

# Test Report of FCC CFR 47 Part 15 Subpart C

On Behalf of

## Shenzhen Zhiluling Technology Co., Limited

**FCC ID:** 2AAUS-F004

**Product Description:** Bluetooth Speaker

**Model No.:** F004

**Supplementary Model:** F005 , F007 ,F008 , F009, F010 ,F011,F012 , F013, F014 ,F015

**Brand Name:**



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**Report No.:** BCT13HR266E

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**Test Date:** August 7-15, 2013

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# 1. GENERAL INFORMATION

## 1.1 Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

### Client Information

Applicant:	<b>Shenzhen Zhiluling Technology Co., Limited</b>
Address of Applicant:	No.10, Zhongxing Road, Buji Town, Longgang District, Shenzhen, China
Manufacturer:	<b>Shenzhen Zhiluling Technology Co., Limited</b>
Address of Manufacturer:	No.10, Zhongxing Road, Buji Town, Longgang District, Shenzhen, China

### General Description of E.U.T

Items	Description
EUT Description:	Bluetooth Speaker
Model No.:	F004
Supplementary Model:	F005 , F007,F008, F009, F010, F011, F012, F013, F014, F015
Trade Name:	 * Field of Touch
Frequency Band:	2402 MHz ~ 2480 MHz
Channel Spacing:	1 MHz
Number of Channels:	79
Modulation Technique:	FHSS
Type of Modulation:	GFSK, Pi/4 DAPSK, 8-DPSK
Antenna Type:	Built-in Antenna
Antenna Gain:	0dBi
Rated Voltage:	Input: 5VDC 0.5A , 3.7V 650mAh from battery

Remark: \* The test data gathered are from the production sample provided by the manufacturer.

\* Supplementary models have the same circuit, but with different appearance

\*The USB port just use for charging, not use for data transfer.

## **1.2 Test Standards**

The tests were performed based on the Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) tests performed on the EUT. Both conducted and radiated testing were performed according to the procedures in ANSI C63.4 - 2003 Radiated testing was performed at an antenna to EUT distance 3 meters.

The tests were performed in order to determine compliance with FCC Part 15, Subpart C, and section 15.203, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.247 rules. Test was carried out according to the above mentioned FCC rules and the FCC publication notice DA 00-705: Filing and Measurement Guidelines for Frequency Hopping Spread Spectrum Systems

## **1.3 Test Facility**

All measurement required was performed at laboratory of Bontek Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd at 1/F, Block East H-3, OCT Eastern Ind. Zone, Qiaocheng East Road, Nanshan, Shenzhen, China.

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

### **FCC – Registration No.: 338263**

BONTEK COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD. EMC Laboratory has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files. Registration 338263, March 03, 2011.

### **IC Registration No.: 7631A**

The 3m alternate test site of BONTEK COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD. EMC Laboratory has been registered by Certification and Engineer Bureau of Industry Canada for the performance of with Registration NO.: 7631A on January 25, 2011.

### **CNAS - Registration No.: L3923**

BONTEK COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD. to ISO/IEC 17025:25 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories(CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories) for the competence in the field of testing. The acceptance letter from the CNAS is maintained in our files: Registration: L3923, March 22, 2012.

### **TUV - Registration No.: UA 50242657-0001**

BONTEK COMPLIANCE TESTING LABORATORY LTD. An assessment of the laboratory was conducted according to the "Procedures and Conditions for EMC Test Laboratories" with reference to EN ISO/IEC 17025 by a TUV Rheinland auditor. Audit Report NO. 17010783-002.

## 2. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

### 2.1 EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

### 2.2 Support Equipment

The calibrated antennas used to sample the radiated field strength are mounted on a non-conductive, motorized antenna mast 3 or 10 meters from the leading edge of the turntable.

Support equipments or special accessories in test configuration:

AUX Description:	Manufacturer	Model No.	Certificate	CABLE
Host Computer	Dell	78MD82X	CE, FCC	1.5m Unshielded Power Cord
Monitor	Dell	E178Pc	CE, FCC	1.5m Unshielded Power Cord 1.8m shielded data Cable with core
Keyboard	Dell	L100	CE, FCC	1.8m shielded data Cable with core
LCD Colour TV	SHARP	LCD-32Z330A	CE, FCC	1.2m Unshielded Power Cord 1.5m shielded data Cable with core

### 2.3 General Test Procedures

Conducted Emissions: The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 7.1 of ANSI C63.4-2003 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using CISPR Quasi-Peak detector mode.

Radiated Emissions: The EUT is placed on as turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 13.1.4.1 of ANSI C63.4-2009.

### 2.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Parameter	Uncertainty
Power Line Conducted Emission	+/- 2.3 dB
Radiated Emission	+/- 3.4 dB

Uncertainty figures are valid to a confidence level of 95%.

## 2.5 List of Measuring Equipments Used

Test equipments list of Shenzhen Bontek Compliance Testing Laboratory Co., Ltd.

No.	Instrument no.	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	S/N	Last Calculator	Due Calculator
1	BCT-EMC001	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESCI	100687	2013-4-16	2014-4-17
2	BCT-EMC002	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESPI	100097	2012-11-1	2013-10-31
3	BCT-EMC003	Amplifier	HP	8447D	1937A02492	2013-4-19	2014-4-18
4	BCT-EMC004	Single Power Conductor Module	R&S	NNBM 8124	242	2013-4-19	2014-4-18
5	BCT-EMC005	Single Power Conductor Module	R&S	NNBM 8124	243	2013-4-19	2014-4-18
6	BCT-EMC006	Power Clamp	SCHWARZBECK	MDS-21	3812	2012-11-5	2013-11-4
7	BCT-EMC007	Positioning Controller	C&C	CC-C-1F	MF7802113	N/A	N/A
8	BCT-EMC008	Electrostatic Discharge Simulator	TESEQ	NSG437	125	2012-11-2	2013-11-1
9	BCT-EMC009	Fast Transient Burst Generator	SCHAFFNER	MODULA6150	34572	2013-4-16	2014-4-17
10	BCT-EMC010	Fast Transient Noise Simulator	Noiseken	FNS-105AX	10501	2013-6-26	2014-6-25
11	BCT-EMC011	Color TV Pattern Generator	PHILIPS	PM5418	TM209947	N/A	N/A
12	BCT-EMC012	Power Frequency Magnetic Field Generator	EVERFINE	EMS61000-8K	608002	2013-4-16	2014-4-17
14	BCT-EMC014	Capacitive Coupling Clamp	TESEQ	CDN8014	25096	2013-4-16	2014-4-17
15	BCT-EMC015	High Field Biconical Antenna	ELECTRO-METRICS	EM-6913	166	2012-11-28	2013-11-27
16	BCT-EMC016	Log Periodic Antenna	ELECTRO-METRICS	EM-6950	811	2012-11-28	2013-11-27
17	BCT-EMC017	Remote Active Vertical Antenna	ELECTRO-METRICS	EM-6892	304	2012-11-28	2013-11-27
18	BCT-EMC018	TRILOG Broadband Test-Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-324	2013-5-19	2014-5-18
19	BCT-EMC019	Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA9120A	0499	2012-11-28	2013-11-27
20	BCT-EMC020	Teo Line Single Phase Module	SCHWARZBECK	NSLK8128	8128247	2012-11-1	2013-10-31
21	BCT-EMC021	Triple-Loop Antenna	EVERFINE	LLA-2	711002	2012-11-15	2013-11-14
22	BCT-EMC022	Electric bridge	Jhai	JK2812C	803024	N/A	N/A
23	BCT-EMC026	RF POWER AMPLIFIER	FRANKONIA	FLL-75	1020A1109	2013-4-16	2014-4-17
24	BCT-EMC027	CDN	FRANKONIA	CDN M2+M3	A3027019	2013-4-16	2014-4-17

25	BCT-EMC029	6DB Attenuator	FRANKONIA	N/A	1001698	2013-4-16	2014-4-17
26	BCT-EMC030	EM Injection clamp	FCC	F-203I-23mm	091536	2013-4-16	2014-4-17
27	BCT-EMC031	9kHz-2.4GHz signal generator 2024	MARCONI	10S/6625-99-457-8730	112260/042	2013-4-16	2014-4-17
28	BCT-EMC032	10dB attenuator	ELECTRO-METRICS	EM-7600	836	2013-4-16	2014-4-17
29	BCT-EMC033	ISN	TESEQ	ISN-T800	30301	2012-11-15	2013-11-14
30	BCT-EMC034	10KV surge generator	SANKI	SKS-0510M	048110003E 321	2012-11-01	2013-10-31
31	BCT-EMC035	HRMONICS&FLICK RE ANALYSER	VOLTECH	PM6000	200006700433	2012-11-20	2013-11-19
32	BCT-EMC036	Spectrum Analyzer	R&S	FSP	100397	2012-11-1	2013-10-31
33	BCT-EMC037	Broadband preamplifier	SCH WARZBECK	BBV9718	9718-182	2013-4-19	2014-4-18

### 3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

FCC Rules	Description of Test	Result
FCC §15.207	AC Power Line Conducted Emission	N/A
FCC §15.247(a)(1)	Hopping Channel Bandwidth	Pass
FCC §15.247(a)(1)	Hopping Channel Separation	Pass
FCC §15.247(a)(1)	Number of Hopping Frequency Used	Pass
FCC §15.247(a)(1)(iii)	Dwell Time of Each Frequency	Pass
FCC §15.247(b)(1)	Maximum Peak Output Power	Pass
FCC §15.247(d)	Band Edges Emission	Pass
FCC §15.247(d)	Spurious Radiated Emission	Pass
FCC §15.203/15.247(b)/(c)	Antenna Requirement	Pass

## 4. TEST OF AC POWER LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION

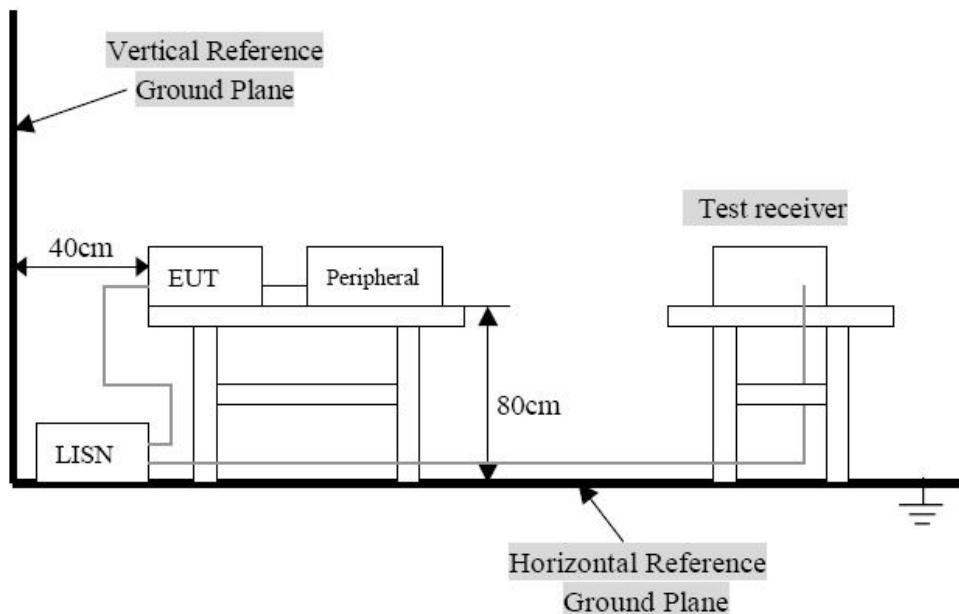
### 4.1 Applicable Standard

Refer to FCC §15.207.

For a Low-power Radio-frequency Device is designed to be connected to the AC power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed below limits table.

Frequency Range (MHz)	Limits ( dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.150~0.500	66~56	56~46
0.500~5.000	56	46
5.000~30.00	60	50

### 4.2 Test Setup Diagram



Remark: The EUT was connected to a 120 VAC/ 60Hz power source.

### 4.3 Test Result

Temperature ( °C ) : 23~25	EUT: Bluetooth Speaker
Humidity (%RH) : 45~58	M/N: F004
Barometric Pressure ( mbar ) : 950~1000	Operation Condition: Normal operation

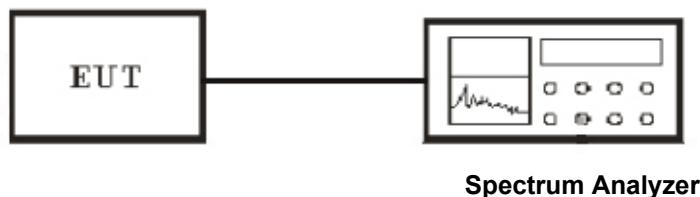
\*No required test, battery power supply.

## 5. Test of Hopping Channel Bandwidth

### 5.1 Applicable Standard

Section 15.247(a)(1): Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

### 5.2 EUT Setup



### 5.3 Test Equipment List and Details

See **section 2.5.**

### 5.4 Test Procedure

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator.
2. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel  
 $RBW \geq 1\%$  of the 20 dB bandwidth,  $VBW \geq RBW$   
Sweep = auto  
Detector function = peak  
Trace = max hold
3. The spectrum width with level higher than 20dB below the peak level.
4. Repeat above 1~3 points for the middle and highest channel of the EUT.

### 5.5 Test Result

Temperature ( °C ) : 22~23	EUT: Bluetooth Speaker
Humidity (%RH) : 50~54	M/N: F004
Barometric Pressure ( mbar ) : 950~1000	Operation Condition: Tx Mode

## BDR 1M

Modulation Type	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Min. Limit (kHz)
GFSK	Low	2402.00	876	>25
GFSK	Middle	2441.00	876	>25
GFSK	High	2480.00	876	>25

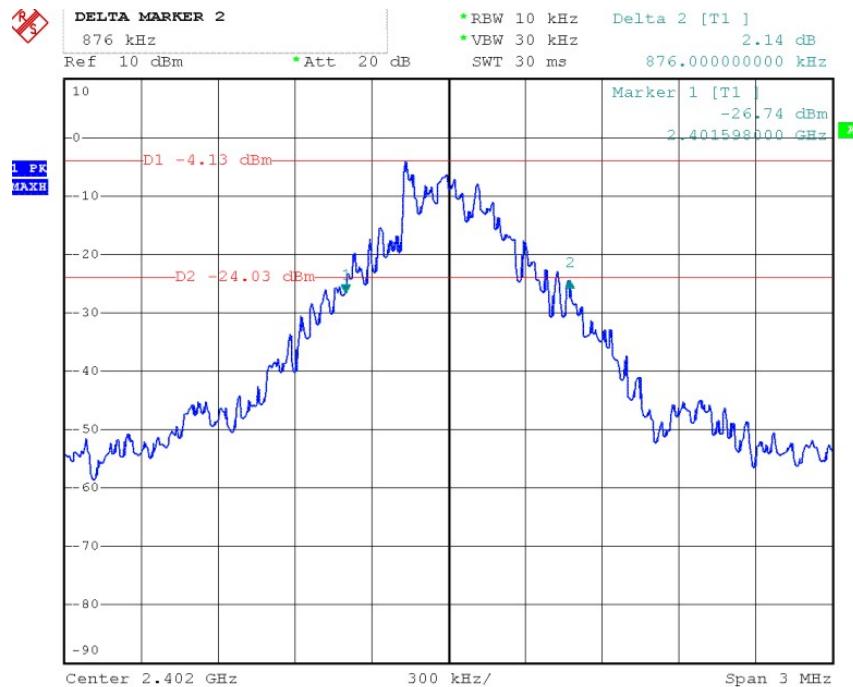
## EDR 2M

Modulation Type	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Min. Limit (kHz)
Pi/4 DAPSK	Low	2402.00	1230	>25
Pi/4 DAPSK	Middle	2441.00	1280	>25
Pi/4 DAPSK	High	2480.00	1224	>25

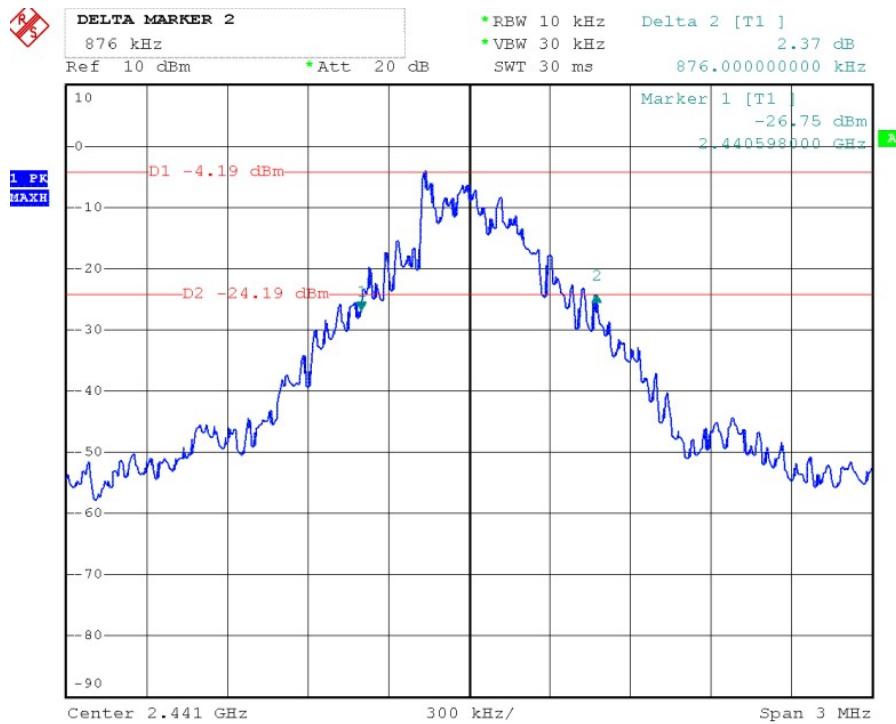
## EDR 3M

Modulation Type	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (kHz)	Min. Limit (kHz)
8-DPSK	Low	2402.00	1218	>25
8-DPSK	Middle	2441.00	1218	>25
8-DPSK	High	2480.00	1224	>25

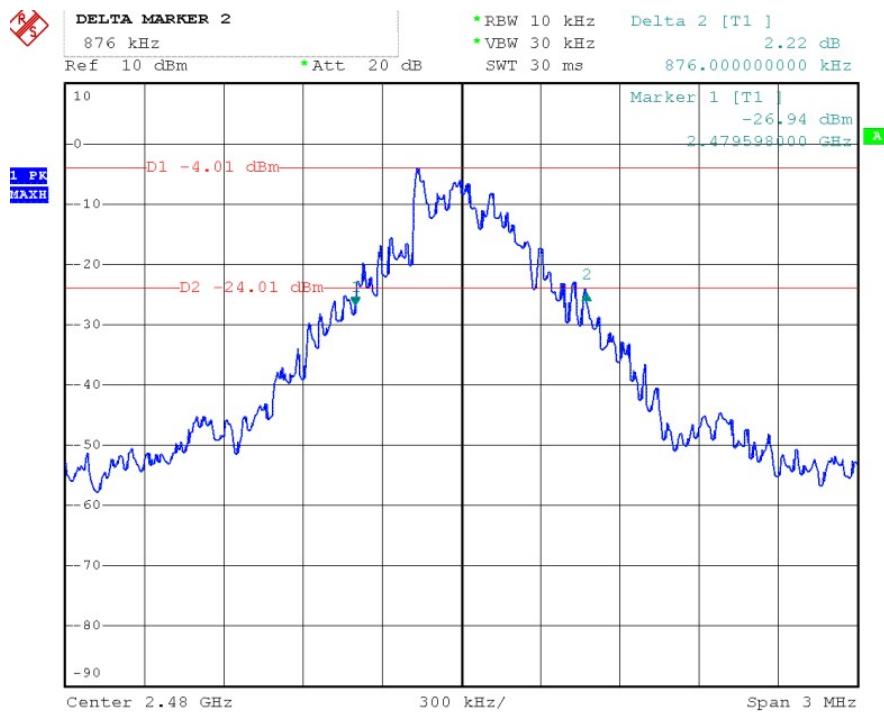
## BDR 1M Channel Low



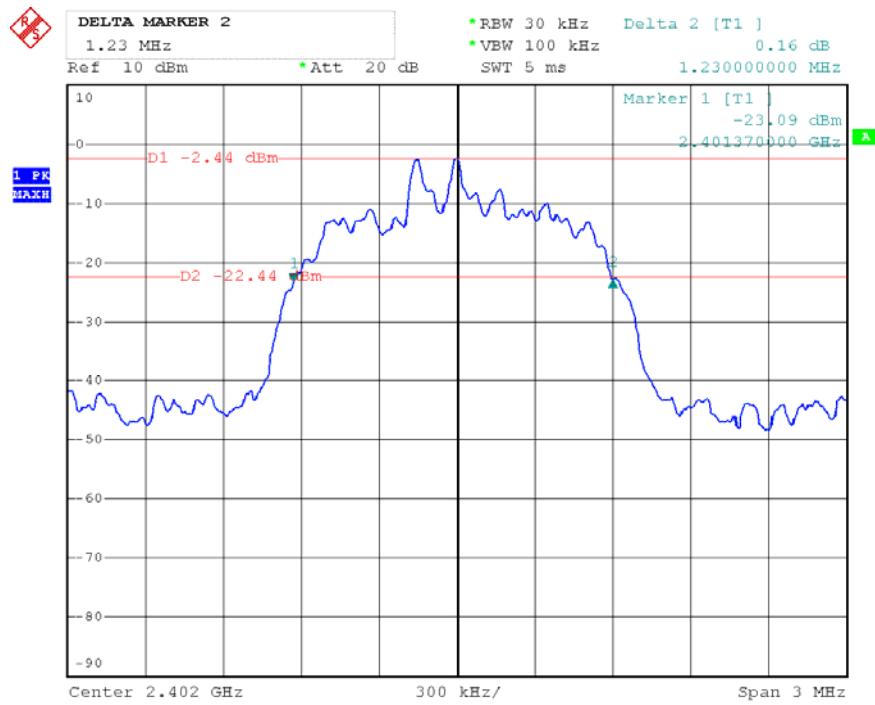
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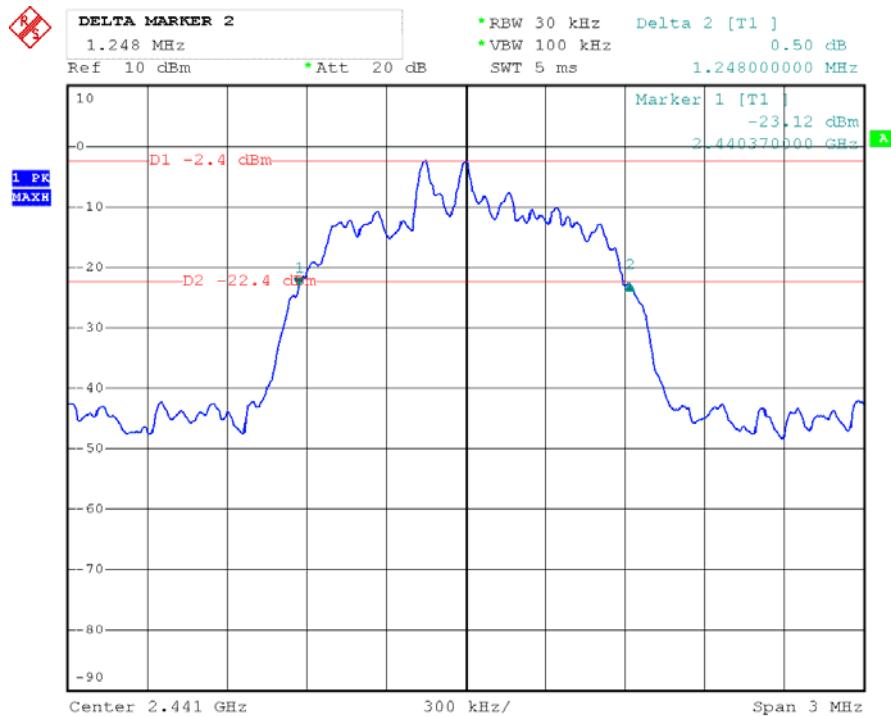
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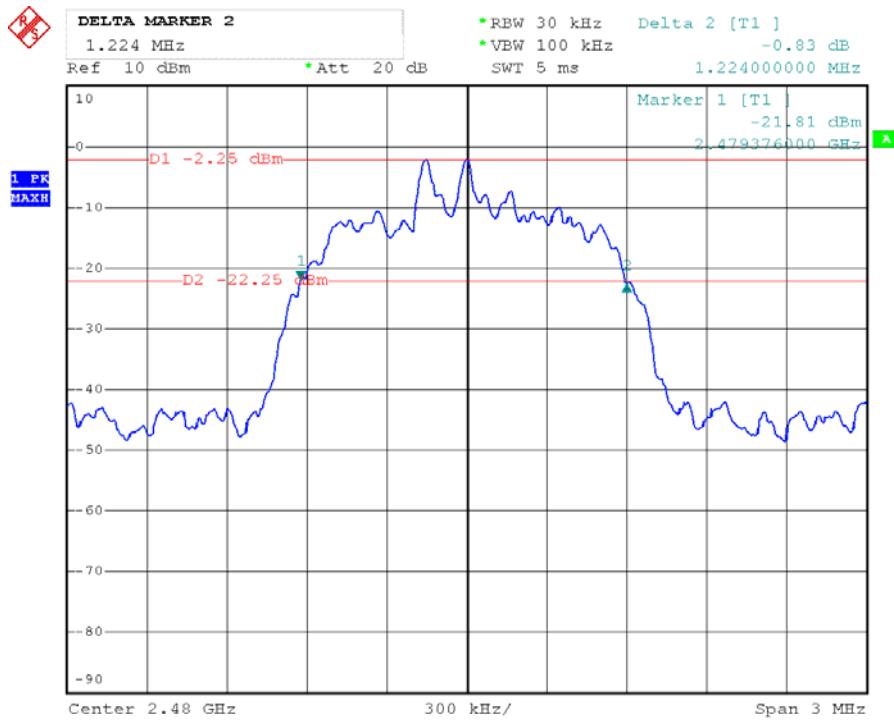
**EDR 2M**  
**Channel Low**



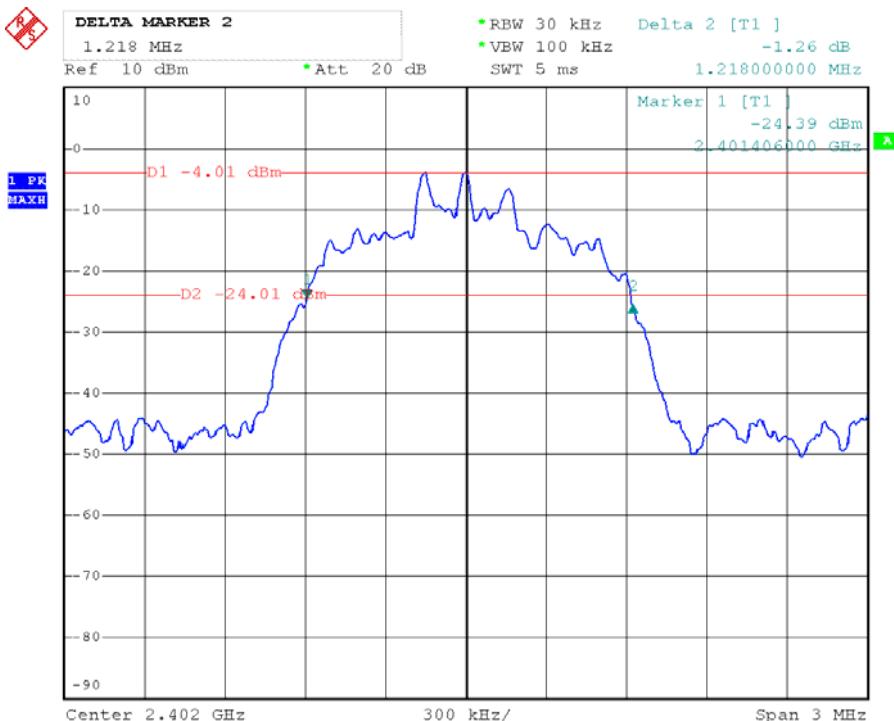
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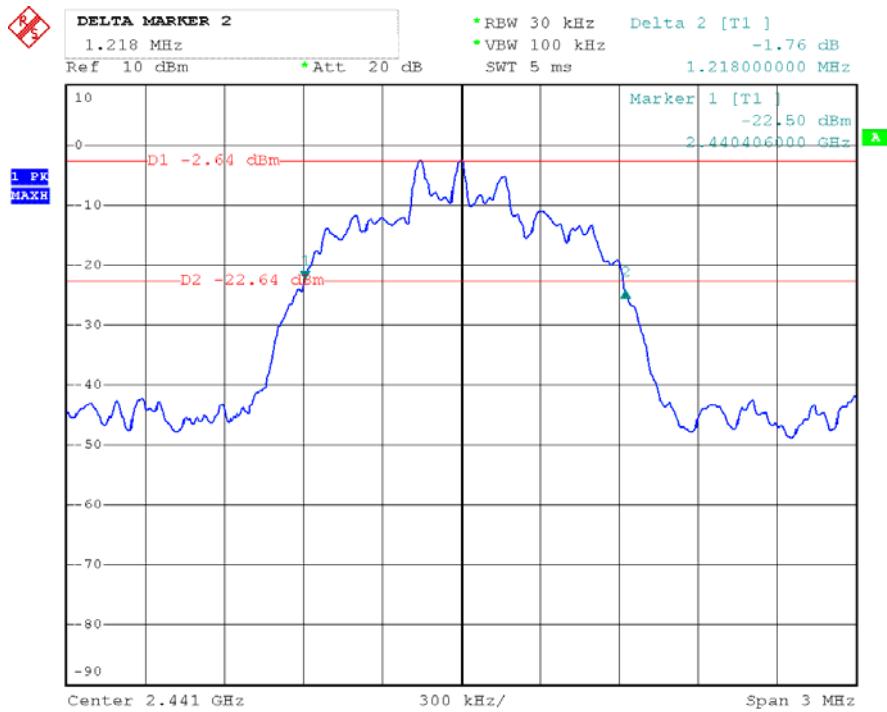
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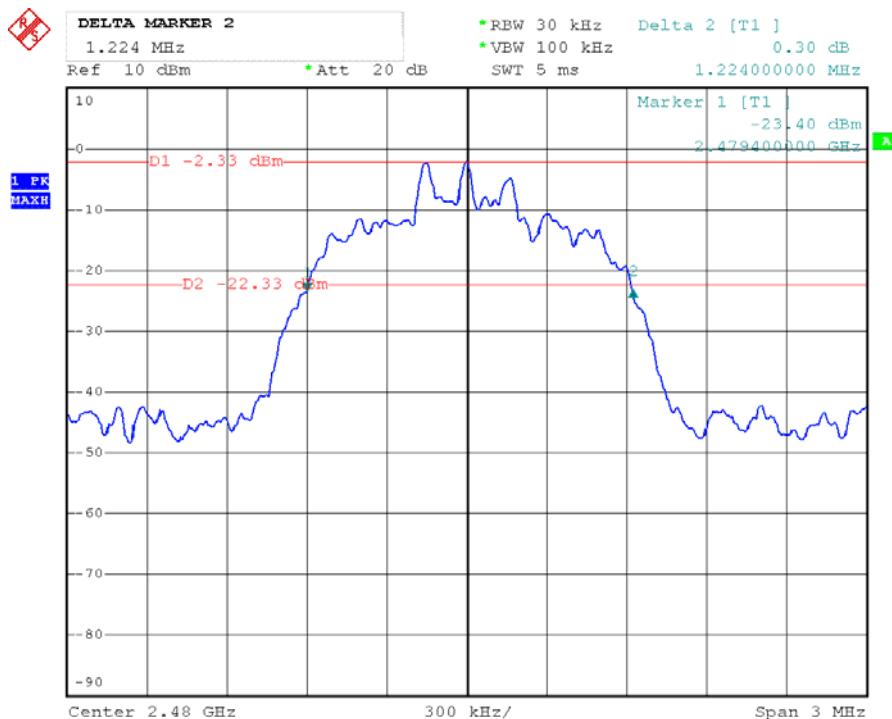
## EDR 3M Channel Low



## Channel Middle



## Channel High

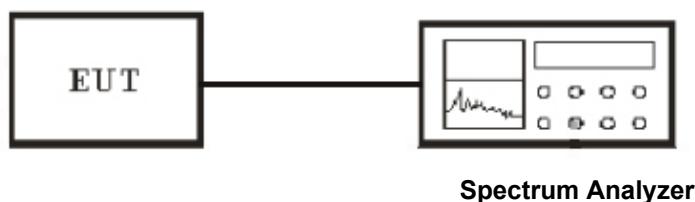


## 6. Test of Hopping Channel Separation

### 6.1 Applicable Standard

Section 15.247(a)(1): Frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25 kHz or the 20 dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

### 6.2 EUT Setup



### 6.3 Test Equipment List and Details

See **section 2.5**.

### 6.4 Test Procedure

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator.
2. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels  
 $RBW \geq 1\%$  of the span,  $VBW \geq RBW$   
Sweep = auto  
Detector function = peak  
Trace = max hold
3. The Hopping Channel Separation is defined as the separation between 2 neighboring hopping frequencies.
4. Repeat above 1~3 points for the middle and highest channel of the EUT.

### 6.5 Test Result

Temperature ( °C ) : 22~23	EUT: Bluetooth Speaker
Humidity (%RH) : 50~54	M/N: F004
Barometric Pressure ( mbar ) : 950~1000	Operation Condition: Tx Mode

**BDR 1M**

Modulation Type	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Separation (MHz)	Min. Limit (kHz)
GFSK	2402~2403	1.160	>25
GFSK	2441~2442	1.144	>25
GFSK	2479~2480	1.004	>25

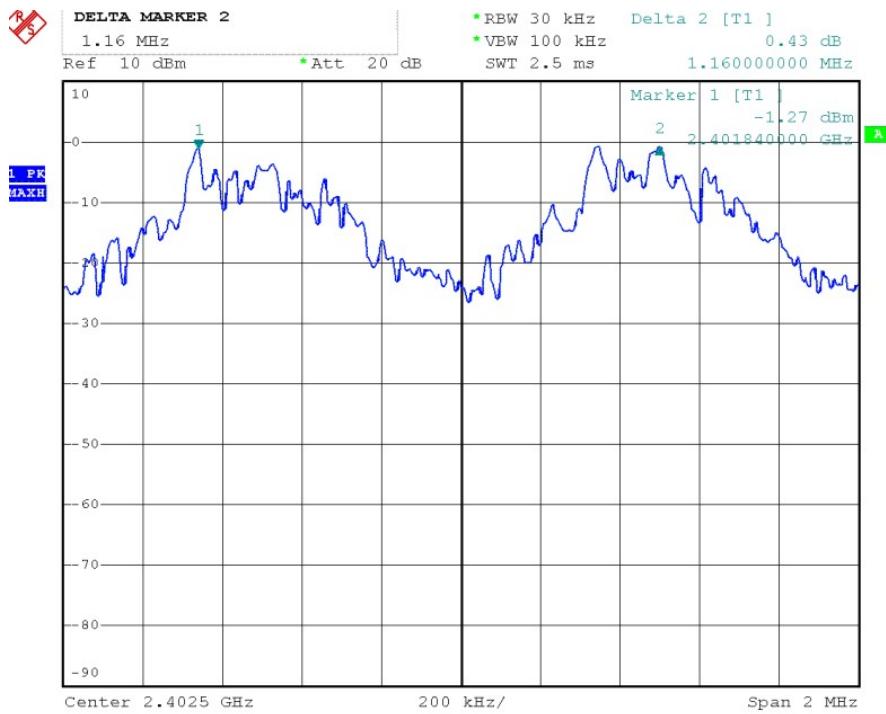
**EDR 2M**

Modulation Type	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Separation (MHz)	Min. Limit (kHz)
Pi/4 DAPSK	2402~2403	1.002	>25
Pi/4 DAPSK	2441~2442	1.004	>25
Pi/4 DAPSK	2479~2480	1.008	>25

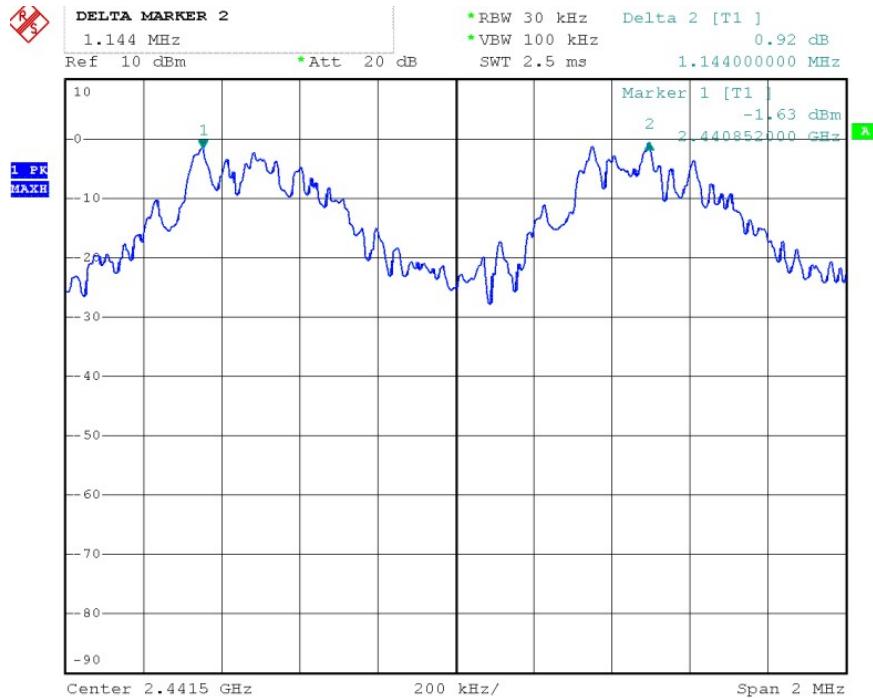
**EDR 3M**

Modulation Type	Frequency (MHz)	Channel Separation (MHz)	Min. Limit (kHz)
8-DPSK	2402~2403	1.004	>25
8-DPSK	2441~2442	1.004	>25
8-DPSK	2479~2480	1.004	>25

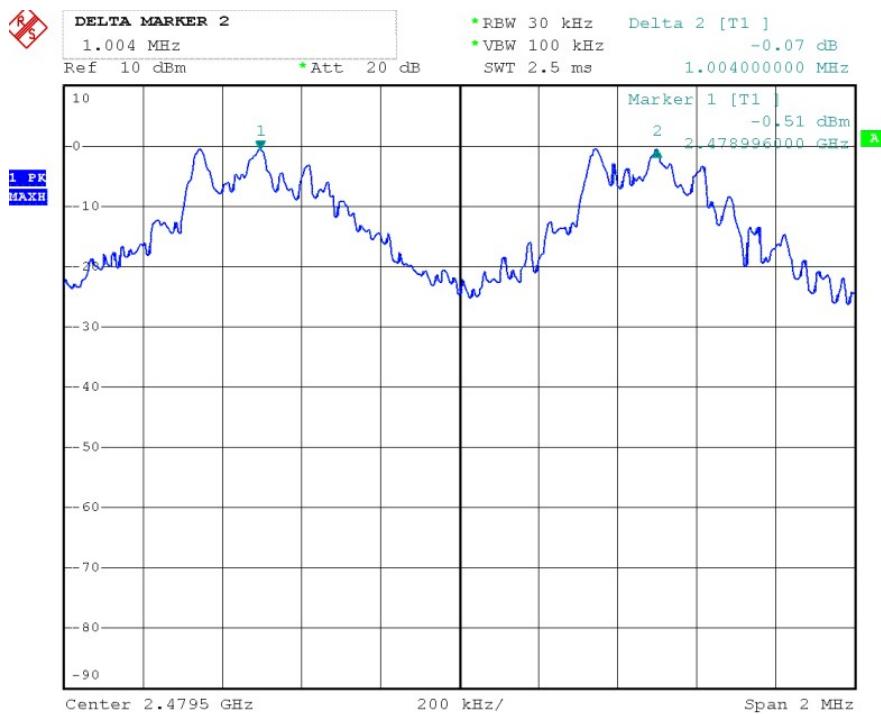
## BDR 1M Channel Low



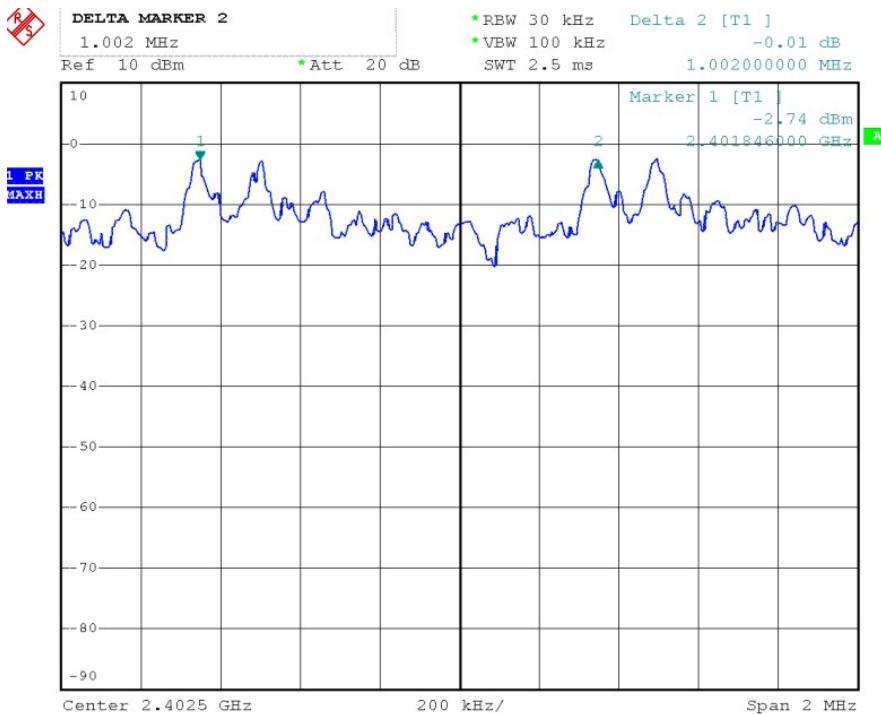
## Channel Middle



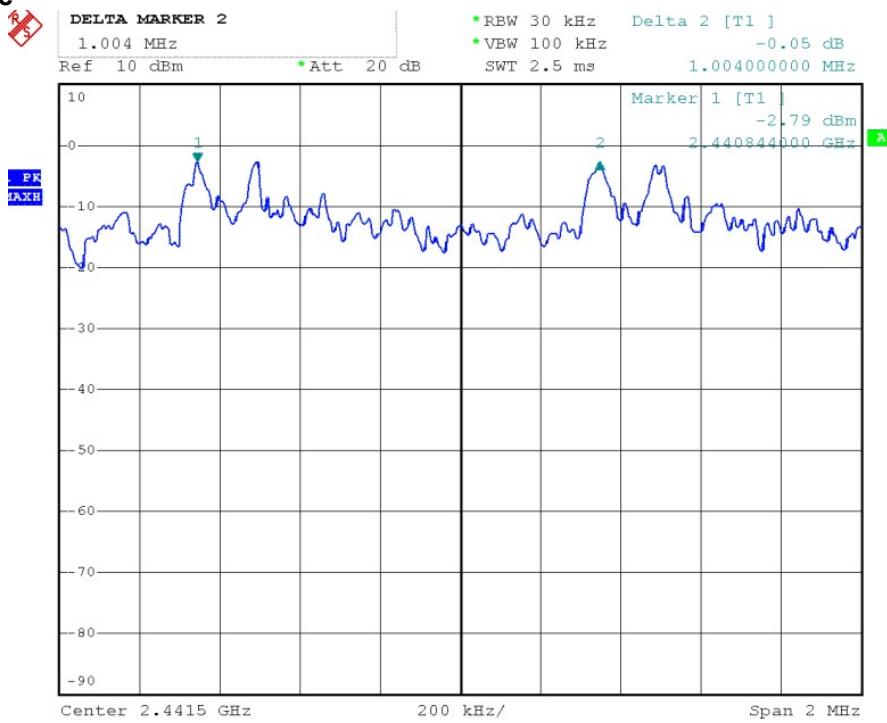
## Channel High



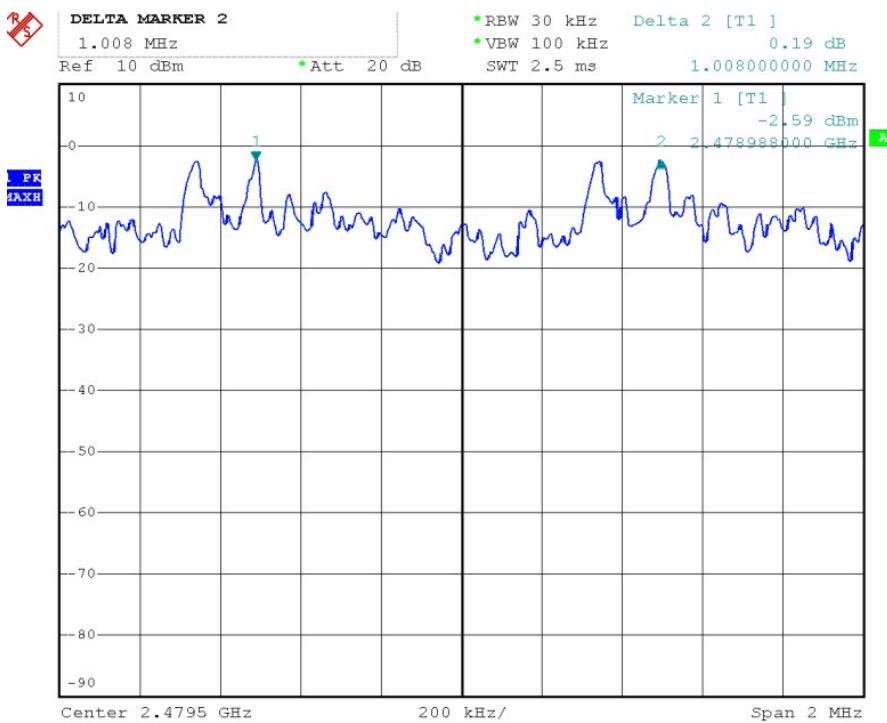
## EDR 2M Channel Low



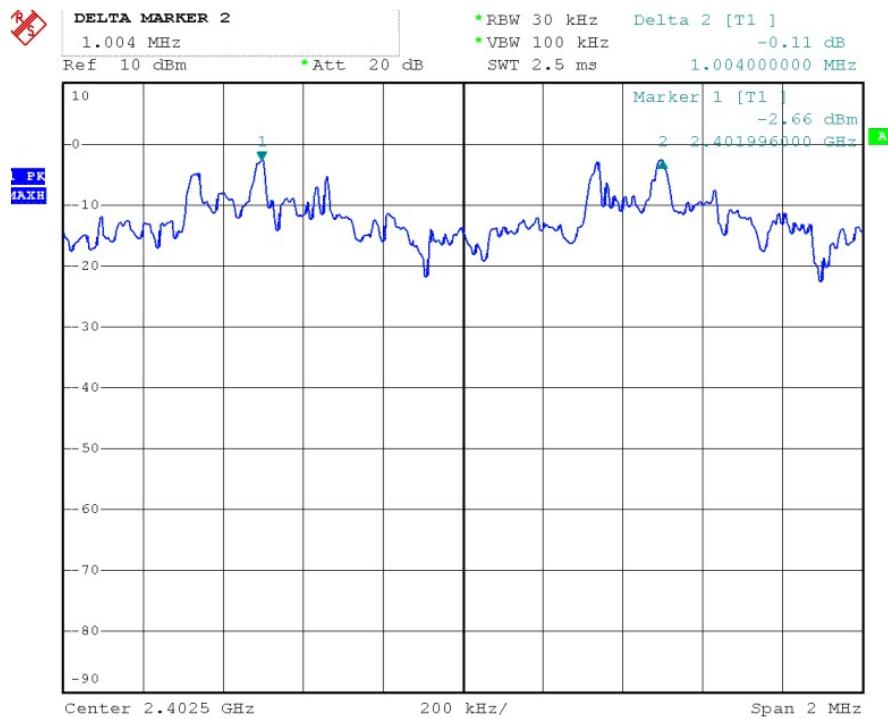
## Channel Middle



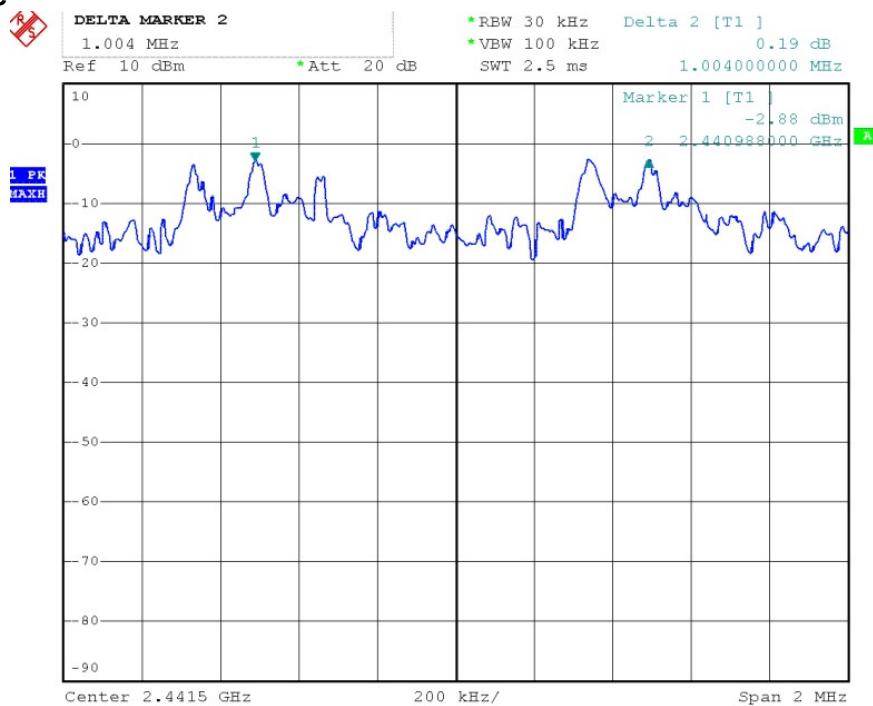
## Channel High



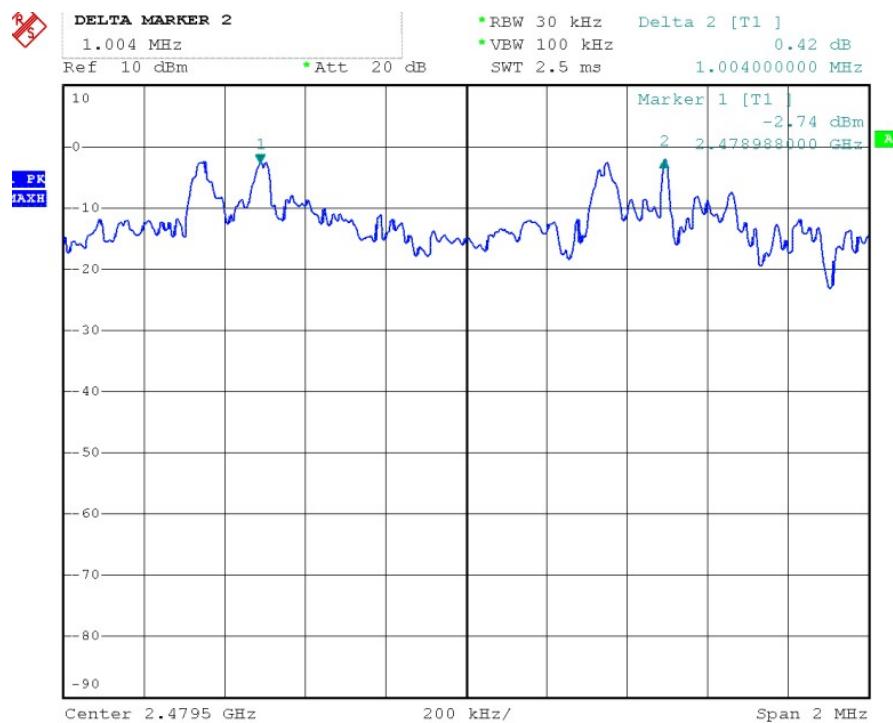
## EDR 3M Channel Low



## Channel Middle



## Channel High

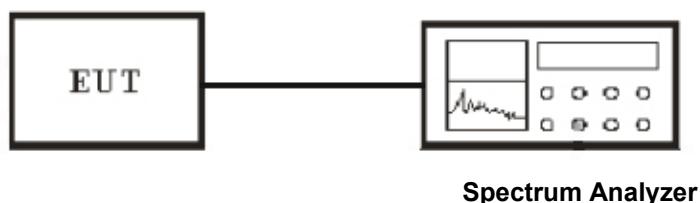


## 7. Test of Number of Hopping Frequency

## 7.1 Applicable Standard

Section 15.247(a)(1)(iii): For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 15 non-overlapping hopping channels. Frequency hopping system which use fewer than 75 hopping frequencies may employ intelligent hopping techniques to avoid interference to other transmissions. Frequency hopping system may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 non-overlapping channels are used.

## 7.2 EUT Setup



### 7.3 Test Equipment List and Details

See **section 2.5.**

## 7.4 Test Procedure

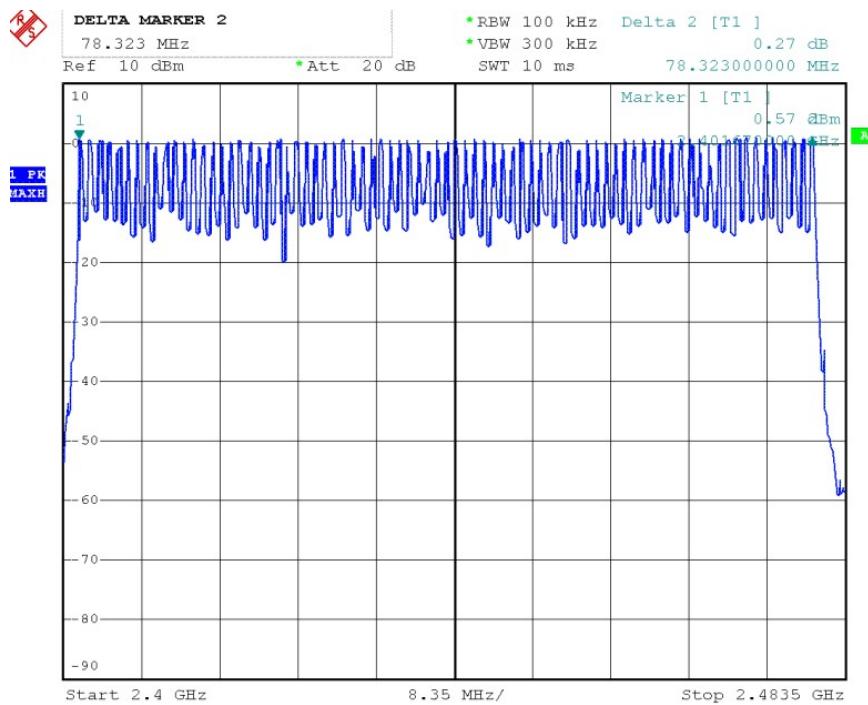
1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator.
2. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = the frequency band of operation  
 $\text{RBW} \geq 1\%$  of the span,  $\text{VBW} \geq \text{RBW}$   
Sweep = auto  
Detector function = peak  
Trace = max hold
3. Observe frequency hopping in 2400MHz~2483.5MHz, there are at least 32 non-overlapping channels.
4. Repeat above 1~3 points for the middle and highest channel of the EUT.

## 7.5 Test Result

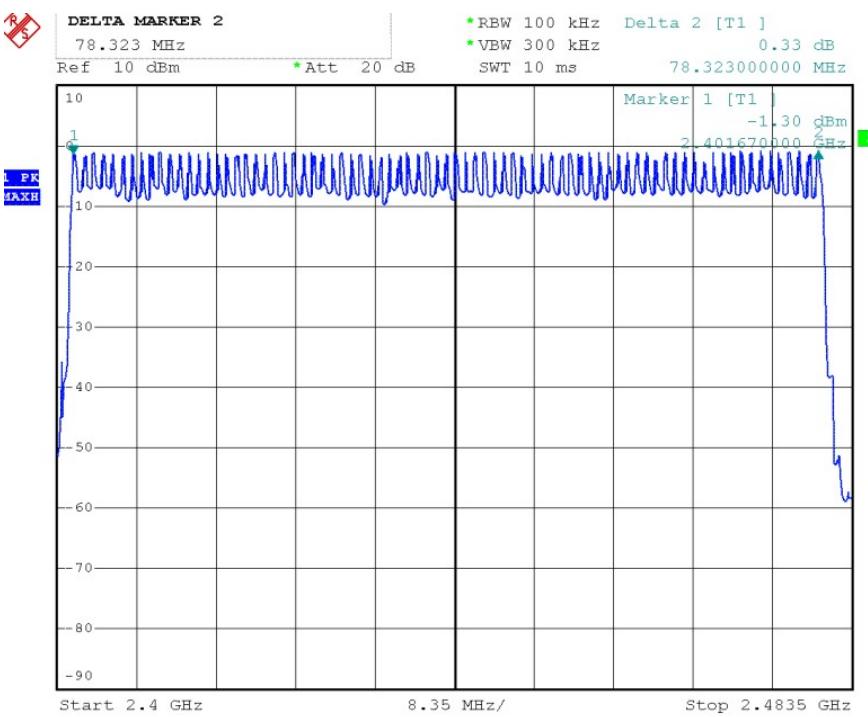
Temperature ( °C ) : 22~23	EUT: Bluetooth Speaker
Humidity (%RH) : 50~54	M/N: F004
Barometric Pressure ( mbar ) : 950~1000	Operation Condition: Tx Mode

Modulation Type	Frequency (MHz)	Number of Hopping Channels	Min. Limit (kHz)
GFSK	2402.0~2480.0	79	>15

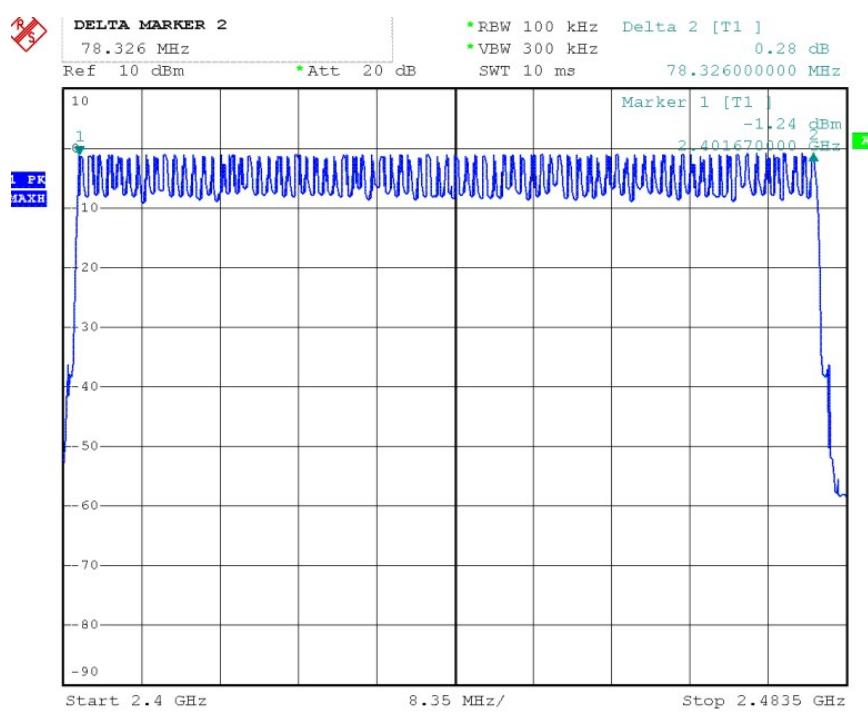
## BDR 1M



## EDR 2M



## EDR 3M

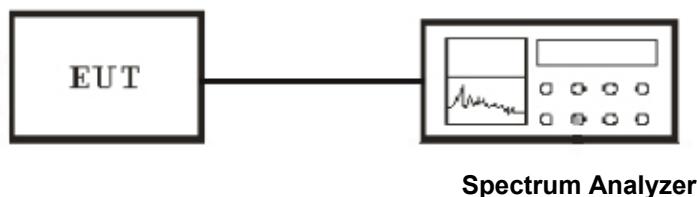


## 8. Test of Dwell Time of Each Frequency

### 8.1 Applicable Standard

Section 15.247(a)(1)(iii): For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed.

### 8.2 EUT Setup



### 8.3 Test Equipment List and Details

See **section 2.5**.

### 8.4 Test Procedure

1. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer through an attenuator.
2. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:  
Span = zero span, centered on a hopping channel  
RBW = 1 MHz, VBW  $\geq$  RBW  
Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel  
Detector function = peak  
Trace = max hold
3. Set the center frequency on any frequency would be measure and set the frequency span to zero span.
4. Measure the maximum time duration of one single pulse.

### 8.5 Test Result

Temperature ( °C ) : 22~23	EUT: Bluetooth Speaker
Humidity (%RH ) : 50~54	M/N: F004
Barometric Pressure ( mbar ) : 950~1000	Operation Condition: Tx Mode

DH1

Dwell time=  $t * (1.6 / 2 / 79) * 31.6$

DH3

Dwell time=  $t * (1.6 / 4 / 79) * 31.6$

DH5

Dwell time=  $t * (1.6 / 6 / 79) * 31.6$

**BDR 1M**  
**Low Channel**

Modulation Type		Reading (ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)
GFSK	DH1	0.396	126.72	400
GFSK	DH3	1.666	266.56	400
GFSK	DH5	2.898	309.12	400

**Middle Channel**

Modulation Type		Reading (ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)
GFSK	DH1	0.396	126.72	400
GFSK	DH3	1.666	266.56	400
GFSK	DH5	2.898	309.12	400

**High Channel**

Modulation Type		Reading (ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)
GFSK	DH1	0.400	128.00	400
GFSK	DH3	1.666	266.56	400
GFSK	DH5	2.898	309.12	400

**EDR 2M**  
**Low Channel**

Modulation Type		Reading (ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)
Pi/4 DAPSK	2DH1	0.412	131.84	400
Pi/4 DAPSK	2DH3	1.650	264.00	400
Pi/4 DAPSK	2DH5	2.914	310.83	400

**Middle Channel**

Modulation Type		Reading (ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)
Pi/4 DAPSK	2DH1	0.412	131.84	400
Pi/4 DAPSK	2DH3	1.650	264.00	400
Pi/4 DAPSK	2DH5	2.912	310.61	400

### High Channel

Modulation Type		Reading (ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)
Pi/4 DAPSK	2DH1	0.412	131.84	400
Pi/4 DAPSK	2DH3	1.650	264.00	400
Pi/4 DAPSK	2DH5	2.912	310.61	400

### EDR 3M Low Channel

Modulation Type		Reading (ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)
8-DPSK	3DH1	0.412	131.84	400
8-DPSK	3DH3	1.642	262.72	400
8-DPSK	3DH5	2.908	310.19	400

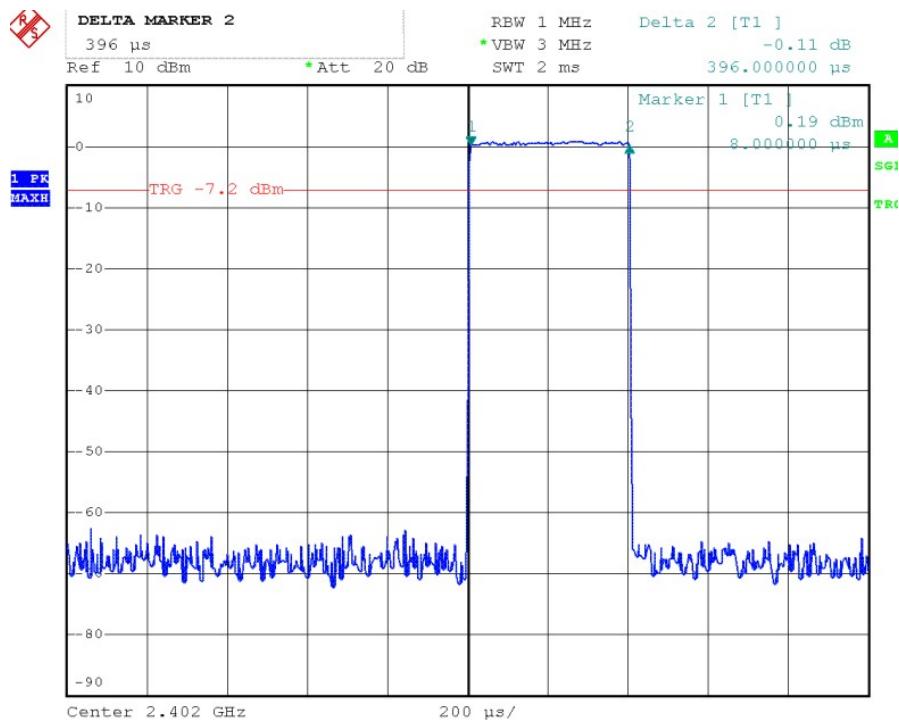
### Middle Channel

Modulation Type		Reading (ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)
8-DPSK	3DH1	0.412	131.84	400
8-DPSK	3DH3	1.642	262.72	400
8-DPSK	3DH5	2.908	310.19	400

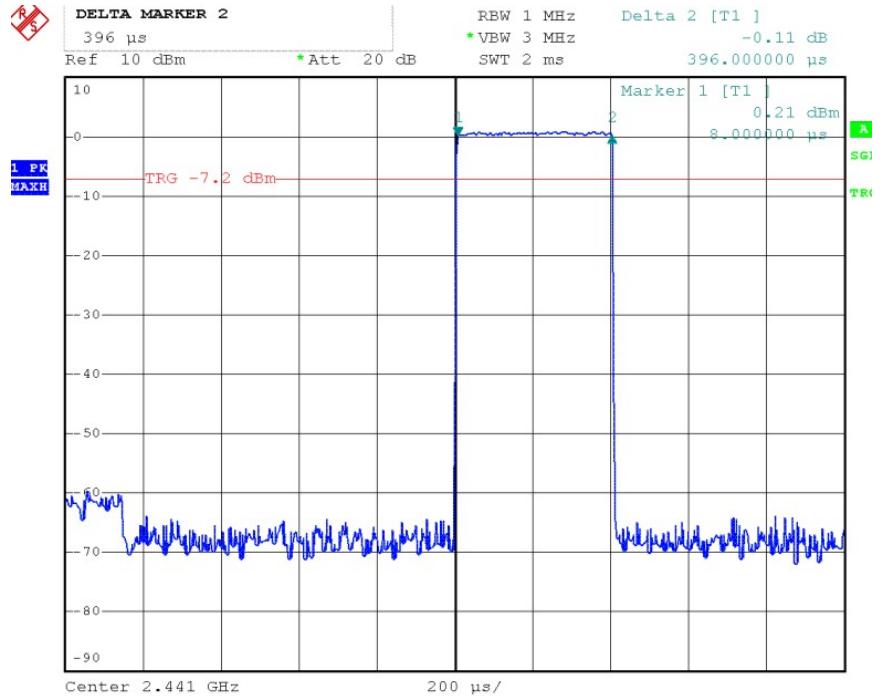
### High Channel

Modulation Type		Reading (ms)	Dwell Time (ms)	Limit (ms)
8-DPSK	3DH1	0.412	131.84	400
8-DPSK	3DH3	1.642	262.72	400
8-DPSK	3DH5	208.9	310.19	400

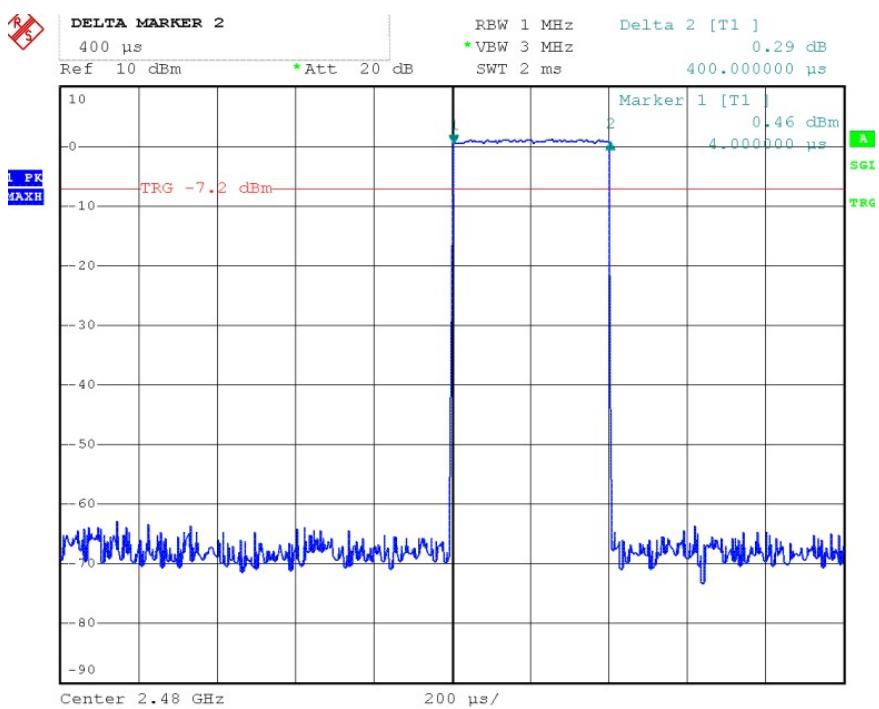
## BDR 1M DH1 Channel Low



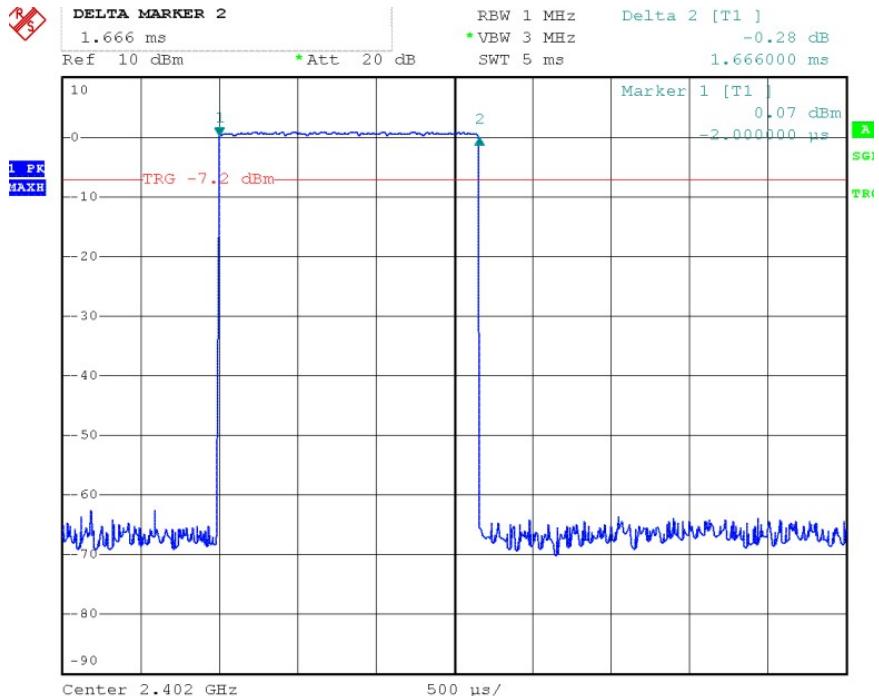
## Channel Middle



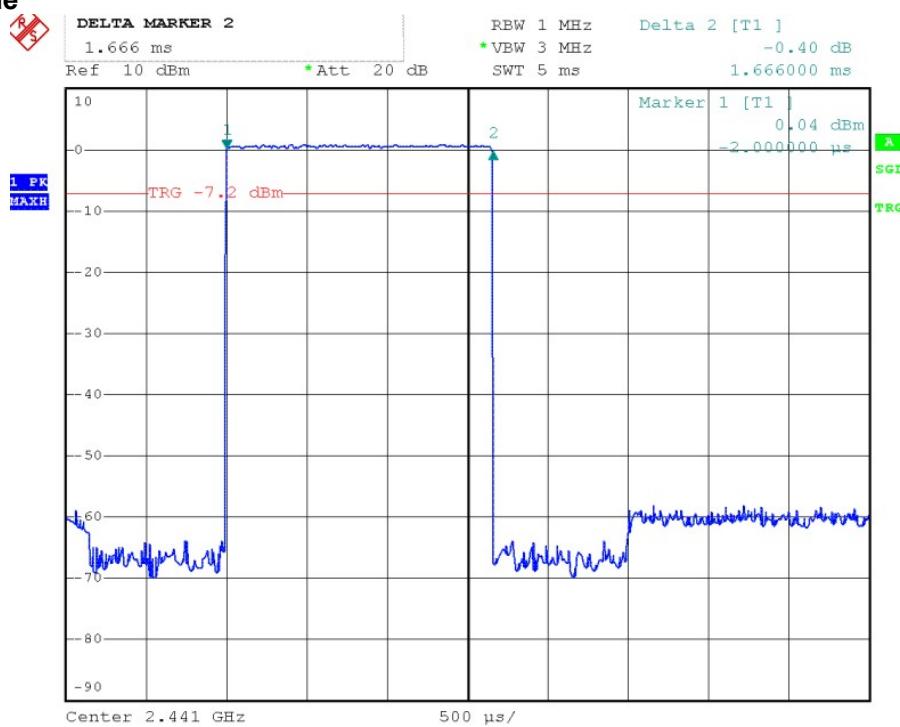
## Channel High



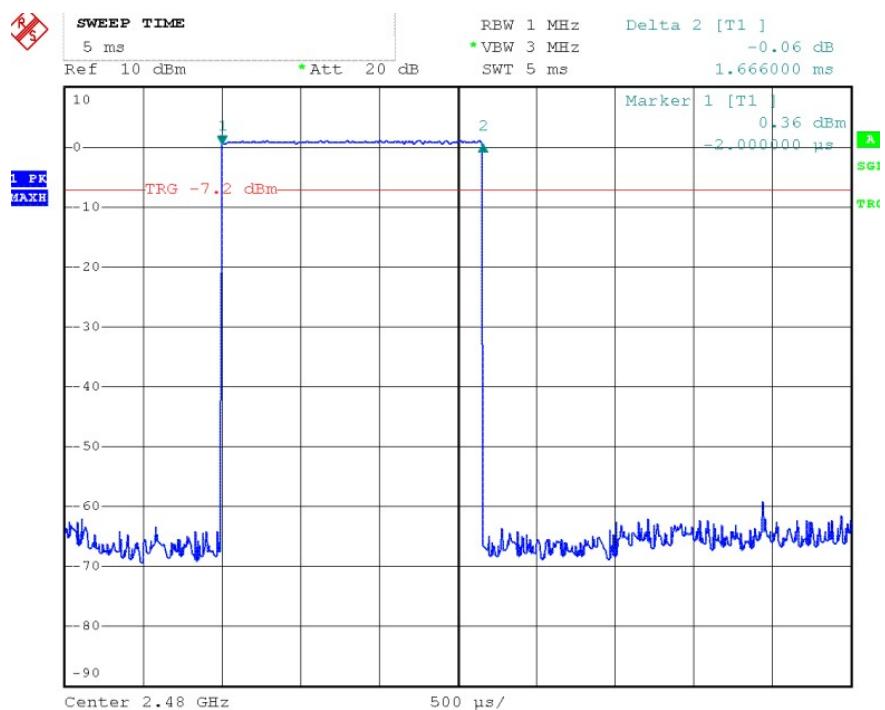
## BDR 1M DH3 Channel Low



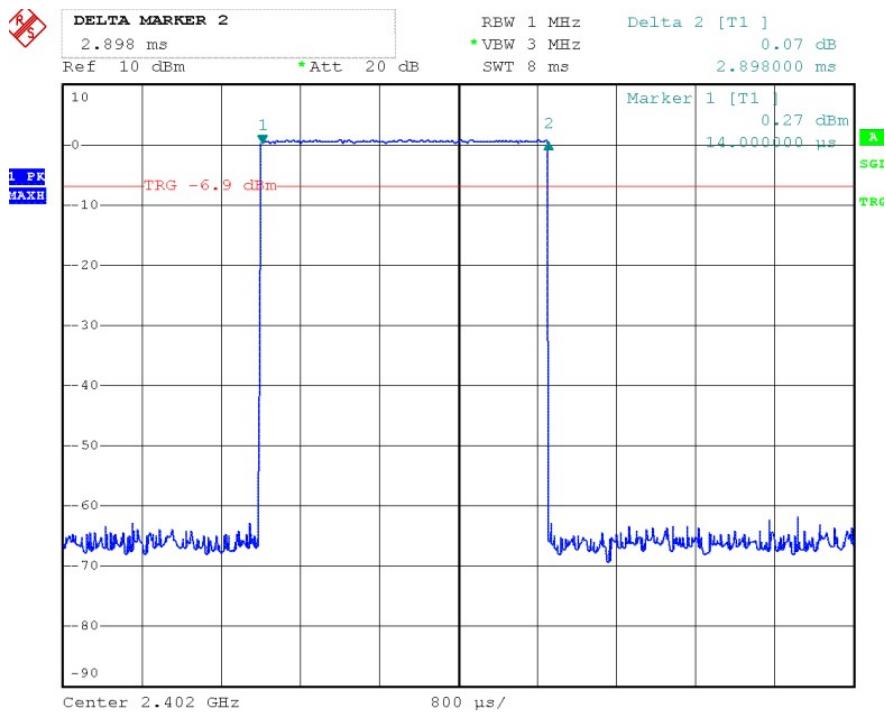
## Channel Middle



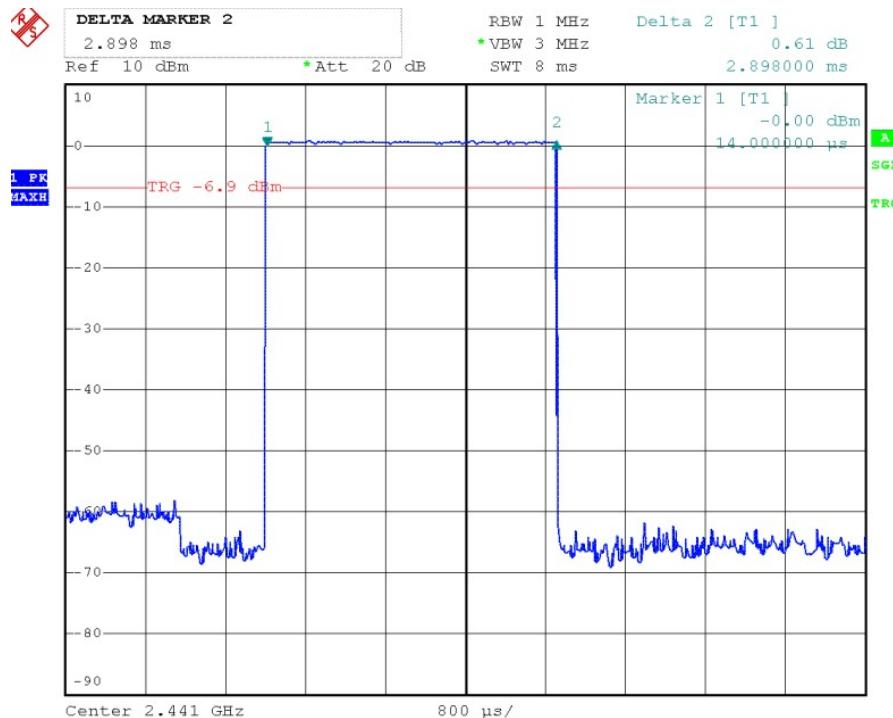
## Channel High



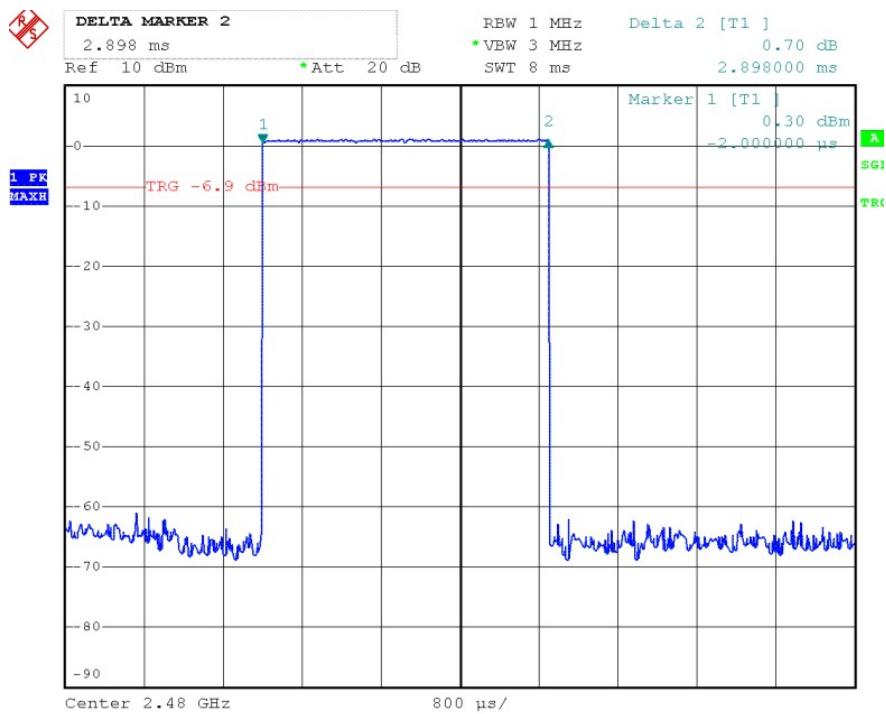
## BDR 1M DH5 Channel Low



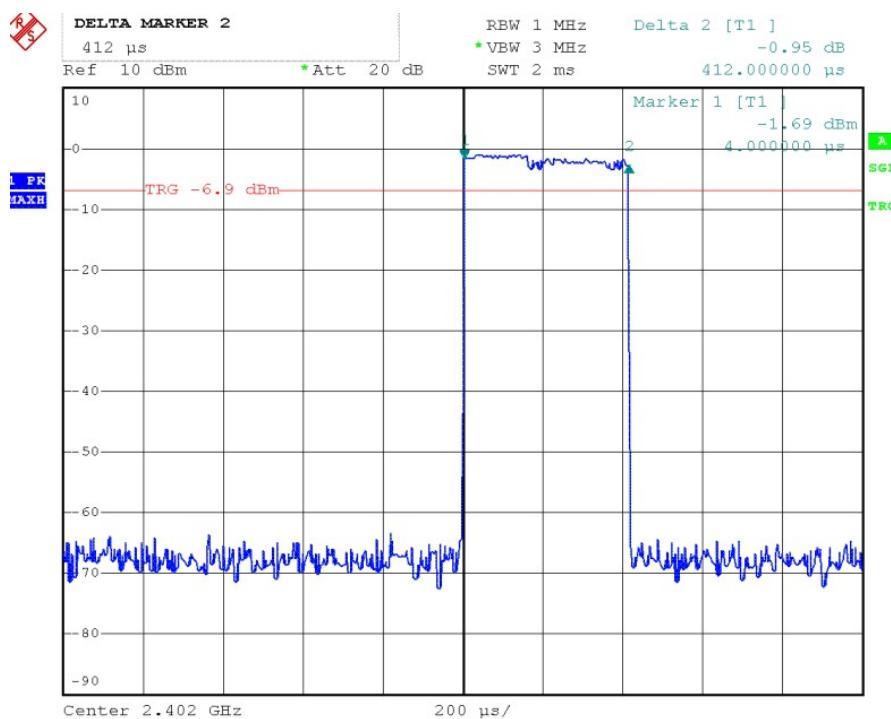
## Channel Middle



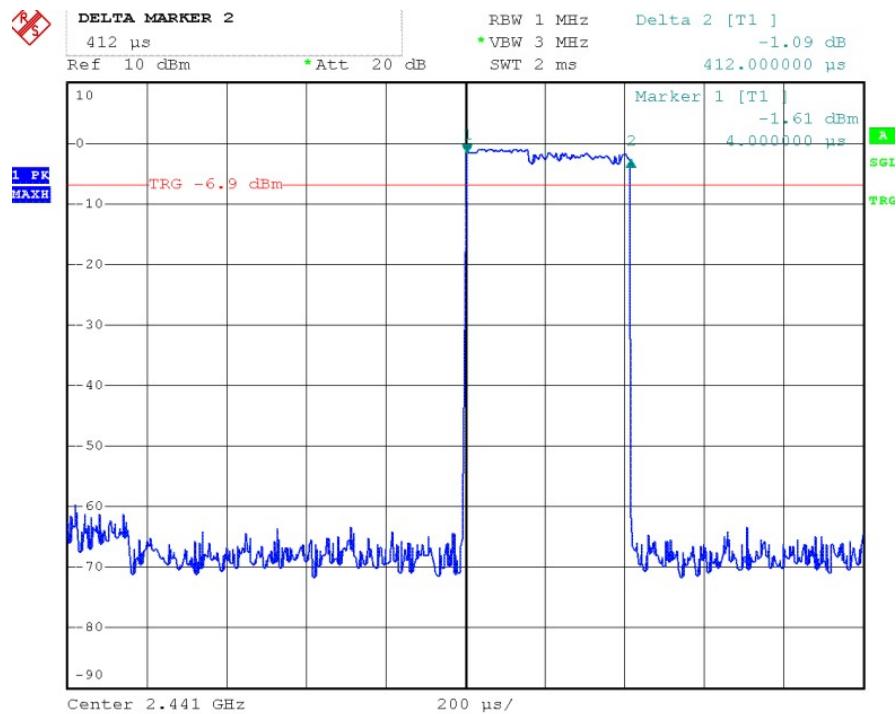
## Channel High



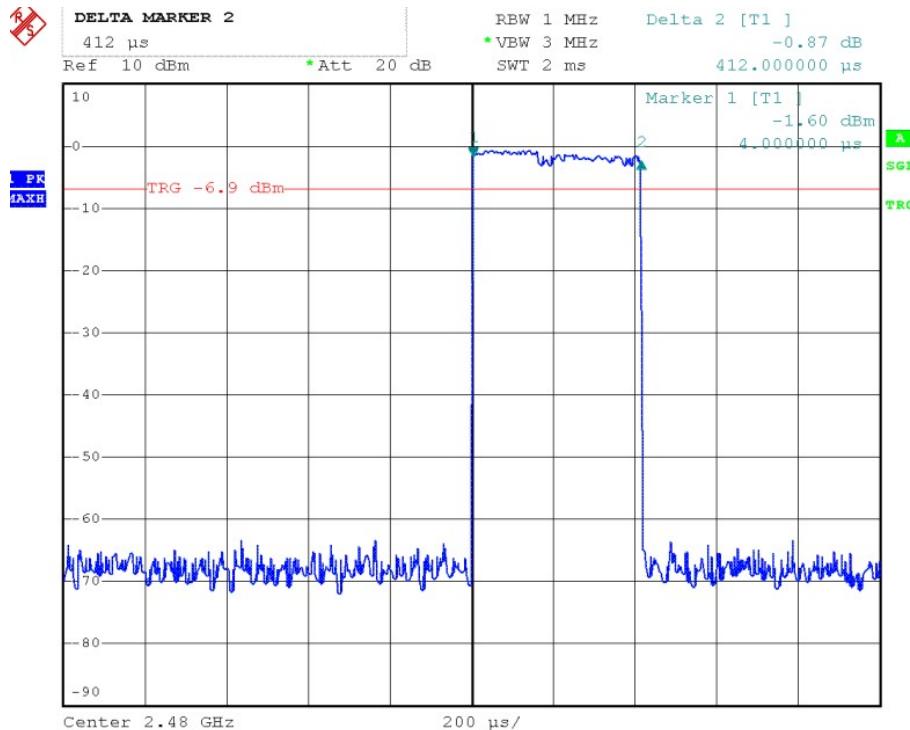
## EDR 2M 2DH1 Channel Low



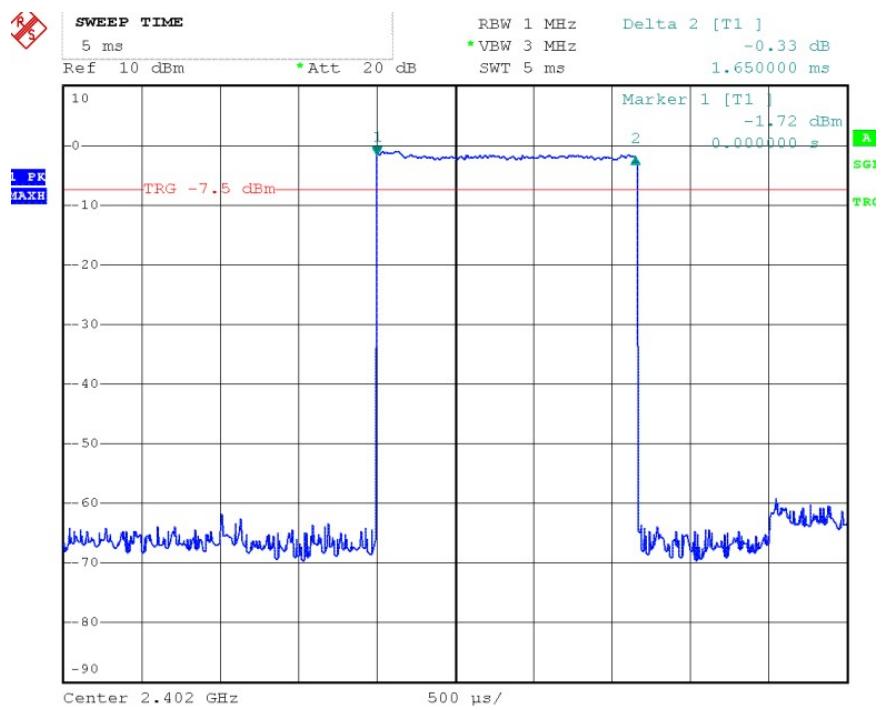
## Channel Middle



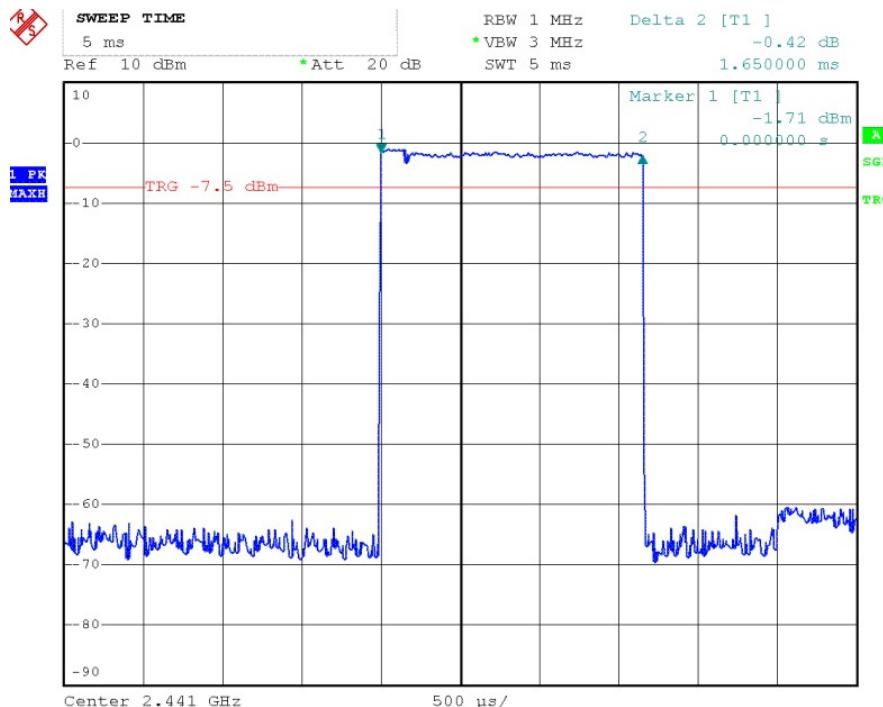
## Channel High



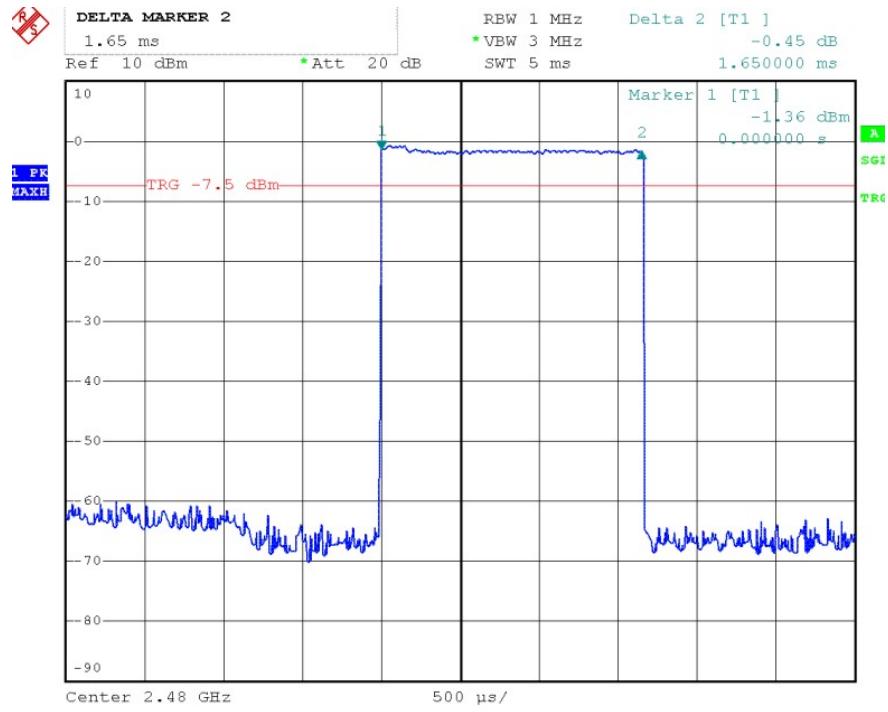
## EDR 2M 2DH3 Channel Low



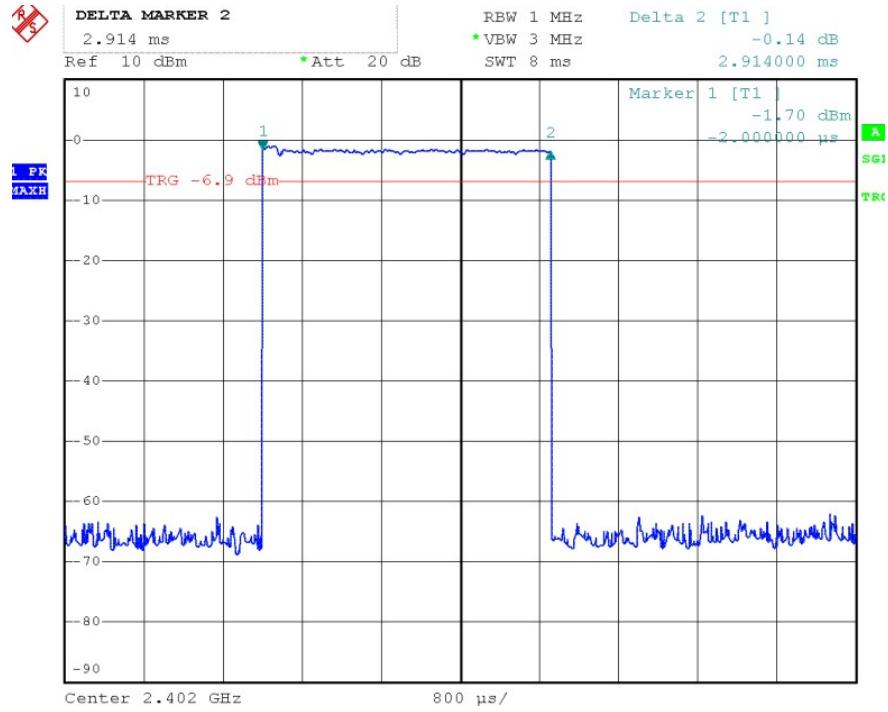
## Channel Middle



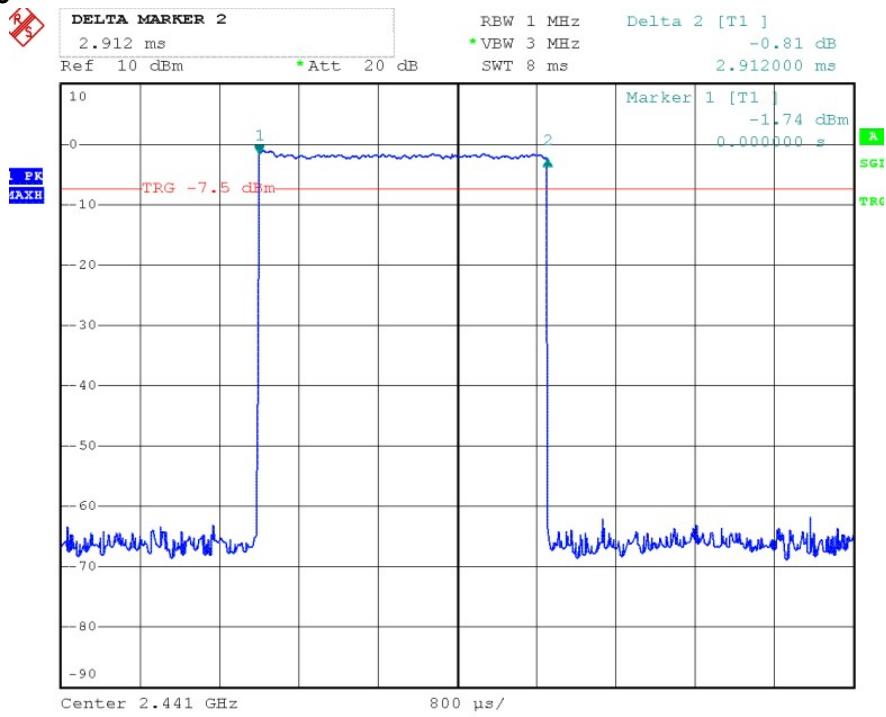
## Channel High



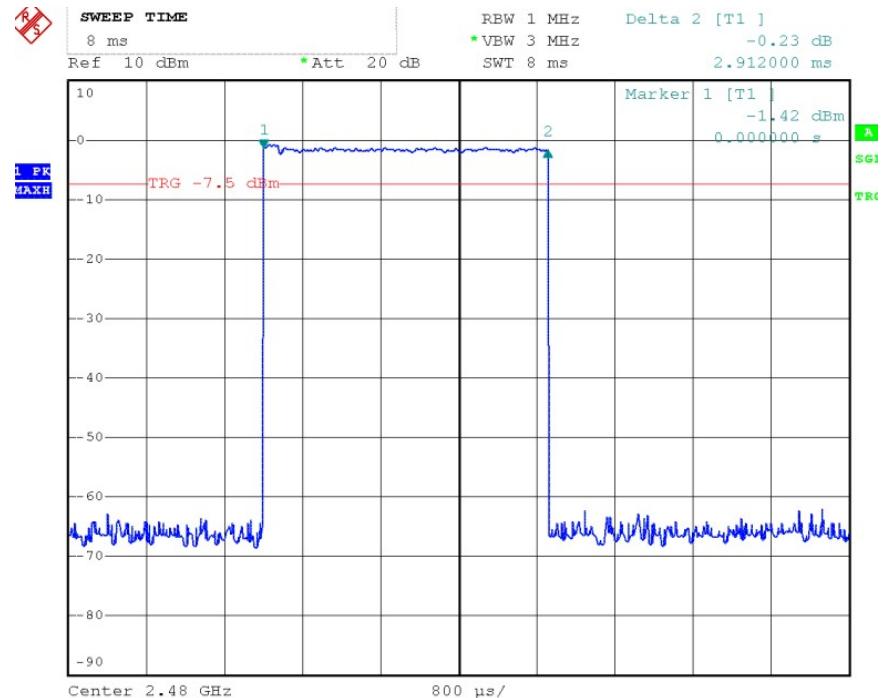
## EDR 2M 2DH5 Channel Low



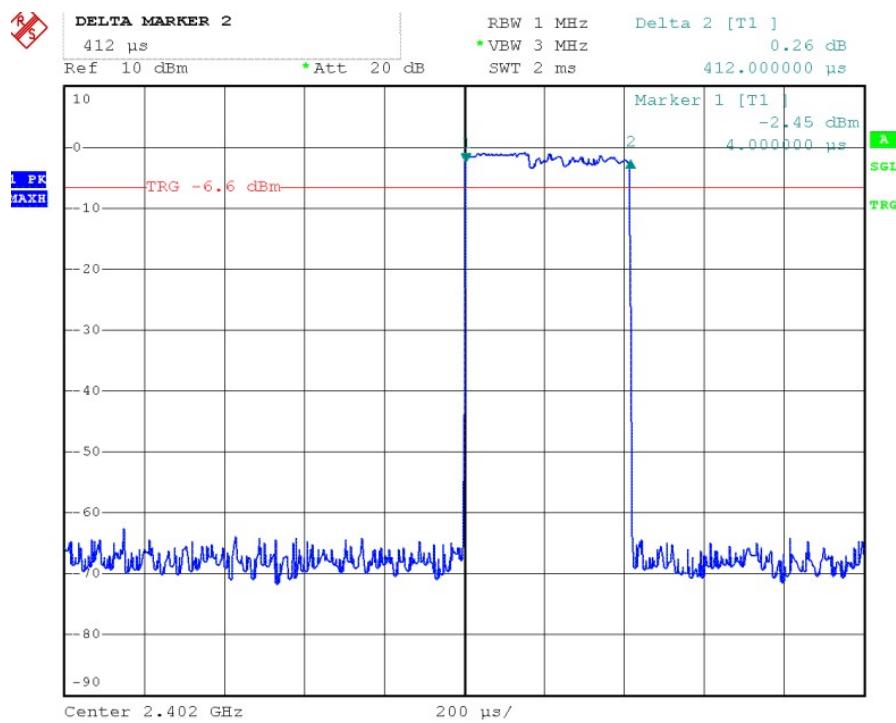
## Channel Middle



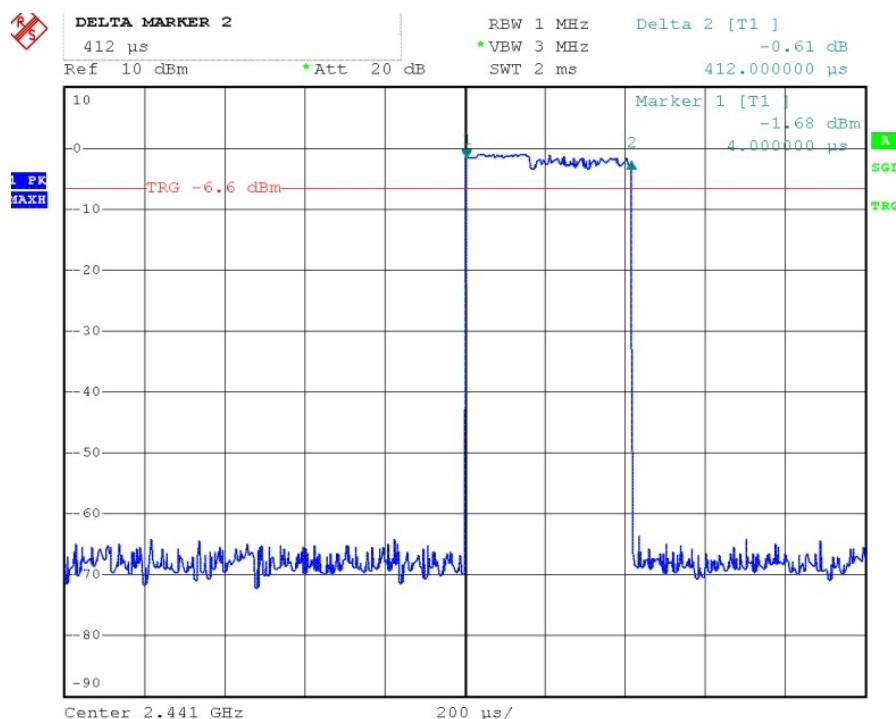
## Channel High



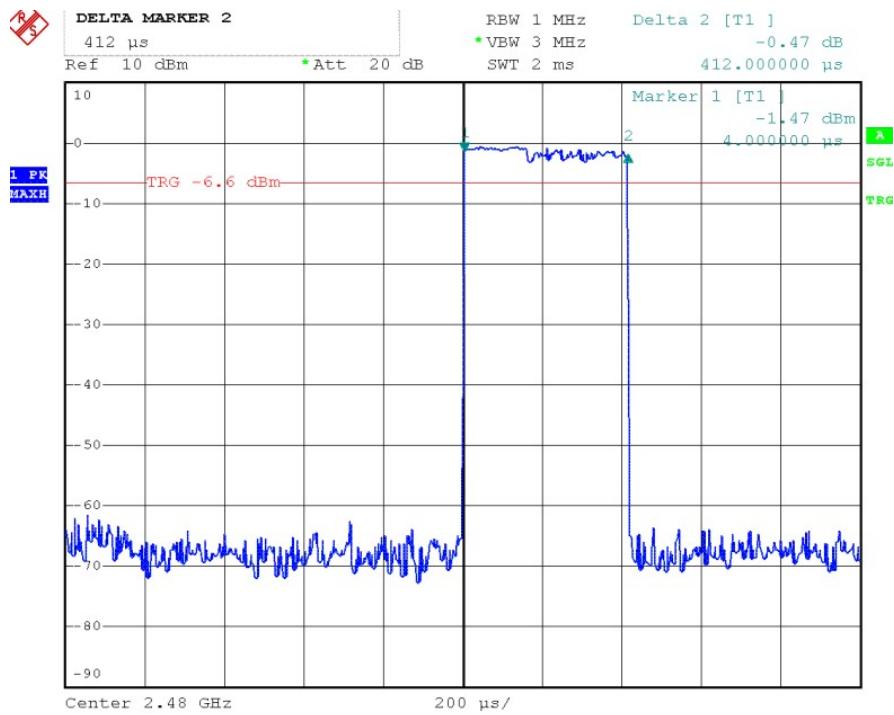
## EDR 3M 3DH1 Channel Low



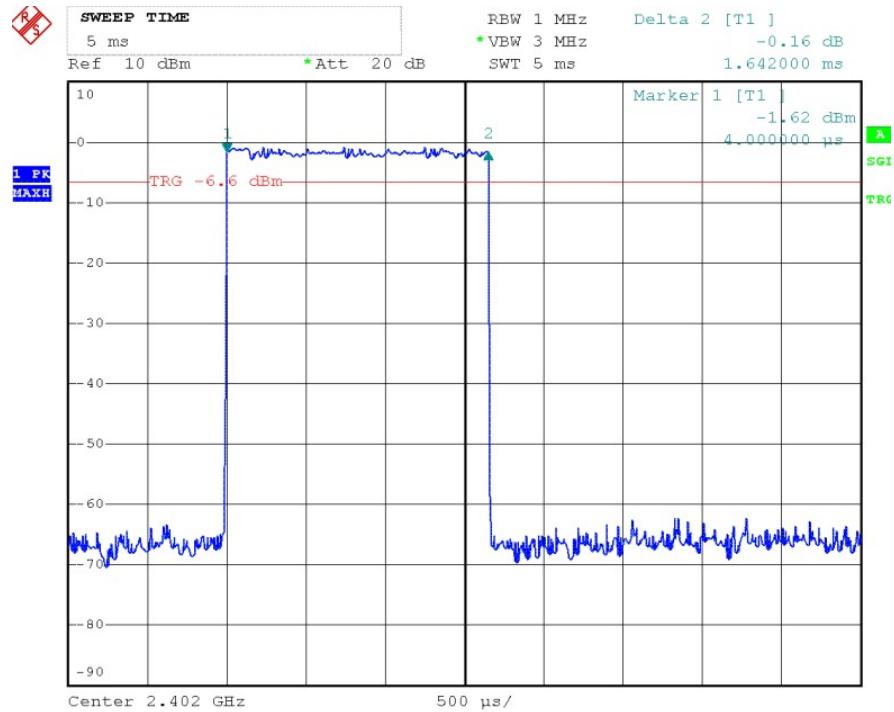
## Channel Middle



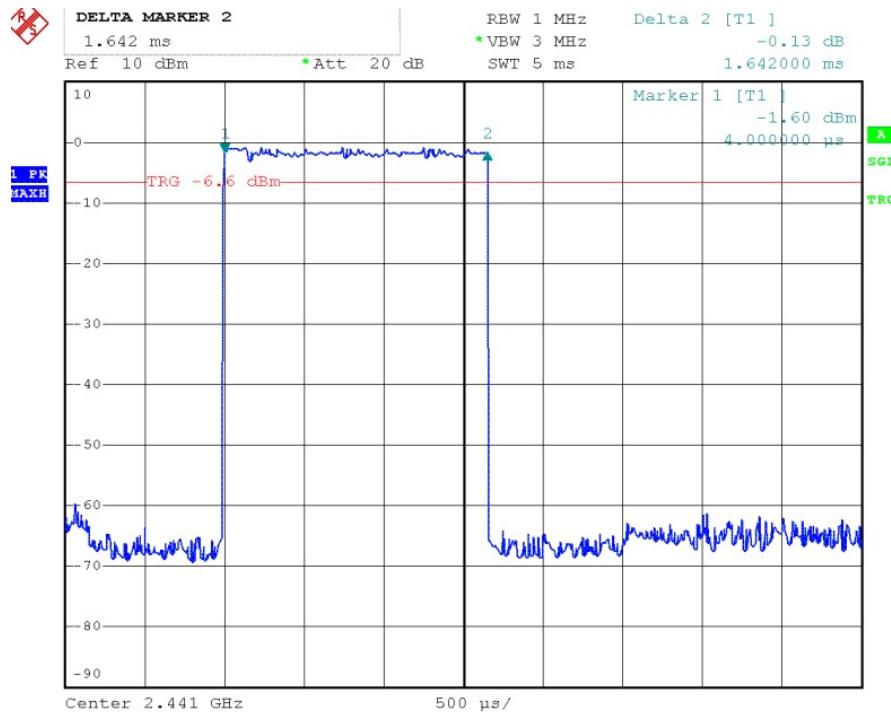
## Channel High



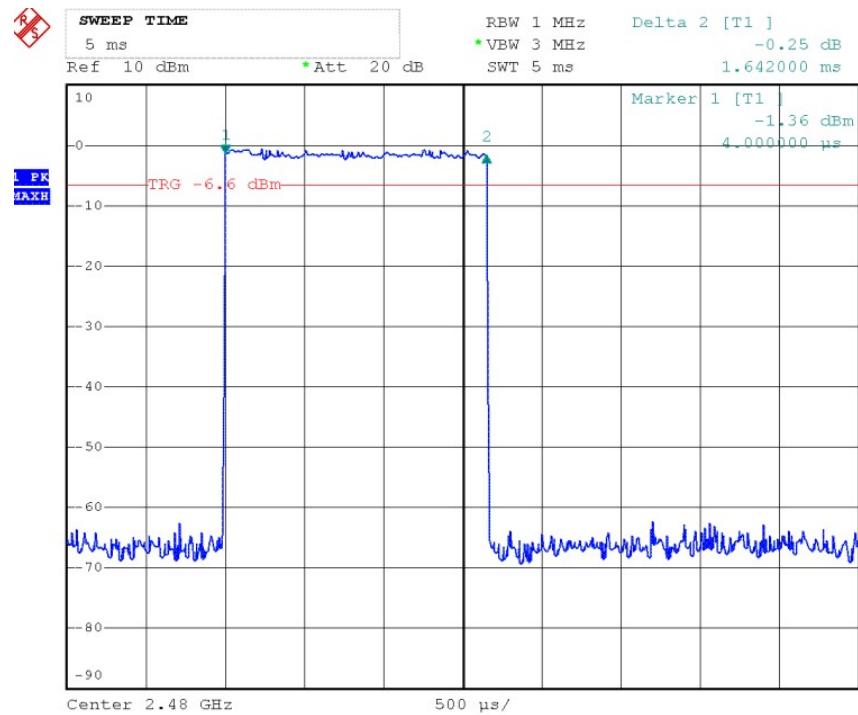
## EDR 3M 3DH3 Channel Low



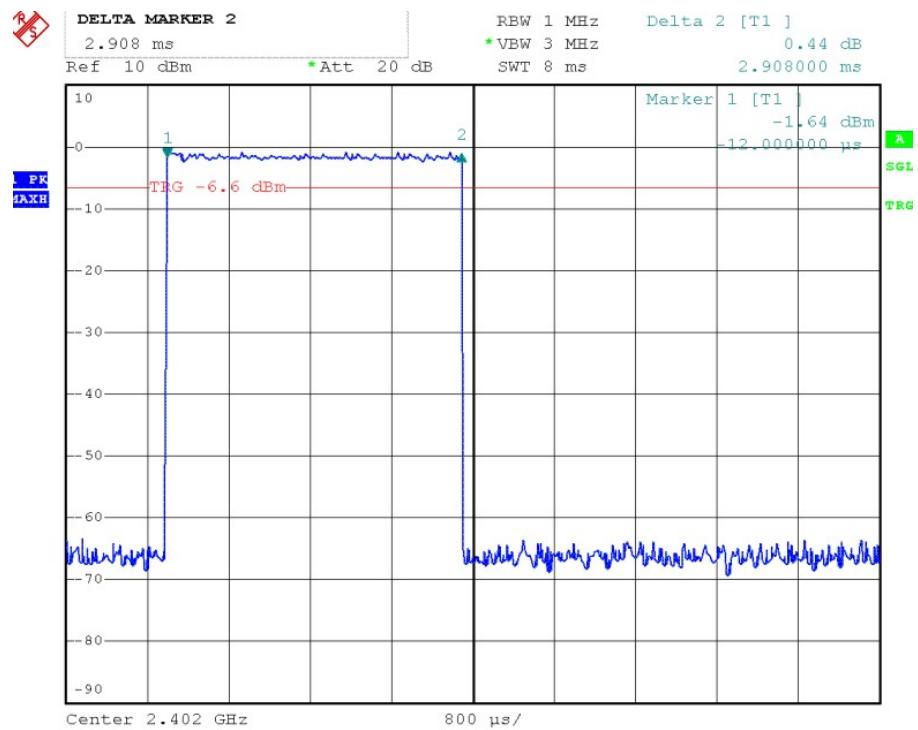
## Channel Middle



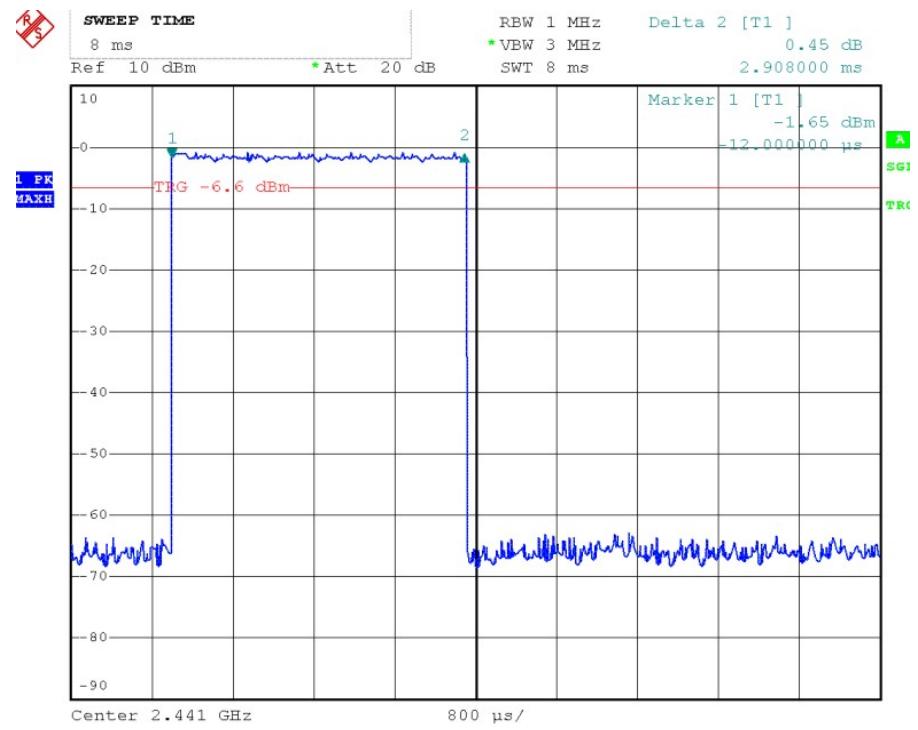
## Channel High



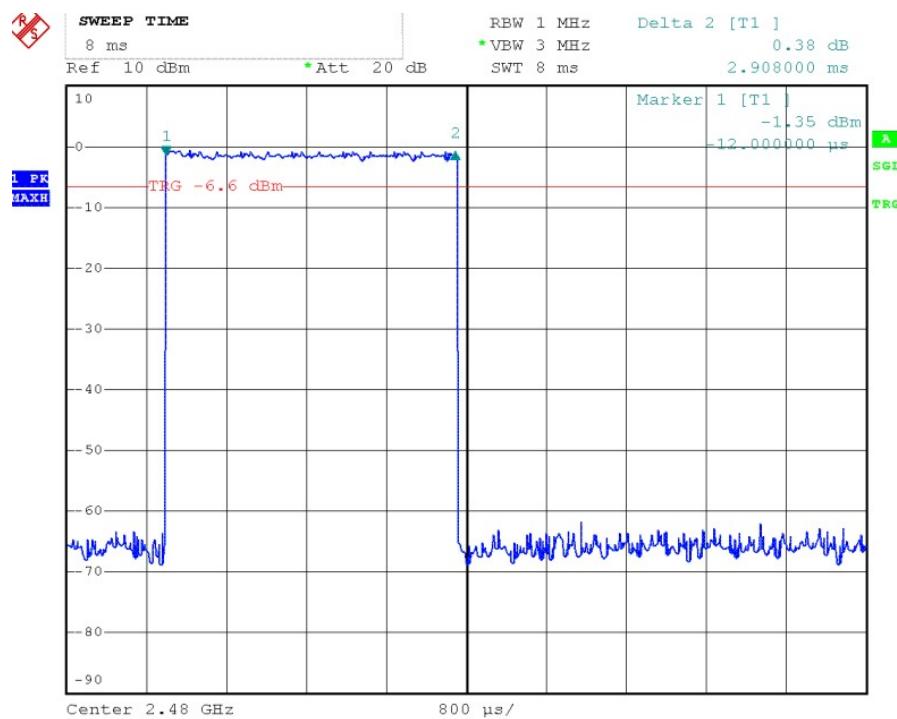
## EDR 3M 3DH5 Channel Low



## Channel Middle



## Channel High

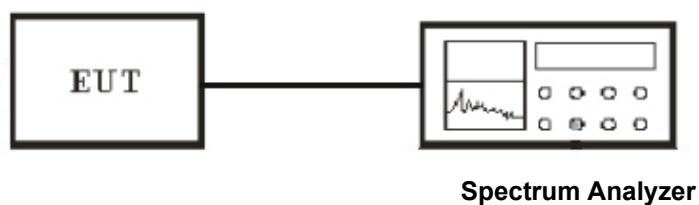


## 9. Test of Maximum Peak Output Power

### 9.1 Applicable Standard

Section 15.247(b)(1): For frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400-2483.5 MHz band employing at least 75 non-overlapping hopping channels and The maximum peak output power shall not exceed 1 watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in this frequency band, The maximum peak output power shall not exceed 0.125 watt.

### 9.2 EUT Setup



### 9.3 Test Equipment List and Details

See section 2.5.

### 9.4 Test Procedure

1. The transmitter output was connected to the peak power meter and recorded the peak value.
2. Peak power meter parameter set to auto attenuator and filter is the same as.
3. Repeated the 1 for the middle and highest channel of the EUT.

## 9.5 Test Result

Temperature ( °C ) : 22~23	EUT: Bluetooth Speaker
Humidity (%RH) : 50~54	M/N: F004
Barometric Pressure ( mbar ) : 950~1000	Operation Condition: Tx Mode

### BDR 1M

Modulation Type	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Limits (dBm)	Margin (dB)
GFSK	Low	2402.00	0.98	21	-24.49
GFSK	Middle	2441.00	0.94	21	-24.89
GFSK	High	2480.00	1.25	21	-25.89

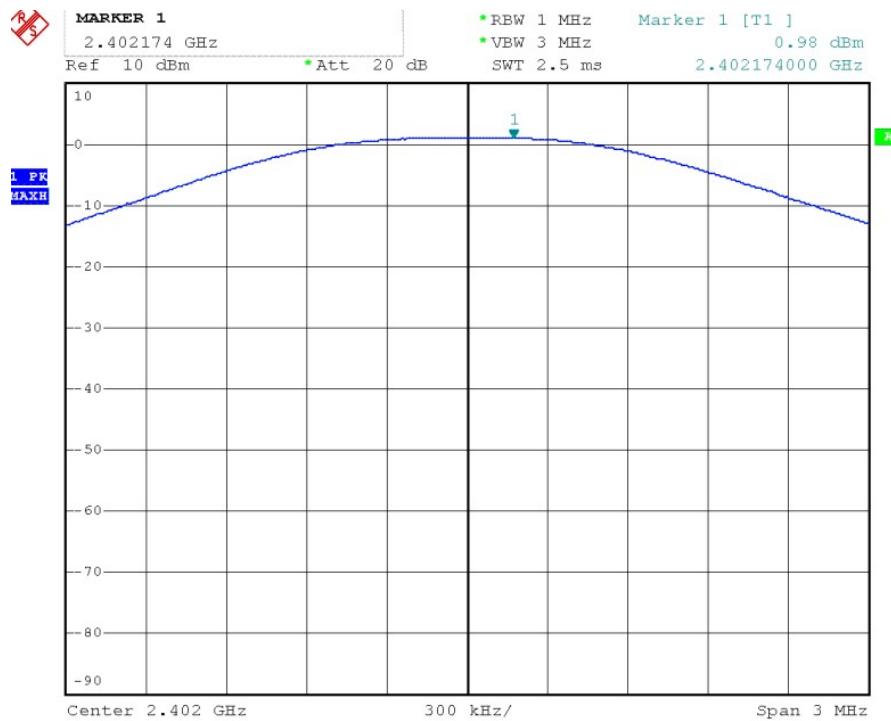
### EDR 2M

Modulation Type	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Limits (dBm)	Margin (dB)
Pi/4 DAPSK	Low	2402.00	-0.95	21	-25.41
Pi/4 DAPSK	Middle	2441.00	-0.76	21	-25.66
Pi/4 DAPSK	High	2480.00	-0.44	21	-26.63

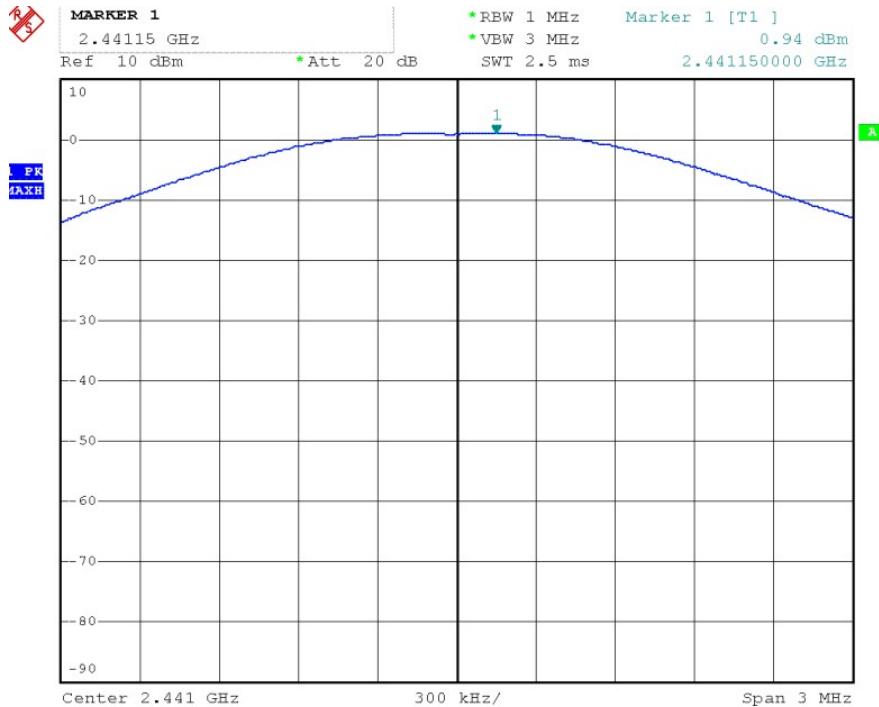
### EDR 3M

Modulation Type	Channel No.	Frequency (MHz)	Output Power (dBm)	Limits (dBm)	Margin (dB)
8-DPSK	Low	2402.00	-0.72	21	-24.46
8-DPSK	Middle	2441.00	-0.74	21	-24.90
8-DPSK	High	2480.00	-0.42	21	-25.92

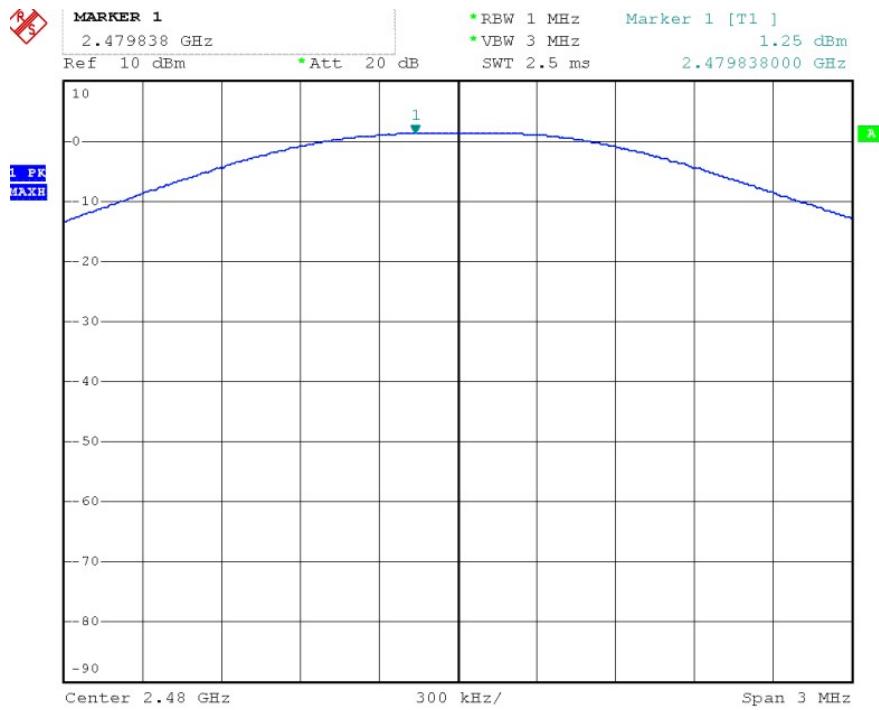
## BDR 1M Channel Low



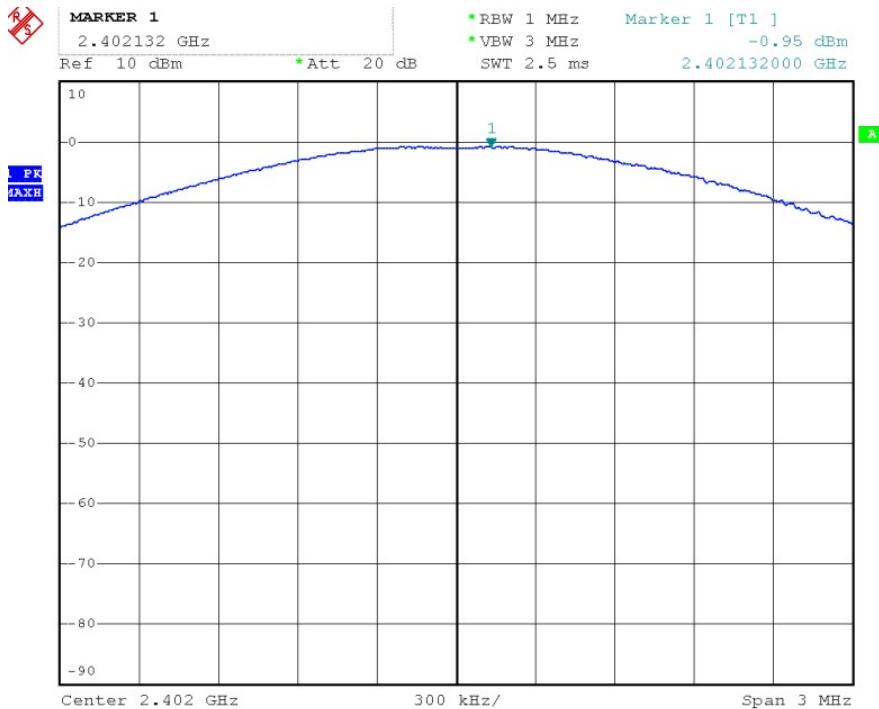
## Channel Middle



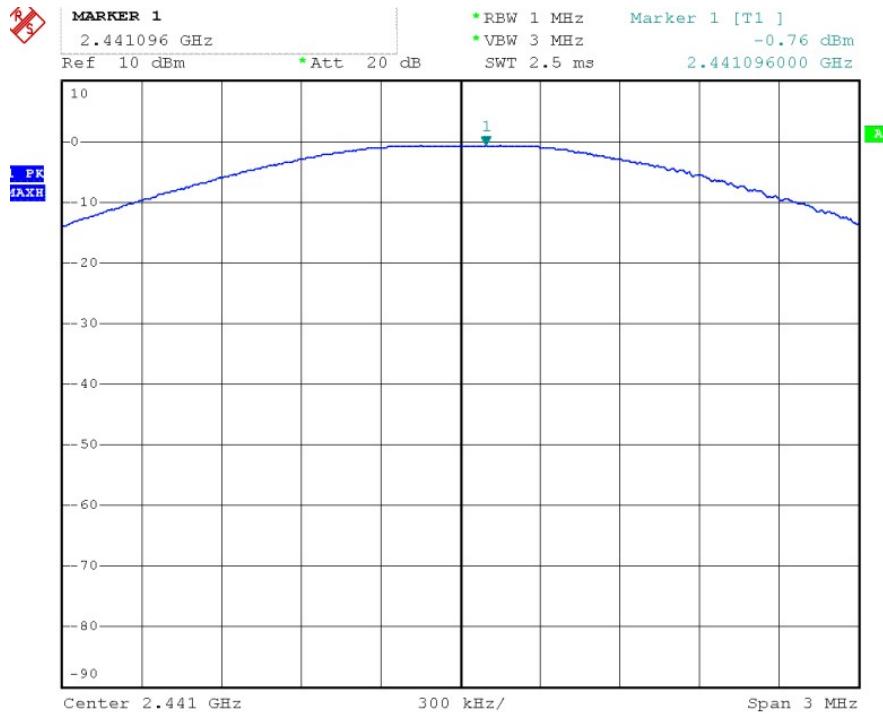
## Channel High



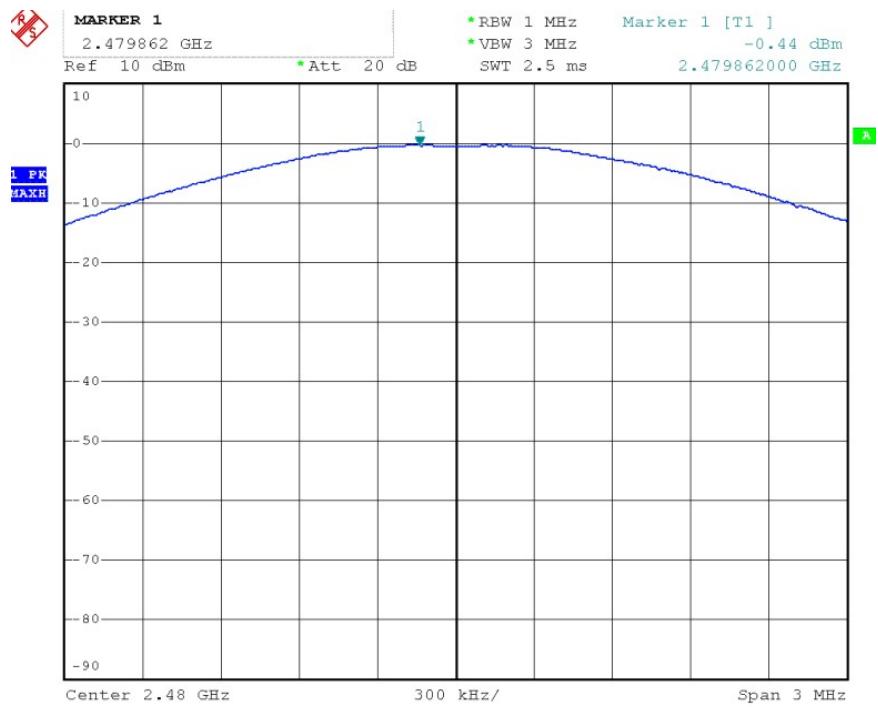
## EDR 2M Channel Low



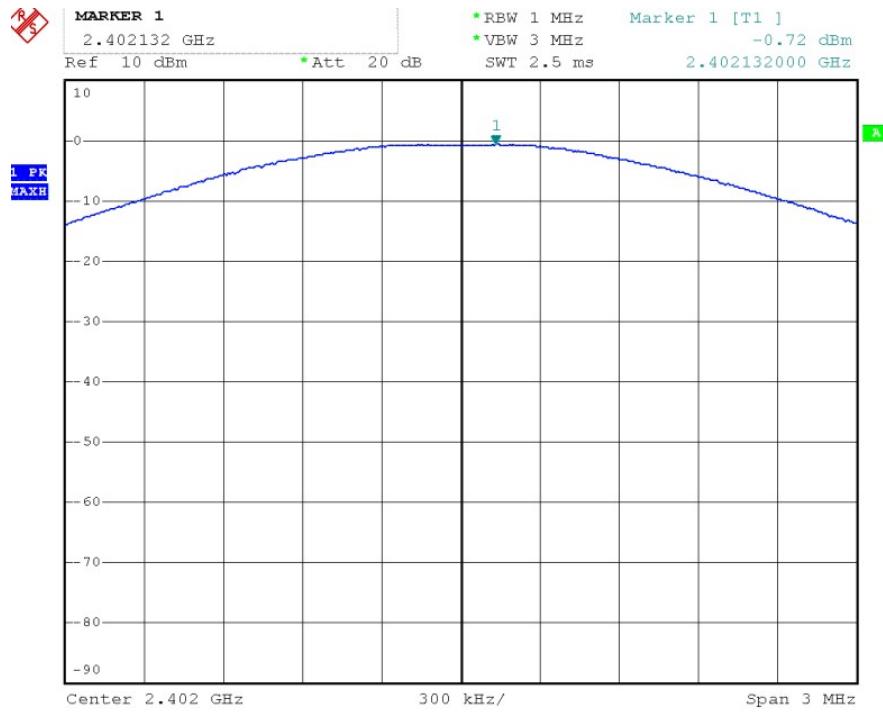
## Channel Middle



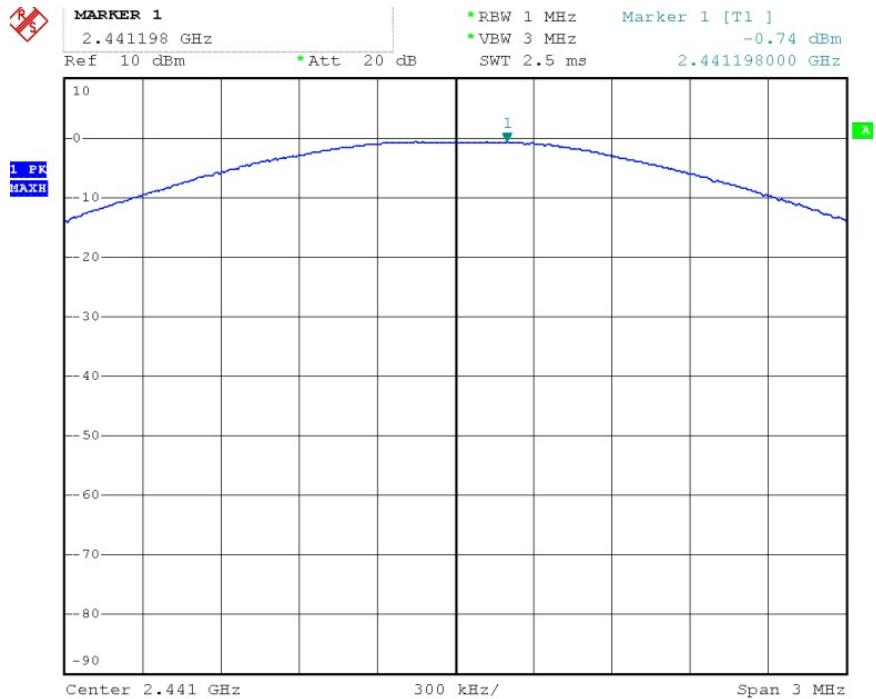
## Channel High



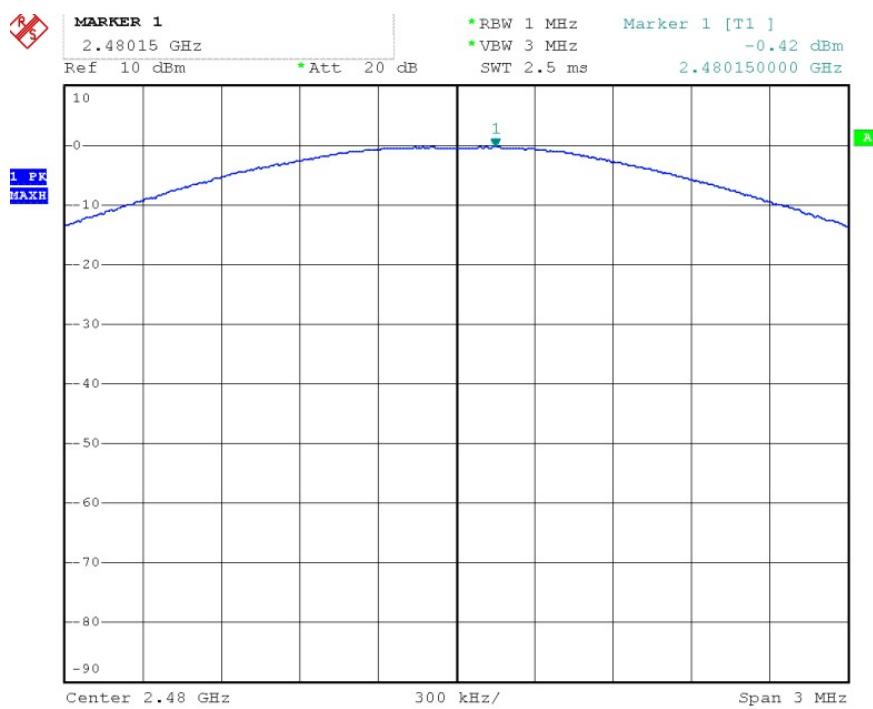
## EDR 3M Channel Low



## Channel Middle



## Channel High



## 10. Test of Band Edges Emission

## 10.1 Applicable Standard

Section 15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. In addition, radiated emissions that fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209.

## 10.2 EUT Setup

## Radiated Measurement Setup

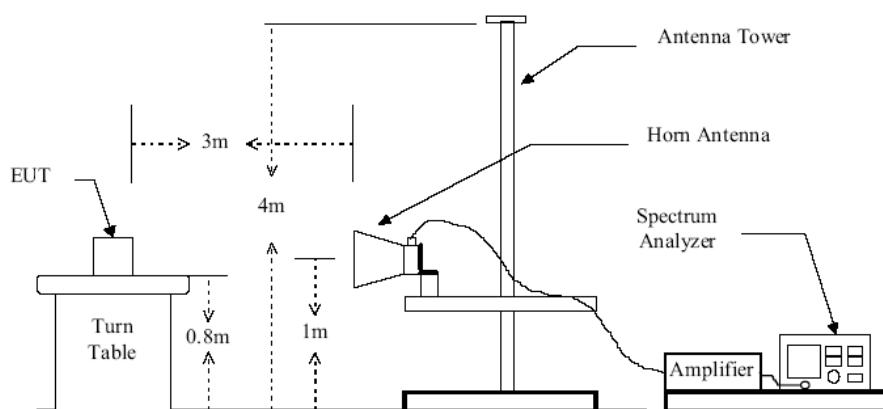
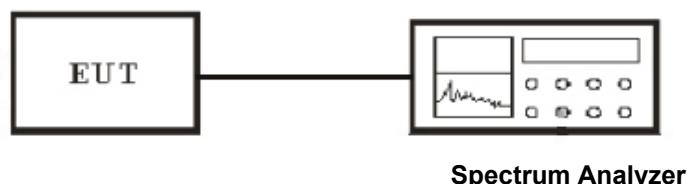


Figure 2 : Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration

## Conducted Measurement Setup



### 10.3 Test Equipment List and Details

See section 2.5.

## 10.4 Test Procedure

## Conducted Measurement

1. The transmitter is set to the lowest channel.
2. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a cable and cable loss is used as the offset of the spectrum analyzer.

3. Set both RBW and VBW of spectrum analyzer to 100KHz with convenient frequency span including 100MHz bandwidth from lower band edge. Then detector set to peak and max hold this trace.

4. The lowest band edges emission was measured and recorded.

5. The transmitter set to the highest channel and repeated 2~4.

### Radiated Measurement

1. Configure the EUT according to ANSI C63.4-2003

2. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.

3. The height of the broadband receiving antenna was varied between one meter and four meters above ground to find the maximum emission field strength of both horizontal and vertical polarization.

4. For band edge emission, the antenna tower was scan (from 1 M to 4 M) and then the turn table was rotated (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading.

5. For band edge emission, use 1MHz VBW and 1MHz RBW for reading under AV and use 1MHz VBW and 1MHz RBW for reading under PK.

### 10.5 Test Result

Temperature ( °C ) : 22~23	EUT: Bluetooth Speaker
Humidity (%RH) : 50~54	M/N: F004
Barometric Pressure ( mbar ) : 950~1000	Operation Condition: Tx Mode

#### Radiated Test Result

##### Worst Case BDR 1M

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarization	Emission Read Value (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)
2389.5	H	34.14	54
2483.6	H	33.84	54

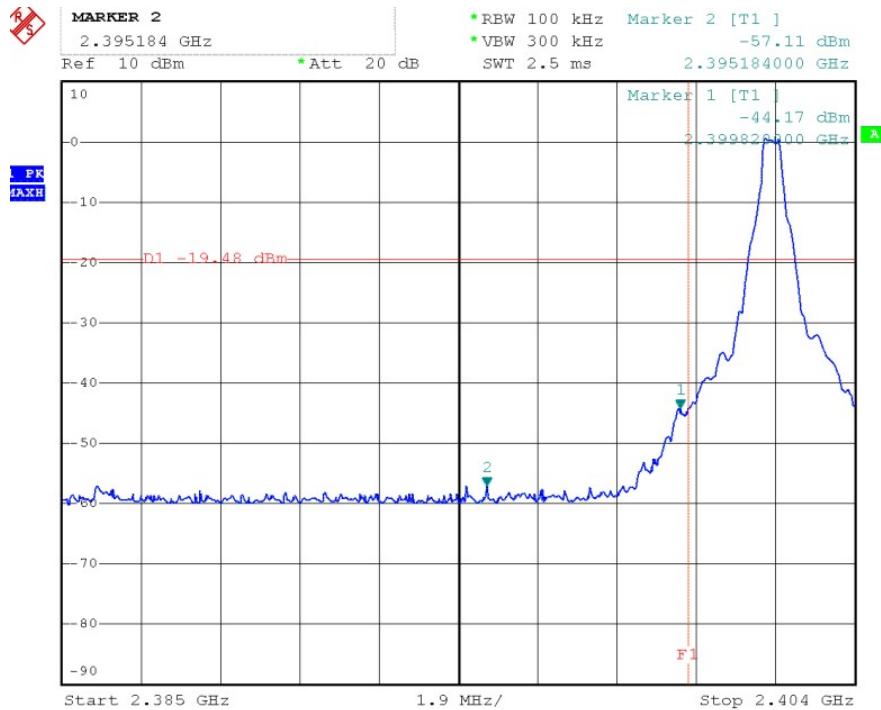
##### Worst Case EDR 2M

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarization	Emission Read Value (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)
2389.4	H	33.45	54
2483.7	H	34.87	54

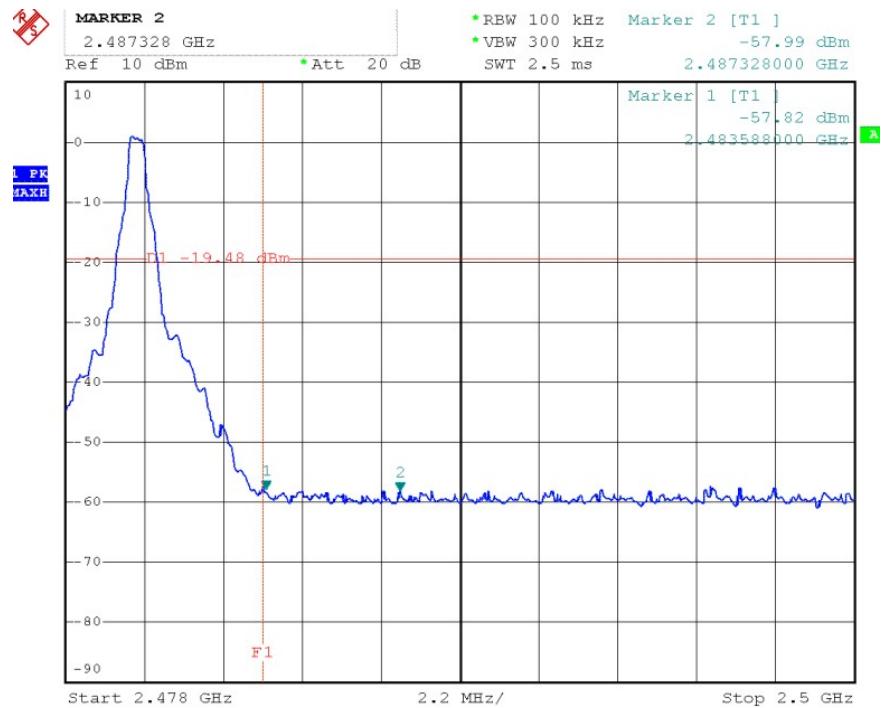
##### Worst Case EDR 3M

Frequency (MHz)	Antenna Polarization	Emission Read Value (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/m)
2389.5	H	34.28	54
2483.6	H	34.84	54

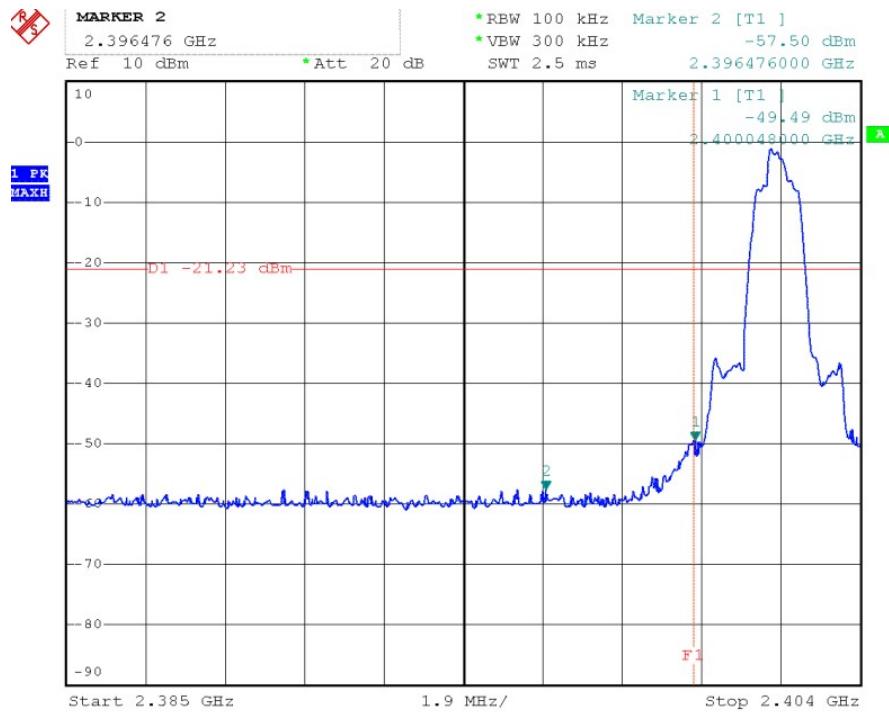
**Conducted Test Result**  
**BDR 1M**  
**Low Channel**



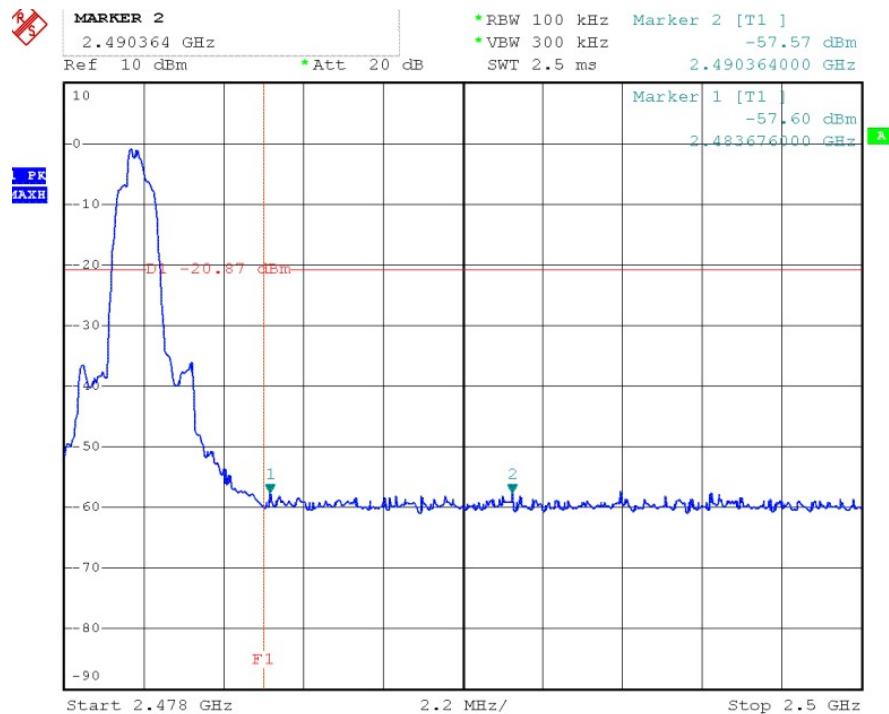
**High Channel**



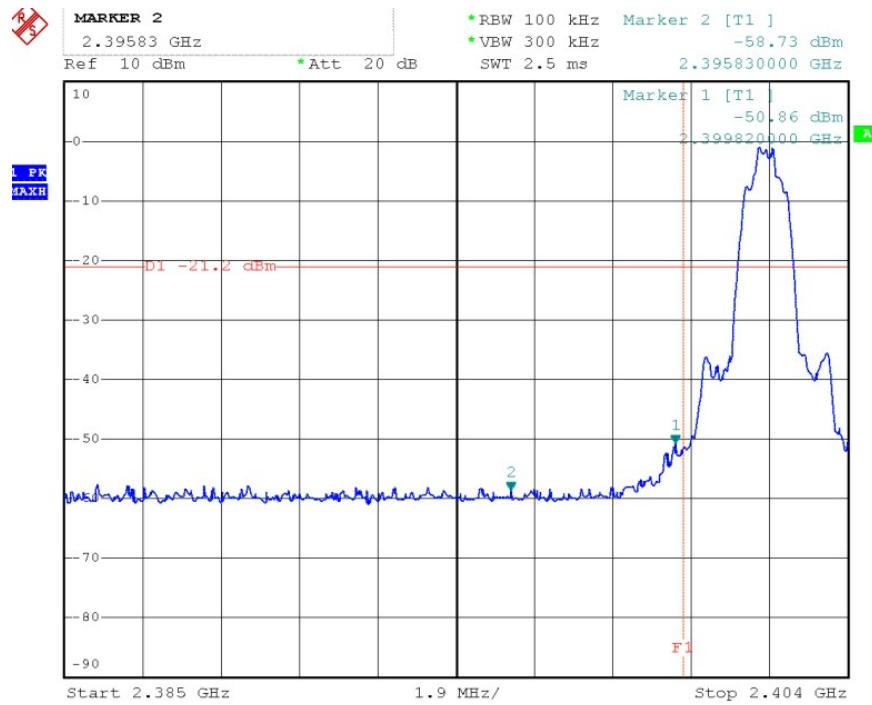
## EDR 2M Low Channel



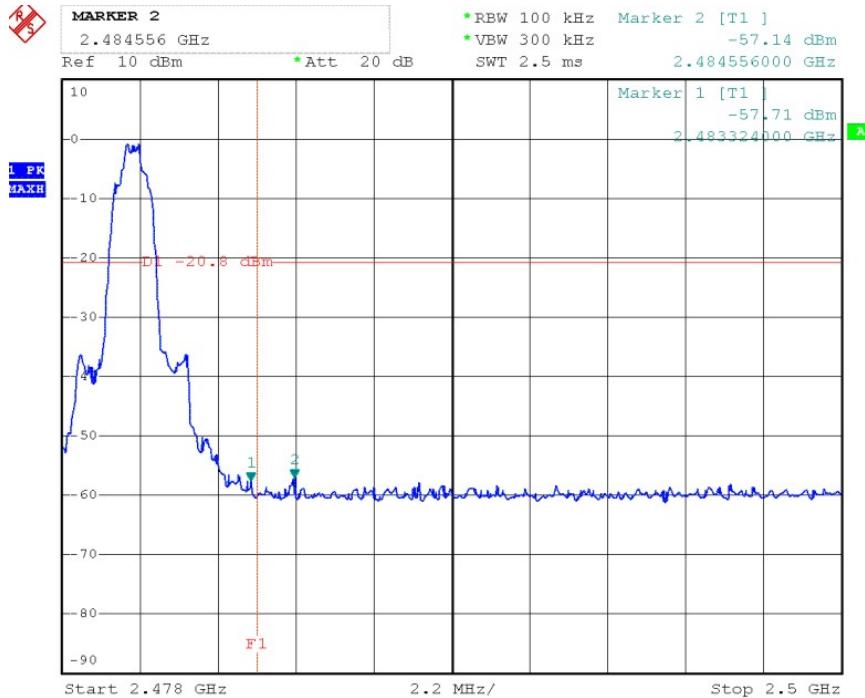
## High Channel



## EDR 3M Low Channel



## High Channel



## 11. Test of Spurious Radiated Emission

### 11.1 Applicable Standard

Section 15.247(d): In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement. In addition, radiated emissions that fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205, must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209.

### 11.2 EUT Setup

#### Radiated Measurement Setup

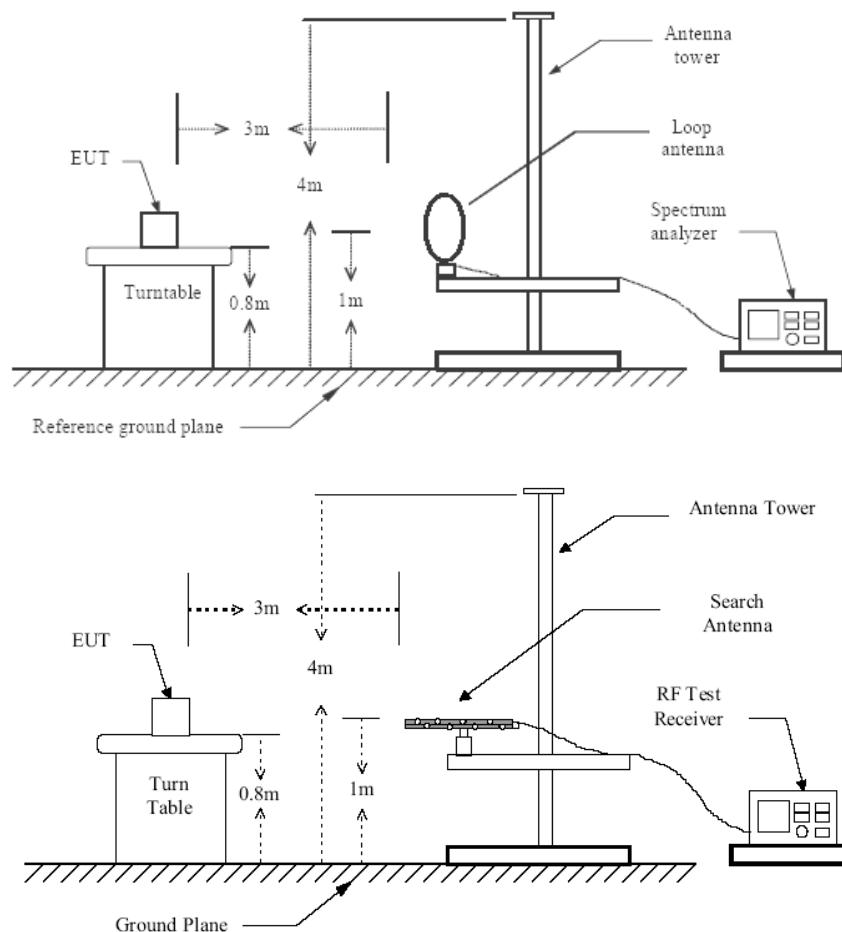


Figure 1 : Frequencies measured below 1 GHz configuration

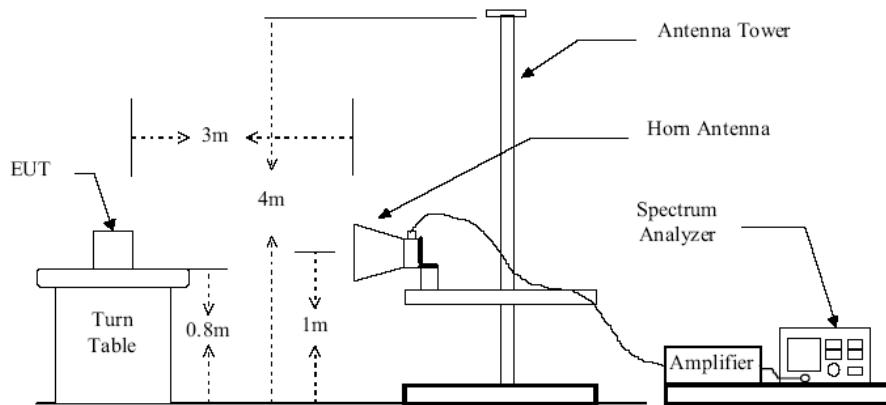
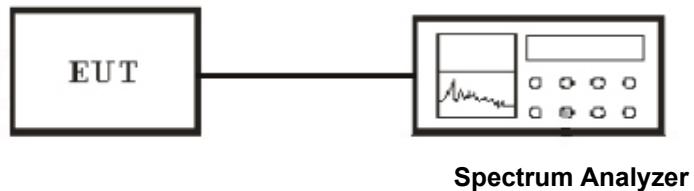


Figure 2 : Frequencies measured above 1 GHz configuration

### Conducted Measurement Setup



### 11.3 Test Equipment List and Details

See [section 2.5](#).

### 11.4 Test Procedure

#### Radiated Measurement

1. Configure the EUT according to ANSI C63.4-2009
2. The EUT was placed on the top of the turntable 0.8 meter above ground.
3. The phase center of the receiving antenna mounted on the top of a height-variable antenna tower was placed 3 meters far away from the turntable.
4. Power on the EUT and all the supporting units.
5. The turntable was rotated by 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
6. The height of the broadband receiving antenna was varied between one meter and four meters above ground to find the maximum emission field strength of both horizontal and vertical polarization.
7. For each suspected emission, the antenna tower was scanned (from 1 M to 4 M) and then the turntable was rotated (from 0 degree to 360 degrees) to find the maximum reading.
8. According to the characteristic of the EUT crystals, the range of frequencies was investigated from 9KHz to 30MHz, 30MHz to 1GHz and 1GHz to 26GHz.

9. For emission below 1GHz, Set the test-receiver system to Peak or CISPR quasi-peak Detect Function with specified bandwidth under Maximum Hold Mode.

10. For emission above 1GHz, Set the RBW=1MHz,VBW=3MHz for Peak Detector while the RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz for Average Detector, Readings are both peak and average values.

11. The pre-test have done for the EUT in three axes and found the worst emission at position shown in test setup photos. The worst case data is recorded in the report. All emission not reported are much lower than the prescribed limits.

### **Conducted Measurement**

1. For emission above 1GHz to 26G, conducted measurement method is used.
2. The transmitter is set to the lowest channel.
3. The transmitter output was connected to the spectrum analyzer via a cable and cable loss is used as the offset of the spectrum analyzer.
4. Set RBW to 1 MHz and VBW to 3 MHz, Then detector set to peak and max hold this trace.
5. The lowest band edges emission was measured and recorded.
6. The transmitter set to the highest channel and repeated 2~4.

### **11.5 Test Result**

Temperature ( °C ) : 22~23	EUT: Bluetooth Speaker
Humidity (%RH) : 50~54	M/N: F004
Barometric Pressure ( mbar ) : 950~1000	Operation Condition: Charging, playing

Note: In this testing, the EUT was respectively tested in three different orientations. That is:

1. EUT was lie vertically, and then its Antenna oriented upward
2. EUT was lie vertically, and then its Antenna oriented downward
3. EUT was lie flatwise, and then its Antenna oriented to the receiving antenna

The worst test data see following pages

When the EUT was lie flatwise, and its Antenna oriented to the receiving antenna, the worst test data was got as following table.

## WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 30 MHz

Normal operating Mode:

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Antenna Factor (dB/M)	Cable Loss (dB)	Emission Levels (dB $\mu$ V/M)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector Mode PK/QP
0.42	24.74	7.81	1.03	31.52	67	-35.48	QP
15.89	22.96	8.21	1.19	29.98	49.5	-19.52	QP
16.56	22.38	8.63	1.08	29.93	49.5	-19.57	QP
21.31	22.78	7.71	1.66	28.83	49.5	-20.67	QP

## WORST-CASE RADIATED EMISSION BELOW 1 GHz

Tx operating BDR Low Channel Mode:  
Horizontal

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Tansd (dB)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector Mode PK/QP
47.46	23.78	15.8	40	-16.22	QP
59.1	22.35	14.2	40	-17.65	QP
103.72	23.86	17.1	43.5	-19.64	QP
239.52	29.35	16.9	46	-16.65	QP
511.12	33.36	24.1	46	-12.64	QP
908.82	38.79	29.3	46	-7.21	QP
N/A	----	----	----	----	----

Vertical

Frequency (MHz)	Meter Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Tansd (dB)	Limits (dB $\mu$ V/M)	Margin (dB)	Detector Mode PK/QP
47.46	25.35	15.8	40	-14.65	QP
61.04	23.46	14.2	40	-16.54	QP
101.27	24.51	17.3	43.5	-18.99	QP
286.08	27.65	18.3	46	-18.35	QP
549.92	31.32	25	46	-14.68	QP
881.66	37.2	29	46	-8.8	QP
N/A	----	----	----	----	----

Note: 1. Transd.=Antenna Factor+Cable Loss+Pre-amplifier  
Margin = Level-Limit

**Worst case BDR 1M**  
**Spurious Emission test data above 1G**

Channel Low								
Maximum Frequency (MHz)	Polarity and Level					Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Mark (P/Q/A)
	Polarity	Height (m)	Reading dB $\mu$ V	Transd	Result dB $\mu$ V/m			
2402	H	1	71.89	-6.61	65.28	---	---	P
			64.76	-6.61	58.15	---	---	A
2402	V	1	72.56	-6.61	65.95	---	---	P
			65.36	-6.61	58.75	---	---	A
4804.03	H	1	51.38	-0.67	50.71	74	-23.29	P
			38.36	-0.67	37.69	54	-16.31	A
4804.03	V	1	55.64	-0.67	54.97	74	-19.03	P
			39.89	-0.67	39.22	54	-14.78	A
7206.05	H	1	43.98	1.35	45.33	74	-28.67	P
			35.76	1.35	37.11	54	-16.89	A
7206.05	V	1	44.41	1.35	45.76	74	-28.24	P
			35.36	1.35	36.71	54	-17.29	A
9608.06	H	1	44.37	2.73	47.1	74	-26.9	P
			35.06	2.73	37.79	54	-16.21	A
9608.06	V	1	45.38	2.73	48.11	74	-25.89	P
			35.75	2.73	38.48	54	-15.52	A
12010.07	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
14412.08	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
16814.09	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
19216.11	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
21618.12	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
24020.13	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	

Remark: 1. Transd.=Antenna Factor+Cable Loss+Pre-amplifier

Margin = Level-Limit

Mark: P means Peak Value, Q means Quasi Peak Value, A means Average Value

2. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ - ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.

3. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz.

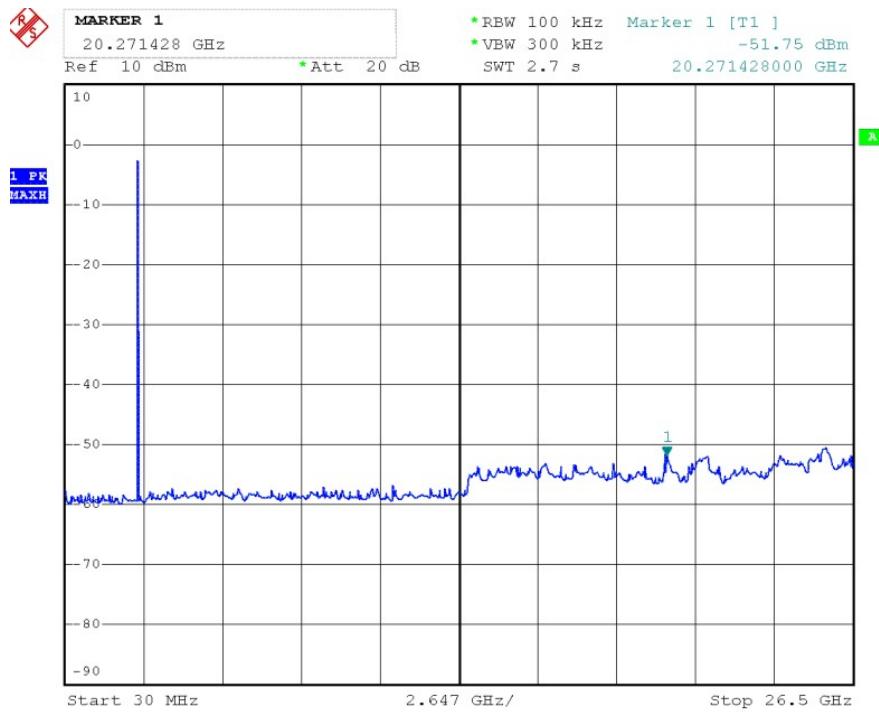
4. The test limit distance is 3m limit

Channel Mid								
Maximum Frequency (MHz)	Polarity and Level					Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Mark (P/Q/A)
	Polarity	Height (m)	Reading dB $\mu$ V	Transd	Result dB $\mu$ V/m			
2441	H	1	70.17	-6.37	63.8	---	---	P
			65.36	-6.37	58.99	---	---	A
2441	V	1	71.93	-6.37	65.56	---	---	P
			64.75	-6.37	58.38	---	---	A
4882.05	H	1	51	-2.92	48.08	74	-25.92	P
			41.56	-2.92	38.64	54	-15.36	A
4882.05	V	1	52.51	-2.92	49.59	74	-24.41	P
			42.15	-2.92	39.23	54	-14.77	A
7323.07	H	1	42.52	0.52	43.04	74	-30.96	P
			35.38	0.52	35.9	54	-18.1	A
7323.07	V	1	43.25	0.52	43.77	74	-30.23	P
			36.78	0.52	37.3	54	-16.7	A
9764.1	H	1	45.37	1.48	46.85	74	-27.15	P
			36.75	1.48	38.23	54	-15.77	A
9764.1	V	1	45.94	1.48	47.42	74	-26.58	P
			36.85	1.48	38.33	54	-15.67	A
12205.11	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
14646.13	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
17087.14	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
19528.16	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
21969.2	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
24410.21	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
Remark: 1. Transd.=Antenna Factor+Cable Loss+Pre-amplifier Margin = Level-Limit Mark: P means Peak Value, Q means Quasi Peak Value, A means Average Value 2. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ - ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured. 3. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz. 4. The test limit distance is 3m limit								

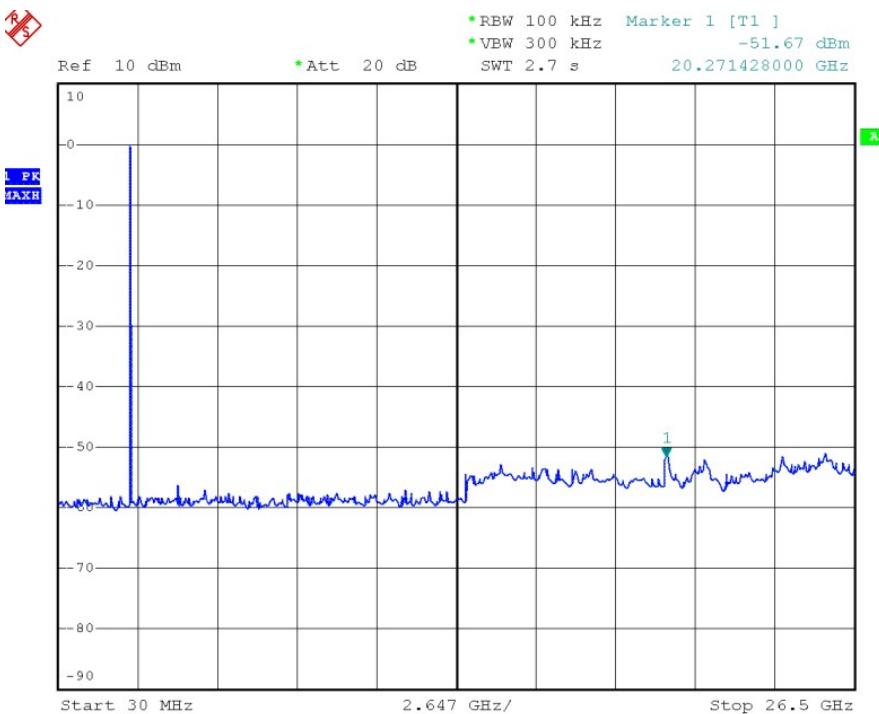
Channel High								
Maximum Frequency (MHz)	Polarity and Level					Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Mark (P/Q/A)
	Polarity	Height (m)	Reading dB $\mu$ V	Transd	Result dB $\mu$ V/m			
2480.01	H	1	72.5	-6.28	66.22	---	---	P
			65.85	-6.28	59.57	---	---	A
2480.01	V	1	73.25	-6.28	66.97	---	---	P
			66.56	-6.28	60.28	---	---	A
4960.02	H	1	47.35	1.17	48.52	74	-25.48	P
			37.06	1.17	38.23	54	-15.77	A
4960.02	V	1	48.85	1.17	50.02	74	-23.98	P
			37.35	1.17	38.52	54	-15.48	A
7440.03	H	1	43.55	2.25	45.8	74	-28.2	P
			36.76	2.25	39.01	54	-14.99	A
7440.03	V	1	43.19	2.25	45.44	74	-28.56	P
			36.54	2.25	38.79	54	-15.21	A
9920.04	H	1	46.35	4.53	50.88	74	-23.12	P
			37.84	4.53	42.37	54	-11.63	A
9920.04	V	1	45.38	4.53	49.91	74	-24.09	P
			37.38	4.53	41.91	54	-12.09	A
12400.05	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
14880.06	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
17360.07	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
19840.08	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
22320.09	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	
24800.1	---	---	---	---	---	---	---	

Remark: 1. Transd.=Antenna Factor+Cable Loss+Pre-amplifier  
Margin = Level-Limit  
Mark: P means Peak Value, Q means Quasi Peak Value, A means Average Value  
2. Data of measurement within this frequency range shown “ - ” in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.  
3. Spectrum analyzer setting P(Peak): RBW=1MHz, VBW=1MHz, A(Average): RBW=1MHz, VBW=10Hz.  
4. The test limit distance is 3m limit

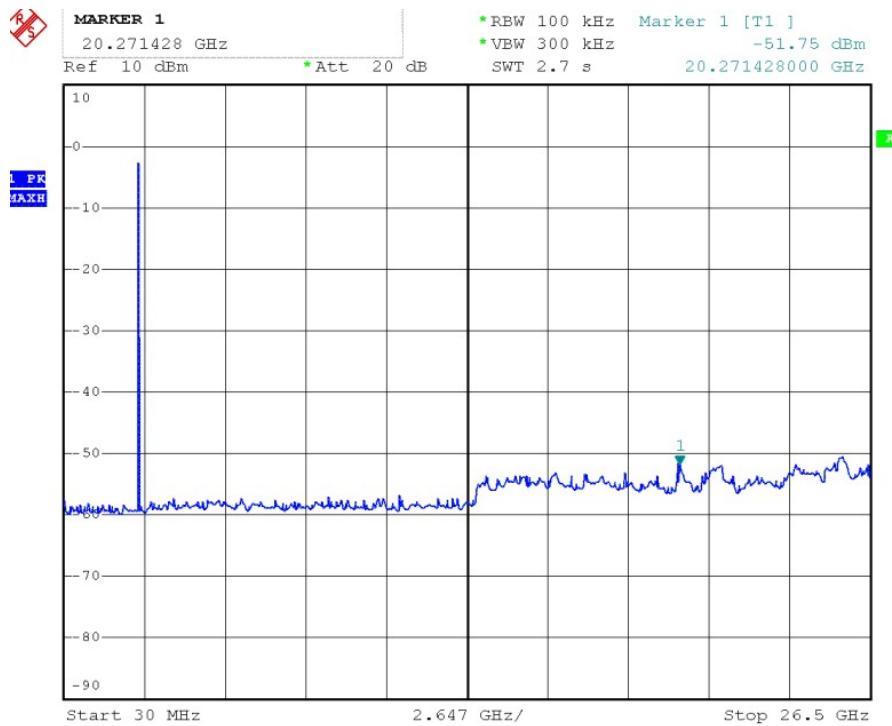
**Conducted Spurious Emission  
BDR 1M  
Channel Low**



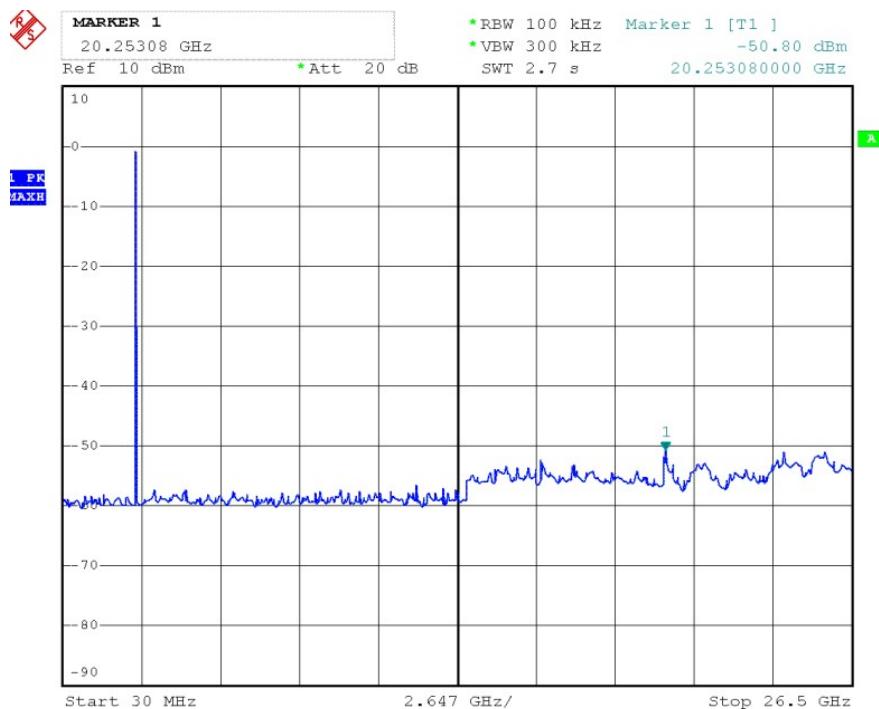
**Channel Mid**



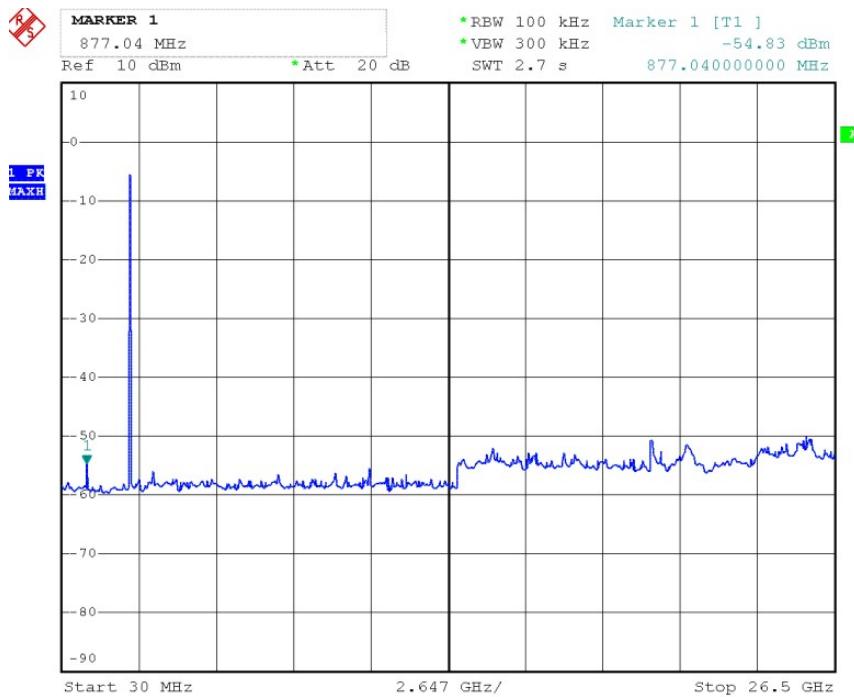
## Channel High



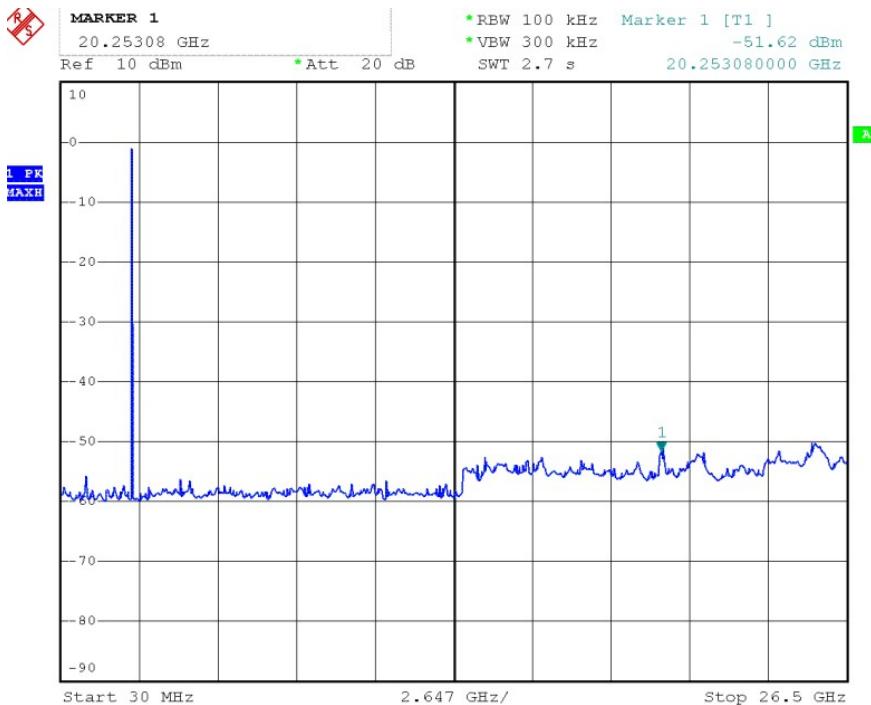
## BDR 2M Channel Low



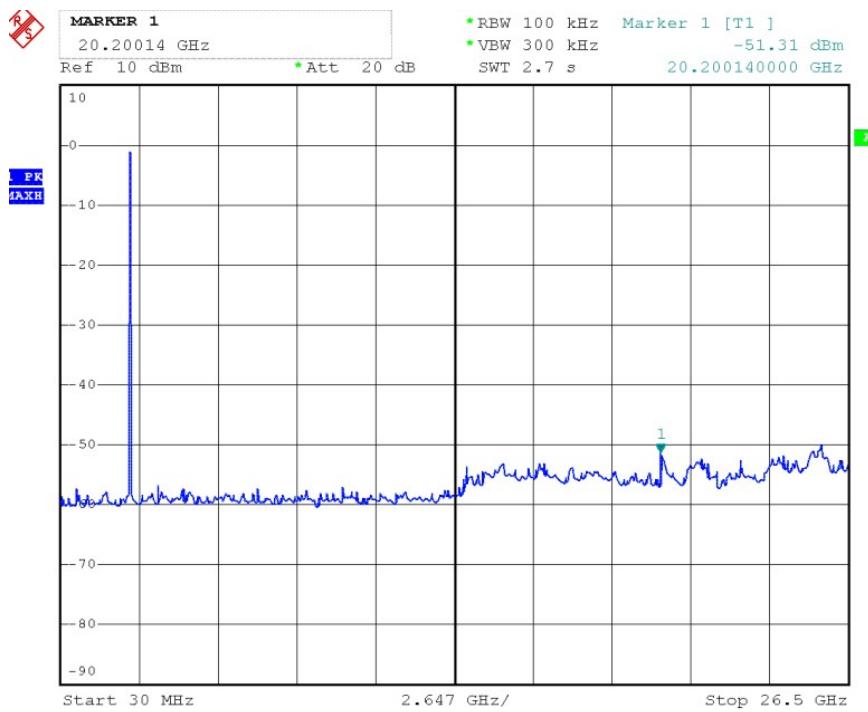
## Channel Middle



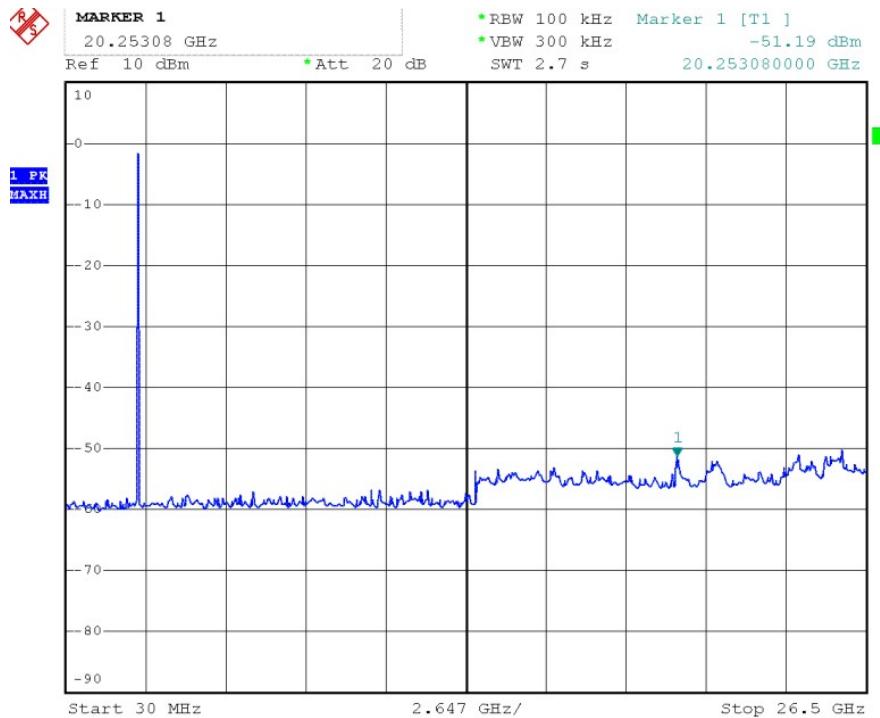
## Channel High



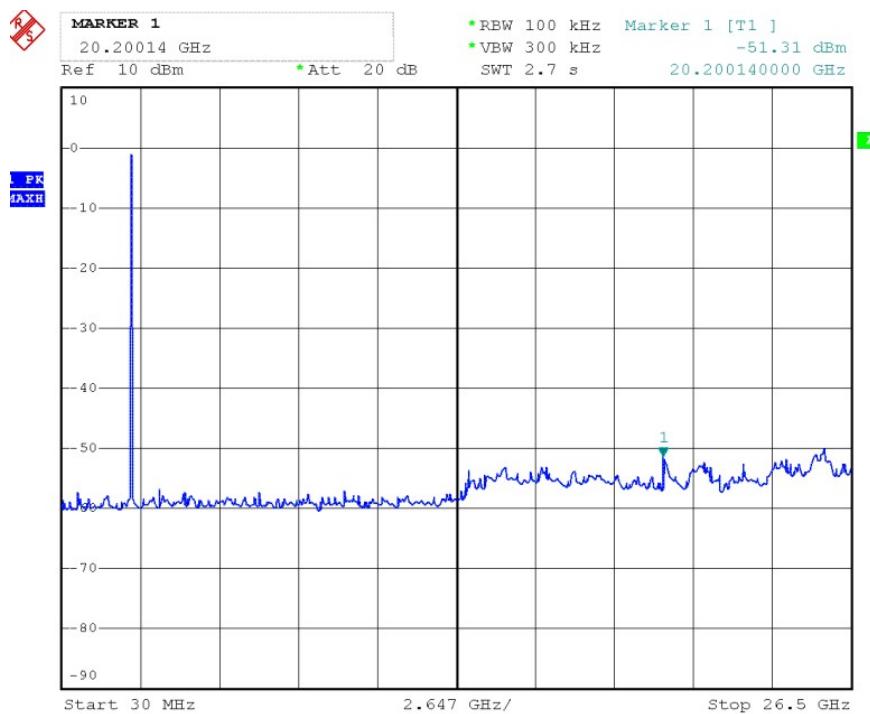
## BDR 3M Channel Low



## Channel Middle



## Channel High



## **12. ANTENNA REQUIREMENT**

### **12.1 Standard Applicable**

Section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

Section 15.247(b)/(c):

If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

If the intentional radiator is used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations may employ transmitting antennas with directional gain greater than 6 dBi provided the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator is reduced by 1 dB for every 3 dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### **12.2 Antenna Connected Construction**

The antenna is designed with permanent attachment and no consideration of replacement. The antenna used in this product is complied with Standard. The maximum Gain of the antenna lower than 6.0dBi and have the definite antenna Specification.