

6 Safety Human Exposure

6.1 Radio Frequency Exposure Compliance

6.1.1 Electromagnetic Fields

RESULT:

Pass

Test Specification

Test standard

: CFR47 FCC Part 2: Section 2.1093

FCC KDB Publication 447498 D01 V06

FCC requirements

For 100 MHz to 6 GHz and *test separation distances* \leq 50 mm, the 1-g and 10-g *SAR test exclusion thresholds* are determined by the following:

$(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f_{(\text{GHz})}}] \leq 3.0$ for 1-g SAR, and ≤ 7.5 for 10-g extremity SAR,₃₀ where

- $f_{(\text{GHz})}$ is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison
- The values 3.0 and 7.5 are referred to as *numeric thresholds* in step b) below

The test exclusions are applicable only when the minimum *test separation distance* is \leq 50 mm, and for transmission frequencies between 100 MHz and 6 GHz. When the minimum *test separation distance* is $<$ 5 mm, a distance of 5 mm according to 4.1 f) is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Calculated result

The maximum peak output power of the transmitter is 1.28dBm and minimum *test separation distance* is 5mm, *SAR test exclusion thresholds*=0.422<3.0, So the *SAR test* is not required.