

# Radio Test Report

## FCC ID:2A888-QY-BC-300H

### Original Grant

**Report No.** : TBR-C-202210-0041-2  
**Applicant** : Shenzhen Qingyu Electronics Co., Ltd  
**Equipment Under Test (EUT)**  
**EUT Name** : 2.4GWireless mouse  
**Model No.** : QY-BC-300(H)  
**Series Model No.** : ----  
**Brand Name** : ----  
**Sample ID** : 202210\_0041-01-01 & 202210\_0041-01-02  
**Receipt Date** : 2022-10-25  
**Test Date** : 2022-10-25 to 2022-11-04  
**Issue Date** : 2022-11-04  
**Standards** : FCC Part 15 Subpart C 15.247  
**Test Method** : ANSI C63.10: 2013  
KDB 558074 D01 15.247 Meas Guidance v05r02  
**Conclusions** : **PASS**

In the configuration tested, the EUT complied with the standards specified above.

**Witness Engineer** : *Camille Li*  
**Engineer Supervisor** : *Ivan Su*  
**Engineer Manager** : *Ray La*



This report details the results of the testing carried out on one sample. The results contained in this test report do not relate to other samples of the same product. The manufacturer should ensure that all products in series production are in conformity with the product sample detailed in the report.

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## Revision History

## 1. General Information about EUT

### 1.1 Client Information

<b>Applicant</b>	:	Shenzhen Qingyu Electronics Co., Ltd
<b>Address</b>	:	Eight buildings and three floors of Buxin industrial Zone, Dapeng New District, Shenzhen, China
<b>Manufacturer</b>	:	Shenzhen Qingyu Electronics Co., Ltd
<b>Address</b>	:	Eight buildings and three floors of Buxin industrial Zone, Dapeng New District, Shenzhen, China

### 1.2 General Description of EUT (Equipment Under Test)

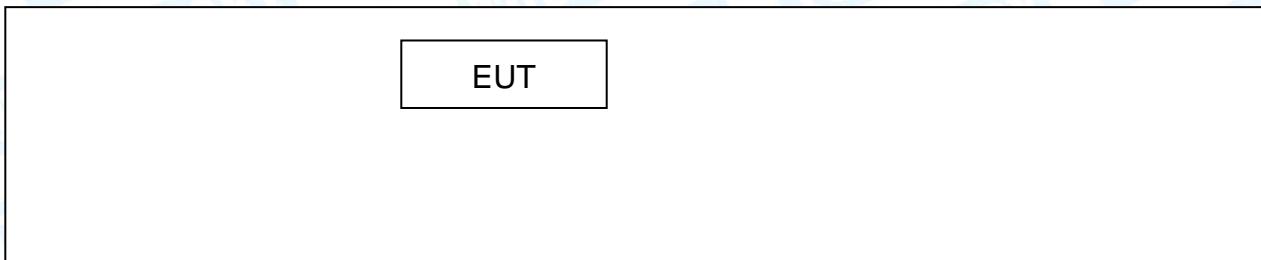
<b>EUT Name</b>	:	2.4GWireless mouse
<b>Model(s) No.</b>	:	QY-BC-300(H)
<b>Model Difference</b>	:	----
<b>Product Description</b>	Operation Frequency:	2.4G: 2402MHz~2480MHz
	Number of Channel:	40channels
	Antenna Gain:	-4.62dBi PCB Antenna
	Modulation Type:	GFSK
<b>Power Rating</b>	:	DC 1.5V by AAA battery*2
<b>Software Version</b>	:	04-0008
<b>Hardware Version</b>	:	BYKC~V1.8
<b>Remark:</b>		
(1) The antenna gain and adapter provided by the applicant, the verified for the RF conduction test provided by TOBY test lab.		
(2) For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the User's Manual.		
(3) Antenna information provided by the applicant.		

## (4) Channel List:

Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)	Channel	Frequency (MHz)
00	2402	14	2430	28	2458
01	2404	15	2432	29	2460
02	2406	16	2434	30	2462
03	2408	17	2436	31	2464
04	2410	18	2438	32	2466
05	2412	19	2440	33	2468
06	2414	20	2442	34	2470
07	2416	21	2444	35	2472
08	2418	22	2446	36	2474
09	2420	23	2448	37	2476
10	2422	24	2450	38	2478
11	2424	25	2452	39	2480
12	2426	26	2454		
13	2428	27	2456		

### 1.3 Block Diagram Showing the Configuration of System Tested

#### Radiated Test



### 1.4 Description of Support Units

Equipment Information				
Name	Model	FCC ID/VOC	Manufacturer	Used “√”
---	---	---	---	---
Cable Information				
Number	Shielded Type	Ferrite Core	Length	Note
---	---	---	---	---

## 1.5 Description of Test Mode

To investigate the maximum EMI emission characteristics generates from EUT, the test system was pre-scanning tested base on the consideration of following EUT operation mode or test configuration mode which possible have effect on EMI emission level. Each of these EUT operation mode(s) or test configuration mode(s) mentioned follow was evaluated respectively.

For Radiated Test	
Final Test Mode	Description
Mode 1	TX Mode
Mode 2	TX 1Mbps Mode (Channel 00/19/39)

**Note:**

- (1) For all test, we have verified the construction and function in typical operation. And all the test modes were carried out with the EUT in transmitting operation in maximum power with all kinds of data rate.

According to ANSI C63.10 standards, the measurements are performed at the highest, middle, lowest available channels, and the worst case data rate as follows:

TX Mode: GFSK (1 Mbps)

- (2) During the testing procedure, the continuously transmitting with the maximum power mode was programmed by the customer.
- (3) The EUT is considered a portable unit; in normal use it was positioned on X-plane. The worst case was found positioned on X-plane. Therefore only the test data of this X-plane was used for radiated emission measurement test.

## 1.6 Description of Test Software Setting

During testing channel & Power controlling software provided by the customer was used to control the operating channel as well as the output power level. The RF output power selection is for the setting of RF output power expected by the customer and is going to be fixed on the firmware of the final end product power parameters of RF setting.

Test Software Version	SE67T_FccTest_V6.9.1_Auto_Test		
Frequency	2402 MHz	2440MHz	2480 MHz
GFSK	DEF	DEF	DEF

## 1.7 Measurement Uncertainty

The reported uncertainty of measurement  $y \pm U$ , where expended uncertainty  $U$  is based on a standard uncertainty multiplied by a coverage factor of  $k=2$ , providing a level of confidence of approximately 95 %.

Test Item	Parameters	Expanded Uncertainty ( $U_{Lab}$ )
Conducted Emission	Level Accuracy: 9kHz~150kHz 150kHz to 30MHz	$\pm 3.50$ dB $\pm 3.10$ dB
Radiated Emission	Level Accuracy: 9kHz to 30 MHz	$\pm 4.60$ dB
Radiated Emission	Level Accuracy: 30MHz to 1000 MHz	$\pm 4.50$ dB
Radiated Emission	Level Accuracy: Above 1000MHz	$\pm 4.20$ dB

## 1.8 Test Facility

The testing report were performed by the Shenzhen Toby Technology Co., Ltd., in their facilities located at 1/F., Building 6, Rundongsheng Industrial Zone, Longzhu, Xixiang, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China. At the time of testing, the following bodies accredited the Laboratory:

### **CNAS (L5813)**

The Laboratory has been accredited by CNAS to ISO/IEC 17025: 2017 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories for the competence in the field of testing. And the Registration No.: CNAS L5813.

### **A2LA Certificate No.: 4750.01**

The laboratory has been accredited by American Association for Laboratory Accreditation(A2LA) to ISO/IEC 17025: 2017 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories for the technical competence in the field of Electrical Testing. And the A2LA Certificate No.: 4750.01.FCC Accredited Test Site Number: 854351. Designation Number: CN1223.

### **IC Registration No.: (11950A)**

The Laboratory has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing. The site registration: Site# 11950A. CAB identifier: CN0056.

## 2. Test Summary

Standard Section	Test Item	Test Sample(s)	Judgment	Remark
FCC				
FCC 15.207(a)	Conducted Emission	202210_0041-01-01	N/A	N/A
FCC 15.209 & 15.247(d)	Radiated Unwanted Emissions	202210_0041-01-01	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.203	Antenna Requirement	202210_0041-01-02	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(a)	99% Occupied Bandwidth & 20dB Bandwidth	202210_0041-01-02	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(b)(1)	Peak Output Power	202210_0041-01-02	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(a)(1)	Carrier frequency separation	202210_0041-01-02	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(a)(1)	Time of occupancy	202210_0041-01-02	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(a)(1)	Number of Hopping Frequency	202210_0041-01-02	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.247(d)	Band Edge	202210_0041-01-02	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.207(a)	Conducted Unwanted Emissions	202210_0041-01-02	PASS	N/A
FCC 15.205	Emissions in Restricted Bands	202210_0041-01-02	PASS	N/A
/	On Time and Duty Cycle	202210_0041-01-02	/	N/A

**Note:** N/A is an abbreviation for Not Applicable.

## 3. Test Software

Test Item	Test Software	Manufacturer	Version No.
Conducted Emission	EZ-EMC	EZ	CDI-03A2
Radiation Emission	EZ-EMC	EZ	FA-03A2RE
RF Conducted Measurement	MTS-8310	MWRFtest	V2.0.0.0
RF Test System	JS1120	Tonscend	V2.6.88.0336

## 4. Test Equipment

Conducted Emission Test					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESCI	100321	Jun. 23, 2022	Jun. 22, 2023
RF Switching Unit	Compliance Direction Systems Inc	RSU-A4	34403	Jun. 23, 2022	Jun. 22, 2023
AMN	SCHWARZBECK	NNBL 8226-2	8226-2/164	Jun. 22, 2022	Jun. 21, 2023
LISN	Rohde & Schwarz	ENV216	101131	Jun. 22, 2022	Jun. 21, 2023
Radiation Emission Test					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	MY45106456	Jun. 23, 2022	Jun. 22, 2023
EMI Test Receiver	Rohde & Schwarz	ESPI	100010/007	Jun. 23, 2022	Jun. 22, 2023
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40-N	102197	Jun. 23, 2022	Jun. 22, 2023
Bilog Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3142E	00117537	Feb. 27, 2022	Feb. 26, 2024
Horn Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	3117	00143207	Feb. 26, 2022	Feb. 25, 2024
Horn Antenna	ETS-LINDGREN	BBHA 9170	1118	Feb. 26, 2022	Feb. 25, 2024
Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519 B	1519B-059	Feb. 26, 2022	Feb. 25, 2024
Pre-amplifier	Sonoma	310N	185903	Feb. 26, 2022	Feb. 25, 2023
Pre-amplifier	HP	8449B	3008A00849	Feb. 26, 2022	Feb. 25, 2023
Pre-amplifier	SKET	LNPA_1840G-50	SK201904032	Feb. 26, 2022	Feb. 25, 2023
Cable	HUBER+SUHNER	100	SUCOFLEX	Feb. 26, 2022	Feb. 25, 2023
Positioning Controller	ETS-LINDGREN	2090	N/A	N/A	N/A
Antenna Conducted Emission					
Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Last Cal.	Cal. Due Date
Spectrum Analyzer	Agilent	E4407B	MY45106456	Jun. 23, 2022	Jun. 22, 2023
Spectrum Analyzer	Rohde & Schwarz	FSV40-N	102197	Jun. 23, 2022	Jun. 22, 2023
MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49100060	Sep. 01, 2022	Aug. 31, 2023
Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY50141294	Sep. 01, 2022	Aug. 31, 2023
Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	N5181A	MY50141953	Sep. 01, 2022	Aug. 31, 2023
RF Power Sensor	DARE!! Instruments	RadiPowerRPR3006W	17I00015SNO26	Sep. 01, 2022	Aug. 31, 2023
	DARE!! Instruments	RadiPowerRPR3006W	17I00015SNO29	Sep. 01, 2022	Aug. 31, 2023
	DARE!! Instruments	RadiPowerRPR3006W	17I00015SNO31	Sep. 01, 2022	Aug. 31, 2023
	DARE!! Instruments	RadiPowerRPR3006W	17I00015SNO33	Sep. 01, 2022	Aug. 31, 2023
Temperature and Humidity Chamber	ZhengHang	ZH-QTH-1500	ZH2107264	Jun. 22, 2022	Jun. 21, 2023

## 5. Conducted Emission

## 5.1 Test Standard and Limit

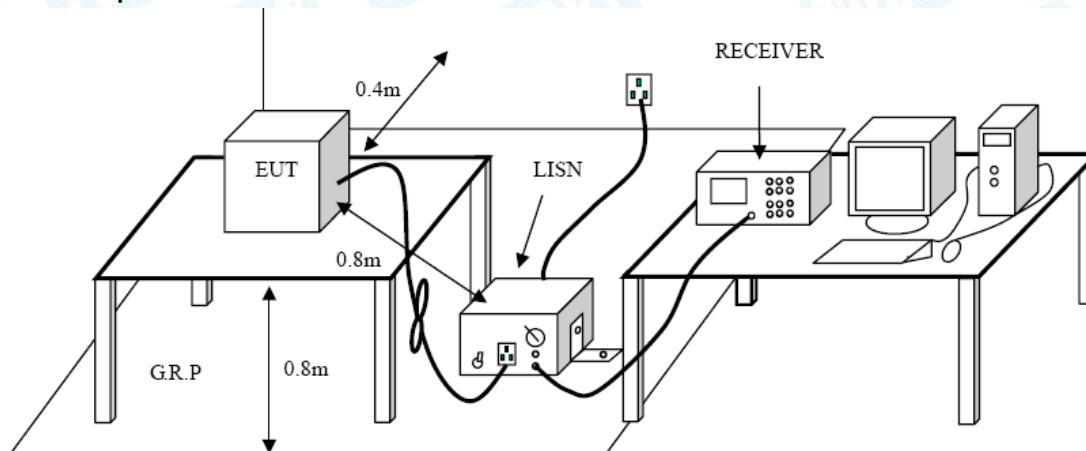
### 5.1.1 Test Standard

FCC Part 15.207

### 5.1.2 Test Limit

Frequency	Maximum RF Line Voltage (dB $\mu$ V)	
	Quasi-peak Level	Average Level
150kHz~500kHz	66 ~ 56 *	56 ~ 46 *
500kHz~5MHz	56	46
5MHz~30MHz	60	50

## 5.2 Test Setup



### 5.3 Test Procedure

- The EUT was placed 0.8 meters from the horizontal ground plane with EUT being connected to the power mains through a line impedance stabilization network (LISN). All other support equipments powered from additional LISN(s). The LISN provide 50 Ohm/50uH of coupling impedance for the measuring instrument.
- Interconnecting cables that hang closer than 40 cm to the ground plane shall be folded back and forth in the center forming a bundle 30 to 40 cm long.
- I/O cables that are not connected to a peripheral shall be bundled in the center. The end of the cable may be terminated, if required, using the correct terminating impedance. The overall length shall not exceed 1 m.
- LISN at least 80 cm from nearest part of EUT chassis.

- The bandwidth of EMI test receiver is set at 9 kHz, and the test frequency band is from 0.15MHz to 30MHz.

#### 5.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

#### 5.5 EUT Operating Mode

Please refer to the description of test mode.

#### 5.6 Test Data

N/A. The EUT is powered by DC battery, no requirement for this test item.

## 6. Radiated and Conducted Unwanted Emissions

### 6.1 Test Standard and Limit

#### 6.1.1 Test Standard

**FCC Part 15.209 & FCC Part 15.247(d)**

#### 6.1.2 Test Limit

General field strength limits at frequencies Below 30MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Field Strength (microvolt/meter)**	Measurement Distance (meters)
0.009~0.490	2400/F(KHz)	300
0.490~1.705	24000/F(KHz)	30
1.705~30.0	30	30

**Note:** 1, The emission limits for the ranges 9-90 kHz and 110-490 kHz are based on measurements employing a linear average detector.

General field strength limits at frequencies above 30 MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Field strength ( $\mu$ V/m at 3 m)	Measurement Distance (meters)
30~88	100	3
88~216	150	3
216~960	200	3
Above 960	500	3

General field strength limits at frequencies Above 1000MHz		
Frequency (MHz)	Distance of 3m (dBuV/m)	
	Peak	Average
Above 1000	74	54

**Note:**

(1) The tighter limit applies at the band edges.

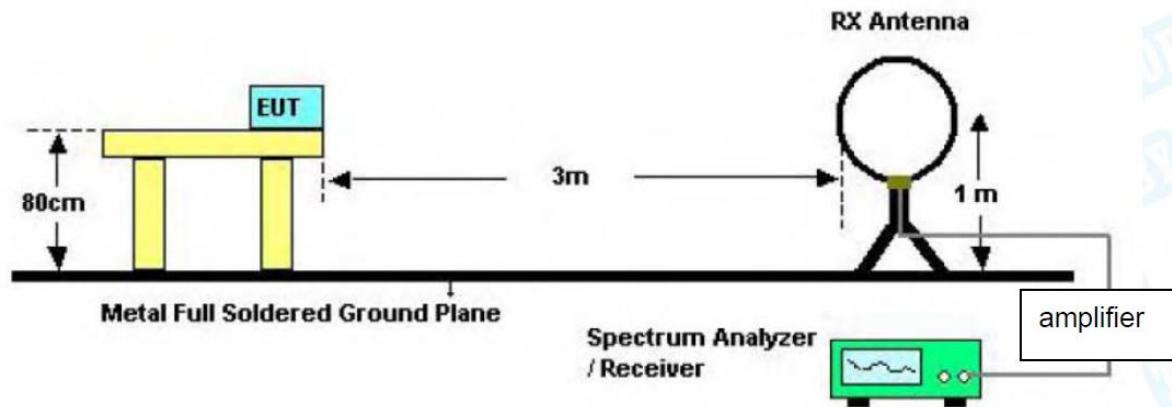
(2) Emission Level(dBuV/m)=20log Emission Level(uV/m)

In any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the frequency band in which the spread spectrum or digitally modulated device is operating, the RF power that is produced shall be at least 20 dB below that in the 100 kHz bandwidth within the band that contains the highest level of the desired power, based on either an RF conducted or a radiated measurement, provided that the transmitter demonstrates compliance with the peak conducted power limits. If the

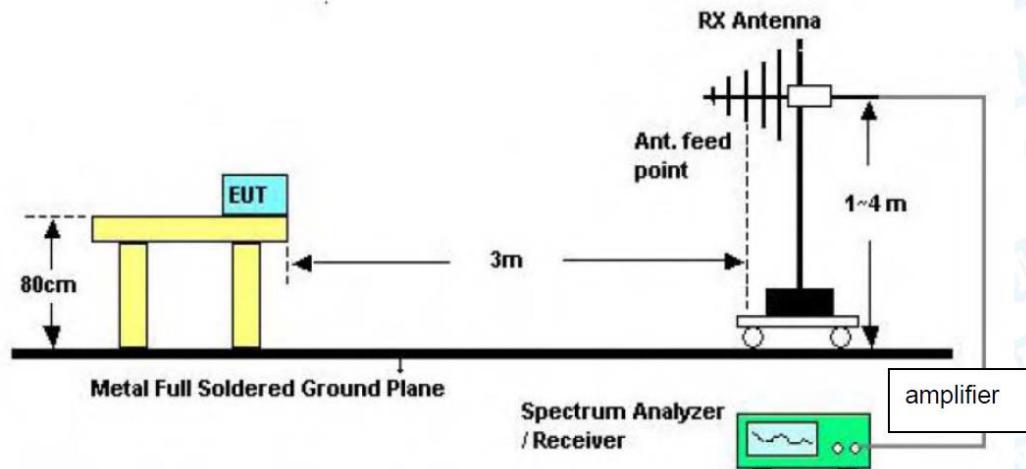
transmitter complies with the conducted power limits based on the use of root-mean-square averaging over a time interval, as permitted under section 5.4(d), the attenuation required shall be 30 dB instead of 20 dB. Attenuation below the general field strength limits specified in RSS-Gen is not required.

## 6.2 Test Setup

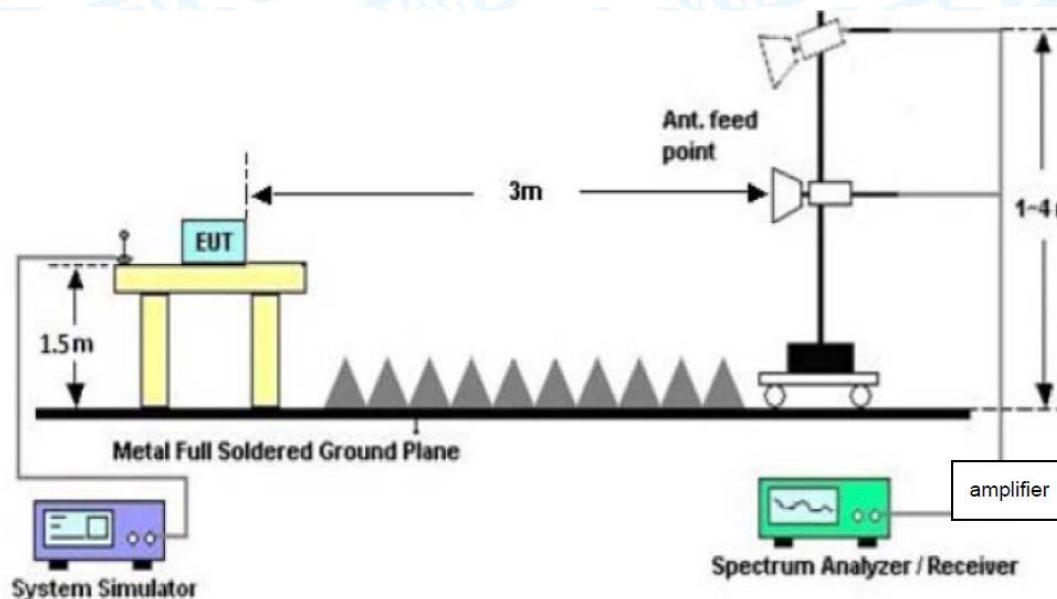
### Radiated measurement



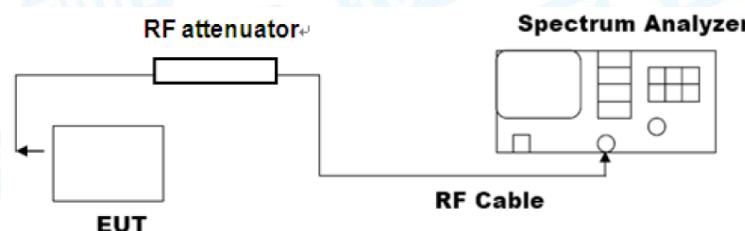
### Below 30MHz Test Setup



### Below 1000MHz Test Setup



**Above 1GHz Test Setup  
Conducted measurement**



### 6.3 Test Procedure

#### ---Radiated measurement

- The measuring distance of 3m shall be used for measurements at frequency up to 1GHz and above 1 GHz. The EUT was placed on a rotating 0.8m high above ground, the table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- Measurements at frequency above 1GHz. The EUT was placed on a rotating 1.5m high above the ground. RF absorbers covered the ground plane with a minimum area of 3.0m by 3.0m between the EUT and measurement receiver antenna. The RF absorber shall not exceed 30cm in high above the conducting floor. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- The Test antenna shall vary between 1m and 4m, Both Horizontal and Vertical antenna are set to make measurement.
- The initial step in collecting conducted emission data is a spectrum analyzer peak detector mode pre-scanning the measurement frequency range. Significant peaks are then marked and then Quasi Peak detector mode re-measured.
- If the Peak Mode measured value compliance with and lower than Quasi Peak Mode Limit Below 1 GHz, the EUT shall be deemed to meet QP Limits and then no additional QP Mode measurement performed. But the Peak Value and average value both need to comply with

applicable limit above 1 GHz.

- Testing frequency range 30MHz-1GHz the measuring instrument use VBW=120 kHz with Quasi-peak detection. Testing frequency range 9KHz-150Hz the measuring instrument use VBW=200Hz with Quasi-peak detection. Testing frequency range 9KHz-30MHz the measuring instrument use VBW=9kHz with Quasi-peak detection.
- Testing frequency range above 1GHz the measuring instrument use RBW=1 MHz and VBW=3 MHz with Peak Detector for Peak Values, and use RBW=1 MHz and VBW=10 Hz with Peak Detector for Average Values.
- For the actual test configuration, please see the test setup photo.

**--- Conducted measurement****● Reference level measurement**

Establish a reference level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set instrument center frequency to DTS channel center frequency.
- b) Set the span to  $\geq 1.5$  times the DTS bandwidth.
- c) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- d) Set the VBW  $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$ .
- e) Detector = peak.
- f) Sweep time = auto couple.
- g) Trace mode = max hold.
- h) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- i) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum PSD level.

Note that the channel found to contain the maximum PSD level can be used to establish the reference level.

**● Emission level measurement**

Establish an emission level by using the following procedure:

- a) Set the center frequency and span to encompass frequency range to be measured.
- b) Set the RBW = 100 kHz.
- c) Set the VBW  $\geq [3 \times \text{RBW}]$ .
- d) Detector = peak.
- e) Sweep time = auto couple.
- f) Trace mode = max hold.
- g) Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- h) Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum amplitude level.

Ensure that the amplitude of all unwanted emissions outside of the authorized frequency band (excluding restricted frequency bands) is attenuated by at least the minimum requirements specified in 11.11. Report the three highest emissions relative to the limit.

## 6.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

## 6.5 EUT Operating Mode

Please refer to the description of test mode.

## 6.6 Test Data

Radiated measurement please refer to the Attachment B inside test report.

Conducted measurement please refer to the Appendix A.

## 7. Emissions in Restricted Bands

## 7.1 Test Standard and Limit

### 7.1.1 Test Standard

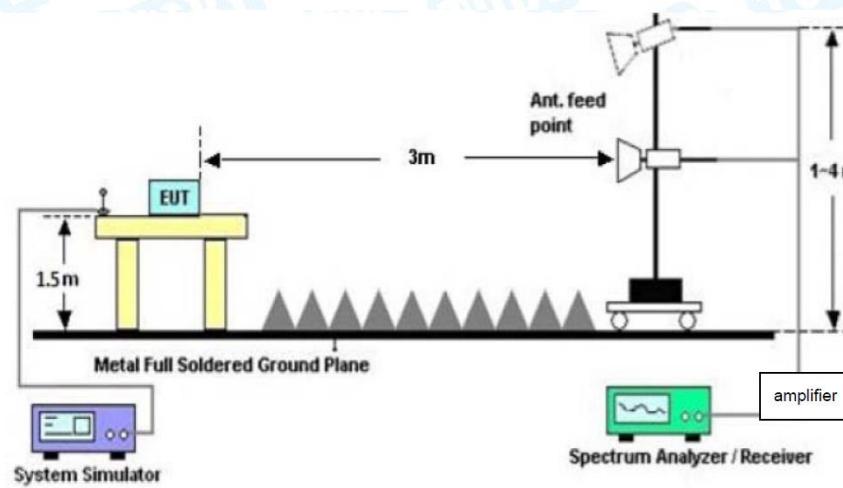
FCC Part 15.205 & FCC Part 15.247(d)

### 7.1.2 Test Limit

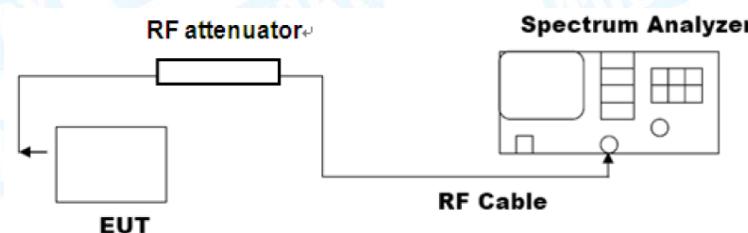
<b>Restricted Frequency</b>	<b>Distance Meters(at 3m)</b>	
	<b>Peak (dBuV/m)</b>	<b>Average (dBuV/m)</b>
2310 ~2390	74	54
2483.5 ~2500	74	54
	<b>Peak (dBm)</b> <small>see 7.3 e)</small>	<b>Average (dBm)</b> <small>see 7.3 e)</small>
2310 ~2390	-41.20	-21.20
2483.5 ~2500	-41.20	-21.20

## 7.2 Test Setup

## Radiated measurement



## Conducted measurement



## 7.3 Test Procedure

### ---Radiated measurement

- Measurements at frequency above 1GHz. The EUT was placed on a rotating 1.5m high above the ground. RF absorbers covered the ground plane with a minimum area of 3.0m by 3.0m between the EUT and measurement receiver antenna. The RF absorber shall not exceed 30cm in high above the conducting floor. The table was rotated 360 degrees to determine the position of the highest radiation.
- The Test antenna shall vary between 1m and 4m, Both Horizontal and Vertical antenna are set to make measurement.
- The initial step in collecting conducted emission data is a spectrum analyzer peak detector mode pre-scanning the measurement frequency range. Significant peaks are then marked and then Quasi Peak detector mode re-measured.
- The Peak Value and average value both need to comply with applicable limit above 1 GHz.
- Testing frequency range above 1GHz the measuring instrument use RBW=1 MHz and VBW=3 MHz with Peak Detector for Peak Values, and use RBW=1 MHz and VBW=10 Hz with Peak Detector for Average Values.
- For the actual test configuration, please see the test setup photo.

### --- Conducted measurement

- a) Measure the conducted output power (in dBm) using the detector specified by the appropriate regulatory agency (see 11.12.2.3 through 11.12.2.5 for guidance regarding measurement procedures for determining quasi-peak, peak, and average conducted output power, respectively).
- b) Add the maximum transmit antenna gain (in dBi) to the measured output power level to determine the EIRP (see 11.12.2.6 for guidance on determining the applicable antenna gain).
- c) Add the appropriate maximum ground reflection factor to the EIRP (6 dB for frequencies  $\leq 30$  MHz; 4.7 dB for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, inclusive; and 0 dB for frequencies  $> 1000$  MHz).
- d) For MIMO devices, measure the power of each chain and sum the EIRP of all chains in linear terms (i.e., watts and mW).
- e) Convert the resultant EIRP to an equivalent electric field strength using the following relationship:

$$E = \text{EIRP} - 20 \log d + 104.8$$

where

$E$  is the electric field strength in dBuV/m

EIRP is the equivalent isotropically radiated power in dBm

*d* is the specified measurement distance in m

- f) Compare the resultant electric field strength level with the applicable regulatory limit.
- g) Perform the radiated spurious emission test.

## 7.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

## 7.5 EUT Operating Mode

Please refer to the description of test mode.

## 7.6 Test Data

Remark: The test uses antenna-port conducted measurements as an alternative to radiated measurements for determining compliance in the restricted frequency bands requirements.

Please refer to the Appendix A.

## 8. 99% Occupied and 20dB Bandwidth

### 8.1 Test Standard and Limit

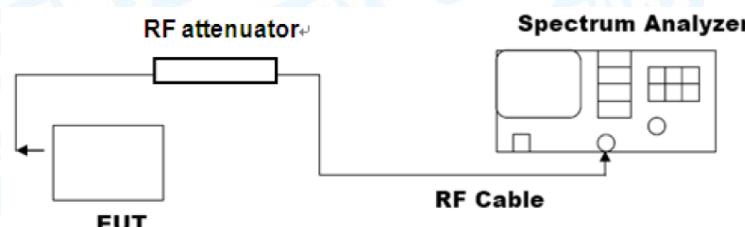
#### 8.1.1 Test Standard

##### FCC Part 15.205 & FCC Part 15.247(a)

#### 8.1.2 Test Limit

For an FHSS system operating in the 2400 to 2483.5 MHz band, there are no limits for 20dB bandwidth and 99% occupied bandwidth.

### 8.2 Test Setup



### 8.3 Test Procedure

● The occupied bandwidth is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers are each equal to 0.5% of the total mean power of the given emission. The following procedure shall be used for measuring 99% power bandwidth:

- a) The instrument center frequency is set to the nominal EUT channel center frequency. The frequency span for the spectrum analyzer shall be between 1.5 times and 5.0 times the OBW.
- b) The nominal IF filter bandwidth (3 dB RBW) shall be in the range of 1% to 5% of the OBW, and VBW shall be approximately three times the RBW, unless otherwise specified by the applicable requirement.
- c) Set the reference level of the instrument as required, keeping the signal from exceeding the maximum input mixer level for linear operation. In general, the peak of the spectral envelope shall be more than  $[10 \log (\text{OBW}/\text{RBW})]$  below the reference level. Specific guidance is given in 4.1.5.2.
- d) Step a) through step c) might require iteration to adjust within the specified range.
- e) Video averaging is not permitted. Where practical, a sample detection and single sweep mode shall be used. Otherwise, peak detection and max hold mode (until the trace stabilizes) shall be used.
- f) Use the 99% power bandwidth function of the instrument (if available) and report the measured bandwidth.
- g) If the instrument does not have a 99% power bandwidth function, then the trace data points are recovered and directly summed in linear power terms. The recovered amplitude

data points, beginning at the lowest frequency, are placed in a running sum until 0.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the lower frequency. The process is repeated until 99.5% of the total is reached; that frequency is recorded as the upper frequency. The 99% power bandwidth is the difference between these two frequencies.

h) The occupied bandwidth shall be reported by providing plot(s) of the measuring instrument display; the plot axes and the scale units per division shall be clearly labeled.

Tabular data may be reported in addition to the plot(s).

#### 8.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

#### 8.5 EUT Operating Mode

Please refer to the description of test mode.

#### 8.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Appendix A.

## 9. Peak Output Power Test

### 9.1 Test Standard and Limit

#### 9.1.1 Test Standard

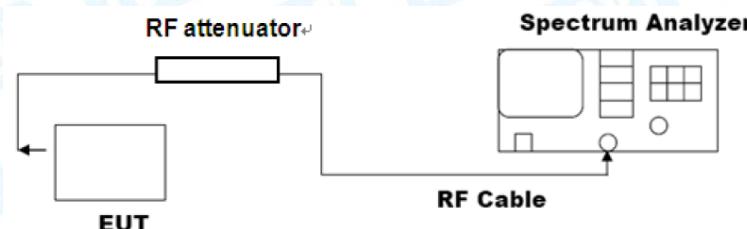
FCC Part 15.247(b)(1)

#### 9.1.2 Test Limit

Test Item	Limit	Frequency Range(MHz)
Peak Output Power	$P_{\max\text{-pk}} \leq 1 \text{ W}$ $N_{\text{ch}} \geq 75$ $f \geq \text{MAX} \{ 25 \text{ kHz}, \text{BW}_{20\text{dB}} \}$ max. $\text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}$ not specified $t_{\text{ch}} \leq 0.4 \text{ s for } T = 0.4^*N_{\text{ch}}$	2400~2483.5
	$P_{\max\text{-pk}} \leq 0.125 \text{ W}$ $N_{\text{ch}} \geq 15$ $f \geq [ \text{MAX}\{25 \text{ kHz}, 0.67^*\text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}\} ]$ OR $\text{MAX}\{25 \text{ kHz}, \text{BW}_{20\text{dB}} \}$ max. $\text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}$ not specified $t_{\text{ch}} \leq 0.4 \text{ s for } T = 0.4^*N_{\text{ch}}$	

$t_{\text{ch}}$  = average time of occupancy;  $T$  = period;  $N_{\text{ch}}$  = # hopping frequencies;  $\text{BW}$  = bandwidth;  
 $f$  = hopping channel carrier frequency separation

### 9.2 Test Setup



### 9.3 Test Procedure

- This is an RF-conducted test to evaluate maximum peak output power. Use a direct connection between the antenna port of the unlicensed wireless device and the spectrum analyzer, through suitable attenuation. The hopping shall be disabled for this test:
  - Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
    - Span: Approximately five times the 20 dB bandwidth, centered on a hopping channel.
    - RBW > 20 dB bandwidth of the emission being measured.
    - $\text{VBW} \geq \text{RBW}$ .
    - Sweep: Auto.
    - Detector function: Peak.

- 6) Trace: Max hold.
- b) Allow trace to stabilize.
- c) Use the marker-to-peak function to set the marker to the peak of the emission.
- d) The indicated level is the peak output power, after any corrections for external attenuators and cables.
- e) A plot of the test results and setup description shall be included in the test report.

NOTE-A peak responding power meter may be used, where the power meter and sensor system video bandwidth is greater than the occupied bandwidth of the unlicensed wireless device, rather than a spectrum analyzer.

#### 9.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

#### 9.5 EUT Operating Mode

Please refer to the description of test mode.

#### 9.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Appendix A.

## 10. Carrier frequency separation

### 10.1 Test Standard and Limit

#### 10.1.1 Test Standard

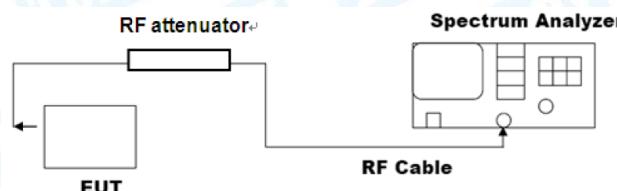
##### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)

#### 10.1.2 Test Limit

Test Item	Limit	Frequency Range(MHz)
Carrier frequency separation	$P_{\text{max-pk}} \leq 1 \text{ W}$ $N_{\text{ch}} \geq 75$ $f \geq \text{MAX} \{ 25 \text{ kHz}, \text{BW}_{20\text{dB}} \}$ max. $\text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}$ not specified $t_{\text{ch}} \leq 0.4 \text{ s for } T = 0.4^*N_{\text{ch}}$	2400~2483.5
	$P_{\text{max-pk}} \leq 0.125 \text{ W}$ $N_{\text{ch}} \geq 15$ $f \geq [ \text{MAX}\{25 \text{ kHz}, 0.67^*\text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}\} ]$ OR $\text{MAX}\{25 \text{ kHz}, \text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}\}$ max. $\text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}$ not specified $t_{\text{ch}} \leq 0.4 \text{ s for } T = 0.4^*N_{\text{ch}}$	

$t_{\text{ch}}$  = average time of occupancy;  $T$  = period;  $N_{\text{ch}}$  = # hopping frequencies;  $\text{BW}$  = bandwidth;  
 $f$  = hopping channel carrier frequency separation

### 10.2 Test Setup



### 10.3 Test Procedure

- The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - a) Span: Wide enough to capture the peaks of two adjacent channels.
  - b) RBW: Start with the RBW set to approximately 30% of the channel spacing; adjust as necessary to best identify the center of each individual channel.
  - c) Video (or average) bandwidth (VBW)  $\geq$  RBW.
  - d) Sweep: Auto.
  - e) Detector function: Peak.
  - f) Trace: Max hold.
  - g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels.

Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

#### 10.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

#### 10.5 Antenna Connected Construction

Please refer to the description of test mode.

#### 10.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Appendix A.

## 11. Time of occupancy (dwell time)

### 11.1 Test Standard and Limit

#### 11.1.1 Test Standard

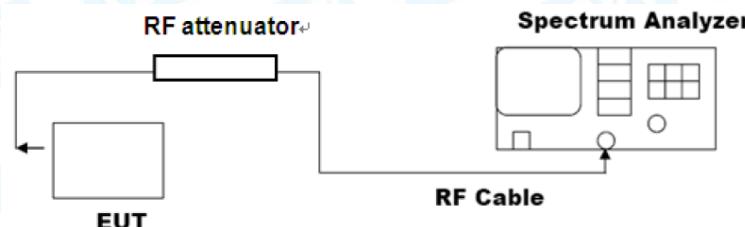
##### FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)

#### 11.1.2 Test Limit

Test Item	Limit	Frequency Range(MHz)
Time of occupancy (dwell time)	$P_{\text{max-pk}} \leq 1 \text{ W}$ $N_{\text{ch}} \geq 75$ $f \geq \text{MAX} \{ 25 \text{ kHz}, \text{BW}_{20\text{dB}} \}$ max. $\text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}$ not specified $t_{\text{ch}} \leq 0.4 \text{ s for } T = 0.4^*N_{\text{ch}}$	2400~2483.5
	$P_{\text{max-pk}} \leq 0.125 \text{ W}$ $N_{\text{ch}} \geq 15$ $f \geq [ \text{MAX}\{25 \text{ kHz}, 0.67^*\text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}\} ]$ OR $\text{MAX}\{25 \text{ kHz}, \text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}\}$ max. $\text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}$ not specified $t_{\text{ch}} \leq 0.4 \text{ s for } T = 0.4^*N_{\text{ch}}$	

$t_{\text{ch}}$  = average time of occupancy;  $T$  = period;  $N_{\text{ch}}$  = # hopping frequencies;  $\text{BW}$  = bandwidth;  
 $f$  = hopping channel carrier frequency separation

### 11.2 Test Setup



### 11.3 Test Procedure

- The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - Span: Zero span, centered on a hopping channel.
  - RBW shall be  $\square$  channel spacing and where possible RBW should be set  $>> 1 / T$ , where  $T$  is the expected dwell time per channel.
  - Sweep: As necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel; where possible use a video trigger and trigger delay so that the transmitted signal starts a little to the right of the start of the plot. The trigger level might need slight adjustment to prevent triggering when the system hops on an adjacent channel; a second plot might be needed

with a longer sweep time to show two successive hops on a channel.

- d) Detector function: Peak.
- e) Trace: Max hold.

Use the marker-delta function to determine the transmit time per hop. If this value varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation in transmit time.

Repeat the measurement using a longer sweep time to determine the number of hops over the period specified in the requirements. The sweep time shall be equal to, or less than, the period specified in the requirements. Determine the number of hops over the sweep time and calculate the total number of hops in the period specified in the requirements, using the following equation:

(Number of hops in the period specified in the requirements) =  
(number of hops on spectrum analyzer) x (period specified in the requirements / analyzer sweep time)

The average time of occupancy is calculated from the transmit time per hop multiplied by the number of hops in the period specified in the requirements. If the number of hops in a specific time varies with different modes of operation (data rate, modulation format, number of hopping channels, etc.), then repeat this test for each variation.

The measured transmit time and time between hops shall be consistent with the values described in the operational description for the EUT.

#### 11.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

#### 11.5 Antenna Connected Construction

Please refer to the description of test mode.

#### 11.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Appendix A.

## 12. Number of hopping frequencies

### 12.1 Test Standard and Limit

#### 12.1.1 Test Standard

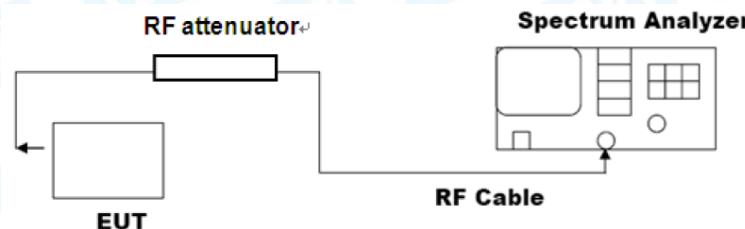
FCC Part 15.247(a)(1)

#### 12.1.2 Test Limit

Test Item	Limit	Frequency Range(MHz)
Carrier frequency separation	$P_{\text{max-pk}} \leq 1 \text{ W}$ $N_{\text{ch}} \geq 75$ $f \geq \text{MAX} \{ 25 \text{ kHz}, \text{BW}_{20\text{dB}} \}$ max. $\text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}$ not specified $t_{\text{ch}} \leq 0.4 \text{ s for } T = 0.4^*N_{\text{ch}}$	
	$P_{\text{max-pk}} \leq 0.125 \text{ W}$ $N_{\text{ch}} \geq 15$ $f \geq [ \text{MAX}\{25 \text{ kHz}, 0.67^*\text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}\} ]$ OR $\text{MAX}\{25 \text{ kHz}, \text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}\}$ max. $\text{BW}_{20\text{dB}}$ not specified $t_{\text{ch}} \leq 0.4 \text{ s for } T = 0.4^*N_{\text{ch}}$	2400~2483.5

$t_{\text{ch}}$  = average time of occupancy;  $T$  = period;  $N_{\text{ch}}$  = # hopping frequencies;  $\text{BW}$  = bandwidth;  
 $f$  = hopping channel carrier frequency separation

### 12.2 Test Setup



### 12.3 Test Procedure

- The EUT shall have its hopping function enabled. Use the following spectrum analyzer settings:
  - a) Span: The frequency band of operation. Depending on the number of channels the device supports, it may be necessary to divide the frequency range of operation across multiple spans, to allow the individual channels to be clearly seen.
  - b) RBW: To identify clearly the individual channels, set the RBW to less than 30% of the channel spacing or the 20 dB bandwidth, whichever is smaller.
  - c) VBW  $\geq$  RBW.
  - d) Sweep: Auto.

- e) Detector function: Peak.
- f) Trace: Max hold.
- g) Allow the trace to stabilize.

It might prove necessary to break the span up into subranges to show clearly all of the hopping frequencies.

Compliance of an EUT with the appropriate regulatory limit shall be determined for the number of hopping channels. A plot of the data shall be included in the test report.

#### 12.4 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

#### 12.5 Antenna Connected Construction

Please refer to the description of test mode.

#### 12.6 Test Data

Please refer to the Appendix A.

## 13. Antenna Requirement

### 13.1 Test Standard and Limit

#### 11.1.1 Test Standard

##### **FCC Part 15.203**

#### 11.1.2 Requirement

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator shall be considered sufficient to comply with the provisions of this Section. The manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.

### 13.2 Deviation From Test Standard

No deviation

### 13.3 Antenna Connected Construction

The gains of the antenna used for transmitting is -4.62dBi, and the antenna de-signed with permanent attachment and no consideration of replacement. Please see the EUT photo for details.

### 13.4 Test Data

The EUT antenna is an Internal Antenna. It complies with the standard requirement.

Antenna Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Permanent attached antenna
<input type="checkbox"/> Unique connector antenna
<input type="checkbox"/> Professional installation antenna

## Attachment A--Unwanted Emissions Data

### ---Radiated Unwanted Emissions

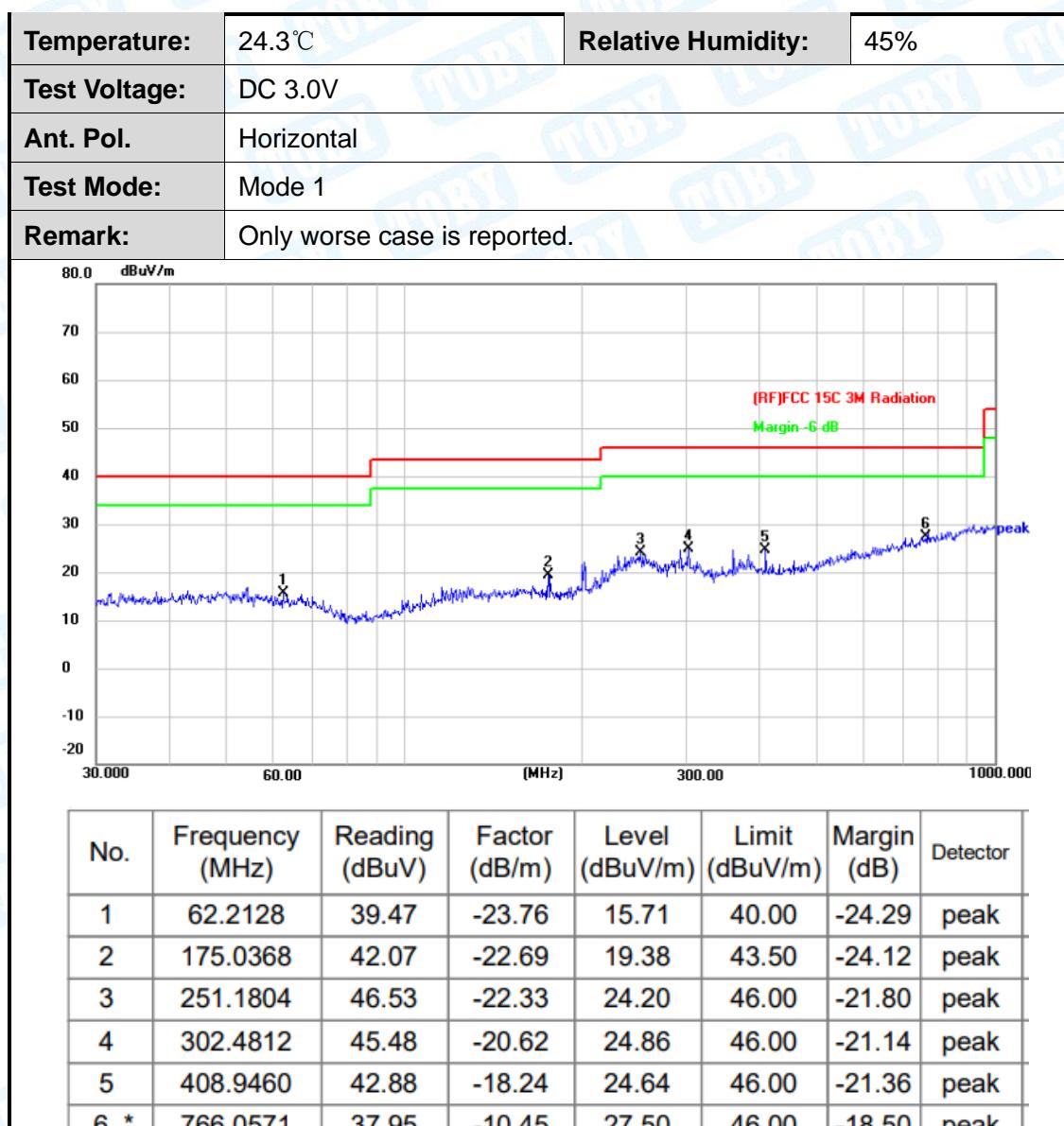
#### 9 KHz~30 MHz

From 9 KHz to 30 MHz: Conclusion: PASS

Note: The amplitude of spurious emissions which are attenuated by more than 20dB

Below the permissible value has no need to be reported.

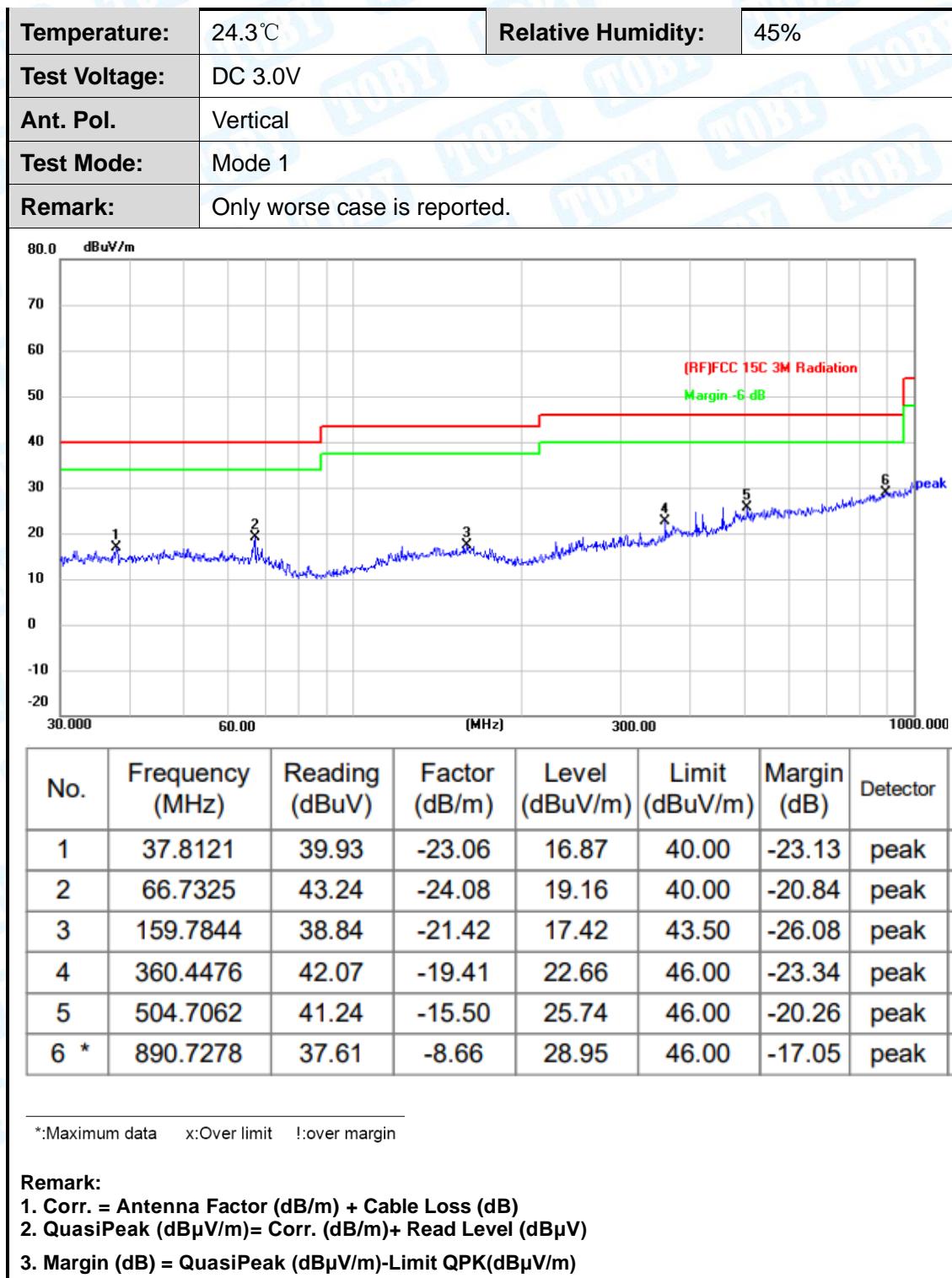
#### 30MHz~1GHz



\*:Maximum data    x:Over limit    !:over margin

#### Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. QuasiPeak (dB $\mu$ V/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dB $\mu$ V)
3. Margin (dB) = QuasiPeak (dB $\mu$ V/m)-Limit QPK(dB $\mu$ V/m)



## Above 1-25GHz

<b>Temperature:</b>	26°C		<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	54%			
<b>Test Voltage:</b>	DC 3.0V						
<b>Ant. Pol.</b>	Horizontal						
<b>Test Mode:</b>	TX GFSK Mode 2402MHz						
<b>No.</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Reading (dB<math>\mu</math>V)</b>	<b>Factor (dB/m)</b>	<b>Level (dB<math>\mu</math>V/m)</b>	<b>Limit (dB<math>\mu</math>V/m)</b>	<b>Margin (dB)</b>	<b>Detector</b>
1 *	4804.328	56.25	-10.03	46.22	54.00	-7.78	AVG
2	4804.714	65.32	-10.03	55.29	74.00	-18.71	peak

**Remark:**

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. Peak/AVG (dB $\mu$ V/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dB $\mu$ V)
3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dB $\mu$ V/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dB $\mu$ V/m)
4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency.
5. No report for the emission which more than 20dB below the prescribed limit.

<b>Temperature:</b>	26°C		<b>Relative Humidity:</b>	54%			
<b>Test Voltage:</b>	DC 3.0V						
<b>Ant. Pol.</b>	Vertical						
<b>Test Mode:</b>	TX GFSK Mode 2402MHz						
<b>No.</b>	<b>Frequency (MHz)</b>	<b>Reading (dB<math>\mu</math>V)</b>	<b>Factor (dB/m)</b>	<b>Level (dB<math>\mu</math>V/m)</b>	<b>Limit (dB<math>\mu</math>V/m)</b>	<b>Margin (dB)</b>	<b>Detector</b>
1	4804.312	66.31	-10.03	56.28	74.00	-17.72	peak
2 *	4804.441	55.74	-10.03	45.71	54.00	-8.29	AVG

**Remark:**

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. Peak/AVG (dB $\mu$ V/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dB $\mu$ V)
3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dB $\mu$ V/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dB $\mu$ V/m)
4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency.
5. No report for the emission which more than 20dB below the prescribed limit.

Temperature:	26°C	Relative Humidity:	54%				
Test Voltage:	DC 3.0V						
Ant. Pol.	Horizontal						
Test Mode:	TX GFSK Mode 2440MHz						
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1 *	4880.171	55.18	-9.89	45.29	54.00	-8.71	AVG
2	4880.221	66.20	-9.89	56.31	74.00	-17.69	peak

Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. Peak/AVG (dB $\mu$ V/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dB $\mu$ V)
3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dB $\mu$ V/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dB $\mu$ V/m)
4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency.
5. No report for the emission which more than 20dB below the prescribed limit.

Temperature:	26°C	Relative Humidity:	54%				
Test Voltage:	DC 3.0V						
Ant. Pol.	Vertical						
Test Mode:	TX GFSK Mode 2440MHz						
No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB $\mu$ V)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Limit (dB $\mu$ V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector
1 *	4880.229	56.12	-9.89	46.23	54.00	-7.77	AVG
2	4880.713	65.75	-9.89	55.86	74.00	-18.14	peak

Remark:

1. Corr. = Antenna Factor (dB/m) + Cable Loss (dB)
2. Peak/AVG (dB $\mu$ V/m)= Corr. (dB/m)+ Read Level (dB $\mu$ V)
3. Margin (dB) = Peak/AVG (dB $\mu$ V/m)-Limit PK/AVG(dB $\mu$ V/m)
4. The tests evaluated 1-26.5GHz, The testing has been conformed to the 10th harmonic of the highest fundamental frequency.
5. No report for the emission which more than 20dB below the prescribed limit.

Temperature:	26°C		Relative Humidity:	54%																											
Test Voltage:	DC 3.0V																														
Ant. Pol.	Horizontal																														
Test Mode:	TX GFSK Mode 2480MHz																														
<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th>No.</th> <th>Frequency (MHz)</th> <th>Reading (dB<sub>u</sub>V)</th> <th>Factor (dB/m)</th> <th>Level (dB<sub>u</sub>V/m)</th> <th>Limit (dB<sub>u</sub>V/m)</th> <th>Margin (dB)</th> <th>Detector</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>4960.298</td> <td>65.95</td> <td>-9.66</td> <td>56.29</td> <td>74.00</td> <td>-17.71</td> <td>peak</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2 *</td> <td>4960.419</td> <td>55.38</td> <td>-9.66</td> <td>45.72</td> <td>54.00</td> <td>-8.28</td> <td>AVG</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>								No.	Frequency (MHz)	Reading (dB <sub>u</sub> V)	Factor (dB/m)	Level (dB <sub>u</sub> V/m)	Limit (dB <sub>u</sub> V/m)	Margin (dB)	Detector	1	4960.298	65.95	-9.66	56.29	74.00	-17.71	peak	2 *	4960.419	55.38	-9.66	45.72	54.00	-8.28	AVG
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-----END OF REPORT-----