



# FCC PART 15D

## MEASUREMENT AND TEST REPORT

For

**IPN ADDCOM**

Bijsterhuizen 2414, 6604 LL Wijchen, Netherlands

**FCC ID: 2ABD9W985HS**

<b>Report Type:</b> Original Report	<b>Product Type:</b> Wireless Headset
<b>Test Engineer:</b> <u>Hill He</u> <i>HYL HE</i>	
<b>Report Number:</b> <u>RSZ160503008-00PP</u>	
<b>Report Date:</b> <u>2016-05-17</u>	
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**Note:** This test report is prepared for the customer shown above and for the equipment described herein. It may not be duplicated or used in part without prior written consent from Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp.

## **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

<b>GENERAL INFORMATION.....</b>	<b>4</b>
PRODUCT DESCRIPTION FOR EQUIPMENT UNDER TEST (EUT).....	4
OBJECTIVE .....	4
RELATED SUBMITTAL(S)/GRANT(S).....	4
TEST METHODOLOGY .....	4
TEST FACILITY .....	5
<b>SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION.....</b>	<b>6</b>
DESCRIPTION OF TEST CONFIGURATION .....	6
EUT EXERCISE SOFTWARE .....	6
EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS .....	6
SUPPORT EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS .....	6
EXTERNAL I/O CABLE.....	6
BLOCK DIAGRAM OF TEST SETUP .....	7
<b>SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS .....</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>FCC §1.1307(B) &amp; §2.1093 - RF EXPOSURE INFORMATION.....</b>	<b>9</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	9
TEST RESULT .....	9
<b>FCC§15.317 &amp; §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT .....</b>	<b>10</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	10
ANTENNA CONNECTOR CONSTRUCTION .....	10
<b>FCC§15.315 &amp; §15.207 - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS.....</b>	<b>11</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	11
MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY.....	11
EUT SETUP .....	11
EMI TEST RECEIVER SETUP.....	12
TEST PROCEDURE .....	12
TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS.....	12
CORRECTED FACTOR & MARGIN CALCULATION .....	13
TEST RESULTS SUMMARY.....	13
TEST DATA .....	13
<b>FCC§15.323 (A) - EMISSION BANDWIDTH.....</b>	<b>16</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	16
TEST PROCEDURE .....	16
TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS.....	16
TEST DATA .....	17
<b>FCC§15.319 (C) - PEAK TRANSMIT POWER.....</b>	<b>19</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	19
TEST PROCEDURE .....	19
TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS.....	20
TEST DATA .....	20
<b>FCC§15.319 (D) - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY .....</b>	<b>23</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	23
TEST PROCEDURE .....	23
TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS.....	23

TEST DATA .....	24
<b>FCC§15.323 (D) - EMISSION INSIDE AND OUTSIDE THE SUB-BAND.....</b>	<b>28</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	28
TEST PROCEDURE .....	28
TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS.....	28
TEST DATA .....	29
<b>FCC§15.323 (F) - FREQUENCY STABILITY.....</b>	<b>35</b>
APPLICABLE STANDARD .....	35
TEST PROCEDURE .....	35
TEST EQUIPMENT LIST AND DETAILS.....	35
TEST DATA .....	36
<b>FCC§15.323 (C) (E) &amp; §15.319(F) – SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR UPCS DEVICE.....</b>	<b>37</b>

## GENERAL INFORMATION

### Product Description for Equipment under Test (EUT)

The *IPN ADDCOM*'s product, model number: *W985 (FCC ID: 2ABD9W985HS)* or the "EUT" in this report was a *Headset unit of Wireless Headset*, which was measured approximately: 19.1cm (L) x 6.0cm (W) x 19.2 cm (H), rated input voltage: DC 3.7 V Li-ion battery.

*The series product, model W985, W980, W970, W920, W925 and W972 are electrically identical, the differences among them is just the model due to marketing purposes, model W985 was selected for fully testing, the details were stated and guaranteed by the applicant in the declaration letter.*

*\* All measurement and test data in this report was gathered from production sample serial number: 100500105. (Assigned by Applicant). The EUT supplied by the applicant was received on 2016-05-03.*

### Objective

This test report was based on the Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) tests performed on the EUT. The EMI measurements were performed according to the measurement procedure described in ANSI C63.17 - 2013.

The tests were performed in order to determine the compliance of the EUT with FCC Part 15-Subpart D, section 15.203, 15.315, 15.317, 15.319 and 15.323 rules.

### Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

Submitted with PUB base unit submission with FCC ID: 2ABD9W985BS

### Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.17 - 2013, American National Standard Methods of Measurement of the Electromagnetic and Operational Compatibility of Unlicensed Personal Communications Services (UPCS) Devices.

All radiated and conducted emissions measurement was performed at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen).

The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters.

Measurement uncertainty with radiated emission is 5.81 dB for 30MHz-1GHz and 4.88 dB for above 1GHz, 1.95dB for conducted measurement.

## Test Facility

The test site used by Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) to collect test data is located on the 6/F, the 3rd Phase of WanLi Industrial Building, ShiHua Road, FuTian Free Trade Zone Shenzhen, Guangdong, China.

Test site at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC). The details of these reports have been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on October 31, 2013. The facility also complies with the radiated and AC line conducted test site criteria set forth in ANSI C63.4-2014.

The Federal Communications Commission has the reports on file and is listed under FCC Registration No.: 382179. The test site has been approved by the FCC for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

## **SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION**

### **Description of Test Configuration**

The system was configured for testing in TBR6 mode which is provided by the manufacturer.

### **EUT Exercise Software**

No Software was used.

### **Equipment Modifications**

No modification was made to the EUT tested.

### **Support Equipment List and Details**

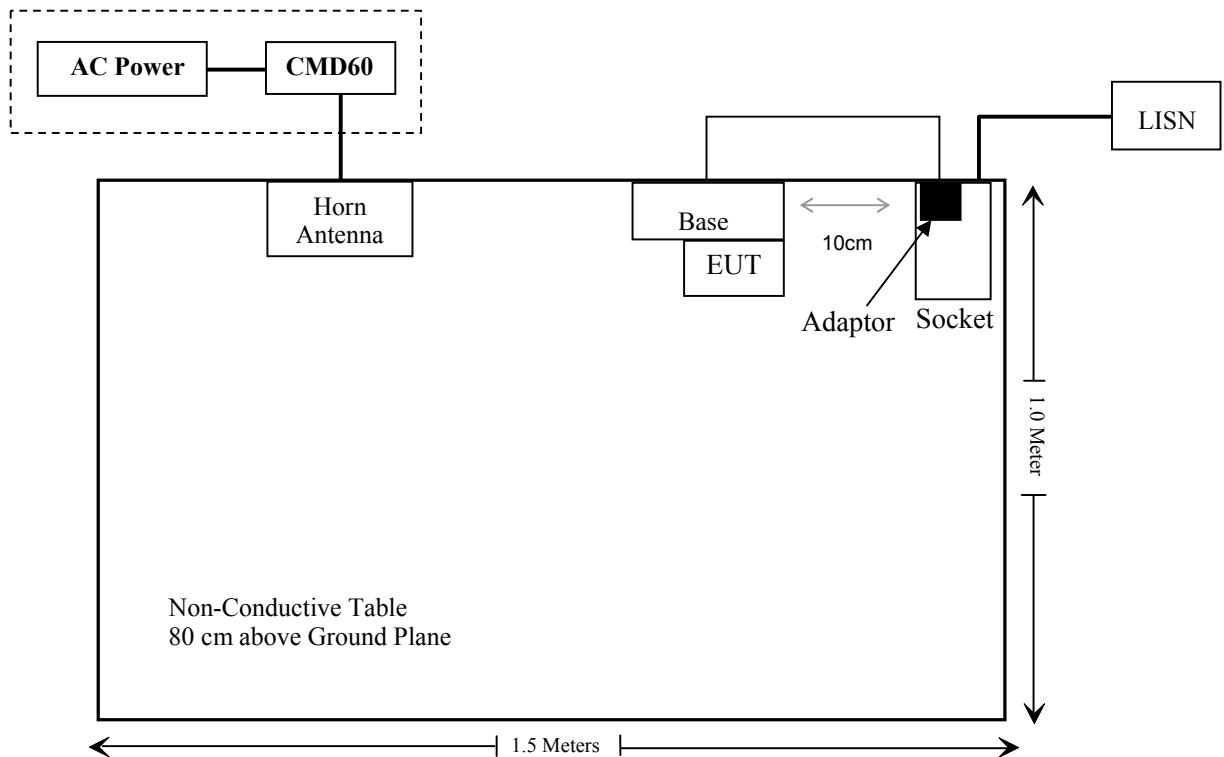
Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number
R & S	Digital Radio Communication Tester	CMD60	829902/026

### **External I/O Cable**

Cable Description	Length (m)	From/Port	To
Un-shielding Un-detachable DC Power Cable	1.5	adapter	Base

## Block Diagram of Test Setup

For Conducted emission:



## SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
§ 1.1307(b); § 2.1093	RF Exposure	Compliance
§ 15.317, § 15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliance
§ 15.315, § 15.207	Conducted Emission	Compliance
§ 15.323 (a)	Emission Bandwidth	Compliance
§ 15.319 (c)	Peak Transmit Power	Compliance
§ 15.319 (d)	Power Spectral Density	Compliance
§ 15.323 (d)	Emission Inside and Outside the sub-band	Compliance
§ 15.319 (g)	Radiated Emission	Not Applicable
§ 15.323 (f)	Frequency Stability Handset	Compliance
§ 15.323 (c)(e) § 15.319 (f)	Specific Requirements for UPSCS	Compliance

Not Applicable: EUT is compliance with 15.323 (d).

## **FCC §1.1307(b) & §2.1093 - RF EXPOSURE INFORMATION**

### **Applicable Standard**

FCC§1.1307, §2.1093.

### **Test Result**

Compliance, please refer to the SAR report: RSZ160503008-20.

## **FCC§15.317 & §15.203 - ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

### **Applicable Standard**

According to FCC § 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

### **Antenna Connector Construction**

The EUT has two PCB print antennas arrangement, which were permanently attached and the gain is 0 dBi, fulfill the requirement of this section. Please refer to the EUT photos.

Note: One antenna was employed, and the other one was just reserved and no transmitting for this model, which was declared by manufacturer.

**Result:** Compliant.

## FCC§15.315 & §15.207 - CONDUCTED EMISSIONS

### Applicable Standard

FCC§15.315, an unlicensed PCS device that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line must meet the limits specified in §15.207.

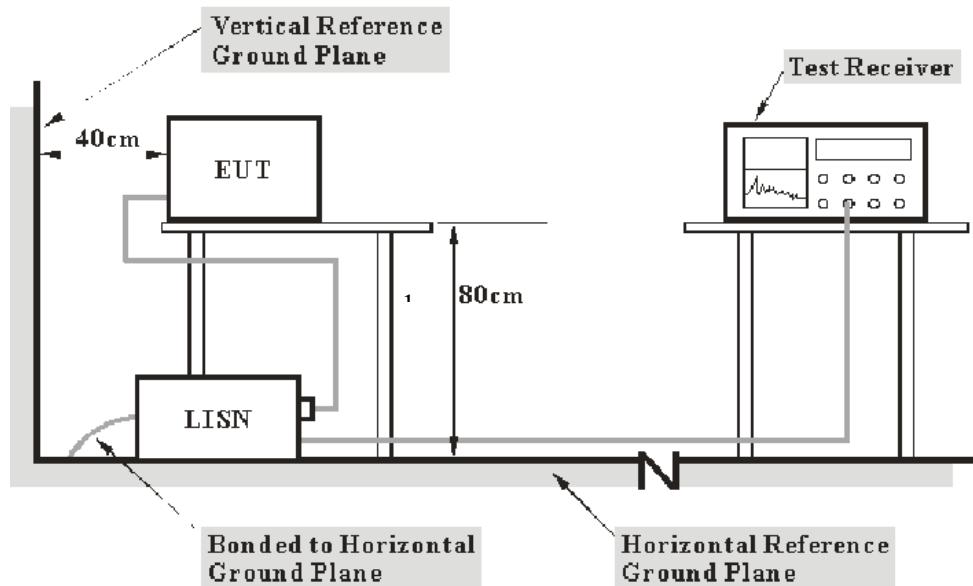
### Measurement Uncertainty

Input quantities to be considered for conducted disturbance measurements maybe receiver reading, attenuation of the connection between AMN/ISN and receiver, AMN/ISN voltage division factor, AMN/ISN VDF frequency interpolation and receiver related input quantities, etc.

Based on CISPR 16-4-2:2011, the expended combined standard uncertainty of conducted disturbance test at Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) is shown as below. And the uncertainty will not be taken into consideration for the test data recorded in the report

Port	Measurement uncertainty
AC Mains	3.26 dB (k=2, 95% level of confidence)
CAT 3	3.70 dB (k=2, 95% level of confidence)
CAT 5	3.86 dB (k=2, 95% level of confidence)
CAT 6	4.64 dB (k=2, 95% level of confidence)

### EUT Setup



**Note:**

1. Support units were connected to second LISN.
2. Both of LISNs (AMN) 80 cm from EUT and at the least 80 cm from other units and other metal planes support units.

The setup of EUT is according with per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used was with the FCC 15.315 and FCC 15.207 limits.

The external I/O cables were draped along the test table and formed a bundle 30 to 40 cm long in the middle.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 cm.

The socket was connected to a 120 VAC/60 Hz power source.

### EMI Test Receiver Setup

The EMI test receiver was set to investigate the spectrum from 150 kHz to 30 MHz.

During the conducted emission test, the EMI test receiver was set with the following configurations:

Frequency Range	IF B/W
150 kHz – 30 MHz	9 kHz

### Test Procedure

During the conducted emission test, socket was connected to the outlet of the LISN.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All final data was recorded in the Quasi-peak and average detection mode.

### Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESCS30	100176	2015-06-01	2016-05-31
Rohde & Schwarz	LISN	ENV216	3560.6650.12-101613-Yb	2015-12-15	2016-12-14
Rohde & Schwarz	Transient Limiter	ESH3Z2	DE25985	2015-05-14	2016-05-14
Ducommun technologies	Conducted Emission Cable	RG-214	CB031	2015-06-15	2016-06-15
Rohde & Schwarz	CE Test software	EMC 32	V8.53	NCR	NCR

**\* Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## Corrected Factor & Margin Calculation

The Corrected factor is calculated by adding the Outlet Cable Loss, LISN Insertion Loss, Cable Loss and Transient Limiter Attenuation. The basic equation is as follows:

Correction Factor = Outlet Cable Loss + LISN Insertion Loss + Cable Loss + Transient Limiter Attenuation

The “**Margin**” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance with the applicable limit. For example, a margin of 7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Limit} - \text{Corrected Amplitude}$$

## Test Results Summary

According to the recorded data in following table, the worst margin reading as below:

**13.6 dB at 0.372450 MHz in the Line conducted mode**

Refer to CISPR16-4-2:2011 and CISPR 16-4-1:2009, the measured level is in compliance with the limit if

$$L_m + U_{(Lm)} \leq L_{\text{lim}} + U_{\text{cisp}}$$

In BACL,  $U_{(Lm)}$  is less than  $U_{\text{cisp}}$ , if  $L_m$  is less than  $L_{\text{lim}}$ , it implies that the EUT complies with the limit.

## Test Data

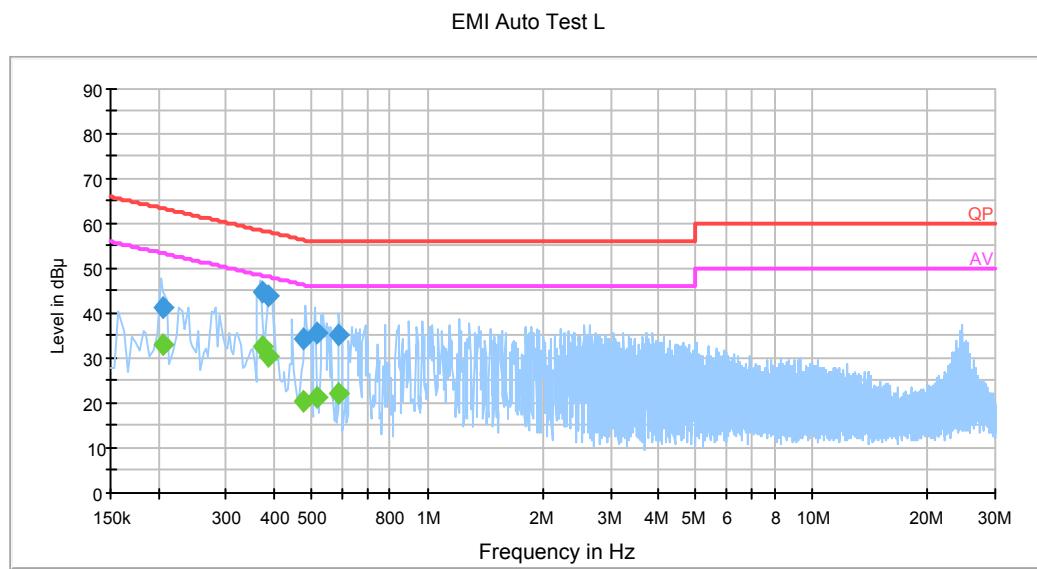
### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	27°C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	53 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

*The testing was performed by Hill He on 2016-05-10.*

*Test mode: Transmitting*

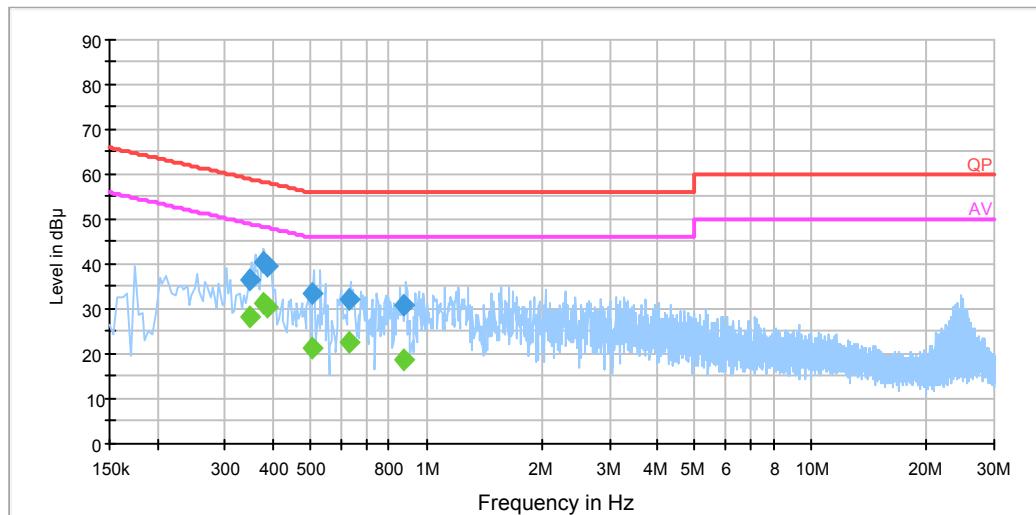
**AC 120V/60 Hz, Line**



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V)	Corrected Factor (dB)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	Margin (dB)	Detector (PK/QP/Ave)
0.206500	41.1	20.0	63.3	22.2	QP
0.372450	44.8	19.9	58.4	<b>13.6</b>	QP
0.384150	43.8	19.9	58.2	14.4	QP
0.478770	34.4	19.9	56.4	22.0	QP
0.514350	35.8	19.9	56.0	20.2	QP
0.585150	35.3	19.9	56.0	20.7	QP
0.206500	32.9	20.0	53.3	20.4	Ave.
0.372450	32.6	19.9	48.4	15.8	Ave.
0.384150	30.5	19.9	48.2	17.7	Ave.
0.478770	20.3	19.9	46.4	26.1	Ave.
0.514350	21.5	19.9	46.0	24.5	Ave.
0.585150	22.0	19.9	46.0	24.0	Ave.

## AC 120V/60 Hz, Neutral

EMI Auto Test N



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB $\mu$ V)	Corrected Factor (dB)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V)	Margin (dB)	Detector (PK/QP/Ave)
0.348750	36.4	19.9	59.0	22.6	QP
0.376330	40.6	19.9	58.4	17.8	QP
0.384150	39.7	19.9	58.2	18.5	QP
0.502350	33.5	19.9	56.0	22.5	QP
0.632490	32.1	19.9	56.0	23.9	QP
0.876710	30.9	20.0	56.0	25.1	QP
0.348750	28.4	19.9	49.0	20.6	Ave.
0.376330	31.5	19.9	48.4	16.9	Ave.
0.384150	30.3	19.9	48.2	17.9	Ave.
0.502350	21.4	19.9	46.0	24.6	Ave.
0.632490	22.8	19.9	46.0	23.2	Ave.
0.876710	18.9	20.0	46.0	27.1	Ave.

**Note:**

- 1) Correction Factor =LISN VDF (Voltage Division Factor) + Cable Loss + Transient Limiter Attenuation  
The corrected factor has been input into the transducer of the test software.
- 2) Corrected Amplitude = Reading + Correction Factor
- 3) Margin = Limit – Corrected Amplitude

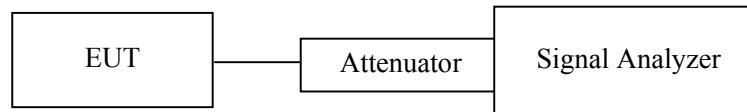
## FCC§15.323 (a) - EMISSION BANDWIDTH

### Applicable Standard

Operation shall be contained within the 1920–1930 MHz band. The emission bandwidth shall be less than 2.5 MHz and greater than 50 kHz.

The emission bandwidth is measured in accordance with ANSI C63.17-2013 sub-clause 6.1.3 using the setup below:

Test Setup 1:



The width, in Hz, of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, that is 26 dB down relative to the maximum level of the modulated carrier. It is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a peak detector function with an instrument resolution bandwidth approximately equal to 1% of the emission band-width of the device under measurement. [Extraction from 47 CFR 15, subpart D, 15.303 (C)].

### Test Procedure

Using the manufacturer's information on occupied bandwidth set the spectrum analyzer as follows:

Resolution bandwidth	1.0% of the emission bandwidth (as close as possible)
Video bandwidth	>3 times the resolution bandwidth
Number of sweeps	sufficient to stability the trace
Detection mode	peak detection with maximum hold

### Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	8386001028	2016-04-14	2017-04-14
WEINSCHEL	10dB Attenuator	5324	AU0709	2015-06-18	2016-06-18
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	3	2015-06-15	2016-06-15
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	4	2015-06-15	2016-06-15

**\* Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	27°C
Relative Humidity:	53 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

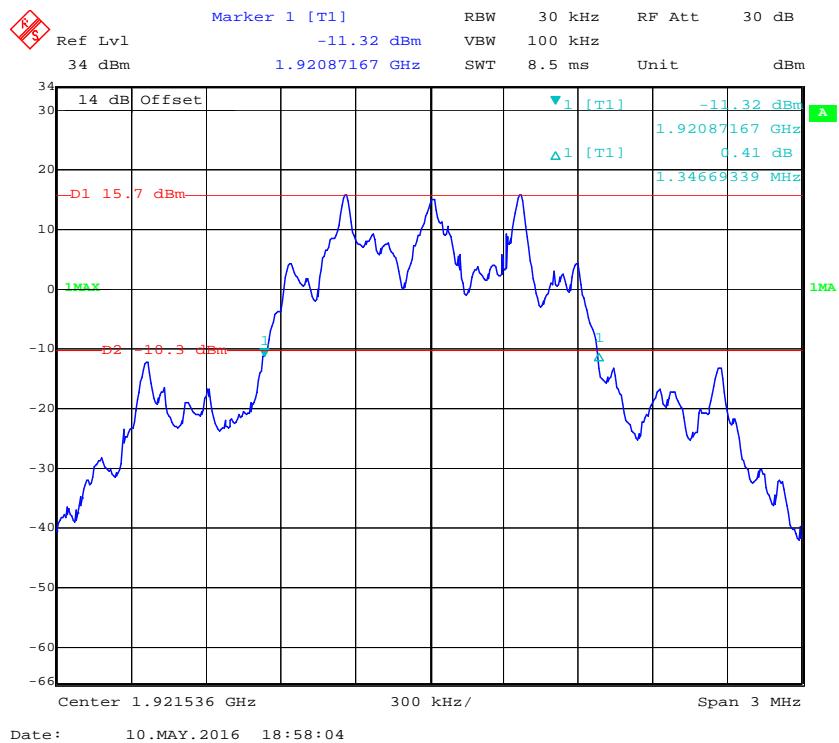
The testing was performed by Hill He on 2016-05-10.

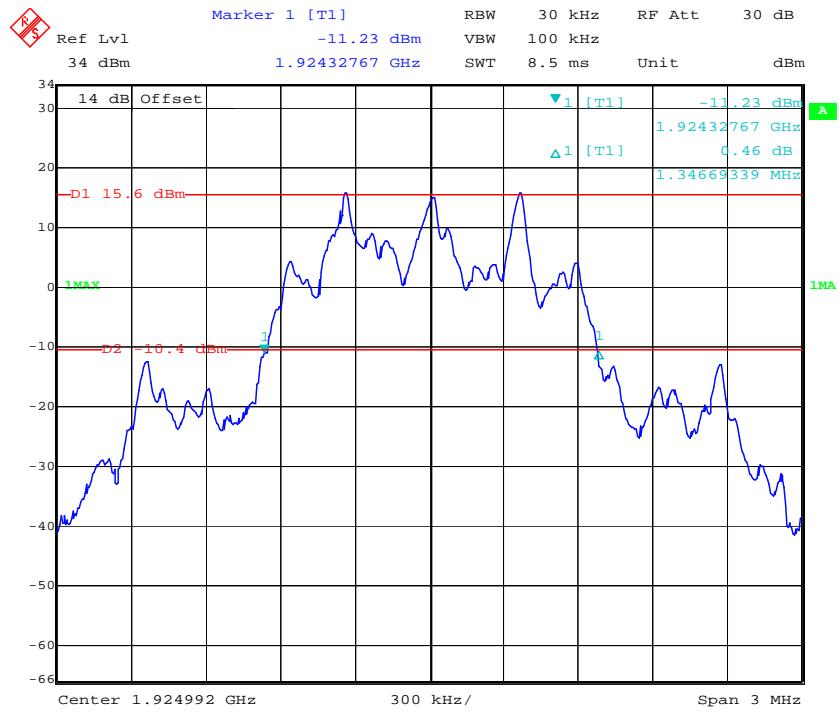
Test mode: Transmitting

Channel	Center Frequency (MHz)	26 dB Emission Bandwidth (MHz)	Limit
Low	1921.536	1.347	50 kHz < OBW < 2.5 MHz
Middle	1924.992	1.347	50 kHz < OBW < 2.5 MHz
High	1928.448	1.353	50 kHz < OBW < 2.5 MHz

**Test Result:** Compliance. Please refer to the following plots.

### Low Channel



**Middle Channel****High Channel**

## FCC§15.319 (c) - PEAK TRANSMIT POWER

### Applicable Standard

The peak power output as measured over an interval of time equal to the frame rate or transmission burst of the device under all conditions of modulation. Usually this parameter is measured as a conducted emission by direct connection of a calibrated test instrument to the equipment under test. If the device cannot be connected directly, alternative techniques acceptable to the Commission may be used[47 CFR 15, subpart D, 15.303].

The peak transmit power is according to ANSI C63.17-2013 §6.1.2

Per FCC Part15.319 (c) Peak transmit power shall not exceed 100 microwatts multiplied by the square root of the emission bandwidth in hertz. Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage. The measurement results shall be properly adjusted for any instrument limitations, such as detector response times, limited resolution bandwidth capability when compared to the emission bandwidth, sensitivity, etc., so as to obtain a true peak measurement for the emission in question over the full bandwidth of the channel.

Per FCC Part15.319 (e), the peak transmit power shall be reduced by the amount in decibels that the maximum directional gain of the antenna exceeds 3 dBi.

Calculation of Peak Transmit Power Limit:

$$\text{Peak Transmit Power Limit} = 100\mu\text{W} \times (\text{EBW})^{1/2}$$

EBW is the transmit emission bandwidth in Hz determined in the other test item:

### Test Procedure

Using the manufacturer's information on occupied bandwidth set the spectrum analyzer as follows:

RBW	$\geq$ Emission bandwidth
Video bandwidth	$\geq$ RBW
Span	Zero
Center frequency	Nominal center frequency of channels
Amplitude scale	Log (linear may be used if analyzer has sufficient linear dynamic range and accuracy)
Detection	Peak detection
Trigger	Video
Sweep rate	Sufficiently rapid to permit the transmit pulse to be resolved accurately

**Test Equipment List and Details**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	8386001028	2016-04-11	2017-04-11
WEINSCHEL	10dB Attenuator	5324	AU0709	2015-06-18	2016-06-18
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	3	2015-06-15	2016-06-15
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	4	2015-06-15	2016-06-15

**\* Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

**Test Data****Environmental Conditions**

Temperature:	27°C
Relative Humidity:	53%
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

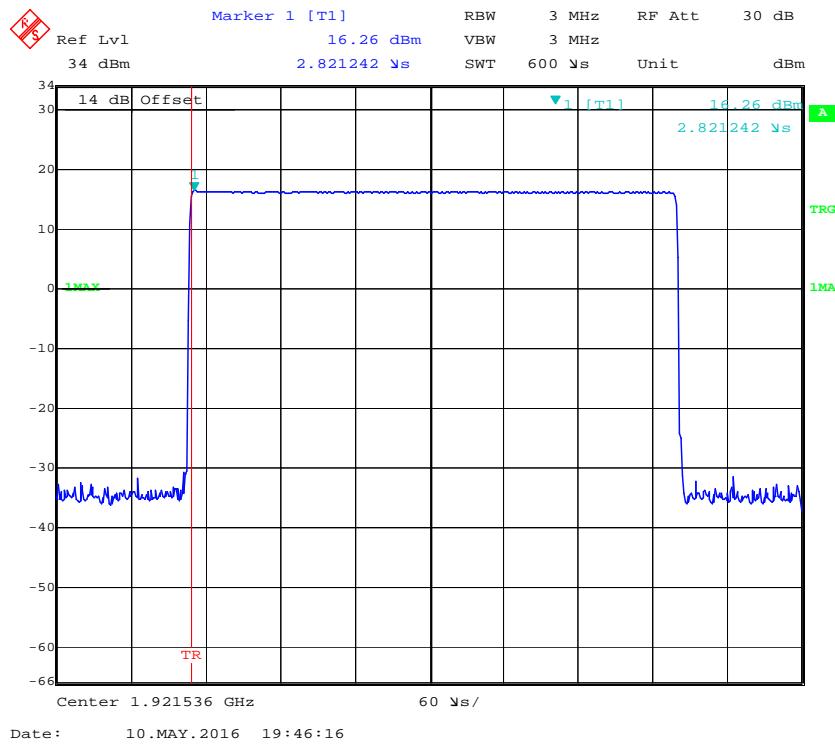
*The testing was performed by Hill He on 2016-05-10 and 2016-05-17.*

*Test Result: Compliance. Please refer to the following table and plots.*

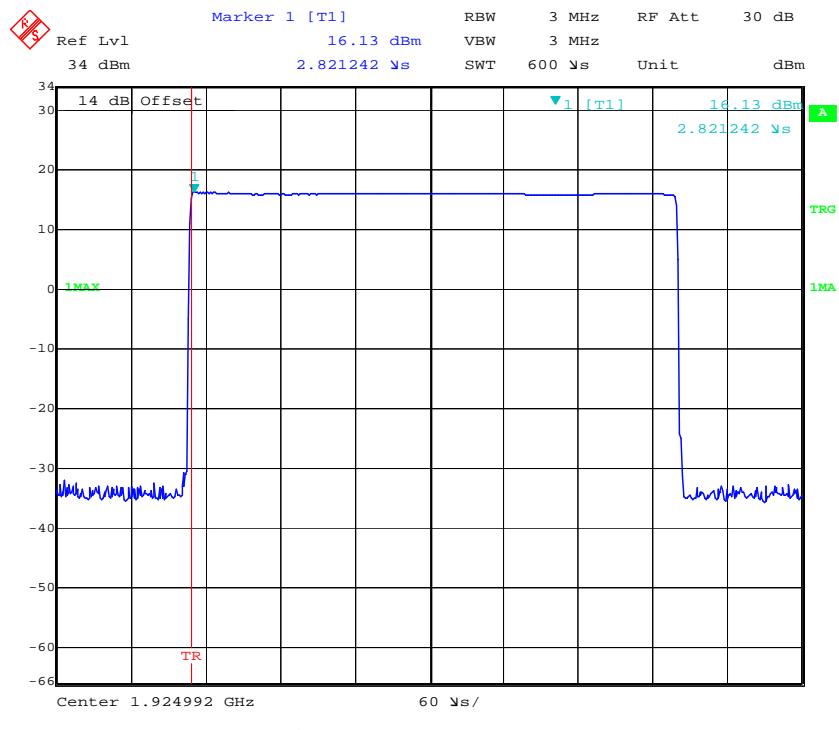
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Peak Transmit Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Low	1921.536	16.26	20.65
Middle	1924.992	16.13	20.65
High	1928.448	15.18	20.66

EBW<sub>Low channel</sub> = 1347000 Hz, EBW<sub>Middle channel</sub> = 1347000 Hz, EBW<sub>High channel</sub> = 1353000 Hz  
Peak Transmit Power Limit = 100(EBW)<sup>1/2</sup> μW

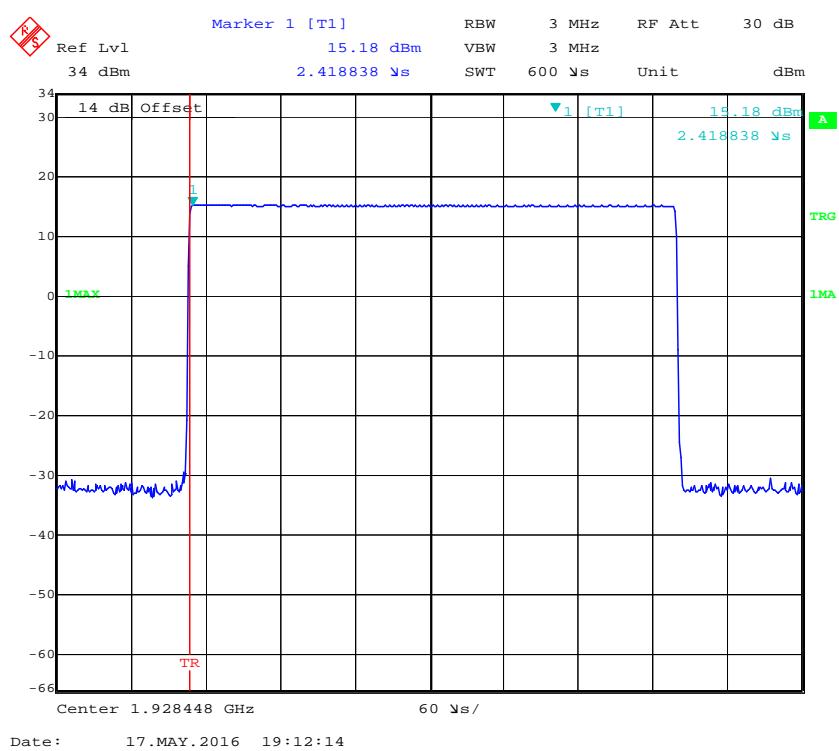
### Low Channel



## Middle Channel



## High Channel



## FCC§15.319 (d) - POWER SPECTRAL DENSITY

### Applicable Standard

The average pulse energy in a 3 kHz bandwidth is divided by the pulse duration.

The power spectral density shall not exceed 3mW in any 3 kHz bandwidth as measured with a spectrum analyzer having a resolution bandwidth of 3 kHz.

The power spectral density is measured in accordance with ANSI C63.17.2013 Clause 6.1.5.

### Test Procedure

Using the manufacturer's information on occupied bandwidth set the spectrum analyzer as follows:

RBW	3 kHz
Video bandwidth	$\geq 3 \times \text{RBW}$
Span	Zero span at frequency with the maximum level (frequency determined in 6.1.3 if the same type of signal (continuous versus burst) was used in 6.1.3)
Center frequency	Spectral peak as determined in 6.1.3
Sweep time	For burst signals, sufficient to include essentially all of the maximum length burst at the output of a 3 kHz filter (e.g., maximum input burst duration plus 600 $\mu\text{s}$ ). For continuous signals, 20 ms.
Amplitude scale	Log power
Detection	Sample detection and averaged for a minimum of 100 sweeps
Trigger	External or internal

### Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESR	1316.3003K0 3-101746-zn	2015-06-13	2016-06-13
WEINSCHEL	10dB Attenuator	5324	AU0709	2015-06-18	2016-06-18
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	3	2015-06-15	2016-06-15
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	4	2015-06-15	2016-06-15

**\* Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

<b>Temperature:</b>	27 °C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	53 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0 kPa

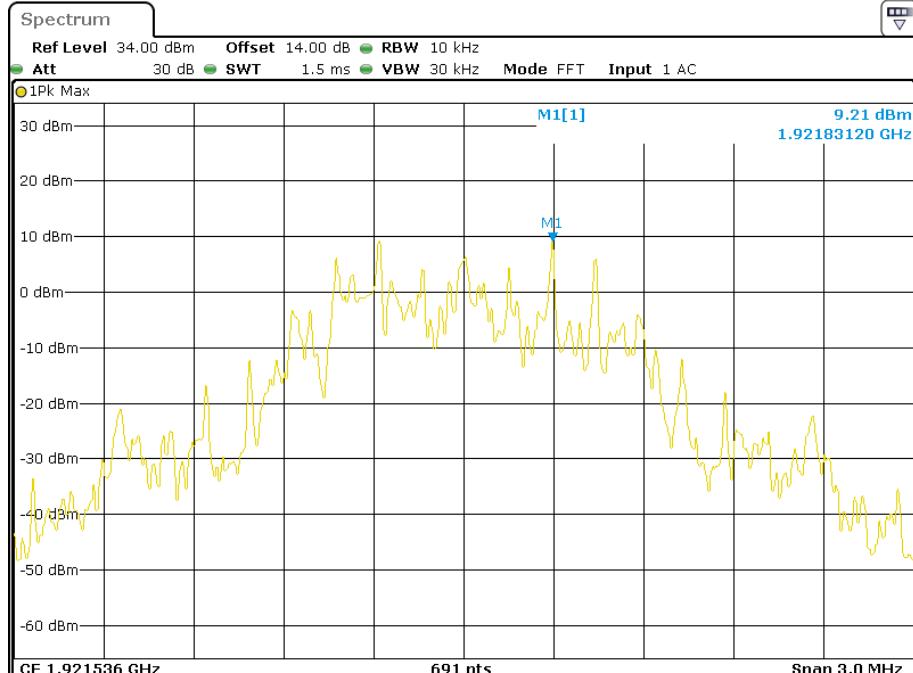
The testing was performed by Hill He on 2016-05-10.

Test mode: Transmitting

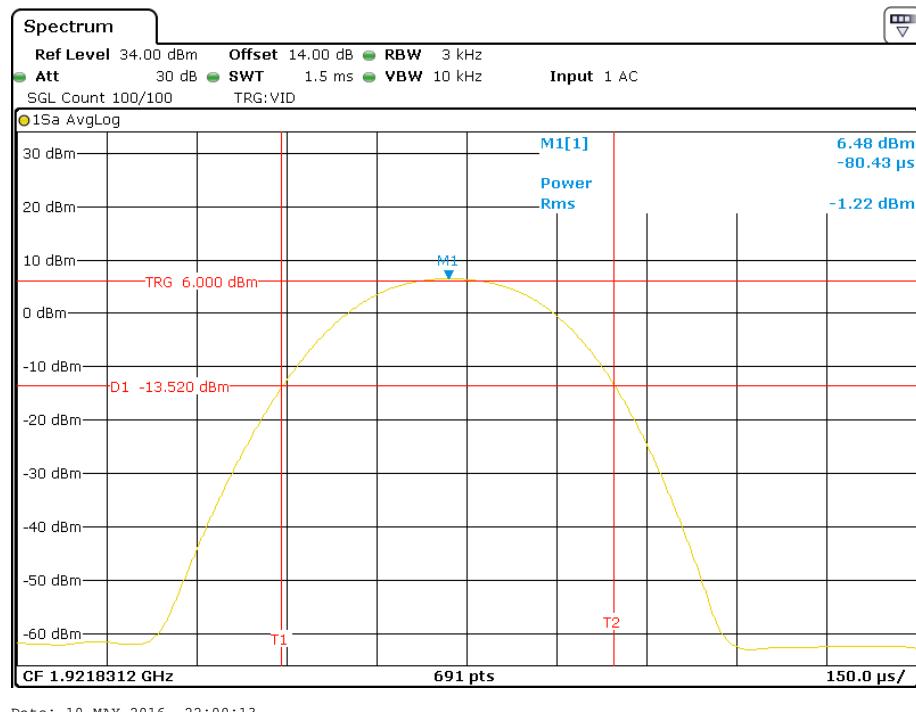
Test Result: Compliance. Please refer to following table and plots.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Power Spectral Density		Limit (mW/3kHz)	Result
		(dBm/3kHz)	(mW/3kHz)		
Low	1921.536	-1.22	0.76	3	Pass
Middle	1924.992	-1.28	0.74	3	Pass
High	1928.448	-1.97	0.64	3	Pass

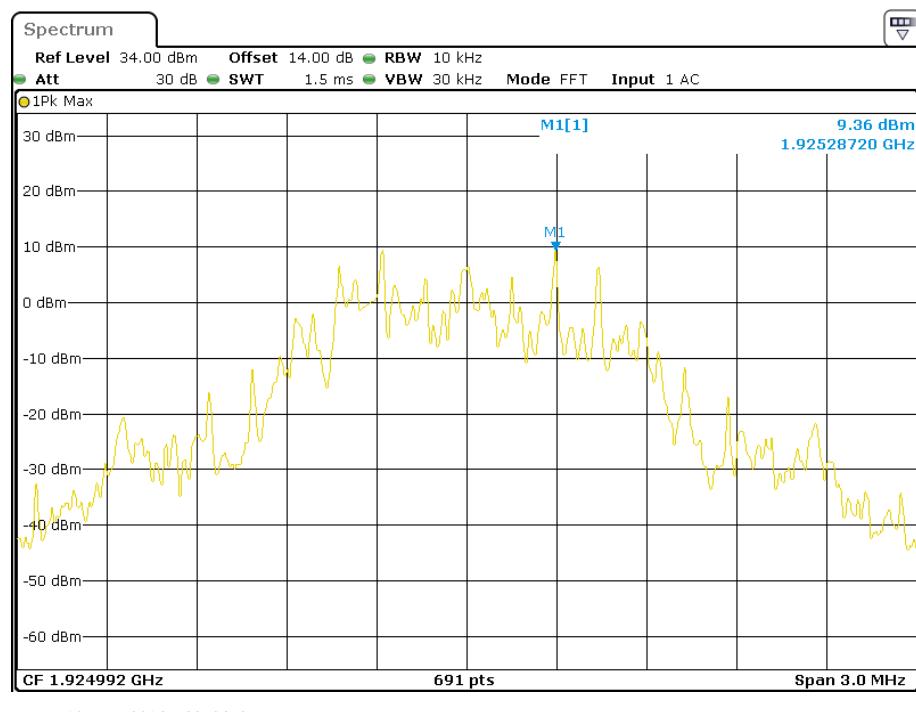
### Low Channel

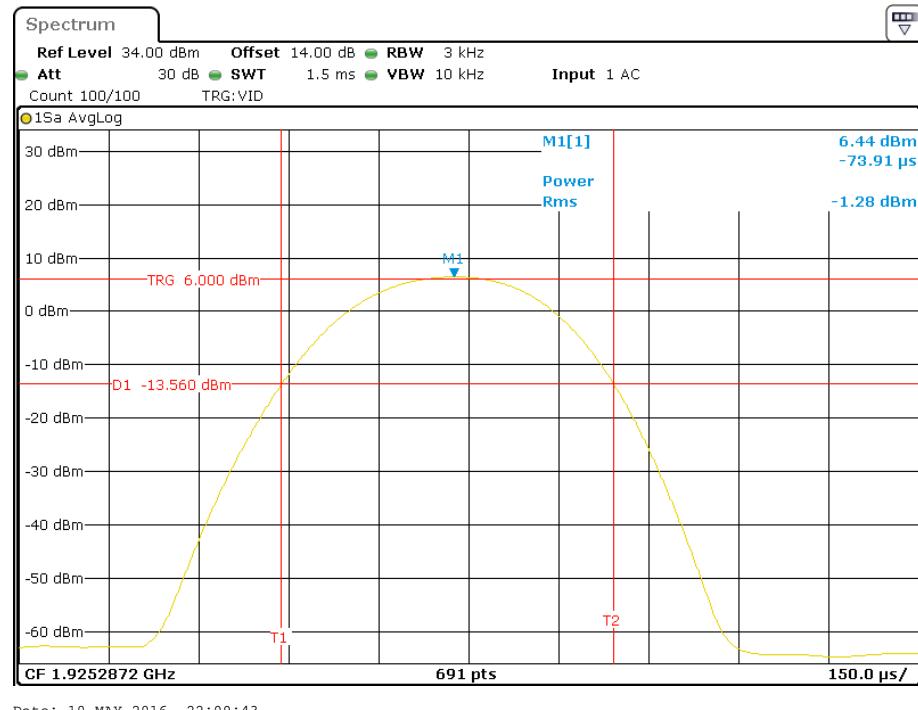


Date: 10.MAY.2016 21:55:16

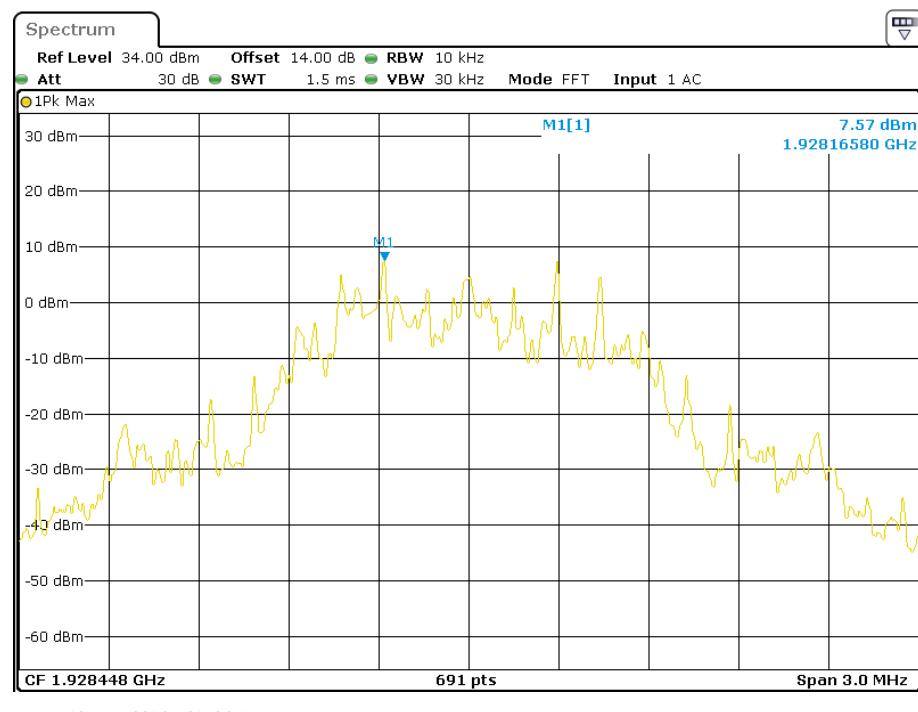


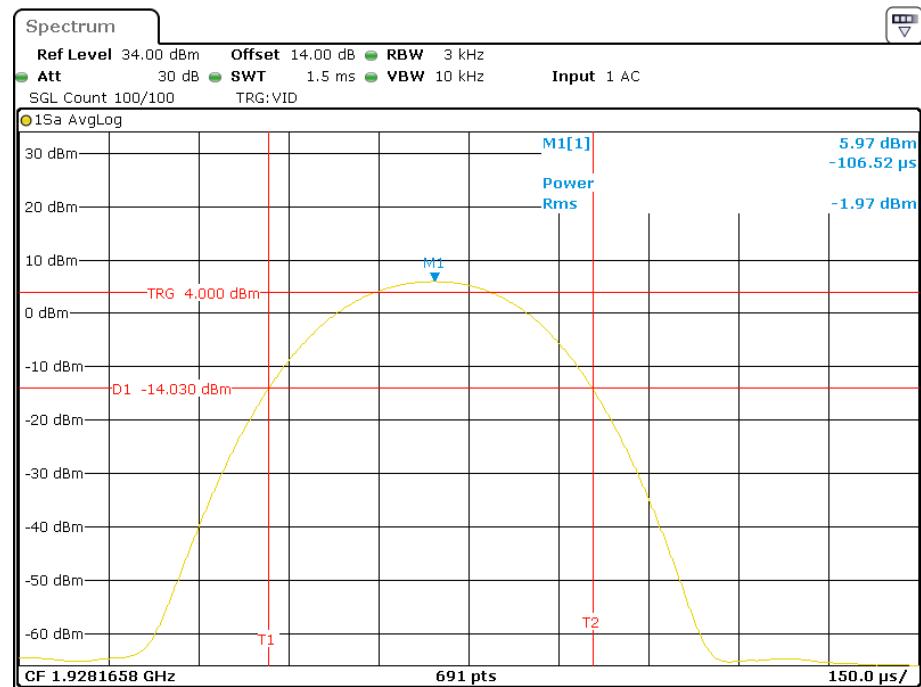
### Middle Channel





### High Channel





Date: 10.MAY.2016 21:42:56

**FCC§15.323 (d) - EMISSION INSIDE AND OUTSIDE THE SUB-BAND****Applicable Standard**

Emissions inside the sub-band must comply with the following emission mask:

1. In the bands between 1B and 2B measured from the center of the emission bandwidth the total power emitted by the device shall be at least 30 dB below the transmit power permitted for that device;
2. in the bands between 2B and 3B measured from the center of the emission bandwidth the total power emitted by an intentional radiator shall be at least 50 dB below the transmit power permitted for that radiator;
3. in the bands between 3B and the sub-band edge the total power emitted by an intentional radiator in the measurement bandwidth shall be at least 60 dB below the transmit power permitted for that radiator.

Where B = emission bandwidth

Emission Outside the sub-band shall be attenuated below a reference power of 112 mw (20.5 dBm) as follows:

1. 30 dB between the sub-band and 1.25 MHz above or below the sub-band;
2. 50 dB between 1.25 and 2.5 MHz above or below the sub-band;
3. 60 dB at 2.5 MHz or greater above or below the sub-band.

**Test Procedure**

According to ANSI C63.17.2013 Clause 6.1.6.

**Test Equipment List and Details**

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	8386001028	2016-04-11	2017-04-11
WEINSCHEL	10dB Attenuator	5324	AU0709	2015-06-18	2016-06-18
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	3	2015-06-15	2016-06-15
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	4	2015-06-15	2016-06-15

**\* Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

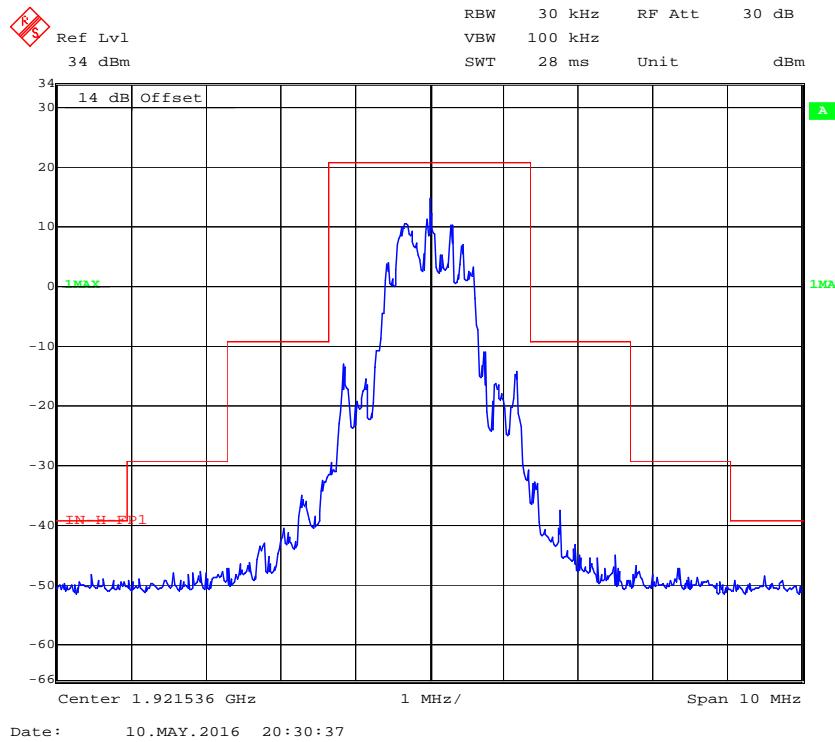
<b>Temperature:</b>	26~27°C
<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	52~53 %
<b>ATM Pressure:</b>	101.0~101.1 kPa

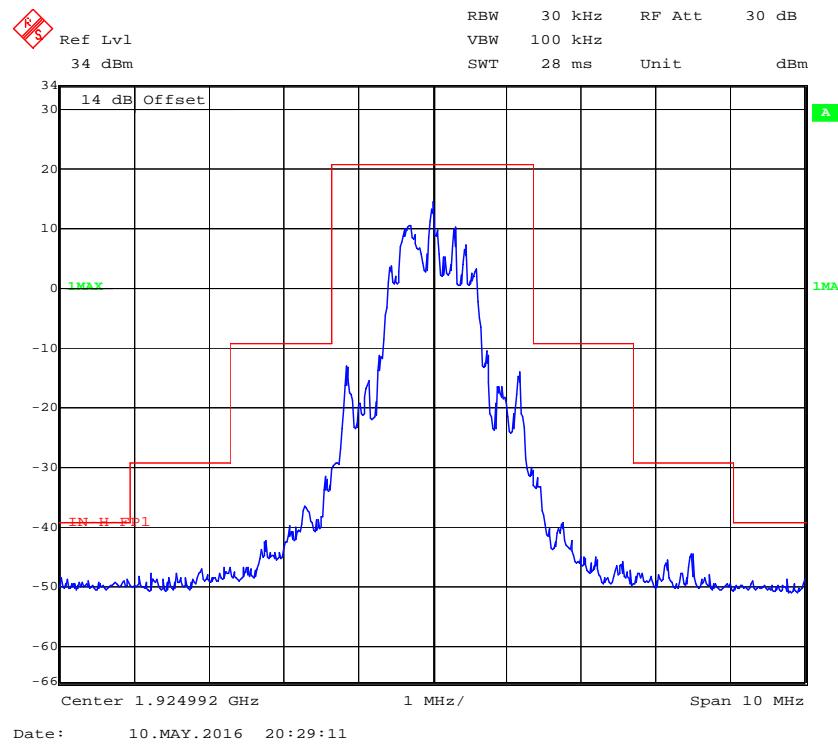
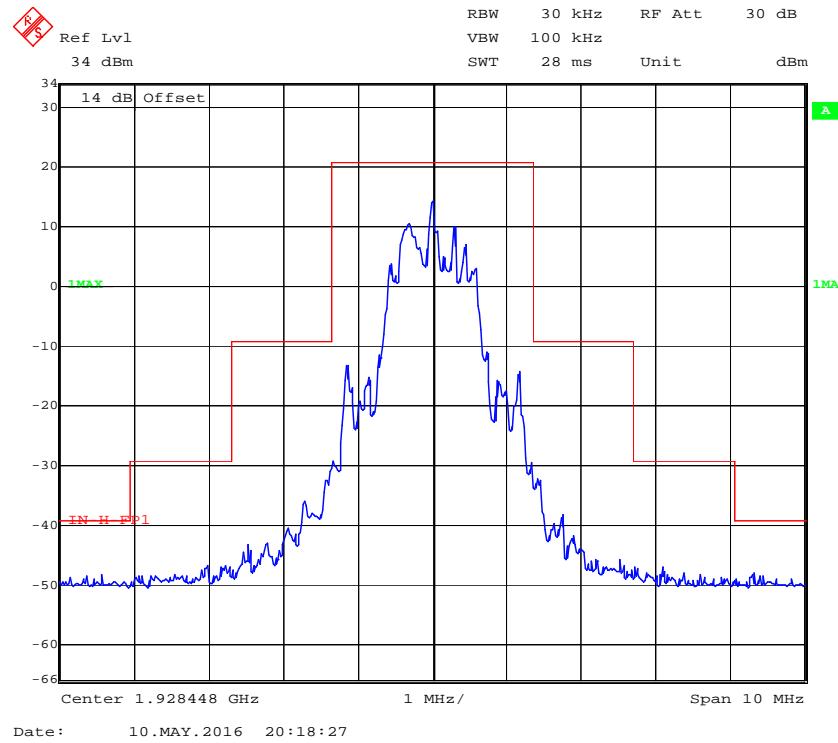
The testing was performed by Hill He from 2016-05-10.

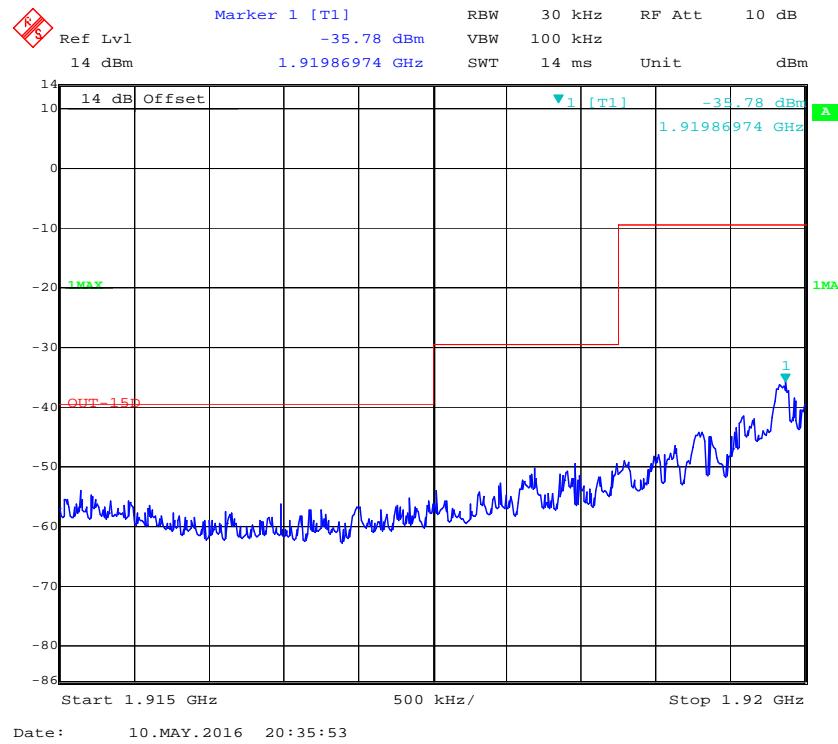
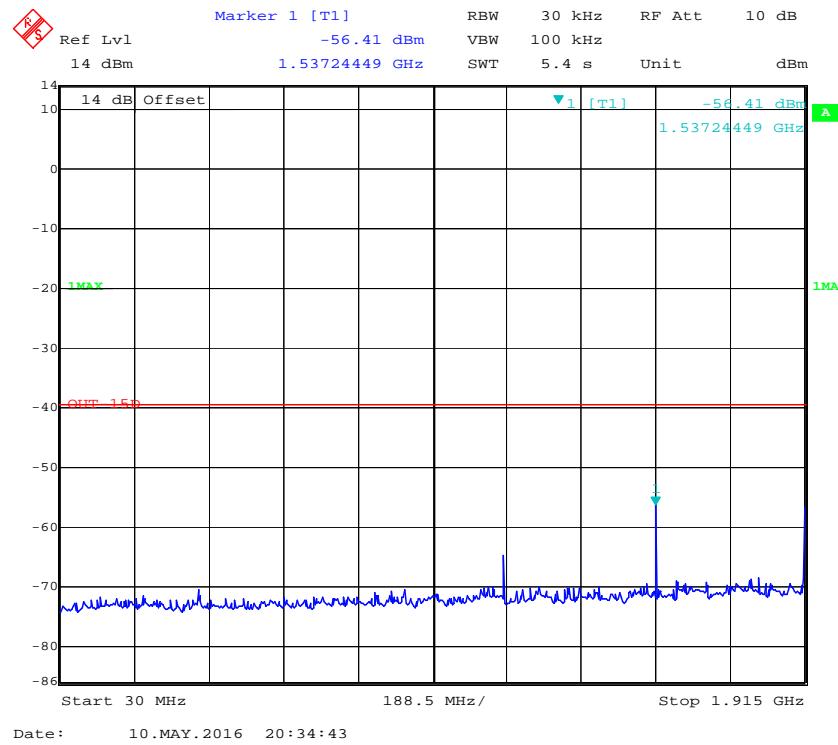
Test mode: Transmitting

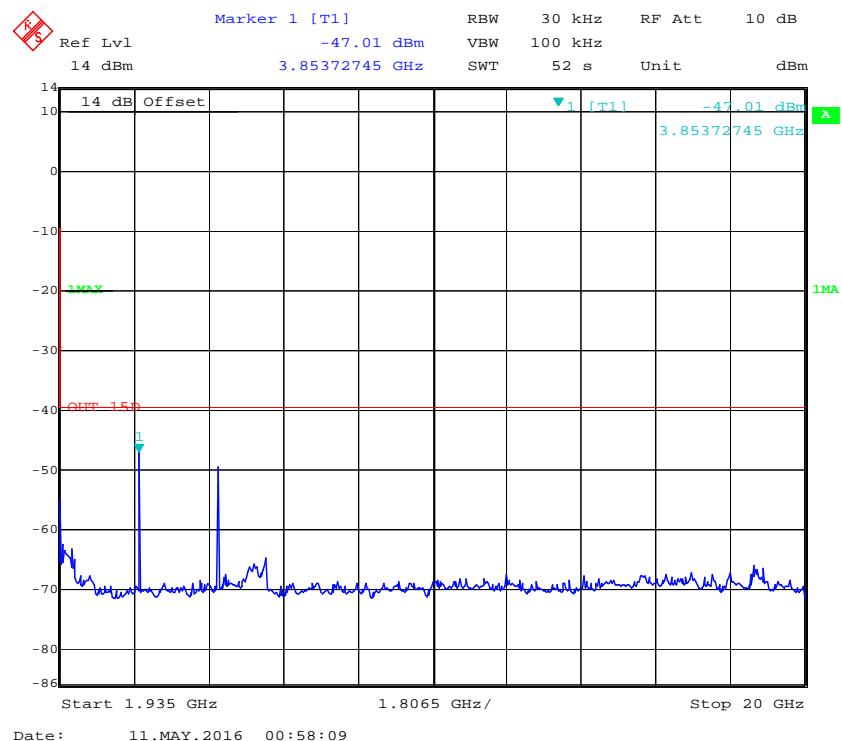
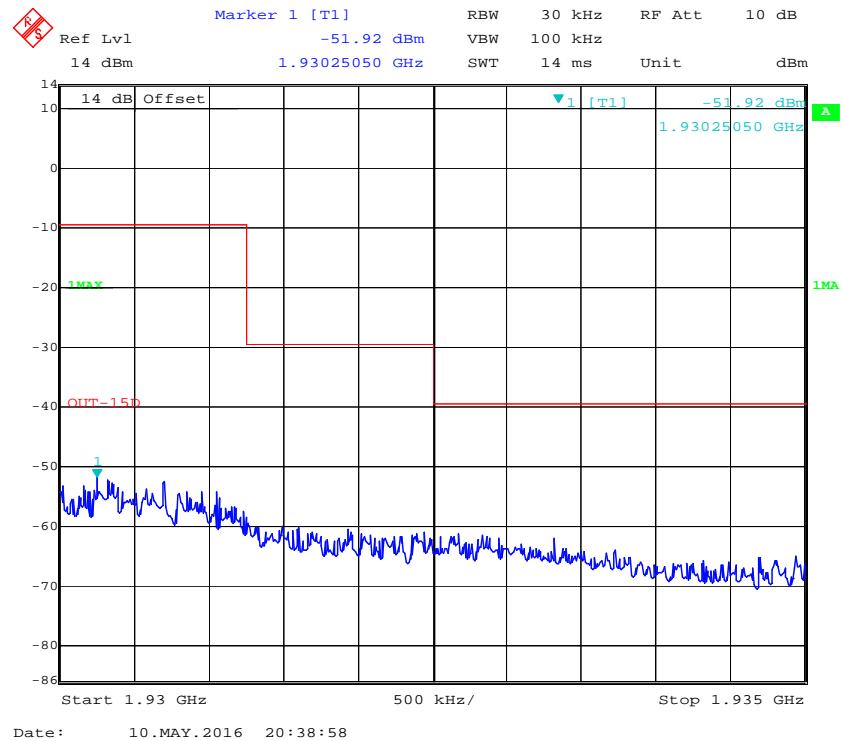
Test Result: Compliance. Please refer to following plots.

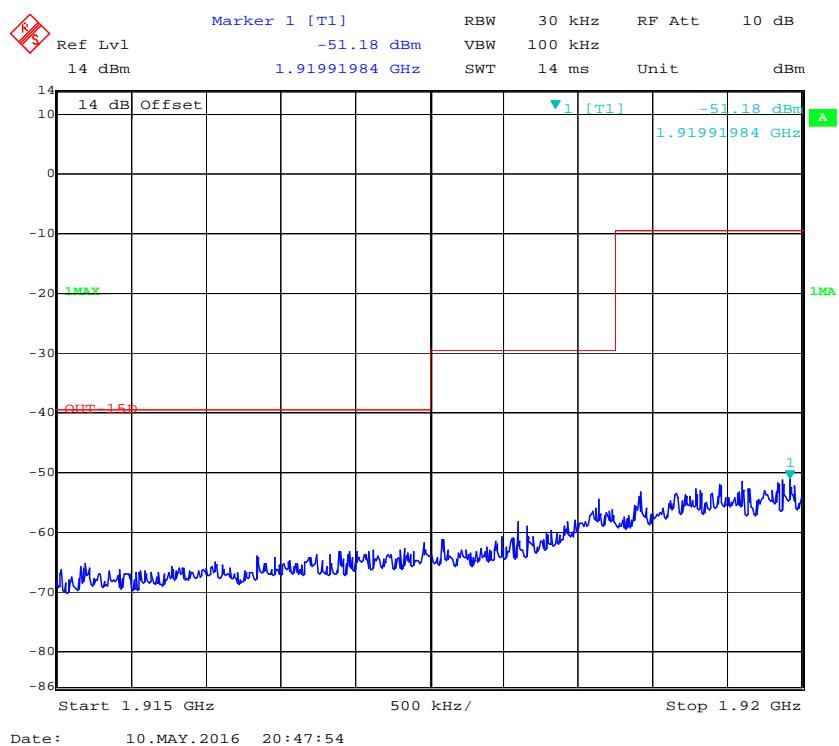
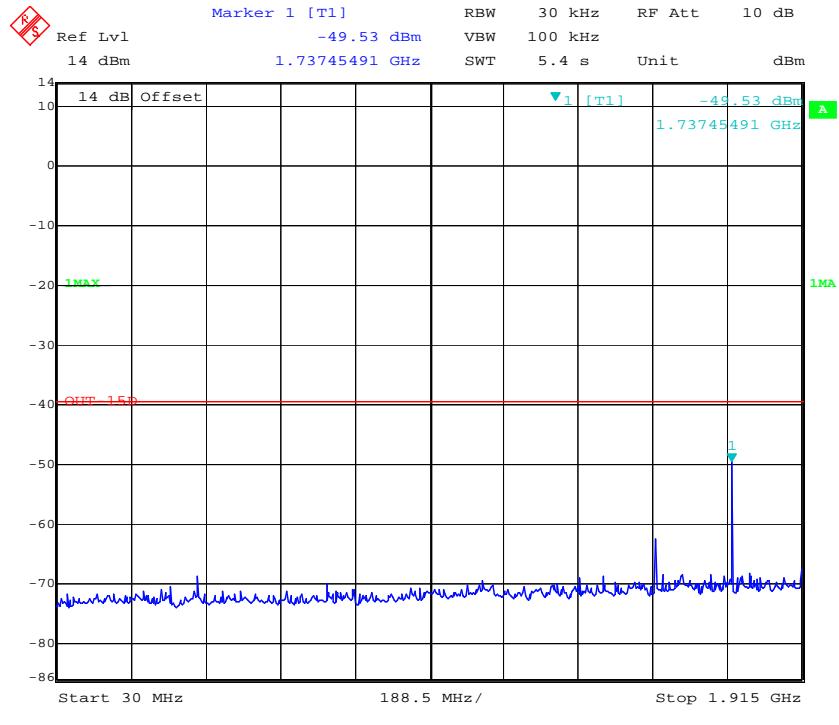
### Low Channel (Unwanted Emission inside the Sub-band)

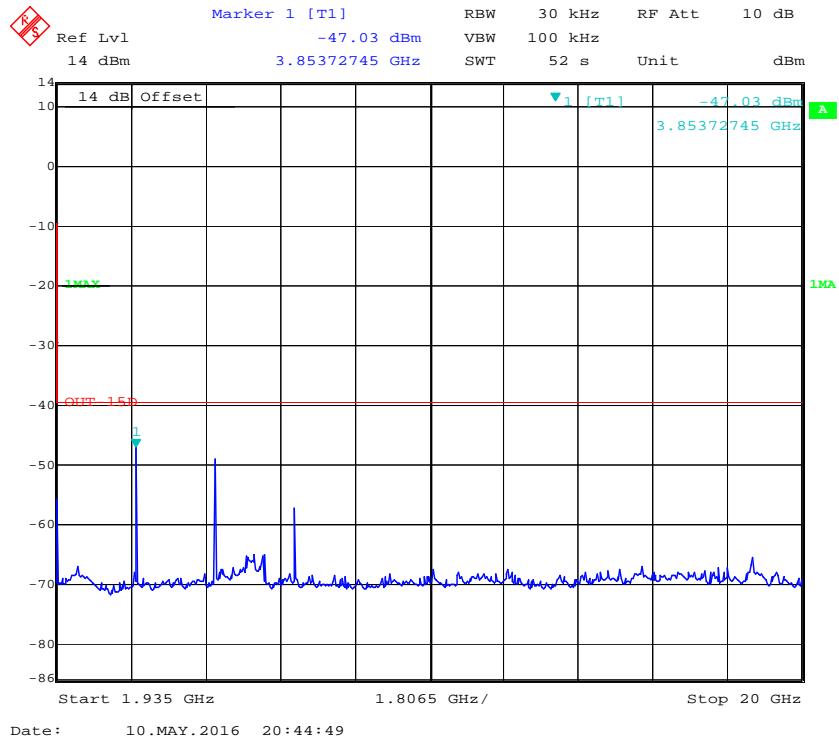
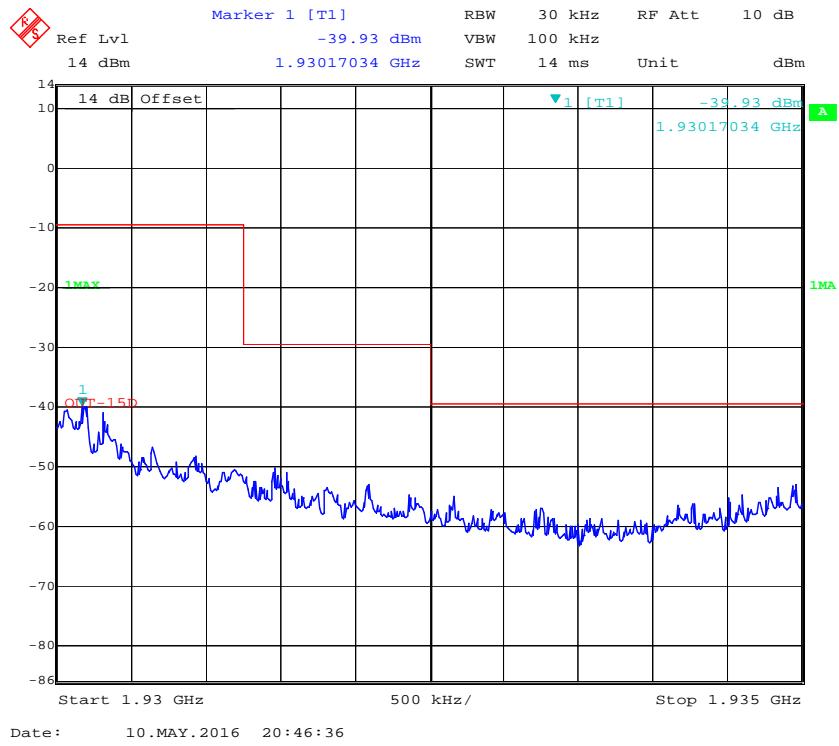


**Middle Channel (Unwanted Emission inside the Sub-band)****High Channel (Unwanted Emission inside the Sub-band)**

**Low Channel (Unwanted Emission outside the Sub-band)**



**High Channel (Unwanted Emission outside the Sub-band)**



## FCC§15.323 (f) - FREQUENCY STABILITY

### Applicable Standard

Per §15.323(f), the frequency stability of the carrier frequency of the intentional radiator shall be maintained within  $\pm 10$  ppm over 1 hour or the interval between channel access monitoring, whichever is shorter. The frequency stability shall be maintained over a temperature variation of  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$  at normal supply voltage, and over a variation in the primary supply voltage of 85 percent to 115 percent of the rated supply voltage at a temperature of  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$ . For equipment that is capable only of operating from a battery, the frequency stability tests shall be performed using a new battery without any further requirement to vary supply voltage

### Test Procedure

This procedure should be carried out for each of the following test cases:

Temperature	Supply Voltage
$20^{\circ}\text{C}$	85-115% or new batteries
$0^{\circ}\text{C}$	Normal
$+40^{\circ}\text{C}$	Normal

**Note:** The manufacturer declared that the EUT Operating, charging and storage temperature is  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $40^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

During test, the equipment shall be placed in the boxes and set the temperature to the specified requirement until the thermal balance has been reached.

Using the mean carrier frequency at  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$  and at nominal supply voltage as the reference, the mean carrier frequency shall be maintained within  $\pm 10$  ppm at the two extreme temperatures (or as declared by the manufacturer) and at normal temperature (typically  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$ ) at the two extreme supply voltages. This test does not apply to a EUT that is capable only of operating from a battery.

### Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
ESPEC	Temperature & Humidity Chamber	EL-10KA	09107726	2015-11-01	2016-10-31
Rohde & Schwarz	EMI Test Receiver	ESR	1316.3003K0 3-101746-zn	2015-06-13	2016-06-13
WEINSCHEL	10dB Attenuator	5324	AU0709	2015-06-18	2016-06-18
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	3	2016-05-06	2017-05-06
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	4	2015-06-15	2016-06-15

**\* Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements, traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	27 °C
Relative Humidity:	53 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Hill He on 2016-05-10.

Test Result: Compliance.

Temperature (°C)	Voltage (V <sub>dc</sub> )	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Measured Frequency Offset (kHz)	Measured Frequency Offset (ppm)	Limit (ppm)
0	3.7	1924.992	7	3.64	±10
20	3.2	1924.992	5	2.60	±10
	4.2	1924.992	9	4.68	±10
40	3.7	1924.992	6	3.12	±10

**Note: At the beginning of the test, a new battery was used.**

## FCC§15.323 (c) (e) & §15.319(f) – SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR UPSCS DEVICE

### Applicable Standard

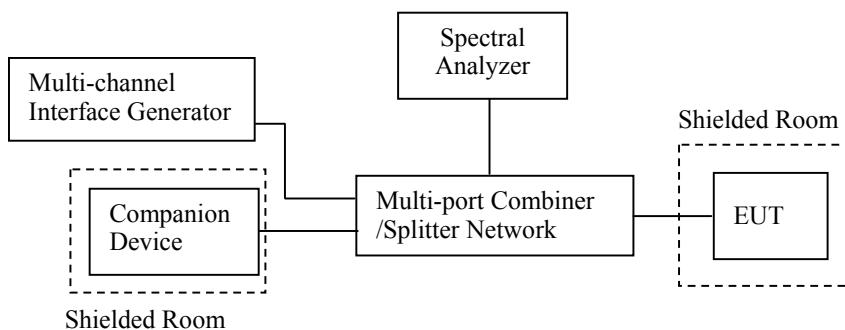
FCC§15.323(c)(e) & §15.319(f) Specific Requirements for UPSCS device.

ANSI C63.17 2013 §6.2 Frequency and time stability and §7. Monitoring tests and §8. Time and spectrum window access procedure.

### Test Procedure

Measurement method according to ANSI C63.17 2013

Test configuration as below



### Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Calibration Due Date
Sunol Sciences	Horn Antenna	DRH-118	A052304	2015-12-01	2016-11-30
HP	Signal Generator	8648C	3426A01345	2016-04-14	2017-04-14
Rohde & Schwarz	Signal Analyzer	FSIQ26	8386001028	2016-04-14	2017-04-14
WEINSCHEL	10dB Attenuator	5324	AU0709	2015-06-18	2016-06-18
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	3	2016-05-06	2017-05-06
Ducommun technologies	RF Cable	RG-214	4	2015-06-15	2016-06-15
R & S	Digital Radio-Communication Tester	CMD60	829902/026	2015-06-09	2016-06-09
R & S	Vector Signal Generator	SMU200A	GB40051862	2016-03-16	2017-03-15

**\* Statement of Traceability:** Bay Area Compliance Laboratories Corp. (Shenzhen) attests that all calibrations have been performed in accordance to requirements, traceable to traceable to National Primary Standards and International System of Units (SI).

## Test Data

### Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	27 °C
Relative Humidity:	53 %
ATM Pressure:	101.0 kPa

The testing was performed by Hill He on 2016-05-10.

**Test Result:** Compliance, please see the below data

### 1) Automatic Discontinuation of Transmission, FCC §15.319(f)

The device shall automatically discontinue transmission in case of either absence of information to transmit or operational failure. The provisions in this section are not intended to preclude transmission of control and signaling information or use of repetitive codes used by certain digital technologies to complete frame or burst intervals.

#### Test result:

The following tests were performed after a connection had been established with handset.

Test condition	Reaction of EUT	Pass/Fail
Adapter removed from EUT	Connection break down	Pass
The Handset power off	Connection break down	Pass

### 2) Monitoring Time, FCC §15.323(c) (1)

Immediately prior to initiating transmission, devices must monitor the combined time and spectrum window in which they intend to transmit. For a period of at least 10 milliseconds for systems designed to use a 10 milliseconds or shorter frame period or at least 20 milliseconds for systems designed to use a 20 milliseconds frame period

#### Test procedure:

Measurement method is in according to ANSI C63.17 2013 clause 7.3.3.

RF signal generators apply uniform CW interference on all system carriers except two carriers (designated  $f_1$  and  $f_2$ ), each at level  $T_L + U_M$ . EUT can only transmit on these two carriers.

**Test result:**

This requirement is covered by the results of Least Interfered Channel (LIC).

Interference (Refer to ANSI C63.17 clause 7.3.3)	Reaction of EUT	Results
a) Apply the interference on $f_1$ at level $T_L+U_M+20\text{dB}$ and no interference on $f_2$ . Initiate transmission and verify the transmission only on $f_2$ . Then terminate it.	EUT transmits on $f_2$	Pass
b) Apply the interference on $f_2$ at level $T_L+U_M+20\text{dB}$ and immediately remove all interference from $f_1$ . The EUT should immediately attempt transmission on $f_1$ (but at least 20 ms after the interference on $f_2$ is applied), verify the transmission only on $f_1$ .	EUT transmission $f_1$	Pass

**3) Lower Monitoring Threshold, FCC §15.323(c) (2)**

The monitoring threshold must not be more than 30 dB above the thermal noise power for a bandwidth equivalent to the emission bandwidth used by the device.

**Test procedure:**

Measurement method according to ANSI C63.17 2013 clause 7.3.1

**Test result:**

Not applicable because the EUT has more 40 defined duplex system access channels and meet the provision of the Least Interfered Channel (LIC) based on FCC §15.323(c) (5).

**4) Maximum Transmit Period, FCC §15.323(c) (3)**

If no signal above the threshold level is detected, transmission may commence and continue with the same emission bandwidth in the monitored time and spectrum windows without further monitoring. However, occupation of the same combined time and spectrum windows by a device or group of cooperating devices continuously over a period of time longer than 8 hours is not permitted without repeating the access criteria.

**Test procedure:**

Measurement method according to ANSI C63.17 2013 clause 8.2.2

The test procedure is as follows:

- Activate the EUT and initiate a communication channel with the companion device, and start a timer or frame counter.
- The centre frequency of spectrum analyzer was set to the carrier frequency and SPAN was set to ZERO. The spectrum analyzer was used to monitor the time and spectrum window of the communication channel.
- Stop the timer at the end of the EUT transmission on the current time and frequency window (measure the time until the EUT changes to a different slot).

**Test result:**

Repetition of Access Criteria	Measured Maximum Transmission Time (Second)	Limit (Second)	Results
First	17260	28,800	Pass
Second	17350	28,800	Pass

**5) System Acknowledgement, FCC §15.323(c) (4)**

Once access to specific combined time and spectrum windows is obtained an acknowledgement from a system participant must be received by the initiating transmitter within one second or transmission must cease.

Periodic acknowledgments must be received at least every 30 seconds or transmission must cease. Channels used exclusively for control and signaling information may transmit continuously for 30 seconds without receiving an acknowledgement, at which time the access criteria must be repeated.

**Test procedure:**

Measurement method according to ANSI C63.17 2013 clause 8.2.1

During testing initial transmission without acknowledgement, the signal from the EUT to the companion device is blocked by the circulator.

The test of the transmission time after loss of acknowledgements is performed by cutting off the signal from the companion device by a RF switch and measuring the time until the EUT stops transmitting.

**Test result:**

Test	Time taken (second)	Limit (second)	Result
Initial Connection acknowledgement	0.28	1	Pass
Change of access criteria for control information	N/A	30	N/A
Transmission cease time after loss of acknowledgement	4.25	30	Pass

Note: N/A=Not Applicable

## 6) Least Interfered Channel (LIC), FCC §15.323(c) (5)

If access to spectrum is not available as determined by the above, and a minimum of 20 duplex system access channels are defined for the system, the time and spectrum windows with the lowest power level may be accessed.

A device utilizing the provisions of this paragraph (5) must have monitored all access channels defined for its system within the last 10 seconds and must verify, within the 20 milliseconds (40 milliseconds for devices designed to use a 20 millisecond frame period) immediately preceding actual channel access, that the detected power of the selected time and spectrum windows is no higher than the previously detected value.

The power measurement resolution bandwidth for this comparison must be accurate to within 6 dB. No device or group of cooperating devices located within 1 metre of each other shall during any frame period occupy more than 6 MHz of aggregate bandwidth, or alternatively, more than one third of the time and spectrum windows defined by the system.

Calculation of monitoring threshold limits for isochroous devices:

Lower threshold:  $T_L = -174 + 10 \log_{10} B + M_L + P_{MAX} - P_{EUT}$  (dBm)

Where: B=Emission bandwidth (Hz)

$M_L$  = dB the threshold may exceed thermal noise (30 for  $T_L$ )

$P_{MAX} = 5 \log_{10} B - 10$  (dBm)

$P_{EUT}$  = Transmitted power (dBm)

### Calculated thresholds:

Monitor Threshold	B(MHz)	$M_L$ (dB)	$P_{MAX}$ (dBm)	$P_{EUT}$ (dBm)	Threshold (dBm)
Lower threshold	1.353	30	20.66	16.26	-78.28

Note: 1. The upper threshold is applicable as the EUT utilizes more than 20 duplex system channels

### Test procedure:

Measurement method according to ANSI C63.17 clause 7.3.2, 7.3.3

#### C63.17 clause 7.3.2, LIC procedure test:

- Allow EUT transmission on only two carrier frequencies, which will be designated  $f_1$  and  $f_2$ .
- Apply interference to the EUT on  $f_1$  at a level of  $TL + UM + 7$  dB and on  $f_2$  at a level of  $TL + UM$ . Initiate transmission. The EUT should transmit on  $f_2$ . Terminate the connection. Repeat five times. If the EUT transmits once on  $f_1$ , the test failed.
- Apply interference to the EUT on  $f_1$  at a level of  $TL + UM$  and on  $f_2$  at a level of  $TL + UM + 7$  dB. Initiate transmission. The EUT should transmit on  $f_1$ . Terminate the connection. Repeat five times. If the EUT transmits once on  $f_2$ , the test failed.
- Apply interference to the EUT on  $f_1$  at a level of  $TL + UM + 1$  dB and on  $f_2$  at a level of  $TL + UM - 6$  dB. Initiate transmission. If the EUT transmits on  $f_2$ , terminate the connection. Repeat five times. If the EUT transmits once on  $f_1$ , the test failed.

e) Apply interference to the EUT on  $f_1$  at a level of  $TL + UM - 6$  dB and on  $f_2$  at a level of  $TL + UM + 1$  dB. Initiate transmission. If the EUT transmits on  $f_1$ , terminate the connection. Repeat five times. If the EUT transmits once on  $f_2$ , the test failed.

#### C63.17 clause 7.3.3, Selected channel confirmation:

a) Allow EUT transmission on only two carrier frequencies, which will be designated  $f_1$  and  $f_2$ . This limitation to carriers  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  is performed preferably by administration commands for the EUT, or alternatively by applying by a multicarrier interference generator uniform interference on all system carriers except  $f_1$  and  $f_2$ , at a level of  $TL + UM + 20$  dB in-band per carrier. Set the interference level to the EUT on  $f_1$  to a level of  $TL + UM + 20$  dB, and let there be no interference applied on  $f_2$ .

b) Initiate transmission and verify that the EUT transmits on  $f_2$ . If a connection was made, terminate it.

c) Apply interference on  $f_2$  at a level of  $TL + UM + 20$  dB in-band, and immediately remove all interference from  $f_1$  and immediately (but not sooner than 20 ms after the interference on  $f_2$  is applied) cause the EUT to attempt transmission. The EUT should now transmit on  $f_1$ , if it transmits.

d) If the EUT transmits on  $f_2$ , it fails.

#### Test result:

##### 1) LIC procedure test:

Interference (Refer to ANSI C63.17 clause 7.3.3)	Reaction of EUT	Results
a) Apply the interference on $f_1$ at level $T_L + U_M + 7$ dB and the interference on $f_2$ at level $T_L + U_M$ . Initiate transmission and verify the transmission only on $f_2$ . Repeat 5 times.	EUT transmits on $f_2$	Pass
b) Apply the interference on $f_1$ at level $T_L + U_M$ and the interference on $f_2$ at level $T_L + U_M + 7$ dB. Initiate transmission and verify the transmission only on $f_1$ . Repeat 5 times.	EUT transmits on $f_1$	Pass
c) Apply the interference on $f_1$ at level $T_L + U_M + 1$ dB the interference on $f_2$ at level $T_L + U_M - 6$ dB. Initiate transmission and verify the transmission only on $f_2$ . Repeat 5 times.	EUT transmits on $f_2$	Pass
d) Apply the interference on $f_1$ at level $T_L + U_M - 6$ dB and the interference on $f_2$ at level $T_L + U_M + 1$ dB. Initiate transmission and verify the transmission only on $f_1$ . Repeat 5 times.	EUT transmits on $f_1$	Pass

##### 2) Selected channel confirmation:

Interference (Refer to ANSI C63.17 clause 7.3.4)	Reaction of EUT	Results
a) Apply the interference on $f_1$ at level $T_L + U_M$ and no interference on $f_2$ . Initiate transmission and verify the transmission only on $f_2$ . Then terminate it.	EUT transmits on $f_2$	Pass
b) Apply the interference on $f_2$ at level $T_L + U_M$ and immediately remove all interference from $f_1$ . The EUT should immediately attempt transmission on $f_1$ (but at least 20 ms after the interference on $f_2$ is applied), verify the transmission only on $f_1$ .	EUT transmission $f_1$	Pass

**7) Random waiting, FCC §15.323(c) (6)**

If the selected combined time and spectrum windows are unavailable, the device may either monitor and select different windows or seek to use the same window after waiting an amount of time, randomly chosen from a uniform random distribution between 10 and 150 milliseconds, commencing when the channel becomes available.

**Test procedure:**

This test is for EUTs that transmit control and signaling channels and that use the provisions of FCC §15.323(c)(6), thus to verify that the EUT (if in deferral) waits for a channel to go clear, then implements a 10 ms to 150 ms holdoff prior to using the channel. FCC §15.323(c)(6) is not restrictive for EUTs that use the LIC and offer 20 or more duplex communications channels, as a combined time and spectrum window cannot become unavailable as there is no threshold limit. Test method according to ANSI C63.17 2013 clause 8.1.3

- a) Restrict operation of the EUT to a single carrier designated  $f_1$ . For TDMA system, further restrict EUT transmission to a single timeslot of the usable timeslots available in the TDMA frame structure and synchronize the interference so as to occur centered within the timeslot.
- b) Activate the EUT with no interference present. The EUT must transmit on  $f_1$ . Then apply CW interference on  $f_1$ . The interference level shall be at  $TL + UM$  as appropriate for EUTs that do or do not meet the requirements for using the upper threshold. The EUT must stop transmitting within 30 s.
- c) Cancel the interference. Measure the time interval between the end of the interference transmission and the beginning of transmission by the EUT.
- d) Repeat step b) and step c) 100 times. If the measured time intervals vary uniformly between 10 ms and 150 ms, the EUT passes the test.

Note: This is Not Applicable

**8) Monitoring Bandwidth and Reaction Time, FCC §15.323(c) (7)**

The monitoring system bandwidth must be equal to or greater than the emission bandwidth of the intended transmission and have a maximum reaction time less than  $50 \times \text{SQRT}(1.25/\text{emission bandwidth in MHz})$  microseconds for signals at the applicable threshold level but shall not be required to be less than 50 microseconds

**Test procedure:**

Measurement method according to ANSI C63.17 2013 clause 7.5

- a) Restrict the EUT to a single transmit carrier frequency  $f_1$ , and verify that the EUT can establish a connection with no interference applied on  $f_1$ .
- b) Apply time-synchronized, pulsed interference on  $f_1$  at the pulsed level  $TL + UM$ , verify that the EUT does not establish a connection when the width of the interference pulse exceeds the largest of  $50 \mu\text{s}$  and  $50 \sqrt{1.25/B} \mu\text{s}$ , where  $B$  is the emission bandwidth of the EUT in megahertz.

c) With the channel interference level 6 dB above  $TL + UM$ , verify that the EUT does not establish a connection when the width of the interference pulse exceeds the largest of 35  $\mu$ s and  $35 \sqrt{1.25/B}$   $\mu$ s, where  $B$  is the emission bandwidth of the EUT in megahertz.

Test Pulse width Equation ( $\mu$ s)	B(bandwidth) (MHz)	Pulse width ( $\mu$ s)	Limit (largest) ( $\mu$ s)
$50 (1.25/B)^{1/2}$	1.353	48.06	50
$35 (1.25/B)^{1/2}$	1.353	33.64	35

**Test result:**

**1) Monitoring Bandwidth:**

The antenna of the EUT used for monitoring is the same interior antenna that used for transmission, so the monitoring system bandwidth is equal to the emission bandwidth of the intended transmission

**2) Reaction Time Test:**

No.	Interference Pulse width ( $\mu$ s)	Reaction of EUT	Observing time ( $\mu$ s)	Result
1	50 $\mu$ s with level $T_L+U_M$	No transmission	24.62	Pass
2	35 $\mu$ s with level $T_L+U_M+6dB$	No transmission	18.93	Pass

**9) Monitoring Antenna, FCC §15.323(c) (8)**

The monitoring system shall use the same antenna used for transmission, or an antenna that yields equivalent reception at that location.

**Test procedure:**

Measurement method according to ANSI C63.17 2013 paragraph 4

**Test result:**

The antenna of the EUT used for transmission is the same interior antenna that used for monitoring.

**10) Monitoring threshold relaxation, FCC §15.323(c) (9)**

Devices that have a power output lower than the maximum permitted under the rules can increase their monitoring detection threshold by one decibel for each one decibel that the transmitter power is below the maximum permitted.

**Test procedure:**

Measurement method according to ANSI C63.17 2013 paragraph 4

**Test result:**

This requirement is covered by the results of Least Interfered Channel (LIC) based on FCC §15.323(c)(5).

## 11) Duplex Connections, FCC §15.323(c) (10)

An initiating device may attempt to establish a duplex connection by monitors both its intended transmit and receive time and spectrum windows. If both the intended transmit and receive time and spectrum windows meet the access criteria, then the initiating device can initiate a transmission in the intended transmit time and spectrum window. If the power detected by the responding device can be decoded as a duplex connection signal from the initiating device, then the responding device may immediately begin transmitting on the receive time and spectrum window monitored by the initiating device.

### Test procedure:

This test validates proper operation of an EUT that operates according to the provisions of FCC §15.323(c)(10) using a check of both transmit and receive channels on one end of the link to qualify both ends of the link for transmissions. Test method according to ANSI C63.17 clause 8.3.2 Validation of dual access criteria check for EUTs that implement the upper threshold

- a) Adjust the path loss between the EUT and its companion device such that the received signal to the EUT from the companion device is at least 40 dB above  $TL + UM$ .
- b) Restrict the EUT and its companion device to operation at a single carrier  $f1$  for TDMA systems and on  $f1$  and  $f2$  and corresponding duplex carriers for FDMA systems. Verify that the EUT and its companion device can establish a connection on a time/spectrum window on the enabled carrier(s). Terminate the connection.
- c) Apply interference to the EUT on the EUT's *transmit* time/spectrum windows at  $TL + UM$  per carrier on all time/spectrum windows except for one, which has interference at least 10 dB below  $TL$ . Adjust the interference to the EUT on its *receive* time/spectrum windows such that a single time/spectrum window has interference at least 10 dB below  $TL$ , and the interference on the other time/spectrum windows is at  $TL + UM + 7$  dB. The interference to the companion device should be at least 10 dB below  $TL$  on all active time/spectrum windows. The interference-free *receive* time/spectrum window must not be the duplex mate of the interference-free *transmit* time/spectrum window.
- d) Cause the EUT to attempt to establish a connection. The connection should be made on the interference-free *receive* time/spectrum window and its duplex mate. Otherwise, the EUT fails the test.
- e) If a connection exists, terminate it. Reduce the interference on the EUT's *receive* time/spectrum windows to a level of  $TL + UM$  per carrier on all time/spectrum windows except for one, which has interference at least 10 dB below  $TL$ . Raise the interference on the EUT's *transmit* time/spectrum windows to a level of  $TL + UM + 7$  dB, maintaining one time/spectrum window with interference at least 10 dB below  $TL$ . The interference to the companion device should be at least 10 dB below  $TL$  on all active time/spectrum windows. Again, the interference-free *transmit* and *receive* time/spectrum windows should not constitute a duplex pair if the system designates a specific duplex pairing for time/spectrum windows.
- f) Cause the EUT to attempt to establish a connection. The connection should be made on the interference-free *transmit* time/spectrum window and its duplex mate. Otherwise, the system fails the test.

**Test result:**

Interference (Refer to ANSI C63.17 § 8.3.2)	Reaction of EUT	Results
a) Only a single carrier $f_1$ for EUT TDMA systems and on $f_1$ and $f_2$ and corresponding duplex carriers for FDMA systems.	EUT can transmit	Pass
b) All Tx windows with level $TL+UM$ except one & Rx windows with level $TL+UM+7dB$ except one, which are not the duplex mate.	Connected on the target Rx window and its duplex mate.	Pass
c) All Tx windows with level $TL+UM+7dB$ except one & Rx windows with level $TL+UM$ except one, which are not duplex mate.	Connected on the target Tx window and its duplex mate.	Pass
d) All Tx & Rx windows with level $TU+UM$ , except one for Tx window & one for Rx window, which are not duplex mate.	No connection possible	Pass

**12) Alternative monitoring interval, FCC §15.323(c) (11)**

An initiating device that is prevented from monitoring during its intended transmit window due to monitoring system blocking from the transmissions of a co-located (within one meter) transmitter of the same system, may monitor the portions of the time and spectrum windows in which they intend to receive over a period of at least 10 milliseconds. The monitored time and spectrum window must total at least 50 percent of the 10 millisecond frame interval and the monitored spectrum must be within 1.25 MHz of the center frequency of channel(s) already occupied by that device or co-located co-operating devices. If the access criteria is met for the intended receive time and spectrum window under the above conditions, then transmission in the intended transmit window by the initiating device may commence.

**Test procedure:**

This test validates the ability of the EUT to distinguish between same-system and other-system interference for purposes of satisfying the requirement of 47CFR15.323(c) (11). Test method according to ANSI C63.17 2013 clause 8.4

- a) Adjust the path loss between the EUT and its companion device such that the received signal to the EUT from the companion device is at least 30 dB above  $TL$ .
- b) Restrict the EUT and its companion device to operation at a single carrier  $f_1$  for TDMA systems and on  $f_1$  and  $f_2$  and corresponding duplex carriers for FDMA systems. Verify that the EUT and its companion device can establish a connection.
- c) Apply interference at  $TL + UM$  per carrier to the EUT on all *transmit* time/spectrum windows on the enabled carrier(s). The interference must use the same physical layer parameters (modulation, frame format, etc.) as the EUT transmissions, but with a system identifier different from that used by the EUT and the companion device. Ensure that the interference level at the companion device is at least 10 dB below  $TL$ . Apply no interference to the *receive* time/spectrum windows on the enabled carriers.
- d) Cause the EUT to attempt to establish a connection. If a connection is established, the test fails.

**Test result:**

Interference (Refer to ANSI C63.17 § 8.4)	Reaction of EUT	Results
a) Only a single carrier $f_1$ for EUT TDMA systems and one $f_1$ and $f_2$ and corresponding duplex carriers for FDMA systems.	EUT can transmit	Pass
b) Apply interference with same parameters as EUT transmissions on all Tx windows with level $TL+UM$ on the enabled carrier(s) and no interference on the Rx windows on the enabled carriers.	No connection is established	Pass

**13) Fair Access, FCC §15.323(c) (12)**

The provisions of FCC §15.323 (c) (10) or (11) shall not be used to extend the range of spectrum occupied over space or time for the purpose of denying fair access to spectrum to other devices.

**Test result:**

The manufacturer declares that this device does not use any mechanisms as provided by FCC §15.323(c)(10) or (11) to extend the range of spectrum occupied over space or time for the purpose of denying fair access to spectrum to other device.

**14) Frame Repetition Stability Frame Period and Jitter, FCC§15.323 (e)**

The frame period (a set of consecutive time slots in which the position of each time slot can be identified by reference to a synchronizing source) of an intentional radiator operating in these sub-bands shall be 20 milliseconds or 10 milliseconds/X where X is a positive whole number. Each device that implements time division for the purposes of maintaining a duplex connection on a given frequency carrier shall maintain a frame repetition rate with a frequency stability of at least 50 parts per million (ppm). Each device which further divides access in time in order to support multiple communication links on a given frequency carrier shall maintain a frame repetition rate with a frequency stability of at least 10 ppm. The jitter (time-related, abrupt, spurious variations in the duration of the frame interval) introduced at the two ends of such a communication link shall not exceed 25 microseconds for any two consecutive transmissions. Transmissions shall be continuous in every time and spectrum window during the frame period defined for the device.

**Test procedure:**

Measurement method according to ANSI C63.17 2013 clause 6.2.2, 6.2.3

**Test result:**

Frame Period and Jitter:

Max. pos. Jitter (μs)	Max. neg. Jitter (μs)	Frame period (ms)	Limit	
			Frame Period (ms)	Jitter (μs)
0.09	-0.05	10.03	20 or 10/X	0.24

Note: X is a positive whole number.

\*\*\*\*\* END OF REPORT \*\*\*\*\*