

# TEST REPORT

## Client Information:

Applicant: Dongguan Xinchuangbo Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.  
Applicant add.: Room 402, Building 2, No. 4, Zhenglong 1st Road, Xinan Community,  
Changan Town, Dongguan, China  
Manufacturer: Dongguan Xinchuangbo Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.  
Manufacturer add.: Room 402, Building 2, No. 4, Zhenglong 1st Road, Xinan Community,  
Changan Town, Dongguan, China

## Product Information:

Product Name: Carplay dash camera  
Model No.: M1003-7  
Brand Name: MIROIR  
FCC ID: 2A5U2-M1003-7

Applicable standards: FCC CFR Title 47 Part 15 Subpart E Section 15.407

## Prepared By:

### Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited

No.22, Jinqianling 3rd Street, Jitigang, Huangjiang, Dongguan,  
Guangdong, China

Tel.: +86-769-8202 0499 Fax.: +86-769-8202 0495

Date of Receipt: Dec. 16, 2024 Date of Test: Dec. 16, 2024~Dec. 26, 2024

Date of Issue: Dec. 27, 2024 Test Result: Pass

This device described above has been tested by Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited and the test results show that the equipment under test (EUT) is in compliance with the FCC/ISED requirements. And it is applicable only to the tested sample identified in the report.

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Reviewed by: Emiya Lin  
Emiya Lin

Approved by: Simba Huang  
Simba Huang

# 1 Contents

|                                                | Page      |
|------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| COVER PAGE                                     |           |
| <b>1 CONTENTS</b>                              | <b>2</b>  |
| <b>2 TEST SUMMARY</b>                          | <b>6</b>  |
| 2.1 Statement of the Measurement Uncertainty   | 6         |
| 2.2 Measurement Uncertainty                    | 6         |
| <b>3 TEST FACILITY</b>                         | <b>7</b>  |
| 3.1 Deviation from standard                    | 7         |
| 3.2 Abnormalities from standard conditions     | 7         |
| 3.3 Test Location                              | 7         |
| <b>4 GENERAL INFORMATION</b>                   | <b>8</b>  |
| 4.1 Test frequencies                           | 9         |
| 4.2 EUT Peripheral List                        | 9         |
| 4.3 Test Peripheral List                       | 9         |
| 4.4 TEST METHODOLOGY                           | 10        |
| 4.5 Description of Test Modes                  | 11        |
| <b>5 EQUIPMENT USED DURING TEST</b>            | <b>12</b> |
| <b>6 TEST RESULTS AND MEASUREMENT DATA</b>     | <b>12</b> |
| 6.1 Antenna requirement                        | 14        |
| 6.1.1 Standard requirement:                    | 14        |
| 6.1.2 EUT Antenna:                             | 14        |
| 6.2 On Time and Duty Cycle                     | 15        |
| 6.2.1 Standard requirement:                    | 15        |
| 6.2.2 Measuring Instruments and Setting:       | 15        |
| 6.2.3 Test Procedures                          | 15        |
| 6.2.4 Test Setup Layout                        | 15        |
| 6.2.5 EUT Operation during Test                | 15        |
| 6.2.6 Test result                              | 15        |
| 6.3 Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement | 16        |
| 6.3.1 Standard requirement:                    | 16        |
| 6.3.2 Measuring Instruments:                   | 16        |
| 6.3.3 Test Procedures:                         | 16        |
| 6.3.4 Test Setup Layout                        | 17        |
| 6.3.5 EUT Operation during Test                | 17        |
| 6.3.6 Test result                              | 17        |
| 6.4 26dB Bandwidth Measurement                 | 18        |
| 6.4.1 Standard requirement:                    | 18        |
| 6.4.2 Measuring Instruments:                   | 18        |
| 6.4.3 Test Procedures                          | 18        |

|          |                                            |           |
|----------|--------------------------------------------|-----------|
| 6.4.4    | Test Setup Layout .....                    | 18        |
| 6.4.5    | EUT Operation during Test .....            | 18        |
| 6.4.6    | Test result .....                          | 18        |
| 6.5      | 99% Occupied Bandwidth Measurement .....   | 20        |
| 6.5.1    | Standard requirement: .....                | 20        |
| 6.5.2    | Measuring Instruments: .....               | 20        |
| 6.5.3    | Test Procedures .....                      | 20        |
| 6.5.4    | Test Setup Layout .....                    | 20        |
| 6.5.5    | EUT Operation during Test .....            | 20        |
| 6.5.6    | Test result .....                          | 20        |
| 6.6      | Power Spectral Density .....               | 22        |
| 6.6.1    | Standard requirement: .....                | 22        |
| 6.6.2    | Measuring Instruments and Setting: .....   | 22        |
| 6.6.3    | Test Procedures .....                      | 22        |
| 6.6.4    | Test Setup Layout .....                    | 23        |
| 6.6.5    | EUT Operation during Test .....            | 23        |
| 6.6.6    | Test result .....                          | 23        |
| 6.7      | Undesirable Emissions Measurement .....    | 24        |
| 6.6.1    | Standard requirement: .....                | 24        |
| 6.6.2    | Measuring Instruments : .....              | 24        |
| 6.6.3    | Test Procedures .....                      | 24        |
| 6.6.4    | Test Setup Layout .....                    | 26        |
| 6.6.5    | EUT Operation during Test .....            | 26        |
| 6.6.6    | Test result .....                          | 26        |
| 6.8      | Radiated Emissions Measurement .....       | 27        |
| 6.8.1    | Standard requirement: .....                | 27        |
| 6.8.2    | Measuring Instruments and Setting: .....   | 28        |
| 6.8.3    | Test Procedures .....                      | 28        |
| 6.8.4    | Test Setup Layout .....                    | 31        |
| 6.8.5    | EUT Operation during Test .....            | 32        |
| 6.8.6    | Test result .....                          | 32        |
| 6.9      | Power Line Conducted Emissions .....       | 36        |
| 6.9.1    | Standard requirement: .....                | 36        |
| 6.9.2    | Test Setup Layout .....                    | 36        |
| 6.9.3    | Test Procedures .....                      | 36        |
| 6.9.4    | EUT Operation during Test .....            | 36        |
| 6.9.5    | Test result .....                          | 36        |
| 6.10     | Frequency Stability .....                  | 37        |
| 6.10.1   | Standard requirement: .....                | 37        |
| 6.10.2   | Measuring Instruments and Setting: .....   | 37        |
| 6.10.3   | Test Procedures .....                      | 37        |
| 6.10.4   | Test Setup Layout .....                    | 37        |
| 6.10.5   | EUT Operation during Test .....            | 37        |
| 6.10.6   | Test result .....                          | 37        |
| <b>7</b> | <b>TEST SETUP PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT .....</b> | <b>39</b> |
| <b>8</b> | <b>EXTERNAL PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT .....</b>   | <b>39</b> |



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|   |                                   |    |
|---|-----------------------------------|----|
| 9 | INTERNAL PHOTOGRAPHS OF EUT ..... | 39 |
|---|-----------------------------------|----|



**REPORT REVISE RECORD**

| Report Version | Revise Time | Issued Date   | Valid Version | Notes           |
|----------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|
| V1.0           | /           | Dec. 27, 2024 | Valid         | Initial release |

## 2 Test Summary

| Test Item                                         | Section in CFR 47              | Result |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------|
| /                                                 | On Time and Duty Cycle         | /      |
| §15.407(a), RSS-247 6.2.1.1                       | Maximum Conducted Output Power | N/A    |
| §15.407(a), RSS-247 6.2.1.1                       | Power Spectral Density         | Pass   |
| §15.407(a), RSS-Gen                               | 26dB Bandwidth                 | Pass   |
| §15.209<br>§15.407(b), RSS-247 6.2.1.1<br>RSS-Gen | Radiated Emissions             | Pass   |
| §15.205, RSS-247 6.2.1.1<br>RSS-Gen               | Emissions at Restricted Band   | Pass   |
| §15.407(g), RSS-Gen                               | Frequency Stability            | Pass   |
| §15.207(a), RSS-Gen                               | Power Line Conducted Emissions | Pass   |
| §15.203, RSS-Gen Section 8.3                      | Antenna Requirements           | Pass   |
| §2.1093&§2.1091                                   | RF Exposure                    | Pass*  |

### Note

1. Test according to ANSI C63.10:2013.
2. The measurement uncertainty is not included in the test result.
3. “\*” Test results in other test report (RF Exposure Evaluation Report)

### 2.1 Statement of the Measurement Uncertainty

The data and results referenced in this document are true and accurate. The reader is cautioned that there may be errors within the calibration limits of the equipment and facilities. The measurement uncertainty was calculated for all measurements listed in this test report acc. To CISPR 16 – 4 “Specification for radio disturbance and immunity measuring apparatus and methods – Part 4: Uncertainty in EMC Measurements” and is documented in the AiT quality system acc. To DIN EN ISO/IEC 17025. Furthermore, component and process variability of devices similar to that tested may result in additional deviation. The manufacturer has the sole responsibility of continued compliance of the device.

### 2.2 Measurement Uncertainty

| Test Item                        | Frequency Range | Measurement Uncertainty | Notes |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------|
| Radiated Emission                | 0.009MHz-30MHz  | 3.10dB                  | (1)   |
| Radiated Emission                | 30MHz-1GHz      | 3.75dB                  | (1)   |
| Radiated Emission                | 1GHz-18GHz      | 3.88dB                  | (1)   |
| Radiated Emission                | 18GHz-40GHz     | 3.88dB                  | (1)   |
| AC Power Line Conducted Emission | 0.15MHz ~ 30MHz | 1.20dB                  | (1)   |

Note (1): The measurement uncertainty is for coverage factor of k=2 and a level of confidence of 95%.

### 3 Test Facility

**The test facility is recognized, certified or accredited by the following organizations:**

**.CNAS- Registration No: L6177**

Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) technology Limited is accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017 general Requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories (CNAS-CL01 Accreditation Criteria for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories) on April 18, 2022

**FCC-Registration No.: 703111 Designation Number: CN1313**

Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) technology Limited has been registered and fully described in a report filed with the (FCC) Federal Communications Commission. The acceptance letter from the FCC is maintained in our files.

**IC —Registration No.: 6819A CAB identifier: CN0122**

The 3m Semi-anechoic chamber of Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) technology Limited has been registered by Certification and Engineering Bureau of Industry Canada for radio equipment testing with Registration No.: 6819A

**A2LA-Lab Cert. No.: 6317.01**

Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) technology Limited has been accredited by A2LA for technical competence in the field of electrical testing, and proved to be in compliance with ISO/IEC 17025: 2017 General Requirements for the Competence of Testing and Calibration Laboratories and any additional program requirements in the identified field of testing.

#### 3.1 Deviation from standard

None

#### 3.2 Abnormalities from standard conditions

None

#### 3.3 Test Location

**Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited**

Address: No.22, Jinqianling 3rd Street, Jitigang, Huangjiang,Dongguan, Guangdong, China

Tel.: +86-769-8202 0499

Fax.: +86-769-8202 0495

## 4 General Information

|                        |                                                                                                                   |                    |                      |                    |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|
| EUT Name:              | Carplay dash camera                                                                                               |                    |                      |                    |
| Model No:              | M1003-7                                                                                                           |                    |                      |                    |
| Serial Model:          | N/A                                                                                                               |                    |                      |                    |
| Test sample(s) ID:     | AiTDG-241216011-1                                                                                                 |                    |                      |                    |
| Sample(s) Status:      | Engineer sample                                                                                                   |                    |                      |                    |
| Serial No.:            | N/A                                                                                                               |                    |                      |                    |
| Operation frequency:   | Band                                                                                                              | Mode               | Frequency Range(MHz) | Number of channels |
|                        | U-NII Band I                                                                                                      | IEEE 802.11a       | 5180-5240            | 4                  |
|                        |                                                                                                                   | IEEE 802.11n 20MHz | 5180-5240            | 4                  |
|                        |                                                                                                                   |                    |                      |                    |
| Modulation Technology: | OFDM                                                                                                              |                    |                      |                    |
| Modulation Type        | IEEE 802.11a/n: OFDM(64QAM, 16QAM, QPSK, BPSK)                                                                    |                    |                      |                    |
| Antenna Type:          | FPC Antenna                                                                                                       |                    |                      |                    |
| Antenna gain:          | 0.96dBi                                                                                                           |                    |                      |                    |
| Hardware version.:     | T86B                                                                                                              |                    |                      |                    |
| Software version.:     | 20241213                                                                                                          |                    |                      |                    |
| Power supply:          | DC5V from adapter                                                                                                 |                    |                      |                    |
| Adapter:               | MODEL:XHC053000<br>INPUT:DC 12-24V<br>OUTPUT:DC 5V3A                                                              |                    |                      |                    |
| Model different:       | N/A                                                                                                               |                    |                      |                    |
| Note:                  | For a more detailed features description, please refer to the manufacturer's specifications or the User's Manual. |                    |                      |                    |

## 4.1 Test frequencies

EUT channels and frequencies list:

| Channel list for 802.11a/n(HT20) |           |         |           |         |           |         |           |
|----------------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Channel                          | Frequency | Channel | Frequency | Channel | Frequency | Channel | Frequency |
| 36                               | 5180MHz   | 40      | 5200MHz   | 44      | 5220MHz   | 48      | 5240MHz   |

## 4.2 EUT Peripheral List

| No. | Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Power cord | Signal cord |
|-----|-----------|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|
| 1   | Adapter   | N/A          | XHC053000 | N/A        | N/A        | N/A         |

## 4.3 Test Peripheral List

| No. | Equipment | Manufacturer | Model No. | Serial No. | Power cord | Signal cord |
|-----|-----------|--------------|-----------|------------|------------|-------------|
| 1   | N/A       | N/A          | N/A       | N/A        | N/A        | N/A         |

## 4.4 TEST METHODOLOGY

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ANSI C63.10-2013, American National Standard of Procedures for Compliance Testing of Unlicensed Wireless Devices.

The radiated testing was performed at an antenna-to-EUT distance of 3 meters. All radiated and conducted emissions measurement was performed at Dongguan Yaxu (AiT) Technology Limited

### 4.4.1 EUT Configuration

The EUT configuration for testing is installed on RF field strength measurement to meet the Commissions requirement and operating in a manner that intends to maximize its emission characteristics in a continuous normal application.

### 4.4.2 EUT Exercise

The EUT was operated in the engineering mode to fix the TX frequency that was for the purpose of the measurements.

According to FCC's request, Test Procedure 789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01r03 and KDB 662911 D01 Multiple Transmitter Output v02r01 is required to be used for this kind of FCC 15.407 UII device.

According to its specifications, the EUT must comply with the requirements of the Section 15.203, 15.205, 15.207, 15.209 and 15.407 under the FCC Rules Part 15 Subpart E

### 4.4.3 General Test Procedures

#### Conducted Emissions

The EUT is placed on the turntable, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. According to the requirements in Section 6.2.1 of ANSI C63.10-2013 Conducted emissions from the EUT measured in the frequency range between 0.15 MHz and 30MHz using Quasi-peak and average detector modes.

#### Radiated Emissions

The EUT is placed on a turn table, which is 0.8 m above ground plane. The turntable shall rotate 360 degrees to determine the position of maximum emission level. EUT is set 3m away from the receiving antenna, which varied from 1m to 4m to find out the highest emission. And also, each emission was to be maximized by changing the polarization of receiving antenna both horizontal and vertical. In order to find out the maximum emissions, exploratory radiated emission measurements were made according to the requirements in Section 6.3 of ANSI C63.10-2013.

## 4.5 Description of Test Modes

The EUT has been tested under operating condition.

This test was performed with EUT in X, Y, Z position and the worst case was found when EUT in X position.

AC main conducted emission pre-test voltage at both AC 120V/60Hz and AC 240V/50Hz, recorded worst case;

AC main conducted emission pre-test at charge from power adapter modes, recorded worst case;

Worst-case mode and channel used for 9 KHz-1000 MHz radiated emissions was the mode and channel with the highest output power, that was determined to be IEEE 802.11a mode (HCH).

Worst-Case data rates were utilized from preliminary testing of the Chipset, worst-case data rates used during the testing are as follows:

IEEE 802.11a Mode: 6 Mbps, OFDM.

IEEE 802.11n HT20 Mode: MCS0, OFDM.

In section 15.31(m), regards to the operating frequency range over 10 MHz, the Lowest frequency, the middle frequency, and the highest frequency of channel were selected to perform the test, and the selected channel see below:

|                       |                                                 |          |          |  |  |  |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|--|--|--|
| Transmitting mode     | Keep the EUT in continuously transmitting mode. |          |          |  |  |  |
| Test software:        | CMD                                             |          |          |  |  |  |
| Frequency             | 5180 MHz                                        | 5200 MHz | 5240 MHz |  |  |  |
| Parameters(802.11a)   | Default                                         | Default  | Default  |  |  |  |
| Parameters(802.11n20) | Default                                         | Default  | Default  |  |  |  |

### Antenna & Bandwidth

| Antenna        | Chain 1 (ANT1)                      |                          |                          | Chain 2 (ANT2)           |                          |                          | Simultaneously           |
|----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Bandwidth Mode | 20MHz                               | 40MHz                    | 80MHz                    | 20MHz                    | 40MHz                    | 80MHz                    | /                        |
| IEEE 802.11a   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| IEEE 802.11n   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |
| IEEE 802.11ac  | <input type="checkbox"/>            | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |

## 5 Equipment Used during Test

| No | Test Equipment                      | Manufacturer | Model No        | Serial No    | Cal. Date  | Cal. Due Date |
|----|-------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|------------|---------------|
| 1  | Spectrum Analyzer                   | R&S          | FSV40           | 101470       | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 2  | EMI Measuring Receiver              | R&S          | ESR             | 101660       | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 3  | Low Noise Pre Amplifier             | HP           | HP8447E         | 1937A01855   | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 4  | Low Noise Pre Amplifier             | Tsj          | MLA-0120-A02-34 | 2648A04738   | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 5  | Passive Loop                        | ETS          | 6512            | 00165355     | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 6  | TRILOG Super Broadband test Antenna | SCHWARZBECK  | VULB9160        | 9160-3206    | 2024.08.29 | 2026.08.28    |
| 7  | Broadband Horn Antenna              | SCHWARZBECK  | BBHA9120D       | 452          | 2024.08.29 | 2026.08.28    |
| 8  | SHF-EHF Horn Antenna 15-40GHz       | SCHWARZBECK  | BBHA9170        | BBHA9170367d | 2023.09.12 | 2026.09.11    |
| 9  | EMI Test Receiver                   | R&S          | ESCI            | 100124       | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 10 | LISN                                | Kyoritsu     | KNW-242         | 8-837-4      | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 11 | LISN                                | R&S          | ESH3-Z5         | 892785/016   | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 12 | Pro.Temp&Humi.chamber               | MENTEK       | MHP-150-1C      | MAA08112501  | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 13 | RF Automatic Test system            | MW           | MW100-RFCB      | 21033016     | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 14 | Signal Generator                    | Agilent      | N5182A          | MY50143009   | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 15 | Wideband Radio communication tester | R&S          | CMW500          | 1201.0002K50 | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 16 | RF Automatic Test system            | MW           | MW100-RFCB      | 21033016     | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 17 | Pulse Limiter                       | R&S          | ESH3-Z2         | 03578810.54  | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 18 | Switch                              | MFJ Rhinos   | MFJ-2702        | CZ3457       | 2024.09.23 | 2025.09.22    |
| 19 | DC power supply                     | ZHAOXIN      | RXN-305D-2      | 28070002559  | N/A        | N/A           |
| 20 | RE Software                         | EZ           | EZ-EMC_RE       | Ver.AIT-03A  | N/A        | N/A           |
| 21 | CE Software                         | EZ           | EZ-EMC_CE       | Ver.AIT-03A  | N/A        | N/A           |
| 22 | RF Software                         | MW           | MTS 8310        | 2.0.0.0      | N/A        | N/A           |
| 23 | temporary antenna                   | NTS          | R001            | N/A          | N/A        | N/A           |



|                                                                                                                                                                              |                 |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
|                                                                                                                                                                              | connector(Note) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Note: The temporary antenna connector is soldered on the PCB board in order to perform conducted tests and this temporary antenna connector is listed in the equipment list. |                 |  |  |  |  |  |

## 6 Test results and Measurement Data

### 6.1 Antenna requirement

#### 6.1.1 Standard requirement:

For intentional device, according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.203:

An intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device. The use of a permanently attached antenna or of an antenna that uses a unique coupling to the intentional radiator, the manufacturer may design the unit so that a broken antenna can be replaced by the user, but the use of a standard antenna jack or electrical connector is prohibited

And according to FCC 47 CFR Section 15.407 (a), if transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6dBi are used, the power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6dBi.

According to § 15.203 & RSS-Gen, an intentional radiator shall be designed to ensure that no antenna other than that furnished by the responsible party shall be used with the device.

#### 6.1.2 EUT Antenna:

*Refer to Section 4(General Information), reference to the Internal photos for details*

## 6.2 On Time and Duty Cycle

### 6.2.1 Standard requirement:

None; for reporting purpose only

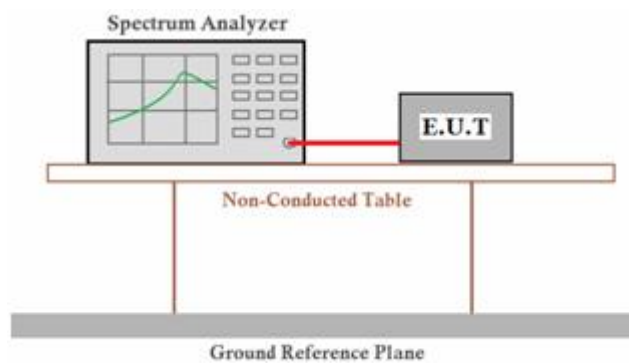
### 6.2.2 Measuring Instruments and Setting:

Please refer to equipments list in this report. The following table is the setting of the spectrum analyser.

### 6.2.3 Test Procedures

- 1). Set the Centre frequency of the spectrum analyzer to the transmitting frequency;
- 2). Set the span=0MHz, RBW=1MHz, VBW=3MHz, Sweep time=100ms;
- 3). Detector = peak;
- 4). Trace mode = Single hold.

### 6.2.4 Test Setup Layout



### 6.2.5 EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 6.2.6 Test result

*For reporting purpose only.*

*Please refer to Appendix D.1*

## 6.3 Maximum Conducted Output Power Measurement

### 6.3.1 Standard requirement:

#### (1) For the band 5.15~5.25GHz

- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi. The maximum e.i.r.p. at any elevation angle above 30 degrees as measured from the horizon must not exceed 125 mW (21 dBm).
- (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15-5.25 GHz, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 1 W. Fixed point-to-point U-NII devices may employ antennas with directional gain up to 23 dBi without any corresponding reduction in the maximum conducted output power. For fixed point-to-point transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1dB reduction in maximum conducted output power is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi. Fixed, point-to-point operations exclude the use of point-to-multipoint systems, omnidirectional applications, and multiple collocated transmitters transmitting the same information. The operator of the U-NII device, or if the equipment is professionally installed, the installer, is responsible for ensuring that systems employing high gain directional antennas are used exclusively for fixed, point-to-point operations.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band, the maximum conducted output power over the frequency band of operation shall not exceed 250 mW provided the maximum antenna gain does not exceed 6 dBi. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### (2) For the band 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz

The maximum conducted output power over the frequency bands of operation shall not exceed the lesser of 250 mW or  $11 \text{ dBm} + 10 \log B$ , where B is the 26 dB emission bandwidth in megahertz. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, both the maximum conducted output power and the maximum power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

### 6.3.2 Measuring Instruments:

Please refer to equipment's list in this report.

### 6.3.3 Test Procedures:

The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the power meter.

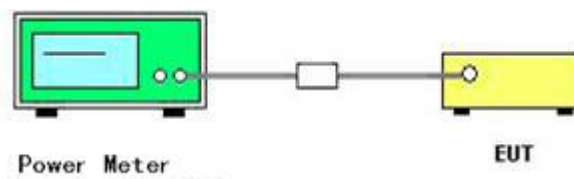
According to KDB 789033 D02 v02r01 Section 3 (a) Method PM (Measurement using an RF average power meter):

- (i) Measurements may be performed using a wideband RF power meter with a thermocouple detector or equivalent if all of the conditions listed below are satisfied.

- The EUT is configured to transmit continuously or to transmit with a constant duty cycle.

- At all times when the EUT is transmitting, it must be transmitting at its maximum power control level.
  - The integration period of the power meter exceeds the repetition period of the transmitted signal by at least a factor of five.
- (ii) If the transmitter does not transmit continuously, measure the duty cycle,  $x$ , of the transmitter output signal as described in section II.B.
- (iii) Measure the average power of the transmitter. This measurement is an average over both the on and off periods of the transmitter.
- (iv) Adjust the measurement in dBm by adding  $10 \log (1/x)$  where  $x$  is the duty cycle (e.g.,  $10 \log (1/0.25)$  if the duty cycle is 25%).

### 6.3.4 Test Setup Layout



### 6.3.5 EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 6.3.6 Test result

PASS

Please refer to Appendix D.2

Remark:

1. Measured output power at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20
4. Report conducted power = Measured conducted average power + Duty Cycle factor;
5. For power measurements on IEEE 802.11 devices;
  - Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for  $NANT \leq 4$ ;
  - Array Gain = 0 dB (i.e., no array gain) for channel widths  $\geq 40$  MHz for any NANT;
  - Array Gain =  $5 \log (NANT/NSS)$  dB or 3 dB, whichever is less, for 20-MHz channel widths with  $NANT \geq 5$

## 6.4 26dB Bandwidth Measurement

### 6.4.1 Standard requirement:

No restriction limits. But resolution bandwidth within band edge measurement is 1% of the 99% occupied bandwidth.

### 6.4.2 Measuring Instruments:

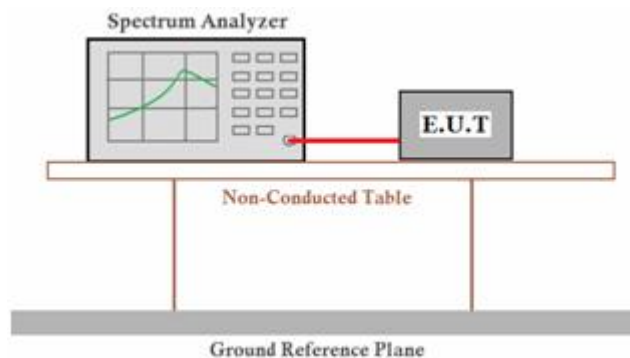
Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

| Spectrum Parameter | Setting          |
|--------------------|------------------|
| Attenuation        | Auto             |
| Span               | > 26dB Bandwidth |
| Detector           | Peak             |
| Trace              | Max Hold         |
| Sweep Time         | 100ms            |

### 6.4.3 Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
2. The RBW = 1% - 3% of occupied bandwidth, VBW = 3\*RBW;
3. Measured the spectrum width with power higher than 26dB below carrier.

### 6.4.4 Test Setup Layout



### 6.4.5 EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 6.4.6 Test result

PASS

Please refer to Appendix D.4

Remark:

1. *Measured 26dB bandwidth at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*
2. *Test results including cable loss;*
3. *Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20*

## 6.5 99% Occupied Bandwidth Measurement

### 6.5.1 Standard requirement:

According to §2.1049: The occupied bandwidth, that is the frequency bandwidth such that, below its lower and above its upper frequency limits, the mean powers radiated are each equal to 0.5 percent of the total mean power radiated by a given emission shall be measured under the following conditions as applicable.

### 6.5.2 Measuring Instruments:

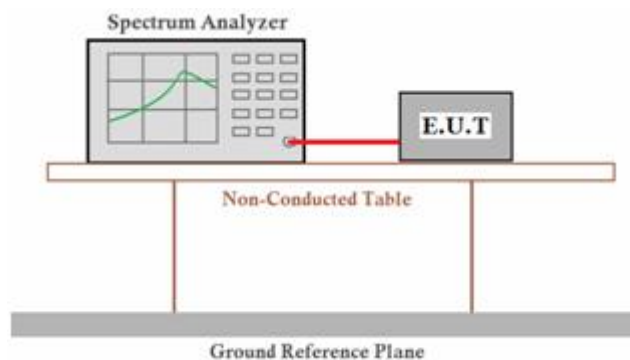
Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of the Spectrum Analyzer.

| Spectrum Parameter | Setting  |
|--------------------|----------|
| Attenuation        | Auto     |
| RBW                | > RBW    |
| VBW                | Peak     |
| Span Frequency     | Max Hold |
| Detector           | 100ms    |

### 6.5.3 Test Procedures

1. The transmitter output (antenna port) was connected to the spectrum analyzer in peak hold mode.
2. Set RBW = 1%~5% OBW; VBW $\geq$ 3\*RBW;
3. Measured the 99% occupied bandwidth by related function of the spectrum analyzer.

### 6.5.4 Test Setup Layout



### 6.5.5 EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 6.5.6 Test result

PASS

Please refer to Appendix D.4

*Remark:*

1. *Measured 99% bandwidth at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.*
2. *Test results including cable loss;*
3. *Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20*

## 6.6 Power Spectral Density

### 6.6.1 Standard requirement:

#### For 5.15~5.25GHz

- (i) For an outdoor access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band.note1
- (ii) For an indoor access point operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 17 dBm in any 1 MHz band.note1
- (iii) For fixed point-to-point access points operating in the band 5.15 - 5.25 GHz, transmitters that employ a directional antenna gain greater than 23 dBi, a 1 dB reduction in maximum power spectral density is required for each 1 dB of antenna gain in excess of 23 dBi.
- (iv) For mobile and portable client devices in the 5.15 - 5.25 GHz band, the maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 MHz band. note1

Note1: If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

#### For the band 5.25-5.35 GHz and 5.47-5.725 GHz

The maximum power spectral density shall not exceed 11 dBm in any 1 megahertz band. If transmitting antennas of directional gain greater than 6 dBi are used, the peak power spectral density shall be reduced by the amount in dB that the directional gain of the antenna exceeds 6 dBi.

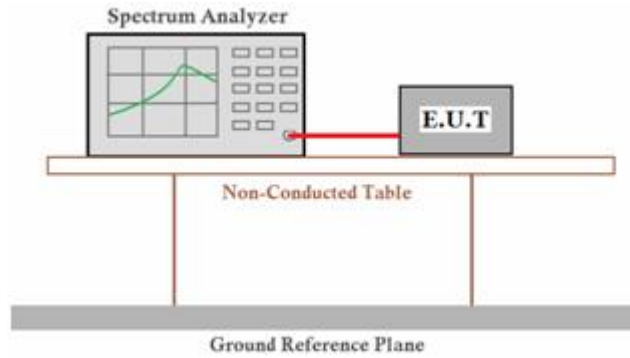
### 6.6.2 Measuring Instruments and Setting:

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of Spectrum Analyzer.

### 6.6.3 Test Procedures

1. Use this procedure when the maximum peak conducted output power in the fundamental 1). The transmitter was connected directly to a Spectrum Analyzer through a directional couple.
- 2). The power was monitored at the coupler port with a Spectrum Analyzer. The power level was set to the maximum level.
- 3). Set the RBW = 1MHz.
- 4). Set the VBW  $\geq$  3MHz
- 5). Span=Encompass the entire emissions bandwidth (EBW) of the signal (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal.
- 6). Number of points in sweep  $\geq 2 \times \text{span} / \text{RBW}$ . (This ensures that bin-to-bin spacing is  $\leq \text{RBW}/2$ , so that narrowband signals are not lost between frequency bins.)
- 7). Manually set sweep time  $\geq 10 \times (\text{number of points in sweep}) \times (\text{total on/off period of the transmitted signal})$ .
- 8). Set detector = power averaging (rms).
- 9). Sweep time = auto couple.
- 10). Trace mode = max hold.
- 11). Allow trace to fully stabilize.
- 12). Compute power by integrating the spectrum across the EBW (or, alternatively, the entire 99% occupied bandwidth) of the signal using the instrument's band power measurement function with band limits set equal to the EBW (or occupied bandwidth) band edges. If the instrument does not have a band power function, sum the spectrum levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively, levels (in power units) at 1 MHz intervals extending across the EBW (or, alternatively).
- 13). Add  $10 \log (1/x)$ , where x is the duty cycle, to the measured power in order to compute the average power during the actual transmission times (because the measurement represents an average over both the on and off times of the transmission). For example, add  $10 \log (1/0.25) = 6$  dB if the duty cycle is 25%.
- 14). Use the peak marker function to determine the maximum power level in any 1MHz band segment within the fundamental EBW.

#### 6.6.4 Test Setup Layout



#### 6.6.5 EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

#### 6.6.6 Test result

PASS

Please refer to Appendix D.3

Remark:

1. Measured power spectrum density at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode.
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20

Report conducted PSD = Measured conducted average power + Duty Cycle factor;

## 6.7 Undesirable Emissions Measurement

### 6.6.1 Standard requirement:

According to §15.407 (b) Undesirable emission limits. Except as shown in paragraph (b) (7) of this section, the maximum emissions outside of the frequency bands of operation shall be attenuated in accordance with the following limits:

- (a) For transmitters operating in the 5.15-5.25 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (b) For transmitters operating in the 5.25-5.35 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.15-5.35 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (c) For transmitters operating in the 5.47-5.725 GHz band: All emissions outside of the 5.47-5.725 GHz band shall not exceed an e.i.r.p. of -27 dBm/MHz.
- (d) For transmitters operating in the 5.725-5.85 GHz band:
  - (i) All emissions shall be limited to a level of -27 dBm/MHz at 75 MHz or more above or below the band edge increasing linearly to 10 dBm/MHz at 25 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 25 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 15.6 dBm/MHz at 5 MHz above or below the band edge, and from 5 MHz above or below the band edge increasing linearly to a level of 27 dBm/MHz at the band edge.
  - (ii) Devices certified before March 2, 2017 with antenna gain greater than 10 dBi may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease by March 2, 2018. Devices certified before March 2, 2018 with antenna gain of 10 dBi or less may demonstrate compliance with the emission limits in §15.247(d), but manufacturing, marketing and importing of devices certified under this alternative must cease before March 2, 2020.
- (e) The emission measurements shall be performed using a minimum resolution bandwidth of 1 MHz. A lower resolution bandwidth may be employed near the band edge, when necessary, provided the measured energy is integrated to show the total power over 1 MHz.
- (f) Unwanted emissions below 1 GHz must comply with the general field strength limits set forth in §15.209. Further, any U-NII devices using an AC power line are required to comply also with the conducted limits set forth in §15.207.
- (g) The provisions of §15.205 apply to intentional radiators operating under this section.
- (h) When measuring the emission limits, the nominal carrier frequency shall be adjusted as close to the upper and lower frequency band edges as the design of the equipment permits.

### 6.6.2 Measuring Instruments :

Please refer to equipment list in this report.

### 6.6.3 Test Procedures

According to KDB789033 D02 General UNII Test Procedures New Rules v01 Section G: Unwanted Emission Measurement

#### 1. Unwanted Emissions in the Restricted Bands

- a) For all measurements, follow the requirements in section II.G.3. "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements."
- b) At frequencies below 1000 MHz, use the procedure described in section II.G.4. "Procedure for Unwanted Emissions Measurements below 1000 MHz."
- c) At frequencies above 1000 MHz, measurements performed using the peak and average measurement procedures described in sections II.G.5. and II.G.6, respectively, must satisfy the respective peak and average limits. If all peak measurements satisfy the average limit, then average measurements are not required.
- d) For conducted measurements above 1000 MHz, EIRP shall be computed as specified in section II.G.3.b) and then field strength shall be computed as follows (see KDB Publication 412172):
  - i)  $E[\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] - 20 \log(d[\text{meters}]) + 104.77$ , where E = field strength and d = distance at which field strength limit is specified in the rules;
  - ii)  $E[\text{dB}\mu\text{V}/\text{m}] = \text{EIRP}[\text{dBm}] + 95.2$ , for d = 3 meters
- e) For conducted measurements below 1000 MHz, the field strength shall be computed as specified

in d), above, and then an additional 4.7 dB shall be added as an upper bound on the field strength that would be observed on a test range with a ground plane for frequencies between 30 MHz and 1000 MHz, or an additional 6 dB shall be added for frequencies below 30 MHz.

## 2. Unwanted Emissions that fall Outside of the Restricted Bands

- a) For all measurements, follow the requirements in section II.G.3. "General Requirements for Unwanted Emissions Measurements."
- b) At frequencies below 1000 MHz, use the procedure described in section II.G.4. "Procedure for Unwanted Emissions Measurements below 1000 MHz."
- c) At frequencies above 1000 MHz, use the procedure for maximum emissions described in section II.G.5., "Procedure for Unwanted Maximum Unwanted Emissions Measurements Above 1000 MHz."
- d) Section 15.407(b) (1-3) specifies the unwanted emissions limit for the U-NII-1 and 2 bands. As specified, emissions above 1000 MHz that are outside of the restricted bands are subject to a peak emission limit of -27 dBm/MHz. However, an out-of-band emission that complies with both the average and peak limits of Section 15.209 is not required to satisfy the -27 dBm/MHz dBm/MHz peak emission limit.
  - i) Section 15.407(b) (4) specifies the unwanted emissions limit for the U-NII-3 band. A band emissions mask is specified in Section 15.407(b) (4) (i). An alternative to the band emissions mask is specified in Section 15.407(b) (4) (ii). The alternative limits are based on the highest antenna gain specified in the filing. There are also marketing and importation restrictions for the alternative limit.
- e) If radiated measurements are performed, field strength is then converted to EIRP as follows:
  - i)  $EIRP = (E \times d)^2 / 30$   
Where:
    - E is the field strength in V/m;
    - d is the measurement distance in meters;
    - EIRP is the equivalent isotopically radiated power in watts;
  - ii) Working in dB units, the above equation is equivalent to:  
 $EIRP [dBm] = E [dB\mu V/m] + 20 \log (d [meters]) - 104.77$
  - iii) Or, if d is 3 meters:  
 $EIRP [dBm] = E [dB\mu V/m] - 95.23$

## 3) Radiated versus Conducted Measurements.

The unwanted emission limits in both the restricted and non-restricted bands are based on radiated measurements; however, as an alternative, antenna-port conducted measurements in conjunction with cabinet emissions tests will be permitted to demonstrate compliance provided that the following steps are performed:

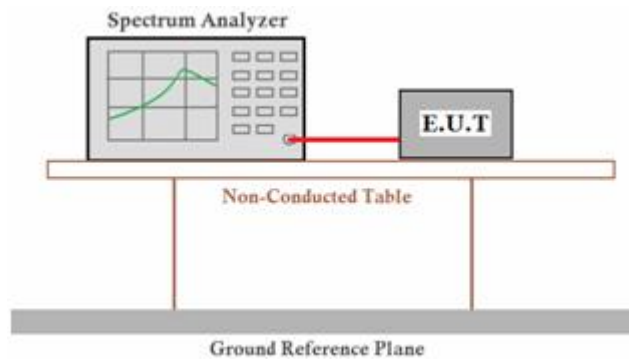
- (i) Cabinet emissions measurements. A radiated test shall be performed to ensure that cabinet emissions are below the emission limits. For the cabinet-emission measurements the antenna may be replaced by a termination matching the nominal impedance of the antenna.
- (ii) Impedance matching. Conducted tests shall be performed using equipment that matches the nominal impedance of the antenna assembly used with the EUT.
- (iii) EIRP calculation. A value representative of an upper bound on out-of-band antenna gain (in dBi) shall be added to the measured antenna-port conducted emission power to compute EIRP within the specified measurement bandwidth. (For emissions in the restricted bands, additional calculations are required to convert EIRP to field strength at the specified distance.) The upper bound on antenna gain for a device with a single RF output shall be selected as the maximum in-band gain of the antenna across all operating bands or 2 dBi, whichever is greater.<sup>3</sup> However, for devices that operate in multiple bands using the same transmit antenna, the highest gain of the antenna within the operating band nearest to the out-of-band frequency being measured may be used in lieu of the overall highest gain when measuring emissions at frequencies within 20% of the absolute frequency at the nearest edge of that band, but in no case shall a value less than 2 dBi be selected.
- (iv) EIRP adjustments for multiple outputs. For devices with multiple outputs occupying the same or overlapping frequency ranges in the same band (e.g., MIMO or beamforming devices), compute the total EIRP as follows:

- Compute EIRP for each output, as described in (iii), above.
- Follow the procedures specified in KDB Publication 662911 for summing emissions across the outputs or adjusting emission levels measured on individual outputs by  $10 \log(N_{\text{ANT}})$ , where  $N_{\text{ANT}}$  is the number of outputs.
- Add the array gain term specified in KDB Publication 662911 for out-of-band and spurious signals.

(v) Direction of maximum emission.

For all radiated emissions tests, measurements shall correspond to the direction of maximum emission level for each measured emission (see ANSI C63.10 for guidance).

#### 6.6.4 Test Setup Layout



#### 6.6.5 EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

#### 6.6.6 Test result

PASS

Please refer to Appendix D.5

Remark:

1. Measured Undesirable emission at difference data rate for each mode and recorded worst case for each mode;
2. Test results including cable loss;
3. Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20
4. Covert Radiated E Level At 3m = Conducted average power + Directional Gain +  $104.77 - 20 \cdot \log(3)$ ;

## 6.8 Radiated Emissions Measurement

### 6.8.1 Standard requirement:

15.205 (a) Except as shown in paragraph (d) of this section, only spurious emissions are permitted in any of the frequency bands listed below:

| MHz               | MHz                 | MHz           | GHz         |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------|-------------|
| 0.090-0.110       | 16.42-16.423        | 399.9-410     | 4.5-5.15    |
| \1\ 0.495-0.505   | 16.69475-16.69525   | 608-614       | 5.35-5.46   |
| 2.1735-2.1905     | 16.80425-16.80475   | 960-1240      | 7.25-7.75   |
| 4.125-4.128       | 25.5-25.67          | 1300-1427     | 8.025-8.5   |
| 4.17725-4.17775   | 37.5-38.25          | 1435-1626.5   | 9.0-9.2     |
| 4.20725-4.20775   | 73-74.6             | 1645.5-1646.5 | 9.3-9.5     |
| 6.215-6.218       | 74.8-75.2           | 1660-1710     | 10.6-12.7   |
| 6.26775-6.26825   | 108-121.94          | 1718.8-1722.2 | 13.25-13.4  |
| 6.31175-6.31225   | 123-138             | 2200-2300     | 14.47-14.5  |
| 8.291-8.294       | 149.9-150.05        | 2310-2390     | 15.35-16.2  |
| 8.362-8.366       | 156.52475-156.52525 | 2483.5-2500   | 17.7-21.4   |
| 8.37625-8.38675   | 156.7-156.9         | 2690-2900     | 22.01-23.12 |
| 8.41425-8.41475   | 162.0125-167.17     | 3260-3267     | 23.6-24.0   |
| 12.29-12.293.     | 167.72-173.2        | 3332-3339     | 31.2-31.8   |
| 12.51975-12.52025 | 240-285             | 3345.8-3358   | 36.43-36.5  |
| 12.57675-12.57725 | 322-335.4           | 3600-4400     | (\2\)       |
| 13.36-13.41       |                     |               |             |

\1\ Until February 1, 1999, this restricted band shall be 0.490-0.510 MHz.

\2\ Above 38.6

According to §15.247 (d): 20dBc in any 100 kHz bandwidth outside the operating frequency band. In case the emission fall within the restricted band specified on 15.205(a), then the 15.209(a) limit in the table below has to be followed.

I

| Frequencies<br>(MHz) | Field Strength<br>(microvolts/meter) | Measurement Distance<br>(meters) |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 0.009~0.490          | 2400/F(KHz)                          | 300                              |
| 0.490~1.705          | 24000/F(KHz)                         | 30                               |
| 1.705~30.0           | 30                                   | 30                               |
| 30~88                | 100                                  | 3                                |
| 88~216               | 150                                  | 3                                |
| 216~960              | 200                                  | 3                                |
| Above 960            | 500                                  | 3                                |

## 6.8.2 Measuring Instruments and Setting:

Please refer to equipment list in this report. The following table is the setting of spectrum analyzer and receiver.

| Spectrum Parameter                        | Setting                                           |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Attenuation                               | Auto                                              |
| Start Frequency                           | 1000 MHz                                          |
| Stop Frequency                            | 10 <sup>th</sup> carrier harmonic                 |
| RB / VB (Emission in restricted band)     | 1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average |
| RB / VB (Emission in non-restricted band) | 1MHz / 1MHz for Peak, 1 MHz / 1/B kHz for Average |

| Receiver Parameter     | Setting                                    |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------|
| Attenuation            | Auto                                       |
| Start ~ Stop Frequency | 9kHz~150kHz / RB/VB 200Hz/1KHz for QP/AVG  |
| Start ~ Stop Frequency | 150kHz~30MHz / RB/VB 9kHz/30KHz for QP/AVG |
| Start ~ Stop Frequency | 30MHz~1000MHz / RB/VB 120kHz/1MHz for QP   |

## 6.8.3 Test Procedures

### 1) Sequence of testing 9 kHz to 30 MHz

#### Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 0.8 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions.
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

#### Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna height is 1.5 meter.
- At each turntable position the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions

#### Final measurement:

- Identified emissions during the premeasurement the software maximizes by rotating the turntable position (0° to 360°) and by rotating the elevation axes (0° to 360°).
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable and elevation) causing the highest emissions with QPK detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

## 2) Sequence of testing 30 MHz to 1 GHz

### Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a table with 0.8 m height is used, which is placed on the ground plane.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

### Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height changes from 1 to 3 meter.
- At each turntable position, antenna polarization and height the analyzer sweeps three times in peak to find the maximum of all emissions.

### Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ( $\pm 45^\circ$ ) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter.
- The final measurement will be done with QP detector with an EMI receiver.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, antenna height, antenna polarization, turntable angle, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

### 3) Sequence of testing 1 GHz to 18 GHz

#### Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 3 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

#### Premeasurement:

- The turntable rotates from 0° to 315° using 45° steps.
- The antenna is polarized vertical and horizontal.
- The antenna height scan range is 1 meter to 2.5 meter.
- At each turntable position and antenna polarization the analyzer sweeps with peak detection to find the maximum of all emissions.

#### Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed with minimum the six highest peaks.
- According to the maximum antenna and turntable positions of premeasurement the software maximize the peaks by changing turntable position ( $\pm 45^\circ$ ) and antenna movement between 1 and 4 meter. This procedure is repeated for both antenna polarizations.
- The final measurement will be done in the position (turntable, EUT-table and antenna polarization) causing the highest emissions with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, turntable position, EUT-table position, antenna polarization, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement with marked maximum final measurements and the limit will be stored.

#### 4) Sequence of testing above 18 GHz

##### Setup:

- The equipment was set up to simulate a typical usage like described in the user manual or described by manufacturer.
- If the EUT is a tabletop system, a rotatable table with 1.5 m height is used.
- If the EUT is a floor standing device, it is placed on the ground plane with insulation between both.
- Auxiliary equipment and cables were positioned to simulate normal operation conditions
- The AC power port of the EUT (if available) is connected to a power outlet below the turntable.
- The measurement distance is 1 meter.
- The EUT was set into operation.

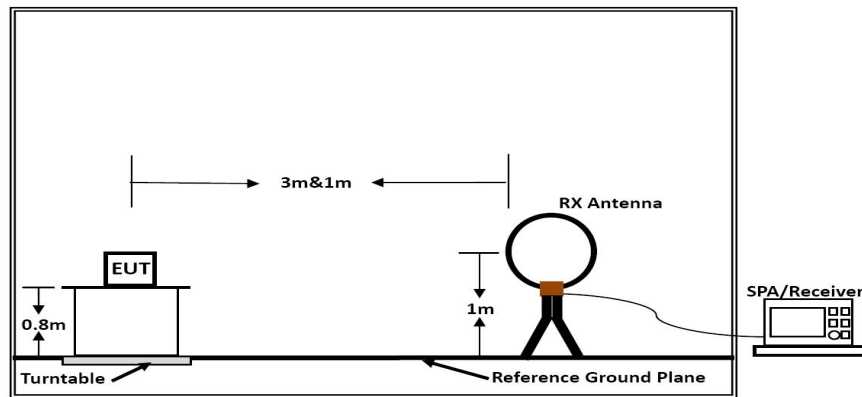
##### Premeasurement:

- The antenna is moved spherical over the EUT in different polarisations of the antenna.

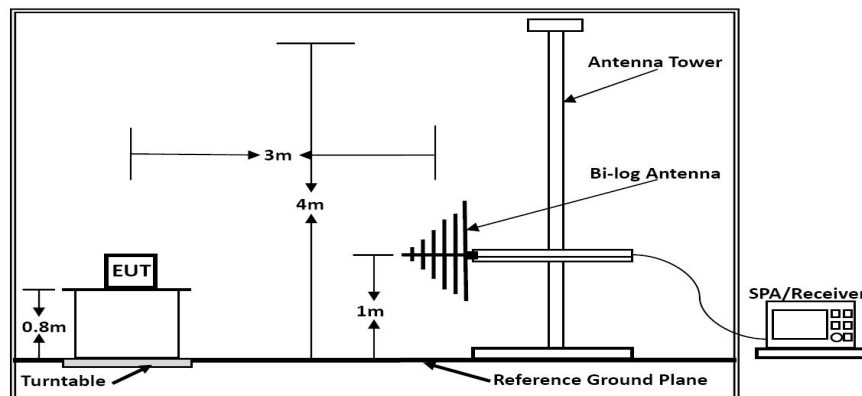
##### Final measurement:

- The final measurement will be performed at the position and antenna orientation for all detected emissions that were found during the premeasurements with Peak and Average detector.
- The final levels, frequency, measuring time, bandwidth, correction factor, margin to the limit and limit will be recorded. Also a plot with the graph of the premeasurement and the limit will be stored.

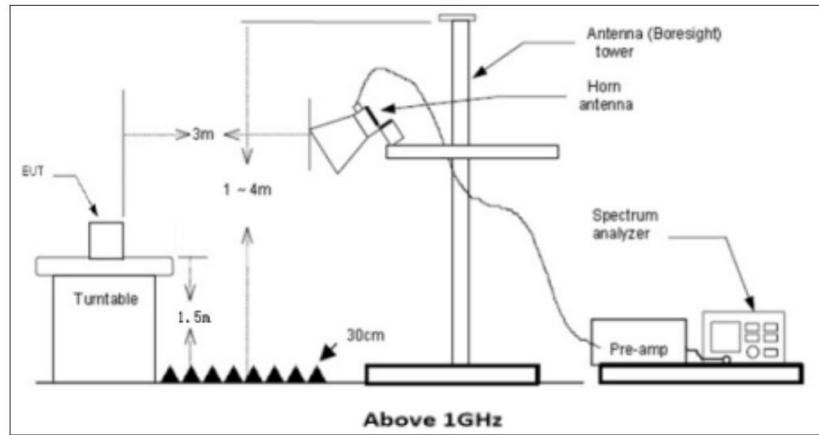
#### 6.8.4 Test Setup Layout



Below 30MHz



Below 1GHz



Above 18 GHz shall be extrapolated to the specified distance using an extrapolation factor of 20 dB/decade from 3m to 1m.

Distance extrapolation factor =  $20 \log (\text{specific distance [3m]} / \text{test distance [1m]})$  (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor [6 dB].

### 6.8.5 EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 6.8.6 Test result

|               |           |                |                |
|---------------|-----------|----------------|----------------|
| Temperature   | 25.2°C    | Humidity       | 52.4%          |
| Test Engineer | Emiya Lin | Configurations | IEEE 802.11a/n |

Remarks:

1. Only the worst case Main Antenna test data.
2. Pre-scan all kind of the place mode (X-axis, Y-axis, Z-axis), and found the Y-axis which it is worse case.

### ■ Results of Radiated Emissions (9 KHz~30MHz)

| Freq.<br>(MHz) | Level<br>(dBuV) | Over Limit<br>(dB) | Over Limit<br>(dBuV) | Remark   |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------|
| -              | -               | -                  | -                    | See Note |

Note:

The emission from 9 kHz to 30MHz was pre-tested and found the result was 20dB lower than the limit, and the permissible value has no need to be reported.

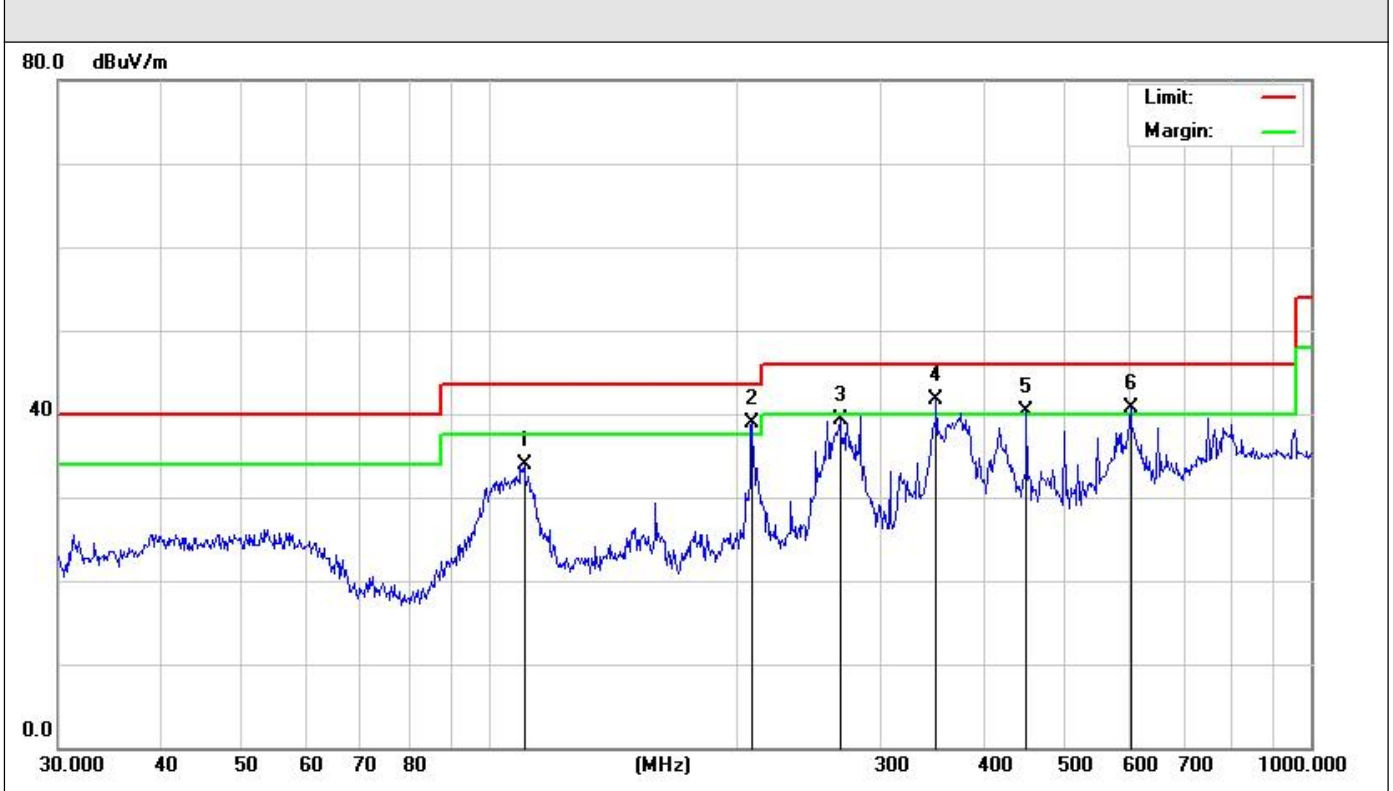
Distance extrapolation factor =  $40 \log (\text{specific distance} / \text{test distance})$  (dB);

Limit line = specific limits (dBuV) + distance extrapolation factor.

## Results of Radiated Emissions (30MHz~1GHz)

Pre-scan all modes and recorded the worst case results in this report (IEEE 802.11ac VHT20)..

|                |          |              |                                                                        |
|----------------|----------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Model name:    | M1003-7  | Test Date :  | 2024-12-22                                                             |
| Polarization : | Vertical | Test Result: | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pass <input type="checkbox"/> Fail |



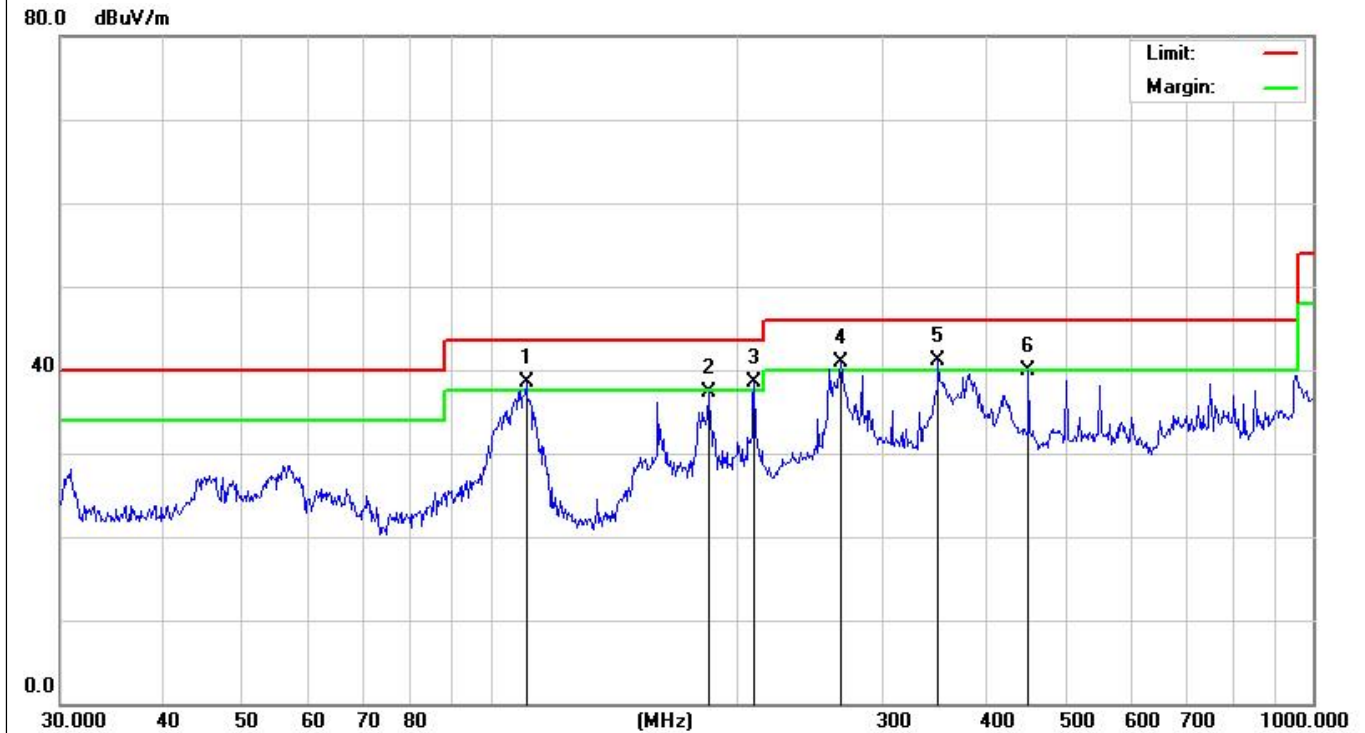
Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Measurement Result=Reading Level +Correct Factor;

Over Limit= Measurement Result- Limit;

| No. | Mk. | Freq.<br>MHz | Reading<br>Level<br>dBuV | Correct<br>Factor<br>dB | Measure-<br>ment<br>dBuV/m | Limit<br>dBuV/m | Over<br>dB | Detector |
|-----|-----|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------|----------|
| 1   |     | 110.5687     | 35.79                    | -1.81                   | 33.98                      | 43.50           | -9.52      | QP       |
| 2   | !   | 209.3129     | 36.86                    | 1.97                    | 38.83                      | 43.50           | -4.67      | QP       |
| 3   |     | 267.5455     | 39.63                    | -0.32                   | 39.31                      | 46.00           | -6.69      | QP       |
| 4   | *   | 350.4768     | 36.70                    | 4.94                    | 41.64                      | 46.00           | -4.36      | QP       |
| 5   | !   | 451.1349     | 35.80                    | 4.55                    | 40.35                      | 46.00           | -5.65      | QP       |
| 6   | !   | 603.5392     | 32.69                    | 7.94                    | 40.63                      | 46.00           | -5.37      | QP       |

|                |            |              |                                                                        |
|----------------|------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Model name:    | M1003-7    | Test Date :  | 2024-12-22                                                             |
| Polarization : | Horizontal | Test Result: | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Pass <input type="checkbox"/> Fail |



Remark: Factor = Antenna Factor + Cable Loss – Pre-amplifier.

Measurement Result=Reading Level +Correct Factor;

Over Limit= Measurement Result- Limit;

| No. | Mk. | Freq.<br>MHz | Reading<br>Level<br>dBuV | Correct<br>Factor<br>dB | Measure-<br>ment<br>dBuV/m | Limit<br>dBuV/m | Over<br>dB | Detector |
|-----|-----|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|------------|----------|
| 1   | *   | 110.5687     | 39.68                    | -1.17                   | 38.51                      | 43.50           | -4.99      | QP       |
| 2   |     | 184.4898     | 37.17                    | 0.06                    | 37.23                      | 43.50           | -6.27      | QP       |
| 3   | !   | 209.3129     | 39.71                    | -1.21                   | 38.50                      | 43.50           | -5.00      | QP       |
| 4   | !   | 266.6089     | 41.17                    | -0.36                   | 40.81                      | 46.00           | -5.19      | QP       |
| 5   | !   | 350.4768     | 38.38                    | 2.63                    | 41.01                      | 46.00           | -4.99      | QP       |
| 6   |     | 451.1349     | 32.24                    | 7.59                    | 39.83                      | 46.00           | -6.17      | QP       |

## Results for Radiated Emissions (1- 40 GHz)

Note: All the modes have been tested and recorded worst mode in the report.

### UNII Band 1

IEEE 802.11a

Channel 36 / 5180 MHz

| Freq GHz | Read Level dBuV | Correct Factor | Measured Level dBuV | Limit Line dBuV/m | Over limit dB | Remark  | Pol/Phase  |
|----------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------|------------|
| 10360    | 33.45           | 12.56          | 46.01               | 68.20             | -22.19        | Peak    | Horizontal |
| 15540    | 20.81           | 16.45          | 37.26               | 54.00             | -16.74        | Average | Horizontal |
| 10360    | 32.18           | 12.56          | 44.74               | 68.20             | -23.46        | Peak    | Vertical   |
| 15540    | 20.45           | 16.45          | 36.90               | 54.00             | -17.10        | Average | Vertical   |

Channel 48 / 5240 MHz

| Freq GHz | Read Level dBuV | Correct Factor | Measured Level dBuV | Limit Line dBuV/m | Over limit dB | Remark  | Pol/Phase  |
|----------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------|------------|
| 10480    | 34.18           | 12.68          | 46.86               | 68.20             | -21.34        | Peak    | Horizontal |
| 15720    | 20.62           | 16.54          | 37.16               | 54.00             | -16.84        | Average | Horizontal |
| 10480    | 31.35           | 12.68          | 44.03               | 68.20             | -24.17        | Peak    | Vertical   |
| 15720    | 20.35           | 16.54          | 36.89               | 54.00             | -17.11        | Average | Vertical   |

### Notes:

- 1). Measuring frequencies from 9 KHz ~ 40GHz, No emission found between lowest internal used/generated frequency to 30MHz.
- 2). Radiated emissions measured in frequency range from 9 KHz ~ 40GHz were made with an instrument using Peak detector mode.
- 3). 18~40GHz at least have 20dB margin. No recording in the test report.
- 4). Worst case data at 6Mbps at IEEE 802.11a; MCS0 at IEEE 802.11n HT20
- 5). Data of measurement within this frequency range shown "---" in the table above means the reading of emissions are attenuated more than 20dB below the permissible limits or the field strength is too small to be measured.
- 6). Margin=Reading level + Factor - Limit

## 6.9 Power Line Conducted Emissions

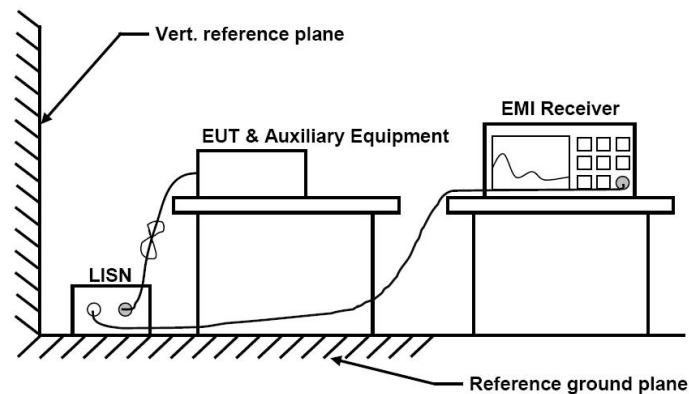
### 6.9.1 Standard requirement:

According to §15.207 (a): For an intentional radiator which is designed to be connected to the public utility (AC) power line, the radio frequency voltage that is conducted back onto the AC power line on any frequency or frequencies within the band 150 kHz to 30 MHz shall not exceed 250 microvolts (The limit decreases linearly with the logarithm of the frequency in the range 0.15 MHz to 0.50 MHz). The limits at specific frequency range is listed as follows:

| Frequency Range<br>(MHz) | Limits (dBμV) |          |
|--------------------------|---------------|----------|
|                          | Quasi-peak    | Average  |
| 0.15 to 0.50             | 66 to 56      | 56 to 46 |
| 0.50 to 5                | 56            | 46       |
| 5 to 30                  | 60            | 50       |

\* Decreasing linearly with the logarithm of the frequency

### 6.9.2 Test Setup Layout



### 6.9.3 Test Procedures

The transmitter output is connected to EMI receiver. The resolution bandwidth is set to 9 kHz. The video bandwidth is set to 30 kHz, Sweep time=Auto

The spectrum from 150 kHz to 30MHz is investigated with the transmitter set to the lowest, middle, and highest channels.

### 6.9.4 EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 6.9.5 Test result

N/A

*The EUT is powered by DC power.*

## 6.10 Frequency Stability

### 6.10.1 Standard requirement:

According to FCC §15.407(g) “Manufacturers of U-NII devices are responsible for ensuring frequency stability such that an emission is maintained within the band of operation under all conditions of normal operation as specified in the users manual.”

According to FCC §2.1055(a) “The frequency stability shall be measured with variation of ambient temperature as follows:”

- (1) From  $-30^{\circ}$  to  $+50^{\circ}$  centigrade for all equipment except that specified in paragraphs (a) (2) and (3) of this section.
- (2) From  $-20^{\circ}$  to  $+50^{\circ}$  centigrade for equipment to be licensed for use in the Maritime Services under part 80 of this chapter, except for Class A, B, and S Emergency Position Indicating Radiobeacons (EPIRBS), and equipment to be licensed for use above 952 MHz at operational fixed stations in all services, stations in the Local Television Transmission Service and Point-to-Point Microwave Radio Service under part 21 of this chapter, equipment licensed for use aboard aircraft in the Aviation Services under part 87 of this chapter, and equipment authorized for use in the Family Radio Service under part 95 of this chapter.

From  $0^{\circ}$  to  $+50^{\circ}$  centigrade for equipment to be licensed for use in the Radio Broadcast Services under part 73 of this chapter.

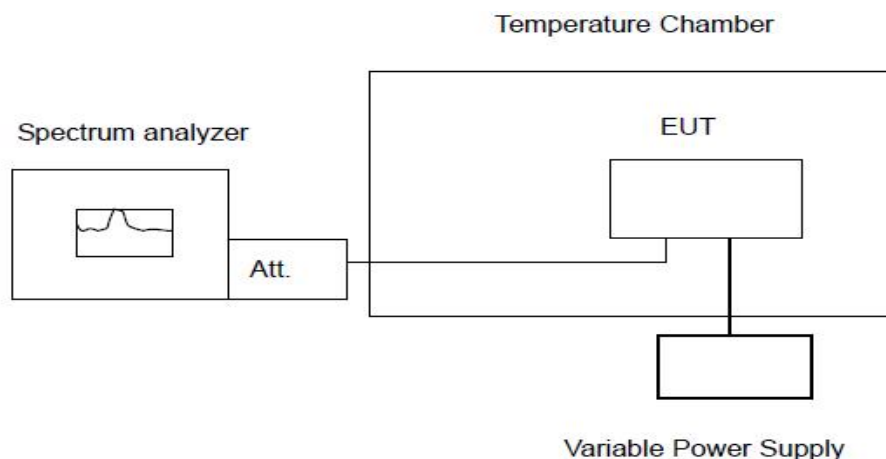
### 6.10.2 Measuring Instruments and Setting:

Please refer to equipment list in this report.

### 6.10.3 Test Procedures

The equipment under test was connected to an external AC or DC power supply and input rated voltage. RF output was connected to a frequency counter or spectrum analyzer via feed through attenuators. The EUT was placed inside the temperature chamber. Set the spectrum analyzer RBW low enough to obtain the desired frequency resolution and measure EUT 20 degree operating frequency as reference frequency. Turn EUT off and set the chamber temperature to -30 degree. After the temperature stabilized for approximately 30 minutes recorded the frequency. Repeat step measure with 10 degree increased per stage until the highest temperature of +50 degree reached.

### 6.10.4 Test Setup Layout



### 6.10.5 EUT Operation during Test

The EUT was programmed to be in continuously transmitting mode.

### 6.10.6 Test result

PASS

**Please refer to Appendix D.6**

*Remark:*

1. *Measured all conditions and recorded worst case.*

## **7 Test Setup Photographs of EUT**

Please refer to separated files for Test Setup Photos of the EUT.

## **8 External Photographs of EUT**

Please refer to separated files for External Photos of the EUT.

## **9 Internal Photographs of EUT**

Please refer to separated files for Internal Photos of the EUT.

-----End-----