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Medicalgorithmics S.A. SAR TEST REPORT

SCOPE OF WORK

Specific Absorption Rate - Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System

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SPECIFIC ABSORBTION RATE TEST REPORT

Report Number: 104137601LEX-002

Project Number: G104137601

Report Issue Date: 7/17/2020

Product Name: Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic

System

Model Number: PocketECG IV

Standards: FCC Part 2.1093

RSS-102 Issue 5

Tested by:

Intertek Testing Services NA, Inc. 731 Enterprise Drive Lexington, KY 40510

USA

Client:

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Evaluation For: Medicalgorithmics S.A. Product: Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System

Date: 7/17/2020

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INTRODUCTION

At the request of Medicalgorithmics S.A. the Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System was evaluated for SAR in accordance with the requirements for FCC Part 2.1093 and RSS-102 Issue 5. Testing was performed in accordance with IEEE Std 1528:2013, IEC62209-2:2010, and the Office of Engineering and Technology KDB 447498. Testing was performed at the Intertek facility in Lexington, Kentucky.

For the evaluation, the dosimetric assessment system DASY52 was used. The total uncertainty for the evaluation of the spatial peak SAR values averaged over a cube of 1g tissue mass had been assessed for this system to be ±22.2% from 300MHz – 3GHz and 24.6% from 3GHz – 6GHz.

The Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System was tested at the maximum output power measured by Intertek. Maximum output power measurements are tabulated under Section 8 Test Results. The maximum spatial peak SAR value for the sample device averaged over 1g (for body worn mode) and 10g (for hand held mode) is shown below.

Based on the worst-case data presented below, the Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System was found to be compliant with the 1.6 W/kg and 4W/kg requirements for general population / uncontrolled exposure.

Table 1: Worst Case Reported SAR per Exposure Condition

Device Position	Transmit Mode	Separation Distance	TX Band	Maximum Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Reported SAR (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Back Side, Extremity Exposure	QPSK, 1RB	0mm	Band 4, Low	22.58dBm	1.7316W/kg	4.00W/kg
Back Side, Body Exposure	QPSK, 1RB	5mm	Band 4, High	22.58dBm	0.8414W/kg	1.6W/kg

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TEST SITE DESCRIPTION 2

The SAR test site located at 731 Enterprise Drive, Lexington KY 40510 is comprised of the SPEAG model DASY 5.2 automated near-field scanning system, which is a package, optimized for dosimetric evaluation of mobile radios [3]. This system is installed in an ambient-free shielded chamber. The ambient temperature is controlled to 22.0 ±2°C. During the SAR evaluations, the RF ambient conditions are monitored continuously for signals that might interfere with the test results. The tissue simulating liquid is also stored in this area in order to keep it at the same constant ambient temperature as the room.

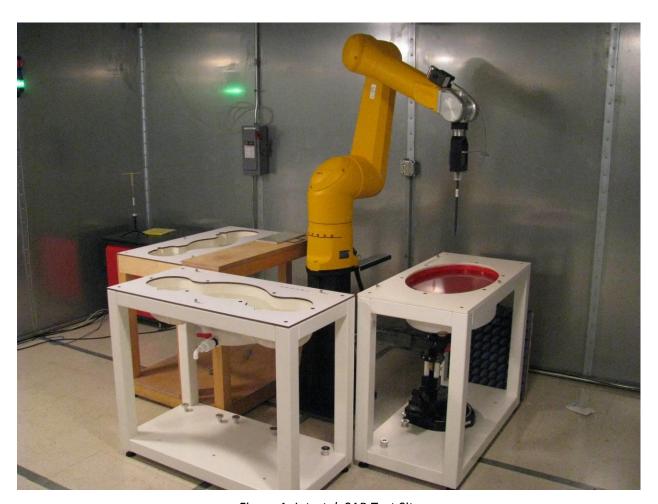


Figure 1: Intertek SAR Test Site

Evaluation For: Medicalgorithmics S.A.

Product: Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System

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2.1 Measurement Equipment

The following major equipment/components were used for the SAR evaluation:

Table 2: Test Equipment Used for SAR Evaluation

Description	Serial Number	Manufacturer	Model	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
SAR Probe	3516	Speag	EXDV3	11/19/2010	11/19/2020
1800MHz Dipole	224	Speag	D1800V2	11/13/2019	11/13/2020
750MHz Dipole	1042	Speag	D750V3	11/11/2019	11/11/2020
DAE	358	Speag	DAE4	11/13/2019	11/13/2020
Vector Signal Generator	257708	Rohde & Schwarz	SMBV100A	9/18/2019	9/18/2020
Network Analyzer	US39173983	Agilent	8753ES	3/4/2019	3/4/2020
USB Power Sensor	100155	Rohde & Schwarz	NRP-Z81	9/18/2019	9/18/2020
USB Power Sensor	100705	Rohde & Schwarz	NRP-Z51	9/18/2019	9/18/2020
Dielectric Probe Kit	1111	Speag	DAK-3.5	11/12/2019	11/12/2020
Spectrum Analyzer	3099	Rohde & Schwarz	FSP7	9/21/2019	9/21/2020
SAM Twin Phantom	1663	Speag	QD 000 P40 C	NCR	NCR
6-axis robot	F11/5H1YA/A/01	Staubli	RX-90	NCR	NCR

^{*}NCR - No Calibration Required



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2.2 Measurement Uncertainty

The Tables below includes the uncertainty budget suggested by the IEEE Std 1528-2013 and IEC62209-2: 2010 as determined by SPEAG for the DASY5 measurement System.

		Prob.				Std.Unc.	Std.Unc.	(v _i)
Error Description	Uncertainty Value	Dist.	Div.	c _i (1g)	c _i (10g)	(1g)	(10g)	V _{eff}
			Measurement :	System				
Probe Calibration	±6.0%	N	1	1	1	±6.0%	±6.0%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effect	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.4%	R	√3	1	1	±0.2%	±0.2%	∞
Probe Positioning	±2.9%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Max. SAR Eval.	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
			Test sample R	elated				
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0%	±0%	∞
			Phantom and	Setup				
Phantom Uncertainty	±6.1%	R	√3	1	1	±3.5%	±3.5%	∞
SAR Correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	~
Liquid Permittivity(mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	∞
Temp unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	∞
Temp unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						±11.2%	±11.1%	361
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±22.3%	±22.2%	1

Notes:

Worst Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE 1528-2013. The budget is valid for the frequency range 300 MHz – 3 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.



Linearity

System Detection Limits

Modulation Response

Readout Electronics

Response Time

Integration Time

RF Ambient Noise

Probe Positioner

Probe Positioning

Device Positioning

Device Holder

Power Drift

Power Scaling

SAR Correction

Phantom Uncertainty

Liquid Conductivity (mea.)

Liquid Permittivity(mea.)

Temp unc. - Conductivity

Temp unc. - Permittivity

Expanded STD Uncertainty

Combined Standard

Max. SAR Eval.

RF Ambient Reflections

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±2.7%

±0.6%

±1.4%

±0.3%

±0.5%

±1.5%

±1.7%

±1.7%

±0.5%

±3.9%

±2.3%

±2.9%

±3.6%

±2.9%

±0%

±3.8%

±0.9%

±1.0%

±0.4%

±1.4%

±0.1%

+12.2%

±24.5%

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145

5

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748

SAR Test Report Date: 7/17/2020											
		Prob.				Std.Unc.	Std.Unc.	(v _i)			
Error Description	Uncertainty Value	Dist.	Div.	c _i (1g)	c _i (10g)	(1g)	(10g)	V _{eff}			
	,	<u> </u>	Measuremer	nt System	1			<u> </u>			
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	~			
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞			
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞			
Boundary Effect	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞			

1

1

1

1

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1

1

0.84

0.71

0.26

0.71

0.26

±2.7%

±0.6%

±1.4%

±0.3%

±0.5%

±1.5%

±1.7%

±1.7%

±0.5%

±3.9%

±2.3%

±2.9%

±3.6%

±2.9%

±0%

±3.8%

±1.1%

±1.1%

±0.3%

±1.5%

±0.1%

±12.3%

±24.6%

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Test sample Related

Phantom and Setup

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R

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R

R

Ν

Ν

R

R

R

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R

R

R

R

±4.7%

±1.0%

±2.4%

±0.3%

±0.8%

±2.6%

±3.0%

±3.0%

±0.8%

±6.7%

±4.0%

±2.9%

±3.6%

±5.0%

±0.0%

±6.6%

±1.9%

±2.5%

±2.5%

±3.4%

±0.4%

Notes.

Uncertainty

Worst Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEEE 1528-2013. The budget is valid for the frequency range 3 GHz – 6 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. Probe calibration error reflects uncertainty of the EX3D probe. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.



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		Prob.				Std.Unc.	Std.Unc.	(v _i)
Error Description	Uncertainty Value	Dist.	Div.	c _i (1g)	c _i (10g)	(1g)	(10g)	V _{eff}
			Measuremer	nt System				l e
Probe Calibration	±6.55%	N	1	1	1	±6.55%	±6.55%	∞
Axial Isotropy	±4.7%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±1.9%	±1.9%	∞
Hemispherical Isotropy	±9.6%	R	√3	0.7	0.7	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Boundary Effect	±2.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.2%	±1.2%	∞
Linearity	±4.7%	R	√3	1	1	±2.7%	±2.7%	∞
System Detection Limits	±1.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0.6%	±0.6%	∞
Modulation Response	±2.4%	R	√3	1	1	±1.4%	±1.4%	∞
Readout Electronics	±0.3%	N	1	1	1	±0.3%	±0.3%	∞
Response Time	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Integration Time	±2.6%	R	√3	1	1	±1.5%	±1.5%	∞
RF Ambient Noise	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
RF Ambient Reflections	±3.0%	R	√3	1	1	±1.7%	±1.7%	∞
Probe Positioner	±0.8%	R	√3	1	1	±0.5%	±0.5%	∞
Probe Positioning	±6.7%	R	√3	1	1	±3.9%	±3.9%	∞
Post-Processing	±4.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.3%	±2.3%	
			Test sample	Related				
Device Positioning	±2.9%	N	1	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	145
Device Holder	±3.6%	N	1	1	1	±3.6%	±3.6%	5
Power Drift	±5.0%	R	√3	1	1	±2.9%	±2.9%	∞
Power Scaling	±0.0%	R	√3	1	1	±0%	±0%	∞
			Phantom ar	nd Setup				
Phantom Uncertainty	±7.9%	R	√3	1	1	±4.6%	±4.6%	∞
SAR Correction	±1.9%	R	√3	1	0.84	±1.1%	±0.9%	∞
Liquid Conductivity (mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.1%	±1.0%	∞
			,					
Liquid Permittivity(mea.)	±2.5%	R	√3	0.26	0.26	±0.3%	±0.4%	~
Temp unc Conductivity	±3.4%	R	√3	0.78	0.71	±1.5%	±1.4%	~
Temp unc Permittivity	±0.4%	R	√3	0.23	0.26	±0.1%	±0.1%	∞
Combined Standard Uncertainty						±12.5%	±12.5%	748
Expanded STD Uncertainty						±25.1%	±25.0%	
	-1	-1	1		1	1	1	

Notes.

Worst Case uncertainty budget for DASY5 assessed according to IEC62209-2: 2010. The budget is valid for the frequency range 30MHz - 6 GHz and represents a worst-case analysis. Probe calibration error reflects uncertainty of the EX3D probe. For specific tests and configurations, the uncertainty could be considerably smaller.

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3 **JOB DESCRIPTION**

At the request Medicalgorithmics S.A., SAR testing was performed on the Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System (Model: PocketECG IV).

The Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System is an ambulatory ECG device which analyzes electrographic signal in real time, classifies all detected heart beats and recognizes rhythm abnormalities. All detection results, including annotations for every detected heart beat and the ECG signal are transmitted via cellular telephony network to a remote server accessible by a Monitoring Center for reviewing by trained medical staff.

Table 3: Product Information

	Test Sample Information
Manufacturer	Medicalgorithmics S.A.
Product Name	Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System
Model Number	PocketECG IV
Type Number	P4TR-AA-ADS
Serial Number	TR0819-25620A
Receive Date	12/1/2019
Device Received Condition	Good
Test Dates	12/6/2019 to 12/19/2019
Device Category	Portable
RF Exposure Category	General Population/Uncontrolled Environment
Integrated Module	Telit LE866-SV1 (FCCID: RI7LE866SV1A)
Antenna Type	Internal
Test sample Accessories	
Accessory	None

Table 4: Operating Bands

Operating Bands	Technology	Modulation	Frequency Range (MHz)	Max Upper Tolerance Output Power (dBm)	Duty Cycle
LTE Band 13	LTE	QPSK, 16QAM	777 – 787MHz	25.88dBm	1:1
LTE Band 4	LTE	QPSK, 16QAM	1710 – 1755MHz	22.58dBm	1:1



Evaluation For: Medicalgorithmics S.A. Product: Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System

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3.1 EUT Photo (Front):





Evaluation For: Medicalgorithmics S.A. Product: Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System

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3.2 EUT Photo (Back):



Date: 7/17/2020

Evaluation For: Medicalgorithmics S.A.

SYSTEM VERIFICATION

System Validation

Prior to the assessment, the system was verified to be within ±10% of the specifications by using the system validation kit. The system validation procedure tests the system against reference SAR values and the performance of probe, readout electronics and software. The test setup utilizes a phantom and reference dipole.

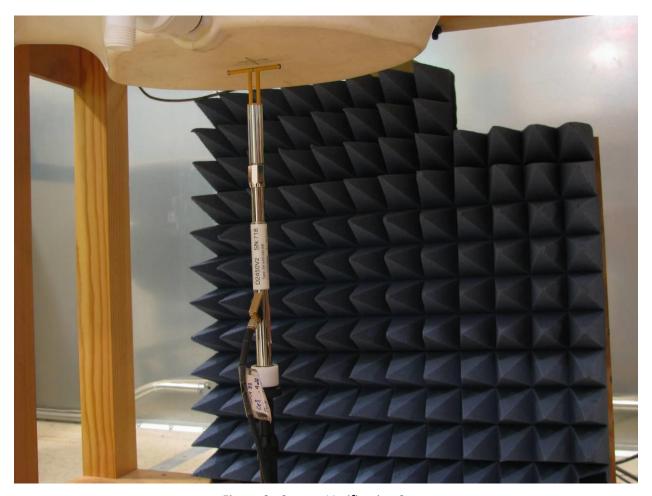


Figure 2: System Verification Setup



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Table 5: Dipole Validations (1g)

	Reference Dipole Validation												
Ambient Temp	Fluid Temp	Frequency		Fluid	Dipole Power	Cal. Lab	Measured	% Error					
(ºC)	(°C)	(MHz)	Dipole	Туре	Input	SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)	SAR (1g)	Date				
23.2	23.1	1800	D1800V2	MSL1800	1W	39.7	38	4.28	12/8/2019				
23.2	23.1	750	D750V3	MSL750	1W	8.75	8.1	7.43	12/9/2019				

Table 6: Dipole Validations (10g)

	Reference Dipole Validation												
Ambient Temp (ºC)	Fluid Temp (ºC)	Frequency (MHz)	Dipole	Fluid Type	Dipole Power Input	Cal. Lab SAR (10g)	Measured SAR (10g)	% Error SAR (10g)	Date				
23.2		, ,					- (-0/		12/8/2019				
23.2	23.1	1800	D1800V2	MSL1800	1W	20.8	19.8	4.81					
23.2	23.1	750	D750V3	MSL750	1W	5.8	5.46	5.86	12/9/2019				

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Measurement Uncertainty for System Validation

Source of Uncertainty	Value(dB)	Probability Distribution	Divisor	c _i	u _i (y)	(u _i (y))^2
Measurement System						
Probe Calibration	5.50	n1	1	1	5.50	30.250
Axial Isotropy	4.70	r	1.732	0.7	2.71	7.364
Hemispherical Isotropy	9.60	r	1.732	0.7	5.54	30.722
Boundary Effect	1.00	r	1.732	1	0.58	0.333
Linearity	4.70	r	1.732	1	2.71	7.364
System Detection Limits	1.00	r	1.732	1	0.58	0.333
Readout Electronics	0.30	n1	1	1	0.30	0.090
Response Time	0.80	r	1.732	1	0.46	0.213
Integration Time	2.60	r	1.732	1	1.50	2.253
RF Ambient Noise	3.00	r	1.732	1	1.73	3.000
RF Ambient Reflections	3.00	r	1.732	1	1.73	3.000
Probe Positioner	0.40	r	1.732	1	0.23	0.053
Probe Positioning	2.90	r	1.732	1	1.67	2.803
Max. SAR Eval.	1.00	r	1.732	1	0.58	0.333
Dipole / Generator / Power Meter Related						
Dipole positioning	2.90	n1	1	1	2.90	8.410
Dipole Calibration Uncertainty	0.68	r	1.732	1	0.39	0.154
Power Meter 1 Uncertainty (+20C to +25C)	0.13	n1	1	2	0.13	0.017
Power Meter 2 Uncertainty (+20C to +25C)	0.04	n1	1	3	0.04	0.002
Sig Gen VSWR Mismatch Error	1.80	n1	1	5	1.80	3.240
Sig Gen Resolution Error	0.01	n1	1	6	0.01	0.000
Sig Gen Level Error	0.90	n1	1	1	0.90	0.810
Phantom and Setup						
Phantom Uncertainty	4.00	r	1.732	1	2.31	5.334
Liquid Conductivity (target)	5.00	r	1.732	0.43	2.89	8.334
Liquid Conductivity (meas.)	2.50	n1	1	0.43	2.50	6.250
Liquid Permittivity (target)	5.00	r	1.732	0.49	2.89	8.334
Liquid Permittivity (meas.)	2.50	n1	1	0.49	2.50	6.250
Combined Standard Uncertainty		N1	1	1	11.63	135.247
Expanded Uncertainty		Normal k=	2		23.26	
Expanded Uncertainty	is	23.3	for	Normal	k=	2



Evaluation For: Medicalgorithmics S.A.

Product: Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System

Parts: 7/17/2020

SAR Test Report Date: 7/17/2020

Tissue Simulating Liquid Description and Validation

The dielectric parameters were verified to be within 5% of the target values prior to assessment. The dielectric parameters (ε_r , σ) are shown in Table 7. A recipe for the tissue simulating fluid used is shown in Table 8.

Table 7: Dielectric Parameter Validations

	Measured Tissue Properties											
Tissue Type	Frequency Measure (MHz)	Dielectric Constant Target	Conductivity Target	Dielectric Constant Measure	Imaginary Part	Conductivity Measure	Dielectric % Deviation	Conductivity % Deviation	Date			
	1710	55.33	1.46	53.12	15.8	1.50	3.99	2.88	12/8/2019			
	1732	54.12	1.48	53.08	15.7	1.5118	1.92	2.15	12/8/2019			
1750 MSL	1755	53.87	1.49	53.01	15.7	1.5319	1.60	2.81	12/8/2019			
				Measured	l Tissue Prope	rties						
	Frequency	Dielectric		Dielectric								
Tissue	Measure	Constant	Conductivity	Constant	Imaginary	Conductivity	Dielectric %	Conductivity				
Type	(MHz)	Target	Target	Measure	Part	Measure	Deviation	% Deviation	Date			
	699	55.72	0.96	53.9	24.13	0.94	3.27	2.32	12/9/2019			
	710	55.68	0.96	53.6	24.08	0.9505	3.74	0.99	12/9/2019			
750MSL	720	55.65	0.96	53.3	23.97	0.9595	4.22	0.05	12/9/2019			



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Table 8: Tissue Simulating Fluid Recipe

Composition of Ingredients for Liquid Tissue Phantoms (450MHz to 2450 MHz data only)												
Ingredient						f (MHz)					
(% by weight)	450		835		915		1900		2450		5500	
Tissue Type	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body	Head	Body
Water	38.56	51.16	41.45	52.4	41.05	56	54.9	70.45	62.7	68.64	65.53	78.67
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.49	1.45	1.4	1.35	0.76	0.18	0.36	0.5	0	0	0
Sugar	56.32	46.78	56	45	56.5	41.76	0	0	0	0	0	0
HEC	0.98	0.52	1	1	1	1.21	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bactericide	0.19	0.05	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.27	0	0	0	0	0	0
Triton X-100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36.8	0	17.235	10.665
DGBE	0	0	0	0	0	0	44.92	29.18	0	31.37	0	0
DGHE	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17.235	10.665
Dielectric Constant	43.42	58	42.54	56.1	42	56.8	39.9	53.3	39.8	52.7		
Conductivity (S/m)	0.85	0.83	0.91	0.95	1	1.07	1.42	1.52	1.88	1.95		

Tissue Simulating Liquid for 5GHz, MBBL3500-5800V5 Manufactured by SPEAG (proprietary mixture)

Ingredients	(% by weight)
Water	78
Mineral oil	11
Emulsifiers	9
Additives and Salt	2

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5 EVALUATION PROCEDURES

Prior to any testing, the appropriate fluid was used to fill the phantom to a depth of 15 cm \pm 0.2cm. The fluid parameters were verified and the dipole validation was performed as described in the previous sections.

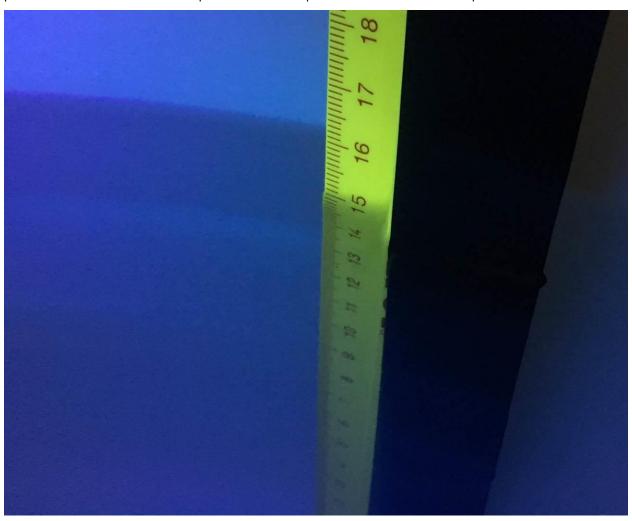


Figure 3: Fluid Depth 15cm



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Test Positions:

The Device was positioned against the SAM and flat phantom using the exact procedure described in IEEE Std 1528:2013, IEC62209-2:2010, and the Office of Engineering and Technology KDB 447498.

Reference Power Measurement:

The measurement probe was positioned at a fixed location above the reference point. A power measurement was made with the probe above this reference position so it could used for the assessing the power drift later in the test procedure.

Area Scan:

A coarse area scan was performed in order to find the approximate location of the peak SAR value. This scan was performed with the measurement probe at a constant height in the simulating fluid. A two dimensional spline interpolation algorithm was then used to determine the peaks and gradients within the scanned area. The area scan resolution conformed to the requirements of KDB 865664 as shown in Table 9.

Zoom Scan:

A zoom scan was performed around the approximate location of the peak SAR as determined from the area scan. On the basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure. The zoom scan resolution conformed to the requirements of KDB 865664 as shown in Table 9.



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Table 9: SAR Area and Zoom Scan Resolutions

			≤3 GHz	> 3 GHz	
Maximum distance from (geometric center of pr			5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2}$ · δ · $\ln(2) \pm 0.5 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum probe angle surface normal at the n			30° ± 1° 20° ± 1°		
			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm	
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}			When the x or y dimension of measurement plane orientation the measurement resolution in x or y dimension of the test dimeasurement point on the test.	on, is smaller than the above, must be ≤ the corresponding evice with at least one	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx _{Zoom} , Δy _{Zoom}			≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*	
	uniform	grid: Δz _{Zoom} (n)	≤ 5 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 4 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	graded	Δz _{Zoom} (1): between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	≤ 4 mm	$3 - 4 \text{ GHz}: \le 3 \text{ mm}$ $4 - 5 \text{ GHz}: \le 2.5 \text{ mm}$ $5 - 6 \text{ GHz}: \le 2 \text{ mm}$	
	grid $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points		$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$		
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		≥ 30 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm	

Note: δ is the penetration depth of a plane-wave at normal incidence to the tissue medium; see draft standard IEEE P1528-2011 for details.

When zoom scan is required and the reported SAR from the area scan based 1-g SAR estimation procedures of KDB 447498 is $\leq 1.4 \text{ W/kg}$, $\leq 8 \text{ mm}$, $\leq 7 \text{ mm}$ and $\leq 5 \text{ mm}$ zoom scan resolution may be applied, respectively, for 2 GHz to 3 GHz, 3 GHz to 4 GHz and 4 GHz to 6 GHz.



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Interpolation, Extrapolation and Detection of Maxima:

The probe is calibrated at the center of the dipole sensors which is located 1 to 2.7 mm away from the probe tip. During measurements, the probe stops shortly above the phantom surface, depending on the probe and the surface detecting system. Both distances are included as parameters in the probe configuration file. The software always knows exactly how far away the measured point is from the surface. As the probe cannot directly measure at the surface, the values between the deepest measured point and the surface must be extrapolated.

In DASY5, the choice of the coordinate system defining the location of the measurement points has no influence on the uncertainty of the interpolation, Maxima Search and extrapolation routines. The interpolation, extrapolation and maximum search routines are all based on the modified Quadratic Shepard's method.

Thereby, the interpolation scheme combines a least-square fitted function method and a weighted average method which are the two basic types of computational interpolation and approximation. The DASY5 routines construct a once-continuously differentiable function that interpolates the measurement values as follows:

- For each measurement point a trivariate (3-D) / bivariate (2-D) quadratic is computed. It interpolates the measurement values at the data point and forms a least-square fit to neighboring measurement values.
- The spatial location of the quadratic with respect to the measurement values is attenuated by an inverse distance weighting. This is performed since the calculated quadratic will fit measurement values at nearby points more accurate than at points located further away.
- After the quadratics are calculated for at all measurement points, the interpolating function is calculated as a weighted average of the quadratics.

There are two control parameters that govern the behavior of the interpolation method. One specifies the number of measurement points to be used in computing the least-square fits for the local quadratics. These measurement points are the ones nearest the input point for which the quadratic is being computed. The second parameter specifies the number of measurement points that will be used in calculating the weights for the quadratics to produce the final function. The input data points used there are the ones nearest the point at which the interpolation is desired. Appropriate defaults are chosen for each of the control parameters.

The trivariate quadratics that have been previously computed for the 3-D interpolation and whose input data are at the closest distance from the phantom surface, are used in order to extrapolate the fields to the surface of the phantom.

In order to determine all the field maxima in 2-D (Area Scan) and 3-D (Zoom Scan), the measurement grid is refined by a default factor of 10 and the interpolation function is used to evaluate all field values between corresponding measurement points. Subsequently, a linear search is applied to find all the candidate maxima. In a last step, nonphysical maxima are removed and only those maxima which are within 2 dB of the global maximum value are retained.

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Averaging and Determination of Spatial Peak SAR

The interpolated data is used to average the SAR over the 1g and 10g cubes by spatially discretizing the entire measured volume. The resolution of this spatial grid used to calculate the averaged SAR is 1mm or about 42875 interpolated points. The resulting volumes are defined as cubical volumes containing the appropriate tissue parameters that are centered at the location. The location is defined as the center of the incremental volume.

The spatial-peak SAR must be evaluated in cubical volumes containing a mass that is within 5% of the required mass. The cubical volume centered at each location, as defined above, should be expanded in all directions until the desired value for the mass is reached, with no surface boundaries of the averaging volume extending beyond the outermost surface of the considered region. In addition, the cubical volume should not consist of more than 10% of air. If these conditions are not satisfied then the center of the averaging volume is moved to the next location. Otherwise, the exact size of the final sampling cube is found using an inverse polynomial approximation algorithm, leading to results with improved accuracy. If one boundary of the averaging volume reaches the boundary of the measured volume during its expansion, it will not be evaluated at all. Reference is kept of all locations used and those not used for averaging the SAR. All average SAR values are finally assigned to the centered location in each valid averaging volume.

All locations included in an averaging volume are marked to indicate that they have been used at least once. If a location has been marked as used, but has never been assigned to the center of a cube, the highest averaged SAR value of all other cubical volumes which have used this location for averaging is assigned to this location. Only those locations that are not part of any valid averaging volume should be marked as unused. For the case of an unused location, a new averaging volume must be constructed which will have the unused location centered at one surface of the cube. The remaining five surfaces are expanded evenly in all directions until the required mass is enclosed, regardless of the amount of included air. Of the six possible cubes with one surface centered on the unused location, the smallest cube is used, which still contains the required mass.

If the final cube containing the highest averaged SAR touches the surface of the measured volume, an appropriate warning is issued within the post processing engine.

Power Drift Measurement:

The probe was positioned at precisely the same reference point and the reference power measurement was repeated. The difference between the initial reference power and the final one is referred to as the power drift. This value should not exceed 5%. The power drift measurement was used to assess the output power stability of the test sample throughout the SAR scan.

RF Ambient Activity:

During the entire SAR evaluation, the RF ambient activity was monitored using a spectrum analyzer with an antenna connected to it. The spectrum analyzer was tuned to the frequency of measurement and with one trace set to max hold mode. In this way, it was possible to determine if at any point during the SAR measurement there was an interfering ambient signal. If an ambient signal was detected, then the SAR measurement was repeated.

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6 **CRITERIA**

The following ANSI/IEEE C95.1 – 1992 limits for SAR apply to portable devices operating in the General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure environment. Uncontrolled environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Exposure Type	SAR Limit
(General Population/Uncontrolled Exposure environment)	(W/kg or mW/g)
Average over the whole body	0.08
Spatial Peak (1g)	1.60
Spatial Peak for hands, wrists, feet and ankles (10g)	4.00

7 **TEST CONFIGURATION**

The Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System could be used against the body or hand held. According to the manufacturer there are no against the head usage conditions. Therefore, it was evaluated in body and extremity (hand held) positions. Due to the curved nature of the device the testing on the inside was performed against a curved section of the phantom that matched the curvature of the device.

The device was evaluated according to the specific requirements found in the following KDBs and Standards:

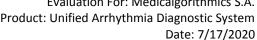
- FCC KDB 447498D01 v06, General RF Exposure Guidance
- FCC KDB 865664D01 v01r04, SAR Measurement Requirements for 100MHz to 6GHz
- FCC KDB 941225 D05, SAR for LTE Devices v02r05
- RSS-102 Issue 5, Radio Frequency (RF) Exposure Compliance of Radiocommunication Apparatus (All Frequency Bands)

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7.1 Setup Photos (Back Side Exposure, Omm spacing)

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7.2 Setup Photos (Front Side Exposure, 5mm spacing)

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TEST RESULTS 8

The worst case 1g SAR value for body exposure was less than the 1.6W/kg limit. The worst case 10g SAR value for extremity exposure was less than the 4W/kg limit.

9 **SAR DATA:**

The results on the following page(s) were obtained when the device was transmitting at maximum output power. The worst case plots, which reveal information about the location of the maximum SAR with respect to the device, are referenced are shown in APPENDIX B – Worst Case SAR Plots. The measured conducted output power was compared to the power declared by the manufacturer and used for scaling the measured SAR values.



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Table 10: Extremity SAR Results, (LTE Band 4)

US / Canada Extremity SAR Results Using 1750MHz MSL									
TX Mode	Spacing	RB	Position	RB Offset	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 10g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 10g (W/kg)	Measured Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Maximum Conducted Output Power (dBm)
				low	0.06	1.7000	1.7316	22.50	22.58
			Back	mid	0.07	1.6500	1.6807	22.50	22.58
LTE, Band 4,	0			high	0.06	1.5500	1.5788	22.50	22.58
QPSK		m 1	Front	low	-0.05	1.6900	1.7214	22.50	22.58
				mid	-0.03	1.6100	1.6399	22.50	22.58
				high	-0.01	1.5300	1.5584	22.50	22.58
				low	0.01	1.3400	1.3649	22.50	22.58
			Back	mid	-0.04	1.2100	1.2325	22.50	22.58
LTE, Band 4,	0	F00/		high	-0.04	1.2600	1.2834	22.50	22.58
QPSK 0mm	umm	50%		low	-0.03	1.3400	1.3649	22.50	22.58
		Front	mid	-0.04	1.2200	1.2427	22.50	22.58	
				high	-0.02	1.2700	1.2936	22.50	22.58
			108	g SAR Limit	(Extremity) =	4W/kg	·	1	

Test Personnel:	Bryan Taylor	Test Date:	12///2019 – 12/8/2019
Supervising/Reviewing Engineer:	NA	Tissue Depth:	15cm
Signal Setup:	Base Station Simulator	Ambient Temperature:	23.1C
Power Method:	Fully Charged Battery	Relative Humidity:	38.7%
Pretest Dipole Verification:	Yes	Atmospheric Pressure:	988.7mbar

Deviations, Additions, or Exclusions:

- (1) Test reduction was applied. Per KDB941225D05 v02r05 Section 5.2.3, testing with 100% RB allocation is not required when the highest maximum output power is less than that which was measured in 50% and 1RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1RB and 50%RB allocation are <1.45W/kg.
- (2) Test reduction was applied. Per KDB941225D05 v02r05 Section 5.2.4 SAR for higher order modulations is only required when the maximum output power for the configuration with the higher order modulation is >1/2dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for QPSK is >1.45W/kg.
- (3) Test reduction was applied. Per KDB447498 D01v06 when the mid channel is more than 3dB below the limit testing at the remaining channels is not required.



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Table 11: Body Mode SAR Results, (LTE Band 4)

			US / Canad	a Body SAR	Results Using	1750MHz MSL			
TX Mode	Spacing	RB	Position	RB Offset	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Measured Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Maximum Conducted Output Power (dBm)
				low	0.01	0.6370	0.6580	22.50	22.58
			Back	mid	0.01	0.6460	0.8414	22.50	22.58
LTE, Band 4,	F	1		high	-0.08	0.8260	0.8414	22.50	22.58
QPSK		1	Front	low	-0.04	0.6140	0.6254	22.50	22.58
				mid	0.02	0.6470	0.6590	22.50	22.58
				high	0.06	0.7710	0.7853	22.50	22.58
				low	-0.03	0.6360	0.6478	22.50	22.58
			Back	mid	-0.08	0.6690	0.6814	22.50	22.58
LTE, Band 4,	F	F00/		high	-0.04	0.6790	0.6916	22.50	22.58
QPSK 5mm	5mm	50%		low	-0.10	0.6220	0.6336	22.50	22.58
		Front	mid	0.04	0.6340	0.6458	22.50	22.58	
				high	0.02	0.6830	0.6957	22.50	22.58
	•		1g S/	AR Limit (He	ead & Body) = :	1.6W/kg	•		

Test Personnel:	Bryan Taylor	Test Date:	12/7/2019 – 12/8/2019
Supervising/Reviewing Engineer:	NA	Tissue Depth:	15cm
Signal Setup:	Base Station Simulator	Ambient Temperature:	23.1C
Power Method:	Fully Charged Battery	Relative Humidity:	38.7%
Pretest Dipole Verification:	Yes	Atmospheric Pressure:	988.7mbar

Deviations, Additions, or Exclusions:

- (1) Test reduction was applied. Per KDB941225D05 v02r05 Section 5.2.3, testing with 100% RB allocation is not required when the highest maximum output power is less than that which was measured in 50% and 1RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1RB and 50%RB allocation are ≤1.45W/kg.
- (2) Test reduction was applied. Per KDB941225D05 v02r05 Section 5.2.4 SAR for higher order modulations is only required when the maximum output power for the configuration with the higher order modulation is >1/2dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for QPSK is >1.45W/kg.
- (3) Test reduction was applied. Per KDB447498 D01v06 when the mid channel is more than 3dB below the limit testing at the remaining channels is not required.



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Table 12: Extremity SAR Results, (LTE Band 13)

US / Canada Extremity SAR Results Using 750MHz MSL									
TX Mode	Spacing	RB	Position	RB Offset	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 10g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 10g (W/kg)	Measured Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Maximum Conducted Output Power (dBm)
				low	-0.01	0.7580	0.7864	25.72	25.88
			Back	mid	0.01	0.7550	0.7833	25.72	25.88
LTE Band 13,	0	1		high	0.00	0.7850	0.8145	25.72	25.88
QPSK		1	Front	low	-0.01	0.7390	0.7667	25.72	25.88
				mid	-0.02	0.8320	0.8632	25.72	25.88
				high	0.08	0.8600	0.8923	25.72	25.88
				low	-0.03	0.5880	0.6101	25.72	25.88
			Back	mid	0.02	0.5850	0.6070	25.72	25.88
LTE Band 13,	0	F00/		high	0.04	0.6650	0.6900	25.72	25.88
QPSK 0mm	Umm	50%		low	-0.02	0.5960	0.6184	25.72	25.88
		Front	mid	-0.04	0.5640	0.5852	25.72	25.88	
				high	-0.05	0.5720	0.5935	25.72	25.88
	•		108	g SAR Limit	(Extremity) =	4W/kg	•		

Test Personnel:	Bryan Taylor	Test Date:	12/8/2019 – 12/9/2019
Supervising/Reviewing Engineer:	NA	Tissue Depth:	15cm
Signal Setup:	Base Station Simulator	Ambient Temperature:	23.1C
Power Method:	Fully Charged Battery	Relative Humidity:	38.7%
Pretest Dipole Verification:	Yes	Atmospheric Pressure:	988.7mbar

Deviations, Additions, or Exclusions:

- (1) Test reduction was applied. Per KDB941225D05 v02r05 Section 5.2.3, testing with 100% RB allocation is not required when the highest maximum output power is less than that which was measured in 50% and 1RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1RB and 50%RB allocation are ≤1.45W/kg.
- (2) Test reduction was applied. Per KDB941225D05 v02r05 Section 5.2.4 SAR for higher order modulations is only required when the maximum output power for the configuration with the higher order modulation is >1/2dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for QPSK is >1.45W/kg.
- (3) Test reduction was applied. Per KDB447498 D01v06 when the mid channel is more than 3dB below the limit testing at the remaining channels is not required.



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Table 13: Body Mode SAR Results, (LTE Band 13)

US / Canada Body SAR Results Using 750MHz MSL									
TX Mode	Spacing	RB	Position	RB Offset	Power Drift (dB)	Measured SAR 1g (W/kg)	Reported SAR 1g (W/kg)	Measured Conducted Output Power (dBm)	Maximum Conducted Output Power (dBm)
				low	-0.07	0.7310	0.7584	25.72	25.88
			Back	mid	0.03	0.6760	0.7014	25.72	25.88
LTE Band 13,	F	1		high	0.02	0.7160	0.7429	25.72	25.88
QPSK		1	Front	low	-0.07	0.7080	0.7346	25.72	25.88
				mid	0.19	0.7110	0.7377	25.72	25.88
				high	-0.09	0.6800	0.7055	25.72	25.88
				low	0.03	0.5240	0.5437	25.72	25.88
			Back	mid	-0.09	0.5530	0.5738	25.72	25.88
LTE Band 13,	F	F00/		high	0.04	0.5540	0.5748	25.72	25.88
QPSK 5mm	Smm	50%		low	-0.18	0.6050	0.6277	25.72	25.88
		Front	mid	-0.02	0.5990	0.6215	25.72	25.88	
				high	0.05	0.6470	0.6713	25.72	25.88
		-	1g SAI	R Limit (Hea	ad and Body) =	: 1.6W/kg	•	•	•

Test Personnel:	Bryan Taylor	Test Date:	12/8/2019 – 12/9/2019
Supervising/Reviewing Engineer:	NA	Tissue Depth:	15cm
Signal Setup:	Base Station Simulator	Ambient Temperature:	23.1C
Power Method:	Fully Charged Battery	Relative Humidity:	38.7%
Pretest Dipole Verification:	Yes	Atmospheric Pressure:	988.7mbar

Deviations, Additions, or Exclusions:

- (1) Test reduction was applied. Per KDB941225D05 v02r05 Section 5.2.3, testing with 100% RB allocation is not required when the highest maximum output power is less than that which was measured in 50% and 1RB allocations and the highest reported SAR for 1RB and 50%RB allocation are ≤1.45W/kg.
- (2) Test reduction was applied. Per KDB941225D05 v02r05 Section 5.2.4 SAR for higher order modulations is only required when the maximum output power for the configuration with the higher order modulation is >1/2dB higher than the same configuration in QPSK or when the reported SAR for QPSK is >1.45W/kg.
- (3) Test reduction was applied. Per KDB447498 D01v06 when the mid channel is more than 3dB below the limit testing at the remaining channels is not required.



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1.0 REFERENCES

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APPENDIX A – SYSTEM VALIDATION SUMMARY

Per FCC KDB 865664, a tabulated summary of the system validation status including the validation date(s), measurement frequencies, SAR probes and tissue dielectric parameters have been included in the summary table below. The validation was performed with reference dipoles using the required tissue equivalent media for system validation according to KDB 865664. Each probe calibration point was validated at a frequency within the valid frequency range of the probe calibration point. All measurements were performed using probes calibrated for CW signals. Modulations in the table above represent test configurations for which the SAR system has been validated. The SAR system was also validated with modulated signals per KDB 865664.

Table 14: SAR System Validation Summary

				Probe Calibration Point		Dielectric Properties		CW Validation			Modulation Validation		
Frequency (MHz)	Date	Probe (SN#)	Probe (Model#)	Frequency (MHz)	Fluid Type	σ	€r	Sensitivity	Probe Linearity	Probe Isotropy	Mod. Type	Duty Factor	PAR
2450	1/2/2019	3516	EX3DV3	2450	Body	50.65	2.02	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
5200	1/2/2019	3516	EX3DV3	5200	Body	48.71	5.54	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
5500	1/2/2019	3516	EX3DV3	5500	Body	47.68	6.29	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass
5800	1/2/2019	3516	EX3DV3	5800	Body	48.71	5.54	Pass	Pass	Pass	OFDM	N/A	Pass

				Probe Calibration Point		Dielectric Properties		CW Validation			Modulation Validation		
Frequency		Probe	Probe	Frequency					Probe	Probe		Duty	
(MHz)	Date	(SN#)	(Model #)	(MHz)	Fluid Type	σ	€r	Sensitivity	Linearity	Isotropy	Mod. Type	Factor	PAR
835	1/3/2019	3516	EX3DV3	835	Body	54.2	0.98	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
900	1/3/2019	3516	EX3DV3	900	Body	54	1.02	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
1750	1/3/2019	3516	EX3DV3	1800	Body	52.9	1.41	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A
1900	1/3/2019	3516	EX3DV3	1900	Body	52.7	1.48	Pass	Pass	Pass	GMSK	Pass	N/A

Evaluation For: Medicalgorithmics S.A. Product: Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System

Date: 7/17/2020

APPENDIX B – WORST CASE SAR PLOTS

SAR_LTE Band 4, 1RB, High, Body Exposure, Back Side

DUT: Medicalgorithmics Pocket ECG

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE 20 MHz Bandwidth (0); Communication System Band: Band 4; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz; $\sigma = 1.459$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 53.239$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3516; ConvF(9.08, 9.08, 9.08); Calibrated: 11/19/2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 11/13/2019
- Phantom: SAM 2 with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1663
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Body Mode SAR/LTE Band 4, 1RB High, Back Side, 5mm Spacing/Area Scan 2 (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 1.32 W/kg

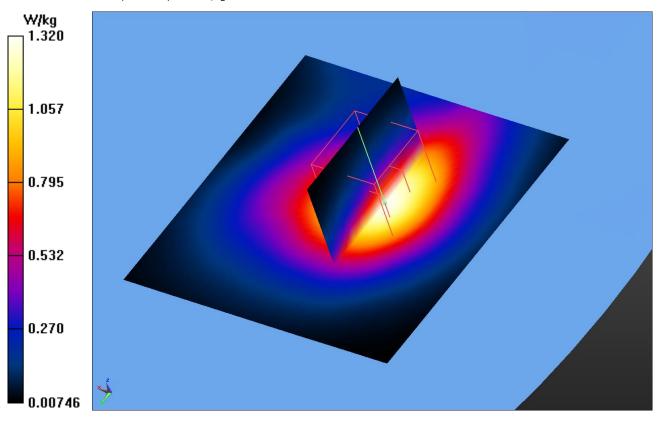
Body Mode SAR/LTE Band 4, 1RB High, Back Side, 5mm Spacing/Zoom Scan (10x10x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 28.348 V/m; Power Drift = -0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.47 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.826 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.463 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 1.23 W/kg



Date: 7/17/2020

Evaluation For: Medicalgorithmics S.A.

SAR_LTE Band 13, 1RB, Low, Body Exposure, Back Side

DUT: Medicalgorithmics Pocket ECG;

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE 10 MHz Bandwidth (0); Communication System Band: Band 13; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 782 MHz; $\sigma = 0.926$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.412$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3516; ConvF(11.41, 11.41, 11.41); Calibrated: 11/19/2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 11/13/2019
- Phantom: SAM 2 with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1663
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Body Mode SAR/LTE Band 13, 1RB Low, Back Side, 5mm Spacing/Area Scan 2 (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

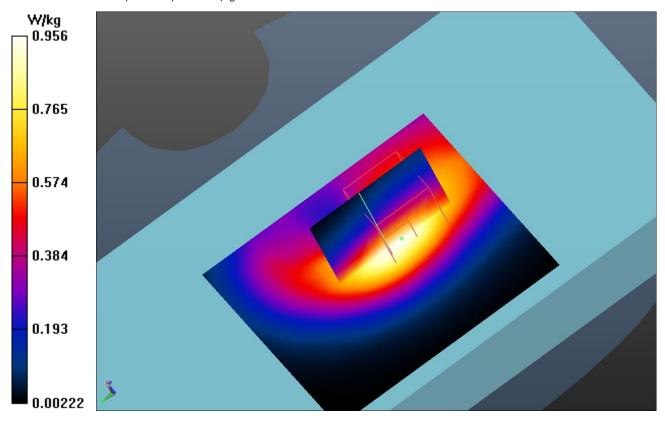
Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.956 W/kg

Body Mode SAR/LTE Band 13, 1RB Low, Back Side, 5mm Spacing/Zoom Scan (10x10x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 31.209 V/m; Power Drift = -0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 1.11 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.731 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.474 W/kgMaximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.978 W/kg



Evaluation For: Medicalgorithmics S.A.

Product: Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System

SAR Test Report

Date: 7/17/2020

SAR_LTE Band 4, 1RB, Low, Extremity Exposure

DUT: Medicalgorithmics Pocket ECG; Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE 20 MHz Bandwidth (0); Communication System Band: Band 4; Frequency: 1732.5 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 1732.5 MHz; σ = 1.459 S/m; ϵ_r = 53.239; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3516; ConvF(9.08, 9.08, 9.08); Calibrated: 11/19/2019;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 11/13/2019
- Phantom: SAM 2 with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1663
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Extremity Mode SAR/LTE Band 4, 1RB Low, Back Side, Direct Contact/Area Scan 2 (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 4.42 W/kg

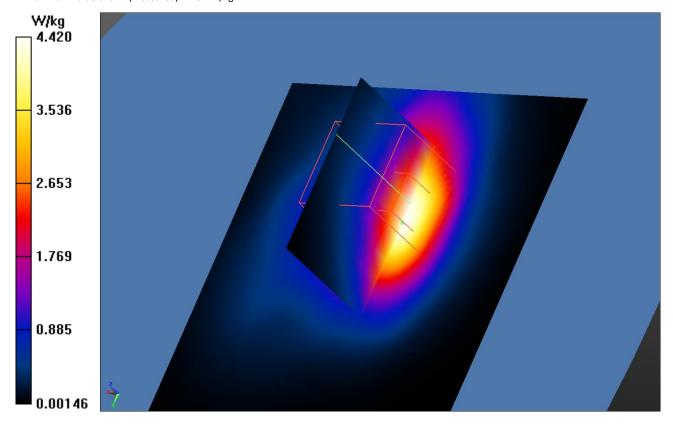
Extremity Mode SAR/LTE Band 4, 1RB Low, Back Side, Direct Contact/Zoom Scan (10x10x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 52.913 V/m; Power Drift = 0.06 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 5.26 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 3.09 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 1.7 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 4.52 W/kg



Date: 7/17/2020

Evaluation For: Medicalgorithmics S.A.

SAR_LTE Band 13, 1RB, High, Extremity Exposure

DUT: Medicalgorithmics Pocket ECG;

Communication System: UID 0, Generic LTE 10 MHz Bandwidth (0); Communication System Band: Band 13; Frequency: 782 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used (interpolated): f = 782 MHz; $\sigma = 0.926$ S/m; $\varepsilon_r = 41.412$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV3 SN3516; ConvF(11.02, 11.02, 11.02); Calibrated: 11/12/2018;
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 11/6/2018
- Phantom: SAM 2 with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1663
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

Extremity Mode SAR/LTE Band 13, 1RB High, Display Side, Direct Contact/Area Scan 2 (61x61x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500

Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 3.08 W/kg

Extremity Mode SAR/LTE Band 13, 1RB High, Display Side, Direct Contact/Zoom Scan (10x10x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm,

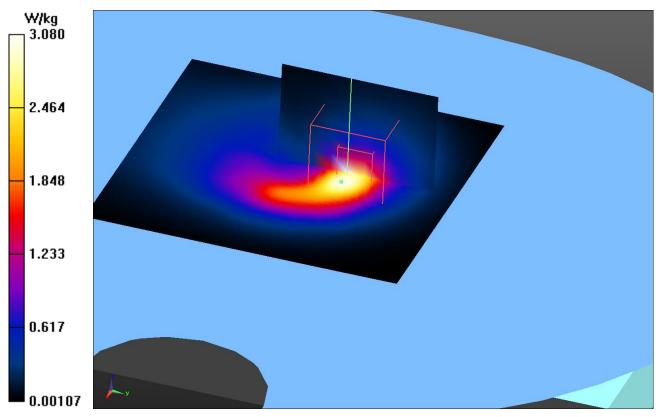
dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 42.611 V/m; Power Drift = 0.08 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 4.33 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 1.78 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.860 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 3.14 W/kg



Date: 7/17/2020

Evaluation For: Medicalgorithmics S.A.

APPENDIX C - DIPOLE VALIDATION PLOTS

9.1.1 Dipole_Band 4

Procedure Notes: Ambient Temp: 22.8C, Fluid Temp: 22.2C

DUT: Dipole 1800 MHz D1800V2; Serial: D1800V2 - SN:xxx

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D1800 (1800.0 MHz); Frequency: 1800

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 1800 MHz; σ = 1.53 S/m; ϵ_r = 52.89; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(9.08, 9.08, 9.08); Calibrated: 11/19/2019;

- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 11/13/2019
- Phantom: SAM 2 with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1663
- DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=100 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area Scan (31x121x1): Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.0535 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=100 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 5.969 V/m; Power Drift = 0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 70.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 38 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 19.8 W/kg

Normalized to target power = 1 W and actual power = 0.001 W

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 42.4 W/kg



0.011

Evaluation For: Medicalgorithmics S.A. Product: Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System

Date: 7/17/2020 SAR Test Report W/kg 0.054 0.043 0.032 0.021



Date: 7/17/2020

Evaluation For: Medicalgorithmics S.A.

Dipole_Band 13

Procedure Notes: Ambient Temp: 22.8C, Fluid Temp: 22.2C

DUT: Dipole 750 MHz D750V3; Serial: D750V3 - SN:xxx

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Communication System Band: D750 (750.0 MHz); Frequency: 750

MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: f = 750 MHz; σ = 0.9 S/m; ε_r = 41.86; ρ = 1000 kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

Probe: EX3DV3 - SN3516; ConvF(11.41, 11.41, 11.41); Calibrated: 11/19/2019;

Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection), Sensor-Surface: 4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)

• Electronics: DAE4 Sn358; Calibrated: 11/13/2019

Phantom: SAM 2 with CRP v5.0; Type: QD000P40CD; Serial: TP:1663

DASY52 52.8.7(1137); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7164)

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=100 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Area **Scan (31x121x1):** Interpolated grid: dx=1.500 mm, dy=1.500 mm Maximum value of SAR (interpolated) = 0.00910 W/kg

System Performance Check at Frequencies below 1 GHz/d=10mm, Pin=100 mW, dist=2.0mm (EX-Probe)/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 3.239 V/m; Power Drift = 0.35 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 11.6 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.1 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.46 W/kg

Normalized to target power = 1 W and actual power = 0.001 W Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 8.44 W/kg



Evaluation For: Medicalgorithmics S.A. Product: Unified Arrhythmia Diagnostic System

Date: 7/17/2020

