FCC PART 15C TEST REPORT

TESTING
CNAS L3572

Issued to

XSories Hong Kong Ltd.

For

XSmart Remote 2.0

Model Name:	XSMA2
Trade Name:	XSories
Brand Name:	XSories
FCC ID:	2AAIKXSMA214
Standard:	47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C
Test date:	2014-4-3 to 2014-5-5
Issue date:	2014-5-30

by

Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd.
FL.3, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, No.8 LongChang Road,Block 67, BaoAn District,
ShenZhen, GuangDong Province, P. R. China 518101

Tested by	Nie Quan	***Approved by***	Zeng Dexin	***Reviewed by***	Huang Pulong
	(Test Engineer)		(Chief Engineer)		(Dept. Manager)
Date	2014. 5. 30	***Date***	2014. 5. 30	***Date***	2014.5.30

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Change History		
Issue	Date	Reason for change
1.0	May 30, 2014	First edition

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. EUT Description

EUT Type.....:	XSmart Remote 2.0
Serial No.....:	(n.a, marked #1 by test site)
Hardware Version.....:	SAMSZ-1123-V1.0/ SAMSZ-1123-V1.1
Software Version.....:	SW002
Applicant.....:	XSories Hong Kong Ltd. 13/F Fung Woo Centre, 279-281 Des Voeux Central Road, Sheung Wan, HKG
Manufacturer.....:	Samzu Digital Technology Co., Ltd 7/F Block D, XingHong Industrial Park, 1st baoTian Road, XiXiang, Bao'an District, Shenzhen China.
Frequency Range.....:	The frequency range used is 2402MHz - 2480MHz (79 channels, at intervals of 1MHz); The frequency block is 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz.
Modulation Type.....:	Bluetooth 3.0: FHSS (GFSK(1Mbps) only)
Antenna Type.....:	PCB Antenna
Antenna Gain.....:	-4.1dBi

NOTE:

1. The EUT is a XSmart Remote 2.0, it contains Bluetooth Module operating at 2.4GHz ISM band; the frequencies allocated for the Bluetooth Module is F(MHz)=2402+1*n (0<=n<=78). The lowest, middle, highest channel numbers of the Bluetooth Module used and tested in this report are separately 0 (2402MHz), 39 (2441MHz) and 78 (2480MHz).

1. For a more detailed description, please refer to Specification or User's Manual supplied by the applicant and/or manufacturer.

1.2. Test Standards and Results

The objective of the report is to perform testing according to 47 CFR Part 15 Subpart C (Bluetooth, 2.4GHz ISM band radiators) for the EUT FCC ID Certification:

No.	Identity	Document Title
1	47 CFR Part 15 (10-1-13 Edition)	Radio Frequency Devices

Test detailed items/section required by FCC rules and results are as below:

No.	Section in CFR 47	Description	Result
1	15.203	Antenna Requirement	**PASS**
2	15.247(a)	Number of Hopping Frequency	**PASS**
3	15.247(b)	Peak Output Power	**PASS**
4	15.247(a)	20dB Bandwidth	**PASS**
5	15.247(a)	Carrier Frequency Separation	**PASS**
6	15.247(a)	Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)	**PASS**
7	15.247(d)	Conducted Spurious Emission	**PASS**
8	15.247(d)	Restricted Frequency Bands	**PASS**
9	15.207	Conducted Emission	**N/A**
10	15.209 15.247(d)	Radiated Emission	**PASS**

NOTE:

The tests were performed according to the method of measurements prescribed in DA-00-705.

1.3. Facilities and Accreditations

1.3.1. Facilities

Shenzhen Morlab Communications Technology Co., Ltd. Morlab Laboratory is a testing organization accredited by China National Accreditation Service for Conformity Assessment (CNAS) according to ISO/IEC 17025. The accreditation certificate number is L3572.

All measurement facilities used to collect the measurement data are located at FL.1, Building A, FeiYang Science Park, Block 67, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, 518101 P. R. China. The test site is constructed in conformance with the requirements of ANSI C63.10 2009, ANSI C63.4 2009 and CISPR Publication 22; the FCC registration number is 695796.

The IC registration number is 7183A-2.

1.3.2. Test Environment Conditions

During the measurement, the environmental conditions were within the listed ranges:

Temperature (°C):	15 - 35
Relative Humidity (%):	30 -60
Atmospheric Pressure (kPa):	86-106

2. 47 CFR PART 15C REQUIREMENTS

2.1. Antenna requirement

2.1.1. Applicable Standard

According to FCC 15.203, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this section.

2.1.2. Result: Compliant

The EUT has a permanently and irreplaceable attached antenna. Please refer to the EUT internal photos.

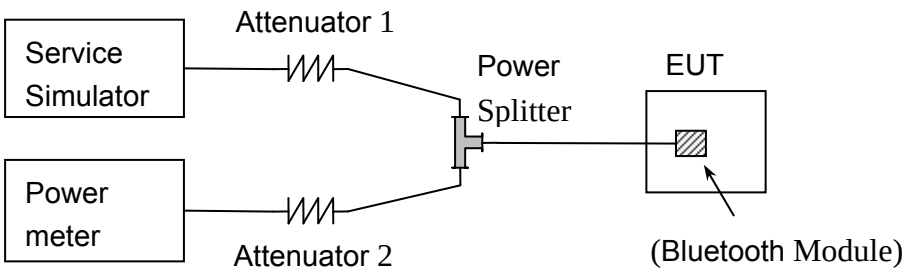
2.2. Number of Hopping Frequency

2.2.1. Requirement

According to FCC §15.247(a)(1)(iii), frequency hopping systems operating in the 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz bands shall use at least 15 hopping frequencies.

2.2.2. Test Description

A. Test Setup:



The Bluetooth Module of the EUT, which is powered by the Battery, is coupled to the Spectrum Analyzer (SA) and the Bluetooth Service Simulator (SS) with Attenuators through the Power Splitter; the RF load attached to the EUT antenna terminal is 50Ohm; the path loss as the factor is calibrated to correct the reading. During the measurement, the Bluetooth Module of the EUT is activated and controlled by the SS, and is set to operate under test mode transmitting 339 bytes DH5 packages at maximum power.

B. Equipments List:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
System Simulator	Anritsu	MT8852B	6K00006210	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E7405A	US44210471	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Power Splitter	Weinschel	1506A	NW521	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Attenuator 1	Resnet	10dB	(n.a.)	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Attenuator 2	Resnet	3dB	(n.a.)	2014.02.26	2015.02.25

2.2.3. Test Procedure

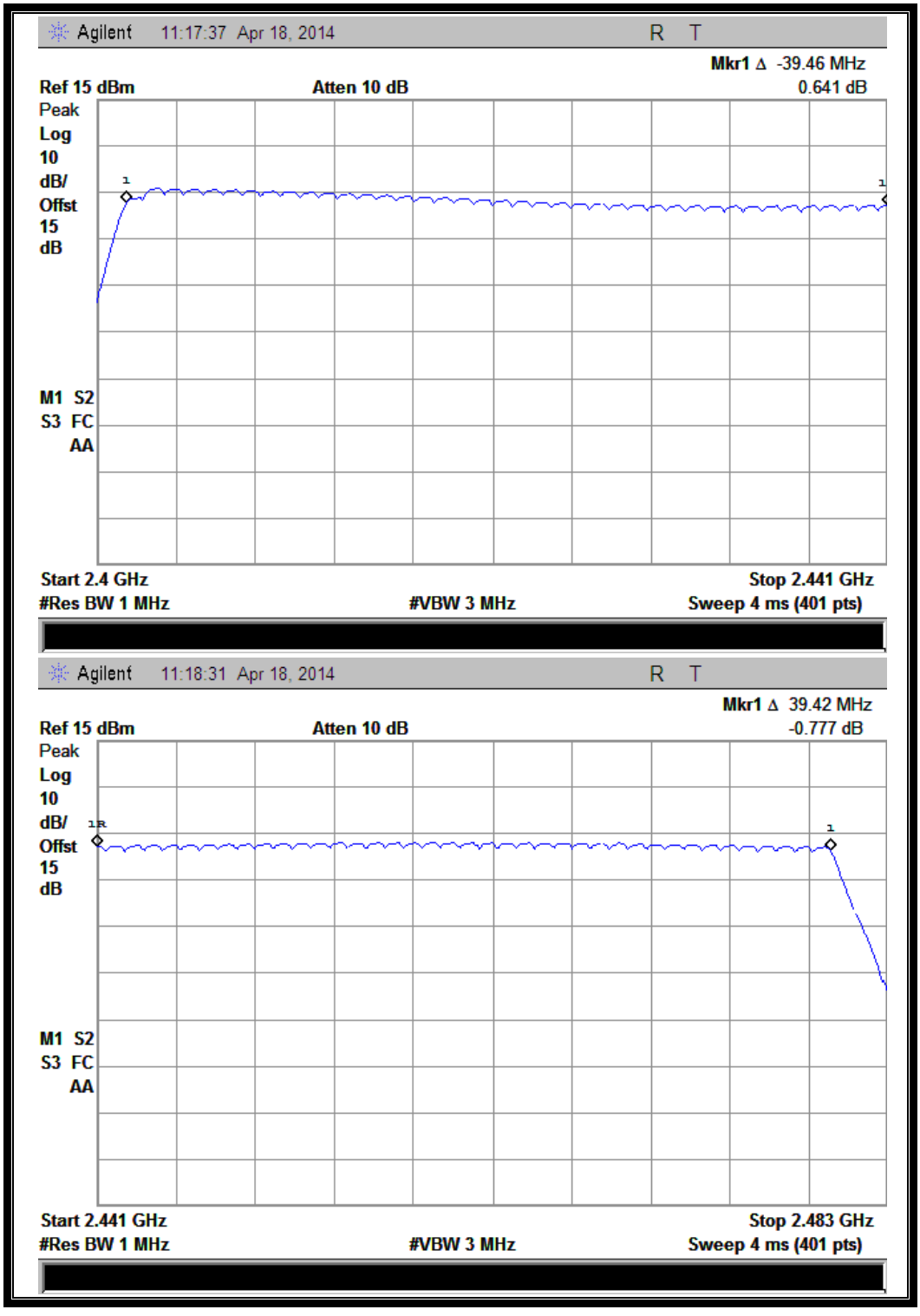
The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = the frequency band of operation
RBW ≥ 1% of the span
VBW ≥ RBW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold
Allow the trace to stabilize

2.2.4. Test Result

The Bluetooth Module operates at hopping-on test mode; the frequencies number employed is counted to verify the Module's using the number of hopping frequency.
Test Verdict:

Test Mode	Frequency Block (MHz)	Measured Channel Numbers	Min. Limit	Refer to Plot	Verdict
GFSK	2400 - 2483.5	79	15	Plot A	PASS

A. Test Plots:


Agilent 11:17:37 Apr 18, 2014
R T
Mkr1 Δ -39.46 MHz
0.641 dB
Ref 15 dBm
Atten 10 dB
Peak
Log
10
dB/
Offst
15
dB
M1 S2
S3 FC
AA
Start 2.4 GHz
#Res BW 1 MHz
#VBW 3 MHz
Stop 2.441 GHz
Sweep 4 ms (401 pts)
Agilent 11:18:31 Apr 18, 2014
R T
Mkr1 Δ 39.42 MHz
-0.777 dB
Ref 15 dBm
Atten 10 dB
Peak
Log
10
dB/
Offst
15
dB
M1 S2
S3 FC
AA
Start 2.441 GHz
#Res BW 1 MHz
#VBW 3 MHz
Stop 2.483 GHz
Sweep 4 ms (401 pts)

(Plot A: GFSK)

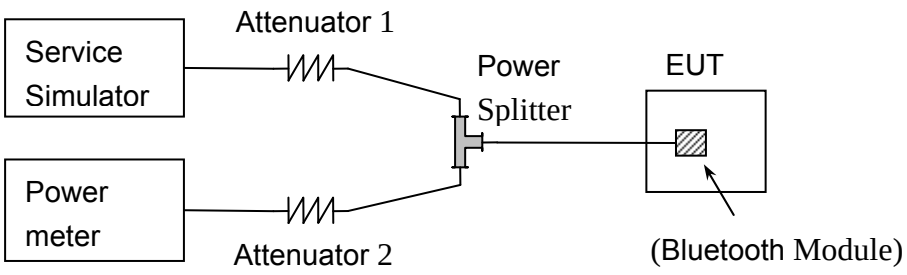
2.3. Peak Output Power

2.3.1. Requirement

According to FCC §15.247(b)(1), for frequency hopping systems that operates in the 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz band employing at least 75 hopping channels, the maximum peak output power of the intentional radiator shall not exceed 1Watt. For all other frequency hopping systems in the 2400MHz to 2483.5MHz band, it is 0.125Watts.

2.3.2. Test Description

A. Test Setup:



The Bluetooth Module of the EUT, which is powered by the Battery, is coupled to the Power meter and the Bluetooth Service Simulator (SS) with Attenuators through the Power Splitter; the RF load attached to the EUT antenna terminal is 50Ohm;the path loss as the factor is calibrated to correct the reading. During the measurement, the Bluetooth Module of the EUT is activated and controlled by the SS, and is set to operate under test mode transmitting 339 bytes DH5 packages at maximum power.

B. Equipments List:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
System Simulator	Anritsu	MT8852B	6K00006210	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Power meter	Agilent	E4418B	GB44318055	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Power Splitter	Weinschel	1506A	NW521	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Power Sensor	Agilent	8482A	MY41091706	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Attenuator 1	Resnet	10dB	(n.a.)	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Attenuator 2	Resnet	3dB	(n.a.)	2014.02.26	2015.02.25

2.3.3. Test Result

The Bluetooth Module operates at hopping-off test mode. The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to verify the conducted RF output peak power of the Module.The lowest,

middle and highest channel were tested by Power meter.

2.3.3.1. GFSK Mode

A. Test Verdict:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Output Peak Power		Limit		Verdict
		dBm	W	dBm	W	
0	2402	-5.957	0.000254	20.97	0.125	PASS
39	2441	-7.553	0.000176			PASS
78	2480	-7.787	0.000166			PASS

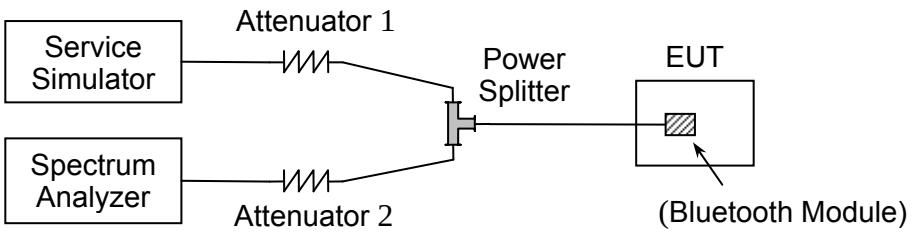
2.4. 20dB Bandwidth

2.4.1. Definition

According to FCC §15.247(a)(1), the 20dB bandwidth is known as the 99% emission bandwidth, or 20dB bandwidth (10*log1% = 20dB) taking the total RF output power.

2.4.2. Test Description

A. Test Setup:



The Bluetooth Module of the EUT, which is powered by the Battery, is coupled to the Spectrum Analyzer (SA) and the Bluetooth Service Simulator (SS) with Attenuators through the Power Splitter; the RF load attached to the EUT antenna terminal is 50Ohm;the path loss as the factor is calibrated to correct the reading.During the measurement, the Bluetooth Module of the EUT is activated and controlled by the SS, and is set to operate under test mode transmitting 339 bytes DH5 packages at maximum power.

B. Equipments List:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
System Simulator	Anritsu	MT8852B	6K00006210	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E7405A	US44210471	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Power Splitter	Weinschel	1506A	NW521	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Attenuator 1	Resnet	10dB	(n.a.)	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Attenuator 2	Resnet	3dB	(n.a.)	2014.02.26	2015.02.25

2.4.3. Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = approximately 2 to 3 times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel
RBW ≥ 1% of the 20 dB bandwidth
VBW ≥ RBW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

2.4.4. Test Result

The Bluetooth Module operates at hopping-off test mode. The lowest, middle and highest channels are selected to perform testing to record the 20dB bandwidth of the Module.

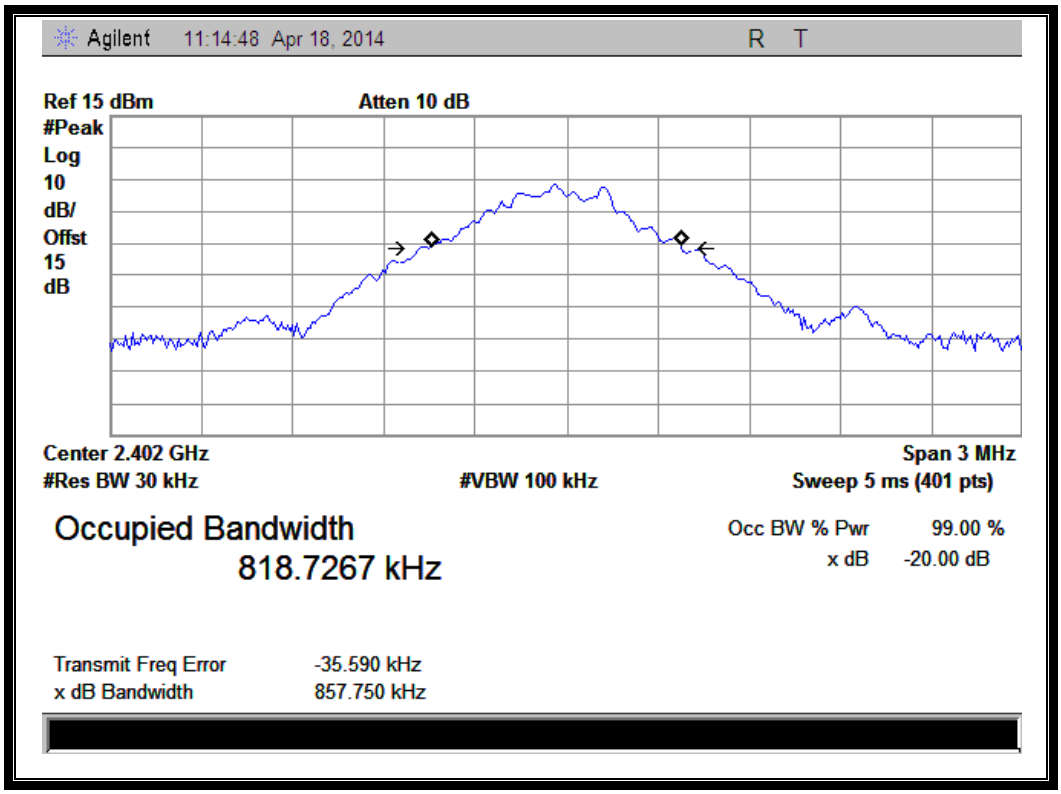
2.4.4.1. GFSK Mode

A. Test Verdict:

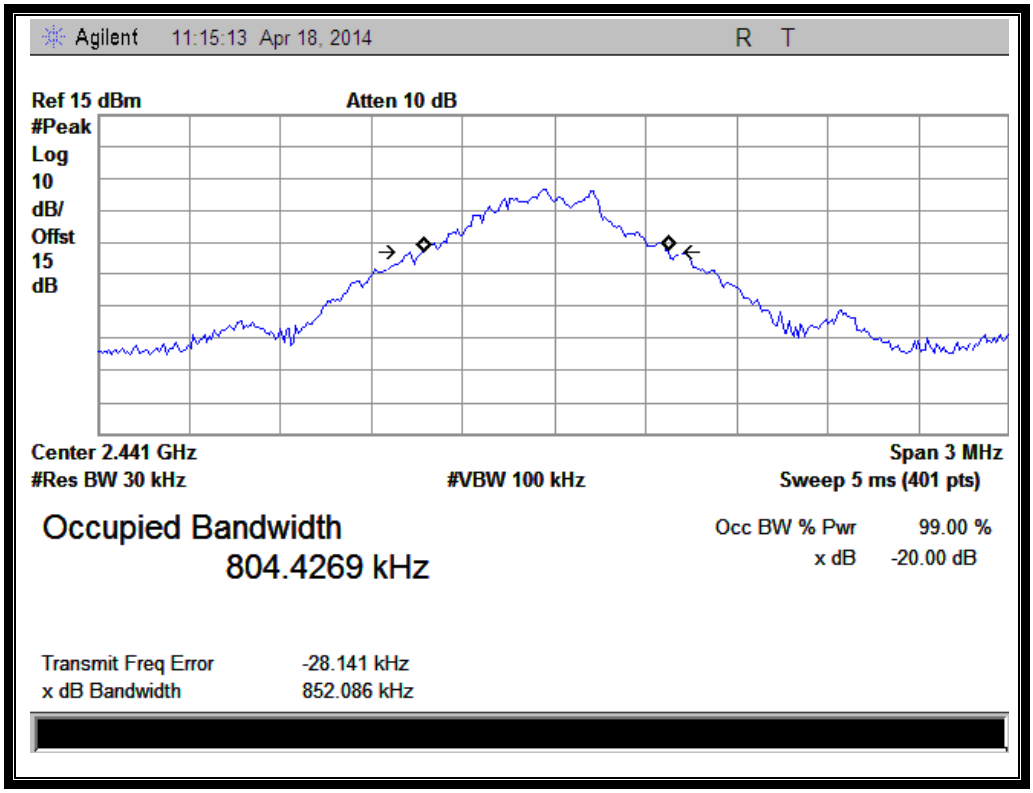
The maximum 20dB bandwidth measured is 0.85775MHz according to the table below.

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	20dB Bandwidth (MHz)	Refer to Plot
0	2402	0.857750	Plot A
39	2441	0.852086	Plot B
78	2480	0.850243	Plot C

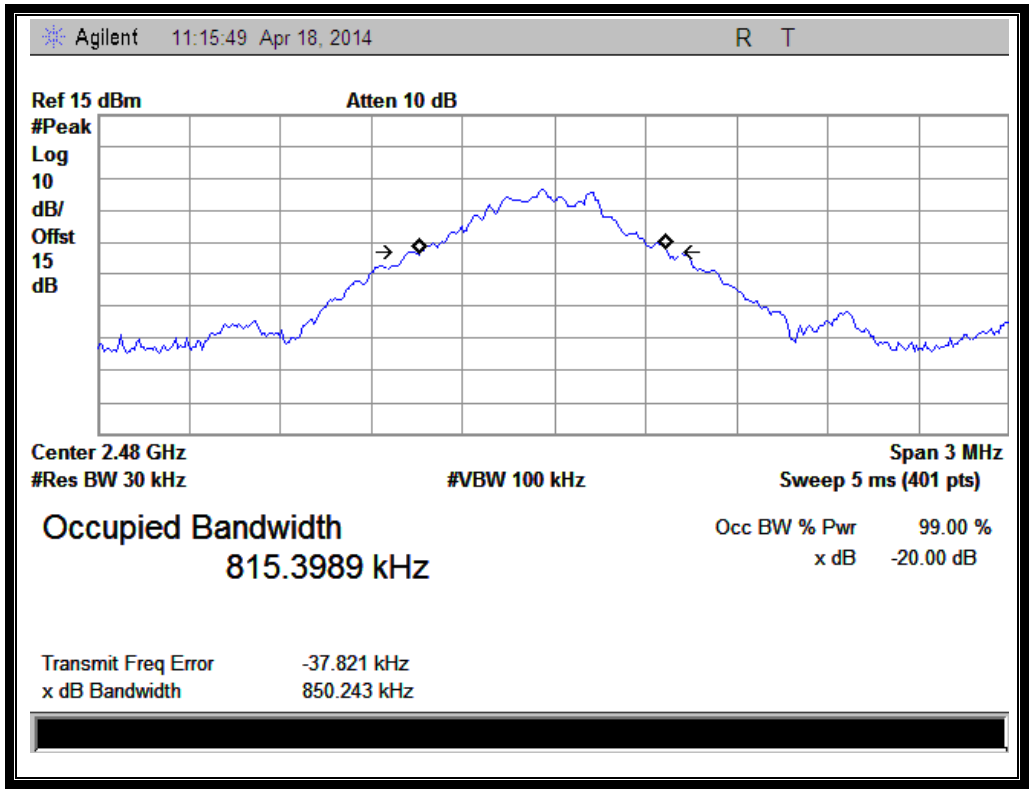
B. Test Plots:



(Plot A: Channel = 2402 @ GFSK)



(Plot B: Channel = 2441 @ GFSK)



(Plot C: Channel = 2480 @ GFSK)

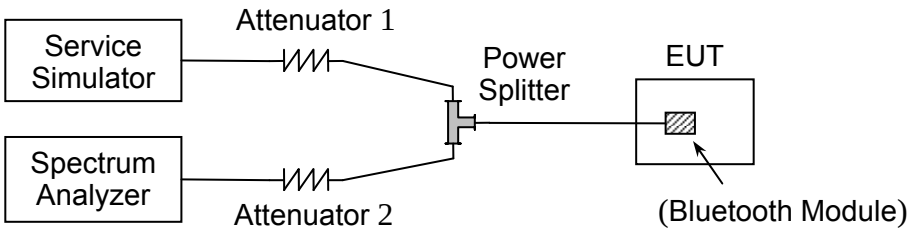
2.5. Carried Frequency Separation

2.5.1. Definition

According to FCC §15.247(a)(1), frequency hopping systems shall have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel, whichever is greater.

2.5.2. Test Description

A. Test Setup:



The Bluetooth Module of the EUT, which is powered by the Battery, is coupled to the Spectrum Analyzer (SA) and the Bluetooth Service Simulator (SS) with Attenuators through the Power Splitter; the RF load attached to the EUT antenna terminal is 50Ohm;the path loss as the factor is calibrated to correct the reading. During the measurement, the Bluetooth Module of the EUT is activated and controlled by the SS, and is set to operate under test mode transmitting 339 bytes DH5 packages at maximum power.

B. Equipments List:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
System Simulator	Anritsu	MT8852B	6K00006210	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E7405A	US44210471	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Power Splitter	Weinschel	1506A	NW521	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Attenuator 1	Resnet	10dB	(n.a.)	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Attenuator 2	Resnet	3dB	(n.a.)	2014.02.26	2015.02.25

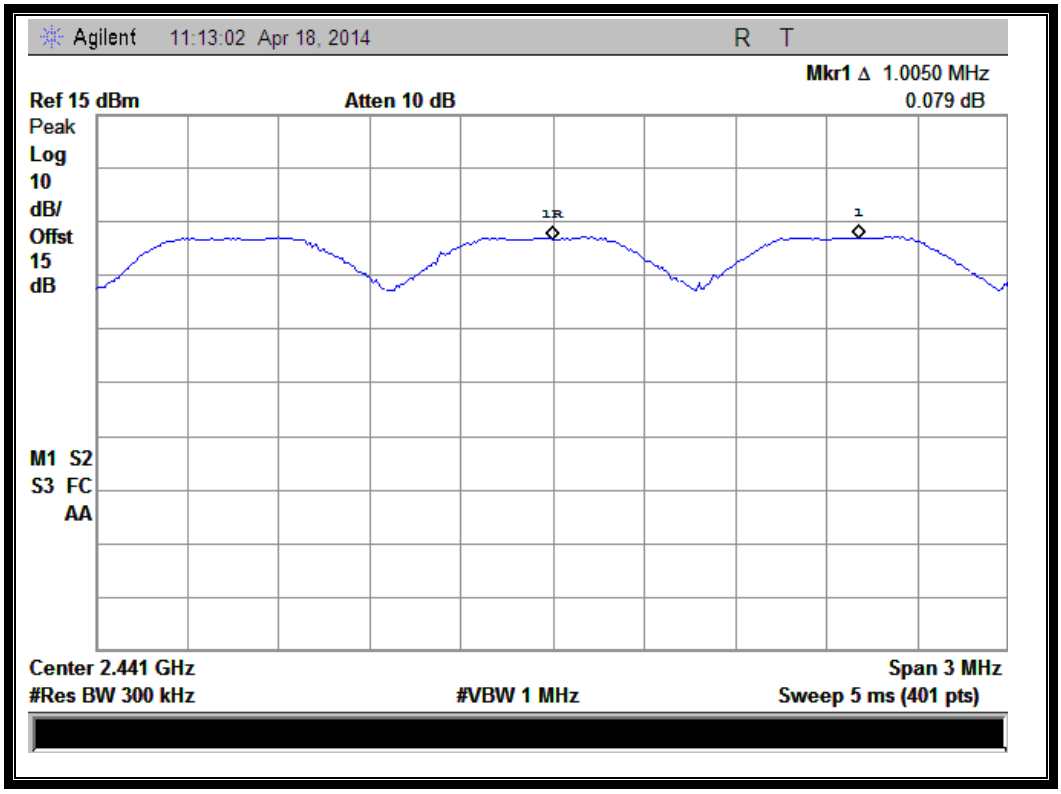
2.5.3. Test Procedure

The EUT must have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels
Resolution (or IF) Bandwidth (RBW) ≥ 1% of the span
Video (or Average) Bandwidth (VBW) ≥ RBW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak

Trace = max hold
Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

2.5.4. Test Result

The Bluetooth Module operates at hopping-on test mode.
For any adjacent channels (e.g. the channel 39 and 40 as showed in the Plot A), the Module does have hopping channel carrier frequencies separated by a minimum of 25kHz or two-thirds of the 20dB bandwidth of the hopping channel (0.85775MHz for GFSK mode, refer to section 2.4.3), whichever is greater. So, the verdict is PASSING



(Plot A: GFSK)

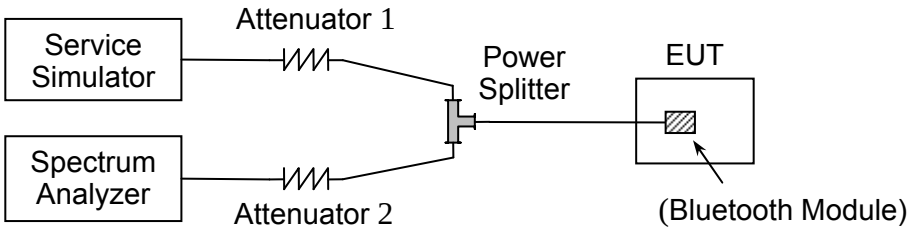
2.6. Time of Occupancy (Dwell time)

2.6.1. Requirement

According to FCC §15.247(a) (1) (iii), frequency hopping systems in the 2400 - 2483.5MHz band shall use at least 15 non-overlapping channels. The average time of occupancy on any channel shall not be greater than 0.4 seconds within a period of 0.4 seconds multiplied by the number of hopping channels employed. Frequency hopping systems may avoid or suppress transmissions on a particular hopping frequency provided that a minimum of 15 channels are used.

2.6.2. Test Description

A. Test Setup:



The Bluetooth Module of the EUT, which is powered by the Battery, is coupled to the Spectrum Analyzer (SA) and the Bluetooth Service Simulator (SS) with Attenuators through the Power Splitter; the RF load attached to the EUT antenna terminal is 50Ohm;the path loss as the factor is calibrated to correct the reading. During the measurement, the Bluetooth Module of the EUT is activated and controlled by the SS, and is set to operate under test mode transmitting 339 bytes DH5 packages at maximum power.

B. Equipments List:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
System Simulator	Anritsu	MT8852B	6K00006210	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E7405A	US44210471	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Power Splitter	Weinschel	1506A	NW521	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Attenuator 1	Resnet	10dB	(n.a.)	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Attenuator 2	Resnet	3dB	(n.a.)	2014.02.26	2015.02.25

2.6.3. Test Procedure

The transmitter output is connected to a spectrum analyzer. The span is set to 0 Hz, centered on a single, selected hopping channel. The width of a single pulse is measured in a fast scan. The number of pulses is

measured in a 3.16 second scan, to enable resolution of each occurrence.

The average time of occupancy in the specified 31.6 second period (79 channel * 0.4 s) is equal to 10 * (# of pulses in 3.16 s) * pulse width.

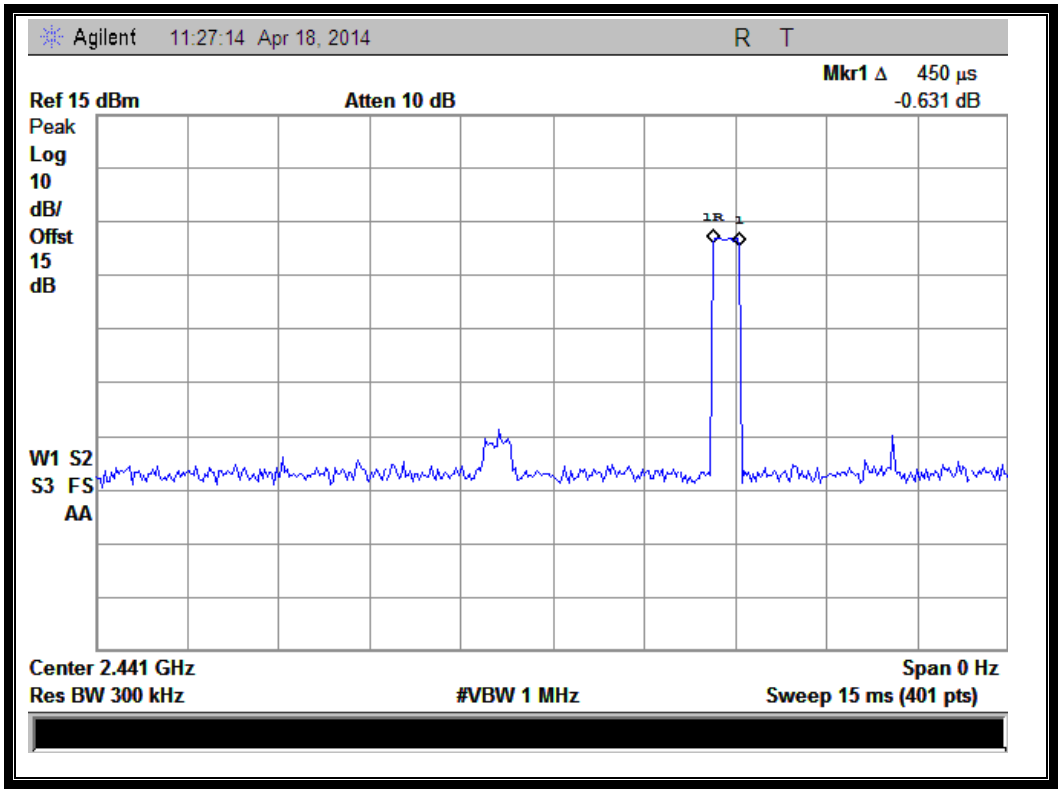
2.6.4. Test Result

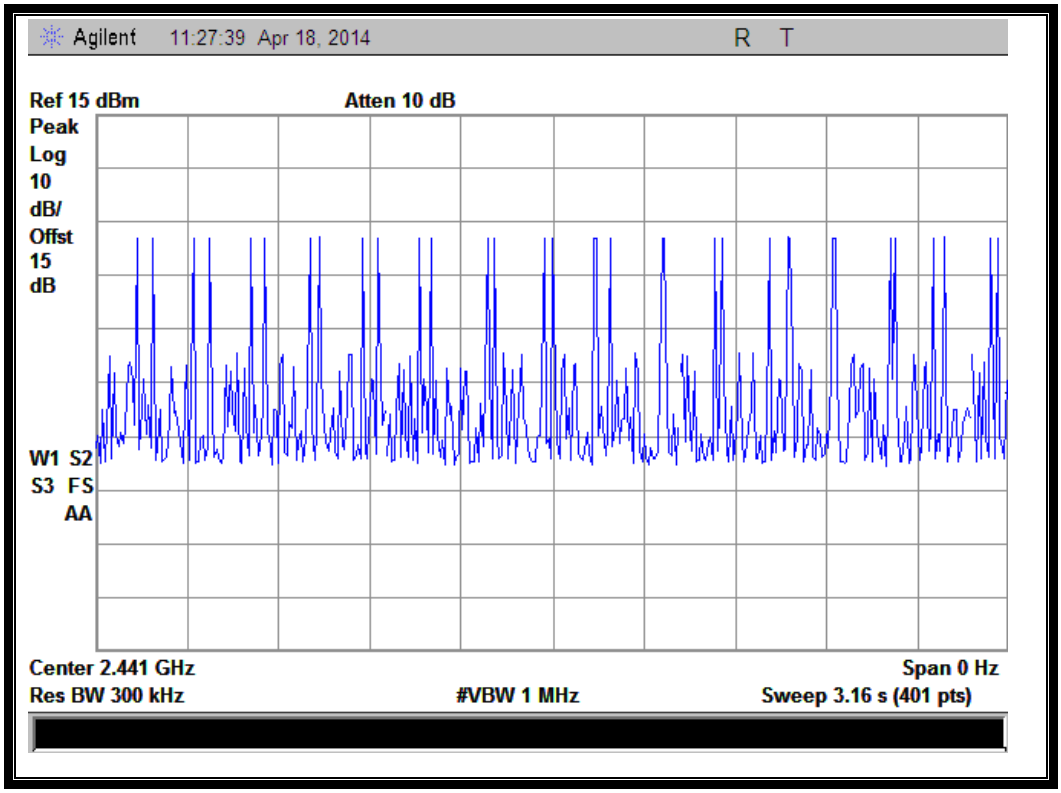
2.6.4.1. GFSK Mode

A. Test Verdict:

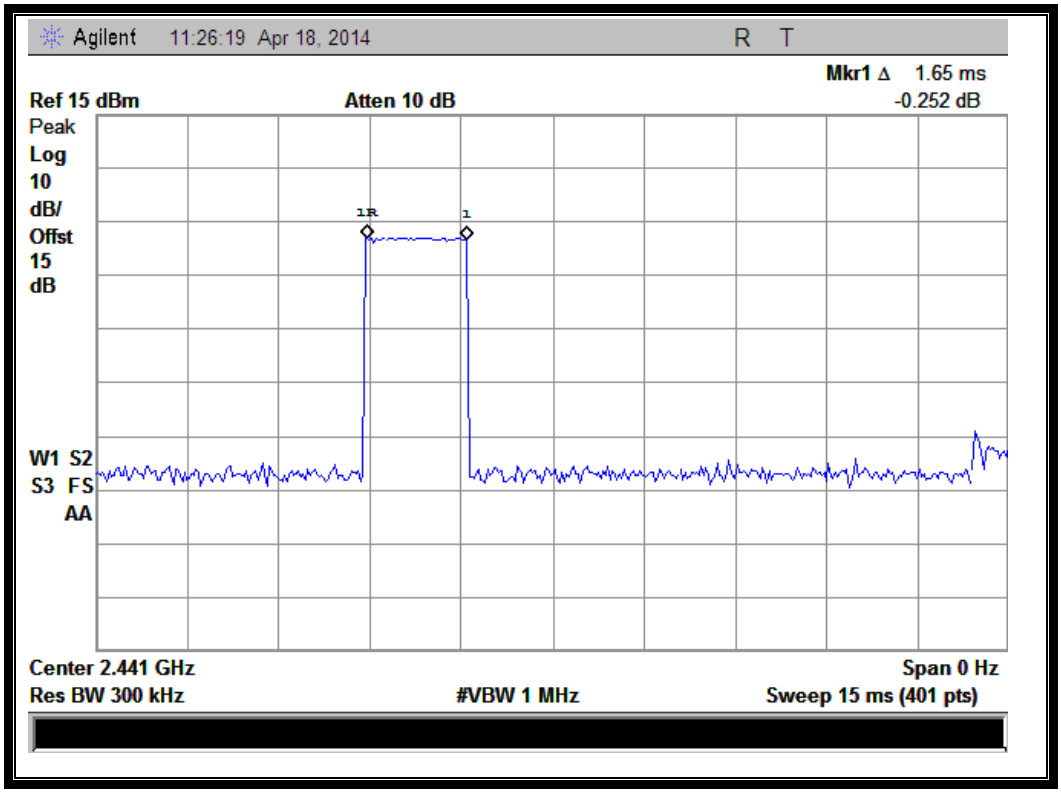
DH Packet	Pulse Width (msec)	Number of pulse in 3.16 seconds	Refer to Plot	Average Time of Occupancy (sec)	Limit (sec)	Verdict
DH1	0.450	30	Plot A	0.135	0.4	PASS
DH3	1.650	16	Plot B	0.264		PASS
DH5	2.956	11	Plot C	0.325		PASS

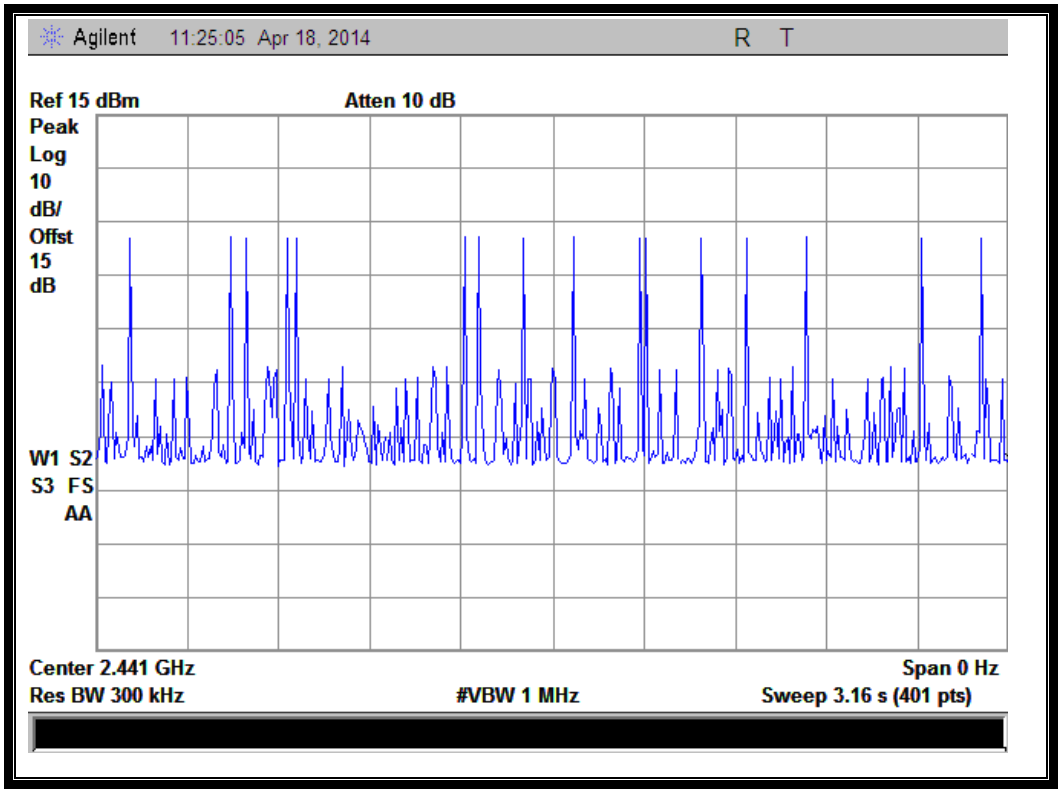
B. Test Plots:



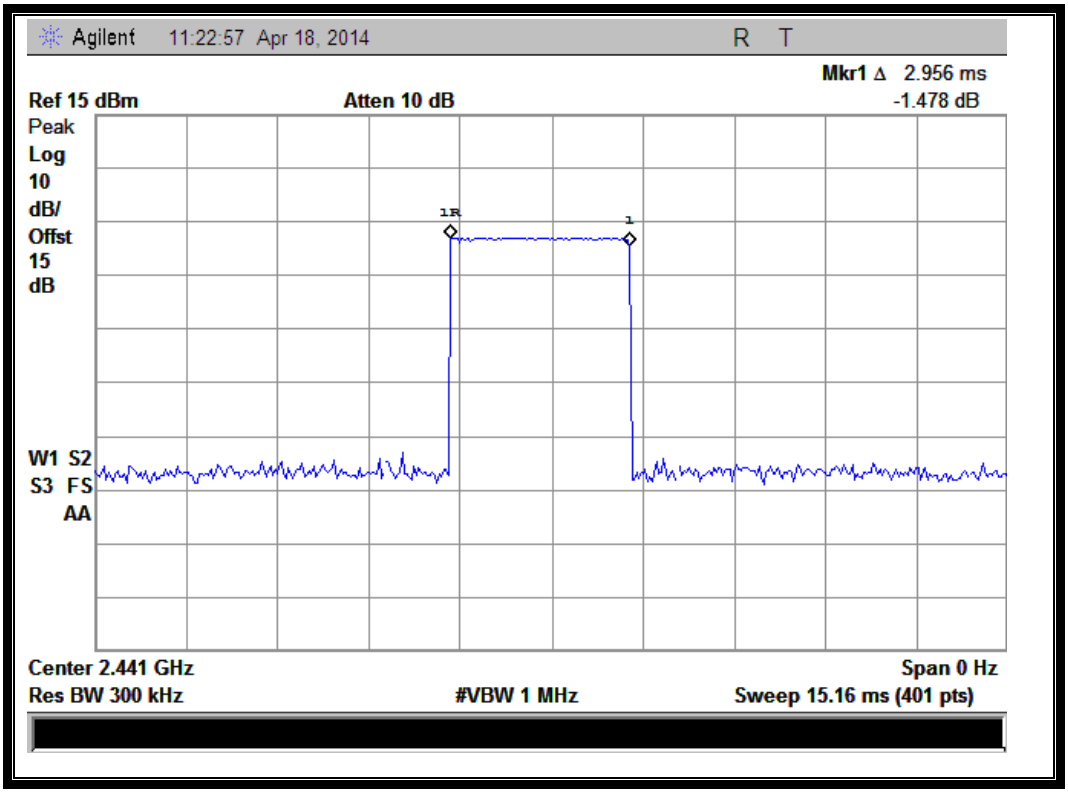


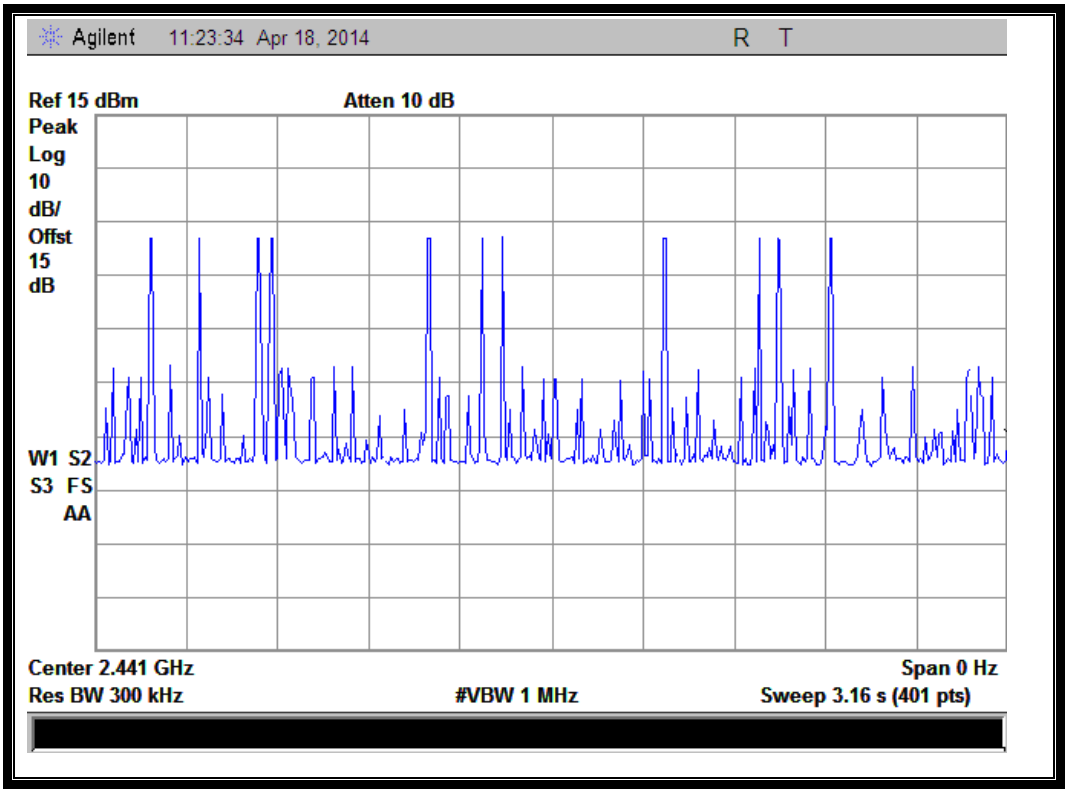
(Plot A: DH1 @ GFSK)





(Plot B: DH3 @ GFSK)





(Plot C: DH5 @ GFSK)

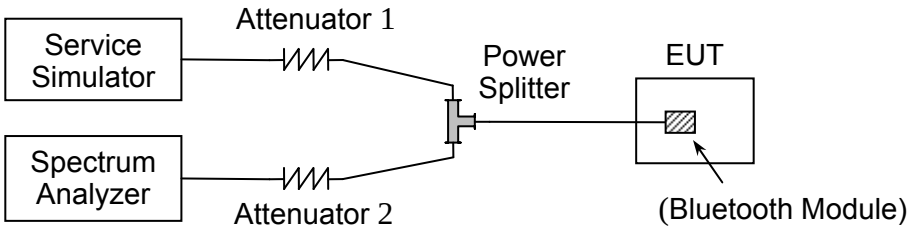
2.7. Conducted Spurious Emissions

2.7.1. Requirement

According to FCC §15.247(d), in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement.

2.7.2. Test Description

A. Test Setup:



The Bluetooth Module of the EUT, which is powered by the Battery, is coupled to the Spectrum Analyzer (SA) and the Bluetooth Service Simulator (SS) with Attenuators through the Power Splitter; the RF load attached to the EUT antenna terminal is 50Ohm;the path loss as the factor is calibrated to correct the reading. During the measurement, the Bluetooth Module of the EUT is activated and controlled by the SS, and is set to operate under test mode transmitting 339 bytes DH5 packages at maximum power.

B. Equipments List:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
System Simulator	Anritsu	MT8852B	6K00006210	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E7405A	US44210471	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Power Splitter	Weinschel	1506A	NW521	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Attenuator 1	Resnet	10dB	(n.a.)	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Attenuator 2	Resnet	3dB	(n.a.)	2014.02.26	2015.02.25

2.7.3. Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = wide enough to capture the peak level of the in-band emission and all spurious emissions (e.g., harmonics) from the lowest frequency generated in the EUT up through the 10th harmonic. Typically, several plots are required to cover this entire span.

RBW = 100 kHz
VBW ≥ RBW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold
Allow the trace to stabilize.

2.7.4. Test Result

The Bluetooth Module operates at hopping-off test mode. The measurement frequency range is from 30MHz to the 10th harmonic of the fundamental frequency. The lowest, middle and highest channels are tested to verify the spurious emissions.

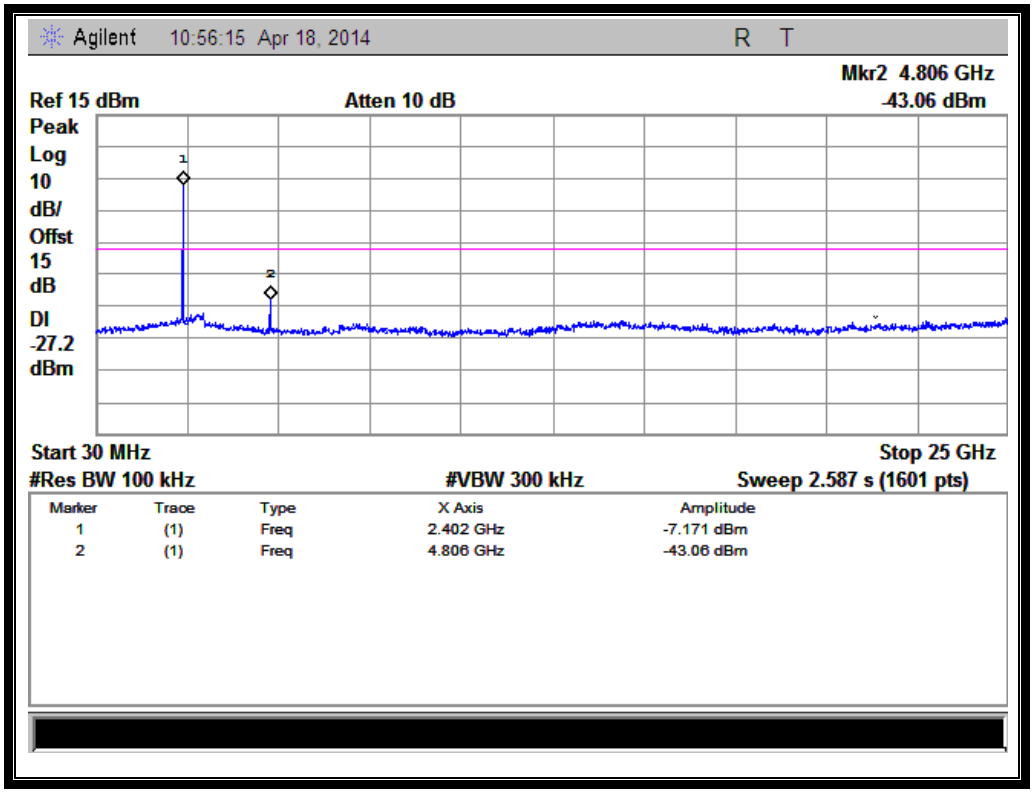
2.7.4.1. GFSK Mode

A. Test Verdict:

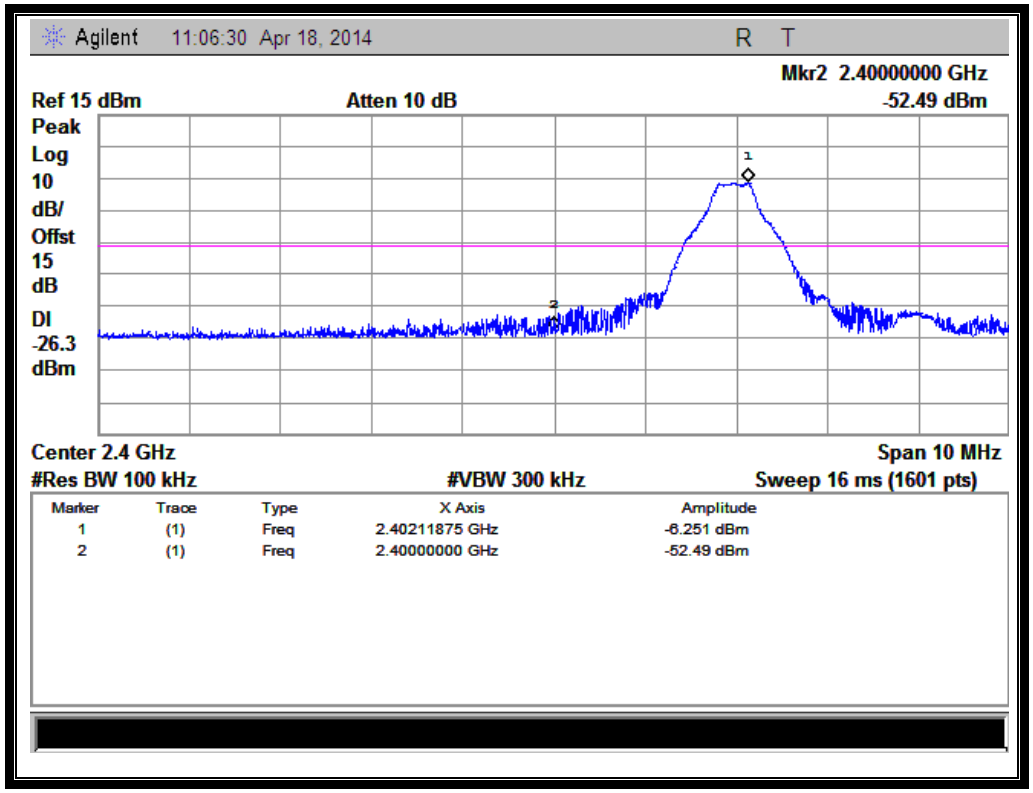
Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Measured Max. Out of Band Emission (dBm)	Refer to Plot	Limit (dBm)		Verdict
				Carrier Level	Calculated -20dBc Limit	
0	2402	-43.06	Plot A.1	-7.171	-27.2	PASS
39	2441	-44.72	Plot B.1	-8.311	-28.3	PASS
78	2480	-45.34	Plot C.1	-8.019	-28.0	PASS

B. Test Plots:

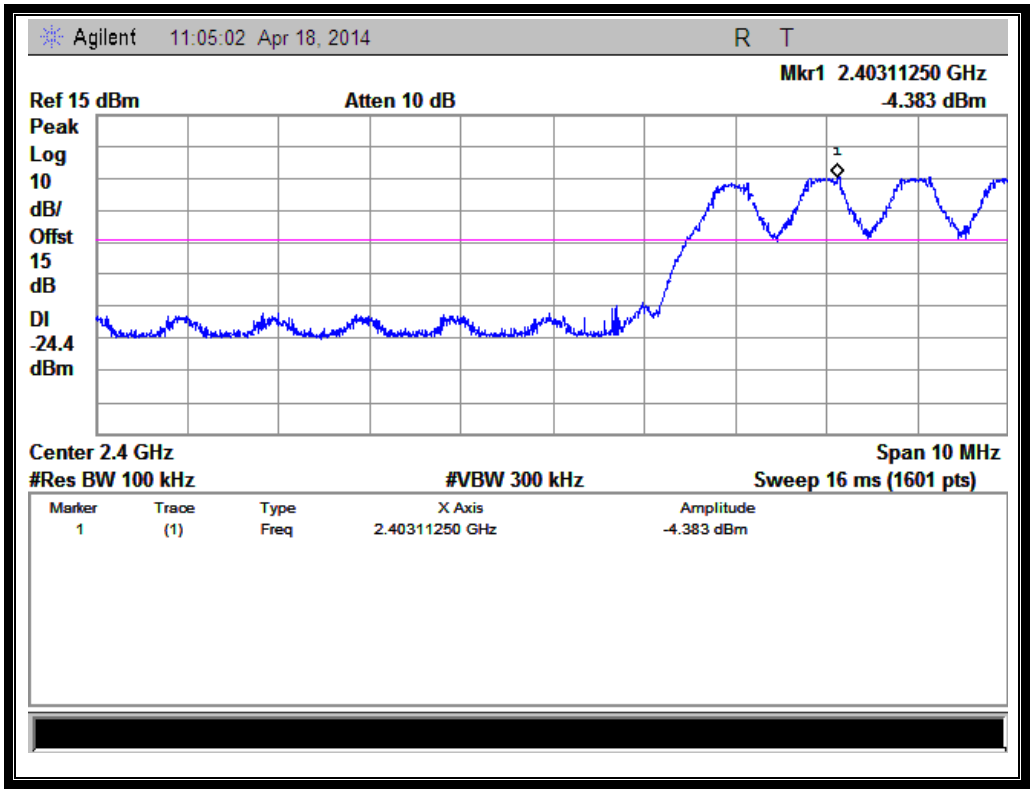
Note: the power of the Module transmitting frequency should be ignored.



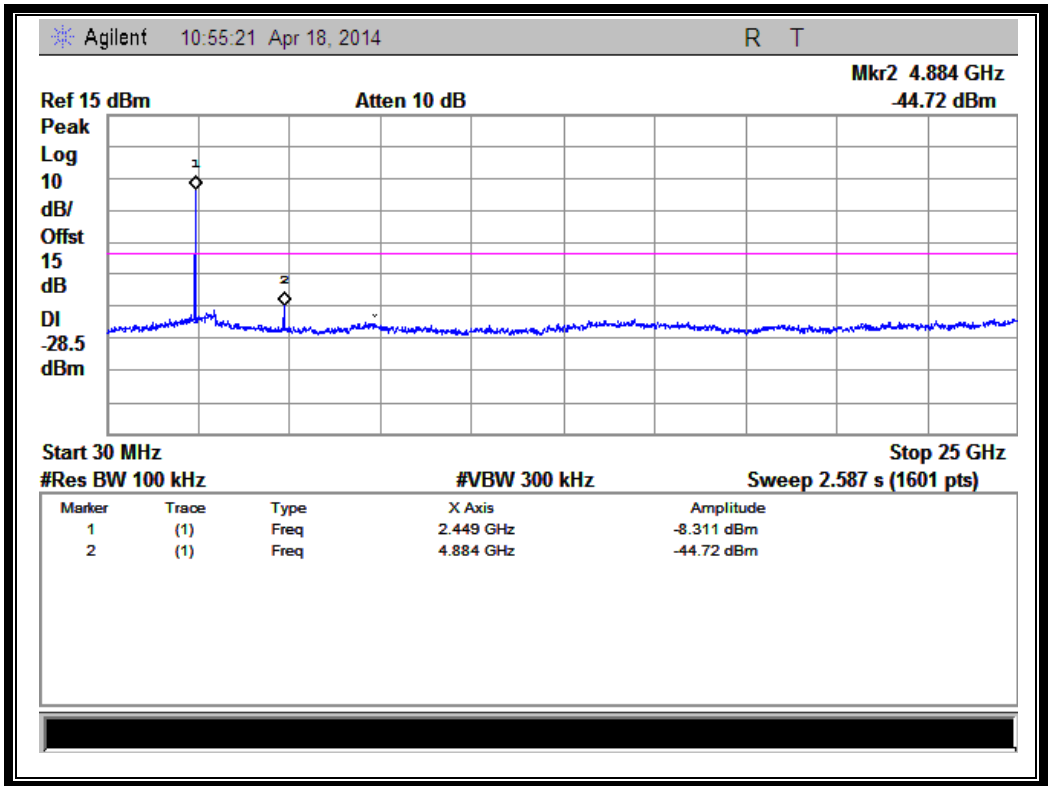
(Plot A.1: Channel = 0, 30MHz to 25GHz @ GFSK Mode)



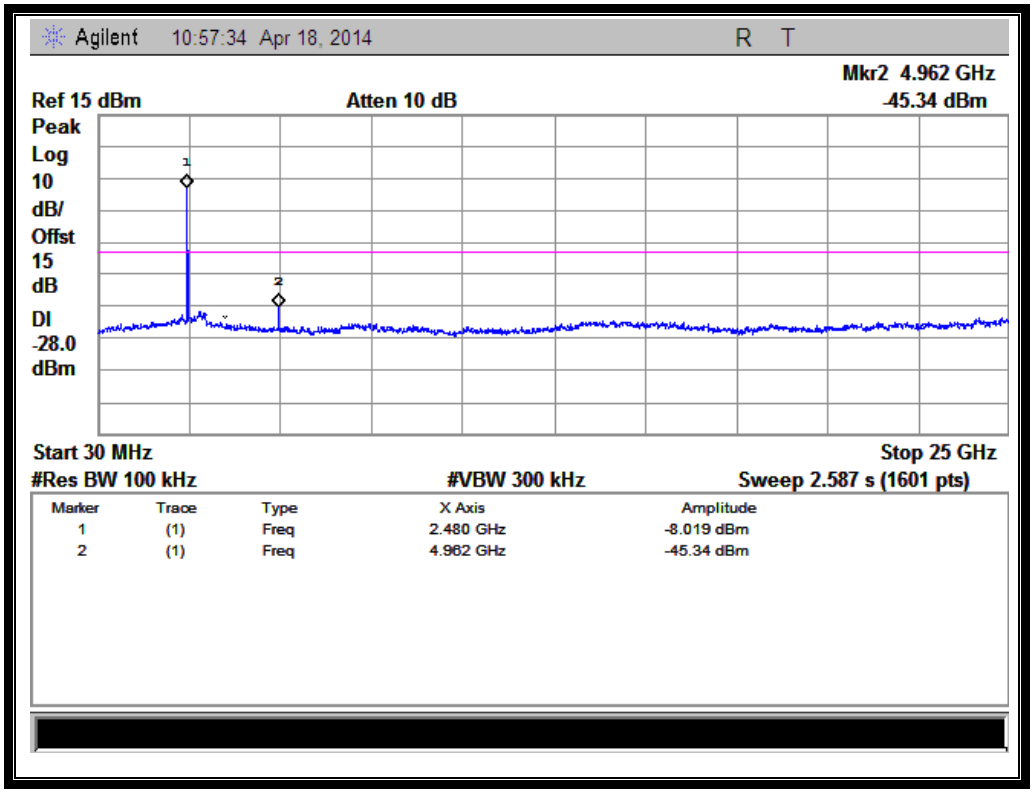
(Channel = 0, Band edge @ GFSK Mode)



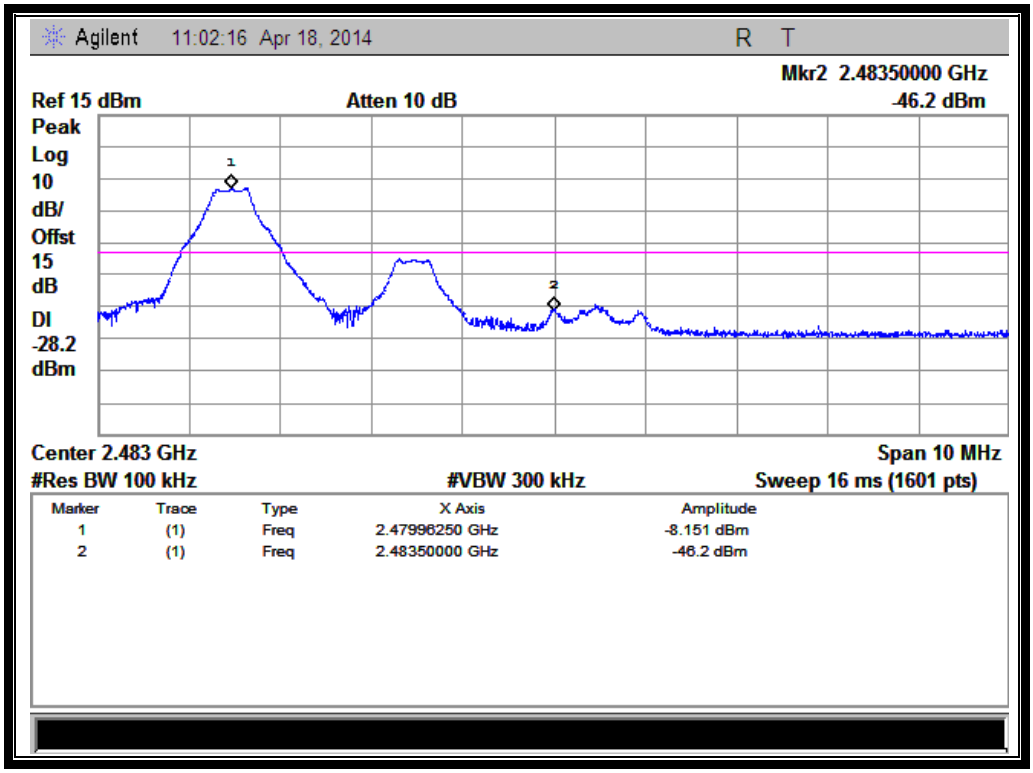
(Channel = 0, Band edge with hopping on @ GFSK Mode)



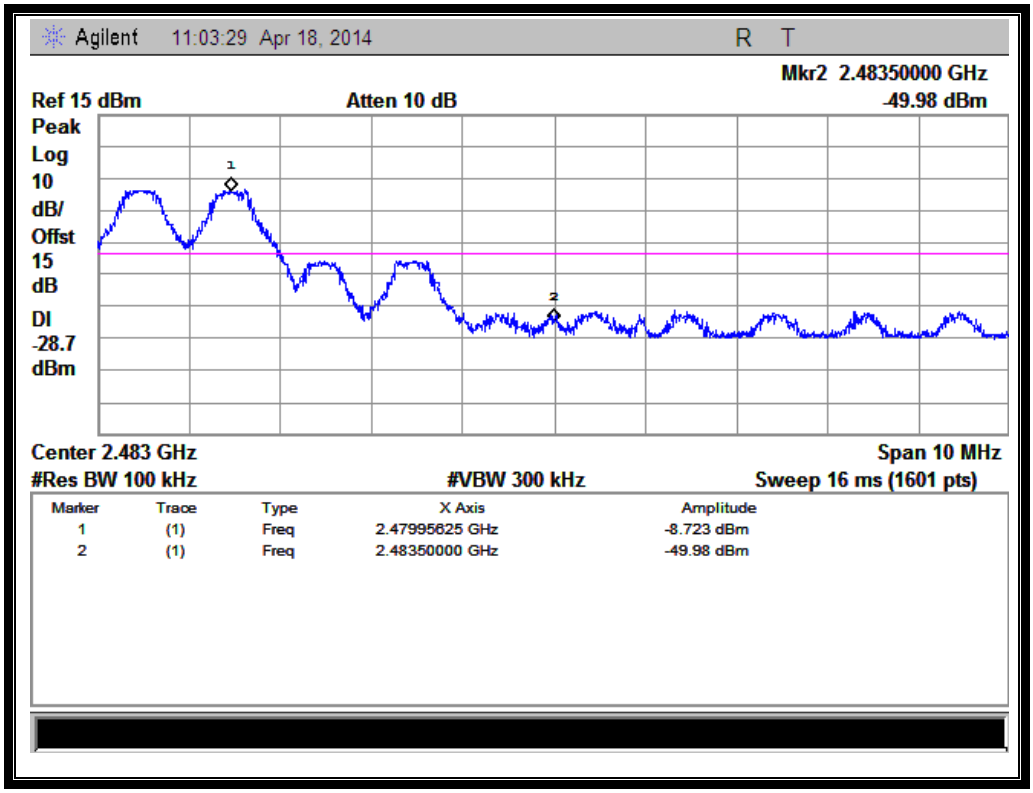
(Plot B.1: Channel = 39, 30MHz to 25GHz @ GFSK Mode)



(Plot C.1: Channel = 78, 30MHz to 25GHz @ GFSK Mode)



(Channel = 78, Band edge @ GFSK Mode)



(Channel = 78, Band edge with hopping on @ GFSK Mode)

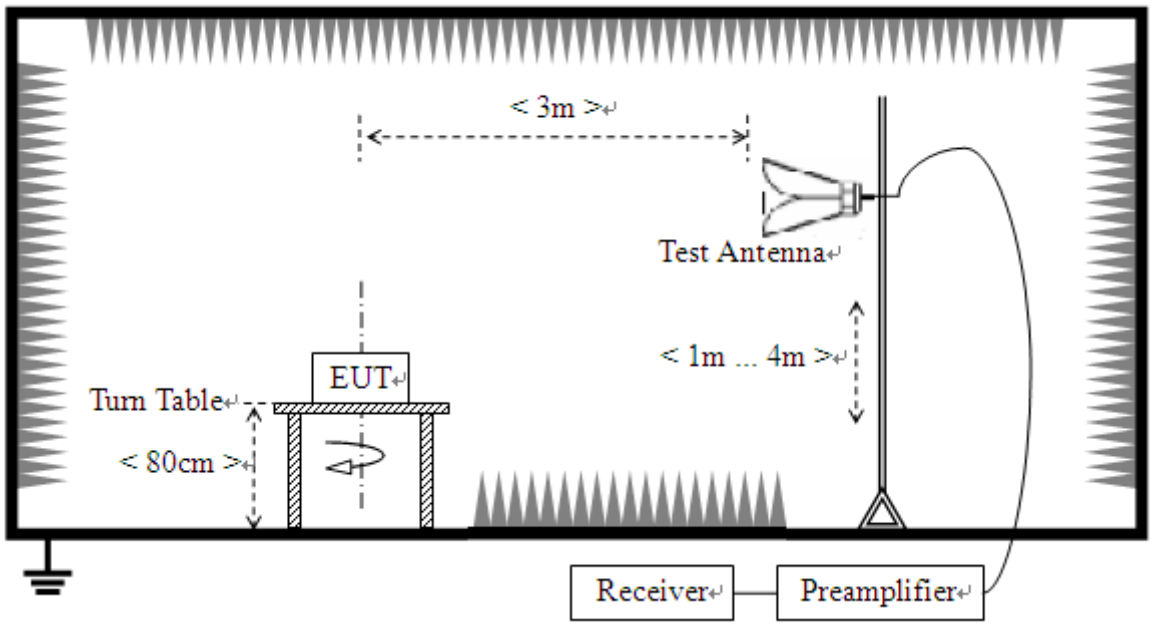
2.8. Restricted Frequency Bands

2.8.1. Requirement

According to FCC section 15.247(d), in any 100kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated intentional radiator is operating, the radio frequency power that is produced by the intentional radiator shall be at least 20dB below that in the 100kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in 15.209(a).

2.8.2. Test Description

A. Test Setup:



The Module is located in a 3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber; the antenna factors, cable loss and so on of the site as factors are calculated to correct the reading. During the measurement, the Bluetooth Module is activated and controlled by the Bluetooth Service Supplier (SS) via a Common Antenna, and is set to operate under hopping-on test mode transmitting 339 bytes DH5 packages at maximum power.
For the Test Antenna:

Horn Test Antenna is 3m away from the EUT. Test Antenna height is varied from 1m to 4m above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength.

B. Equipments List:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
System Simulator	R&S	CMU200	100448	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Receiver	Agilent	E7405A	US44210471	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Full-Anechoic Chamber	Albatross	9m*6m*6m	(n.a.)	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Test Antenna - Horn	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D	9120D-963	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9742	69250	2014.02.26	2015.02.25

2.8.3. Test Procedure

Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
RBW = 1 MHz for f ≥ 1GHz, 100 KHz for f < 1GHz
VBW = 3 MHz for peak and 10Hz for average
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold
Allow the trace to stabilize.

2.8.4. Test Result

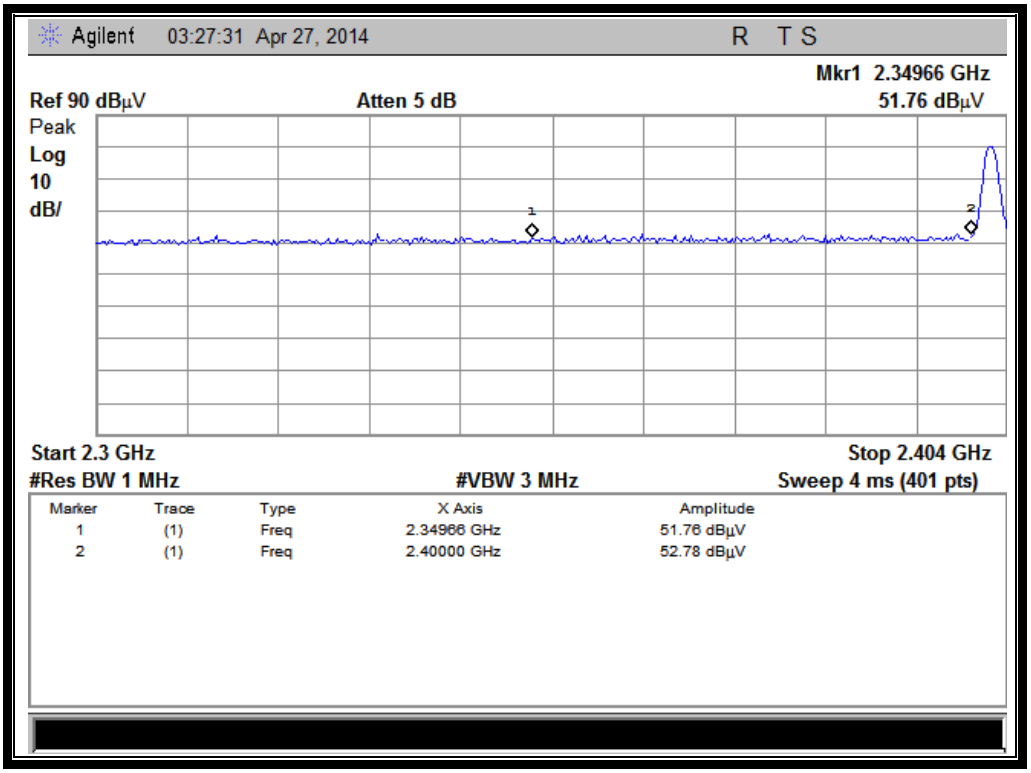
The lowest and highest channels are tested to verify Restricted Frequency Bands.
The measurement results are obtained as below:
E [dBμV/m] =UR + AT + AFactor [dB]; AT =LCable loss [dB]-Gpreamp [dB]
AT: Total correction Factor except Antenna
UR: Receiver Reading
Gpreamp: Preamplifier Gain
AFactor: Antenna Factor at 3m
Note: Restricted Frequency Bands were performed when antenna was at vertical and horizontal polarity, and only the worse test condition (vertical) was recorded in this test report.

2.8.4.1. GFSK Mode

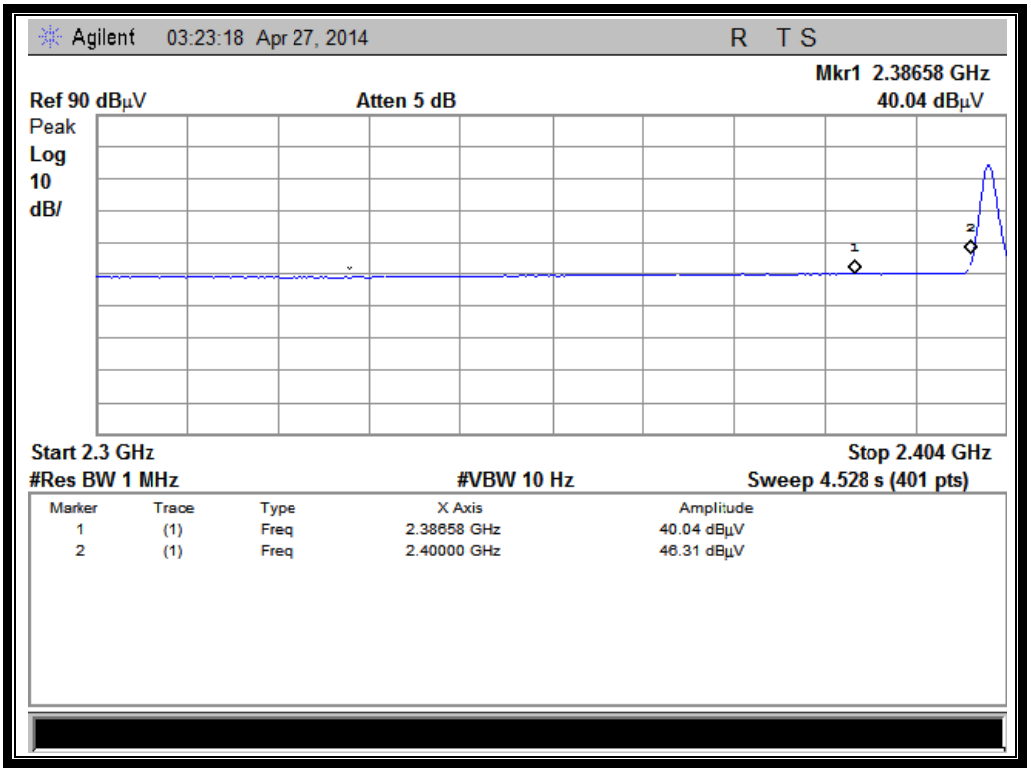
A. Test Verdict:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Detector PK/ AV	Receiver Reading UR (dBuV)	AT (dB)	AFactor (dB@3m)	Max. Emission E (dBμV/m)	Limit (dBμV/m)	Verdict
0	2349.66	PK	51.76	-30.93	32.56	53.39	74	Pass
0	2386.58	AV	40.04	-30.93	32.56	41.67	54	Pass
78	2494.70	PK	54.49	-29.05	32.50	57.94	74	Pass
78	2483.50	AV	42.41	-29.05	32.50	45.86	54	Pass

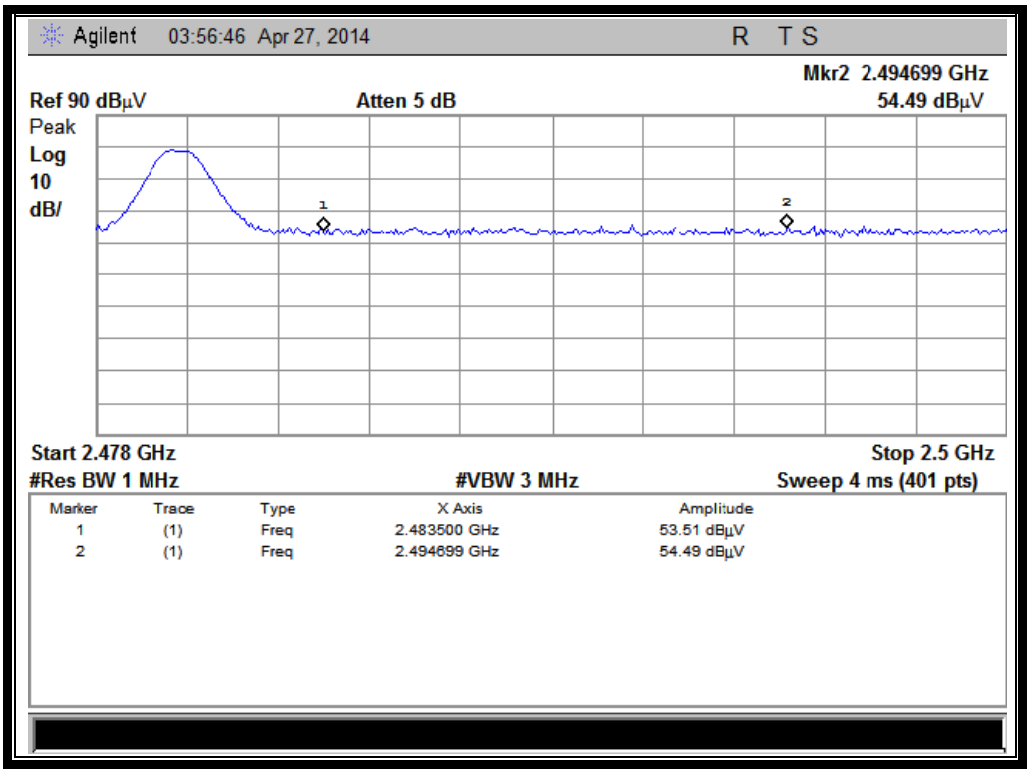
B. Test Plots:



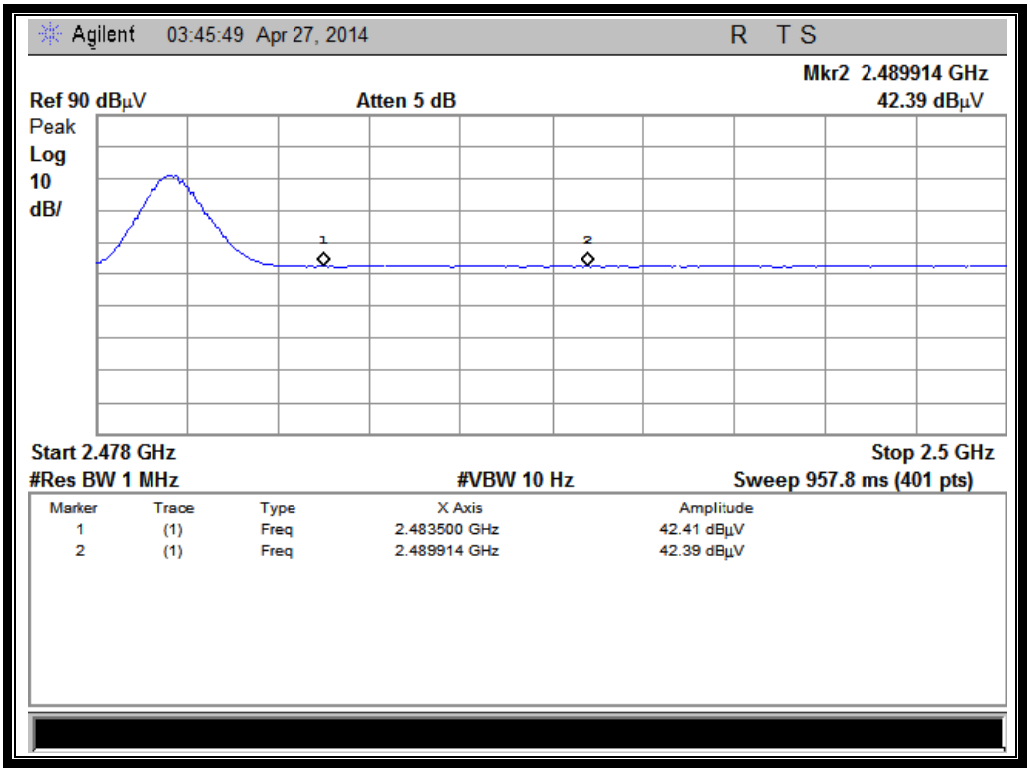
(Plot A1:Channel = 0 PEAK @ GFSK)



(Plot A2:Channel = 0 AVERAGE @ GFSK)



(Plot B1: Channel = 78 PEAK @ GFSK)



(Plot B2: Channel = 78 AVERAGE @ GFSK)

2.9. Conducted Emission

2.9.1. Requirement

According to FCC section 15.207, for an intentional radiator that is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency within the band 150kHz to 30MHz shall not exceed the limits in the following table, as measured using a 50μH/50Ω line impedance stabilization network (LISN).

Frequency range (MHz)	Conducted Limit (dBμV)	
	Quai-peak	Average
0.15 - 0.50	66 to 56	56 to 46
0.50 - 5	56	46
5- 30	60	50

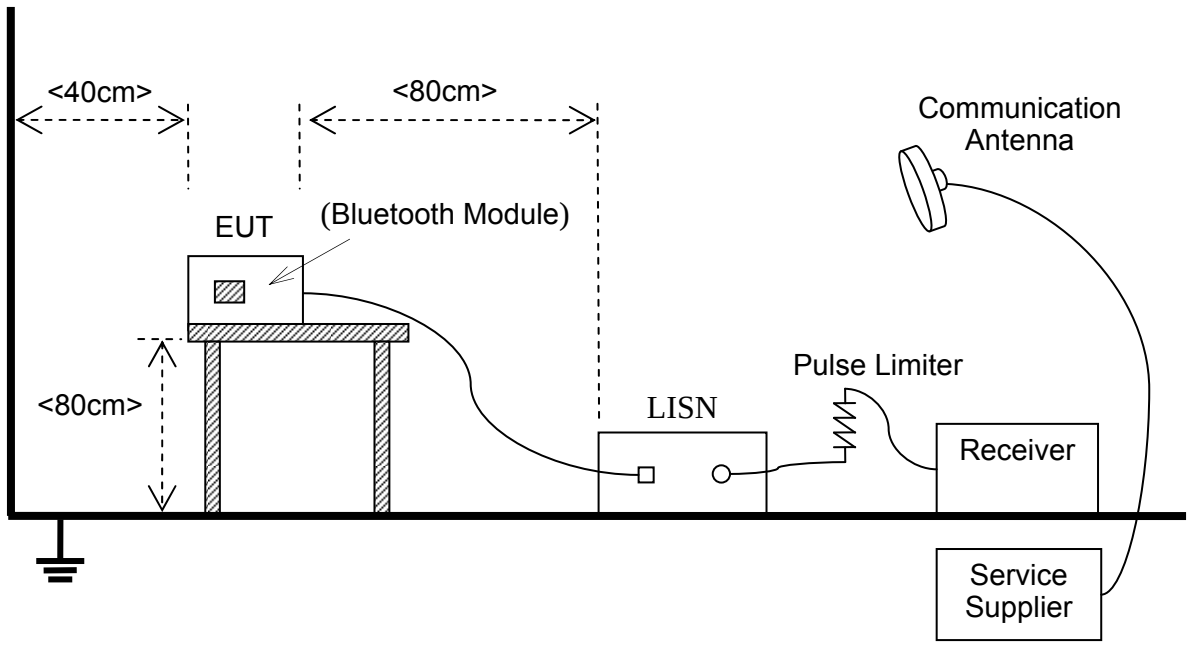
NOTE:

(a) The lower limit shall apply at the band edges.

(b) The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 - 0.50MHz.

2.9.2. Test Description

A. Test Setup:



The Table-top EUT was placed upon a non-metallic table 0.8m above the horizontal metal reference ground plane. EUT was connected to LISN and LISN was connected to reference Ground Plane. EUT was 80cm from LISN. The set-up and test methods were according to ANSI C63.4:2009

The Bluetooth Module of the EUT is powered by the Battery, The factors of the site are calibrated to

correct the reading. During the measurement, the Bluetooth Module is activated and controlled by the Bluetooth Service Supplier (SS) via a Common Antenna, and is set to operate under hopping-on test mode transmitting 339 bytes DH5 packages at maximum power.

B. Equipments List:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
Receiver	Agilent	E7405A	US44210471	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
LISN	Schwarzbeck	NSLK 8127	812744	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Service Supplier	R&S	CMU200	100448	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Pulse Limiter (20dB)	Schwarzbeck	VTSD 9561-D	9391	2014.02.26	2015.02.25

2.9.3. Test Result

The EUT is powered by button battery, this item is not applicable.

2.10. Radiated Emission

2.10.1. Requirement

According to FCC section 15.247(d) and RSS-A8.5, radiated emission outside the frequency band attenuation below the general limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a) is not required. In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in FCC section 15.205(a), must also comply with the radiated emission limits specified in FCC section 15.209(a).
According to FCC section 15.209 (a), except as provided elsewhere in this subpart, the emissions from an intentional radiator shall not exceed the field strength levels specified in the following table:

Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (μV/m)	Measurement Distance (m)
0.009 - 0.490	2400/F(kHz)	300
0.490 - 1.705	24000/F(kHz)	30
1.705 - 30.0	30	30
30 - 88	100	3
88 - 216	150	3
216 - 960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

Note:

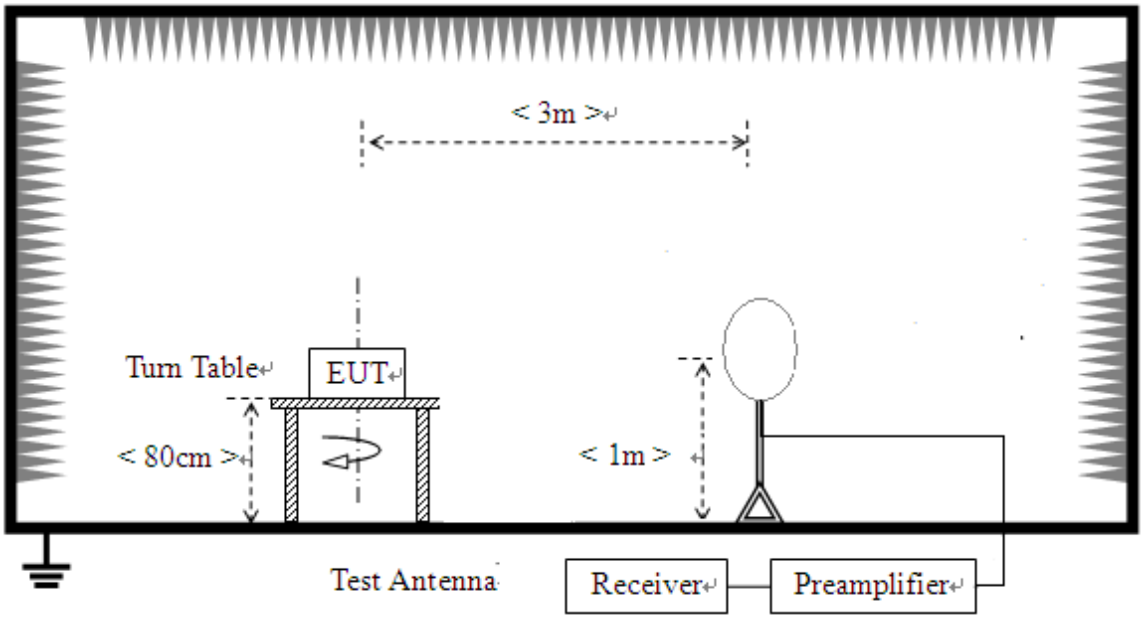
1. For Above 1000MHz, the emission limit in this paragraph is based on measurement instrumentation employing an average detector, measurement using instrumentation with a peak detector function, corresponding to 20dB above the maximum permitted average limit.
2. For above 1000MHz, limit field strength of harmonics: 54dBuV/m@3m (AV) and 74dBuV/m@3m (PK)

In addition, radiated emissions which fall in the restricted bands, as defined in Section 15.205(a), also should comply with the radiated emission limits specified in Section 15.209(a)(above table)

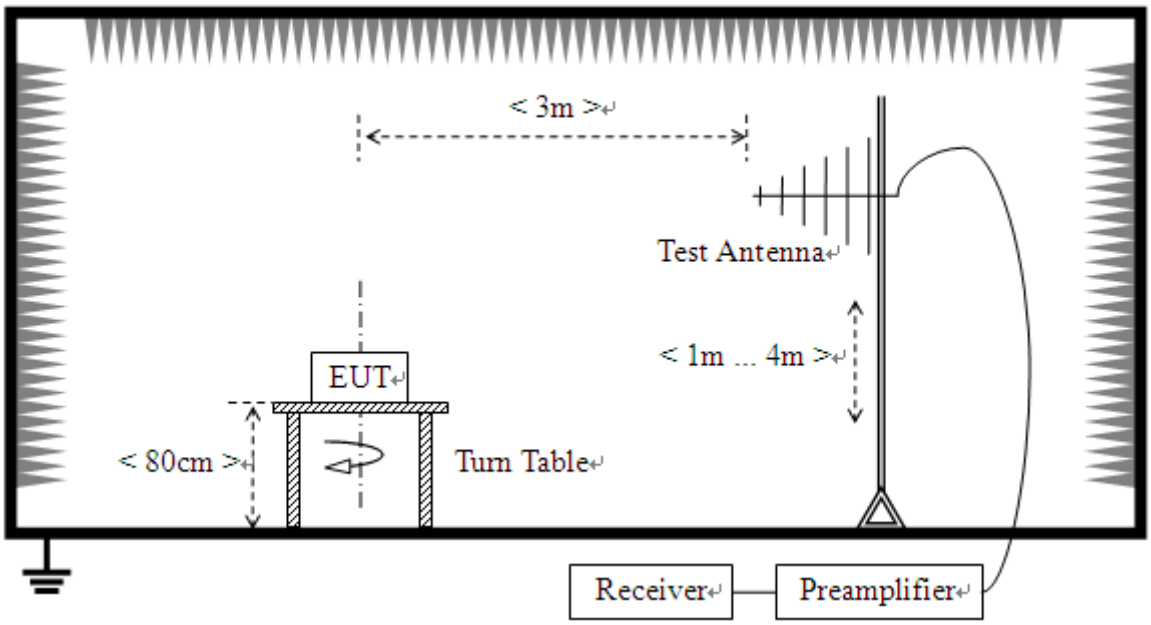
2.10.2. Test Description

A. Test Setup:

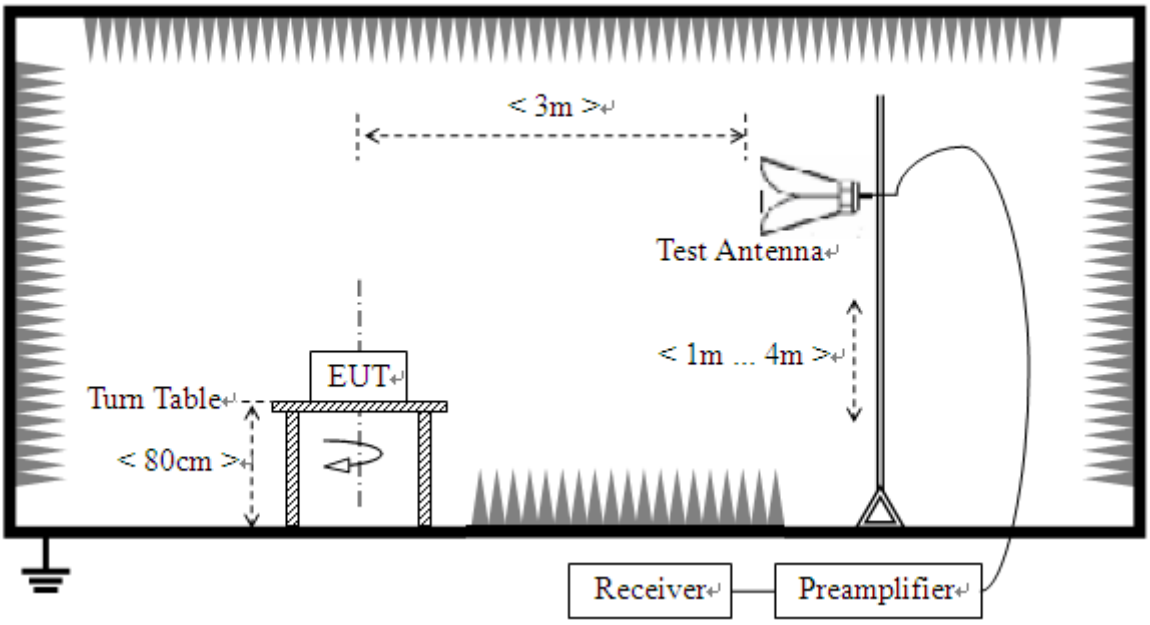
1) For radiated emissions from 9kHz to 30MHz



2) For radiated emissions from 30MHz to1GHz



3) For radiated emissions above 1GHz



The test site semi-anechoic chamber has met the requirement of NSA tolerance 4dB according to the standards: ANSI C63.4 (2009). The EUT was set-up on insulator 80cm above the Ground Plane. The set-up and test methods were according to ANSI C63.4.

The Bluetooth Module of the EUT is powered by the Battery. The Module is located in a 3m Semi-Anechoic Chamber; the antenna factors, cable loss and so on of the site as factors are calculated to correct the reading. During the measurement, the Bluetooth Module is activated and controlled by the Bluetooth Service Supplier (SS) via a Common Antenna, and is set to operate under hopping-on test mode transmitting 339 bytes DH5 packages at maximum power.

For the Test Antenna:

(a) In the frequency range of 9kHz to 30MHz, magnetic field is measured with Loop Test Antenna. The Test Antenna is positioned with its plane vertical at 1m distance from the EUT. The center of the Loop Test Antenna is 1m above the ground. During the measurement the Loop Test Antenna rotates about its vertical axis for maximum response at each azimuth about the EUT.
(b) In the frequency range above 30MHz, Bi-Log Test Antenna (30MHz to 2GHz) and Horn Test Antenna (above 2GHz) are used. Test Antenna is 3m away from the EUT. Test Antenna height is varied from 1m to 4m above the ground to determine the maximum value of the field strength. The emission levels at both horizontal and vertical polarizations should be tested.

B. Equipments List:

Description	Manufacturer	Model	Serial No.	Cal. Date	Cal. Due
System Simulator	R&S	CMU200	100448	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Receiver	Agilent	E7405A	US44210471	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Full-Anechoic Chamber	Albatross	9m*6m*6m	(n.a.)	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Preamplifier	Schwarzbeck	BBV 9742	69250	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Test Antenna - Bi-Log	Schwarzbeck	VULB 9163	9163-274	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Test Antenna - Horn	Schwarzbeck	BBHA 9120D	9120D-963	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Test Antenna - Horn	R&S	HL050S7	71688	2014.02.26	2015.02.25
Test Antenna - Loop	Schwarzbeck	FMZB 1519	1519-022	2014.02.26	2015.02.25

2.10.3. Test Procedure

Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
Span = wide enough to fully capture the emission being measured
RBW = 1 MHz for f ≥ 1 GHz, 100 kHz for f < 1 GHz
VBW ≥ RBW
Sweep = auto
Detector function = peak
Trace = max hold

2.10.4. Test Result

According to ANSI C63.4 selection 4.2.2, because of peak detection will yield amplitudes equal to or greater than amplitudes measured with the quasi-peak (or average) detector, the measurement data from a spectrum analyzer peak detector will represent the worst-case results, if the peak measured value complies with the quasi-peak limit, it is unnecessary to perform an quasi-peak measurement.

The measurement results are obtained as below:

$E\ [dB\mu V/m] = U_R + A_T + A_{Factor}\ [dB]$; $A_T = L_{Cable\ loss}\ [dB] - G_{preamp}\ [dB]$

A_T: Total correction Factor except Antenna

U_R: Receiver Reading

G_{preamp}: Preamplifier Gain

A_{Factor}: Antenna Factor at 3m

During the test, the total correction Factor AT and A_{Factor} were built in test software.

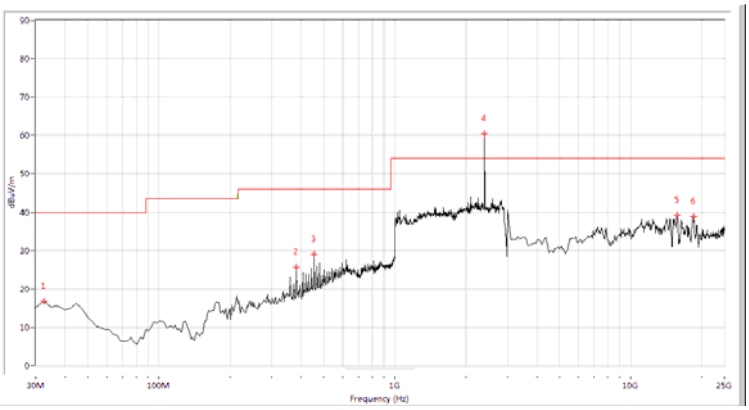
Note: All radiated emission tests were performed in X, Y, Z axis direction. And only the worst axis test condition was recorded in this test report.

The low frequency, which started from 9KHz to 30MHz, was pre-scanned and the result which was 20dB lower than the limit line per 15.31(o) was not reported.

2.10.4.1. GFSK Mode：

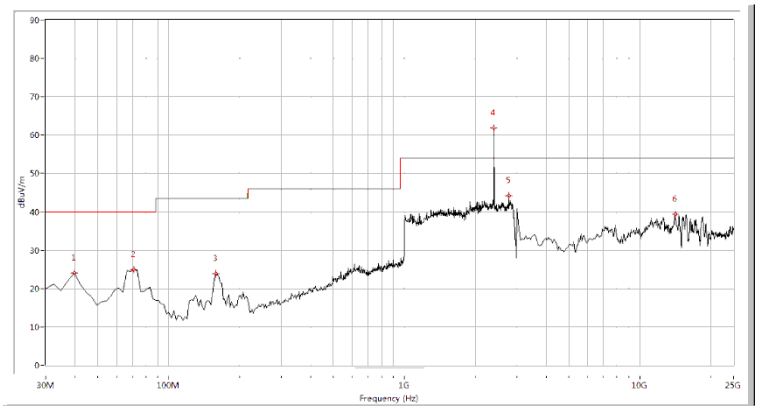
A. Test Plots for the Whole Measurement Frequency Range:

Plots for Channel = 0



Fre. (MHz)	Pk	QP	AV	Limit-PK	Limit-QP	Limit-AV	Antenna	Verdict
32.419	16.80	N.A	N.A	N.A	40.0	N.A	Horizontal	PASS
383.167	25.64	N.A	N.A	N.A	46.0	N.A	Horizontal	PASS
455.736	29.02	N.A	N.A	N.A	46.0	N.A	Horizontal	PASS
2402.000	60.41	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	Horizontal	N.A
15728.180	39.13	N.A	N.A	74.0	N.A	54.0	Horizontal	PASS
18471.322	38.80	N.A	N.A	74.0	N.A	54.0	Horizontal	PASS

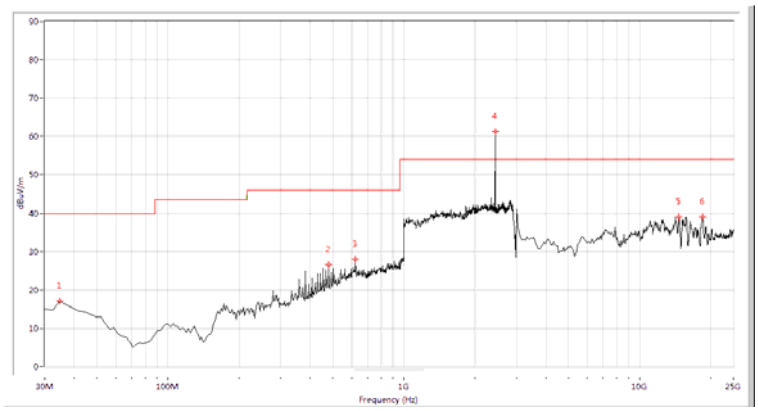
(30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Horizontal @ GFSK, channel 0)



Fre. (MHz)	Pk	QP	AV	Limit-PK	Limit-QP	Limit-AV	Antenna	Verdict
39.676	24.08	N.A	N.A	N.A	40.0	N.A	Vertical	PASS
71.122	24.89	N.A	N.A	N.A	40.0	N.A	Vertical	PASS
158.204	23.95	N.A	N.A	N.A	43.5	N.A	Vertical	PASS
2402.000	61.92	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	Vertical	N.A
2780.549	44.23	N.A	N.A	74.0	N.A	54.0	Vertical	PASS
14137.157	39.42	N.A	N.A	74.0	N.A	54.0	Vertical	PASS

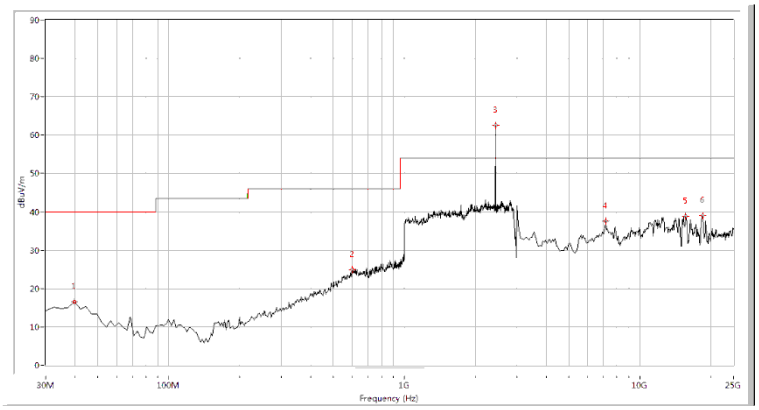
(30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Vertical @ GFSK, channel 0)

Plot for Channel = 39



Fre. (MHz)	Pk	QP	AV	Limit-PK	Limit-QP	Limit-AV	Antenna	Verdict
34.838	17.04	N.A	N.A	N.A	40.0	N.A	Horizontal	PASS
479.925	26.50	N.A	N.A	N.A	46.0	N.A	Horizontal	PASS
622.643	27.98	N.A	N.A	N.A	46.0	N.A	Horizontal	PASS
2441.000	61.22	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	Horizontal	N.A
14685.786	38.95	N.A	N.A	74.0	N.A	54.0	Horizontal	PASS
18471.322	38.99	N.A	N.A	74.0	N.A	54.0	Horizontal	PASS

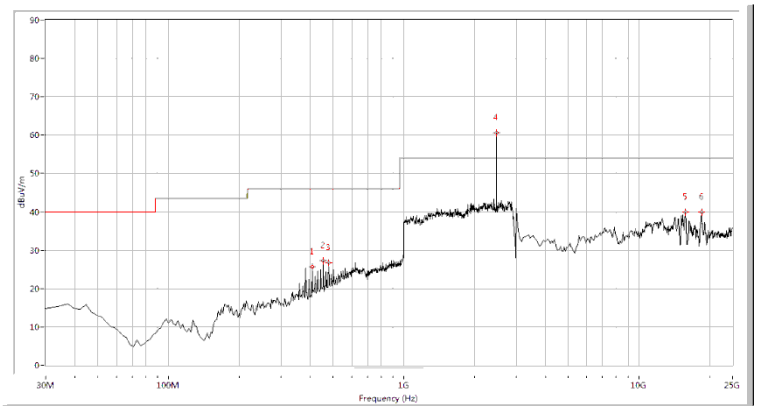
(30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Horizontal @ GFSK, channel 39)



Fre. (MHz)	Pk	QP	AV	Limit-PK	Limit-QP	Limit-AV	Antenna	Verdict
39.676	16.54	N.A	N.A	N.A	40.0	N.A	Vertical	PASS
600.873	24.91	N.A	N.A	N.A	46.0	N.A	Vertical	PASS
2441.000	62.48	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	Vertical	N.A
7169.576	37.64	N.A	N.A	74.0	N.A	54.0	Vertical	PASS
15673.317	38.87	N.A	N.A	74.0	N.A	54.0	Vertical	PASS
18471.322	38.95	N.A	N.A	74.0	N.A	54.0	Vertical	PASS

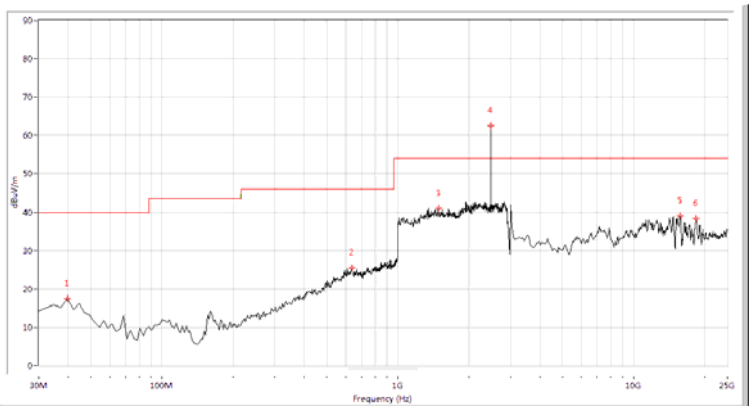
(30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Vertical @ GFSK, channel 39)

Plot for Channel = 78



Fre. (MHz)	Pk	QP	AV	Limit-PK	Limit-QP	Limit-AV	Antenna	Verdict
407.357	25.74	N.A	N.A	N.A	46.0	N.A	Horizontal	PASS
455.736	27.34	N.A	N.A	N.A	46.0	N.A	Horizontal	PASS
479.925	26.70	N.A	N.A	N.A	46.0	N.A	Horizontal	PASS
2480.000	60.54	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	Horizontal	N.A
15783.042	39.97	N.A	N.A	74.0	N.A	54.0	Horizontal	PASS
18471.322	39.85	N.A	N.A	74.0	N.A	54.0	Horizontal	PASS

(30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Horizontal @ GFSK, channel 78)



Fre. (MHz)	Pk	QP	AV	Limit-PK	Limit-QP	Degree	Antenna	Verdict
39.676	17.43	N.A	N.A	N.A	40.0	166.3	Vertical	PASS
637.157	25.56	N.A	N.A	N.A	46.0	211.7	Vertical	PASS
1493.766	41.06	N.A	N.A	74.0	N.A	74.6	Vertical	PASS
2480.000	62.53	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	N.A	Vertical	N.A
15783.042	39.06	N.A	N.A	74.0	N.A	360.0	Vertical	PASS
18416.459	38.29	N.A	N.A	74.0	N.A	241.8	Vertical	PASS

(30MHz to 25GHz, Antenna Vertical @ GFSK, channel 78)

** END OF REPORT **