

## 8 Appendix A - General Product Information

### Radiofrequency radiation exposure evaluation

This exposure evaluation is intended for **FCC ID: 2AA2X-16500361**.

According to KDB 447498 D01v06 section 4.3.1, For frequencies between 100 MHz to 6GHz and test separation distances  $\leq$  50 mm, the Numeric threshold is determined as:

Step a)

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR

>> The fundamental frequency of the EUT is 2405-2480MHz,  
the test separation distance is  $\leq$  50mm.  
(Manufacturer specified the separation distance is: 20mm)

Step a)

>> Numeric threshold (2405MHz),  $\text{mW} / 20\text{mm} * \sqrt{2.402\text{GHz}} \leq 3.0$   
Numeric threshold (2405MHz)  $\leq 38.713\text{mW}$

>> Numeric threshold (2445MHz),  $\text{mW} / 20\text{mm} * \sqrt{2.440\text{GHz}} \leq 3.0$   
Numeric threshold (2445MHz)  $\leq 38.411\text{mW}$

>> Numeric threshold (2480MHz),  $\text{mW} / 20\text{mm} * \sqrt{2.480\text{GHz}} \leq 3.0$   
Numeric threshold (2480MHz)  $\leq 38.100\text{mW}$

>> The power of EUT measured (2405MHz) is:  $4.63\text{dBm} = 2.904\text{mW}$   
The power of EUT measured (2445MHz) is:  $4.19\text{dBm} = 2.624\text{mW}$   
The power of EUT measured (2480MHz) is:  $1.67\text{dBm} = 1.469\text{mW}$

Which is smaller than the Numeric threshold.

Therefore, the device is exempt from stand-alone SAR test requirements.