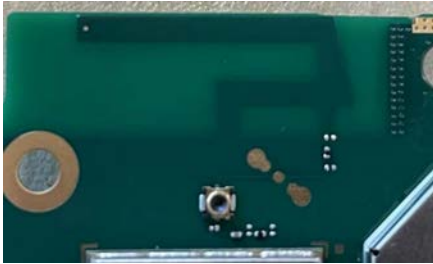


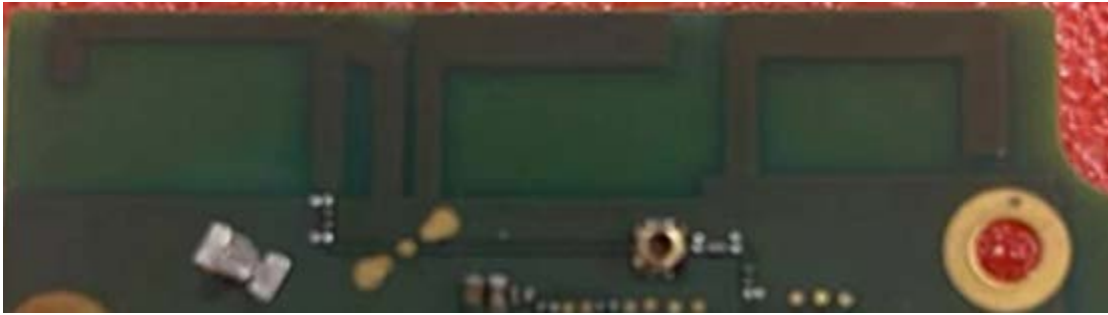
G6A87E Antenna Report – Photos

Antenna Structure:

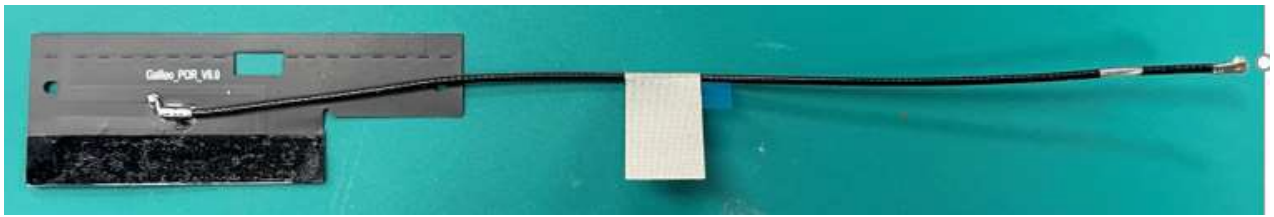
Wi-Fi antenna



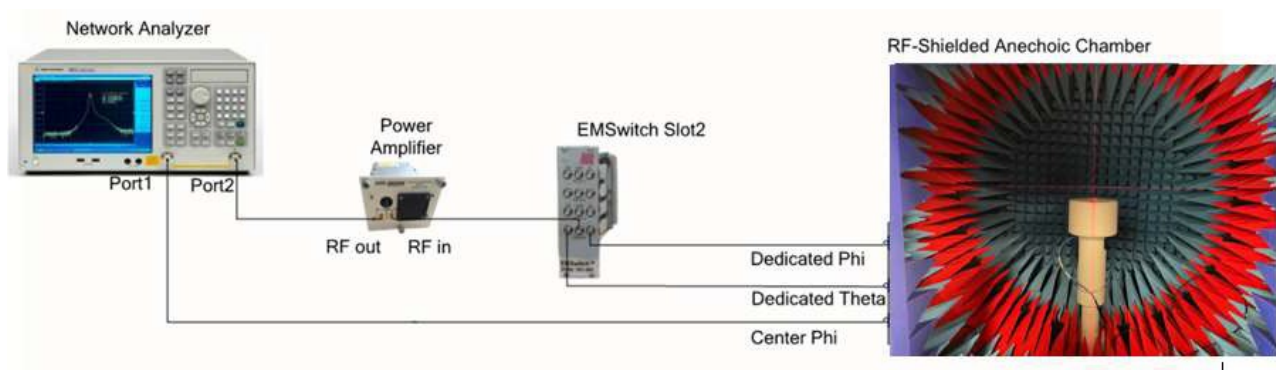
BT antenna



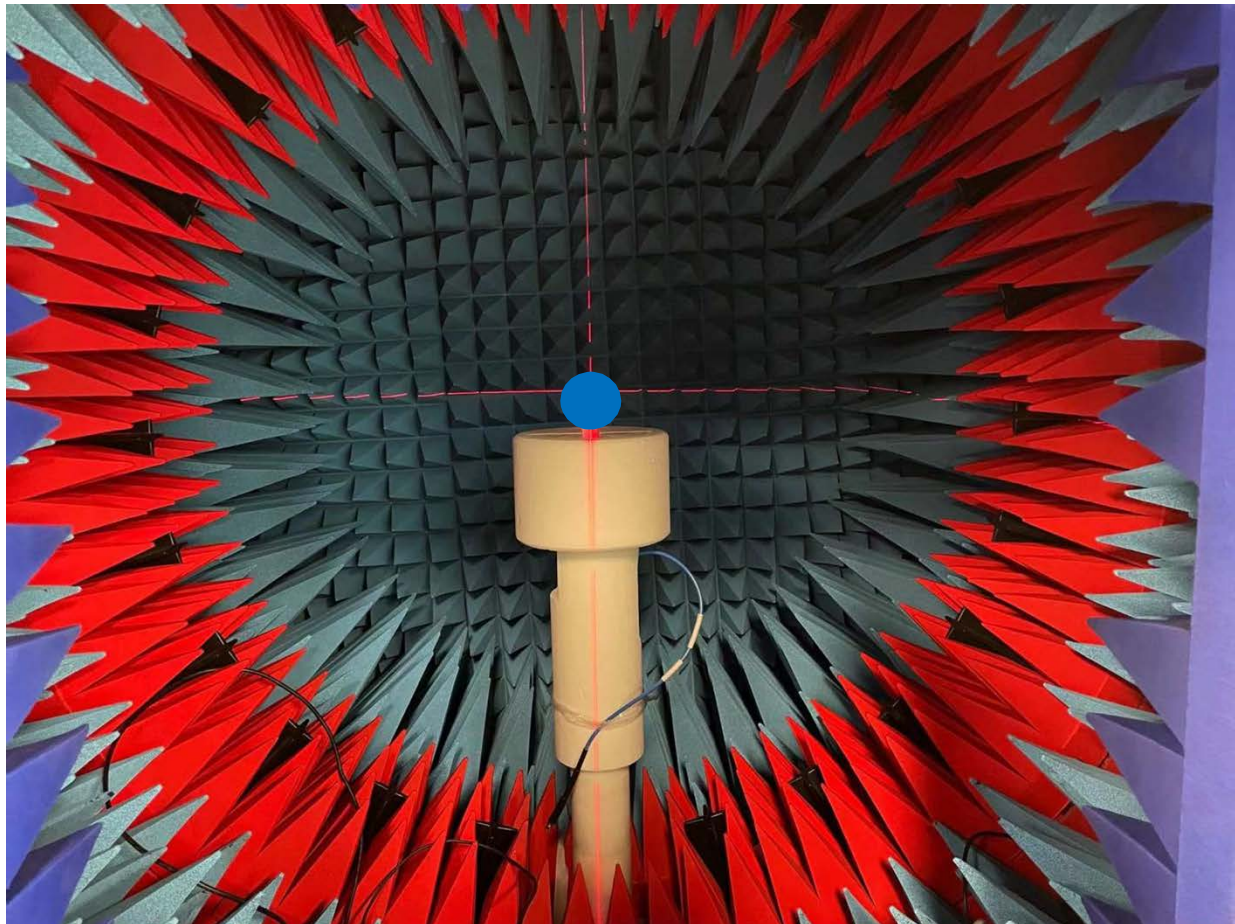
Zigbee and LoRa antenna



Measurement Test Method – Photos



The position of the product in the chamber



The diagram shows a circular chamber with a blue outer boundary and a yellow inner boundary. A central coordinate system has axes labeled $+X$, $+Y$, and $+Z$. The $+Z$ axis is vertical, $+X$ is horizontal to the right, and $+Y$ is diagonal towards the top-right. A probe, labeled "Probe 1" at the bottom, is positioned at the top of the chamber. The probe is a yellow, elongated shape with a blue tip. The probe's orientation is defined by two angles: θ (Elevation motor) and Φ (Azimuth motor). The θ angle is shown between the $+Z$ axis and the probe's longitudinal axis. The Φ angle is shown between the $+X$ axis and the probe's transverse axis. The probe is shown in three different orientations: $\theta = 0^\circ$ (vertical), $\theta = 90^\circ$ (horizontal), and $\theta = 180^\circ$ (inverted). The Φ angle is also shown for $\theta = 0^\circ$ and $\theta = 90^\circ$. The probe is labeled "Cut" in three different colors: blue for $\Phi = 90^\circ$, orange for $\theta = 90^\circ$, and black for $\Phi = 0^\circ$. The probe is also labeled "Cut" in three different colors: blue for $\Phi = 90^\circ$, orange for $\theta = 90^\circ$, and black for $\Phi = 0^\circ$. The probe is also labeled "Cut" in three different colors: blue for $\Phi = 90^\circ$, orange for $\theta = 90^\circ$, and black for $\Phi = 0^\circ$.