

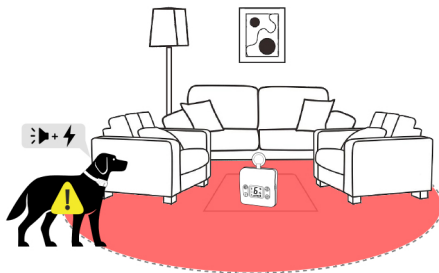


When the dog enters the barrier area

!Notes!

- When the mode is set to No Static, the dog in this mode will not receive static when entering the barrier area.
- The static level can be set separately for mode A or mode B.

Receiver Collar Warning		
First warning	 *2	2 Beeps
After an interval of 1s		
Second warning	 *15s	Continuous static correction for 15s
Starts with two beeps, and then gradually continues the static correction. If the pet does not leave after the above reminders, the collar will give an static correction every 5s and stop after 3 minutes.		



Multiple barrier transmitter considerations

1. When a collar is paired with multiple barrier transmitters, the distance between each transmitter must be greater than 26FT, otherwise they will interfere with each other.



Factors affecting barrier signal

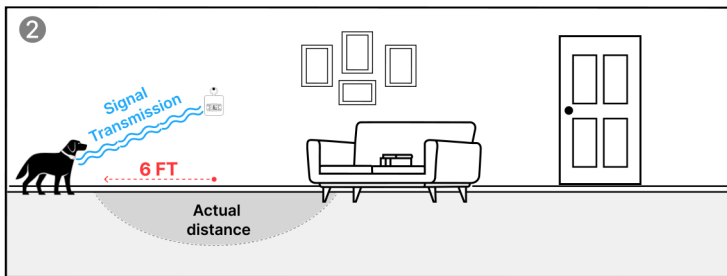
- 1 Keep away from metal objects when using barriers. Do not place or hang the transmitter on metal objects.
- 2 When you hang the barrier transmitter on the wall or place it horizontally on the ground, the distance of the same level will usually be different (**The distances shown in figure 2 are for reference only**).

Please test the distance level of the barrier to find the level suitable for the environment where you use the barrier distance. Please note that the signal will be affected by different heights and different environments.





1 For example



When the transmitter is hung on the wall

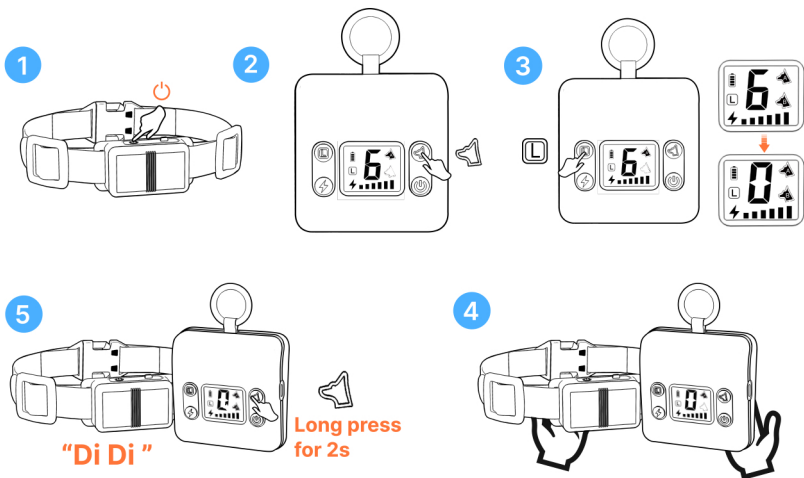


Pairing (Already paired at the factory)

- 1 Short press () for 1s to turn on the collar.
- 2 When the barrier transmitter is turned on, short press () to select the channel (A or B) to be paired.
- 3 This step requires adjusting the distance level () of the barrier transmitter to level 0 (refer to the picture below.)
- 4 Bring the receiver on the collar close to the barrier transmitter.
- 5 Press and hold the channel button () of the barrier transmitter for 2s. The collar will make two Di Di sounds, indicating successful pairing.

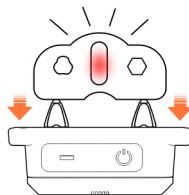
When pairing multiple collars, keep the successfully paired collars at least 0.5 feet away from the barrier transmitter to reduce interference.

Note: This step is pairing in mode A, and the above method can be used to pair B



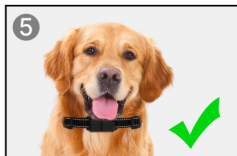
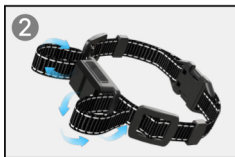
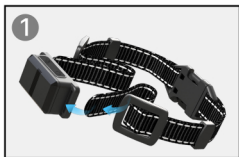
Static intensity test

1. Screw the contact points onto the collar and tighten it by using the test light hole.
2. Place the bottom of the test light onto the contact points. Make sure the conductive wire inside the test light touches the top of the contact points.
3. When the collar sounds an alarm, observe the brightness of the test light Level 1: Faintlight, Level 6: High light (Adjusting the barrier area range distance to level 1 makes testing easier.)



How to thread a collar

- ① Adjust the strap to your dog's neck size and align the rope with the hole on the receiver.
- ② Pass the rope through the hole on the receiver.
- ③ Slide the buckle on the strap into place and thread the strap through the buckle to secure the collar length.
- ④ Finally, fix the excess rope with a silicone ring.
- ⑤ Get a length that fits your dog's neck.



Wearing the Collar



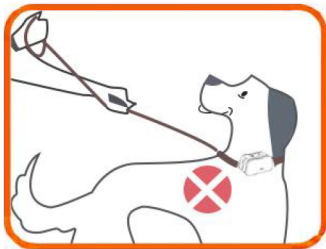
1. Adjust the collar tightness to your dog's neck circumference.



2. When wearing the collar, the tightness is fit if one finger can be inserted underneath.



3. If your dog has thick fur, please separate the fur at the neck to enable electrodes to reach the skin.



4. The traction rope cannot be put on the collar. Make sure that the collar is not exposed to other external pressures.

Wearing Precautions

- Wearing the collar for too long or too tightly can cause abrasion on the dog's skin, leading to redness or bedsores.
- Make sure the dog does not wear the collar for more than 12 hours a day.
- Please readjust the position of the collar on the pet's neck every 1 to 2 hours. check the tightness of the collar regularly to prevent excessive pressure.
- Do not tie the leash to the receiver as this will cause excessive pressure on the collar.
- Please clean the contact area between the pet's neck and the receiver with a damp cloth every week.
- Check the contact area every day for signs of rash or pain.
- If you notice a rash or pain on your dog, stop using the collar until the skin heals. If this condition persists for more than 48 hours, see a doctor immediately.

Training Tips

1. Choose suitable contact points for your dog
2. If the hair is too thick, separate it by hand so that the contact points touch the skin, making sure both sides touch the skin at the same time
3. The tightness of the collar tied to the dog's neck is suitable for inserting a finger
4. Static training is not recommended for dogs under 6 months of age, aged, in poor health, pregnant, aggressive, or aggressive towards humans
5. The level of static should start from level 0 or level 1

