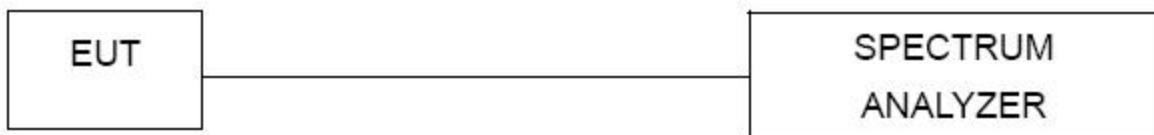




9. HOPPING CHANNEL SEPARATION

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Receiver setup:	RBW=100KHz, VBW=300KHz, detector=Peak
Limit:	GFSK: 20dB bandwidth $\pi/4$ -DQPSK & 8DSK: 0.025MHz or 2/3 of the 20dB bandwidth (whichever is greater)

9.1 Test Setup



9.2 Test procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100kHz. VBW = 300kHz , Span = 2.0MHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. Use the marker-delta function to determine the separation between the peaks of the adjacent channels. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section Submit this plot.

9.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.



9.4 Test Result

Modulation	Test Channel	Separation (MHz)	Limit(MHz)	Result
GFSK	Low	1.020	0.852	PASS
GFSK	Middle	1.004	0.891	PASS
GFSK	High	1.110	0.867	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Low	1.026	0.783	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	Middle	0.982	0.798	PASS
$\pi/4$ DQPSK	High	0.926	0.793	PASS
8DPSK	Low	1.016	0.789	PASS
8DPSK	Middle	0.992	0.772	PASS
8DPSK	High	0.918	0.800	PASS

Test plots
GFSK Low Channel





GFSK Middle Channel

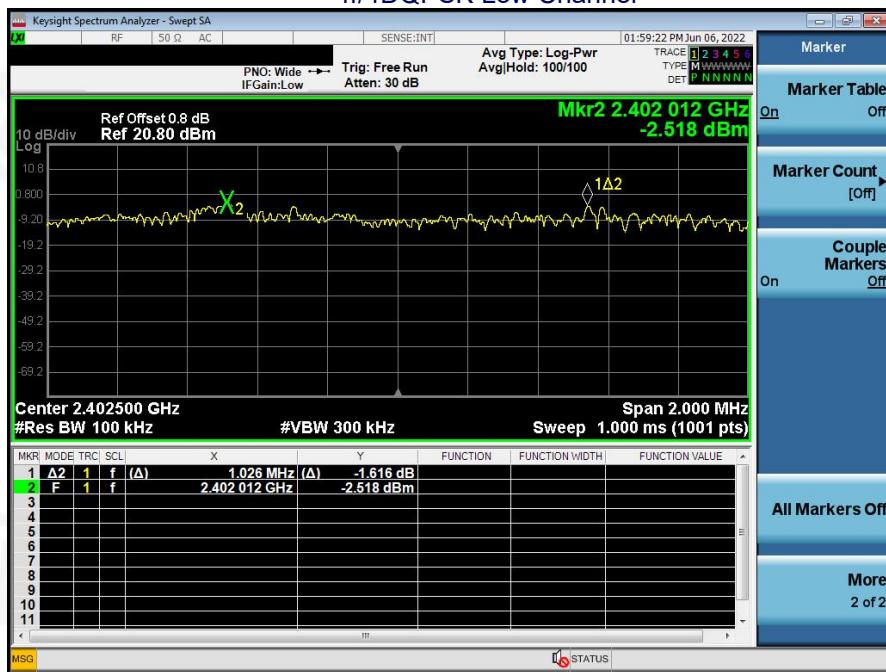


GFSK High Channel

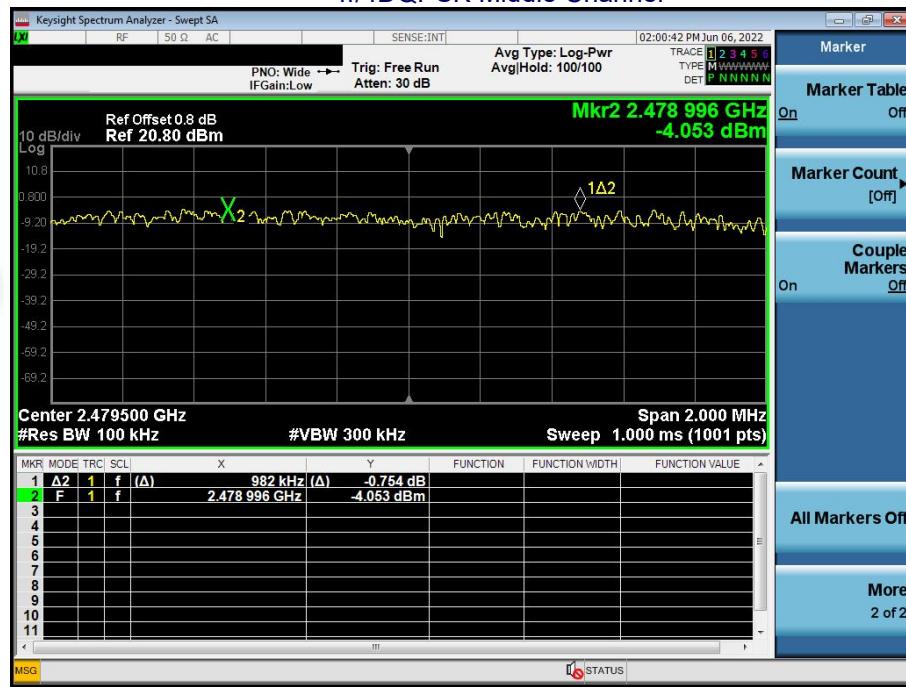




π/4DQPSK Low Channel

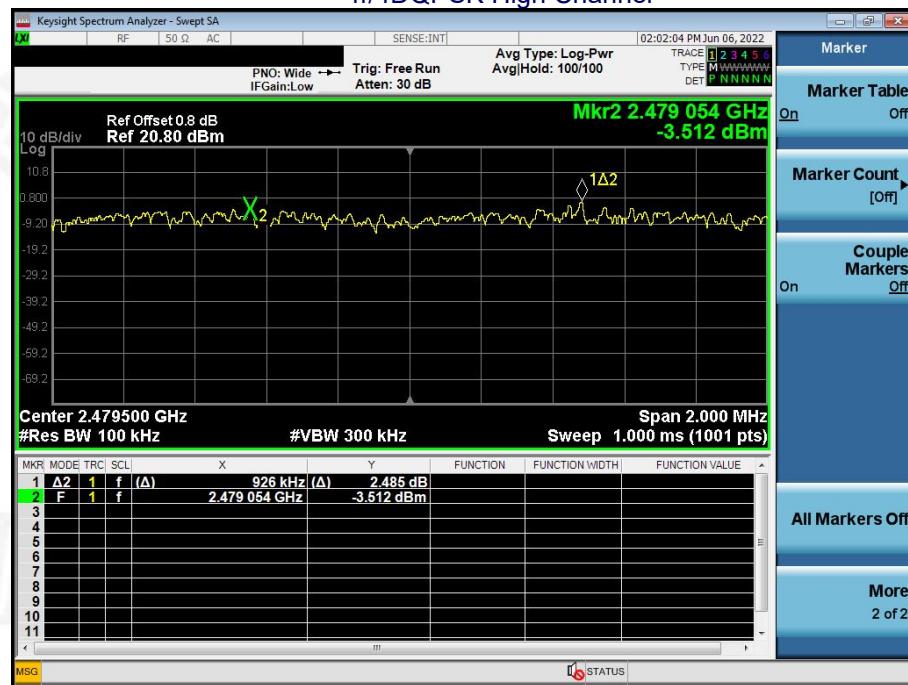


π/4DQPSK Middle Channel





$\pi/4$ DQPSK High Channel



8DPSK Low Channel

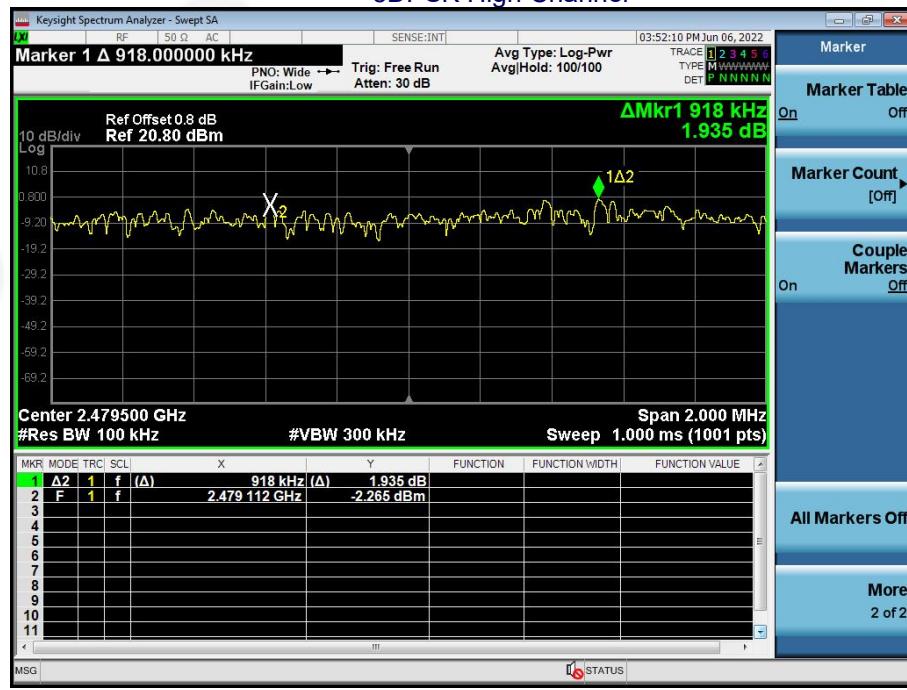




8DPSK Middle Channel



8DPSK High Channel

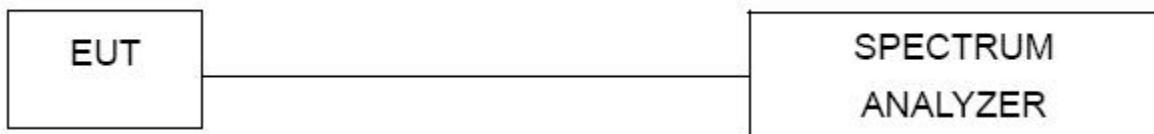




10. NUMBER OF HOPPING FREQUENCY

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)(iii)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Receiver setup:	RBW=100kHz, VBW=300kHz, Frequency range=2400MHz-2483.5MHz, Detector=Peak
Limit:	15 channels

10.1 Test Setup



10.2 Test procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set the spectrum analyzer: RBW = 100kHz. VBW = 300kHz. Sweep = auto; Detector Function = Peak. Trace = Max hold.
3. Allow the trace to stabilize. It may prove necessary to break the span up to sections. in order to clearly show all of the hopping frequencies. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section.
4. Set the spectrum analyzer: Start Frequency = 2.4GHz, Stop Frequency = 2.4835GHz. Sweep=auto;

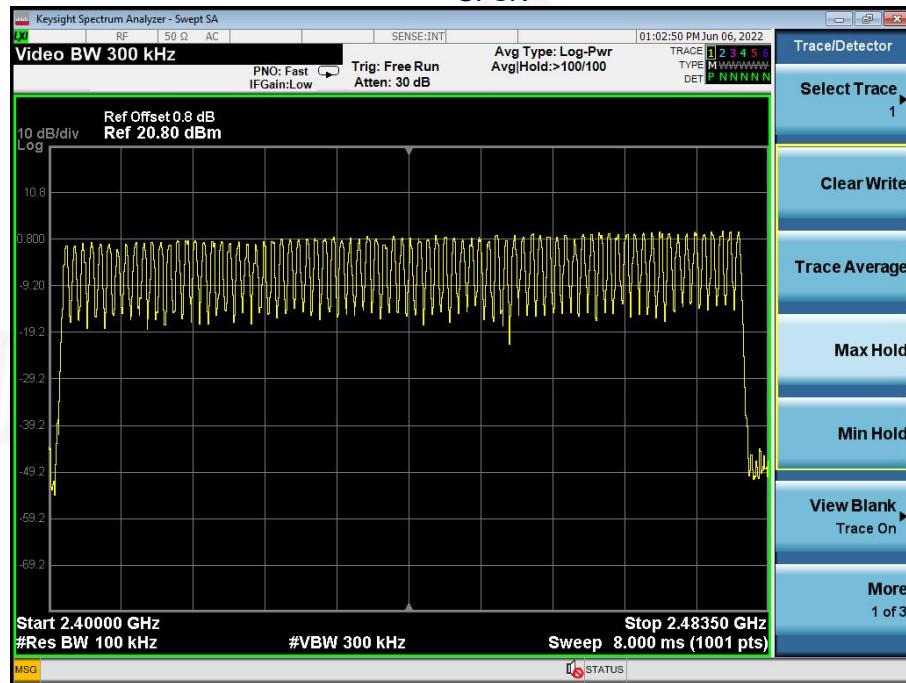
10.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.

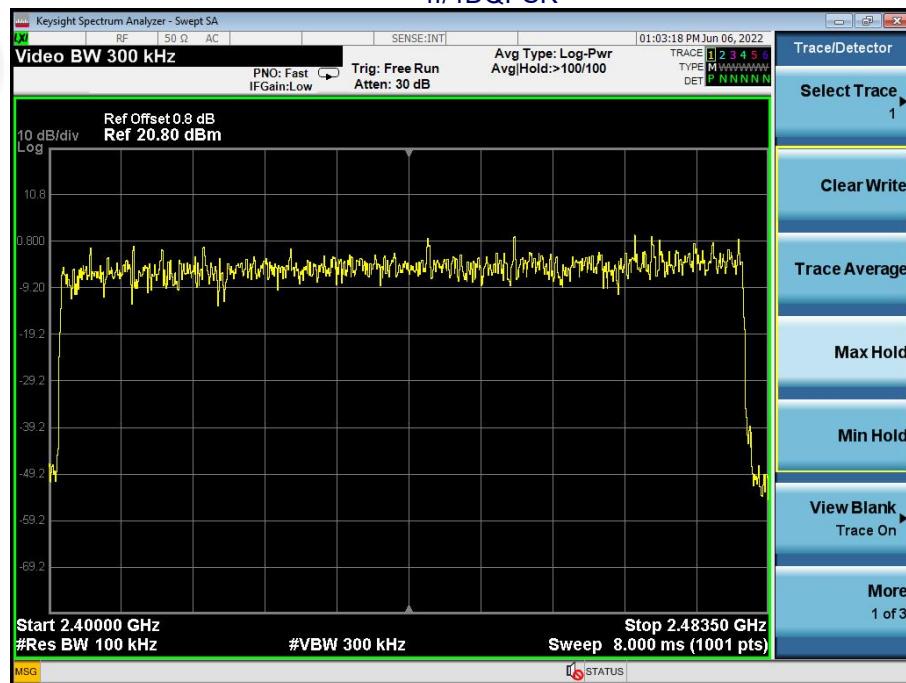


10.4 Test Result

Test Plots:
79 Channels in total
GFSK

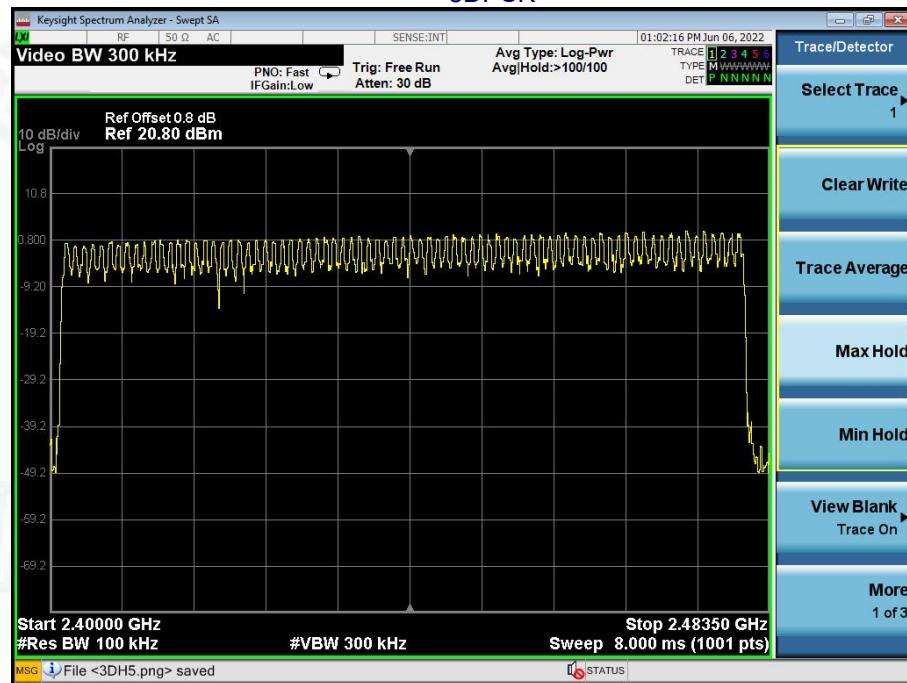


π/4DQPSK





8DPSK





11. DWELL TIME

Test Requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.247 (a)(1)(iii)
Test Method:	ANSI C63.10:2013
Receiver setup:	RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, Span=0Hz, Detector=Peak
Limit:	0.4 Second

11.1 Test Setup



11.2 Test procedure

1. Remove the antenna from the EUT and then connect a low RF cable from the antenna port to the spectrum.
2. Set spectrum analyzer span = 0Hz;
3. Set RBW = 1MHz and VBW = 3MHz. Sweep = as necessary to capture the entire dwell time per hopping channel. Set the EUT for DH5, DH3 and DH1 packet transmitting.
4. Use the marker-delta function to determine the dwell time. If this value varies with different modes of operation (e.g.. data rate. modulation format. etc.). repeat this test for each variation. The limit is specified in one of the subparagraphs of this Section. Submit this plot(s).

11.3 DEVIATION FROM STANDARD

No deviation.



11.4 Test Result

GFSK mode:

Frequency	Packet	Dwell time(ms)	Limit(ms)	Result
2441MHz	DH1	120.00	400	Pass
2441MHz	DH3	259.68	400	Pass
2441MHz	DH5	307.09	400	Pass

Remarks:

The test period: $T = 0.4 \text{ Second/Channel} \times 79 \text{ Channel} = 31.6 \text{ s}$

Test channel: as blow

CH:2441MHz time slot=0.375(ms)*(1600/ (2*79))*31.6=120.00ms

CH:2441MHz time slot=1.623(ms)*(1600/ (4*79))*31.6=259.68ms

CH:2441MHz time slot=2.879(ms)*(1600/ (6*79))*31.6=307.09ms

$\pi/4$ -DQPSK mode:

Frequency	Packet	Dwell time(ms)	Limit(ms)	Result
2441MHz	2DH1	123.84	400	Pass
2441MHz	2DH3	261.60	400	Pass
2441MHz	2DH5	308.27	400	Pass

Remarks:

The test period: $T = 0.4 \text{ Second/Channel} \times 79 \text{ Channel} = 31.6 \text{ s}$

Test channel: as blow

CH:2441MHz time slot=0.387(ms)*(1600/ (2*79))*31.6=123.84ms

CH:2441MHz time slot=1.635(ms)*(1600/ (4*79))*31.6=261.60ms

CH:2441MHz time slot=2.890(ms)*(1600/ (6*79))*31.6=308.27ms

8-DPSK mode:

Frequency	Packet	Dwell time(ms)	Limit(ms)	Result
2441MHz	3DH1	120.96	400	Pass
2441MHz	3DH3	260.64	400	Pass
2441MHz	3DH5	306.45	400	Pass

Remarks:

The test period: $T = 0.4 \text{ Second/Channel} \times 79 \text{ Channel} = 31.6 \text{ s}$

Test channel: as blow

CH:2441MHz time slot=0.378(ms)*(1600/ (2*79))*31.6=120.96ms

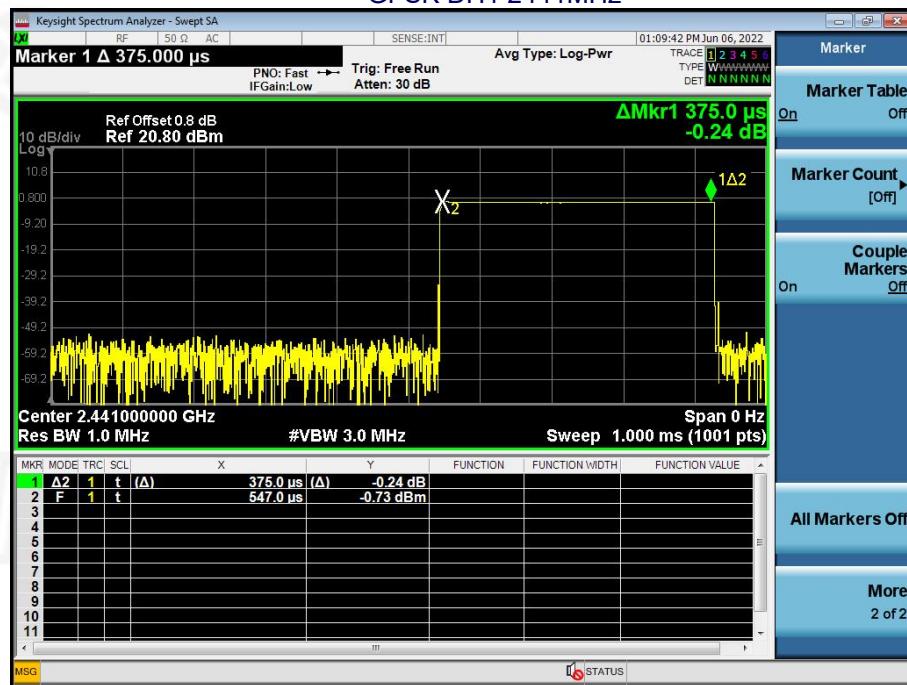
CH:2441MHz time slot=1.629(ms)*(1600/ (4*79))*31.6=260.64ms

CH:2441MHz time slot=2.873(ms)*(1600/ (6*79))*31.6=306.45ms

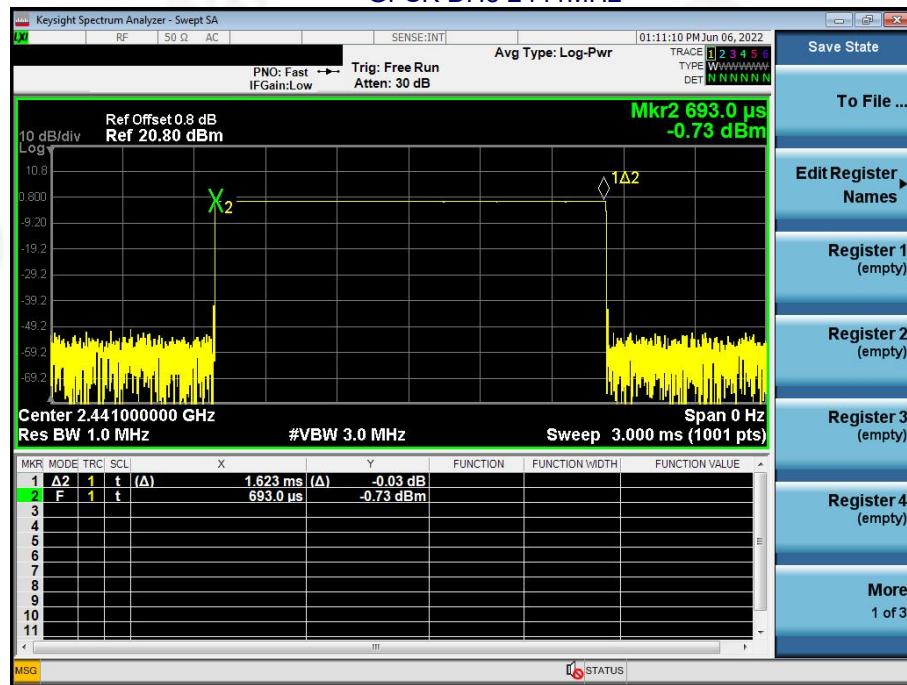


Test Plots

GFSK DH1 2441MHz

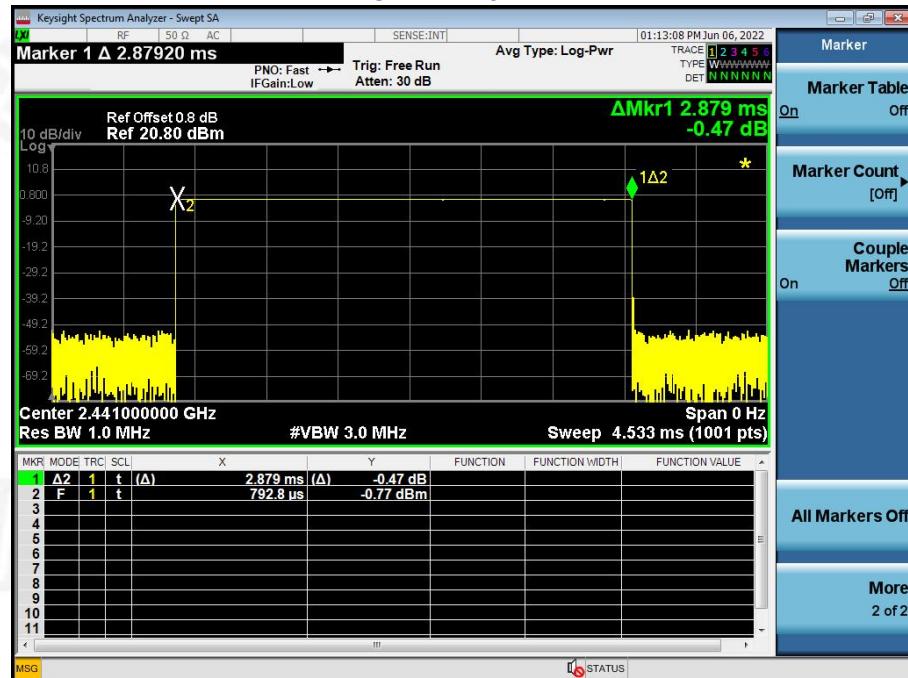


GFSK DH3 2441MHz

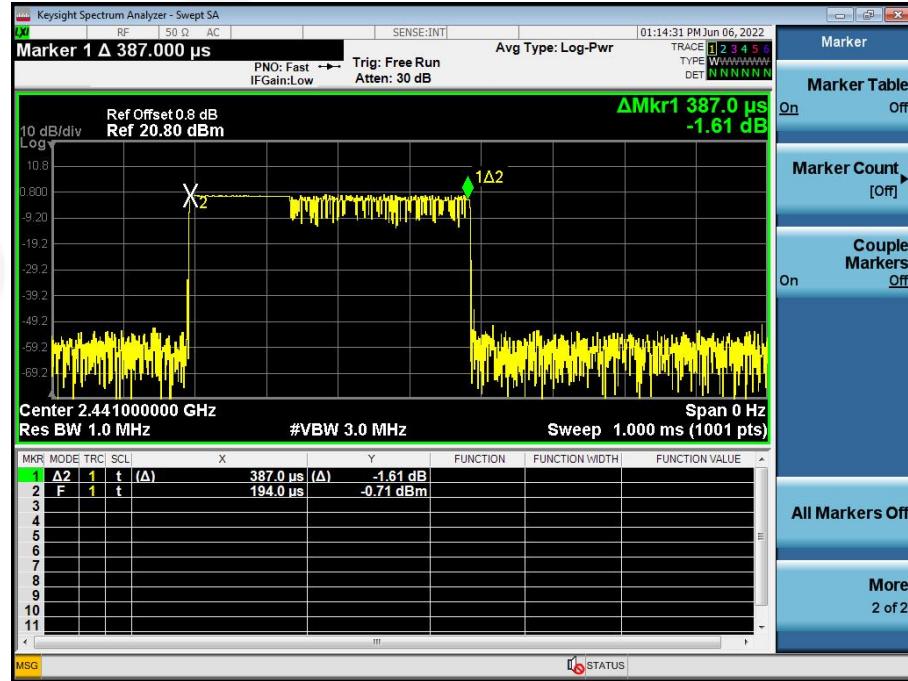




GFSK DH5 2441MHz

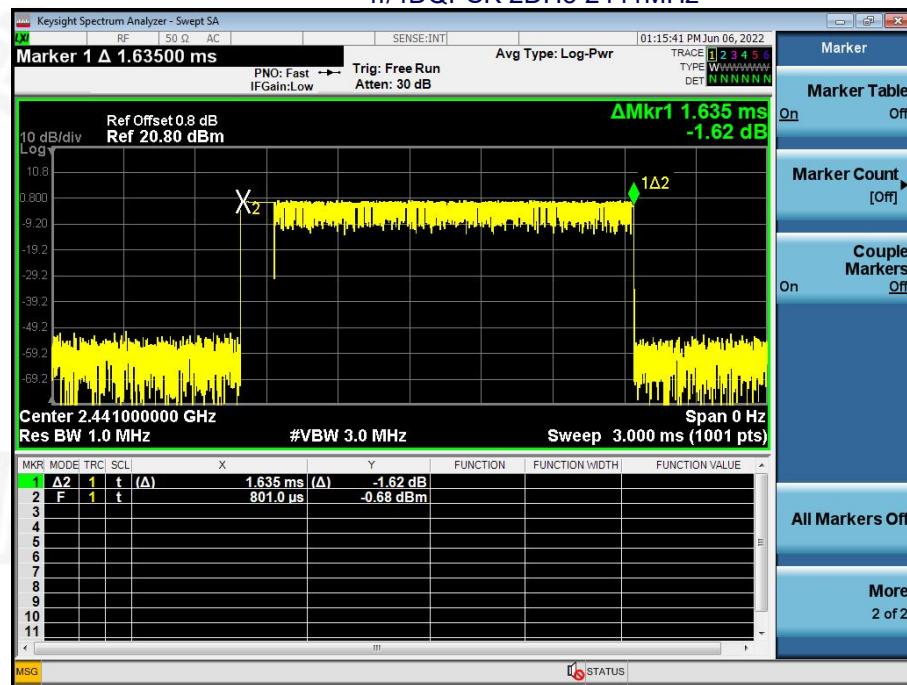


π/4DQPSK 2DH1 2441MHz

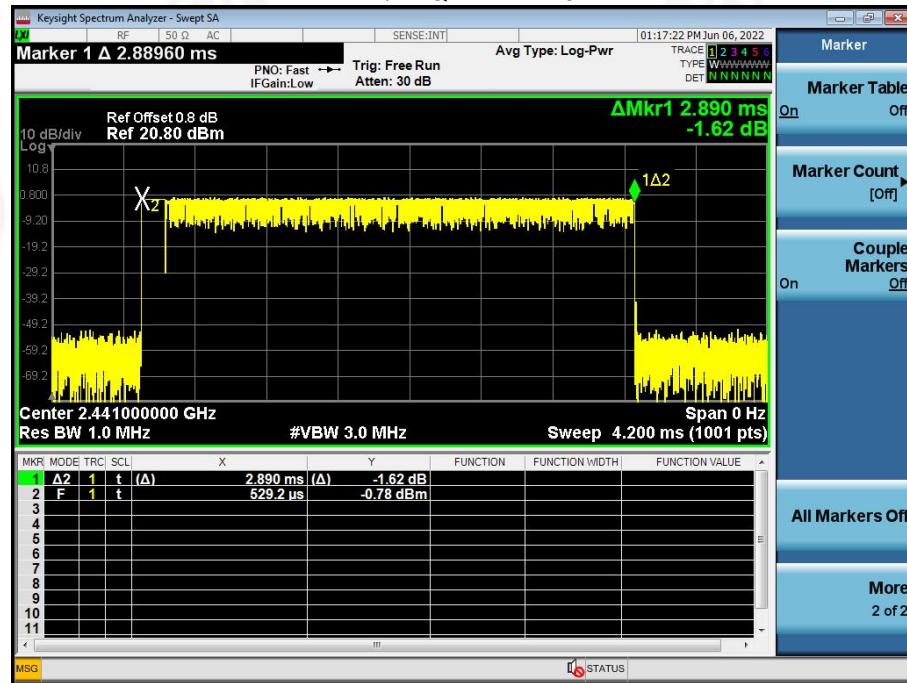




π/4DQPSK 2DH3 2441MHz

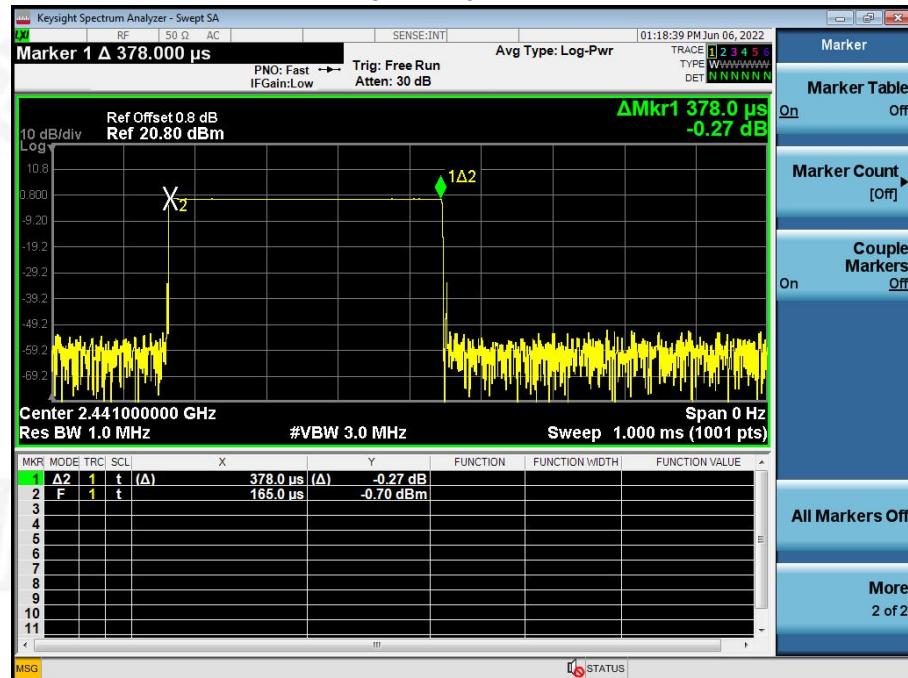


π/4DQPSK 2DH5 2441MHz

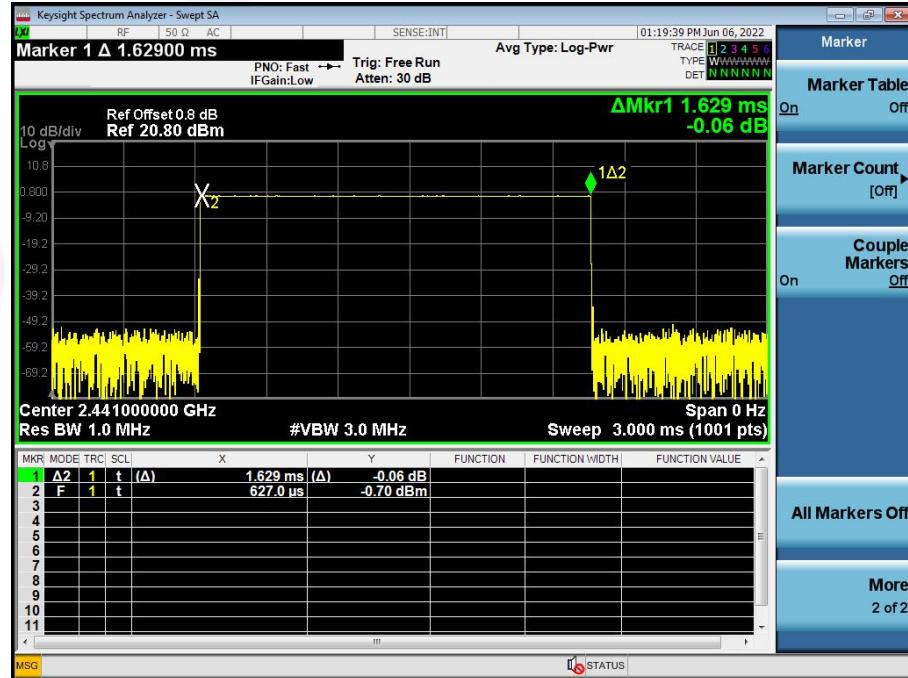




8DPSK 3DH1 2441MHz

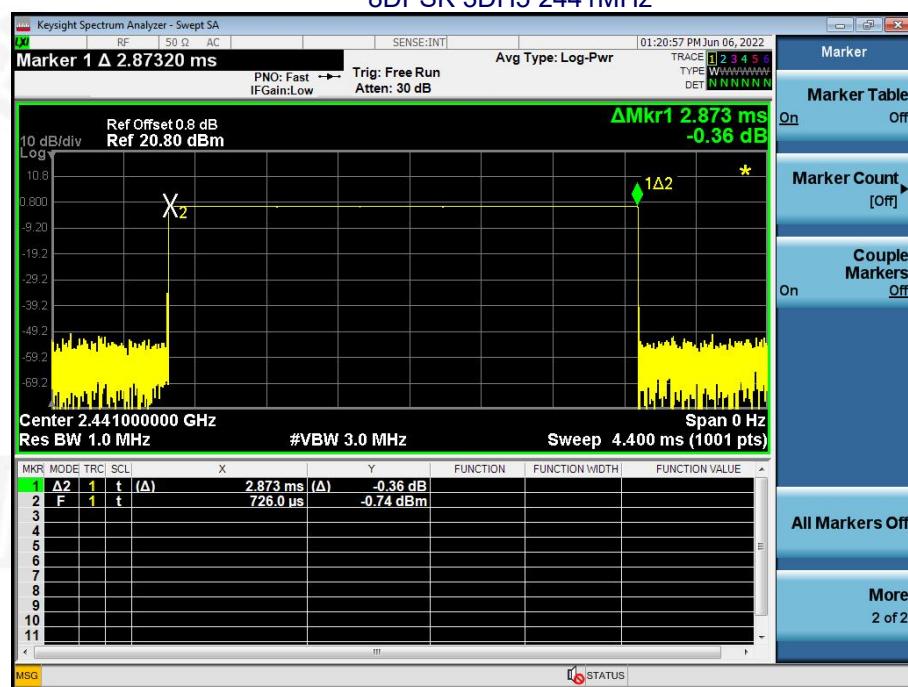


8DPSK 3DH3 2441MHz





8DPSK 3DH5 2441MHz





12. Antenna Requirement

Standard requirement:	FCC Part15 C Section 15.203 /247(b)(4)
<p>15.203 requirement: An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited.</p>	
<p>15.247(b) (4) requirement: (4) The conducted output power limit specified in paragraph (b) of this section is based on the use of antennas with directional gains that do not exceed 6 dBi. Except as shown in paragraph (c) of this section, if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the conducted output power from the intentional radiator shall be reduced below the stated values in paragraphs (b)(1), (b)(2), and (b)(3) of this section, as appropriate, by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.</p>	
<p>EUT Antenna: The antenna is PCB Printed Antenna, the best case gain of the antennas is 0dBi, reference to the appendix II for details</p>	



13. Test Setup Photo

Reference to the appendix I for details.

14. EUT Constructional Details

Reference to the appendix II for details.

***** END OF REPORT *****