FCC Test Report

Report No.: AGC04138190201FE03

FCC ID	:	2AAXO-SMK198
APPLICATION PURPOSE	:	Original Equipment
PRODUCT DESIGNATION	:	PORTABLE KARAOKE PLAYER WITH BLUETOOTH
BRAND NAME	:	Singing Machine
MODEL NAME	:	Refer to page 6
CLIENT	:	The Singing Machine Company Inc.
DATE OF ISSUE	:	Mar. 18, 2019
STANDARD(S)	:	FCC Part 15.247
REPORT VERSION	:	V1.0

Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd

REPORT REVISE RECORD

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	Mar. 18, 2019	Valid	Initial Release

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1. VERIFICATION OF CONFORMITY

Applicant	The Singing Machine Company Inc.
Address	6301 NW 5th Way, Suite 2900 Fort Lauderdale, FL, 33309, U.S.A.
Manufacturer	ZHUHAI FULLWING ELECTRONIC CO.,LTD ZHONGSHAN BRANCH
Address	4/F & 5/F, No 10, Xingye Road, Xinxu, San Xiang, Zhongshan, Guangdong, China
Factory	ZHUHAI FULLWING ELECTRONIC CO.,LTD ZHONGSHAN BRANCH
Address	4/F & 5/F, No 10, Xingye Road, Xinxu, San Xiang, Zhongshan, Guangdong, China
Product Designation	PORTABLE KARAOKE PLAYER WITH BLUETOOTH
Brand Name	Singing Machine
Test Model	SMK198
Series Model	SMK198A, SMK198B, SMK198XX (X is reserved for future color change, it can be 0-9, A-Z or NA), SMK178, SMK178A, SMK178B, SMK178XX (X is reserved for future color change, it can be 0-9, A-Z or NA)
Difference Description	All the same except for the model name, front appearance and function(SMK198 has function with "sound effects" and "voice effects" and "songs". SMK178 doesn't have them, but their PCB is the same)
Date of test	Mar. 12, 2019 to Mar. 18, 2019
Deviation	None
Condition of Test Sample	Normal
Test Result	Pass
Report Template	AGCRT-US-BR/RF

We hereby certify that:

The above equipment was tested by Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. The test data, data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C63.10 (2013) and the energy emitted by the sample EUT tested as described in this report is in compliance with radiated emission limits of FCC PART 15.247.

Tested By	Max Zhang	
	Max Zhang(Zhang Yi)	Mar. 18, 2019
Reviewed By	Bart Xie	
	Bart Xie(Xie Xiaobin)	Mar. 18, 2019
Approved By	Forrest Lei	
	Forrest Lei(Lei Yonggang) Authorized Officer	Mar. 18, 2019

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The EUT is designed as “PORTABLE KARAOKE PLAYER WITH BLUETOOTH”. It is designed by way of utilizing the GFSK, Pi/4 DQPSK and 8DPSK technology to achieve the system operation.

A major technical description of EUT is described as following

Operation Frequency	2.402 GHz to 2.480GHz
RF Output Power	2.057dBm(Max)
Bluetooth Version	V5.0
Modulation	BR ☒GFSK, EDR ☒π /4-DQPSK, ☒8DPSK BLE ☐GFSK 1Mbps ☐GFSK 2Mbps
Number of channels	79
Hardware Version	V3.0
Software Version	V1.0
Antenna Designation	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain	-0.58dBi
Power Supply	DC 3V by battery or DC 5V by adapter

2.2. TABLE OF CARRIER FREQUENCYS

Frequency Band	Channel Number	Frequency
2402~2480MHZ	0	2402MHZ
	1	2403MHZ
	:	:
	38	2440 MHZ
	39	2441 MHZ
	40	2442 MHZ
	:	:
	77	2479 MHZ
	78	2480 MHZ

2.3. RECEIVER INPUT BANDWIDTH

The input bandwidth of the receiver is 1.3MHZ,In every connection one Bluetooth device is the master and the other one is slave. The master determines the hopping sequence. The slave follows this sequence. Both devices shift between RX and TX time slot according to the clock of the master. Additionally the type of connection(e.g. single of multislot packet) is set up at the beginning of the connection. The master adapts its hopping frequency and its TX/RX timing according to the packet type of the connection. Also the slave of the connection will use these settings.

Repeating of a packet has no influence on the hopping sequence. The hopping sequence generated by the master of the connection will be followed in any case. That means, a repeated packet will not be send on the same frequency, it is send on the next frequency of the hopping sequence.

2.4. EXAMPLE OF A HOPPING SEQUENCY IN DATA MODE

Example of a 79 hopping sequence in data mode:
40,21,44,23,42,53,46,55,48,33,52,35,50,65,54,67
56,37,60,39,58,69,62,71,64,25,68,27,66,57,70,59
72,29,76,31,74,61,78,63,01,41,05,43,03,73,07,75
09,45,13,47,11,77,15,00,64,49,66,53,68,02,70,06
01, 51, 03, 55, 05, 04

2.5. EQUALLY AVERAGE USE OF FREQUENCIES AND BEHAVIOUR

The generation of the hopping sequence in connection mode depends essentially on two input values:
1. LAP/UAP of the master of the connection.
2. Internal master clock

The LAP(lower address part) are the 24 LSB's of the 48 BD_ADDRESS. The BD_ADDRESS is an unambiguous number of every Bluetooth unit. The UAP(upper address part) are the 24MSB's of the 48BD_ADDRESS

The internal clock of a Bluetooth unit is derived from a free running clock which is never adjusted and is never turned off. For ehavior zation with other units only offset are used. It has no relation to the time of the day. Its resolution is at least half the RX/TX slot length of 312.5us.The clock has a cycle of about one day(23h30).In most case it is implemented as 28 bit counter. For the deriving of the hopping sequence the entire. LAP(24 bits),4LSB's(4bits)(Input 1) and the 27MSB's of the clock(Input 2) are used. With this input values different mathematical procedures(permutations, additions, XOR-operations)are performed to generate te Sequence. This will be done at the beginning of every new transmission.

Regarding short transmissions the Bluetooth system has the following ehavior:

The first connection between the two devices is established, a hopping sequence was generated. For Transmitting the wanted data the complete hopping sequence was not used. The connection ended.

The second connection will be established. A new hopping sequence is generated. Due to the fact the Bluetooth clock has a different value, because the period between the two transmission is longer(and it Cannot be shorter) than the minimum resolution of the clock(312.5us).The hopping sequence will always Differ from the first one.

2.6. RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT (S)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2AAXO-SMK198** filing to comply with the FCC PART 15.247 requirements.

2.7. TEST METHODOLOGY

Both conducted and radiated testing was performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.10 (2013). Radiated testing was performed at an antenna to EUT distance 3 meters.

2.8. SPECIAL ACCESSORIES

Refer to section 5.2.

2.9. EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.

3. MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The uncertainty is calculated using the methods suggested in the “Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in measurement” (GUM) published by CISPR and ANSI.

- Uncertainty of Conducted Emission, Uc = ±3.2 dB
- Uncertainty of Radiated Emission below 1GHz, Uc = ±3.9 dB
- Uncertainty of Radiated Emission above 1GHz, Uc = ±4.8 dB

4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

NO.	TEST MODE DESCRIPTION
1	Low channel TX
2	Middle channel TX
3	High channel TX
4	Normal Operating (BT)

Note:

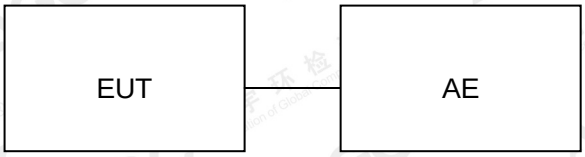
1. Only the result of the worst case was recorded in the report, if no other cases.
2. For Radiated Emission, 3axis were chosen for testing for each applicable mode.
3. For Conducted Test method, a temporary antenna connector is provided by the manufacture.

5. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

5.1. CONFIGURATION OF EUT SYSTEM

Radiated Emission Configure :

Conducted Emission Configure :



5.2 EQUIPMENT USED IN TESTED SYSTEM

Item	Equipment	Model No.	ID or Specification	Remark
1	Adapter	DYS602-050200W	DC 5V/2A	AE

5.3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC RULES	DESCRIPTION OF TEST	RESULT
15.247	Peak Output Power	Compliant
15.247	20 dB Bandwidth	Compliant
15.247	Spurious Emission	Compliant
15.247&15.209	Radiated Emission	Compliant
15.247	Number of Hopping Frequency	Compliant
15.247	Time of Occupancy	Compliant
15.247	Frequency Separation	Compliant
15.207	Conducted Emission	Compliant

6. TEST FACILITY

Test Site	Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd
Location	1-2/F, Building 19, Junfeng Industrial Park, Chongqing Road, Heping Community, Fuhai Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Designation Number	CN1259
A2LA Cert. No.	5054.02
Description	Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd is accredited by A2LA

TEST EQUIPMENT OF CONDUCTED EMISSION TEST

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESPI	101206	Jun. 12, 2018	Jun. 11, 2019
LISN	R&S	ESH2-Z5	100086	Aug. 28, 2018	Aug. 27, 2019

TEST EQUIPMENT OF RADIATED EMISSION TEST

Equipment	Manufacturer	Model	S/N	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	10096	Jun. 12, 2018	Jun. 11, 2019
EXA Signal Analyzer	Aglient	N9010A	MY53470504	Dec. 20, 2018	Dec. 19, 2019
2.4GHz Fliter	Micro-tronics	087	N/A	Jun. 12, 2018	Jun. 11, 2019
Attenuator	Weinachel Corp	58-30-33	N/A	Jun. 12, 2018	Jun. 11, 2019
Horn antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	#768	Sep. 21, 2017	Sep. 20, 2020
Active loop antenna (9K-30MHz)	ZHINAN	ZN30900C	18051	Jun. 14, 2018	Jun. 13, 2020
Double-Ridged Waveguide Horn	ETS LINDGREN	3117	00034609	May. 26, 2018	May. 25, 2020
Broadband Preamplifier	ETS LINDGREN	3117PA	00225134	Oct. 25, 2018	Oct. 24, 2019
ANTENNA	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9168	D69250	Sep. 28, 2017	Sep. 27, 2019

7. PEAK OUTPUT POWER

7.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

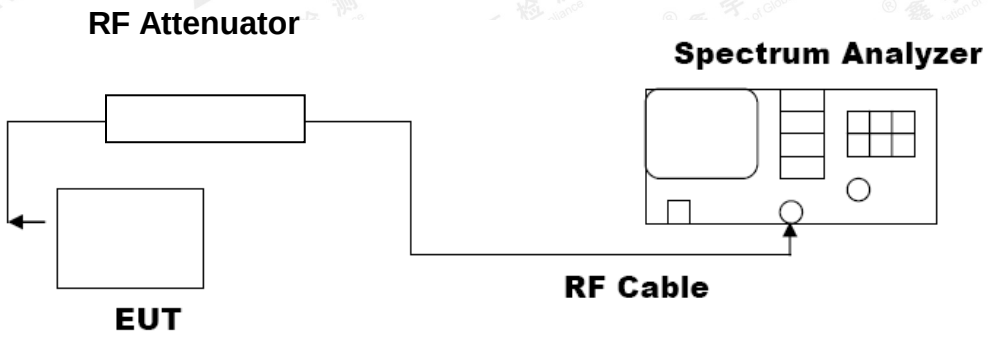
For peak power test:

1. Connect EUT RF output port to the Spectrum Analyzer through an RF attenuator
2. Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
3. RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
4. VBW ≥RBW.
5. Sweep: Auto.
6. Detector function: Peak.
7. Trace: Max hold.

Allow trace to stabilize. Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission. The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.

7.2. TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

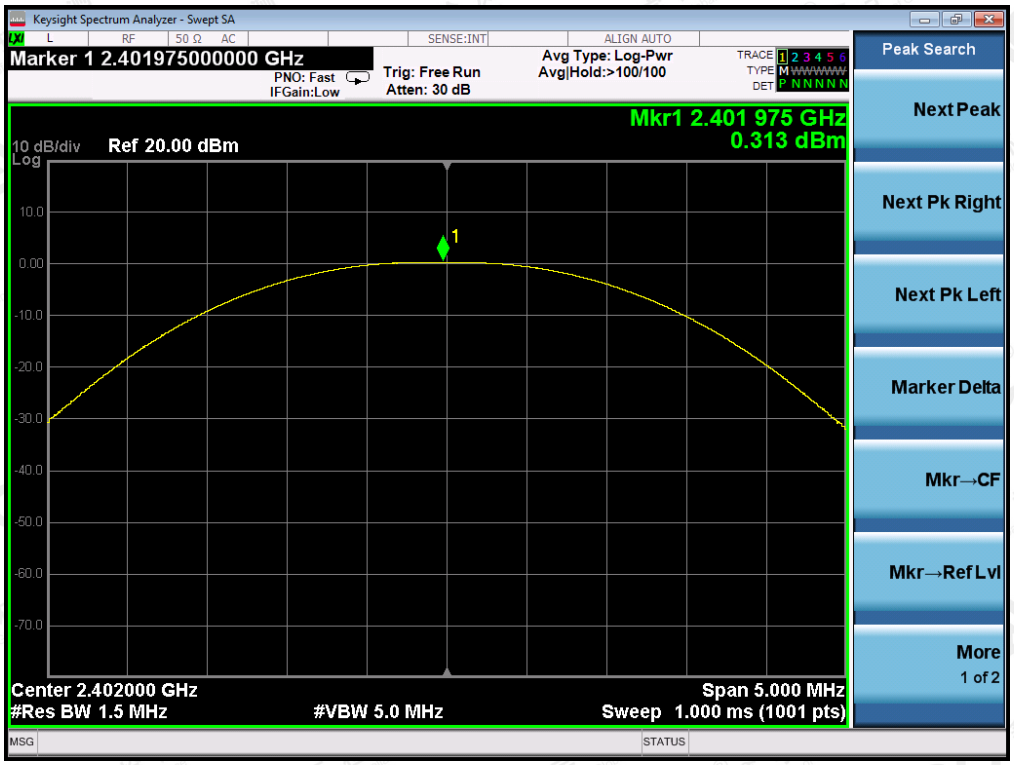
PEAK POWER TEST SETUP



7.3. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR GFSK MOUDULATION			
Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Applicable Limits (dBm)	Pass or Fail
2.402	0.313	30	Pass
2.441	-0.677	30	Pass
2.480	-1.501	30	Pass

CH0



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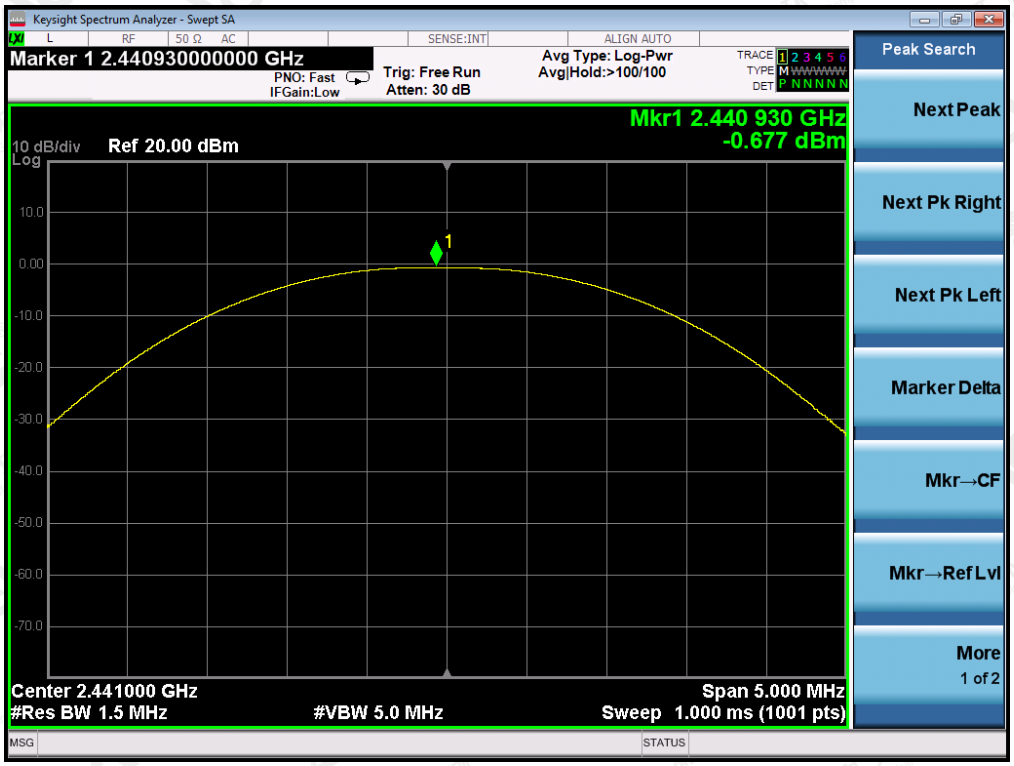
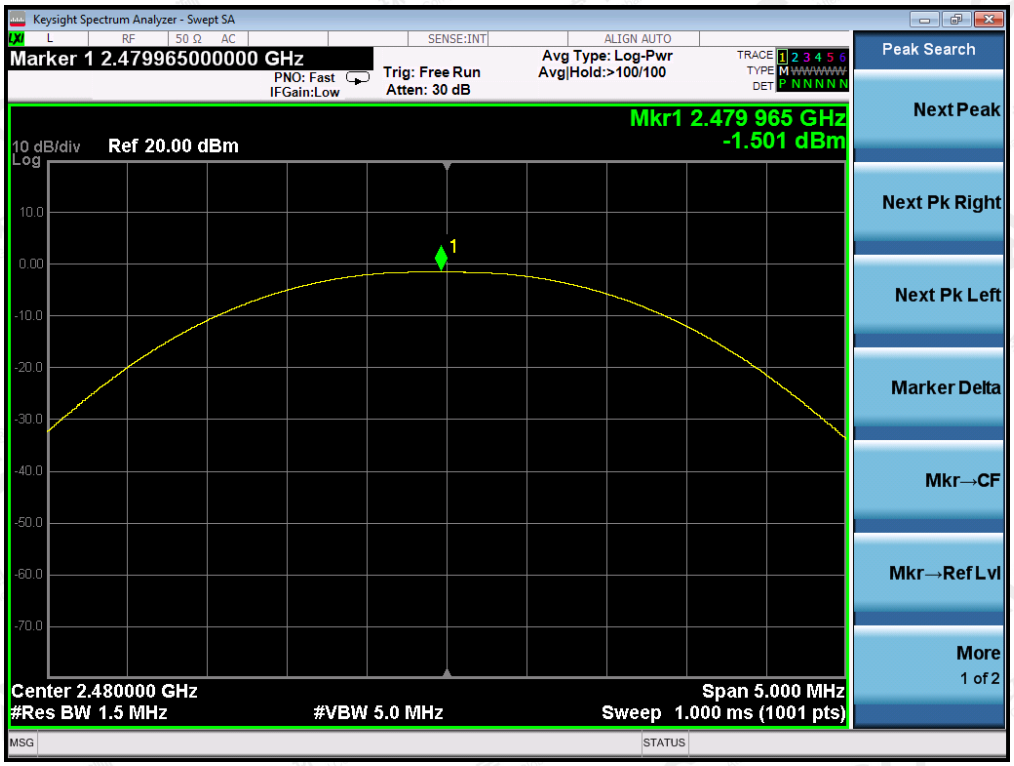
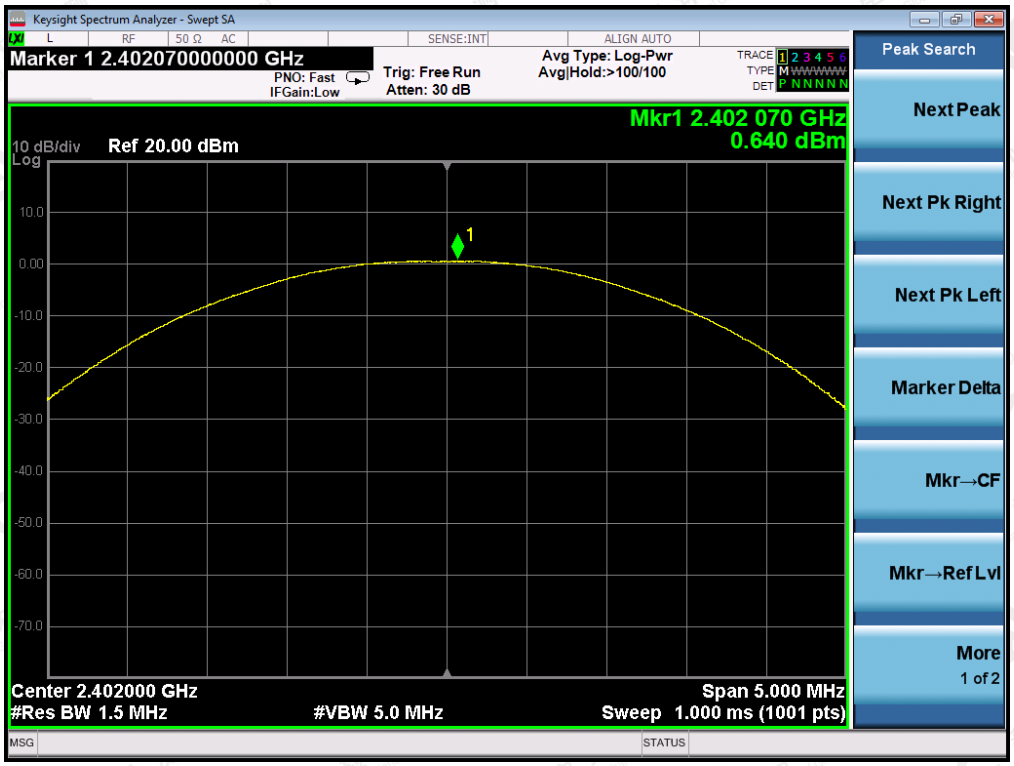


CH78



PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR Ⅱ /4-DQPSK MODULATION			
Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Applicable Limits (dBm)	Pass or Fail
2.402	0.640	30	Pass
2.441	0.190	30	Pass
2.480	-0.631	30	Pass

CH0



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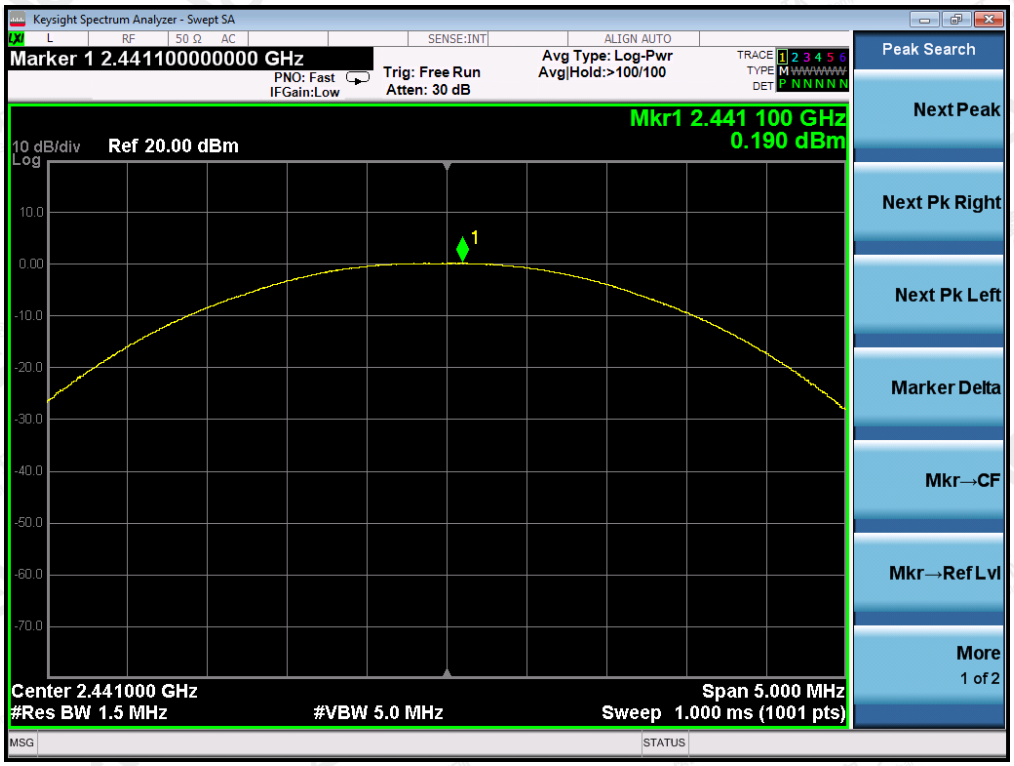

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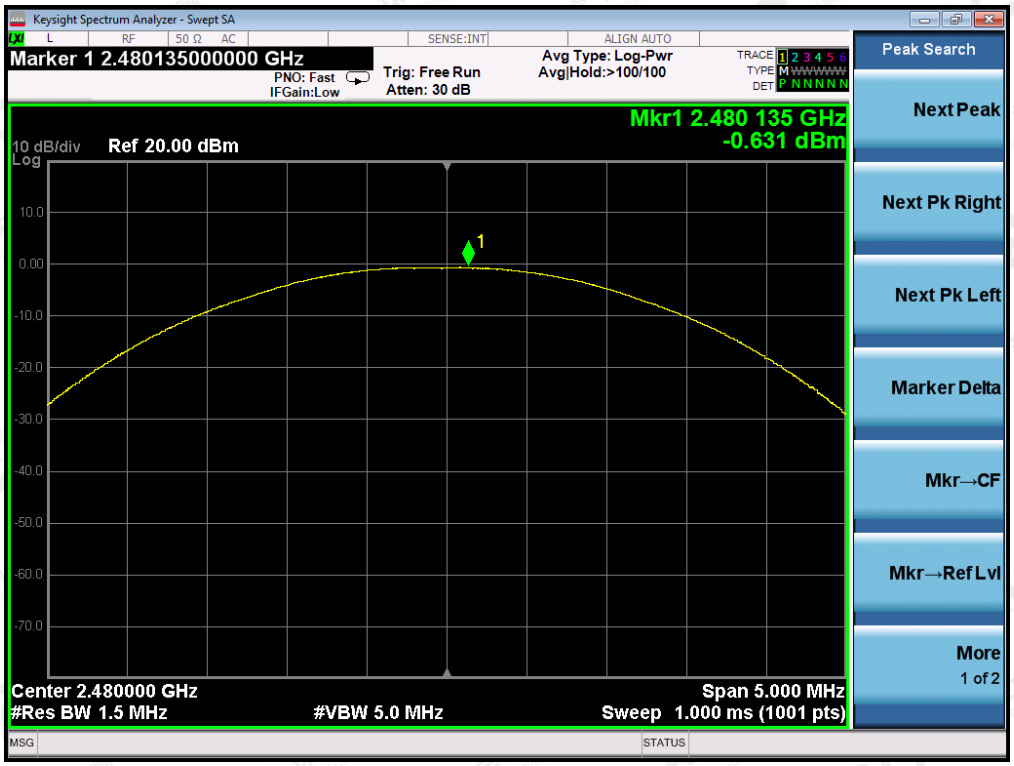
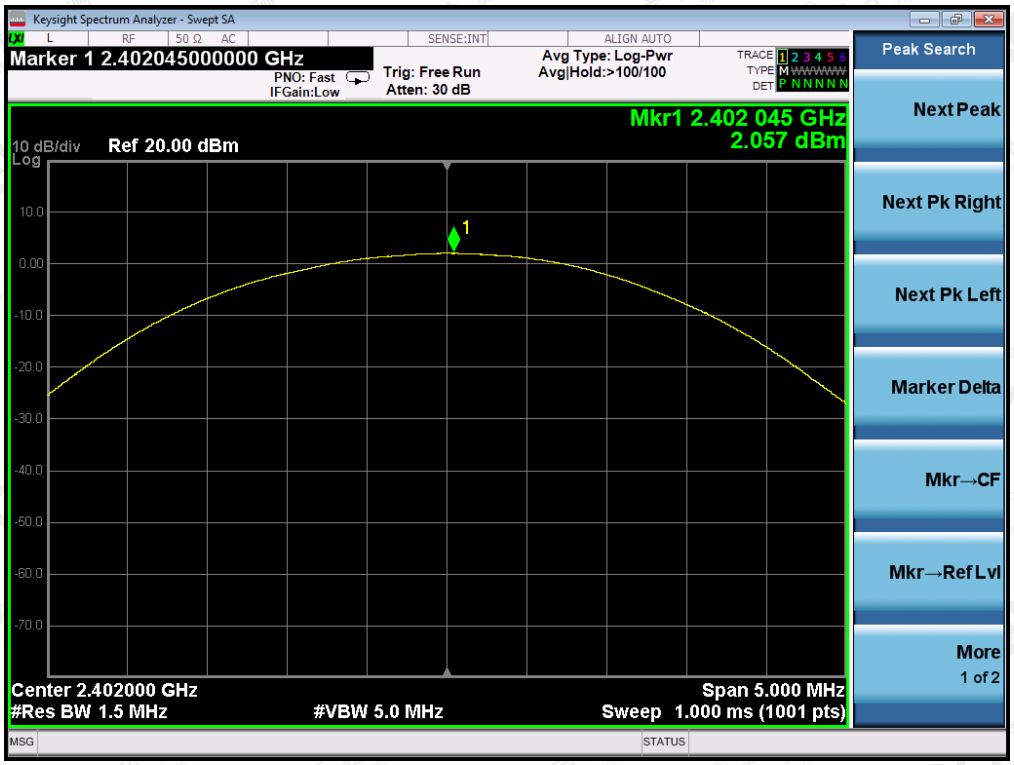


PEAK OUTPUT POWER MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR 8-DPSK MODULATION			
Frequency (GHz)	Peak Power (dBm)	Applicable Limits (dBm)	Pass or Fail
2.402	2.057	30	Pass
2.441	1.473	30	Pass
2.480	0.813	30	Pass

CH0



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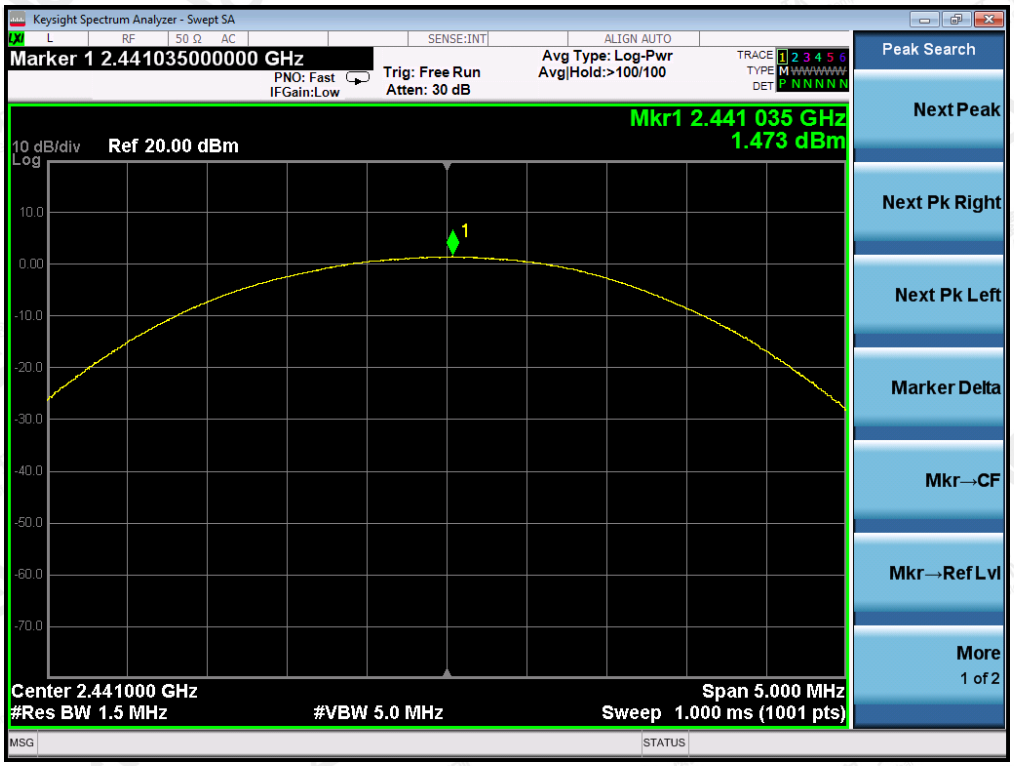

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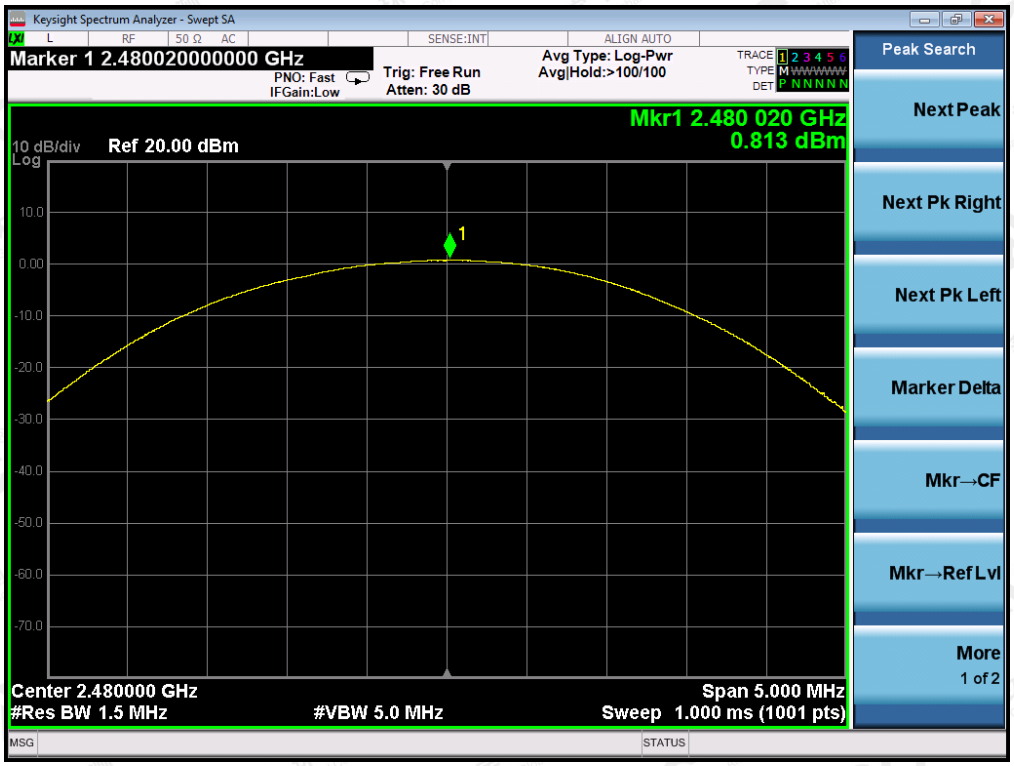
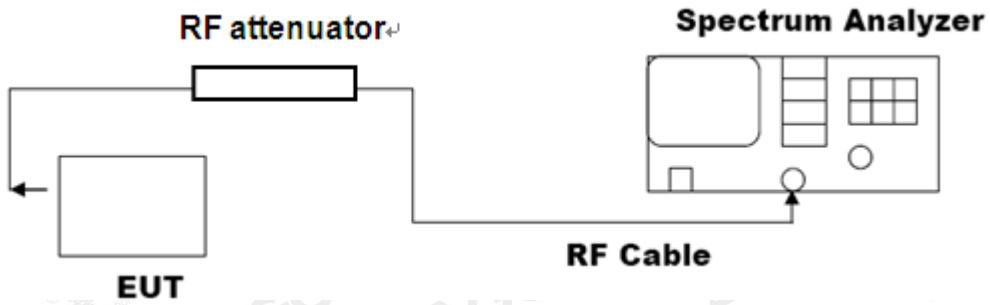


8. 20DB BANDWIDTH

8.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. Connect EUT RF output port to the Spectrum Analyzer through an RF attenuator
2, Set the EUT Work on the top, the middle and the bottom operation frequency individually.
3. Set Span = approximately 2 to 5 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hoping channel
   The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW and video bandwidth (VBW) shall be approximately three times RBW; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak
4. Set SPA Trace 1 Max hold, then View.

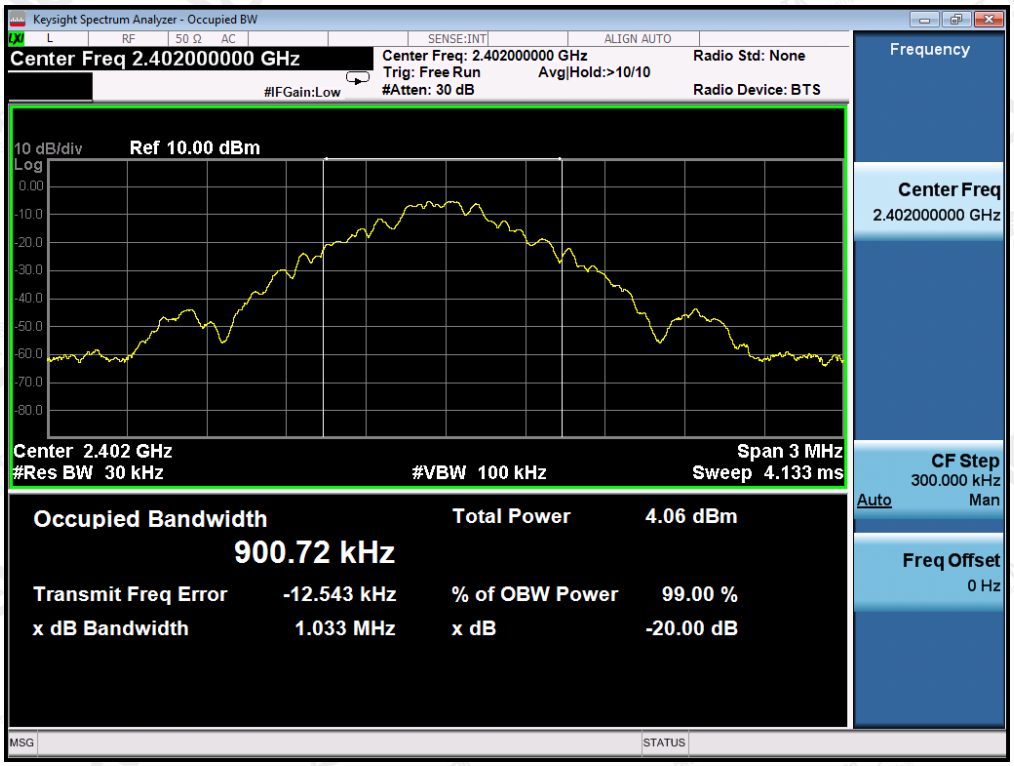
8.2. TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)



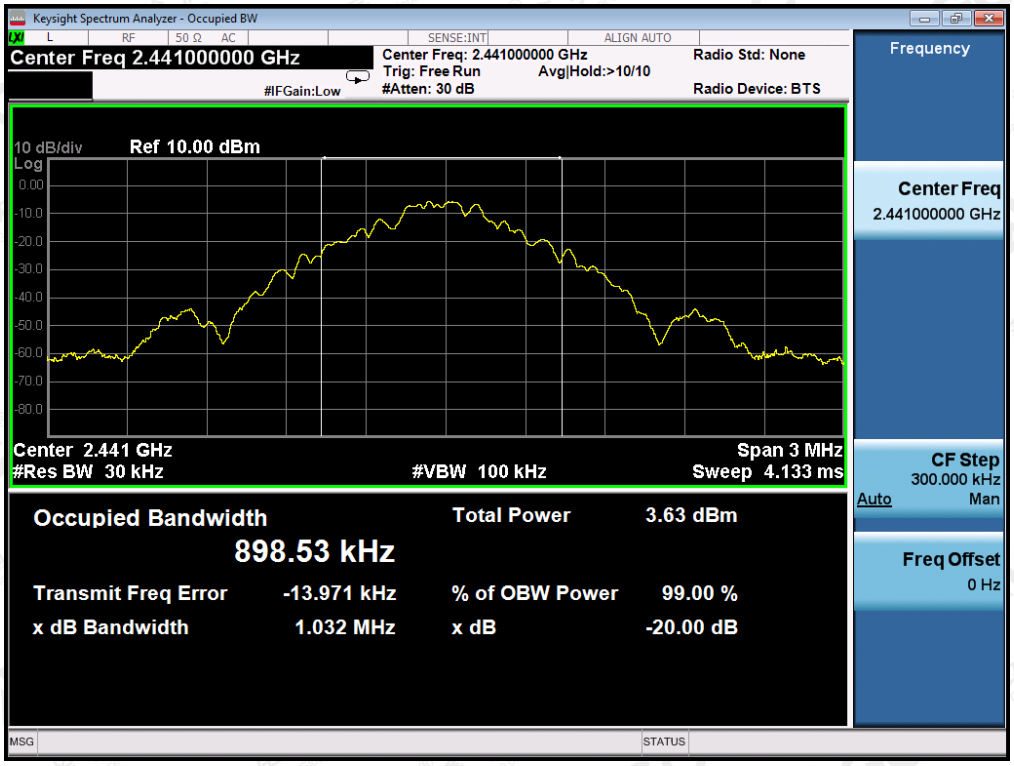
8.3. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULTS

MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR GFSK MOUDULATION			
Applicable Limits	Measurement Result		
	Test Data (MHz)		Criteria
N/A	Low Channel	1.033	PASS
	Middle Channel	1.032	PASS
	High Channel	1.032	PASS

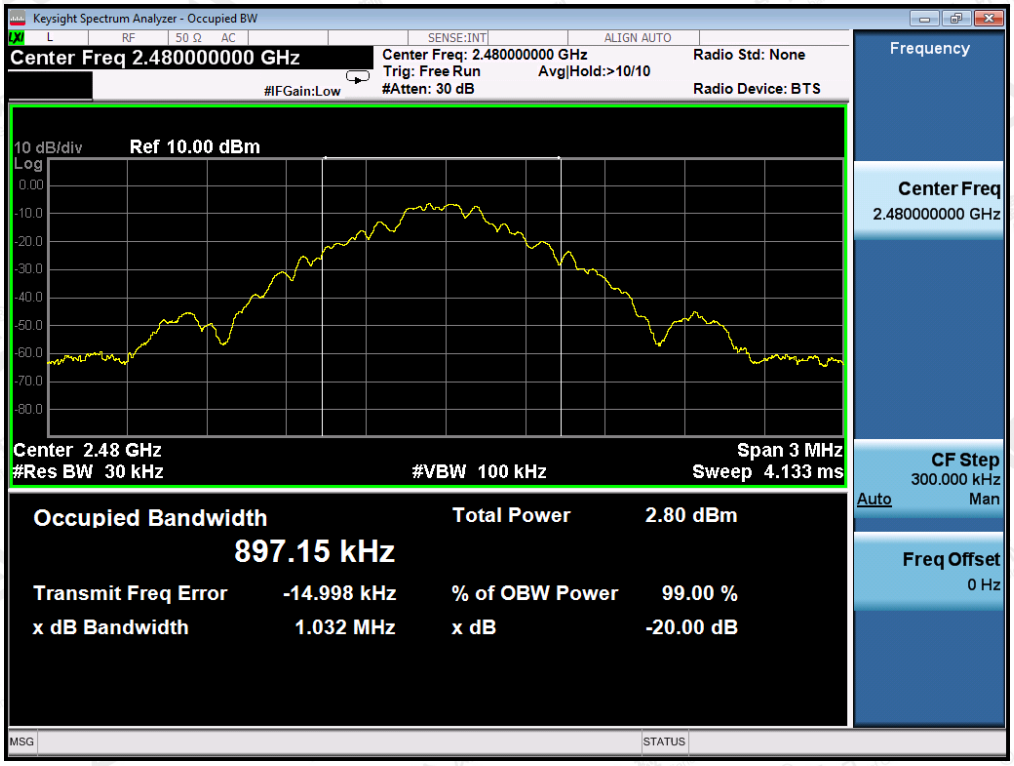
TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR LOW CHANNEL



TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR MIDDLE CHANNEL

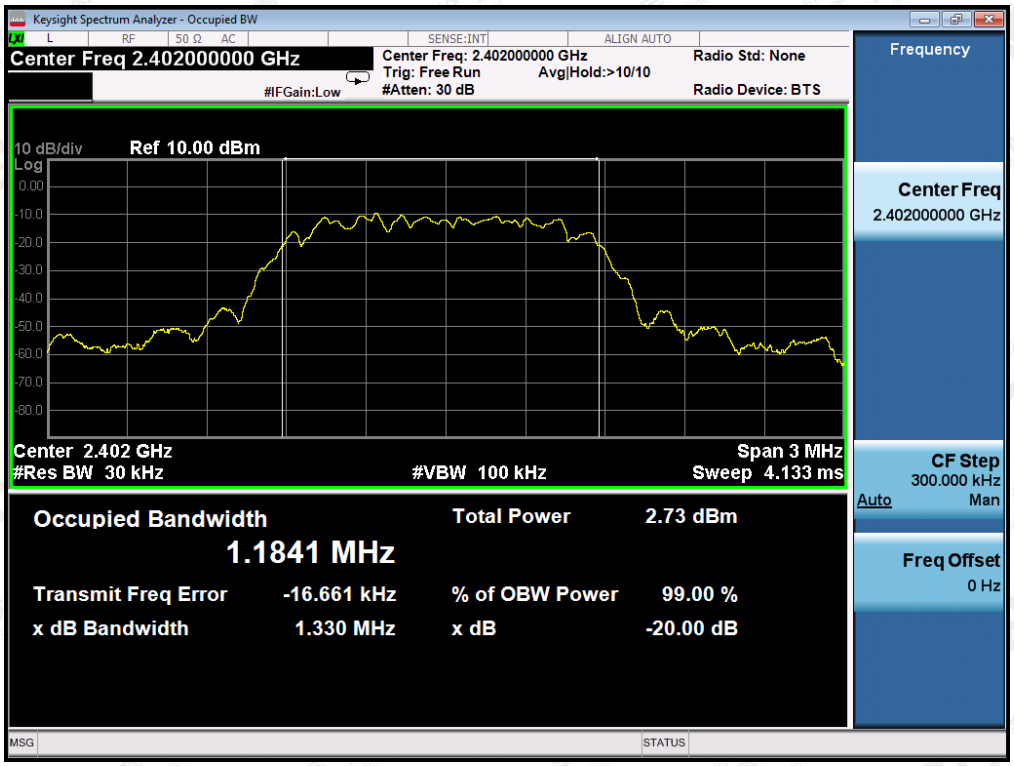


TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR HIGH CHANNEL

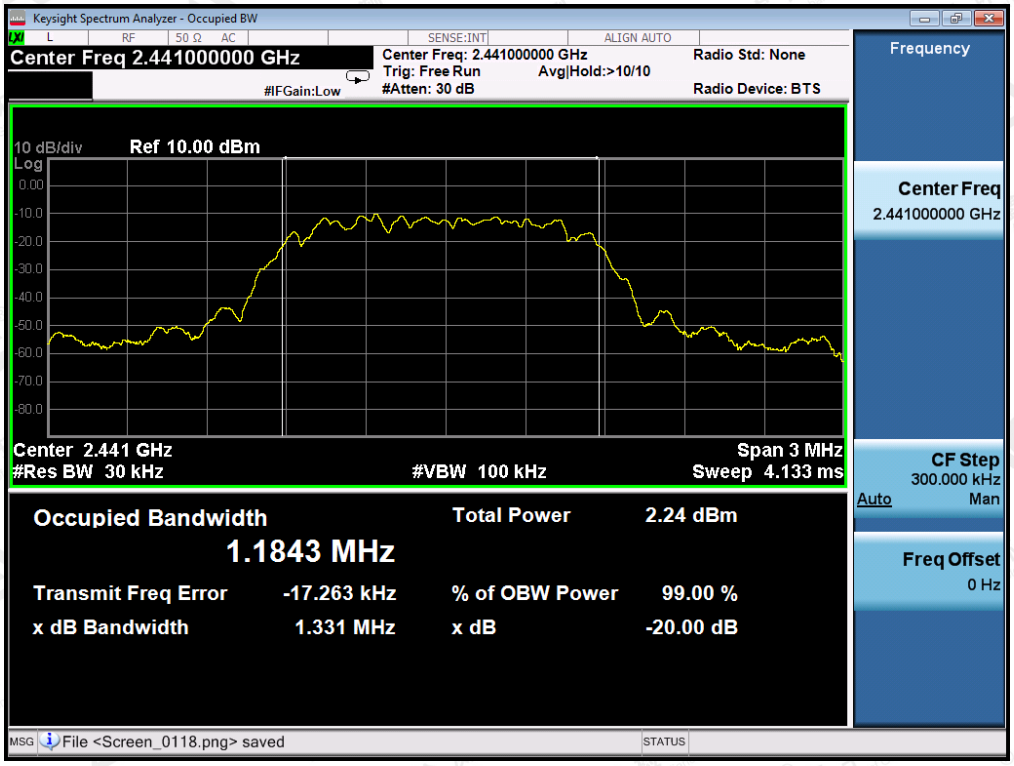


MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR Ⅱ /4-DQPSK MODULATION			
Applicable Limits	Measurement Result		
	Test Data (MHz)		Criteria
N/A	Low Channel	1.330	PASS
	Middle Channel	1.331	PASS
	High Channel	1.330	PASS

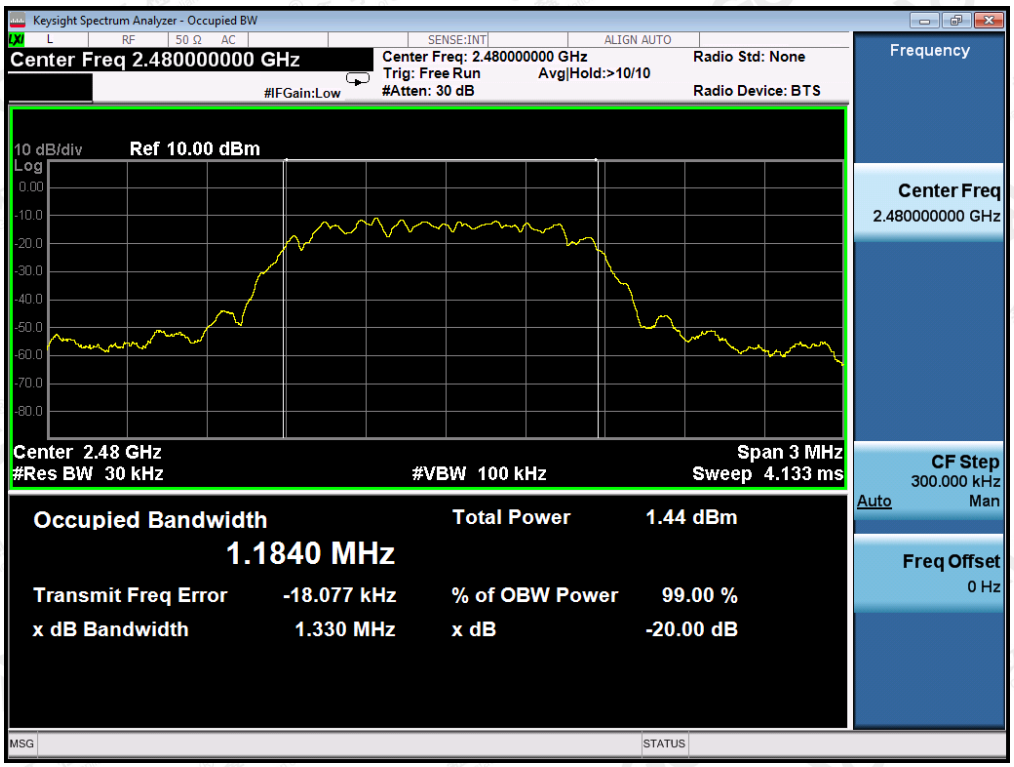
TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR LOW CHANNEL



TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR MIDDLE CHANNEL

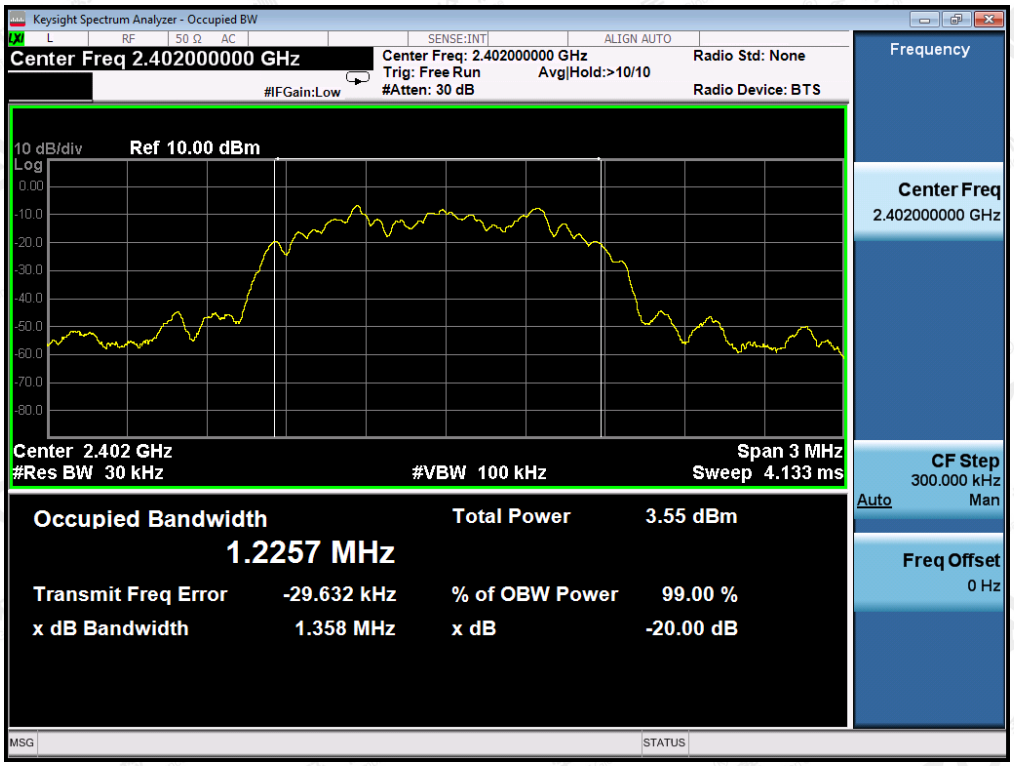


TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR HIGH CHANNEL

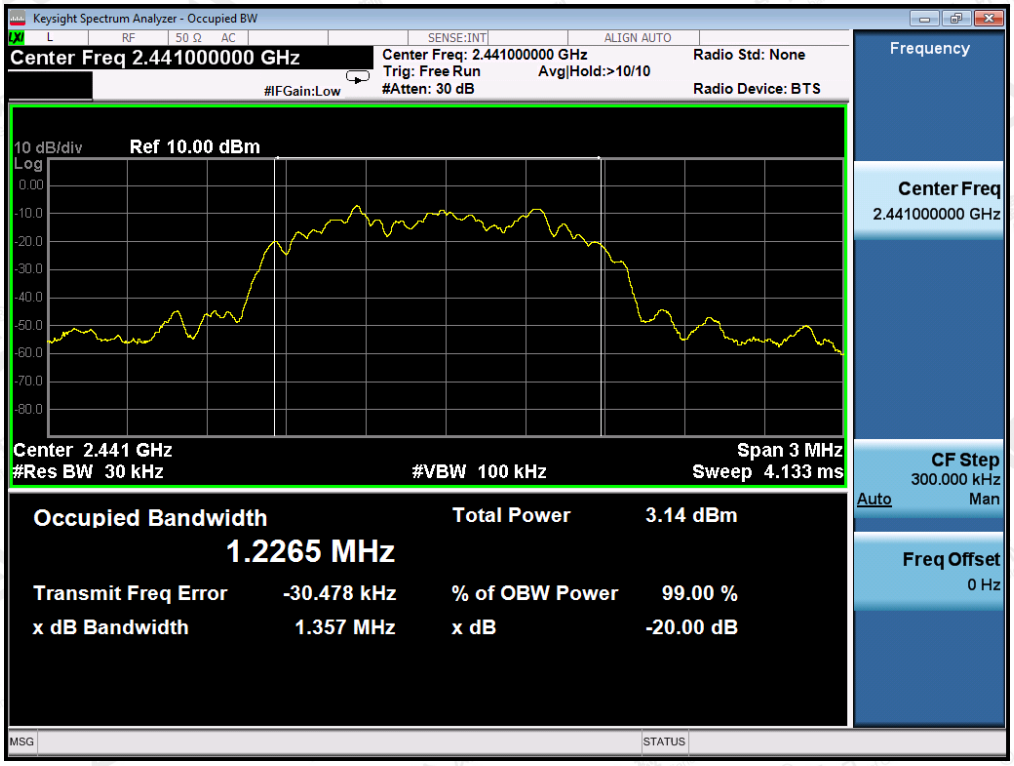


MEASUREMENT RESULT FOR 8-DPSK MODULATION			
Applicable Limits	Measurement Result		
	Test Data (MHz)		Criteria
N/A	Low Channel	1.358	PASS
	Middle Channel	1.357	PASS
	High Channel	1.354	PASS

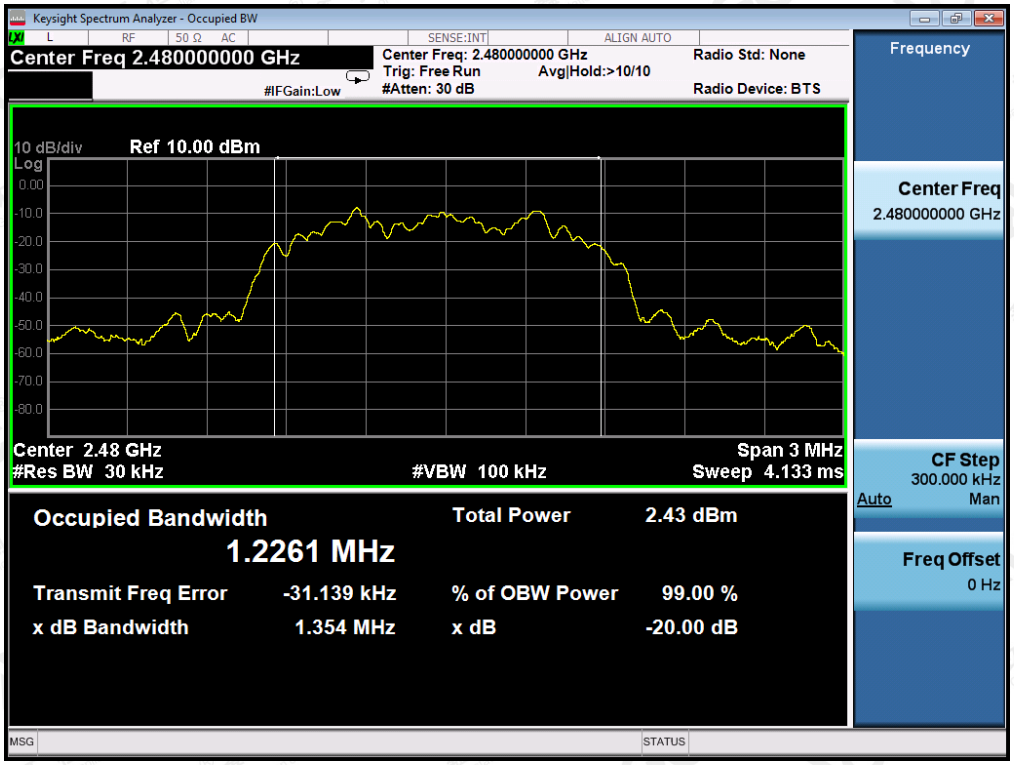
TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR LOW CHANNEL



TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR MIDDLE CHANNEL



TEST PLOT OF BANDWIDTH FOR HIGH CHANNEL



9. CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

9.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. Connect EUT RF output port to the Spectrum Analyzer through an RF attenuator
2. Set the EUT Work on the top, the Middle and the bottom operation frequency individually.
3. Set the Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic.
   RBW = 100 kHz; VBW= 300 kHz; Sweep = auto; Detector function = peak.
4. Set SPA Trace 1 Max hold, then View.

9.2. TEST SET-UP (BLOCK DIAGRAM OF CONFIGURATION)

The same as described in section 8.2

9.3. MEASUREMENT EQUIPMENT USED

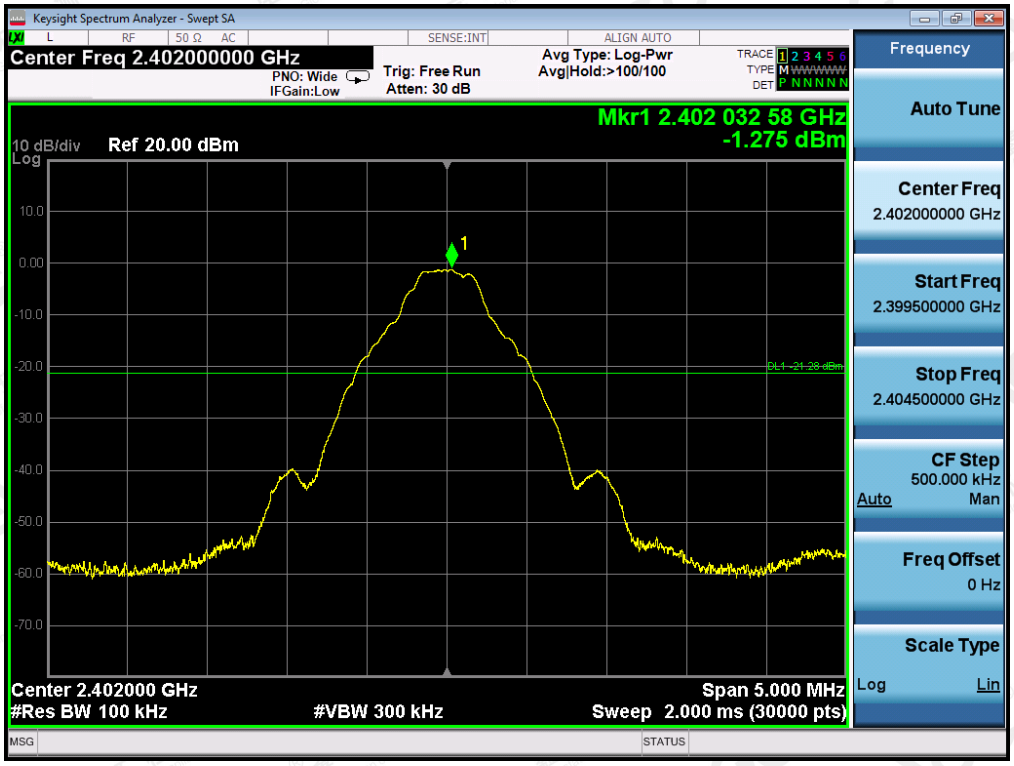
The same as described in section 6

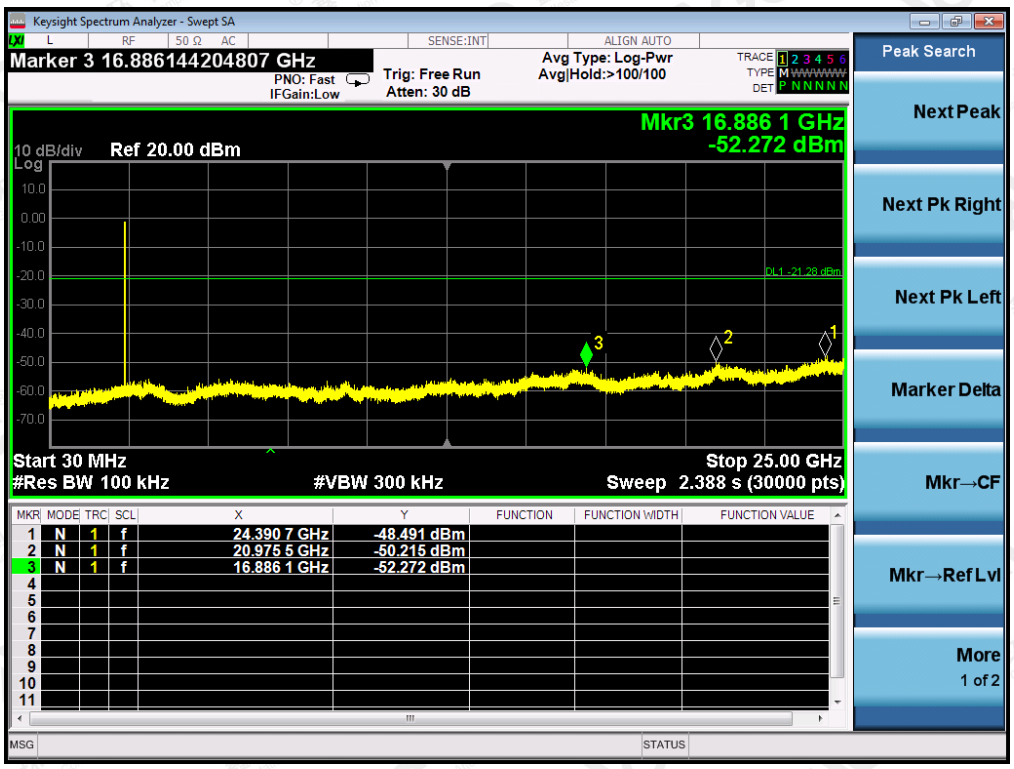
9.4. LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT

LIMITS AND MEASUREMENT RESULT		
Applicable Limits	**Measurement Result**	
	Test Data	**Criteria**
In any 100 KHz Bandwidth Outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produce by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in 100KHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power. In addition, radiation emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in §15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in§15.209(a))	At least -20dBc than the limit Specified on the BOTTOM Channel	PASS
	At least -20dBc than the limit Specified on the TOP Channel	PASS

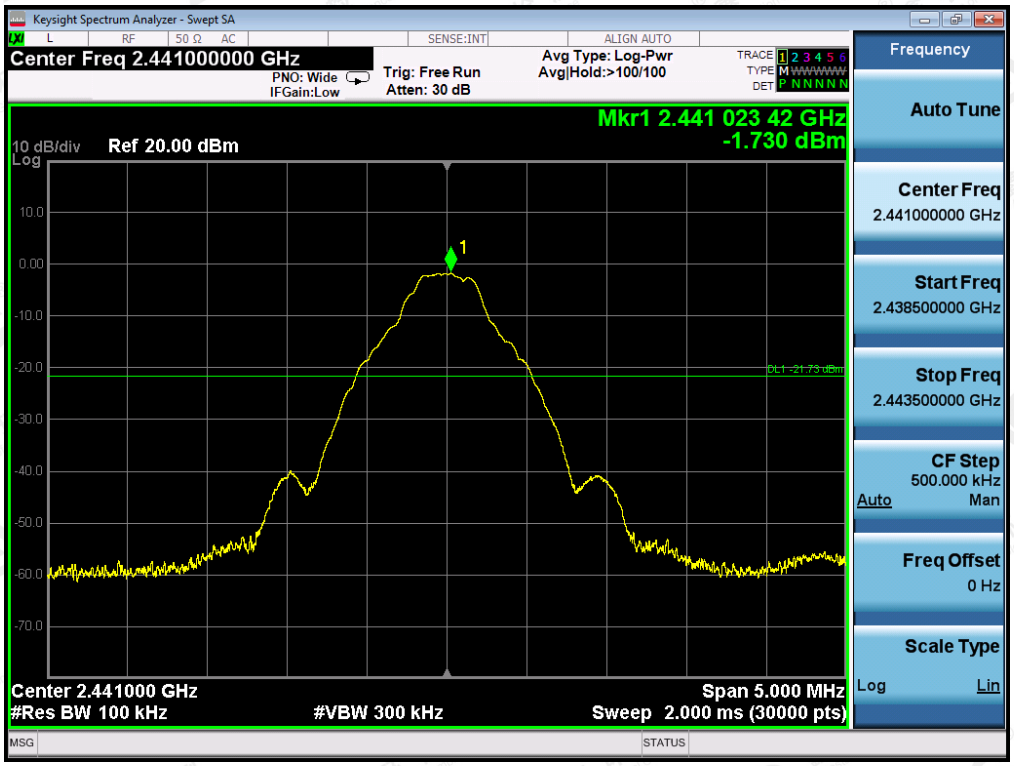
TEST RESULT FOR ENTIRE FREQUENCY RANGE

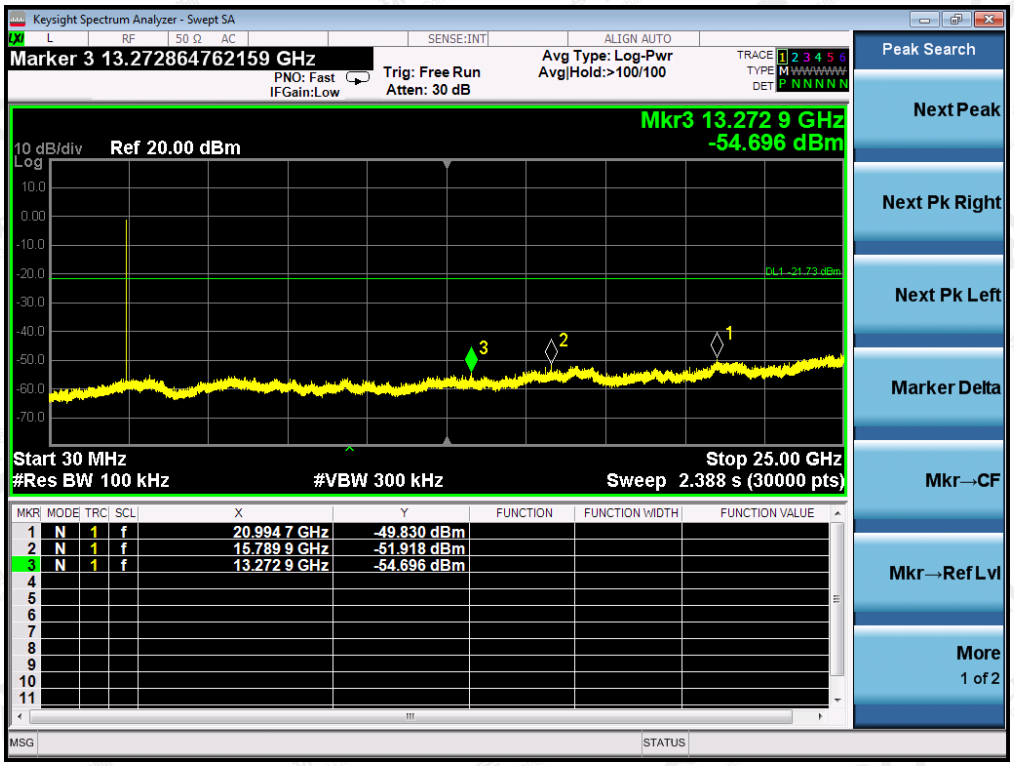
TEST PLOT OF OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS WITH THE WORST CASE OF GFSK MODULATION IN LOW CHANNEL



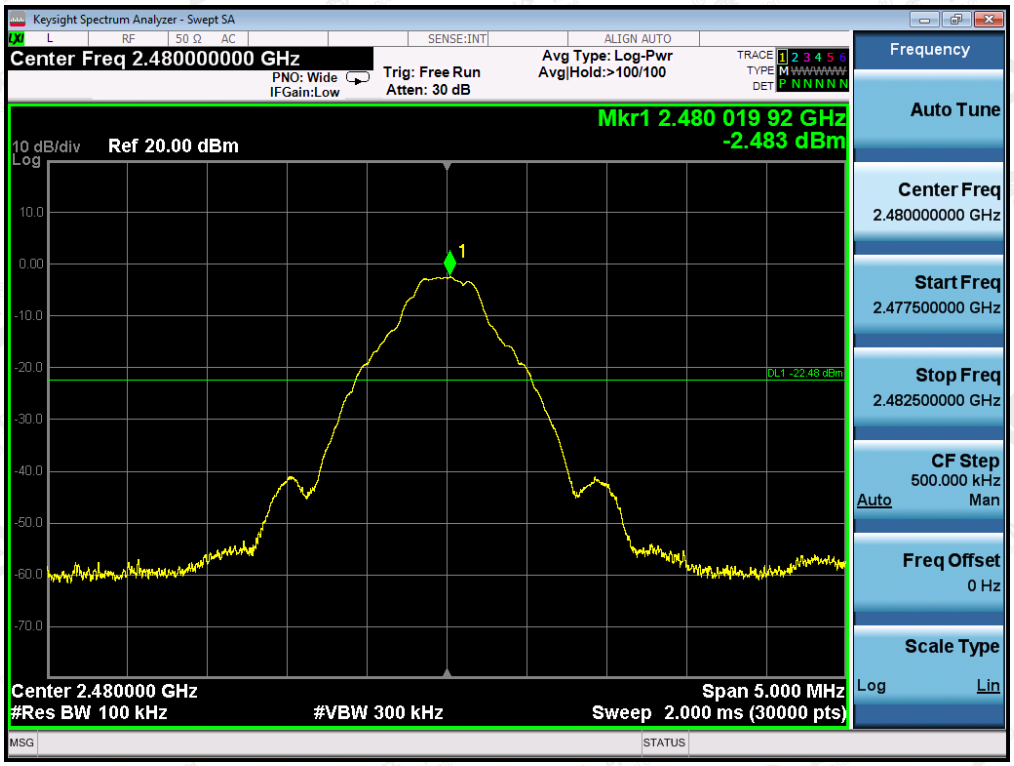


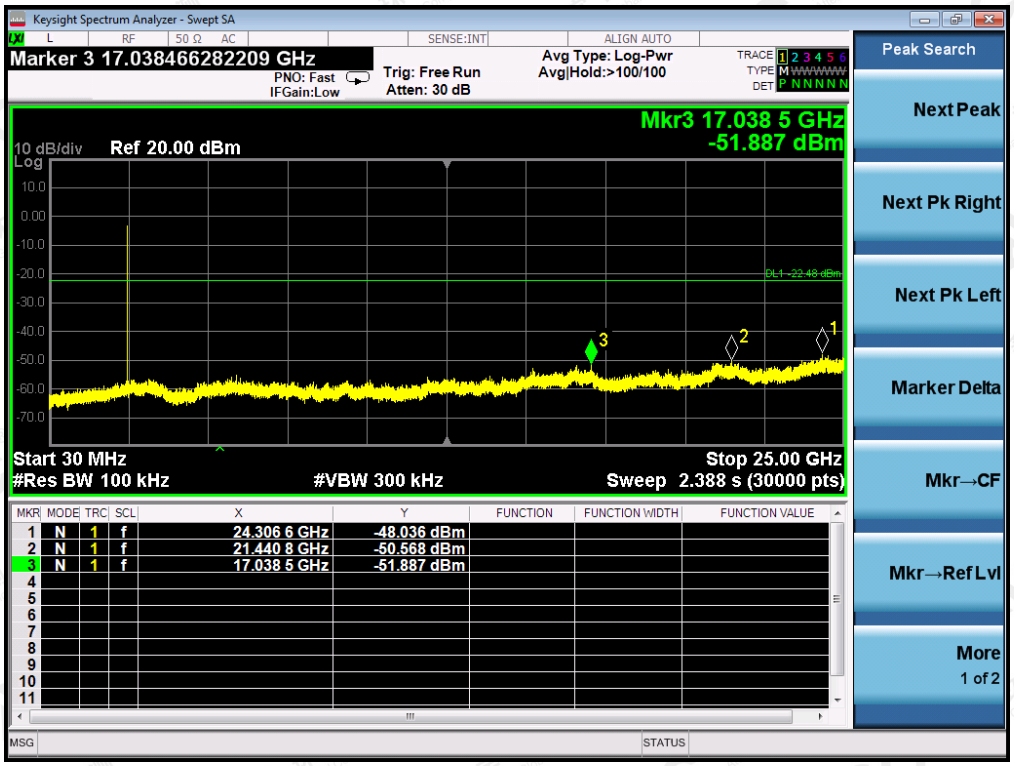
TEST PLOT OF OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS
OF GFSK MODULATION IN MIDDLE CHANNEL





TEST PLOT OF OUT OF BAND EMISSIONS
OF GFSK MODULATION IN HIGH CHANNEL



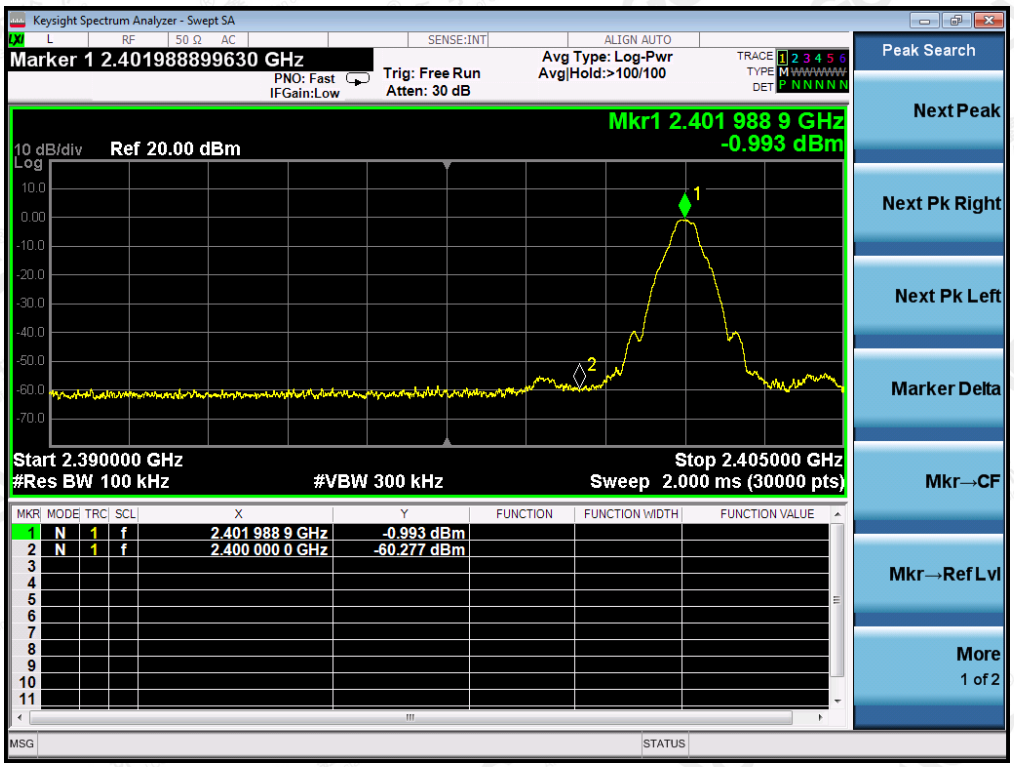


Note: The peak emissions without marker on the above plots are fundamental wave and need not to compare with the limit. The GFSK modulation is the worst case and only those data recorded in the report.

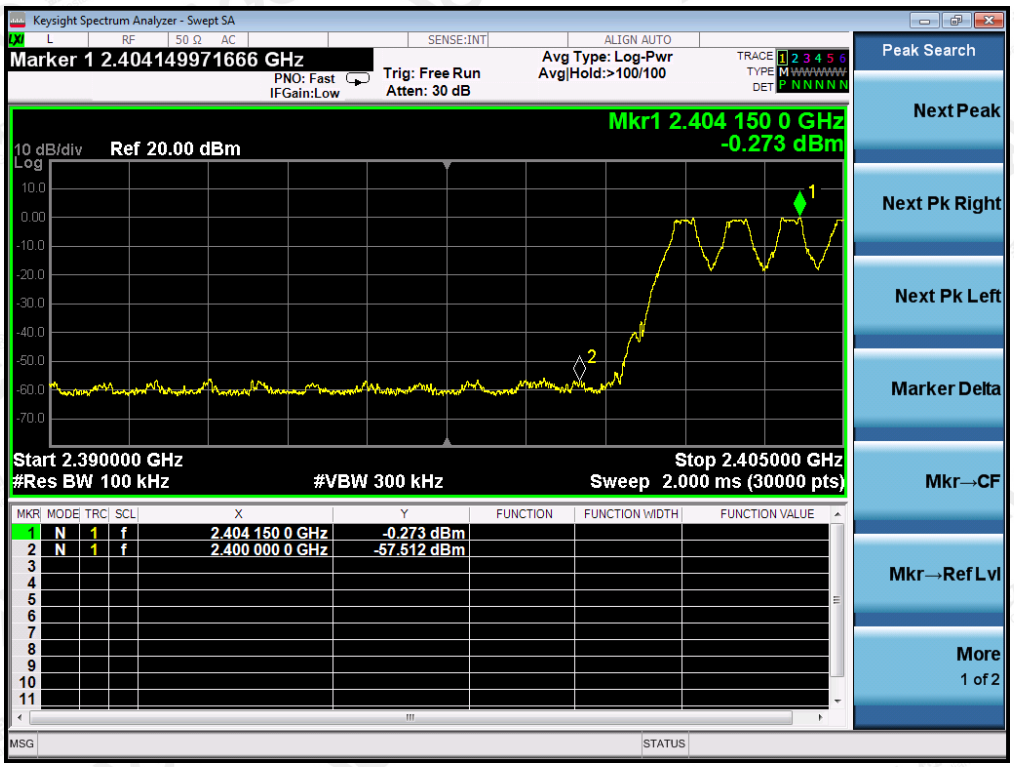
TEST RESULT FOR BAND EDGE

GFSK MODULATION IN LOW CHANNEL

Hopping off

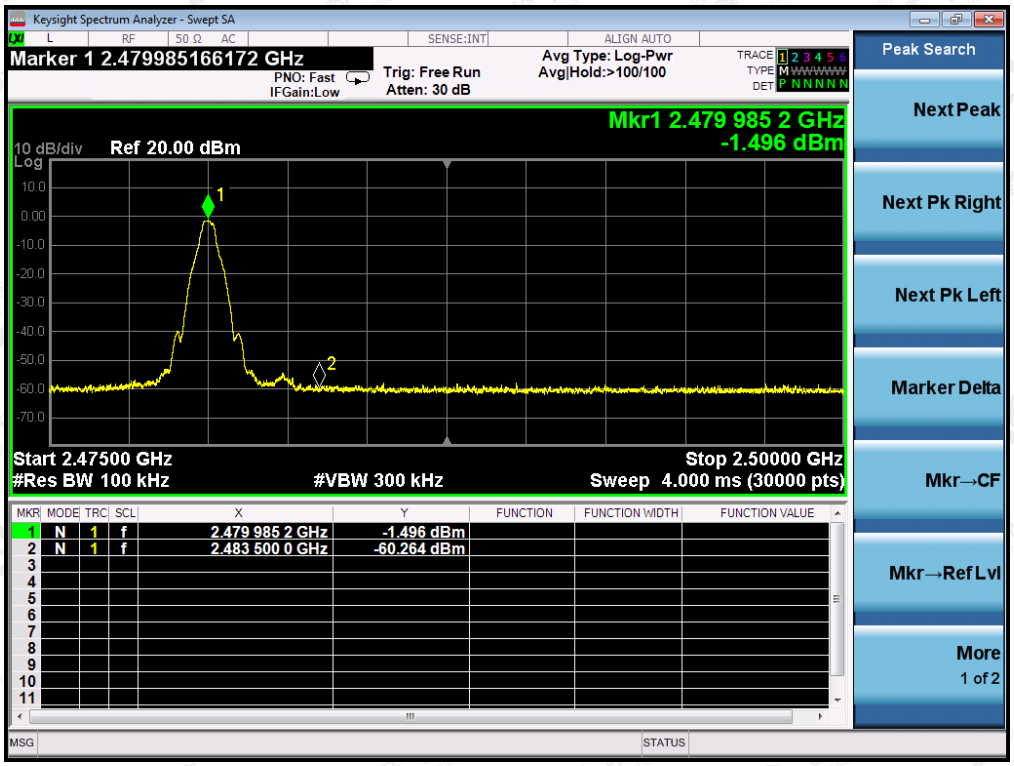


Hopping on

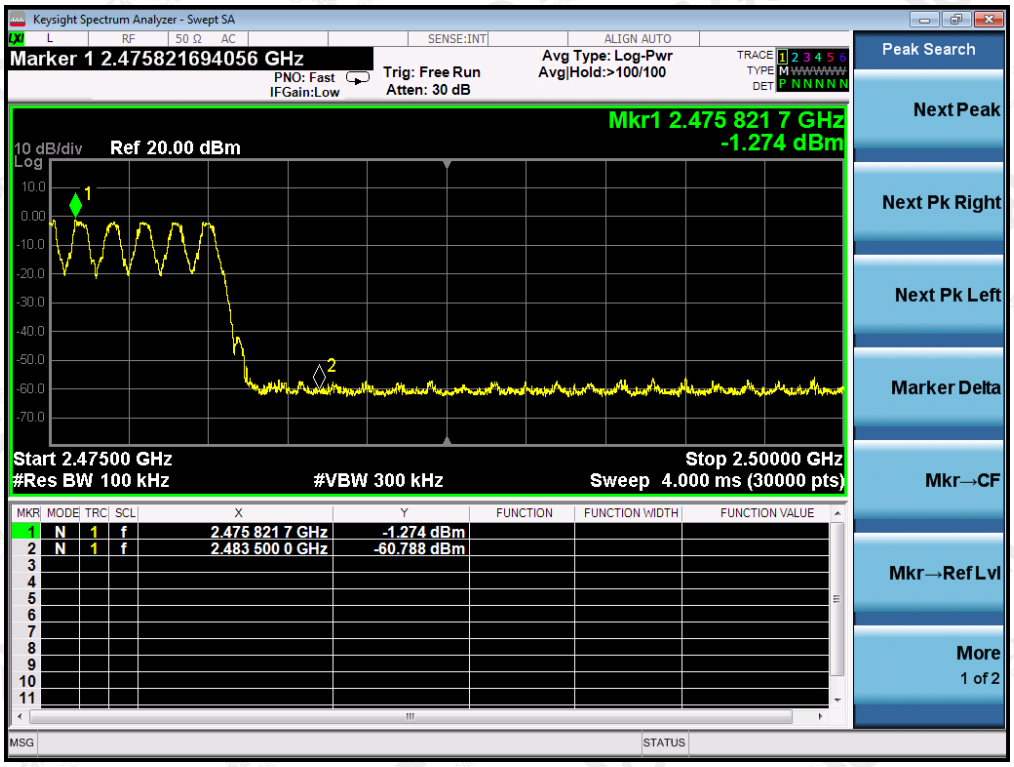


GFSK MODULATION IN HIGH CHANNEL

Hopping off

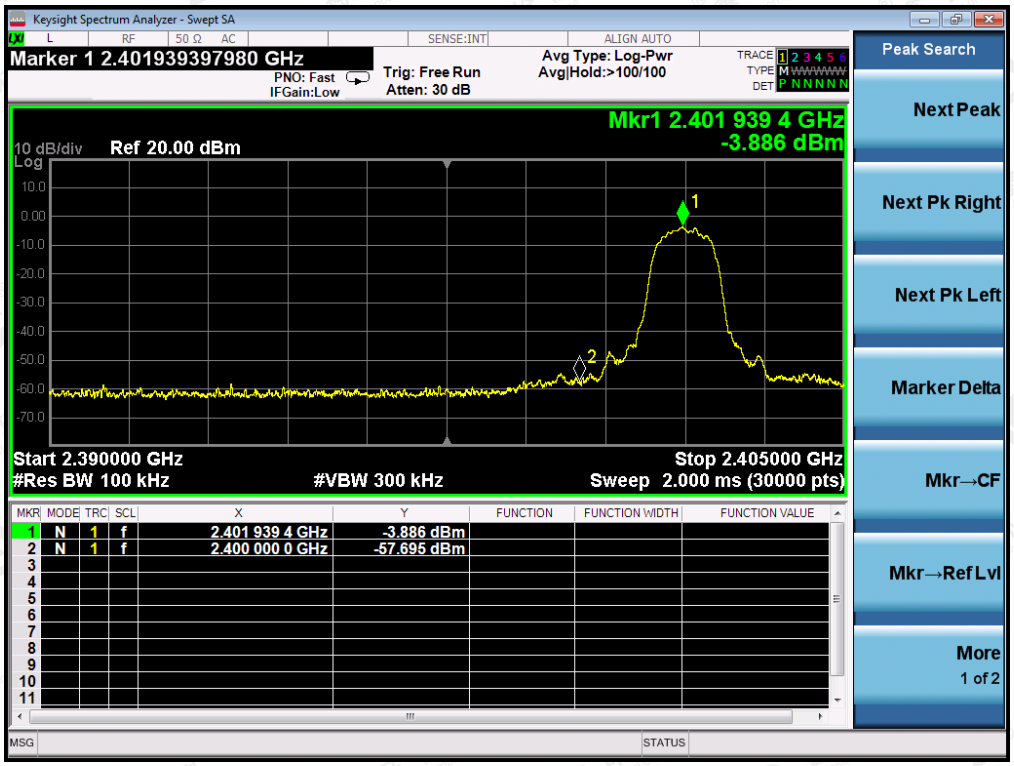


Hopping on

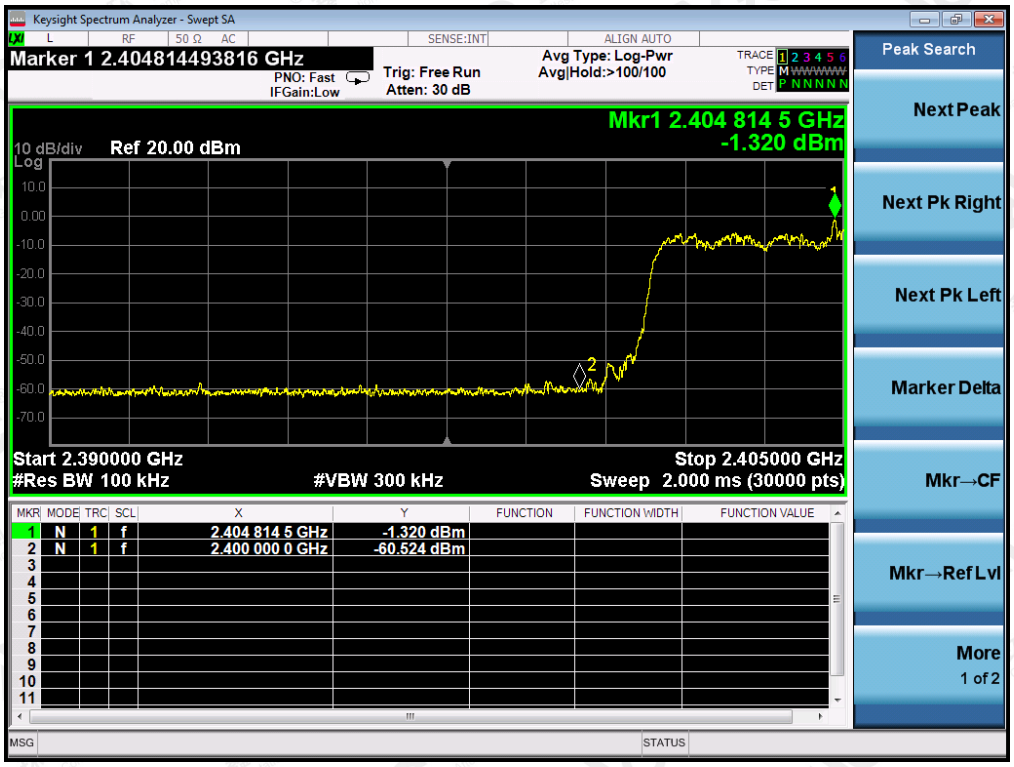


π /4-DQPSK MODULATION IN LOW CHANNEL

Hopping off

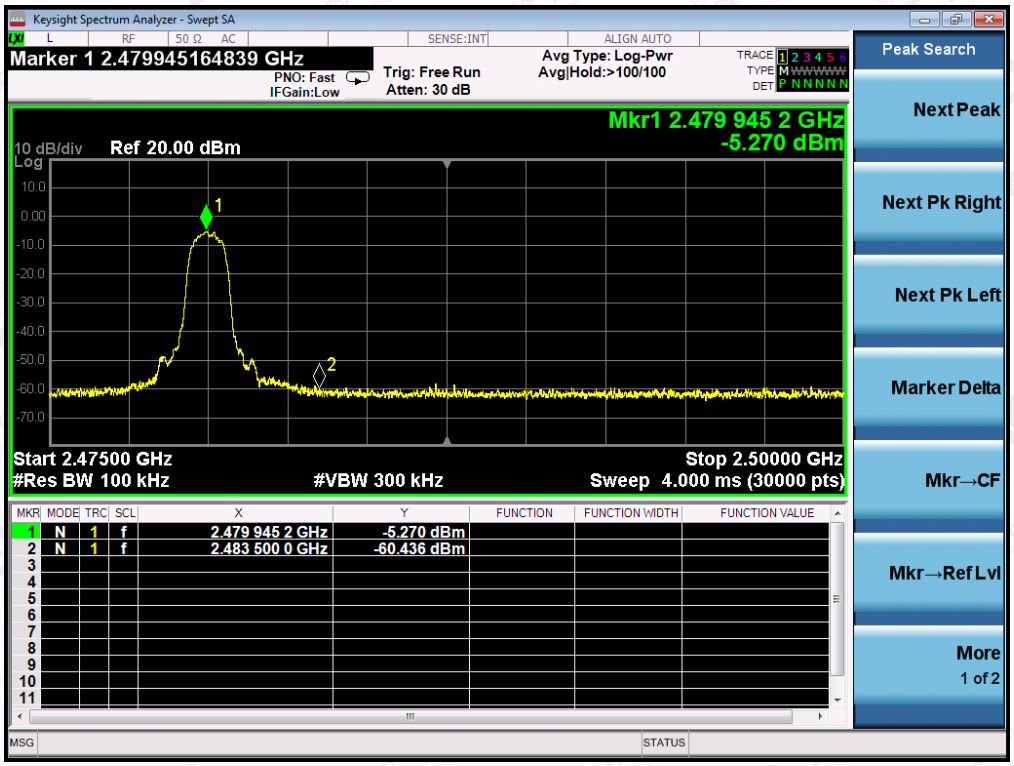


Hopping on

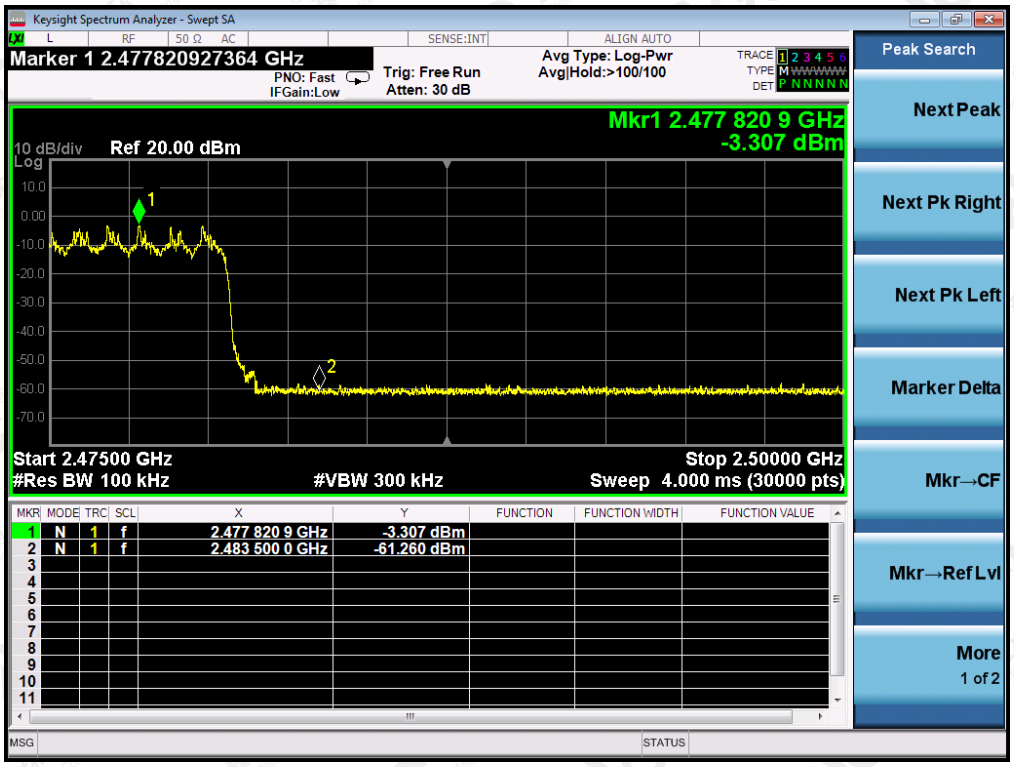


π /4-DQPSK MODULATION IN HIGH CHANNEL

Hopping off

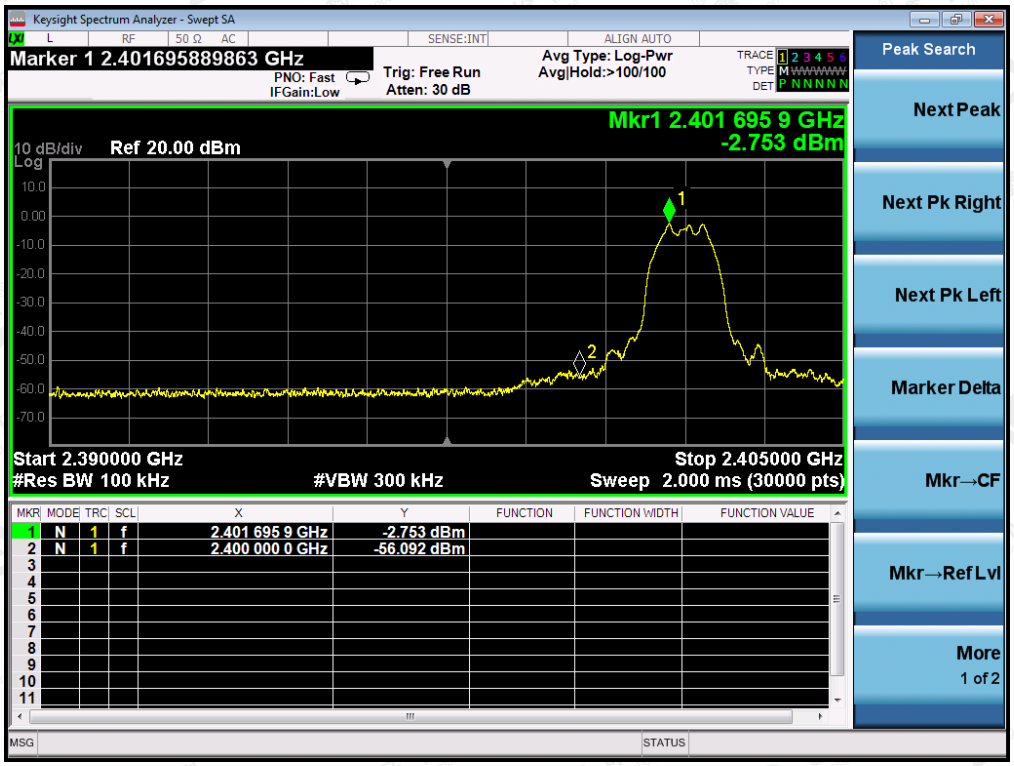


Hopping on

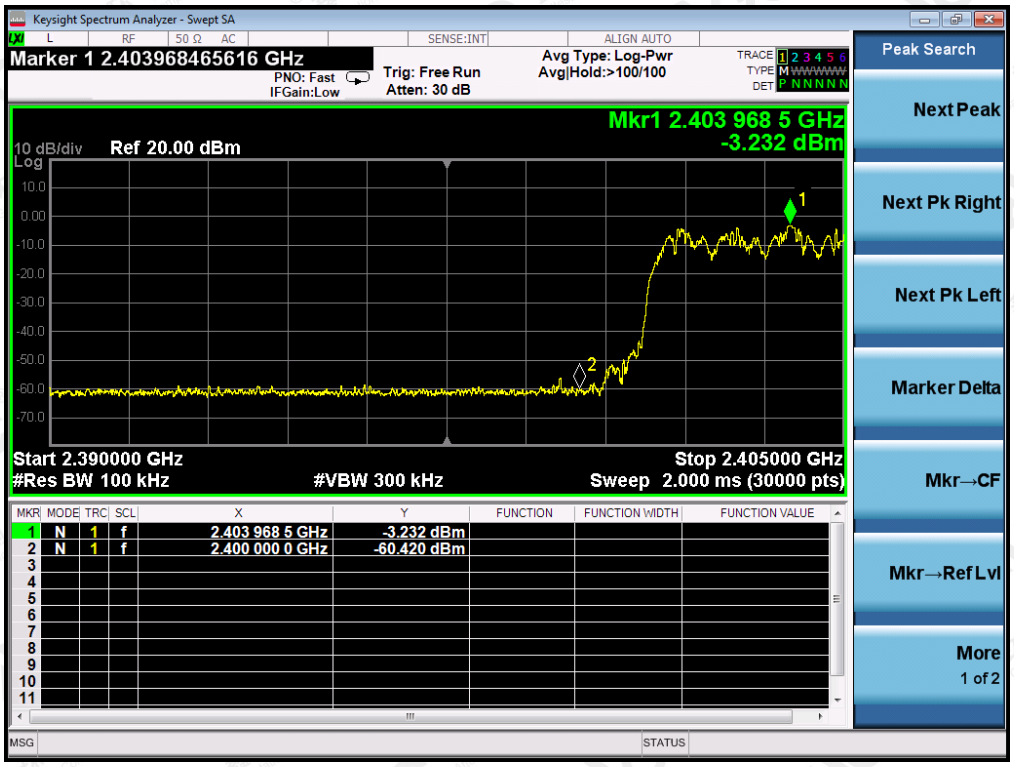


8-DPSK MODULATION IN LOW CHANNEL

Hopping off

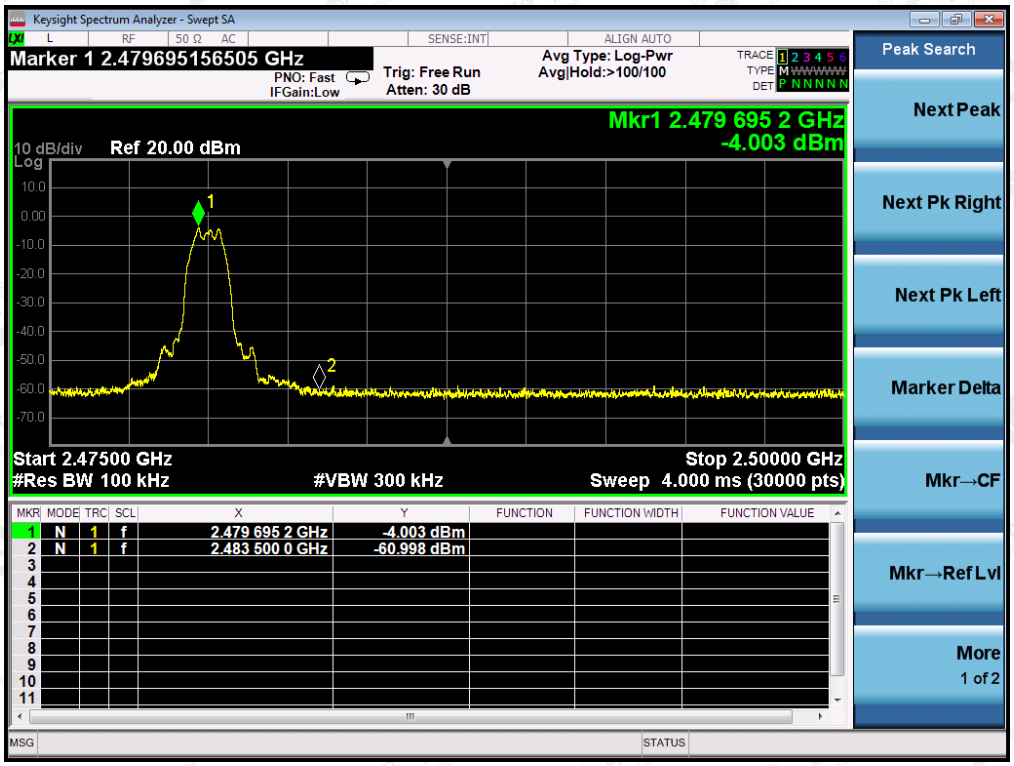


Hopping on

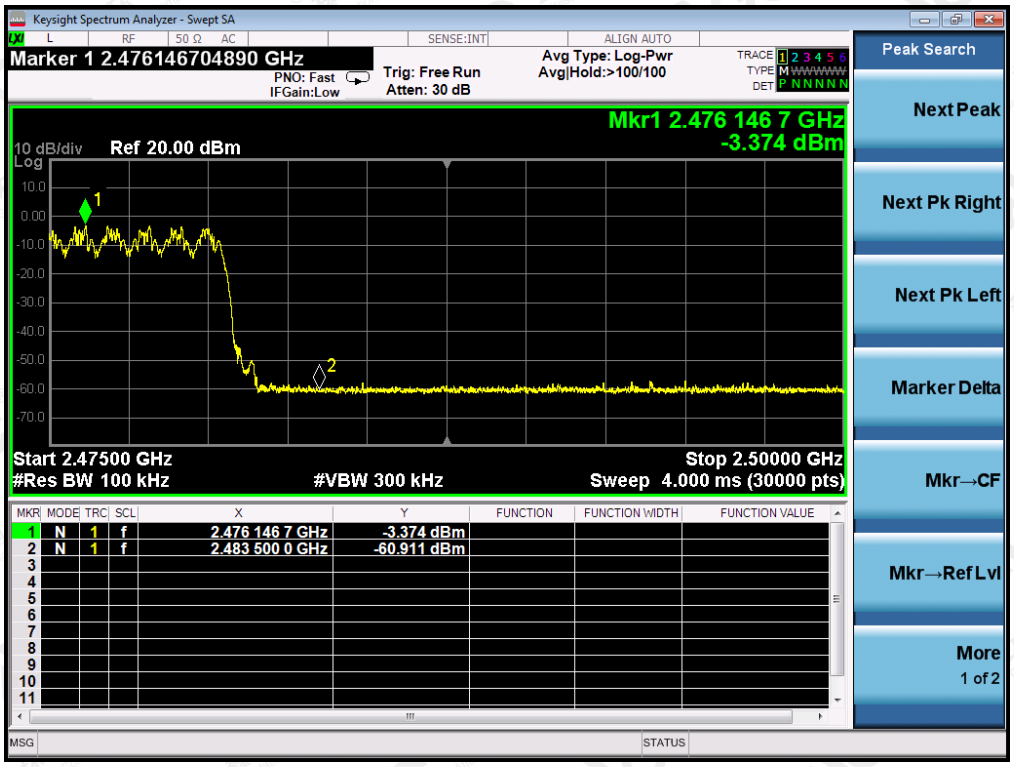


8-DPSK MODULATION IN HIGH CHANNEL

Hopping off



Hopping on



10. RADIATED EMISSION

10.1. MEASUREMENT PROCEDURE

1. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable 0.8 or 1.5 meter above ground. The phase center of the receiving antenna mounted on the top of a height-variable antenna tower was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable.
2. Power on the EUT and all the supporting units. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
3. The height of the broadband receiving antenna was varied between one meter and four meters above ground to find the maximum emissions field strength of both horizontal and vertical polarization.
4. For each suspected emissions, the antenna tower was scan (from 1 M to 4 M) and then the turntable was rotated (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading.
5. Set the test-receiver system to Peak or CISPR quasi-peak Detect Function with specified bandwidth under Maximum Hold Mode.
6. For emissions above 1GHz, use 1MHz RBW and 3MHz VBW for peak reading. Place the measurement antenna away from each area of the EUT determined to be a source of emissions at the specified measurement distance, while keeping the measurement antenna aimed at the source of emissions at each frequency of significant emissions, with polarization oriented for maximum response. The measurement antenna may have to be higher or lower than the EUT, depending on the radiation pattern of the emission and staying aimed at the emission source for receiving the maximum signal. The final measurement antenna elevation shall be that which maximizes the emissions. The measurement antenna elevation for maximum emissions shall be restricted to a range of heights of from 1 m to 4 m above the ground or reference ground plane.
7. When the radiated emissions limits are expressed in terms of the average value of the emissions, and pulsed operation is employed, the measurement field strength shall be determined by averaging over one complete pulse train, including blanking intervals, as long as the pulse train does not exceed 0.1 seconds. As an alternative (provided the transmitter operates for longer than 0.1 seconds) or in cases where the pulse train exceeds 0.1 seconds, the measured field strength shall be determined from the average absolute voltage during a 0.1 second interval during which the field strength is at its maximum values.
8. If the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was 3 dB lower than the average limit specified, then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions which do not have 3 dB margin will be repeated one by one using the quasi-peak method for below 1GHz.
9. For testing above 1GHz, the emissions level of the EUT in peak mode was lower than average limit (that means the emissions level in peak mode also complies with the limit in average mode), then testing will be stopped and peak values of EUT will be reported, otherwise, the emissions will be measured in average mode again and reported.
10. In case the emission is lower than 30MHz, loop antenna has to be used for measurement and the recorded data should be QP measured by receiver. High - Low scan is not required in this case.

The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

Spectrum Parameter	Setting
Start ~Stop Frequency	9KHz~150KHz/RB 200Hz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	150KHz~30MHz/RB 9KHz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz/RB 120KHz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	1GHz~26.5GHz 1MHz/3MHz for Peak, 1MHz/10Hz for Average

Receiver Parameter	Setting
Start ~Stop Frequency	9KHz~150KHz/RB 200Hz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	150KHz~30MHz/RB 9KHz for QP
Start ~Stop Frequency	30MHz~1000MHz/RB 120KHz for QP