



Solutions

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100MHz to 6GHz
FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093)

SAR EVALUATION REPORT

For

Operating Table Remote Control with WLAN 2.4 and Bluetooth Radio

Model Name/Number: Universal Remote Control / 1009.25B0
Contains FCC ID: 2A98NNINAW106

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1. Attestation of Test Results

Applicant Name:	Maquet GmbH				
Model Name/Number:	Universal Remote Control / 1009.25B0				
Test Device is	A representative test sample				
Device category	Portable				
Date Tested	15 December 2023 to 21 December 2023				
ICNIRP Guidelines Limits for SAR Exposure Characteristics	General Population/Localised SAR (Extremity) – 10g-SAR limit 4.0 W/kg				
The highest reported SAR values for Localized SAR	RF Exposure Conditions		Equipment Class		
			Licensed	DTS	U-NII
	Standalone	Extremity	N/A	1.06 W/kg	N/A
Applicable Standards	Simultaneous Transmission	Extremity	N/A	N/A	N/A
	FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093) FCC KDB publication				
Test Results	Pass				

UL International (UK) Ltd. tested the above equipment in accordance with the requirements set forth in the above standards. All indications of Pass/Fail in this report are opinions expressed by UL International (UK) Ltd. based on interpretations and/or observations of test results. Measurement Uncertainties are in accordance with the above standard and are published for informational purposes only. The test results show that the equipment tested is capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements as documented in this report.

Note: The results documented in this report apply only to the tested sample(s), under the conditions and modes of operation as described herein. This document may not be altered or revised in any way unless done so by UL International (UK) Ltd. and all revisions are duly noted in the revisions section. Any alteration of this document not carried out by UL International (UK) Ltd. will constitute fraud and shall nullify the document. This report must not be used by the client to claim product certification, approval, or endorsement by UKAS. This report is written to support regulatory compliance of the applicable standards stated above.

Issued By:	Prepared By:
	
Naseer Mirza Operations Leader	Muhammad Kunnumal Laboratory Engineer

2. Test Specification, Methods and Procedures

2.1. Test Specification

Reference:	KDB Publication Number: 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz
Title:	SAR Measurement Requirements for 100 MHz to 6 GHz
Introduction:	The SAR Measurement procedures for 100MHz to 6GHz are described in this document. Field probes, tissue dielectric properties, SAR scans, measurement accuracy and variability of the measured results are discussed. The field probe and SAR scan requirements are derived from criteria considered in standard IEC/IEEE 62209-1528:2020. The wireless product and technology specific procedures in applicable KDB publications are required to be used unless further guidance has been approved by the FCC.
Purpose of Test:	To determine if the Equipment Under Test complies with the Specific Absorption Rate for general population/uncontrolled exposure limit of 1.6 W/kg as specified in FCC 47 CFR part 2 (2.1093).

2.2. Methods and Procedures Reference Documentation

The methods and procedures used were as detailed in:

IEC/IEEE 62209-1528: 2020

Measurement procedure for the assessment of specific absorption rate of human exposure to radio frequency fields from hand-held and body-mounted wireless communication devices.

FCC KDB Publication:

KDB 248227 D01 802.11 Wi-Fi SAR v02r02

KDB 447498 D03 Supplement C Cross-Reference v01

KDB 447498 D04 Interim General RF Exposure Guidance v01

KDB 865664 D01 SAR Measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz v01r04

KDB 865664 D02 RF Exposure Reporting v01r02

2.3. Definition of Measurement Equipment

The measurement equipment used complied with the requirements of the standards referenced in the methods & procedures section above. Section 4.3 contains a list of the test equipment used.

3.Facilities and Accreditation

The measurement facilities used to collect data are located at

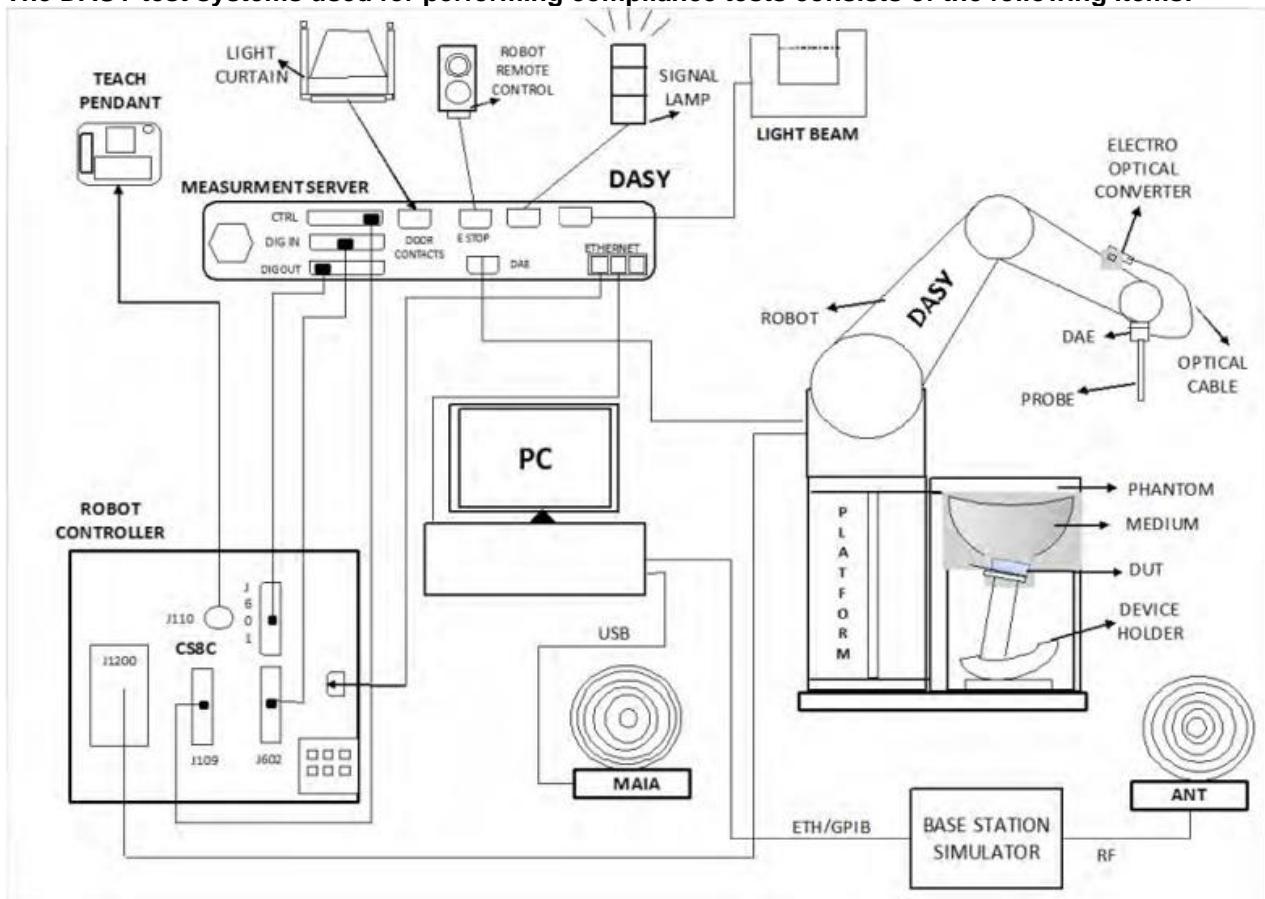
Horizon Unit 1-4, Wade Road, Kingsland Business Park, Basingstoke, Hampshire, RG24 8AH, UK	Facility Type
SAR Lab 59	Controlled Environment Chamber

UL International (UK) Ltd is accredited by UKAS (United Kingdom Accreditation Service, Accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017), Laboratory UKAS Code 5772.

4. SAR Measurement System & Test Equipment

4.1. SAR Measurement System

The DASY test systems used for performing compliance tests consists of the following items:



- A standard high precision 6-axis robot with controller, teach pendant and software. An arm extension for accommodating the data acquisition electronics (DAE).
- An isotropic Field probe optimized and calibrated for the targeted measurement.
- A data acquisition electronics (DAE) which performs the signal amplification, signal multiplexing, AD-conversion, offset measurements, mechanical surface detection, collision detection, etc. The unit is battery powered with standard or rechargeable batteries. The signal is optically transmitted to the EOC.
- The Electro-optical converter (EOC) performs the conversion from optical to electrical signals for the digital communication to the DAE. To use optical surface detection, a special version of the EOC is required. The EOC signal is transmitted to the measurement server.
- The function of the measurement server is to perform the time critical tasks such as signal filtering, control of the robot operation and fast movement interrupts.
- The Light Beam used is for probe alignment. This improves the (absolute) accuracy of the probe positioning.
- A computer running Win10 with DASY software installed.
- Remote control and teach pendant as well as additional circuitry for robot safety such as warning lamps, etc.
- The phantom, the device holder and other accessories according to the targeted measurement.

4.2.SAR Measurement Procedure

4.2.1.Normal SAR Measurement Procedure

The following procedure shall be performed for each of the test conditions

- a) Measure the local SAR at a test point within 8 mm of the phantom inner surface that is closest to the DUT.
- b) Measure the two-dimensional SAR distribution within the phantom (area scan procedure). The boundary of the measurement area shall not be closer than 20 mm from the phantom side walls. The distance between the measurement points should enable the detection of the location of local maximum with an accuracy of better than half the linear dimension of the tissue cube after interpolation. A maximum grid spacing of 20 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz and $(60/f [\text{GHz}])$ mm for frequencies of 3 GHz and greater is recommended. The maximum distance between the geometrical centre of the probe detectors and the inner surface of the phantom shall be 5 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz and $\delta \ln(2)/2$ mm for frequencies of 3 GHz and greater, where δ is the plane wave skin depth and $\ln(x)$ is the natural logarithm. The maximum variation of the sensor-phantom surface distance shall be ± 1 mm for frequencies below 3 GHz and $\pm 0,5$ mm for frequencies of 3 GHz and greater. At all measurement points the angle of the probe with respect to the line normal to the surface should be less than 5°. If this cannot be achieved for a measurement distance to the phantom inner surface shorter than the probe diameter, additional uncertainty evaluation is needed.
- c) From the scanned SAR distribution, identify the position of the maximum SAR value, in addition identify the positions of any local maxima with SAR values within 2 dB of the maximum value that will not be within the zoom scan of other peaks; additional peaks shall be measured only when the primary peak is within 2 dB of the SAR compliance limit (e.g., 1 W/kg for 1,6 W /kg 1 g limit, or 1,26 W/kg for 2 W /kg, 10 g limit).
- d) Measure the three-dimensional SAR distribution at the local maxima locations identified in step c) (zoom For frequencies at or below 3 GHz, the following procedure shall be applied: The horizontal grid step shall be 8 mm or less. The grid step in the vertical direction shall be 5 mm or less if uniform spacing is used. If variable spacing is used in the vertical direction, the maximum spacing between the two closest measured points to the phantom shell (M1 and M2) shall be 4 mm or less and the spacing between farther points shall increase by a factor of 1,5 or less. The minimum size of the zoom scan volume shall be 30 mm by 30 mm by 30 mm

For frequencies above 3 GHz, the minimum size of the zoom scan volume may be reduced to 22 mm by 22 mm by 22 mm. The horizontal grid step shall be $(24/f [\text{GHz}])$ mm or less. If uniform spacing in the vertical direction is used, the grid step in the vertical direction shall be $(10/(f [\text{GHz}] - 1))$ mm or less. If variable spacing is used in the vertical direction, the maximum spacing between the two measured points closest to the phantom shell shall be $(12/f [\text{GHz}])$ mm or less and the spacing between further points shall increase by a factor of 1,5 or less. For other parameters, see Zoom Scan Parameters table.

When the highest 1 g or 10 g cube is touching the boundary of a zoom-scan volume, the entire zoom scan shall be repeated with the new centre located at the maximum psSAR location indicated by the preceding zoom scan measurement. If the zoom scan measured as defined above complies with both of the following criteria, or if the peak spatial-average SAR is below 0,1 W/kg, no additional measurements are needed:

- 1) the smallest horizontal distance from the local SAR peaks to all points 3 dB below the SAR peak shall be larger than the horizontal grid steps in both x and y directions ($\Delta x, \Delta y$). This shall be checked for the measured zoom scan plane conformal to the phantom at the distance z_{M1} . The minimum distance shall be recorded in the SAR test report;
- 2) the ratio of the SAR at the second measured point (M2) to the SAR at the closest measured point (M1) at the x-y location of the measured maximum SAR value shall be at least 30 %. This ratio (in %) shall be recorded in the SAR test report.

If one or both of the above criteria are not met, the zoom scan measurement shall be repeated using a finer resolution while keeping the other zoom scan parameters compatible with Zoom Scan Parameters table. New horizontal and vertical grid steps shall be determined from the measured SAR distribution so that the above criteria are met. Compliance with the above two criteria shall be demonstrated for the new measured zoom scan. The size of the higher resolution zoom scan and other parameters of Zoom Scan Parameters table shall apply. The closest point to the phantom shell shall be 2 mm or less for graded grids and the grading factor shall be 1,5 or less.

Uncertainties due to field distortion between the media boundary and the dielectric enclosure of the probe should also be minimized, which is achieved if the distance between the phantom surface and physical tip of the probe is larger than the probe tip diameter. Other methods may utilize correction procedures to compensate for boundary effects that enable high precision measurements closer than half the probe diameter. For all measurement points, the angle of the probe normal to the flat phantom surface shall be less than 5°.

Zoom Scan Parameters

Parameter	DUT transmit frequency being tested	
	$f \leq 3 \text{ GHz}$	$3 \text{ GHz} < f \leq 6 \text{ GHz}$
Maximum distance between the closest measured points and the phantom surface (z_{M1} in Figure 14 and Table 2, in mm)	5	$\delta \ln(2)/2$ ^a
Maximum angle between the probe axis and the flat phantom surface normal (α in Figure 14)	5°	5°
Maximum spacing between measured points in the x- and y-directions (Δx and Δy , in mm)	8	$24/f$ ^{b,c}
For uniform grids:	5	$10/(f - 1)$
Maximum spacing between measured points in the direction normal to the phantom shell (Δz_1 in Figure 14, in mm)		
For graded grids:	4	$12/f$
Maximum spacing between the two closest measured points in the direction normal to the phantom shell (Δz_1 in Figure 14, in mm)		
For graded grids:	1,5	1,5
Maximum incremental increase in the spacing between measured points in the direction normal to the phantom shell ($R_z = \Delta z_2/\Delta z_1$ in Figure 14)		
Minimum edge length of the zoom scan volume in the x- and y-directions (L_z in 7.2.5.3, in mm)	30	22
Minimum edge length of the zoom scan volume in the direction normal to the phantom shell (L_h in 7.2.5.3, in mm)	30	22
Tolerance in the probe angle	1°	1°

^a δ is the penetration depth for a plane-wave incident normally on a planar half-space.
^b This is the maximum spacing allowed, which may not work for all circumstances.
^c f is the frequency in GHz.

- e) Use post processing (e.g. interpolation and extrapolation) procedures to determine the local SAR values at the spatial resolution needed for mass averaging.
- f) The local SAR should be measured at the same location as in Step a). SAR drift is assessed and reported in the uncertainty budget.

In the event that the evaluation of measurement drift exceeds the 5 % tolerance, it is required that SAR be reassessed following guidelines contained within this standard.

If the drift is larger than 5 %, then the measurement drift shall be considered a bias, not an uncertainty. A correction shall be applied to the measured SAR value. It is not necessary to record the drift in the uncertainty budget (i.e. $u_i = 0 \%$). The uncertainty budget reported in a measurement report should correspond to the highest SAR value reported (after correction, if applicable). Alternatively, the uncertainty budget reported should cover all measurements, i.e., it should report a conservative value.

4.3. Test Equipment

Measuring equipment used to perform the tests is documented in this report and has been calibrated in accordance with UKAS' recommendations and is traceable to recognized national standards.

UL Asset No.	Instrument Name	Manufacturer	Type	Serial No.	Date Last Calibrated	Cal. Interval (Months)
234651	E-Field Probe	SPEAG	EX3DV4	7619	21 Feb 2023	12
168974	Data Acquisition Equipment	SPEAG	DAE4	1543	14 Feb 2023	12
234938	Phantom	SPEAG	ELI V8	2086	Cal. as part of system	-
130029	Dipole Antenna	SPEAG	D2450V2	725	13 Oct 2023	12
207451	POWER SOURCE1	SPEAG	SE UMS 160 CA	4248	02 Nov 2023	12
133919	RS Hygrometer	RS Components	408-6109	D10Q61	06 Mar 2023	12
131760	Body Handset Positioner	SPEAG	MD4HACV5	None	Cal. not required	-
133879	Measurement Server	SPEAG	SE UMS 011 EA	1423	Cal. not required	-
PRE0141347	Phantom Support Structure	SPEAG	Phantom Table	-	Cal. not required	-
131906	Robot Arm	Staubli	TX60 L	F13/5SC6F1/A/01	Cal. not required	-
131903	Robot Power Supply	SPEAG	CS8C	F13/5SC6F1/C/01	Cal. not required	-
230884	Power Sensor	Rhode & Schwarz	NRP18T	102994	16-Jan-23	12
199469	Thermometer (Fluid)	Testo	Testo 720	3465036	06 Apr 2023	12
147741	Vector Network Analyser	Rohde & Schwarz	ZND 132.5170K92	100151	15 Feb 2023	12
133906	DAK 3.5 Fluid Probe	SPEAG	SM DAK 040 CA	1089	Cal. before use	-
212960	Digital Camera	Sony	DSC-HX400V	3245687	Cal. not required	-
216276	RF Coax Cable	Huber+Suhner	SF526S/11PC35/21P C35/1000m	2712248001	Cal. not required	-
170215	Antenna	SPEAG	Mod. and Audio Interf. Analyzer	1236	Cal. not required	-

4.3.1. SAR System Specifications

Robot System	
Positioner:	Stäubli Unimation Corp. Robot Model: TX60L
Repeatability:	± 0.030 mm
No. of Axis:	6
Serial Number:	F13/5SC6F1/A/01
Reach:	800 mm
Payload:	2.0 kg
Control Unit:	CS8C
Programming Language:	V+
Data Acquisition Electronic (DAE) System	
Serial Number:	DAE4 SN: 1543
PC Controller	
PC:	HP EliteDesk800
Operating System:	Windows 10
Data Card:	DASY Measurement Server
Data Controller	
Features:	Signal Amplifier, multiplexer, A/D converted and control logic.
Software:	DASY6 PRO Software
Connecting Lines:	Optical downlink for data and status info. Optical uplink for commands and clock.
PC Interface Card	
Function:	24 bit (64 MHz) DSP for real time processing Link to DAE4 16 bit A/D converter for surface detection system serial link to robot direct emergency stop output for robot.
Phantom	
Phantom:	ELI Phantom
Shell Material:	Fibreglass
Thickness:	2.0 ± 0.2 mm
E-Field Probe	
Model:	EX3DV4
Serial No:	7619
Construction:	Triangular core
Frequency:	10 MHz to > 6 GHz
Linearity:	± 0.2 dB (30 MHz to 6 GHz)
Probe Length (mm):	337
Probe Diameter (mm):	10
Tip Length (mm):	9
Tip Diameter (mm):	2.5
Sensor X Offset (mm):	1
Sensor Y Offset (mm):	1
Sensor Z Offset (mm):	1

5. Measurement Uncertainty

No measurement or test can ever be perfect and the imperfections give rise to error of measurement in the results. Consequently, the result of a measurement is only an approximation to the value of the measurand (the specific quantity subject to measurement) and is only complete when accompanied by a statement of the uncertainty of the approximation.

The expression of uncertainty of a measurement result allows realistic comparison of results with reference values and limits given in specifications and standards.

The uncertainty of the result may need to be taken into account when interpreting the measurement results.

The reported expanded uncertainties below are based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by an appropriate coverage factor, such that a confidence level of approximately 95% is maintained. For the purposes of this document "approximately" is interpreted as meaning "effectively" or "for most practical purposes".

Test Name	Confidence Level	Calculated Uncertainty
Uncertainty- Freq. 300 MHz - 3 GHz Head & Body Configuration 10g	95%	±25.33%

The methods used to calculate the above uncertainties are in line with those recommended within the various measurement specifications. Where measurement specifications do not include guidelines for the evaluation of measurement uncertainty, the published guidance of the appropriate accreditation body is followed.

5.1.Uncertainty – Freq. 300MHz - 3 GHz Head & Body Configuration 10g

Type	Source of uncertainty	+ Value	- Value	Probability Distribution	Divisor	C _i (10g)	Standard Uncertainty		v _i or v _{eff}
							+ u (%)	- u (%)	
B	Probe calibration	12.000	12.000	normal (k=2)	2.0000	1.0000	6.000	6.000	∞
B	Probe calibration drift	1.700	1.700	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	0.981	0.981	∞
B	Probe Linearity and Detection Limits	4.700	4.700	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.714	2.714	∞
B	Broadband Signal	3.000	3.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.732	1.732	∞
B	Probe Isotropy	7.600	7.600	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	4.388	4.388	∞
B	Data Acquisition	0.300	0.300	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.300	0.300	∞
B	RF Ambient conditions	0.260	0.260	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	0.260	0.260	∞
B	Probe Positioning	0.700	0.700	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.1400	0.098	0.098	∞
B	Data Processing Errors	4.000	4.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.309	2.309	∞
B	Uncertainty in SAR correction for deviations in permittivity and conductivity	1.900	1.900	normal (k=1)	1.0000	0.8400	1.596	1.596	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (measured value)	5.288	5.288	normal (k=2)	2.0000	0.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Liquid Permittivity (measured value)	2.500	2.500	normal (k=2)	2.0000	0.0000	0.000	0.000	∞
B	Liquid Conductivity (temperature uncertainty)	1.430	1.430	Rectangular	1.7321	0.7100	0.586	0.586	∞
B	Liquid Permittivity (temperature uncertainty)	0.310	0.310	Rectangular	1.7321	0.7100	0.127	0.127	∞
A	Phantom Shell Permittivity	14.000	14.000	Rectangular	1.7321	0.2500	2.021	2.021	∞
A	Distance DUT - TSL	2.000	2.000	normal (k=1)	1.0000	2.0000	4.000	4.000	∞
B	Test Sample Positioning	4.240	4.240	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	4.240	4.240	25
B	Device Holder uncertainty	6.090	6.090	normal (k=1)	1.0000	1.0000	6.090	6.090	5
B	DUT Modulation	2.400	2.400	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	1.386	1.386	∞
B	Drift of output power	5.000	5.000	Rectangular	1.7321	1.0000	2.887	2.887	∞
	Combined standard uncertainty			t-distribution			12.66	12.66	90
	Expanded uncertainty			k = 2			25.33	25.33	90

6. Equipment Under Test (EUT)

6.1. Description of Equipment Under Test (EUT)

Serial Number:	Conducted Sample(s)	Off-the-shelf evaluation-board SN 03B-00 21/26 Off-the-shelf evaluation-board SN 0230 8134
	Radiated Sample(s)	00032 00034
Hardware Version Number:	0230 8134	
Software Version Number:	URC_EMVTEST_0_99_17	
Firmware Version Number:	5.2.2.	
Country of Manufacture:	Germany	
Date of Receipt:	12 December 2023	
DUT Description:	The device under test is an Operating Table Remote Control with IEEE 802.11b/g/n Radio and Bluetooth LE.	
Operating Configurations	Hand-held	
Device dimension	Overall (Length x Width x Depth): 252 mm x 72 mm x 35 mm	
Battery Type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Standard – Lithium-ion battery <input type="checkbox"/> Extended (large capacity)	

6.2. Wireless Technologies

Wireless technologies	Frequency bands	Operating mode			Duty Cycle
Wi-Fi	2.4 GHz	802.11b 802.11g 802.11n HT20			90%
Bluetooth	2.4 GHz	<input type="checkbox"/> Core Spec. 2.0 <input type="checkbox"/> Core Spec. 4.0 <input type="checkbox"/> Core Spec. 4.1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Core Spec. 4.2 <input type="checkbox"/> Core Spec. 5.0	<input type="checkbox"/> Basic Rate (BDR) <input type="checkbox"/> Enhanced Data Rate (EDR) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Low Energy (BLE) <input type="checkbox"/> High Data Rate (HDR)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 77% (DH5, 720Kb/s) <input type="checkbox"/> 77% (2-DH5/3-DH5, 2Mbps and 3Mbps) <input type="checkbox"/> 60.5% (255 Bytes, 1Mbps) <input type="checkbox"/> (4-DH5/8-DH5, 4Mbps and 8Mbps)	

Note: Testing was performed at 90% Duty cycle for Wi-Fi 2.4; Reported SAR is scaled to 100% duty cycle.

Wi-Fi						
Band	Description					
	Channel No. 20 MHz BW	Freq. (MHz)	Channel No. 40 MHz BW	Freq. (MHz)	Channel No. 80 MHz BW	Freq. (MHz)
Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz (802.11b/g/n)	1	2412.0				
	2	2417.0				
	3	2422.0				
	4	2427.0				
	5	2432.0				
	6	2437.0				
	7	2442.0				
	8	2447.0				
	9	2452.0				
	10	2457.0				
	11	2462.0				
	12	2467.0				
	13	2472.0				

Bluetooth				
Band	Description			
	Frequency Range: 2402 - 2480 MHz			
	Mode	Channel Number	Channel Description	Frequency (MHz)
Bluetooth	LE	37	Low	2402.0
		18	Middle	2442.0
		39	High	2480.0

Additional Information Related to Testing:

Antenna Type:	Internal integral
Antenna Lengths:	As specified in Appendix 11.1

Number of Antennas:	Antenna Type	Antenna Description	Type
	WLAN	Wi-Fi 2.4GHz	1 fixed (Internal)
	WPAN	Bluetooth LE 2.4GHz	

6.3.Nominal and Maximum Output power

RF Air interface	Mode	Channel Nos.	Target + Max. Tolerances (dBm)
Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz	802.11b	1	15.00
		6	14.00
		11	16.00
		12-13	Not Supported
	802.11g	1-11	16.00
		12-13	Not Supported
	802.11n HT20	1-11	17.00
		12-13	Not Supported
Bluetooth 2.4 GHz	LE	37	6.00
		18	6.00
		39	6.00

Note(s):

1. The nominal and maximum average source based rated powers declared and supplied by manufacturer are shown in the above table.

7. RF Exposure Conditions (Test Configurations)

7.1. Configuration Consideration

Technology Port	Configuration	DUT-to-User Separation	Position	Antenna-to-Edge Separation (mm)	Evaluation Considered
WLAN 2.4	Extremity	0mm	Front	< 50	Yes
			Back	< 50	Yes
			Edge 1 (Top Edge)	< 50	Yes
			Edge 2 (Right Edge)	< 50	Yes
			Edge 3 (Bottom Edge)	> 50	No
			Edge 4 (Left Edge)	< 50	Yes

Notes

1. The Antenna to edge separation distances are indicated in the 'Antenna Schematics' located in Section 11.1 of this report.

7.2. SAR Test Exclusion Consideration

Frequency Band	Configuration(s)
	Extremity/Limbs
WLAN 2.4GHz	No
Bluetooth 2.4GHz	Yes

Note:

1. As per KDB publication 447498 D04, the frequency bands with rated power including upper tolerance, which qualify for Standalone Test Exclusion, are as per the above table
2. The details for the Maximum Rated Power and tolerance(s) can be found in section 6.

8.Conducted output power measurements

8.1.RF Output Average Power Measurement: Wi-Fi 2.4 GHz

Channel Number	Frequency (MHz)	Avg Power (dBm)	Operating Mode
1	2412	16.50	802.11n
6	2437	16.70	
11	2462	17.00	
12	2467	Not Supported	
13	2472	Not Supported	

Note:

1. Conducted power measurements on 802.11g and 802.11b modes were not performed as max. rated power including tolerance is lower than 802.11n mode.

8.2.RF Output Average Power Measurement: Bluetooth LE

Conducted power measurements on Bluetooth LE were not performed as max. rated power including tolerance is lower than 7.50mW.

9. Measurements, Examinations and Derived Result

9.1. Specific Absorption Rate - Test Results

Test Approach

The SAR test is evaluated on each mode / configuration (Configuration: Head, Body-worn and extremity) on the channel measuring the highest average output power, in each frequency band (i.e.: DTS)

In the cases where the different channel bandwidth modes have the same highest measured average power, the largest channel bandwidth configuration has been selected.

9.1.1. WLAN 2.4 10g – Extremity

Max Reported SAR = 1.06 (W/kg)

Mode	Dist. (mm)	EUT Position	Channel Number	Freq (MHz)	Power (dBm)		10g: SAR Results (W/kg)		Transmitting Antenna	Notes	Plot No.
					Tune Up Limit	Meas.	Meas. SAR Level	Reported SAR			
802.11n	0	Front	11	2462.0	17.00	17.00	0.09	0.10	Ant 1	1	-
802.11n	0	Back	11	2462.0	17.00	17.00	0.08	0.09	Ant 1	1	-
802.11n	0	Top	11	2462.0	17.00	17.00	0.06	0.07	Ant 1	1	-
802.11n	0	Right	11	2462.0	17.00	17.00	0.63	0.70	Ant 1	1	-
802.11n	0	Left	11	2462.0	17.00	17.00	0.02	0.02	Ant 1	1	-
802.11n	0	Right	1	2412.0	17.00	16.50	0.64	0.80	Ant 1	1	-
802.11n	0	Right	6	2437.0	17.00	16.70	0.89	1.06	Ant 1	1	001

Note(s):

1. Testing was performed at 90% Duty cycle; Reported SAR is scaled to 100% duty cycle.

9.2.SAR Measurement Variability

In accordance with published RF Exposure KDB procedure 865664 D01 SAR measurement 100 MHz to 6 GHz. These additional measurements are repeated after the completion of all measurements requiring the same head or body tissue-equivalent medium in a frequency band. The test device should be returned to ambient conditions (normal room temperature) with the battery fully charged before it is re-mounted on the device holder for the repeated measurement(s) to minimize any unexpected variations in the repeated results.

10g-SAR (Extremity)

- 1) Repeated measurement is not required when the original highest measured SAR is $< 2.0 \text{ W/Kg}$; steps 2) through 4) do not apply.
- 2) When the original highest measured 10g-SAR is $\geq 2.00 \text{ W/Kg}$, repeat that measurement once.
- 3) Perform a second repeated measurement only if the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original and first repeated measurements is > 1.20 or when the original or repeated measurement is $\geq 3.625 \text{ W/kg}$ ($\sim 10\%$ from the 10g-SAR limit).
- 4) Perform a third repeated measurement only if the original, first or second repeated measurement is $\geq 3.75 \text{ W/Kg}$ and the ratio of largest to smallest SAR for the original, first and second repeated measurements is > 1.20 .

Note: Since the 10g measured SAR for none of the runs was $> 2.0 \text{ W/Kg}$, repeat measurements were not performed on Extremity.

10. Highest Standalone SAR and Simultaneous Transmission

10.1. Highest Standalone Reported SAR

Individual Transmitter Evaluation per Band: Wi-Fi

Exposure Configuration	Technology Band	Reported 10g - SAR (W/Kg)	Equipment Class	Highest Reported 10g -SAR (W/Kg)
EXTREMITY (Separation Distance 0mm)	WLAN 2.4 GHz	1.06	DTS	1.06

10.2. Simultaneous Transmission analysis

Simultaneous transmission SAR test exclusion is determined for each operating configuration and exposure condition according to the *reported* standalone SAR of each applicable simultaneous transmitting antenna. The worst-case simultaneous transmission analysis is considered for the following cases:

Note: No simultaneous transmission analysis is evaluated as this feature is not supported.