

# FCC RF Exposure

EUT Description: **Dual mode low profile keyboard**

Model No.: **KB1**

FCC ID: **2A7FJ-KB1**

## 1. Limits

According to KDB 447498 D04 General RF Exposure Guidance v01 The 1-g and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}] \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR,

Where:

Result =  $P/D \cdot \sqrt{F}$

F = the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

P = Maximum turn-up power in mw

D = Min. test separation distance in mm

## 2. Test Result of RF Exposure Evaluation

	Output power (dBm)	Tune Up Power (dBm)	Max Tune Up power dBm/mW	Min test separation distance mm	Result	Limit	SAR Test Exclusion
EDR	3.32	2.5±1(3.5)	2.239	5	0.705	3.0	Pass
BLE	3.85	3±1(4)	2.512	5	0.785	3.0	Pass

Note:

PK Output power = conducted power.

Conducted power see the test report **HK2205172055-1E/2E**, antenna gain=3.85dBi

Per KDB 447498 D04, when the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion. The test exclusion threshold is 0.785 which is  $\leq 3$ , SAR testing is not required.

Note: Exclusion Thresholds Results =  $[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot [\sqrt{f(\text{GHz})}]$

$f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz

Distance = 5mm