



FCC ID: 2AAP8G005H

According to KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06, section 4.3.1

At 100 MHz to 6 GHz and for test separation distances  $\leq$  50mm, the SAR test exclusion threshold is determined according to the following

$$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \times [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$$

### 1. SAR test exclusion threshold

**Frequency: 2 480 MHz (min. separation distances = 5 mm)**

$$\text{SAR test exclusion thresholds (5 mm)} = 3 \times 5 / (\sqrt{2.480}) = 9.525 \text{ mW}$$

| Test mode | Max. Tune-up Tolerance (mW) | SAR Test Exclusion Thresholds (5mm) (mW) |
|-----------|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| GFSK      | 2.00                        | 9.525                                    |

$$\text{Calculation value: } 2.00 \text{ (mW)} / 5 \text{ (mm)} \times \sqrt{2.480} = 0.630$$

So, Calculation value  $\leq$  3.0

Remark:

-For Max. conducted power is 1.48 (mW), so 2.00 (mW) was calculated.

-When the minimum test separation distance is  $<$  5 mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

### 2. Conclusion: No SAR is required.