



SAR TEST REPORT

For

Halo Technologies Europe Ltd

Body Camera

Test Model:WM-10

Prepared for : Halo Technologies Europe Ltd
Address : 5P Weavers Court, Belfast, BT12 5GH, United Kingdom

Prepared by : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Address : 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park
Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen,
518000, China
Tel : (+86)755-82591330
Fax : (+86)755-82591332
Web : www.LCS-cert.com
Mail : webmaster@LCS-cert.com

Date of receipt of test sample : May 22, 2024
Number of tested samples : 1
Sample number : A240517068-1
Serial number : Prototype
Date of Test : May 22, 2024 ~ May 30, 2024
Date of Report : June 4, 2024



**SAR TEST REPORT**Report Reference No.: **LCSA05064380EB**

Date Of Issue : June 4, 2024

Testing Laboratory Name : **Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.**

Address : 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China

Testing Location/ Procedure : Full application of Harmonised standards ☒
Partial application of Harmonised standards ☐
Other standard testing method ☐**Applicant's Name** : **Halo Technologies Europe Ltd**

Address : 5P Weavers Court, Belfast, BT12 5GH, United Kingdom

Test Specification:

Standard : FCC 47CFR §2.1093, ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019, IEEE 1528-2013

Test Report Form No. : LCSEMC-1.0

TRF Originator : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Master TRF : Dated 2014-09

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Test Item Description : **Body Camera**

Trade Mark : Halo

Model/Type Reference : WM-10

Ratings : Input: 5V $\overline{\text{---}}$ 1A
Battery: 3.8V $\overline{\text{---}}$ 2000mAh**Result** : **Positive****Compiled by:**

Jay Zhan

Jay Zhan/ File administrators

Supervised by:

Cary Luo

Cary Luo / Technique principal

Approved by:

Gavin Liang

Gavin Liang/ Manager





SAR -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No. :	LCSA05064380EB	June 4, 2024 Date of issue
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EUT.....	: Body Camera
Type/Model	: WM-10
Applicant.....	: Halo Technologies Europe Ltd
Address.....	: 5P Weavers Court, Belfast, BT12 5GH, United Kingdom
Telephone.....	: /
Fax.....	: /
Manufacturer.....	: Halo Technologies Europe Ltd
Address.....	: 5P Weavers Court, Belfast, BT12 5GH, United Kingdom
Telephone.....	: /
Fax.....	: /
Factory.....	: /
Address.....	: /
Telephone.....	: /
Fax.....	: /

Test Result	Positive
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The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.

It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.





Revision History

Revision	Issue Date	Revision Content	Revised By
000	June 4, 2024	Initial Issue	---





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1. TEST STANDARDS AND TEST DESCRIPTION

1.1. Statement of Compliance

The maximum of results of SAR found during testing for WM-10 are follows:

<Highest Reported standalone SAR Summary>

Classment Class	Frequency Band	Body (Report SAR1-g (W/kg))	Limit (W/kg)
		(Separation Distance 0mm)	
DTS	WIFI2.4G	0.166	1.6
NII	WIFI5.2G	0.100	

Note

1) This device is in compliance with Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for general population/uncontrolled exposure limits (1.6 W/kg) specified in RSS-102 issue 5-2015 and IEEE Std C95.1, 2019, and had been tested in accordance with the measurement methods and procedures specified in IEC-IEEE 62209-1528-2020.

<Highest Reported simultaneous SAR Summary>

Exposure Position	Frequency Band	Body (Report SAR1-g (W/kg))	Highest Reported Simultaneous Transmission SAR1-g (W/kg)	Limit (W/kg)
Body	WIFI2.4G	0.166	0.166	1.6
	NFC	0.00000007		





1.2. Test Location

Company: Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Address: 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China
Telephone: (86)755-82591330
Fax: (86)755-82591330
Web: www.LCS-cert.com
E-mail: webmaster@LCS-cert.com

1.3. Test Facility

The test facility is recognized, certified, or accredited by the following organizations:

Site Description
SAR Lab. : NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0.
FCC Designation Number is CN5024.
CAB identifier is CN0071.
CNAS Registration Number is L4595.
Test Firm Registration Number: 254912.

1.4. Test Laboratory Environment

Temperature	Min. = 18°C, Max. = 25 °C
Relative humidity	Min. = 30%, Max. = 70%
Ground system resistance	< 0.5 Ω
Atmospheric pressure:	950-1050mbar
Ambient noise is checked and found very low and in compliance with requirement of standards.	
Reflection of surrounding objects is minimized and in compliance with requirement of standards.	





1.5. Product Description

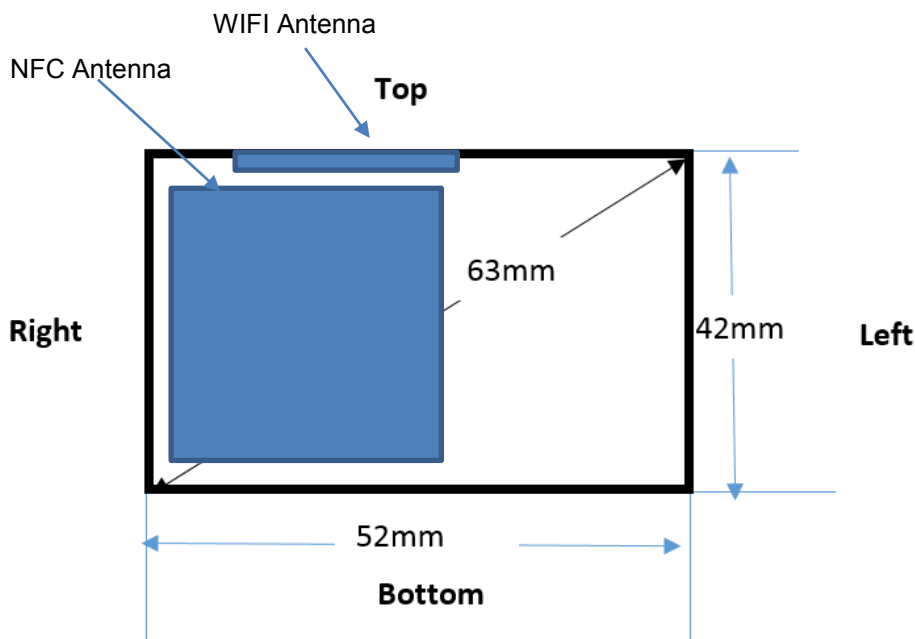
The Halo Technologies Europe Ltd's Model:WM-10 or the "EUT" as referred to in this report; more general information as follows, for more details, refer to the user's manual of the EUT.

EUT	: Body Camera
Test Model	: WM-10
Ratings	: Input: 5V $\overline{\text{---}}$ 1A Battery: 3.8V $\overline{\text{---}}$ 2000mAh
Hardware Version	: KC001_T31A_MB_V15
Software Version	: V1.0.2-2024053104
WIFI(2.4G Band)	:
Frequency Range	: 2412MHz~2462MHz
Channel Spacing	: 5MHz
Channel Number	: 11 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth (2412~2462MHz) 7 Channels for 40MHz bandwidth (2422~2452MHz)
Modulation Type	: IEEE 802.11b: DSSS (CCK, DQPSK, DBPSK) IEEE 802.11g: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Description	: FPC Antenna, 0.95dBi(Max.)
WIFI(5.2G Band)	:
Frequency Range	: 5180MHz~5240MHz
Channel Number	: 4 Channels for 20MHz bandwidth(5180MHz~5240MHz) 2 channels for 40MHz bandwidth(5190MHz~5230MHz) 1 channels for 80MHz bandwidth(5210MHz)
Modulation Type	: IEEE 802.11a/n: OFDM (64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK) IEEE 802.11ac: OFDM (256QAM, 64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)
Antenna Description	: FPC Antenna, 2.89Bi(Max.)
NFC	:
Operating Frequency	: 13.56MHz
Modulation Type	: ASK
Antenna Description	: FPC Antenna, 0dBi(Max.)
Exposure category	: Uncontrolled Environment General Population





1.6 DUT Antenna Locations(Rear View)





1.7. Test Specification

Identity	Document Title
FCC 47CFR §2.1093	Radiofrequency Radiation Exposure Evaluation: Portable Devices
ANSI/IEEE C95.1-2019	IEEE Standard for Safety Levels with Respect to Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields, 3 kHz – 300 GHz.
IEEE 1528-2013	Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Average Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques
KDB 447498 D01	General RF Exposure Guidance v06
KDB 865664 D01	SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04
KDB 865664 D02	RF Exposure Reporting v01r02
KDB 248227 D01	SAR Guidance for IEEE 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02





1.8. RF exposure limits

Human Exposure	Uncontrolled Environment General Population	Controlled Environment Occupational
Spatial Peak SAR* (Brain*Trunk)	1.60 mW/g	8.00 mW/g
Spatial Average SAR** (Whole Body)	0.08 mW/g	0.40 mW/g
Spatial Peak SAR*** (Hands/Feet/Ankle/Wrist)	4.00 mW/g	20.00 mW/g

Notes:

* The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 1 gram of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time

** The Spatial Average value of the SAR averaged over the whole body.

*** The Spatial Peak value of the SAR averaged over any 10 grams of tissue (defined as a tissue volume in the shape of a cube) and over the appropriate averaging time.

Uncontrolled Environments are defined as locations where there is the exposure of individuals who have no knowledge or control of their exposure.

Controlled Environments are defined as locations where there is exposure that may be incurred by persons who are aware of the potential for exposure, (i.e. as a result of employment or occupation.)





1.9. Equipment list

Test Platform		SPEAG DASY5 Professional				
Description		SAR Test System (Frequency range 300MHz-6GHz)				
Software Reference		DASY52; SEMCAD X				
Hardware Reference						
Equipment		Manufacturer	Model	Serial Number	Calibration Date	Due date of calibration
☒	PC	Lenovo	NA	NA	NA	NA
☒	Twin Phantom	SPEAG	SAM V5.0	1850	NCR	NCR
☒	ELI Phantom	SPEAG	ELI V6.0	2010	NCR	NCR
☒	DAE	SPEAG	DAE3	373	2024/1/3	2025/1/2
☒	E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	3805	2023/11/23	2024/11/22
☒	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D2450V2	808	2023/10/23	2026/10/22
☒	Validation Kits	SPEAG	D5GHzV2	1046	2023/10/23	2026/10/22
☒	Agilent Network Analyzer	Agilent	8753E	SU38432944	2023/6/9	2024/6/8
☒	Dielectric Probe Kit	SPEAG	DAK3.5	1425	NCR	NCR
☒	Universal Radio Communication Tester	R&S	CMW500	42115	2023/10/29	2024/10/28
☒	Directional Coupler	MCLI/USA	4426-20	03746	2023/6/9	2024/6/8
☒	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45104493	2023/10/29	2024/10/28
☒	Power meter	Agilent	E4419B	MY45100308	2023/10/29	2024/10/28
☒	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495616	2023/10/29	2024/10/28
☒	Power sensor	Agilent	E9301H	MY41495234	2023/10/29	2024/10/28
☒	Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49072627	2023/6/9	2024/6/8
☒	Broadband Preamplifier	/	BP-01M18G	P190501	2023/6/15	2024/6/14
☒	DC POWER SUPPLY	I-SHENG	SP-504	NA	NCR	NCR
☒	Speed reading thermometer	HTC-1	NA	LCS-E-138	2023/6/13	2024/6/12

Note: All the equipments are within the valid period when the tests are performed.



2. SAR MEASUREMENTS SYSTEM CONFIGURATION

2.1. SAR Measurement System

This SAR Measurement System uses a Computer-controlled 3-D stepper motor system (SPEAG DASY5 professional system). A E-field probe is used to determine the internal electric fields. The SAR can be obtained from the equation $SAR = \zeta (|E|^2) / \rho$ where ζ and ρ are the conductivity and mass density of the tissue-Simulate.

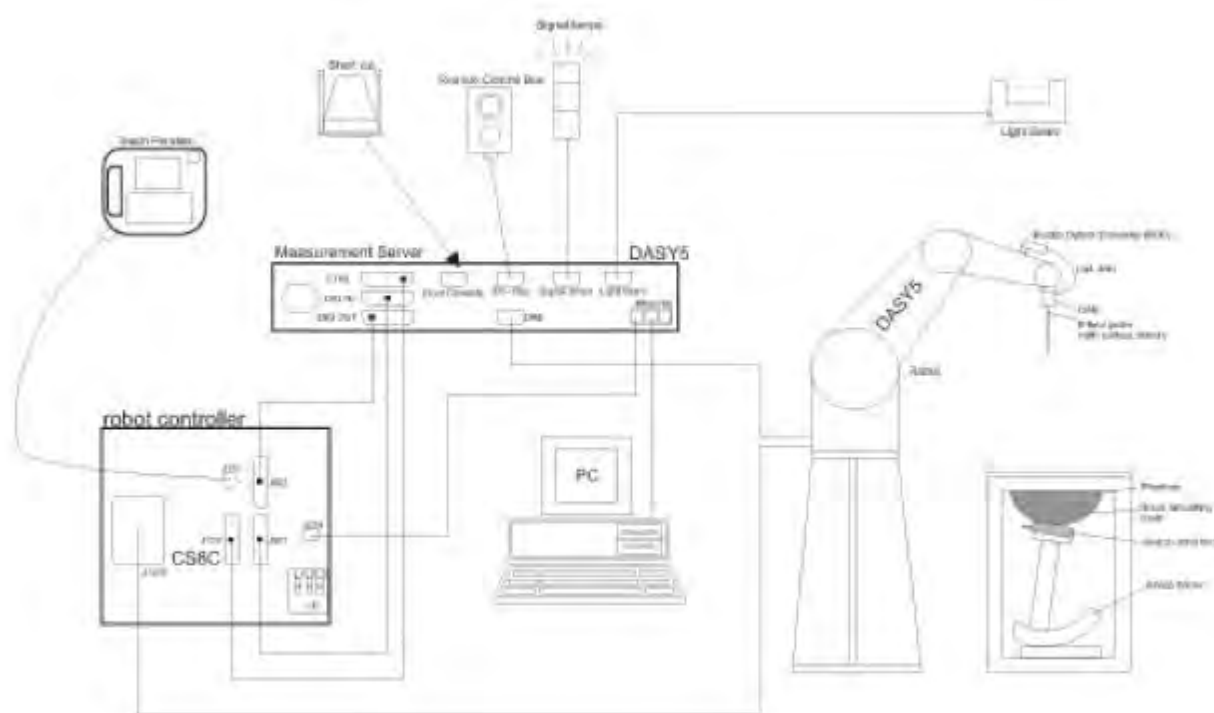
The DASY5 system for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:

A standard high precision 6-axis robot (Stabile RX family) with controller, teach pendant and software .An arm extension for accommodation the data acquisition electronics (DAE).

A dosimetric probe, i.e., an isotropic E-field probe optimized and calibrated for usage in tissue simulating liquid. The probe is equipped with an optical surface detector system.

A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.

The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion between optical and electrical of the signals for the digital communication to DAE and for the analog signal from the optical surface detection. The EOC is connected to the measurement server.



F-1. SAR Measurement System Configuration





- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- A probe alignment unit which improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer operating Windows 7.
- DASY5 software.
- Remote control with teach pendant and additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The SAM twin phantom enabling testing left-hand, right-hand and Body Worn usage.
- The device holder for handheld mobile phones.
- Tissue simulating liquid mixed according to the given recipes.
- Validation dipole kits allowing to validating the proper functioning of the system.





2.2. Isotropic E-field Probe EX3DV4

	Symmetrical design with triangular core Built-in shielding against static charges PEEK enclosure material (resistant to organic solvents, e.g., DGBE)
Calibration	ISO/IEC 17025 calibration service available.
Frequency	10 MHz to > 6 GHz Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Directivity	± 0.3 dB in TSL (rotation around probe axis) ± 0.5 dB in TSL (rotation normal to probe axis)
Dynamic Range	10 μ W/g to > 100 mW/g Linearity: ± 0.2 dB (noise: typically < 1 μ W/g)
Dimensions	Overall length: 337 mm (Tip: 20 mm) Tip diameter: 2.5 mm (Body: 12 mm) Typical distance from probe tip to dipole centers: 1 mm
Application	High precision dosimetric measurements in any exposure scenario (e.g., very strong gradient fields); the only probe that enables compliance testing for frequencies up to 6 GHz with precision of better 30%.
Compatibility	DASY3, DASY4, DASY52 SAR and higher, EASY4/MRI



2.3. Data Acquisition Electronics (DAE)

Model	DAE	
Construction	Signal amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converter and control logic. Serial optical link for communication with DASY4/5 embedded system (fully remote controlled). Two step probe touch detector for mechanical surface detection and emergency robot stop.	
Measurement Range	-100 to +300 mV (16 bit resolution and two range settings: 4mV, 400mV)	
Input Offset Voltage	< 5μV (with auto zero)	
Input Bias Current	< 50 f A	
Dimensions	60 x 60 x 68 mm	

2.4. SAM Twin Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)	
Shell Thickness	2 ± 0.2 mm (6 ± 0.2 mm at ear point)	
Dimensions (incl. Wooden Support)	Length: 1000 mm Width: 500 mm Height: adjustable feet	
Filling Volume	approx. 25 liters	
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table	

The shell corresponds to the specifications of the Specific Anthropomorphic Mannequin (SAM) phantom defined in IEEE 1528 and IEC 62209-1. It enables the dosimetric evaluation of left and right hand phone usage as well as body mounted usage at the flat phantom region. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow the complete setup of all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids by teaching three points with the robot.

Twin SAM V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as Twin SAM V4.0, but has reinforced top structure.



2.5. ELI Phantom

Material	Vinylester, glass fiber reinforced (VE-GF)	
Liquid Compatibility	Compatible with all SPEAG tissue simulating liquids (incl. DGBE type)	
Shell Thickness	2.0 ± 0.2 mm (bottom plate)	
Dimensions	Major axis: 600 mm Minor axis: 400 mm	
Filling Volume	approx. 30 liters	
Wooden Support	SPEAG standard phantom table	

Phantom for compliance testing of handheld and body-mounted wireless devices in the frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz. ELI is fully compatible with the IEC 62209-2 standard and all known tissue simulating liquids. ELI has been optimized regarding its performance and can be integrated into our standard phantom tables. A cover prevents evaporation of the liquid. Reference markings on the phantom allow installation of the complete setup, including all predefined phantom positions and measurement grids, by teaching three points. The phantom is compatible with all SPEAG dosimetric probes and dipoles.

ELI V5.0 has the same shell geometry and is manufactured from the same material as ELI4, but has reinforced top structure.



2.6. Device Holder for Transmitters



F-2. Device Holder for Transmitters

- The DASY device holder is designed to cope with different positions given in the standard. It has two scales for the device rotation (with respect to the body axis) and the device inclination (with respect to the line between the ear reference points). The rotation centres for both scales are the ear reference point (ERP). Thus the device needs no repositioning when changing the angles.
- The DASY device holder has been made out of low-loss POM material having the following dielectric parameters: relative permittivity $\epsilon=3$ and loss tangent $\delta=0.02$. The amount of dielectric material has been reduced in the closest vicinity of the device, since measurements have suggested that the influence of the clamp on the test results could thus be lowered.





2.7. Measurement procedure

2.7.1. Scanning procedure

Step 1: Power reference measurement

The “reference” and “drift” measurements are located at the beginning and end of the batch process. They measure the field drift at one single point in the liquid over the complete procedure.

Step 2: Area scan

The SAR distribution at the exposed side of the head was measured at a distance of 4mm from the inner surface of the shell. The area covered the entire dimension of the head and the horizontal grid spacing was 15mm*15mm or 12mm*12mm or 10mm*10mm. Based on the area scan data, the area of the maximum absorption was determined by spline interpolation.

Step 3: Zoom scan

Around this point, a volume of 32mm*32mm*30mm ($f \leq 2\text{GHz}$), 30mm*30mm*30mm (f for 2-3GHz) and 24mm*24mm*22mm (f for 5-6GHz) was assessed by measuring 5x5x7 points ($f \leq 2\text{GHz}$), 7x7x7 points (f for 2-3GHz) and 7x7x12 points (f for 5-6GHz). On this basis of this data set, the spatial peak SAR value was evaluated with the following procedure:

The data at the surface was extrapolated, since the centre of the dipoles is 2.0mm away from the tip of the probe and the distance between the surface and the lowest measuring point is 1.2mm. (This can be variable. Refer to the probe specification). The extrapolation was based on a least square algorithm. A polynomial of the fourth order was calculated through the points in z-axes. This polynomial was then used to evaluate the points between the surface and the probe tip. The maximum interpolated value was searched with a straight-forward algorithm. Around this maximum the SAR values averaged over the spatial volumes (1g or 10g) were computed using the 3D-Spline interpolation algorithm. The volume was integrated with the trapezoidal algorithm. One thousand points were interpolated to calculate the average. All neighbouring volumes were evaluated until no neighboring volume with a higher average value was found.

The area and zoom scan resolutions specified in the table below must be applied to the SAR measurements. Probe boundary effect error compensation is required for measurements with the probe tip closer than half a probe tip diameter to the phantom surface. Both the probe tip diameter and sensor offset distance must satisfy measurement protocols; to ensure probe boundary effect errors are minimized and the higher fields closest to the phantom surface can be correctly measured and extrapolated to the phantom surface for computing 1-g SAR. Tolerances of the post-processing algorithms must be verified by the test laboratory for the scan resolutions used in the SAR measurements, according to the reference distribution functions specified in IEEE Std. 1528-2013.



Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Add: 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China

Tel: +(86) 0755-82591330 | E-mail: webmaster@lcs-cert.com | Web: www.lcs-cert.com

Scan code to check authenticity



		≤ 3 GHz	> 3 GHz
Maximum distance from closest measurement point (geometric center of probe sensors) to phantom surface		5 ± 1 mm	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \delta \cdot \ln(2) \pm 0.5$ mm
Maximum probe angle from probe axis to phantom surface normal at the measurement location		$30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$	$20^\circ \pm 1^\circ$
Maximum area scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Area} , Δy_{Area}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 15 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 12 mm	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 12 mm 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 10 mm
		When the x or y dimension of the test device, in the measurement plane orientation, is smaller than the above, the measurement resolution must be $\leq$ the corresponding x or y dimension of the test device with at least one measurement point on the test device.	
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution: Δx_{Zoom} , Δy_{Zoom}		≤ 2 GHz: ≤ 8 mm 2 – 3 GHz: ≤ 5 mm*	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 5 mm* 4 – 6 GHz: ≤ 4 mm*
Maximum zoom scan spatial resolution, normal to phantom surface	uniform grid: $\Delta z_{Zoom}(n)$		3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 4 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
	graded grid	$\Delta z_{Zoom}(1)$: between 1 st two points closest to phantom surface	3 – 4 GHz: ≤ 3 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≤ 2.5 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≤ 2 mm
		$\Delta z_{Zoom}(n>1)$: between subsequent points	$\leq 1.5 \cdot \Delta z_{Zoom}(n-1)$
Minimum zoom scan volume	x, y, z		3 – 4 GHz: ≥ 28 mm 4 – 5 GHz: ≥ 25 mm 5 – 6 GHz: ≥ 22 mm

Step 4: Power reference measurement (drift)

The Power Drift Measurement job measures the field at the same location as the most recent power reference measurement job within the same procedure, and with the same settings. The indicated drift is mainly the variation of the DUT's output power and should vary max. $\pm 5\%$

2.7.2. Data Storage

The DASY software stores the acquired data from the data acquisition electronics as raw data (in microvolt readings from the probe sensors), together with all necessary software parameters for the data evaluation (probe calibration data, liquid parameters and device frequency and modulation data) in measurement files with the extension “.DAE4”. The software evaluates the desired unit and format for output each time the data is visualized or exported. This allows verification of the complete software setup even after the measurement and allows correction of incorrect parameter settings. For example, if a measurement has been performed with a wrong crest factor parameter in the device setup, the parameter can be corrected afterwards and the data can be re-evaluated. The measured data can be visualized or exported in different units or formats, depending on the selected probe type ([V/m], [A/m], [°C], [mW/g], [mW/cm²], [dBrel], etc.). Some of these units are not available in certain situations or show meaningless results, e.g., a SAR output in a lossless media will always be zero. Raw data can also be exported to perform the evaluation with other software packages.



2.7.3. Data Evaluation by SEMCAD

The SEMCAD software automatically executes the following procedures to calculate the field units from the microvolt readings at the probe connector. The parameters used in the evaluation are stored in the configuration modules of the software:

Probe parameters:	- Sensitivity	Normi, ai0, ai1, ai2
- Conversion factor	ConvFi	
- Diode compression point	Dcpi	
Device parameters:	- Frequency	f
- Crest factor	cf	
Media parameters:	- Conductivity	ϵ
- Density	ρ	

These parameters must be set correctly in the software. They can be found in the component documents or they can be imported into the software from the configuration files issued for the DASY components. In the direct measuring mode of the multimeter option, the parameters of the actual system setup are used. In the scan visualization and export modes, the parameters stored in the corresponding document files are used.

The first step of the evaluation is a linearization of the filtered input signal to account for the compression characteristics of the detector diode. The compensation depends on the input signal, the diode type and the DC-transmission factor from the diode to the evaluation electronics.

If the exciting field is pulsed, the crest factor of the signal must be known to correctly compensate for peak power. The formula for each channel can be given as:

$$V_i = U_i + U_i^2 \cdot cf / dcp_i$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

U_i = input signal of channel i (i = x, y, z)

cf = crest factor of exciting field (DASY parameter)

dcp i = diode compression point (DASY parameter)

From the compensated input signals the primary field data for each channel can be evaluated:

E-field probes:

$$E_i = (V_i / Norm_i \cdot ConvF)^{1/2}$$





H-field probes:

$$H_i = (V_i)^{1/2} \cdot (a_{i0} + a_{i1}f + a_{i2}f^2) / f$$

With V_i = compensated signal of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

Norm $_i$ = sensor sensitivity of channel i ($i = x, y, z$)

[mV/(V/m)²] for E-field Probes

ConvF = sensitivity enhancement in solution

a_{ij} = sensor sensitivity factors for H-field probes

f = carrier frequency [GHz]

E_i = electric field strength of channel i in V/m

H_i = magnetic field strength of channel i in A/m

The RSS value of the field components gives the total field strength (Hermitian magnitude):

$$E_{tot} = (E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2)^{1/2}$$

The primary field data are used to calculate the derived field units.

$$SAR = (E_{tot}^2 \cdot \sigma) / (\epsilon \cdot 1000)$$

with SAR = local specific absorption rate in mW/g

E_{tot} = total field strength in V/m

ζ = conductivity in [mho/m] or [Siemens/m]

ϵ = equivalent tissue density in g/cm³

Note that the density is normally set to 1 (or 1.06), to account for actual brain density rather than the density of the simulation liquid. The power flow density is calculated assuming the excitation field to be a free space field.

$$P_{pwe} = E_{tot}^2 / 3770 \quad \text{or} \quad P_{pwe} = H_{tot}^2 \cdot 37.7$$

with P_{pwe} = equivalent power density of a plane wave in mW/cm²

E_{tot} = total electric field strength in V/m

H_{tot} = total magnetic field strength in A/m



Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.

Add: 101, 201 Bldg A & 301 Bldg C, Juji Industrial Park Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, 518000, China

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3. SAR measurement variability and uncertainty

3.1. SAR measurement variability

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04, SAR measurement variability must be assessed for each frequency band, which is determined by the SAR probe calibration point and tissue-equivalent medium used for the device measurements. The additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is < 0.80 W/kg; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.

2) When the original highest measured SAR is ≥ 0.80 W/kg, repeat that measurement once.

3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is ≥ 1.45 W/kg ($\sim 10\%$ from the 1-g SAR limit).

4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is ≥ 1.5 W/kg and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

The same procedures should be adapted for measurements according to extremity and occupational exposure limits by applying a factor of 2.5 for extremity exposure and a factor of 5 for occupational exposure to the corresponding SAR thresholds.

3.2. SAR measurement uncertainty

Per KDB865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz, when the highest measured 1-g SAR within a frequency band is < 1.5 W/kg, the extensive SAR measurement uncertainty analysis described in IEEE Std 1528-2013 is not required in SAR reports submitted for equipment approval. The equivalent ratio (1.5/1.6) is applied to extremity and occupational exposure conditions.



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4. SAR System Verification Procedure

4.1. Tissue Simulate Liquid

4.1.1. Recipes for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The following tables give the recipes for tissue simulating liquids to be used in different frequency bands:

Ingredients (% by weight)	Frequency (MHz)				
	450	700-900	1750-2000	2300-2500	2500-2700
Water	38.56	40.30	55.24	55.00	54.92
Salt (NaCl)	3.95	1.38	0.31	0.2	0.23
Sucrose	56.32	57.90	0	0	0
HEC	0.98	0.24	0	0	0
Bactericide	0.19	0.18	0	0	0
Tween	0	0	44.45	44.80	44.85
Salt: 99% Pure Sodium Chloride Sucrose: 98% Pure Sucrose					
Water: De-ionized, 16 MΩ ⁺ resistivity HEC: Hydroxyethyl Cellulose					
Tween: Polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate					
HSL5GHz is composed of the following ingredients:					
Water: 50-65%					
Mineral oil: 10-30%					
Emulsifiers: 8-25%					
Sodium salt: 0-1.5%					

Table 1: Recipe of Tissue Simulate Liquid





4.1.2. Measurement for Tissue Simulate Liquid

The dielectric properties for this Tissue Simulate Liquids were measured by using the DAKS. The Conductivity (ζ) and Permittivity (ρ) are listed in bellow table. For the SAR measurement given in this report. The temperature variation of the Tissue Simulate Liquids was $22\pm2^{\circ}\text{C}$.

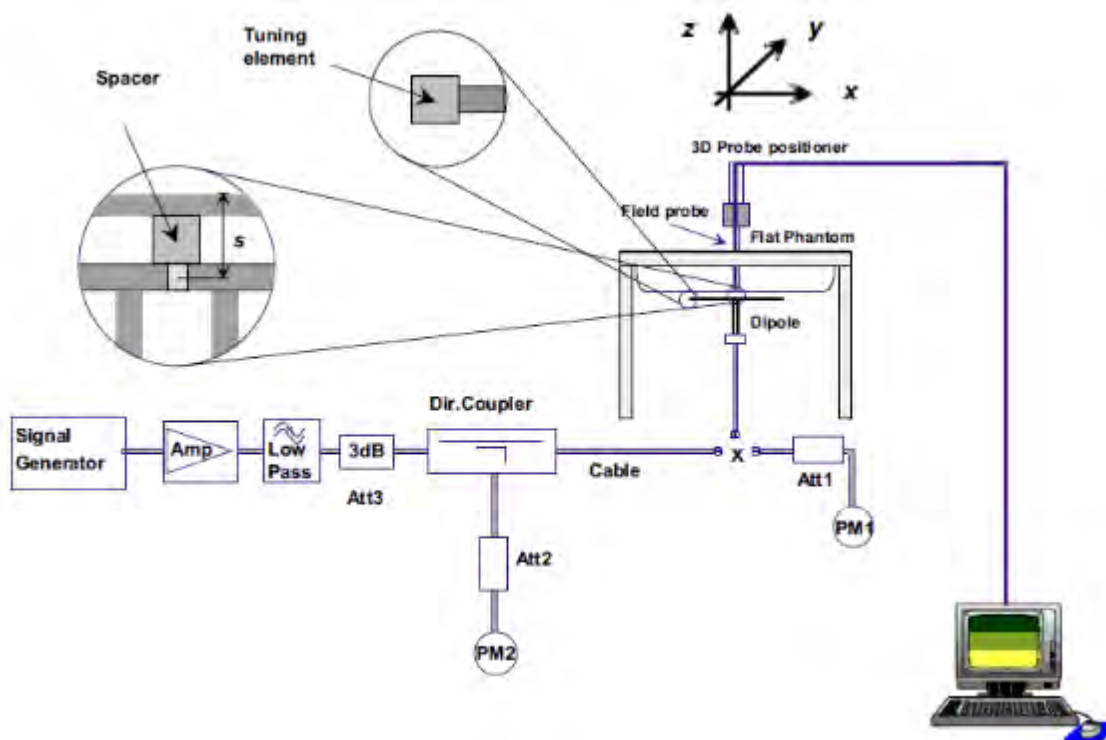
Tissue Type	Measured Frequency (MHz)	Target Tissue ($\pm 5\%$)		Measured Tissue		Liquid Temp. ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)	Measured Date
		ϵ_r	$\sigma(\text{S/m})$	ϵ_r	$\sigma(\text{S/m})$		
2450 Head	2450	39.2 (37.24~41.16)	1.8 (1.71~1.89)	38.452	1.841	23.1	May 22, 2024
5250 Head	5250	36.0 (34.20~37.80)	4.66 (4.43~4.89)	36.541	4.521	22.3	May 30, 2024

Table 2: Measurement result of Tissue electric parameters



4.2. SAR System Check

The microwave circuit arrangement for system Check is sketched in F-1. The daily system accuracy verification occurs within the flat section of the SAM phantom. A SAR measurement was performed to see if the measured SAR was within $\pm 10\%$ from the target SAR values. The tests were conducted on the same days as the measurement of the EUT. The obtained results from the system accuracy verification are displayed in the following table (A power level of 250mW (below 3GHz) or 100mW (3-6GHz) was input to the dipole antenna). During the tests, the ambient temperature of the laboratory was in the range $22 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$, the relative humidity was in the range 60% and the liquid depth above the ear reference points was above 15 ± 0.5 cm in all the cases. It is seen that the system is operating within its specification, as the results are within acceptable tolerance of the reference values.



F-1. the microwave circuit arrangement used for SAR system check

4.2.1. Justification for Extended SAR Dipole Calibrations

1) Referring to KDB865664, D01 requirements for dipole calibration, instead of the typical annual calibration recommended by measurement standards, longer calibration intervals of up to three years may be considered when it is demonstrated that the SAR target, impedance and return loss of a dipole have remain stable according to the following requirements. Each measured dipole is expected to evaluate with the following criteria at least on annual interval in Appendix C.

- There is no physical damage on the dipole;
- System check with specific dipole is within 10% of calibrated value;
- Return-loss is within 20% of calibrated measurement;
- Impedance is within 5Ω from the previous measurement.

2) Network analyzer probe calibration against air, distilled water and a shorting block performed before measuring liquid parameters.





4.2.2. Summary System Check Result(s)

Validation Kit		Measured SAR 250mW	Measure d SAR 250mW	Measured SAR	Measured SAR	Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Date
				(normalize d to 1W)	(normalized to 1W)				
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)		
D2450V2	Head	12.70	5.81	50.80	23.24	53.5 (48.15~58.85)	24.8 (22.32~27.28)	23.1	May 22, 2024
Validation Kit		Measured SAR 100mW	Measure d SAR 100mW	Measured SAR	Measured SAR	Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Target SAR (normalized to 1W) (±10%)	Liquid Temp. (°C)	Measured Date
				(normalized to 1W)	(normalized to 1W)				
		1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1g (W/kg)	10g (W/kg)	1-g(W/kg)	10-g(W/kg)		
D5GHzV2	Head (5.25GHz)	8.12	2.42	81.20	24.20	78.1 (70.29~85.91)	22.2 (19.98~24.42)	22.3	May 30, 2024

Table 3: Please see the Appendix A





5. SAR measurement procedure

The measurement procedures are as follows:

5.1. Conducted power measurement

- For WLAN/BT power measurement, use engineering software to configure EUT WLAN/BT continuously Transmission, at maximum RF power in each supported wireless interface and frequency band.
- Connect EUT RF port through RF cable to the power meter, and measure WLAN/BT output power.

5.2. Power Reduction

The product without any power reduction.

5.3. Power Drift

To control the output power stability during the SAR test, SAR system calculates the power drift by measuring the E-field at the same location at the beginning and at the end of the measurement for each test position. This ensures that the power drift during one measurement is within $\pm 0.2\text{dB}$.





6. TEST CONDITIONS AND RESULTS

6.1. Conducted Power Results

According KDB 447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance v06 Section 4.1 2) states that “Unless it is specified differently in the published RF exposure KDB procedures, these requirements also apply to test reduction and test exclusion considerations. Time-averaged maximum conducted output power applies to SAR and, as required by § 2.1091(c), time-averaged ERP applies to MPE. When an antenna port is not available on the device to support conducted power measurement, such as FRS and certain Part 15 transmitters with built-in integral antennas, the maximum output power allowed for production units should be used to determine RF exposure test exclusion and compliance.”

6.1.1. Conducted Power Measurement Results(WIFI2.4G)

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Tune Up (dBm)
NVNT	b	2412	Ant	15.9	16.00
NVNT	b	2437	Ant	15.04	16.00
NVNT	b	2462	Ant	14.73	15.00
NVNT	g	2412	Ant	14.11	15.00
NVNT	g	2437	Ant	14.56	15.00
NVNT	g	2462	Ant	14.32	15.00
NVNT	n20	2412	Ant	13.21	14.00
NVNT	n20	2437	Ant	13.31	14.00
NVNT	n20	2462	Ant	13.78	14.00
NVNT	n40	2422	Ant	12.89	13.00
NVNT	n40	2437	Ant	12.9	13.00
NVNT	n40	2452	Ant	12.21	13.00

Note:

a) Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.

b) Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.

1) When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.

2) When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.

c) For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 2.4G (802.11b): Duty cycle=99.16%

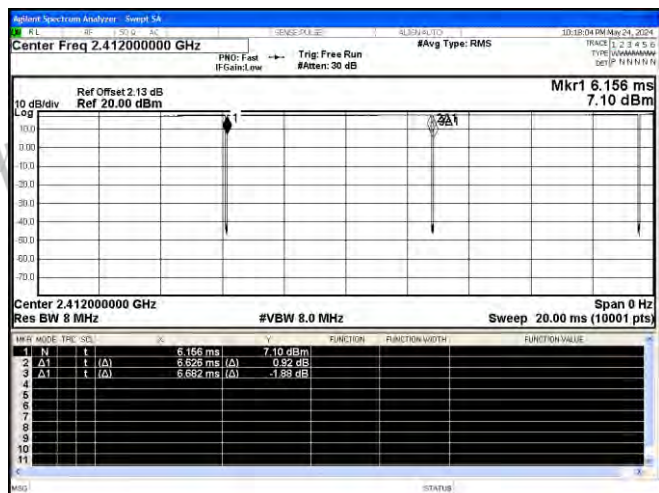


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6.1.2. Conducted Power Measurement Results(WIFI5.2G)

Condition	Mode	Frequency (MHz)	Antenna	Conducted Power (dBm)	Duty Factor (dB)	Total Power (dBm)	Tune Up (dBm)
NVNT	a	5180	Ant	12.08	0.24	12.32	13.00
NVNT	a	5200	Ant	12.24	0.24	12.48	13.00
NVNT	a	5240	Ant	12.91	0.24	13.15	14.00
NVNT	n20	5180	Ant	11.13	0.28	11.41	12.00
NVNT	n20	5200	Ant	11.45	0.28	11.73	12.00
NVNT	n20	5240	Ant	11.83	0.28	12.11	13.00
NVNT	n40	5190	Ant	10.35	0.45	10.8	11.00
NVNT	n40	5230	Ant	10.7	0.45	11.15	12.00
NVNT	ac20	5180	Ant	11.54	0.28	11.82	12.00
NVNT	ac20	5200	Ant	11.48	0.28	11.76	12.00
NVNT	ac20	5240	Ant	11.24	0.28	11.52	12.00
NVNT	ac40	5190	Ant	10.38	0.45	10.83	11.00
NVNT	ac40	5230	Ant	10.16	0.45	10.61	11.00
NVNT	ac80	5210	Ant	9.31	0.6	9.91	10.00

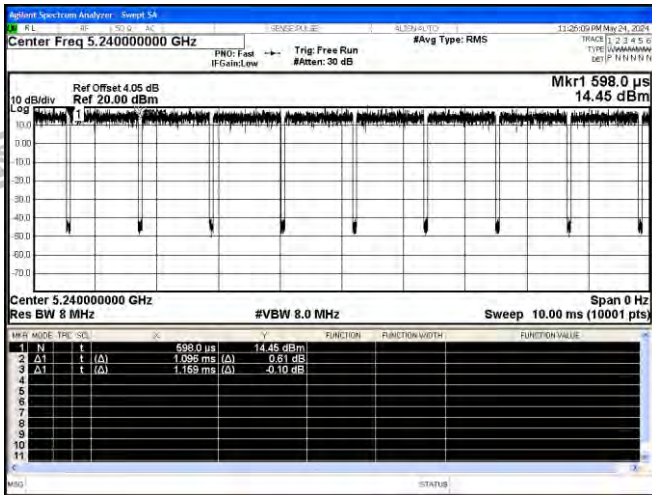
Note:

- Power must be measured at each transmit antenna port according to the DSSS and OFDM transmission configurations in each standalone and aggregated frequency band.
- Power measurement is required for the transmission mode configuration with the highest maximum output power specified for production units.
 - When the same highest maximum output power specification applies to multiple transmission modes, the largest channel bandwidth configuration with the lowest order modulation and lowest data rate is measured.
 - When the same highest maximum output power is specified for multiple largest channel bandwidth configurations with the same lowest order modulation or lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, power measurement is required for all equivalent 802.11 configurations with the same maximum output power.
- For each transmission mode configuration, power must be measured for the highest and lowest channels; and at the mid-band channel(s) when there are at least 3 channels. For configurations with multiple mid-band channels, due to an even number of channels, both channels should be measured.

WIFI 5.2G (802.11a):

Duty cycle= 94.56%





6.2. Stand-alone SAR test evaluation

Test Mode	Channel Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (dBuV/m@3m)	Max Output Power(mW)	Calculate on Value(Note)
NFC	13.56	37.21	0.000002	0.00000004

Note:

1. Calculate the SAR test to eliminate thresholds from chapter 2 conditions "3" formula
2. Field Strength (dBuV/m@3m) = Field Strength (dBuV/m@30m) + 40 * log(30/3)
3. Max Power (dBm) = Field Strength of Fundamental (dBuV/m@3m) - 95.26
4. Max Power (mW) = $10^{(\text{Max power (dBm)} / 10)}$

Since Source-base time average power is below SAR test exclusion power thresholds, the SAR evaluation is not required.





6.3. SAR Measurement Results

The calculated SAR is obtained by the following formula:

$$\text{Reported SAR} = \text{Measured SAR} * 10^{(P_{\text{target}} - P_{\text{measured}})/10}$$

$$\text{Scaling factor} = 10^{(P_{\text{target}} - P_{\text{measured}})/10}$$

$$\text{Reported SAR} = \text{Measured SAR} * \text{Scaling factor}$$

Where

P_{target} is the power of manufacturing upper limit;

P_{measured} is the measured power;

Measured SAR is measured SAR at measured power which including power drift)

Reported SAR which including Power Drift and Scaling factor

6.3.1. SAR Results [WIFI 2.4G]

SAR Values [WIFI 2.4G]									
Ch/ Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Duty Cycle Factor	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	PowerDrift (dB)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)	
								Measured	Reported
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)									
1/2412	802.11b	Front side	1.008	15.90	16.00	0.018	1.023	0.045	0.046
1/2412	802.11b	Rear side	1.008	15.90	16.00	-0.14	1.023	0.039	0.040
1/2412	802.11b	Left side	1.008	15.90	16.00	0.11	1.023	0.011	0.011
1/2412	802.11b	Right side	1.008	15.90	16.00	-0.19	1.023	0.029	0.030
1/2412	802.11b	Top side	1.008	15.90	16.00	0.11	1.023	0.161	0.166
1/2412	802.11b	Bottom side	1.008	15.90	16.00	0.2	1.023	0.087	0.090

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required.
- 3) When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.





6.3.2. SAR Results [WIFI 5.2G]

SAR Values [WIFI 5.2G]									
Ch/ Freq. (MHz)	Channel Type	Test Position	Duty Cycle Factor	Conducted Power (dBm)	Maximum Allowed Power (dBm)	PowerDrift (dB)	Scaling Factor	SAR _{1-g} results(W/kg)	
								Measured	Reported
measured / reported SAR numbers - Body (distance 0mm)									
48/5240	802.11a	Front side	1.058	13.15	14.00	-0.17	1.216	0.021	0.027
48/5240	802.11a	Rear side	1.058	13.15	14.00	0.08	1.216	0.015	0.019
48/5240	802.11a	Left side	1.058	13.15	14.00	-0.02	1.216	0.005	0.006
48/5240	802.12a	Right side	1.058	13.15	14.00	-0.13	1.216	0.014	0.018
48/5240	802.13a	Top side	1.058	13.15	14.00	0.18	1.216	0.078	0.100
48/5240	802.14a	Bottom side	1.058	13.15	14.00	0.06	1.216	0.045	0.058

Note:

- 1) The maximum Scaled SAR value is marked in bold. Graph results refer to Appendix B.
- 2) When the highest reported SAR for the initial test configuration is adjusted by the ratio of the subsequent test configuration to initial test configuration specified maximum output power and the adjusted SAR is ≤ 1.2 W/kg, SAR test for the other 802.11 modes are not required
- 3) When multiple transmission modes (802.11a/g/n/ac) have the same specified maximum output power, largest channel bandwidth, lowest order modulation and lowest data rate, the lowest order 802.11 mode is selected; i.e., 802.11a is chosen over 802.11n then 802.11ac or 802.11g is chosen over 802.11n.





6.4. Multiple Transmitter Evaluation

6.4.1. Simultaneous SAR test evaluation

NO.	Simultaneous Tx Combination	Body
1	WIFI2.4G+ NFC	Yes
2	WIFI5.2G+ NFC	Yes

Note:

- 1) The device does not support DTM function.

6.4.2. Estimated SAR

When the standalone SAR test exclusion is applied to an antenna that transmits simultaneously with other antennas, the standalone SAR must be estimated according to the following to determine simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion:

• $(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW}) / (\text{min. test separation distance, mm}) \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} / x] \text{ W/kg}$ for test separation distances $\leq 50 \text{ mm}$;

Where $x = 7.5$ for 1-g SAR, and $x = 18.75$ for 10-g SAR.

When the minimum test separation distance is $< 5 \text{ mm}$, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

Estimated SAR Result

Freq. Band	Frequency (GHz)	max. power (dBm)	max. power (mw)	Test Separation (mm)	Estimated
					1g SAR (W/kg)
NFC	13.56	-58.05	0.000002	5	0.00000007

6.4.3. Simultaneous Transmission SAR Summation Scenario

Test position		Antenna SARmax (W/kg)			Summed 1g SARmax (W/kg)	
		1	2	3	1+3	2+3
		WIFI2.4G	WIFI5.2G	NFC		
Body	Front side	0.046	0.027	0.00000007	0.046	0.027
	Rear side	0.040	0.019	0.00000007	0.040	0.019
	Left side	0.011	0.006	0.00000007	0.011	0.006
	Right side	0.030	0.018	0.00000007	0.030	0.018
	Top side	0.166	0.100	0.00000007	0.166	0.100
	Bottom side	0.090	0.058	0.00000007	0.090	0.058





APPENDIX A: DETAILED SYSTEM CHECK RESULTS

1. System Performance Check
System Performance Check 2450 MHz Head
System Performance Check 5250 MHz Head





Date: 2024/5/22

Test Laboratory: LCS-SAR Lab

System Check_2450Mhz**DUT: D2450V2; Type: D2450V2; Serial: 808**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 2450 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.841$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 38.452$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3805; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 2023/11/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn373; Calibrated: 2024/1/3
- Phantom: SAM v5.0; Type: SAM; Serial: 1850
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (4x8x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 17.1 W/kg

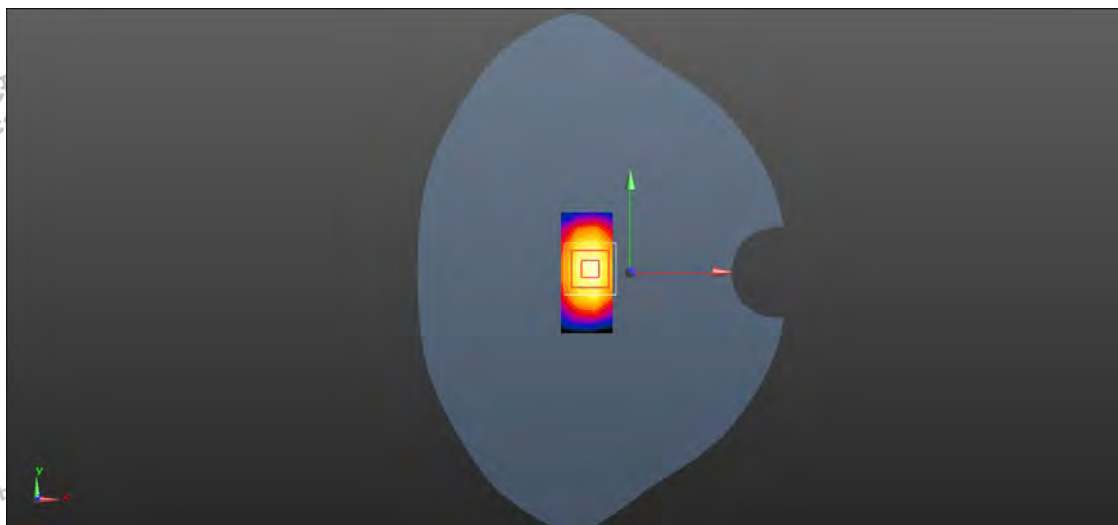
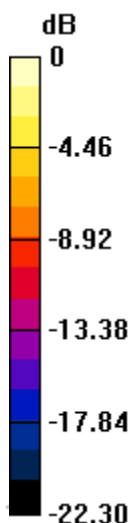
Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 88.94 V/m; Power Drift = -0.10 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 26.3 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 12.7 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 5.81 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.5 W/kg



0 dB = 19.5 W/kg = 12.90 dBW/kg





Date: 2024/5/30

Test Laboratory: LCS-SAR Lab

System Check_5250Mhz**DUT: D5GHzV2; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: 1046**

Communication System: UID 0, CW (0); Frequency: 5250 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1

Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.521$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.541$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3805; ConvF(5.38, 5.38, 5.38); Calibrated: 2023/11/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn373; Calibrated: 2024/1/3
- Phantom: SAM v5.0; Type: SAM; Serial: 1850
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (5x5x1): Measurement grid: dx=10mm, dy=10mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.8 W/kg

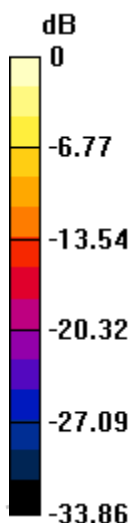
Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 67.92 V/m; Power Drift = 0.17 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 33.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.12 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.42 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 21.7 W/kg



0 dB = 21.7 W/kg = 13.36 dBW/kg



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APPENDIX B: DETAILED TEST RESULTS

1. WIFI
2.4GWIFI for Body
5.2GWIFI for Body





Date: 2024/5/22

Test Laboratory: LCS-SAR Lab

WIFI 2.4G 802.11b 1CH Body Top side 0mm**DUT: Body Camera; Type: WM-10; Serial: A240517068-1**

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 2.4GHz (0); Frequency: 2412 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.008

Medium parameters used: $f = 2412$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.752$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.627$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3805; ConvF(7.42, 7.42, 7.42); Calibrated: 2023/11/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn373; Calibrated: 2024/1/3
- Phantom: SAM v5.0; Type: SAM; Serial: 1850
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.249 W/kg

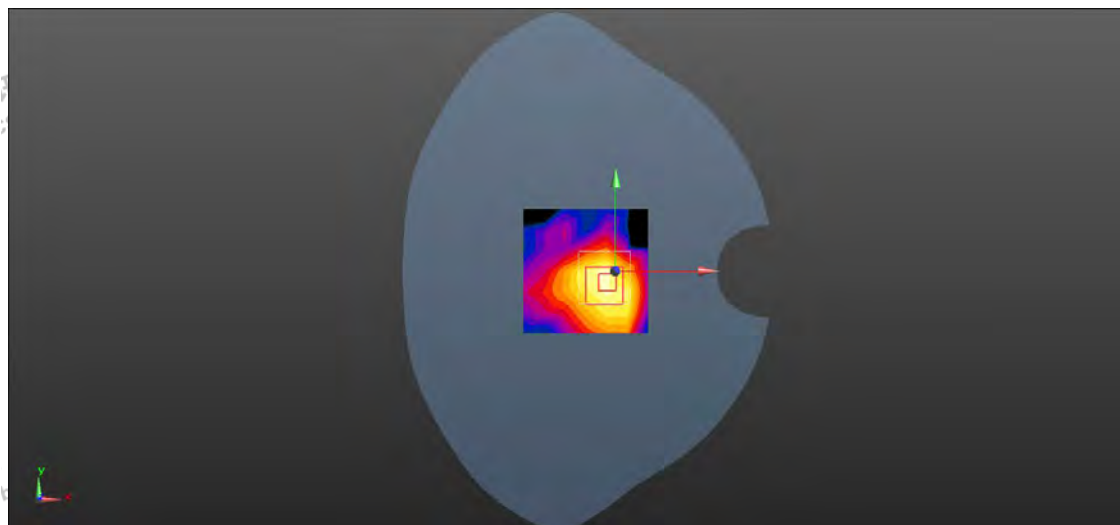
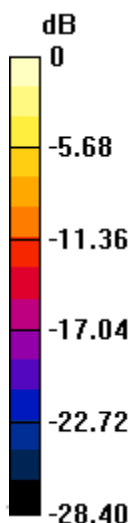
Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 1.502 V/m; Power Drift = 0.11 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.374 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.161 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.069 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.263 W/kg



0 dB = 0.263 W/kg = -5.80 dBW/kg



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Date: 2024/5/30

Test Laboratory: LCS-SAR Lab

WIFI 5.2G 802.11a 48CH Body Top 0mm**DUT: Body Camera; Type: WM-10; Serial: A240517068-1**

Communication System: UID 0, WIFI 5GHz (0); Frequency: 5240 MHz; Duty Cycle: 1:1.058

Medium parameters used: $f = 5240$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.652$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 36.16$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Flat Section

DASY Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3805; ConvF(5.38, 5.38, 5.38); Calibrated: 2023/11/23;
- Sensor-Surface: 2mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE3 Sn373; Calibrated: 2024/1/3
- Phantom: SAM v5.0; Type: SAM; Serial: 1850
- DASY52 52.8.8(1222); SEMCAD X 14.6.10(7331)

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Area Scan (7x7x1): Measurement grid: dx=12mm, dy=12mm

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.111 W/kg

Configuration/Unnamed procedure/Zoom Scan (7x7x12)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm,

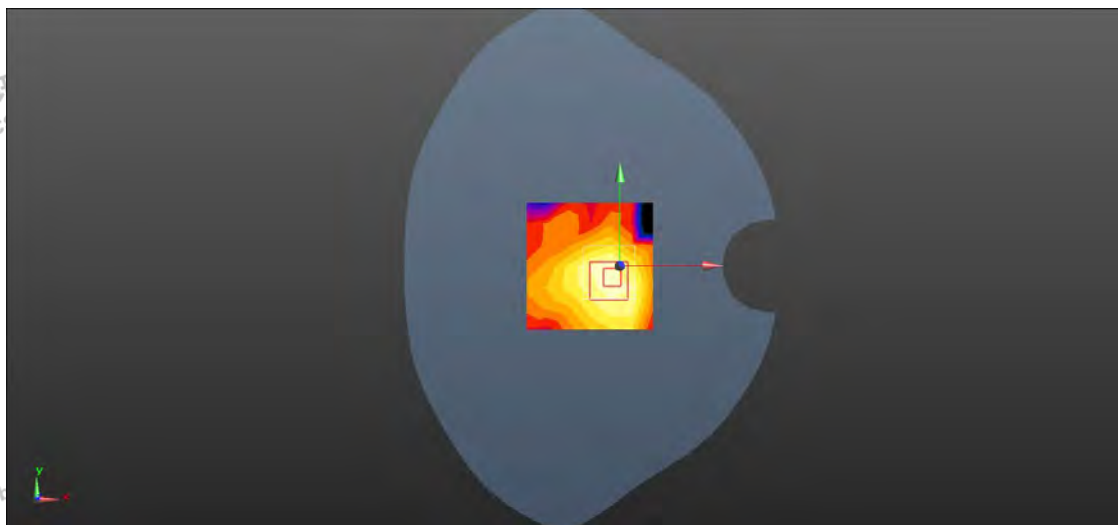
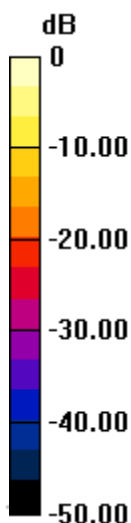
dy=4mm, dz=2mm

Reference Value = 0.6720 V/m; Power Drift = 0.18 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 0.177 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 0.078 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 0.036 W/kg

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 0.121 W/kg



0 dB = 0.121 W/kg = -9.17 dBW/kg



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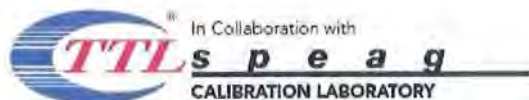
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APPENDIX C: CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

1. Dipole
D2450V2-SN 808(2023-10-23)
D5GHzV2-SN 1046(2023-10-23)
2. DAE
DAE3-SN 373(2024-01-03)
3. Probe
EX3DV4-SN 3805(2023-11-23)





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Client **SHENZHEN LCS**

Certificate No: **23J02Z80105**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **D2450V2 - SN: 808**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-003-01**
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: **October 23, 2023**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	15-May-23 (CTTL, No.J23X04183)	May-24
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	15-May-23 (CTTL, No.J23X04183)	May-24
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Mar-23(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z23-60161)	Mar-24
DAE4	SN 1556	11-Jan-23(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z23-60034)	Jan-24
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	05-Jan-23 (CTTL, No. J23X00107)	Jan-24
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Jan-23 (CTTL, No. J23X00104)	Jan-24

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: October 31, 2023

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Certificate No: 23J02Z80105

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for The Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-mounted Wireless Communication Devices- Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.



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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy, dz = 5 mm	
Frequency	2450 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	39.2	1.80 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	39.6 $\pm$ 6 %	1.81 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	---	---

SAR result with Head TSL

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	13.4 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	53.5 W/kg $\pm$ 18.8 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	250 mW input power	6.21 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	24.8 W/kg $\pm$ 18.7 % (k=2)





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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL

Impedance, transformed to feed point	51.4Ω+ 4.73jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.3dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.061 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feed-point can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.
No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feed-point may be damaged.

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Additional EUT Data

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 2023-10-23

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 2450 MHz; Type: D2450V2; Serial: D2450V2 - SN: 808

Communication System: UID 0, CW; Frequency: 2450 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 2450$ MHz; $\sigma = 1.813$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 39.57$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(7.68, 7.68, 7.68) @ 2450 MHz; Calibrated: 2023-03-31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2023-01-11
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration/Zoom Scan (7x7x7) (7x7x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=5mm, dy=5mm, dz=5mm

Reference Value = 97.77 V/m; Power Drift = -0.01 dB

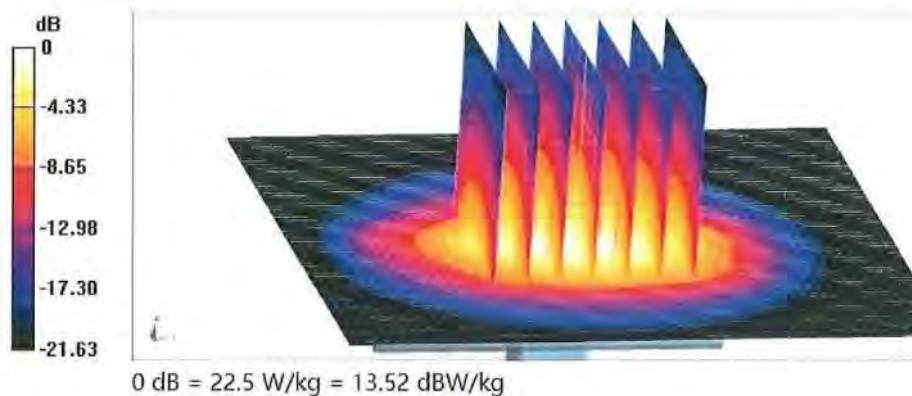
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 27.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 13.4 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 6.21 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 8.9 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 48.9%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 22.5 W/kg



Certificate No: 23J02Z80105

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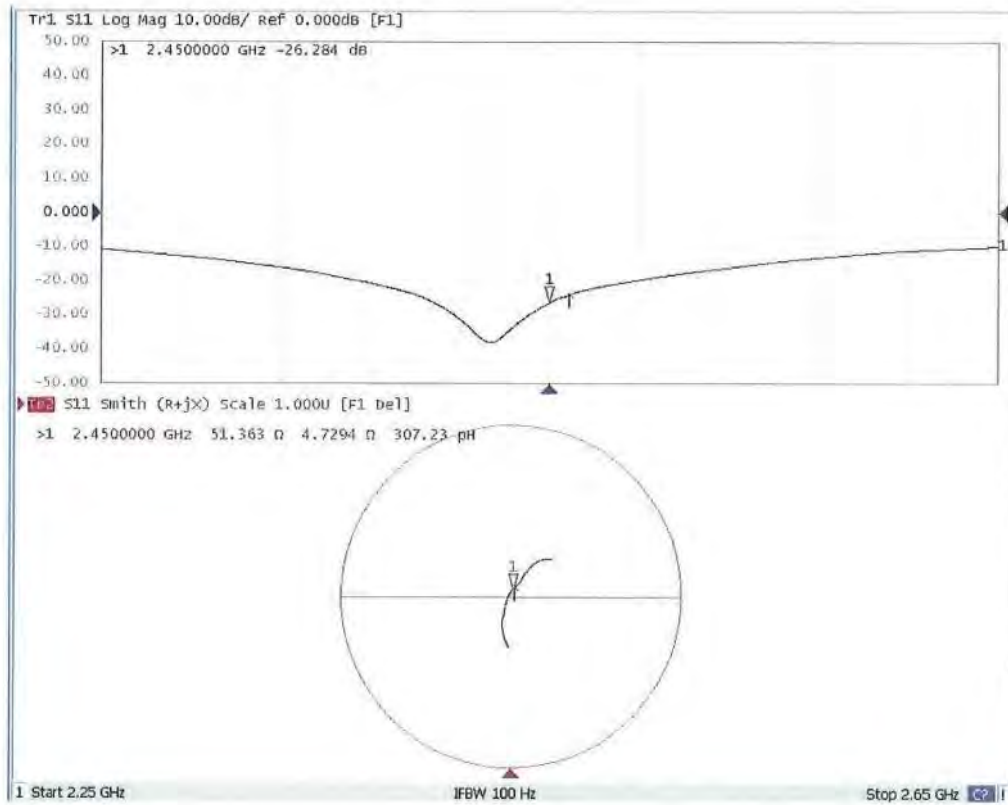
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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL



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Certificate No: 23J02Z80106

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object D5GHzV2 - SN: 1046

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-003-01
Calibration Procedures for dipole validation kits

Calibration date: October 23, 2023

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements (SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature (22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	106276	15-May-23 (CTTL, No.J23X04183)	May-24
Power sensor NRP6A	101369	15-May-23 (CTTL, No.J23X04183)	May-24
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3617	31-Mar-23(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z23-60161)	Mar-24
DAE4	SN 1556	11-Jan-23(CTTL-SPEAG,No.Z23-60034)	Jan-24
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date (Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Signal Generator E4438C	MY49071430	05-Jan-23 (CTTL, No. J23X00107)	Jan-24
NetworkAnalyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Jan-23 (CTTL, No. J23X00104)	Jan-24

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Zhao Jing	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: October 31, 2023

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
N/A	not applicable or not measured

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEC/IEEE 62209-1528, "Measurement Procedure for The Assessment of Specific Absorption Rate of Human Exposure to Radio Frequency Fields from Hand-held and Body-mounted Wireless Communication Devices- Part 1528: Human Models, Instrumentation and Procedures (Frequency range of 4 MHz to 10 GHz)", October 2020
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Additional Documentation:

- DASY4/5 System Handbook

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- Measurement Conditions:** Further details are available from the Validation Report at the end of the certificate. All figures stated in the certificate are valid at the frequency indicated.
- Antenna Parameters with TSL:** The dipole is mounted with the spacer to position its feed point exactly below the center marking of the flat phantom section, with the arms oriented parallel to the body axis.
- Feed Point Impedance and Return Loss:** These parameters are measured with the dipole positioned under the liquid filled phantom. The impedance stated is transformed from the measurement at the SMA connector to the feed point. The Return Loss ensures low reflected power. No uncertainty required.
- Electrical Delay:** One-way delay between the SMA connector and the antenna feed point. No uncertainty required.
- SAR measured:** SAR measured at the stated antenna input power.
- SAR normalized:** SAR as measured, normalized to an input power of 1 W at the antenna connector.
- SAR for nominal TSL parameters:** The measured TSL parameters are used to calculate the nominal SAR result.

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.





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Measurement Conditions

DASY system configuration, as far as not given on page 1.

DASY Version	DASY52	52.10.4
Extrapolation	Advanced Extrapolation	
Phantom	Triple Flat Phantom 5.1C	
Distance Dipole Center - TSL	10 mm	with Spacer
Zoom Scan Resolution	dx, dy = 4 mm, dz = 1.4 mm	Graded Ratio = 1.4 (Z direction)
Frequency	5250 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5600 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz 5750 MHz $\pm$ 1 MHz	

Head TSL parameters at 5250MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.9	4.71 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 $\pm$ 0.2) °C	35.7 $\pm$ 6 %	4.75 mho/m $\pm$ 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5250MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.82 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	78.1 W/kg $\pm$ 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.22 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	22.2 W/kg $\pm$ 24.2 % (k=2)





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Head TSL parameters at 5600MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.5	5.07 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	35.1 ± 6 %	5.14 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5600MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	8.20 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	81.9 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.31 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	23.1 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)

Head TSL parameters at 5750MHz

The following parameters and calculations were applied.

	Temperature	Permittivity	Conductivity
Nominal Head TSL parameters	22.0 °C	35.4	5.22 mho/m
Measured Head TSL parameters	(22.0 ± 0.2) °C	34.9 ± 6 %	5.30 mho/m ± 6 %
Head TSL temperature change during test	<1.0 °C	----	----

SAR result with Head TSL at 5750MHz

SAR averaged over 1 cm ³ (1 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	7.76 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	77.4 W/kg ± 24.4 % (k=2)
SAR averaged over 10 cm ³ (10 g) of Head TSL	Condition	
SAR measured	100 mW input power	2.17 W/kg
SAR for nominal Head TSL parameters	normalized to 1W	21.6 W/kg ± 24.2 % (k=2)





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Appendix (Additional assessments outside the scope of CNAS L0570)

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5250MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	49.9Ω- 3.71jΩ
Return Loss	- 28.6dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5600MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	55.3Ω+ 0.26jΩ
Return Loss	- 25.9dB

Antenna Parameters with Head TSL at 5750MHz

Impedance, transformed to feed point	54.6Ω+ 1.18jΩ
Return Loss	- 26.8dB

General Antenna Parameters and Design

Electrical Delay (one direction)	1.105 ns
----------------------------------	----------

After long term use with 100W radiated power, only a slight warming of the dipole near the feed-point can be measured.

The dipole is made of standard semirigid coaxial cable. The center conductor of the feeding line is directly connected to the second arm of the dipole. The antenna is therefore short-circuited for DC-signals. On some of the dipoles, small end caps are added to the dipole arms in order to improve matching when loaded according to the position as explained in the "Measurement Conditions" paragraph. The SAR data are not affected by this change. The overall dipole length is still according to the Standard.

No excessive force must be applied to the dipole arms, because they might bend or the soldered connections near the feed-point may be damaged.

Additional EUT Data

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DASY5 Validation Report for Head TSL

Date: 2023-10-23

Test Laboratory: CTTL, Beijing, China

DUT: Dipole 5GHz; Type: D5GHzV2; Serial: D5GHzV2 - SN: 1046

Communication System: CW; Frequency: 5250 MHz, Frequency: 5600 MHz,
Frequency: 5750 MHz

Medium parameters used: $f = 5250$ MHz; $\sigma = 4.752$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.73$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Medium parameters used: $f = 5600$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.135$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 35.13$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Medium parameters used: $f = 5750$ MHz; $\sigma = 5.301$ S/m; $\epsilon_r = 34.91$; $\rho = 1000$ kg/m³

Phantom section: Right Section

Measurement Standard: DASY5 (IEEE/IEC/ANSI C63.19-2007)

DASY5 Configuration:

- Probe: EX3DV4 - SN3617; ConvF(5.5, 5.5, 5.5) @ 5250 MHz; ConvF(5.01, 5.01, 5.01) @ 5600 MHz; ConvF(5.15, 5.15, 5.15) @ 5750 MHz; Calibrated: 2023-03-31
- Sensor-Surface: 1.4mm (Mechanical Surface Detection)
- Electronics: DAE4 Sn1556; Calibrated: 2023-01-11
- Phantom: MFP_V5.1C (20deg probe tilt); Type: QD 000 P51 Cx; Serial: 1062
- DASY52 52.10.4(1535); SEMCAD X 14.6.14(7501)

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5250 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 66.26 V/m; Power Drift = 0.07 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 31.8 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 7.82 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.22 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 65.1%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 18.4 W/kg

Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5600 MHz/Zoom Scan,

dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm

Reference Value = 68.69 V/m; Power Drift = -0.03 dB

Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.7 W/kg

SAR(1 g) = 8.2 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.31 W/kg

Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm

Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 62%

Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 20.1 W/kg

Certificate No: 23J02Z80106

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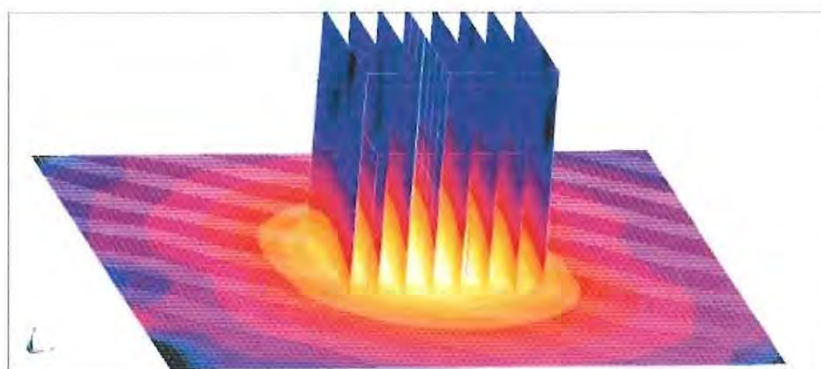
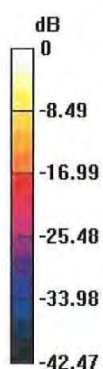
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Dipole Calibration /Pin=100mW, d=10mm, f=5750 MHz/Zoom Scan,
dist=1.4mm (8x8x7)/Cube 0: Measurement grid: dx=4mm, dy=4mm, dz=1.4mm
Reference Value = 69.29 V/m; Power Drift = -0.04 dB
Peak SAR (extrapolated) = 36.1 W/kg
SAR(1 g) = 7.76 W/kg; SAR(10 g) = 2.17 W/kg
Smallest distance from peaks to all points 3 dB below = 7.4 mm
Ratio of SAR at M2 to SAR at M1 = 60.8%
Maximum value of SAR (measured) = 19.3 W/kg



0 dB = 19.3 W/kg = 12.86 dBW/kg



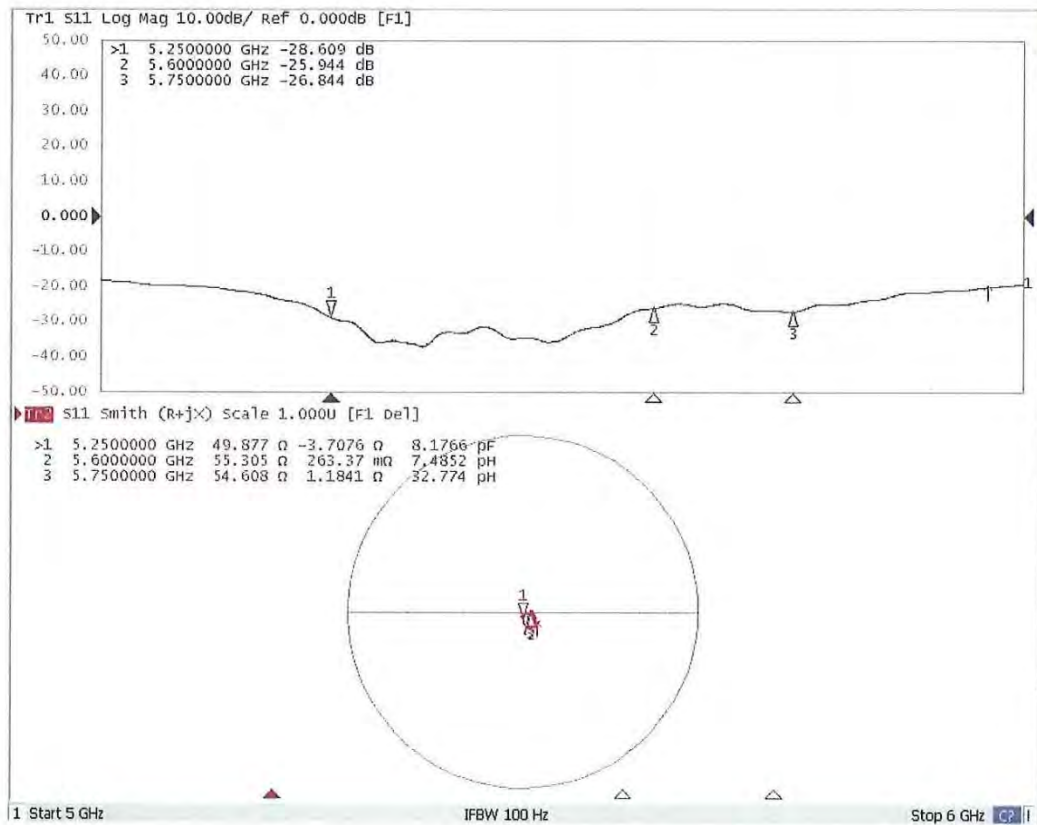


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Impedance Measurement Plot for Head TSL





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CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object DAE3 - SN: 373

Calibration Procedure(s) FF-Z11-002-01
Calibration Procedure for the Data Acquisition Electronics (DAEx)

Calibration date: January 03, 2024

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Process Calibrator 753	1971018	12-Jun-23 (CTTL, No.J23X05436)	Jun-24

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Jun	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: January 04, 2024

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Glossary:

DAE data acquisition electronics
Connector angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system.

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- *DC Voltage Measurement:* Calibration Factor assessed for use in DASY system by comparison with a calibrated instrument traceable to national standards. The figure given corresponds to the full scale range of the voltmeter in the respective range.
- *Connector angle:* The angle of the connector is assessed measuring the angle mechanically by a tool inserted. Uncertainty is not required.
- The report provide only calibration results for DAE, it does not contain other performance test results.

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DC Voltage Measurement

A/D - Converter Resolution nominal

High Range: 1LSB = 6.1μV, full range = -100...+300 mV

Low Range: 1LSB = 61nV, full range = -1.....+3mV

DASY measurement parameters: Auto Zero Time: 3 sec; Measuring time: 3 sec

Calibration Factors	X	Y	Z
High Range	402.650 ± 0.15% (k=2)	403.231 ± 0.15% (k=2)	402.697 ± 0.15% (k=2)
Low Range	3.92127 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.97784 ± 0.7% (k=2)	3.93537 ± 0.7% (k=2)

Connector Angle

Connector Angle to be used in DASY system	293° ± 1 °
---	------------

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Client **SHENZHEN LCS**

Certificate No: **23J02Z80102**

CALIBRATION CERTIFICATE

Object **EX3DV4 - SN : 3805**

Calibration Procedure(s) **FF-Z11-004-02**
Calibration Procedures for Dosimetric E-field Probes

Calibration date: **November 23, 2023**

This calibration Certificate documents the traceability to national standards, which realize the physical units of measurements(SI). The measurements and the uncertainties with confidence probability are given on the following pages and are part of the certificate.

All calibrations have been conducted in the closed laboratory facility: environment temperature(22±3)°C and humidity<70%.

Calibration Equipment used (M&TE critical for calibration)

Primary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
Power Meter NRP2	101919	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05435)	Jun-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101547	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05435)	Jun-24
Power sensor NRP-Z91	101548	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05435)	Jun-24
Reference 10dBAttenuator	18N50W-10dB	19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00212)	Jan-25
Reference 20dBAttenuator	18N50W-20dB	19-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00211)	Jan-25
Reference Probe EX3DV4	SN 3846	31-May-23(SPEAG, No.EX-3846_May23)	May-24
DAE4	SN 1555	24-Aug-23(SPEAG, No.DAE4-1555_Aug23)	Aug-24
Secondary Standards	ID #	Cal Date(Calibrated by, Certificate No.)	Scheduled Calibration
SignalGenerator MG3700A	6201052605	12-Jun-23(CTTL, No.J23X05434)	Jun-24
Network Analyzer E5071C	MY46110673	10-Jan-23(CTTL, No.J23X00104)	Jan-24
Reference 10dBAttenuator	BT0520	11-May-23(CTTL, No.J23X04061)	May-25
Reference 20dBAttenuator	BT0267	11-May-23(CTTL, No.J23X04062)	May-25
OCP DAK-3.5	SN 1040	18-Jan-23(SPEAG, No.OCP-DAK3.5-1040_Jan23)	Jan-24

	Name	Function	Signature
Calibrated by:	Yu Zongying	SAR Test Engineer	
Reviewed by:	Lin Hao	SAR Test Engineer	
Approved by:	Qi Dianyuan	SAR Project Leader	

Issued: November 28, 2023

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Glossary:

TSL	tissue simulating liquid
NORM _{x,y,z}	sensitivity in free space
ConvF	sensitivity in TSL / NORM _{x,y,z}
DCP	diode compression point
CF	crest factor (1/duty_cycle) of the RF signal
A,B,C,D	modulation dependent linearization parameters
Polarization Φ	Φ rotation around probe axis
Polarization θ	θ rotation around an axis that is in the plane normal to probe axis (at measurement center), $\theta=0$ is normal to probe axis

Connector Angle information used in DASY system to align probe sensor X to the robot coordinate system

Calibration is Performed According to the Following Standards:

- IEEE Std 1528-2013, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Determining the Peak Spatial-Averaged Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) in the Human Head from Wireless Communications Devices: Measurement Techniques", June 2013
- IEC 62209-1, "Measurement procedure for the assessment of Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) from hand-held and body-mounted devices used next to the ear (frequency range of 300 MHz to 6 GHz)", July 2016
- IEC 62209-2, "Procedure to determine the Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) for wireless communication devices used in close proximity to the human body (frequency range of 30 MHz to 6 GHz)", March 2010
- KDB 865664, "SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz"

Methods Applied and Interpretation of Parameters:

- NORM_{x,y,z}:** Assessed for E-field polarization $\theta=0$ ($f \leq 900\text{MHz}$ in TEM-cell; $f > 1800\text{MHz}$: waveguide). NORM_{x,y,z} are only intermediate values, i.e., the uncertainties of NORM_{x,y,z} does not effect the E^2 -field uncertainty inside TSL (see below ConvF).
- NORM(f)_{x,y,z} = NORM_{x,y,z} * frequency_response** (see Frequency Response Chart). This linearization is implemented in DASY4 software versions later than 4.2. The uncertainty of the frequency response is included in the stated uncertainty of ConvF.
- DCP_{x,y,z}:** DCP are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep (no uncertainty required). DCP does not depend on frequency nor media.
- PAR:** PAR is the Peak to Average Ratio that is not calibrated but determined based on the signal characteristics.
- A_{x,y,z}; B_{x,y,z}; C_{x,y,z}; VR_{x,y,z}:** A,B,C are numerical linearization parameters assessed based on the data of power sweep for specific modulation signal. The parameters do not depend on frequency nor media. VR is the maximum calibration range expressed in RMS voltage across the diode.
- ConvF and Boundary Effect Parameters:** Assessed in flat phantom using E-field (or Temperature Transfer Standard for $f \leq 800\text{MHz}$) and inside waveguide using analytical field distributions based on power measurements for $f > 800\text{MHz}$. The same setups are used for assessment of the parameters applied for boundary compensation (alpha, depth) of which typical uncertainty valued are given. These parameters are used in DASY4 software to improve probe accuracy close to the boundary. The sensitivity in TSL corresponds to NORM_{x,y,z} * ConvF whereby the uncertainty corresponds to that given for ConvF. A frequency dependent ConvF is used in DASY version 4.4 and higher which allows extending the validity from $\pm 50\text{MHz}$ to $\pm 100\text{MHz}$.
- Spherical isotropy (3D deviation from isotropy):** in a field of low gradients realized using a flat phantom exposed by a patch antenna.
- Sensor Offset:** The sensor offset corresponds to the offset of virtual measurement center from the probe tip (on probe axis). No tolerance required.
- Connector Angle:** The angle is assessed using the information gained by determining the NORM_x (no uncertainty required).

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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:3805

Basic Calibration Parameters

	Sensor X	Sensor Y	Sensor Z	Unc (k=2)
Norm($\mu V/(V/m)^2$) ^A	0.49	0.63	0.45	±10.0%
DCP(mV) ^B	101.4	97.7	101.4	

Modulation Calibration Parameters

UID	Communication System Name		A dB	B dB $\sqrt{\mu V}$	C	D dB	VR mV	Unc ^E (k=2)
0	CW	X	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.00	169.0	±2.5%
		Y	0.0	0.0	1.0		189.9	
		Z	0.0	0.0	1.0		155.5	

The reported uncertainty of measurement is stated as the standard uncertainty of Measurement multiplied by the coverage factor $k=2$, which for a normal distribution Corresponds to a coverage probability of approximately 95%.

^A The uncertainties of Norm X, Y, Z do not affect the E²-field uncertainty inside TSL (see Page 4).

^B Numerical linearization parameter: uncertainty not required.

^E Uncertainty is determined using the max. deviation from linear response applying rectangular distribution and is expressed for the square of the field value.

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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:3805

Calibration Parameter Determined in Head Tissue Simulating Media

f [MHz] ^C	Relative Permittivity ^F	Conductivity (S/m) ^F	ConvF X	ConvF Y	ConvF Z	Alpha ^G	Depth ^G (mm)	Unct. (k=2)
750	41.9	0.89	9.66	9.66	9.66	0.14	1.30	±12.7%
835	41.5	0.90	9.26	9.26	9.26	0.13	1.43	±12.7%
1750	40.1	1.37	8.16	8.16	8.16	0.23	1.09	±12.7%
1900	40.0	1.40	7.85	7.85	7.85	0.24	1.04	±12.7%
2000	40.0	1.40	7.83	7.83	7.83	0.22	1.13	±12.7%
2300	39.5	1.67	7.66	7.66	7.66	0.40	0.87	±12.7%
2450	39.2	1.80	7.42	7.42	7.42	0.36	0.94	±12.7%
2600	39.0	1.96	7.17	7.17	7.17	0.39	0.97	±12.7%
3300	38.2	2.71	7.01	7.01	7.01	0.47	0.90	±13.9%
3500	37.9	2.91	6.87	6.87	6.87	0.45	1.02	±13.9%
3700	37.7	3.12	6.65	6.65	6.65	0.35	1.25	±13.9%
3900	37.5	3.32	6.60	6.60	6.60	0.40	1.25	±13.9%
4100	37.2	3.53	6.54	6.54	6.54	0.40	1.15	±13.9%
4200	37.1	3.63	6.45	6.45	6.45	0.35	1.35	±13.9%
4400	36.9	3.84	6.36	6.36	6.36	0.40	1.25	±13.9%
4600	36.7	4.04	6.26	6.26	6.26	0.40	1.30	±13.9%
4800	36.4	4.25	6.20	6.20	6.20	0.40	1.38	±13.9%
4950	36.3	4.40	5.95	5.95	5.95	0.40	1.40	±13.9%
5250	35.9	4.71	5.38	5.38	5.38	0.40	1.50	±13.9%
5600	35.5	5.07	4.75	4.75	4.75	0.50	1.30	±13.9%
5750	35.4	5.22	4.88	4.88	4.88	0.45	1.40	±13.9%

^C Frequency validity above 300 MHz of ±100MHz only applies for DASY v4.4 and higher (Page 2), else it is restricted to ±50MHz. The uncertainty is the RSS of ConvF uncertainty at calibration frequency and the uncertainty for the indicated frequency band. Frequency validity below 300 MHz is ± 10, 25, 40, 50 and 70 MHz for ConvF assessments at 30, 64, 128, 150 and 220 MHz respectively. Above 5 GHz frequency validity can be extended to ± 110 MHz.

^F At frequency up to 6 GHz, the validity of tissue parameters (ϵ and σ) can be relaxed to ±10% if liquid compensation formula is applied to measured SAR values. The uncertainty is the RSS of the ConvF uncertainty for indicated target tissue parameters.

^G Alpha/Depth are determined during calibration. SPEAG warrants that the remaining deviation due to the boundary effect after compensation is always less than ± 1% for frequencies below 3 GHz and below ± 2% for the frequencies between 3-6 GHz at any distance larger than half the probe tip diameter from the boundary.

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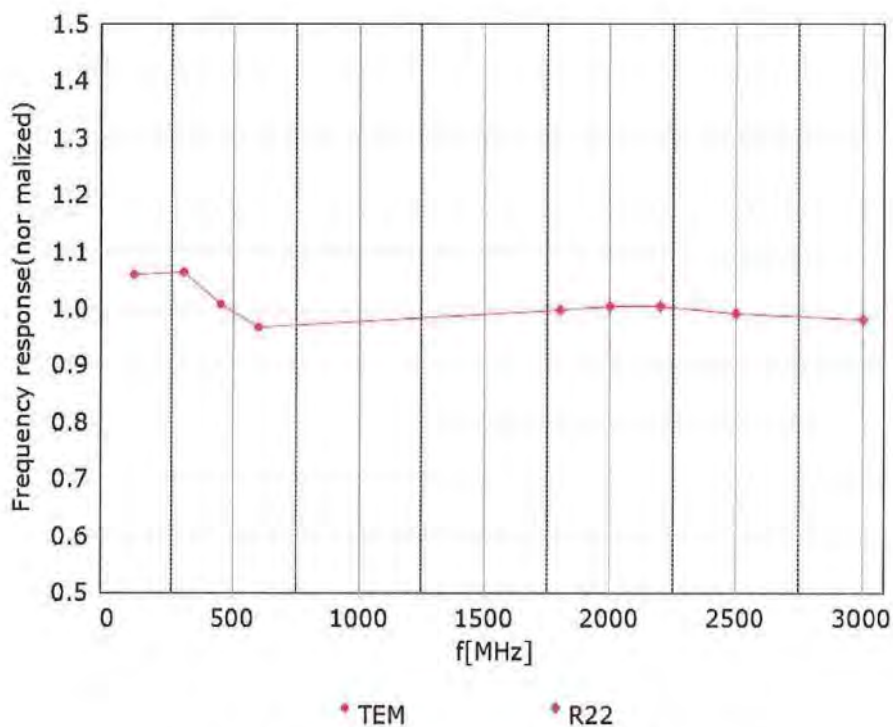


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Frequency Response of E-Field (TEM-Cell: ifi110 EXX, Waveguide: R22)



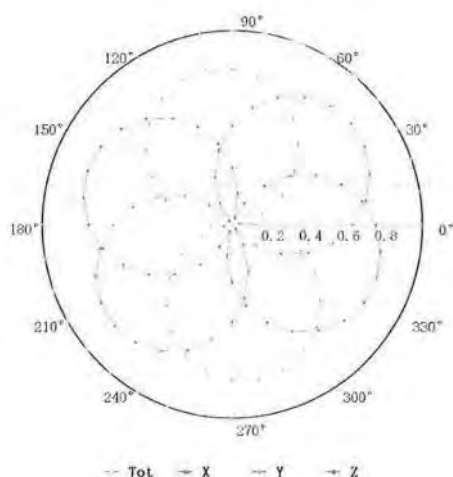
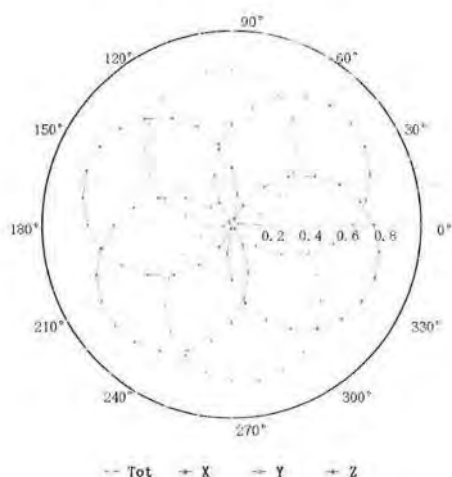
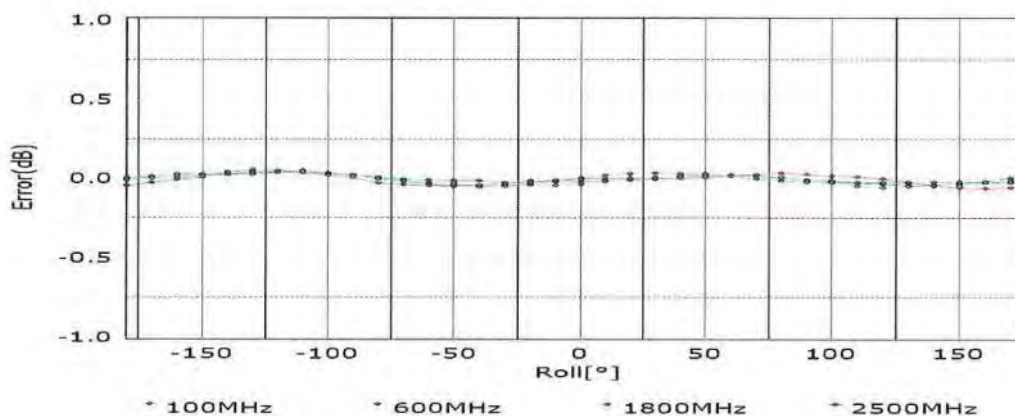
Uncertainty of Frequency Response of E-field: $\pm 7.4\%$ ($k=2$)



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Receiving Pattern (Φ), $\theta=0^\circ$

f=600 MHz, TEM**f=1800 MHz, R22**测股份
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Uncertainty of Axial Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 1.2\%$ ($k=2$)

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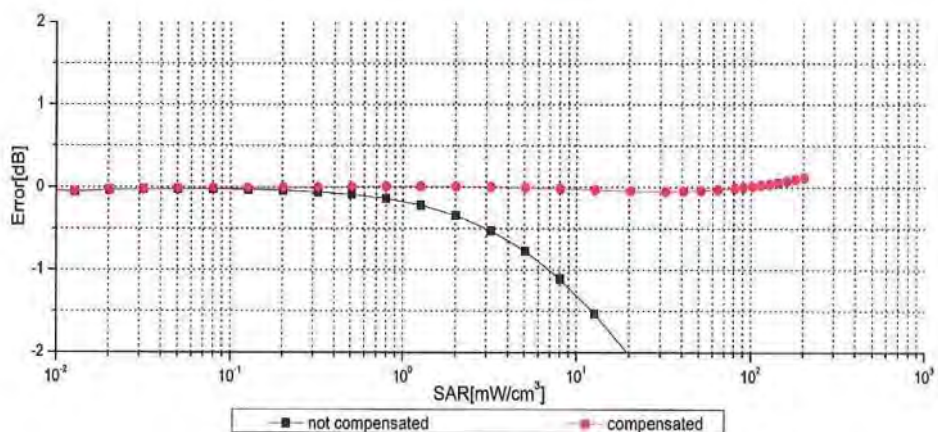
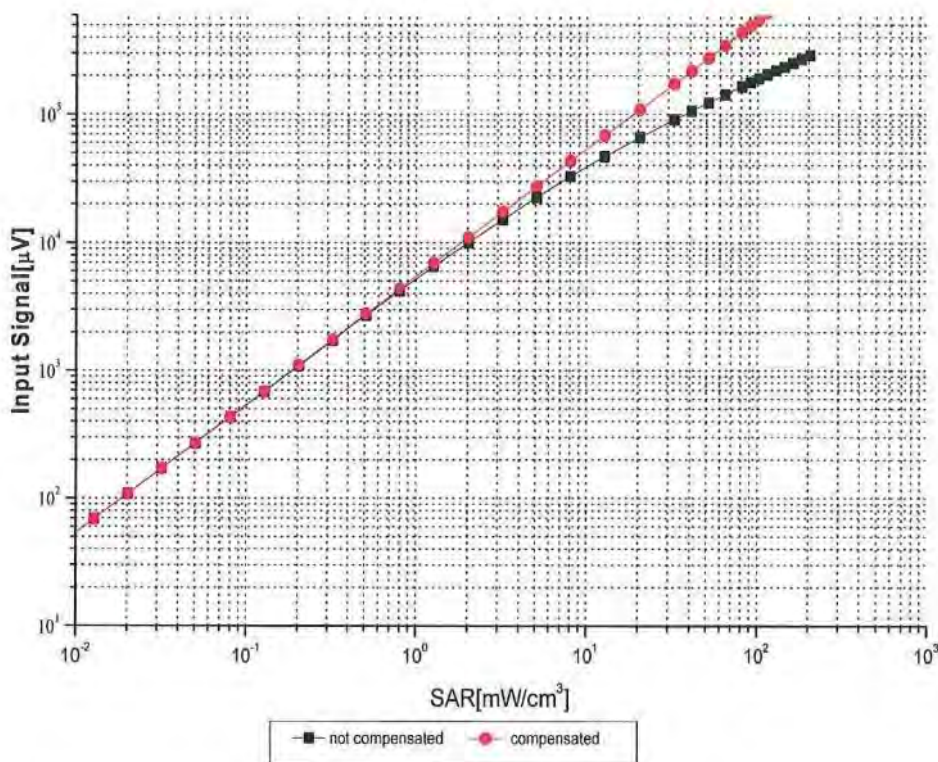
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Dynamic Range f(SAR_{head}) (TEM cell, f = 900 MHz)



Uncertainty of Linearity Assessment: $\pm 0.9\%$ ($k=2$)

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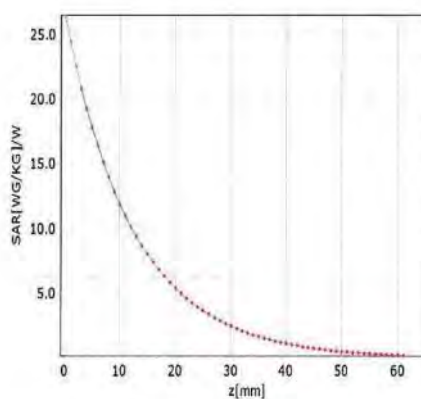
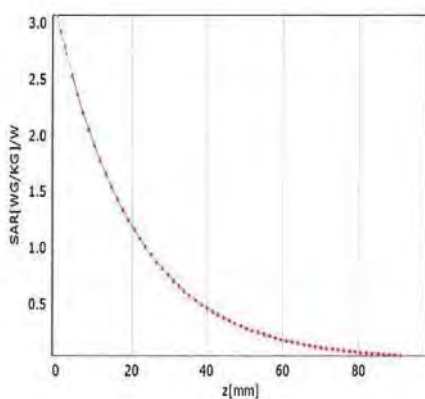
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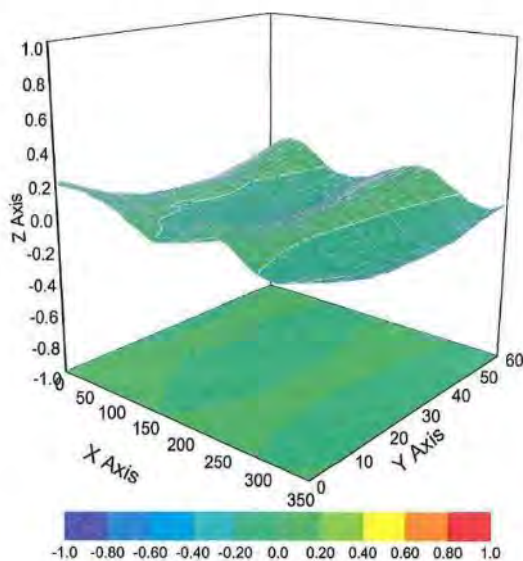
Conversion Factor Assessment

f=750 MHz,WGLS R9(H_convF)

f=1750 MHz,WGLS R22(H_convF)



Deviation from Isotropy in Liquid



Uncertainty of Spherical Isotropy Assessment: $\pm 3.2\%$ ($k=2$)

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DASY/EASY – Parameters of Probe: EX3DV4 – SN:3805

Other Probe Parameters

Sensor Arrangement	Triangular
Connector Angle (°)	127.3
Mechanical Surface Detection Mode	enabled
Optical Surface Detection Mode	disable
Probe Overall Length	337mm
Probe Body Diameter	10mm
Tip Length	9mm
Tip Diameter	2.5mm
Probe Tip to Sensor X Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Y Calibration Point	1mm
Probe Tip to Sensor Z Calibration Point	1mm
Recommended Measurement Distance from Surface	1.4mm

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APPENDIX D: PHOTOGRAPHS

1. SAR measurement System
2. Photographs of Tissue Simulate Liquid
3. Photographs of EUT test position
4. EUT Constructional Details

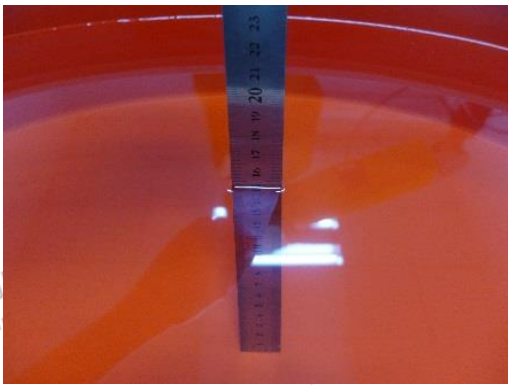


1. SAR measurement System



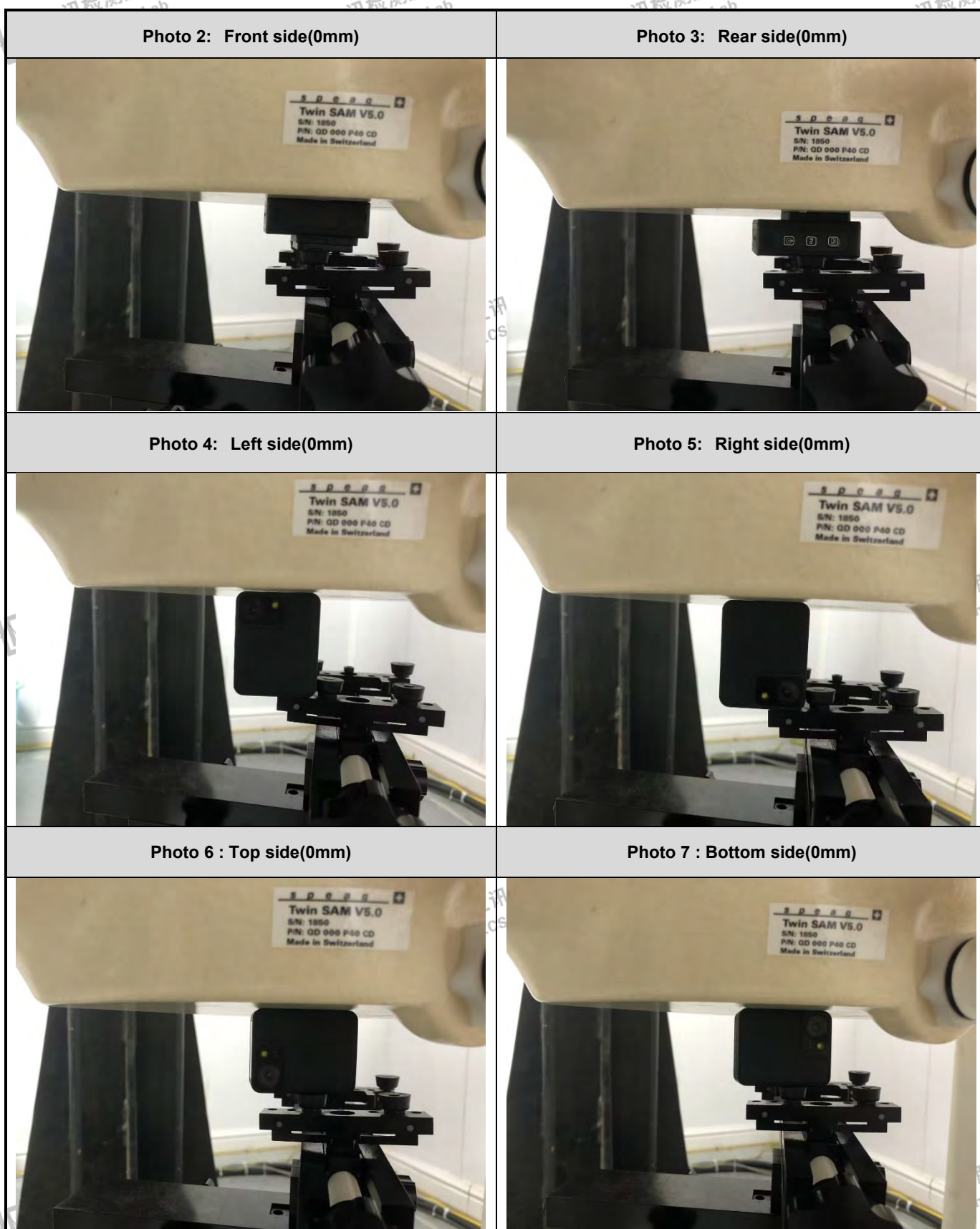


2. Photographs of Tissue Simulate Liquid

Photo 1: Tissue Simulant Liquid for Head 2300-2500	Tissue Simulant Liquid for Head 5000-6000
	

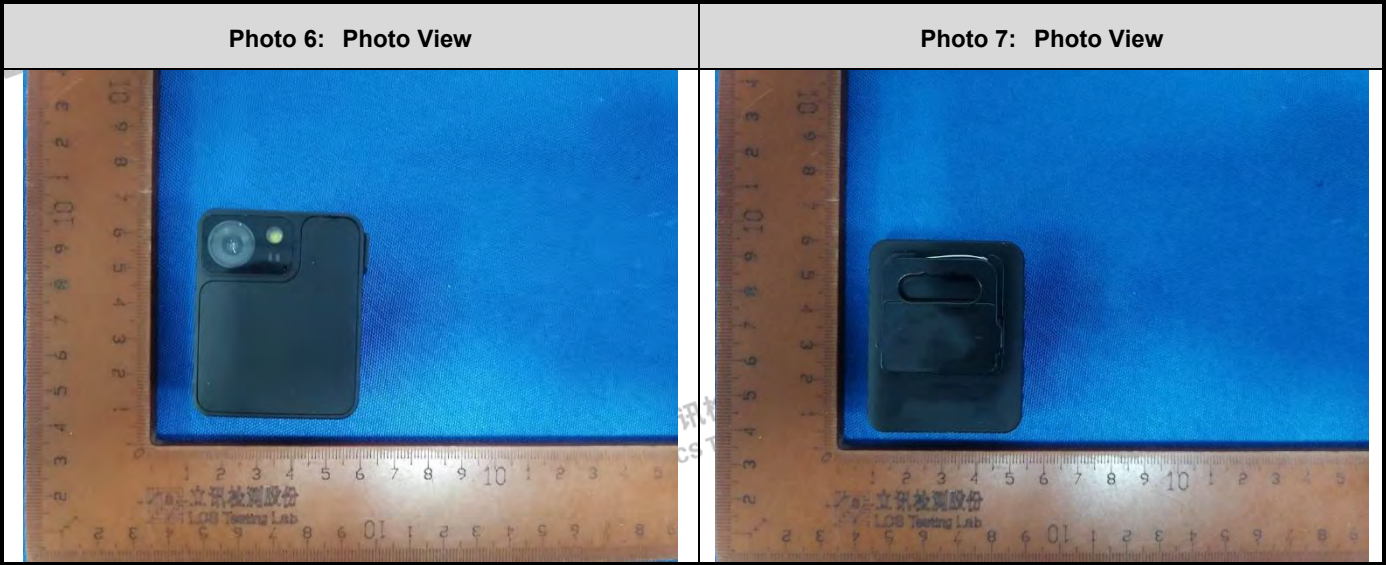


3. Photographs of EUT test position





4. EUT Constructional Details



.....The End of Test Report.....

