694	1.109	0.770
	Band4/RB#0	Back	20050	1720.0	22.55	0.08	23.0	0.657	1.109	0.729
34	Band7/RB#0	Back	20850	2510.0	22.04	0.30	22.5	0.828	1.112	0.921
	Band7/RB#0	Back	20850	2510.0	22.04	0.23	22.5	0.819	1.112	0.911
	Band7/RB#0	Back	21100	2535.0	21.20	0.18	21.5	0.785	1.072	0.842
	Band7/RB#0	Back	21350	2560.0	21.22	0.11	21.5	0.724	1.067	0.773
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ WLAN 2.4 GHz Body SAR

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Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Front	01	2412	16.56	-0.06	17.0	0.139	1.107	1.02	0.157
35	2.4GHz/802.11b	Back	01	2412	16.56	0.13	17.0	0.154	1.107	1.02	0.174
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g						

Note:

1. Body-worn SAR testing was performed at 10mm separation, and this distance is determined by the handset manufacturer that there will be body-worn accessories that users may acquire at the time of equipment certification, to enable users to purchase aftermarket body-worn accessories with the required minimum separation.
2. Per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, when the same wireless modes and device transmission configurations are required for testing body-worn accessories and hotspot mode, it is not necessary to test body-worn accessory SAR for the same device orientation if the test separation distance for hotspot mode is more conservative than that used for body-worn accessories.
3. Body-worn exposure conditions are intended to voice call operations, therefore GSM voice call is selected to be tested.
4. Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the *Reported* SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is not required.
5. The WLAN SAR perform the front and back position, due considered the simultaneous SAR for body-worn.
6. Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
7. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
8. Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg.
9. According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.
10. Highlight part of test data means repeated test.

15.3 Body SAR in Hotspot Mode

➤ GSM Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	GPRS850/2 slots	Front	128	824.2	30.15	0.03	30.5	0.063	1.084	0.068
36	GPRS850/2 slots	Back	128	824.2	30.15	-0.01	30.5	0.119	1.084	0.129
	GPRS850/2 slots	Left	128	824.2	30.15	0.08	30.5	0.027	1.084	0.029
	GPRS850/2 slots	Bottom	128	824.2	30.15	-0.08	30.5	0.040	1.084	0.043
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Front	810	1909.8	24.98	0.15	25.0	0.321	1.005	0.323
37	GPRS1900/4 slots	Back	810	1909.8	24.98	-0.24	25.0	0.398	1.005	0.400
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Left	810	1909.8	24.98	0.05	25.0	0.284	1.005	0.285
	GPRS1900/4 slots	Bottom	810	1909.8	24.98	-0.16	25.0	0.386	1.005	0.388
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ WCDMA Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band V/RMC	Front	4233	846.6	22.35	-0.01	22.5	0.101	1.035	0.105
19	Band V/RMC	Back	4233	846.6	22.35	-0.03	22.5	0.115	1.035	0.119
	Band V/RMC	Left	4233	846.6	22.35	0.01	22.5	0.057	1.035	0.059
	Band V/RMC	Bottom	4233	846.6	22.35	0.07	22.5	0.082	1.035	0.085
	Band IV/RMC	Front	1413	1732.6	22.30	0.09	22.5	0.471	1.047	0.493
	Band IV/RMC	Back	1413	1732.6	22.30	0.03	22.5	0.495	1.047	0.518
	Band IV/RMC	Left	1413	1732.6	22.30	0.05	22.5	0.422	1.047	0.442
38	Band IV/RMC	Bottom	1413	1732.6	22.30	0.07	22.5	0.549	1.047	0.575
	Band II/RMC	Front	9538	1907.6	22.26	0.06	22.5	0.481	1.057	0.508
21	Band II/RMC	Back	9538	1907.6	22.26	-0.01	22.5	0.644	1.057	0.681
	Band II/RMC	Left	9538	1907.6	22.26	0.09	22.5	0.496	1.057	0.524
	Band II/RMC	Bottom	9538	1907.6	22.26	0.21	22.5	0.617	1.057	0.652
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g					

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#0	Front	18700	1860.0	22.95	-0.02	23.0	0.882	1.012	0.893
	Band2/RB#0	Front	18700	1860.0	22.95	-0.13	23.0	0.857	1.012	0.867
	Band2/RB#0	Front	18900	1880.0	22.85	0.01	23.0	0.851	1.035	0.881
	Band2/RB#0	Front	19100	1900.0	22.86	-0.06	23.0	0.796	1.033	0.822
	Band2/RB#0	Back	18700	1860.0	22.95	0.04	23.0	1.090	1.012	1.103
	Band2/RB#0	Back	18700	1860.0	22.95	0.01	23.0	1.040	1.012	1.052
	Band2/RB#0	Back	18900	1880.0	22.85	0.08	23.0	0.948	1.035	0.981
	Band2/RB#0	Back	19100	1900.0	22.86	0.05	23.0	0.911	1.033	0.941
	Band2/RB#0	Left	18700	1860.0	22.95	0.08	23.0	0.762	1.012	0.771
	Band2/RB#0	Bottom	18700	1860.0	22.95	0.00	23.0	1.240	1.012	1.255
39	Band2/RB#0	Bottom	18900	1880.0	22.85	-0.14	23.0	1.290	1.035	1.335
	Band2/RB#0	Bottom	18900	1880.0	22.85	-0.04	23.0	1.210	1.035	1.252
	Band2/RB#0	Bottom	19100	1900.0	22.86	-0.10	23.0	1.250	1.033	1.291
	Band4/RB#0	Front	20175	1732.5	23.52	-0.15	24.0	0.919	1.117	1.027
	Band4/RB#0	Front	20175	1732.5	23.52	-0.08	24.0	0.908	1.117	1.014
	Band4/RB#0	Front	20050	1720.0	23.42	-0.11	23.5	0.794	1.019	0.809
	Band4/RB#0	Front	20300	1745.0	23.42	-0.18	23.5	0.862	1.019	0.878
	Band4/RB#0	Back	20175	1732.5	23.52	0.02	24.0	0.912	1.117	1.019

	Band4/RB#0	Back	20175	1732.5	23.52	-0.11	24.0	0.895	1.117	1.000
	Band4/RB#0	Back	20050	1720.0	23.42	0.06	23.5	0.789	1.019	0.804
	Band4/RB#0	Back	20300	1745.0	23.42	0.01	23.5	0.871	1.019	0.888
	Band4/RB#0	Left	20175	1732.5	23.52	0.06	24.0	0.709	1.117	0.792
40	Band4/RB#0	Bottom	20175	1732.5	23.52	-0.23	24.0	1.220	1.117	1.363
	Band4/RB#0	Bottom	20175	1732.5	23.52	-0.33	24.0	1.180	1.117	1.318
	Band4/RB#0	Bottom	20050	1720.0	23.42	0.01	23.5	1.120	1.019	1.141
	Band4/RB#0	Bottom	20300	1745.0	23.42	-0.15	23.5	1.190	1.019	1.213
	Band7/RB#49	Front	20850	2510.0	23.14	0.03	23.5	0.479	1.086	0.520
	Band7/RB#49	Back	20850	2510.0	23.14	0.15	23.5	1.000	1.086	1.086
	Band7/RB#49	Back	20850	2510.0	23.14	0.11	23.5	0.988	1.086	1.073
	Band7/RB#49	Back	21100	2535.0	23.12	0.08	23.5	0.958	1.091	1.045
	Band7/RB#49	Back	21350	2560.0	22.45	0.11	22.5	0.878	1.012	0.889
	Band7/RB#49	Left	20850	2510.0	23.14	0.03	23.5	0.614	1.086	0.667
41	Band7/RB#49	Bottom	20850	2510.0	23.14	0.06	23.5	1.040	1.086	1.129
	Band7/RB#49	Bottom	20850	2510.0	23.14	0.01	23.5	1.010	1.086	1.097
	Band7/RB#49	Bottom	21100	2535.0	23.12	-0.04	23.5	0.948	1.091	1.034
	Band7/RB#49	Bottom	21350	2560.0	22.45	0.07	22.5	0.887	1.012	0.898
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 1RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#49	Front	20450	829.0	23.19	0.08	23.5	0.118	1.074	0.127
25	Band5/RB#49	Back	20450	829.0	23.19	-0.09	23.5	0.131	1.074	0.141
	Band5/RB#49	Left	20450	829.0	23.19	0.02	23.5	0.047	1.074	0.050
	Band5/RB#49	Bottom	20450	829.0	23.19	0.06	23.5	0.082	1.074	0.088
	Band12/RB#0	Front	23130	711.0	23.32	-0.10	23.5	0.054	1.042	0.056
26	Band12/RB#0	Back	23130	711.0	23.32	-0.07	23.5	0.071	1.042	0.074
	Band12/RB#0	Left	23130	711.0	23.32	0.04	23.5	0.015	1.042	0.016
	Band12/RB#0	Bottom	23130	711.0	23.32	0.08	23.5	0.043	1.042	0.045
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#0	Front	18700	1860.0	22.13	0.02	22.5	0.704	1.089	0.767
	Band2/RB#0	Back	18700	1860.0	22.13	-0.09	22.5	0.876	1.089	0.954
	Band2/RB#0	Back	18700	1860.0	22.13	0.01	22.5	0.869	1.089	0.946
	Band2/RB#0	Back	18900	1880.0	21.86	-0.03	22.0	0.845	1.033	0.873
	Band2/RB#0	Back	19100	1900.0	21.95	-0.07	22.0	0.782	1.012	0.791
	Band2/RB#0	Left	18700	1860.0	22.13	0.02	22.5	0.582	1.089	0.634
42	Band2/RB#0	Bottom	18700	1860.0	22.13	-0.10	22.5	0.963	1.089	1.049
	Band2/RB#0	Bottom	18700	1860.0	22.13	0.01	22.5	0.959	1.089	1.044
	Band2/RB#0	Bottom	18900	1880.0	21.86	-0.07	22.0	0.867	1.033	0.896
	Band2/RB#0	Bottom	19100	1900.0	21.95	-0.14	22.0	0.918	1.012	0.929
	Band4/RB#24	Front	20175	1732.5	22.95	-0.13	23.0	0.691	1.012	0.699
	Band4/RB#24	Back	20175	1732.5	22.95	-0.08	23.0	0.627	1.012	0.635
	Band4/RB#24	Left	20175	1732.5	22.95	0.06	23.0	0.525	1.012	0.531
43	Band4/RB#24	Bottom	20175	1732.5	22.95	-0.15	23.0	0.848	1.012	0.858
	Band4/RB#24	Bottom	20175	1732.5	22.95	-0.10	23.0	0.842	1.012	0.852
	Band4/RB#24	Bottom	20050	1720.0	22.21	-0.11	22.5	0.801	1.069	0.856
	Band4/RB#24	Bottom	20300	1745.0	22.61	-0.05	23.0	0.729	1.094	0.798
	Band7/RB#49	Front	20850	2510.0	22.34	0.01	22.5	0.638	1.038	0.662

	Band7/RB#49	Back	20850	2510.0	22.34	-0.11	22.5	1.040	1.038	1.080
	Band7/RB#49	Back	20850	2510.0	22.34	-0.13	22.5	1.010	1.038	1.048
	Band7/RB#49	Back	21100	2535.0	21.26	-0.02	21.5	0.969	1.057	1.024
	Band7/RB#49	Back	21350	2560.0	21.37	-0.07	21.5	0.834	1.030	0.859
	Band7/RB#49	Left	20850	2510.0	22.34	0.07	22.5	0.735	1.038	0.763
44	Band7/RB#49	Bottom	20850	2510.0	22.34	-0.16	22.5	1.080	1.038	1.121
	Band7/RB#49	Bottom	20850	2510.0	22.34	-0.13	22.5	1.020	1.038	1.059
	Band7/RB#49	Bottom	21100	2535.0	21.26	-0.19	21.5	1.060	1.057	1.120
	Band7/RB#49	Bottom	21350	2560.0	21.37	-0.12	21.5	0.897	1.030	0.924
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ LTE 10MHz QPSK 50%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band5/RB#24	Front	20525	836.5	22.59	0.03	23.0	0.099	1.099	0.109
30	Band5/RB#24	Back	20525	836.5	22.59	-0.10	23.0	0.126	1.099	0.138
	Band5/RB#24	Left	20525	836.5	22.59	0.08	23.0	0.035	1.099	0.038
	Band5/RB#24	Bottom	20525	836.5	22.59	0.03	23.0	0.084	1.099	0.092
	Band12/RB#0	Front	23095	707.5	23.14	-0.10	23.5	0.053	1.086	0.058
31	Band12/RB#0	Back	23095	707.5	23.14	-0.12	23.5	0.061	1.086	0.066
	Band12/RB#0	Left	23095	707.5	23.14	0.04	23.5	0.019	1.086	0.021
	Band12/RB#0	Bottom	23095	707.5	23.14	0.09	23.5	0.037	1.086	0.040
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 100%RB Body SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	Band2/RB#0	Front	19100	1900.0	21.80	0.03	22.0	0.716	1.047	0.750
	Band2/RB#0	Back	19100	1900.0	21.80	0.09	22.0	0.921	1.047	0.964
	Band2/RB#0	Back	19100	1900.0	21.80	0.05	22.0	0.918	1.047	0.961
	Band2/RB#0	Back	18700	1860.0	21.78	-0.06	22.0	0.852	1.052	0.896
	Band2/RB#0	Back	18900	1880.0	21.03	0.01	21.5	0.801	1.114	0.892
45	Band2/RB#0	Bottom	19100	1900.0	21.80	-0.22	22.0	0.962	1.047	1.007
	Band2/RB#0	Bottom	19100	1900.0	21.80	-0.18	22.0	0.955	1.047	1.000
	Band2/RB#0	Bottom	18700	1860.0	21.78	-0.15	22.0	0.908	1.052	0.955
	Band2/RB#0	Bottom	18900	1880.0	21.03	-0.12	21.5	0.836	1.114	0.931
	Band4/RB#0	Front	20050	1720.0	22.55	-0.01	23.0	0.694	1.109	0.770
	Band4/RB#0	Back	20050	1720.0	22.55	0.08	23.0	0.657	1.109	0.729
46	Band4/RB#0	Bottom	20050	1720.0	22.55	-0.17	23.0	0.881	1.109	0.977
	Band4/RB#0	Bottom	20050	1720.0	22.55	-0.11	23.0	0.873	1.109	0.968
	Band4/RB#0	Bottom	20175	1732.5	22.52	-0.07	23.0	0.766	1.117	0.856
	Band4/RB#0	Bottom	20300	1745.0	22.50	-0.12	22.5	0.835	1.000	0.835
34	Band7/RB#0	Back	20850	2510.0	22.04	0.30	22.5	0.828	1.112	0.921
	Band7/RB#0	Back	20850	2510.0	22.04	0.23	22.5	0.819	1.112	0.911
	Band7/RB#0	Back	21100	2535.0	21.20	0.18	21.5	0.785	1.072	0.842
	Band7/RB#0	Back	21350	2560.0	21.22	0.11	21.5	0.724	1.067	0.773
	Band7/RB#0	Bottom	20850	2510.0	22.04	0.09	22.5	0.791	1.112	0.880
	Band7/RB#0	Bottom	21100	2535.0	21.20	0.02	21.5	0.748	1.072	0.802
	Band7/RB#0	Bottom	21350	2560.0	21.22	0.07	21.5	0.689	1.067	0.735
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population							1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g			

➤ WLAN 2.4GHz Body SAR in Hotspot mode

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Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	D.C Factor	Reported SAR _{1g} (W/kg)
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Front	01	2412	16.56	-0.06	17.0	0.139	1.107	1.02	0.157
35	2.4GHz/802.11b	Back	01	2412	16.56	0.13	17.0	0.154	1.107	1.02	0.174
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Left	01	2412	16.56	0.05	17.0	0.062	1.107	1.02	0.070
	2.4GHz/802.11b	Top	01	2412	16.56	0.09	17.0	0.096	1.107	1.02	0.108
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g						

Note:

- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤ 0.8 W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- Additional WLAN SAR testing was performed for simultaneous transmission analysis.
- For Hotspot SAR testing, per KDB 941225 D06v02r01, for EUT dimension ≥ 9 cm*5cm, the test distance is 10mm. SAR must be measured for all surfaces and sides with a transmitting antenna located within 2.5cm from that surface or edge.
- Per KDB 941225 D01v03r01, RMC 12.2kbps setting is used to evaluate SAR. If HSDPA output power is < 0.25 dB higher than RMC 12.2kbps, or Reported SAR with RMC 12.2kbps setting is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, HSDPA SAR evaluation can be excluded.
- Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg.
- Per KDB 648474 D04v01r03, when the Reported SAR for a body-worn accessory measured without a headset connected to the handset is > 1.2 W/kg, SAR testing with a headset connected to the handset is required.
- Per KDB 941225 D05v02r05, 100% RB allocation SAR measurement is not required when the highest reported SAR for 1 RB and 50% RB allocation are ≤ 0.8 W/kg. Otherwise, SAR is measured for the highest output power channel.
- According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.
- Highlight part of test data means repeated test.

15.4 Extremity SAR in Hotspot Mode

➤ LTE 20MHz QPSK 1RB Extremity SAR in Hotspot mode

Plot No.	Band/Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Ave. Power (dBm)	Power Drift (dB)	Tune-Up Limit (dBm)	Meas. SAR _{10g} (W/kg)	Scaling Factor	Reported SAR _{10g} (W/kg)
47	Band2/RB#0	Bottom	18900	1880.0	22.95	-0.24	23.0	1.770	1.012	1.791
48	Band4/RB#0	Bottom	20175	1732.5	23.52	-0.07	24.0	1.730	1.117	1.932
ANSI / IEEE C95.1 – SAFETY LIMIT Spatial Peak Uncontrolled Exposure/General Population					4.0 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 10g					

Note:

- Per KDB 648474 D04 v01r03, when hotspot mode applies, 10-g extremity SAR is required only for the surfaces and edges with hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg
- Extremity SAR testing was performed at 0mm separation with the mode which hotspot mode 1-g reported SAR > 1.2 W/kg.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, for each exposure position, if the highest output channel Reported SAR ≤ 2.0 W/kg, other channels SAR testing is not necessary.
- According to KDB 865664 D02v01r02, SAR plot is required for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination.

15.5 Repeated SAR measurement

Band/ Mode	Test Position	CH.	Freq. (MHz)	Measured SAR (W/kg)				
				Original	1 st Repeated		2 nd Repeated	
					Value	Ratio	Value	Ratio
Band2/1RB#0	Front	18700	1860.0	0.882	0.857	1.03	/	/
Band2/1RB#0	Back	18700	1860.0	1.09	1.04	1.05	/	/
Band2/1RB#0	Bottom	18900	1880.0	1.29	1.21	1.07	/	/
Band2/50%RB#0	Back	18700	1860.0	0.876	0.869	1.01	/	/
Band2/50%RB#0	Bottom	18700	1860.0	0.963	0.959	1	/	/
Band2/100%RB#0	Back	19100	1900.0	0.921	0.918	1	/	/
Band2/100%RB#0	Bottom	19100	1900.0	0.962	0.955	1.01	/	/
Band4/1RB#0	Front	20175	1732.5	0.919	0.908	1.01	/	/
Band4/1RB#0	Back	20175	1732.5	0.912	0.895	1.02	/	/
Band4/1RB#0	Bottom	20175	1732.5	1.22	1.18	1.03	/	/
Band4/50%RB#24	Bottom	20175	1732.5	0.848	0.842	1.01	/	/
Band4/100%RB#0	Bottom	20050	1720.0	0.881	0.873	1.01	/	/
Band7/1RB#49	Back	20850	2510.0	1	0.988	1.01	/	/
Band7/1RB#49	Bottom	20850	2510.0	1.04	1.01	1.03	/	/
Band7/50%RB#49	Back	20850	2510.0	1.04	1.01	1.03	/	/
Band7/50%RB#49	Bottom	20850	2510.0	1.08	1.02	1.06	/	/
Band7/100%RB#0	Back	20850	2510.0	0.828	0.819	1.01	/	/
Band7/100%RB#0				1.6 W/kg (mW/g) Averaged over 1g				

Note:

1. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, for each frequency band, repeated SAR measurement is required only when the measured SAR is ≥ 0.8 W/kg
2. Per KDB 865664 D01v01r04, if the ratio of *original* and *repeated* is ≤ 1.2 and the measured SAR < 1.45 W/kg, only one repeated measurement is required.

15.6 Multi-Band Simultaneous Transmission Considerations

➤ Simultaneous Transmission Capabilities

According to FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06, transmitters are considered to be transmitting simultaneously when there is overlapping transmission, with the exception of transmissions during network hand-offs with maximum hand-off duration less than 30 seconds. Possible transmission paths for the EUT are shown in below Figure and are color-coded to indicate communication modes which share the same path. Modes which share the same transmission path cannot transmit simultaneously with one another.



Fig.15.1 Simultaneous Transmission Paths

➤ Simultaneous Transmission Procedures

This device contains transmitters that may operate simultaneously. Therefore simultaneous transmission analysis is required. Per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion may be applied when the sum of the 1-g SAR for all the simultaneous transmitting antennas in a specific a physical test configuration is ≤ 1.6 W/kg. When standalone SAR is not required to be measured, per FCC KDB 447498 D01v06 4.3.2), the following equation must be used to estimate the standalone 1g SAR for simultaneous transmission assessment involving that transmitter.

$$\text{Estimated SAR} = \frac{\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}}{7.5} \cdot \frac{\text{Max. power of channel, mW}}{\text{Min. Separation Distance, mm}}$$

Mode	Max. tune-up Power (dBm)	Exposure Position	Head	Body	Hotspot
		Test Distance (mm)	0	10	10
Bluetooth	6.5	Estimated SAR (W/kg)	0.185	0.092	0.092

Note:

- When the minimum *test separation distance* is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according is applied to determine estimated SAR.

➤ Multi-Band simultaneous Transmission Consideration

Simultaneous Transmission Consideration	Position	Applicable Combination
	Head	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz
		WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth
	Body	WWAN (Voice) + WLAN 2.4 GHz
		WWAN (Voice) + Bluetooth
	Hotspot	WWAN (Data) + WLAN 2.4 GHz
		WWAN (Data) + Bluetooth

Note:

- WLAN 2.4GHz Band and Bluetooth share the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- GSM/WCDMA/LTE shares the same antenna, and cannot transmit simultaneously.
- The Report SAR summation is calculated based on the same configuration and test position.
- Per KDB 447498 D01v06, simultaneous transmission SAR is compliant if,
 - Scalar SAR summation < 1.6 W/kg.
 - $SPLSR = (SAR_1 + SAR_2)^{1.5} / (\text{min. separation distance, mm})$, and the peak separation distance is determined from the square root of $[(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2 + (z_1 - z_2)^2]$, where (x_1, y_1, z_1) and (x_2, y_2, z_2) are the coordinates of the extrapolated peak SAR locations in the zoom scan If $SPLSR \leq 0.04$, simultaneously transmission SAR measurement is not necessary
 - Simultaneously transmission SAR measurement, and the Reported multi-band SAR < 1.6 W/kg

15.7 SAR Simultaneous Transmission Analysis

> Head Simultaneous Transmission

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Right Cheek	0.064	0.620	0.684		GSM850	Right Cheek	0.064	0.185	0.249
	Right Tilted	0.024	0.534	0.558			Right Tilted	0.024	0.185	0.209
	Left Cheek	0.072	0.291	0.363			Left Cheek	0.072	0.185	0.257
	Left Tilted	0.032	0.230	0.262			Left Tilted	0.032	0.185	0.217

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Right Cheek	0.140	0.620	0.760		GSM 1900	Right Cheek	0.140	0.185	0.325
	Right Tilted	0.056	0.534	0.590			Right Tilted	0.056	0.185	0.241
	Left Cheek	0.116	0.291	0.407			Left Cheek	0.116	0.185	0.301
	Left Tilted	0.052	0.230	0.282			Left Tilted	0.052	0.185	0.237

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Right Cheek	0.104	0.620	0.724		WCDMA Band V	Right Cheek	0.104	0.185	0.289
	Right Tilted	0.045	0.534	0.579			Right Tilted	0.045	0.185	0.230
	Left Cheek	0.107	0.291	0.398			Left Cheek	0.107	0.185	0.292
	Left Tilted	0.049	0.230	0.279			Left Tilted	0.049	0.185	0.234

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Right Cheek	0.156	0.620	0.776		WCDMA Band IV	Right Cheek	0.156	0.185	0.341
	Right Tilted	0.064	0.534	0.598			Right Tilted	0.064	0.185	0.249
	Left Cheek	0.122	0.291	0.413			Left Cheek	0.122	0.185	0.307
	Left Tilted	0.057	0.230	0.287			Left Tilted	0.057	0.185	0.242

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Right Cheek	0.162	0.620	0.782		WCDMA Band II	Right Cheek	0.162	0.185	0.347
	Right Tilted	0.073	0.534	0.607			Right Tilted	0.073	0.185	0.258
	Left Cheek	0.143	0.291	0.434			Left Cheek	0.143	0.185	0.328
	Left Tilted	0.066	0.230	0.296			Left Tilted	0.066	0.185	0.251

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	0.228	0.620	0.848		LTE Band 2	Right Cheek	0.228	0.185	0.413
	Right Tilted	0.104	0.534	0.638			Right Tilted	0.104	0.185	0.289

	Left Cheek	0.197	0.291	0.488			Left Cheek	0.197	0.185	0.382
	Left Tilted	0.098	0.230	0.328			Left Tilted	0.098	0.185	0.283

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.197	0.620	0.817		LTE Band 4	Right Cheek	0.197	0.185	0.382
	Right Tilted	0.087	0.534	0.621			Right Tilted	0.087	0.185	0.272
	Left Cheek	0.171	0.291	0.462			Left Cheek	0.171	0.185	0.356
	Left Tilted	0.078	0.230	0.308			Left Tilted	0.078	0.185	0.263

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 5	Right Cheek	0.101	0.620	0.721		LTE Band 5	Right Cheek	0.101	0.185	0.286
	Right Tilted	0.042	0.534	0.576			Right Tilted	0.042	0.185	0.227
	Left Cheek	0.114	0.291	0.405			Left Cheek	0.114	0.185	0.299
	Left Tilted	0.051	0.230	0.281			Left Tilted	0.051	0.185	0.236

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.332	0.620	0.952		LTE Band 7	Right Cheek	0.332	0.185	0.517
	Right Tilted	0.136	0.534	0.670			Right Tilted	0.136	0.185	0.321
	Left Cheek	0.364	0.291	0.655			Left Cheek	0.364	0.185	0.549
	Left Tilted	0.181	0.230	0.411			Left Tilted	0.181	0.185	0.366

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 12	Right Cheek	0.046	0.620	0.666		LTE Band 12	Right Cheek	0.046	0.185	0.231
	Right Tilted	0.021	0.534	0.555			Right Tilted	0.021	0.185	0.206
	Left Cheek	0.053	0.291	0.344			Left Cheek	0.053	0.185	0.238
	Left Tilted	0.025	0.230	0.255			Left Tilted	0.025	0.185	0.210

➤ Body worn Simultaneous Transmission

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.077	0.157	0.234		GSM850	Front	0.077	0.092	0.169
	Back	0.100	0.174	0.274			Back	0.100	0.092	0.192

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Front	0.390	0.157	0.547		GSM 1900	Front	0.390	0.092	0.482
	Back	0.488	0.174	0.662			Back	0.488	0.092	0.580

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.105	0.157	0.262		WCDMA Band V	Front	0.105	0.092	0.197
	Back	0.119	0.174	0.293			Back	0.119	0.092	0.211

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.493	0.157	0.650		WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.493	0.092	0.585
	Back	0.518	0.174	0.692			Back	0.518	0.092	0.610

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Front	0.508	0.157	0.665		WCDMA Band II	Front	0.508	0.092	0.600
	Back	0.681	0.174	0.855			Back	0.681	0.092	0.773

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 2	Front	0.893	0.157	1.050		LTE Band 2	Front	0.893	0.092	0.985
	Back	1.103	0.174	1.277			Back	1.103	0.092	1.195

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Front	1.027	0.157	1.184		LTE Band 4	Front	1.027	0.092	1.119
	Back	1.019	0.174	1.193			Back	1.019	0.092	1.111

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 5	Front	0.127	0.157	0.284		LTE Band 5	Front	0.127	0.092	0.219
	Back	0.141	0.174	0.315			Back	0.141	0.092	0.233

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Front	0.662	0.157	0.819		LTE Band 7	Front	0.662	0.092	0.754
	Back	1.086	0.174	1.260			Back	1.086	0.092	1.178

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 12	Front	0.058	0.157	0.215		LTE Band 12	Front	0.058	0.092	0.150
	Back	0.074	0.174	0.248			Back	0.074	0.092	0.166

> Hotspot mode Simultaneous Transmission

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM850	Front	0.068	0.157	0.225		GSM850	Front	0.068	0.092	0.160
	Back	0.129	0.174	0.303			Back	0.129	0.092	0.221
	Left	0.029	0.070	0.099			Left	0.029	0.092	0.121
	Right	/	/	/			Right	/	/	/
	Top	/	0.108	0.108			Top	/	0.092	0.092
	Bottom	0.043	/	0.043			Bottom	0.043	/	0.043

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
GSM 1900	Front	0.323	0.157	0.480		GSM 1900	Front	0.323	0.092	0.415
	Back	0.400	0.174	0.574			Back	0.400	0.092	0.492
	Left	0.285	0.070	0.355			Left	0.285	0.092	0.377
	Right	/	/	/			Right	/	/	/
	Top	/	0.108	0.108			Top	/	0.092	0.092
	Bottom	0.388	/	0.388			Bottom	0.388	/	0.388

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band V	Front	0.105	0.157	0.262		WCDMA Band V	Front	0.105	0.092	0.197
	Back	0.119	0.174	0.293			Back	0.119	0.092	0.211
	Left	0.059	0.070	0.129			Left	0.059	0.092	0.151
	Right	/	/	/			Right	/	/	/
	Top	/	0.108	0.108			Top	/	0.092	0.092
	Bottom	0.085	/	0.085			Bottom	0.085	/	0.085

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.493	0.157	0.650		WCDMA Band IV	Front	0.493	0.092	0.585
	Back	0.518	0.174	0.692			Back	0.518	0.092	0.610
	Left	0.442	0.070	0.512			Left	0.442	0.092	0.534
	Right	/	/	/			Right	/	/	/
	Top	/	0.108	0.108			Top	/	0.092	0.092
	Bottom	0.575	/	0.575			Bottom	0.575	/	0.575

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
WCDMA Band II	Front	0.508	0.157	0.665		WCDMA Band II	Front	0.508	0.092	0.600
	Back	0.681	0.174	0.855			Back	0.681	0.092	0.773
	Left	0.524	0.070	0.594			Left	0.524	0.092	0.616

	Right	/	/	/		Right	/	/	/
	Top	/	0.108	0.108		Top	/	0.092	0.092
	Bottom	0.652	/	0.652		Bottom	0.652	/	0.652

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 2	Front	0.893	0.157	1.050		LTE Band 2	Front	0.893	0.092	0.985
	Back	1.103	0.174	1.277			Back	1.103	0.092	1.195
	Left	0.771	0.070	0.841			Left	0.771	0.092	0.863
	Right	/	/	/			Right	/	/	/
	Top	/	0.108	0.108			Top	/	0.092	0.092
	Bottom	1.335	/	1.335			Bottom	1.335	/	1.335

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 4	Front	1.027	0.157	1.184		LTE Band 4	Front	1.027	0.092	1.119
	Back	1.019	0.174	1.193			Back	1.019	0.092	1.111
	Left	0.792	0.070	0.862			Left	0.792	0.092	0.884
	Right	/	/	/			Right	/	/	/
	Top	/	0.108	0.108			Top	/	0.092	0.092
	Bottom	1.363	/	1.363			Bottom	1.363	/	1.363

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 5	Front	0.127	0.157	0.284		LTE Band 5	Front	0.127	0.092	0.219
	Back	0.141	0.174	0.315			Back	0.141	0.092	0.233
	Left	0.050	0.070	0.120			Left	0.050	0.092	0.142
	Right	/	/	/			Right	/	/	/
	Top	/	0.108	0.108			Top	/	0.092	0.092
	Bottom	0.092	/	0.092			Bottom	0.092	/	0.092

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band 7	Front	0.662	0.157	0.819		LTE Band 7	Front	0.662	0.092	0.754
	Back	1.086	0.174	1.260			Back	1.086	0.092	1.178
	Left	0.763	0.070	0.833			Left	0.763	0.092	0.855
	Right	/	/	/			Right	/	/	/
	Top	/	0.108	0.108			Top	/	0.092	0.092
	Bottom	1.129	/	1.129			Bottom	1.129	/	1.129

WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	WLAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)		WWAN Mode	Position	WWAN SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Bluetooth Estimated SAR _{1g} (W/kg)	Σ SAR (W/kg)
LTE Band12	Front	0.058	0.157	0.215		LTE Band 12	Front	0.058	0.092	0.150
	Back	0.074	0.174	0.248			Back	0.074	0.092	0.166
	Left	0.021	0.070	0.091			Left	0.021	0.092	0.113
	Right	/	/	/			Right	/	/	/
	Top	/	0.108	0.108			Top	/	0.092	0.092
	Bottom	0.045	/	0.045			Bottom	0.045	/	0.045

➤ **Simultaneous Transmission Conclusion**

The above numerical summed SAR results for all the case simultaneous transmission conditions were below the SAR limit. Therefore, the above analysis is sufficient to determine that simultaneous transmission cases will not exceed the SAR limit and therefore no measured volumetric simultaneous SAR summation is required per FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01v06.

15.8 Measurement Uncertainty

The component of uncertainty may generally be categorized according to the methods used to evaluate them. The evaluation of uncertainty by the statistical analysis of a series of observations is termed a Type A evaluation of uncertainty. The evaluation of uncertainty by means other than the statistical analysis of a series of observation is termed a Type B evaluation of uncertainty. Each component of uncertainty, however evaluated, is represented by an estimated standard deviation, termed standard uncertainty, which is determined by the positive square root of the estimated variance.

A Type A evaluation of standard uncertainty may be based on any valid statistical method for treating data. This includes calculating the standard deviation of the mean of a series of independent observations; using the method of least squares to fit a curve to the data in order to estimate the parameter of the curve and their standard deviations; or carrying out an analysis of variance in order to identify and quantify random effects in certain kinds of measurement.

A Type B evaluation of standard uncertainty is typically based on scientific judgment using all of the relevant information available. These may include previous measurement data, experience, and knowledge of the behavior and properties of relevant materials and instruments, manufacture's specification, data provided in calibration reports and uncertainties assigned to reference data taken from handbooks. Broadly speaking, the uncertainty is either obtained from an outdoor source or obtained from an assumed distribution, such as the normal distribution, rectangular or triangular distributions indicated in below Table.

Uncertainty Distributions	Normal	Rectangular	Triangular	U-Shape
Multi-plying Factor	$1/k(b)$	$1/\sqrt{3}$	$1/\sqrt{6}$	$1/\sqrt{2}$

Standard Uncertainty for Assumed Distribution

The combined standard uncertainty of the measurement result represents the estimated standard deviation of the result. It is obtained by combining the individual standard uncertainties of both Type A and Type B evaluation using the usual "root-sum-squares" (RSS) methods of combining standard deviations by taking the positive square root of the estimated variances.

Expanded uncertainty is a measure of uncertainty that defines an interval about the measurement result within which the measured value is confidently believed to lie. It is obtained by multiplying the combined standard uncertainty by a coverage factor. Typically, the coverage factor ranges from 2 to 3. Using a coverage factor allows the true value of a measured quantity to be specified with a defined probability within the specified uncertainty range. For purpose of this document, a coverage factor two is used, which corresponds to confidence interval of about 95 %. The DASY uncertainty Budget is shown in the following tables.

Uncertainty Component	Section	Uncert. Value	Prob. Dist.	Div.	(C _i) (1 g)	(C _i) (10 g)	Std. Unc. (1 g)	Std. Unc. (10 g)	V _i
Measurement System									
Probe Calibration	E.2.1	±7.4%	N	1	1	1	±7.4%	±7.4%	∞
Axial Isotropy	E.2.2	±1.2%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±0.49%	±0.49%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	E.2.2	±0.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.7	±0.36%	±0.36%	∞
Boundary Effects	E.2.3	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.58%	±0.58%	∞
Linearity	E.2.4	±0.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.52%	±0.52%	∞
System Detection Limits	E.2.5	±0.25%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.14%	±0.14%	∞
Readout Electronics	E.2.6	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	E.2.7	±0.8%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.46%	±0.46%	∞
Integration Time	E.2.8	±2.6%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	E.6.1	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.73%	±1.73%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	E.6.1	±3.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.73%	±1.73%	∞
Probe positioner mechanical tolerances	E.6.2	±0.4%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.23%	±0.23%	∞
Probe positioning tolerance with respect to the phantom shell surface	E.6.3	±2.9%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±1.68%	±1.68%	∞
Interpolation, extrapolation, and integration algorithm For max. SAR Evaluation.	E.5	±1.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±0.58%	±0.58%	∞
Test Sample Related									
Device Positioning	E.4.2	±4.6%	N	1	1	1	±4.6%	±4.6%	M-1
Device Holder	E.4.1	±5.2%	N	1	1	1	±5.2%	±5.2%	M-1
Power Drift	6.6.2	±5.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.89%	±2.89%	∞
Phantom and Setup									
Phantom Uncertainty	E.3.1	±4.0%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	±2.31%	±2.31%	∞
Liquid conductivity (measured value)	E.3.3	±3.33%	N	1	0.78	0.71	±2.6%	±2.6%	M
Liquid dielectric constant (measured value)	E.3.3	±3.25%	N	1	0.23	0.26	±0.75%	±0.85%	M
Liquid Conductivity - Temperature Uncertainty	E.3.4	±1.3%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.78	0.71	±0.59%	±0.53%	∞
Liquid Dielectric Constant - Temperature Uncertainty	E.3.4	±1.1%	R	$\sqrt{3}$	0.23	0.26	±0.15%	±0.17%	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty (RSS)							±11.56%	±11.50%	
Expanded Uncertainty (95% Confidence Level, k = 2)							±23.11%	±23.0%	

Uncertainty Budget for frequency range 300 MHz to 3 GHz according to IEEE1528-2013

15.9 Measurement Conclusion

The SAR evaluation indicates that the EUT complies with the RF radiation exposure limits of the FCC and Industry Canada, with respect to all parameters subject to this test. These measurements were taken to simulate the RF effects of RF exposure under worst-case conditions. Precise laboratory measures were taken to assure repeatability of the tests. The results and statements relate only to the item(s) tested. Please note that the absorption and distribution of electromagnetic energy in the body are very complex phenomena that depend on the mass, shape, and size of the body, the orientation of the body with respect to the field vectors, and the electrical properties of both the body and the environment. Other variables that may play a substantial role in possible biological effects are those that characterize the environment (e.g. ambient temperature, air velocity, relative humidity, and body insulation) and those that characterize the individual (e.g. age, gender, activity level, debilitation, or disease). Because various factors may interact with one another to vary the specific biological outcome of an exposure to electromagnetic fields, any protection guide should consider maximal amplification of biological effects as a result of field-body interactions, environmental conditions, and physiological variables.

16 Reference

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- [8]. FCC KDB 941225 D01 v03r01, “3G SAR MEASUREMENT PROCEDURES”, October 2015
- [9]. FCC KDB 941225 D05 v02r05, “SAR EVALUATION CONSIDERATIONS FOR LTE DEVICES”, Dec 2015
- [10]. FCC KDB 941225 D03 v01, “Recommended SAR Test Reduction Procedures for GSM / GPRS / EDGE”, December 2008
- [11]. FCC KDB 941225 D06 v02r01, “SAR EVALUATION PROCEDURES FOR PORTABLE DEVICES WITH WIRELESS ROUTER CAPABILITIES”, October 2015
- [12]. FCC KDB 865664 D01 v01r04, “SAR MEASUREMENT REQUIREMENTS FOR 100 MHz TO 6 GHz”, August 2015

Appendix A: Plots of SAR System Check

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2019 08:04:28

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz; Type: D750V3; Serial: SN:1118

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 750 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 750 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.856 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.683$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3924; ConvF(10.07, 10.07, 10.07); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**System Performance Check at Frequency 750 MHz Head Tissue/ $d=15\text{mm}$,
Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 31.18 V/m; Power Drift = -0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.992 W/kg

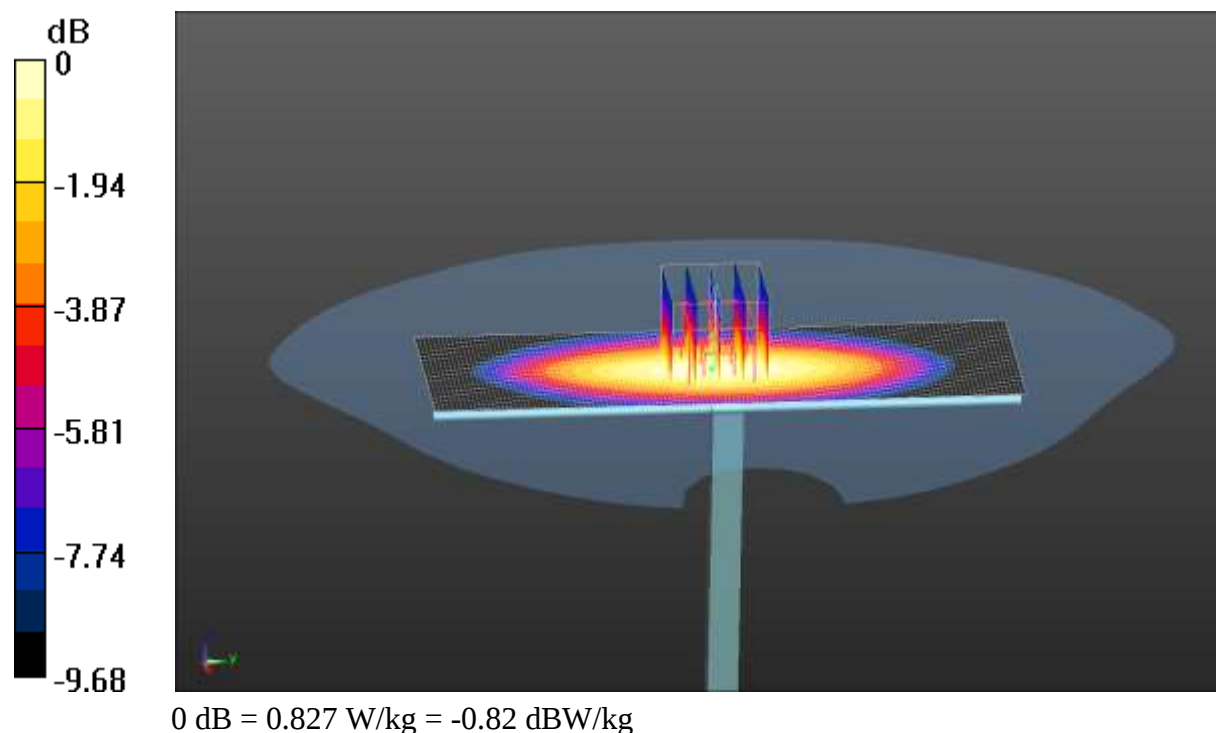
SAR(1 g) = 0.684 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.446 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.862 W/kg

**System Performance Check at Frequency 750 MHz Head Tissue/ $d=15\text{mm}$,
Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x131x1):** Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.827 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 08:18:44

DUT: Dipole 835 MHz; Type: D835V2; Serial: SN:4d154

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 835 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 835 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.918 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.582$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 835 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x131x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.05 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 835 MHz Head Tissue/d=15mm, Pin=80 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

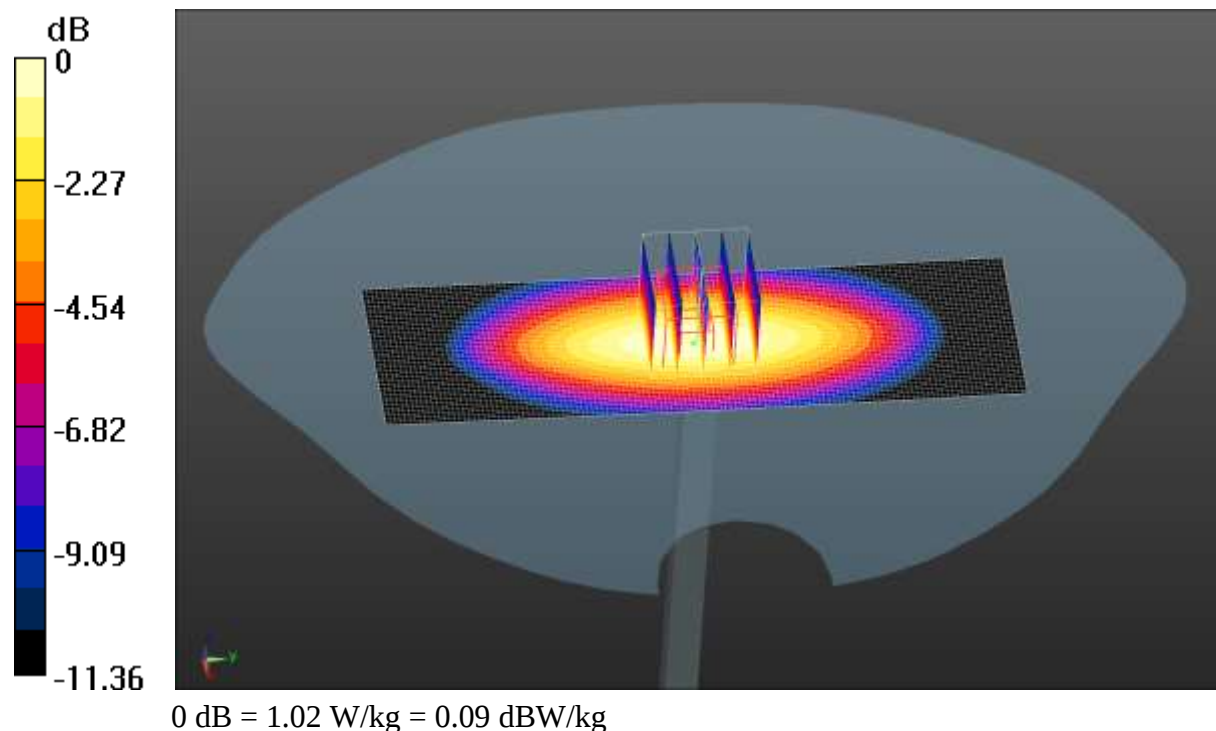
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 32.04 V/m; Power Drift = -0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.14 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.754 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.497 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.02 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 08:12:38

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz; Type: SID1800; Serial: SN: 09/15 DIP IG800-360

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1800 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1800 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.409 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 40.351$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

**System Performance Check at Frequency 1800MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm,
 Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:**

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 39.86 V/m; Power Drift = 0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.25 W/kg

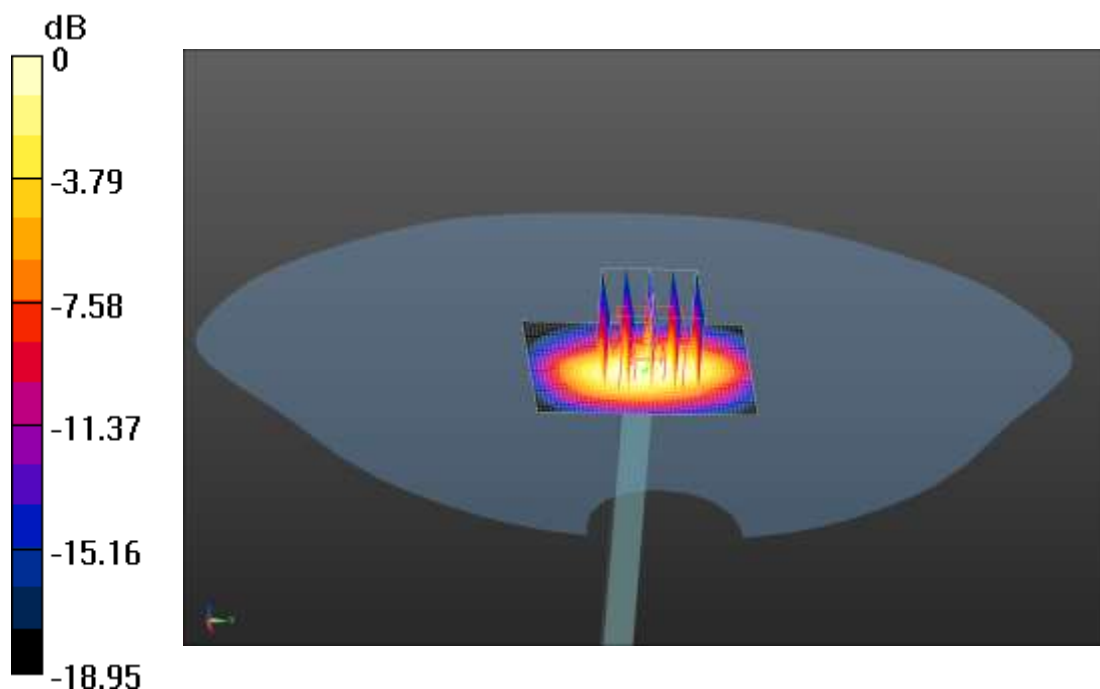
SAR(1 g) = 1.57 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.795 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.54 W/kg

**System Performance Check at Frequency 1800MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm,
 Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x51x1):** Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.38 W/kg



0 dB = 2.38 W/kg = 3.77 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 08:31:59

DUT: Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: D1900V2; Serial: 5d175

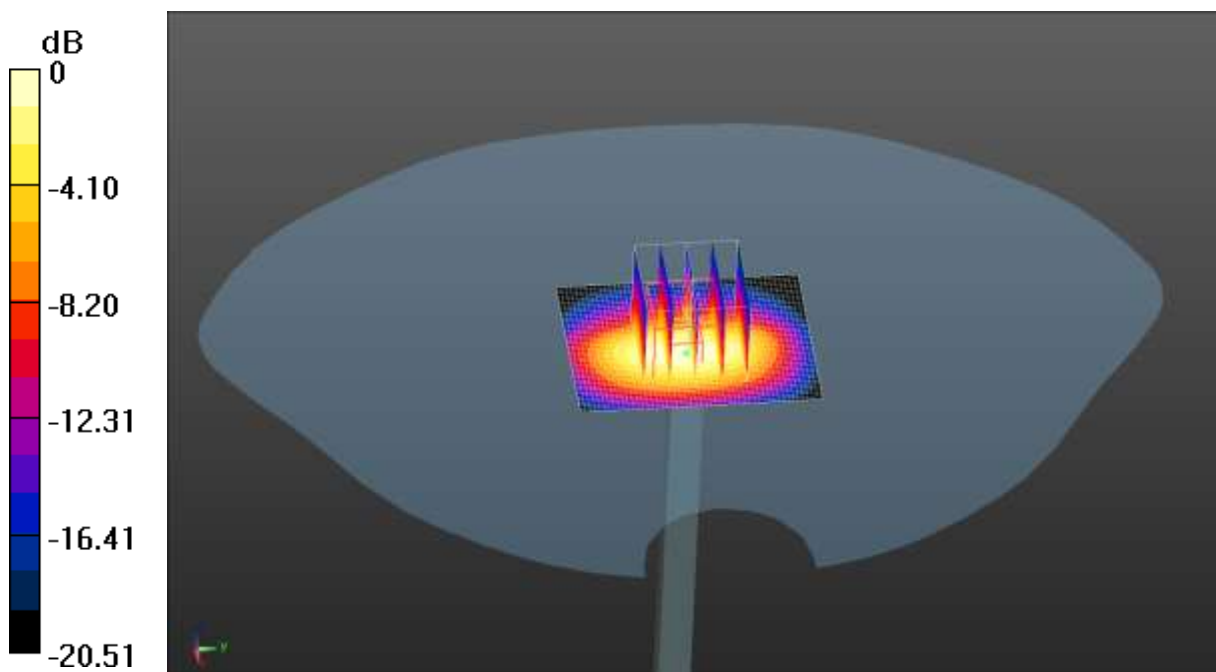
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
 Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.423$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.216$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
 Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 1900MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm
 Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 2.58 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 1900MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (5x5x7)/Cube 0:
 Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm
 Reference Value = 40.36 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB
 Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 3.36 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 1.61 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.831 W/kg
 Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 2.42 W/kg



0 dB = 2.42 W/kg = 3.84 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 08:15:22

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: SN: 910

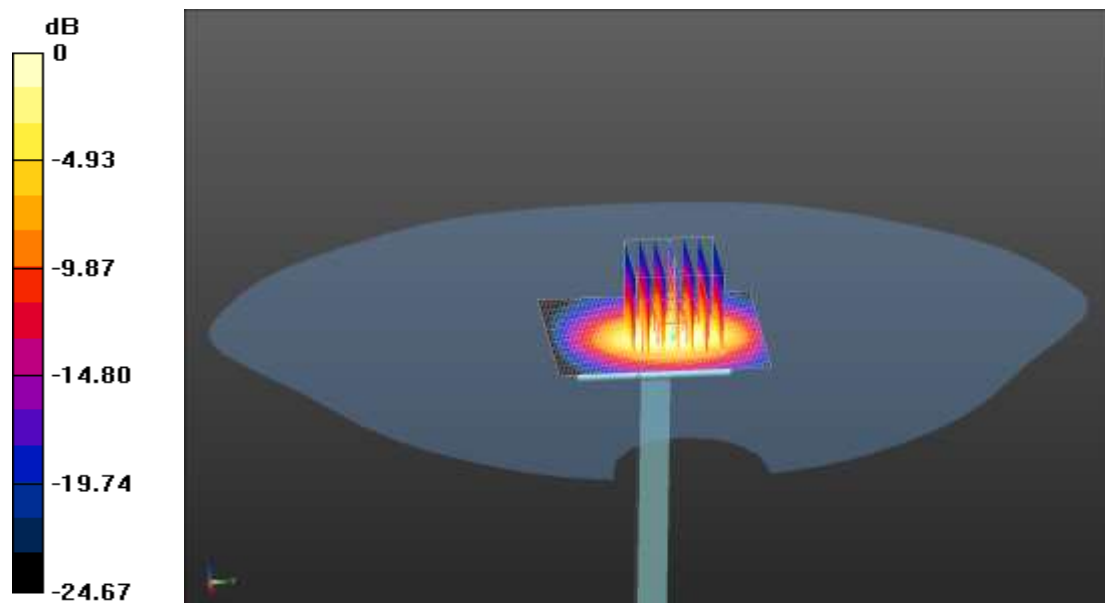
Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.815$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.981$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 2450MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.54 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 2450MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:
Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm
Reference Value = 39.42 V/m; Power Drift = -0.02 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.30 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 2.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.986 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.35 W/kg



0 dB = 3.35 W/kg = 5.25 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 08:07:05

DUT: Dipole 2600 MHz; Type: D2600V2; Serial: SN:1114

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2600 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1
Medium parameters used: $f = 2600$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.971$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.712$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 – SN3924; ConvF(7.3, 7.3, 7.3); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

System Performance Check at Frequency 2600MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan(7X7X7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 43.02 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.98 W/kg

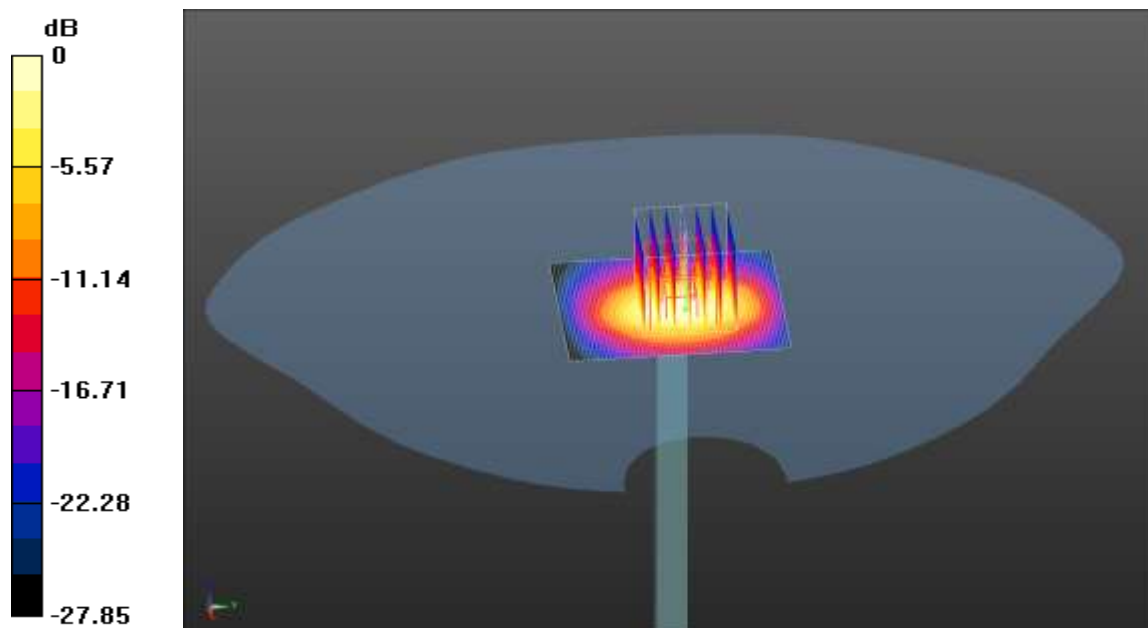
SAR(1 g) = 2.31 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.984 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.03 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequency 2600MHz Head Tissue/d=10mm, Pin=40 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.34 W/kg



0 dB = 4.34 W/kg = 6.37 dBW/kg

Appendix B: Plots of SAR Test Data

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 10:11:04

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: $f = 825 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.908 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.708$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

GSM 850 Left Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0855 W/kg

GSM 850 Left Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

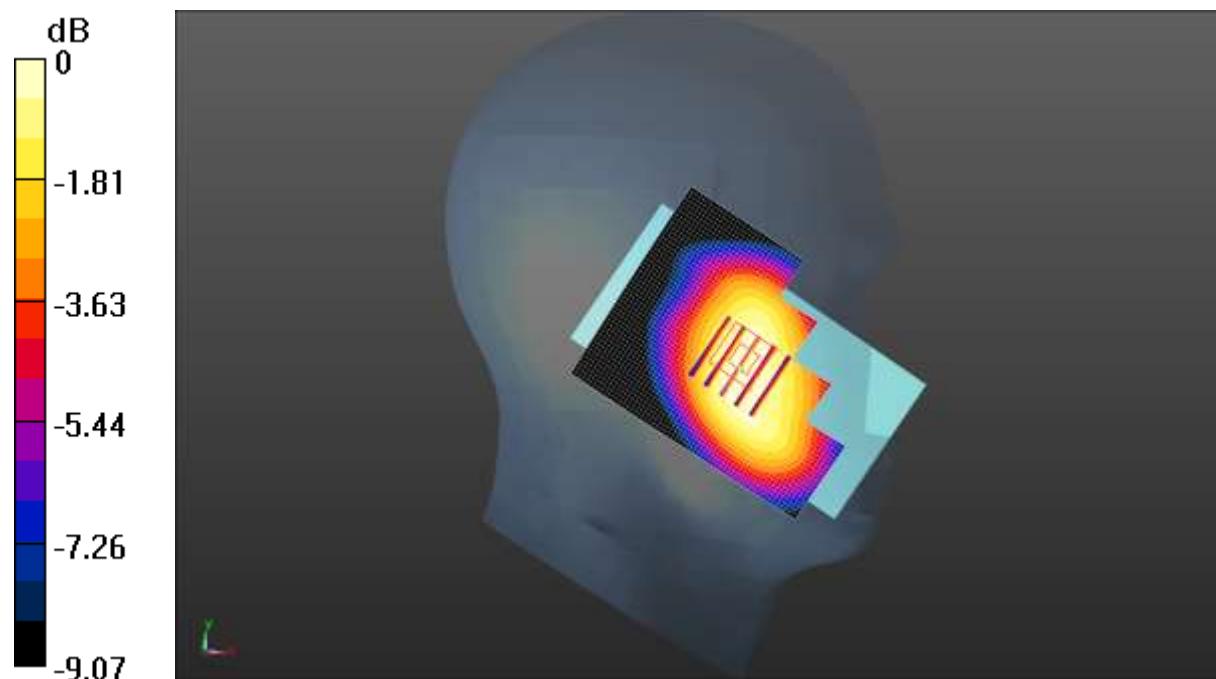
grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.173 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0930 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.071 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0844 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0844 W/kg = -10.74 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 08:34:12

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

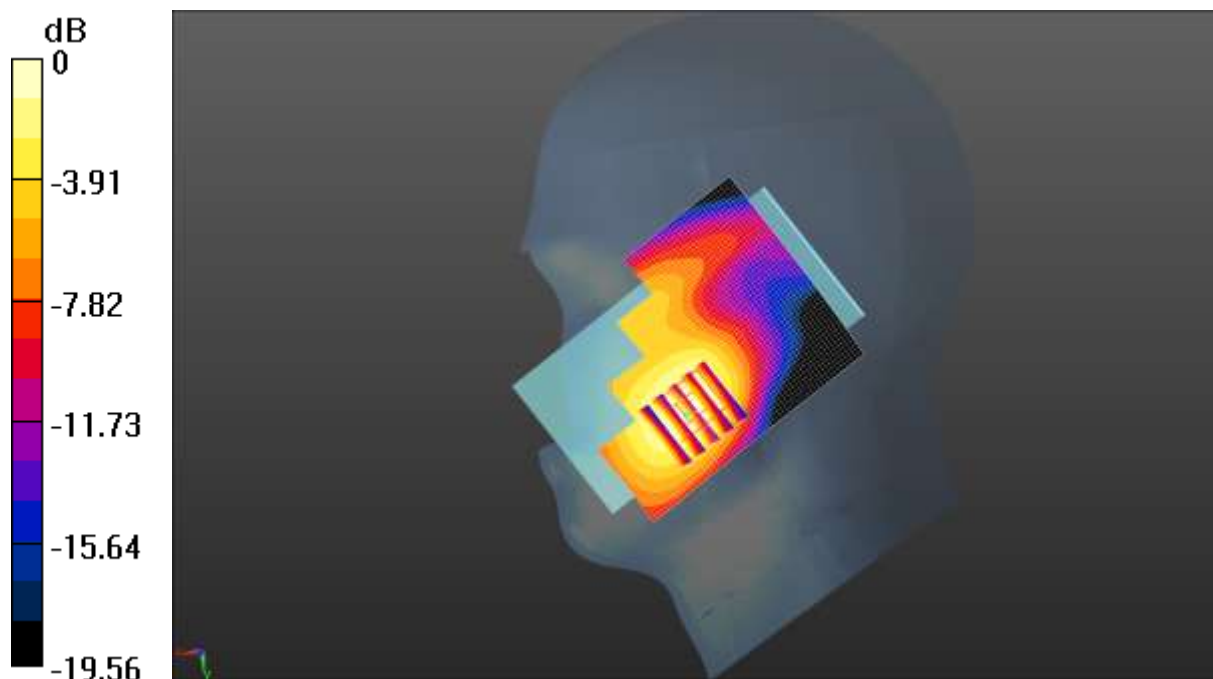
Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.417 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.774$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

GSM 1900 Right Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:
 $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.170 W/kg

GSM 1900 Right Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement
grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$
Reference Value = 2.025 V/m; Power Drift = 0.19 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.209 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 0.129 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.076 W/kg
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.178 W/kg



0 dB = 0.178 W/kg = -7.50 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 10:58:02

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.94$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.107$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/High Channel/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid:
dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.125 W/kg

WCDMA 850 Left Cheek/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

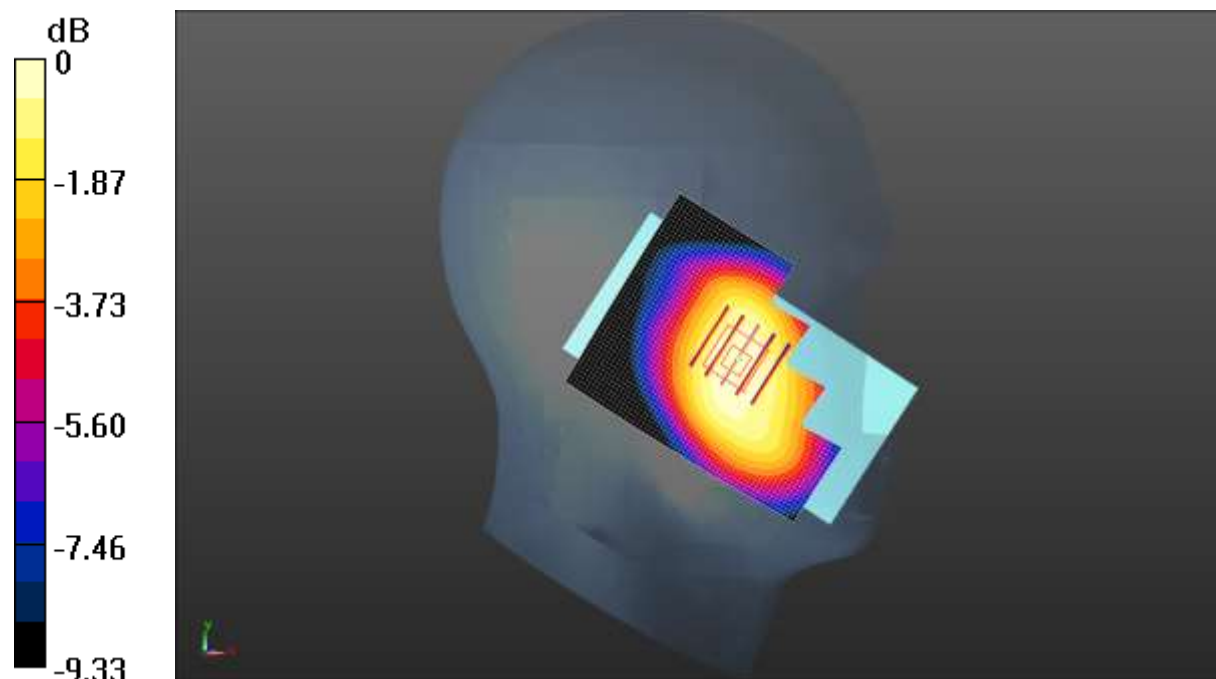
Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.409 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.132 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.103 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.078 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.122 W/kg



0 dB = 0.122 W/kg = -9.14 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 12:16:20

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.351$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.102$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 1700 Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.987 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.232 W/kg

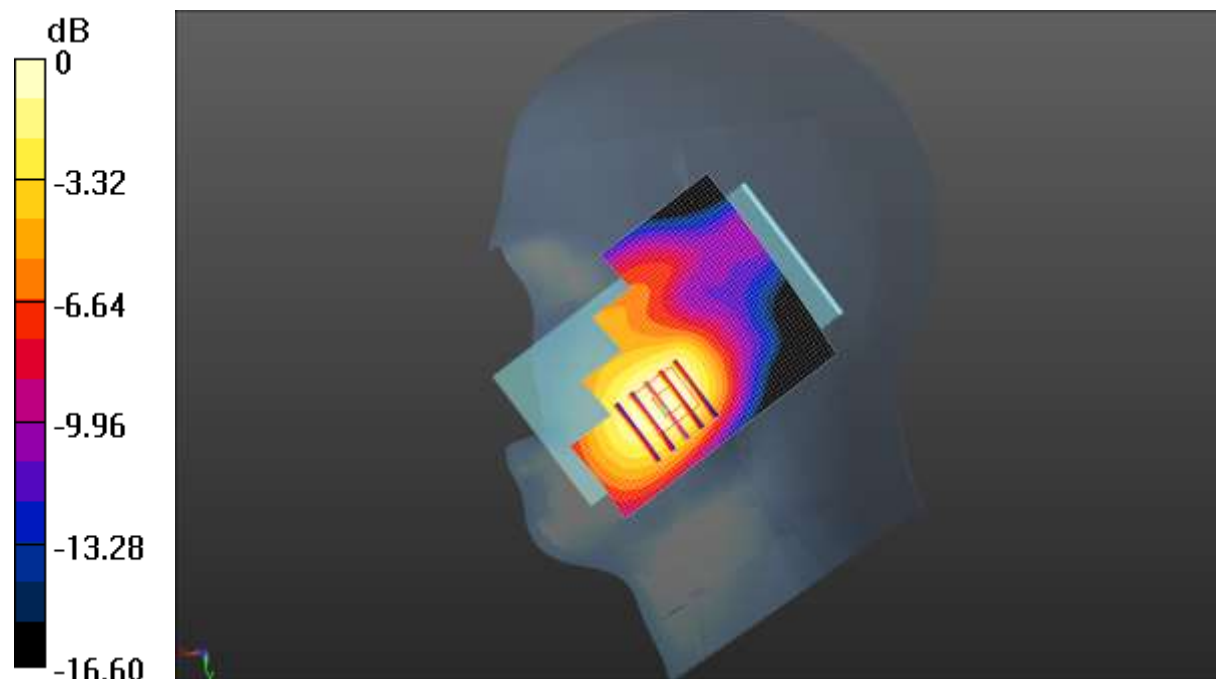
SAR(1 g) = 0.149 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.092 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.199 W/kg

WCDMA 1700 Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.192 W/kg



0 dB = 0.192 W/kg = -7.17 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 11:24:25

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.433$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.084$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.762 V/m; Power Drift = -0.19 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.252 W/kg

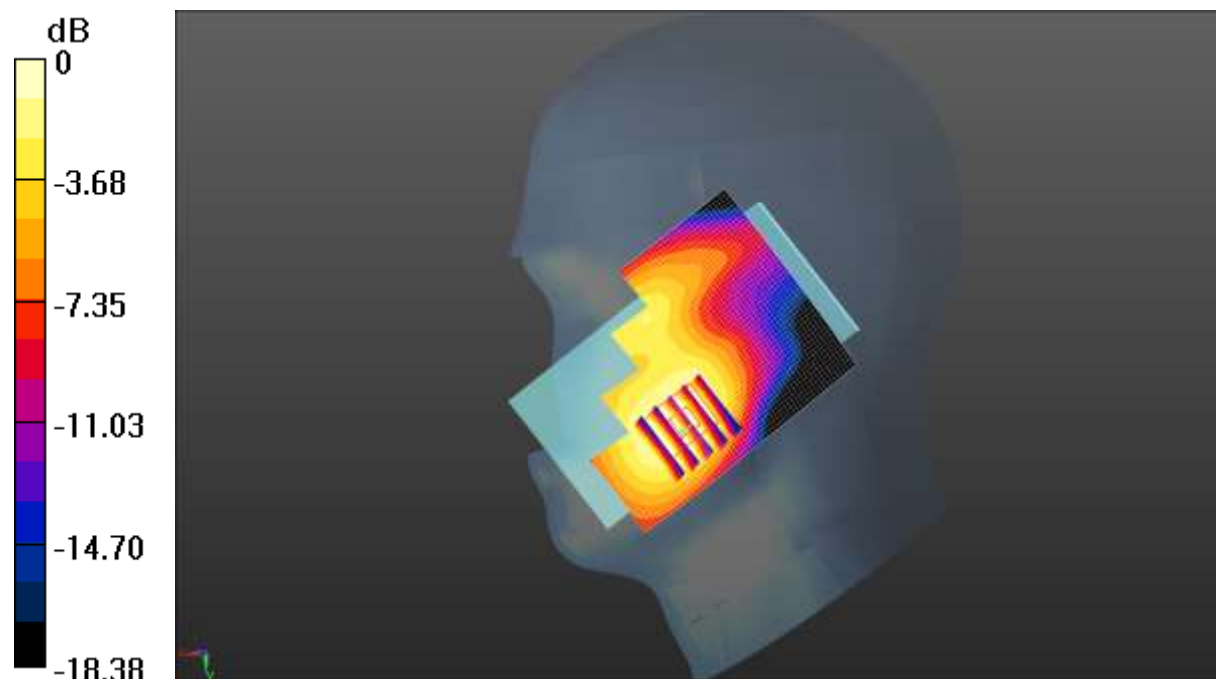
SAR(1 g) = 0.153 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.208 W/kg

WCDMA 1900 Right Cheek/High Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.202 W/kg



0 dB = 0.202 W/kg = -6.95 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 19:49:17

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.419$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.581$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Right Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.313 W/kg

LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Right Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

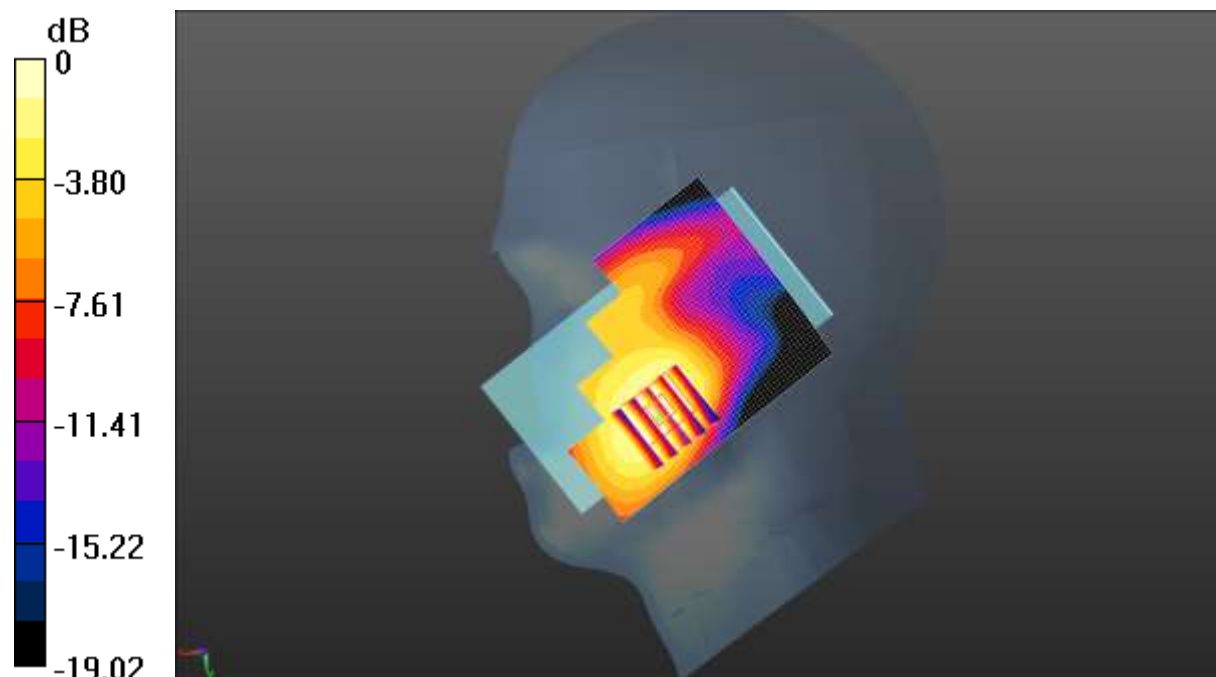
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.521 V/m; Power Drift = 0.21 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.358 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.225 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.136 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.302 W/kg



0 dB = 0.302 W/kg = -5.20 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 21:41:56

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.351$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.102$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.536 V/m; Power Drift = 0.37 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.270 W/kg

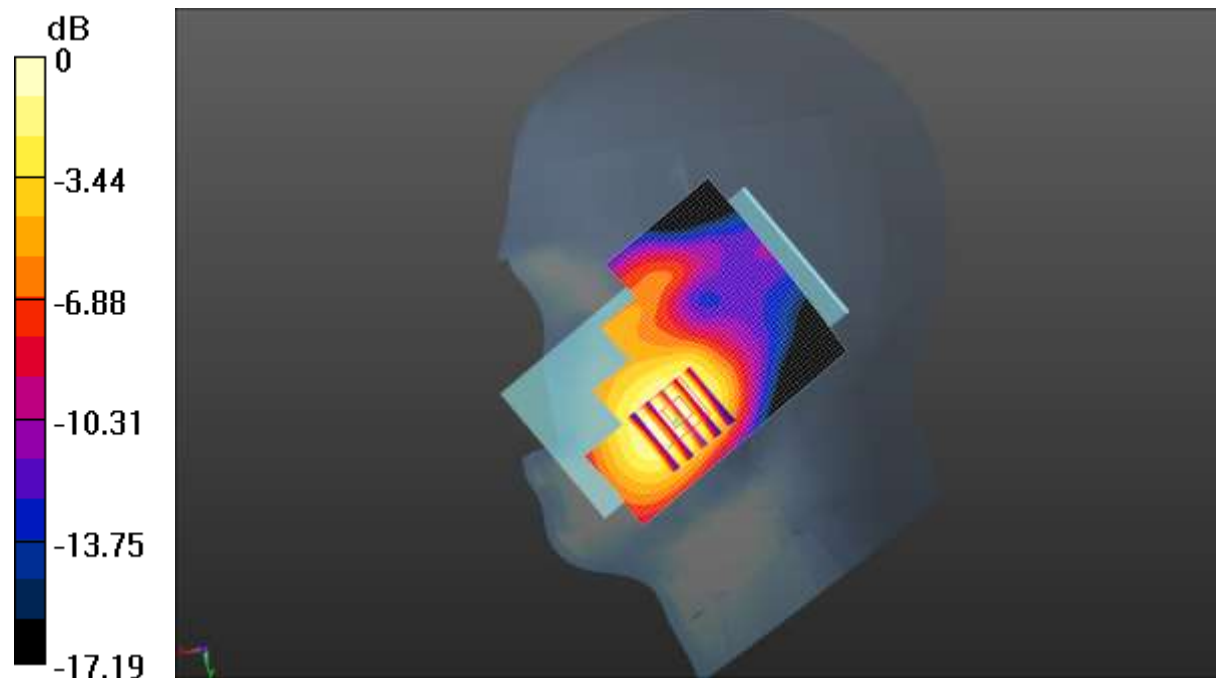
SAR(1 g) = 0.176 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.110 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.228 W/kg

LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.240 W/kg



0 dB = 0.240 W/kg = -6.20 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 09:36:41

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.847$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.218$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 7 1RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 4.111 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.639 W/kg

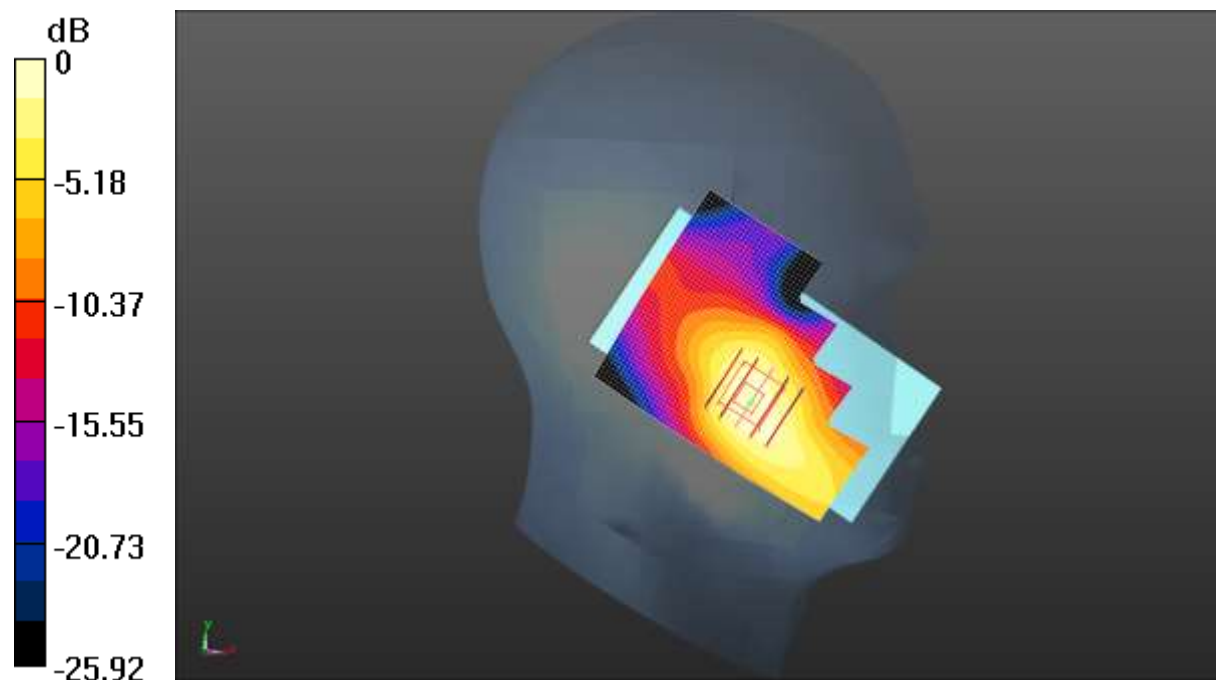
SAR(1 g) = 0.335 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.172 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.503 W/kg

LTE Band 7 1RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.509 W/kg



0 dB = 0.509 W/kg = -2.93 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 13:13:53

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 829$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.708$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 5 1RB(10MHz) Left Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.118 W/kg

LTE Band 5 1RB(10MHz) Left Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

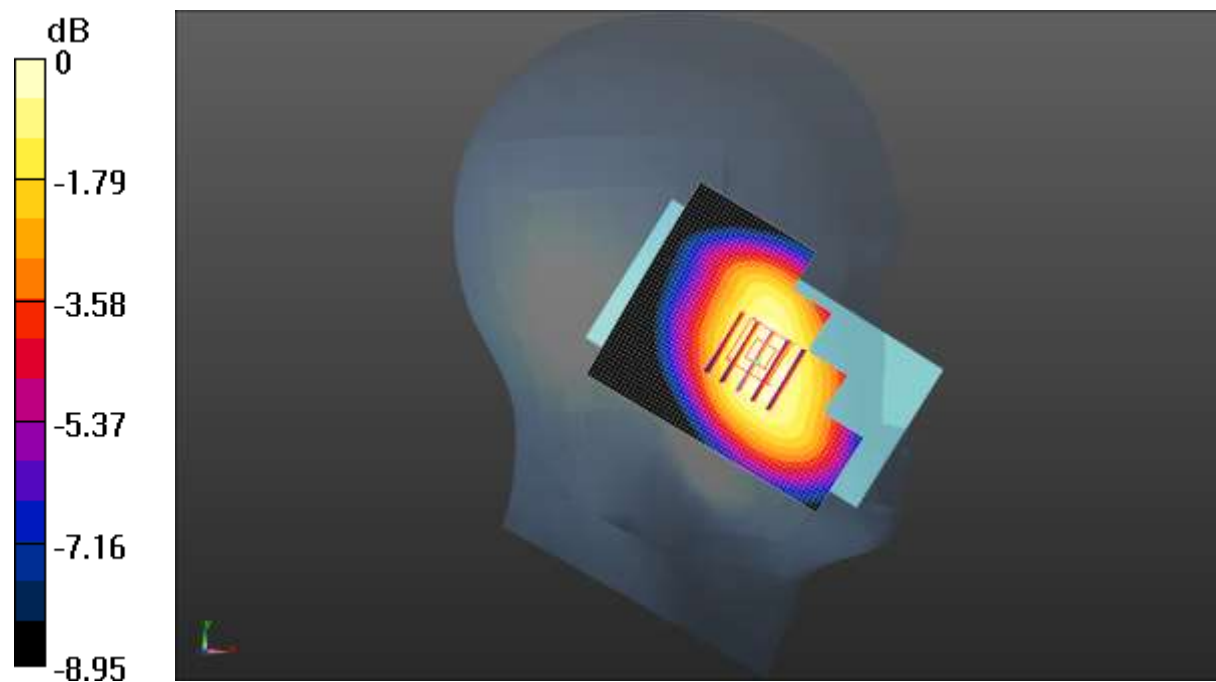
0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 3.189 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.129 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.098 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.075 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.118 W/kg



0 dB = 0.118 W/kg = -9.28 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 17:10:24

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 711 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.856 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.911$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(10.07, 10.07, 10.07); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 12 1RB(10MHz) Left Cheek/High Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0561 W/kg

LTE Band 12 1RB(10MHz) Left Cheek/High Channel/Zoom Scan

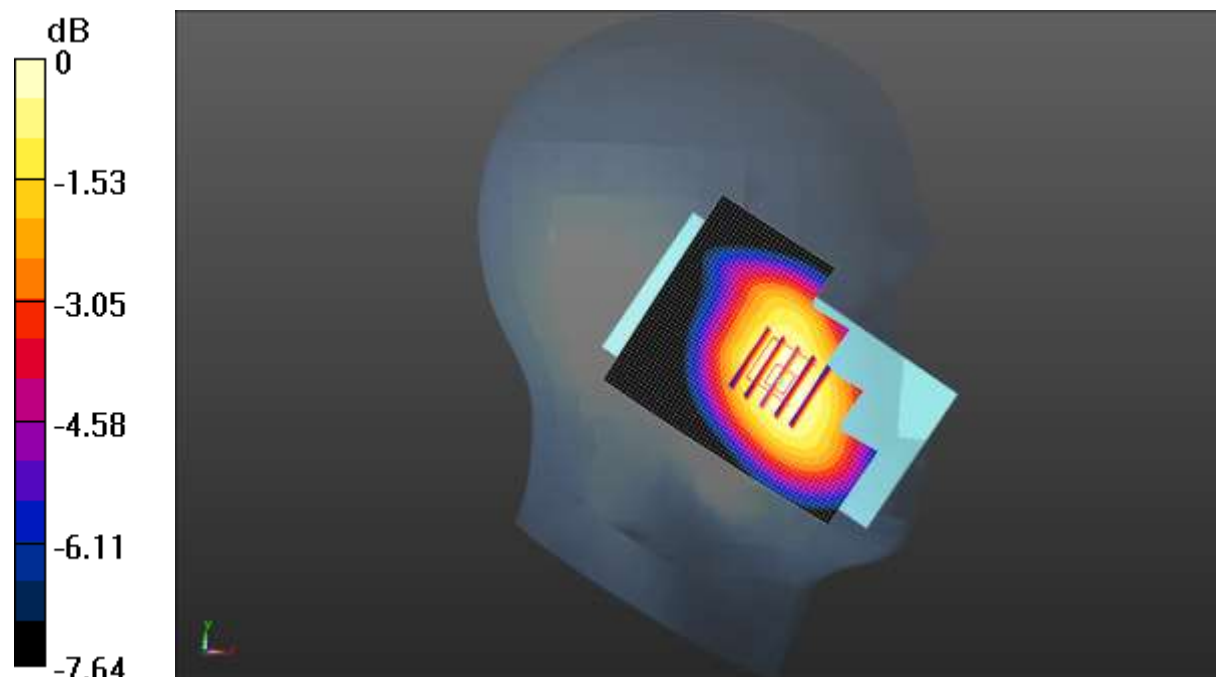
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 2.152 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0610 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.048 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0565 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0565 W/kg = -12.48 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 21:01:18

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.419$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.581$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Right Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.253 W/kg

LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Right Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

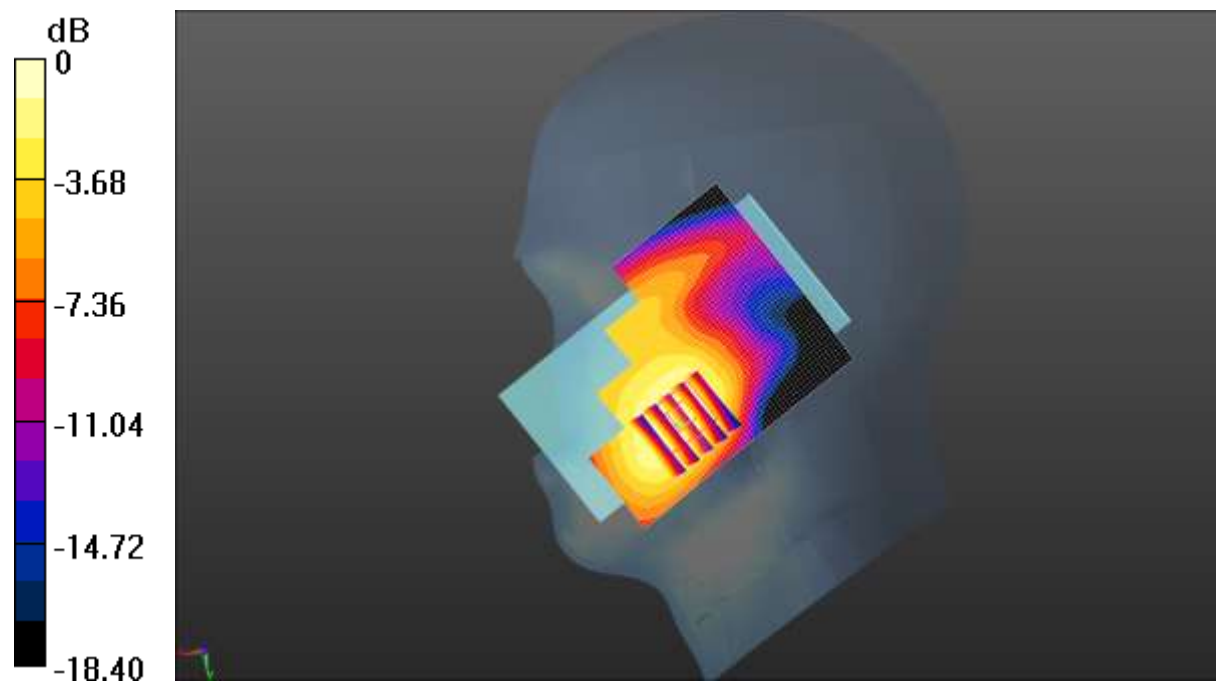
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 2.998 V/m; Power Drift = 0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.292 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.183 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.111 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.244 W/kg



0 dB = 0.244 W/kg = -6.13 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 22:43:50

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.351$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.102$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.113 V/m; Power Drift = 0.25 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.228 W/kg

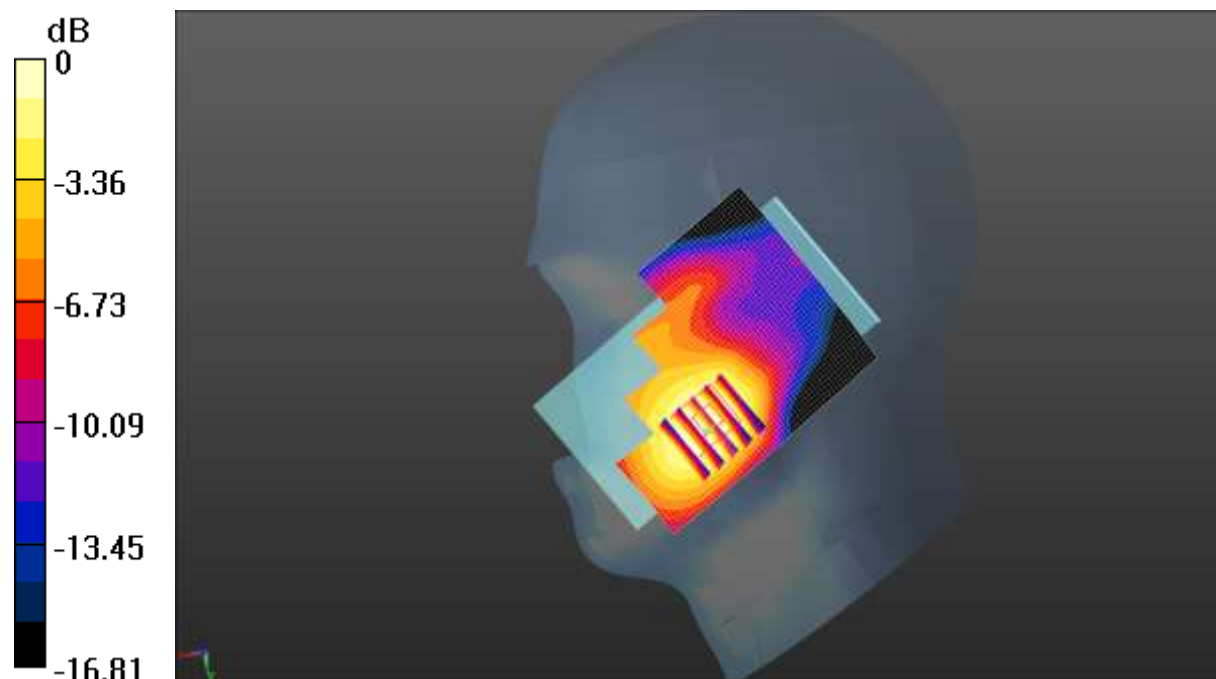
SAR(1 g) = 0.149 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.092 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.191 W/kg

LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Right Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(51x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.206 W/kg



0 dB = 0.206 W/kg = -6.86 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 10:52:43

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2510 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.847 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.218$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 7 50%RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 3.450 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.611 W/kg

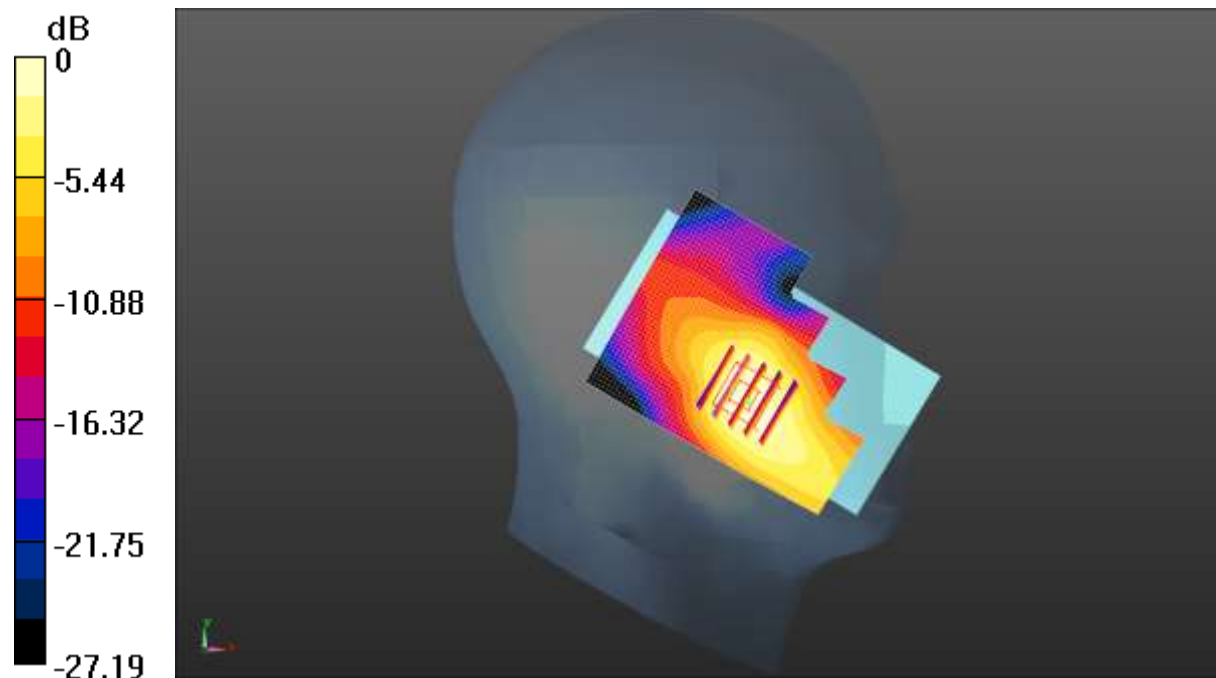
SAR(1 g) = 0.319 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.164 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.479 W/kg

LTE Band 7 50%RB(20MHz) Left Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.490 W/kg



0 dB = 0.490 W/kg = -3.10 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 13:57:14

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 10MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.931$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.515$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 5 50%RB(10MHz) Left Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(51x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.124 W/kg

LTE Band 5 50%RB(10MHz) Left Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

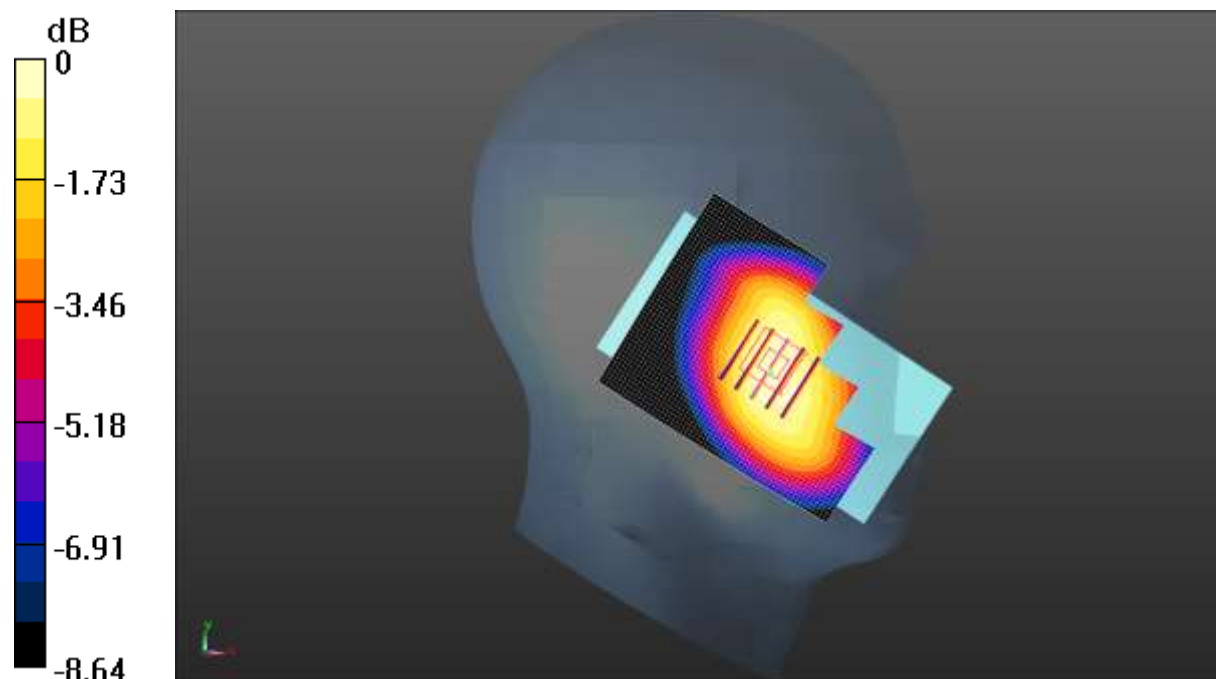
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.859 V/m; Power Drift = 0.22 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.135 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.104 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.079 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.125 W/kg



0 dB = 0.125 W/kg = -9.03 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 18:23:32

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 10MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.849$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.023$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Left Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(10.07, 10.07, 10.07); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 12 50%RB(10MHz) Left Cheek/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(51x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0576 W/kg

LTE Band 12 50%RB(10MHz) Left Cheek/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

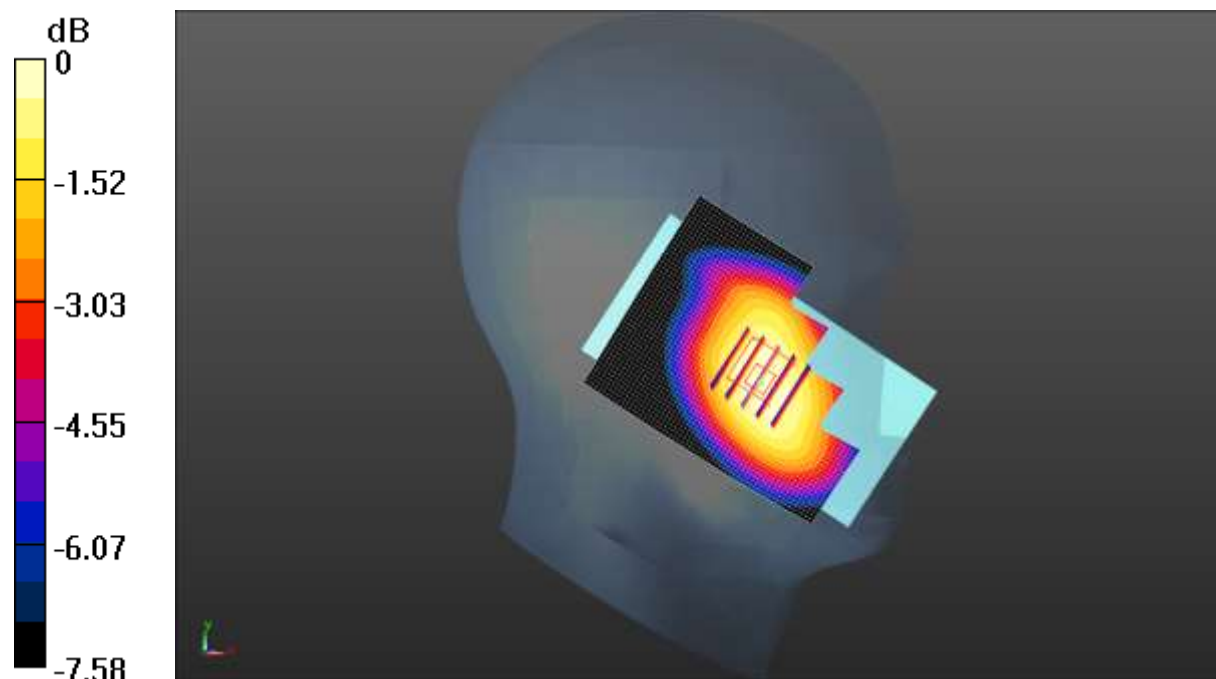
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 2.000 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0630 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.049 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.038 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0572 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0572 W/kg = -12.43 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 17:53:41

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) (0);

Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.787$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.103$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WIFI Right Cheek/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid:

$dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.377 V/m; Power Drift = 0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.27 W/kg

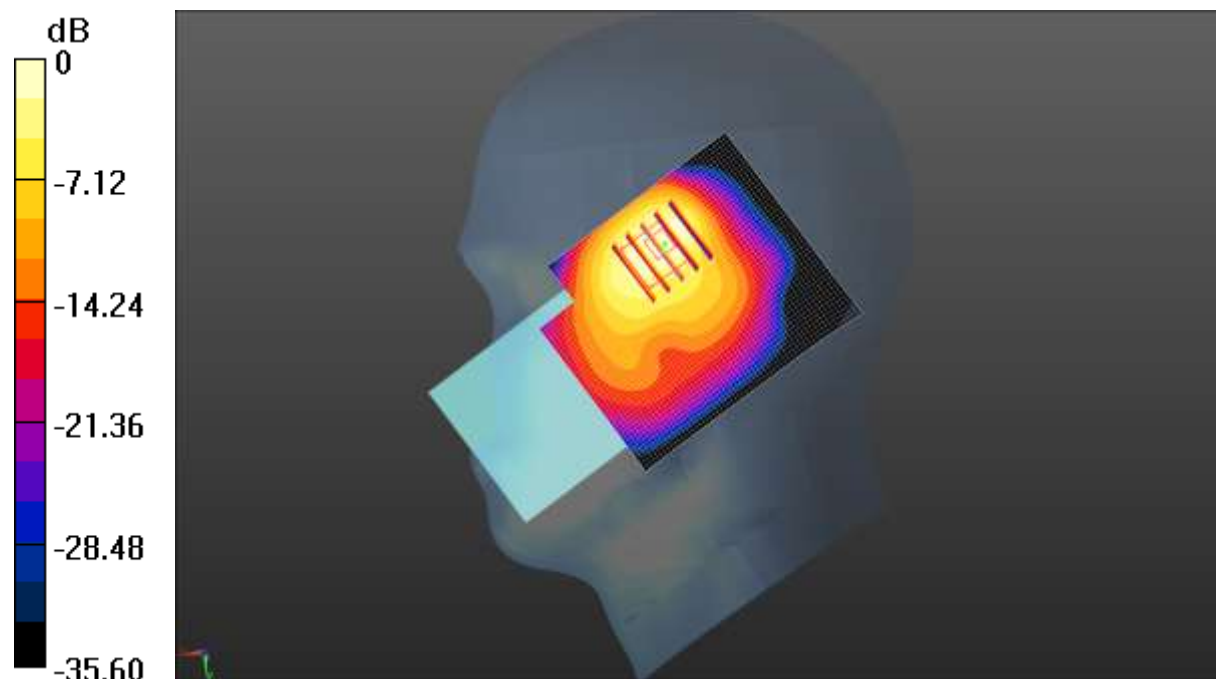
SAR(1 g) = 0.549 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.253 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.883 W/kg

WIFI Right Cheek/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x61x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$

mm, $dy=1.200$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.01 W/kg



0 dB = 1.01 W/kg = 0.04 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 08:41:58

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.708$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

GSM 850 Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 11.58 V/m; Power Drift = 0.05 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.132 W/kg

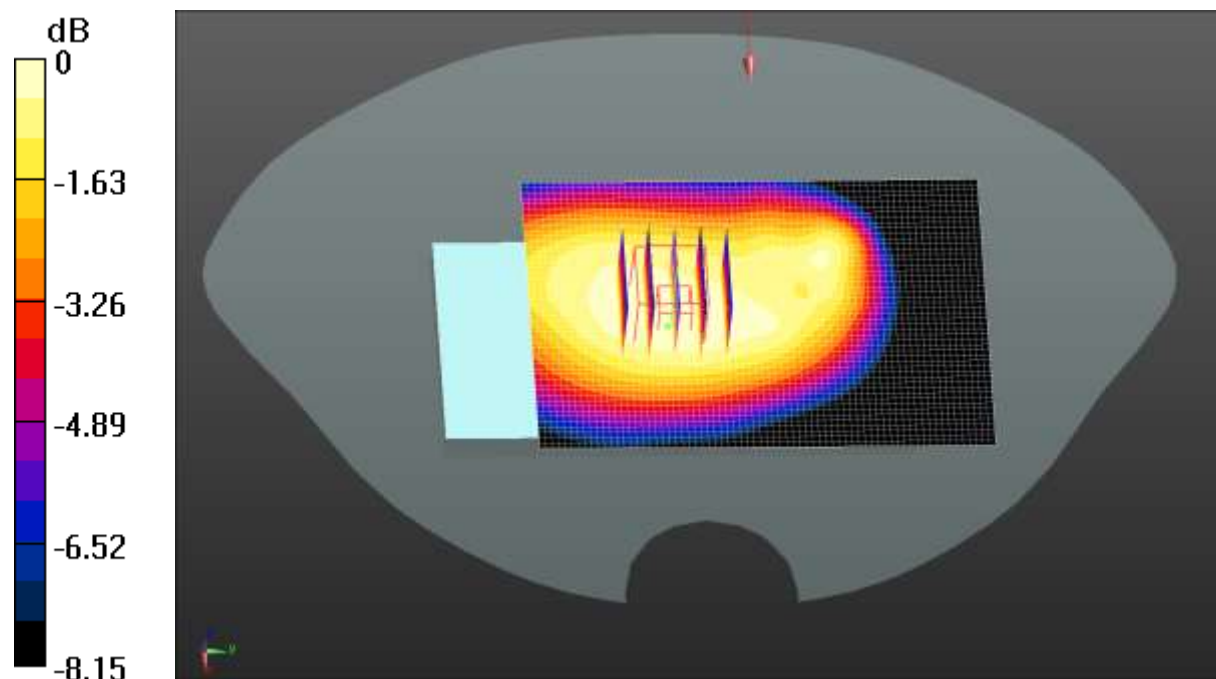
SAR(1 g) = 0.098 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.074 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.119 W/kg

GSM 850 Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.118 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 09:06:59

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, GSM (0); Frequency: 1850.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:8.30042
Medium parameters used: $f = 1850.2 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.417 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.774$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

GSM 1900 Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement

grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 11.63 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.839 W/kg

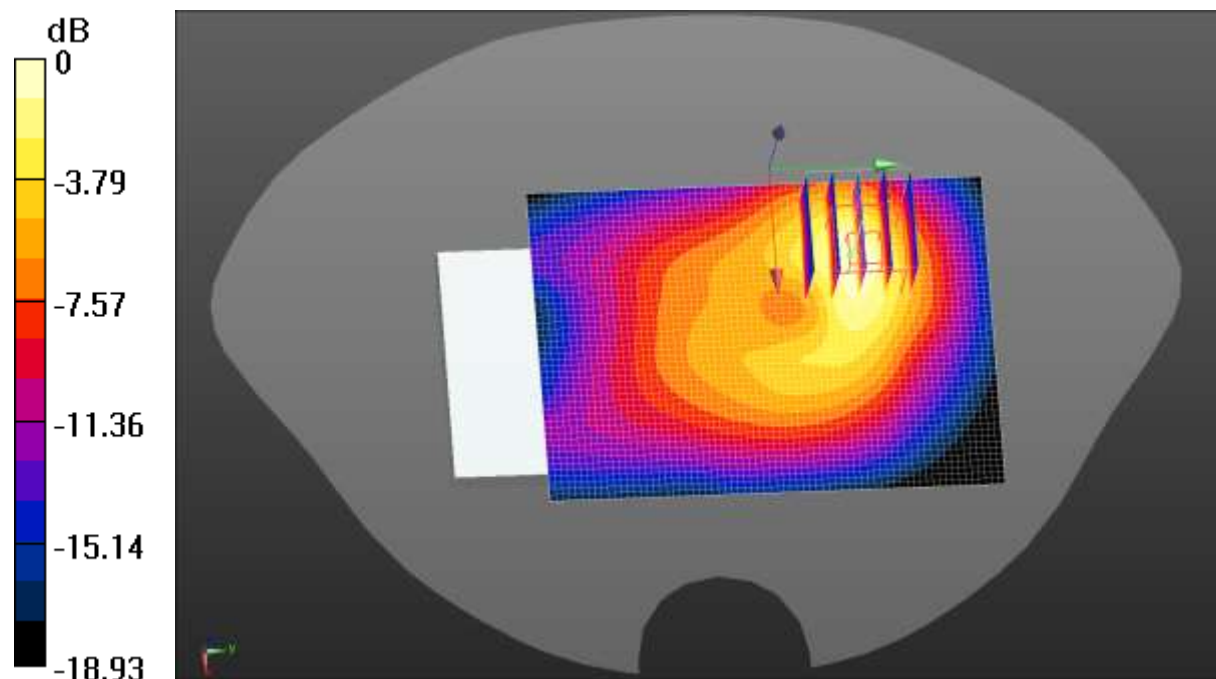
SAR(1 g) = 0.449 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.234 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.686 W/kg

GSM 1900 Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

$dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.701 W/kg



0 dB = 0.701 W/kg = -1.54 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 11:17:18

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 846.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 846.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.94$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.107$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 850 Body Back/High Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.142 W/kg

WCDMA 850 Body Back/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

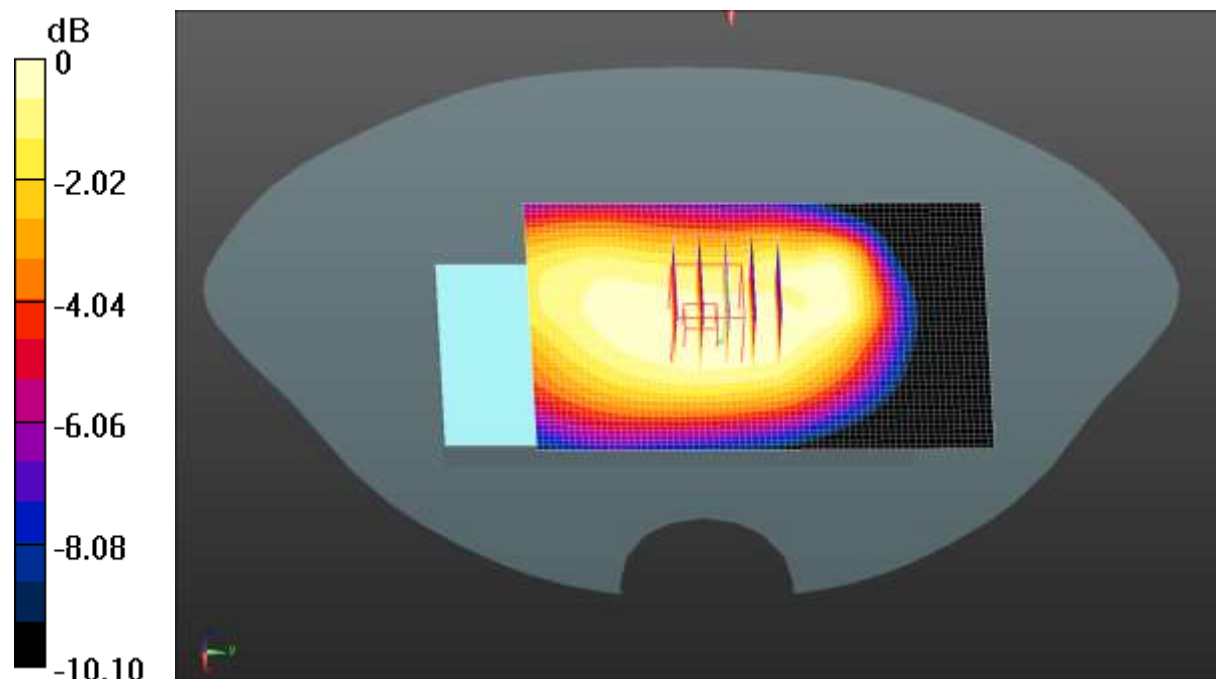
Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 12.60 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.156 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.115 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.086 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.140 W/kg



0 dB = 0.140 W/kg = -8.54 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 12:41:20

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.351$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.102$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 1700 Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.11 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.883 W/kg

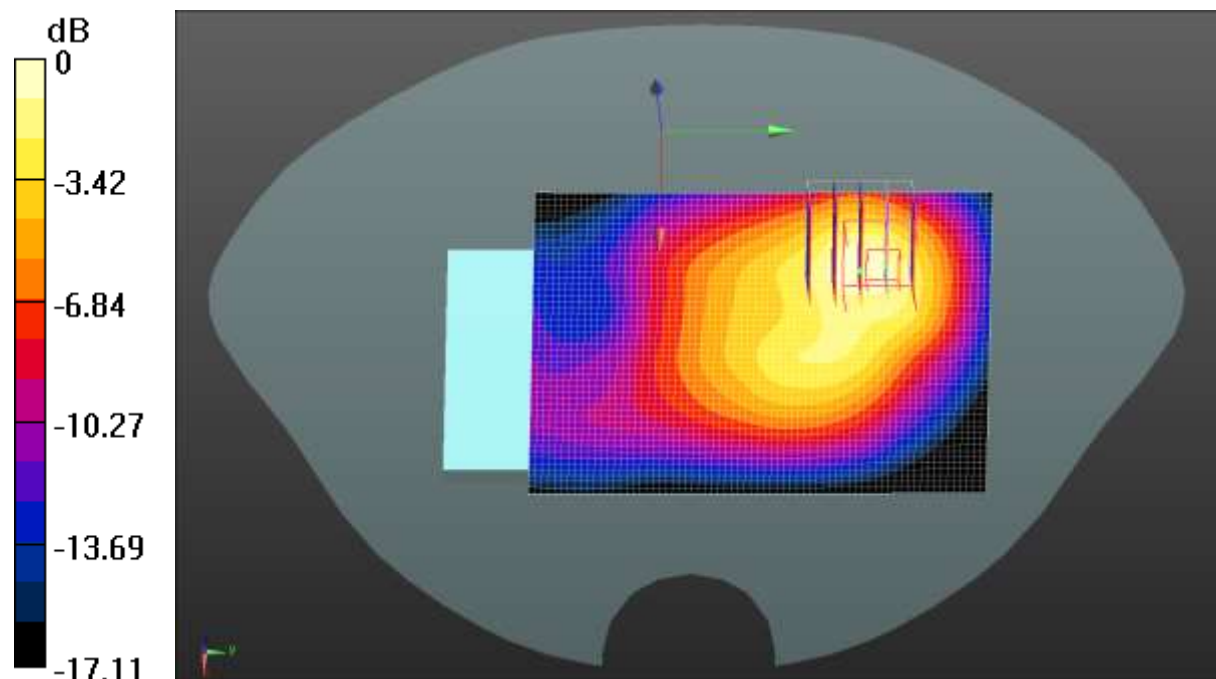
SAR(1 g) = 0.495 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.272 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.712 W/kg

WCDMA1700 Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.731 W/kg



0 dB = 0.731 W/kg = -1.36 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 10:55:21

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1907.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1907.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.433$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.084$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 1900 Body Back/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 14.03 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.22 W/kg

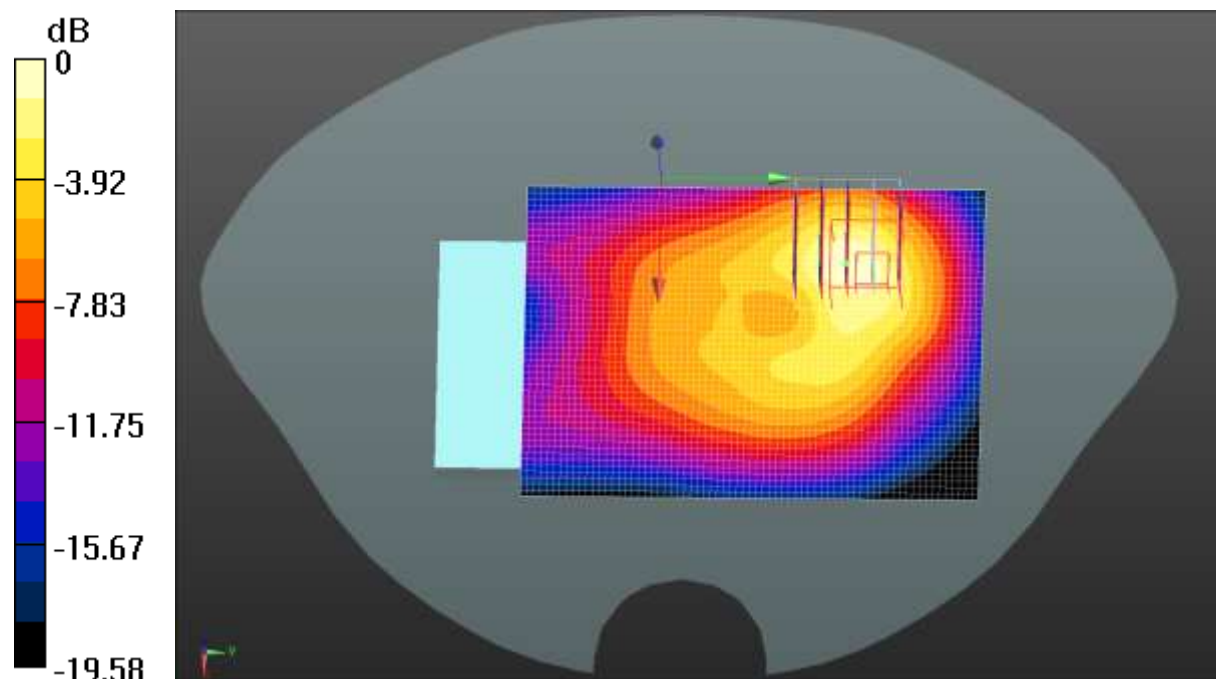
SAR(1 g) = 0.644 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.332 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.00 W/kg

WCDMA 1900 Body Back/High Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid:

dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.960 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 13:55:00

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1860 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.419 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.581$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 16.21 V/m; Power Drift = 0.04 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.00 W/kg

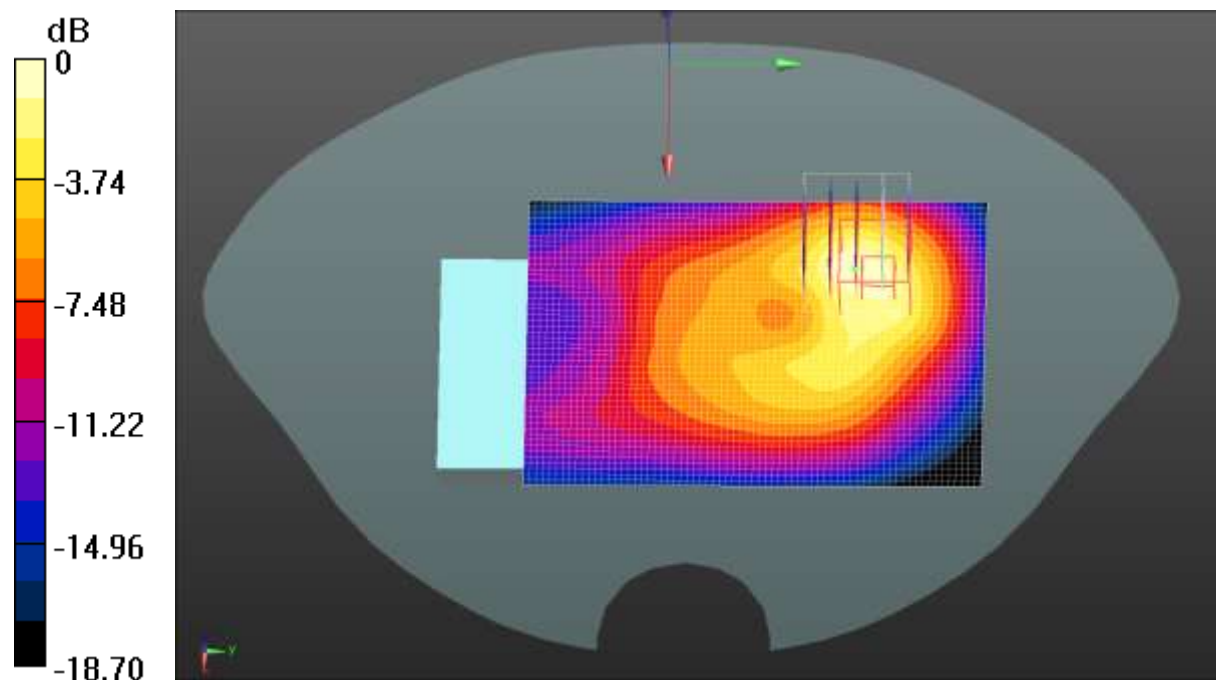
SAR(1 g) = 1.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.570 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.65 W/kg

LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.54 W/kg



0 dB = 1.54 W/kg = 1.88 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 23:22:45

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.351$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.102$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Body Front/Middle Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.24 W/kg

LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Body Front/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

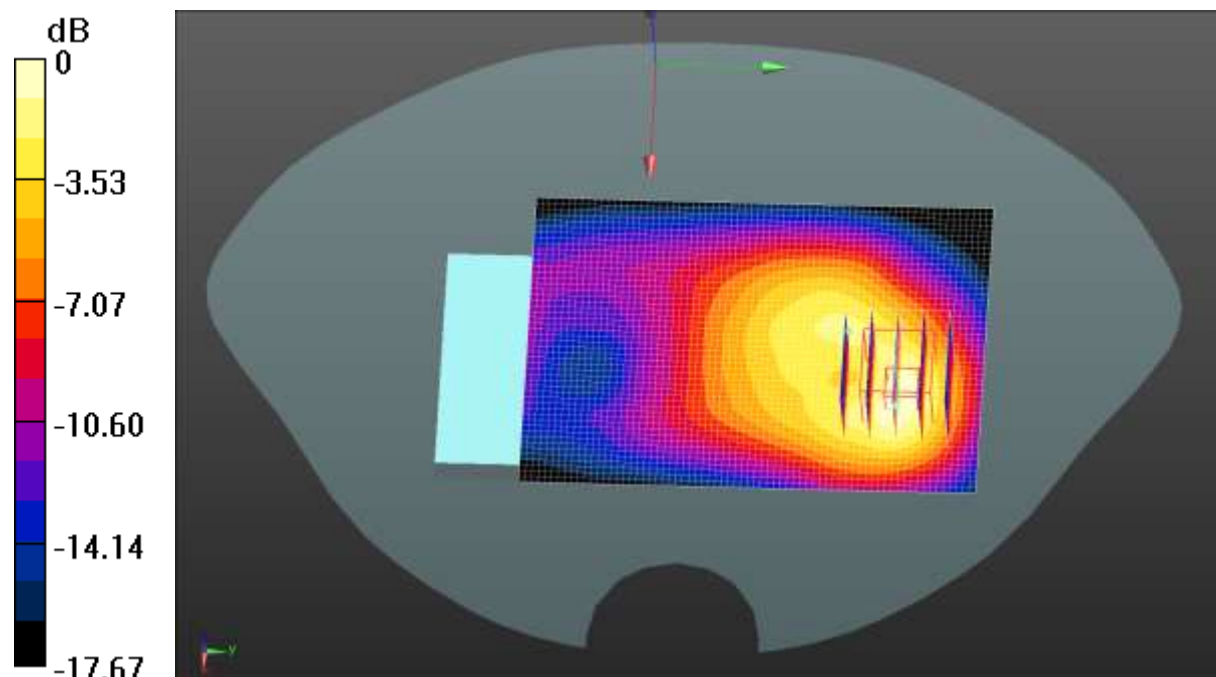
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.14 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.66 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.919 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.499 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.40 W/kg



0 dB = 1.40 W/kg = 1.46 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 11:44:00

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.847$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.218$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 7 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.78 W/kg

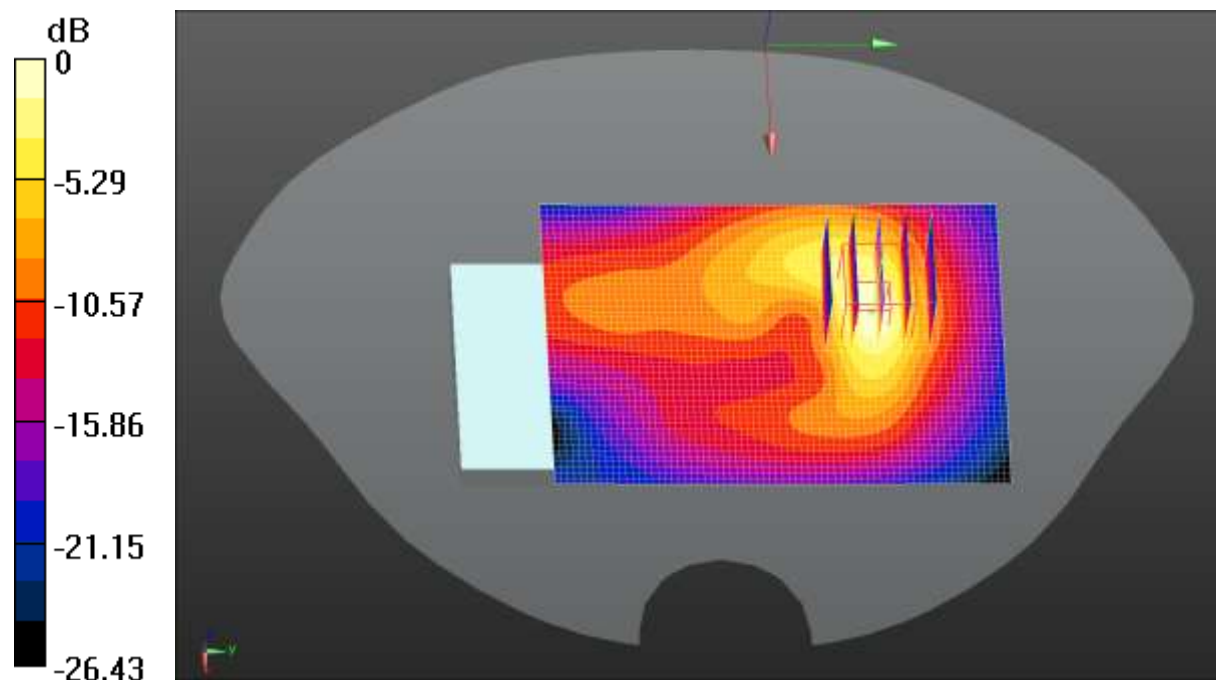
LTE Band 7 1RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 8.372 V/m; Power Drift = 0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.23 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.436 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.72 W/kg



0 dB = 1.72 W/kg = 2.36 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 14:36:58

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 829 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 829 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.908 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.708$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 5 1RB(10MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube

0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.47 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.172 W/kg

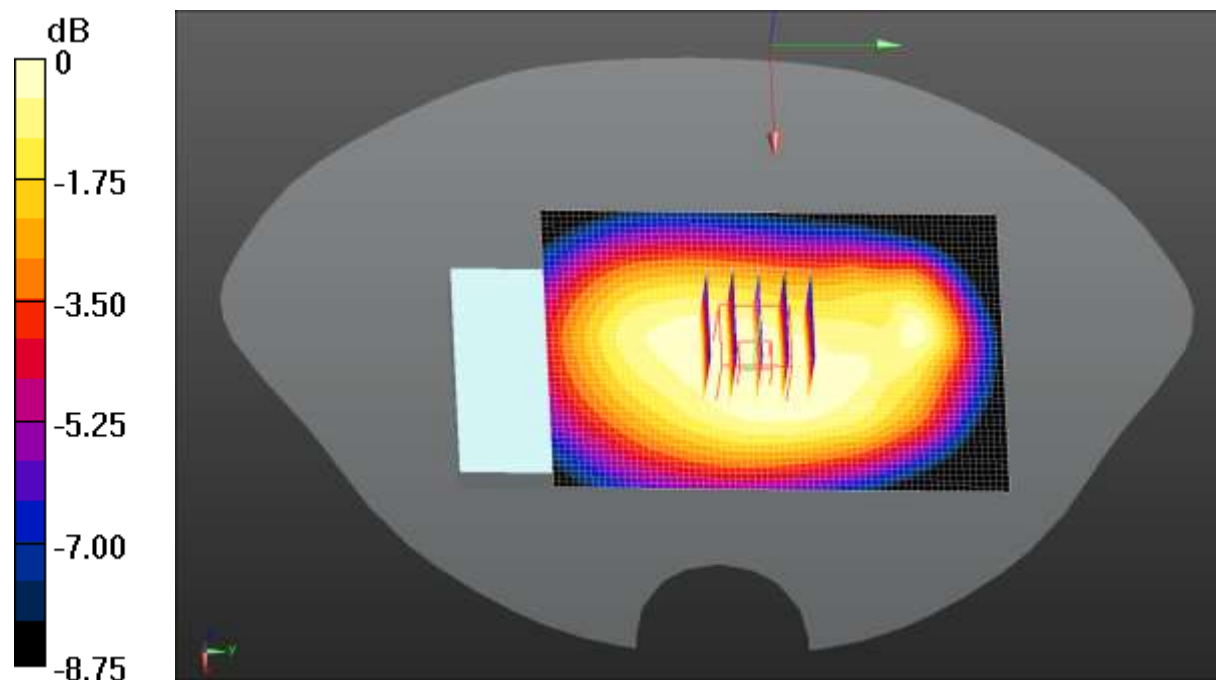
SAR(1 g) = 0.131 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.099 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.157 W/kg

LTE Band 5 1RB(10MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.158 W/kg



0 dB = 0.158 W/kg = -8.01 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 19:07:58

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 711 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 711 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 0.856 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 42.911$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(10.07, 10.07, 10.07); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 12 1RB(10MHz) Body Back/High Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 10.11 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0930 W/kg

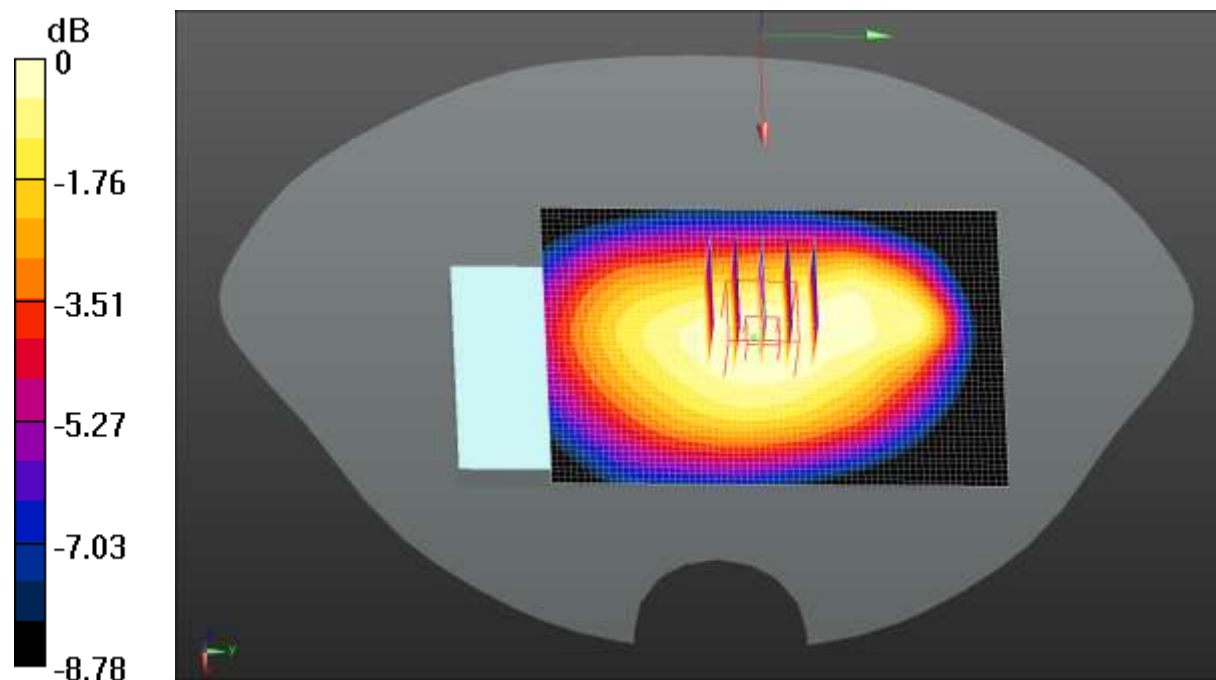
SAR(1 g) = 0.071 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.054 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0847 W/kg

LTE Band 12 1RB(10MHz) Body Back/High Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0855 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0855 W/kg = -10.68 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 16:08:13

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1860 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.419 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.581$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.64 V/m; Power Drift = -0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.63 W/kg

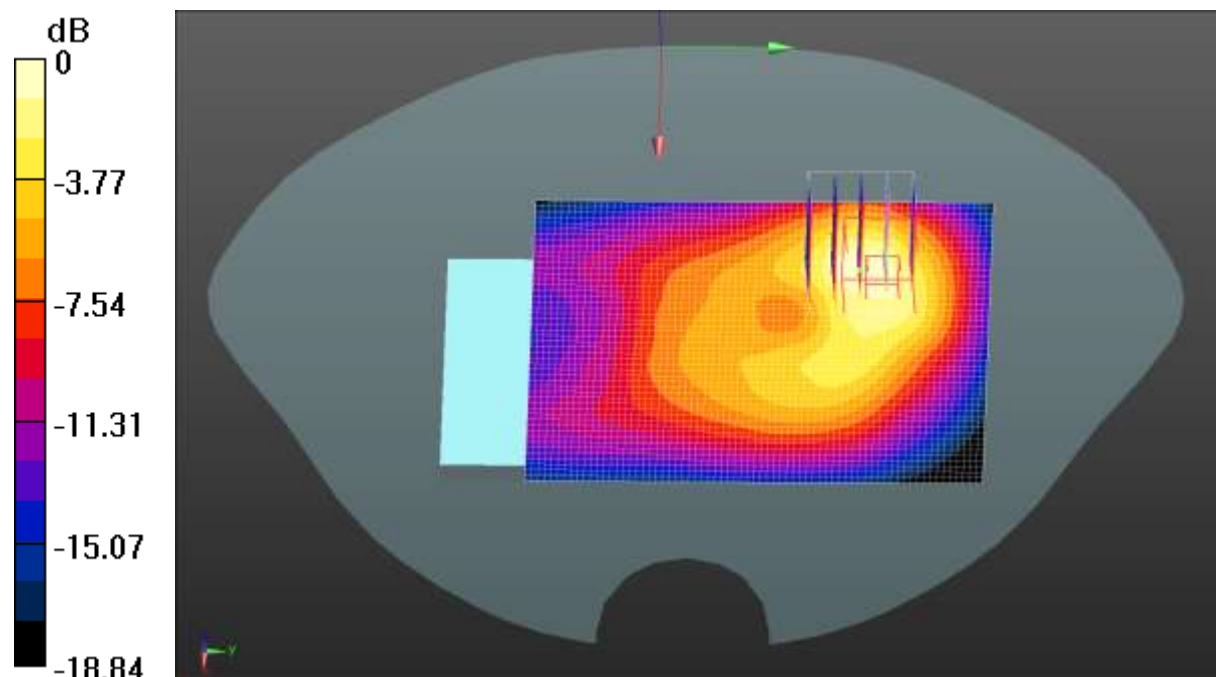
SAR(1 g) = 0.876 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.457 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.34 W/kg

LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.25 W/kg



0 dB = 1.25 W/kg = 0.97 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 01:41:25

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.351$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.102$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Body Front/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(51x71x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.03 W/kg

LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Body Front/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

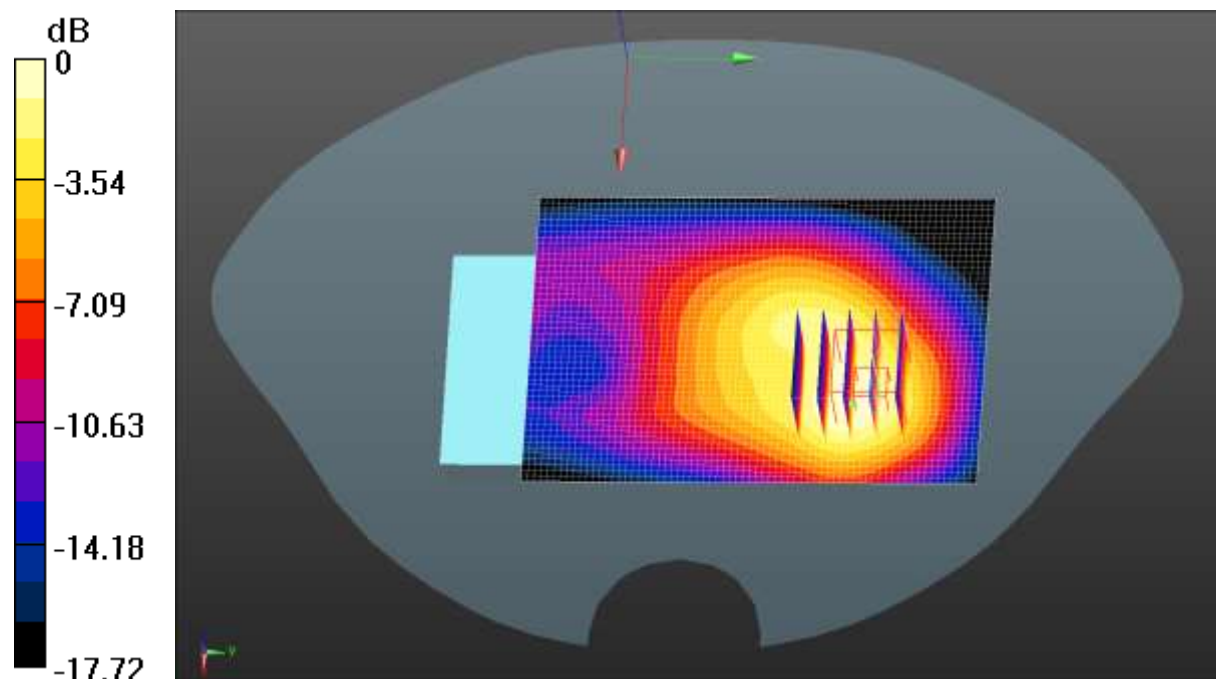
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 13.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.24 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.691 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.376 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.999 W/kg



0 dB = 0.999 W/kg = -0.00 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 15:00:08

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2510$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.847$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.218$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 7 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200$ mm, $dy=1.200$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.66 W/kg

LTE Band 7 50%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

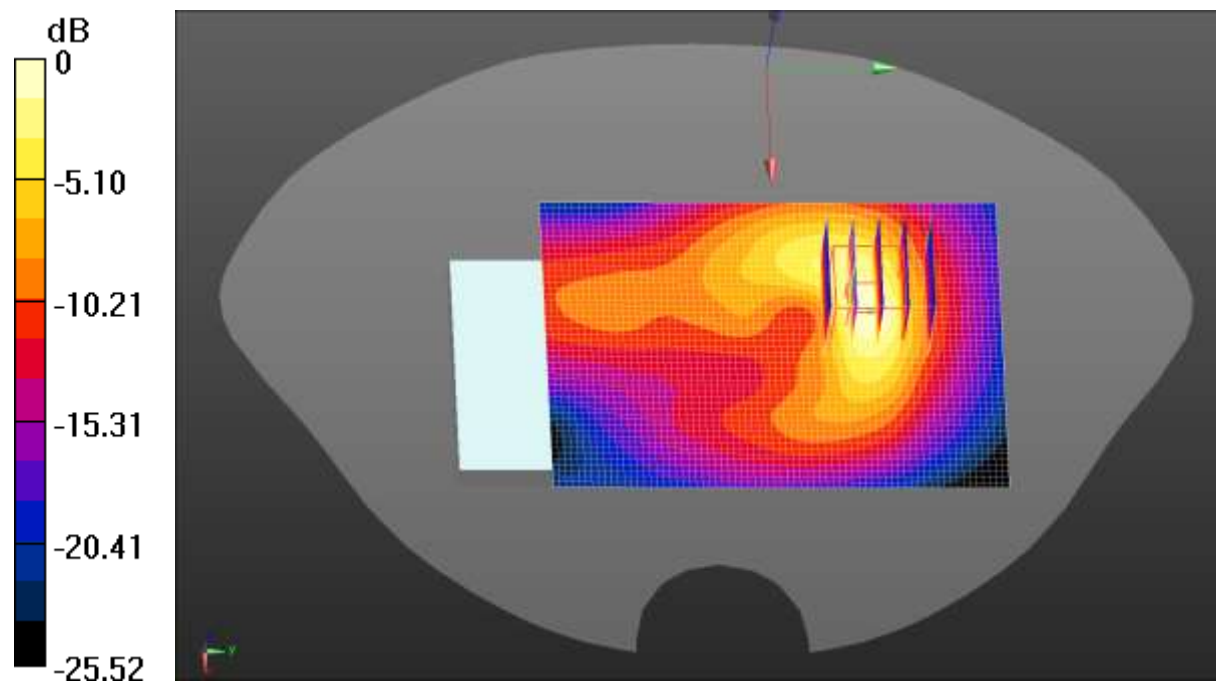
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5$ mm, $dy=5$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 7.827 V/m; Power Drift = -0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.37 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.449 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.59 W/kg



0 dB = 1.59 W/kg = 2.01 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 16:05:23

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 10MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 836.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 836.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.931$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.515$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 5 50%RB(10MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 13.16 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.170 W/kg

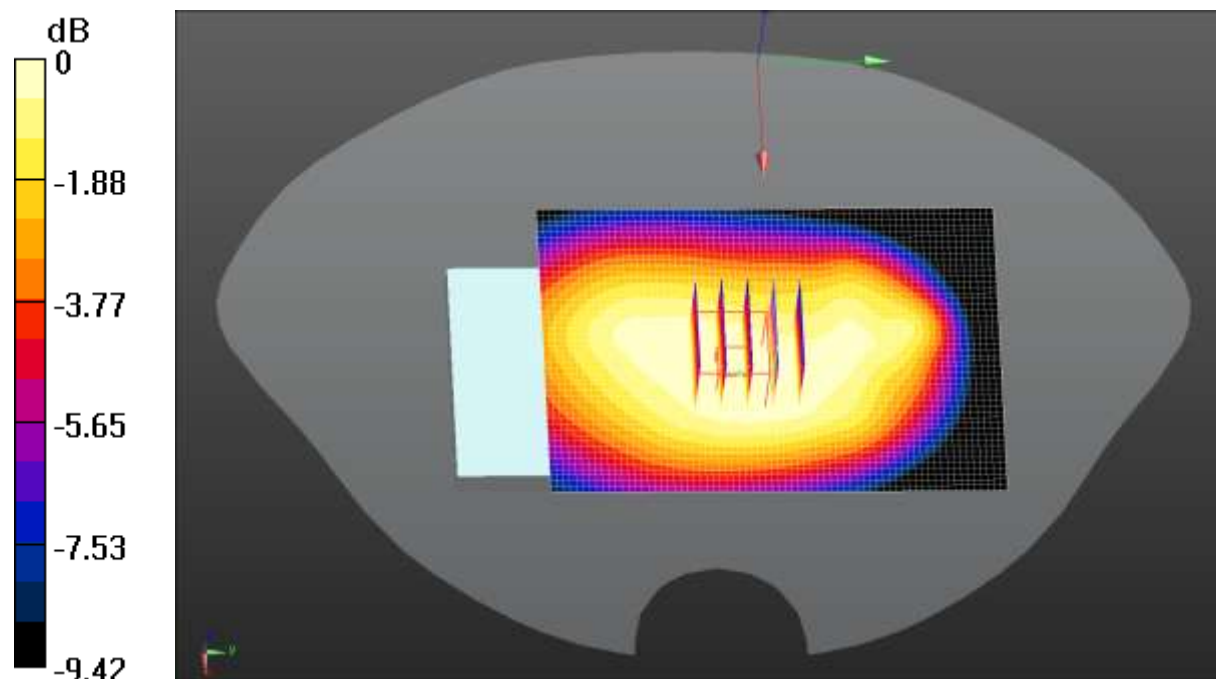
SAR(1 g) = 0.126 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.096 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.153 W/kg

LTE Band 5 50%RB(10MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(51x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.156 W/kg



0 dB = 0.156 W/kg = -8.07 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 20:22:42

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 10MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 707.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 707.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.849$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 43.023$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(10.07, 10.07, 10.07); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 12 50%RB(10MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 9.736 V/m; Power Drift = -0.12 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.0960 W/kg

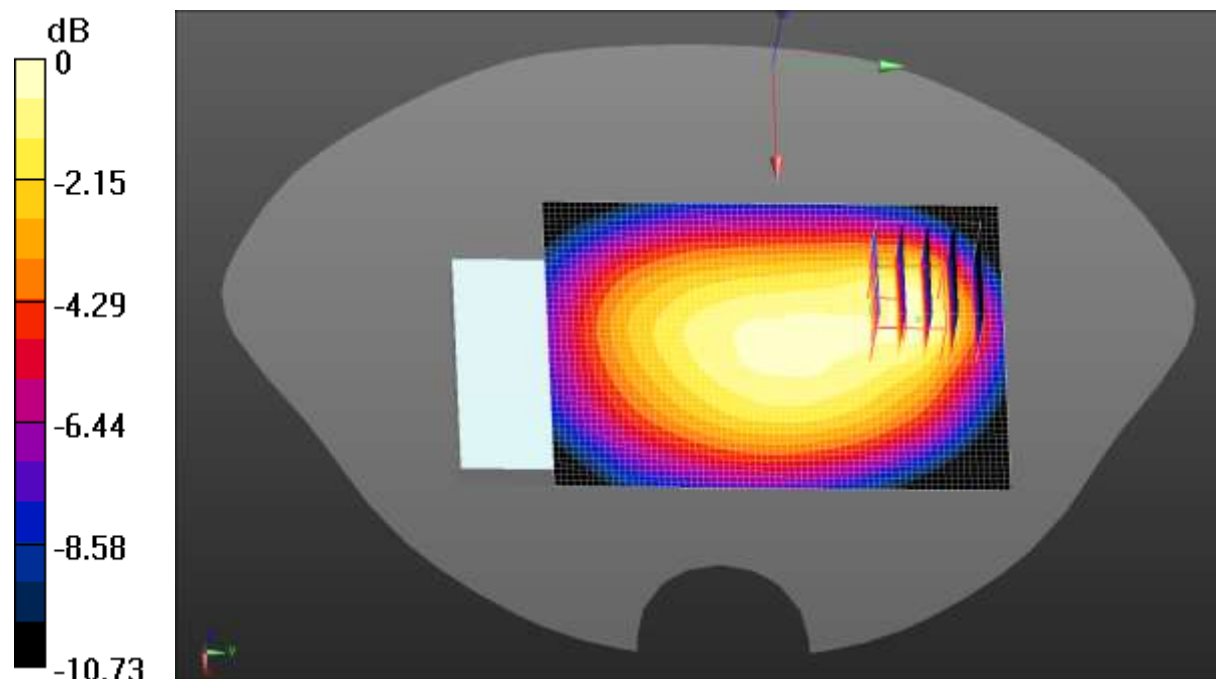
SAR(1 g) = 0.061 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.041 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.0785 W/kg

LTE Band 12 50%RB(10MHz) Body Back/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(51x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0932 W/kg



0 dB = 0.0932 W/kg = -10.31 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 17:41:33

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 20MHz 100%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.429 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.275$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 100%RB(20MHz) Body Back/High Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 14.12 V/m; Power Drift = 0.09 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.75 W/kg

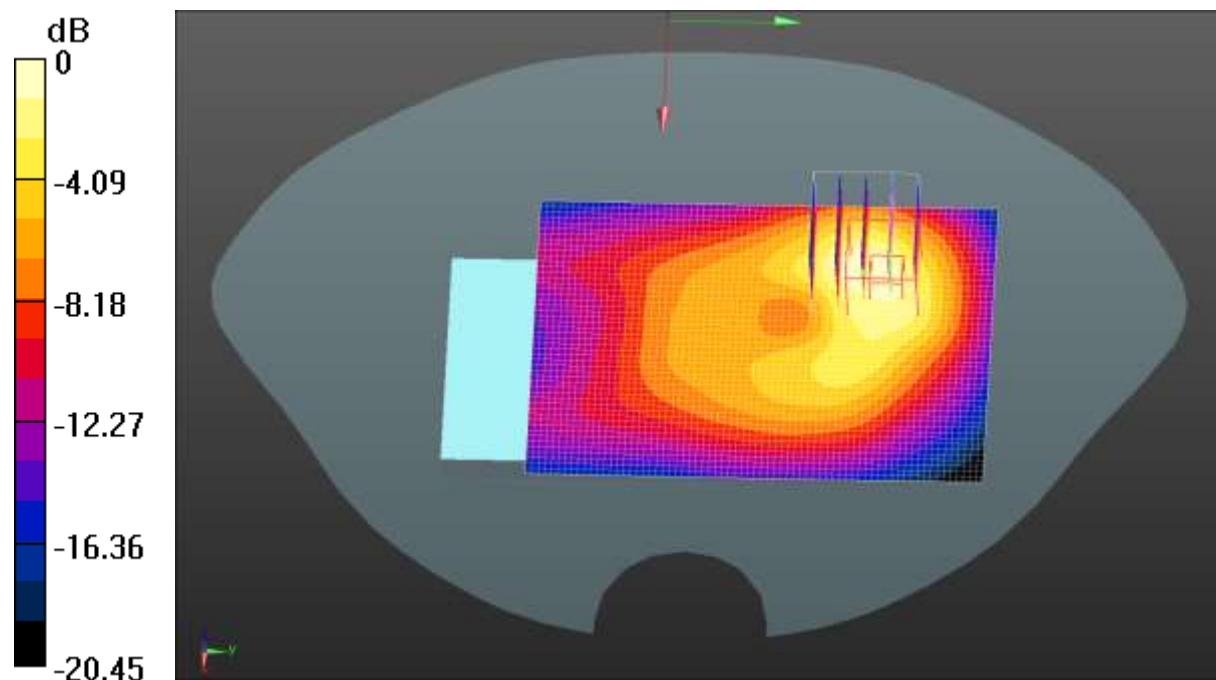
SAR(1 g) = 0.921 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.474 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.42 W/kg

LTE Band 2 100%RB(20MHz) Body Back/High Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg



0 dB = 1.30 W/kg = 1.14 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 02:54:36

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 20MHz 100%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.342 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.336$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 100%RB(20MHz) Body Front/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.996 W/kg

LTE Band 4 100%RB(20MHz) Body Front/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

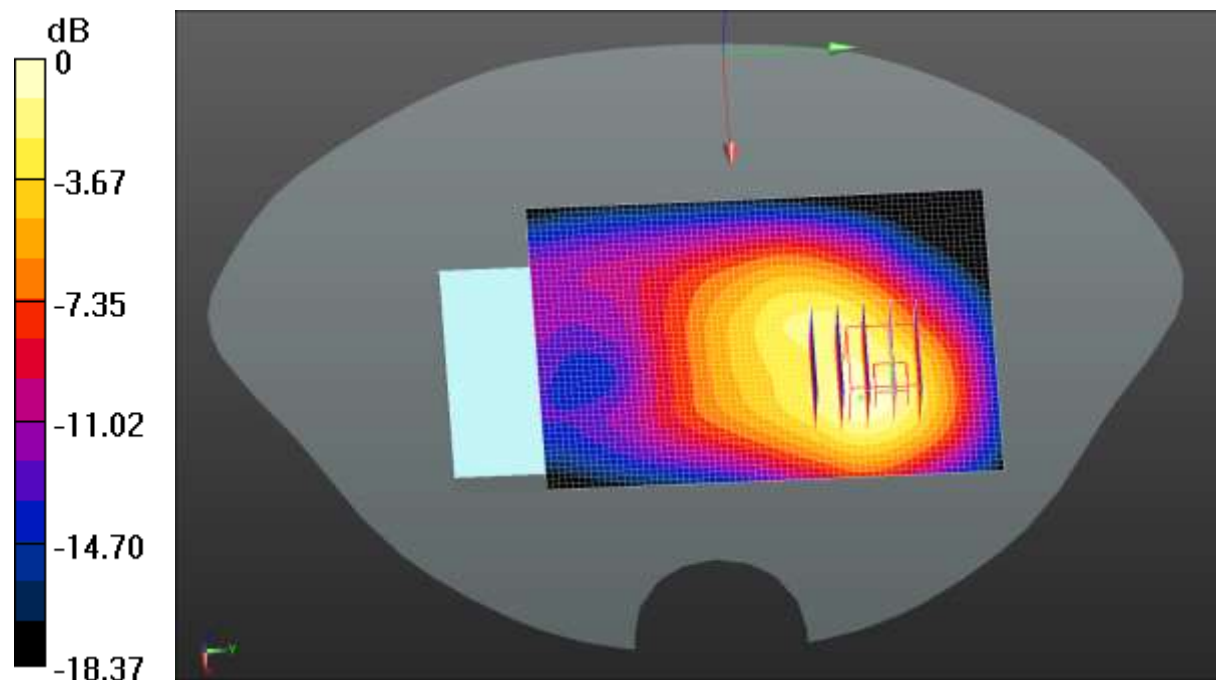
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 13.26 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.25 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.694 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.373 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.06 W/kg



0 dB = 1.06 W/kg = 0.25 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 15:13:16

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 20MHz 100%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2510 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.847 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.218$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 7 100%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.30 W/kg

LTE Band 7 100%RB(20MHz) Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

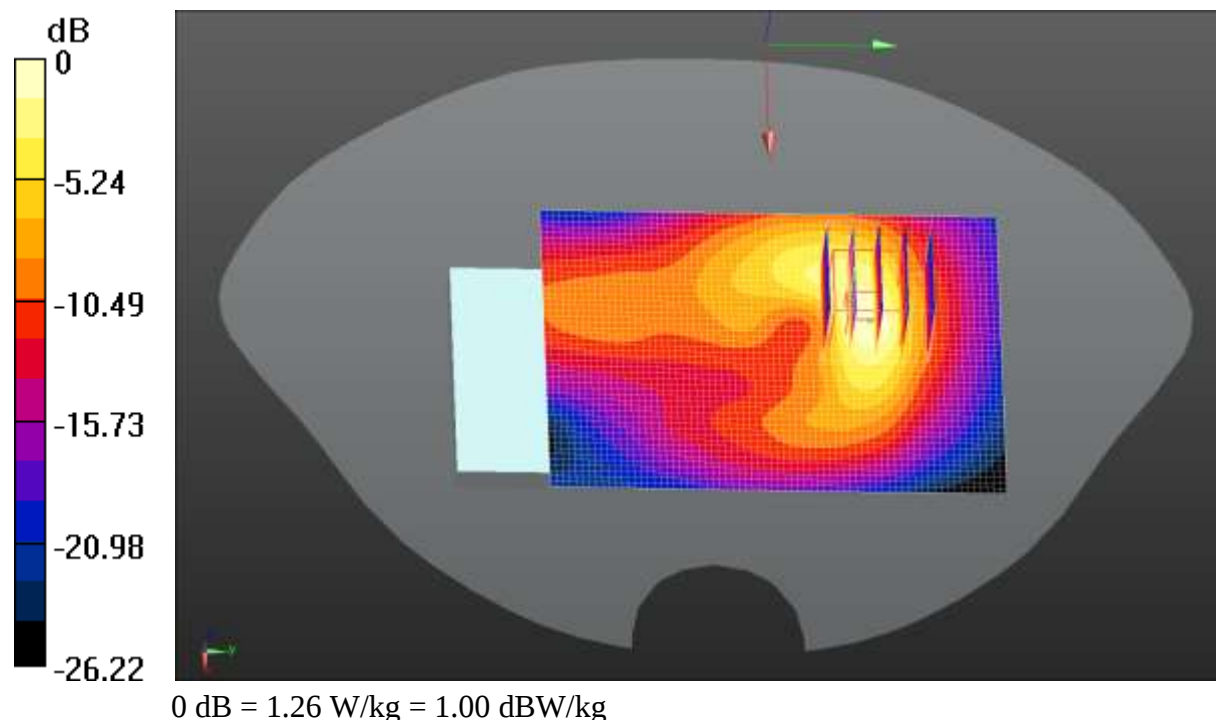
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 6.870 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.30 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.89 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.828 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.360 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 18:17:47

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, IEEE 802.11b WiFi 2.4 GHz (DSSS, 1 Mbps) (0);

Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.787$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 40.103$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WIFI Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.200 mm, dy=1.200 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.234 W/kg

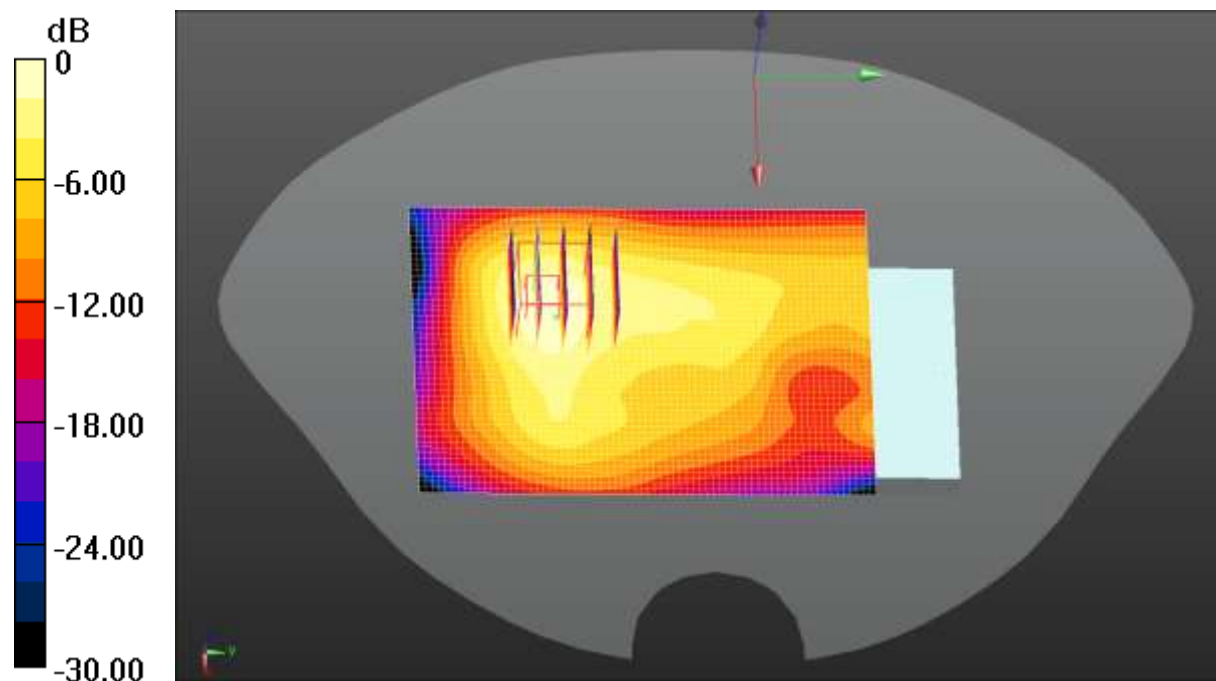
WIFI Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 6.862 V/m; Power Drift = 0.13 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.360 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.154 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.073 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.253 W/kg



0 dB = 0.253 W/kg = -5.97 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 08:55:42

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS(2 Slots) (0); Frequency: 824.2 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:4.10015

Medium parameters used: $f = 825$ MHz; $\sigma = 0.908$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.708$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(9.67, 9.67, 9.67); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

GPRS 850 2Slots Body Back/Low Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 12.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.158 W/kg

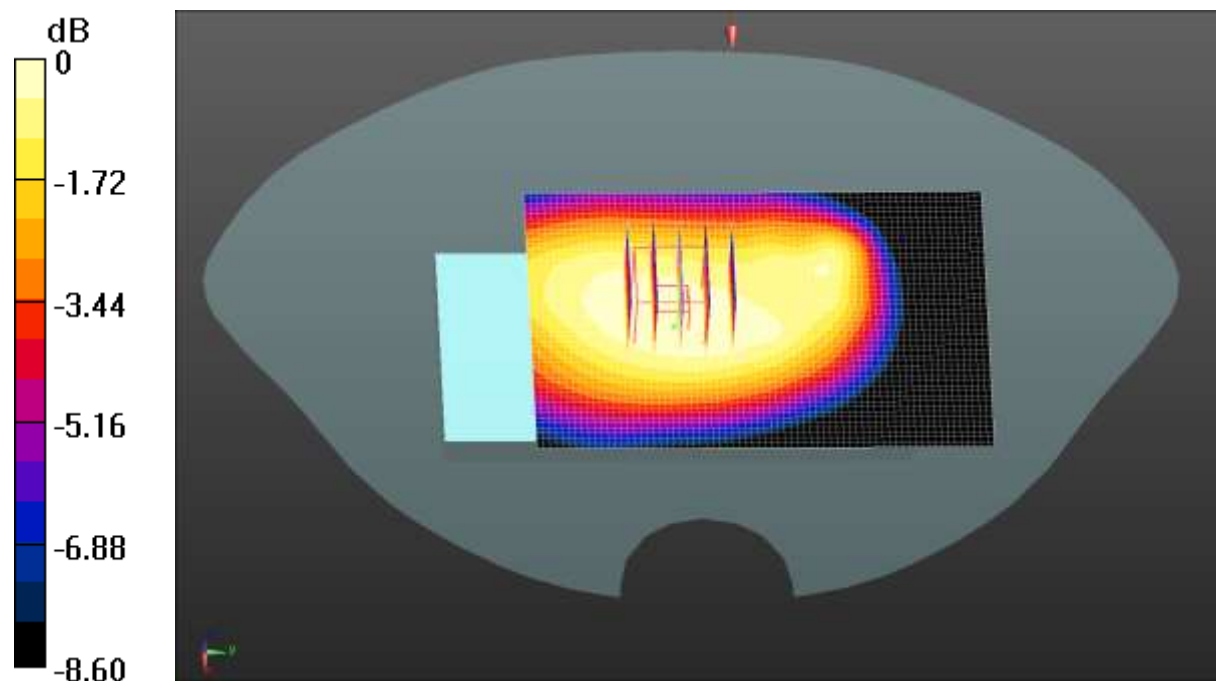
SAR(1 g) = 0.119 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.090 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.144 W/kg

GPRS 850 2Slots Body Back/Low Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.145 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 10:23:30

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, GPRS(4 Slots) (0); Frequency: 1909.8 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.99986

Medium parameters used: $f = 1909.8$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.433$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.084$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

GPRS 1900 4Slots Body Back/High Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 10.56 V/m; Power Drift = -0.24 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.755 W/kg

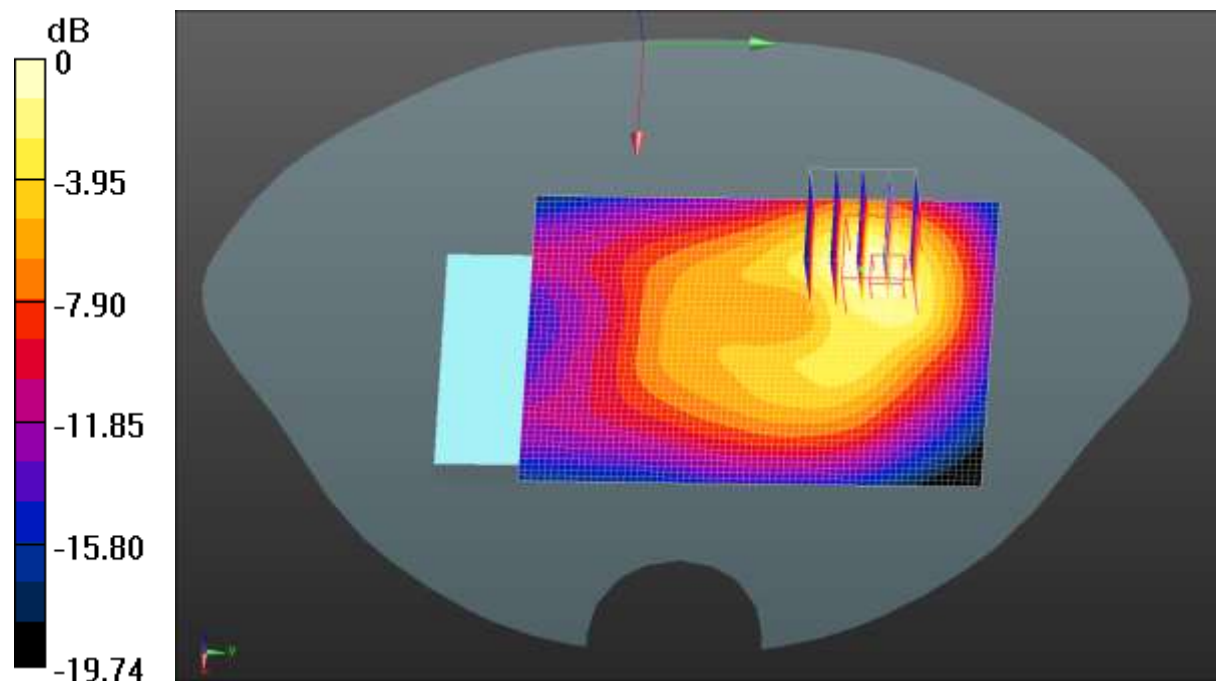
SAR(1 g) = 0.398 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.203 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.622 W/kg

GPRS 1900 4Slots Body Back/High Channel/Area Scan (51x71x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.556 W/kg



0 dB = 0.556 W/kg = -2.55 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 13:23:41

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, UMTS-FDD(WCDMA) (0); Frequency: 1732.6 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.6$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.351$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.102$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

WCDMA 1700 Body Bottom/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan (5x5x7)/Cube 0:

Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 18.44 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.08 W/kg

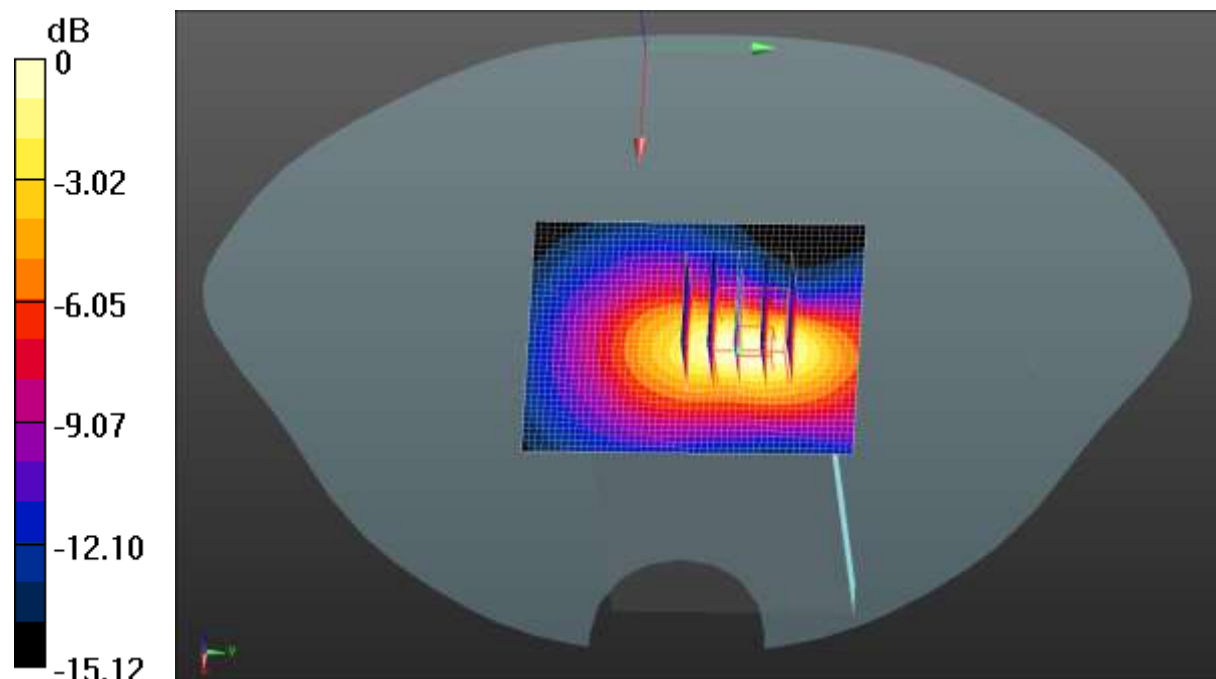
SAR(1 g) = 0.549 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.275 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.816 W/kg

WCDMA 1700 Body Bottom/Middle Channel/Area Scan (41x51x1): Interpolated

grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.688 W/kg



0 dB = 0.688 W/kg = -1.62 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 14:56:15

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1880 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1880$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.423$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.422$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 29.90 V/m; Power Drift = -0.14 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.55 W/kg

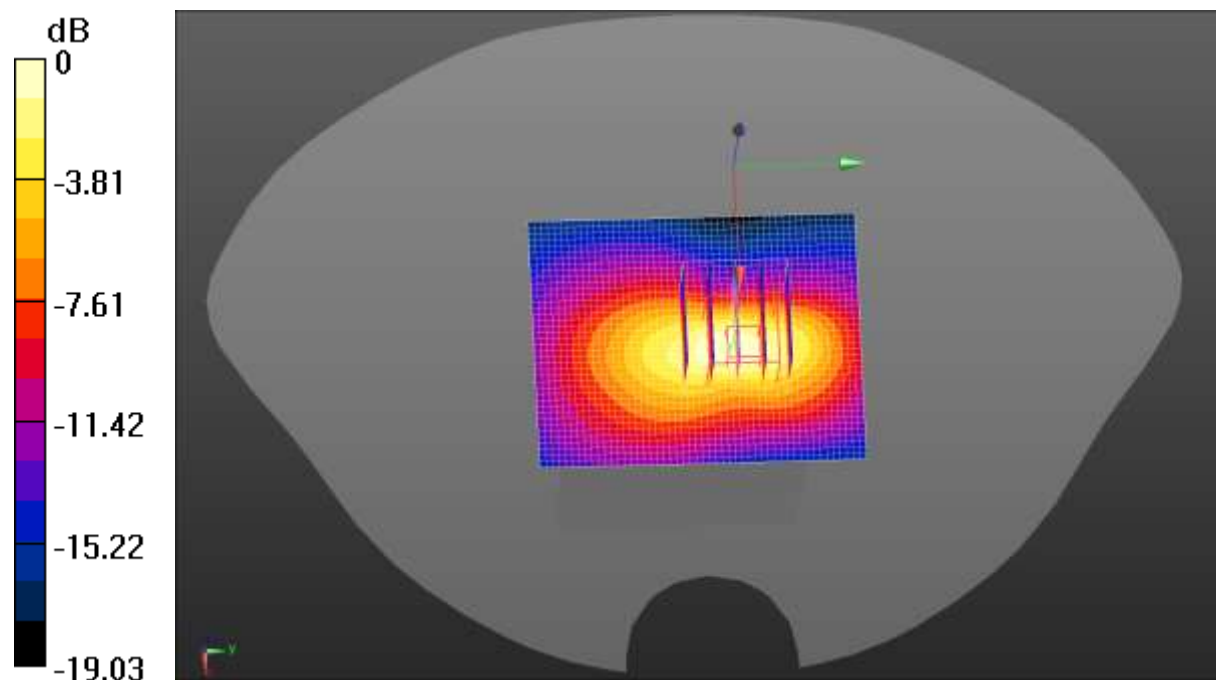
SAR(1 g) = 1.29 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.638 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.88 W/kg

LTE Band 2 1RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Middle Channel/Area Scan (41x51x1):

Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.84 W/kg



0 dB = 1.84 W/kg = 2.65 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 00:49:33

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.351$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.102$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Middle Channel/Area Scan (41x51x1):Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500$ mm, $dy=1.500$ mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.39 W/kg

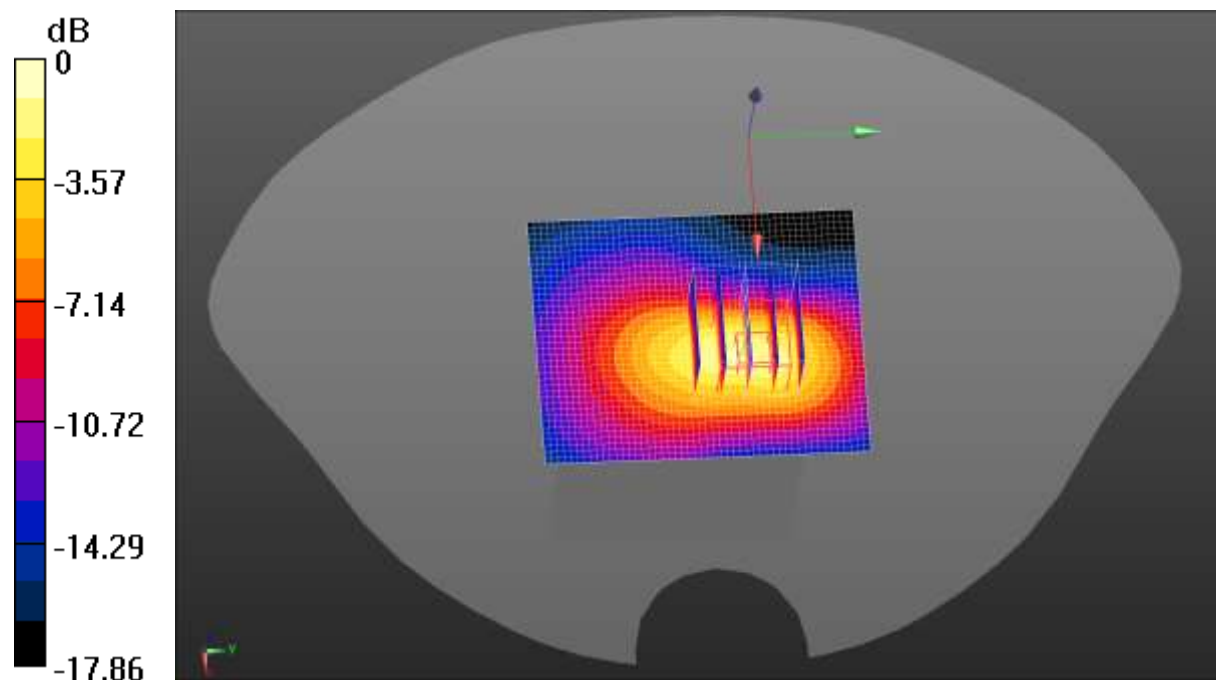
LTE Band 4 1RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan**(5x5x7)/Cube 0:** Measurement grid: $dx=8$ mm, $dy=8$ mm, $dz=5$ mm

Reference Value = 26.41 V/m; Power Drift = -0.23 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.38 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.22 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.612 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.79 W/kg



0 dB = 1.79 W/kg = 2.53 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 13:58:46

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-Fdd(USA) 1RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz;

Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2510 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.847 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.218$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 7 1RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Low Channel/Area Scan (41x51x1):

Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.45 W/kg

LTE Band 7 1RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

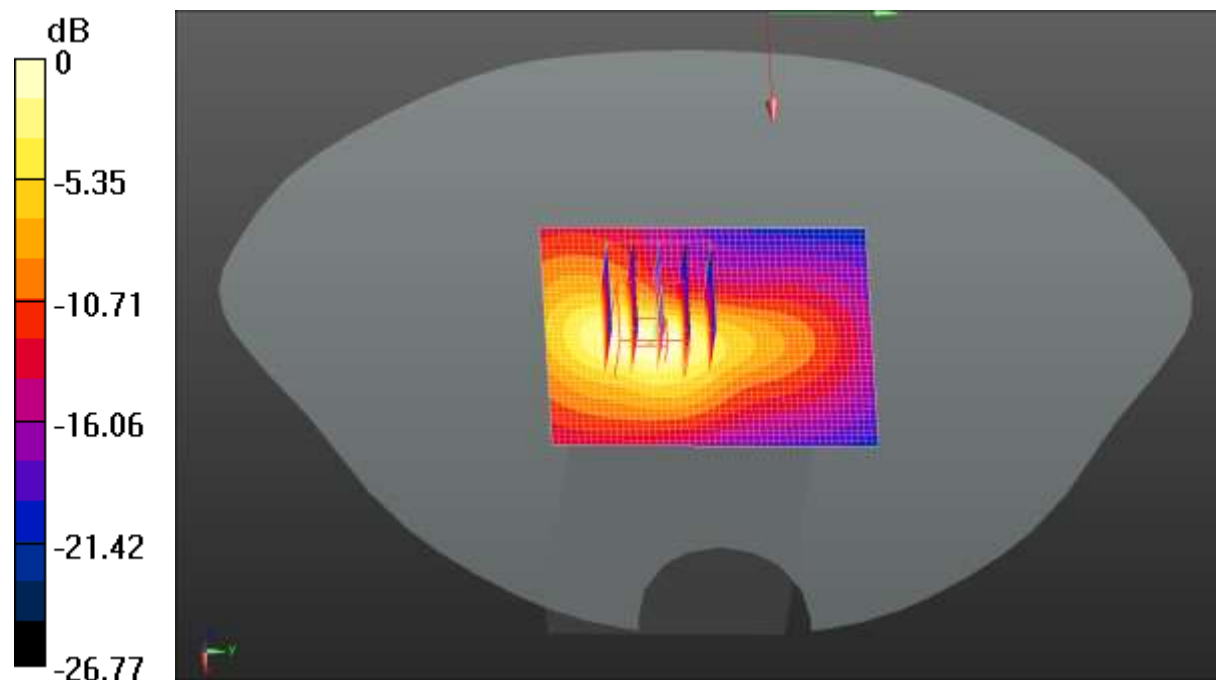
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 19.59 V/m ; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.29 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.04 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.467 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.65 W/kg



0 dB = 1.65 W/kg = 2.17 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 16:34:41

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1860 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1860$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.419$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.581$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.76 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.86 W/kg

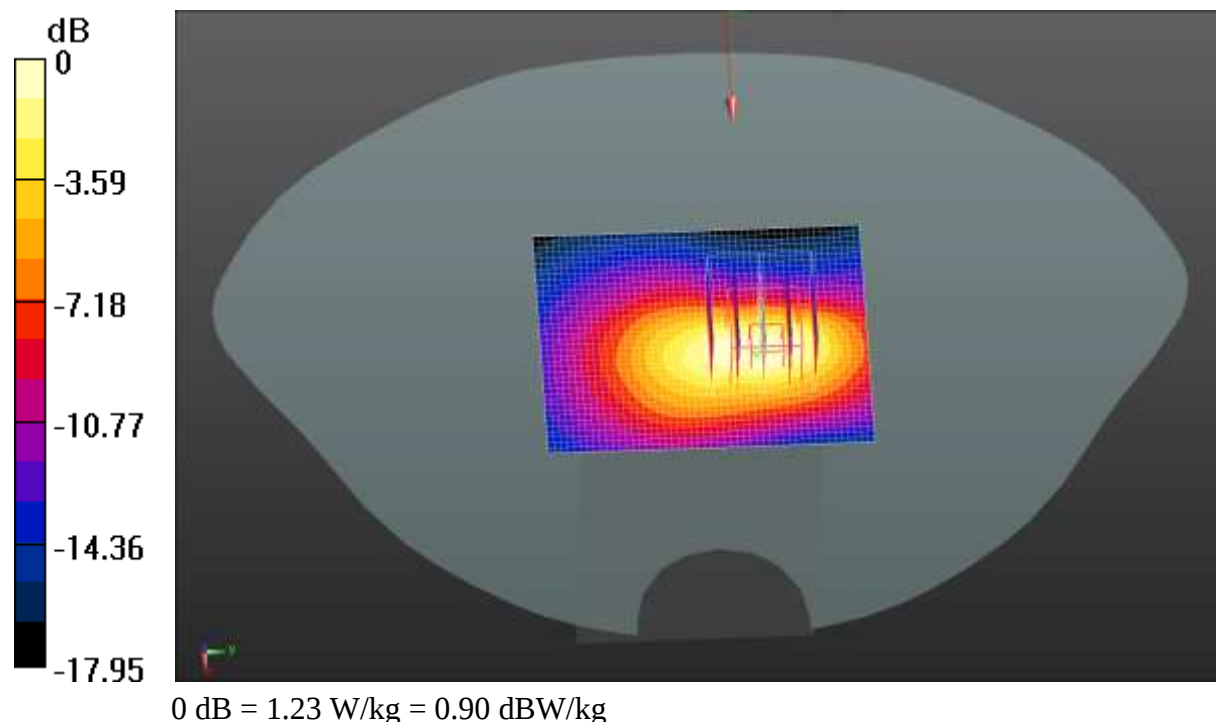
SAR(1 g) = 0.963 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.480 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.53 W/kg

LTE Band 2 50%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Low Channel/Area Scan

(41x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.23 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 02:15:16

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): $f = 1732.5$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.351$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 41.102$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Middle Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 23.68 V/m; Power Drift = -0.15 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.65 W/kg

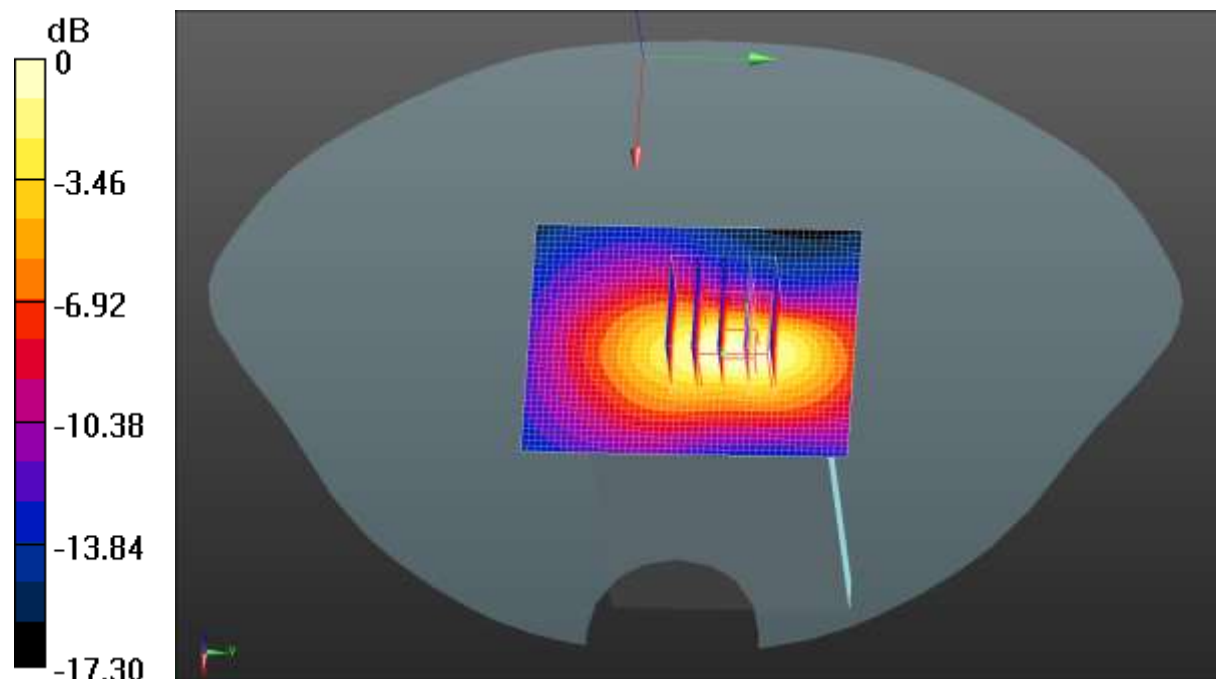
SAR(1 g) = 0.848 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.425 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.26 W/kg

LTE Band 4 50%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Middle Channel/Area Scan

(41x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.09 W/kg



0 dB = 1.09 W/kg = 0.37 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 08.03.2020 14:10:08

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD(USA) 20MHz 50%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 2510 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2510 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.847 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 39.218$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$
Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(7.54, 7.54, 7.54); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 7 50%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Low Channel/Area Scan

(41x51x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.200 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.200 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.52 W/kg

LTE Band 7 50%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

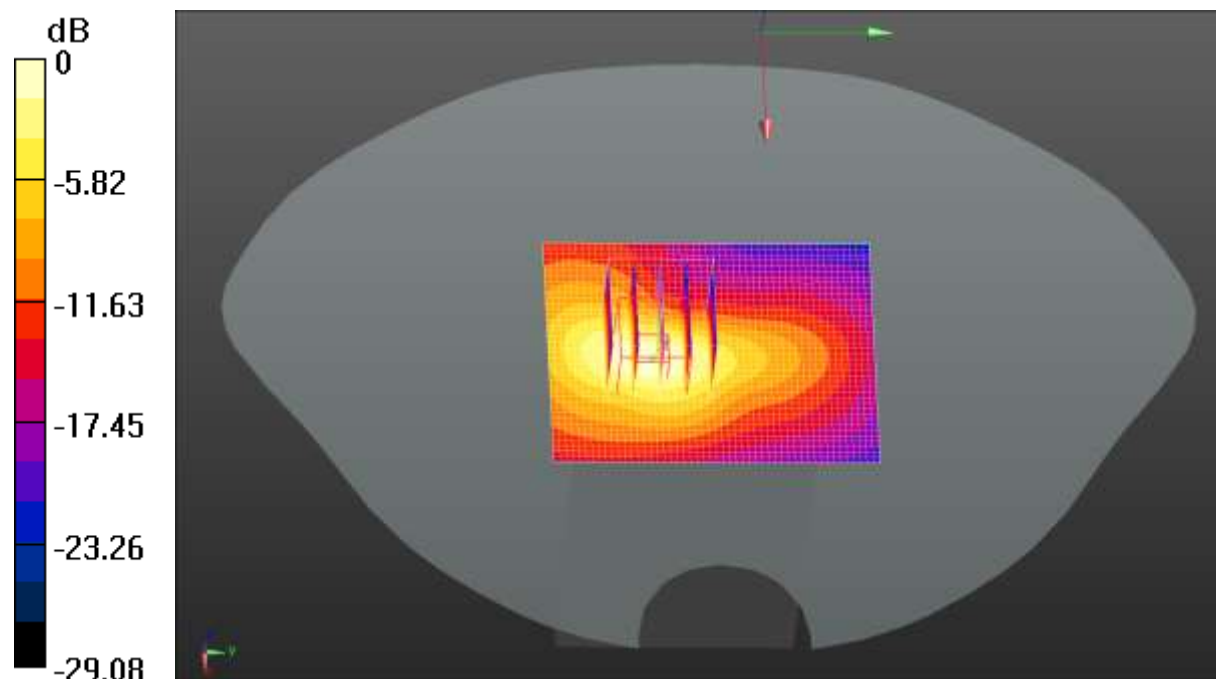
(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=5\text{mm}$, $dy=5\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 20.40 V/m ; Power Drift = -0.16 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 2.39 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.08 W/kg ; SAR(10 g) = 0.482 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.74 W/kg



0 dB = 1.74 W/kg = 2.41 dBW/kg

Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.29.2020 18:03:39

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 20MHz 100%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1900 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1900$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.429$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.275$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.17, 8.17, 8.17); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 2 100%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/High Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=8mm, dy=8mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 22.59 V/m; Power Drift = -0.22 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.90 W/kg

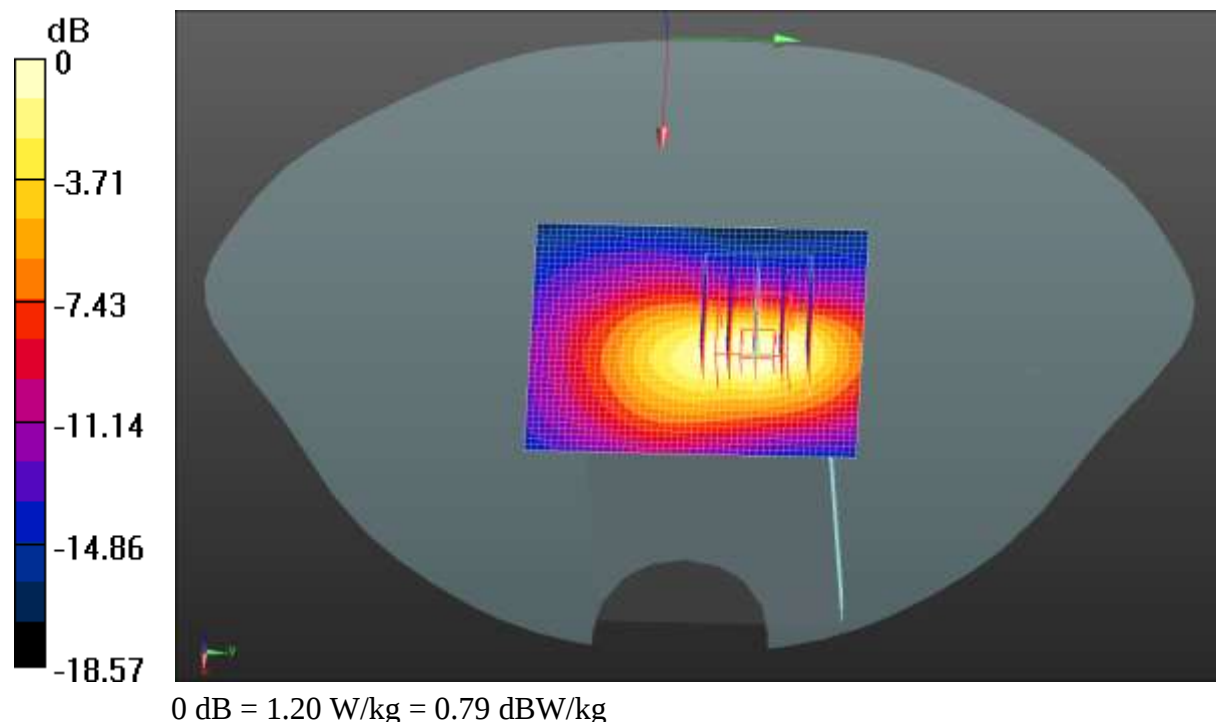
SAR(1 g) = 0.962 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.473 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.47 W/kg

LTE Band 2 100%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/High Channel/Area Scan

(41x51x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.20 W/kg



Test Laboratory: CCIS

Date/Time: 07.30.2020 03:31:09

DUT: 4G Smartphone; Type: Elite P5; Serial: 3#

Communication System: UID 0, LTE-FDD (USA) 20MHz 100%RB QPSK (0); Frequency: 1720 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 1720 \text{ MHz}$; $\sigma = 1.342 \text{ S/m}$; $\epsilon_r = 41.336$; $\rho = 1000 \text{ kg/m}^3$

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3924; ConvF(8.4, 8.4, 8.4); Calibrated: 08.30.2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1373; Calibrated: 08.09.2019
- Phantom: SAM 5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1765
- Measurement SW: DASY52, Version 52.8 (8); SEMCAD X Version 14.6.10 (7331)

LTE Band 4 100%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Low Channel/Zoom Scan

(5x5x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: $dx=8\text{mm}$, $dy=8\text{mm}$, $dz=5\text{mm}$

Reference Value = 24.13 V/m; Power Drift = -0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.71 W/kg

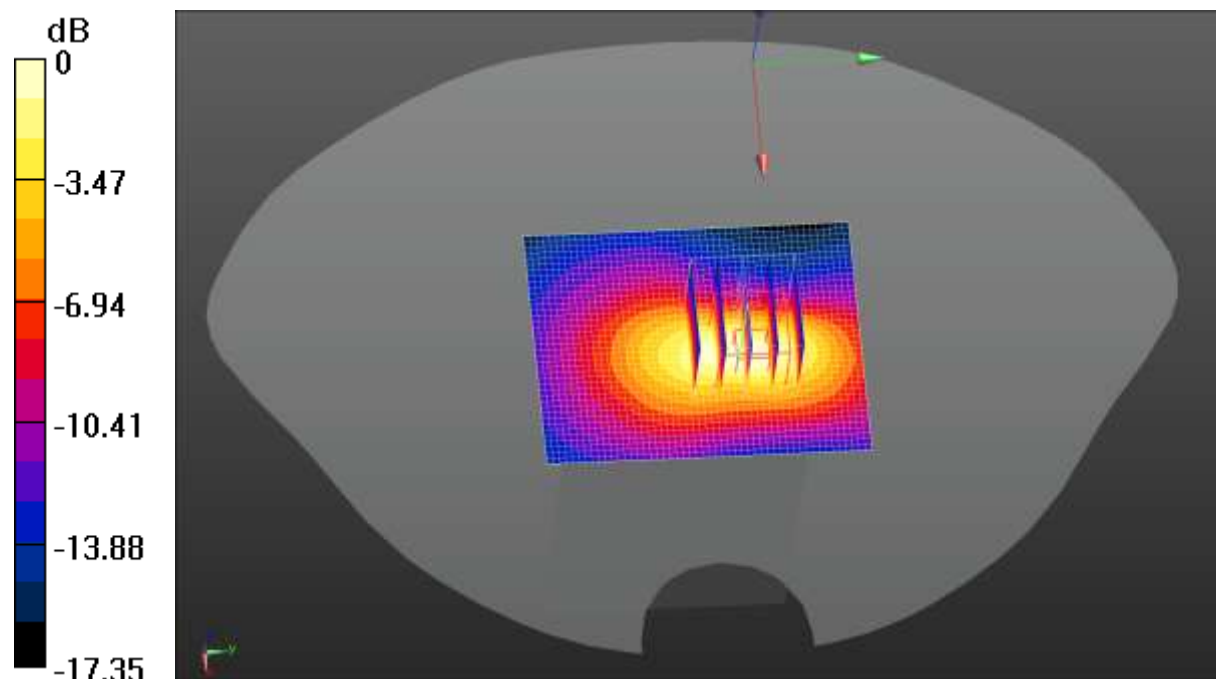
SAR(1 g) = 0.881 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.439 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.33 W/kg

LTE Band 4 100%RB(20MHz) Body Bottom/Low Channel/Area Scan

(41x51x1): Interpolated grid: $dx=1.500 \text{ mm}$, $dy=1.500 \text{ mm}$

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.12 W/kg



0 dB = 1.12 W/kg = 0.49 dBW/kg