

ISED CABid: ES1909  
Lab. Company Number: 4621A

Test Report No:  
76225RRF.001A1

## Test Report

### USA FCC Part 27

(*) Identification of item tested	LTE Cat-M
(*) Trademark	Sequans Communications
(*) Model and /or type reference	SKY66431
Other identification of the product	FCC ID: 2AAGM66431 IC: 12732A-66431
(*) Features	LTE-M, 3GPP LTE Release 14 SMS over NAS LTE IP Messaging HW version: V1 SW version: LR8.2.0.3-60386
Applicant	SEQUANS COMMUNICATIONS 55 Boulevard Charles de Gaulle, 92700 Colombes, France
Test method requested, standard	USA FCC Part 27 (10-1-22 Edition). ANSI C63.26-2015. ANSI/TIA-603-E: 2016 KDB 971168 D01 Power Meas License Digital Systems v03r01, April. 2018.
Summary	IN COMPLIANCE
Approved by (name / position & signature)	José Manuel Gómez Galván EMC Consumer & RF Lab. Manager
Date of issue	2024-04-30
Report template No.	FDT08_24 (*) "Data provided by the client"

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## Competences and guarantees

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DEKRA Testing and Certification S.A.U. is a testing laboratory accredited by the National Accreditation Body (ENAC - Entidad Nacional de Acreditación), to perform the tests indicated in the Certificate No. 51/LE 147.

DEKRA Testing and Certification is an FCC-recognized accredited testing laboratory with appropriate scope of accreditation that include testing performed in this test report.

DEKRA Testing and Certification is an ISED-recognized accredited testing laboratory, CABid: ES1909, Company Number: 4621A, with the appropriate scope of accreditation that covers the performed tests in this report.

In order to assure the traceability to other national and international laboratories, DEKRA Testing and Certification S.A.U. has a calibration and maintenance program for its measurement equipment.

DEKRA Testing and Certification S.A.U. guarantees the reliability of the data presented in this report, which is the result of the measurements and the tests performed to the item under test on the date and under the conditions stated on the report and, it is based on the knowledge and technical facilities available at DEKRA Testing and Certification S.A.U. at the time of performance of the test.

DEKRA Testing and Certification S.A.U. is liable to the client for the maintenance of the confidentiality of all information related to the item under test and the results of the test.

The results presented in this Test Report apply only to the particular item under test established in this document.

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## General conditions

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1. This report is only referred to the item that has undergone the test.
2. This report does not constitute or imply on its own an approval of the product by the Certification Bodies or competent Authorities.
3. This document is only valid if complete; no partial reproduction can be made without previous written permission of DEKRA Testing and Certification S.A.U.
4. This test report cannot be used partially or in full for publicity and/or promotional purposes without previous written permission of DEKRA Testing and Certification S.A.U. and the Accreditation Bodies.

## Uncertainty

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Uncertainty (factor  $k=2$ ) was calculated according to the DEKRA Testing and Certification S.A.U. internal document PODT000.

## Data provided by the client

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The following data has been provided by the client:

1. Information relating to the description of the sample ("Identification of the item tested", "Trademark", "Model and/or type reference tested").
2. The sample SKY66431 is most compact LTE modem and RF front-end in a single package. Same chipset as GM02S module i.e. SQN3430. Integrated baseband, transceiver, RF front end, RAM memory, crystals and power management. 8.8 x 11.3 x 1.585 (max.) mm BGA package, 0.5 and 1 mm pitch. Compliant to 3GPP Rel-14, upgradeable to 3GPP Rel-15 & 16

DEKRA Testing and Certification S.A.U. declines any responsibility with respect to the information provided by the client and that may affect the validity of results.

## Usage of samples

Samples undergoing test have been selected by: The client.

- Sample S/01 is composed of the following elements:

Control Nº	Description	Model	Serial Nº	Date of reception
71232B/003	Module	SKY66431	163	14-07-2022

Sample S/01 has undergone the following test(s): The radiated tests indicated in Appendix A.

- Sample S/02 is composed of the following elements:

Control Nº	Description	Model	Serial Nº	Date of reception
71232B/003	Module	SKY66431	163	14-07-2022
71232B/014	SMA cable	-	-	28-07-2022

Sample S/02 has undergone the following test(s): The conducted tests indicated in Appendix A.

## Test sample description

Ports.....	Port name and description	Cable					
		Specified max length [m]	Attached during test	Shielded	Coupled to patient <sup>(3)</sup>		
	USB		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>		
Supplementary information to the ports.....	-						
Rated power supply .....	Voltage and Frequency	Reference poles					
		L1	L2	L3	N	PE	
		<input type="checkbox"/>	AC:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	
		<input type="checkbox"/>	AC:	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DC: 3.3v				
		<input type="checkbox"/>	DC:				
Rated Power.....	-						
Clock frequencies.....	-						
Other parameters .....	-						
Software version.....	-						
Hardware version .....	-						
Dimensions in cm (W x H x D) ... :	-						
Mounting position .....		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Table top equipment				
		<input type="checkbox"/>	Wall/Ceiling mounted equipment				
		<input type="checkbox"/>	Floor standing equipment				
		<input type="checkbox"/>	Hand-held equipment				
		<input type="checkbox"/>	Other:				
Modules/parts.....	Module/parts of test item	Type			Manufacturer		
		NEKTAR-D			EVK		

Accessories (not part of the test item) .....	Description	Type	Manufacturer
	USB Cable	USB	-
	Antenna	Antenna	-
Documents as provided by the applicant .....	Description	File name	Issue date
	-	-	-

<sup>(3)</sup> Only for Medical Equipment

## Identification of the client

SEQUANS COMMUNICATIONS  
55 Boulevard Charles de Gaulle, 92700, Colombes, France

## Testing period and place

Test Location	DEKRA Testing and Certification S.A.U.
Date (start)	2024-02-22
Date (finish)	2024-02-23

## Document history

Report number	Date	Description
76225RRF.001	2024-04-09	First release.
76225RRF.001A1	2024-04-30	Second release. References are changed from Band 8 to Band 106 for clarity. This report cancels and replaces 76225RRF.001

## Environmental conditions

In the control chamber, the following limits were not exceeded during the test:

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C Max. = 35 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 20 % Max. = 75 %

In the semi-anechoic chamber, the following limits were not exceeded during the test:

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C Max. = 35 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 20 % Max. = 75 %

In the chamber for conducted measurements, the following limits were not exceeded during the test:

Temperature	Min. = 15 °C Max. = 35 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 20 % Max. = 75 %

## Remarks and comments

The tests have been performed by the technical personnel: Rafael Fernández, Valentín Andarias and Sergio Carrasco.

Used instrumentation:

Control No.	Equipment	Next Calibration
8002	Climatic Chamber BINDER MK 56	2024-03
6158	Signal and Spectrum Analyzer 10 Hz - 40 GHz ROHDE AND SCHWARZ FSV40	2026-02
9229	Wideband Radio Communication Tester ROHDE AND SCHWARZ CMW500	2024-06
6794	Shielded Room ETS LINDGREN S101	N/A
7798	EMC/RF Testing SW ROHDE AND SCHWARZ WMS32	N/A
6791	Semianechoic Absorber Lined Chamber ETS LINDGREN FACT 3 200 STP	N/A
6792	Shielded Room ETS LINDGREN S101	N/A
5641	HYBRID BILOG ANTENNA 30MHz-6GHz	2024-09
4612	Horn Antenna 1-18 GHz SCHWARZBECK MESS-ELEKTRONIK BBHA 9120 D	2024-07
5705	PRE-AMPLIFIER G>40dB 1-18 GHz	2024-07
7817	SIGNAL AND SPECTRUM ANALYZER 2Hz-50GHz FSW50	2024-08
6667	Wideband Radio Communication Tester ROHDE AND SCHWARZ CMW500	2024-06
4848	EMC/RF Testing SW ROHDE AND SCHWARZ EMC32	N/A

## Testing verdicts

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Not applicable:	N/A
Pass:	P
Fail:	F
Not measured:	N/M

## Summary

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FCC PART 27			
Requirement – Test case	Verdict	Remark	
FCC 27.1507: RF Output Power	P		
FCC 2.1047: Modulation Characteristics	P		
FCC 27.54 & 2.1055: Frequency Stability	P		
FCC 2.1049: Occupied Bandwidth	P		
FCC 27.1509: Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals	P		
FCC 27.1509: Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals at Block Edges	P		
FCC 27.1509: Radiated Emissions	P		
<u>Supplementary information and remarks:</u>			
None.			

## Appendix A: Test results for FCC 27

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## TEST CONDITIONS

(\*): Declared by the Applicant.

### POWER SUPPLY (\*):

Vnominal: 3.3 Vdc

Type of Power Supply: DC External.

### ANTENNA (\*):

External: 0.17 below 1GHz and 2.1dBi from 1.6GHz up to 2.5GHz.

Internal: 1.1 dBi for 698-960 MHz and 2.4dBi for 1710- 2692MHz

Pre-scan determines that internal antenna is worst case.

### TEST FREQUENCIES (\*):

Operating broadband system: 897.5-900.5 MHz

LTE Cat M1 Band 106: QPSK and 16QAM Modulation:

Channel (Frequency, MHz)		
	BW = 1.4 MHz	BW = 3 MHz
Low	21632 (898.2)	
Middle		21640 (899)
High	21648 (899.8)	

## RF Output Power

### **Limits**

#### **1. LTE Cat-M1 Band 106. FCC §27.1507 (a) & (d).**

FCC §27.1507 (a) & (d):

(a) *Maximum ERP*. The power limits specified in this section are applicable to operations in areas more than 110 km (68.4 miles) from the U.S./Mexico border and 140 km (87 miles) from the U.S./Canada border.

(3) *Mobile, control and auxiliary test stations*. Mobile, control and auxiliary test stations must not exceed 10 watts ERP.

(4) *Portable stations*. Portable stations must not exceed 3 watts ERP.

(d) *PAR limit*. The peak-to-average ratio (PAR) of the transmission must not exceed 13 dB.

### **Method**

The conducted RF output power measurements were made at the RF output terminals of the EUT using the power meter of the Universal Radio Communication tester CMW500, selecting maximum transmission power of the EUT and different modes of modulation.

The peak-to-average power ratio (PAPR) is measured using an attenuator, power splitter and spectrum analyser with a Complementary Cumulative Distribution Function implemented.

The maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is calculated by adding the declared maximum antenna gain (dBi).

The maximum effective radiated power e.r.p. is calculated from the maximum equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) by subtracting 2.15 dB:

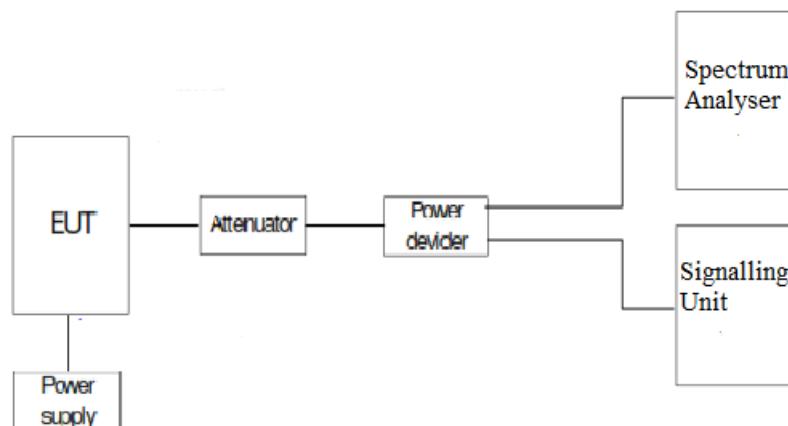
$$\text{E.R.P.} = \text{E.I.R.P.} - 2.15 \text{ dB}$$

### Test Setup

#### 1. CONDUCTED AVERAGE POWER:



#### 2. PEAK-TO-AVERAGE POWER RATIO (PAPR) and Conducted Average power:



## Results

### 1. CONDUCTED AVERAGE POWER:

#### LTE Cat. M1 Band 106

Preliminary measurements determined the narrow band = 0 and nominal bandwidth of 1.4 MHz as the worst case. The results in the next tables shows the results for this configuration.

Narrow band = 0

CHANNEL	FREQUENCY (MHz)	MODULATION	RB SIZE	RB OFFSET	AVERAGE POWER (dBm)	PAPR (dB)
Low 21632	898,2	QPSK	1	0	22,62	3,36
			1	2	22,58	3,45
			1	5	<b>22,68</b>	3,25
			3	0	21,89	4,03
			3	1	21,88	4,03
			3	3	21,92	4,2
			6	0	21,04	4,55
	899,8	16-QAM	1	0	21,78	4,52
			1	2	21,77	4,46
			1	5	21,84	4,03
			3	0	20,87	4,78
			3	1	20,83	<b>5,04</b>
			3	3	20,85	4,84
			1	0	22,58	-
High 21793	899,8	QPSK	1	2	22,59	-
			1	5	22,62	-
			3	0	21,9	-
			3	1	21,88	-
			3	3	21,93	-
			6	0	21,03	-
			1	0	21,83	-
	899,8	16-QAM	1	2	21,79	-
			1	5	21,86	-
			3	0	20,91	-
			3	1	20,89	4,99
			3	3	20,92	-

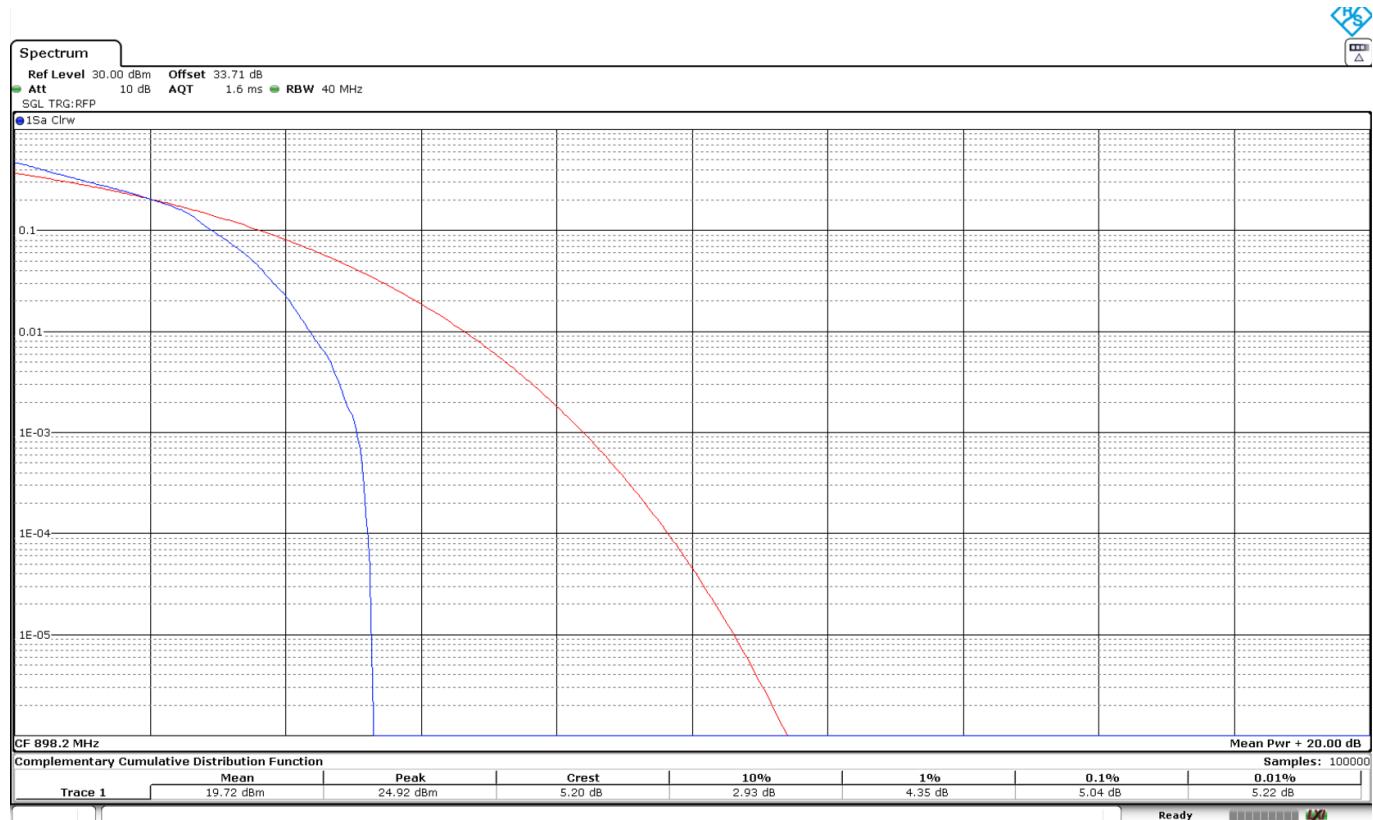
NOTE: PAPR on high channel was checked only for the worst case combination of modulation, RB size and RB offset determined on low channel.

Measurement uncertainty (dB) <±1.11

## 2. PEAK-TO-AVERAGE POWER RATIO (PAPR)

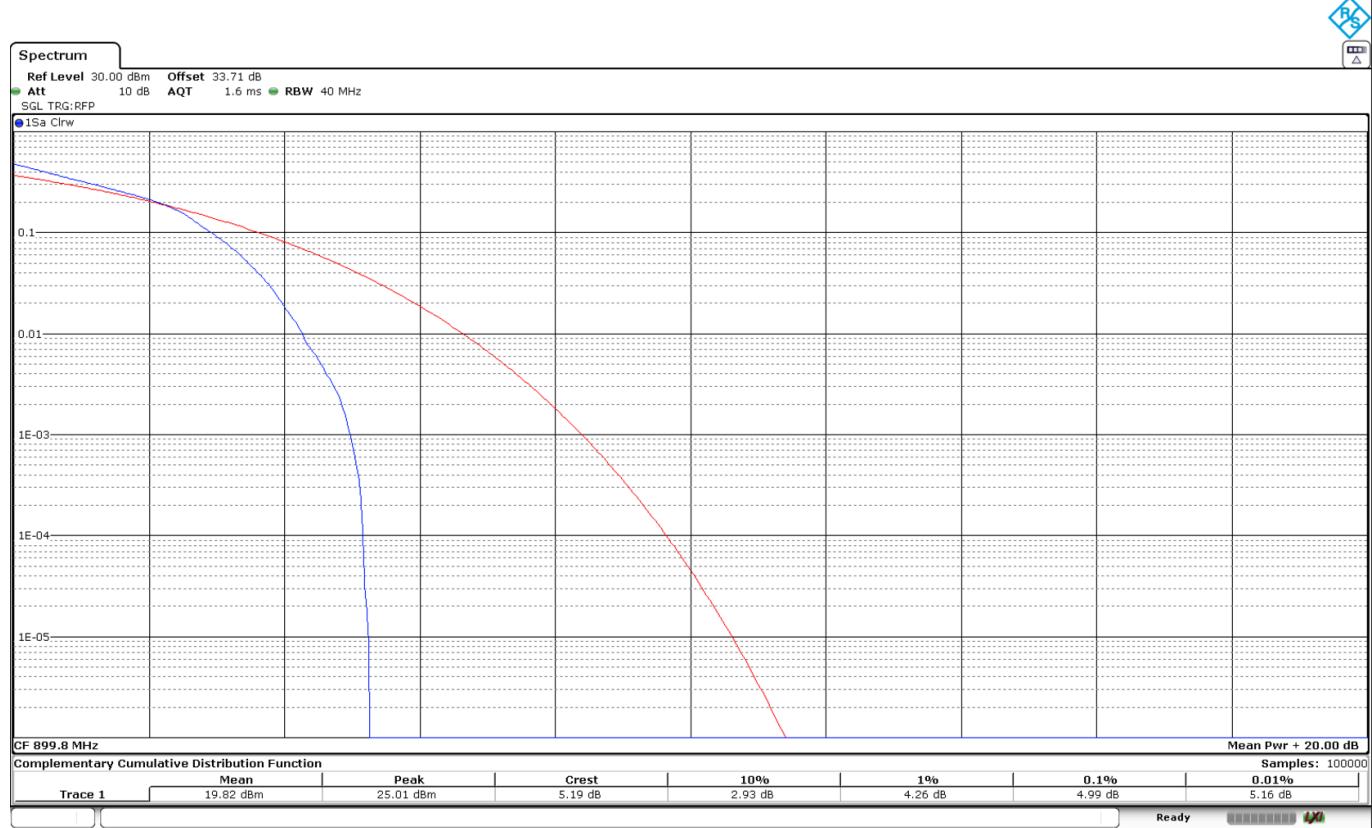
### LTE Cat. M1 Band 106:

Preliminary measurements determined the narrow band = 0. Worst-case of PAPR is BW=1.4 MHz, low channel, 16QAM, RB Size=3, RB Offset=1.



Measurement uncertainty (dB) <±1.11

Narrow band = 0. BW=1.4 MHz, high channel, 16QAM, RB Size=3, RB Offset=1.



## Verdict

Pass

## Frequency Stability

### **Limits**

#### **1. LTE Cat. M1 Band 106.**

\* FCC §27.54: The frequency stability shall be sufficient to ensure that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation.

\* FCC § 2.1055:

(a) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:

(1) From  $-30^{\circ}$  to  $+50^{\circ}$  centigrade for all equipment except that specified in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section.

(b) Frequency measurements shall be made at the extremes of the specified temperature range and at intervals of not more than  $10^{\circ}$  centigrade through the range. A period of time sufficient to stabilize all of the components of the oscillator circuit at each temperature level shall be allowed prior to frequency measurement. The short term transient effects on the frequency of the transmitter due to keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling normally occurring at each ambient temperature level also shall be shown. Only the portion or portions of the transmitter containing the frequency determining and stabilizing circuitry need be subjected to the temperature variation test.

(c) The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of primary supply voltage as follows:

(1) Vary primary supply voltage from 85 to 115 percent of the nominal value for other than hand carried battery equipment.

(2) For hand carried, battery powered equipment, reduce primary supply voltage to the battery operating end point which shall be specified by the manufacturer.

(3) The supply voltage shall be measured at the input to the cable normally provided with the equipment, or at the power supply terminals if cables are not normally provided. Effects on frequency of transmitter keying (except for broadcast transmitters) and any heating element cycling at the nominal supply voltage and at each extreme also shall be shown.

### **Method**

The frequency tolerance measurements over temperature variations were made over the temperature range of  $-30^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The EUT was placed inside a climatic chamber and the temperature was raised hourly in  $10^{\circ}\text{C}$  steps from  $-30^{\circ}\text{C}$  up to  $+50^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

The supply voltage was varied between 85% and 115% of nominal voltage.

Temperature and voltage range of testing has been extended to the maximum and minimum values declared by customer.

The EUT was set in “Radio Resource Control (RRC) mode” on the middle channel using the Universal Radio Communication tester R&S CMW500 and the maximum frequency error was measured using the built-in calibrated frequency meter.

The worst case LTE mode for conducted power was used for the test.

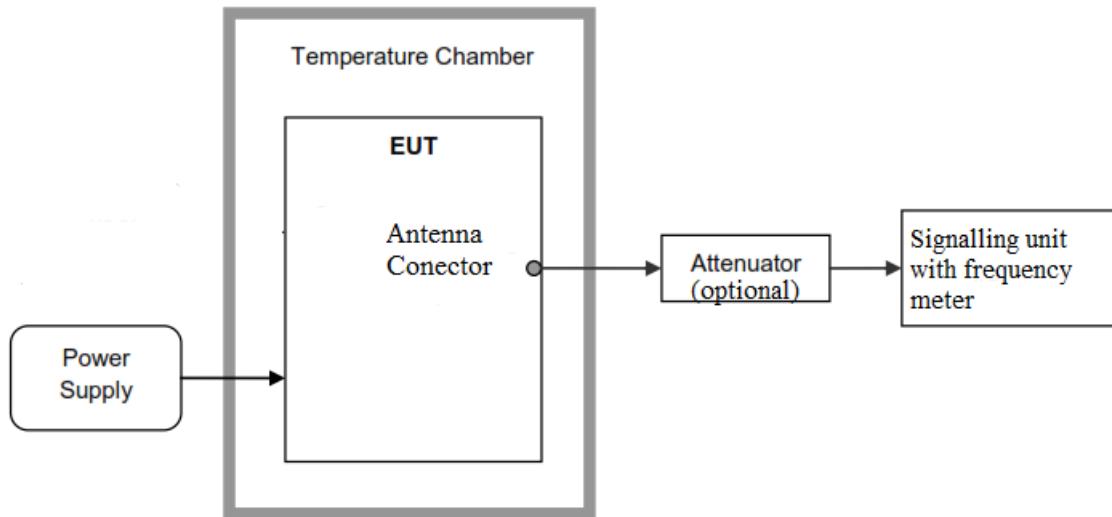
In order to check that the frequency stability is sufficient such that the fundamental emissions stay within the authorized bands of operation, a reference point is established at the applicable unwanted emissions limit using a RBW equal to the RBW required by the unwanted emissions specification of the applicable regulatory standard. These reference points measured using the lowest and highest channel of operation are identified as

$f_L$  and  $f_H$  respectively. The worst-case frequency offset determined in the above methods is added or subtracted from the values of  $f_L$  and  $f_H$  to check that the resulting frequencies remain within the band.

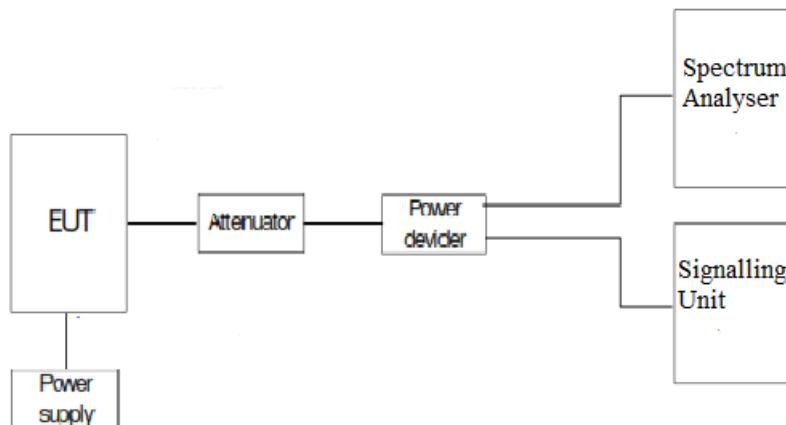
The reference point measurements were made at the RF output terminals of the EUT using an attenuator, power splitter and spectrum analyser. The EUT was controlled via the Universal Radio Communication tester R&S CMW500 selecting maximum transmission power of the EUT and different modes of modulation.

### Test Setup

Frequency tolerance:



Reference points  $f_L$  and  $f_H$ :



## Results

### 1. FREQUENCY TOLERANCE:

- Frequency stability over temperature variations:

#### LTE Cat. M1 Band 106:

The worst case in terms of Frequency Stability is NarrowBand =0, BW=3 MHz, RB=0, RB Offset = 0, QPSK.

Temperature (°C)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (ppm)
85	-8,7	-0,009677419
80	-6,85	-0,007619577
70	-10,85	-0,012068966
60	-7,23	-0,008042269
50	-6,37	-0,007085651
40	-9,2	-0,010233593
30	-6,01	-0,006685206
20	-8,35	-0,009288098
10	-6,52	-0,007252503
0	-10,89	-0,012113459
-10	-7,5	-0,008342603
-20	-8,3	-0,009232481
-30	-9,46	-0,010522803
-40	13,35	0,014849833

- Frequency stability over voltage variations:

#### LTE Cat. M1 Band 106:

The worst case in terms of Frequency Stability is NarrowBand =0, BW=3 MHz, RB=0, RB Offset = 0, QPSK

Supply voltage	Voltage (V)	Frequency Error (Hz)	Frequency Error (ppm)
V <sub>max</sub>	3.795	-9,67	-0,010756396
V <sub>min</sub>	2.805	-8,56	-0,009521691

### 2. REFERENCE FREQUENCY POINTS fL AND fH:

The worst-case frequency offsets added or subtracted per band and bandwidth:

LTE Cat. M1 Band 106: BW=3 MHz. QPSK.

f <sub>L</sub> (MHz)	897,5796866500
f <sub>H</sub> (MHz)	900,4175133500

The reference frequency points f<sub>L</sub> and f<sub>H</sub> stay within the authorized blocks for the band above.

Measurement uncertainty (Hz): <±207.77

## Verdict

PASS

## Modulation Characteristics

### Limits

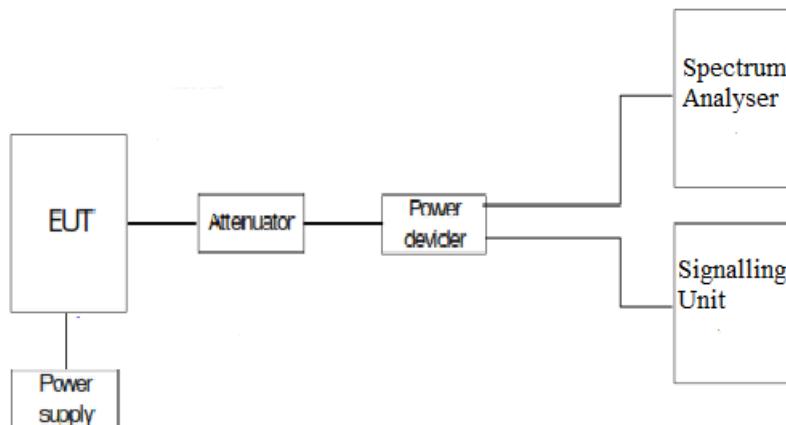
#### 1. LTE Cat. M1 Band 106.

\* FCC §2.1047 Measurements required: Modulation characteristics.

### Method

For LTE the EUT operates with QPSK and 16QAM modulation modes in which the information is digitised and coded into a bit stream. The RF transmission is multiplexed using *Orthogonal Frequency Division Multiplexing (OFDM)* using different possible arrangement of subcarriers (Resource Blocks RB).

### Test Setup

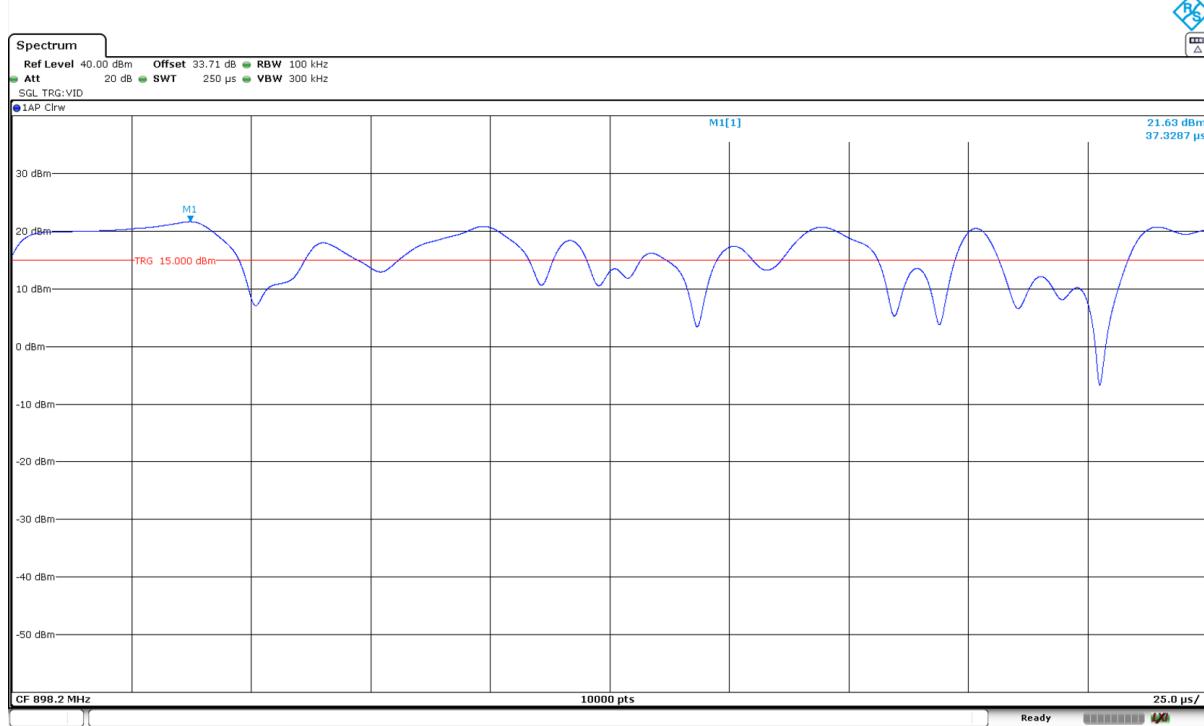


## Results

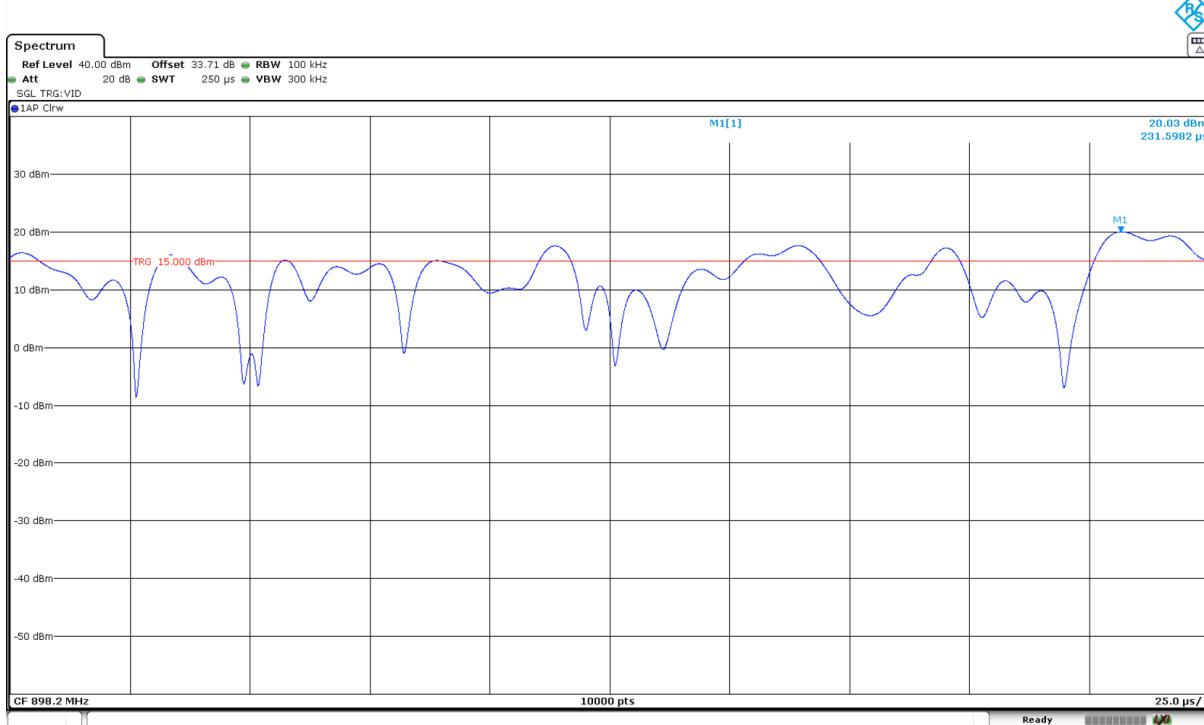
The following plots show the modulation schemes in the EUT.

### LTE Cat. M1 Band 106:

QPSK. BW=1.4 MHz.



16QAM. BW=1.4 MHz.



## Occupied Bandwidth

### Limits

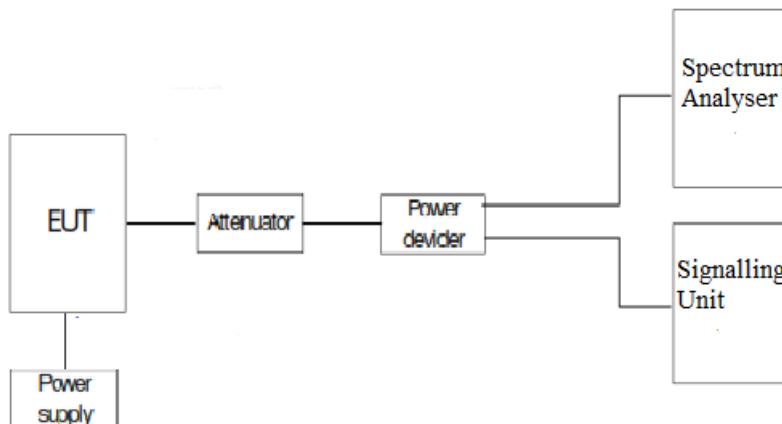
#### 1. LTE Cat. M1 Band 106.

\* FCC §2.1049: Measurements required: Occupied bandwidth.

### Method

The occupied bandwidth measurement was performed at the output terminals of the EUT using an attenuator, power splitter and spectrum analyser. The EUT was controlled via the Universal Radio Communication tester R&S CMW500 selecting maximum transmission power of the EUT and different modes of modulation. The 99% occupied bandwidth and the -26 dBc bandwidth were measured directly using the built-in bandwidth measuring option of spectrum analyser.

### Test Setup



### Results

The worst case of occupied bandwidth corresponds to Resource Blocks (RB) Size All regardless the Bandwidth selected.

#### LTE Cat. M1 Band 106:

LTE Cat. M1 Band 106. BW=1.4 MHz. QPSK. RB Size=All.

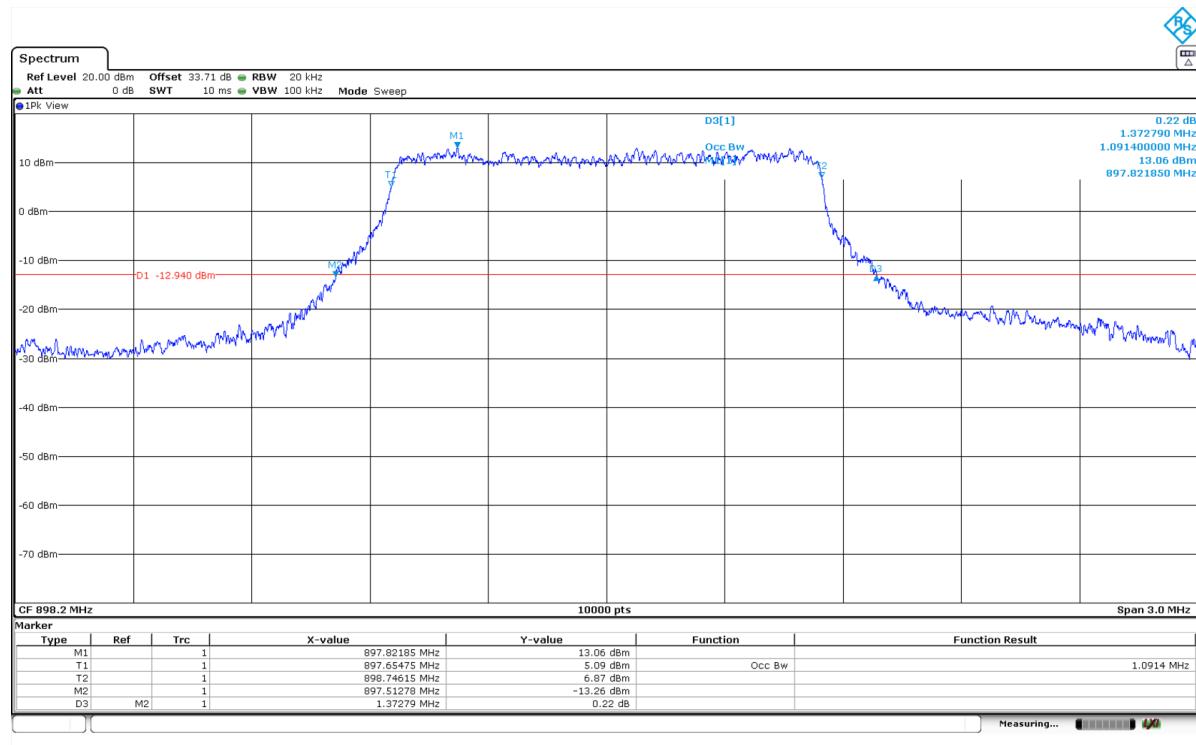
Channel	Low	High
99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	1,091	1,094
-26 dBc Bandwidth (MHz)	1,373	1,369
Measurement uncertainty (kHz)	<±3.75	

LTE Cat. M1 Band 106. BW=1.4 MHz. 16QAM. RB Size=All.

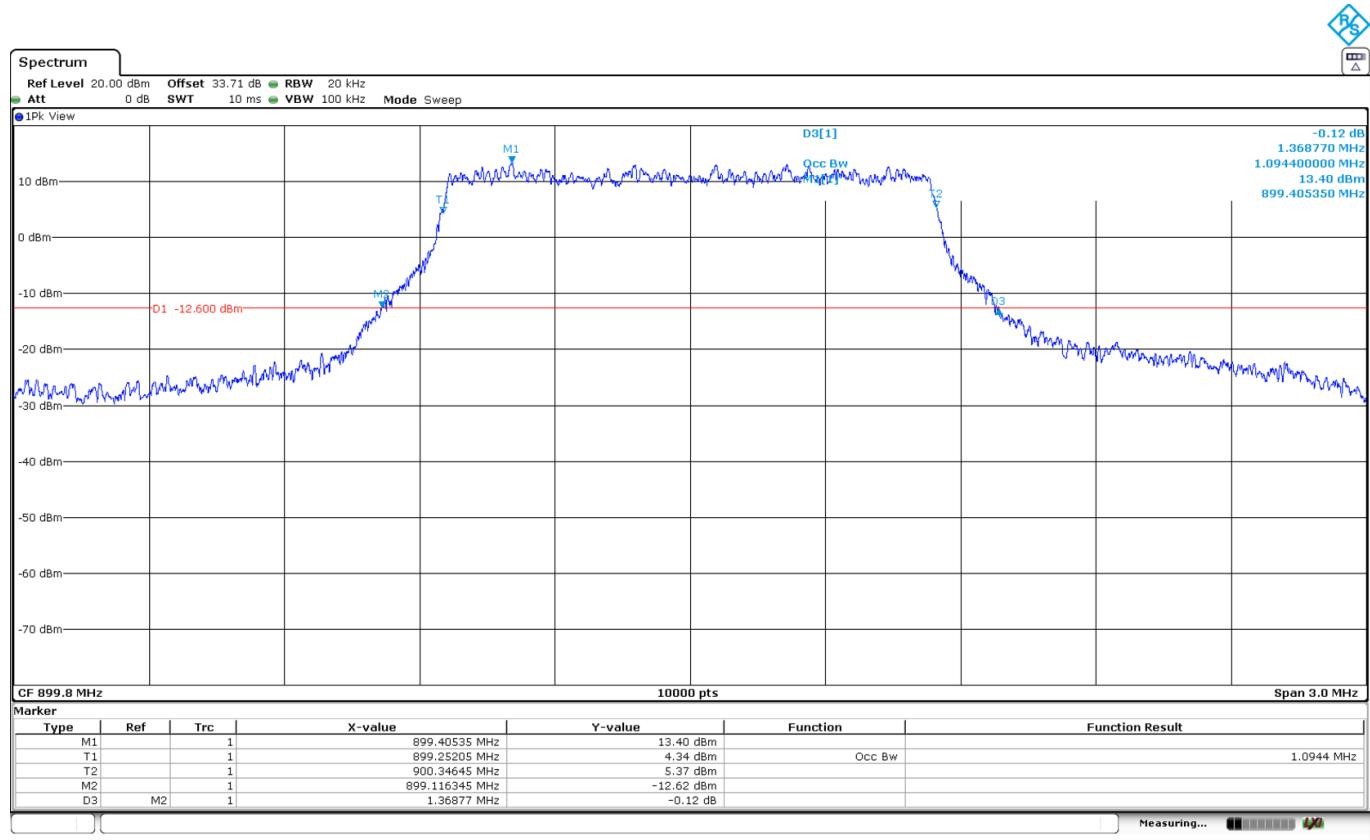
Channel	Low	High
99% Occupied Bandwidth (MHz)	0,941	0,929
-26 dBc Bandwidth (MHz)	1,359	1,341
Measurement uncertainty (kHz)	<±3.75	

LTE Cat. M1 Band 106. BW=1.4 MHz. QPSK. RB Size=All.

Low Channel:

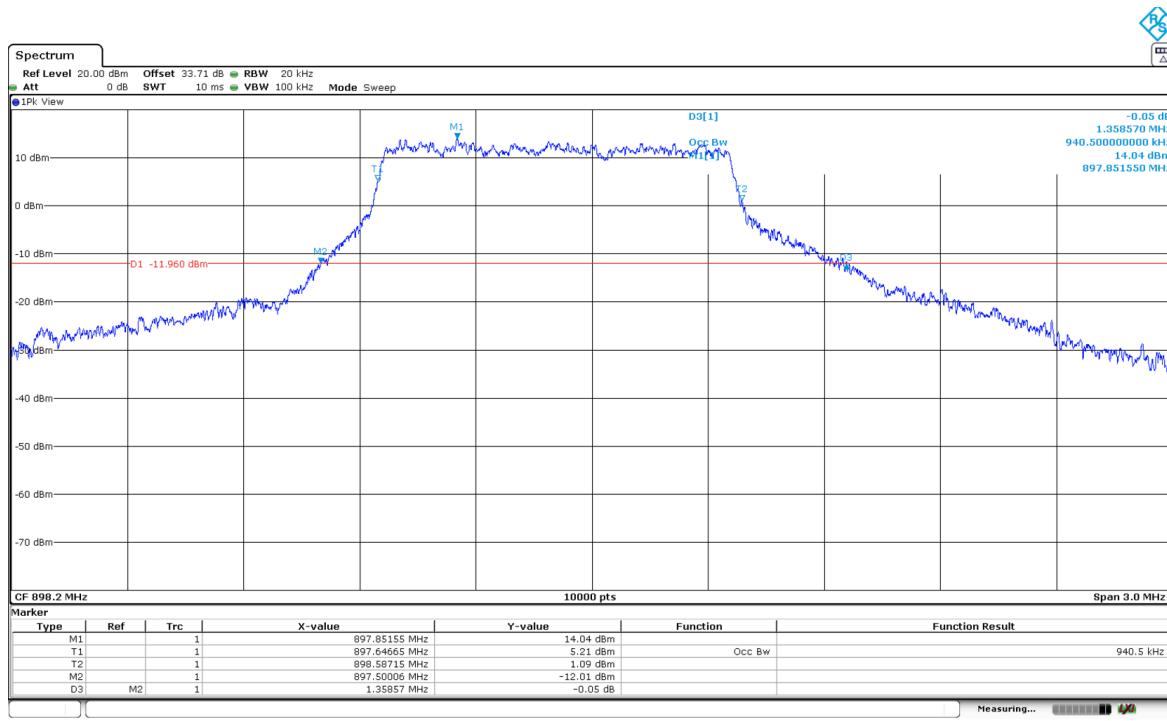


High Channel:

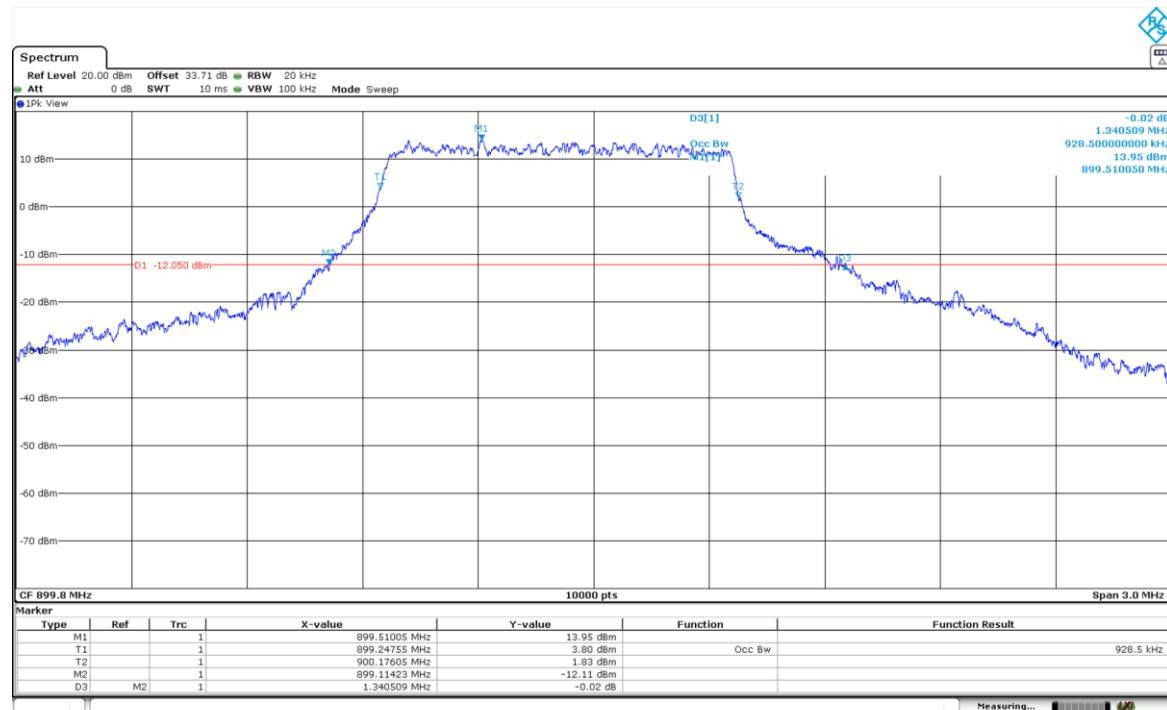


LTE Cat. M1 Band 106. BW=1.4 MHz. 16QAM. RB Size=All.

Low Channel:



High Channel:



## Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals

### **Limits**

#### **1. LTE Cat. M1 Band 106. FCC §27.1509.**

\* FCC §27.1509:

The power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least the following amounts:

- (a) For 900 MHz broadband operations in 897.5–900.5 MHz band by at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.
- (b) For 900 MHz broadband operations in the 936.5–939.5 MHz band, by at least  $50 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.
- (c) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's band, a resolution bandwidth of at least 1 percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (d) The measurements of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.
- (e) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

### **Method**

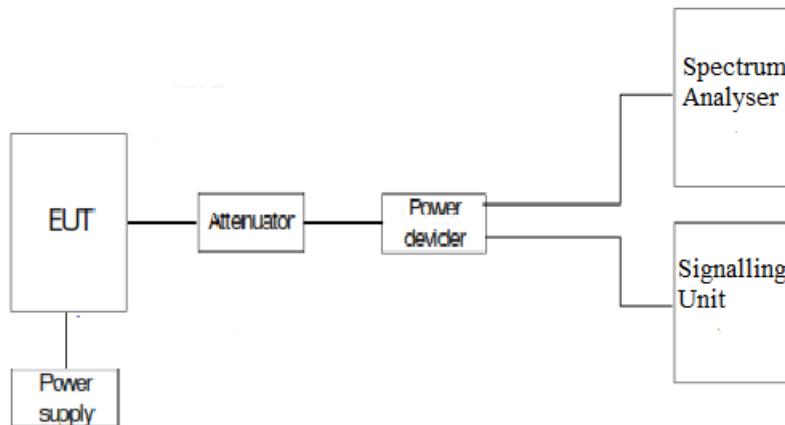
The EUT RF output connector was connected to a spectrum analyser and to the Universal Radio Communication tester R&S CMW500 (selecting maximum transmission power of the EUT and different modes of modulation) using a 50-Ohm attenuator and a power divider.

The spectrum was investigated from 9 kHz to 10 GHz for LTE Cat-M1 Band 106.

The reading of the spectrum analyser is corrected with the attenuation loss of connection between output terminal of EUT and input of the spectrum analyser.

The configuration of Resource Blocks and modulation which is the worst case for conducted power was used.

### Test Setup



### Results

LTE Cat. M1 Band 106: NarrowBand=0 BW=1.4 MHz. QPSK. RB Size 1. RB Offset 5.

- Low Channel:

No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.

- High Channel:

No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.

Measurement uncertainty (dB): <math>\pm 2.76</math>

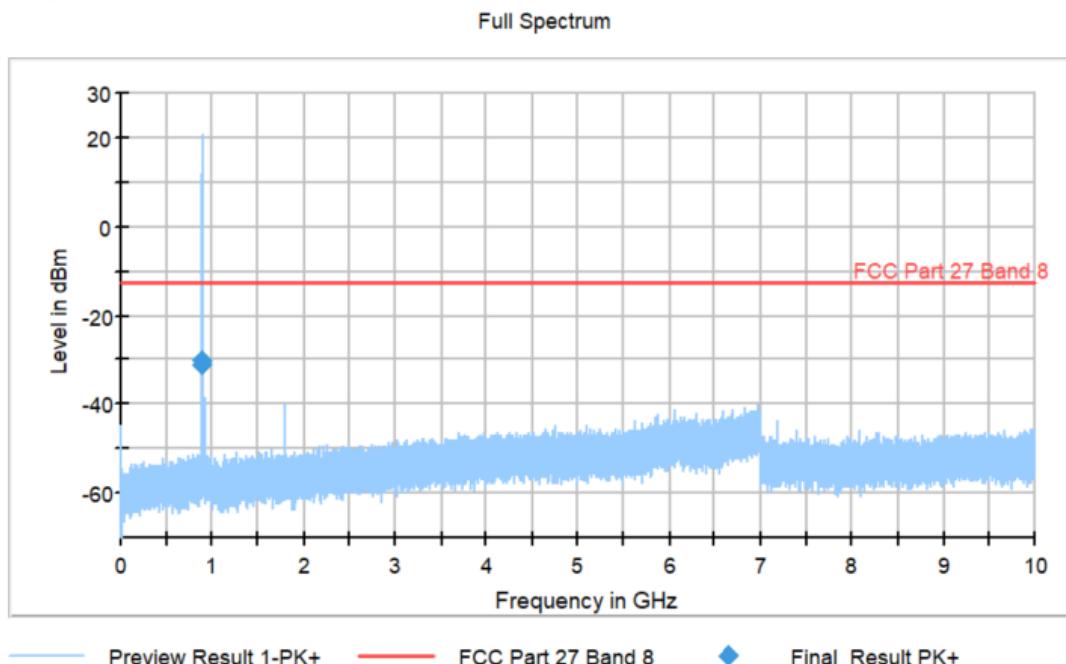
### Verdict

PASS

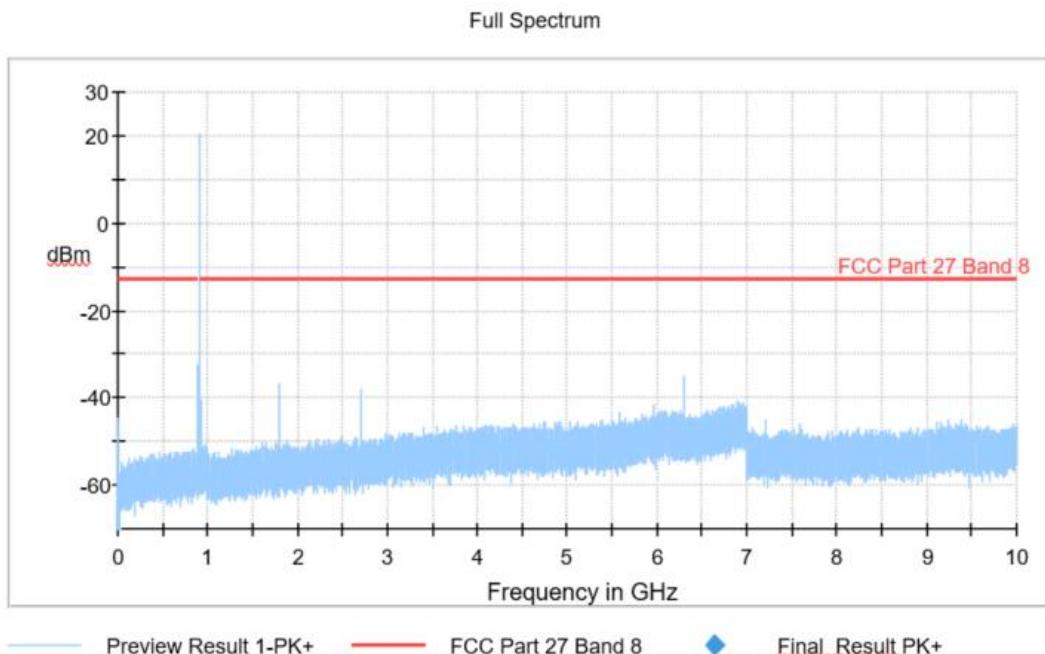
Subrange	Step Size	Detectors	Bandwidth	Sweep Time	Preamp
Receiver: [FSV 40]					
9 kHz - 150 kHz	14,1 Hz	PK+	300 Hz	Coupled	0 dB
150 kHz - 30 MHz	932,812 Hz	PK+	10 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
30 MHz - 1 GHz	30,312 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
1 GHz - 2 GHz	31,25 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
2 GHz - 3 GHz	31,25 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
3 GHz - 4 GHz	31,25 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
4 GHz - 5 GHz	31,25 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
5 GHz - 6 GHz	31,25 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
6 GHz - 7 GHz	31,25 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
7 GHz - 8 GHz	31,25 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
8 GHz - 9 GHz	31,25 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	Coupled	0 dB
9 GHz - 10 GHz	31,25 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	Coupled	0 dB

LTE Cat. M1 Band 106. BW=1.4 MHz. QPSK. RB Size 1. RB Offset 5.

Low Channel:



High Channel:



## Spurious Emissions at Antenna Terminals at Block Edges

### Limits

#### 1. LTE Cat. M1 Band 106. FCC §27.1509.

\* FCC §27.1509:

The power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least the following amounts:

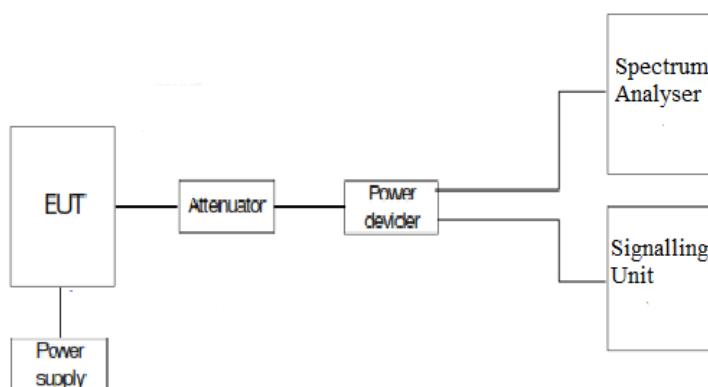
- (c) For 900 MHz broadband operations in 897.5–900.5 MHz band by at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.
- (d) For 900 MHz broadband operations in the 936.5–939.5 MHz band, by at least  $50 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.
- (c) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's band, a resolution bandwidth of at least 1 percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (d) The measurements of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.
- (e) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

### Method

The EUT RF output connector was connected to a spectrum analyser and to the Universal Radio Communication tester R&S CMW500 (selecting maximum transmission power of the EUT and different modes of modulation) using a 50-Ohm attenuator and a power splitter.

The reading of the spectrum analyser is corrected with the attenuation loss of connection between output terminal of EUT and input of the spectrum analyser.

### Test Setup



## Results

### LTE Cat. M1 Band 106:

Preliminary measurements determined NarrowBand=0, QPSK, BW=1.4 MHz as the worst-case

LTE QPSK:	RB=1. Offset=0. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB=1. Offset=0. BW = 3 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>Low Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-25,03	-35,34

LTE QPSK:	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 3 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>Low Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-29,11	-33,54

LTE QPSK:	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB=1. Offset=Max. BW = 3 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>High Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-24,67	-34,44

LTE QPSK:	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 1.4 MHz	RB = All. Offset = 0. BW = 3 MHz
Maximum measured level at <u>High Block Edge</u> at antenna port (dBm)	-26,11	-27,64

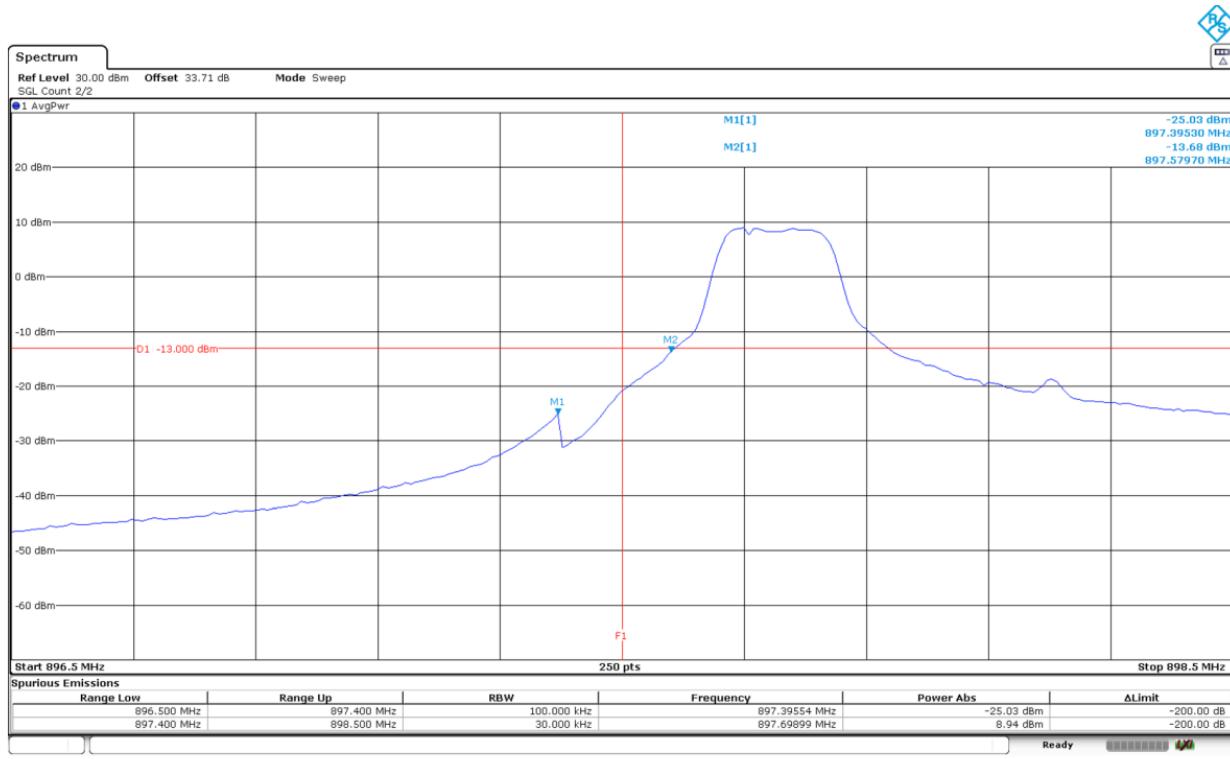
Measurement uncertainty: <±2.76 dB

## Verdict

PASS

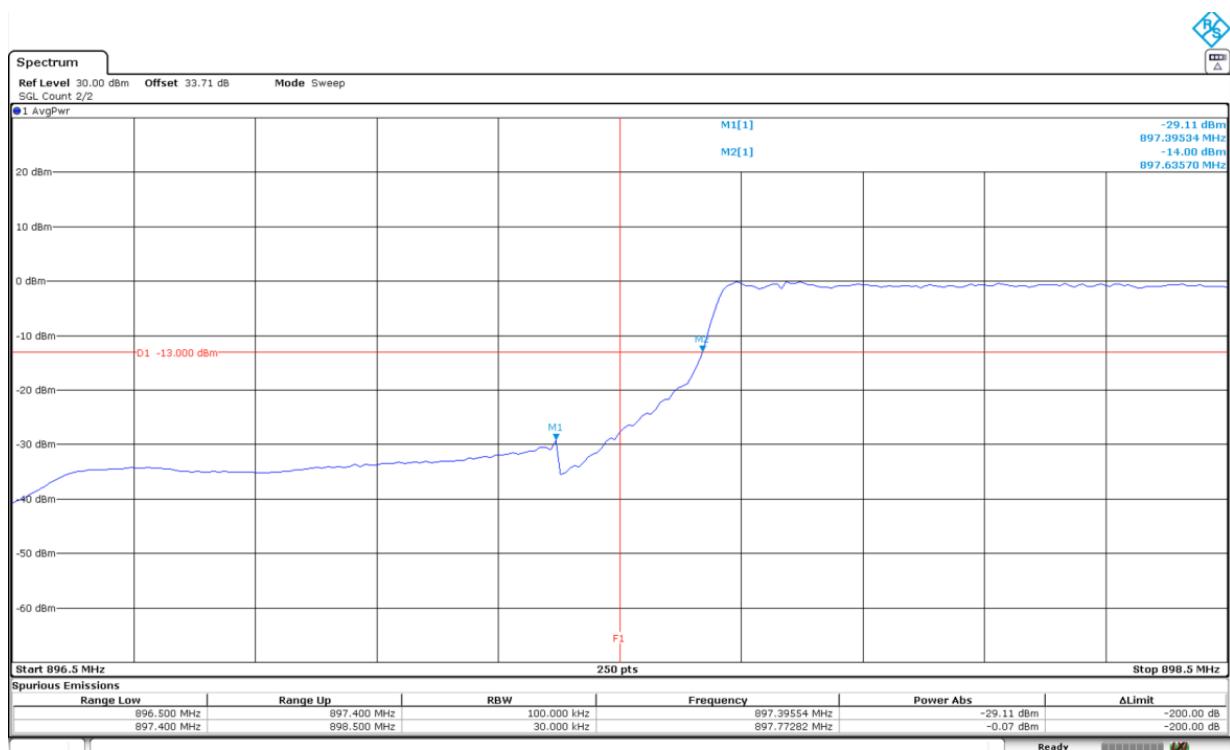
**LTE Cat. M1 Band 106:**

LTE Cat. M1 Band 106. NarrowBand=0 BW=1.4 MHz. QPSK. RB=1. Offset=0. Low Block Edge:



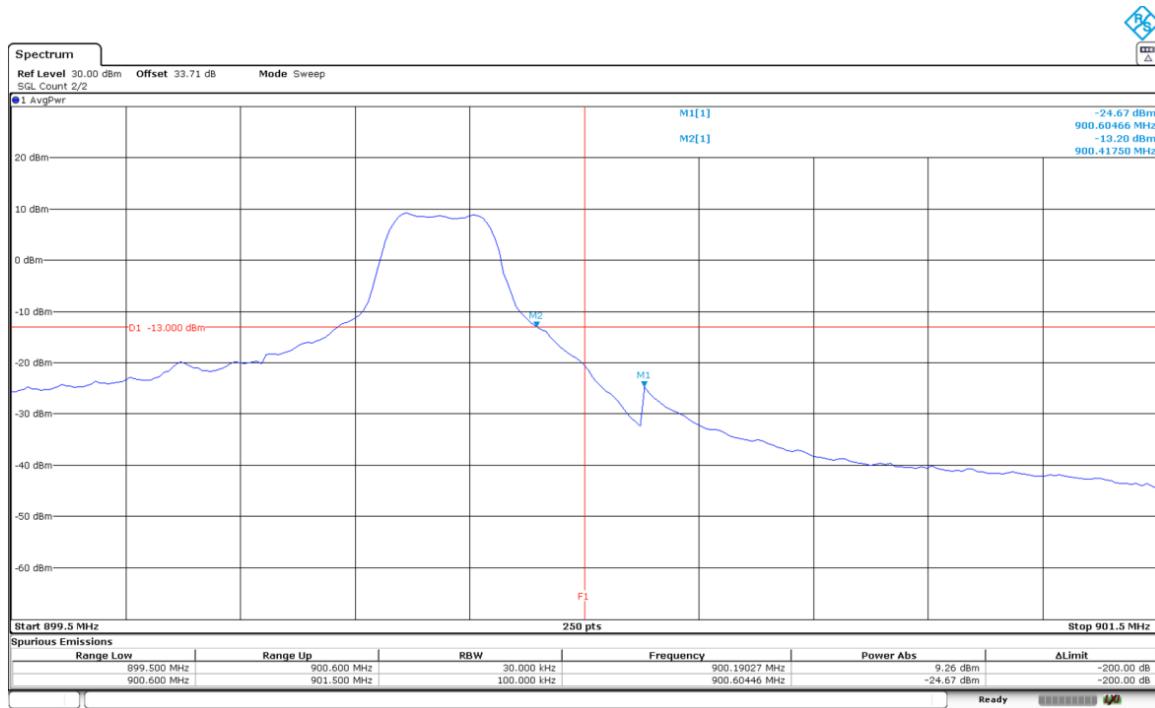
The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

LTE Cat. M1 Band 106. NarrowBand=0 BW=1.4 MHz. QPSK. RB=All. Offset=0. Low Block Edge:



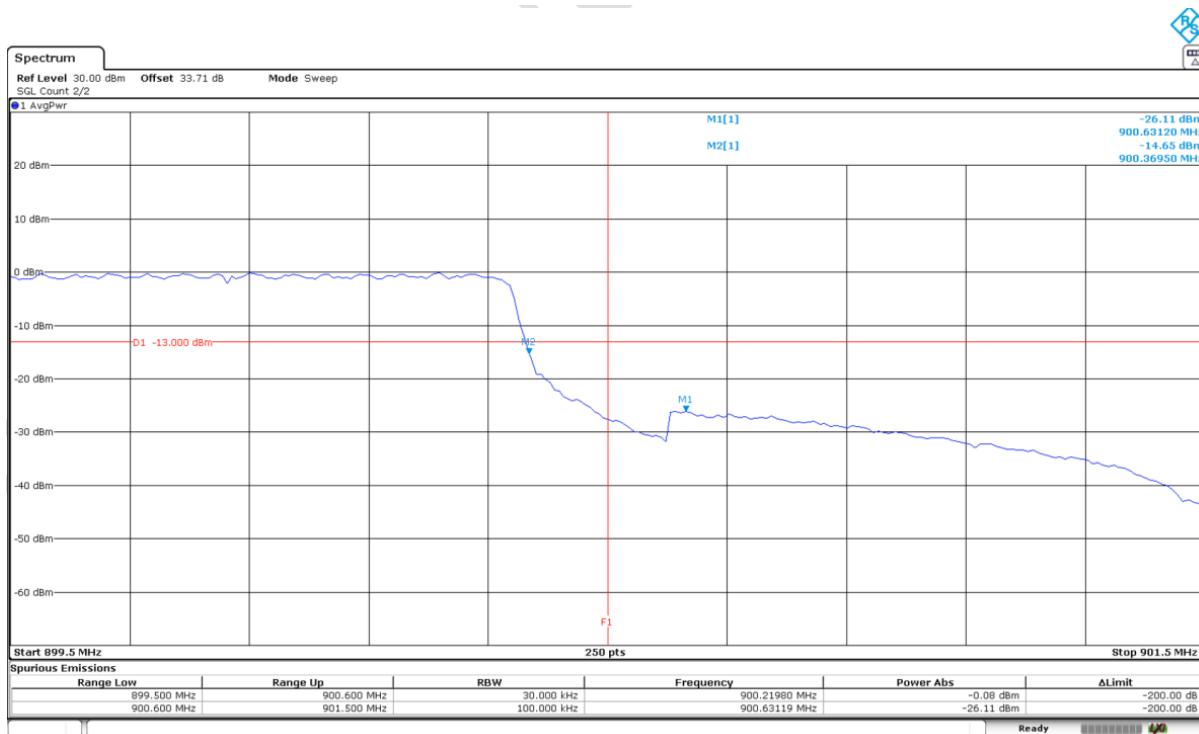
The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

LTE Cat. M1 Band 106. NarrowBand=0 BW=1.4 MHz. QPSK. RB=1. Offset=Max. High Block Edge:



The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

LTE Cat. M1 Band 106. NarrowBand=0 BW=1.4 MHz. QPSK. RB=All. Offset=0. High Block Edge:



The equipment transmits at the maximum output power

## Radiated Emissions

### Limits

#### 1. LTE Cat-M1 Band 106. FCC §27.1509.

\* FCC §27.1509:

The power of any emission outside a licensee's frequency band(s) of operation shall be attenuated below the transmitter power (P) in watts by at least the following amounts:

- (e) For 900 MHz broadband operations in 897.5–900.5 MHz band by at least  $43 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.
- (f) For 900 MHz broadband operations in the 936.5–939.5 MHz band, by at least  $50 + 10 \log (P)$  dB.
- (c) Compliance with the provisions of paragraphs (a) and (b) of this section is based on the use of measurement instrumentation employing a resolution bandwidth of 100 kHz or greater. However, in the 100 kHz bands immediately outside and adjacent to the licensee's band, a resolution bandwidth of at least 1 percent of the emission bandwidth of the fundamental emission of the transmitter may be employed. The emission bandwidth is defined as the width of the signal between two points, one below the carrier center frequency and one above the carrier center frequency, outside of which all emissions are attenuated at least 26 dB below the transmitter power.
- (d) The measurements of emission power can be expressed in peak or average values, provided they are expressed in the same parameters as the transmitter power.
- (e) When an emission outside of the authorized bandwidth causes harmful interference, the Commission may, at its discretion, require greater attenuation than specified in this section.

### Method

The measurement was performed with the EUT inside an anechoic chamber.

The spectrum was scanned from 30 MHz to at least the 10<sup>th</sup> harmonic of the highest frequency generated within the equipment.

The EUT was placed on a non-conductive stand at 3-meter distance from the measuring antenna for the frequency range 30 MHz to 10 GHz.

Detected emissions were maximized at each frequency by rotating the EUT and adjusting the height and polarization of the measuring antenna. The maximum meter reading was recorded.

#### Measurement Limits:

At Po transmitting power. the specified minimum attenuation  $43 + 10 \log_{10} p$  (watts) becomes:

$$Po (\text{dBm}) - [43 + 10 \log (Po \text{ in mwatts}) - 30] = -13 \text{ dBm}$$

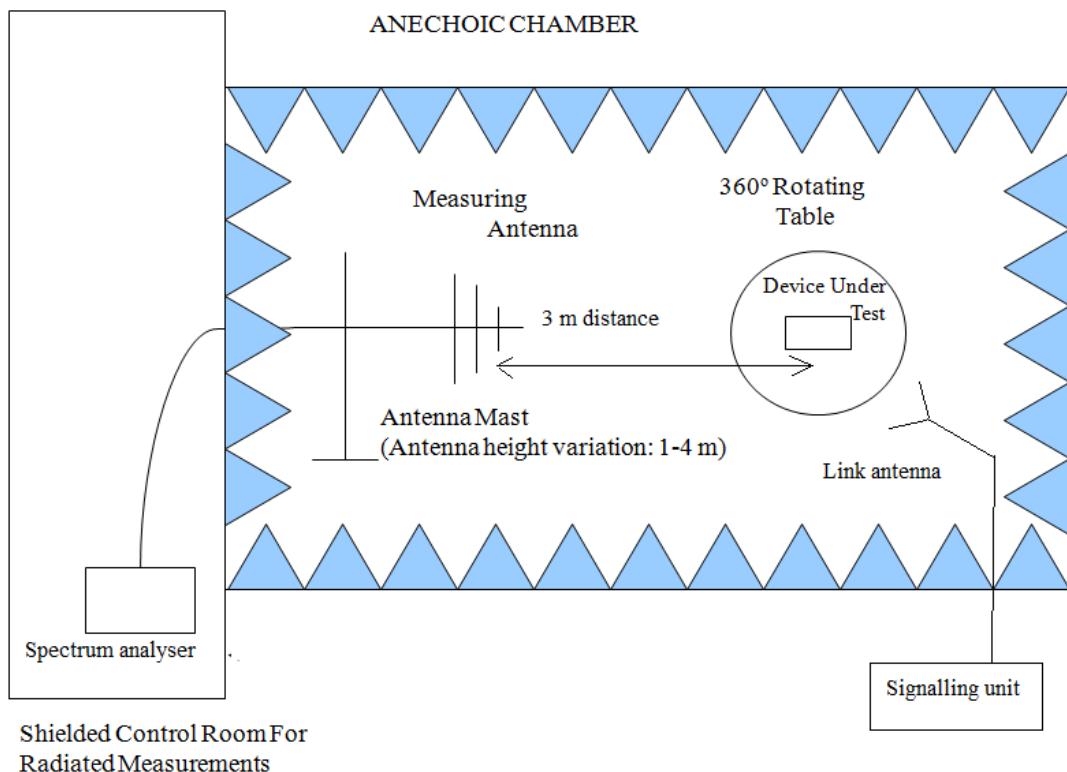
The maximum field strength ( $\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}$ ) of each detected emission at less than 20 dB respect to the limit is converted to an equivalent EIRP level (dBm) according to ANSI C63.26 with the formula:

$$\text{EIRP (dBm)} = E (\text{dB}\mu\text{V/m}) + 20 \log(D) - 104.8;$$

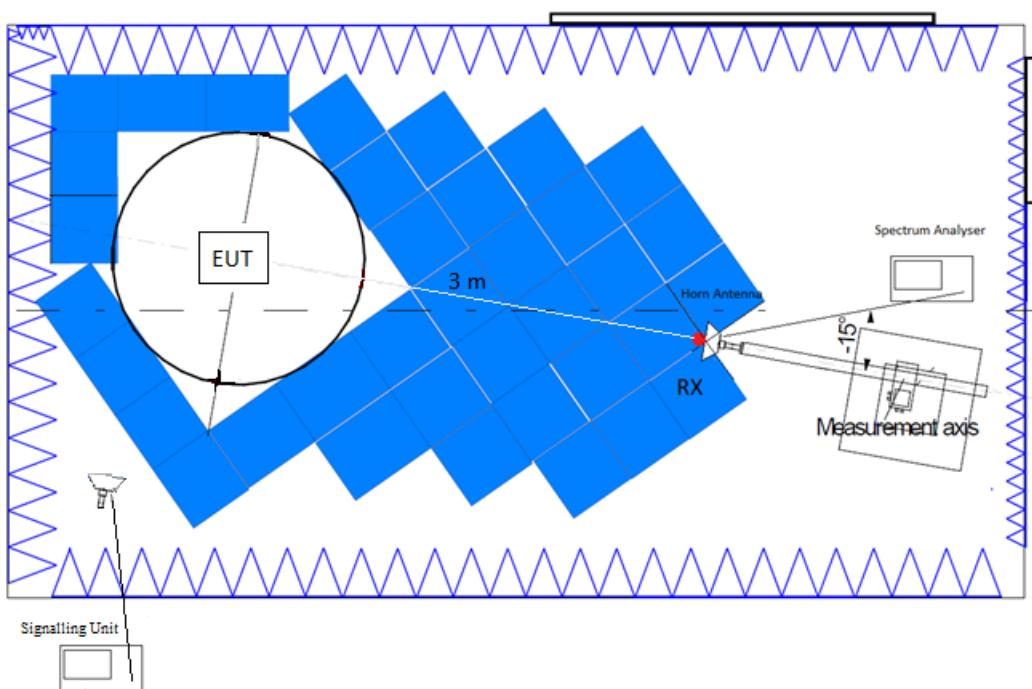
where D is the measurement distance (in the far field region) in m. D = 3m.

## Test Setup

Radiated measurements setup from 30 MHz to 1 GHz:



Radiated measurements setup from 1 GHz to 10 GHz:



## **Results**

Test was performed on worst-case channel in terms of radiated spurious emissions, determined by a preliminary scan for each band.

### **LTE Cat. M1 Band 106:**

A preliminary scan determined the NarrowBand=0 QPSK, BW=1,4 MHz, RB=1, RB Offset=5 as the worst case. The next results are for this worst-case configuration.

#### **- MIDDLE CHANNEL:**

##### **Frequency range 30 MHz - 1 GHz:**

No spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit.

##### **Frequency range 1 - 10 GHz:**

Spurious frequencies at less than 20 dB below the limit:

Frequency (MHz)	MaxPeak (dBm)
1797.062500	-37.35
1800.437500	-29.08

Measurement uncertainty (dB) <  $\pm 5.35$  for  $f < 1$  GHz  
<  $\pm 4.32$  for  $f \geq 1$  GHz up to 8 GHz

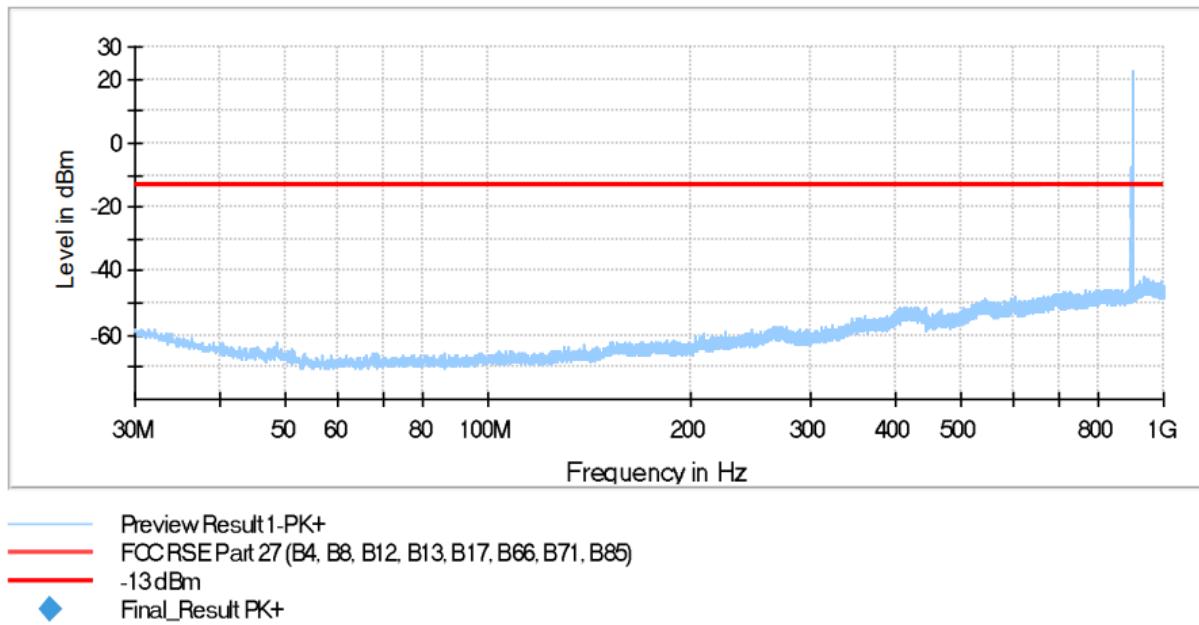
## **Verdict**

Pass

LTE Cat. M1 Band 106:

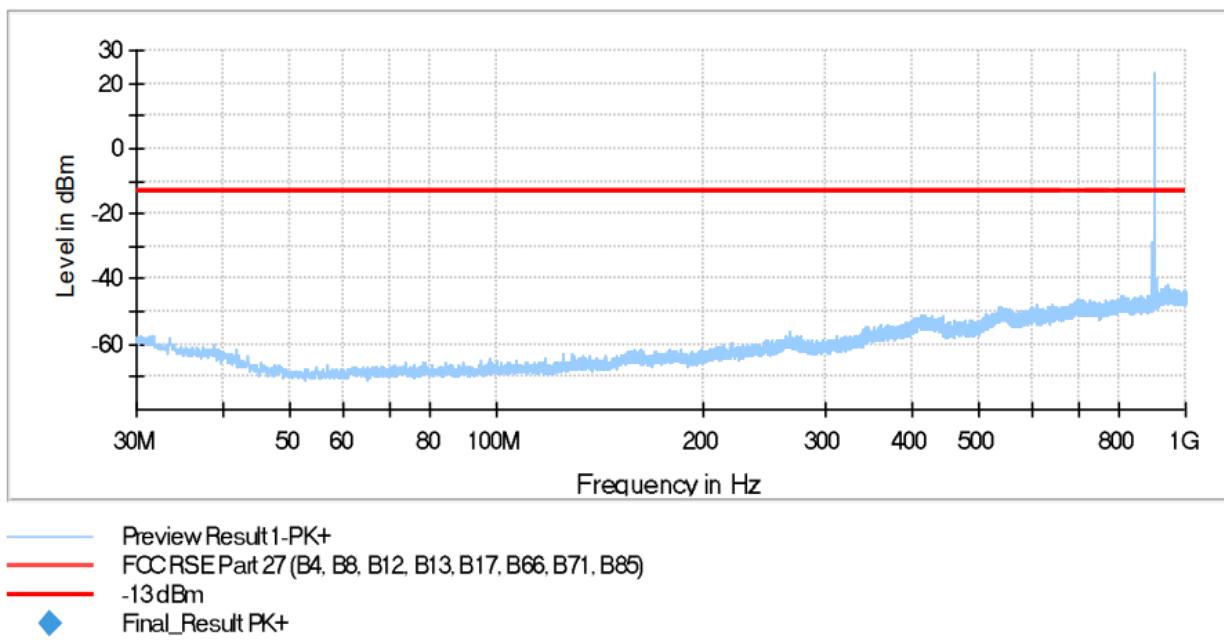
**FREQUENCY RANGE 30 MHz - 1 GHz:**

- LOW CHANNEL:



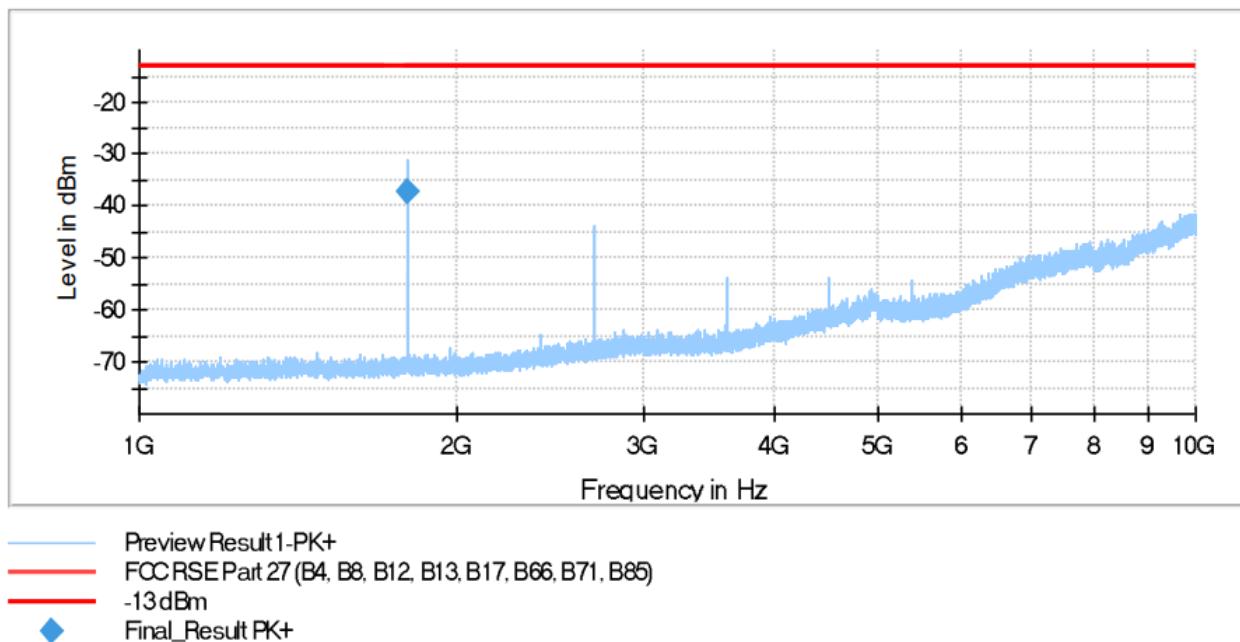
The peak above the limit is the LTE Cat. M1 Band 106 carrier frequency.

- HIGH CHANNEL:

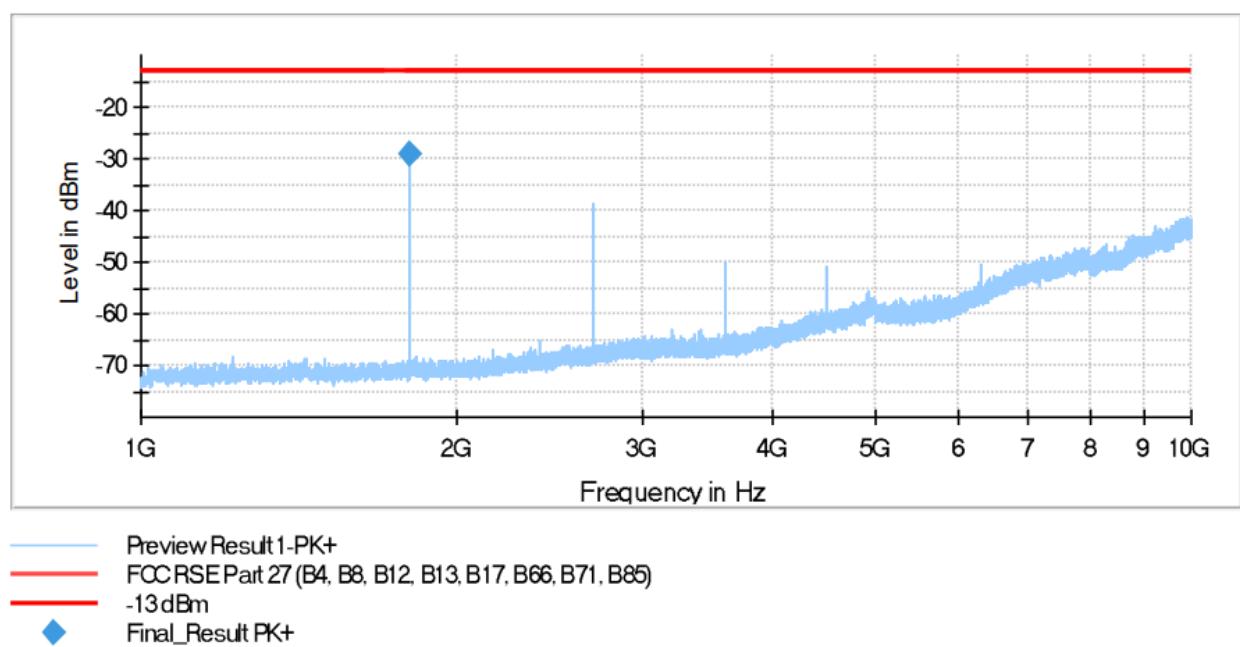


## FREQUENCY RANGE 1 GHz - 10 GHz

### - LOW CHANNEL:



### - HIGH CHANNEL:



### Spectrum analyser settings:

Subrange	Step Size	Detectors	IF BW	Meas. Time	Preamp
Receiver: [FSW 50]					
30 MHz - 1 GHz	400 kHz	PK+	1 MHz	0,05 s	0 dB
1 GHz - 10 GHz	281,25 kHz	PK+	100 kHz	1 s	0 dB