



FCC PART 15, SUBPART C

TEST AND MEASUREMENT REPORT

For

Intel Corporation

2200 Mission College Blvd.,

Santa Clara, CA 95054, USA

FCC ID: 2AB8ZND19

Report Type: Original Report	Product Type: Sports Activity Device
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* This report may contain data that are not covered by the A2LA accreditation and are marked with an asterisk “*” (Rev.2)

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DOCUMENT REVISION HISTORY

Revision Number	Report Number	Description of Revision	Date of Revision
0	R1605195-247 DTS	Original Report	2016-06-01

1 General Description

1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

This test and measurement report was prepared on behalf of *Intel Corporation*, and their product model: *Shark Jumper*, FCC ID: 2AB8ZND19 or the “EUT” as referred to in this report. It is a Sports activity device with BLE and 900 MHz radio functions.

1.2 Mechanical Description of EUT

The EUT measures approximately 40 mm (L) x 35 mm (W) x 20 mm (H) and weight 0.05lb.

The test data gathered are from typical production sample, serial number: R1605195-01 assigned by BACL

1.3 Objective

This report is prepared on behalf of *Intel Corporation*, in accordance with Part 2, Subpart J, and Part 15, Subparts B and C of the Federal Communication Commission’s rules.

The objective is to determine compliance with FCC Part 15.247 rules for Output Power, Antenna Requirements, 6 dB Bandwidth, Power Spectral Density, 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges Measurement, Conducted and Radiated Spurious Emissions.

1.4 Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

FCC Part 15, Subpart C, Equipment DSS with FCC ID: 2AB8ZND19

1.5 Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices and FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r03: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247.

1.6 Measurement Uncertainty

All measurements involve certain levels of uncertainties, especially in the field of EMC. The factors contributing to uncertainties are spectrum analyzer, cable loss, antenna factor calibration, antenna directivity, antenna factor variation with height, antenna phase center variation, antenna factor frequency interpolation, measurement distance variation, site imperfections, mismatch (average), and system repeatability.

Based on CISPR16-4-2:2011, The Treatment of Uncertainty in EMC Measurements, the values ranging from ± 2.0 dB for Conducted Emissions tests and ± 4.0 dB for Radiated Emissions tests are the most accurate estimates pertaining to uncertainty of EMC measurements at BACL Corp.

1.7 Test Facility

Bay area compliance Laboratories Corp. (BACL) is:

1- An independent Commercial Test Laboratory accredited to **ISO 17025: 2005** by **A2LA**, in the fields of: Electromagnetic Compatibility & Telecommunications covering Emissions, Immunity, Radio, RF Exposure, Safety and Telecom. This includes NEBS (Network Equipment Building System), Wireless RF, Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (TTE); Network Equipment; Information Technology Equipment (ITE); Medical Electrical Equipment; Industrial, Commercial, and Medical Test Equipment; Professional Audio and Video Equipment; Electronic (Digital) Products; Industrial and Scientific Instruments; Cabled Distribution Systems and Energy Efficiency Lighting.

2- An ENERGY STAR Recognized Laboratory, for the LM80 Testing, a wide variety of Luminaires and Computers.

3- A NIST Designated Phase-I and Phase-II CAB including: ACMA (Australian Communication and Media Authority), BSMI (Bureau of Standards, Metrology and Inspection of Taiwan), IDA (Infocomm Development Authority of Singapore), IC(Industry Canada), Korea (Ministry of Communications Radio Research Laboratory), NCC (Formerly DGT; Directorate General of Telecommunication of Chinese Taipei) OFTA (Office of the Telecommunications Authority of Hong Kong), Vietnam, VCCI - Voluntary Control Council for Interference of Japan and a designated EU CAB (Conformity Assessment Body) (Notified Body) for the EMC and R&TTE Directives.

4- A Product Certification Body accredited to **ISO 17065: 2012** by **A2LA** to certify:

2. Radio Standards Specifications (RSS) in the Category I Equipment Standards List and All Broadcasting Technical Standards (BETS) in Category I Equipment Standards List for Industry Canada.

3. Radio Communication Equipment for Singapore.

4. Radio Equipment Specifications, GMDSS Marine Radio Equipment Specifications, and Fixed Network Equipment Specifications for Hong Kong.

5. Japan MIC Telecommunication Business Law (A1, A2) and Radio Law (B1, B2 and B3).

6. Audio/Video, Battery Charging Systems, Computers, Displays, Enterprise Servers, Imaging Equipment, Set-Top Boxes, Telephony, Televisions, Ceiling Fans, CFLs (Including GU24s),Decorative Light Strings, Integral LED Lamps, Luminaires, Residential Ventilating Fans.

The test site used by BACL Corp. to collect radiated and conducted emissions measurement data is located at its facility in Sunnyvale, California, USA.

The test site at BACL Corp. has been fully described in reports submitted to the Federal Communication Commission (FCC) and Voluntary Control Council for Interference (VCCI). The details of these reports have been found to be in compliance with the requirements of Section 2.948 of the FCC Rules on February 11 and December 10, 1997, and Article 8 of the VCCI regulations on December 25, 1997. The test site also complies with the test methods and procedures set forth in CISPR 22:2008 §10.4 for measurements below 1 GHz and §10.6 for measurements above 1 GHz as well as ANSI C63.10-2013, ANSI C63.4-2014, TIA/EIA-603 & CISPR 24:2010.

The Federal Communications Commission and Voluntary Control Council for Interference have the reports on file and they are listed under FCC registration number: 90464 and VCCI Registration No.: A-0027. The test site has been approved by the FCC and VCCI for public use and is listed in the FCC Public Access Link (PAL) database.

Additionally, BACL Corp. is an American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) accredited laboratory (Lab Code 3297-02). The current scope of accreditations can be found at

<http://www.a2la.org/scopepdf/3297-02.pdf?CFID=1132286&CFTOKEN=e42a3240dac3f6ba-6DE17DCB-1851-9E57-477422F667031258&jsessionid=8430d44f1f47cf2996124343c704b367816b>

2 System Test Configuration

2.1 Justification

The EUT was configured for testing according to ANSI C63.10-2013 and FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r04.

The EUT was tested in a testing mode to represent worst-case results during the final qualification test.

The worst-case data rates are determined to be as follows for each mode based upon investigation by measuring the average power, peak power and PPSD across all data rates bandwidths, and modulations.

2.2 EUT Exercise Software

The test utility used was Cutecom; the software was verified by *Jin Yang* to comply with the standard requirements being tested against.

2.3 Duty Cycle Correction Factor

According to KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r04 section 6.0:

Preferably, all measurements of maximum conducted (average) output power will be performed with the EUT transmitting continuously (i.e., with a duty cycle of greater than or equal to 98%). When continuous operation cannot be realized, then the use of sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can be utilized to ensure that measurements are made only during transmissions at the maximum power control level. Such sweep triggering/signal gating techniques will require knowledge of the minimum transmission duration (T) over which the transmitter is on and is transmitting at its maximum power control level for the tested mode of operation. Sweep triggering/signal gating techniques can then be used if the measurement/sweep time of the analyzer can be set such that it does not exceed T at any time that data is being acquired (i.e., no transmitter off-time is to be considered).

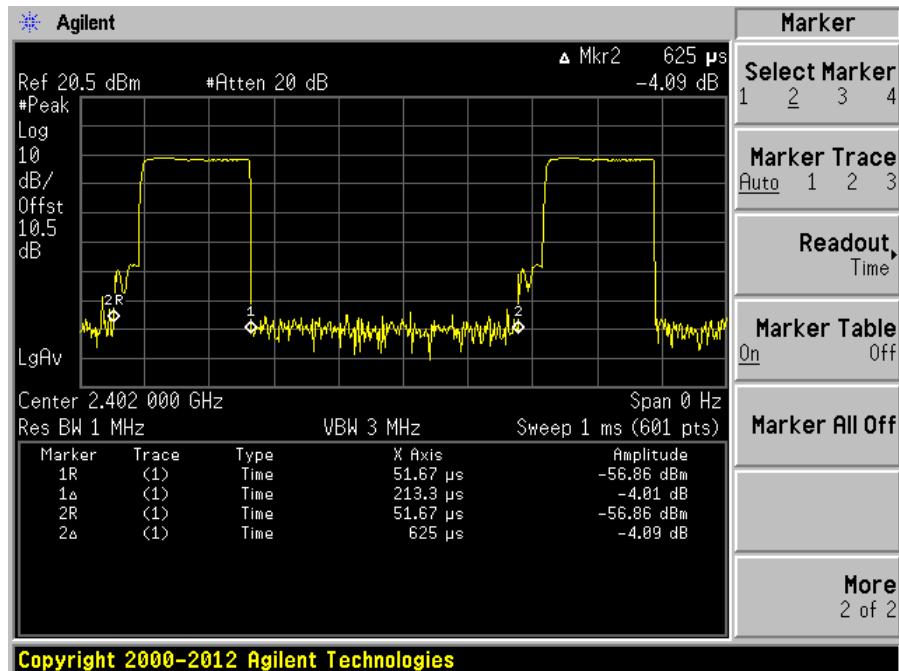
Radio Frequency	On Time (μs)	Period (μs)	Duty Cycle (%)	Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB)
2402	213.3	625	34.13	4.67
2440	213.3	625	34.13	4.67
2480	215	623.3	34.49	4.62

Duty Cycle = On Time (ms) / Period (ms)

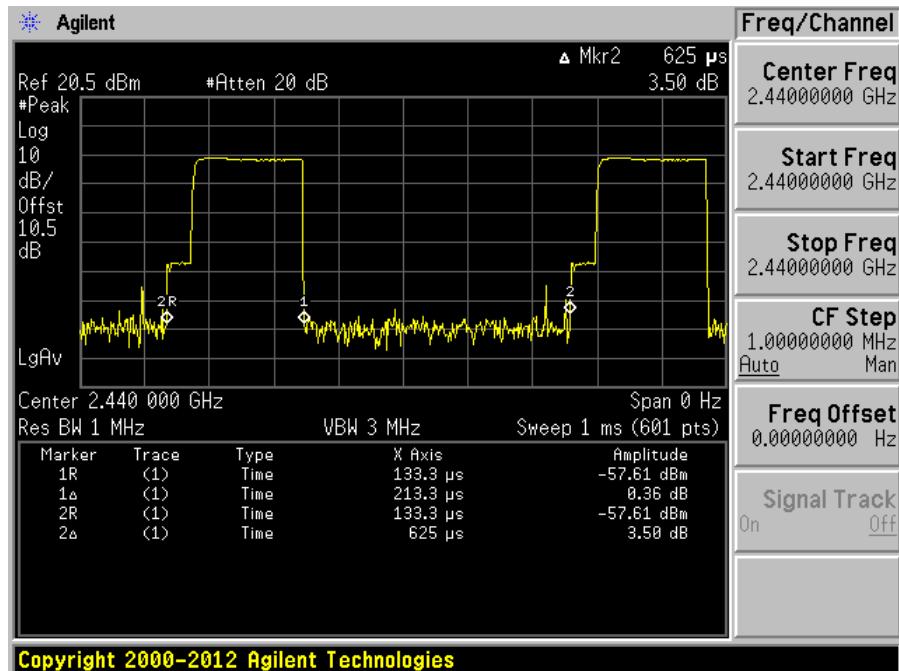
Duty Cycle Correction Factor (dB) = $10 \log(1/\text{Duty Cycle})$

Please refer to the following plots.

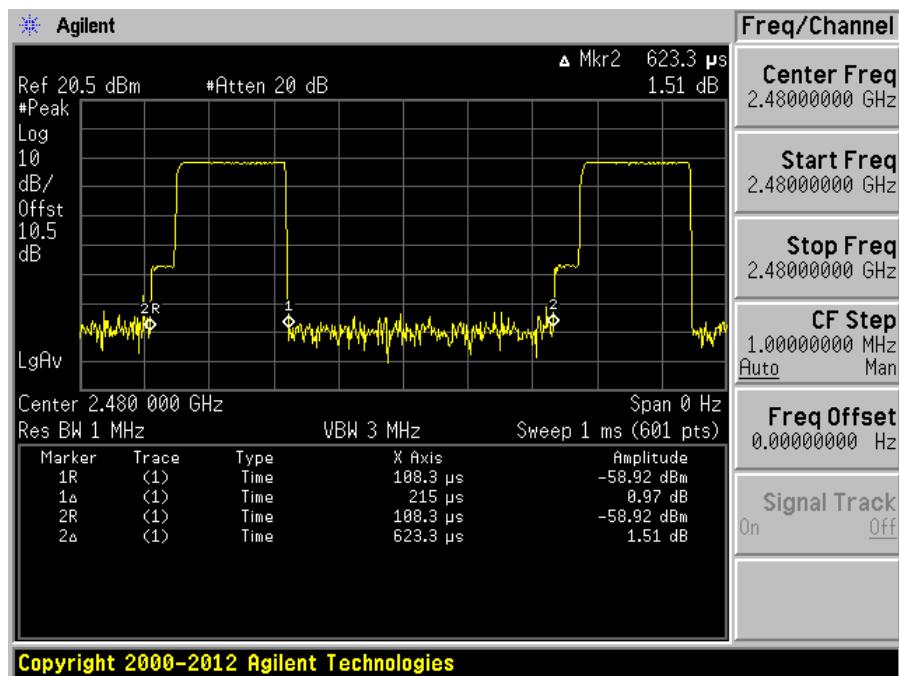
2402 MHz



2440 MHz



2480 MHz



2.4 Equipment Modifications

SMA cables were connected to the output trace of the BLE and 900MHz radio

2.5 Local Support Equipment

Manufacturer	Description	Model
Lenovo	Laptop	Yoga 2 11

2.6 EUT Internal Configuration Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model
Nordic	BLE module	nRF51822
TI	900 MHz module	CC1200
Intel	PCB board	SJ4D

2.7 Interface Ports and Cabling

Cable Description	Length (m)	To	From
USB Cable	< 1 m	Laptop	EUT
SMA cable	< 1 m	EUT	PSA

2.8 Support Equipment

N/A

3 Summary of Test Results

Results reported relate only to the product tested.

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Results
FCC §15.203	Antenna Requirement	Compliant
FCC §2.1091, §15.247(i)	RF Exposure	Compliant
FCC §15.207	AC Line Conducted Emissions	Compliant
FCC §2.1051, §15.247 (d)	Spurious Emissions at Antenna Port	Compliant
FCC §2.1053, §15.205, §15.209, §15.247 (d)	Radiated Spurious Emissions	Compliant
FCC §15.247(a)(2)	6 dB & 99% Emission Bandwidth	Compliant
FCC §15.247(b)(3)	Maximum Peak Output Power	Compliant
FCC §15.247(d)	100 kHz Bandwidth of Frequency Band Edge	Compliant
FCC §15.247(e)	Power Spectral Density	Compliant

4 FCC §15.203 - Antenna Requirements

4.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

And according to FCC §15.247 (b) (4), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

4.2 Antenna Description

The antennas used by the EUT have unique coupling to the intentional radiator.

Maximum Antenna Gain @ BLE	Maximum Antenna Gain @ 900 MHz
-2 dBi	-2.5 dBi

5 FCC §2.1091 & §15.247(i) - RF Exposure

5.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure

Frequency Range (MHz)	Electric Field Strength (V/m)	Magnetic Field Strength (A/m)	Power Density (mW/cm ²)	Averaging Time (minutes)
Limits for General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure				
0.3-1.34	614	1.63	* (100)	30
1.34-30	824/f	2.19/f	* (180/f ²)	30
30-300	27.5	0.073	0.2	30
300-1500	/	/	f/1500	30
1500-100,000	/	/	1.0	30

f = frequency in MHz

* = Plane-wave equivalent power density

3.1 MPE Prediction

Predication of MPE limit at a given distance, Equation from OET Bulletin 65, Edition 97-01

$$S = PG/4\pi R^2$$

Where: S = power density

P = power input to antenna

G = power gain of the antenna in the direction of interest relative to an isotropic radiator

R = distance to the center of radiation of the antenna

3.2 MPE Results

Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (dBm):	-0.76
Maximum peak output power at antenna input terminal (mW):	0.8395
Prediction distance (cm):	20
Prediction frequency (MHz):	2402
Maximum Antenna Gain, typical (dBi):	-2
Maximum Antenna Gain (numeric):	0.631
Power density of prediction frequency at 20.0 cm (mW/cm ²):	0.0001
FCC MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure at prediction frequency (mW/cm ²):	1.0

The device is compliant with the requirement MPE limit for uncontrolled exposure. The maximum power density at the distance of 20 cm is 0.0001 mW/cm². Limit is 1.0 mW/cm².

6 FCC §15.207 - AC Line Conducted Emissions

6.1 Applicable Standards

As per FCC §15.207 Conducted limits:

For an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50 μ H/50 ohms line impedance stabilization network (LISN). Compliance with the provisions of this paragraph shall be based on the measurement of the radio frequency voltage between each power line and ground at the power terminal. The lower limit applies at the boundary between the frequencies ranges.

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15-0.5	66 to 56 ^{Note1}	56 to 46 ^{Note2}
0.5-5	56	46
5-30	60	50

Note1: Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency.

Note2: A linear average detector is required

6.2 Test Setup

The measurement was performed at shield room, using the setup per ANSI C63.10-2013 measurement procedure. The specification used were FCC §15.207 limit.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

The AC/DC power adapter of the laptop was connected with LISN-1 which provided 120 V/60 Hz AC power.

6.3 Test Procedure

During the conducted emissions test, the power cord of the EUT host system was connected to the mains outlet of the LISN-1 and the power cords of support equipment were connected to LISN-2.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the six (6) highest emissions of the EUT.

All data were recorded in the peak, quasi-peak, and average detection mode. Quasi-Peak readings are distinguished with a “QP.” Average readings are distinguished with an “Ave”.

6.4 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

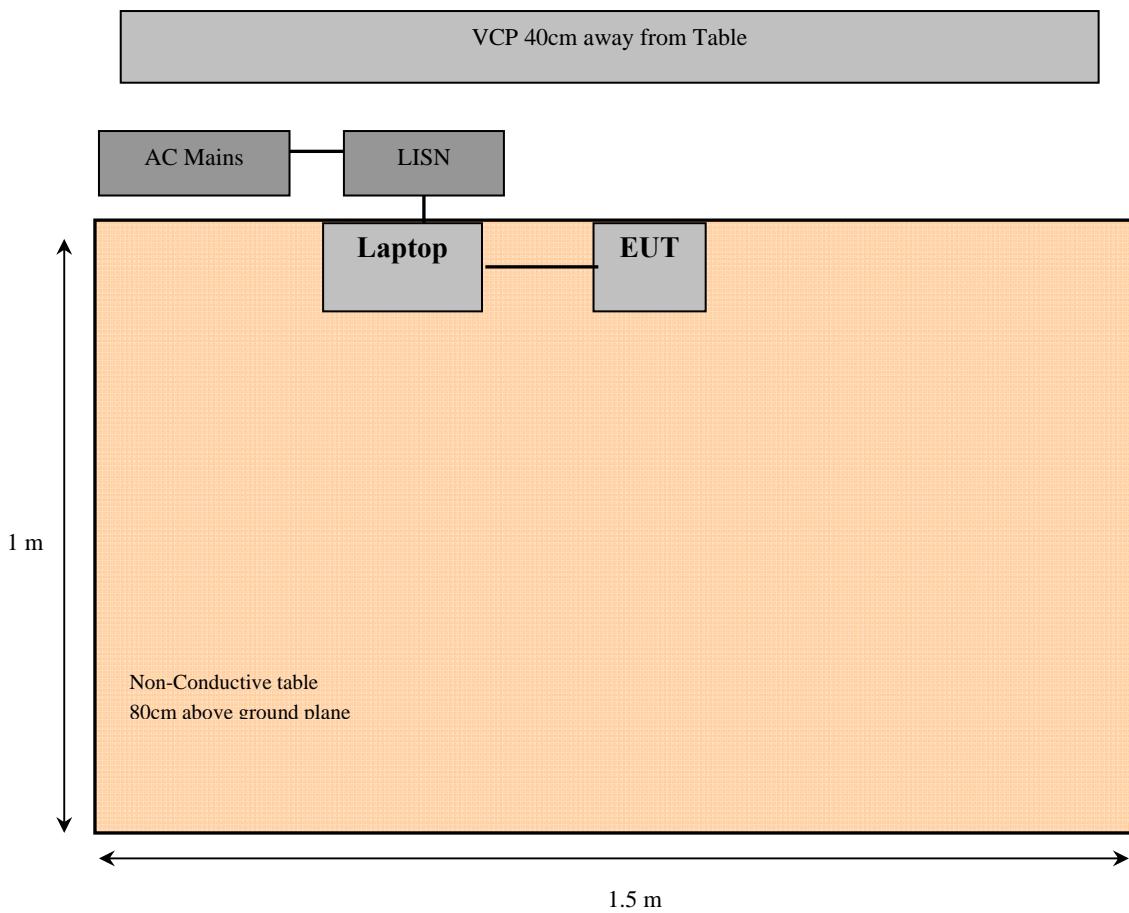
$$CA = Ai + CL + Atten$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 46.2 dBuV = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Cable Loss (3.7 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB)

The “Margin” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

6.5 Test Setup Block Diagram



6.6 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Rohde & Schwarz	Receiver, EMI Test	ESCI 1166.5950K03	100044	2015-07-23	1 year
Rohde & Schwarz	Impulse Limiter	ESH3-Z2	101963	2015-07-15	1 year
Keysight Technologies	RF Limiter	11867A	MY42242931	2015-12-15	1 year
Solar Electronics Company	High Pass Filter	Type 7930-100	7930150204	2016-03-16	1 year
Suirong	30 ft conductive emission cable	LMR 400	-	2015-07-02	1 year
FCC	LISN	FCC-LISN-50-25-2-10-CISPR16	160129	2016-04-11	1 year

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp.* attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

6.7 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	23° C
Relative Humidity:	44 %
ATM Pressure:	102.1 kPa

The testing was performed by Jin Yang on 2016-06-01.

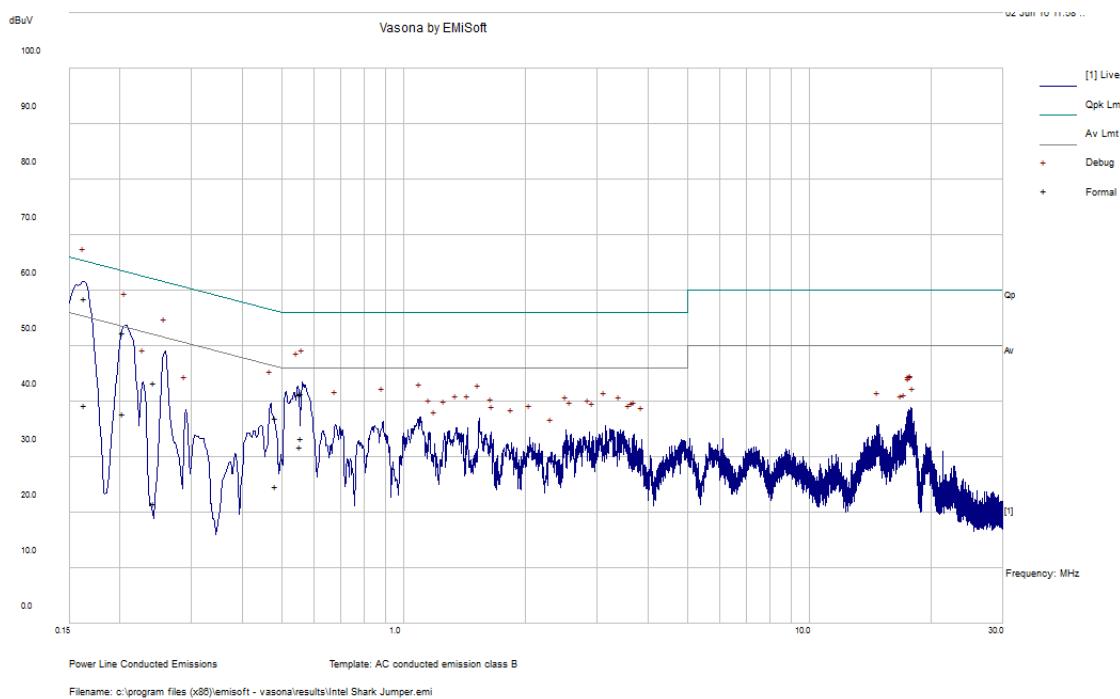
6.8 Summary of Test Results

According to the recorded data in following table, the EUT complied with the FCC 15C standard's conducted emissions limits, with the margin reading of:

Connection: Adaptor of Laptop connected to 120 V/60 Hz, AC			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Conductor Mode (Live/Neutral)	Range (MHz)
-6.61	0.163635	Live	0.15-30

6.9 Conducted Emissions Test Plots and Data

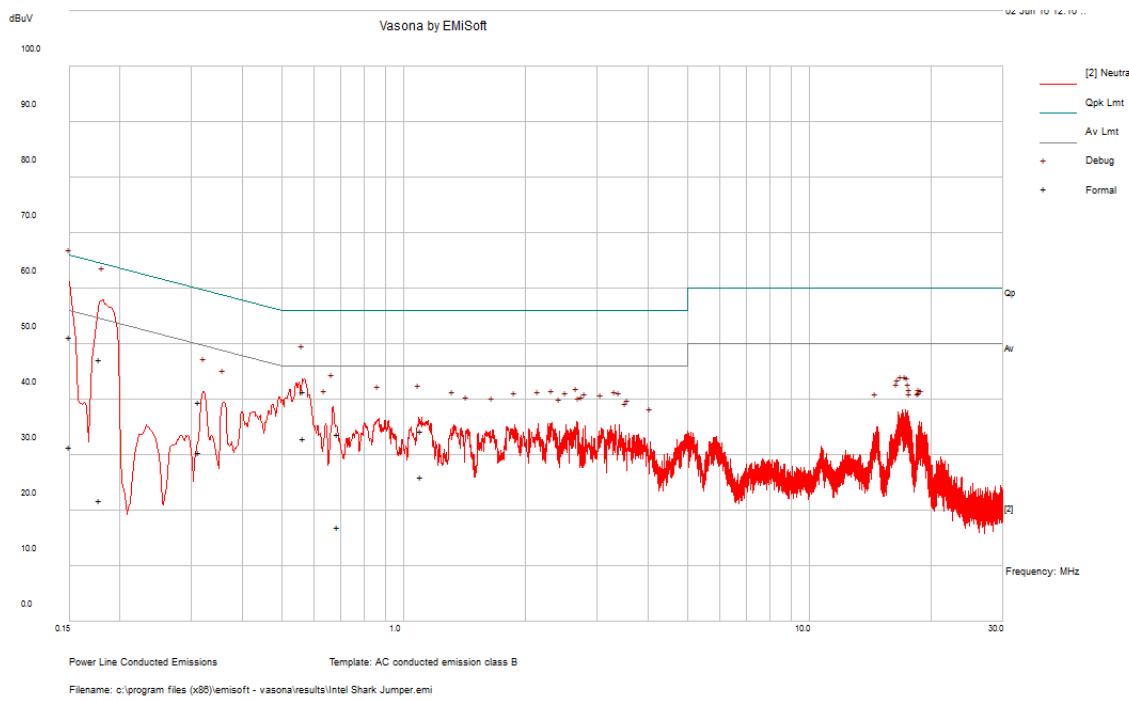
120 V, 60 Hz – Line



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.163635	58.67	Line	65.28	-6.61	QP
0.203967	52.39	Line	63.45	-11.05	QP
0.242215	43.37	Line	62.02	-18.65	QP
0.559162	41.44	Line	56	-14.56	QP
0.556712	41.2	Line	56	-14.8	QP
0.484636	37.02	Line	56.26	-19.24	QP

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.163635	39.28	Line	55.28	-16	Ave.
0.203967	37.86	Line	53.45	-15.58	Ave.
0.242215	21.72	Line	52.02	-30.3	Ave.
0.559162	33.32	Line	46	-12.68	Ave.
0.556712	31.88	Line	46	-14.12	Ave.
0.484636	24.82	Line	46.26	-21.44	Ave.

120 V, 60 Hz – Neutral



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.150355	51.3	Neutral	65.98	-14.68	QP
0.178564	47.18	Neutral	64.55	-17.37	QP
0.565012	41.54	Neutral	56	-14.46	QP
0.686105	33.82	Neutral	56	-22.18	QP
0.312176	39.47	Neutral	59.91	-20.44	QP
1.104954	34.34	Neutral	56	-21.66	QP

Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dBuV)	Conductor (Line/Neutral)	Limit (dBuV)	Margin (dB)	Detector (QP/Ave.)
0.150355	31.38	Neutral	55.98	-24.6	Ave.
0.178564	21.81	Neutral	54.55	-32.74	Ave.
0.565012	33.07	Neutral	46	-12.93	Ave.
0.686105	17.15	Neutral	46	-28.85	Ave.
0.312176	30.47	Neutral	49.91	-19.45	Ave.
1.104954	26.09	Neutral	46	-19.91	Ave.

7 FCC §15.209 & §15.247(d) - Spurious Radiated Emissions

7.1 Applicable Standards

As per FCC §15.35(d): Unless otherwise specified, on any frequency or frequencies above 1000 MHz, the radiated emission limits are based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing an average detector function. Unless otherwise specified, measurements above 1000 MHz shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz.

As Per FCC §15.205(a) except as show in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

MHz	MHz	MHz	GHz
0.090 – 0.110	16.42 – 16.423	960 – 1240	4. 5 – 5. 15
0.495 – 0.505	16.69475 – 16.69525	1300 – 1427	5. 35 – 5. 46
2.1735 – 2.1905	25.5 – 25.67	1435 – 1626.5	7.25 – 7.75
4.125 – 4.128	37.5 – 38.25	1645.5 – 1646.5	8.025 – 8.5
4.17725 – 4.17775	73 – 74.6	1660 – 1710	9.0 – 9.2
4.20725 – 4.20775	74.8 – 75.2	1718.8 – 1722.2	9.3 – 9.5
6.215 – 6.218	108 – 121.94	2200 – 2300	10.6 – 12.7
6.26775 – 6.26825	123 – 138	2310 – 2390	13.25 – 13.4
6.31175 – 6.31225	149.9 – 150.05	2483.5 – 2500	14.47 – 14.5
8.291 – 8.294	156.52475 – 156.52525	2690 – 2900	15.35 – 16.2
8.362 – 8.366	156.7 – 156.9	3260 – 3267	17.7 – 21.4
8.37625 – 8.38675	162.0125 – 167.17	3.332 – 3.339	22.01 – 23.12
8.41425 – 8.41475	167.72 – 173.2	3 3458 – 3 358	23.6 – 24.0
12.29 – 12.293	240 – 285	3.600 – 4.400	31.2 – 31.8
12.51975 – 12.52025	322 – 335.4		36.43 – 36.5
12.57675 – 12.57725	399.9 – 410		Above 38.6
13.36 – 13.41	608 – 614		

As per FCC §15.209(a): Except as provided elsewhere in this Subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (micro volts/meter)	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100**	3
88 - 216	150**	3
216 - 960	200**	3
Above 960	500	3

** Except as provided in paragraph (g), fundamental emissions from intentional radiators operating under this Section shall not be located in the frequency bands 54-72 MHz, 76-88 MHz, 174-216 MHz or 470-806 MHz. However, operation within these frequency bands is permitted under other sections of this Part, e.g., Sections 15.231 and 15.241.

As per FCC §15.247 (d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

7.2 Test Setup

The radiated emissions tests were performed in the 5-meter Chamber, using the setup in accordance with ANSI C63.10-2013. The specification used was the FCC 15 Subpart C limits.

The spacing between the peripherals was 10 centimeters.

External I/O cables were draped along the edge of the test table and bundle when necessary.

7.3 Test Procedure

For the radiated emissions test, the EUT host, and all support equipment power cords were connected to the AC floor outlet.

Maximizing procedure was performed on the highest emissions to ensure that the EUT complied with all installation combinations.

The EUT was set 3 meter away from the testing antenna, which was varied from 1-4 meter, and the EUT was placed on a turntable, which was 0.8 meter and 1.5 meter above the ground plane for below and above 1000 MHz measurements, the table shall be rotated for 360 degrees to find out the highest emission. The receiving antenna's polarity should be changed between horizontal and vertical.

The spectrum analyzer or receiver was set as:

Below 1000 MHz:

$$\text{RBW} = 100 \text{ kHz} / \text{VBW} = 300 \text{ kHz} / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$$

Above 1000 MHz:

- (1) Peak: $\text{RBW} = 1\text{MHz} / \text{VBW} = 1\text{MHz} / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$
- (2) Average: $\text{RBW} = 1\text{MHz} / \text{VBW} = 10\text{Hz} / \text{Sweep} = \text{Auto}$

7.4 Corrected Amplitude & Margin Calculation

The Corrected Amplitude (CA) is calculated by adding the Antenna Factor (AF), the Cable Loss (CL), the Attenuator Factor (Atten) and subtracting the Amplifier Gain (Ga) to indicated Amplitude (Ai) reading. The basic equation is as follows:

$$CA = Ai + AF + CL + Atten - Ga$$

For example, a corrected amplitude of 40.3 dBuV/m = Indicated Reading (32.5 dBuV) + Antenna Factor (+23.5dB) + Cable Loss (3.7 dB) + Attenuator (10 dB) - Amplifier Gain (29.4 dB)

The “Margin” column of the following data tables indicates the degree of compliance within the applicable limit. For example, a margin of -7 dB means the emission is 7 dB below the maximum limit. The equation for margin calculation is as follows:

$$\text{Margin} = \text{Corrected Amplitude} - \text{Limit}$$

7.5 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Rohde & Schwarz	Receiver, EMI Test	ESCI 1166.5950K03	100044	2015-07-23	1 year
Agilent	Analyzer, Spectrum	E4440A	MY44303352	2015-06-22	1 year
Sunol Science Corp	System Controller	SC99V	011003-1	N/R	N/R
Sunol Sciences	Antenna, Biconi-Log	JB3	A020106-2	2015-07-11	2 years
Sunol Sciences	Antenna, Horn	DRH-118	A052704	2015-03-09	2 years
Agilent	Amplifier, Pre	8447D	2944A10187	2016-03-23	1 year
Wireless Solutions	Conducted Emission Cable	LMR 400	691	2015-07-02	1 year
-	SMA cable	-	606	Each time ¹	N/A
IW	AOBOR Hi frequency Co AX CabelCable	DC 1531	KPS-1501A3960K PS	2015-08-10	1 year
Agilent	Pre-Amplifier	8449B	3008A01978	2015-09-02	1 year
Wisewave	Amplifier, Low Noise	ALN-22093530-01	12263-01	2016-05-16	1 year
Wisewave	Antenna, Horn	ARH-4223-02	10555-02	2013-09-20	3 year

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: BACL attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to NIST.

7.6 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	20-22 °C
Relative Humidity:	42-50 %
ATM Pressure:	102.7 kPa

The testing was performed by Jin Yang from 2016-05-31 in 5m chamber 3.

7.7 Summary of Test Results

According to the data hereinafter, the EUT complied with FCC Title 47, Part 15C standard's radiated emissions limits, and had the worst margin of:

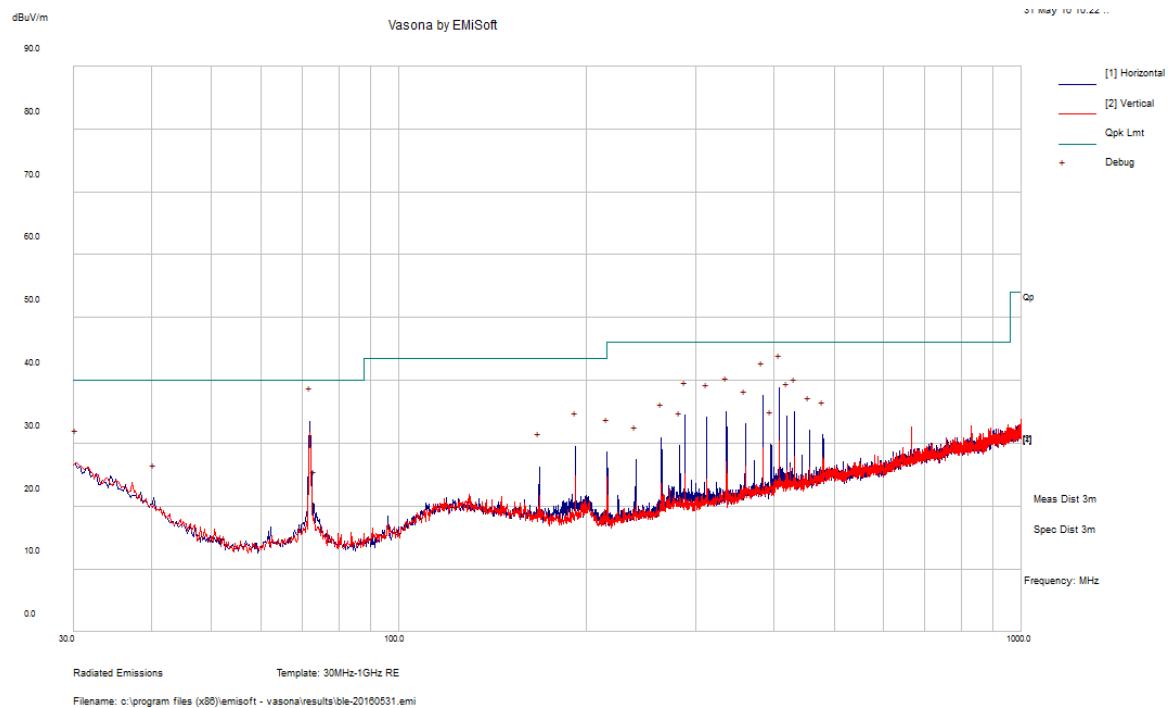
Mode: Transmitting			
Margin (dB)	Frequency (MHz)	Polarization (Horizontal/Vertical)	Channel
-6.13	9760	Horizontal	2440 MHz

Please refer to the following table and plots for specific test result details

7.8 Radiated Emissions Test Results

Note: the duty cycle correction factor already add in the final result.

1) 30 MHz – 1 GHz Worst Case, Measured at 3 meters



Frequency (MHz)	Corrected Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Antenna Height (cm)	Antenna Polarity (H/V)	Turntable Azimuth (degrees)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Comment
72.009	33.3	229	H	239	40	-6.7	QP
408.0523	35.16	101	H	118	46	-10.84	QP
384.0018	37.07	101	H	119	46	-8.93	QP
336.0205	33.63	102	H	22	46	-12.37	QP
431.9938	35.09	225	H	135	46	-10.91	QP
288.0208	33.15	101	H	193	46	-12.85	QP

2) 1–25 GHz Measured at 3 meters

Frequency (MHz)	Receiver		Rx Antenna		Cable Loss (dB)	Amp. Gain (dB)	Cord. Amplitude (dB μ V/m)	Limit (dB μ V/m)	Margin dB
	Reading (dB μ V)	Detector (PK/AV)	Polar (H/V)	Factor (dB)					
Low CH, 2402 MHz									
2402	69.25	PK	H	29.05	5.21	35.20	68.31	N/A	N/A
2402	63.26	AV	H	29.05	5.21	35.20	62.32	N/A	N/A
2402	65.56	PK	V	29.05	5.21	35.20	64.62	N/A	N/A
2402	58.93	AV	V	29.05	5.21	35.20	57.99	N/A	N/A
2400	48.56	PK	H	29.04	5.21	35.20	47.61	74.00	-26.39
2400	37.02	AV	H	29.04	5.21	35.20	36.07	54.00	-17.93
2400	48.47	PK	V	29.04	5.21	35.20	47.52	74.00	-26.48
2400	37.35	AV	V	29.04	5.21	35.20	36.40	54.00	-17.60
4804	46.03	PK	H	32.48	7.88	36.64	49.75	74.00	-24.25
4804	34.76	AV	H	32.48	7.88	36.64	38.48	54.00	-15.52
7206	45.35	PK	H	36.72	10.45	36.42	56.10	74.00	-17.90
7206	34.36	AV	H	36.72	10.45	36.42	45.11	54.00	-8.89
9608	45.9	PK	H	37.78	11.37	36.66	58.39	74.00	-15.61
9608	35.15	AV	H	37.78	11.37	36.66	47.64	54.00	-6.36
Mid CH, 2440 MHz									
2440	69.94	PK	H	29.19	5.22	35.23	69.12	N/A	N/A
2440	63.83	AV	H	29.19	5.22	35.23	63.01	N/A	N/A
2440	64.99	PK	V	29.19	5.22	35.23	64.17	N/A	N/A
2440	58.44	AV	V	29.19	5.22	35.23	57.62	N/A	N/A
4880	45.88	PK	H	32.60	7.93	36.63	49.78	74.00	-24.22
4880	34.93	AV	H	32.60	7.93	36.63	38.83	54.00	-15.17
7320	44.99	PK	H	37.15	10.67	36.43	56.38	74.00	-17.62
7320	34.29	AV	H	37.15	10.67	36.43	45.68	54.00	-8.32
9760	46.17	PK	H	37.89	11.46	36.69	58.83	74.00	-15.17
9760	35.21	AV	H	37.89	11.46	36.69	47.87	54.00	-6.13
High CH, 2480 MHz									
2480	69.37	PK	H	29.34	5.22	35.26	68.67	N/A	N/A
2480	63.44	AV	H	29.34	5.22	35.26	62.74	N/A	N/A
2480	64.86	PK	V	29.34	5.22	35.26	47.32	N/A	N/A
2480	58.38	AV	V	29.34	5.22	35.26	36.26	N/A	N/A
2483.5	48.02	PK	H	29.35	5.83	35.26	47.92	74.00	-26.08
2483.5	36.96	AV	H	29.35	5.83	35.26	36.89	54.00	-17.11
2483.5	48	PK	V	29.35	5.83	35.26	46.14	74.00	-27.86
2483.5	36.97	AV	V	29.35	5.83	35.26	34.71	54.00	-19.29
4960	46.22	PK	H	32.85	7.97	36.59	50.45	74.00	-23.55
4960	34.79	AV	H	32.85	7.97	36.59	39.02	54.00	-14.98
7440	44.84	PK	H	37.04	10.82	36.45	56.25	74.00	-17.75
7440	34.04	AV	H	37.04	10.82	36.45	45.45	54.00	-8.55
9920	45.79	PK	H	38.00	11.54	36.70	58.63	74.00	-15.37
9920	34.93	AV	H	38.00	11.54	36.70	47.77	54.00	-6.23

Note: Duty Cycle Correction Factor has been added to the measurement.

8 FCC §15.247(a) (2) - Emission Bandwidth

8.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(a) (2) systems using digital modulation techniques may operate in the 902~928 MHz, 2400~2483.5 MHz, and 5725~5850 MHz bands. The minimum 6 dB bandwidth shall be at least 500 kHz

8.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r04: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 8: DTS bandwidth

8.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Analyzer, Spectrum	E4440A	MY44303352	2015-06-22	1 year
-	SMA Cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A
-	10 dB Attenuator	-	-	Each Time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp.* attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

8.4 Test Environmental Conditions

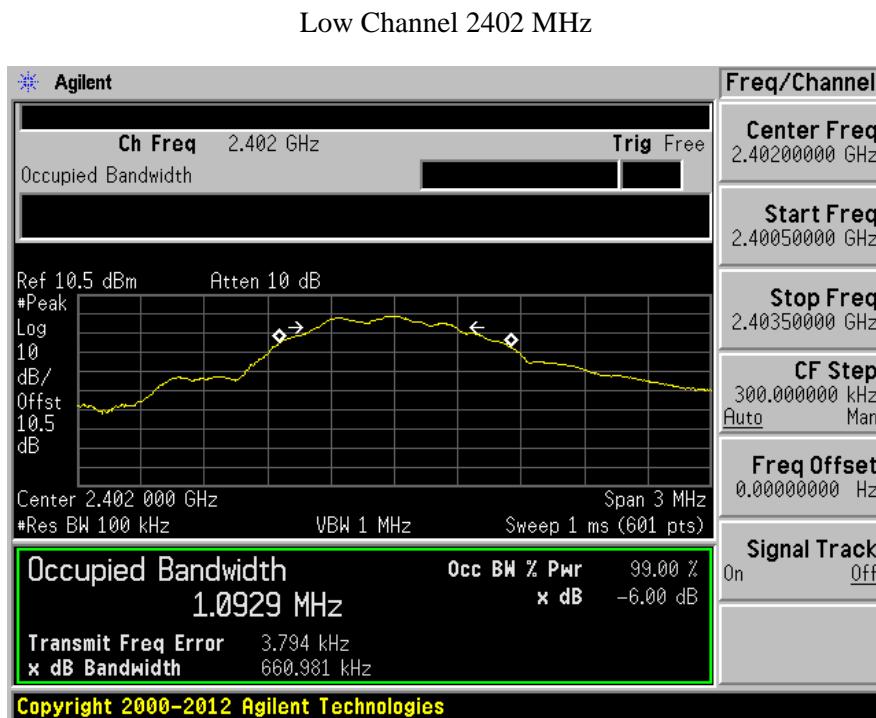
Temperature:	22° C
Relative Humidity:	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.7 KPa

The testing was performed by Jin Yang on 2016-05-31 in RF site.

8.5 Test Results

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	99% OBW (kHz)	6 dB OBW (kHz)	6 dB OBW limit (kHz)
BLE				
Low	2402	1092.9	660.981	500
Middle	2440	1092.6	670.852	500
High	2480	1069.6	638.593	500

Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results.



Middle Channel 2440 MHz



High Channel 2480 MHz



9 FCC §15.247(b) (3) - Output Power Measurement

9.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(b) (3) for systems using digital modulation in the 902~928 MHz, 2400~2483.5 MHz, and 5725~5850 MHz bands: 1 Watt.

9.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r04: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 9: Fundamental emission output power

9.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Analyzer, Spectrum	E4440A	MY44303352	2015-06-22	1 year
-	SMA Cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A
-	10 dB Attenuator	-	-	Each Time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.*

9.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22° C
Relative Humidity:	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.7 KPa

The testing was performed by Jin Yang on 2016-05-31 in RF site.

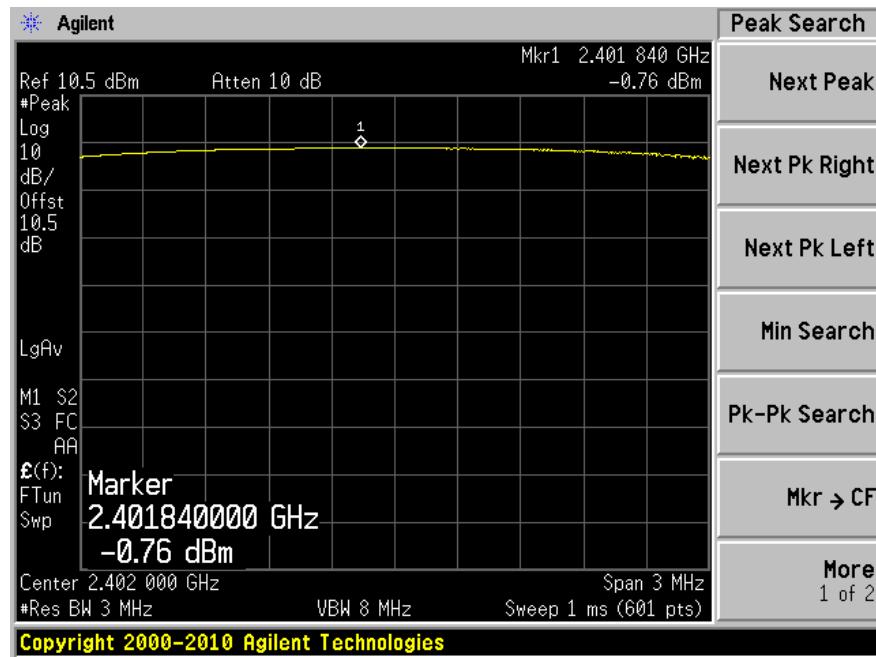
9.5 Test Results

Peak Output Power

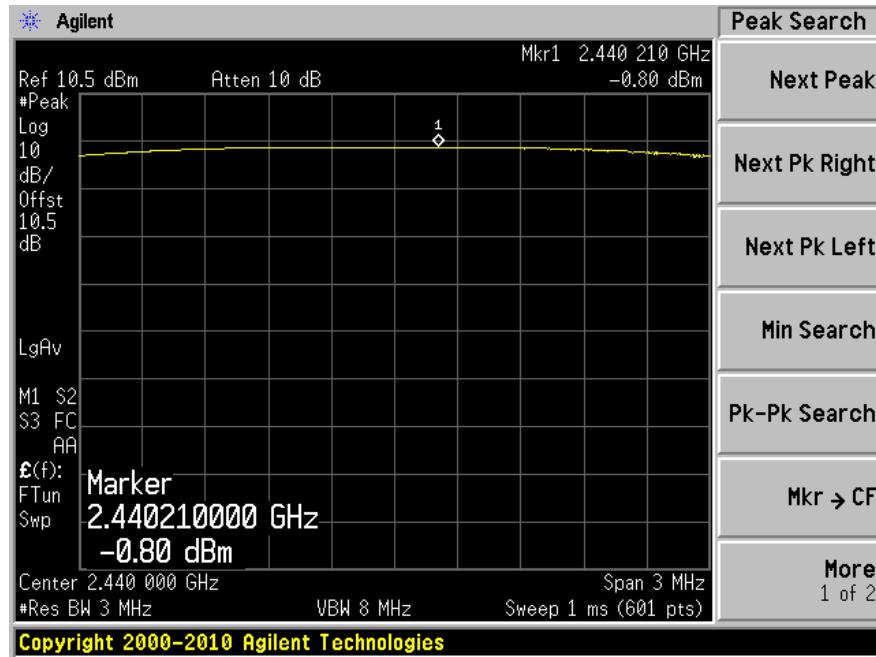
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Conducted Peak Output Power (dBm)	Limit (dBm)
Low	2402	-0.76	30
Middle	2440	-0.80	30
High	2480	-1.01	30

Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results.

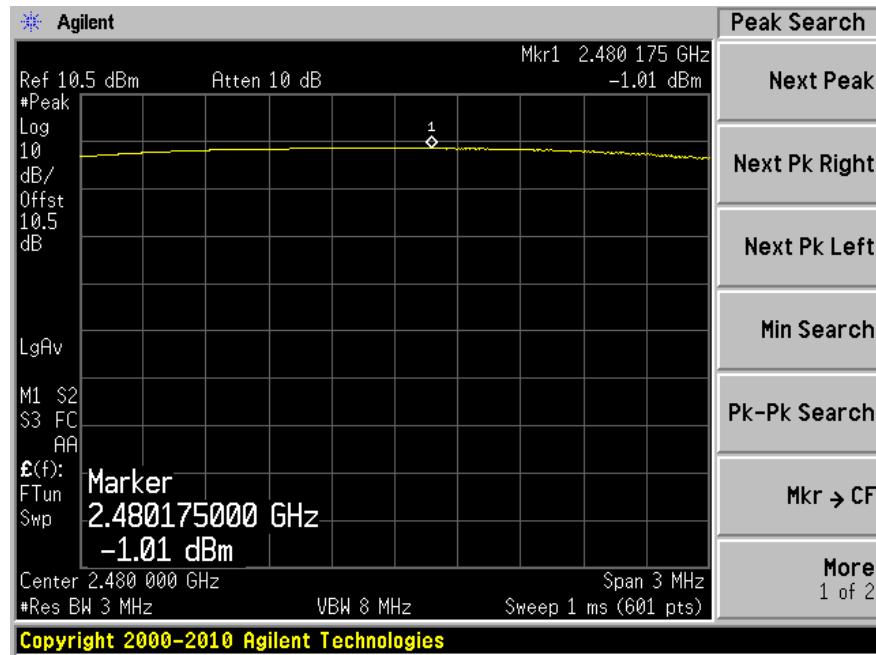
Low Channel 2402 MHz



Middle Channel 2440 MHz



High Channel 2480 MHz



10 FCC §15.247(d)– 100 kHz Bandwidth of Band Edges

10.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(d), in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency bands in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emissions limits specified in §15.209(a) see §15.205(c).

10.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r04: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 13: Band-edge measurements

10.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Analyzer, Spectrum	E4440A	MY44303352	2015-06-22	1 year
-	SMA Cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A
-	10 dB Attenuator	-	-	Each Time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp.* attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

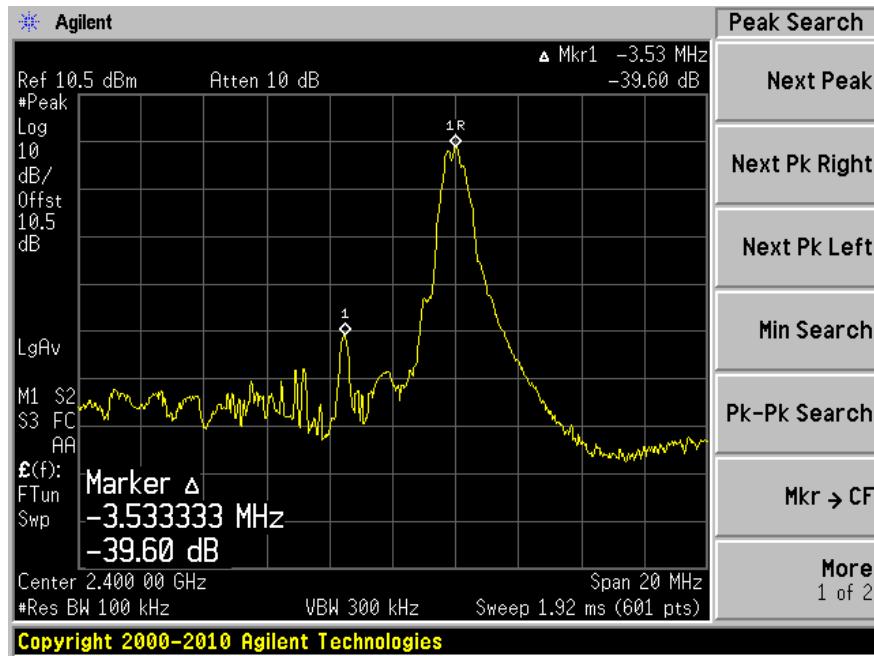
10.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22° C
Relative Humidity:	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.7 KPa

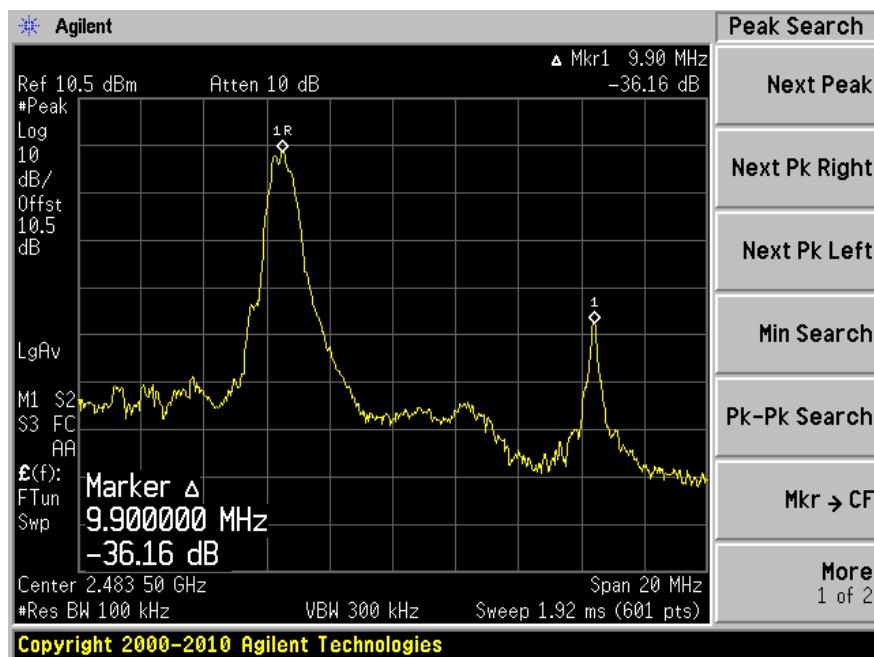
The testing was performed by Jin Yang on 2016-05-31 in RF site.

10.5 Test Results

Low Channel 2402 MHz



High Channel 2480 MHz



11 FCC §15.247(e) - Power Spectral Density

11.1 Applicable Standards

According to FCC §15.247(e), for digitally modulated systems, the power spectral density conducted from the intentional radiator to the antenna shall not be greater than 8 dBm in any 3 kHz band during any time interval of continuous transmission.

11.2 Measurement Procedure

The measurements are based on FCC KDB 558074 D01 DTS Meas Guidance v03r04: Guidance for Performing Compliance Measurements on Digital Transmission Systems (DTS) Operating Under §15.247 section 10: Maximum power spectral density level in the fundamental emission.

11.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Analyzer, Spectrum	E4440A	MY44303352	2015-06-22	1 year
-	SMA Cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A
-	10 dB Attenuator	-	-	Each Time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp.* attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.

11.4 Test Environmental Conditions

Temperature:	22° C
Relative Humidity:	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.7 KPa

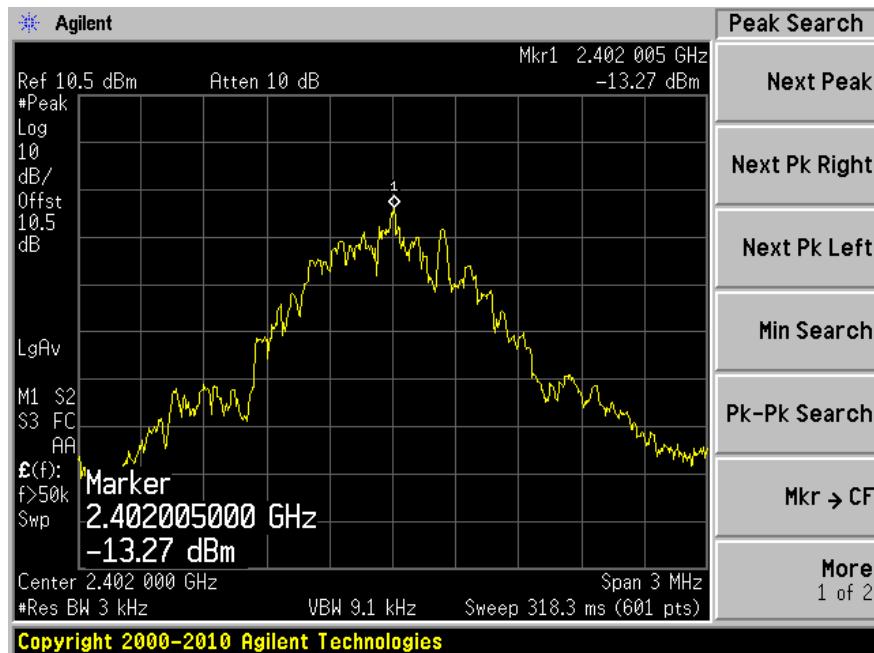
The testing was performed by Jin Yang on 2016-05-31 in RF site.

11.5 Test Results

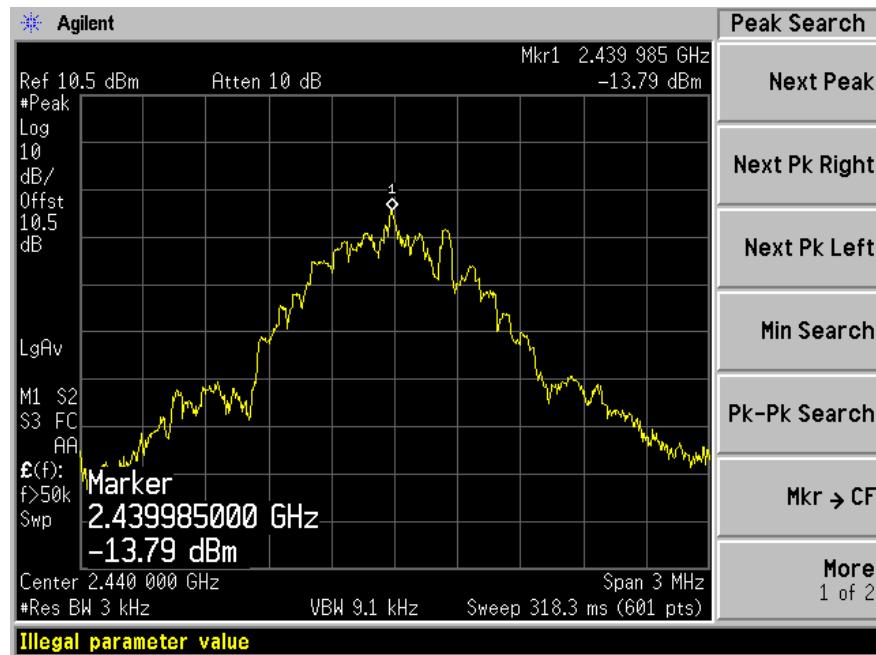
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	PSD (dBm/3kHz)	Limit (dBm/3kHz)
Low	2402	-13.27	8
Middle	2440	-13.79	8
High	2480	-14.59	8

Please refer to the following plots for detailed test results

Low Channel 2402 MHz



Middle Channel 2440 MHz



High Channel 2480 MHz



12 FCC §15.247(d) - Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

12.1 Applicable Standards

For FCC §15.247(d) in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of RMS averaging over a time interval, as permitted under paragraph (b)(3) of this section, the attenuation required under this paragraph shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general limits specified in §15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in §15.209(a) (see §15.205(c)).

12.2 Test Procedure

The RF output of the EUT was connected to a spectrum analyzer through appropriate attenuation. The resolution bandwidth of the spectrum analyzer was set at 100 kHz. Sufficient scans were taken to show any out of band emissions up to 10th harmonic.

12.3 Test Equipment List and Details

Manufacturer	Description	Model No.	Serial No.	Calibration Date	Calibration Interval
Agilent	Analyzer, Spectrum	E4440A	MY44303352	2015-06-22	1 year
-	SMA Cable	-	-	Each time ¹	N/A
-	10 dB Attenuator	-	-	Each Time ¹	N/A

Note¹: cable and attenuator included in the test set-up will be checked each time before testing.

Statement of Traceability: *BACL Corp. attests that all calibrations have been performed per the A2LA requirements, traceable to the NIST.*

12.4 Test Environmental Conditions

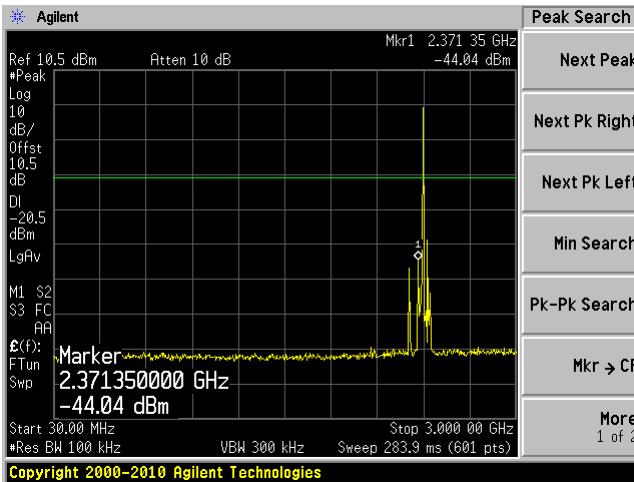
Temperature:	22° C
Relative Humidity:	42 %
ATM Pressure:	102.7 KPa

The testing was performed by Jin Yang on 2016-05-31 in RF site.

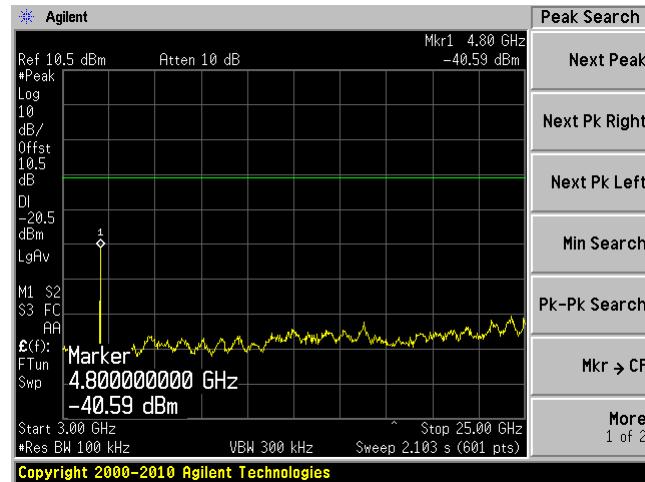
12.5 Test Results

Please refer to following plots.

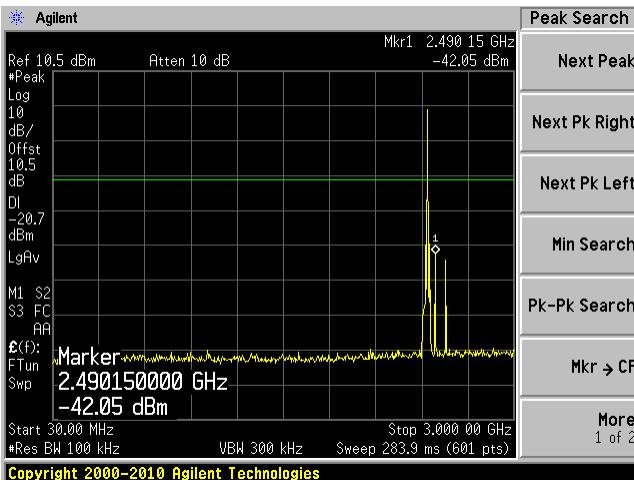
Low Channel 30 MHz – 3 GHz



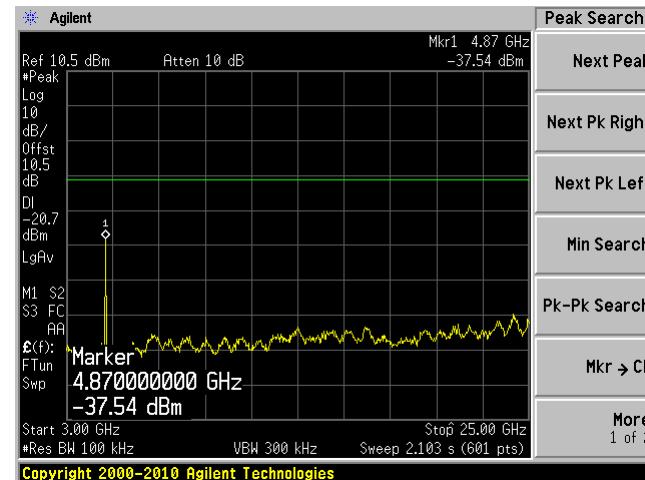
Low Channel 3 GHz – 25 GHz



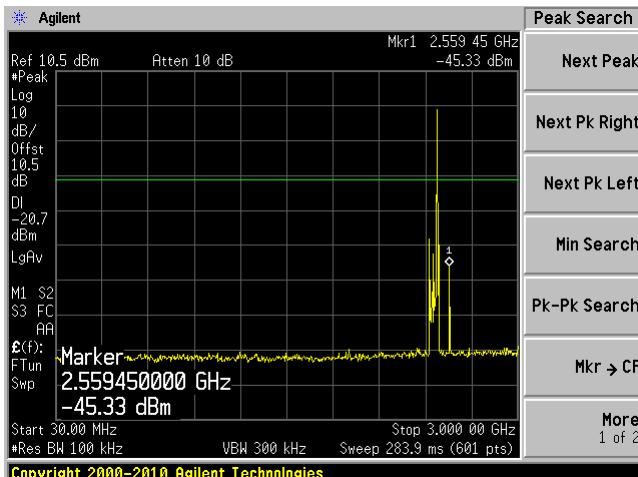
Middle Channel 30 MHz – 3 GHz



Middle Channel 3 GHz – 25 GHz



High Channel 30 MHz – 3 GHz



High Channel 3 GHz – 25 GHz

