

Portable device

According to §15.247(e)(i) and §1.1307(b)(1), systems operating under the provisions of this section shall be operated in a manner that ensures that the public is not exposed to radio frequency energy level in excess of the Commission's guidelines.

According to KDB447498 D01 General RF Exposure Guidance V06

The 1-g SAR and 10-g SAR test exclusion thresholds for 100 MHz to 6 GHz at test separation distances  $\leq 50$  mm are determined by:

$[(\text{max. power of channel, including tune-up tolerance, mW})/(\text{min. test separation distance, mm})] \cdot \sqrt{f(\text{GHz})} \leq 3.0$  for 1-g SAR and  $\leq 7.5$  for 10-g extremity SAR, where:

- $f(\text{GHz})$  is the RF channel transmit frequency in GHz
- Power and distance are rounded to the nearest mW and mm before calculation
- The result is rounded to one decimal place for comparison

When the minimum test separation distance is  $< 5$  mm, a distance of 5 mm is applied to determine SAR test exclusion.

BLE:

Modulation	Channel Freq. (GHz)	Conduct ed power (dBm)	Conducte d power (mW)	Tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (dBm)	Max tune-up power (mW)	Distance (mm)	Result calculation	SAR Exclusion threshold	SAR test exclusion
BLE 1M	2.402	-1.41	0.72	-1±1	0	1.00	<5	0.30997	3.00	YES
	2.440	-1.07	0.78	-1±1	0	1.00	<5	0.31241	3.00	YES
	2.480	-0.32	0.93	-1±1	0	1.00	<5	0.31496	3.00	YES

### Conclusion:

For the max result :  $0.30997 \leq 3.0$  for 1g SAR, SAR is not required.

Signature:



Date: 2025-05-29

**NAME AND TITLE** (Please print or type): Alex Li/Manager

**COMPANY** (Please print or type): Shenzhen NTEK Testing Technology Co., Ltd./ No. 24 Xinfu East Road, Xiangshan Community, Xinqiao Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, People's Republic of China