SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Conplex International Limited

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Ma Tau Wai Road.Hung Hum,Kowloon,HongKong.

FCC ID: 2ABGBJVX903

Report Type: Original Report	**Product Type:** 2G Feature Phone

Test Engineer:	Wilson Chen Wilson Chen
Report Number:	RSZ150114004-20
Report Date:	2015-01-20
Reviewed By:	Bell Hu Bell Hu SAR Engineer
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<table>
<tr><th colspan="4">Attestation of Test Results</th></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">EUT Information</td><td>Company Name</td><td colspan="2">Conplex International Limited</td></tr>
<tr><td>EUT Description</td><td colspan="2">2G Feature Phone</td></tr>
<tr><td>FCC ID</td><td colspan="2">2ABGBJVX903</td></tr>
<tr><td>Model Number</td><td colspan="2">Main tested Model: JV X903
Adding Model: JFP 3432 ,JFP 2829</td></tr>
<tr><td>Test Date</td><td colspan="2">2015-01-15</td></tr>
<tr><td>Frequency</td><td colspan="2">Max. SAR Level(s) Reported</td><td>Limit(W/Kg)</td></tr>
<tr><td>GSM 850</td><td colspan="2">0.217 W/kg 1g Head SAR
0.337 W/kg 1g Body SAR</td><td rowspan="3">1. 6</td></tr>
<tr><td>PCS 1900</td><td colspan="2">0.147 W/kg 1g Head SAR
0.430 W/kg 1g Body SAR</td></tr>
<tr><td>Simultaneous</td><td colspan="2">0.395 W/kg 1g Head SAR
0.489 W/kg 1g Body SAR</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Applicable Standards</td><td colspan="3">ANSI / IEEE C95.1 : 2005
IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fileds,3 kHz to 300 GHz.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">ANSI / IEEE C95.3 : 2002
IEEE Recommended Practice for Measurements and Computations of Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields With Respect to Human Exposure to SuchFields,100 kHz—300 GHz.</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">IEEE1528:2013
IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">KDB procedures
KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02.
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Note: This wireless device has been shown to be capable of compliance for localized specific absorption rate (SAR) for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure limits specified in ANSI/IEEE Standards and has been tested in accordance with the measurement procedures specified in IEEE 1528-2013 and RF exposure KDB procedures.
The results and statements contained in this report pertain only to the device(s) evaluated.</td></tr>
</table>

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	RSZ150114004-20	Original Report	2015-01-20

EUT DESCRIPTION

This report has been prepared on behalf of Conplex International Limited and their product, FCC ID: 2ABGBJVX903, Model: JV X903 or the EUT (Equipment under Test) as referred to in the rest of this report.

***Note:**
1. This series products model: JV X903, JFP 3432 and JFP 2829, we select model: JV X903 to test, there is no electrical change has been made to the equipment, please refer to the product similarity letter.

Technical Specification

Product Type	Portable
Exposure Category:	Population / Uncontrolled
Antenna Type(s):	Internal Antenna
Body-Worn Accessories:	Headset
Face-Head Accessories:	None
Multi-slot Class:	Class 12
Operation Mode :	GSM Voice, GPRS Data and Bluetooth
Frequency Band:	GSM 850 : 824-849 MHz(TX) ; 869-894 MHz(RX) PCS 1900: 1850-1910 MHz(TX) ; 1930-1990 MHz(RX) Bluetooth : 2402MHz-2480MHz
Conducted RF Power:	GSM 850 : 32.59 dBm PCS 1900: 29.59 dBm Bluetooth: 6.26 dBm
Dimensions (L*W*H):	129 mm (L) × 54 mm (W) × 12 mm (H)
Power Source:	3.7 V_{DC} Rechargeable Battery
Normal Operation:	Head and Body-worn

REFERENCE, STANDARDS, AND GUILDELINES

FCC:

The Report and Order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 1.6 mW/g as recommended by the ANSI/IEEE standard C95.1-1992 [6] for an uncontrolled environment (Paragraph 65). According to the Supplement C of OET Bulletin 65 “Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guide-lines for Human Exposure to Radio frequency Electromagnetic Fields", released on Jun 29, 2001 by the FCC, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under “worst-case” conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in North America is 1.6 mW/g average over 1 gram of tissue mass.

CE:

The order requires routine SAR evaluation prior to equipment authorization of portable transmitter devices, including portable telephones. For consumer products, the applicable limit is 2 mW/g as recommended by EN62209-1 for an uncontrolled environment. According to the Standard, the device should be evaluated at maximum output power (radiated from the antenna) under “worst-case” conditions for normal or intended use, incorporating normal antenna operating positions, device peak performance frequencies and positions for maximum RF energy coupling.

This report describes the methodology and results of experiments performed on wireless data terminal. The objective was to determine if there is RF radiation and if radiation is found, what is the extent of radiation with respect to safety limits. SAR (Specific Absorption Rate) is the measure of RF exposure determined by the amount of RF energy absorbed by human body (or its parts) – to determine how the RF energy couples to the body or head which is a primary health concern for body worn devices. The limit below which the exposure to RF is considered safe by regulatory bodies in Europe is 2 mW/g average over 10 gram of tissue mass.

The test configurations were laid out on a specially designed test fixture to ensure the reproducibility of measurements. Each configuration was scanned for SAR. Analysis of each scan was carried out to characterize the above effects in the device.

SAR Limits

FCC Limit (1g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 1 g of tissue)	1.60	8.0
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

CE Limit (10g Tissue)

EXPOSURE LIMITS	SAR (W/kg)	
	(General Population / Uncontrolled Exposure Environment)	(Occupational / Controlled Exposure Environment)
Spatial Average (averaged over the whole body)	0.08	0.4
Spatial Peak (averaged over any 10 g of tissue)	2.0	10
Spatial Peak (hands/wrists/feet/ankles averaged over 10 g)	4.0	20.0

Population/Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individual who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Occupational/Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by people who are aware of the potential for exposure (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation).

General Population/Uncontrolled environments Spatial Peak limit 1.6W/kg (FCC) & 2 W/kg (CE) applied to the EUT.

FACILITIES

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect data is located at 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, Shi Hua Road, Fu Tian Free Trade Zone, Shenzhen, Guangdong, P.R. of China

DESCRIPTION OF TEST SYSTEM

These measurements were performed with ALSAS 10 Universal Integrated SAR Measurement system from APREL Laboratories.

ALSAS-10U System Description

ALSAS-10-U is fully compliant with the technical and scientific requirements of IEEE 1528, IEC 62209, CENELEC, ARIB, ACA, and the Federal Communications Commission. The system comprises of a six axes articulated robot which utilizes a dedicated controller.
ALSAS-10U uses the latest methodologies. And FDTD modeling to provide a platform which is repeatable with minimum uncertainty.

Applications

Predefined measurement procedures compliant with the guidelines of CENELEC, IEEE, IEC, FCC, etc are utilized during the assessment for the device. Automatic detection for all SAR maxima are embedded within the core architecture for the system, ensuring that peak locations used for centering the zoom scan are within a 1mm resolution and a 0.05mm repeatable position. System operation range currently available up-to 6 GHz in simulated tissue.

Area Scans

Area scans are defined prior to the measurement process being executed with a user defined variable spacing between each measurement point (integral) allowing low uncertainty measurements to be conducted. Scans defined for FCC applications utilize a 10mm2 step integral, with 1mm interpolation used to locate the peak SAR area used for zoom scan assessments.

Where the system identifies multiple SAR peaks (which are within 25% of peak value) the system will provide the user with the option of assessing each peak location individually for zoom scan averaging.

Zoom Scan (Cube Scan Averaging)

The averaging zoom scan volume utilized in the ALSAS-10U software is in the shape of a cube and the side dimension of a 1 g or 10 g mass is dependent on the density of the liquid representing the simulated tissue. A density of 1000 kg/m3 is used to represent the head and body tissue density and not the phantom liquid density, in order to be consistent with the definition of the liquid dielectric properties, i.e. the side length of the 1 g cube is 10mm,with the side length of the 10 g cube 21,5mm.

When the cube intersects with the surface of the phantom, it is oriented so that 3 vertices touch the surface of the shell or the center of a face is tangent to the surface. The face of the cube closest to the surface is modified in order to conform to the tangent surface.

The zoom scan integer steps can be user defined so as to reduce uncertainty, but normal practice for typical test applications (including FCC) utilize a physical step of 5x5x8 (8mmx8mmx5mm) providing a volume of 32mm in the X & Y axis, and 35mm in the Z axis.

ALSAS-10U Interpolation and Extrapolation Uncertainty

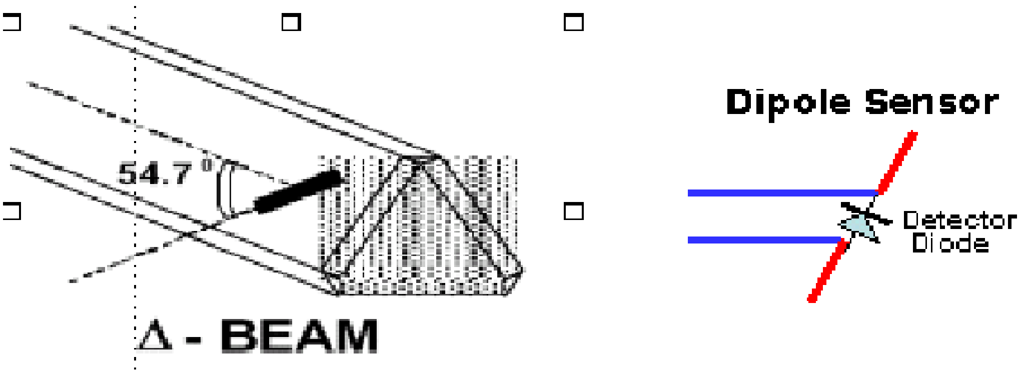
The overall uncertainty for the methodology and algorithms the used during the SAR calculation was evaluated using the data from IEEE 1528 based on the example f3 algorithm:

$$f_3(x,y,z) = A\frac{a^2}{\frac{a^2}{4}+x'^2+y'^2}\cdot\left(e^{-\frac{2z}{a}}+\frac{a^2}{2(a+2z)^2}\right)$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe

The isotropic E-Field probe has been fully calibrated and assessed for isotropicity, and boundary effect within a controlled environment. Depending on the frequency for which the probe is calibrated the method utilized for calibration will change.

The E-Field probe utilizes a triangular sensor arrangement as detailed in the diagram below:



SAR is assessed with a calibrated probe which moves at a default height of 5mm from the center of the diode, which is mounted to the sensor, to the phantom surface (in the Z Axis). The 5mm offset height has been selected so as to minimize any resultant boundary effect due to the probe being in close proximity to the phantom surface.

The following algorithm is an example of the function used by the system for linearization of the output from the probe when measuring complex modulation schemes.

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot \frac{cf}{dcp_i}$$

Isotropic E-Field Probe Specification

Calibration Method	Frequency Dependent Below 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in a TEM Cell Above 1 GHz Calibration in air performed in waveguide
Sensitivity	0.70 μV/(V/m)^2 to 0.85 μV/(V/m)^2
Dynamic Range	0.0005 W/kg to 100 W/kg
Isotropic Response	Better than 0.1 dB
Diode Compression Point (DCP)	Calibration for Specific Frequency
Probe Tip Diameter	< 2.9 mm
Sensor Offset	1.56 (+/- 0.02 mm)
Probe Length	289 mm
Video Bandwidth	@ 500 Hz: 1 dB @ 1.02 kHz: 3 dB
Boundary Effect	Less than 2.1% for distance greater than 0.58 mm
Spatial Resolution	The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe. The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe

Boundary Detection Unit and Probe Mounting Device

ALSAS-10U incorporates a boundary detection unit with a sensitivity of 0.05mm for detecting all types of surfaces. The robust design allows for detection during probe tilt (probe normalize) exercises, and utilizes a second stage emergency stop. The signal electronics are fed directly into the robot controller for high accuracy surface detection in lateral and axial detection modes (X, Y, & Z).

The probe is mounted directly onto the Boundary Detection unit for accurate tooling and displacement calculations controlled by the robot kinematics. The probe is connect to an isolated probe interconnect where the output stage of the probe is fed directly into the amplifier stage of the Daq-Paq.

Daq-Paq (Analog to Digital Electronics)

ALSAS-10U incorporates a fully calibrated Daq-Paq (analog to digital conversion system) which has a 4 channel input stage, sent via a 2 stage auto-set amplifier module. The input signal is amplified accordingly so as to offer a dynamic range from 5μV to 800mV. Integration of the fields measured is carried out at board level utilizing a Co-Processor which then sends the measured fields down into the main computational module in digitized form via an RS232 communications port. Probe linearity and duty cycle compensation is carried out within the main Daq-Paq module.

ADC	12 Bit
Amplifier Range	20 mV to 200 mV and 150 mV to 800 mV
Field Integration	Local Co-Processor utilizing proprietary integration algorithms
Number of Input Channels	4 in total 3 dedicated and 1 spare
Communication	Packet data via RS232

Axis Articulated Robot

ALSAS-10U utilizes a six axis articulated robot, which is controlled using a Pentium based real-time movement controller. The movement kinematics engine utilizes proprietary (Thermo CRS) interpolation and extrapolation algorithms, which allow full freedom of movement for each of the six joints within the working envelope. Utilization of joint 6 allows for full probe rotation with a tolerance better than 0.05mm around the central axis.

Robot/Controller Manufacturer	Thermo CRS
Number of Axis	Six independently controlled axis
Positioning Repeatability	0.05 mm
Controller Type	Single phase Pentium based C500C
Robot Reach	710 mm
Communication	RS232 and LAN compatible

ALSAS Universal Workstation

ALSAS Universal workstation allows for repeatability and fast adaptability. It allows users to do calibration, testing and measurements using different types of phantoms with one set up, which significantly speeds up the measurement process.

Universal Device Positioner

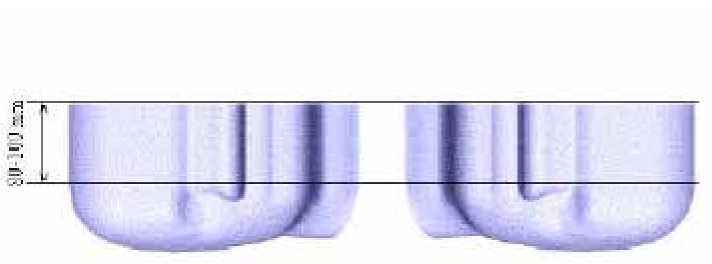
The universal device positioner allows complete freedom of movement of the EUT. Developed to hold a EUT in a free-space scenario any additional loading attributable to the material used in the construction of the positioner has been eliminated. Repeatability has been enhanced through the linear scales which form the design used to indicate positioning for any given test scenario in all major axes. A 15° tilt indicator is included for the of aid cheek to tilt movements for head SAR analysis. Overall uncertainty for measurements have been reduced due to the design of the Universal device positioner, which allows positioning of a device in as near to a free-space scenario as possible, and by providing the means for complete repeatability.

Phantom Types

The ALSAS-10U allows the integration of multiple phantom types. SAM Phantoms fully compliant with IEEE 1528, Universal Phantom, and Universal Flat.

APREL SAM Phantoms

The SAM phantoms developed using the IEEE SAM CAD file. They are fully compliant with the requirements for both IEEE 1528 and FCC Supplement C. Both the left and right SAM phantoms are interchangeable, transparent and include the IEEE 1528 grid with visible NF and MB lines.



APREL Laboratories Universal Phantom

The Universal Phantom is used on the ALSAS-10U as a system validation phantom. The Universal Phantom has been fully validated both experimentally from 800MHz to 6GHz and numerically using XFDTD numerical software.

The shell thickness is 2mm overall, with a 4mm spacer located at the NF/MB intersection providing an overall thickness of 6mm in line with the requirements of IEEE-1528.

The design allows for fast and accurate measurements, of handsets, by allowing the conservative SAR to be evaluated at on frequency for both left and right head experiments in one measurement.

Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body Phantoms

The head tissue dielectric parameters recommended by the IEEE SCC-34/SC-2 in P1528 have been incorporated in the following table. These head parameters are derived from planar layer models simulating the highest expected SAR for the dielectric properties and tissue thickness variations in a human head. Other head and body tissue parameters that have not been specified in P1528 are derived from the tissue dielectric parameters computed from the 4-Cole-Cole equations described in Reference [12] and extrapolated according to the head parameters specified in P1528.

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)									
	450		835		915		1900		2450	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56.0	54.9	40.4	62.7	73.2
Salt (Nacl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.5	0.5	0.04
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56.0	45.0	56.5	41.76	0.0	58.0	0.0	0.0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.21	0.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0
Triton x-100	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	36.8	0.0
DGBE	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	44.92	0.0	0.0	26.7
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58.0	42.54	56.1	42.0	56.8	39.9	54.0	39.8	52.5
Conductivity (s/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1.0	1.07	1.42	1.45	1.88	1.78

Recommended Tissue Dielectric Parameters for Head and Body

Frequency (MHz)	Head Tissue		Body Tissue	
	εr	σ (S/m)	εr	σ (S/m)
150	52.3	0.76	61.9	0.80
300	45.3	0.87	58.2	0.92
450	43.5	0.87	56.7	0.94
835	41.5	0.90	55.2	0.97
900	41.5	0.97	55.0	1.05
915	41.5	0.98	55.0	1.06
1450	40.5	1.20	54.0	1.30
1610	40.3	1.29	53.8	1.40
1800-2000	40.0	1.40	53.3	1.52
2450	39.2	1.80	52.7	1.95
3000	38.5	2.40	52.0	2.73
5800	35.3	5.27	48.2	6.00

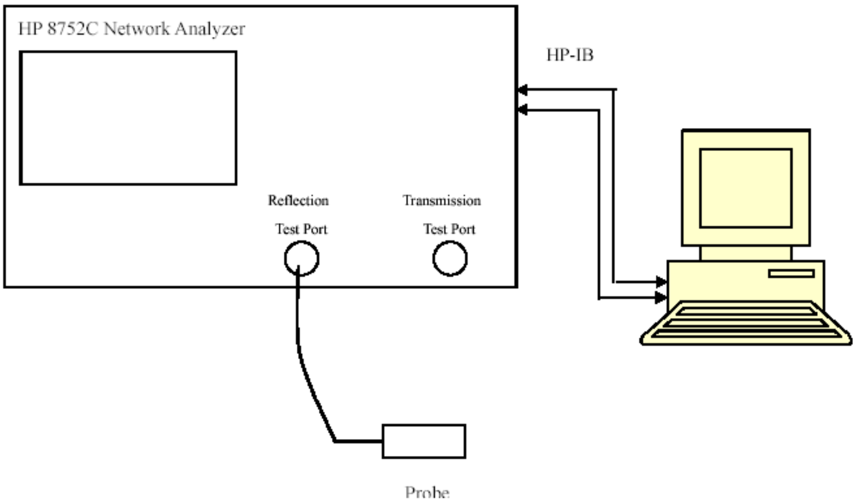
EQUIPMENT LIST AND CALIBRATION

Equipments List & Calibration Information

Equipment	Model	Calibration Date	S/N
CRS F3 robot	ALS-F3	N/A	RAF0805352
CRS F3 Software	ALS-F3-SW	N/A	N/A
CRS C500C controller	ALS-C500	N/A	RCF0805379
Probe mounting device & Boundary Detection Sensor System	ALS-PMDPS-3	N/A	120-00270
Universal Work Station	ALS-UWS	N/A	100-00157
Data Acquisition Package	ALS-DAQ-PAQ-3	2014-10-14	110-00212
Miniature E-Field Probe	ALS-E-020	2014-10-14	500-00283
Dipole, 835MHz	ALS-D-835-S-2	2014-10-08	180-00558
Dipole, 1900MHz	ALS-D-1900-S-2	2014-10-09	210-00710
Dipole Spacer	ALS-DS-U	N/A	250-00907
Device holder/Positioner	ALS-H-E-SET-2	N/A	170-00510
Left ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-L	N/A	130-00311
Right ear SAM phantom	ALS-P-SAM-R	N/A	140-00359
UniPhantom	ALS-P-UP-1	N/A	150-00413
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Head	ALS-TS-835-H	Each Time	270-01002
Simulated Tissue 835 MHz Body	ALS-TS-835-B	Each Time	270-02101
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Head	ALS-TS-1900-H	Each Time	295-01103
Simulated Tissue 1900 MHz Body	ALS-TS-1900-B	Each Time	295-02102
Directional couple	DC6180A	N/A	0325849
Power Amplifier	5S1G4	N/A	71377
Dielectric probe kit	HP85070B	2014-06-13	N/A
Attenuator	3dB	2014-05-08	5402
Network analyzer	8752C	2014-06-03	3410A02356
Synthesized Sweeper	HP 8341B	2014-06-03	2624A00116
UNIVERSAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	CMU200	2013-11-23	106891
EMI Test Receiver	ESCI	2014-06-13	101746

SAR MEASUREMENT SYSTEM VERIFICATION

Liquid Verification



Liquid Verification Setup Block Diagram

Liquid Verification Results

Frequency	Liquid Type	Liquid Parameter		Target Value		Delta (%)		Tolerance (%)
		ε_r	Ơ (S/m)	ε_r	Ơ (S/m)	$\Delta\varepsilon_r$	ΔƠ (S/m)	
824.2	Head	41.20	0.90	41.50	0.90	-0.723	0.000	±5
	Body	53.96	0.93	55.20	0.97	-2.246	-4.124	±5
836.6	Head	41.25	0.91	41.50	0.90	-0.602	1.111	±5
	Body	53.93	0.95	55.20	0.97	-2.301	-2.062	±5
848.8	Head	41.17	0.91	41.50	0.90	-0.795	1.111	±5
	Body	53.94	0.96	55.20	0.97	-2.283	-1.031	±5
1850.2	Head	39.81	1.36	40.00	1.40	-0.475	-2.857	±5
	Body	52.21	1.46	53.30	1.52	-2.045	-3.947	±5
1880.0	Head	39.81	1.38	40.00	1.40	-0.475	-1.429	±5
	Body	52.03	1.48	53.30	1.52	-2.383	-2.632	±5
1909.8	Head	39.69	1.41	40.00	1.40	-0.775	0.714	±5
	Body	51.95	1.51	53.30	1.52	-2.533	-0.658	±5

**Liquid Verification was performed on 2015-01-15.*

Please refer to the following tables.

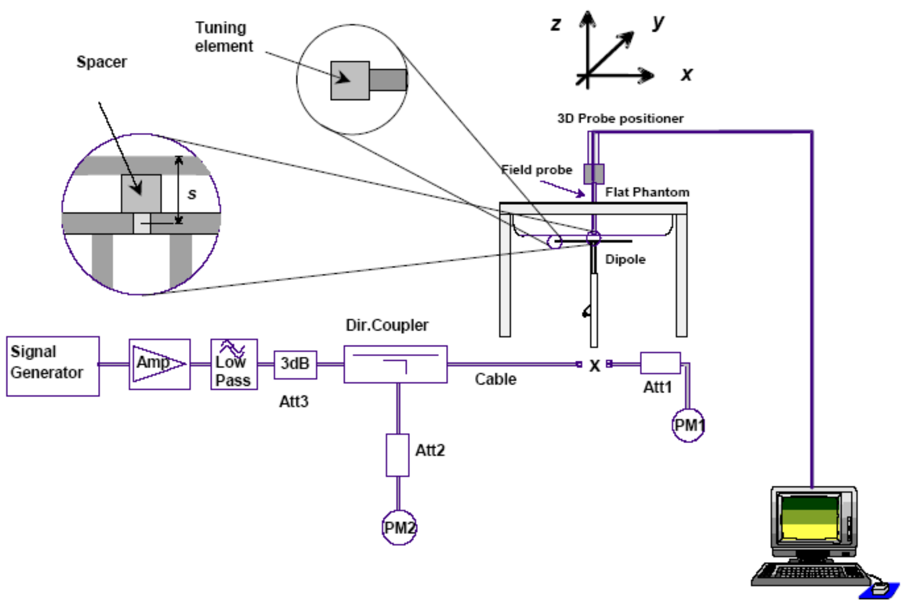
835 MHz Head				835 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''		Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
824.0	41.1978	19.5504		824.0	53.9570	20.3951
824.5	41.2881	19.5338		824.5	54.0063	20.3129
825.0	41.1455	19.5486		825.0	53.9145	20.3985
825.5	41.1395	19.6437		825.5	54.0286	20.3980
826.0	41.0593	19.5781		826.0	53.9582	20.4304
826.5	41.2235	19.5928		826.5	53.9607	20.3855
827.0	41.1300	19.5582		827.0	54.0413	20.3066
827.5	41.1133	19.5862		827.5	54.0637	20.3778
828.0	41.1981	19.6541		828.0	53.9125	20.3787
828.5	41.1688	19.5750		828.5	54.0140	20.3036
829.0	41.2340	19.5635		829.0	53.9548	20.3871
829.5	41.1865	19.6546		829.5	53.9479	20.3796
830.0	41.2202	19.5288		830.0	53.9529	20.4127
830.5	41.1621	19.5739		830.5	53.9564	20.4332
831.0	41.1374	19.5593		831.0	53.9271	20.4000
831.5	41.0704	19.5520		831.5	54.0430	20.4288
832.0	41.1523	19.6529		832.0	54.0298	20.4562
832.5	41.2258	19.5727		832.5	54.0644	20.3859
833.0	41.1461	19.5415		833.0	53.9068	20.4132
833.5	41.2065	19.5894		833.5	54.0073	20.3649
834.0	41.2195	19.5347		834.0	53.9483	20.3842
834.5	41.1746	19.5537		834.5	53.9876	20.3378
835.0	41.1656	19.6334		835.0	54.0262	20.2829
835.5	41.1384	19.5841		835.5	54.0227	20.4166
836.0	41.1920	19.6315		836.0	53.9518	20.3208
836.5	41.2538	19.5825		836.5	53.9281	20.3686
837.0	41.2353	19.5442		837.0	53.9843	20.3974
837.5	41.1858	19.5056		837.5	53.9759	20.3744
838.0	41.1949	19.5301		838.0	53.9944	20.4135
838.5	41.1621	19.5832		838.5	53.9908	20.3687
839.0	41.2019	19.5131		839.0	53.9988	20.4092
839.5	41.1815	19.4667		839.5	54.0549	20.4565
840.0	41.1635	19.3191		840.0	54.0113	20.4262
840.5	41.2695	19.3283		840.5	53.9205	20.4148
841.0	41.2050	19.3370		841.0	53.9683	20.3068
841.5	41.1543	19.2513		841.5	53.9893	20.4275
842.0	41.1967	19.2750		842.0	53.9943	20.3383
842.5	41.2541	19.3843		842.5	53.9627	20.3706
843.0	41.1936	19.3220		843.0	53.9453	20.3148
843.5	41.1783	19.1993		843.5	53.8912	20.3573
844.0	41.1746	19.2731		844.0	53.9712	20.3930
844.5	41.1322	19.2423		844.5	54.0707	20.4057
845.0	41.2150	19.3377		845.0	54.0092	20.3364
845.5	41.2503	19.3326		845.5	53.9531	20.2987
846.0	41.1310	19.3119		846.0	53.9460	20.3083
846.5	41.2142	19.3481		846.5	53.9331	20.4382
847.0	41.2181	19.2365		847.0	53.9235	20.4246
847.5	41.1668	19.3223		847.5	53.9924	20.4419
848.0	41.2149	19.2846		848.0	54.0165	20.3871
848.5	41.1672	19.2571		848.5	53.9417	20.4405
849.0	41.1499	19.2145		849.0	53.8540	20.4590

1900 MHz Head				1900 MHz Body		
Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''		Frequency (MHz)	e'	e''
1850.0	39.8054	13.2344		1850.0	52.2056	14.1649
1851.2	39.8079	13.1638		1851.2	52.1578	14.0294
1852.4	39.7666	13.2003		1852.4	51.9854	14.1198
1853.6	39.8042	13.2566		1853.6	51.9527	14.0873
1854.8	39.7541	13.1984		1854.8	51.9353	14.2026
1856.0	39.7653	13.2727		1856.0	52.1883	14.0924
1857.2	39.8056	13.1547		1857.2	52.0098	14.1971
1858.4	39.8475	13.1296		1858.4	52.1517	14.0272
1859.6	39.7493	13.2310		1859.6	51.9900	14.0938
1860.8	39.8179	13.1206		1860.8	51.9700	14.1889
1862.0	39.7783	13.2529		1862.0	52.1725	14.1509
1863.2	39.7434	13.2475		1863.2	52.2685	14.2061
1864.4	39.7204	13.1766		1864.4	52.1061	14.0929
1865.6	39.6434	13.0956		1865.6	52.1665	14.1443
1866.8	39.7494	13.2568		1866.8	52.2628	14.1432
1868.0	39.8099	13.2416		1868.0	51.9707	14.1089
1869.2	39.8673	13.2024		1869.2	51.8542	14.0997
1870.4	39.6759	13.1540		1870.4	51.9733	14.1354
1871.6	39.7487	13.1575		1871.6	52.1298	14.2333
1872.8	39.7847	13.2370		1872.8	52.1985	14.1092
1874.0	39.7983	13.2812		1874.0	52.2976	14.0864
1875.2	39.8399	13.3263		1875.2	52.0730	14.1040
1876.4	39.6952	13.3458		1876.4	52.1520	14.1358
1877.6	39.7239	13.1476		1877.6	52.1839	14.1302
1878.8	39.7453	13.2707		1878.8	52.1437	14.1350
1880.0	39.8060	13.2004		1880.0	52.0285	14.1552
1881.2	39.8271	13.2546		1881.2	51.9029	14.1385
1882.4	39.7928	13.2136		1882.4	52.1197	14.1288
1883.6	39.7696	13.1069		1883.6	52.0588	14.0680
1884.8	39.9032	13.0912		1884.8	52.0875	14.1778
1886.0	39.7121	13.1280		1886.0	52.1913	14.0491
1887.2	39.6897	13.2209		1887.2	52.1172	14.1636
1888.4	39.8276	13.3115		1888.4	52.0561	14.1409
1889.6	39.8204	13.2451		1889.6	52.1077	14.1049
1890.8	39.8459	13.2985		1890.8	51.9621	14.0459
1892.0	39.6979	13.2721		1892.0	51.9405	14.2550
1893.2	39.7661	13.2079		1893.2	51.9184	14.2381
1894.4	39.6735	13.0634		1894.4	52.0580	14.1791
1895.6	39.8669	13.3043		1895.6	52.1478	14.1640
1896.8	39.8449	13.1449		1896.8	52.0817	14.0433
1898.0	39.6923	13.1297		1898.0	52.2117	14.1527
1899.2	39.7859	13.2484		1899.2	52.2496	14.0606
1900.4	39.7839	13.3400		1900.4	52.2710	14.1521
1901.6	39.8865	13.1626		1901.6	52.1755	14.0842
1902.8	39.7736	13.2133		1902.8	52.1690	14.2608
1904.0	39.7120	13.1686		1904.0	52.0547	14.0644
1905.2	39.6942	13.2583		1905.2	52.1622	14.0309
1906.4	39.8710	13.1604		1906.4	52.1486	14.2581
1907.6	39.7024	13.2357		1907.6	51.9704	14.0498
1908.8	39.8728	13.1214		1908.8	52.2663	14.1059
1910.0	39.6890	13.2686		1910.0	51.9482	14.1989

System Accuracy Verification

Prior to the assessment, the system validation kit was used to test whether the system was operating within its specifications of ±10%. The validation results are tabulated below. And also the corresponding SAR plot is attached as well in the SAR plots files.

System Verification Setup Block Diagram



Probe and dipole antenna List and Detail

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
APREL	Probe	ALS-E-020	500-00283	2014-10-14	2015-10-13
APREL	Dipole antenna(835MHz)	ALS-D-835-S-2	180-00558	2014-10-08	2017-10-07
APREL	Dipole antenna(1900MHz)	ALS-D-1900-S-2	210-00710	2014-10-09	2017-10-08

System Accuracy Check Results

Date	Frequency Band	Liquid Type	Measured SAR (W/Kg)		Target Value (W/Kg)	Delta (%)	Tolerance (%)
2015-01-15	835	Head	1g	10.002	9.773	2.343	±10
		Body	1g	10.237	9.736	5.146	±10
	1900	Head	1g	40.156	39.481	1.710	±10
		Body	1g	40.338	39.715	1.569	±10

*All SAR values are normalized to 1 Watt forward power.

SAR SYSTEM VALIDATION DATA

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 835 MHz Head Liquid

Dipole 835 MHz; Type: ALS-D-835-S-2; S/N: 180-00558

Product Data	
Device Name	: Dipole 835 MHz
Serial No.	: 180-00558
Type	: Dipole
Model	: ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency Band	: 835
Max. Transmit Pwr	: 1 W
Drift Time	: 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start	: 9.725 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish	: 9.765 W/kg
Power Drift (%)	: 0.411

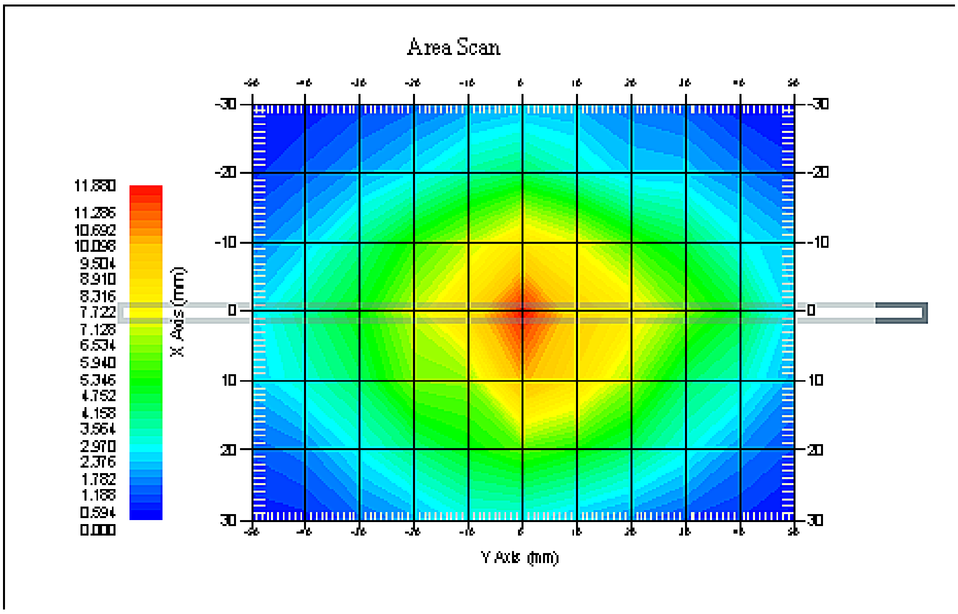
Phantom Data	
Name	: APREL-Uni
Type	: Uni-Phantom
Serial No.	: System Default
Location	: Center
Description	: Default
Phantom Data	

Tissue Data	
Type	: Head
Serial No.	: 270-01002
Frequency	: 835.0 MHz
Last Calib. Date	: 15-Jan-2015
Temperature	: 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp.	: 21.00 °C
Humidity	: 56.00 RH%
Epsilon	: 41.08 F/m
Sigma	: 0.92 S/m
Density	: 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data	
Name	: E-Field
Model	: E-020
Type	: E-Field Triangle
Serial No.	: 500-00283
Last Calib. Date	: 14-Oct-2014
Frequency Band	: 835
Duty Cycle Factor	: 1
Conversion Factor	: 5.9
Probe Sensitivity	: 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point	: 95.00 mV
Offset	: 1.56 mm

Measurement Data	
Crest Factor	: 1
Scan Type	: Complete
Tissue Temp.	: 21.00 °C
Ambient Temp.	: 21.00 °C
Area Scan	: 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan	: 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value	: 10.002 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 6.955 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 11.785 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 16.327 W/kg



835 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 835 MHz Body Liquid

Dipole 835 MHz; Type: ALS-D-835-S-2; S/N: 180-00558

Product Data	
Device Name	: Dipole 835 MHz
Serial No.	: 180-00558
Type	: Dipole
Model	: ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency Band	: 835
Max. Transmit Pwr	: 1 W
Drift Time	: 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start	: 10.557 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish	: 10.422 W/kg
Power Drift (%)	: -1.279

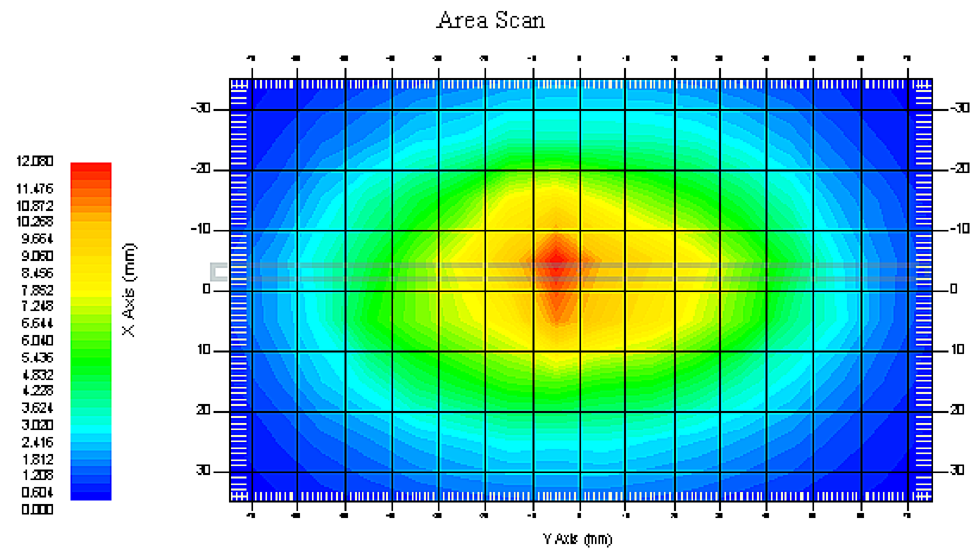
Phantom Data	
Name	: APREL-Uni
Type	: Uni-Phantom
Serial No.	: System Default
Location	: Center
Description	: Default
Phantom Data	

Tissue Data	
Type	: Body
Serial No.	: 270-02101
Frequency	: 835.0 MHz
Last Calib. Date	: 15-Jan-2015
Temperature	: 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp.	: 21.00 °C
Humidity	: 56.00 RH%
Epsilon	: 53.91 F/m
Sigma	: 0.96 S/m
Density	: 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data	
Name	: E-Field
Model	: E-020
Type	: E-Field Triangle
Serial No.	: 500-00283
Last Calib. Date	: 14-Oct-2014
Frequency Band	: 835
Duty Cycle Factor	: 1
Conversion Factor	: 5.9
Probe Sensitivity	: 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point	: 95.00 mV
Offset	: 1.56 mm

Measurement Data	
Crest Factor	: 1
Scan Type	: Complete
Tissue Temp.	: 21.00 °C
Ambient Temp.	: 21.00 °C
Area Scan	: 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan	: 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value : 10.237 W/kg
10 gram SAR value : 6.592 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR : 12.051 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR : 15.858 W/kg



835 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 1900 MHz Head Liquid

Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710

Product Data	
Device Name	: Dipole 1900MHz
Serial No.	: 210-00710
Type	: Dipole
Model	: ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency Band	: 1900
Max. Transmit Pwr	: 1 W
Drift Time	: 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start	: 39.862 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish	: 39.631 W/kg
Power Drift (%)	: -0.579

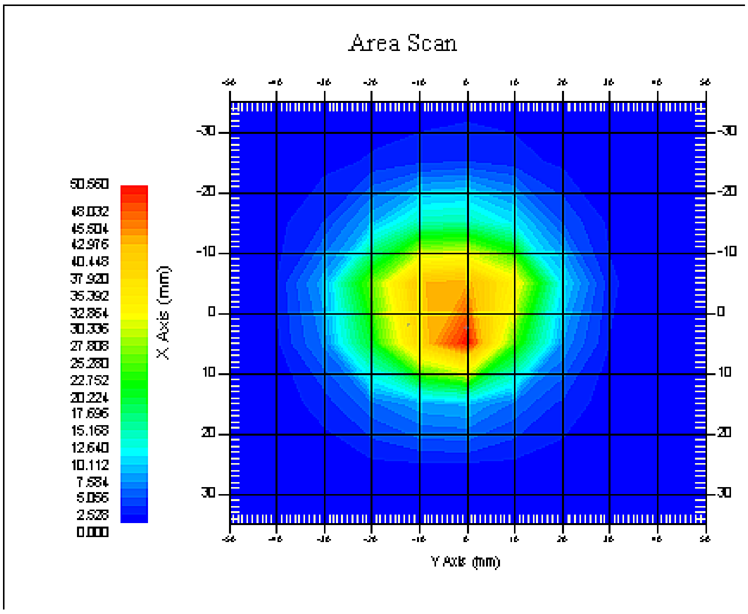
Phantom Data	
Name	: APREL-Uni
Type	: Uni-Phantom
Serial No.	: System Default
Location	: Center
Description	: Default

Tissue Data	
Type	: Head
Serial No.	: 295-01103
Frequency	: 1900.00 MHz
Last Calib. Date	: 15-Jan-2015
Temperature	: 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp.	: 21.00 °C
Humidity	: 56.00 RH%
Epsilon	: 39.68 F/m
Sigma	: 1.42 S/m
Density	: 1000.00 kg/cu. M

Probe Data	
Name	: E-Field
Model	: E-020
Type	: E-Field Triangle
Serial No.	: 500-00283
Last Calib. Date	: 14-Oct-2014
Frequency Band	: 1900
Duty Cycle Factor	: 1
Conversion Factor	: 4.8
Probe Sensitivity	: 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point	: 95.00 mV
Offset	: 1.56 mm

Measurement Data	
Crest Factor	: 1
Scan Type	: Complete
Tissue Temp.	: 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp.	: 20.00 °C
Area Scan	: 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan	: 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value	: 40.156 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 21.531 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 49.957 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 79.857 W/kg



1900 MHz System Validation with Head Tissue

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

System Performance Check 1900 MHz Body Liquid

Dipole 1900 MHz; Type: ALS-D-1900-S-2; S/N: 210-00710

Product Data	
Device Name	: Dipole 1900MHz
Serial No.	: 210-00710
Type	: Dipole
Model	: ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency Band	: 1900
Max. Transmit Pwr	: 1 W
Drift Time	: 3 min(s)
Power Drift-Start	: 40.119 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish	: 40.825 W/kg
Power Drift (%)	: 1.760

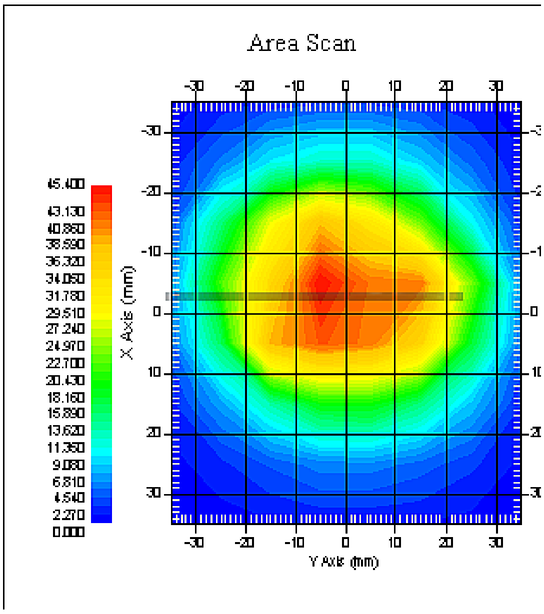
Phantom Data	
Name	: APREL-Uni
Type	: Uni-Phantom
Serial No.	: System Default
Location	: Center
Description	: Default

Tissue Data	
Type	: Body
Serial No.	: 295-02102
Frequency	: 1900.00 MHz
Last Calib. Date	: 15-Jan-2015
Temperature	: 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp.	: 21.00 °C
Humidity	: 56.00 RH%
Epsilon	: 52.13 F/m
Sigma	: 1.51 S/m
Density	: 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data	
Name	: E-Field
Model	: E-020
Type	: E-Field Triangle
Serial No.	: 500-00283
Last Calib. Date	: 14-Oct-2014
Frequency Band	: 1900
Duty Cycle Factor	: 1
Conversion Factor	: 4.5
Probe Sensitivity	: 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point	: 95.00 mV
Offset	: 1.56 mm

Measurement Data	
Crest Factor	: 1
Scan Type	: Complete
Tissue Temp.	: 20.00 °C
Ambient Temp.	: 21.00 °C
Area Scan	: 7x9x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan	: 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm

1 gram SAR value	: 40.338 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 21.315 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 45.337 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 79.852 W/kg



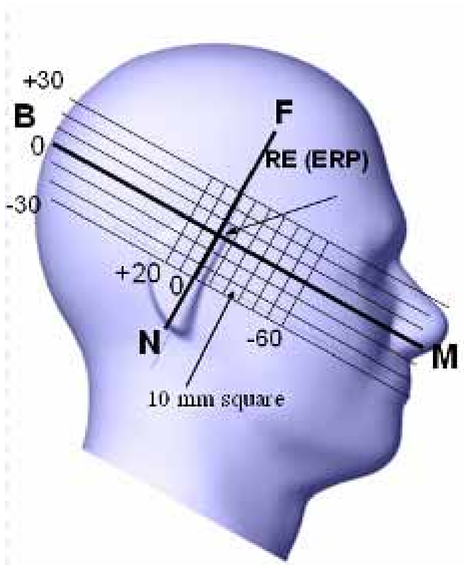
1900 MHz System Validation with Body Tissue

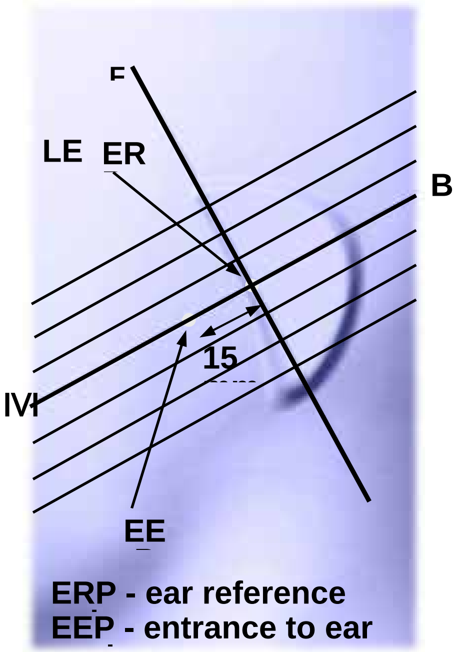
EUT TEST STRATEGY AND METHODOLOGY

Test Positions for Device Operating Next to a Person's Ear

This category includes most wireless handsets with fixed, retractable or internal antennas located toward the top half of the device, with or without a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover. The handset should have its earpiece located within the upper ¼ of the device, either along the centerline or off-centered, as perceived by its users. This type of handset should be positioned in a normal operating position with the "test device reference point" located along the "vertical centerline" on the front of the device aligned to the "ear reference point". The "test device reference point" should be located at the same level as the center of the earpiece region. The "vertical centerline" should bisect the front surface of the handset at its top and bottom edges. A "ear reference point" is located on the outer surface of the head phantom on each ear spacer. It is located 1.5 cm above the center of the ear canal entrance in the "phantom reference plane" defined by the three lines joining the center of each "ear reference point" (left and right) and the tip of the mouth.

A handset should be initially positioned with the earpiece region pressed against the ear spacer of a head phantom. For the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom, the device should be positioned parallel to the "N-F" line defined along the base of the ear spacer that contains the "ear reference point". For interim head phantoms, the device should be positioned parallel to the cheek for maximum RF energy coupling. The "test device reference point" is aligned to the "ear reference point" on the head phantom and the "vertical centerline" is aligned to the "phantom reference plane". This is called the "initial ear position". While maintaining these three alignments, the body of the handset is gradually adjusted to each of the following positions for evaluating SAR:





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Cheek/Touch Position

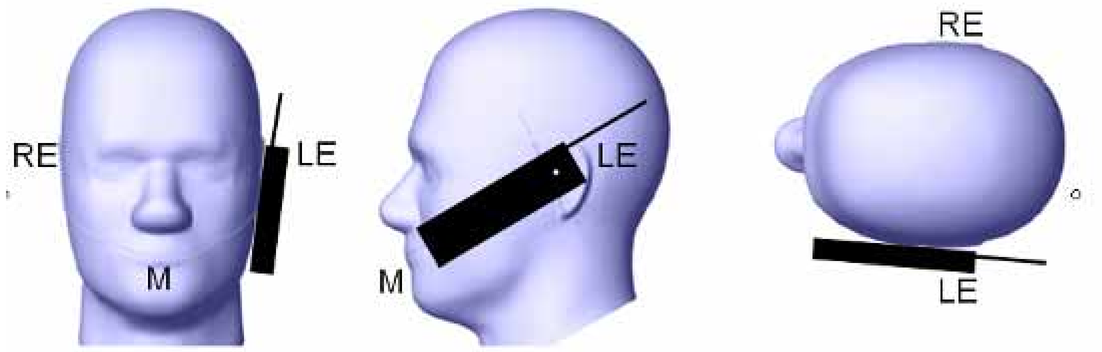
The device is brought toward the mouth of the head phantom by pivoting against the “ear reference point” or along the “N-F” line for the SCC-34/SC-2 head phantom.

This test position is established:

- When any point on the display, keypad or mouthpiece portions of the handset is in contact with the phantom.
- (or) When any portion of a foldout, sliding or similar keypad cover opened to its intended self-adjusting normal use position is in contact with the cheek or mouth of the phantom.

For existing head phantoms – when the handset loses contact with the phantom at the pivoting point, rotation should continue until the device touches the cheek of the phantom or breaks its last contact from the ear spacer.

Cheek /Touch Position



Ear/Tilt Position

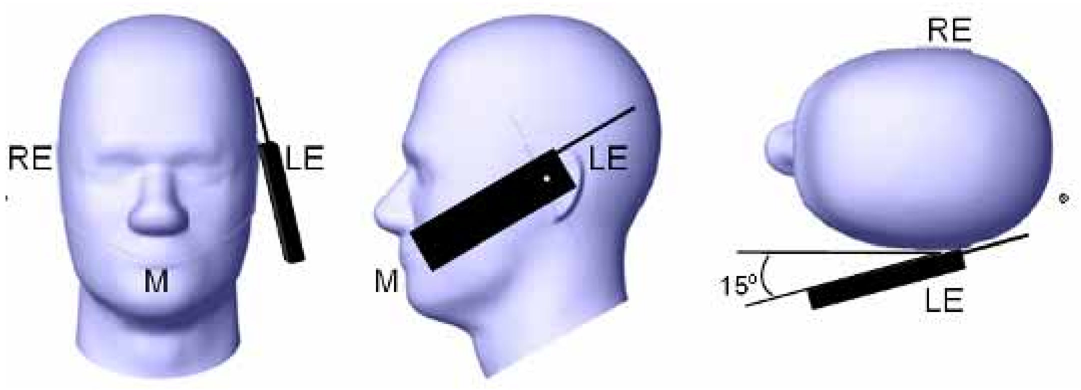
With the handset aligned in the “Cheek/Touch Position”:

1) If the earpiece of the handset is not in full contact with the phantom’s ear spacer (in the “Cheek/Touch position”) and the peak SAR location for the “Cheek/Touch” position is located at the ear spacer region or corresponds to the earpiece region of the handset, the device should be returned to the “initial ear position” by rotating it away from the mouth until the earpiece is in full contact with the ear spacer.

2) (otherwise) The handset should be moved (translated) away from the cheek perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” (note: one of these ear reference points may not physically exist on a split head model) for approximate 2-3 cm. While it is in this position, the device handset is tilted away from the mouth with respect to the “test device reference point” until the inside angle between the vertical centerline on the front surface of the phone and the horizontal line passing through the ear reference point isby 15 80°. After the tilt, it is then moved (translated) back toward the head perpendicular to the line passes through both “ear reference points” until the device touches the phantom or the ear spacer. If the antenna touches the head first, the positioning process should be repeated with a tilt angle less than 15° so that the device and its antenna would touch the phantom simultaneously. This test position may require a device holder or positioner to achieve the translation and tilting with acceptable positioning repeatability.

If a device is also designed to transmit with its keypad cover closed for operating in the head position, such positions should also be considered in the SAR evaluation. The device should be tested on the left and right side of the head phantom in the “Cheek/Touch” and “Ear/Tilt” positions. When applicable, each configuration should be tested with the antenna in its fully extended and fully retracted positions. These test configurations should be tested at the high, middle and low frequency channels of each operating mode; for example, AMPS, CDMA, and TDMA. If the SAR measured at the middle channel for each test configuration (left, right, Cheek/Touch, Tile/Ear, extended and retracted) is at least 2.0 dB lower than the SAR limit, testing at the high and low channels is optional for such test configuration(s). If the transmission band of the test device is less than 10 MHz, testing at the high and low frequency channels is optional.

Ear /Tilt 15° Position



Test positions for body-worn and other configurations

Body-worn operating configurations should be tested with the belt-clips and holsters attached to the device and positioned against a flat phantom in normal use configurations. Devices with a headset output should be tested with a headset connected to the device. When multiple accessories that do not contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device may be tested with only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body. When multiple accessories that contain metallic components are supplied with the device, the device must be tested with each accessory that contains a unique metallic component. If multiple accessories share an identical metallic component (e.g., the same metallic belt-clip used with different holsters with no other metallic components), only the accessory that dictates the closest spacing to the body must be tested.

Body-worn accessories may not always be supplied or available as options for some devices that are intended to be authorized for body-worn use. A separation distance of 1.5 cm between the back of the device and a flat phantom is recommended for testing body-worn SAR compliance under such circumstances. Other separation distances may be used, but they should not exceed 2.5 cm. In these cases, the device may use body-worn accessories that provide a separation distance greater than that tested for the device provided however that the accessory contains no metallic components.

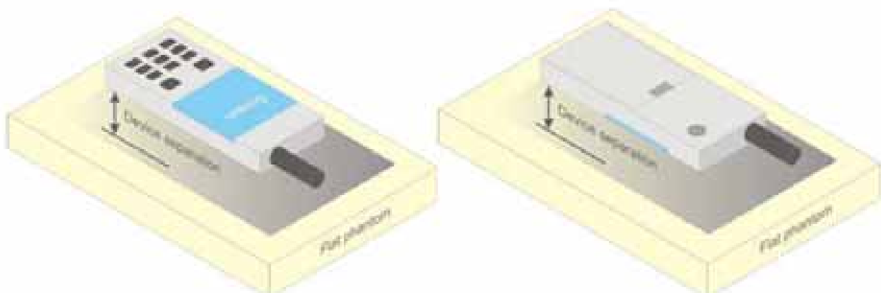


Figure 5 – Test positions for body-worn devices

SAR Evaluation Procedure

The evaluation was performed with the following procedure:

Step 1: Measurement of the SAR value at a fixed location above the ear point or central position was used as a reference value for assessing the power drop. The SAR at this point is measured at the start of the test and then again at the end of the testing.

Step 2: The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4 mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head or EUT and the horizontal grid spacing was 10 mm x 10 mm. Based on these data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation. The first Area Scan covers the entire dimension of the EUT to ensure that the hotspot was correctly identified.

Step 3: Around this point, a volume of 35 mm x 35 mm x 35 mm was assessed by measuring 7x 7 x 7 points. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated under the following procedure:

1) The data at the surface were extrapolated, since the center of the dipoles is 1.2 mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.3 mm. The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip.

2) The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straightforward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1 g or 10 g) were computed by the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The 3D-Spline is composed of three one dimensional splines with the “Not a knot"-condition (in x, y and z-directions). The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal-algorithm. One thousand points (10 x 10 x 10) were interpolated to calculate the averages.

All neighboring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

Step 4: Re-measurement of the SAR value at the same location as in Step 1. If the value changed by more than 5%, the evaluation was repeated.

Test methodology

KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v05r02.
KDB 648474 D04 Handset SAR v01r02.
KDB 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r03
KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r01

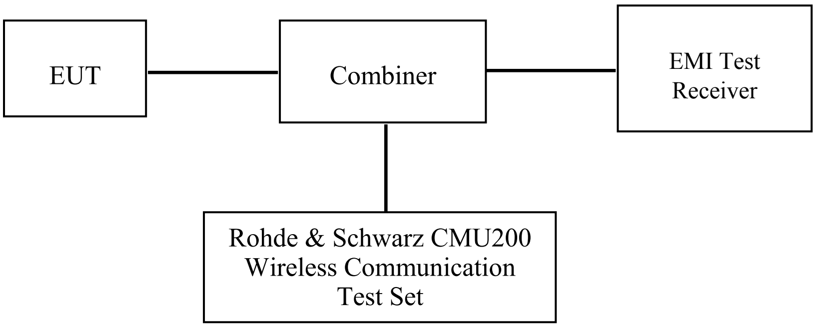
CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT

Provision Applicable

The measured peak output power should be greater and within 5% than EMI measurement.

Test Procedure

The RF output of the transmitter was connected to the input of the EMI Test Receiver through sufficient attenuation.



GSM

Maximum Output Power among production units

Max Target Power for Production Unit (dBm)			
Mode/Band	Channel		
	Low	Middle	High
GSM 835	32.60	32.60	32.60
GPRS 1 slot	32.30	32.30	32.30
GPRS 2 slot	30.70	30.70	30.70
GPRS 3 slot	28.90	28.90	28.90
GPRS 4 slot	27.40	27.40	27.40
PCS 1900	29.60	29.60	29.60
GPRS 1 slot	29.60	29.60	29.60
GPRS 2 slot	27.40	27.40	27.40
GPRS 3 slot	25.30	25.30	25.30
GPRS 4 slot	25.10	25.10	25.10
Bluetooth	6.30	6.30	6.30

Test Results:

GSM:

Band	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power	
		Meas. Power (dBm)	Meas. Power (W)
GSM 850	824.2	**32.59**	1.816
	836.6	31.77	1.503
	848.8	31.56	1.432
PCS 1900	1850.2	29.21	0.834
	1880.0	29.17	0.826
	1909.8	**29.59**	0.910

GPRS:

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	RF Output Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	32.21	30.61	**28.90**	27.35
	190	836.6	31.31	30.04	28.26	27.34
	251	848.8	31.08	29.72	27.90	27.32
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	29.08	26.81	24.83	23.80
	661	1880.0	29.55	27.34	25.25	25.06
	810	1909.8	29.59	27.37	25.27	24.03

For SAR, the time based average power is relevant, the difference in between depends on the duty cycle of the TDMA signal.

Number of Time slot	1	2	3	4
Duty Cycle	1:8	1:4	1:2.66	1:2
Time based Ave. power compared to slotted Ave. power	-9 dB	-6 dB	-4.25 dB	-3 dB
Crest Factor	8	4	2.66	2

The time based average power for GPRS

Band	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Time based average Power (dBm)			
			1 slot	2 slot	3 slots	4 slots
GSM 850	128	824.2	23.21	24.61	**24.65**	24.35
	190	836.6	22.31	24.04	24.01	24.34
	251	848.8	22.08	23.72	23.65	24.32
PCS 1900	512	1850.2	20.08	20.81	20.58	20.80
	661	1880.0	20.55	21.34	21.00	**22.06**
	810	1909.8	20.59	21.37	21.02	21.03

Note:
1. Rohde & Schwarz Radio Communication Tester (CMU200) was used for the measurement of GSM peak and average output power for active timeslots.
2. For GSM voice, 1 timeslot has been activated with power level 5 (850 MHz band) and 0 (1900 MHz band).
3. For GPRS, 1, 2, 3 and 4 timeslots has been activated separately with power level 3(850 MHz band) and 3(1900 MHz band).

Bluetooth

Mode	Channel frequency (MHz)	Conducted Output Power	
		(dBm)	(mw)
BDR(GFSK)	(Low)2402	3.44	2.208
	(Middle)2441	4.67	2.931
	(High)2480	3.43	2.203
EDR(4-DQPSK)	(Low)2402	6.02	3.999
	(Middle)2441	5.64	3.664
	(High)2480	4.52	2.831
EDR-8DPSK	(Low)2402	**6.26**	4.227
	(Middle)2441	5.81	3.811
	(High)2480	4.71	2.958

SAR MEASUREMENT RESULTS

This page summarizes the results of the performed dosimetric evaluation.

SAR Test Data

Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	21-24 ℃
Relative Humidity:	50-53 %
ATM Pressure:	1001-1002 mbar

Testing was performed by Wilson Chen on 2015-01-15

GSM 850:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	FCC 1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	-0.973	32.59	32.60	1.002	0.153	0.153	/
	836.6	GSM	1.942	31.77	32.60	1.211	0.179	**0.217**	**1#**
	848.8	GSM	2.539	31.56	32.60	1.271	0.162	0.206	
Left Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	-2.033	31.77	32.60	1.211	0.101	0.122	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	3.920	31.77	32.60	1.211	0.155	0.188	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	1.104	31.77	32.60	1.211	0.094	0.114	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (15mm)	824.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	836.6	GSM	3.674	31.77	32.60	1.211	0.211	0.256	/
	848.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (15mm)	824.2	GPRS	1.356	28.90	28.90	1.000	0.337	**0.337**	**2#**
	836.6	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	848.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:
1. When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3.The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 2DL+3UL is the worst case .
4. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.

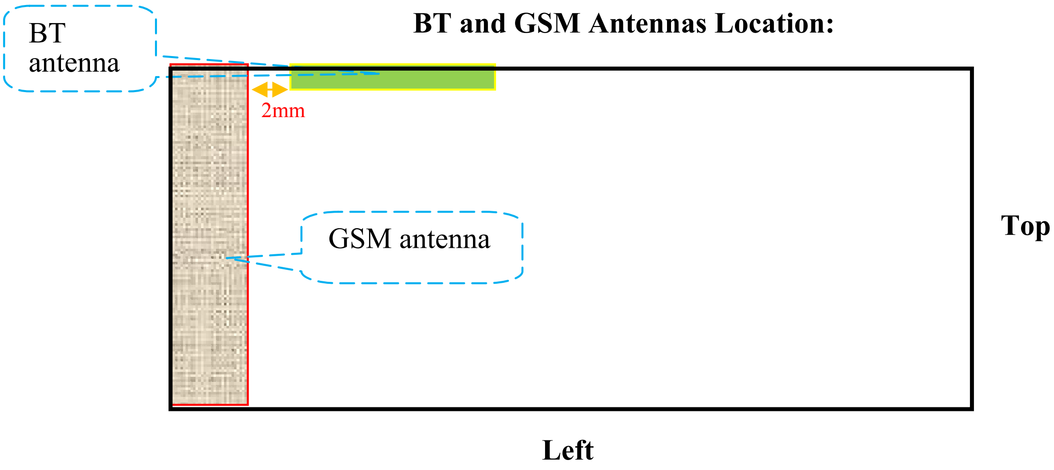
PCS Band:

EUT Position	Frequency (MHz)	Test Mode	Power Drift (%)	Max. Meas. Power (dBm)	Max. Rated Power (dBm)	FCC 1g SAR (W/Kg)			
						Scaled Factor	Meas. SAR	Scaled SAR	Plot
Left Head Cheek	1850.2	GSM	-0.222	29.21	29.60	1.094	0.12	0.131	/
	1880.0	GSM	1.329	29.17	29.60	1.104	0.133	**0.147**	**3#**
	1909.8	GSM	-0.610	29.59	29.60	1.002	0.117	0.117	/
Left Head Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GSM	0.166	29.17	29.60	1.104	0.077	0.085	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Cheek	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GSM	-0.543	29.17	29.60	1.104	0.126	0.139	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Right Head Tilt	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GSM	2.404	29.17	29.60	1.104	0.073	0.081	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back-Headset (15mm)	1850.2	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GSM	-2.464	29.17	29.60	1.104	0.338	0.373	/
	1909.8	GSM	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Body-Back (15mm)	1850.2	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
	1880.0	GPRS	0.483	25.06	25.10	1.009	0.426	**0.430**	**4#**
	1909.8	GPRS	/	/	/	/	/	/	/

Note:
1. When the 1-g SAR is ≤ 0.8W/Kg, testing for other channels are optional.
2. The EUT transmit and receive through the same GSM antenna while testing SAR.
3. The Multi-slot Classes of EUT is Class 12 which has maximum 4 Downlink slots and 4 Uplink slots, the maximum active slots is 5, when perform the multiple slots scan, 1DL+4UL is the worst case .
4. When SAR or MPE is not measured at the maximum power level allowed for production units, the results must be scaled to the maximum tune-up tolerance limit according to the power applied to the individual channels tested to determine compliance.
5. When the maximum output power variation across the required test channels is > ½ dB, instead of the middle channel, the highest output power channel must be used.

SAR SIMULTANEOUS TRANSMISSION DESCRIPTION

BT and GSM Antennas Location:



Simultaneous Transmission:

Description of Simultaneous Transmit Capabilities			Antennas Distance (mm)
Transmitter Combination	Simultaneous?	Hotspot?	
GSM + BT	√	×	2
GPRS + BT	√	×	2

Standalone SAR test exclusion considerations

Head Position:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	P_{avg} (dBm)	P_{avg} (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
GSM 835	835	23.60	229.087	0	42.2	3.0	No
PCS1900	1900	20.60	114.815	0	31.7	3.0	No
Bluetooth	2450	6.30	4.266	0	**1.3**	3.0	Yes

Body Position:

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	P_{avg} (dBm)	P_{avg} (mW)	Distance (mm)	Calculated value	Threshold (1-g)	SAR Test Exclusion
GPRS 835	835	24.70	295.121	15.00	18.1	3.0	No
GPRS 1900	1900	22.10	162.181	15.00	14.9	3.0	No
Bluetooth	2450	6.30	4.266	15.00	**0.4**	3.0	Yes

The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm are determined by:
[(*max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW*)/(*min. test separation distance, mm*)] · [√f(GHz)] ≤ 3.0 for 1-g SAR and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR, where
1. f(GHz) is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz.
2. Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation.

3. The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison.
4. When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion.

Standalone SAR estimation:

Mode	Frequency (GHz)	Distance (mm)	P_{avg} (dBm)	P_{avg} (mW)	Estimated $_{1\text{-g}}$ (W/kg)
BT Head	2.45	0	6.30	4.266	0.178
BT Body	2.45	15	6.30	4.266	0.059

When standalone SAR test exclusion applies to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

[(*max. power of channel, including* ***tune-up tolerance***, *mW*)/(*min. test separation distance,mm*)]·[√f(GHz)/*x*] W/kg for *test separation distances* ≤ 50 mm;

where x = 7.5 for 1-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is < 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test Exclusion

Simultaneous SAR test exclusion considerations:

Mode	Position	Reported SAR (W/kg)		ΣSAR
		GSM	BT	< 1.6W/kg
GSM835	Left Head Cheek	0.217	0.178	**0.395**
	Left Head Tile	0.122	0.178	0.300
	Right Head Cheek	0.188	0.178	0.366
	Right Head Tilt	0.114	0.178	0.292
	Body-Back	0.337	0.059	0.396
PCS1900	Left Head Cheek	0.147	0.178	0.325
	Left Head Tile	0.085	0.178	0.263
	Right Head Cheek	0.139	0.178	0.317
	Right Head Tilt	0.081	0.178	0.259
	Body–Back	0.430	0.059	**0.489**

ΣSAR < 1.6 W/kg therefore simultaneous transmission SAR with Volume Scans is **not** required.

BT and Wi-Fi cannot transmit simultaneously.

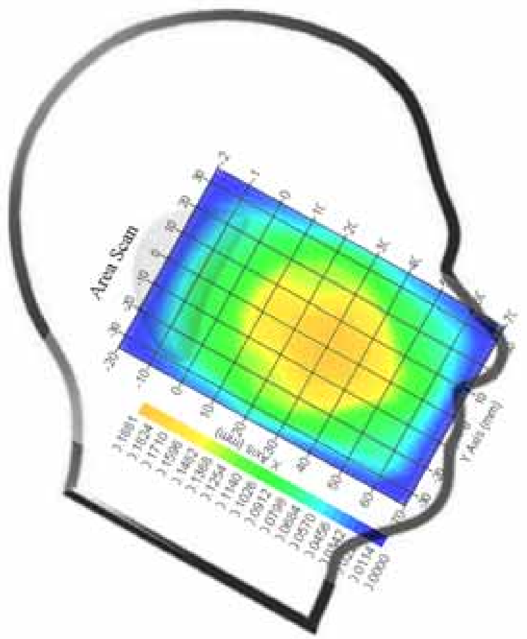
SAR Plots (Summary of the Highest SAR Values)

Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Left Head Cheek (836.6 MHz Middle Channel)

Measurement Data	
Test mode	: GSM
Crest Factor	: 8
Scan Type	: Complete
Area Scan	: 11x8x1: Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan	: 7x7x7: Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start	: 0.103 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish	: 0.105 W/kg
Power Drift (%)	: 1.942
Tissue Data	
Type	: Head
Frequency	: 836.6 MHz
Epsilon	: 41.25 F/m
Sigma	: 0.91 S/m
Density	: 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data	
Serial No.	: 500-00283
Frequency Band	: 835
Duty Cycle Factor	: 8
Conversion Factor	: 5.9
Probe Sensitivity	: 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point	: 95.00 mV
Offset	: 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value	: 0.179 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 0.098 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 0.188 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.278 W/kg

Plot 1#

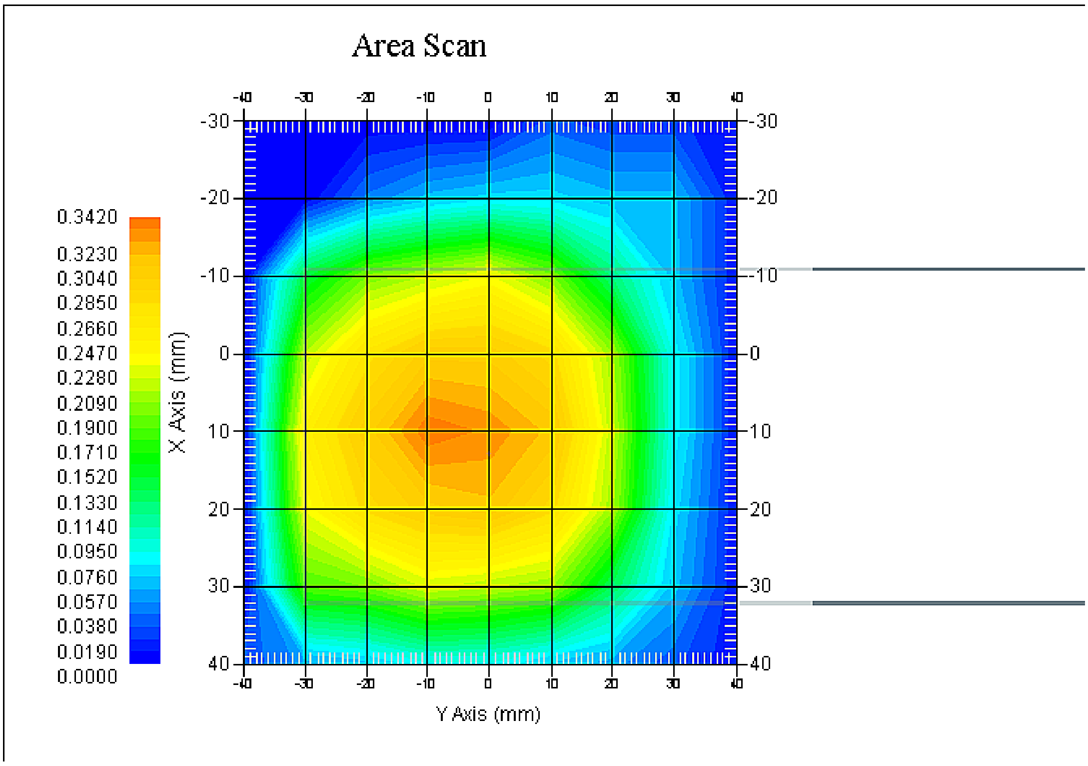


Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Body-worn-Back (824.2 MHz Low Channel)

Measurement Data	
Test mode	: GPRS
Crest Factor	: 2.67
Scan Type：	: Complete
Area Scan	: 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan	: 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start	: 0.295 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish	: 0.299 W/kg
Power Drift (%)	: 1.356
Tissue Data	
Type	: Body
Frequency	: 824.2 MHz
Epsilon	: 53.96 F/m
Sigma	: 0.93 S/m
Density	: 1000.00 kg/cu. m
Probe Data	
Serial No.	: 500-00283
Frequency Band	: 835
Duty Cycle Factor	: 2.67
Conversion Factor	: 5.9
Probe Sensitivity	: 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point	: 95.00 mV
Offset	: 1.56 mm
1 gram SAR value	: 0.337 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 0.179 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 0.342 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.593 W/kg

Plot 2#



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Left Head Cheek(1880.0MHz Middle Channel)

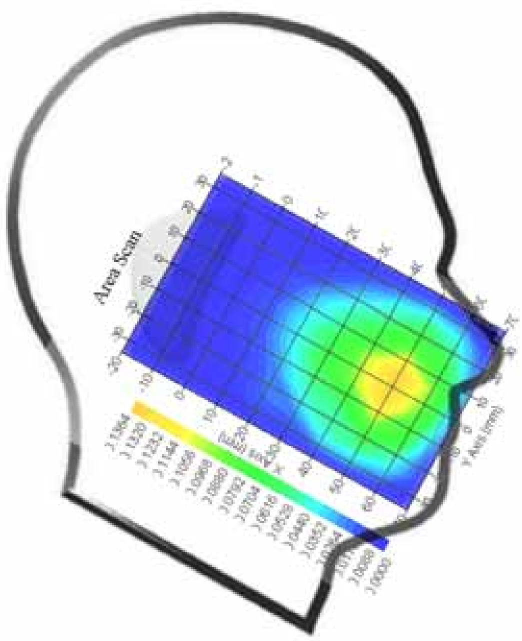
Measurement Data	
Test mode	: GSM
Crest Factor	: 8
Scan Type	: Complete
Area Scan	: 11x8x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan	: 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start	: 0.005 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish	: 0.005 W/kg
Power Drift (%)	: 1.329

Tissue Data	
Type	: Head
Frequency	: 1880.0 MHz
Epsilon	: 39.81 F/m
Sigma	: 1.38 S/m
Density	: 1000.00 kg/cu. M

Probe Data	
Serial No.	: 500-00283
Frequency Band	: 1900
Duty Cycle Factor	: 8
Conversion Factor	: 4.8
Probe Sensitivity	: 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point	: 95.00 mV
Offset	: 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value	: 0.133 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 0.075 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 0.132 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.262 W/kg

Plot 3#



Test Laboratory: Bay Area Compliance Lab Corp. (Shenzhen)

Body-worn-Back (1880.0 MHz Middle Channel)

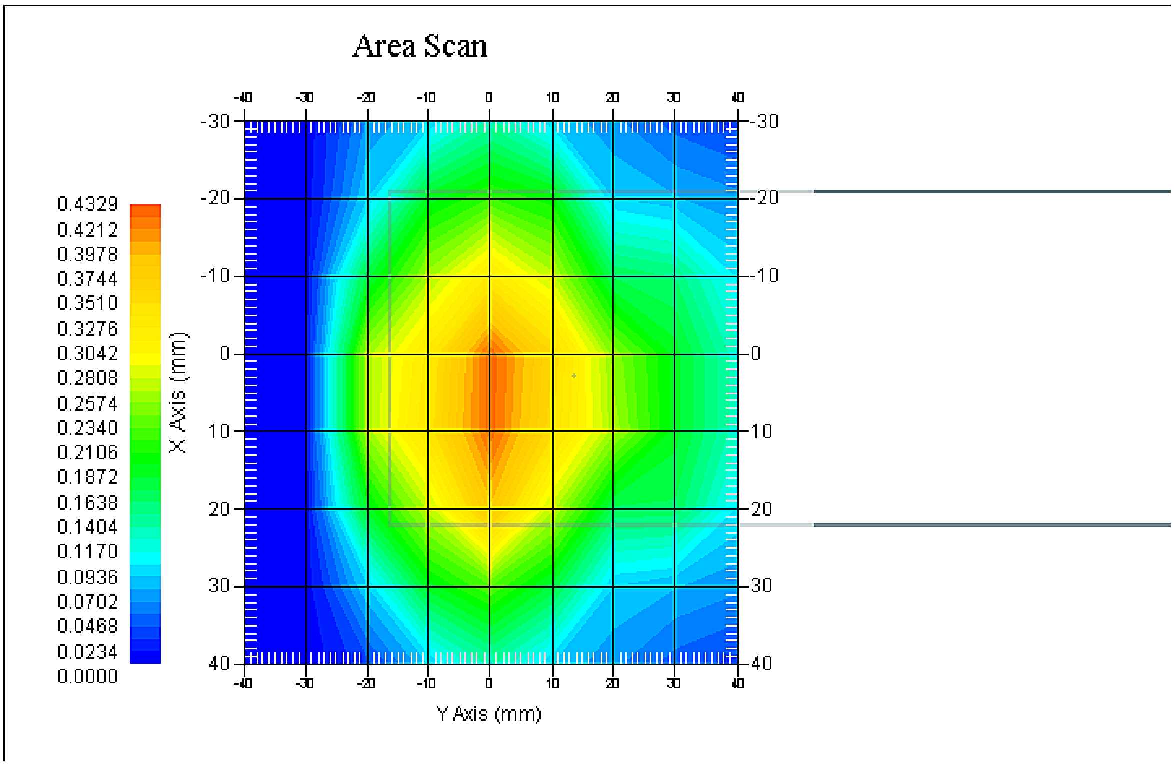
Measurement Data	
Test mode	: GPRS
Crest Factor	: 2
Scan Type	: Complete
Area Scan	: 8x11x1 : Measurement x=10mm, y=10mm, z=4mm
Zoom Scan	: 7x7x7 : Measurement x=5mm, y=5mm, z=5mm
Power Drift-Start	: 0.413 W/kg
Power Drift-Finish	: 0.415 W/kg
Power Drift (%)	: 0.483

Tissue Data	
Type	: Body
Frequency	: 1880.0 MHz
Epsilon	: 52.03 F/m
Sigma	: 1.48 S/m
Density	: 1000.00 kg/cu. m

Probe Data	
Serial No.	: 500-00283
Frequency Band	: 1900
Duty Cycle Factor	: 2
Conversion Factor	: 4.5
Probe Sensitivity	: 1.20 1.20 1.20 µV/(V/m)2
Compression Point	: 95.00 mV
Offset	: 1.56 mm

1 gram SAR value	: 0.426 W/kg
10 gram SAR value	: 0.278 W/kg
Area Scan Peak SAR	: 0.432 W/kg
Zoom Scan Peak SAR	: 0.673 W/kg

Plot 4#



APPENDIX A MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty budget has been determined for the measurement system and is given in the following Table.

Measurement Uncertainty for 30MHz to 6GHz

Source of Uncertainty	Tolerance Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c_i^1 (1-g)	c_i^1 (10-g)	Standard Uncertainty (1-g) %	Standard Uncertainty (10-g) %
Measurement System							
Probe Calibration	3.5	normal	1	1	1	3.5	3.5
Axial Isotropy	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	$(1\text{-cp})^{1/2}$	$(1\text{-cp})^{1/2}$	1.5	1.5
Hemispherical Isotropy	10.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	√cp	√cp	4.4	4.4
Boundary Effect	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Linearity	4.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.7	2.7
Detection Limit	1.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.6	0.6
Readout Electronics	1.0	normal	1	1	1	1.0	1.0
Response Time	0.8	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.5	0.5
Integration Time	1.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.0	1.0
RF Ambient Condition -Noise	0.6	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.3	0.3
RF Ambient Condition - Reflections	3.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Probe Positioner Mech. Restrictions	0.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	0.2	0.2
Restriction							
Probe Positioning with respect to Phantom Shell	2.9	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	1.7	1.7
Extrapolation and Integration	3.7	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.1	2.1
Test Sample Positioning	2.3	normal	1	1	1	2.3	2.3
Device Holder Uncertainty	6.215	normal	1	1	1	6.215	6.215
Drift of Output Power	4.627	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.67	2.67
Phantom and Setup							
Phantom Uncertainty(shape & thickness tolerance)	3.4	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	1	1	2.0	2.0
Liquid Conductivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.7	0.5	2.0	1.4
Liquid Conductivity(meas.)	1.938	normal	1	0.7	0.5	1.36	0.97
Liquid Permittivity(target)	5.0	rectangular	$\sqrt{3}$	0.6	0.5	1.7	1.4
Liquid Permittivity(meas.)	3.093	normal	1	0.6	0.5	1.86	1.55
Combined Uncertainty		RSS				10.78	10.55
Expanded uncertainty (coverage factor=2)		Normal(k=2)				21.56	21.10

APPENDIX B – PROBE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No.: PC-1598

Task No: BACL-5778

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Equipment: Miniature Isotropic RF Probe
Record of Calibration
Head and Body
Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Model No.: E-020
Serial No.: 500-00283

Calibration Procedure: D01-032-E020-V2, D22-012-Tissue, D28-002-Dipole
Project No: BACL-5745

Calibrated: 14th October 2014
Released on: 14th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By: ______________________
Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr,
OTTAWA, ONTARIO
CANADA K2K 3J1

Division of APREL Lab.
TEL: (613) 435-8300
FAX: (613) 435-8306

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Inc.

Introduction

This Calibration Report reproduces the results of the calibration performed in line with the references listed below. Calibration is performed using accepted methodologies as per the references listed below. Probes are calibrated for air, and tissue and the values reported are the results from the physical quantification of the probe through meteorgical practices.

Calibration Method

Probes are calibrated using the following methods.

<800 MHz
TEM Cell for sensitivity in air
Standard phantom using temperature transfer method for sensitivity in tissue

>800 MHz
Waveguide* method to determine sensitivity in air and tissue
*Waveguide is numerically (simulation) assessed to determine the field distribution and power

The boundary effect for the probe is assessed using a standard flat phantom where the probe output is compared against a numerically simulated series of data points

References

- IEEE Standard 1528:2013
  IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
- EN 62209-1:2006
  Human Exposure to RF Fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices - Human models. instrumentation, and procedures - Part 1: Procedure to measure the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held mobile wireless devices
- IEC 62209-2:2010
  Human exposure to RF fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless devices - Human models, instrumentation, and procedures - Part 2: specific absorption rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices (30 MHz - 6 GHz)
- TP-D01-032-E020-V2 E-Field probe calibration procedure
- D22-012-Tissue dielectric tissue calibration procedure
- D28-002-Dipole procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole
- IEEE 1309 Standard for Calibration of Electromagnetic Field Sensors and Probes, Excluding Antennas, from 9kHz to 40GHz

NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Inc.

Conditions

Probe 500-00283 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 1.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	21 °C +/- 1.5°C
Relative Humidity:	< 60%

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Signal Generator HP 83640B	3844A00689	Feb 12, 2015

Secondary Measurement Standards

Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Dan Brooks, Test Engineer

Page 3 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Inc.

Probe Summary

Probe Type:	E-Field Probe E020
Serial Number:	500-00283
Frequency:	As presented on page 5
Sensor Offset:	1.56
Sensor Length:	2.5
Tip Enclosure:	Composite*
Tip Diameter:	< 2.9 mm
Tip Length:	55 mm
Total Length:	289 mm

*Resistive to recommended tissue recipes per IEEE-1528

Sensitivity in Air

Channel X:	1.2 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$
Channel Y:	1.2 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$
Channel Z:	1.2 $\mu V/(V/m)^2$

Diode Compression Point: 95 mV

Page 4 of 10
This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Inc.

Calibration for Tissue (Head H, Body B)

Frequency	Tissue Type	Measured Epsilon	Measured Sigma	Standard Uncertainty (%)	Calibration Frequency Range (MHz)	Conversion Factor
450 H	Head	43.59	0.86	3.5	±50	5.7
450 B	Body	56.74	0.94	3.5	±50	5.8
750 H	Head	42.98	0.92	3.5	±50	6.0
750 B	Body	43.05	0.93	3.5	±50	5.5
835 H	Head	43.42	0.94	3.5	±50	5.9
835 B	Body	55.77	1.01	3.5	±50	5.9
900 H	Head	41.87	1.06	3.5	±50	6.0
900 B	Body	55.62	1.05	3.5	±50	5.9
1450 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1450 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1500 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1500 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1640 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1640 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1750 H	Head	38.23	1.38	3.5	±75	5.4
1750 B	Body	52.86	1.54	3.5	±75	5.3
1800 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
1800 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
1900 H	Head	40.20	1.38	3.5	±75	4.8
1900 B	Body	52.63	1.46	3.5	±75	4.5
2000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2100 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2100 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2300 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
2300 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
2450 H	Head	37.26	1.84	3.5	±75	4.9
2450B	Body	53.61	1.9	3.5	±75	4.3
3000 H	Head	X	X	X	X	X
3000 B	Body	X	X	X	X	X
3600 H	Head	37.49	3.16	3.5	±100	4.5
3600 B	Body	49.94	3.86	3.5	±100	4.0
5250 H	Head	35.51	4.78	3.5	±100	3.0
5250 B	Body	47.54	5.11	3.5	±100	2.8
5600 H	Head	36.05	5.15	3.5	±100	2.8
5600 B	Body	46.49	5.72	3.5	±100	2.2
5800 H	Head	45.99	6.01	3.5	±100	3.2
5800 B	Body	35.6	5.37	3.5	±100	2.5

Page 5 of 10
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Boundary Effect:

Uncertainty resulting from the boundary effect is less than 2.1% for the distance between the tip of the probe and the tissue boundary, when less than 0.58mm.

Spatial Resolution:

The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.5% for 4.9mm diameter probe.
The spatial resolution uncertainty is less than 1.0% for 2.5mm diameter probe.

DAQ-PAQ Contribution

To minimize the uncertainty calculation all tissue sensitivity values were calculated using a load impedance of 5 MΩ.

Probe Calibration Uncertainty

Uncertainty component	Tolerance (± %)	Probability distribution	Divisor	Standard uncertainty (± %)
Incident or forward power	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Reflected power	2	R	√3	1.15
Liquid conductivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid permittivity measurement	1	R	√3	0.58
Liquid conductivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Liquid permittivity deviation	1.5	R	√3	0.87
Frequency deviation	2.25	R	√3	1.30
Field homogeneity	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe positioning	2.5	R	√3	1.44
Field-probe linearity	1.55	R	√3	0.89
Combined standard uncertainty		RSS		**3.50**

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to on Page 2 of this document.

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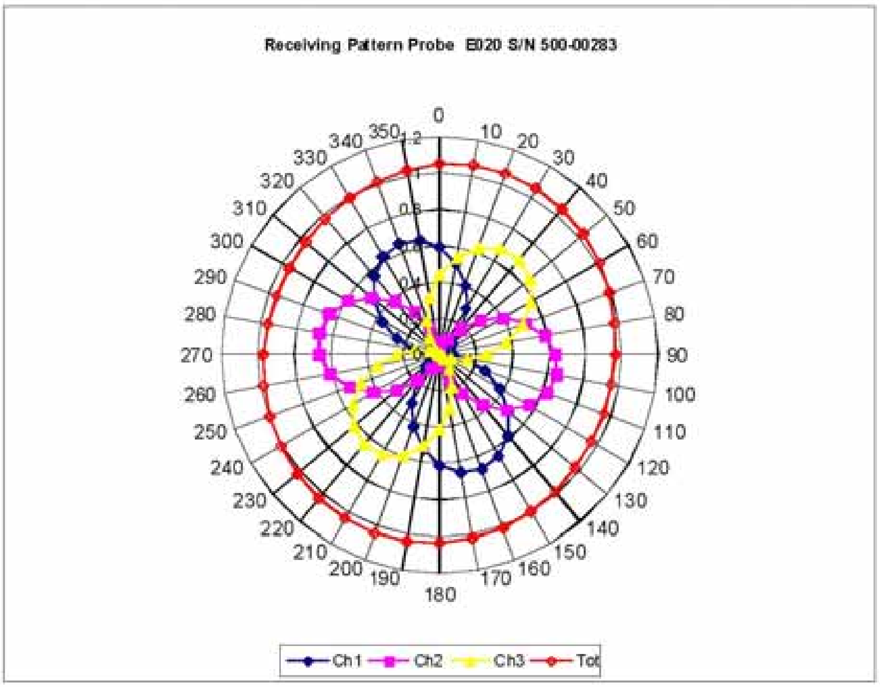
Receiving Pattern Air



Page 7 of 10
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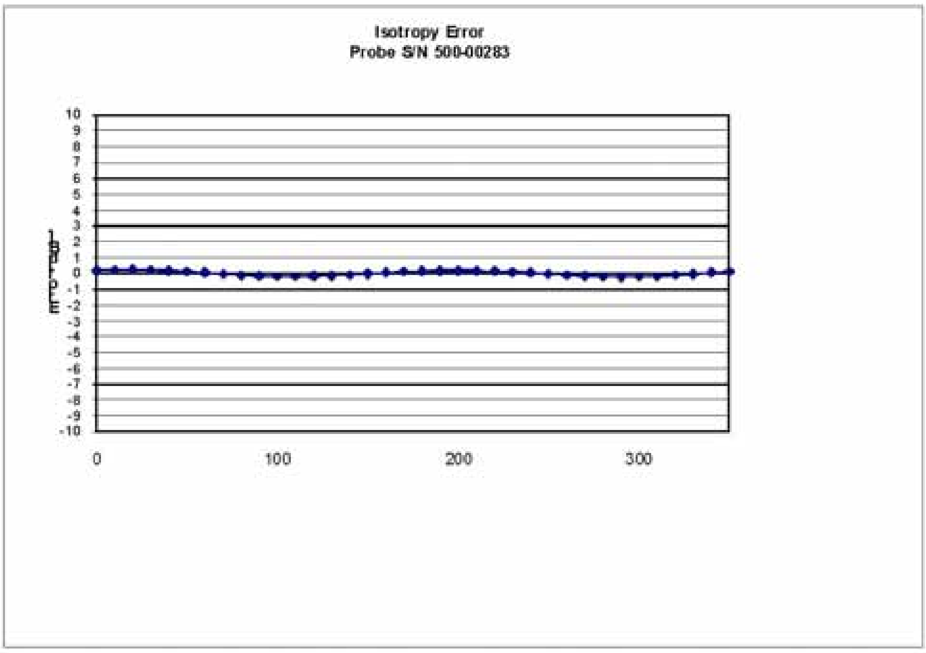
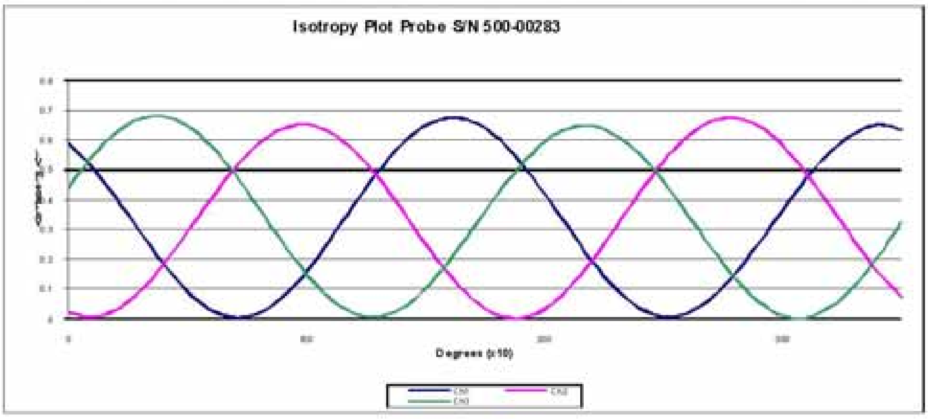
NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Inc.

Isotropy Error Air





Isotropicity Tissue: 0.10 dB

Page 8 of 10
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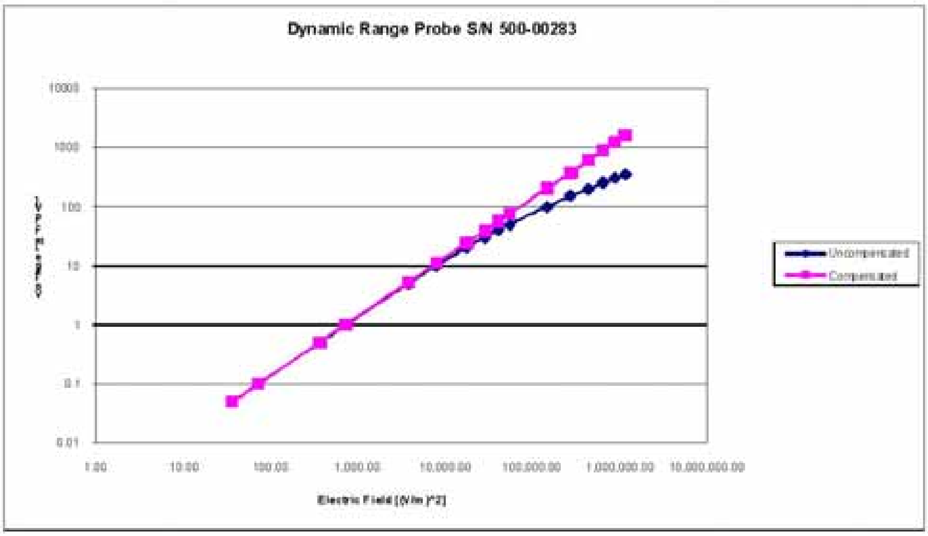
Division of APREL Inc.

Dynamic Range



Page 9 of 10
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NCL Calibration Laboratories
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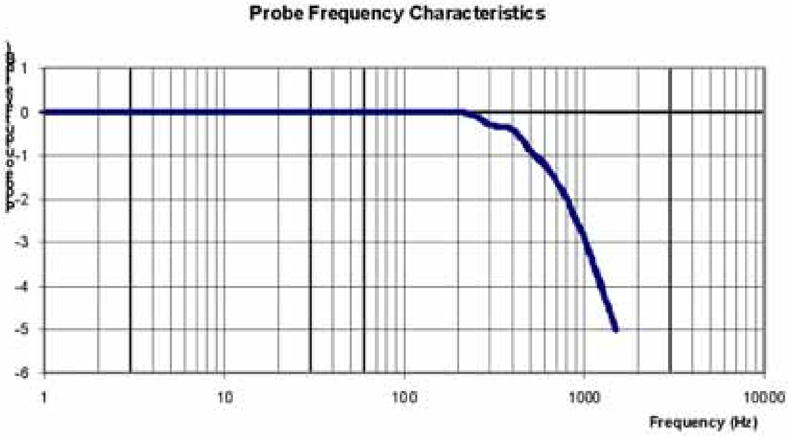
Video Bandwidth



Video Bandwidth at 500 Hz 1 dB
Video Bandwidth at 1.02 KHz: 3 dB

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List May 2014.

Page 10 of 10
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APPENDIX C DIPOLE CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1599
Project Number: BAC-dipole-cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole(Head and Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-835-S-2
Frequency: 835 MHz
Serial No: 180-00558

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 8th October 2014
Released on: 8th October 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By:

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES
Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr.
Kanata, ONTARIO
CANADA K2K 3J1
Division of APREL Lab.
TEL: (613) 435-8300
FAX: (613)435-8306

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was received with a damaged connection for a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

Length: 162.2 mm
Height: 89.4 mm

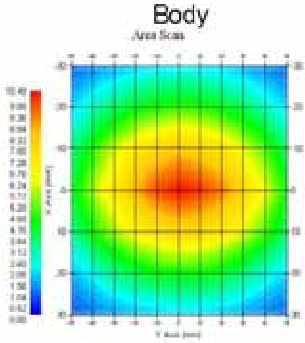
Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	835 MHz	1.066 U	-30.344 dB	49.001 Ω
Body	835 MHz	1.089 U	-28.118 dB	53.117 Ω

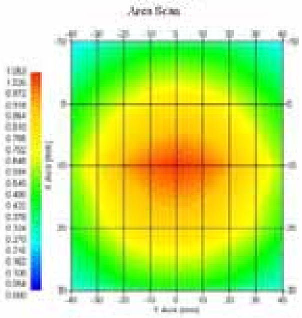
System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	835 MHz	9.773	6.174	14.713
Body	835 MHz	9.736	6.297	14.513

Body



Head



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3

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 180-00558. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
- SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
- IEEE 1528:2013 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques"
- IEC-62209-1:2006 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
  Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"
- IEC-62209-2:2010 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
  Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- D28-002 Procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole

Conditions

Dipole 180-00558 was repaired prior to this calibration. The repair reliability depends upon correct usage of the dipole.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	**8.32% (16.64% K=2)**

4

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NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL Length	APREL Height	Measured Length	Measured Height
161.0 mm	89.8 mm	162.2 mm	89.4 mm

Electrical Verification

Tissue Type	Return Loss:	SWR:	Impedance:
Head	-30.344 dB	1.066 U	49.001 Ω
Body	-28.118 dB	1.089 U	53.117 Ω □

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ε_r	Conductivity, σ [S/m]
Head Tissue 835MHz	43.42	0.94
Body Tissue 835MHz	55.77	1.01

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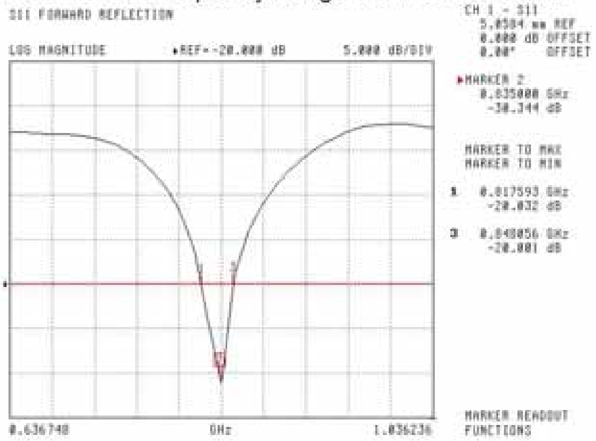
NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

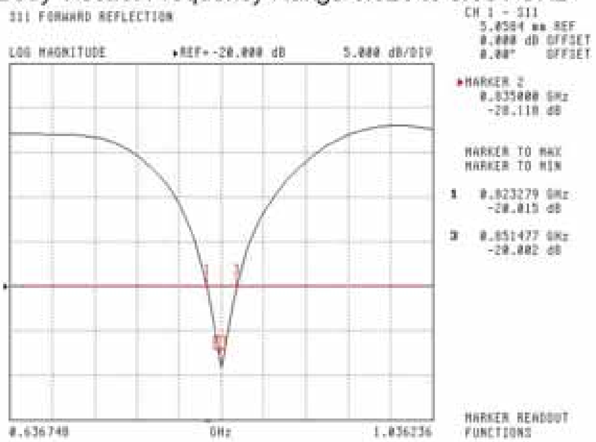
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

Head Tissue: Frequency Range 0.817 to 0.848 GHz



Body Tissue: Frequency Range 0.823 to 0.851 GHz



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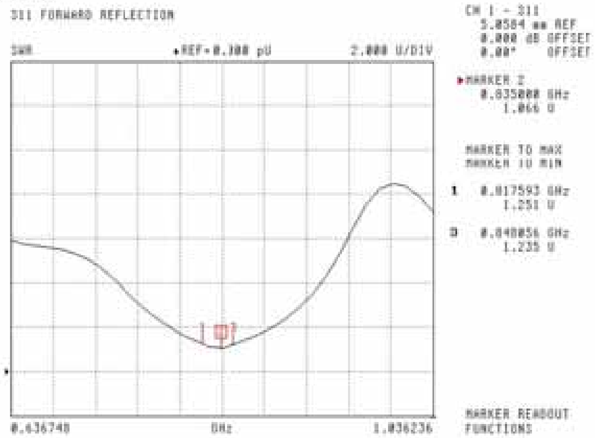
NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR

Head



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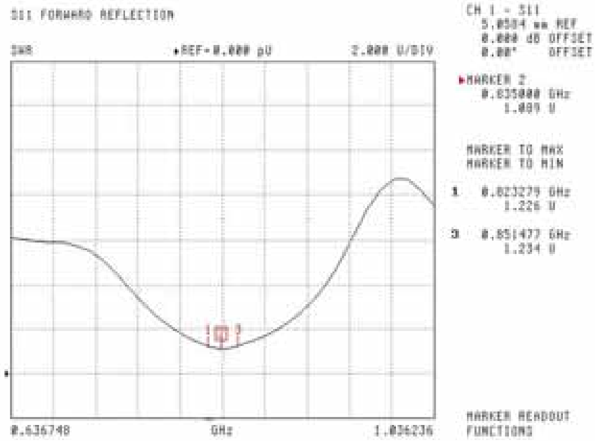

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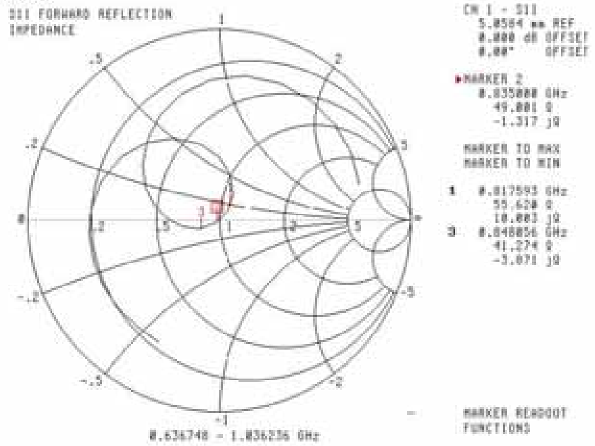
NCL Calibration Laboratories

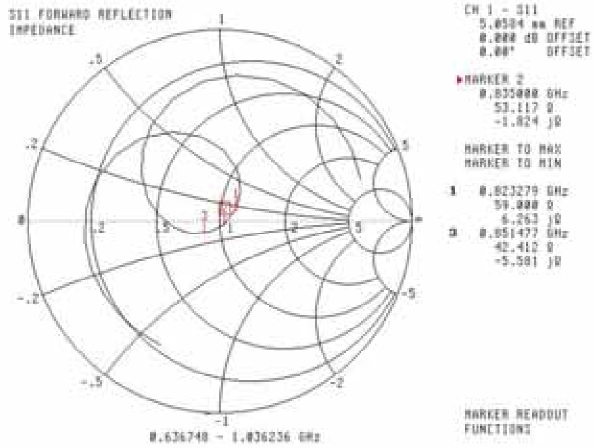
Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance

Head



Body



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NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Laboratories.

Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014.

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES

Calibration File No: DC-1601
Project Number: BAC-dipole –cal-5779

CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION

It is certified that the equipment identified below has been calibrated in the **NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES** by qualified personnel following recognized procedures and using transfer standards traceable to NRC/NIST.

Validation Dipole (Head & Body)

Manufacturer: APREL Laboratories
Part number: ALS-D-1900-S-2
Frequency: 1900 MHz
Serial No: 210-00710

Customer: Bay Area Compliance Laboratory (China)

Calibrated: 9th October, 2014
Released on: 9th October, 2014

This Calibration Certificate is Incomplete Unless Accompanied with the Calibration Results Summary

Released By: ______________________

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

NCL CALIBRATION LABORATORIES
Suite 102, 303 Terry Fox Dr.
Kanata, ONTARIO
CANADA K2K 3J1
Division of APREL Lab.
TEL: (613) 435-8300
FAX: (613)435-8306

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was received in good condition and was a re-calibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory: 22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue: 21 °C +/- 0.5°C

Attestation

The below named signatories have conducted the calibration and review of the data which is presented in this calibration report.

We the undersigned attest that to the best of our knowledge the calibration of this subject has been accurately conducted and that all information contained within the results pages have been reviewed for accuracy.

Art Brennan, Quality Manager

Maryna Nesterova Calibration Engineer

Primary Measurement Standards

Instrument	Serial Number	Cal due date
Tektronix USB Power Meter	11C940	May 14, 2015
Network Analyzer Anritsu 37347C	002106	Feb. 20, 2015

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

Calibration Results Summary

The following results relate the Calibrated Dipole and should be used as a quick reference for the user.

Mechanical Dimensions

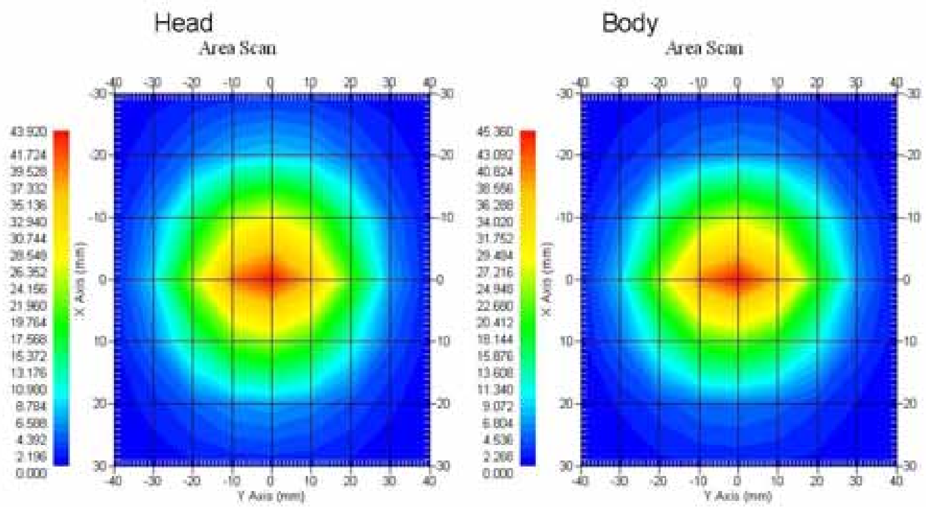
Length: 67.1 mm
Height: 38.9 mm

Electrical Specification

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

System Validation Results

Tissue	Frequency	1 Gram	10 Gram	Peak
Head	1900 MHz	39.481	20.44	73.364
Body	1900 MHz	39.715	20.552	73.565



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This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Laboratories.

Introduction

This Calibration Report has been produced in line with the SSI Dipole Calibration Procedure SSI-TP-018-ALSAS. The results contained within this report are for Validation Dipole 210-00710. The calibration routine consisted of a three-step process. Step 1 was a mechanical verification of the dipole to ensure that it meets the mechanical specifications. Step 2 was an Electrical Calibration for the Validation Dipole, where the SWR, Impedance, and the Return loss were assessed. Step 3 involved a System Validation using the ALSAS-10U, along with APREL E-020 30 MHz to 6 GHz E-Field Probe Serial Number 225.

References

- SSI-TP-018-ALSAS Dipole Calibration Procedure
- SSI-TP-016 Tissue Calibration Procedure
- IEEE 1528:2013 "Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques"
- IEC-62209-1:2006 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
  Part 1: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 3 GHz)"
- IEC-62209-2:2010 "Human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices – Human models, instrumentation, and procedures"
  Part 2: "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for hand-held devices used in close proximity of the ear (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)"
- D28-002 Procedure for validation of SAR system using a dipole

Conditions

Dipole 210-00710 was a recalibration.

Ambient Temperature of the Laboratory:	22 °C +/- 0.5°C
Temperature of the Tissue:	20 °C +/- 0.5°C

Dipole Calibration uncertainty

The calibration uncertainty for the dipole is made up of various parameters presented below.

Mechanical	1%
Positioning Error	1.22%
Electrical	1.7%
Tissue	2.2%
Dipole Validation	2.2%
TOTAL	**8.32% (16.64% K=2)**

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Laboratories.

Dipole Calibration Results

Mechanical Verification

APREL Length	APREL Height	Measured Length	Measured Height
68.0 mm	39.5 mm	67.1mm	38.9 mm

Electrical Validation

Tissue	Frequency	SWR:	Return Loss	Impedance
Head	1900MHz	1.084 U	-27.92 dB	52.247 Ω
Body	1900MHz	1.128 U	-24.40 dB	52.618 Ω

Tissue Validation

	Dielectric constant, ε_r	Conductivity, σ [S/m]
Head Tissue 1900MHz	40.20	1.38
Body Tissue 1900MHz	52.63	1.46

5

This page has been reviewed for content and attested to by signature within this document.

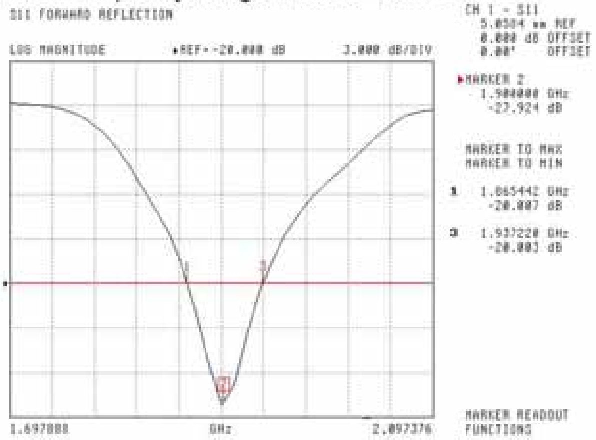
NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

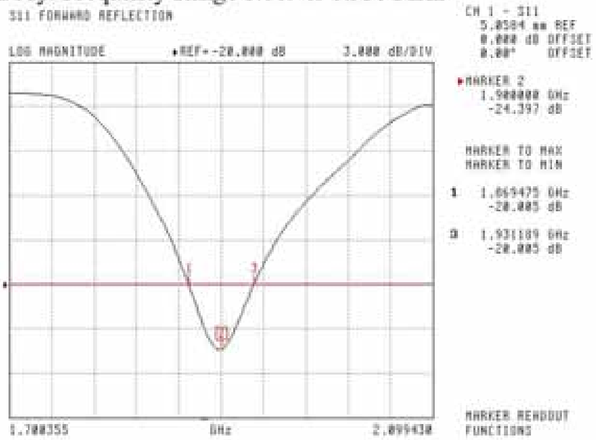
The Following Graphs are the results as displayed on the Vector Network Analyzer.

S11 Parameter Return Loss

Head: Frequency Range 1.865 to 1.937 GHz



Body: Frequency Range 1.869 to 1.931 MHz



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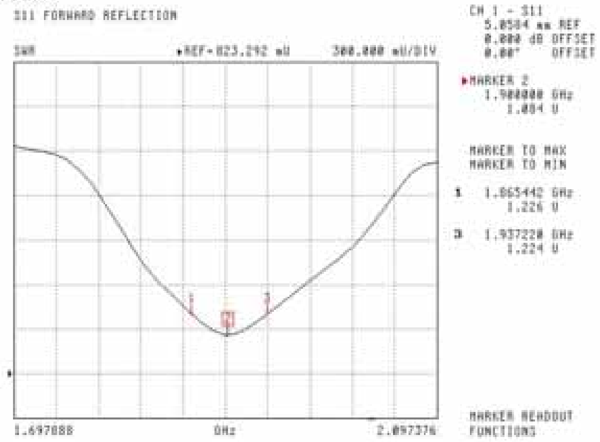
NCL Calibration Laboratories

Division of APREL Laboratories.

SWR

Head



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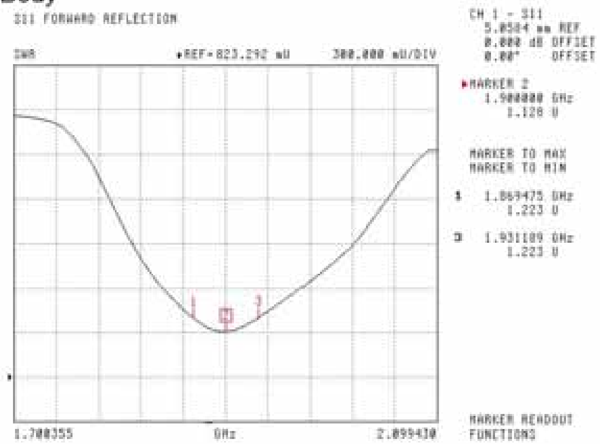

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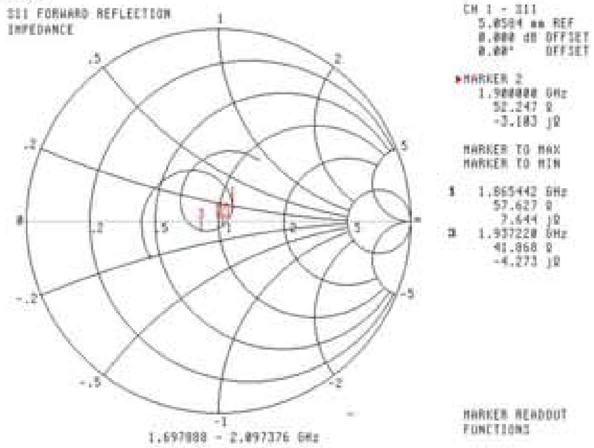
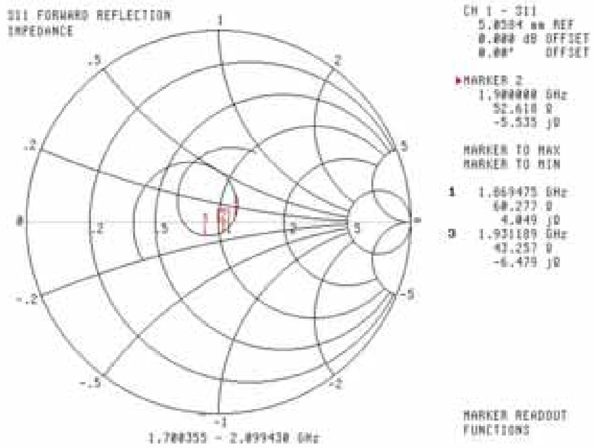
NCL Calibration Laboratories
Division of APREL Laboratories.

Smith Chart Dipole Impedance

Head



Body



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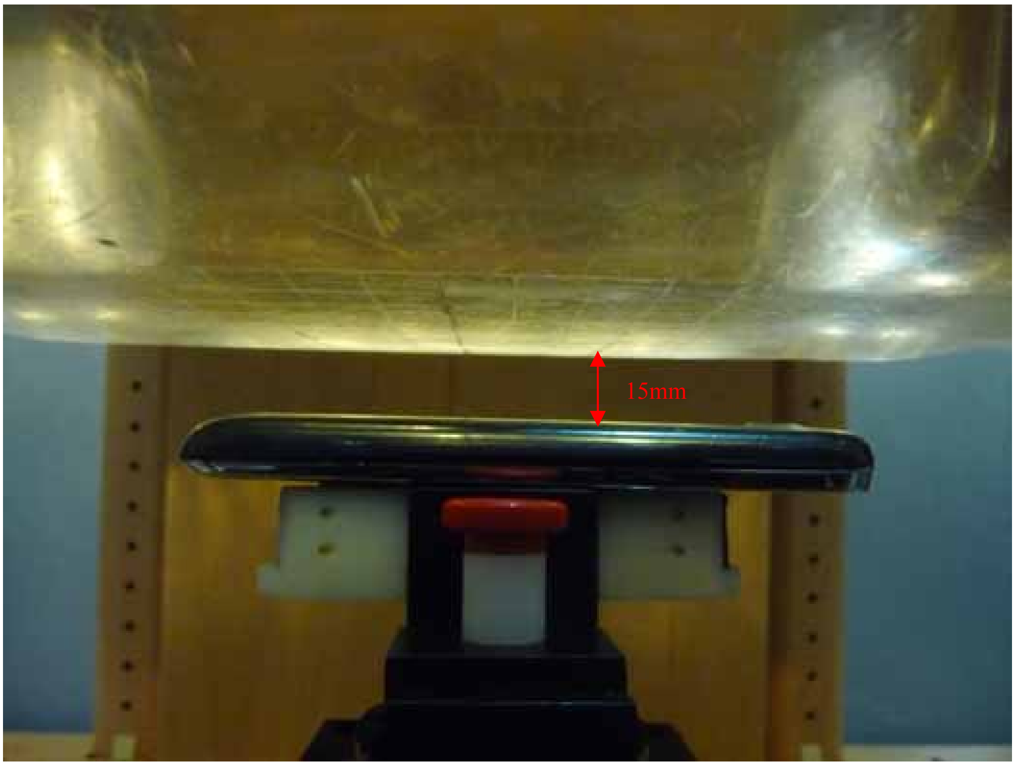
Test Equipment

The test equipment used during Probe Calibration, manufacturer, model number and, current calibration status are listed and located on the main APREL server R:\NCL\Calibration Equipment\Instrument List 2014

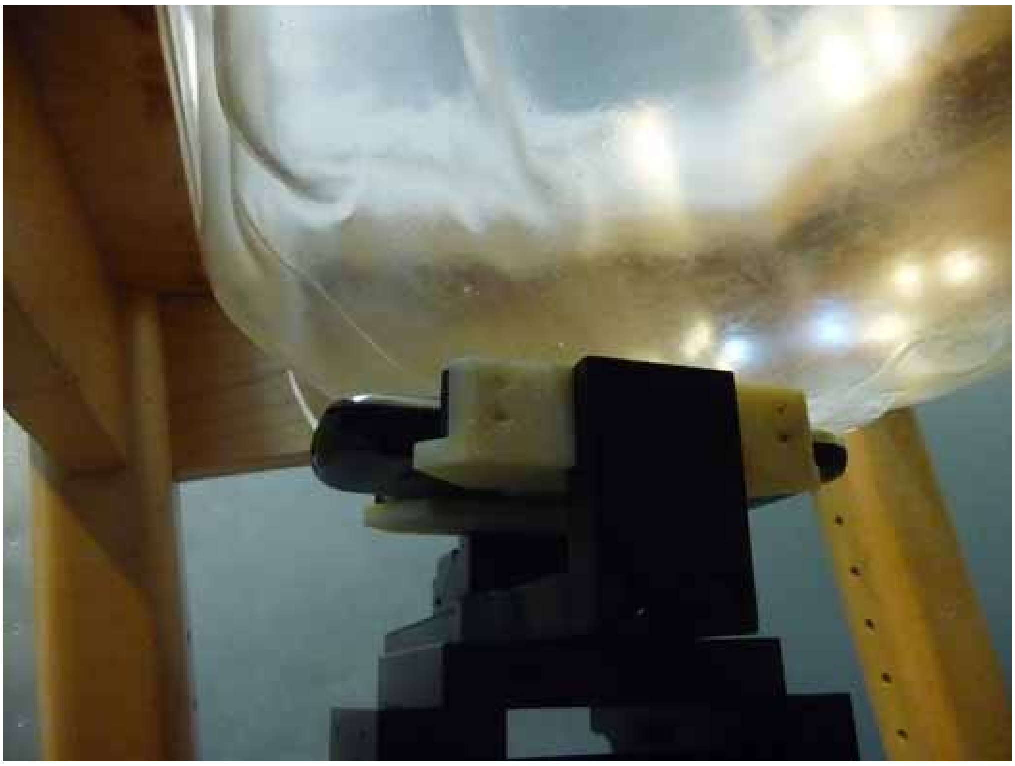
APPENDIX D EUT TEST POSITION PHOTOS

Liquid depth ≥ 15cm

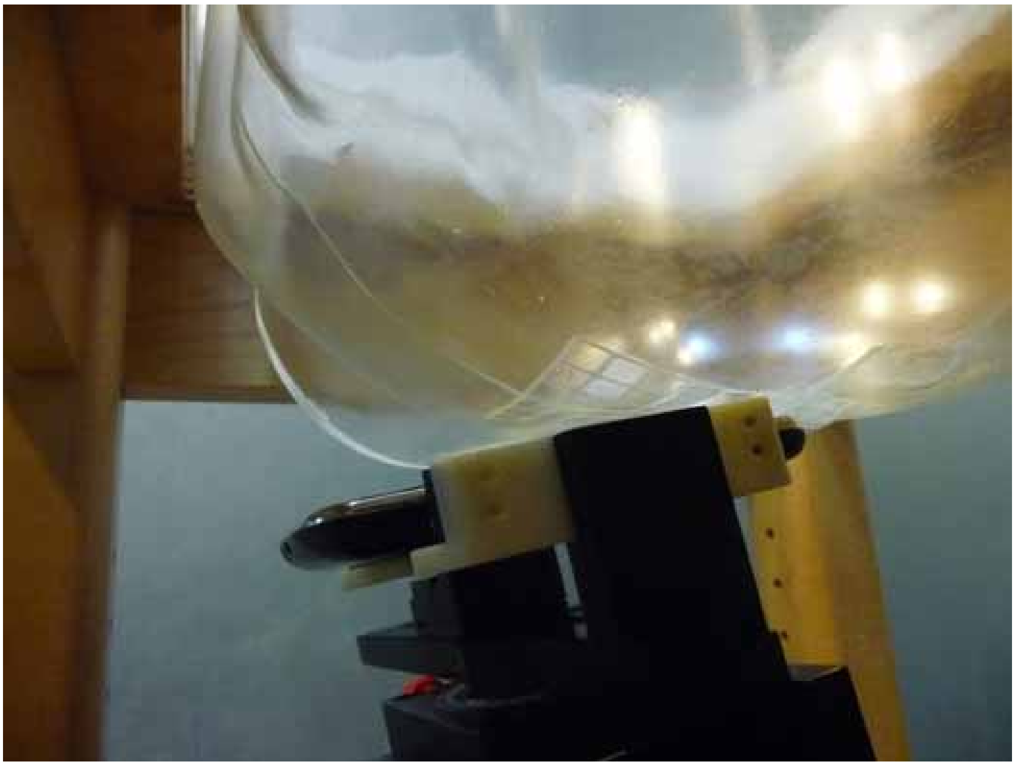
Body-worn Back Setup Photo (15mm)



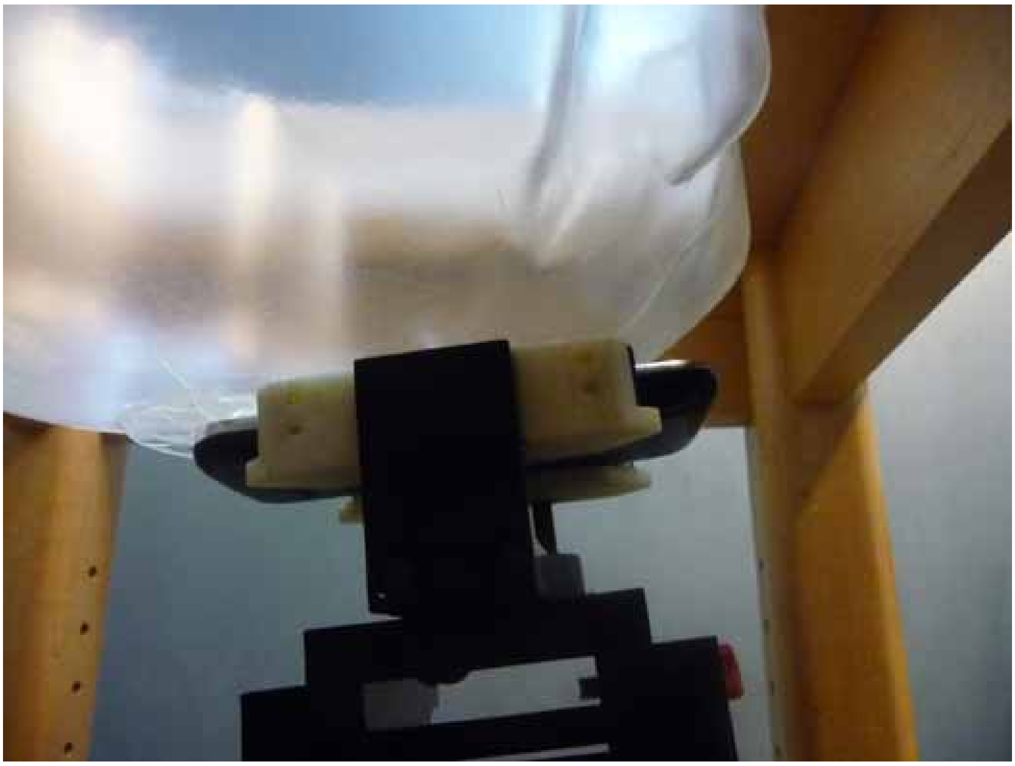
Left Head Touch Setup Photo



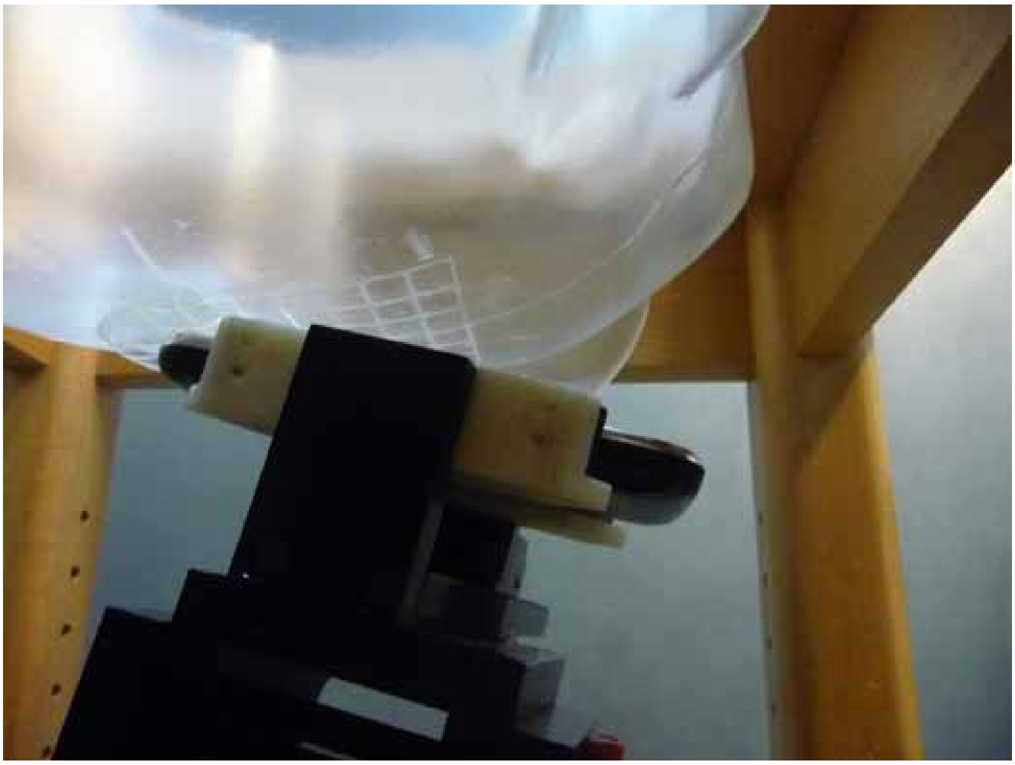
Left Head Tilt Setup Photo



Right Head Touch Setup Photo



Right Head Tilt Setup Photo



APPENDIX E EUT PHOTOS

EUT – Front View

EUT – Back View

EUT –Left Side View

EUT – Right Side View

EUT – Top View

EUT – Bottom View

EUT – Uncover View

APPENDIX F INFORMATIVE REFERENCES

[1] Federal Communications Commission, \Report and order: Guidelines for evaluating the environmental effects of radiofrequency radiation", Tech. Rep. FCC 96-326, FCC, Washington, D.C. 20554, 1996.

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PRODUCT SIMILARITY DECLARATION LETTER

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Product Similarity Declaration

To Whom It May Concern,

We, Conplex International Limited, hereby declare that our 2G feature phone, Model Number: JV X903,JFP 3432 and JFP 2829 are electrically identical with the model number JV X903 that was tested by BACL.They are just different in model numbers and Appearance colors.

Please contact me if you have any question.

Signature: For and on behalf of COMPLEX INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
Hugo Zhai
Project Manager

***** END OF REPORT *****