

System check at 2600 MHz

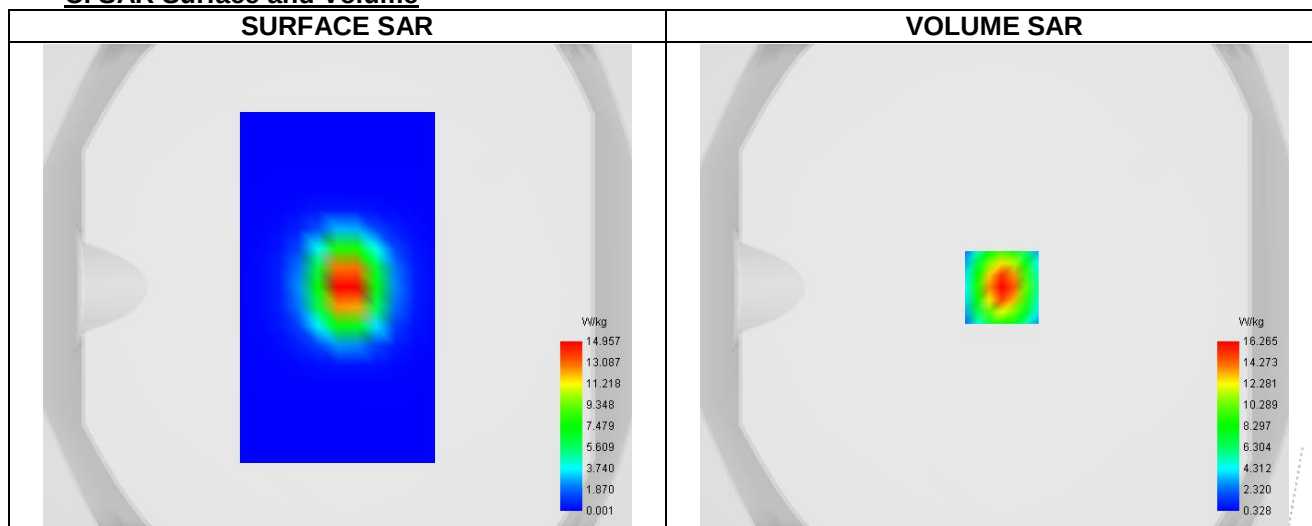
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	1.03
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x8,dx=5mm dy=5mm dz=4mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW2600
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2600.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.595
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.906
Conductivity (S/m)	1.993

C. SAR Surface and Volume



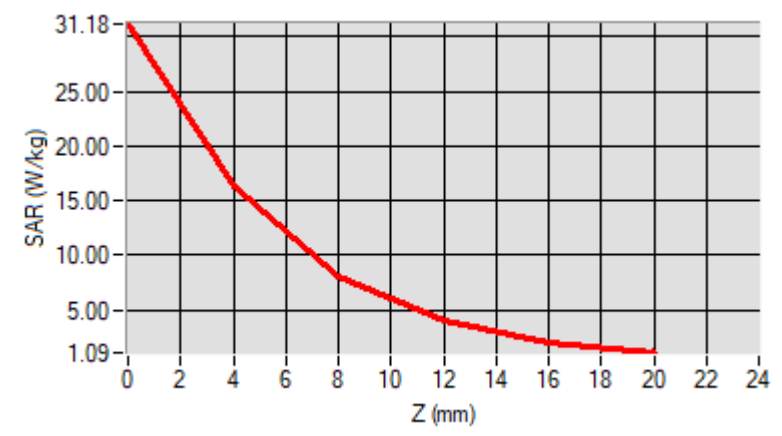
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=0.00 ; SAR Peak: 31.98 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

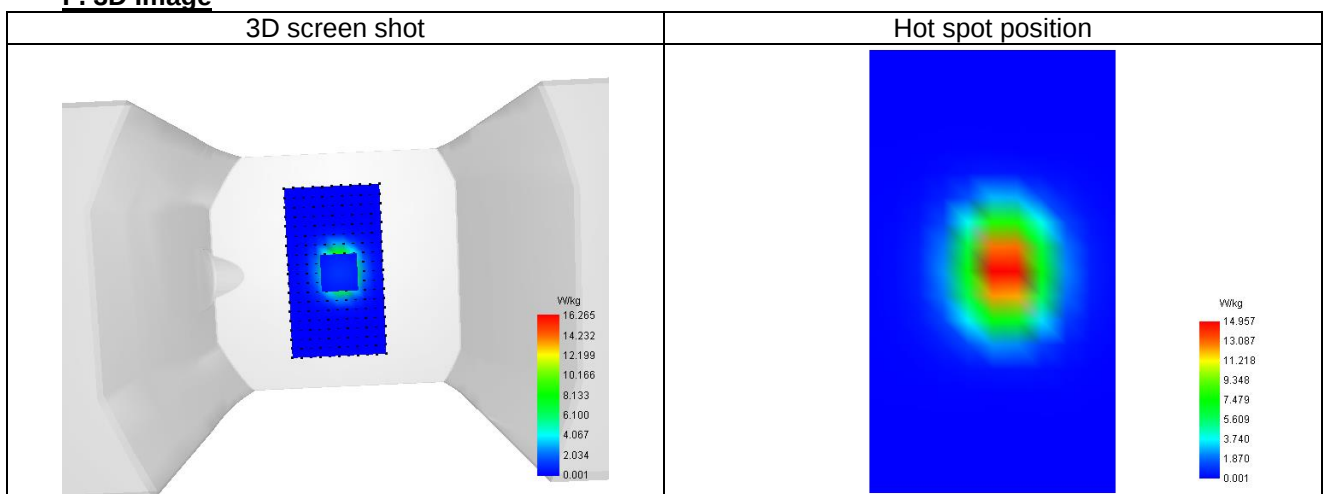
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	5.809
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	13.780
Variation (%)	1.301
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	31.172	16.108	7.982	3.835	1.964



F. 3D Image



System check at 5200 MHz

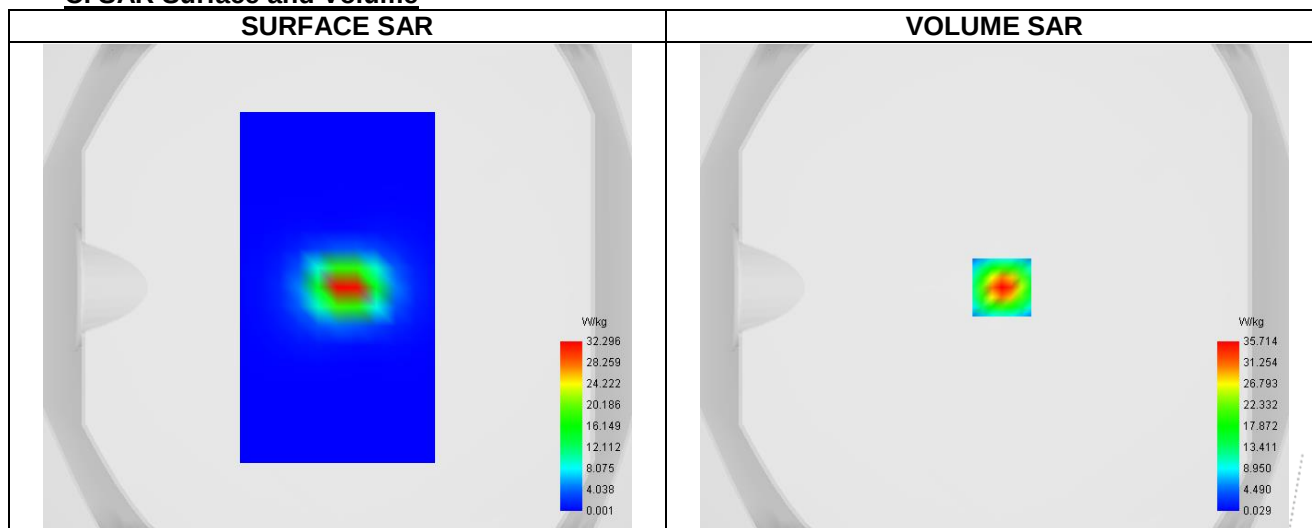
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	1.18
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW5200
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	5200.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.295
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.130
Conductivity (S/m)	4.551

C. SAR Surface and Volume



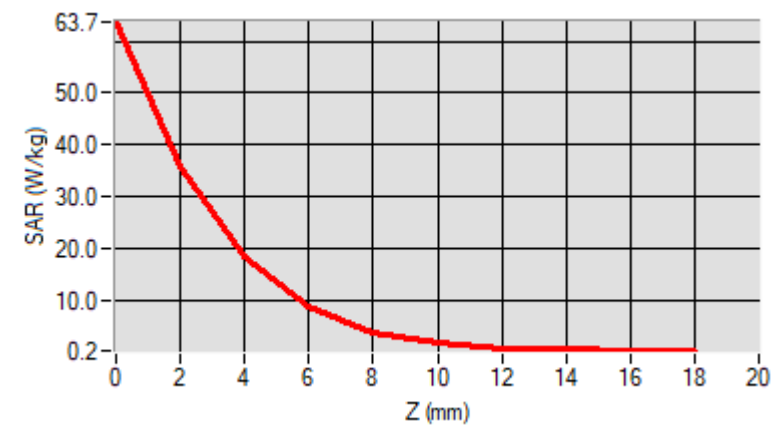
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=0.00 ; SAR Peak: 64.02 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

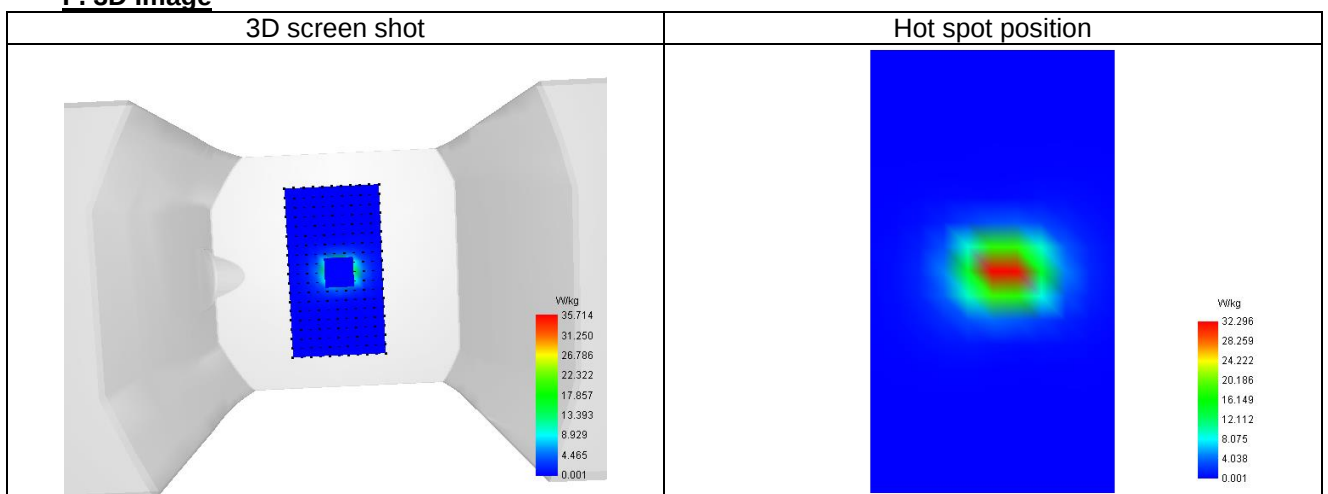
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	7.417
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	18.499
Variation (%)	1.487
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	63.614	35.528	18.106	8.235	3.407	1.502	0.710	0.358	0.255



F. 3D Image



System check at 5800 MHz

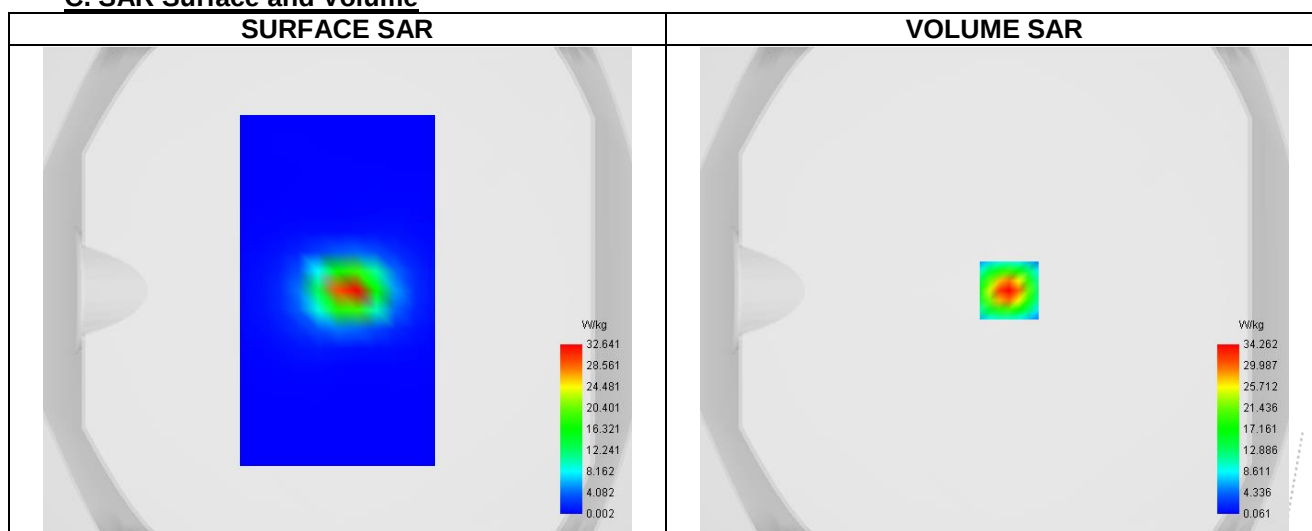
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPG0420
ConvF	1.15
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=2mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Dipole
Band	CW5800
Channels	Middle
Signal	CW (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	5800.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.797
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	18.420
Conductivity (S/m)	5.355

C. SAR Surface and Volume



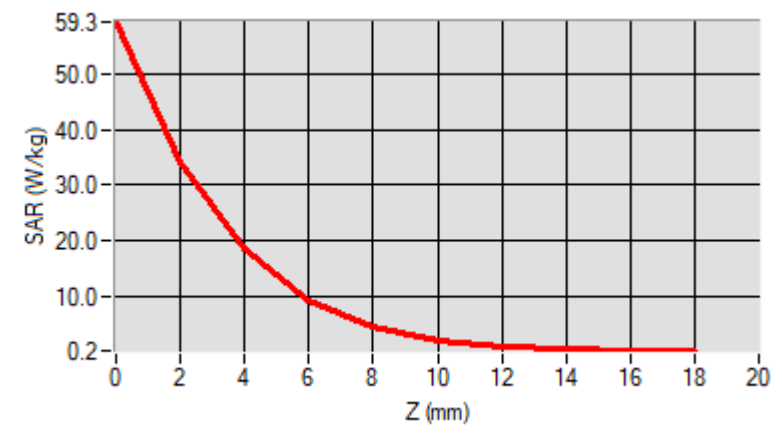
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=0.00 ; SAR Peak: 61.04 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

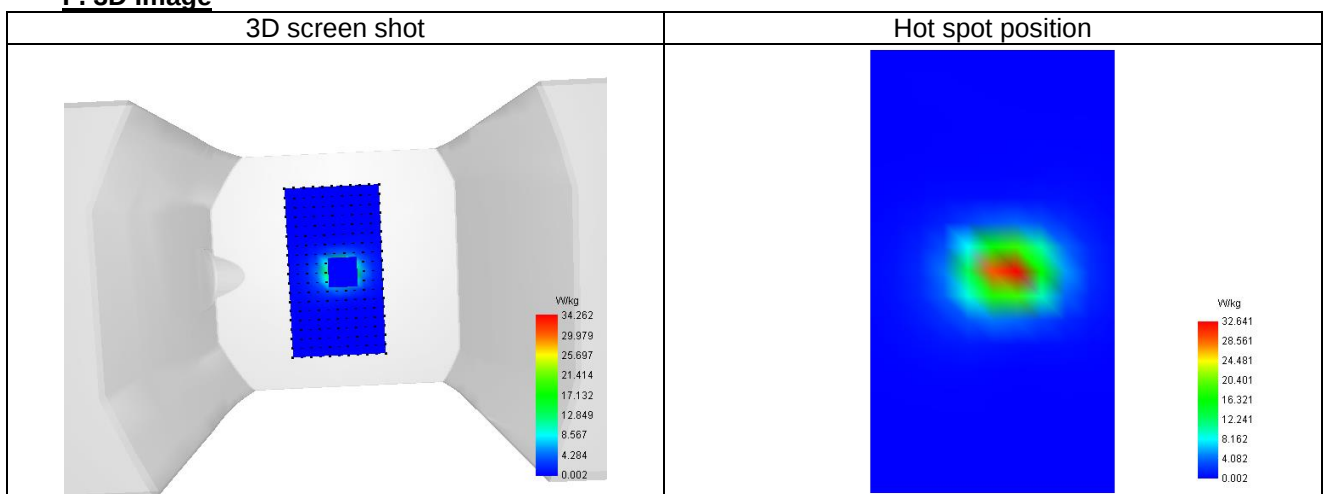
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	7.512
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	18.970
Variation (%)	-2.617
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	2.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00
SAR (W/Kg)	59.275	34.082	18.374	9.012	4.026	2.008	1.014	0.521	0.304



F. 3D Image



15.2 SAR Test Graph Results

SAR plots for the highest measured SAR in each exposure configuration, wireless mode and frequency band combination according to FCC KDB 865664 D02

Plot 1

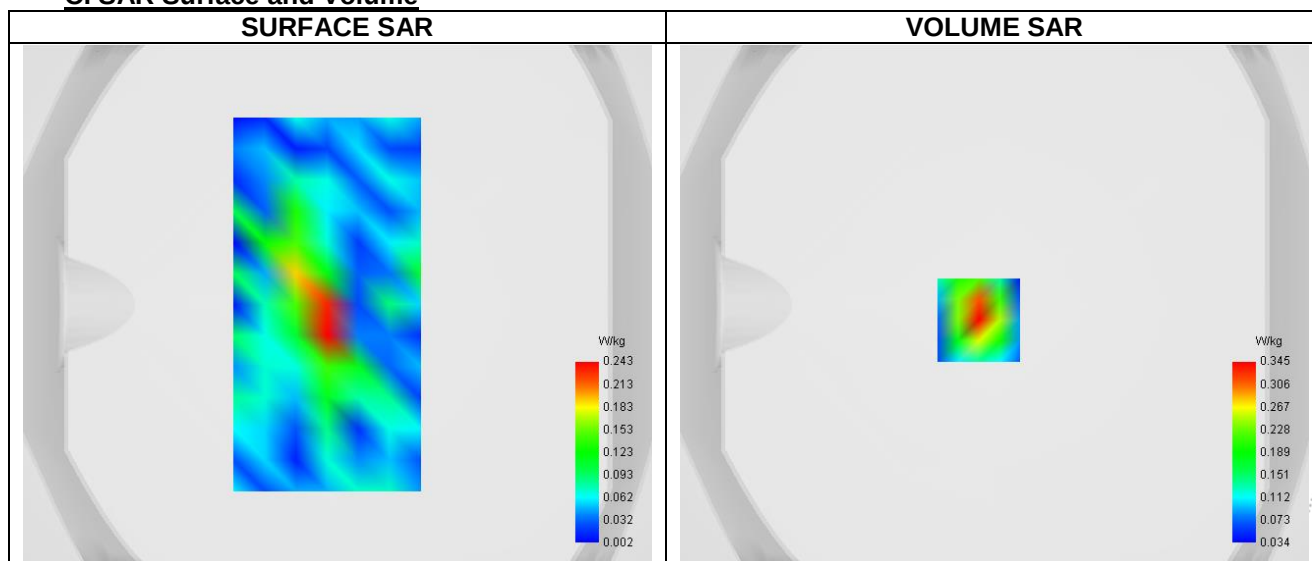
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	0.81
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM850
Channels	Higher (251)
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	848.800
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.505
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	19.400
Conductivity (S/m)	0.902

C. SAR Surface and Volume



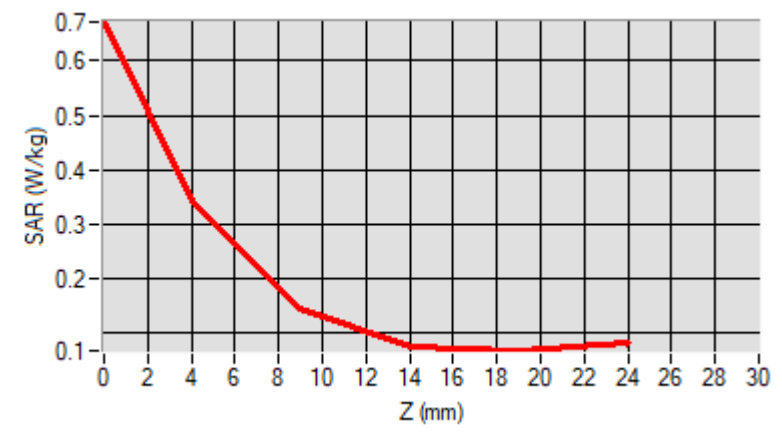
Maximum location: X=-6.00, Y=-6.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.67 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

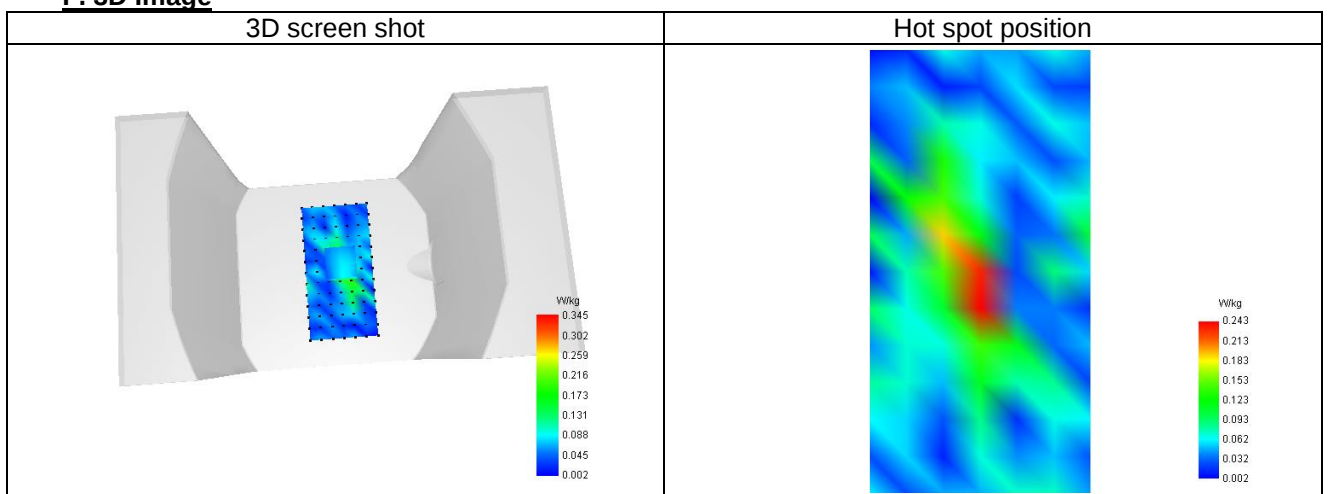
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.163
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.323
Variation (%)	-2.560
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.672	0.345	0.145	0.076	0.067



F. 3D Image



Plot 2

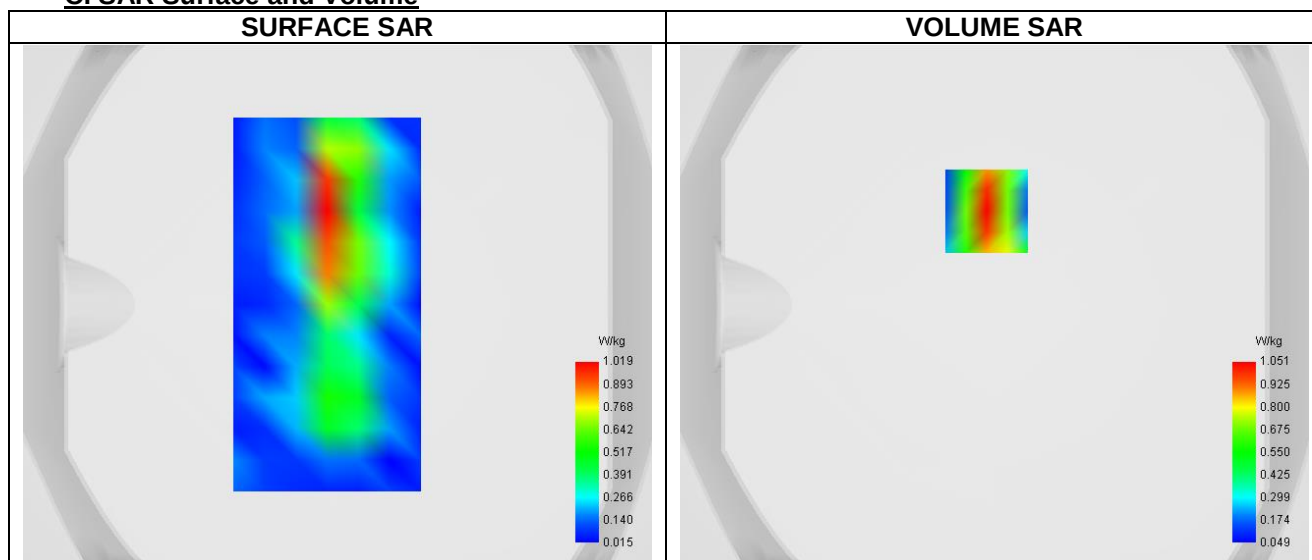
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPG0420
ConvF	1.04
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	GSM1900
Channels	Middle (661)
Signal	TDMA (Crest factor: 8.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1880.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.083
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.408
Conductivity (S/m)	1.369

C. SAR Surface and Volume



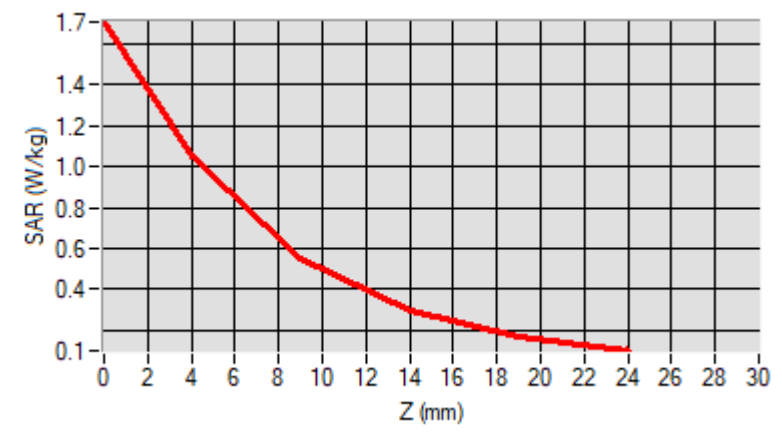
Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=36.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.71 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

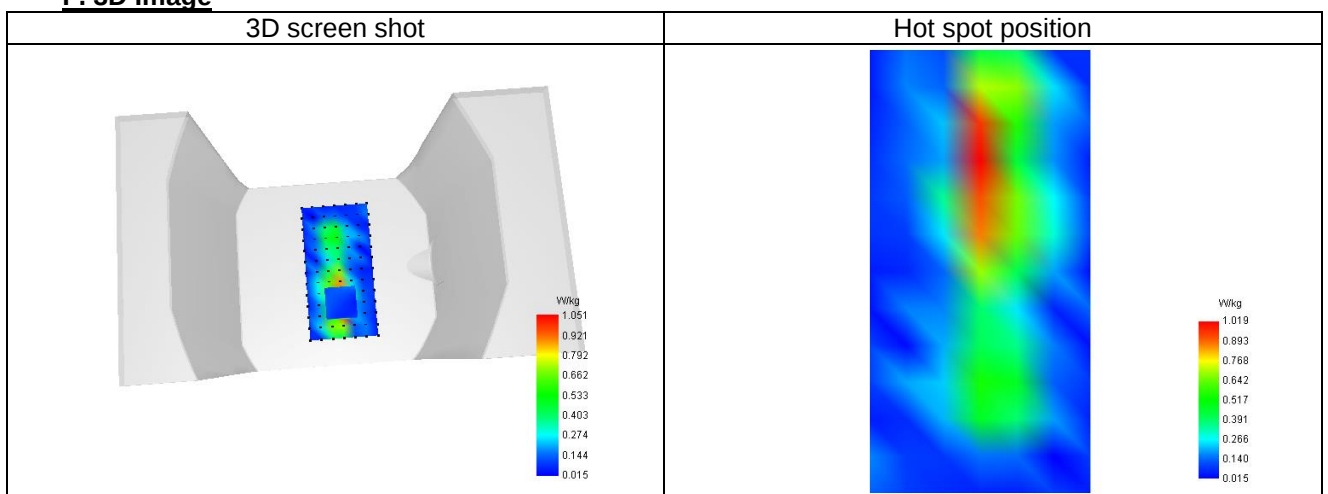
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.500
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.962
Variation (%)	-4.120
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.709	1.051	0.554	0.296	0.170



F. 3D Image



Plot 3

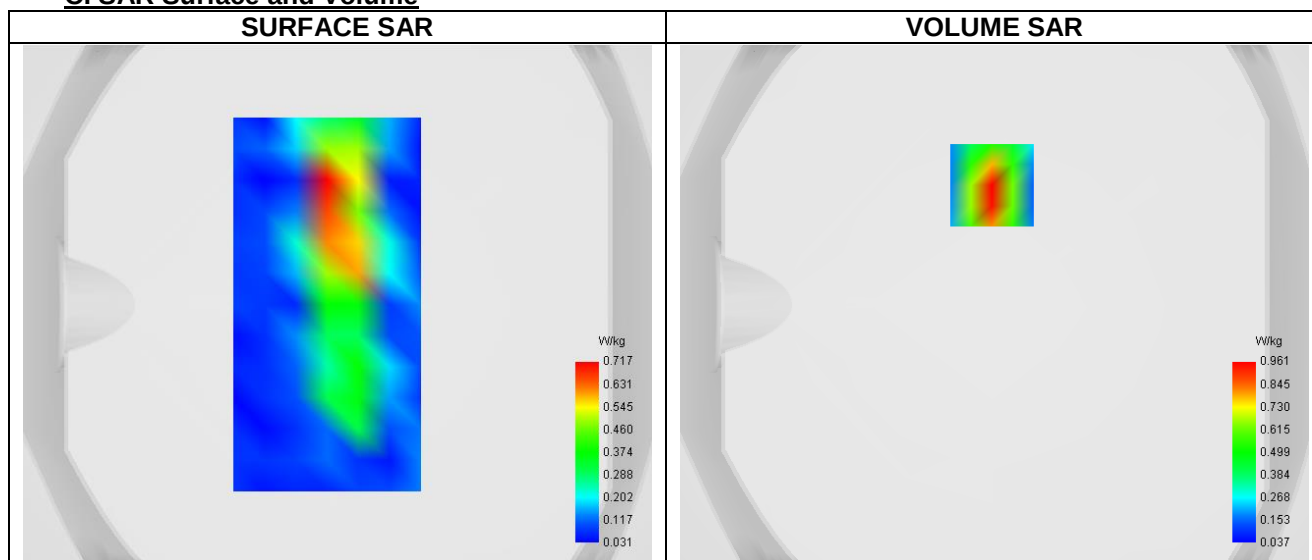
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPG0420
ConvF	1.04
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band2_WCDMA1900
Channels	Lower (9262)
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1852.400
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.083
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.612
Conductivity (S/m)	1.369

C. SAR Surface and Volume



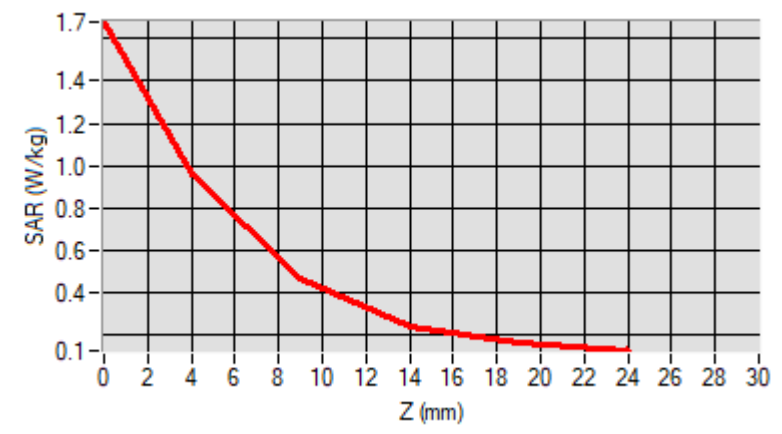
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=46.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.72 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

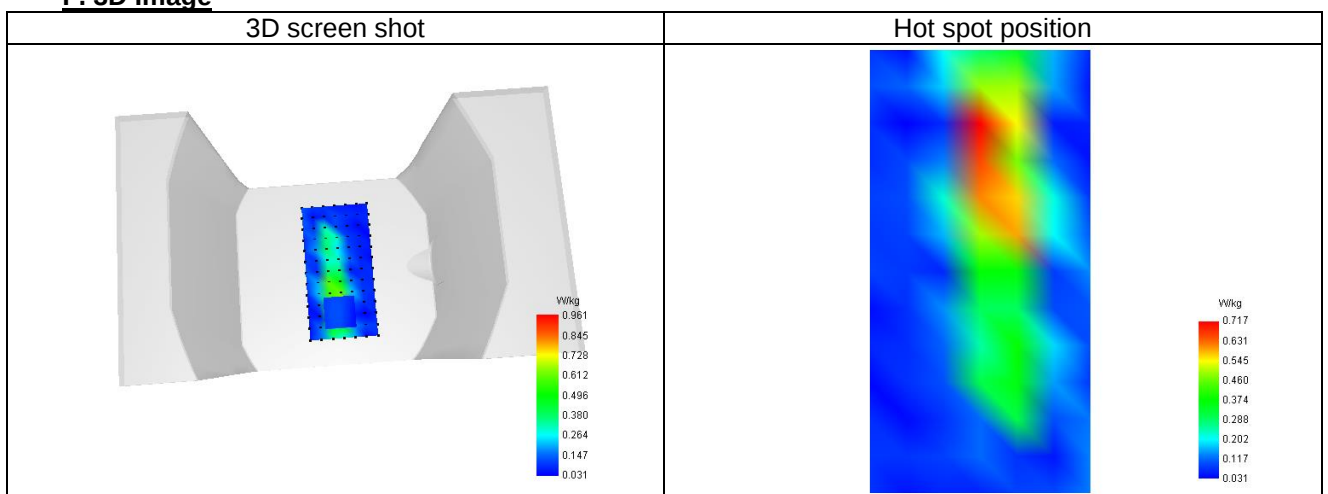
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.441
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.896
Variation (%)	-3.800
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.678	0.961	0.466	0.245	0.162



F. 3D Image



Plot 4

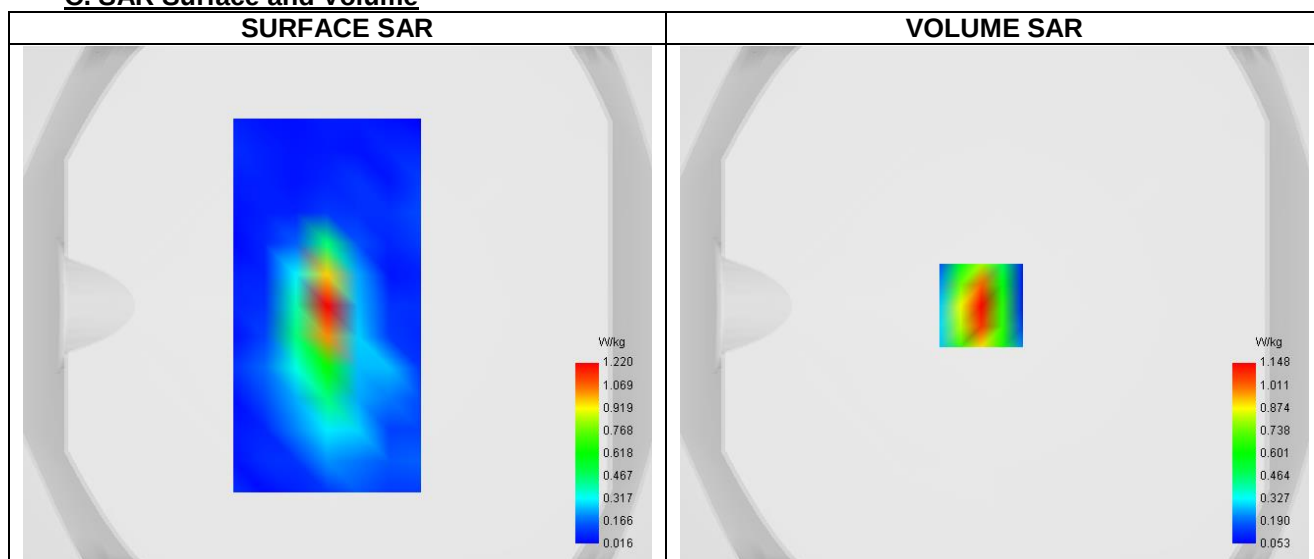
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	0.81
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	Band5_WCDMA850
Channels	Lower (4132)
Signal	WCDMA (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	826.400
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.608
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	20.321
Conductivity (S/m)	0.868

C. SAR Surface and Volume



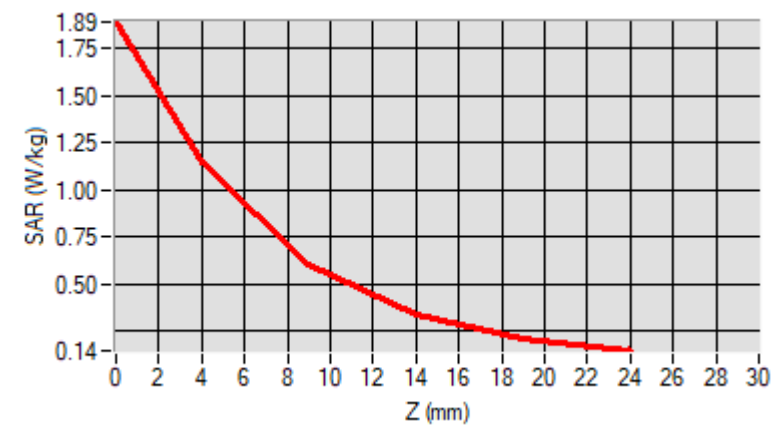
Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=0.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.91 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

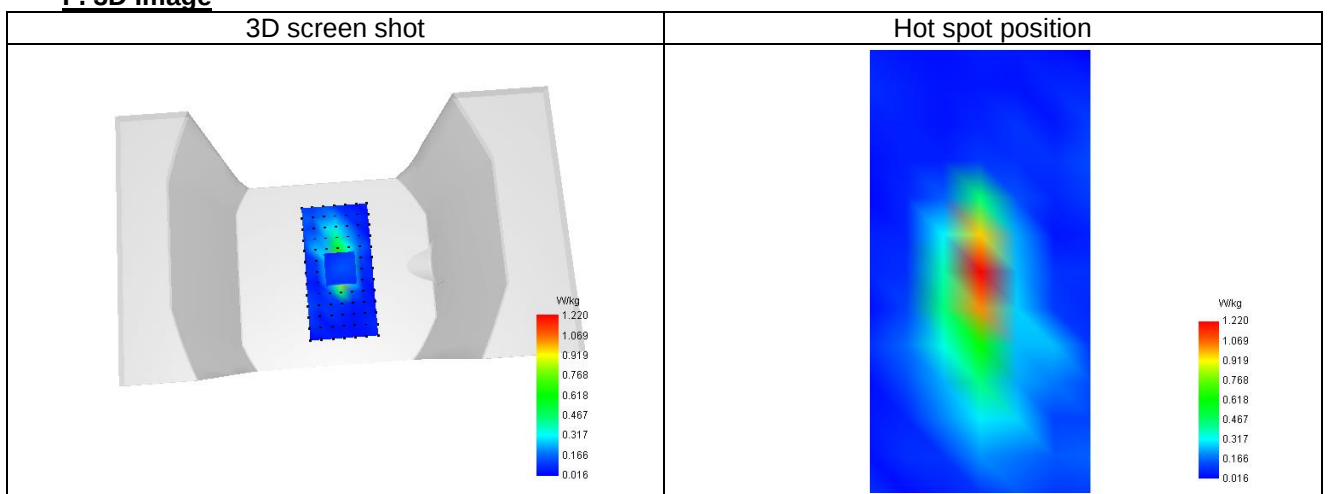
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.541
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.082
Variation (%)	-1.580
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.889	1.148	0.604	0.333	0.209



F. 3D Image



Plot 5

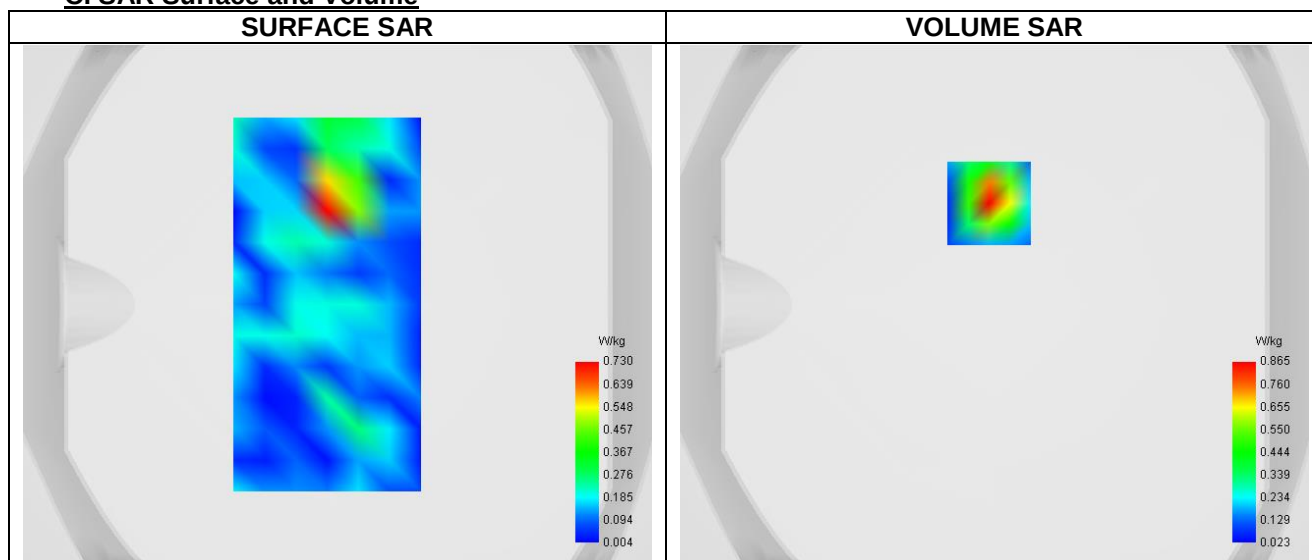
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPG0420
ConvF	1.03
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 7
Channels	Higher (21350)
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2560.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.595
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.477
Conductivity (S/m)	1.993

C. SAR Surface and Volume



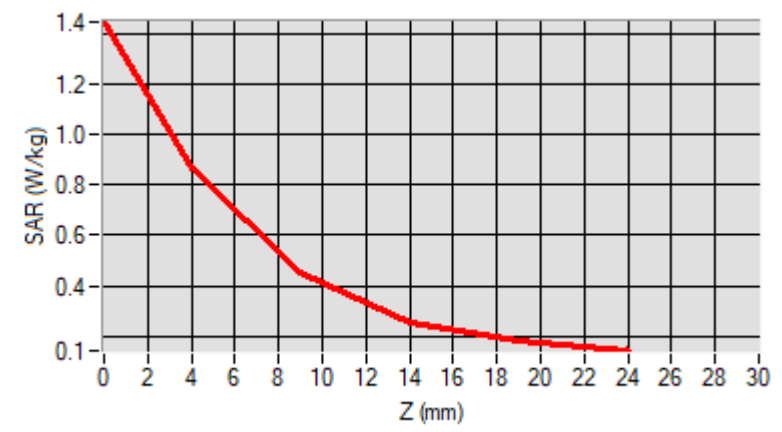
Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=39.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.49 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

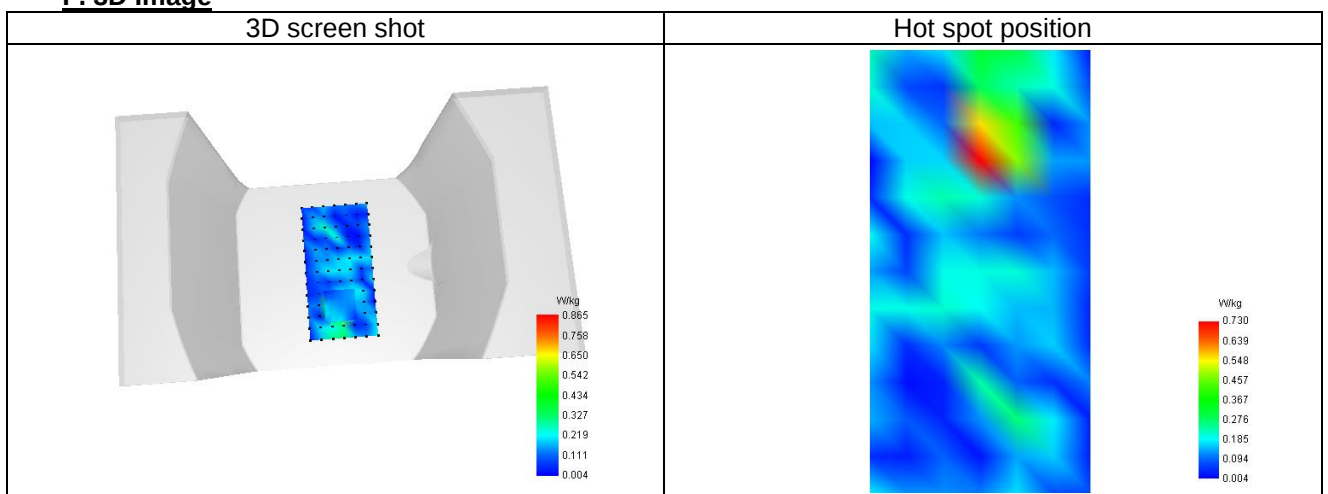
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.397
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.792
Variation (%)	4.160
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.445	0.865	0.451	0.257	0.178



F. 3D Image



Plot 6

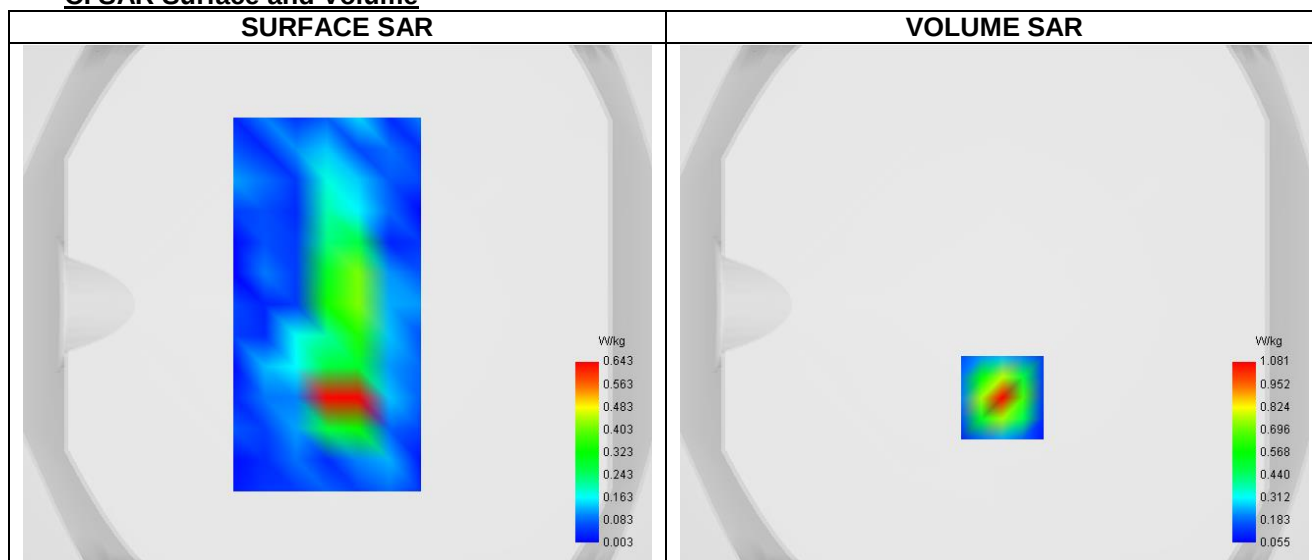
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPG0420
ConvF	0.80
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 12
Channels	23130
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	707.500
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.505
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	23.107
Conductivity (S/m)	0.902

C. SAR Surface and Volume



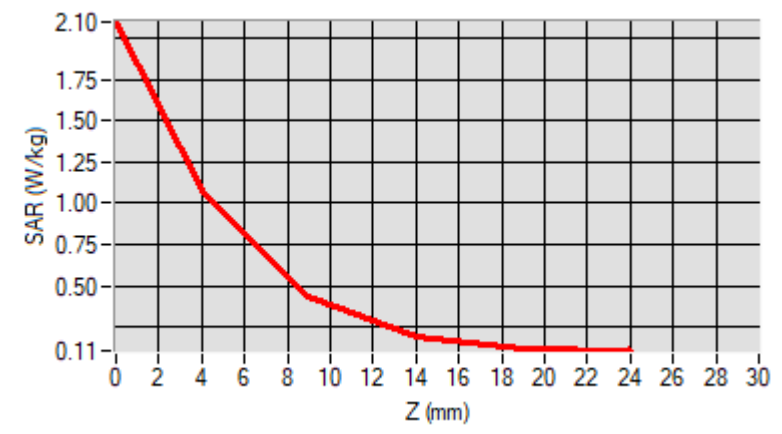
Maximum location: X=3.00, Y=-36.00 ; SAR Peak: 2.09 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

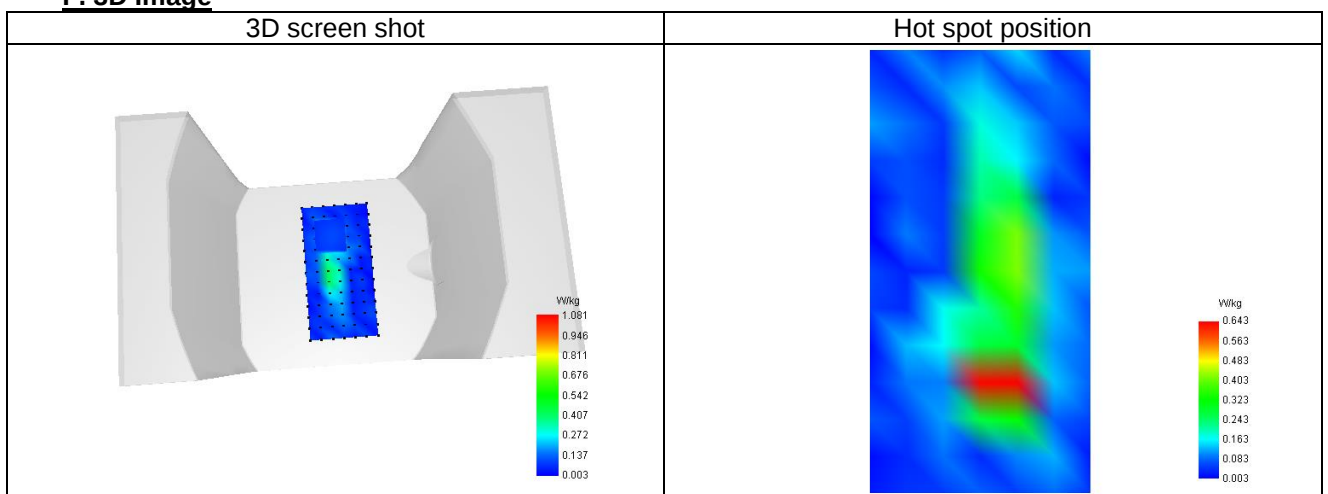
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.416
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.989
Variation (%)	0.660
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.098	1.081	0.438	0.193	0.122



F. 3D Image



Plot 7

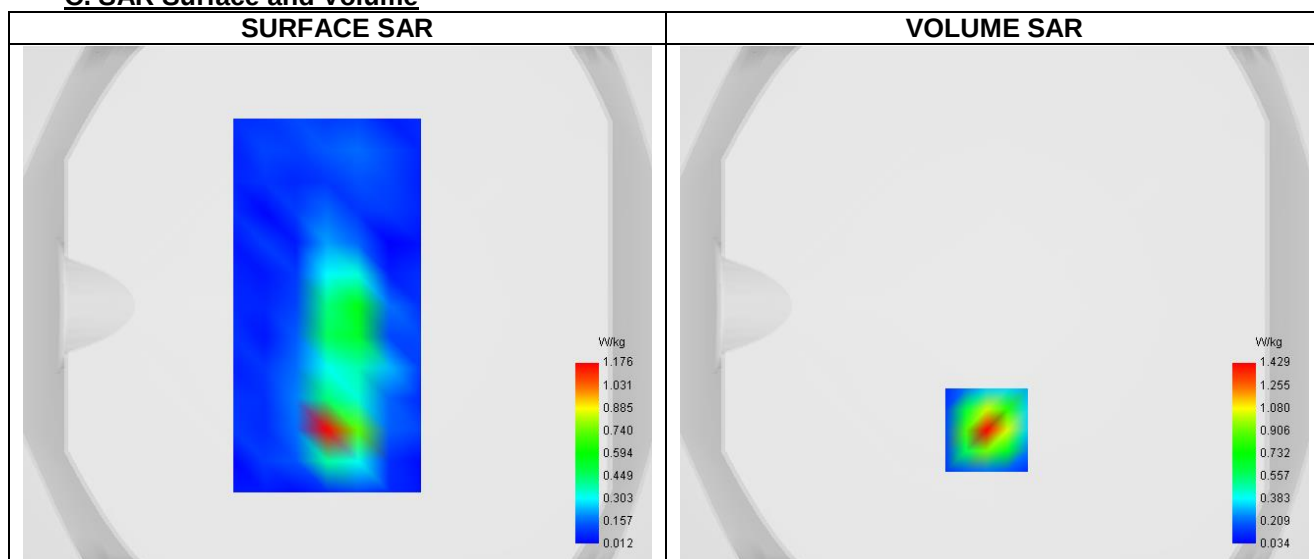
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	0.80
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 17
Channels	Middle (23790)
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	710.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	42.505
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	23.152
Conductivity (S/m)	0.902

C. SAR Surface and Volume



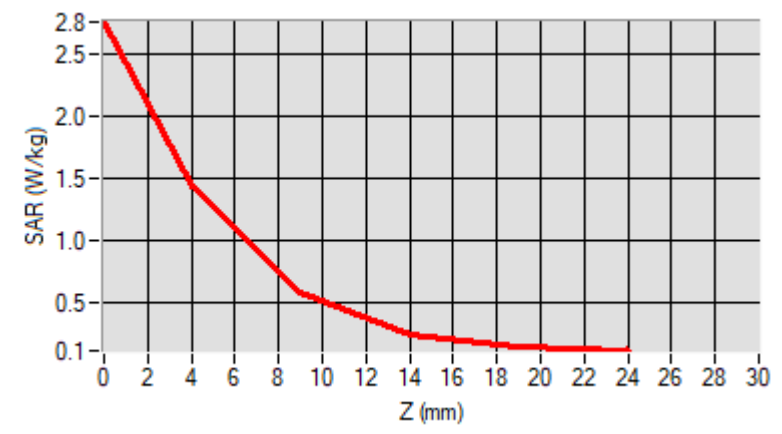
Maximum location: X=-3.00, Y=-48.00 ; SAR Peak: 2.76 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

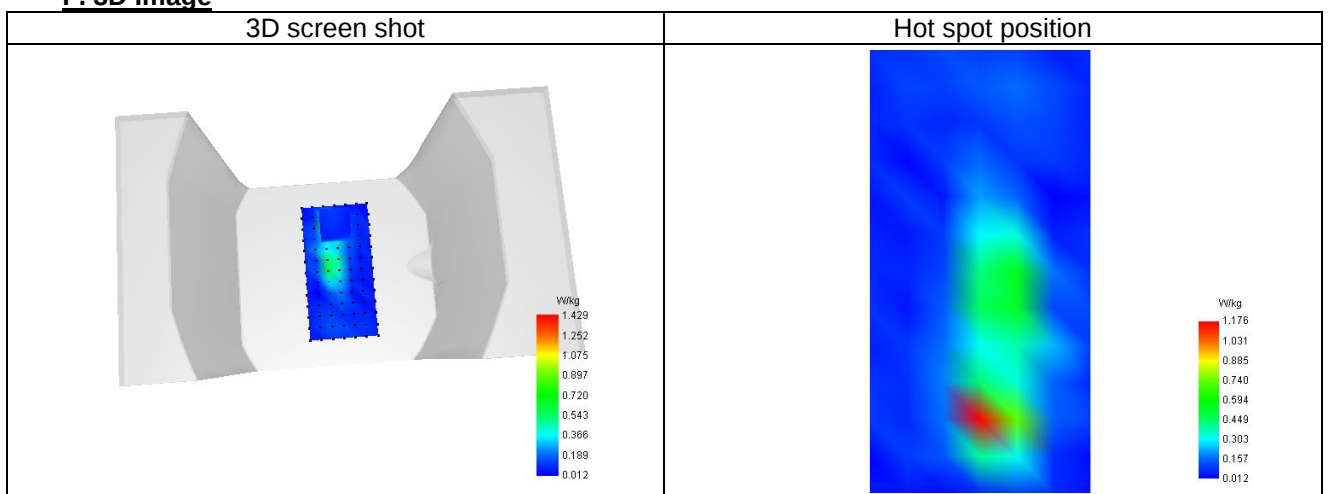
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.541
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	1.003
Variation (%)	-1.480
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.759	1.429	0.579	0.246	0.142



F. 3D Image



Plot 8

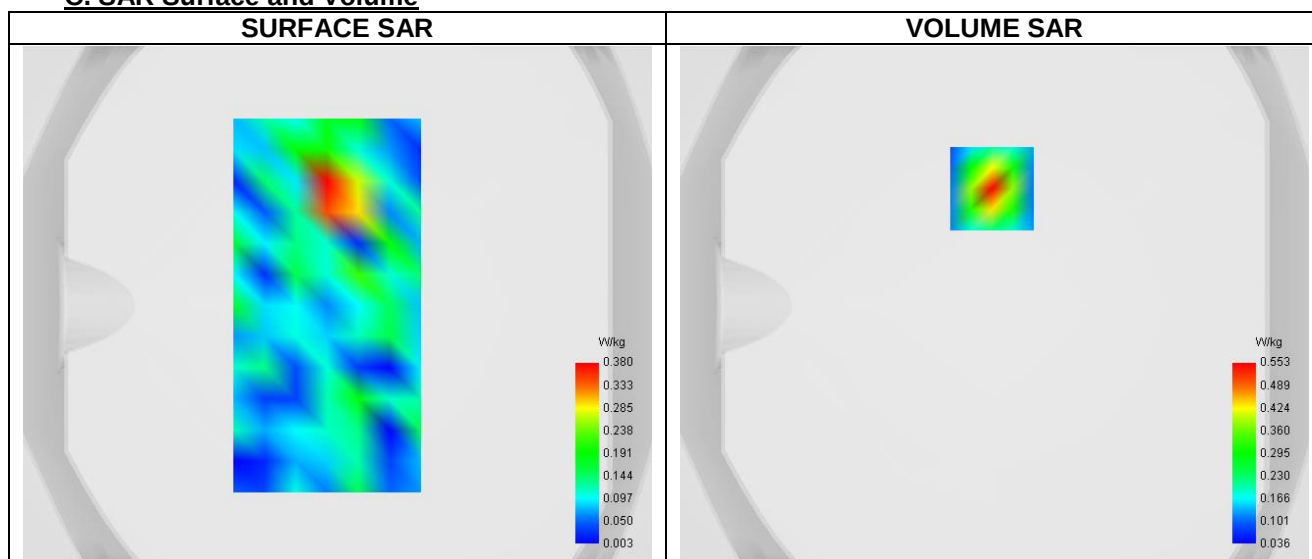
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPG0420
ConvF	1.03
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 38
Channels	37850
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2580.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.595
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.512
Conductivity (S/m)	1.993

C. SAR Surface and Volume



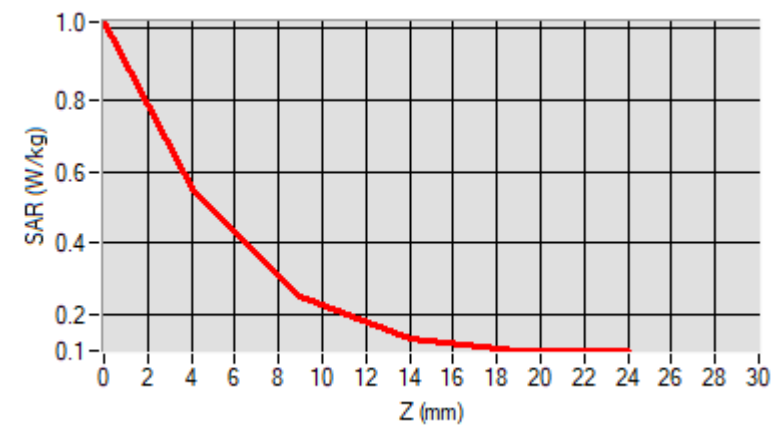
Maximum location: X=-1.00, Y=45.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.02 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

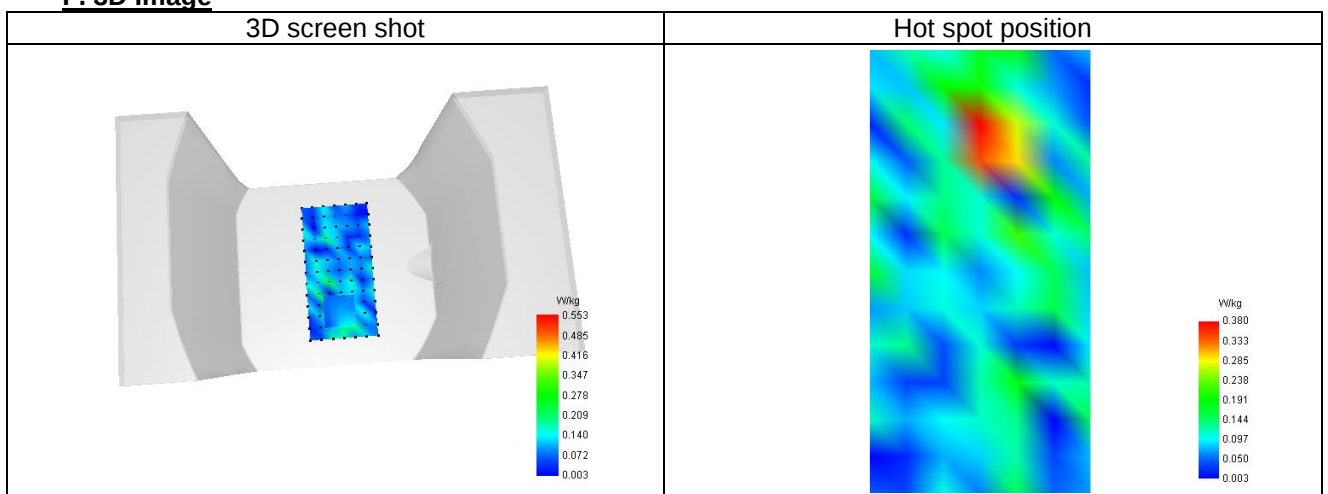
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.252
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.507
Variation (%)	1.230
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.018	0.553	0.252	0.133	0.102



F. 3D Image



Plot 9

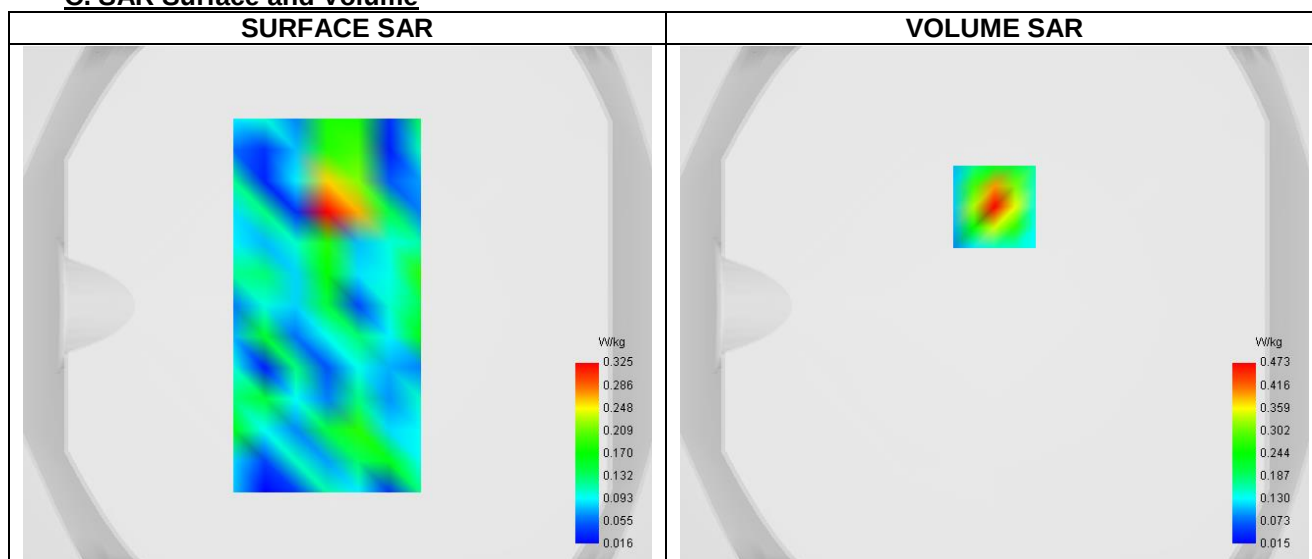
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPGO420
ConvF	1.03
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE band 41
Channels	Middle (40620)
Signal	LTE (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2593.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	39.595
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.554
Conductivity (S/m)	1.993

C. SAR Surface and Volume



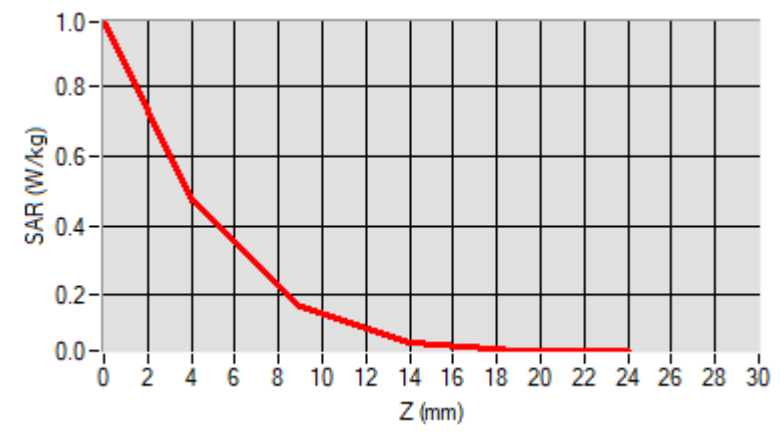
Maximum location: X=0.00, Y=38.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.99 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

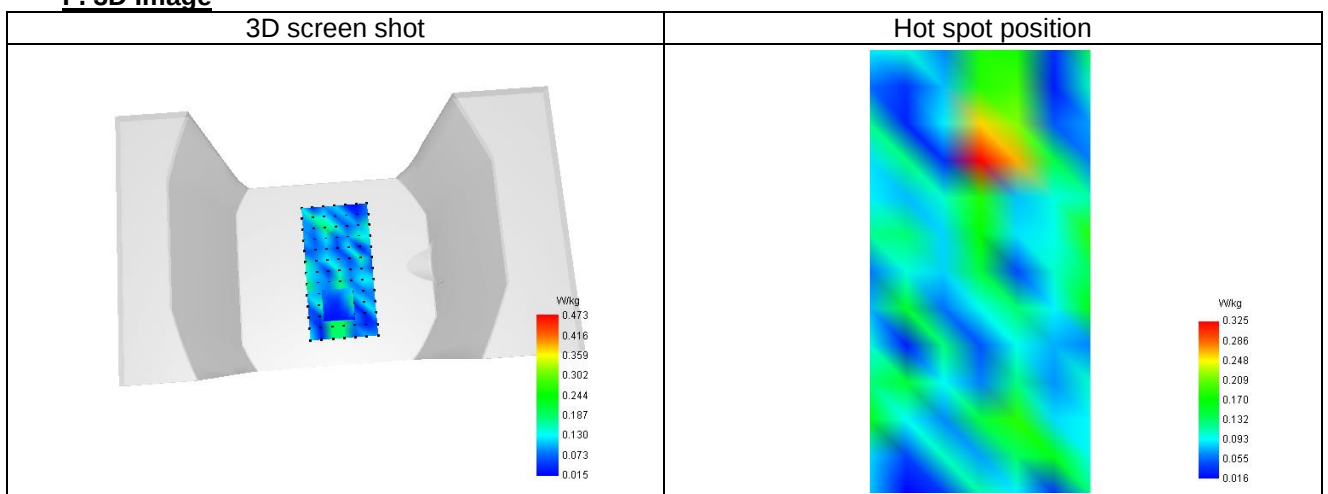
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.216
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.443
Variation (%)	-3.310
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.987	0.473	0.168	0.064	0.040



F. 3D Image



Plot 10

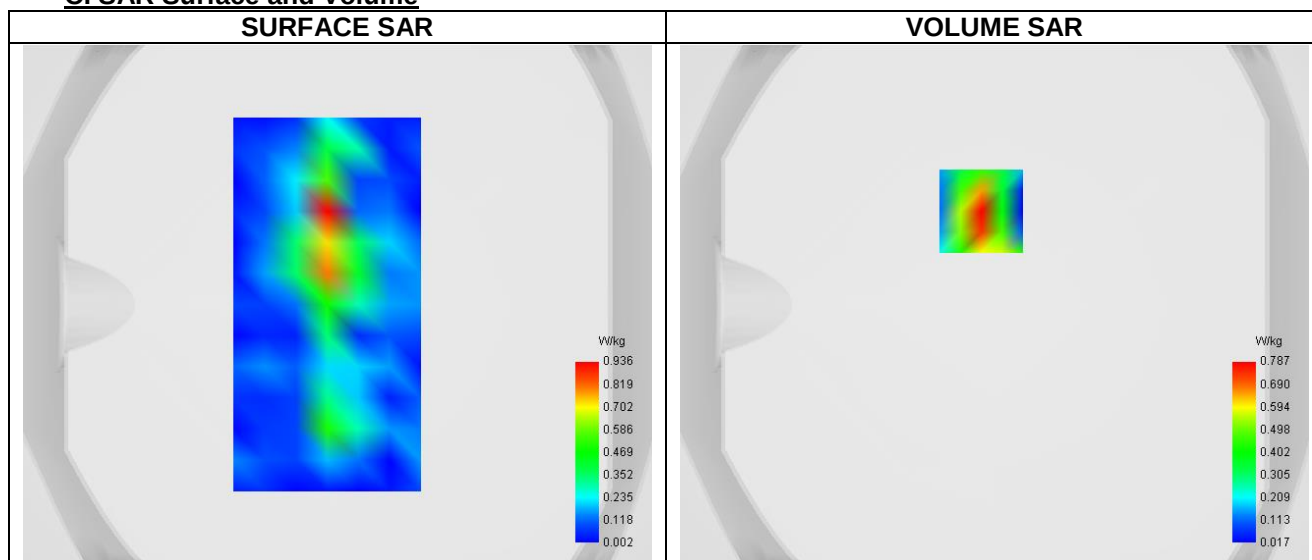
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPG0420
ConvF	0.96
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	LTE_Band_66
Channels	Lower (0)
Signal	Custom (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	1720.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	38.656
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	14.169
Conductivity (S/m)	1.446

C. SAR Surface and Volume



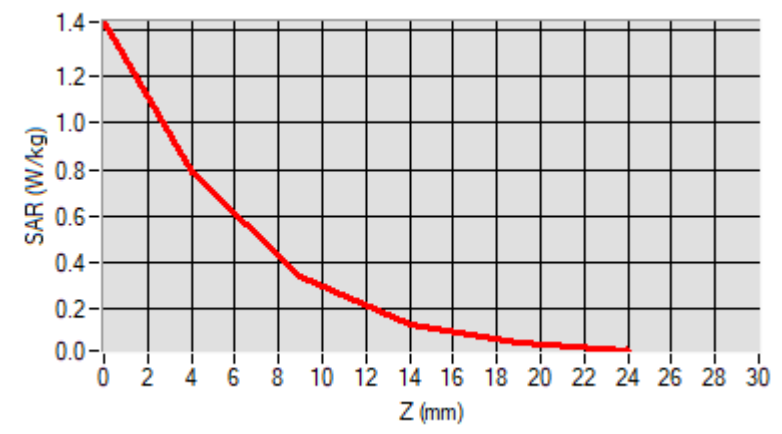
Maximum location: X=-5.00, Y=36.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.45 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

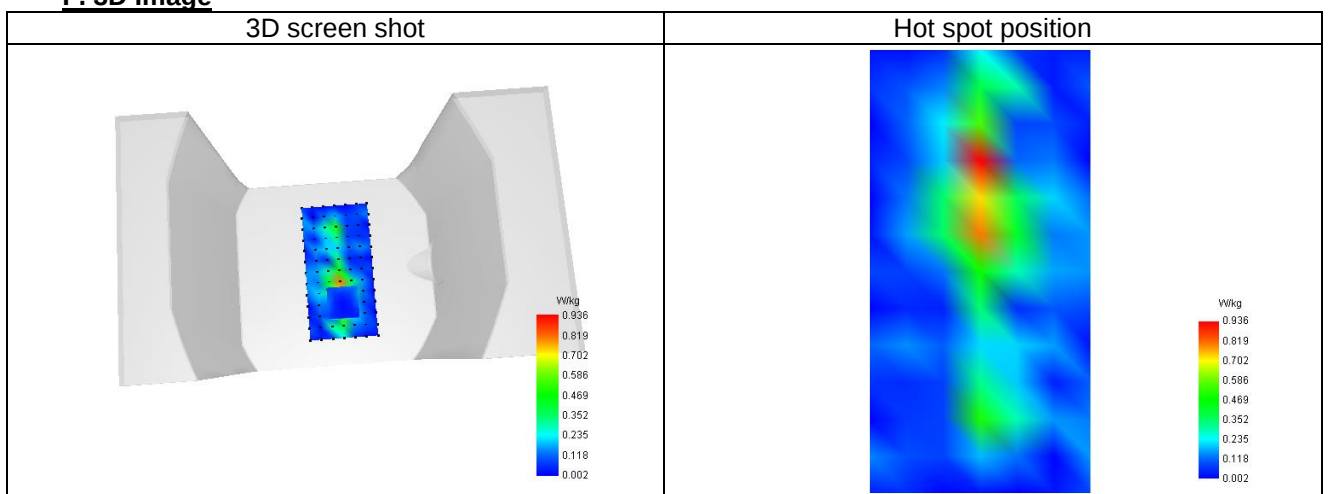
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.335
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.720
Variation (%)	3.430
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.437	0.787	0.337	0.134	0.053



F. 3D Image



Plot 11

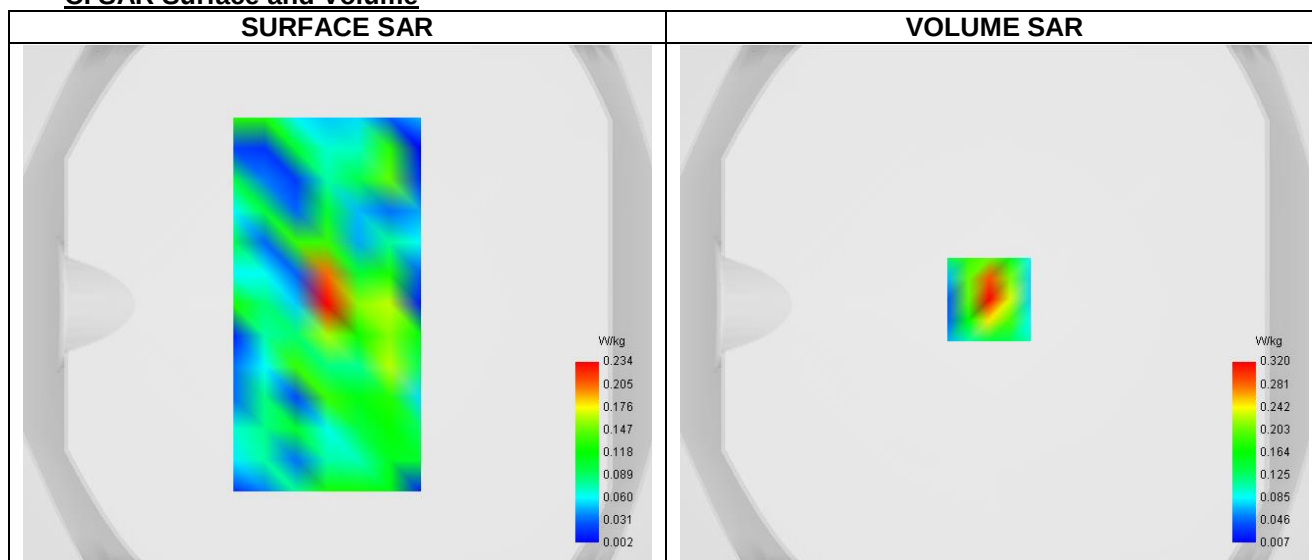
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPG0420
ConvF	1.11
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	5x5x7,dx=8mm dy=8mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	IEEE 802.11b ISM
Channels	1
Signal	IEEE802.b (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	2412.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	40.006
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	13.212
Conductivity (S/m)	1.789

C. SAR Surface and Volume



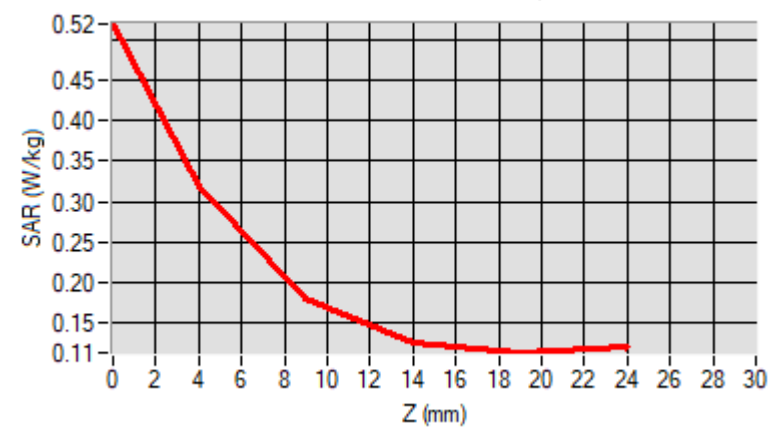
Maximum location: X=-2.00, Y=2.00 ; SAR Peak: 0.53 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

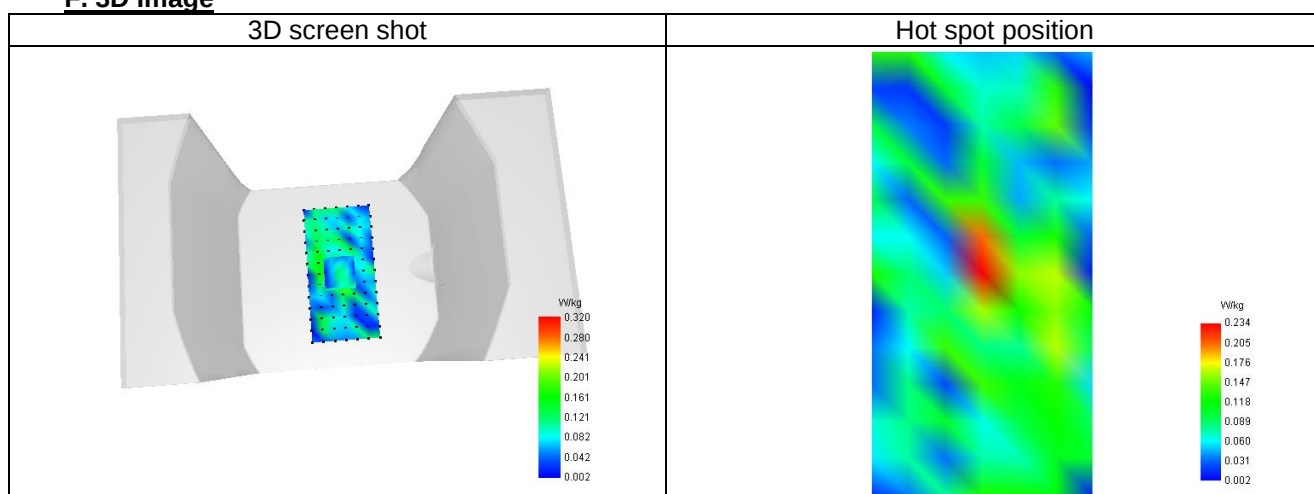
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.169
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.295
Variation (%)	0.580
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	9.00	14.00	19.00
SAR (W/Kg)	0.520	0.320	0.181	0.124	0.113



F. 3D Image



Plot 12

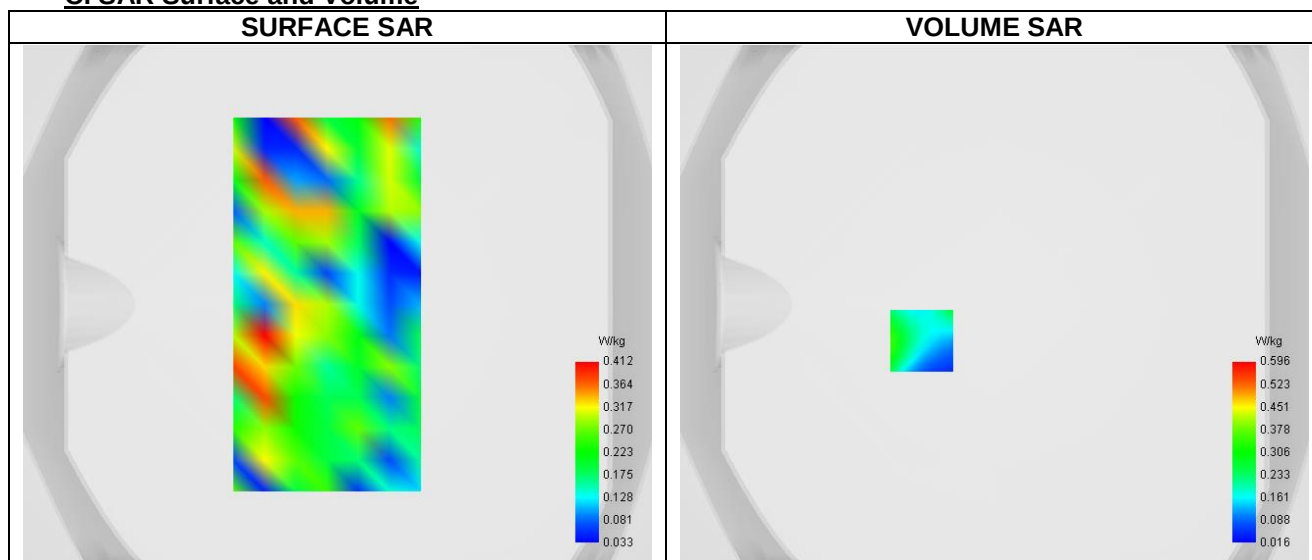
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPG0420
ConvF	1.18
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	5200
Channels	38
Signal	Custom (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	5190.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	36.295
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.130
Conductivity (S/m)	4.551

C. SAR Surface and Volume

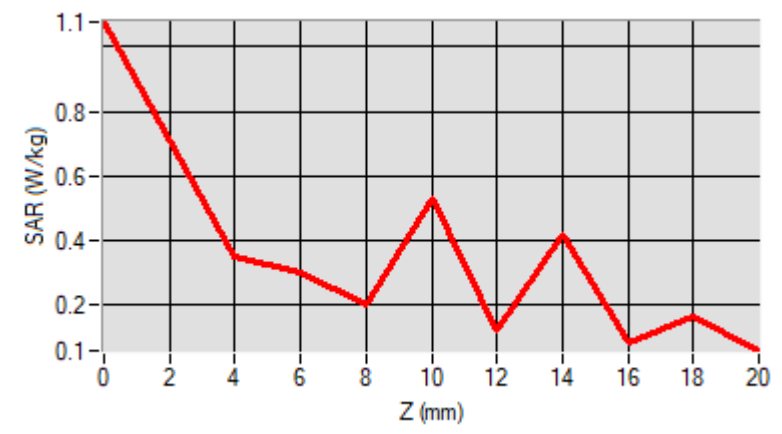


D. SAR 1g & 10g

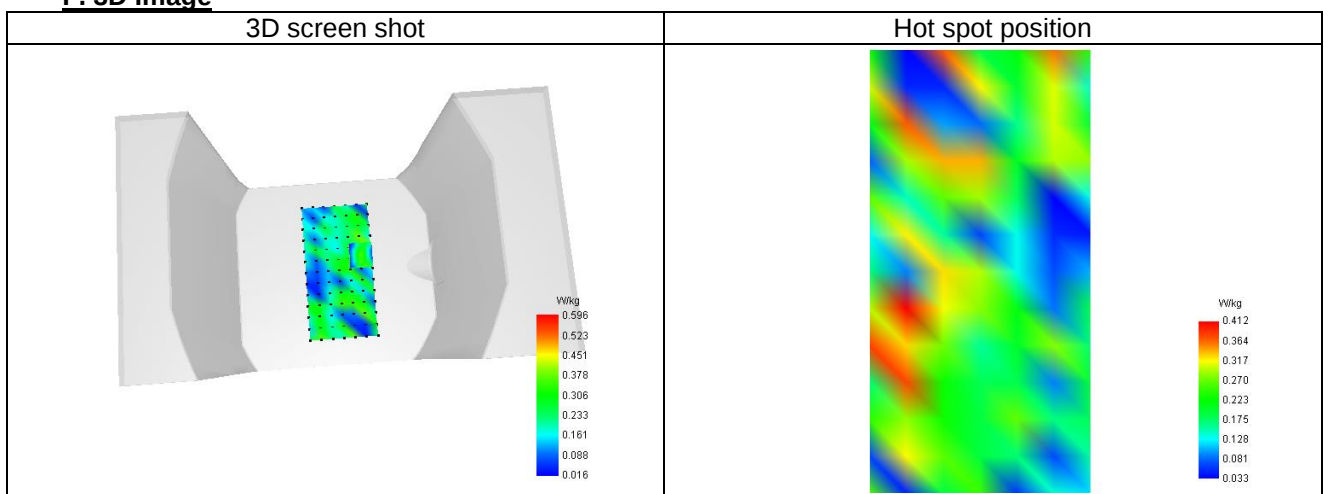
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.263
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.329
Variation (%)	-0.250
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00	18.00
SAR (W/Kg)	1.077	0.348	0.299	0.201	0.531	0.124	0.420	0.084	0.167



F. 3D Image



Plot 13

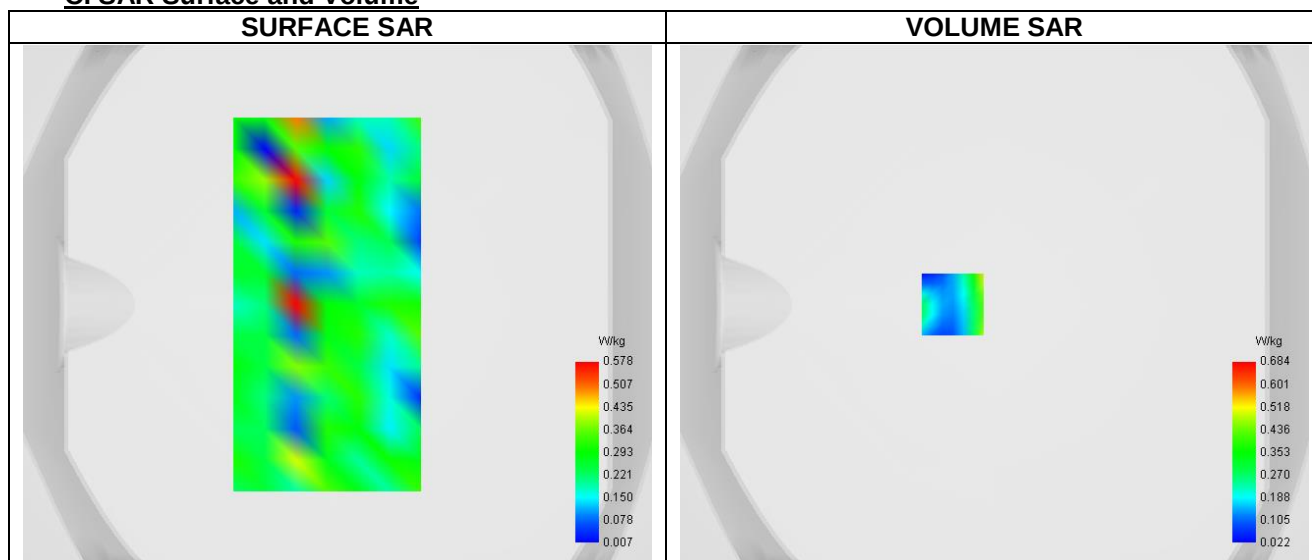
A. Experimental conditions.

Probe	SN 26/23 EPG0420
ConvF	1.15
Area Scan	surf_sam_plan.txt
Zoom Scan	7x7x12,dx=4mm dy=4mm dz=5mm
Phantom	Validation plane
Device Position	Body
Band	5800
Channels	151
Signal	Custom (Crest factor: 1.0)

B. Permittivity

Frequency (MHz)	5775.000
Relative permittivity (real part)	35.797
Relative permittivity (imaginary part)	16.355
Conductivity (S/m)	5.355

C. SAR Surface and Volume



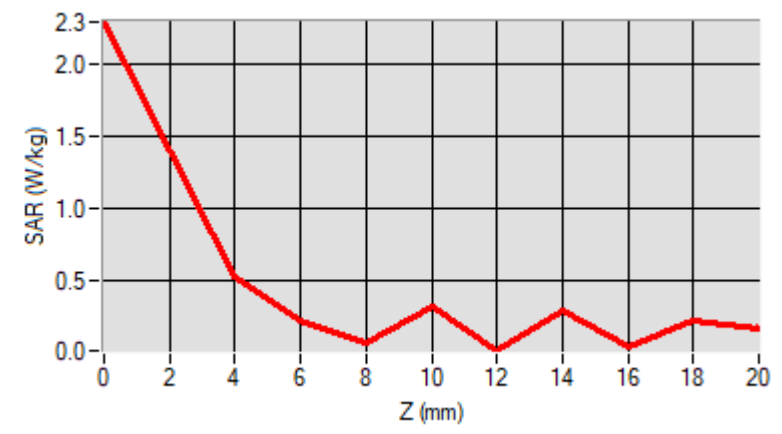
Maximum location: X=-16.00, Y=0.00 ; SAR Peak: 1.11 W/kg

D. SAR 1g & 10g

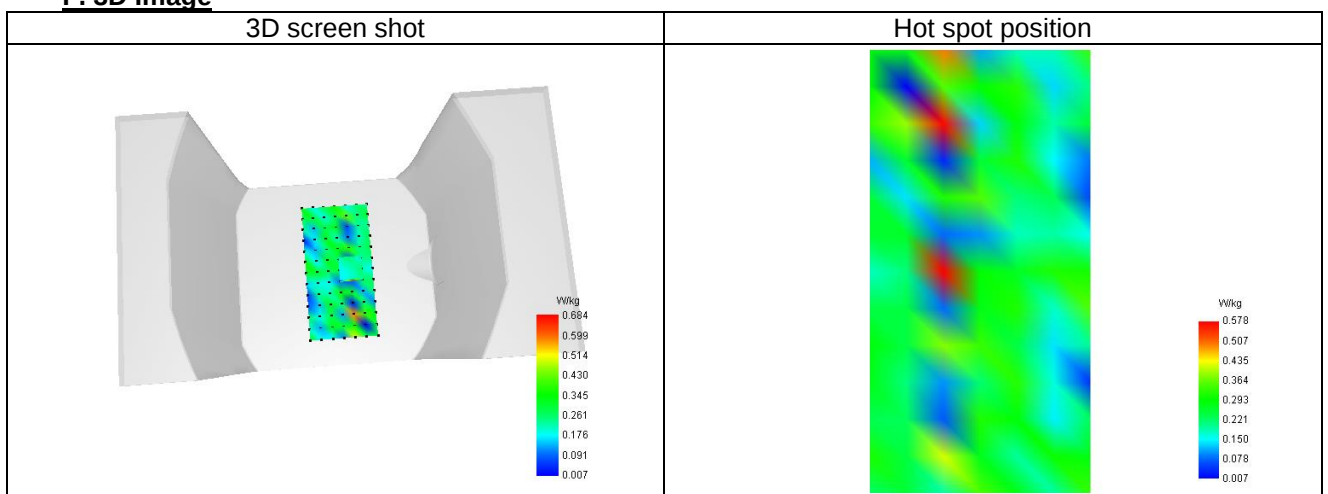
SAR 10g (W/Kg)	0.225
SAR 1g (W/Kg)	0.329
Variation (%)	-2.060
Horizontal validation criteria: minimum distance (mm)	0.000000
Vertical validation criteria: SAR ratio M2/M1 (%)	0.000000

E. Z Axis Scan

Z (mm)	0.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00	14.00	16.00	18.00
SAR (W/Kg)	2.288	0.538	0.230	0.084	0.325	0.022	0.299	0.051	0.232

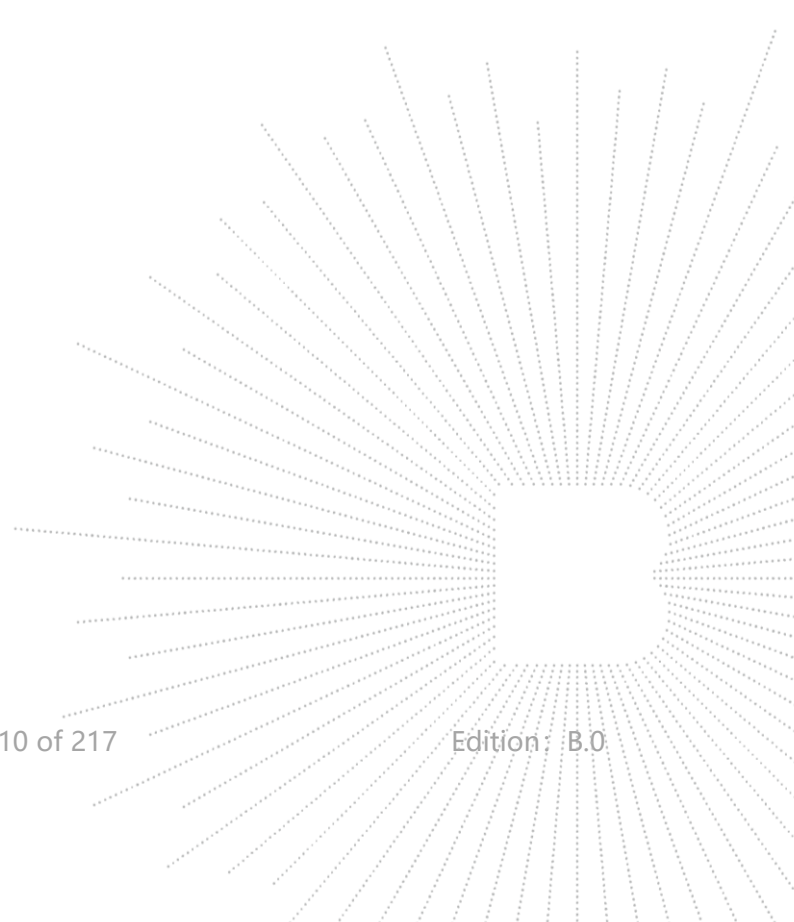


F. 3D Image



16. CALIBRATION CERTIFICATES

Probe-EPGO420 Calibration Certificate
SID750Dipole Calibration Ceriticate
SID8350Dipole Calibration Ceriticate
SID1800Dipole Calibration Ceriticate
SID1900Dipole Calibration Ceriticate
SID2450Dipole Calibration Ceriticate
SID2600Dipole Calibration Ceriticate
SID5000Dipole Calibration Ceriticate



**COMOSAR E-Field Probe Calibration Report**

Ref : ACR.199.1.23.BES.A

SHENZHEN BCTC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

**1 ~2/ F, NO. B FACTORY BUILDING, PENGZHOU
INDUSTRIAL PARK, FUYUAN 1ST ROAD,
TANGWEI COMMUNITY, FUHAI STREET, BAO'AN
DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E-FIELD PROBE
SERIAL NO.: 2623-EPGO-420**

Calibrated at MVG**Z.I. de la pointe du diable**

**Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon
29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE**

Calibration date: 7/18/2023

Accreditations #2-6789
Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

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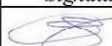
Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited COMOSAR Dosimetric E-Field Probe calibration performed at MVG, using the CALIPROBE test bench, for use with a MVG COMOSAR system only. The test results covered by accreditation are traceable to the International System of Units (SI).

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.199.1.23.BES.A

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Cyrille ONNEE	Measurement Responsible	7/18/2023	
<i>Checked & approved by:</i>	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	7/18/2023	
<i>Authorized by:</i>	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	7/18/2023	

Yann
Toutain ID

Signature numérique
de Yann Toutain ID
Date : 2023.07.18
10:38:49 +02'00'

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	Shenzhen BCTC Technology Co., Ltd.

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	Cyrille ONNEE	7/18/2023	Initial release

Page: 2/11

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1 DEVICE UNDER TEST

Device Under Test	
Device Type	COMOSAR DOSIMETRIC E FIELD PROBE
Manufacturer	MVG
Model	SSE2
Serial Number	2623-EPGO-420
Product Condition (new / used)	New
Frequency Range of Probe	0.15 GHz-7.5GHz
Resistance of Three Dipoles at Connector	Dipole 1: R1=0.228 MΩ Dipole 2: R2=0.238 MΩ Dipole 3: R3=0.230 MΩ

2 PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

MVG's COMOSAR E field Probes are built in accordance to the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards.



Figure 1 – MVG COMOSAR Dosimetric E field Probe

Probe Length	330 mm
Length of Individual Dipoles	24.5 mm
Maximum external diameter	8 mm
Probe Tip External Diameter	2.55 mm
Distance between dipoles / probe extremity	12.7 mm

3 MEASUREMENT METHOD

The IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards provide recommended practices for the probe calibrations, including the performance characteristics of interest and methods by which to assess their effect. All calibrations / measurements performed meet the fore-mentioned standards.

3.1 SENSITIVITY

The sensitivity factors of the three dipoles were determined using a two step calibration method (air and tissue simulating liquid) using waveguides as outlined in the standards for frequency range 600-7500MHz and using the calorimeter cell method (transfer method) as outlined in the standards for frequency 150-450 MHz.



3.2 LINEARITY

The evaluation of the linearity was done in free space using the waveguide, performing a power sweep to cover the SAR range 0.01W/kg to 100W/kg.

3.3 ISOTROPY

The axial isotropy was evaluated by exposing the probe to a reference wave from a standard dipole with the dipole mounted under the flat phantom in the test configuration suggested for system validations and checks. The probe was rotated along its main axis from 0 to 360 degrees in 15-degree steps. The hemispherical isotropy is determined by inserting the probe in a thin plastic box filled with tissue-equivalent liquid, with the plastic box illuminated with the fields from a half wave dipole. The dipole is rotated about its axis (0°–180°) in 15° increments. At each step the probe is rotated about its axis (0°–360°).

3.4 BOUNDARY EFFECT

The boundary effect is defined as the deviation between the SAR measured data and the expected exponential decay in the liquid when the probe is oriented normal to the interface. To evaluate this effect, the liquid filled flat phantom is exposed to fields from either a reference dipole or waveguide. With the probe normal to the phantom surface, the peak spatial average SAR is measured and compared to the analytical value at the surface.

The boundary effect uncertainty can be estimated according to the following uncertainty approximation formula based on linear and exponential extrapolations between the surface and d_{be} + d_{step} along lines that are approximately normal to the surface:

$$SAR_{uncertainty} [\%] = \Delta SAR_{be} \frac{(d_{be} + d_{step})^2}{2d_{step}} \frac{(e^{-d_{be}/\delta} - e^{-d_{step}/\delta})}{\delta/2} \quad \text{for } (d_{be} + d_{step}) < 10 \text{ mm}$$

where

$SAR_{uncertainty}$	is the uncertainty in percent of the probe boundary effect
d_{be}	is the distance between the surface and the closest <i>zoom-scan</i> measurement point, in millimetre
Δ_{step}	is the separation distance between the first and second measurement points that are closest to the phantom surface, in millimetre, assuming the boundary effect at the second location is negligible
δ	is the minimum penetration depth in millimetres of the head tissue-equivalent liquids defined in this standard, i.e., $\delta \approx 14$ mm at 3 GHz;
ΔSAR_{be}	in percent of SAR is the deviation between the measured SAR value, at the distance d_{be} from the boundary, and the analytical SAR value.

The measured worst case boundary effect SARuncertainty[%] for scanning distances larger than 4mm is 1.0% Limit, 2%).



4 MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The guidelines outlined in the IEC/IEEE 62209-1528 and FCC KDB865664 D01 standards were followed to generate the measurement uncertainty associated with a SAR probe calibration using the waveguide or calorimetric cell technique depending on the frequency.

The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-11% for the frequency range 150-450MHz.

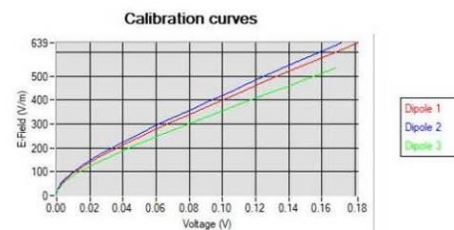
The estimated expanded uncertainty (k=2) in calibration for SAR (W/kg) is +/-14% for the frequency range 600-7500MHz.

5 CALIBRATION RESULTS

Ambient condition	
Liquid Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Temperature	20 +/- 1 °C
Lab Humidity	30-70 %

5.1 CALIBRATION IN AIR

The following curve represents the measurement in waveguide of the voltage picked up by the probe toward the E-field generated inside the waveguide.



From this curve, the sensitivity in air is calculated using the below formula.

$$E^2 = \sum_{i=1}^3 \frac{V_i (1 + V_i / DCP_i)}{Norm_i}$$

where

V_i =voltage readings on the 3 channels of the probe

DCP_i =diode compression point given below for the 3 channels of the probe

$Norm_i$ =dipole sensitivity given below for the 3 channels of the probe



Normx dipole 1 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normy dipole 2 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)	Normz dipole 3 ($\mu\text{V}/(\text{V}/\text{m})^2$)
1.21	1.09	1.56

DCP dipole 1 (mV)	DCP dipole 2 (mV)	DCP dipole 3 (mV)
106	109	103

5.2 CALIBRATION IN LIQUID

The calorimeter cell or the waveguide is used to determine the calibration in liquid using the formula below.

$$ConvF = \frac{E_{liquid}^2}{E_{air}^2}$$

The E-field in the liquid is determined from the SAR measurement according to the below formula.

$$E_{liquid}^2 = \frac{\rho SAR}{\sigma}$$

where

σ =the conductivity of the liquid

ρ =the volumetric density of the liquid

SAR=the SAR measured from the formula that depends on the setup used. The SAR formulas are given below

For the calorimeter cell (150-450 MHz), the formula is:

$$SAR = c \frac{dT}{dt}$$

where

c =the specific heat for the liquid

dT/dt =the temperature rises over the time

For the waveguide setup (600-75000 MHz), the formula is:

$$SAR = \frac{4P_W}{ab\delta} e^{-\frac{2z}{\delta}}$$

where

a =the larger cross-sectional of the waveguide

b =the smaller cross-sectional of the waveguide

δ =the skin depth for the liquid in the waveguide

P_W =the power delivered to the liquid

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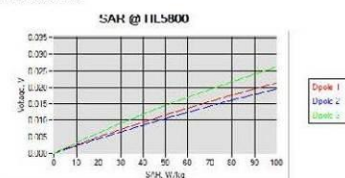
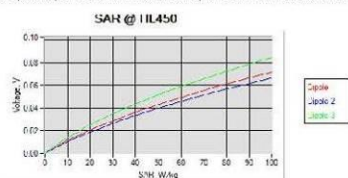

COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.199.1.23.BES.A

The below table summarize the ConvF for the calibrated liquid. The curves give examples for the measured SAR depending on the voltage in some liquid.

Liquid	Frequency (MHz*)	ConvF
HL450	450	0.86
BL450	450	0.78
HL750	750	0.80
BL750	750	0.87
HL850	835	0.81
BL850	835	0.80
HL900	900	0.76
BL900	900	0.87
HL1800	1800	0.96
BL1800	1800	1.01
HL1900	1900	1.04
BL1900	1900	1.11
HL2100	2100	1.00
BL2100	2100	1.16
HL2300	2300	1.11
BL2300	2300	1.23
HL2450	2450	1.11
BL2450	2450	1.32
HL2600	2600	1.03
BL2600	2600	1.19
HL5200	5200	1.18
BL5200	5200	0.97
HL5400	5400	1.17
BL5400	5400	1.00
HL5600	5600	1.20
BL5600	5600	0.95
HL5800	5800	1.15
BL5800	5800	1.05

(*) Frequency validity is +/-50MHz below 600MHz, +/-100MHz from 600MHz to 6GHz and +/-700MHz above 6GHz



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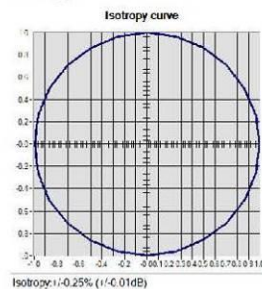
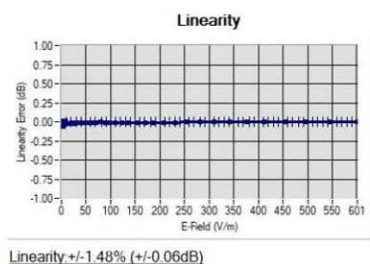
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6 VERIFICATION RESULTS

The figures below represent the measured linearity and axial isotropy for this probe. The probe specification is ± 0.2 dB for linearity and ± 0.15 dB for axial isotropy.





7 LIST OF EQUIPMENT

Equipment Summary Sheet				
Equipment Description	Manufacturer / Model	Identification No.	Current Calibration Date	Next Calibration Date
CALIPROBE Test Bench	Version 2	NA	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Network Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz ZVM	100203	08/2021	08/2024
Network Analyzer	Agilent 8753ES	MY40003210	10/2019	10/2023
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	HP 85033D	3423A08186	06/2021	06/2027
Network Analyzer – Calibration kit	Rohde & Schwarz ZV-Z235	101223	07/2022	07/2025
Multimeter	Keithley 2000	4013982	02/2023	02/2026
Signal Generator	Rohde & Schwarz SMB	106589	03/2022	03/2025
Amplifier	MVG	MODU-023-C-0002	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Power Meter	NI-USB 5680	170100013	06/2021	06/2024
Power Meter	Keysight U2000A	SN: MY62340002	10/2022	10/2025
Directional Coupler	Krytar 158020	131467	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.	Characterized prior to test. No cal required.
Fluoroptic Thermometer	LumaSense Luxtron 812	94264	09/2022	09/2025
Coaxial cell	MVG	SN 32/16 COAXCELL_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG2_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G600_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG4_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_0G900_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG6_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG8_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.

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COMOSAR E-FIELD PROBE CALIBRATION REPORT

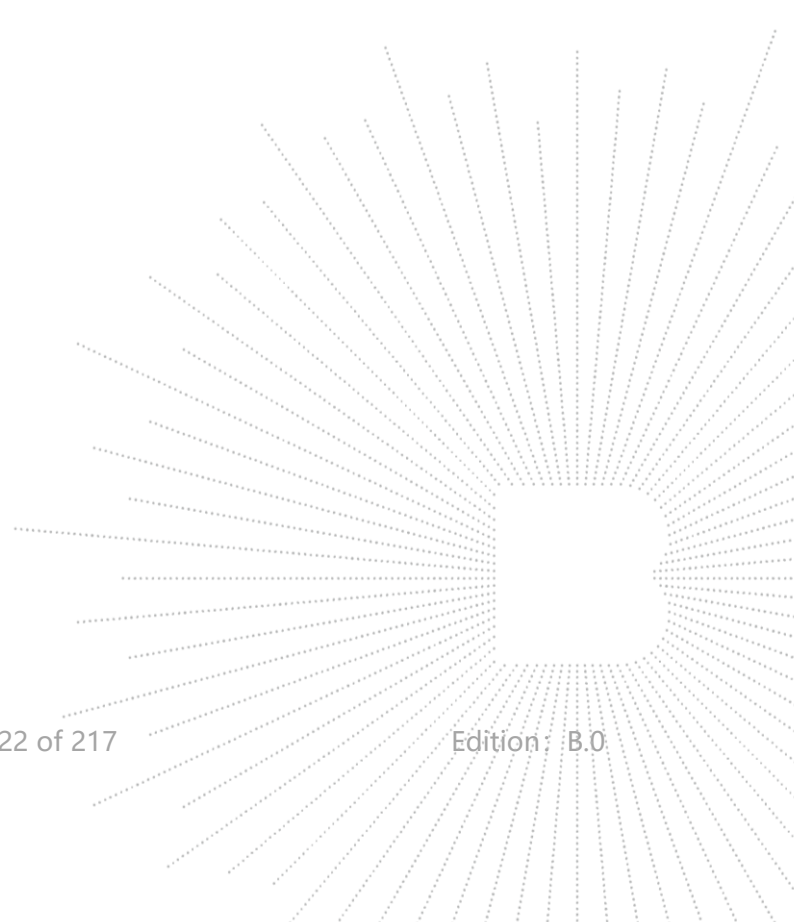
Ref: ACR.199.1.23.BES.A

Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800B_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_1G800H_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG10_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_3G500_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG12_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_5G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Waveguide	MVG	SN 32/16 WG14_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Liquid transition	MVG	SN 32/16 WGLIQ_7G000_1	Validated. No cal required.	Validated. No cal required.
Temperature / Humidity Sensor	Testo 184 H1	44225320	06/2021	06/2024

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SAR Reference Dipole Calibration Report

Ref : ACR.329.8.21.BES.A

SHENZHEN BCTC TECHNOLOGY CO., LTD.

**1 ~2/ F, NO. B FACTORY BUILDING, PENGZHOU
INDUSTRIAL PARK, FUYUAN 1ST ROAD,
TANGWEI COMMUNITY, FUHAI STREET, BAO'AN
DISTRICT, SHENZHEN, GUANGDONG, CHINA
MVG COMOSAR REFERENCE DIPOLE**

FREQUENCY: 750 MHZ

SERIAL NO.: SN 47/21 DIP 0G750-620

Calibrated at MVG

Z.I. de la pointe du diable

Technopôle Brest Iroise – 295 avenue Alexis de Rochon

29280 PLOUZANE - FRANCE

Calibration date: 11/25/2021



Accreditations #2-6789 and #2-6814
Scope available on www.cofrac.fr

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Summary:

This document presents the method and results from an accredited SAR reference dipole calibration performed in MVG using the COMOSAR test bench. All calibration results are traceable to national metrology institutions.


SAR REFERENCE DIPOLE CALIBRATION REPORT

Ref: ACR.329.8.21.BES.A

	<i>Name</i>	<i>Function</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Signature</i>
<i>Prepared by :</i>	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	11/25/2021	
<i>Checked by :</i>	Jérôme Luc	Technical Manager	11/25/2021	
<i>Approved by :</i>	Yann Toutain	Laboratory Director	11/25/2021	 2021.11.25 11:51:55 +01'00'

	<i>Customer Name</i>
<i>Distribution :</i>	Shenzhen BCTC Technology Co., Ltd.

<i>Issue</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Date</i>	<i>Modifications</i>
A	Jérôme Luc	11/25/2021	Initial release

Page: 2/13

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