FCC Test Report

Report No.: AGC00069130602FE02

FCC ID	:	2AAIWMINISKY5100
APPLICATION PURPOSE	:	Original Equipment
PRODUCT DESIGNATION	:	Mobile Phone
BRAND NAME	:	HI-SKY
MODEL NAME	:	MINISKY 5100
CLIENT	:	HI-SKY INTERNATIONAL S.A.S
DATE OF ISSUE	:	June 27,2013
STANDARD(S)	:	FCC Part 22H & 24E Rules
REPORT VERSION	:	V1.0

Attestation of ***G***lobal ***C***ompliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

REPORT REVISE RECORD

Report Version	Revise Time	Issued Date	Valid Version	Notes
V1.0	/	June 27,2013	Valid	Original Report

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VERIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

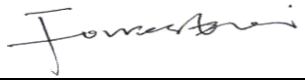
Applicant	HI-SKY INTERNATIONAL S.A.S
Address	Via 40 NO.54-58 Oficina 4 Parque Industrial La Maria Barranquilla Colombia
Manufacturer	SHENZHEN KENXINDA TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD. (BAO'AN BRANCH)
Address	1-6 Floor, No.105 Work Shop & 1-5 Floor, No.104 Work Shop, Xinweihuaning Road, Dalang Community, Dalang Street, Baoán District, Shenzhen, P.R.C
Product Designation	Mobile Phone
Brand name	HI-SKY
Test Model	MINISKY 5100
Date of Test	June 13, 2013 to June 22, 2013
Deviation	None
Condition of Test Sample	Normal
Report Template	AGCRT-US-2.5G/RF (2013-03-01)

WE HEREBY CERTIFY THAT:

The above equipment was tested by Attestation of Global Compliance(Shenzhen) Co., Ltd. The data evaluation, test procedures, and equipment configurations shown in this report were made in accordance with the procedures given in ANSI C 63.4:2003 and TIA/EIA 603. The sample tested as described in this report is in compliance with the FCC Rules Part 22H and 24E.
The test results of this report relate only to the tested sample identified in this report.

Tested By : 

Bart Xie June 27,2013

Reviewed By : 

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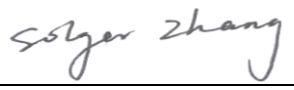
Approved By: 

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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

A major technical description of EUT is described as following:

Product Designation:	GSM Mobile Phone
Hardware Version:	A010
Software Version:	N/A
Frequency Bands:	☒GSM 850 ☒PCS 1900 (U.S. Bands) ☒GSM 900 ☒DCS 1800 (Non-U.S. Bands)
Antenna:	PIFA Antenna
Antenna gain:	1.0dBi
Battery parameter:	DC3.7V/600 mAh
Adapter Input:	AC100-240V, 50-60Hz, 0.1A
Adapter Output:	DC5.0V, 500mA
Output Power:	30.69 dBm Maximum ERP measured for GSM 850 31.66 dBm Maximum Average Burst Power for PCS 850 28.41 dBm Maximum EIRP measured for GSM 1900 28.67 dBm Maximum Average Burst Power for PCS 1900
Dual SIM Card:	The result for SIM1 is the worst case which was only recorded
GPRS Class:	N/A
Extreme Vol. Limits:	DC 3.4 V to DC4.2 V (Nominal DC 3.7 V)
Extreme Temp. Tolerance:	-10℃ to +50℃
** Note: The High Voltage DC 4.2V and Low Voltage DC 3.4V were declared by manufacturer, The EUT could not operate normally with higher or lower voltage. Other functions have been performed according to verification procedure except for MS function. SIM1 can't transmit with SIM2 simultaneously.	

1.2 RELATED SUBMITTAL(S) / GRANT (S)

This submittal(s) (test report) is intended for **FCC ID: 2AAIWMINISKY5100** filing to comply with the FCC Part 22H and 24E requirements.

1.3 TEST METHODOLOGY

The radiated emission testing was performed according to the procedures of ANSI C 63.4: 2003; TIA/EIA 603 and FCC CFR 47 Rules of 2.1046, 2.1047, 2.1049, 2.1051, 2.1053, 2.1055, 2.1057.

1.4 TEST FACILITY

The test site used to collect the radiated data is located at:

Attestation of Global Compliance (Shenzhen) Co., Ltd.

2/F., Building 2, No.1-No.4, Chaxi Sanwei Technical Industrial Park, Gushu, Xixiang, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

The test site is constructed and calibrated to meet the FCC requirements in documents ANSI C63.4: 2003.

FCC register No.: 259865

1.5 MEASUREMENT INSTRUMENTS

NAME OF EQUIPMENT	MANUFACTURER	MODEL	SERIAL NUMBER	Calibration Date	Calibration Due.
SPECTRUM ANALYZER	AGILENT	E4440A	US41421290	Jul.18, 2012	Jul.17, 2013
TEST RECEIVER	R&S	ESCI	100694	Jul.18, 2012	Jul.17, 2013
COMMUNICATION TESTER	AGILENT	8960	GB46310822	Oct.22, 2012	Oct.21, 2013
COMMUNICATION TESTER	R&S	CMU200	122500166	Feb.28, 2013	Feb.27, 2014
TEST RECEIVER	ROHDE&SCHWARZ	ESCI	100694	Jul.18, 2012	Jul.17, 2013
LISN	R&S	ESH3-Z5	8389791009	Jul.18, 2012	Jul.17, 2013
CLIMATE CHAMBER	ALBATROSS	--	--	Jul.18, 2012	Jul.17, 2013
Loop Antenna	Daze	ZN30900N	SEL0097	Jul.18, 2012	Jul.17, 2013
Bilogical Antenna	A.H. Systems Inc.	SAS-521-4	26	June 8, 2013	June 7, 2014
Horn Antenna	EM	EM-AH-10180	67	Apr.21, 2013	Apr.20, 2014
Horn Antenna	A.H. Systems Inc.	SAS-574	--	June 8, 2013	June 7, 2014

1.6 SPECIAL ACCESSORIES

The battery and the charger, earphone supplied by the applicant were used as accessories and being tested with EUT intended for FCC grant together.

1.7 EQUIPMENT MODIFICATIONS

Not available for this EUT intended for grant.

2. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.1 EUT CONFIGURATION

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commission's requirement and operating in a manner which intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

2.2 EUT EXERCISE

The Transmitter was operated in the maximum output power mode through Communication Tester. The TX frequency was fixed which was for the purpose of the measurements.

2.3 GENERAL TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS

Item Number	Item Description		FCC Rules
1	Output Power	Conducted	22.913(a) / 24.232 (b)
		Radiated	
2	Peak-to-Average Ratio	Peak-to-Average Ratio	24.232(d)
3	Spurious Emission	Conducted Spurious Emission	2.1051 / 22.917 / 24.238
		Radiated Spurious Emission	
4	Mains Conducted Emission		15.107 / 15.207
5	Frequency Stability		2.1055 /24.235
6	Occupied Bandwidth		2.1049 (h)(i)
7	Emission Bandwidth		22.917(b) / 24.238 (b)
8	Band Edge		22.917(b) / 24.238 (b)

2.4 CONFIGURATION OF EUT SYSTEM

Fig. 2-1 Configuration of EUT System

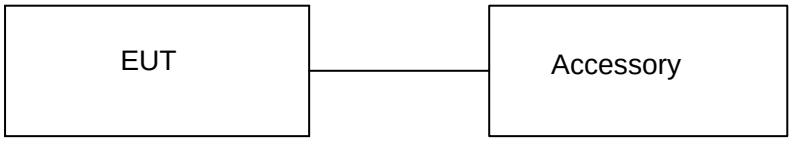


Table 2-1 Equipment Used in EUT System

Item	Equipment	Model No.	ID or Specification	Note
1	Mobile Phone	MINISKY 5100	FCC ID: 2AAIWMINISKY5100	EUT
2	Adapter	HWT-2.5W-5050G	DC5.0V /500mA	Accessory
3	Battery	MINISKY 5100	DC3.7V/ 600 mAh	Accessory
4	Earphone	MINISKY 5100	N/A	Accessory
5	USB Cable	MINISKY 5100	N/A	Accessory

Note: All the accessories have been used during the test. The following “EUT” in setup diagram means EUT system.

3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULTS

Item Number	Item Description		FCC Rules	Result
1	Output Power	Conducted Output Power	22.913(a) / 24.232 (b)	Pass
		Radiated Output Power		
2	Peak-to-Average Ratio	Peak-to-Average Ratio	24.232(d)	Pass
3	Spurious Emission	Conducted Spurious Emission	2.1051/22.917/ 24.238	Pass
		Radiated Spurious Emission		
4	Mains Conducted Emission		15.107 / 15.207	Pass
5	Frequency Stability		2.1055 /24.235	Pass
6	Occupied Bandwidth		2.1049 (h)(i)	Pass
7	Emission Bandwidth		22.917(b) / 24.238 (b)	Pass
8	Band Edge		22.917(b) / 24.238 (b)	Pass

4. DESCRIPTION OF TEST MODES

During the testing, the EUT (Quad-band GSM Mobile Phone) was controlled via Rhode & Schwarz Digital Radio Communication Tester (CMU 200) to ensure max power transmission and proper modulation. Three channels (The top channel, the middle channel and the bottom channel) were chosen for testing on both GSM and PCS frequency band.

Note: GSM modes have been tested during the test. The worst condition (GSM) be recorded in the test report if no other modes test data.

5. OUTPUT POWER

5.1 CONDUCTED OUTPUT POWER

5.1.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The EUT was setup for the max output power with pseudo random data modulation. Power was measured with Spectrum Analyzer. The measurements were performed on all modes(GSM) at 3 typical channels(the Top Channel, the Middle Channel and the Bottom Channel) for both GSM band and PCS band.

5.1.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

Conducted Output Power Limits for GSM 850 MHz			
Mode	**Power Step**	**Nominal Peak Power**	**Tolerance(dB)**
GSM	5	33 dBm (2W)	-1

Conducted Output Power Limits for PCS 1900 MHz			
Mode	**Power Step**	**Nominal Peak Power**	**Tolerance(dB)**
GSM	0	30 dBm (1W)	-1

5.1.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Test Result of Conducted Output Power for GSM 850 MHZ (SIM1)

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Reference Power	Peak Power	Tolerance	Avg.Burst Power	Duty cycle Factor(dB)	Frame Power(dBm)
GSM(SIM1)	824.2	33	**32.56**	-0.44	**31.66**	-9	22.66
	836.6	33	32.44	-0.56	31.54	-9	22.54
	848.8	33	32.48	-0.52	31.52	-9	22.52

Test Result of Conducted Output Power for PCS 1900 MHZ (SIM1)

Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Reference Power	Peak Power	Tolerance	Avg.Burst Power	Duty cycle Factor(dB)	Frame Power(dBm)
GSM(SIM1)	1850.2	30	**29.53**	-0.47	**28.67**	-9	19.67
	1880	30	29.48	-0.52	28.63	-9	19.63
	1909.8	30	29.49	-0.51	28.57	-9	19.57

Test Result of Conducted Output Power for GSM 850 MHZ and PCS 1900 MHz(SIM 2)				
Mode	**Maximum Conducted Power(dBm)**	**Average Burst Power(dBm)**	**Duty cycle Factor（dB）**	**Frame Power (dBm)**
GSM(SIM2) for GSM 850 MHZ	32.45	31.51	-9	22.51
GSM(SIM2) for GSM 1900 MHZ	29.49	28.62	-9	19.62

5.2 RADIATED OUTPUT POWER

5.2.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The measurements procedures specified in TIA-603C-2004 were applied.

1 In an anechoic antenna test chamber, a half-wave dipole antenna for the frequency band of interest is placed at the reference centre of the chamber. An RF Signal source for the frequency band of interest is connected to the dipole with a cable that has been constructed to not interfere with the radiation pattern of the antenna. A known (measured) power (Pin) is applied to the input of the dipole, and the power received (Pr) at the chamber's probe antenna is recorded.

2 The substitution method is used. Substitution values at each frequency are measured before and saved to the test software. A "reference path loss" is established as ARpl=Pin + 2.15 - Pr. The ARpl is the attenuation of “reference path loss”, and including the gain of receive antenna, the cable loss and the air loss. The measurement results are obtained as described below: Power=PMea+ARpl

3 The EUT is substituted for the dipole at the reference centre of the chamber and a scan is performed to obtain the radiation pattern.

4 From the radiation pattern, the co-ordinates where the maximum antenna gain occurs are identified.

5 The EUT is then put into continuously transmitting mode at its maximum power level.

6 Power mode measurements are performed with the receiving antenna placed at the coordinates determined in Step 3 to determine the output power as defined in Rule 24.232 (b) and (c). The "reference path loss" from Step1 is added to this result.

7 This value is EIRP since the measurement is calibrated using a half-wave dipole antenna of known gain (2.15 dBi) and known input power (Pin).

8 ERP can be calculated from EIRP by subtracting the gain of the dipole, ERP = EIRP -2.15dBi..

5.2.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

This is the test for the maximum radiated power from the EUT. Rule Part 24.232(b) specifies, “Mobile/portable stations are limited to 2 watts e.i.r.p. Peak power” and 24.232(c) specifies that "Peak transmit power must be measured over any interval of continuous transmission using instrumentation calibrated in terms of an rms-equivalent voltage.” Rule Part 22.913(a) specifies “Maximum ERP. The effective radiated power (ERP) of base transmitters and cellular repeaters must not exceed 500 Watts. The ERP of mobile transmitters and auxiliary test transmitters must not exceed 7 Watts.”

Radiated Power Limits for GSM 850 MHZ (ERP)		
Mode	**Power Step**	**Nominal Peak Power**
GSM	5	<=38.45 dBm (7W)

Radiated Power Limits for PCS 1900 MHZ (E.I.R.P.)		
Mode	**Power Step**	**Nominal Peak Power**
GSM	0	<=33 dBm (2W)

5.2.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Radiated Power (ERP) for GSM 850 MHZ					
Mode	**Frequency**	**Power Step**	**Result**		**Conclusion**
			Max. Peak ERP (dBm)	**Polarization Of Max. ERP**	
GSM	824.2	5	**30.69**	Horizontal	Pass
	836.6	5	30.53	Horizontal	Pass
	848.8	5	30.48	Horizontal	Pass

Radiated Power (E.I.R.P) for PCS 1900 MHZ					
Mode	**Frequency**	**Power Step**	**Result**		**Conclusion**
			Max. Peak E.I.R.P.(dBm)	**Polarization Of Max. E.I.R.P.**	
GSM	1850.2	0	**28.41**	Horizontal	Pass
	1880.0	0	28.37	Horizontal	Pass
	1909.8	0	28.30	Horizontal	Pass

6. PEAK-TO-AVERAGE RATIO

6.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the Peak-to-Average Ratio from the EUT.

1. The EUT was connected to Spectrum Analyzer and Base Station via power divider.

2. For GSM/EGPRS operating modes:

a. Set the RBW = 1MHz, VBW = 1MHz, Peak detector in spectrum analyzer.

b. Set EUT in maximum power output, and triggered the burst signal.

c. Measured respectively the Peak level and Mean level, and the deviation was recorded as Peak to Average Ratio.

3. For UMTS operating modes:

a. Set the CCDF (Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function) option in spectrum analyzer.

b. The highest RF powers were measured and recorded the maximum PAPR level associated with a probability of 0.1 %.

6.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

This is the test for the Peak-to-Average Ratio from the EUT.

Power Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function (CCDF) curves provide a means for characterizing the power peaks of a digitally modulated signal on a statistical basis. A CCDF curve depicts the probability of the peak signal amplitude exceeding the average power level. Most contemporary measurement instrumentation include the capability to produce CCDF curves for an input signal provided that the instrument's resolution bandwidth can be set wide enough to accommodate the entire input signal bandwidth. In measuring transmissions in this band using an average power technique, the peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission may not exceed 13 dB.

6.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Modes	**GSM850(GSM)**		
Channel	**128**	**190**	**251**
	(Low)	**(Mid)**	**(High)**
Frequency (MHz)	**824.2**	**836.6**	**848.8**
Peak-To-Average Ratio (dB)	0.9	0.9	0.96

Modes	PCS 1900 (GSM)		
Channel	512	661	810
	(Low)	(Mid)	(High)
Frequency (MHz)	1850.2	1880	1909.8
Peak-To-Average Ratio (dB)	0.86	0.85	0.92

7. SPURIOUS EMISSION

7.1 CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

7.1.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The following steps outline the procedure used to measure the conducted emissions from the EUT.

1, Determine frequency range for measurements: From CFR 2.1057 the spectrum should be investigated from the lowest radio frequency generated in the equipment up to at least the 10th harmonic of the carrier frequency. For the equipment of PCS1900 band, this equates to a frequency range of 30 MHz to 19.1 GHz, data taken from 30 MHz to 20 GHz. For GSM850, data taken from 30 MHz to 9 GHz.

2, Determine EUT transmit frequencies: the following typical channels were chosen to conducted emissions testing.

Typical Channels for testing of GSM 850 MHz	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)
128	824.2
190	836.6
251	848.8

Typical Channels for testing of PCS 1900 MHz	
Channel	Frequency (MHz)
512	1850.2
661	1880.0
810	1909.8

7.1.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

On any frequency outside frequency band of the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB. For all power levels +30 dBm to 0 dBm, this becomes a constant specification limit of -13 dBm.

7.1.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Conducted Spurious Emission for GSM 850 MHz						
Harmonic	Tx ch. 128 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Tx ch. 190 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Tx ch. Freq. (MHz) 251	Level (dBm)
2	1648.4	B.I.N.F	1673.2	B.I.N.F	1697.6	B.I.N.F
3	2472.6	B.I.N.F	2509.8	B.I.N.F	2546.4	B.I.N.F
4	3296.8	B.I.N.F	3346.4	B.I.N.F	3395.2	B.I.N.F
5	4121	B.I.N.F	4183	B.I.N.F	4244	B.I.N.F
6	4945.2	B.I.N.F	5019.6	B.I.N.F	5092.8	B.I.N.F
7	5769.4	B.I.N.F	5856.2	B.I.N.F	5941.6	B.I.N.F
8	6593.6	B.I.N.F	6692.8	B.I.N.F	6790.4	B.I.N.F
9	7417.8	B.I.N.F	7529.4	B.I.N.F	7639.2	B.I.N.F
10	8242	B.I.N.F	8366	B.I.N.F	8488	B.I.N.F
● B.I.N.F: Below Instruments Noise floor						

Conducted Spurious Emission for PCS 1900 MHz						
Harmonic	Tx ch. 512 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Tx ch. 661 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)	Tx ch. 810 Freq. (MHz)	Level (dBm)
2	3700.4	B.I.N.F	3760	B.I.N.F	3819.6	B.I.N.F
3	5550.6	B.I.N.F	5640	B.I.N.F	5729.4	B.I.N.F
4	7400.8	B.I.N.F	7520	B.I.N.F	7639.2	B.I.N.F
5	9251.0	B.I.N.F	9400	B.I.N.F	9549.0	B.I.N.F
6	11101.2	B.I.N.F	11280	B.I.N.F	11458.8	B.I.N.F
7	12951.4	B.I.N.F	13160	B.I.N.F	13368.6	B.I.N.F
8	14801.6	B.I.N.F	15040	B.I.N.F	15278.4	B.I.N.F
9	16651.8	B.I.N.F	16920	B.I.N.F	17188.2	B.I.N.F
10	18502.0	B.I.N.F	18800	B.I.N.F	19098.0	B.I.N.F
● B.I.N.F: Below Instruments Noise floor						

Note: Below 30MHZ no Spurious found and The GSM modes is the worst condition.

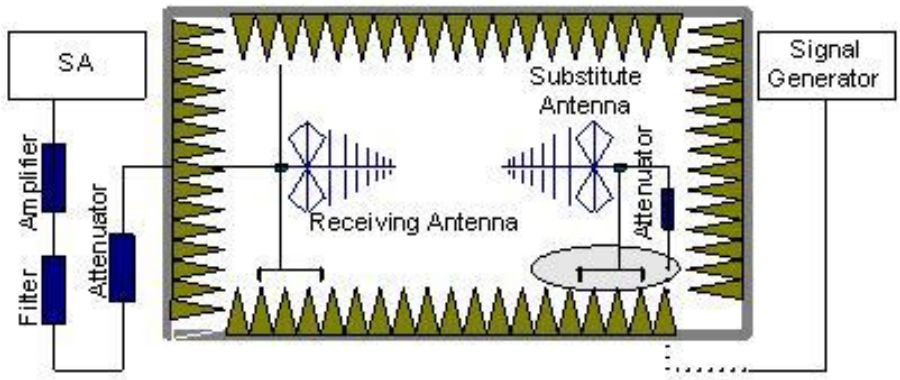
7.2 RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION

7.2.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

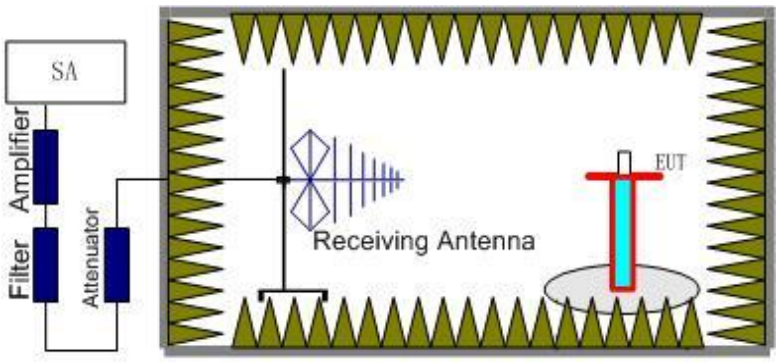
The measurements procedures specified in TIA-603C-2004 were used for testing. The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to the 10th harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment. The resolution bandwidth is set 1MHz as outlined in Part 24.238. The measurements were performed on all modes(GSM, GPRS) at 3 typical channels(the Top Channel, the Middle Channel and the Bottom Channel) for both GSM band and PCS band.

The procedure of radiated spurious emissions is as follows:

a) Pre-calibration With pre-calibration method, the Radiated Spurious Emissions(RSE) is calculated as, RSE=Rx（dBuV）+CL（dB）+SA（dB）+Gain（dBi）-107（dBuV to dBm）The SA is calibrated using following setup.



b) EUT was placed on a 0.8 meter high non-conductive stand at a 3 meter test distance from the receive antenna. A receiving antenna was placed on the antenna mast 3 meters from the test item for emission measurements. The height of receiving antenna is 0.8m. The test setup refers to figure below. Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the test item and adjusting the receiving antenna polarization. The radiated emission measurements of all non-harmonic and harmonics of the transmit frequency through the 10th harmonic were measured with peak detector and 1MHz bandwidth.



Radiated emissions measurements were made only at the upper, middle, and lower carrier frequencies of the PCS band (1850.2 MHz, 1880 MHz and 1909.8 MHz),GSM850 band (824.2MHz, 836.6MHz, 848.8MHz) . It was decided that measurements at these three carrier frequencies would be sufficient to demonstrate compliance with emissions limits because it was seen that all the significant spurs occur well outside the band and no radiation was seen from a carrier in one block of the PCS1900 ,GSM850 into any of the other blocks.

The substitution method is used. Substitution values at each frequency are measured before and saved to the test software. A "reference path loss" is established and the A_{Rpl} is the attenuation of “reference path loss”, and including the gain of receive antenna, the gain of the preamplifier, the cable loss and the air loss. The measurement results are obtained as described below: $Power=P_{Mea}+A_{Rpl}$

7.2.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

(a) On any frequency outside a lMOBOnsee’s frequency block (e.g. A, D, B, etc.) within the USPCS spectrum, the power of any emission shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P, in Watts) by at least 43+10Log(P) dB. The specification that emissions shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) by at least 43 + 10 log (P) dB, translates in the relevant power range (1 to 0.001 W) to -13 dBm. At 1 W the specified minimum attenuation becomes 43 dB and relative to a 30 dBm (1 W) carrier becomes a limit of -13 dBm. At 0.001 W (0 dBm) the minimum attenuation is 13 dB, which again yields a limit of -13 dBm. In this way a translation of the specification from relative to absolute terms is carried out.

7.2.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

The Worst Test Results for Channel 128 / 824.2 MHz					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	ARpl (dBm)	PMea(dBm)	Limit（dBm）	Polarity
1648.00	-36.46	-5.01	-41.47	-13.00	Horizontal
1752.00	-38.34	-2.18	-40.52	-13.00	Vertical
2472.00	-36.09	3.46	-32.63	-13.00	Horizontal
9086.00	-36.41	2.79	-33.62	-13.00	Horizontal

The Worst Test Results for Channel 190/836.6 MHz					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	ARpl (dBm)	PMea(dBm)	Limit（dBm）	Polarity
1673.00	-40.12	-3.22	-43.34	-13.00	Horizontal
1903.00	-38.28	-0.24	-38.52	-13.00	Vertical
9089.00	-36.52	3.98	-32.54	-13.00	Vertical

The Worst Test Results for Channel 251/848.8 MHz					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	ARpl (dBm)	PMea(dBm)	Limit（dBm）	Polarity
1698.00	-37.34	-2.26	-39.60	-13.00	Horizontal
1888.50	-37.51	-3.12	-40.63	-13.00	Vertical
2131.00	-40.71	-1.74	-42.45	-13.00	Vertical
9089.00	-36.56	8.46	-28.10	-13.00	Horizontal

The Worst Test Results for Channel 512/1850.2 MHz					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	ARpl (dBm)	PMea(dBm)	Limit（dBm）	Polarity
1999.00	-40.52	9.5	-31.02	-13.00	Horizontal
3700.00	-37.21	8.74	-28.47	-13.00	Horizontal
12950.40	-36.32	11.56	-24.76	-13.00	Vertical
17919.60	-40.67	17.89	-22.78	-13.00	Vertical

The Worst Test Results for Channel 661/1880.0 MHz					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	ARpl (dBm)	PMea(dBm)	Limit（dBm）	Polarity
2000.50	-48.08	9.7	-38.38	-13.00	Vertical
9399.00	-40.24	11.6	-28.64	-13.00	Vertical
13160.40	-39.24	14.89	-24.35	-13.00	Horizontal
15039.60	-38.21	13.87	-24.34	-13.00	Vertical
17941.20	-38.35	19.76	-18.59	-13.00	Horizontal
The Worst Test Results for Channel 810/1909.8 MHz					
Frequency(MHz)	Power(dBm)	ARpl (dBm)	PMea(dBm)	Limit（dBm）	Polarity
2000.00	-39.19	10.02	-29.17	-13.00	Vertical
9548.50	-38.26	11.3	-26.96	-13.00	Horizontal
13367.40	-37.29	12.4	-24.89	-13.00	Horizontal
15277.80	-37.18	18.03	-19.15	-13.00	Vertical
17931.60	-39.35	19	-20.35	-13.00	Horizontal

Note: Below 30MHZ no Spurious found and The GSM modes is the worst condition.

8. MAINS CONDUCTED EMISSION

8.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

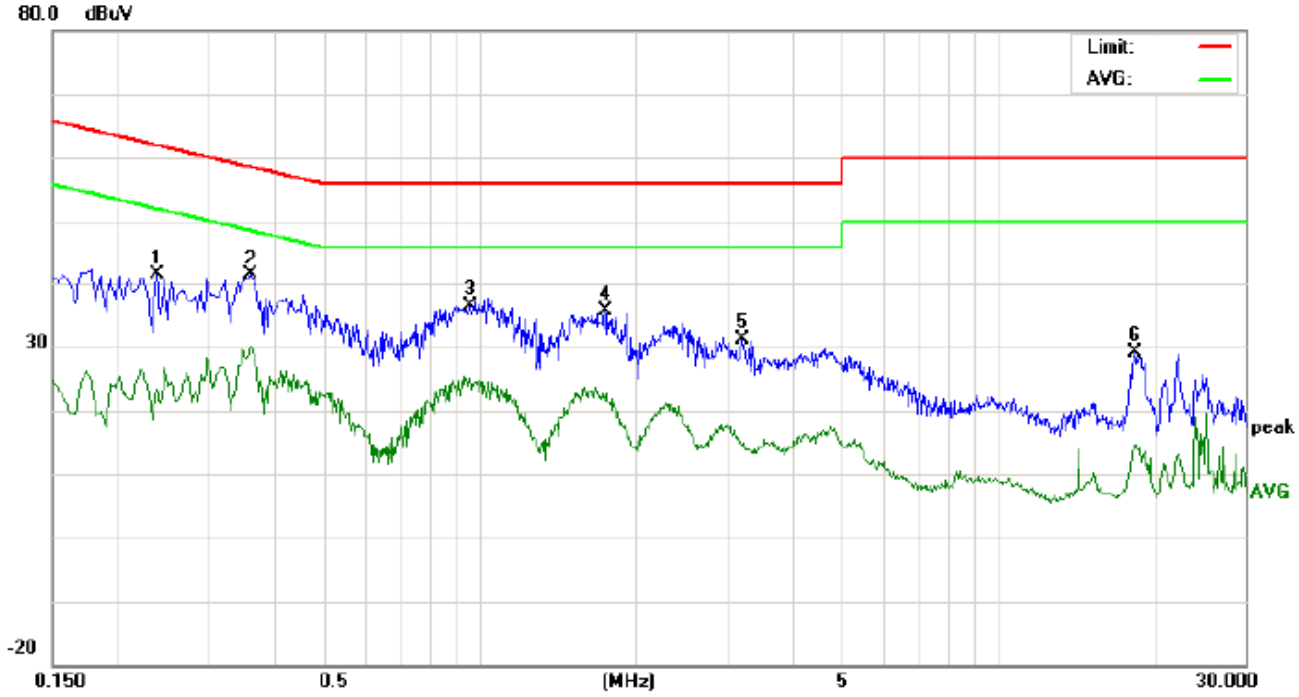
The measurement procedure specified in ANSI C63.4-2003 was used for testing. Conducted Emission was measured with travel charger.

8.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

Frequency of Emission (MHz)	Conducted Limit(dBuV)	
	Quasi-Peak	Average
0.15 – 0.5	66 to 56 *	56 to 46 *
0.5 – 5	56	46
5 – 30	60	50
*Decreases with the logarithm of the frequency. *The lower limit shall apply at the transition frequency.		

8.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

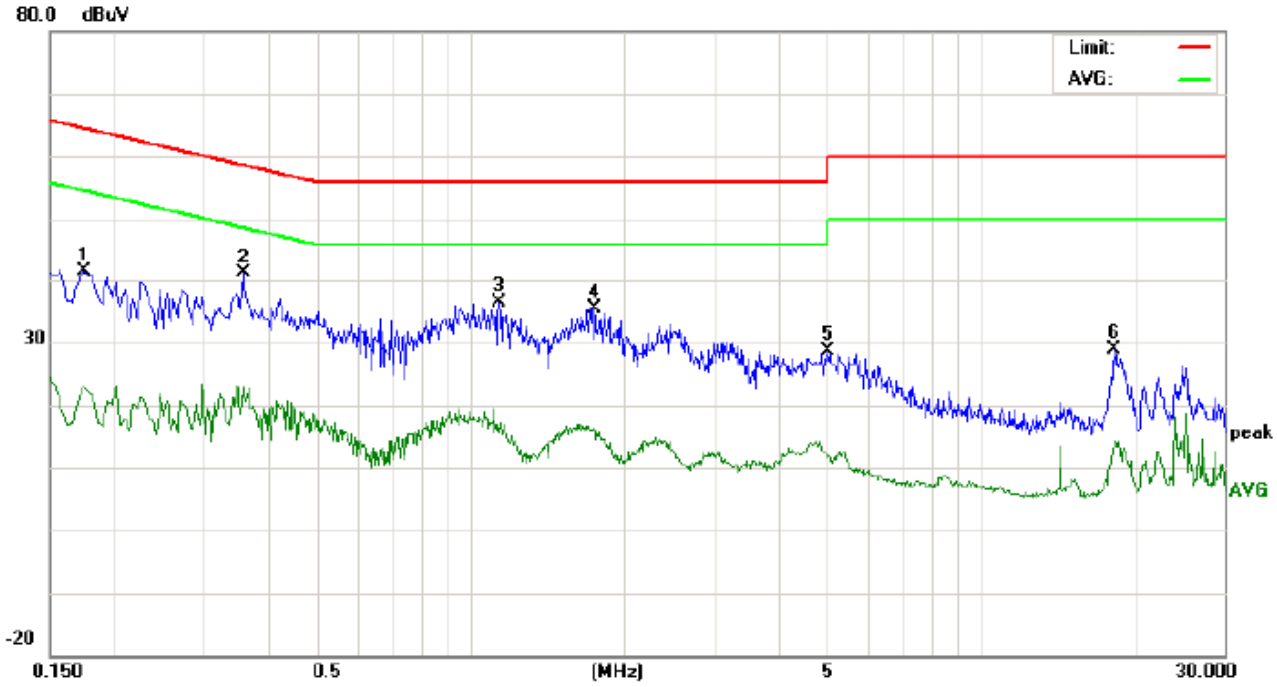
LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION – L1



Site: Conduction
Phase: *L1*
Temperature: 26
Limit: FCC Class B Conduction(QP)
Power: AC 120V/60Hz
Humidity: 60 %
EUT: Mobile Phone
M/N: MINISKY 5100
Mode: Call
Note:

No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading_Level (dBuV)			Correct Factor	Measurement (dBuV)			Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)		P/F	Comment
		Peak	QP	AVG	dB	Peak	QP	AVG	QP	AVG	QP	AVG		
1	0.2380	31.18		13.23	10.26	41.44		23.49	62.16	52.16	-20.72	-28.67	P	
2	0.3620	31.18		19.89	10.31	41.49		30.20	58.68	48.68	-17.19	-18.48	P	
3	0.9620	26.08		14.80	10.39	36.47		25.19	56.00	46.00	-19.53	-20.81	P	
4	1.7460	30.68		14.63	10.30	40.98		24.93	56.00	46.00	-15.02	-21.07	P	
5	3.2180	20.60		4.19	10.53	31.13		14.72	56.00	46.00	-24.87	-31.28	P	
6	18.3900	19.04		4.34	10.12	29.16		14.46	60.00	50.00	-30.84	-35.54	P	

LINE CONDUCTED EMISSION - N



Site: Conduction
Limit: FCC Class B Conduction(QP)
EUT: Mobile Phone
M/N: MINISKY 5100
Mode: Call
Note:

Phase: *N*
Power: AC 120V/60Hz

Temperature: 26
Humidity: 60 %

No.	Freq. (MHz)	Reading_Level (dBuV)			Correct Factor	Measurement (dBuV)			Limit (dBuV)		Margin (dB)		P/F	Comment
		Peak	QP	AVG	dB	Peak	QP	AVG	QP	AVG	QP	AVG		
1	0.1740	31.20		12.79	10.19	41.39		22.98	64.76	54.76	-23.37	-31.78	P	
2	0.3580	30.73		12.65	10.31	41.04		22.96	58.77	48.77	-17.73	-25.81	P	
3	1.1380	25.89		5.20	10.37	36.26		15.57	56.00	46.00	-19.74	-30.43	P	
4	1.7500	25.06		6.10	10.30	35.36		16.40	56.00	46.00	-20.64	-29.60	P	
5	5.0220	18.42		1.45	10.24	28.66		11.69	60.00	50.00	-31.34	-38.31	P	
6	18.2780	18.76		3.70	10.12	28.88		13.82	60.00	50.00	-31.12	-36.18	P	

Note: The GSM850 mode is the worst condition.

9. FREQUENCY STABILITY

9.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

In order to measure the carrier frequency under the condition of AFC lock, it is necessary to make measurements with the EUT in a “call mode”. This is accomplished with the use of R&S CMU200 DIGITAL RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER.

1 , Measure the carrier frequency at room temperature.

2 , Subject the EUT to overnight soak at -10℃.

3 , With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on channel 661 for PCS 1900 , channel 190 for GSM850 measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.

4 , Repeat the above measurements at 10℃ increments from -10℃ to +50℃. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.

5 , Re-measure carrier frequency at room temperature with nominal voltage. Vary supply voltage from minimum voltage to maximum voltage, in 0.1Volt increments re-measuring carrier frequency at each voltage. Pause at nominal voltage for 1 1/2 hours unpowered, to allow any self-heating to stabilize, before continuing.

6 , Subject the EUT to overnight soak at +50℃.

7 , With the EUT, powered via nominal voltage, connected to the CMU200 and in a simulated call on the centre channel, measure the carrier frequency. These measurements should be made within 2 minutes of Powering up the EUT, to prevent significant self-warming.

8 , Repeat the above measurements at 10℃ increments from +50℃ to -10℃. Allow at least 1 1/2 hours at each temperature, unpowered, before making measurements.

9 , At all temperature levels hold the temperature to +/- 0.5℃ during the measurement procedure.

9.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

9.2.1 For Hand carried battery powered equipment

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. As this transceiver is considered "Hand carried, battery powered equipment" Section 2.1055(d)(2) applies. This requires that the lower voltage for frequency stability testing be specified by the manufacturer. This transceiver is specified to operate with an input voltage of between 3.4VDC and 4.2VDC, with a nominal voltage of 3.7VDC. Operation above or below these voltage limits is prohibited by transceiver software in order to prevent improper operation as well as to protect components from overstress. These voltages represent a tolerance of -10 % and +12.5 %. For the purposes of measuring frequency stability these voltage limits are to be used.

9.2.2 For equipment powered by primary supply voltage

According to the JTC standard the frequency stability of the carrier shall be accurate to within 0.1 ppm of the received frequency from the base station. This accuracy is sufficient to meet Sec. 24.235, Frequency Stability. The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emission stays within the authorized frequency block. For this EUT section 2.1055(d)(1) applies. This requires varying primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

9.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT (WORST TEST)

Frequency Error Against Voltage for GSM 850 MHz(Test Channel 190)		
Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.4	24	0.029
3.7	21	0.025
4.2	25	0.030

Frequency Error Against Temperature for GSM 850 MHz(Test Channel 190)		
temperature(℃)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
-10	20	0.024
0	23	0.028
10	21	0.025
20	20	0.024
30	21	0.025
40	23	0.028
50	24	0.029

Note: The EUT doesn't work below -10℃

Frequency Error Against Voltage for PCS 1900 MHz(Test Channel 661)		
Voltage(V)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
3.4	27	0.014
3.7	23	0.012
4.2	29	0.015

Frequency Error Against Temperature for PCS 1900 MHz(Test Channel 661)		
temperature(℃)	Frequency error(Hz)	Frequency error(ppm)
-10	30	0.016
0	28	0.015
10	25	0.013
20	23	0.012
30	25	0.013
40	28	0.015
50	31	0.016

Note: The EUT doesn't work below -10℃

10. OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH

10.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The test set up and general procedure is similar to conducted peak output power test. Only different for setting the measurement configuration of the measuring instrument of Spectrum Analyzer.

10.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

The occupied bandwidth (99%) shall not exceed 300 KHz.

10.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Occupied Bandwidth (99%) for GSM 850 MHz		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)(kHz)
Low Channel	824.2	246.37
Middle Channel	836.6	245.13
High Channel	848.8	245.09

Occupied Bandwidth (99%) for PCS 1900 MHz		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Occupied Bandwidth (99%)(kHz)
Low Channel	1850.2	243.71
Middle Channel	1880.0	246.37
High Channel	1909.8	241.95

11. EMISSION BANDWIDTH

11.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The test set up and general procedure is similar to conducted peak output power test. Only different for setting the measurement configuration of the measuring instrument of Spectrum Analyzer.

11.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

The emission bandwidth is defined as two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26dB below the transmitter power

11.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc) for GSM 850 MHz		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)(kHz)
Low Channel	824.2	314.26
Middle Channel	836.6	321.14
High Channel	848.8	311.55

Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc) for PCS 1900 MHz		
Mode	Frequency(MHz)	Emission Bandwidth (-26dBc)(kHz)
Low Channel	1850.2	311.35
Middle Channel	1880.0	311.26
High Channel	1909.8	310.29

12. BAND EDGE

12.1 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The test set up and general procedure is similar to conducted peak output power test. Only different for setting the measurement configuration of the measuring instrument of Spectrum Analyzer.

12.2 PROVISIONS APPLICABLE

as Specified in FCC rules of 22.917(b) and 24.238(b)

12.3 MEASUREMENT RESULT

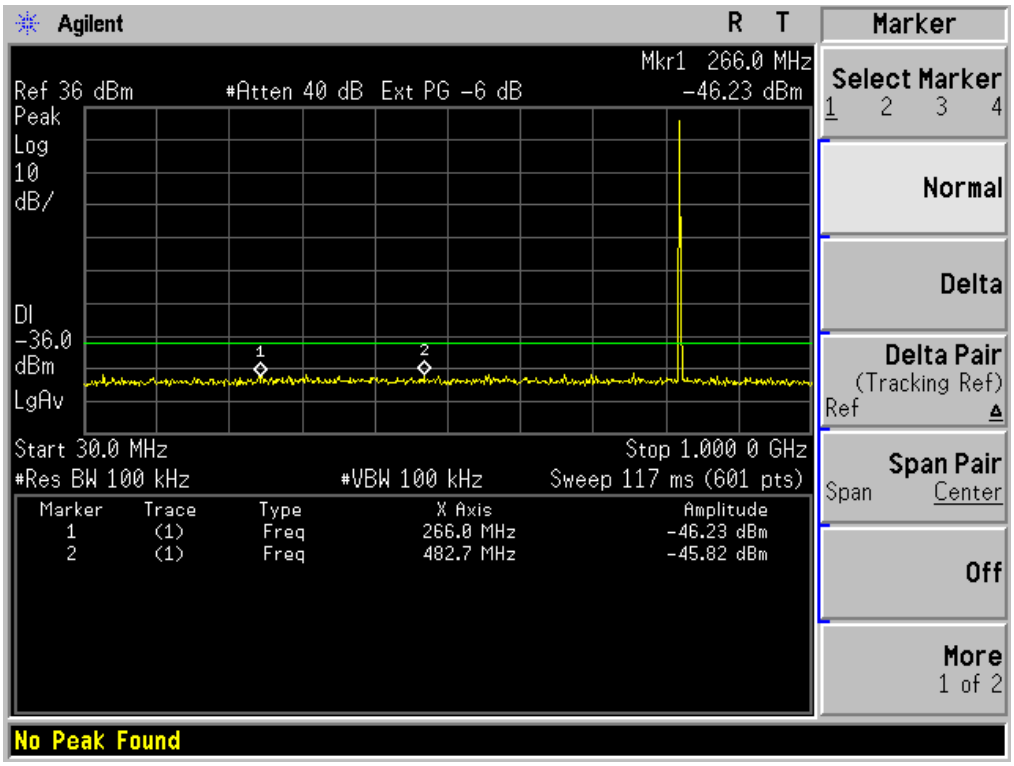
Please refers to Appendix III for compliance test plots for band edges.

APPENDIX I

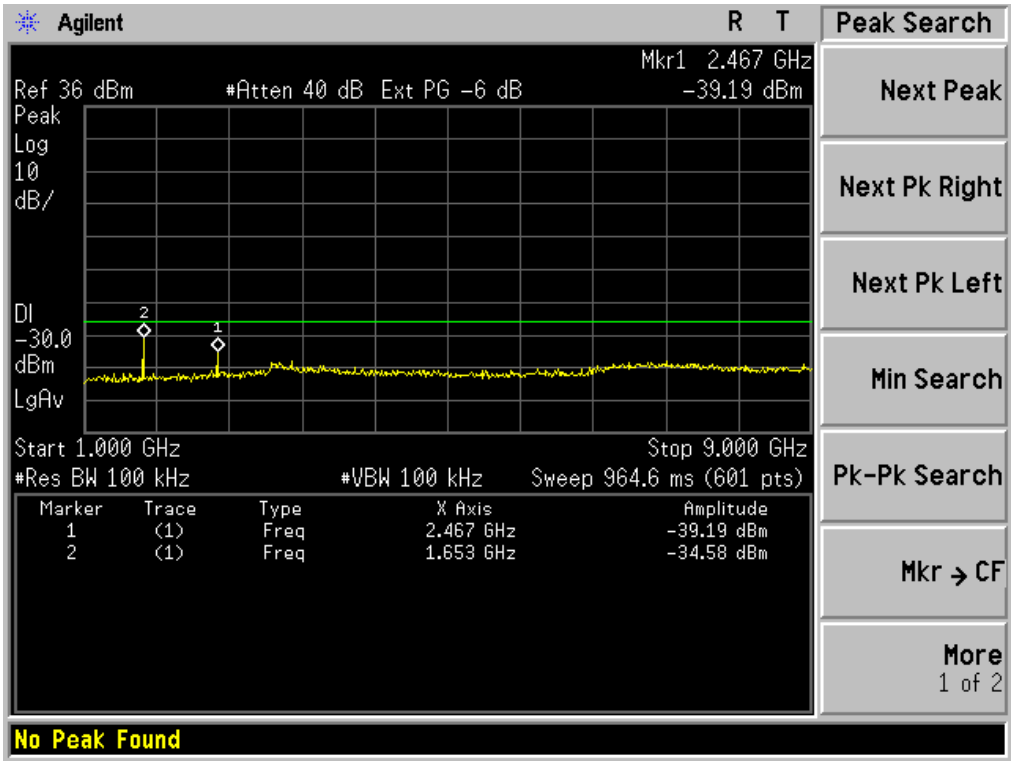
TEST PLOTS FOR CONDUCTED SPURIOUS EMISSION

CONDUCTED EMISSION IN GSM BAND

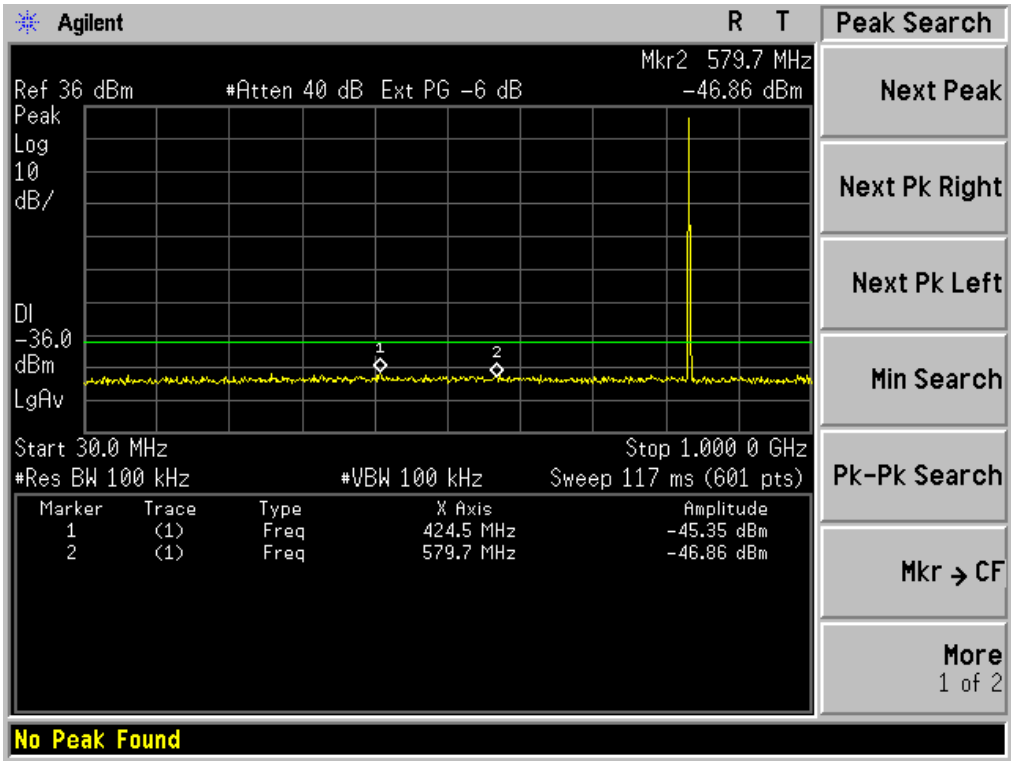
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 128 30MHz – 1GHz



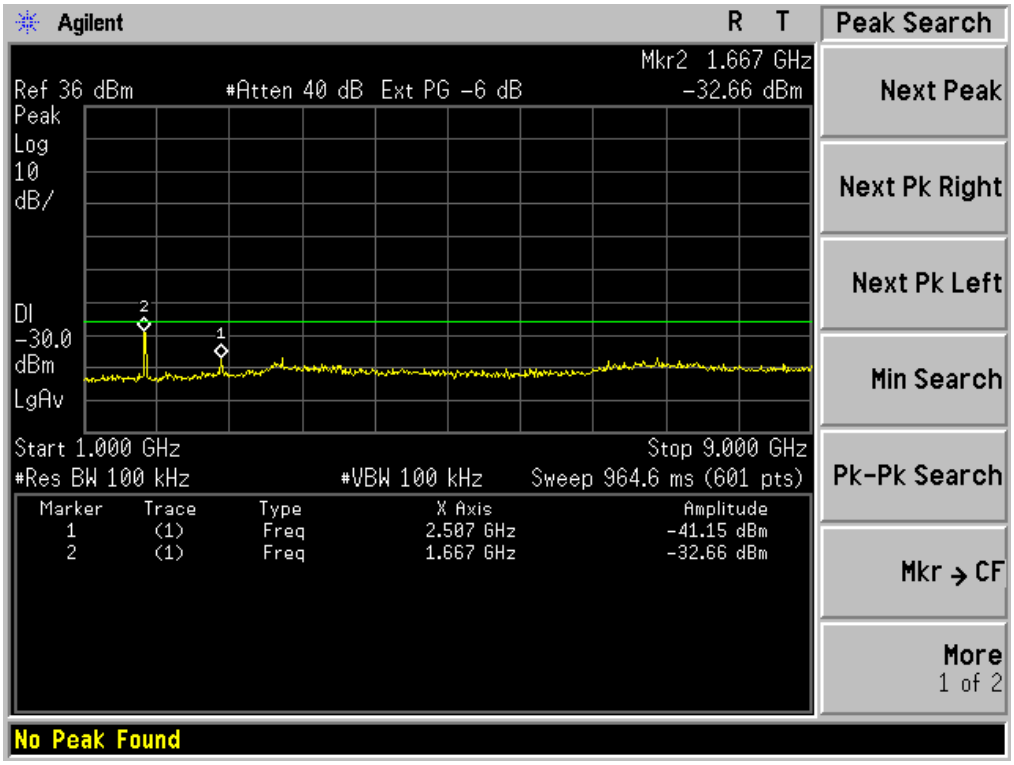
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 128 1GHz – 9GHz



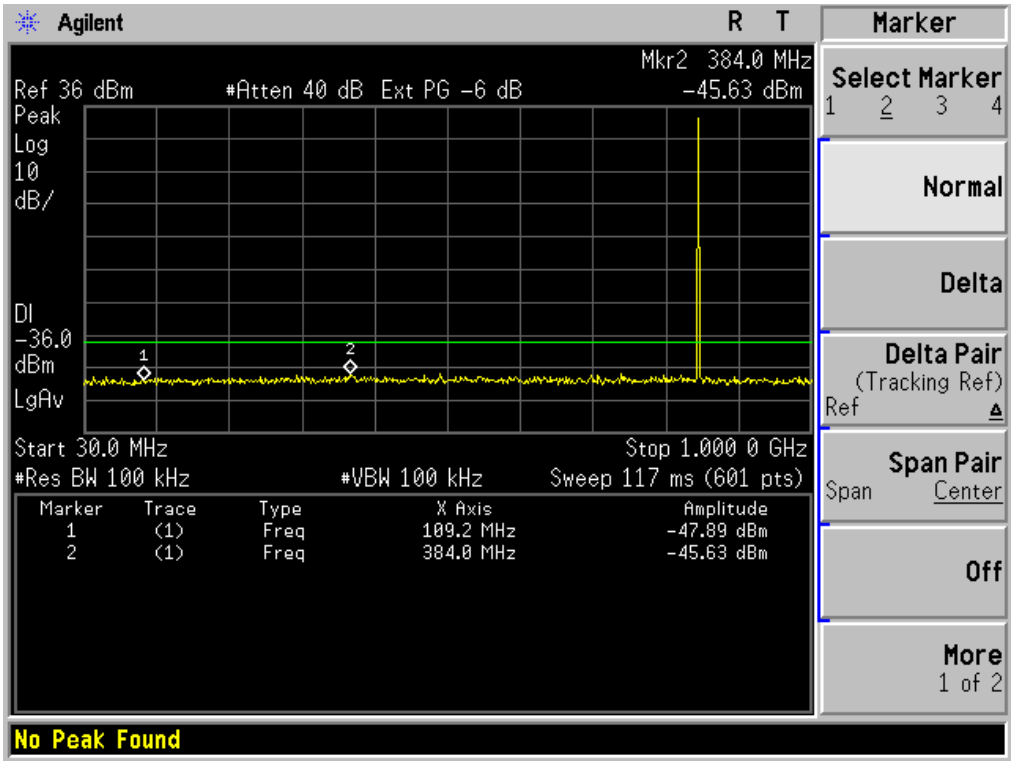
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 190 30MHz – 1GHz



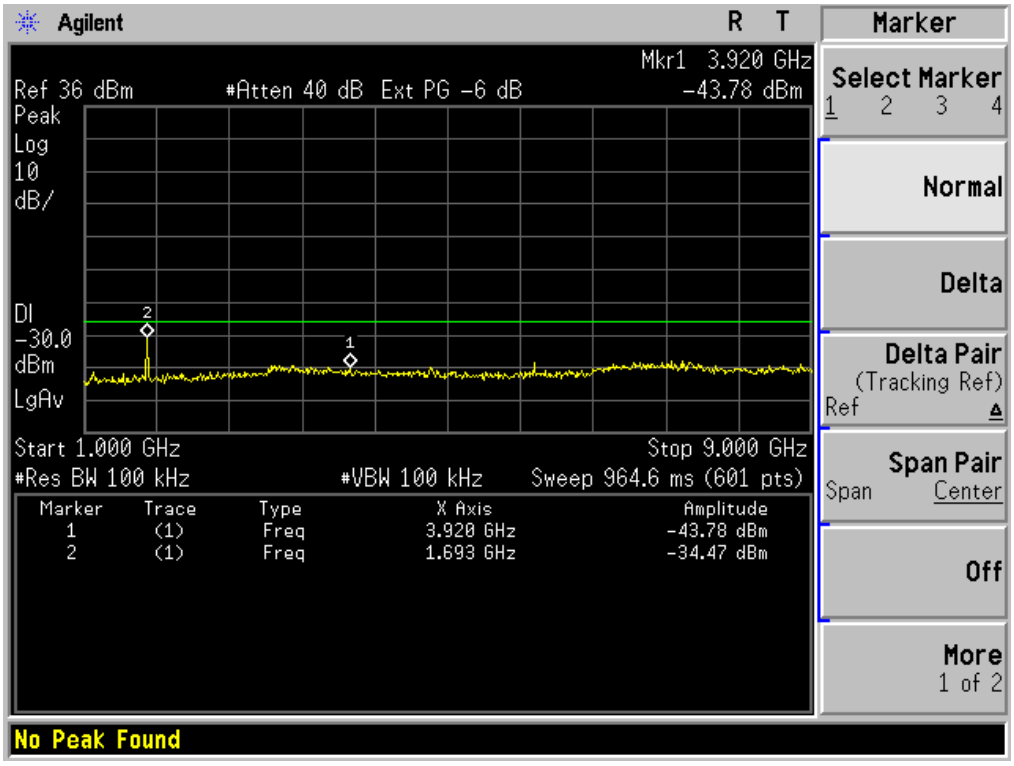
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 190 1GHz – 9GHz



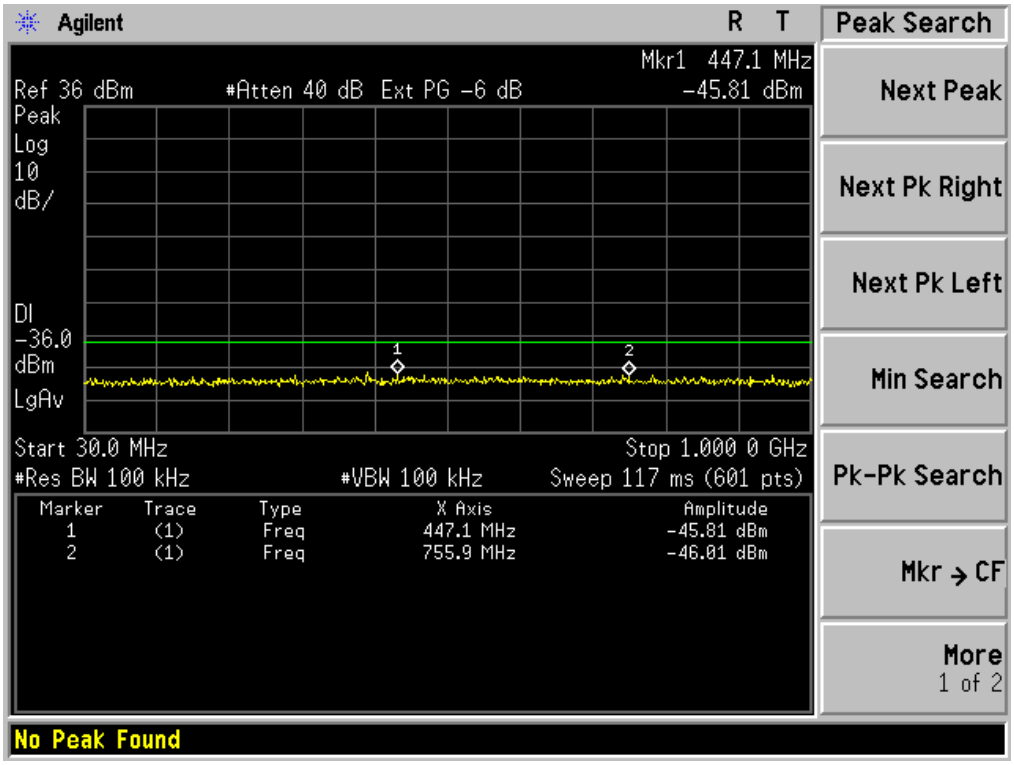
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 251 30MHz – 1GHz



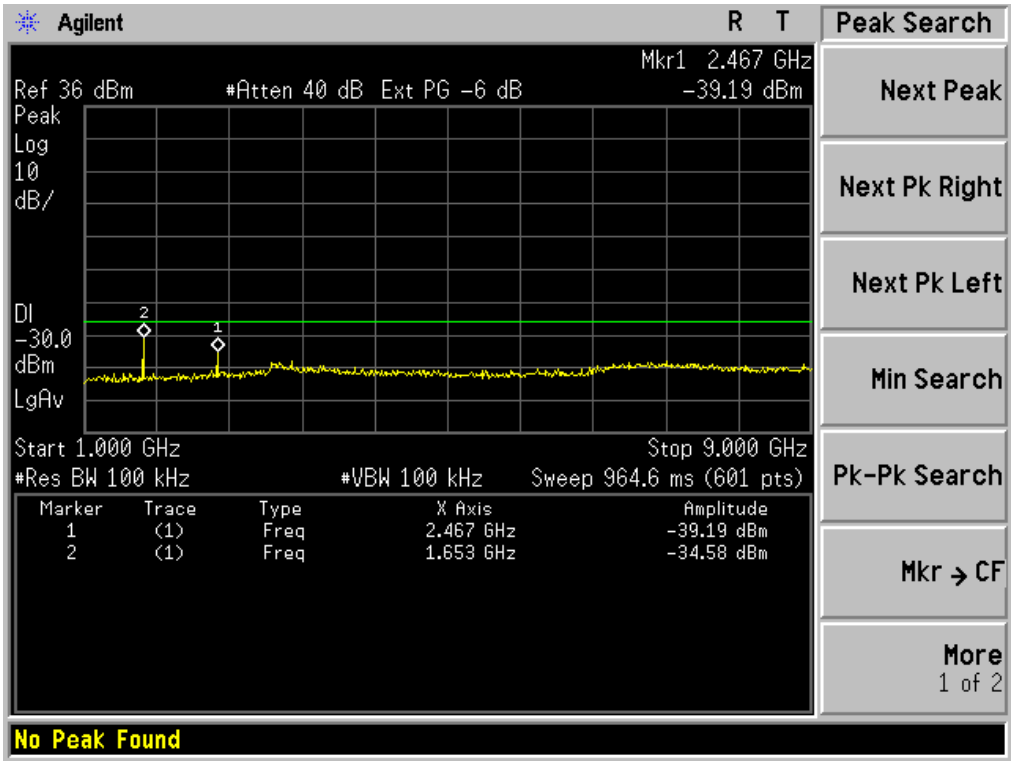
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 251 1GHz – 9GHz



Conducted Emission Idle Mode 30MHz – 1GHz

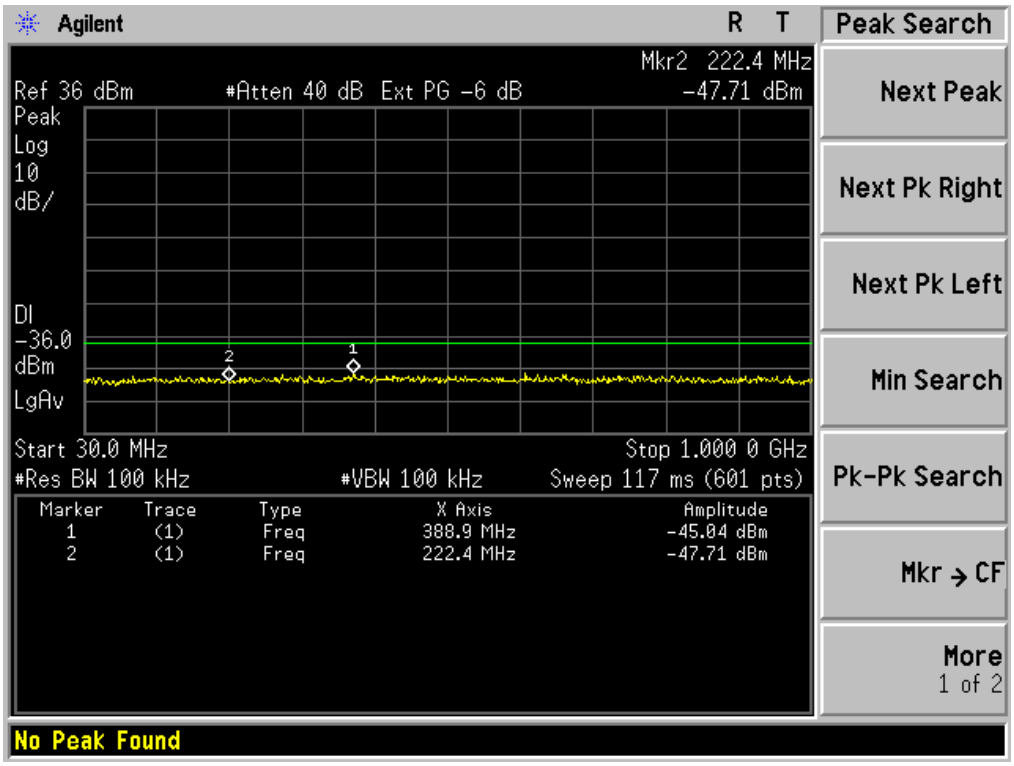


Conducted Emission Idle Mode 1GHz – 9GHz

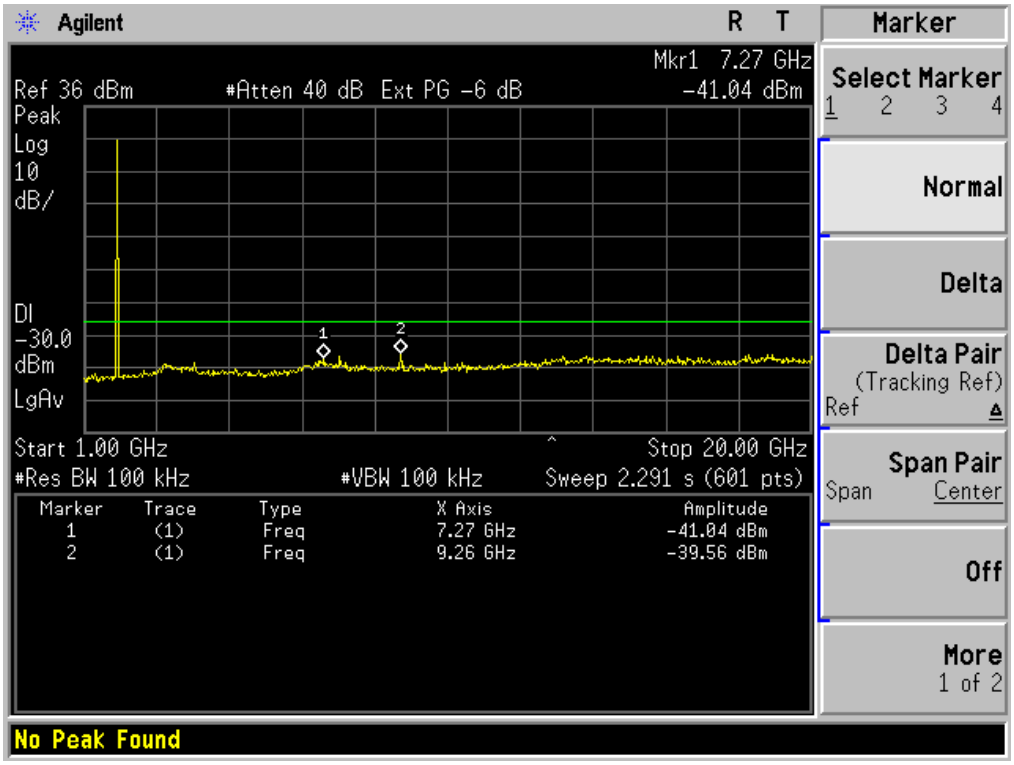


CONDUCTED EMISSION IN PCS BAND

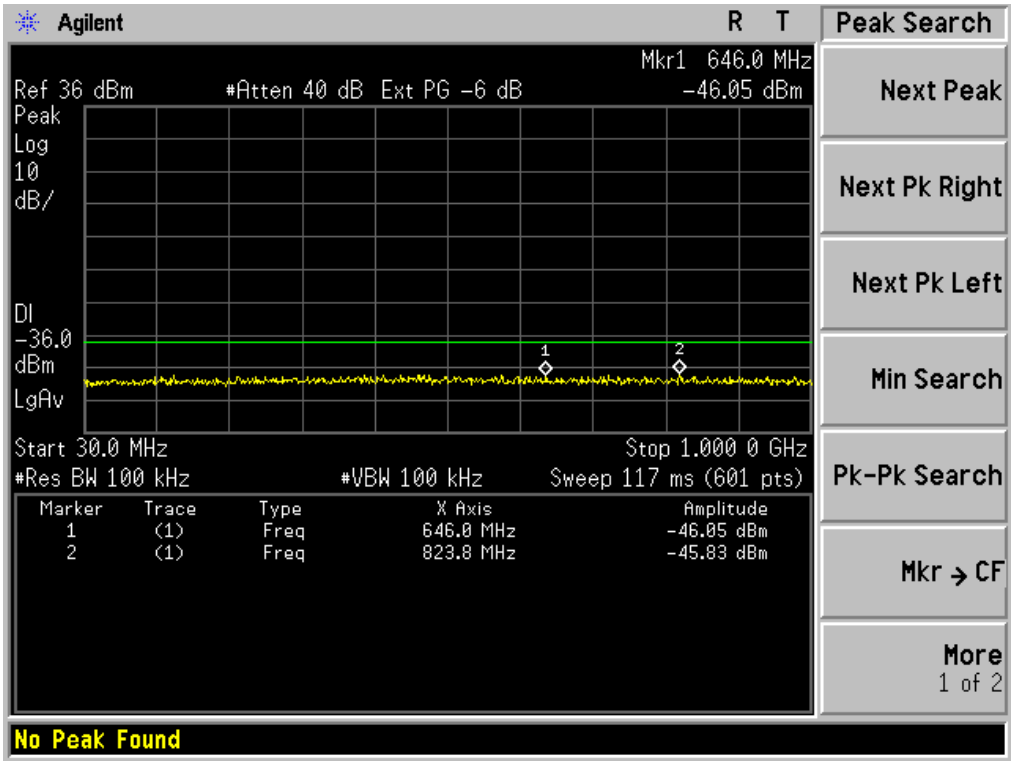
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 512 30MHz – 1GHz



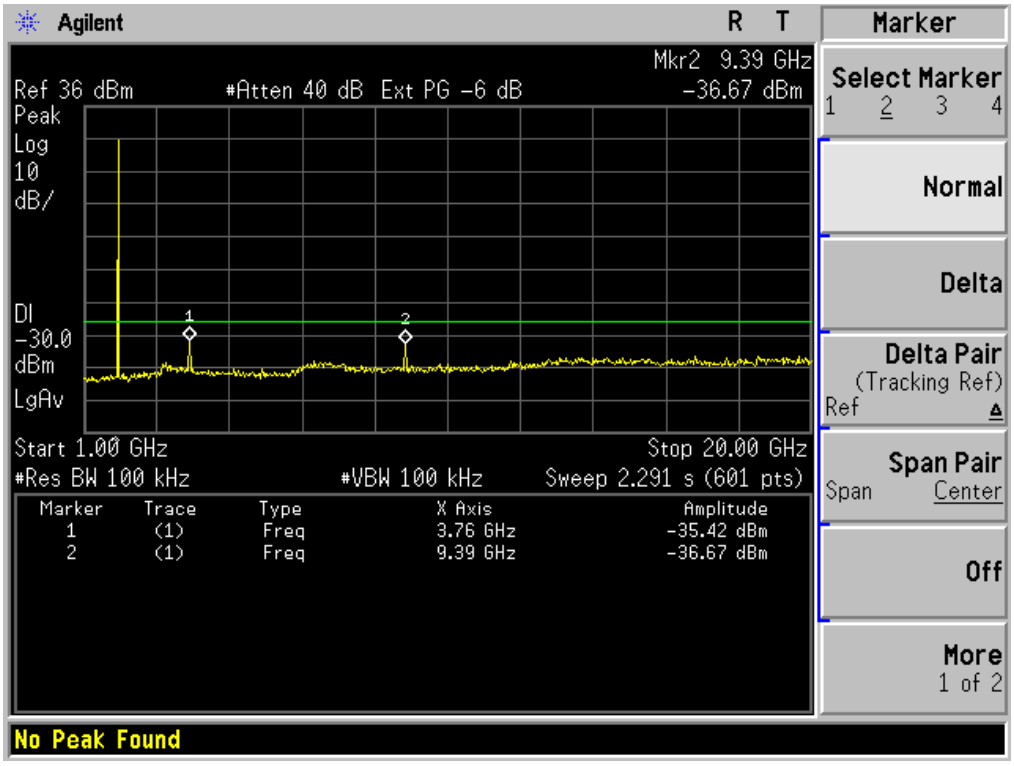
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 512 1GHz – 20GHz



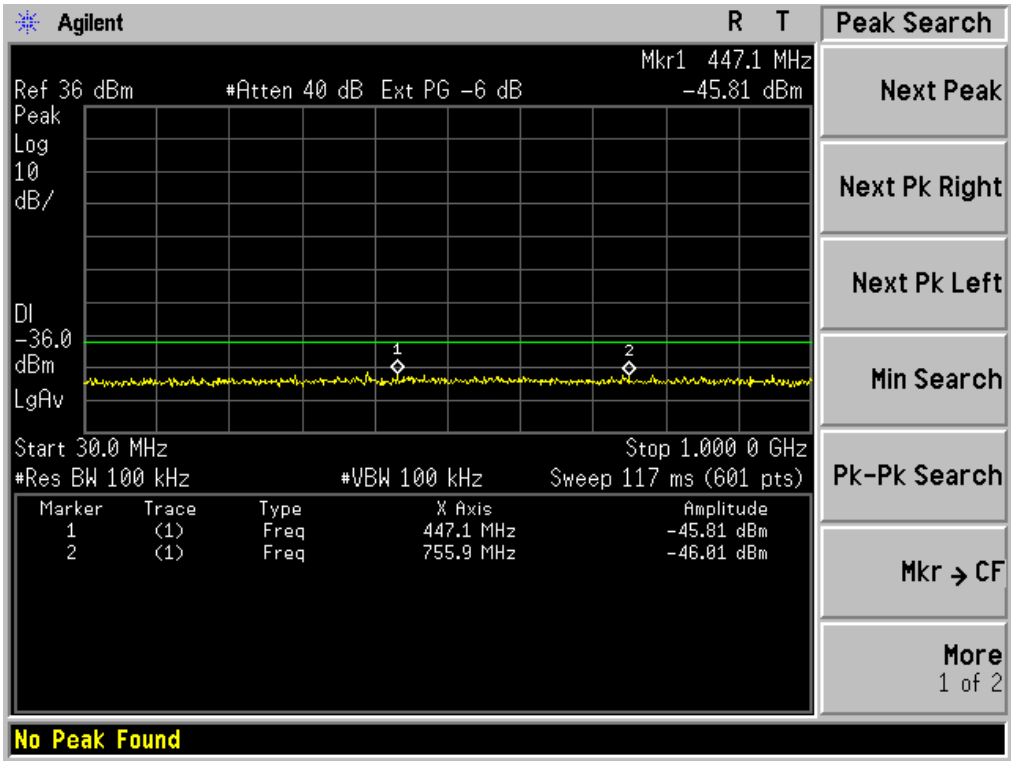
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 661 30MHz – 1GHz



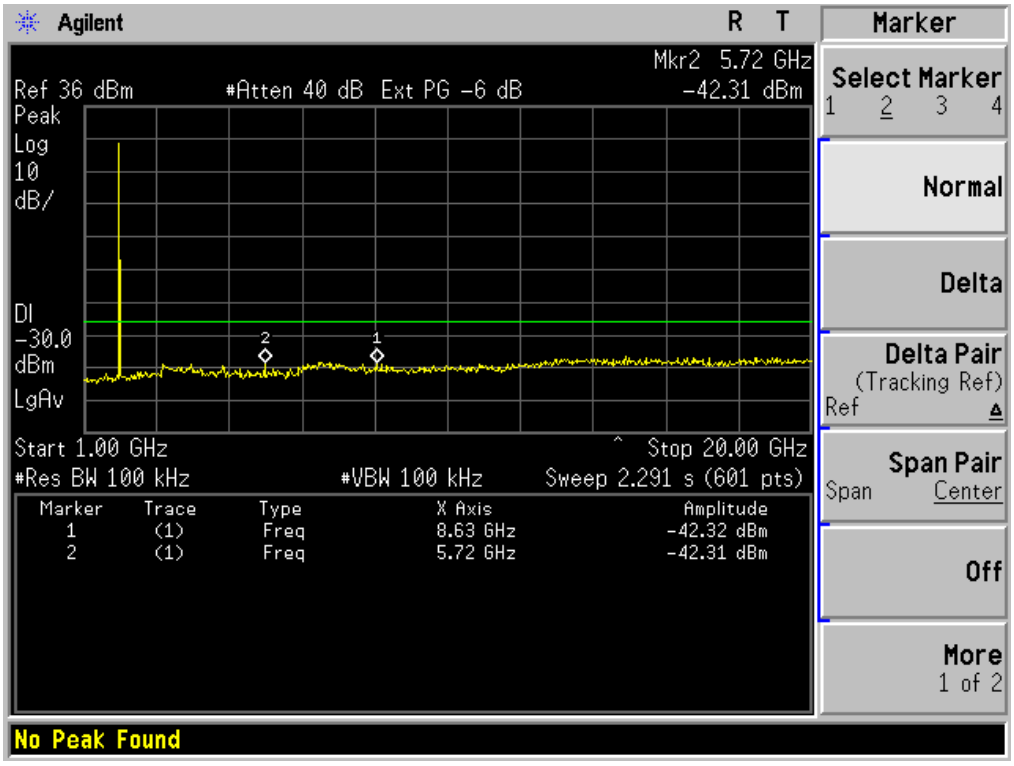
Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 661 1GHz – 20GHz



Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 810 30MHz – 1GHz



Conducted Emission Transmitting Mode CH 810 1GHz – 20GHz

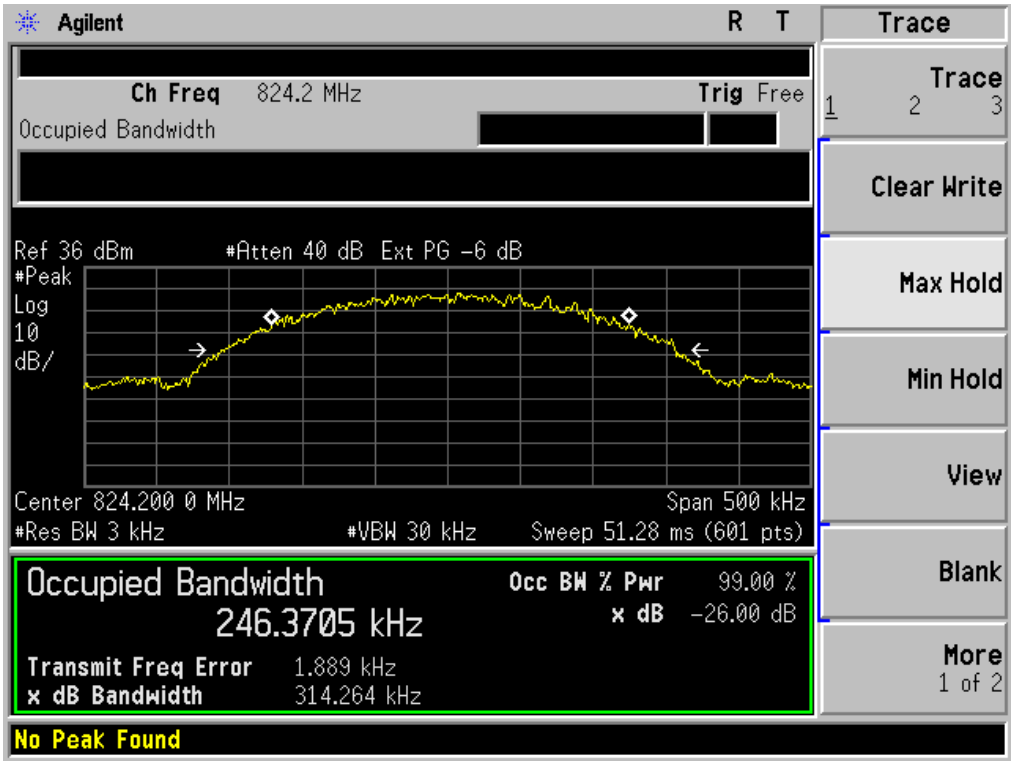


APPENDIX II

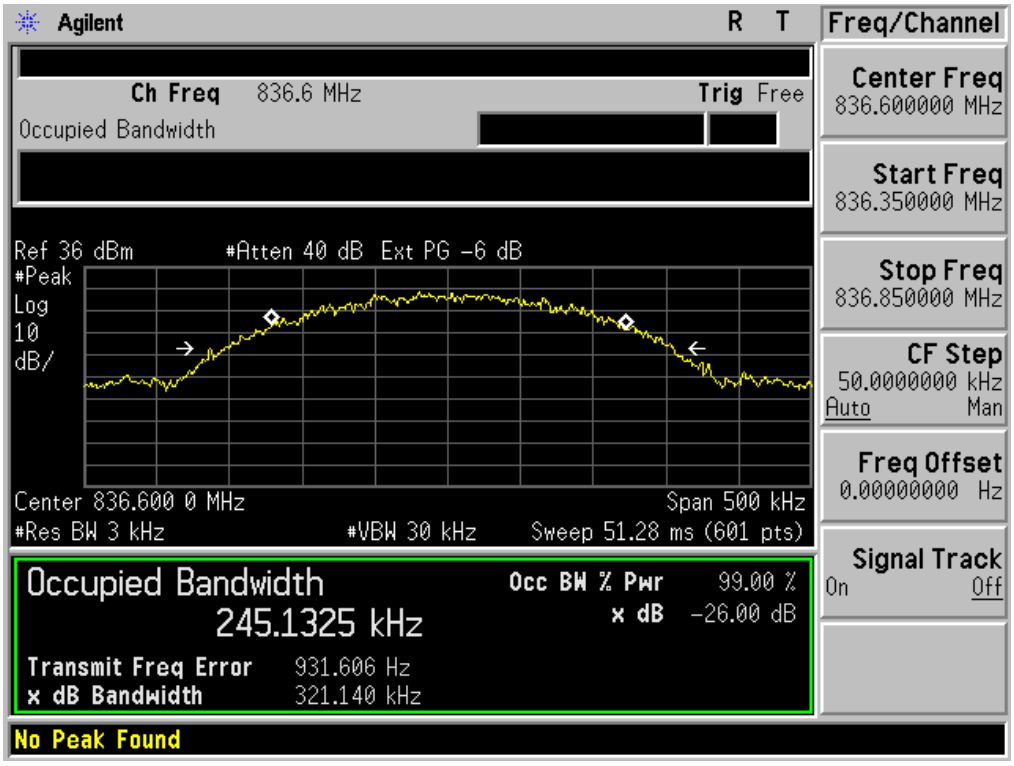
TEST PLOTS FOR OCCUPIED BANDWIDTH (99%)

EMISSION BANDWIDTH (-26dBC)

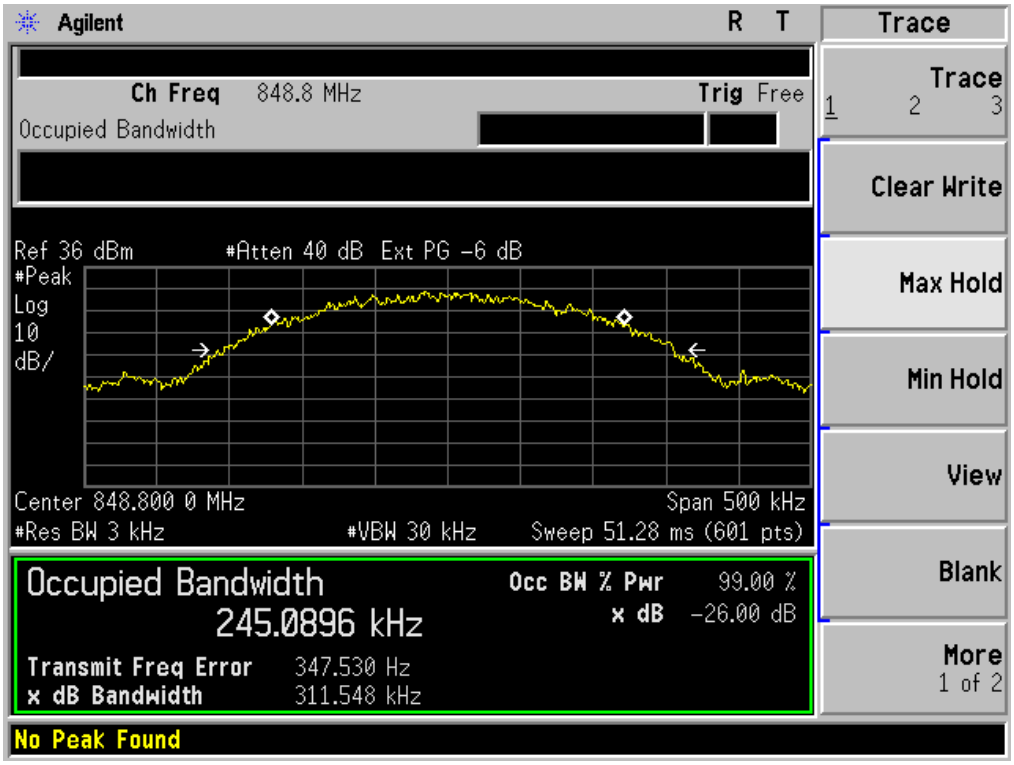
Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GSM 850 BAND CH 128



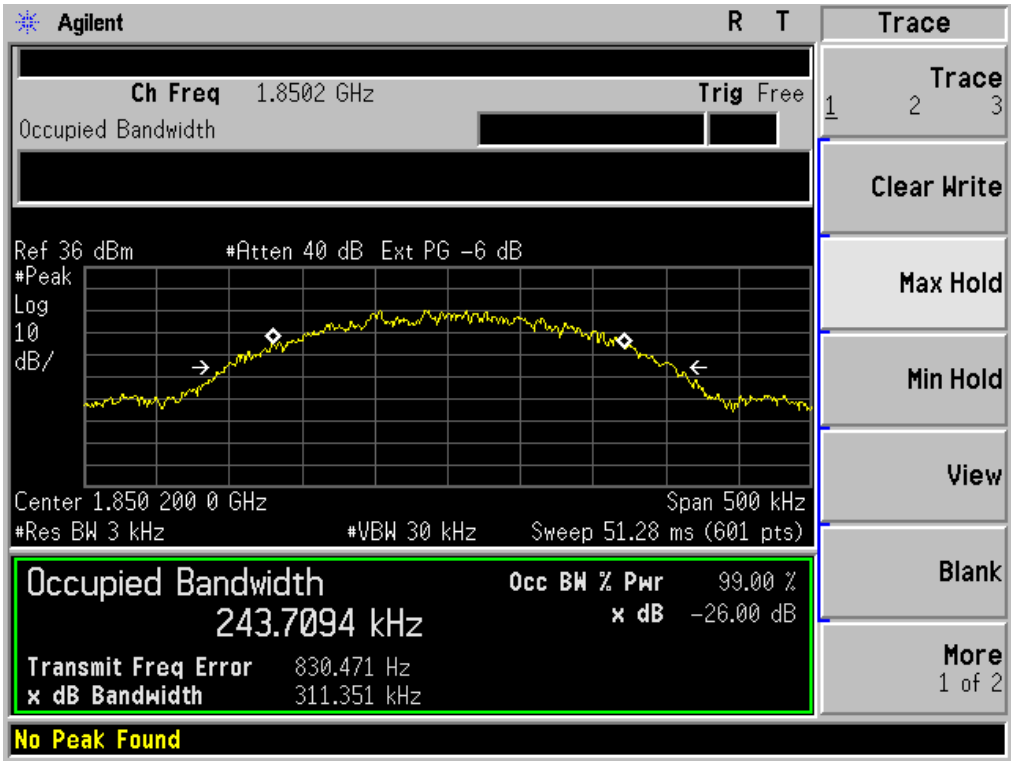
Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GSM 850 BAND CH 190



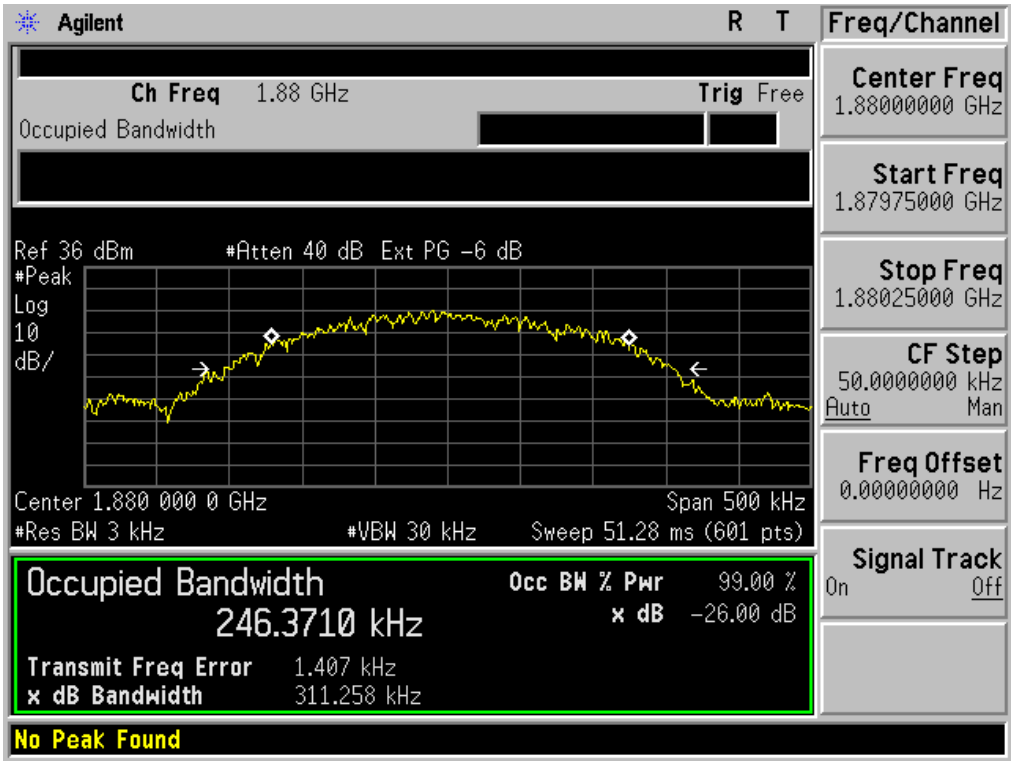
Occupied Bandwidth (99%) GSM 850 BAND CH 251



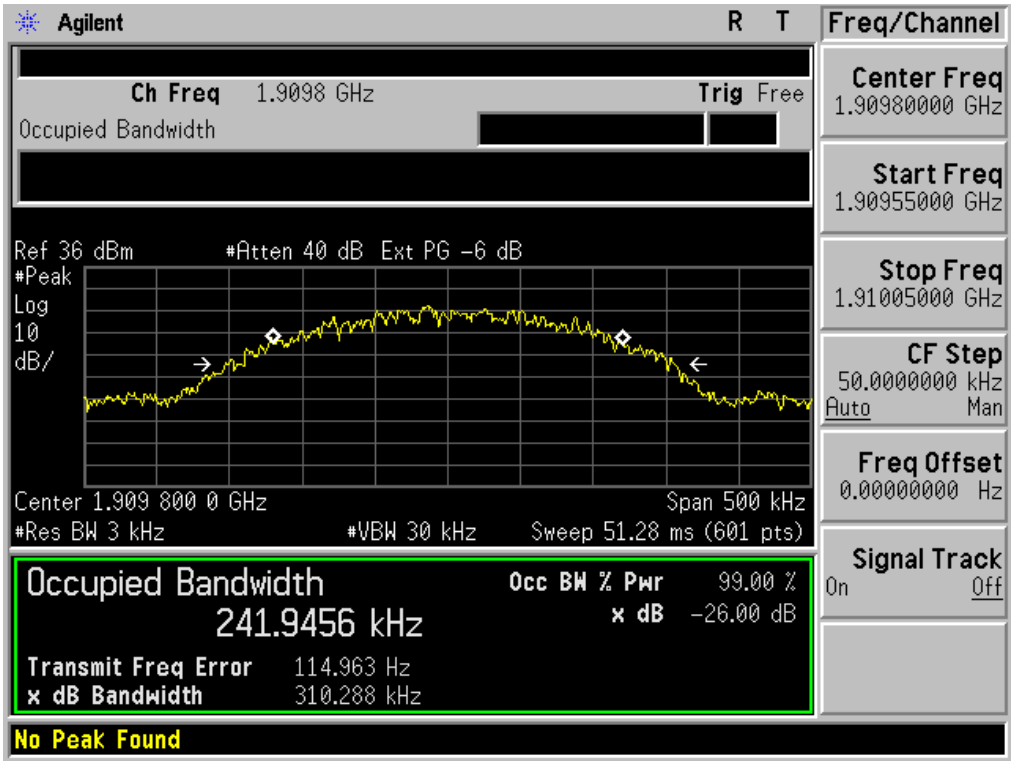
Occupied Bandwidth (99%) PCS 1900 BAND CH 512



Occupied Bandwidth (99%) PCS 1900 BAND CH 661



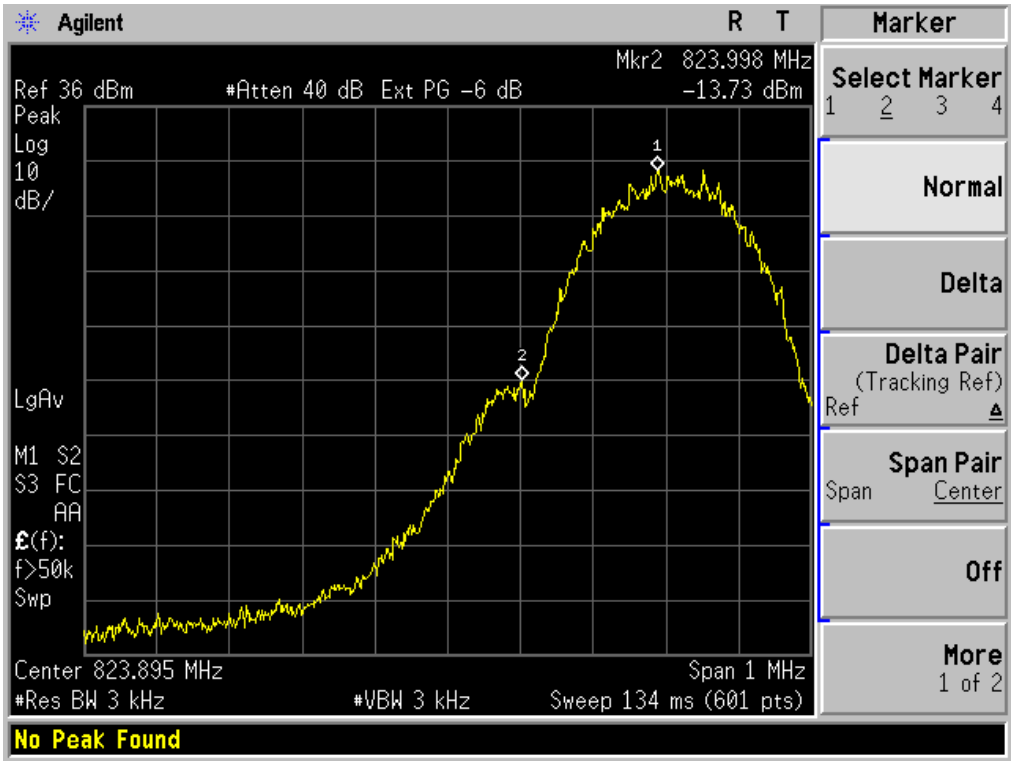
Occupied Bandwidth (99%) PCS 1900 BAND CH 810



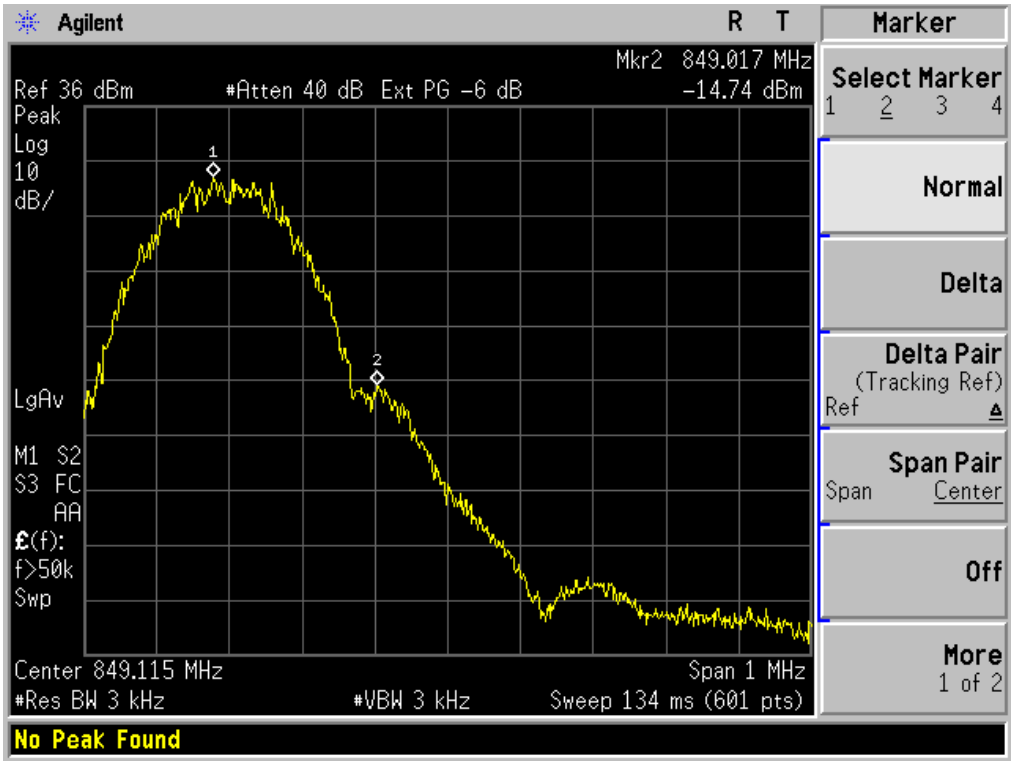
APPENDIX III

TEST PLOTS FOR BAND EDGES

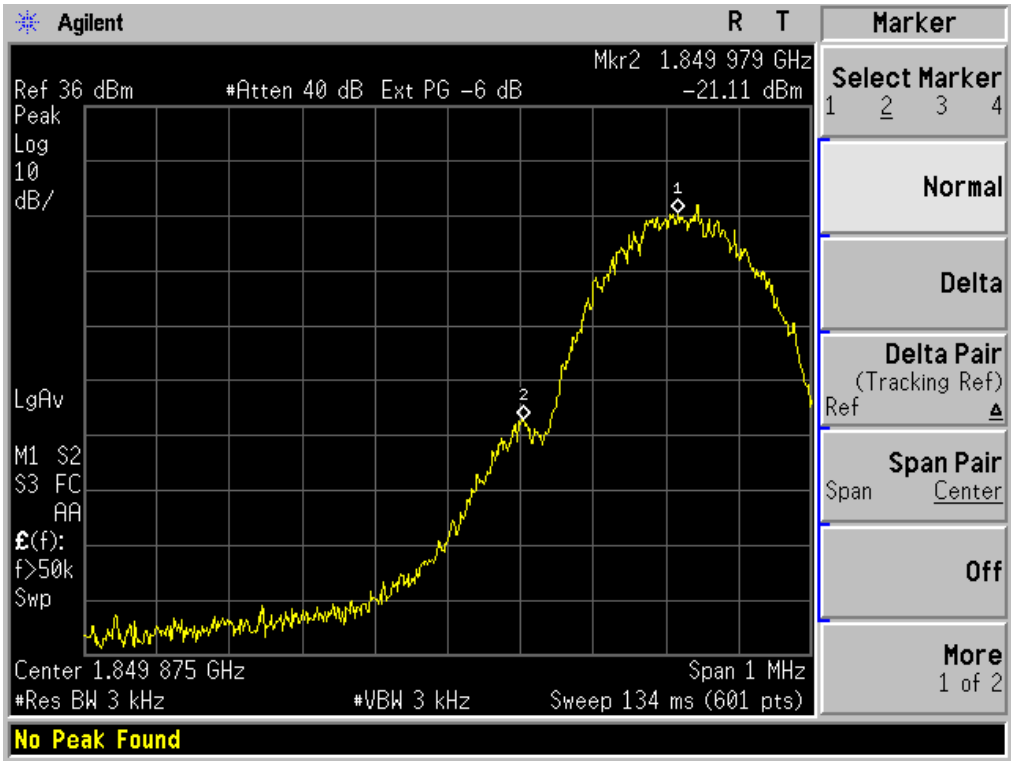
Low Band Edge GSM 850 BAND CH 128



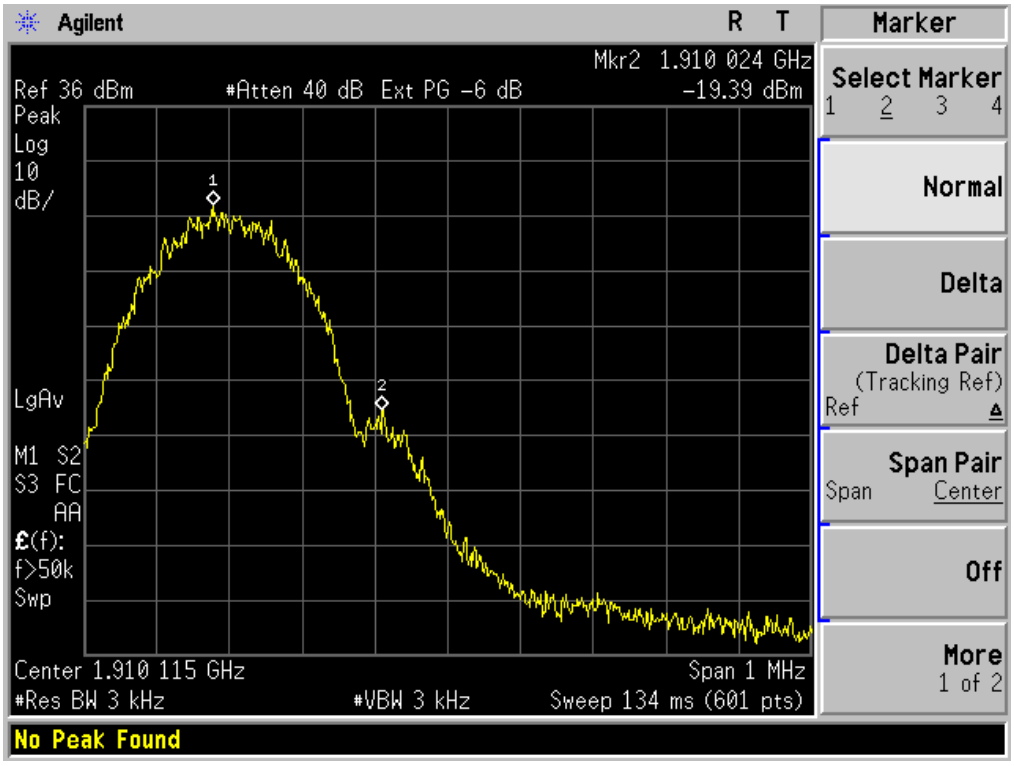
High Band Edge GSM 850 BAND CH 251



Low Band Edge PCS 1900 BAND CH 512



High Band Edge PCS 1900 BAND CH 810

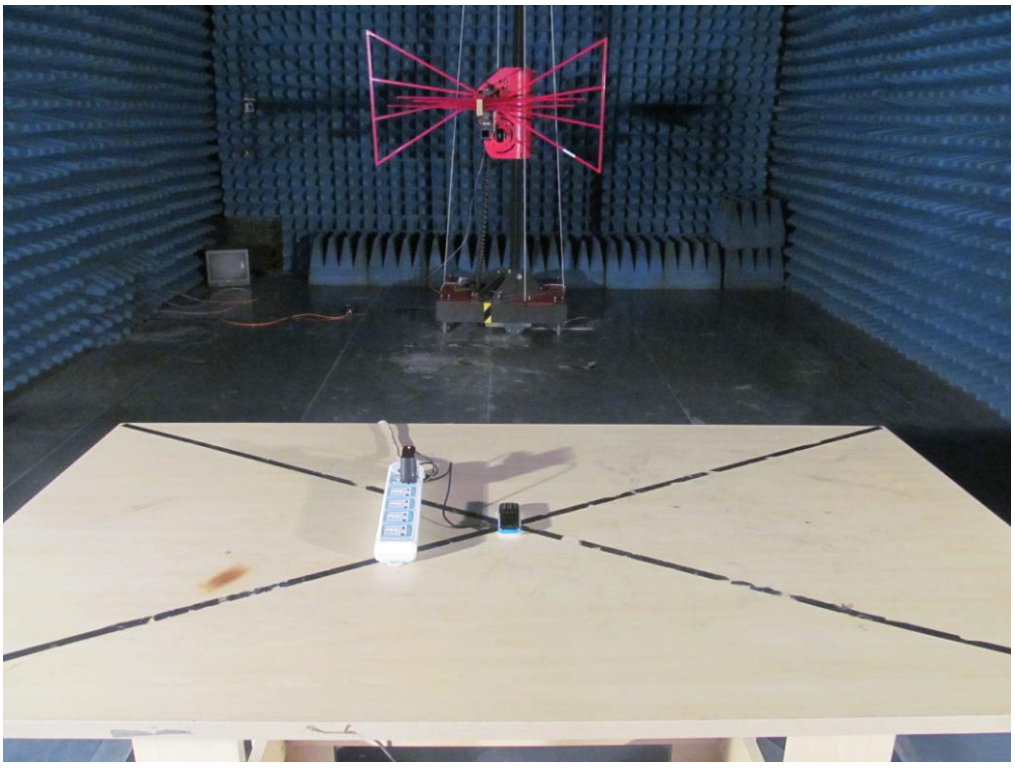


APPENDIX IV

PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP

CONDUCTED EMISSION

RADIATED SPURIOUS EMISSION



APPENDIX V

PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT

TOTAL VIEW OF EUT

TOP VIEW OF EUT

BOTTOM VIEW OF EUT

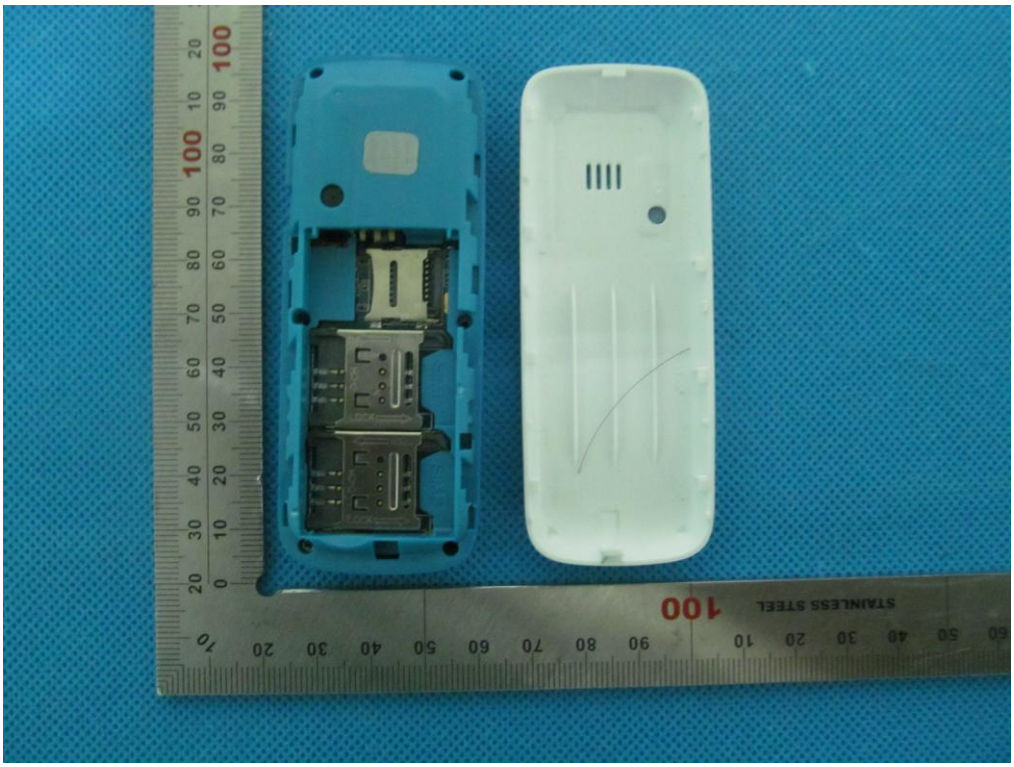
FRONT VIEW OF EUT

BACK VIEW OF EUT

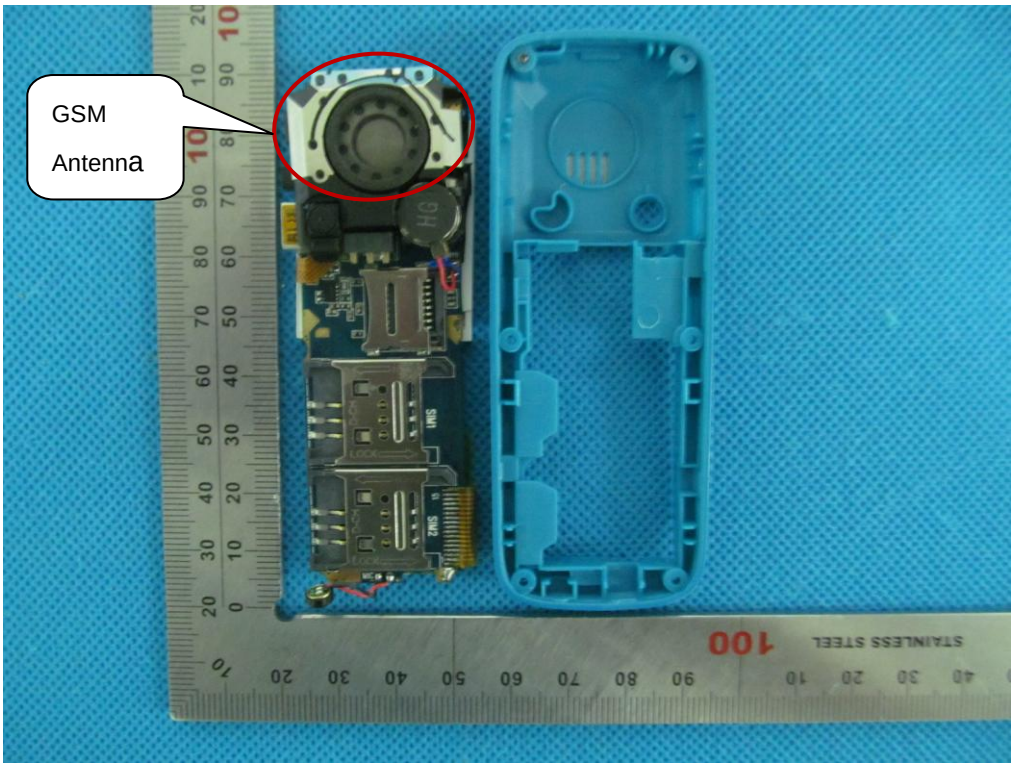
LEFT VIEW OF EUT

RIGHT VIEW OF EUT

OPEN VIEW OF EUT-1

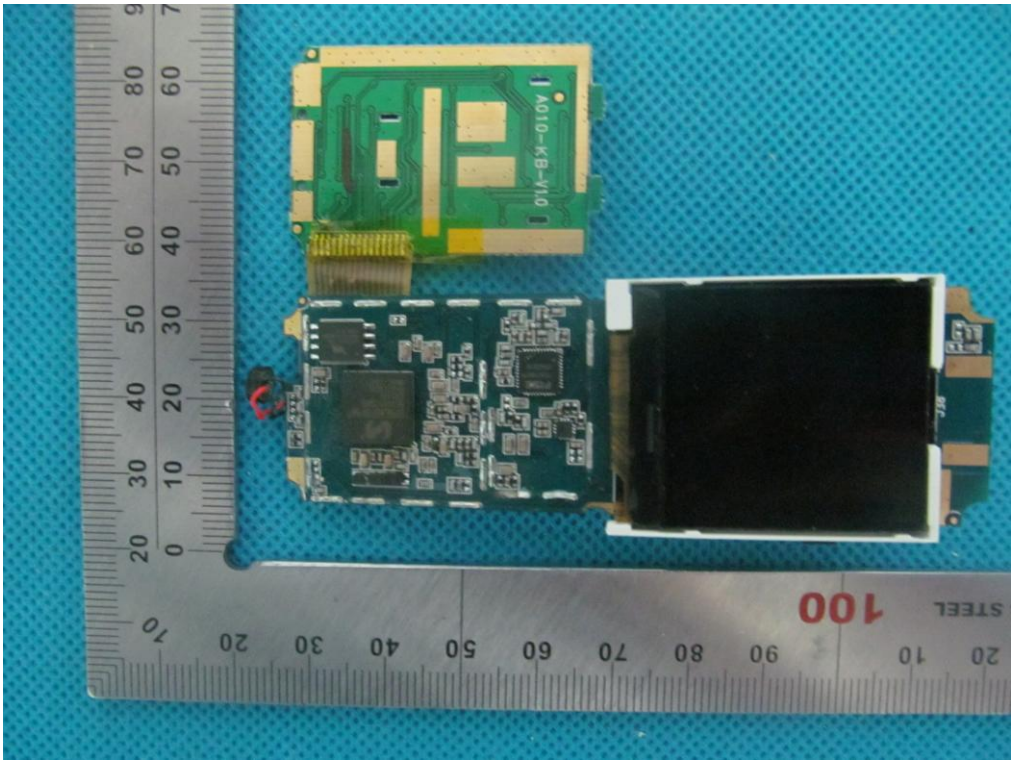


OPEN VIEW OF EUT-2

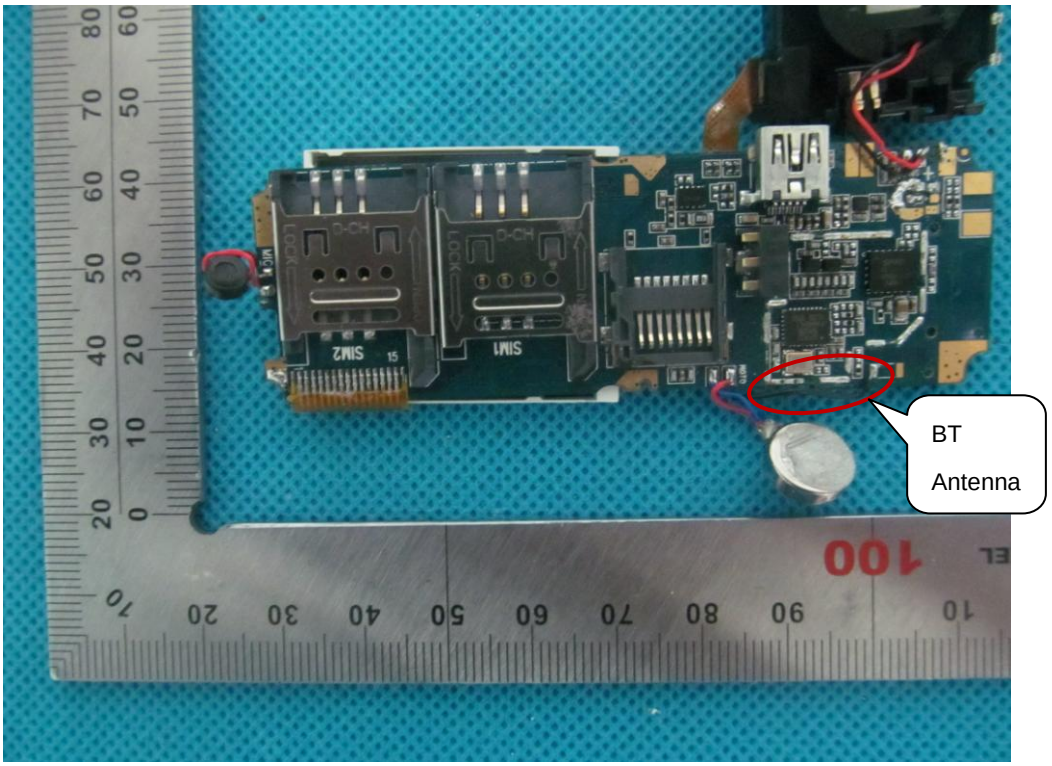


OPEN VIEW OF EUT-3

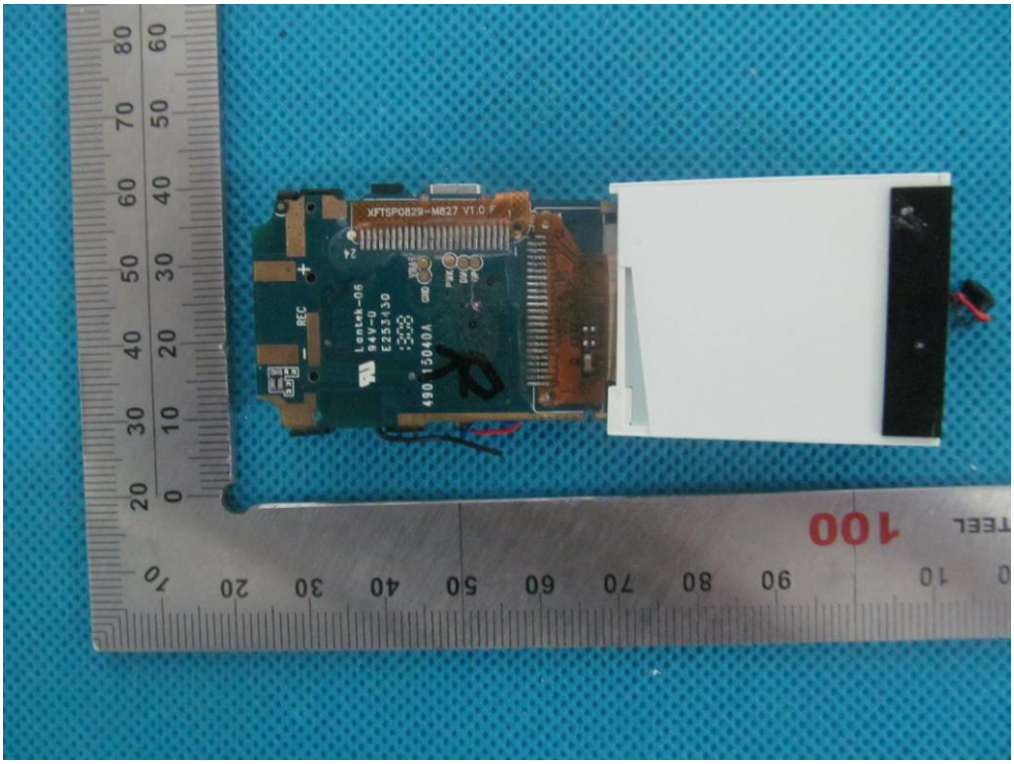
INTERNAL VIEW OF EUT-1



INTERNAL VIEW OF EUT-2



INTERNAL VIEW OF EUT-3



----END OF REPORT----